

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.1-Binomial/1.1.3-General-  
binomial/1.1.3.2/47-1.1.3.2-e

Nasser M. Abbasi

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3.128	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx$	1090
3.129	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$	1098
3.130	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$	1105
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3.140	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx$	1164
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3.143	$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^3\sqrt{x}} dx$	1179
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3.145	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1190
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3.148	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx$	1209
3.149	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx$	1215
3.150	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx$	1221
3.151	$\int \frac{x^m}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$	1226
3.152	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$	1231
3.153	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx$	1238
3.154	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx$	1244
3.155	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx$	1253
3.156	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^p x dx$	1260
3.157	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^p dx$	1267
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3.161	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1288
3.162	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1296
3.163	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1301
3.164	$\int \frac{1}{x^6(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1306
3.165	$\int \frac{1}{x^9(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1312
3.166	$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1320
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3.168	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1332

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3.171	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1356
3.172	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1361
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3.178	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx$	1394
3.179	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx$	1399
3.180	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$	1404
3.181	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx$	1409
3.182	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx$	1414
3.183	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx$	1419
3.184	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx$	1424
3.185	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx$	1429
3.186	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx$	1435
3.187	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx$	1440
3.188	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx$	1445
3.189	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx$	1450
3.190	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx$	1455
3.191	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx$	1460
3.192	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx$	1465
3.193	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx$	1470
3.194	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx$	1475
3.195	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx$	1481
3.196	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx$	1486
3.197	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx$	1491
3.198	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx$	1496
3.199	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx$	1501

3.200	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx$	1506
3.201	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx$	1511
3.202	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx$	1516
3.203	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx$	1521
3.204	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx$	1527
3.205	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx$	1533
3.206	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx$	1539
3.207	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx$	1545
3.208	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx$	1550
3.209	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx$	1555
3.210	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx$	1561
3.211	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx$	1567
3.212	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx$	1573
3.213	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx$	1579
3.214	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx$	1585
3.215	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx$	1591
3.216	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx$	1598
3.217	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx$	1605
3.218	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx$	1612
3.219	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx$	1618
3.220	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx$	1624
3.221	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx$	1630
3.222	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$	1636
3.223	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$	1642
3.224	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx$	1648
3.225	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx$	1655
3.226	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx$	1663

3.227	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx$	1669
3.228	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx$	1675
3.229	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx$	1681
3.230	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx$	1687
3.231	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx$	1695
3.232	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx$	1703
3.233	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx$	1711
3.234	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx$	1719
3.235	$\int (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx$	1726
3.236	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx$	1733
3.237	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$	1741
3.238	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$	1748
3.239	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$	1755
3.240	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$	1762
3.241	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx$	1769
3.242	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$	1776
3.243	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$	1787
3.244	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx$	1805
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3.248	$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	1833
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3.251	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx$	1850
3.252	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx$	1856
3.253	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} dx$	1862

3.254	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx$	1868
3.255	$\int \frac{1}{(2+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx$	1875
3.256	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$	1880
3.257	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$	1887
3.258	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$	1893
3.259	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$	1899
3.260	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx$	1905
3.261	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx$	1911
3.262	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx$	1917
3.263	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx$	1924
3.264	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$	1931
3.265	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$	1939
3.266	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$	1946
3.267	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$	1953
3.268	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx$	1959
3.269	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx$	1965
3.270	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx$	1972
3.271	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx$	1979
3.272	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	1987
3.273	$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt[3]{x})x^{3/2}} dx$	1993
3.274	$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	1999
3.275	$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx$	2004
3.276	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	2009
3.277	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})x^{2/3}} dx$	2014
3.278	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	2019

3.279	$\int \frac{(1+x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	2024
3.280	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx$	2029
3.281	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1+x^{5/6}} dx$	2038
3.282	$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx$	2048
3.283	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx$	2055
3.284	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}}\right)^{2/3} dx$	2062
3.285	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4 dx$	2069
3.286	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3 dx$	2074
3.287	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2 dx$	2079
3.288	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x dx$	2084
3.289	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) dx$	2089
3.290	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx$	2094
3.291	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx$	2099
3.292	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx$	2104
3.293	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx$	2109
3.294	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4 dx$	2114
3.295	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3 dx$	2119
3.296	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2 dx$	2124
3.297	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x dx$	2129
3.298	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 dx$	2134
3.299	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx$	2139
3.300	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx$	2144



3.301	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx$	2150
3.302	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx$	2156
3.303	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^4 dx$	2162
3.304	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3 dx$	2167
3.305	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2 dx$	2172
3.306	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x dx$	2177
3.307	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 dx$	2182
3.308	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx$	2187
3.309	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx$	2193
3.310	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx$	2199
3.311	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx$	2205
3.312	$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	2211
3.313	$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	2218
3.314	$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	2224
3.315	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x} dx$	2230
3.316	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x^2} dx$	2235
3.317	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x^3} dx$	2241
3.318	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x^4} dx$	2247
3.319	$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$	2254

3.320	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$	2261
3.321	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$	2268
3.322	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx$	2274
3.323	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx$	2280
3.324	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx$	2286
3.325	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx$	2293
3.326	$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$	2301
3.327	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$	2309
3.328	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$	2316
3.329	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x} dx$	2323
3.330	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx$	2329
3.331	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3} dx$	2335
3.332	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^4} dx$	2342
3.333	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx$	2350
3.334	$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	2359
3.335	$\int x^{2/3} (1 + x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx$	2364
3.336	$\int x^{7/3} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx$	2369
3.337	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}} \sqrt[5]{x}} dx$	2374
3.338	$\int x^3 (a + bx^n) dx$	2379
3.339	$\int x^2 (a + bx^n) dx$	2384

3.340	$\int x(a + bx^n) dx$	2389
3.341	$\int (a + bx^n) dx$	2394
3.342	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x} dx$	2399
3.343	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x^2} dx$	2404
3.344	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x^3} dx$	2409
3.345	$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2414
3.346	$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2420
3.347	$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2426
3.348	$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2432
3.349	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x} dx$	2437
3.350	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx$	2442
3.351	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx$	2447
3.352	$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2452
3.353	$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2458
3.354	$\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2464
3.355	$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2470
3.356	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x} dx$	2476
3.357	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx$	2481
3.358	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx$	2487
3.359	$\int \frac{x}{a+bx^n} dx$	2493
3.360	$\int \frac{1}{a+bx^n} dx$	2497
3.361	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	2501
3.362	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx$	2507
3.363	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx$	2511
3.364	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2515
3.365	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2520
3.366	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2525
3.367	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2531
3.368	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2536
3.369	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2541
3.370	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2546
3.371	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2551
3.372	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2557
3.373	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2562
3.374	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n) dx$	2567
3.375	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n) dx$	2572
3.376	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n) dx$	2577

3.377	$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx$	2582
3.378	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x} dx$	2587
3.379	$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx$	2592
3.380	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx$	2597
3.381	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx$	2602
3.382	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx$	2607
3.383	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx$	2612
3.384	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2617
3.385	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2622
3.386	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2627
3.387	$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2632
3.388	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x} dx$	2637
3.389	$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2642
3.390	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2647
3.391	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2652
3.392	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2657
3.393	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2662
3.394	$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2667
3.395	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2672
3.396	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2677
3.397	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2682
3.398	$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2687
3.399	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x} dx$	2692
3.400	$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2697
3.401	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2702
3.402	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2707
3.403	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2712
3.404	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2717
3.405	$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2723
3.406	$\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2728
3.407	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$	2733
3.408	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$	2738
3.409	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$	2744
3.410	$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$	2750
3.411	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^5}{x} dx$	2755
3.412	$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$	2760
3.413	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$	2766
3.414	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$	2772

3.415	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2778
3.416	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2784
3.417	$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2790
3.418	$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2795
3.419	$\int x^{-1-8n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2801
3.420	$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2807
3.421	$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2813
3.422	$\int x^{-1+9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2819
3.423	$\int x^{-1+8n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2825
3.424	$\int x^{-1+7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2831
3.425	$\int x^{-1+6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2837
3.426	$\int x^{-1+5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2843
3.427	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2849
3.428	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2855
3.429	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2861
3.430	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2867
3.431	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^8}{x} dx$	2872
3.432	$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2878
3.433	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2884
3.434	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2890
3.435	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2896
3.436	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2902
3.437	$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2908
3.438	$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2914
3.439	$\int x^{-1-8n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2920
3.440	$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2926
3.441	$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2932
3.442	$\int x^{-1-11n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2938
3.443	$\int x^{-1-12n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2944
3.444	$\int x^{-1-13n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2950
3.445	$\int x^{-1-14n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2957
3.446	$\int x^{-1-15n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2963
3.447	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{16} dx$	2969
3.448	$\int x^{12}(a+bx^{13})^{12} dx$	2975
3.449	$\int x^{24}(a+bx^{25})^{12} dx$	2981
3.450	$\int x^{36}(a+bx^{37})^{12} dx$	2987
3.451	$\int x^{12m}(a+bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$	2993
3.452	$\int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a+bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$	2999
3.453	$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3005

3.454	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3010
3.455	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3015
3.456	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3020
3.457	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3025
3.458	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	3030
3.459	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3036
3.460	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3041
3.461	$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3046
3.462	$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3051
3.463	$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3056
3.464	$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3061
3.465	$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3066
3.466	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3071
3.467	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	3076
3.468	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3082
3.469	$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3087
3.470	$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3092
3.471	$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3097
3.472	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3102
3.473	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3107
3.474	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3112
3.475	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3117
3.476	$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx$	3122
3.477	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3128
3.478	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3133
3.479	$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3138
3.480	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3143
3.481	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3148
3.482	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3153
3.483	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3158
3.484	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3163
3.485	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3169
3.486	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3175
3.487	$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3181

3.488	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3187
3.489	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3192
3.490	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3197
3.491	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3202
3.492	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3207
3.493	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3213
3.494	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3219
3.495	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3226
3.496	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3232
3.497	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3240
3.498	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3249
3.499	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3254
3.500	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3260
3.501	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3270
3.502	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3280
3.503	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3286
3.504	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3297
3.505	$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3308
3.506	$\int \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3313
3.507	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx$	3318
3.508	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^2} dx$	3324
3.509	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^3} dx$	3329
3.510	$\int x(a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx$	3334
3.511	$\int (a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx$	3339
3.512	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	3344
3.513	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	3350
3.514	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	3355
3.515	$\int x(a+bx^n)^{5/2} dx$	3360
3.516	$\int (a+bx^n)^{5/2} dx$	3365
3.517	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	3370
3.518	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	3376
3.519	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$	3381
3.520	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3386
3.521	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3391

3.522	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3396
3.523	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3401
3.524	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3406
3.525	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3411
3.526	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3416
3.527	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3421
3.528	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3427
3.529	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3432
3.530	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3437
3.531	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3442
3.532	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3447
3.533	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3453
3.534	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3458
3.535	$\int x^{-1+4n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3463
3.536	$\int x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3469
3.537	$\int x^{-1+2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3475
3.538	$\int x^{-1+n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3480
3.539	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx$	3485
3.540	$\int x^{-1-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3491
3.541	$\int x^{-1-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3497
3.542	$\int x^{-1-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3503
3.543	$\int x^{-1-4n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3509
3.544	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3516
3.545	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3522
3.546	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3528
3.547	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3533
3.548	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3538
3.549	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3543
3.550	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3549
3.551	$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3555
3.552	$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3561
3.553	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{x} dx$	3568
3.554	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	3576
3.555	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n) dx$	3581
3.556	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3586



3.557	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3591
3.558	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3596
3.559	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}} (a+bx^n)^3 dx$	3601
3.560	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}} (a+bx^n)^2 dx$	3606
3.561	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}} (a+bx^n) dx$	3611
3.562	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3616
3.563	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3621
3.564	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3627
3.565	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}} (a+bx^n)^3 dx$	3634
3.566	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}} (a+bx^n)^2 dx$	3640
3.567	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}} (a+bx^n) dx$	3645
3.568	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3650
3.569	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3659
3.570	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3670
3.571	$\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^{1+m}} dx$	3684
3.572	$\int x^m (a+bx^{1+m})^n dx$	3689
3.573	$\int x^m (a+bx^n)^3 dx$	3694
3.574	$\int x^m (a+bx^n)^2 dx$	3701
3.575	$\int x^m (a+bx^n) dx$	3707
3.576	$\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^n} dx$	3712
3.577	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3717
3.578	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3722
3.579	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^{10}} dx$	3727
3.580	$\int x^m (a+bx^{2+2m})^3 dx$	3732
3.581	$\int x^m (a+bx^{2+2m})^2 dx$	3737
3.582	$\int x^m (a+bx^{2+2m}) dx$	3742
3.583	$\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^{2+2m}} dx$	3747
3.584	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^2} dx$	3752
3.585	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^3} dx$	3758
3.586	$\int x^{-1+n} (a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx$	3764
3.587	$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3769
3.588	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3774
3.589	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3779
3.590	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3784
3.591	$\int x^m (a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx$	3789

3.592	$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$	3795
3.593	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3800
3.594	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3805
3.595	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3810
3.596	$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3815
3.597	$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3820
3.598	$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3825
3.599	$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3830
3.600	$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3835
3.601	$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3841
3.602	$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3846
3.603	$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3851
3.604	$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx$	3856
3.605	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3862
3.606	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3869
3.607	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3875
3.608	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3881
3.609	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3886
3.610	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3890
3.611	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3895
3.612	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3901
3.613	$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx$	3907
3.614	$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx$	3913
3.615	$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx$	3919
3.616	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2+2m}}} dx$	3924
3.617	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx$	3929
3.618	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx$	3934
3.619	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx$	3939
3.620	$\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx$	3945
3.621	$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx$	3950
3.622	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} dx$	3955
3.623	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2-m}}} dx$	3960

3.624	$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx$	3965
3.625	$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am+b(2m-n)x^n)}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3971
3.626	$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx$	3976
3.627	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx$	3982
3.628	$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx$	3987
3.629	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx$	3994
3.630	$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}} (a+bx^n)^{2/3} dx$	3999
3.631	$\int x^m (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4005
3.632	$\int x^{-1+n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4010
3.633	$\int x^m (bx^n)^p dx$	4015
3.634	$\int x^2 (bx^n)^p dx$	4020
3.635	$\int x (bx^n)^p dx$	4025
3.636	$\int (bx^n)^p dx$	4030
3.637	$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx$	4035
3.638	$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$	4040
3.639	$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx$	4045
3.640	$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx$	4050
3.641	$\int x^{-1+n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4055
3.642	$\int x^{-1+2n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4060
3.643	$\int x^{-1+3n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4065
3.644	$\int x^{-1+4n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4071
3.645	$\int x^{-1-n-np} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4077
3.646	$\int x^{-1-9n} (a+bx^n)^8 dx$	4082
3.647	$\int x^{-4-3p} (a+bx^3)^p dx$	4088
3.648	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx$	4093
3.649	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	4099
3.650	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx$	4105
3.651	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{-n})} dx$	4110
3.652	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^n)^2 dx$	4115
3.653	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^3)^2 dx$	4122
3.654	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^2)^2 dx$	4128
3.655	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx)^2 dx$	4134
3.656	$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^2 (cx)^m dx$	4140
3.657	$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right)^2 (cx)^m dx$	4145
3.658	$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^3} \right)^2 (cx)^m dx$	4151

3.659	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4157
3.660	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4167
3.661	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4178
3.662	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4183
3.663	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4189
3.664	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4199
3.665	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4210
3.666	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4216
3.667	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4230
3.668	$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4246
3.669	$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4251
3.670	$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4256
3.671	$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4261
3.672	$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a+bx^n} dx$	4266
3.673	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4271
3.674	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4276
3.675	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4281
3.676	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	4286
3.677	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4291
3.678	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4298
3.679	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4304
3.680	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4310
3.681	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4315
3.682	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4319
3.683	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4324
3.684	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4330
3.685	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4336
3.686	$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4341
3.687	$\int (cx)^{3n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4346
3.688	$\int (cx)^{2n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4352
3.689	$\int (cx)^n (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4358

3.690	$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4364
3.691	$\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4369
3.692	$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4375
3.693	$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4381
3.694	$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4387
3.695	$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4392
3.696	$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4397
3.697	$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4402
3.698	$\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4407
3.699	$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$	4413
3.700	$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx$	4419
3.701	$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx$	4424
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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 701 ]. This is test number [ 47 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 ( 701 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Mathematica	100.00 ( 701 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Sympy	98.43 ( 690 )	1.57 ( 11 )
Fricas	84.02 ( 589 )	15.98 ( 112 )
Maple	78.74 ( 552 )	21.26 ( 149 )
Reduce	77.89 ( 546 )	22.11 ( 155 )
Maxima	77.46 ( 543 )	22.54 ( 158 )
Mupad	71.18 ( 499 )	28.82 ( 202 )
Giac	62.91 ( 441 )	37.09 ( 260 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.



grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

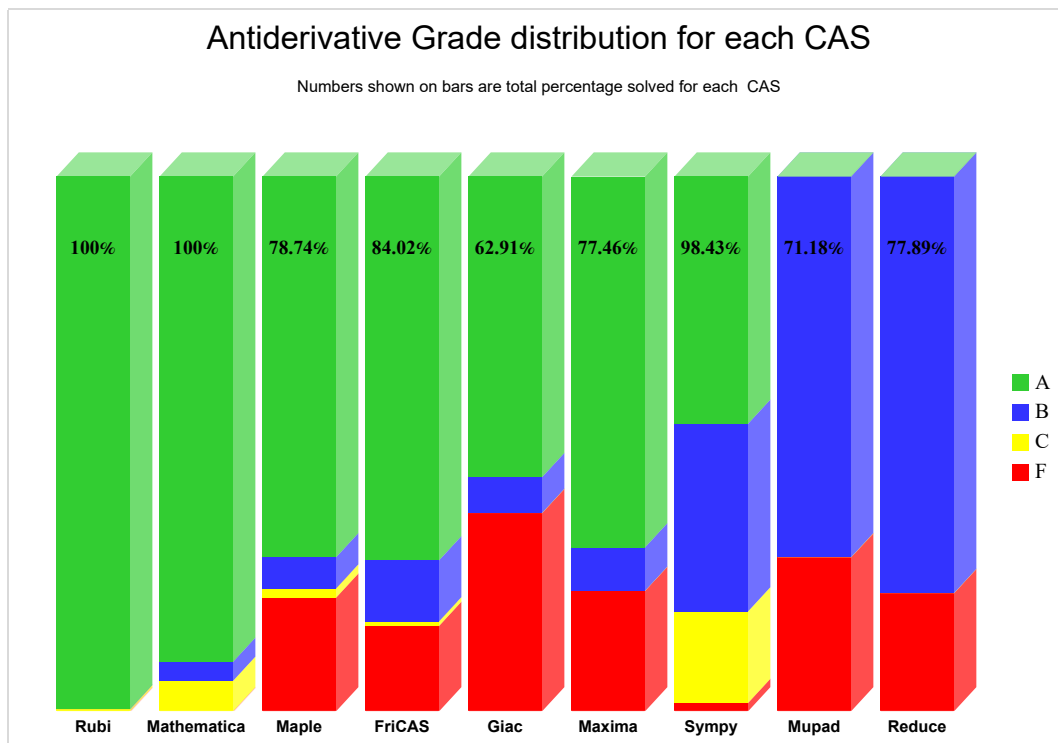
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

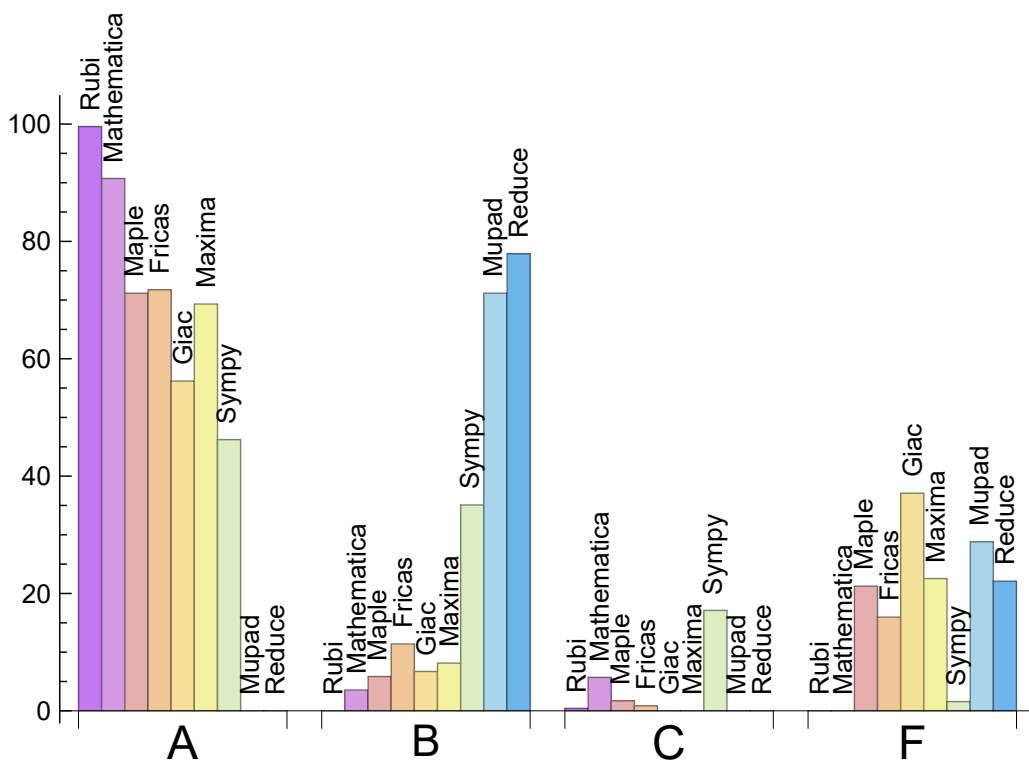
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	99.572	0.000	0.428	0.000
Mathematica	90.728	3.566	5.706	0.000
Fricas	71.755	11.412	0.856	15.977
Maple	71.184	5.849	1.712	21.255
Maxima	69.330	8.131	0.000	22.539
Giac	56.205	6.705	0.000	37.090
Sympy	46.220	35.093	17.118	1.569
Mupad	0.000	71.184	0.000	28.816
Reduce	0.000	77.889	0.000	22.111

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sympy	11	0.00	90.91	9.09
Fricas	112	38.39	7.14	54.46
Maple	149	100.00	0.00	0.00
Reduce	155	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	158	95.57	0.00	4.43
Mupad	202	0.00	100.00	0.00
Giac	260	98.85	0.00	1.15

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

## 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.04
Fricas	0.09
Mathematica	0.13
Giac	0.13
Reduce	0.22
Rubi	0.34
Mupad	0.34
Sympy	3.44
Maple	3.72

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Mathematica	66.82	1.09	51.00	0.96
Maple	68.89	1.12	56.00	0.89
Mupad	71.68	1.13	54.00	0.88
Rubi	75.03	1.06	57.00	1.00
Maxima	77.16	1.28	60.00	0.95
Giac	79.10	1.15	57.00	0.86
Reduce	79.66	1.26	57.50	0.94
Fricas	95.57	1.37	69.00	0.98
Sympy	257.05	3.61	87.00	1.32

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS

# 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

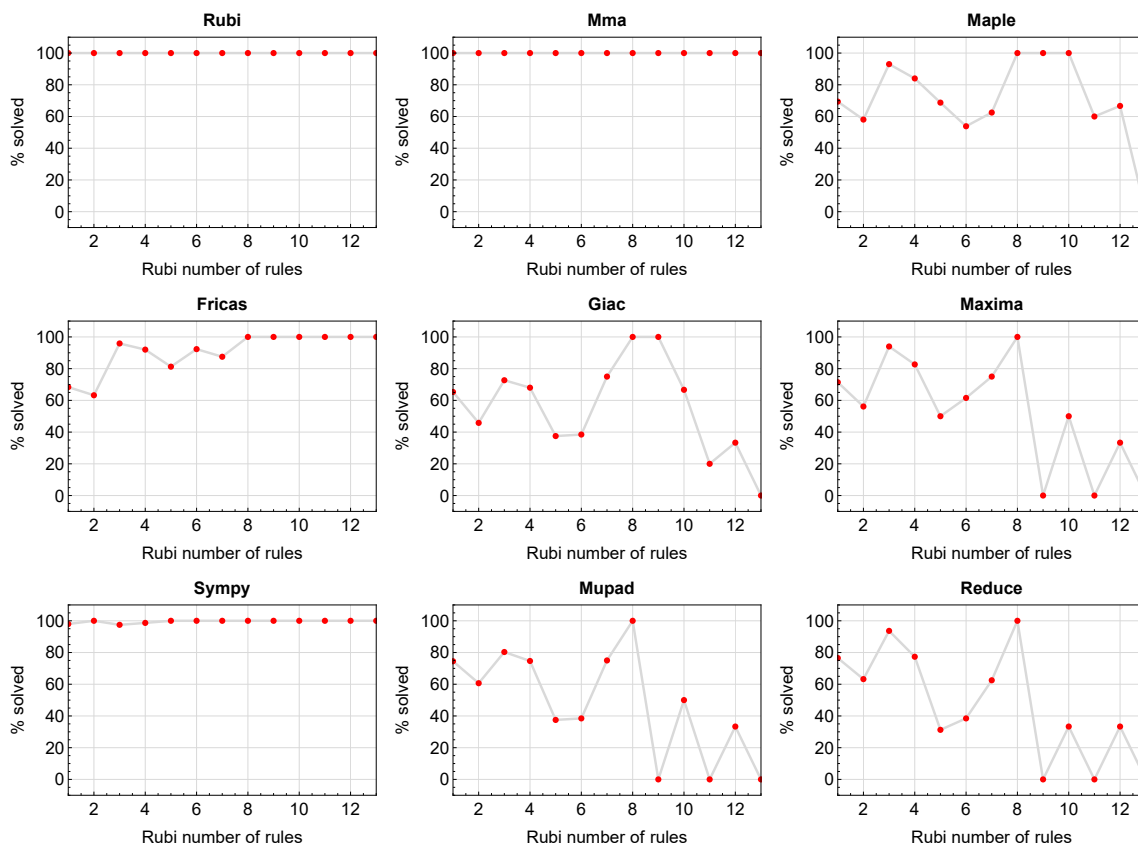


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

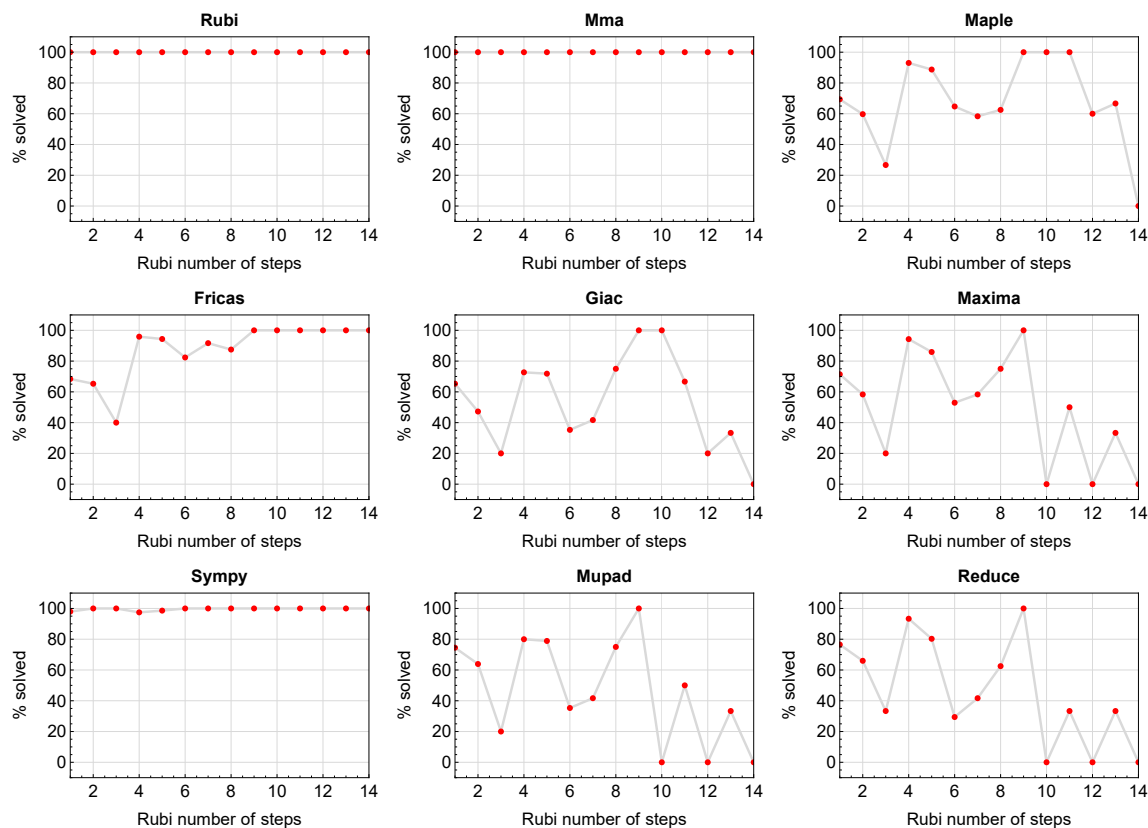


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

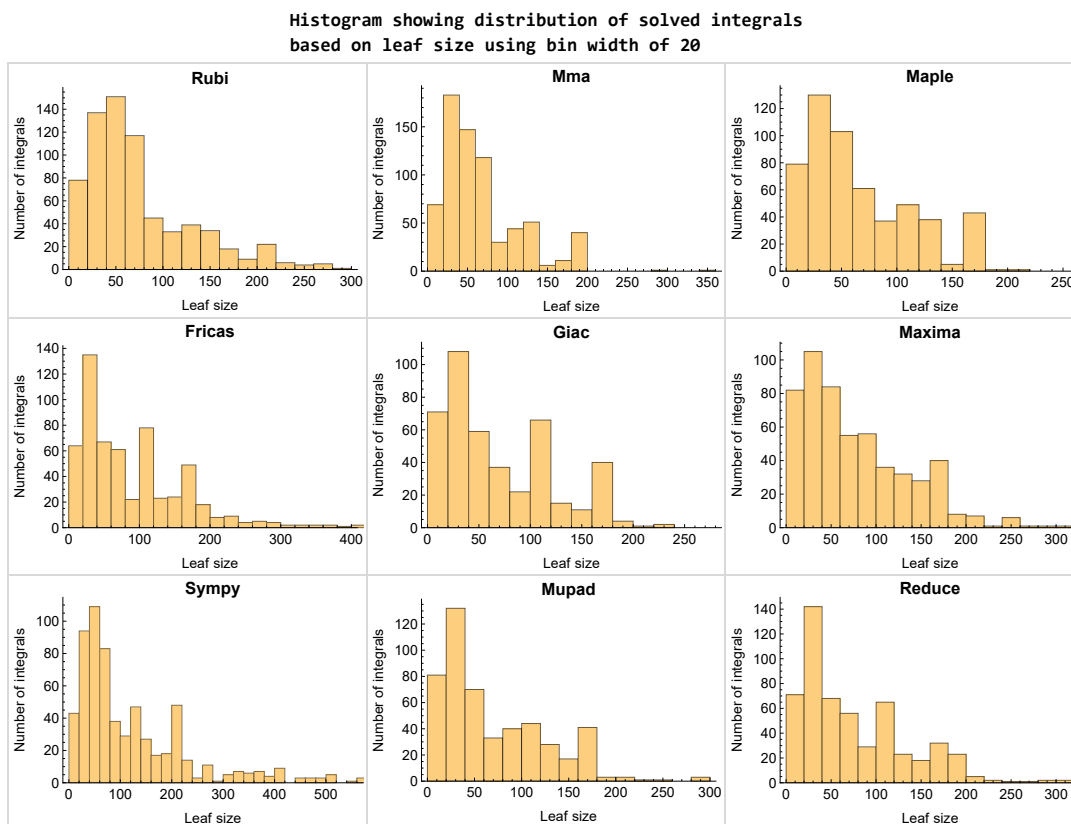


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution



## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

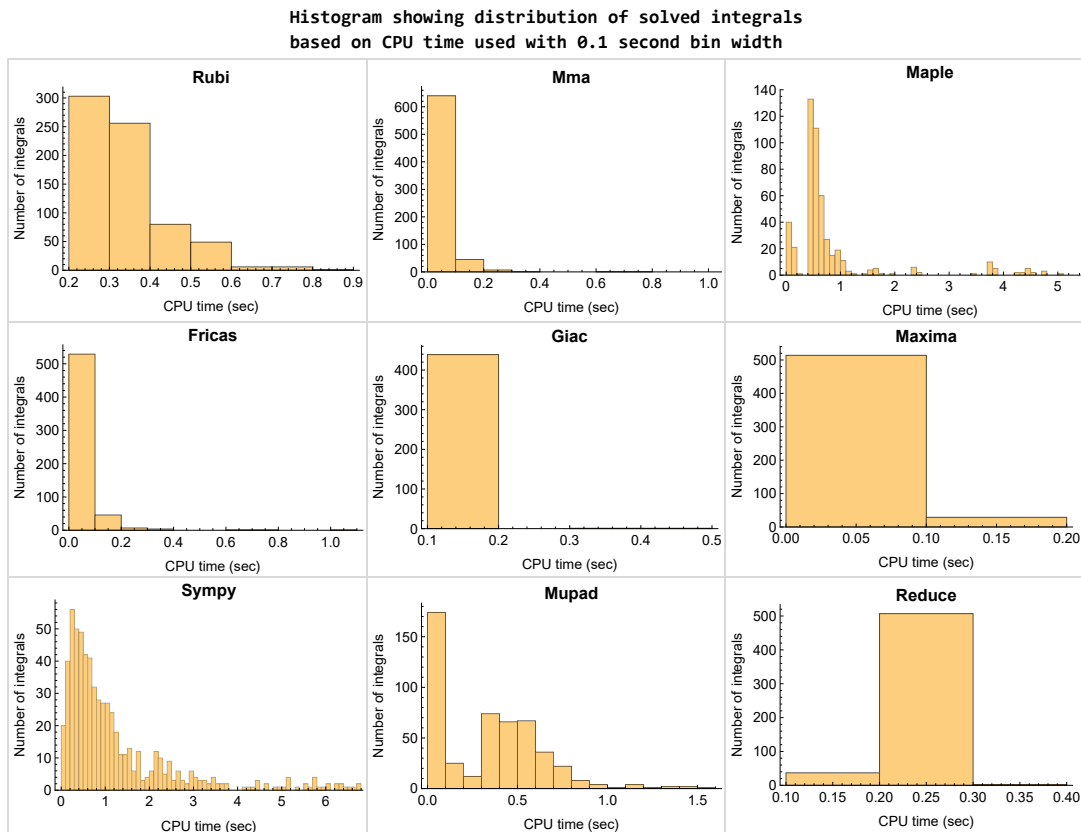


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

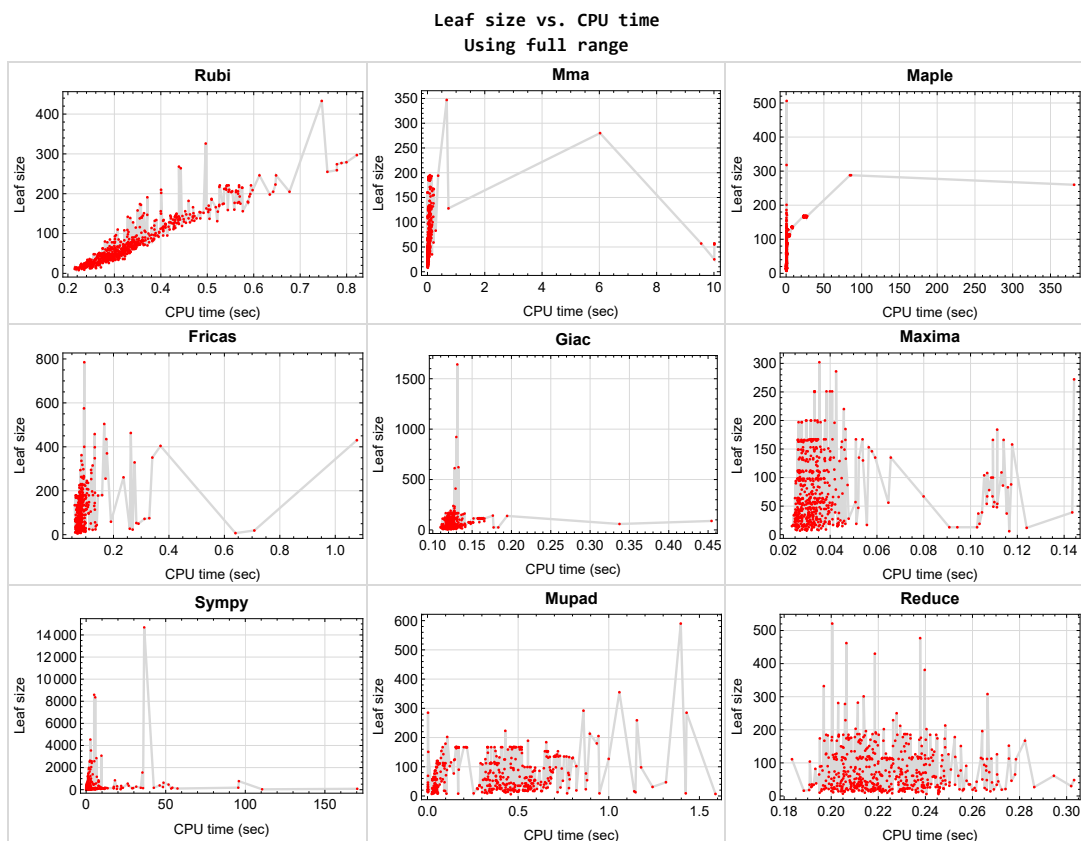


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {175, 280, 282, 283, 284}

Mathematica {}

Maple {282, 349, 356, 388, 399, 411, 431, 652}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Reduce** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.

## Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

## Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

### Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

# 1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

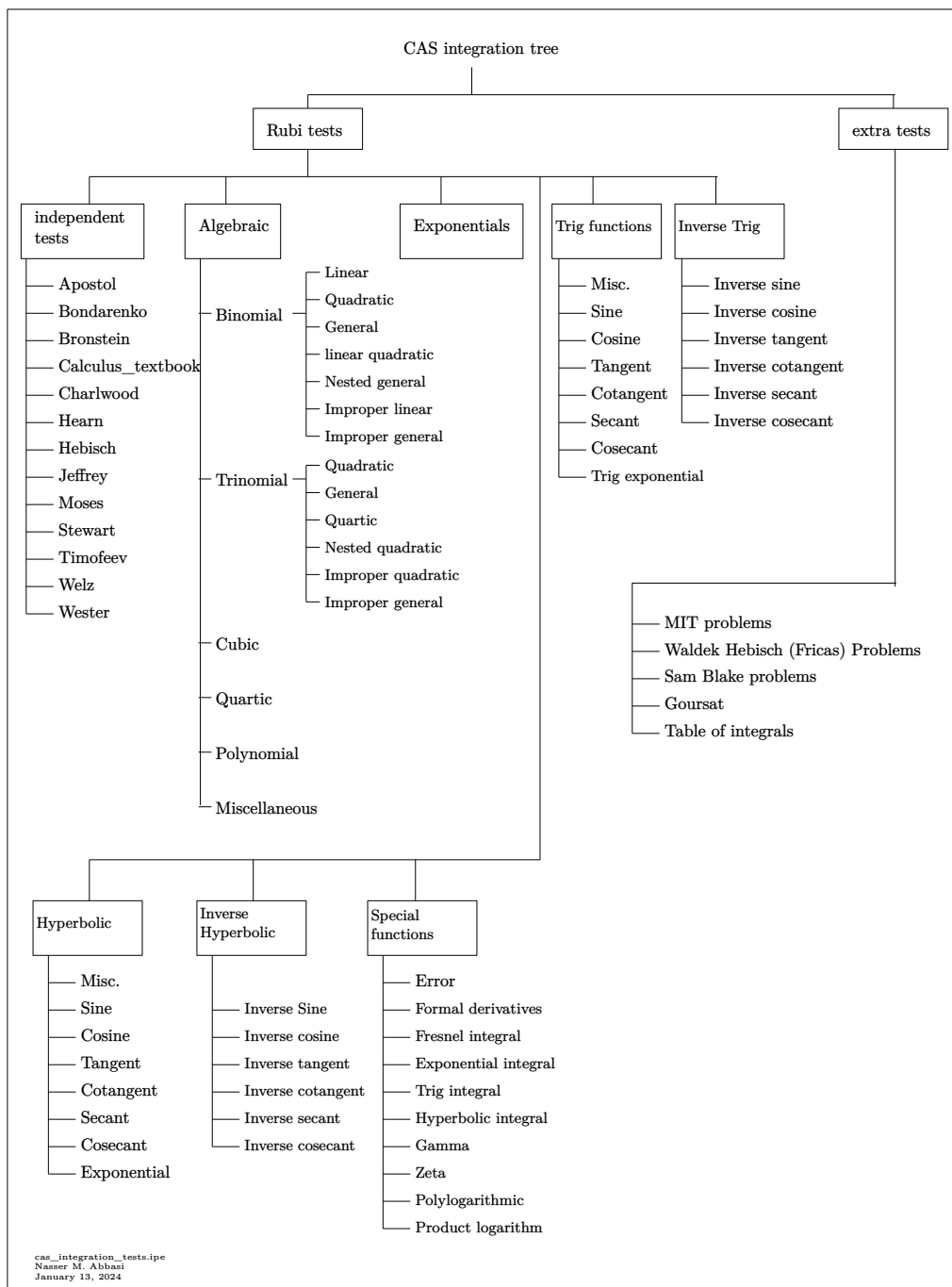
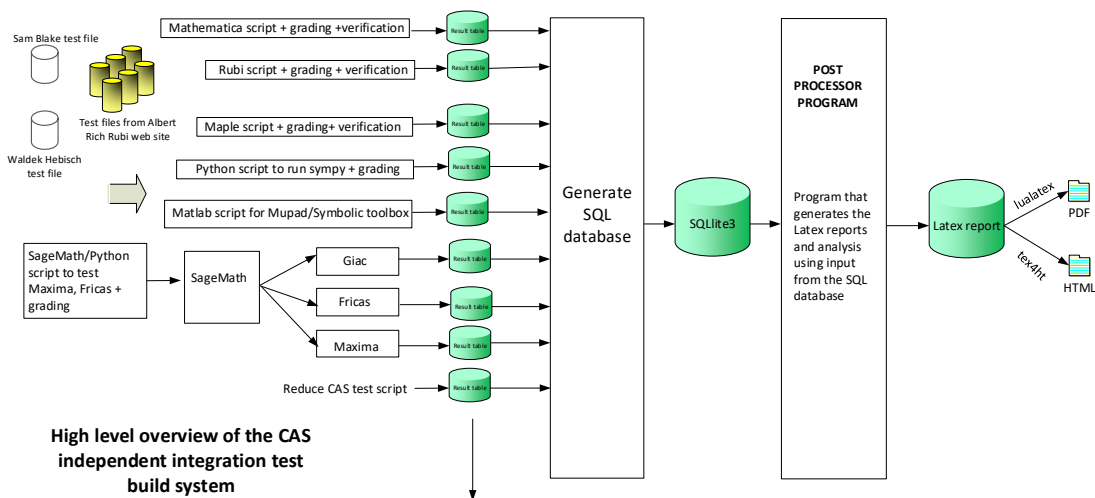


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree



# 1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer. the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "F"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi  
January 13, 2024  
Design note

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS . . . . .	46
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems . . . . .	58
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## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi . . . . .	46
Mma . . . . .	47
Maple . . . . .	48
Fricas . . . . .	50
Maxima . . . . .	51
Giac . . . . .	52
Mupad . . . . .	53
Sympy . . . . .	54
Reduce . . . . .	56

### Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462,

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**B grade** { }

**C grade** { 604, 624, 626 }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

**Mma**

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 220, 221, 222, 223, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 282, 283, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325,

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**B grade** { 39, 47, 54, 63, 64, 72, 73, 108, 160, 210, 219, 224, 235, 241, 284, 417, 429, 440, 441, 448, 449, 450, 628, 646, 648 }

**C grade** { 175, 281, 495, 496, 497, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 564, 568, 569, 570, 584, 585, 604, 613, 614, 615, 624, 625, 626, 627, 629, 630, 659, 660, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701 }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 160, 168, 169, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194,

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**B grade** { 27, 39, 47, 54, 63, 64, 72, 73, 100, 108, 116, 147, 148, 149, 150, 210, 219, 224, 235, 241, 387, 398, 403, 409, 410, 417, 428, 429, 430, 440, 441, 447, 451, 452, 554, 562, 583, 586, 645, 646, 648 }

**C grade** { 175, 282, 496, 497, 500, 501, 503, 504, 568, 569, 570, 652 }

**F normal fail** { 135, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 284, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 367, 368, 369, 370, 372, 373, 505, 506, 508, 509, 510, 511, 513, 514, 515, 516, 518, 519, 520, 521, 523, 524, 525, 526, 528, 529, 530, 531, 533, 534, 540, 541, 542, 543, 549, 550, 551, 552, 576, 577, 578, 579, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 622, 623, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701 }

**F(-1) timeout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Fricas

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 103, 104, 105, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 144, 145, 146, 149, 150, 156, 157, 160, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 220, 221, 222, 223, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 280, 281, 282, 283, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 325, 326, 327, 333, 334, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 356, 361, 366, 371, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 498, 499, 500, 502, 503, 507, 512, 517, 522, 527, 532, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 565, 566, 567, 568, 571, 572, 575, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 587, 588, 589, 605, 606, 607, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 625, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 647, 649, 650, 651, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 661, 662, 663, 665, 666, 673, 676, 677, 678, 679, 686, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701 }

**B grade** { 39, 47, 54, 63, 64, 72, 73, 100, 101, 102, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 143, 147, 148, 154, 155, 210, 219, 224, 235, 241, 260, 266, 267, 268, 269, 279, 323, 324, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 352, 353, 354, 355, 357, 358, 398, 409, 410, 417, 428, 429, 430, 440, 441, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 564, 569, 570, 573, 574, 586, 590, 646, 648, 652 }

**C grade** { 497, 501, 504, 660, 664, 667 }

**F normal fail** { 151, 152, 158, 159, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 367, 368, 369, 370, 372, 373, 576, 577, 578, 579, 631, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 674, 675, 685, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 161, 162, 169, 170, 284, 335, 336, 337 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 153, 505, 506, 508, 509, 510, 511, 513, 514, 515, 516, 518, 519, 520, 521, 523, 524, 525, 526, 528, 529, 530, 531, 533, 534, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 622, 623, 624, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684 }

## Maxima

**A grade** { 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 154, 155, 156, 157, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 212, 213, 214, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 361, 366, 371, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 498, 507, 512, 517, 522, 527, 532, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 565, 566, 567, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 580, 581, 582, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 604, 620, 621, 624, 625, 626, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 647, 649, 650, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 661, 673, 676, 686 }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 13, 20, 21, 22, 31, 32, 39, 54, 72, 73, 100, 108, 116, 176, 177, 178, 179, 185, 186, 187, 188, 194, 195, 196, 197, 203, 204, 205, 210, 215, 224, 241, 281, 291, 292, 293, 301, 302, 310, 311, 403, 409, 417, 428, 429, 440, 441, 646, 648, 651 }

**C grade** { }



**F normal fail** { 151, 152, 153, 158, 159, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 367, 368, 369, 370, 372, 373, 495, 496, 497, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 508, 509, 510, 511, 513, 514, 515, 516, 518, 519, 520, 521, 523, 524, 525, 526, 528, 529, 530, 531, 533, 534, 540, 541, 542, 543, 549, 550, 551, 552, 562, 563, 564, 568, 569, 570, 576, 577, 578, 579, 583, 584, 585, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 622, 623, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 645, 659, 660, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 674, 675, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 343, 344, 350, 351, 357, 358, 486 }

## Giac

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 220, 221, 222, 223, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 348, 377, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 387, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 418, 419, 420, 421, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 457, 466, 475, 483, 491, 538, 547, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 580, 581, 582, 587, 588, 589, 590, 620, 621, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 641, 650 }

**B grade** { 39, 47, 54, 63, 64, 72, 73, 108, 124, 125, 135, 139, 154, 155, 156, 157, 160, 210, 219, 224, 235, 241, 345, 346, 347, 352, 353, 354, 355, 398, 410, 417, 430, 440, 441, 447, 573, 574, 575, 586, 608, 646, 648, 652, 653, 654, 655 }

**C grade { }**

**F normal fail** { 151, 152, 153, 158, 159, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 284, 342, 343, 344, 349, 350, 351, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 378, 384, 385, 386, 388, 395, 396, 397, 399, 407, 408, 409, 411, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 431, 453, 454, 455, 456, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 576, 577, 578, 579, 583, 584, 585, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 638, 639, 640, 642, 643, 644, 645, 647, 649, 651, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701 }

**F(-1) timedout fail { }**

**F(-2) exception fail { 687, 688, 689 }**

**Mupad**

**A grade { }**

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 154, 155, 156, 157, 160, 162, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345,

346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 360, 361, 365, 366, 370, 371, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 457, 458, 466, 467, 475, 476, 483, 484, 490, 491, 492, 506, 511, 516, 521, 526, 531, 538, 547, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 565, 566, 567, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 580, 581, 582, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 609, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 625, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 641, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 676, 681, 690 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 135, 144, 151, 152, 153, 158, 159, 161, 163, 164, 165, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 359, 362, 363, 364, 367, 368, 369, 372, 373, 453, 454, 455, 456, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 507, 508, 509, 510, 512, 513, 514, 515, 517, 518, 519, 520, 522, 523, 524, 525, 527, 528, 529, 530, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 562, 563, 564, 568, 569, 570, 576, 577, 578, 579, 583, 584, 585, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 622, 623, 624, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 637, 638, 639, 640, 642, 643, 644, 645, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 677, 678, 679, 680, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

**Sympy**

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 86, 87, 88, 122, 127, 128, 132, 133, 134, 137, 138, 140, 141, 142, 143, 147, 148, 149, 150, 163, 166, 167, 168, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 220, 221, 222, 223, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 249, 250, 252, 253, 254, 255, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 283, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 334, 337, 341, 342, 349, 356, 374, 375, 376, 378, 379, 384, 385, 386, 388, 389, 390, 392,

393, 394, 395, 396, 399, 400, 401, 402, 405, 406, 407, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 445, 446, 453, 454, 455, 461, 462, 463, 464, 470, 471, 472, 473, 476, 477, 478, 479, 495, 499, 502, 512, 517, 522, 540, 541, 542, 543, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 559, 560, 561, 562, 565, 566, 567, 580, 581, 582, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 638, 645, 647, 650, 661, 662, 665, 673, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 686, 696 }

**B grade** { 27, 35, 39, 47, 54, 63, 64, 72, 73, 85, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 123, 124, 125, 126, 129, 130, 131, 135, 136, 139, 144, 145, 156, 157, 160, 164, 165, 210, 219, 224, 235, 241, 251, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 278, 279, 281, 298, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 335, 338, 339, 340, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 357, 358, 361, 366, 371, 377, 380, 381, 382, 383, 387, 391, 397, 398, 403, 404, 408, 409, 410, 417, 418, 419, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 474, 475, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 498, 507, 527, 532, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 544, 545, 546, 547, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 563, 564, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 583, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 611, 612, 620, 621, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 646, 648, 649, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 676, 683, 684, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701 }

**C grade** { 146, 151, 152, 153, 158, 159, 161, 162, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 280, 282, 284, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 367, 368, 369, 370, 372, 373, 496, 497, 500, 501, 503, 504, 505, 506, 508, 509, 510, 511, 513, 514, 515, 516, 518, 519, 520, 521, 523, 524, 525, 526, 528, 529, 530, 531, 533, 534, 553, 568, 569, 570, 576, 577, 578, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 659, 660, 663, 664, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 674, 675, 685, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695 }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 155, 247, 248, 256, 257, 336, 579, 584, 585, 644 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 154 }

## Reduce

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 154, 155, 156, 157, 160, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 282, 283, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 361, 366, 371, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 498, 535, 536, 537, 538, 544, 545, 546, 547, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 565, 566, 567, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 604, 609, 610, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 624, 625, 626, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 661, 673, 676, 681, 682, 686, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 151, 152, 153, 158, 159, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 281, 284, 359, 360, 362, 363, 364, 365, 367, 368, 369, 370, 372, 373, 495, 496, 497, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 562, 563, 564, 568, 569, 570, 576, 577, 578, 579, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 605, 606, 607, 608,

611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 622, 623, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 659, 660, 662, 663, 664, 665,  
666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 674, 675, 677, 678, 679, 680, 683, 684, 685, 687, 688, 689,  
690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695 }

**F(-1) timedout fail { }**

**F(-2) exception fail { }**

## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	166	13	15	13	14	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	8.74	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.74	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.012	0.107	0.031	0.068	0.556	0.119	0.209	0.030

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	132	13	15	13	14	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	6.95	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.74	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.011	0.095	0.040	0.070	0.530	0.123	0.204	0.028

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	98	13	15	13	14	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	5.16	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.74	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.011	0.095	0.029	0.078	0.547	0.116	0.203	0.028

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	64	13	15	13	14	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	3.37	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.74	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.011	0.098	0.031	0.071	0.549	0.112	0.268	0.030

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	11	10	10	12	10	12	10
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.79	0.71	0.71	0.86	0.71	0.86	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.001	0.077	0.030	0.067	0.057	0.113	0.236	0.028

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	13	12	11	14	12	12	10	11
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.92	0.85	1.08	0.92	0.92	0.77	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.013	0.107	0.032	0.071	0.089	0.120	0.224	0.315

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	16	14	13	13	12	13	18	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.07	0.93	0.87	0.87	0.80	0.87	1.20	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.012	0.101	0.031	0.074	0.216	0.121	0.246	0.040



Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	15	15	17	15	19	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.79	0.79	0.89	0.79	1.00	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.016	0.105	0.029	0.076	0.220	0.117	0.230	0.030

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	15	15	17	15	19	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.79	0.79	0.89	0.79	1.00	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.015	0.117	0.043	0.072	0.436	0.120	0.225	0.030

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	34	28	25	166	24	27	24	23	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	0.78	5.19	0.75	0.84	0.75	0.72	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.019	0.570	0.028	0.072	0.261	0.110	0.207	0.044

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	34	28	25	132	24	27	24	23	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	0.78	4.12	0.75	0.84	0.75	0.72	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.023	0.558	0.028	0.071	0.196	0.120	0.248	0.038

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	34	28	25	98	24	27	24	23	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	0.78	3.06	0.75	0.84	0.75	0.72	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.018	0.563	0.031	0.066	0.154	0.120	0.201	0.277

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	34	28	25	64	24	27	24	23	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	0.78	2.00	0.75	0.84	0.75	0.72	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.014	0.554	0.035	0.071	0.253	0.111	0.233	0.038

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	32	26	22	21	21	24	21	21	21
N.S.	1	1.19	0.96	0.81	0.78	0.78	0.89	0.78	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.002	0.566	0.031	0.082	0.084	0.118	0.220	0.035

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	30	21	20	19	22	20	20	18	22
N.S.	1	1.43	1.00	0.95	0.90	1.05	0.95	0.95	0.86	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.015	0.542	0.031	0.125	0.120	0.129	0.221	0.037

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	32	23	23	23	27	20	24	30	26
N.S.	1	1.33	0.96	0.96	0.96	1.12	0.83	1.00	1.25	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.022	0.630	0.025	0.067	0.279	0.117	0.221	0.274

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	34	28	25	24	24	26	24	30	24
N.S.	1	1.13	0.93	0.83	0.80	0.80	0.87	0.80	1.00	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.021	0.557	0.030	0.067	0.262	0.124	0.239	0.031

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	34	28	25	24	24	29	24	30	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	0.78	0.75	0.75	0.91	0.75	0.94	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.018	0.572	0.031	0.073	0.281	0.121	0.197	0.029

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	34	28	25	24	24	29	24	30	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	0.78	0.75	0.75	0.91	0.75	0.94	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.021	0.552	0.027	0.072	0.379	0.122	0.202	0.031

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	41	36	166	41	42	35	34	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.87	0.77	3.53	0.87	0.89	0.74	0.72	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.021	0.641	0.029	0.065	0.559	0.119	0.241	0.047

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	43	36	132	41	44	35	34	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.77	2.81	0.87	0.94	0.74	0.72	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.016	0.646	0.027	0.068	0.554	0.116	0.241	0.047

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	43	36	98	41	44	35	34	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.77	2.09	0.87	0.94	0.74	0.72	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.016	0.636	0.035	0.076	0.504	0.116	0.193	0.046

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	49	43	35	64	40	41	34	34	34
N.S.	1	1.11	0.98	0.80	1.45	0.91	0.93	0.77	0.77	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.014	0.612	0.026	0.076	0.651	0.127	0.191	0.049

Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	40	41	33	32	35	39	32	32	32
N.S.	1	1.05	1.08	0.87	0.84	0.92	1.03	0.84	0.84	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.003	0.613	0.026	0.076	0.386	0.110	0.197	0.049

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	45	37	32	31	34	37	32	30	34
N.S.	1	1.22	1.00	0.86	0.84	0.92	1.00	0.86	0.81	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.021	0.658	0.033	0.082	0.137	0.120	0.192	0.042

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	45	39	35	35	38	36	36	42	37
N.S.	1	1.18	1.03	0.92	0.92	1.00	0.95	0.95	1.11	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.029	0.701	0.026	0.089	0.227	0.122	0.208	0.287

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	41	36	33	32	39	33	41	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.95	1.71	1.57	1.52	1.86	1.57	1.95	1.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.022	0.648	0.026	0.071	0.323	0.119	0.213	0.036

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	41	36	35	36	46	35	41	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.87	0.77	0.74	0.77	0.98	0.74	0.87	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.021	0.643	0.026	0.070	0.400	0.120	0.215	0.286

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	49	41	36	35	36	42	35	41	35
N.S.	1	1.09	0.91	0.80	0.78	0.80	0.93	0.78	0.91	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.023	0.710	0.025	0.068	0.465	0.118	0.268	0.035

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	41	36	35	36	46	35	41	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.87	0.77	0.74	0.77	0.98	0.74	0.87	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.022	0.725	0.031	0.071	0.450	0.118	0.210	0.288

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	77	67	58	166	63	73	57	58	57
N.S.	1	1.03	0.89	0.77	2.21	0.84	0.97	0.76	0.77	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.020	1.026	0.026	0.063	0.690	0.122	0.203	0.029

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	74	67	58	132	63	71	57	58	57
N.S.	1	1.01	0.92	0.79	1.81	0.86	0.97	0.78	0.79	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.021	0.947	0.031	0.069	0.648	0.121	0.199	0.027

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	77	67	57	98	62	70	56	58	56
N.S.	1	1.07	0.93	0.79	1.36	0.86	0.97	0.78	0.81	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.021	0.931	0.031	0.068	0.666	0.119	0.243	0.029

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	82	67	58	64	63	71	57	58	57
N.S.	1	1.02	0.84	0.72	0.80	0.79	0.89	0.71	0.72	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.020	0.918	0.037	0.070	0.527	0.121	0.228	0.028

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	40	65	55	54	58	66	54	56	54
N.S.	1	1.05	1.71	1.45	1.42	1.53	1.74	1.42	1.47	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.004	0.902	0.025	0.068	0.514	0.123	0.244	0.026

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	71	67	54	53	57	66	54	54	56
N.S.	1	1.09	1.03	0.83	0.82	0.88	1.02	0.83	0.83	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.023	1.006	0.032	0.077	0.170	0.124	0.218	0.033

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	72	62	55	55	61	61	56	67	57
N.S.	1	1.16	1.00	0.89	0.89	0.98	0.98	0.90	1.08	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.039	1.246	0.034	0.078	0.279	0.111	0.238	0.035

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	71	69	57	57	62	65	58	67	59
N.S.	1	1.08	1.05	0.86	0.86	0.94	0.98	0.88	1.02	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.040	0.961	0.027	0.084	0.286	0.121	0.211	0.316

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	65	58	55	56	66	55	65	55
N.S.	1	1.00	3.10	2.76	2.62	2.67	3.14	2.62	3.10	2.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.028	1.033	0.030	0.079	0.415	0.123	0.221	0.307



Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	78	65	58	57	58	73	57	65	57
N.S.	1	1.11	0.93	0.83	0.81	0.83	1.04	0.81	0.93	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.032	0.977	0.026	0.077	0.443	0.114	0.218	0.318

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	77	65	58	57	58	75	57	65	57
N.S.	1	1.03	0.87	0.77	0.76	0.77	1.00	0.76	0.87	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.028	1.026	0.027	0.079	0.471	0.123	0.270	0.047

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	75	65	58	57	58	73	57	65	57
N.S.	1	1.03	0.89	0.79	0.78	0.79	1.00	0.78	0.89	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.034	0.979	0.035	0.076	0.803	0.129	0.229	0.050

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	144	126	113	166	118	139	112	117	112
N.S.	1	1.03	0.90	0.81	1.19	0.84	0.99	0.80	0.84	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.030	3.744	0.026	0.074	0.607	0.126	0.212	0.065

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	166	126	113	132	118	136	112	117	112
N.S.	1	1.02	0.78	0.70	0.81	0.73	0.84	0.69	0.72	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.029	3.757	0.038	0.071	0.471	0.117	0.205	0.062

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	124	126	113	98	118	139	112	117	112
N.S.	1	1.02	1.03	0.93	0.80	0.97	1.14	0.92	0.96	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.028	3.737	0.027	0.069	0.409	0.118	0.213	0.061

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	82	126	113	64	118	136	112	117	112
N.S.	1	1.02	1.58	1.41	0.80	1.48	1.70	1.40	1.46	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.025	3.747	0.028	0.085	0.314	0.122	0.201	0.060

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	40	124	110	30	113	133	109	115	109
N.S.	1	1.05	3.26	2.89	0.79	2.97	3.50	2.87	3.03	2.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.024	3.490	0.028	0.079	0.252	0.114	0.225	0.060

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	138	128	109	108	112	131	109	113	111
N.S.	1	1.08	1.00	0.85	0.84	0.88	1.02	0.85	0.88	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.033	3.767	0.032	0.098	0.325	0.130	0.226	0.065

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	135	123	110	110	117	124	111	128	112
N.S.	1	1.10	1.00	0.89	0.89	0.95	1.01	0.90	1.04	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.050	3.740	0.029	0.071	0.510	0.120	0.202	0.061

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	135	128	110	110	117	128	111	128	112
N.S.	1	1.06	1.01	0.87	0.87	0.92	1.01	0.87	1.01	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.056	3.805	0.027	0.076	0.590	0.125	0.238	0.051

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	135	124	110	110	117	128	111	128	112
N.S.	1	1.06	0.98	0.87	0.87	0.92	1.01	0.87	1.01	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.426	0.067	3.763	0.026	0.080	0.461	0.122	0.198	0.293

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	135	124	109	109	117	124	110	128	111
N.S.	1	1.11	1.02	0.89	0.89	0.96	1.02	0.90	1.05	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.441	0.082	3.757	0.036	0.080	0.404	0.121	0.219	0.058

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	140	128	111	111	117	131	112	128	114
N.S.	1	1.08	0.98	0.85	0.85	0.90	1.01	0.86	0.98	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.087	3.844	0.032	0.074	0.593	0.125	0.223	0.350

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	48	124	113	112	113	134	112	126	111
N.S.	1	1.04	2.70	2.46	2.43	2.46	2.91	2.43	2.74	2.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.258	0.045	3.778	0.026	0.073	0.648	0.122	0.250	0.345

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	96	110	124	113	112	113	138	112	126	112
N.S.	1	1.15	1.29	1.18	1.17	1.18	1.44	1.17	1.31	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.047	3.819	0.034	0.073	0.707	0.129	0.236	0.347

Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	172	124	113	112	113	141	112	126	112
N.S.	1	1.18	0.85	0.77	0.77	0.77	0.97	0.77	0.86	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.357	0.057	3.877	0.030	0.066	0.871	0.131	0.207	0.353

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	142	124	113	112	113	138	112	126	112
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.83	0.82	0.83	1.01	0.82	0.93	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	0.057	3.732	0.027	0.077	1.205	0.122	0.198	0.097

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	144	124	113	112	113	141	112	126	112
N.S.	1	1.03	0.89	0.81	0.80	0.81	1.01	0.80	0.90	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.055	3.851	0.032	0.069	1.177	0.124	0.202	0.352

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	242	246	187	168	200	173	214	167	178	167
N.S.	1	1.02	0.77	0.69	0.83	0.71	0.88	0.69	0.74	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.648	0.041	23.036	0.032	0.065	1.765	0.121	0.230	0.165

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	204	187	168	166	173	211	167	178	167
N.S.	1	1.01	0.93	0.83	0.82	0.86	1.04	0.83	0.88	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.552	0.038	23.044	0.031	0.073	1.728	0.116	0.253	0.157

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	163	187	168	132	173	209	167	178	167
N.S.	1	1.01	1.15	1.04	0.81	1.07	1.29	1.03	1.10	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.498	0.036	23.846	0.033	0.070	1.262	0.125	0.214	0.158

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	124	187	168	98	173	212	167	178	167
N.S.	1	1.02	1.53	1.38	0.80	1.42	1.74	1.37	1.46	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.038	22.957	0.030	0.067	1.196	0.124	0.210	0.157

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	82	187	168	64	173	204	167	178	167
N.S.	1	1.02	2.34	2.10	0.80	2.16	2.55	2.09	2.22	2.09
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.033	23.131	0.025	0.076	1.217	0.124	0.200	0.157

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	40	185	165	30	167	197	164	176	164
N.S.	1	1.05	4.87	4.34	0.79	4.39	5.18	4.32	4.63	4.32
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.031	23.049	0.027	0.076	0.987	0.125	0.208	0.158

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	205	213	189	164	163	167	211	164	174	166
N.S.	1	1.04	0.92	0.80	0.80	0.81	1.03	0.80	0.85	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.540	0.047	23.378	0.028	0.071	0.662	0.123	0.234	0.172

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	192	206	191	165	165	172	197	166	187	167
N.S.	1	1.07	0.99	0.86	0.86	0.90	1.03	0.86	0.97	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.554	0.070	23.839	0.030	0.077	0.825	0.132	0.232	0.412

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	190	204	189	165	163	172	196	164	187	167
N.S.	1	1.07	0.99	0.87	0.86	0.91	1.03	0.86	0.98	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	0.088	24.197	0.032	0.075	0.746	0.124	0.211	0.370

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	206	189	165	165	171	201	166	187	167
N.S.	1	1.05	0.96	0.84	0.84	0.87	1.03	0.85	0.95	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	0.084	23.966	0.028	0.076	0.689	0.125	0.232	0.334

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	194	206	189	165	165	172	199	166	187	167
N.S.	1	1.06	0.97	0.85	0.85	0.89	1.03	0.86	0.96	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.104	23.368	0.029	0.078	0.693	0.125	0.212	0.330

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	196	208	189	165	165	172	201	166	187	167
N.S.	1	1.06	0.96	0.84	0.84	0.88	1.03	0.85	0.95	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.562	0.117	23.076	0.033	0.088	0.805	0.124	0.218	0.331

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	209	189	167	167	172	202	168	187	168
N.S.	1	1.06	0.95	0.84	0.84	0.87	1.02	0.85	0.94	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.598	0.119	23.139	0.033	0.081	0.930	0.120	0.231	0.455



Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	185	168	165	164	197	165	185	167
N.S.	1	1.00	8.81	8.00	7.86	7.81	9.38	7.86	8.81	7.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.069	23.100	0.032	0.080	0.876	0.123	0.234	0.210

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	78	185	168	167	168	209	167	185	167
N.S.	1	1.11	2.64	2.40	2.39	2.40	2.99	2.39	2.64	2.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.064	23.734	0.051	0.086	1.297	0.132	0.242	0.485

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	140	185	168	167	168	211	167	185	167
N.S.	1	1.17	1.54	1.40	1.39	1.40	1.76	1.39	1.54	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.359	0.082	23.078	0.032	0.080	1.330	0.120	0.220	0.200

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	170	202	185	168	167	168	214	167	185	167
N.S.	1	1.19	1.09	0.99	0.98	0.99	1.26	0.98	1.09	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.078	23.220	0.032	0.076	1.583	0.128	0.205	0.475

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	264	185	168	167	168	214	167	185	167
N.S.	1	1.20	0.84	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.97	0.76	0.84	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.443	0.081	23.905	0.032	0.073	1.922	0.121	0.228	0.465

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	270	326	185	168	167	168	212	167	185	167
N.S.	1	1.21	0.69	0.62	0.62	0.62	0.79	0.62	0.69	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.089	23.628	0.031	0.073	2.362	0.124	0.245	0.483

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	215	185	168	167	168	216	167	185	167
N.S.	1	1.02	0.88	0.80	0.79	0.80	1.02	0.79	0.88	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.575	0.080	23.615	0.034	0.071	2.606	0.123	0.203	0.214

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	217	185	168	167	168	216	167	185	167
N.S.	1	1.03	0.88	0.80	0.79	0.80	1.02	0.79	0.88	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	0.081	23.725	0.035	0.074	2.984	0.126	0.207	0.489

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	207	215	185	168	167	168	212	167	185	167
N.S.	1	1.04	0.89	0.81	0.81	0.81	1.02	0.81	0.89	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.575	0.080	23.814	0.033	0.071	3.130	0.127	0.198	0.476

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	110	100	88	129	88	109	89	89	87
N.S.	1	1.03	0.93	0.82	1.21	0.82	1.02	0.83	0.83	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.419	0.038	0.451	0.044	0.077	0.351	0.118	0.195	0.043

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	82	76	66	95	66	82	67	65	65
N.S.	1	1.04	0.96	0.84	1.20	0.84	1.04	0.85	0.82	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.031	0.451	0.028	0.071	0.337	0.118	0.202	0.034

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	54	52	44	61	43	54	45	41	43
N.S.	1	1.06	1.02	0.86	1.20	0.84	1.06	0.88	0.80	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.024	0.447	0.031	0.070	0.348	0.112	0.250	0.041

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	28	27	24	27	22	27	24	20	23
N.S.	1	1.04	1.00	0.89	1.00	0.81	1.00	0.89	0.74	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.003	0.447	0.033	0.077	0.277	0.123	0.218	0.043

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	28	30	21	20	20	37	22	18	17
N.S.	1	1.27	1.36	0.95	0.91	0.91	1.68	1.00	0.82	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.019	0.459	0.033	0.078	0.335	0.119	0.207	0.052

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	54	44	44	43	43	68	48	41	39
N.S.	1	1.15	0.94	0.94	0.91	0.91	1.45	1.02	0.87	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.031	0.455	0.034	0.079	0.445	0.123	0.239	0.067

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	82	69	66	64	69	99	69	66	60
N.S.	1	1.09	0.92	0.88	0.85	0.92	1.32	0.92	0.88	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.053	0.448	0.032	0.085	0.694	0.122	0.205	0.071

Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	110	93	88	86	92	126	91	90	82
N.S.	1	1.07	0.90	0.85	0.83	0.89	1.22	0.88	0.87	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.066	0.471	0.029	0.084	1.500	0.119	0.198	0.321

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	114	119	95	129	128	272	100	112	99
N.S.	1	1.03	1.07	0.86	1.16	1.15	2.45	0.90	1.01	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.059	0.467	0.030	0.077	0.548	0.121	0.229	0.048

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	86	95	73	95	106	212	78	88	77
N.S.	1	1.04	1.14	0.88	1.14	1.28	2.55	0.94	1.06	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.384	0.045	0.460	0.028	0.070	0.407	0.116	0.215	0.039

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	58	67	51	60	82	134	52	62	54
N.S.	1	1.07	1.24	0.94	1.11	1.52	2.48	0.96	1.15	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.037	0.450	0.031	0.076	0.298	0.130	0.221	0.045

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	29	30	29	50	80	30	39	29
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.91	0.88	1.52	2.42	0.91	1.18	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.006	0.448	0.038	0.075	0.310	0.120	0.213	0.299

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	43	37	35	34	67	151	36	53	32
N.S.	1	1.13	0.97	0.92	0.89	1.76	3.97	0.95	1.39	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.040	0.477	0.032	0.079	0.421	0.127	0.205	0.058

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	74	64	62	63	105	238	67	87	57
N.S.	1	1.10	0.96	0.93	0.94	1.57	3.55	1.00	1.30	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.356	0.095	0.479	0.031	0.081	0.545	0.124	0.210	0.084

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	102	91	84	88	133	333	90	118	81
N.S.	1	1.07	0.96	0.88	0.93	1.40	3.51	0.95	1.24	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.397	0.092	0.451	0.033	0.089	0.884	0.120	0.202	0.345

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	130	115	106	110	155	400	112	142	103
N.S.	1	1.06	0.93	0.86	0.89	1.26	3.25	0.91	1.15	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.113	0.467	0.033	0.083	1.265	0.115	0.215	0.092

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	119	119	100	128	157	413	101	134	108
N.S.	1	1.04	1.04	0.88	1.12	1.38	3.62	0.89	1.18	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.066	0.458	0.031	0.078	0.637	0.122	0.244	0.303

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	95	95	78	94	135	333	79	110	86
N.S.	1	1.08	1.08	0.89	1.07	1.53	3.78	0.90	1.25	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.058	0.454	0.025	0.094	0.509	0.121	0.202	0.040

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	68	66	57	60	101	233	53	83	66
N.S.	1	1.06	1.03	0.89	0.94	1.58	3.64	0.83	1.30	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.067	0.509	0.026	0.084	0.424	0.125	0.210	0.334

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	27	30	29	47	63	22	22	34
N.S.	1	1.00	1.69	1.88	1.81	2.94	3.94	1.38	1.38	2.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.003	0.710	0.027	0.082	0.408	0.121	0.232	0.347

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	61	44	48	54	115	364	48	97	52
N.S.	1	1.15	0.83	0.91	1.02	2.17	6.87	0.91	1.83	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.057	0.536	0.033	0.078	0.668	0.125	0.205	0.360

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	96	77	78	85	155	481	74	137	79
N.S.	1	1.13	0.91	0.92	1.00	1.82	5.66	0.87	1.61	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.101	0.467	0.028	0.092	1.615	0.123	0.214	0.363

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	119	104	100	110	182	612	101	168	102
N.S.	1	1.07	0.94	0.90	0.99	1.64	5.51	0.91	1.51	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.120	0.467	0.035	0.087	2.165	0.122	0.213	0.123



Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	152	128	122	132	207	707	123	192	125
N.S.	1	1.09	0.92	0.88	0.95	1.49	5.09	0.88	1.38	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.492	0.132	0.467	0.030	0.090	2.981	0.115	0.219	0.424

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	159	143	135	163	245	966	121	213	148
N.S.	1	1.03	0.92	0.87	1.05	1.58	6.23	0.78	1.37	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.544	0.073	0.482	0.027	0.104	1.512	0.125	0.248	0.333

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	137	119	113	129	223	835	99	189	126
N.S.	1	1.05	0.91	0.86	0.98	1.70	6.37	0.76	1.44	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.505	0.066	0.497	0.038	0.098	1.111	0.121	0.219	0.319

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	107	108	93	92	95	191	704	73	163	106
N.S.	1	1.01	0.87	0.86	0.89	1.79	6.58	0.68	1.52	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.063	0.474	0.026	0.133	0.836	0.124	0.212	0.384

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	52	65	64	108	270	42	47	77
N.S.	1	1.00	2.48	3.10	3.05	5.14	12.86	2.00	2.24	3.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.040	0.469	0.027	0.078	1.131	0.123	0.208	0.145

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	40	30	31	30	96	136	22	53	57
N.S.	1	1.05	0.79	0.82	0.79	2.53	3.58	0.58	1.39	1.50
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.004	0.438	0.026	0.110	1.156	0.122	0.211	0.437

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	97	71	76	97	227	1059	69	203	94
N.S.	1	1.09	0.80	0.85	1.09	2.55	11.90	0.78	2.28	1.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.082	0.452	0.036	0.094	1.607	0.128	0.210	0.094

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	126	133	104	113	130	267	1241	101	250	123
N.S.	1	1.06	0.83	0.90	1.03	2.12	9.85	0.80	1.98	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.467	0.126	0.454	0.054	0.093	2.702	0.127	0.228	0.147

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	166	128	135	154	295	1391	119	282	147
N.S.	1	1.06	0.82	0.87	0.99	1.89	8.92	0.76	1.81	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.518	0.112	0.454	0.036	0.119	4.134	0.130	0.211	0.521

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	203	205	167	175	197	370	2048	143	332	202
N.S.	1	1.01	0.82	0.86	0.97	1.82	10.09	0.70	1.64	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.642	0.096	0.439	0.026	0.176	3.214	0.119	0.197	0.109

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	179	143	153	162	348	1839	119	308	179
N.S.	1	1.04	0.83	0.89	0.94	2.02	10.69	0.69	1.79	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	0.079	0.460	0.029	0.132	2.646	0.123	0.266	0.099

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	157	160	104	132	131	315	1629	95	281	159
N.S.	1	1.02	0.66	0.84	0.83	2.01	10.38	0.61	1.79	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.070	0.446	0.029	0.125	2.175	0.119	0.203	0.444

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	45	76	99	98	188	619	64	134	130
N.S.	1	1.05	1.77	2.30	2.28	4.37	14.40	1.49	3.12	3.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.052	0.529	0.027	0.104	2.457	0.119	0.230	0.463

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	82	52	65	64	177	410	42	110	110
N.S.	1	1.05	0.67	0.83	0.82	2.27	5.26	0.54	1.41	1.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.041	0.466	0.033	0.100	2.842	0.120	0.226	0.459

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	40	30	31	30	164	199	22	90	90
N.S.	1	1.05	0.79	0.82	0.79	4.32	5.24	0.58	2.37	2.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.023	0.480	0.026	0.099	2.247	0.125	0.196	0.172

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	151	106	118	163	398	2581	102	381	160
N.S.	1	1.06	0.74	0.83	1.14	2.78	18.05	0.71	2.66	1.12
time (sec)	N/A	0.470	0.117	0.458	0.045	0.132	3.496	0.134	0.240	0.466

Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	184	199	139	163	196	435	2854	134	430	189
N.S.	1	1.08	0.76	0.89	1.07	2.36	15.51	0.73	2.34	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.593	0.137	0.444	0.042	0.174	6.456	0.121	0.219	0.554

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	223	163	186	220	463	3077	156	462	213
N.S.	1	1.03	0.75	0.86	1.01	2.13	14.18	0.72	2.13	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.647	0.163	0.479	0.046	0.262	9.619	0.139	0.206	0.896

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	27	19	16	15	15	19	17	13	10
N.S.	1	1.42	1.00	0.84	0.79	0.79	1.00	0.89	0.68	0.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.013	0.491	0.027	0.075	0.156	0.123	0.231	0.058

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	134	78	85	98	77	8588	191	76	98
N.S.	1	1.02	0.59	0.64	0.74	0.58	65.06	1.45	0.58	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.049	0.485	0.032	0.077	5.055	0.123	0.248	1.178

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	90	65	58	64	55	1987	134	52	64
N.S.	1	1.02	0.74	0.66	0.73	0.62	22.58	1.52	0.59	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.036	0.458	0.026	0.078	1.796	0.127	0.212	0.418

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	44	40	30	30	32	272	76	29	37
N.S.	1	1.05	0.95	0.71	0.71	0.76	6.48	1.81	0.69	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.023	0.464	0.027	0.092	0.810	0.125	0.204	0.397

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	45	43	32	49	112	75	43	42	31
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	0.74	1.14	2.60	1.74	1.00	0.98	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.273	0.034	0.447	0.110	0.092	1.030	0.125	0.208	1.241

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	79	68	60	100	157	105	65	73	54
N.S.	1	1.03	0.88	0.78	1.30	2.04	1.36	0.84	0.95	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.093	0.544	0.110	0.090	2.525	0.124	0.206	0.880

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	145	90	88	166	208	170	97	112	91
N.S.	1	1.09	0.68	0.66	1.25	1.56	1.28	0.73	0.84	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.138	0.438	0.110	0.104	23.047	0.137	0.266	0.694

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	132	78	86	98	67	8356	85	65	98
N.S.	1	1.02	0.60	0.66	0.75	0.52	64.28	0.65	0.50	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.048	0.447	0.038	0.085	5.717	0.125	0.217	0.708

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	86	54	57	64	45	1872	57	41	64
N.S.	1	1.02	0.64	0.68	0.76	0.54	22.29	0.68	0.49	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.034	0.440	0.033	0.076	1.704	0.123	0.229	0.445

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	42	31	30	30	23	219	27	20	37
N.S.	1	1.05	0.78	0.75	0.75	0.58	5.48	0.68	0.50	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.020	0.439	0.031	0.078	0.761	0.121	0.204	0.434

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	27	20	37	91	24	23	34	19
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	1.37	3.37	0.89	0.85	1.26	0.70
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.025	0.454	0.103	0.089	0.680	0.122	0.253	0.821

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	85	68	72	104	161	110	75	74	57
N.S.	1	1.06	0.85	0.90	1.30	2.01	1.38	0.94	0.92	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.086	0.443	0.106	0.095	3.068	0.123	0.207	0.784

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	151	90	124	166	208	173	109	112	94
N.S.	1	1.11	0.66	0.91	1.22	1.53	1.27	0.80	0.82	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.364	0.116	0.445	0.114	0.084	42.525	0.129	0.225	0.741

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	74	64	0	71	98	2628	231	86	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.00	0.96	1.32	35.51	3.12	1.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.088	0.000	0.039	0.110	2.436	0.128	0.206	0.000



Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	22	21	25	182	21	24	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.96	0.91	1.09	7.91	0.91	1.04	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.035	0.449	0.032	0.112	0.414	0.123	0.231	0.556

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	9	9	9	8	7	7	7	7	6	7
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.89	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.78	0.67	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.001	0.082	0.027	0.069	0.095	0.118	0.240	0.024

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	20	10	9	12	17	14	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.54	0.77	0.69	0.92	1.31	1.08	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.222	0.002	0.504	0.030	0.080	0.074	0.125	0.229	0.035

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	26	10	9	17	20	19	18	19
N.S.	1	1.00	2.00	0.77	0.69	1.31	1.54	1.46	1.38	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.011	0.583	0.038	0.068	0.086	0.122	0.218	0.035

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	23	19	16	22	15	17	15	13	15
N.S.	1	1.21	1.00	0.84	1.16	0.79	0.89	0.79	0.68	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.264	0.014	0.430	0.040	0.077	0.078	0.120	0.246	0.054

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	10	10	10	9	8	8	8	8	7	8
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.90	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.70	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.218	0.010	0.429	0.032	0.082	0.078	0.119	0.205	0.056

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	11	11	11	10	9	12	8	9	10	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.82	1.09	0.73	0.82	0.91	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.010	0.437	0.029	0.074	0.208	0.113	0.195	0.034

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	11	11	11	10	9	20	12	9	11	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.91	0.82	1.82	1.09	0.82	1.00	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.224	0.011	0.511	0.030	0.070	0.302	0.117	0.236	0.330

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	48	34	29	28	23	398	28	21	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.74	0.63	0.61	0.50	8.65	0.61	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.019	0.441	0.048	0.072	0.935	0.120	0.222	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	10	9	9	31	9	11	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.67	0.60	0.60	2.07	0.60	0.73	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.013	0.442	0.030	0.075	0.111	0.119	0.221	0.949

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	67	65	49	48	50	138	48	47	78
N.S.	1	1.16	1.12	0.84	0.83	0.86	2.38	0.83	0.81	1.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.051	0.458	0.111	0.079	0.831	0.127	0.248	0.052

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	87	78	506	83	260	150	106	278	292
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	5.82	0.95	2.99	1.72	1.22	3.20	3.36
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.123	0.727	0.033	0.087	1.494	0.131	0.206	0.860

Problem 148	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	63	318	66	167	121	84	168	184
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	4.54	0.94	2.39	1.73	1.20	2.40	2.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.098	0.599	0.032	0.085	1.124	0.122	0.200	0.655

Problem 149	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	47	42	178	45	89	78	58	86	103
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	3.79	0.96	1.89	1.66	1.23	1.83	2.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.089	0.505	0.038	0.096	0.937	0.122	0.226	0.524

Problem 150	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	30	73	28	37	49	36	36	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.43	0.93	1.23	1.63	1.20	1.20	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.063	0.230	0.030	0.088	0.734	0.118	0.242	0.425

Problem 151	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	36	0	0	0	82	0	158	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.22	0.00	4.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.753	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 152	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	39	0	0	0	478	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.198	0.000	0.269	0.000

Problem 153	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	63	65	0	0	0	46	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.064	0.000	0.000	0.000	21.667	0.000	0.279	0.000

Problem 154	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	204	205	168	0	286	458	0	1642	521	590
N.S.	1	1.00	0.82	0.00	1.40	2.25	0.00	8.05	2.55	2.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.546	0.179	0.000	0.043	0.132	0.000	0.131	0.200	1.397

Problem 155	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	152	153	126	0	185	281	0	922	301	355
N.S.	1	1.01	0.83	0.00	1.22	1.85	0.00	6.07	1.98	2.34
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.133	0.000	0.047	0.120	0.000	0.130	0.214	1.059

Problem 156	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	101	95	0	104	148	14683	410	141	180
N.S.	1	1.01	0.95	0.00	1.04	1.48	146.83	4.10	1.41	1.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.093	0.000	0.035	0.112	36.496	0.129	0.218	0.934

Problem 157	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	49	42	0	45	56	445	94	46	41
N.S.	1	1.02	0.88	0.00	0.94	1.17	9.27	1.96	0.96	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.010	0.000	0.036	0.134	1.090	0.124	0.230	0.439

Problem 158	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	43	0	0	0	41	0	80	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00	1.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.063	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.094	0.000	0.253	0.000

Problem 159	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	46	0	0	0	42	0	178	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.91	0.00	3.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.068	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.685	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 160	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	28	9	8	8	24	20	18	8
N.S.	1	1.00	2.33	0.75	0.67	0.67	2.00	1.67	1.50	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.016	0.486	0.035	0.074	0.131	0.122	0.236	0.105

Problem 161	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	150	194	0	184	0	41	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.08	1.40	0.00	1.32	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.372	0.000	0.111	0.000	2.207	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 162	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	86	138	0	100	0	39	0	11	37
N.S.	1	1.05	1.68	0.00	1.22	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.13	0.45
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.211	0.000	0.109	0.000	0.626	0.000	0.246	0.484

Problem 163	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	35	0	35	27	76	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.70	0.00	0.70	0.54	1.52	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.158	0.000	0.029	0.259	1.526	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 164	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	116	59	0	69	53	736	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.12	0.57	0.00	0.66	0.51	7.08	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.211	0.000	0.030	0.283	7.976	0.000	0.284	0.000

Problem 165	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	182	83	0	103	75	1554	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.53	0.00	0.65	0.47	9.84	0.00	0.09	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.288	0.000	0.035	0.329	35.389	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 166	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	134	80	0	98	72	155	89	15	98
N.S.	1	1.03	0.62	0.00	0.75	0.55	1.19	0.68	0.12	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.390	0.063	0.000	0.026	0.312	12.958	0.131	0.232	0.675

Problem 167	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	90	56	0	64	50	102	61	15	64
N.S.	1	1.05	0.65	0.00	0.74	0.58	1.19	0.71	0.17	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.054	0.000	0.026	0.290	2.300	0.131	0.196	0.679



Problem 168	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	44	31	30	30	23	49	30	15	29
N.S.	1	1.10	0.78	0.75	0.75	0.58	1.22	0.75	0.38	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.042	0.434	0.026	0.269	0.356	0.141	0.245	0.663

Problem 169	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	C	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	92	109	85	86	0	41	87	15	102
N.S.	1	1.08	1.28	1.00	1.01	0.00	0.48	1.02	0.18	1.20
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.141	0.441	0.114	0.000	0.747	0.165	0.227	0.821

Problem 170	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F(-1)</b>	C	A	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	156	155	0	158	0	42	142	15	205
N.S.	1	1.05	1.05	0.00	1.07	0.00	0.28	0.96	0.10	1.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.219	0.000	0.118	0.000	3.401	0.176	0.230	0.943

Problem 171	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	57	0	0	0	41	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	10.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.467	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 172	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	57	0	0	0	41	0	13	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.23	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	9.555	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.539	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 173	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	55	0	0	0	42	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.76	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	10.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.928	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 174	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	57	0	0	0	48	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.84	0.00	0.26	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	10.016	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.390	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 175	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	<b>No</b>	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	415	433	25	18	0	0	34	0	61	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.06	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.746	10.013	0.467	0.000	0.000	0.562	0.000	0.400	0.000

Problem 176	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	251	13	15	13	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	13.21	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.79	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.013	0.099	0.040	0.070	0.530	0.120	0.225	0.031

Problem 177	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	200	13	15	13	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	10.53	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.79	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.012	0.098	0.030	0.066	0.427	0.127	0.206	0.027

Problem 178	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	149	13	15	13	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	7.84	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.79	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.012	0.102	0.028	0.064	0.379	0.120	0.230	0.029

Problem 179	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	98	13	15	13	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	5.16	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.79	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.011	0.099	0.034	0.070	0.315	0.122	0.246	0.030

Problem 180	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	11	10	10	12	10	13	10
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.79	0.71	0.71	0.86	0.71	0.93	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.001	0.074	0.028	0.062	0.027	0.121	0.217	0.029

Problem 181	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	13	12	11	14	12	12	11	11
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.92	0.85	1.08	0.92	0.92	0.85	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.014	0.109	0.026	0.065	0.101	0.122	0.201	0.354

Problem 182	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	17	17	19	14	15	15	14	15	16	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.12	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.82	0.88	0.94	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.254	0.017	0.102	0.032	0.075	0.277	0.119	0.221	0.032

Problem 183	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	15	15	17	15	16	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.79	0.79	0.89	0.79	0.84	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.017	0.099	0.032	0.082	0.376	0.119	0.213	0.034

Problem 184	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	15	15	17	15	16	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.79	0.79	0.89	0.79	0.84	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.015	0.099	0.029	0.091	0.383	0.117	0.210	0.036

Problem 185	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	32	25	250	24	31	24	26	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	0.74	7.35	0.71	0.91	0.71	0.76	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.017	0.509	0.033	0.091	0.539	0.126	0.246	0.343

Problem 186	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	32	25	200	24	31	24	26	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	0.74	5.88	0.71	0.91	0.71	0.76	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.018	0.516	0.030	0.085	0.485	0.116	0.213	0.041

Problem 187	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	32	25	148	24	31	24	26	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	0.74	4.35	0.71	0.91	0.71	0.76	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.016	0.791	0.028	0.082	0.416	0.120	0.211	0.044

Problem 188	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	32	25	98	24	31	24	26	24
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	0.74	2.88	0.71	0.91	0.71	0.76	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.015	0.490	0.026	0.135	0.397	0.116	0.210	0.040

Problem 189	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	34	30	22	21	21	27	21	24	21
N.S.	1	1.17	1.03	0.76	0.72	0.72	0.93	0.72	0.83	0.72
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.002	0.480	0.044	0.070	0.299	0.124	0.232	0.043

Problem 190	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	34	28	23	22	25	27	23	22	25
N.S.	1	1.21	1.00	0.82	0.79	0.89	0.96	0.82	0.79	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.017	0.513	0.025	0.076	0.102	0.121	0.215	0.038

Problem 191	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	29	25	24	24	26	24	26	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.53	1.32	1.26	1.26	1.37	1.26	1.37	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.018	0.507	0.031	0.065	0.303	0.125	0.241	0.038

Problem 192	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	32	25	26	26	32	26	27	26
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	0.74	0.76	0.76	0.94	0.76	0.79	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.021	0.494	0.026	0.071	0.261	0.121	0.220	0.031

Problem 193	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	32	25	26	26	32	26	27	26
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	0.74	0.76	0.76	0.94	0.76	0.79	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.019	0.512	0.034	0.063	0.358	0.125	0.244	0.031

Problem 194	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	43	36	251	35	42	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.77	5.34	0.74	0.89	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.017	0.606	0.033	0.076	0.608	0.114	0.215	0.049

Problem 195	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	43	36	200	35	42	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.77	4.26	0.74	0.89	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.017	0.624	0.032	0.085	0.508	0.119	0.200	0.048

Problem 196	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	41	36	149	35	42	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.87	0.77	3.17	0.74	0.89	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.020	0.583	0.033	0.068	0.457	0.135	0.192	0.048

Problem 197	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	43	36	98	35	42	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.77	2.09	0.74	0.89	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.015	0.590	0.037	0.064	0.389	0.121	0.259	0.046

Problem 198	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	47	41	33	32	32	39	32	33	32
N.S.	1	1.12	0.98	0.79	0.76	0.76	0.93	0.76	0.79	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.003	0.555	0.031	0.067	0.378	0.121	0.219	0.046

Problem 199	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	45	36	31	30	33	36	31	30	33
N.S.	1	1.25	1.00	0.86	0.83	0.92	1.00	0.86	0.83	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.019	0.576	0.027	0.071	0.138	0.116	0.209	0.042



Problem 200	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	47	40	34	36	39	36	37	42	37
N.S.	1	1.21	1.03	0.87	0.92	1.00	0.92	0.95	1.08	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.033	0.608	0.039	0.069	0.261	0.128	0.212	0.043

Problem 201	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	49	41	36	35	35	41	35	38	35
N.S.	1	1.09	0.91	0.80	0.78	0.78	0.91	0.78	0.84	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.024	0.619	0.033	0.067	0.299	0.125	0.241	0.330

Problem 202	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	41	36	35	35	44	35	38	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.87	0.77	0.74	0.74	0.94	0.74	0.81	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.022	0.582	0.026	0.065	0.345	0.123	0.209	0.339

Problem 203	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	79	69	58	251	69	75	57	57	57
N.S.	1	1.03	0.90	0.75	3.26	0.90	0.97	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.028	0.961	0.033	0.066	0.708	0.121	0.229	0.031

Problem 204	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	79	69	58	200	69	73	57	57	57
N.S.	1	1.05	0.92	0.77	2.67	0.92	0.97	0.76	0.76	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.021	0.947	0.038	0.064	0.571	0.127	0.244	0.029

Problem 205	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	79	69	58	149	69	75	57	57	57
N.S.	1	1.03	0.90	0.75	1.94	0.90	0.97	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.020	0.928	0.033	0.064	0.539	0.119	0.232	0.029

Problem 206	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	79	69	58	98	69	75	57	57	57
N.S.	1	1.03	0.90	0.75	1.27	0.90	0.97	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.020	0.947	0.036	0.062	0.535	0.127	0.218	0.031

Problem 207	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	61	67	55	54	61	68	54	55	54
N.S.	1	1.03	1.14	0.93	0.92	1.03	1.15	0.92	0.93	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.004	0.899	0.027	0.062	0.399	0.121	0.201	0.029

Problem 208	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	73	65	54	53	56	71	54	53	56
N.S.	1	1.12	1.00	0.83	0.82	0.86	1.09	0.83	0.82	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.026	1.145	0.030	0.066	0.692	0.122	0.219	0.034

Problem 209	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	76	69	57	59	62	66	60	64	59
N.S.	1	1.12	1.01	0.84	0.87	0.91	0.97	0.88	0.94	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.031	1.156	0.035	0.069	0.235	0.124	0.221	0.047

Problem 210	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	67	58	55	57	70	55	60	55
N.S.	1	1.00	3.19	2.76	2.62	2.71	3.33	2.62	2.86	2.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.028	1.012	0.028	0.096	0.281	0.123	0.244	0.326

Problem 211	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	77	67	58	57	59	73	57	60	57
N.S.	1	1.05	0.92	0.79	0.78	0.81	1.00	0.78	0.82	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.036	1.002	0.051	0.095	0.432	0.119	0.225	0.322

Problem 212	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	77	67	58	57	58	75	57	60	57
N.S.	1	1.03	0.89	0.77	0.76	0.77	1.00	0.76	0.80	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.031	0.990	0.033	0.087	0.485	0.124	0.248	0.050

Problem 213	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	79	67	58	57	59	76	57	60	57
N.S.	1	1.03	0.87	0.75	0.74	0.77	0.99	0.74	0.78	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.031	0.997	0.037	0.191	0.741	0.124	0.208	0.334

Problem 214	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	79	67	58	57	59	75	57	60	57
N.S.	1	1.05	0.89	0.77	0.76	0.79	1.00	0.76	0.80	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.032	1.457	0.033	0.082	0.856	0.123	0.205	0.052

Problem 215	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	148	130	113	251	124	144	112	112	112
N.S.	1	1.03	0.90	0.78	1.74	0.86	1.00	0.78	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.032	4.332	0.038	0.069	1.006	0.122	0.201	0.371

Problem 216	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	148	130	113	200	124	144	112	112	112
N.S.	1	1.03	0.90	0.78	1.39	0.86	1.00	0.78	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.455	0.028	4.333	0.033	0.076	1.064	0.123	0.264	0.063

Problem 217	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	179	185	130	113	149	124	141	112	112	112
N.S.	1	1.03	0.73	0.63	0.83	0.69	0.79	0.63	0.63	0.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.031	4.297	0.046	0.084	0.764	0.119	0.215	0.063

Problem 218	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	124	130	113	98	124	143	112	112	112
N.S.	1	1.03	1.08	0.94	0.82	1.03	1.19	0.93	0.93	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.029	4.438	0.026	0.069	0.695	0.126	0.225	0.063

Problem 219	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	61	128	110	47	117	136	109	110	109
N.S.	1	1.03	2.17	1.86	0.80	1.98	2.31	1.85	1.86	1.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.024	4.211	0.052	0.069	0.538	0.123	0.230	0.063

Problem 220	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	142	132	109	108	113	144	109	108	111
N.S.	1	1.04	0.97	0.80	0.79	0.83	1.06	0.80	0.79	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.422	0.034	4.716	0.027	0.077	1.199	0.124	0.247	0.067

Problem 221	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	135	125	110	110	116	131	111	119	112
N.S.	1	1.08	1.00	0.88	0.88	0.93	1.05	0.89	0.95	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.438	0.056	4.557	0.031	0.071	1.286	0.126	0.215	0.060

Problem 222	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	139	132	110	110	117	136	111	119	112
N.S.	1	1.06	1.01	0.84	0.84	0.89	1.04	0.85	0.91	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.440	0.046	4.444	0.035	0.073	1.499	0.129	0.212	0.323

Problem 223	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	136	132	112	112	118	133	113	119	113
N.S.	1	1.04	1.01	0.85	0.85	0.90	1.02	0.86	0.91	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.449	0.075	4.474	0.032	0.075	0.387	0.123	0.237	0.085

Problem 224	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	48	128	113	112	114	139	112	115	112
N.S.	1	1.04	2.78	2.46	2.43	2.48	3.02	2.43	2.50	2.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.047	4.414	0.037	0.071	0.682	0.126	0.233	0.386

Problem 225	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	142	128	113	112	114	143	112	115	112
N.S.	1	1.16	1.05	0.93	0.92	0.93	1.17	0.92	0.94	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.053	4.415	0.027	0.067	0.639	0.123	0.223	0.095

Problem 226	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	146	128	113	112	114	146	112	115	112
N.S.	1	1.01	0.89	0.78	0.78	0.79	1.01	0.78	0.80	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.058	4.707	0.038	0.070	0.868	0.125	0.216	0.379

Problem 227	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	148	128	113	112	114	146	112	115	112
N.S.	1	1.03	0.89	0.78	0.78	0.79	1.01	0.78	0.80	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.433	0.059	4.720	0.028	0.072	1.097	0.127	0.264	0.392

Problem 228	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	144	150	128	113	112	114	146	112	115	112
N.S.	1	1.04	0.89	0.78	0.78	0.79	1.01	0.78	0.80	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.434	0.060	4.522	0.027	0.133	1.540	0.138	0.211	0.099

Problem 229	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	144	128	113	112	114	144	112	115	112
N.S.	1	1.01	0.90	0.80	0.79	0.80	1.01	0.79	0.81	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.064	5.055	0.035	0.070	1.892	0.130	0.224	0.384

Problem 230	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	221	191	168	302	179	218	167	167	167
N.S.	1	1.02	0.88	0.77	1.39	0.82	1.00	0.77	0.77	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.594	0.040	25.442	0.035	0.093	1.808	0.125	0.222	0.172

Problem 231	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	221	191	168	251	179	218	167	167	167
N.S.	1	1.02	0.88	0.77	1.16	0.82	1.00	0.77	0.77	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.568	0.039	26.081	0.041	0.065	1.485	0.129	0.282	0.161



Problem 232	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	244	246	191	168	200	179	216	167	167	167
N.S.	1	1.01	0.78	0.69	0.82	0.73	0.89	0.68	0.68	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.612	0.038	25.822	0.035	0.064	1.327	0.120	0.202	0.161

Problem 233	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	187	191	168	149	179	214	167	167	167
N.S.	1	1.02	1.04	0.92	0.81	0.98	1.17	0.91	0.91	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.509	0.040	25.856	0.026	0.111	1.031	0.127	0.227	0.159

Problem 234	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	124	191	168	98	179	214	167	167	167
N.S.	1	1.02	1.57	1.38	0.80	1.47	1.75	1.37	1.37	1.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.037	26.086	0.028	0.065	0.848	0.131	0.197	0.160

Problem 235	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	61	189	165	47	172	207	164	165	164
N.S.	1	1.03	3.20	2.80	0.80	2.92	3.51	2.78	2.80	2.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.037	25.387	0.032	0.065	0.799	0.130	0.218	0.160

Problem 236	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	217	193	164	163	168	212	164	163	166
N.S.	1	1.04	0.92	0.78	0.78	0.80	1.01	0.78	0.78	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.047	26.740	0.026	0.065	0.450	0.128	0.219	0.172

Problem 237	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	202	212	195	165	167	173	204	168	174	167
N.S.	1	1.05	0.97	0.82	0.83	0.86	1.01	0.83	0.86	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.536	0.087	26.832	0.037	0.072	0.644	0.127	0.206	0.406

Problem 238	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	210	193	165	165	173	202	166	174	167
N.S.	1	1.05	0.96	0.82	0.82	0.86	1.01	0.83	0.87	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.547	0.083	26.849	0.032	0.072	0.516	0.125	0.245	0.084

Problem 239	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	210	193	165	165	173	202	166	174	167
N.S.	1	1.05	0.96	0.82	0.82	0.86	1.01	0.83	0.87	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.541	0.104	27.331	0.034	0.074	0.592	0.122	0.207	0.351

Problem 240	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	211	219	193	166	166	173	212	167	174	168
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.79	0.79	0.82	1.00	0.79	0.82	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.541	0.148	26.766	0.047	0.073	0.806	0.127	0.195	0.477

Problem 241	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	80	189	168	167	169	209	167	170	166
N.S.	1	1.11	2.62	2.33	2.32	2.35	2.90	2.32	2.36	2.31
time (sec)	N/A	0.280	0.069	27.059	0.034	0.070	0.952	0.123	0.207	0.218

Problem 242	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	148	174	189	168	167	169	216	167	170	167
N.S.	1	1.18	1.28	1.14	1.13	1.14	1.46	1.13	1.15	1.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.084	26.330	0.041	0.101	1.218	0.122	0.217	0.514

Problem 243	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	268	189	168	167	169	216	167	170	167
N.S.	1	1.20	0.84	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.96	0.75	0.76	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.080	26.048	0.035	0.071	1.736	0.126	0.212	0.520

Problem 244	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	215	221	189	168	167	169	218	167	170	167
N.S.	1	1.03	0.88	0.78	0.78	0.79	1.01	0.78	0.79	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.527	0.080	26.188	0.054	0.070	1.873	0.124	0.212	0.511

Problem 245	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	221	189	168	167	169	219	167	170	167
N.S.	1	1.02	0.87	0.77	0.77	0.78	1.01	0.77	0.78	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.546	0.079	27.969	0.038	0.068	2.477	0.129	0.237	0.503

Problem 246	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	217	221	189	168	167	169	219	167	170	167
N.S.	1	1.02	0.87	0.77	0.77	0.78	1.01	0.77	0.78	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.542	0.085	26.796	0.032	0.071	3.042	0.129	0.240	0.513

Problem 247	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	170	152	132	197	133	0	133	131	130
N.S.	1	1.02	0.92	0.80	1.19	0.80	0.00	0.80	0.79	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.503	0.104	0.461	0.028	0.074	0.000	0.123	0.218	0.074

Problem 248	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	124	127	115	99	146	100	0	100	98	98
N.S.	1	1.02	0.93	0.80	1.18	0.81	0.00	0.81	0.79	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.429	0.066	0.466	0.040	0.069	0.000	0.115	0.220	0.050

Problem 249	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	84	78	66	95	66	80	67	65	64
N.S.	1	1.05	0.98	0.82	1.19	0.82	1.00	0.84	0.81	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	0.039	0.442	0.032	0.066	170.311	0.123	0.206	0.033

Problem 250	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	43	42	35	44	33	42	35	33	34
N.S.	1	1.02	1.00	0.83	1.05	0.79	1.00	0.83	0.79	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.007	0.444	0.031	0.070	0.184	0.120	0.234	0.047

Problem 251	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	28	30	21	20	20	37	22	20	17
N.S.	1	1.27	1.36	0.95	0.91	0.91	1.68	1.00	0.91	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.023	0.443	0.032	0.069	0.201	0.126	0.201	0.097

Problem 252	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	70	62	56	56	56	83	61	56	50
N.S.	1	1.11	0.98	0.89	0.89	0.89	1.32	0.97	0.89	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.034	0.445	0.031	0.082	0.553	0.119	0.212	0.077

Problem 253	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	112	95	87	86	93	129	91	91	83
N.S.	1	1.08	0.91	0.84	0.83	0.89	1.24	0.88	0.88	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.064	0.444	0.027	0.075	1.211	0.121	0.257	0.072

Problem 254	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	149	156	132	122	120	126	172	125	124	116
N.S.	1	1.05	0.89	0.82	0.81	0.85	1.15	0.84	0.83	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.452	0.084	0.447	0.035	0.108	2.258	0.126	0.243	0.369

Problem 255	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	27	25	16	15	17	22	17	17	10
N.S.	1	1.29	1.19	0.76	0.71	0.81	1.05	0.81	0.81	0.48
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.016	0.475	0.030	0.099	0.152	0.118	0.219	0.056

Problem 256	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	174	171	139	197	181	0	144	157	143
N.S.	1	1.02	1.00	0.81	1.15	1.06	0.00	0.84	0.92	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.533	0.091	0.677	0.036	0.084	0.000	0.127	0.233	0.088

Problem 257	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	128	134	106	146	147	0	111	124	110
N.S.	1	1.05	1.10	0.87	1.20	1.20	0.00	0.91	1.02	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.071	0.447	0.058	0.074	0.000	0.122	0.201	0.372

Problem 258	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	88	97	73	95	114	243	78	91	77
N.S.	1	1.04	1.14	0.86	1.12	1.34	2.86	0.92	1.07	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.379	0.050	0.441	0.027	0.069	48.287	0.123	0.232	0.337

Problem 259	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	47	56	41	44	68	109	41	57	43
N.S.	1	1.02	1.22	0.89	0.96	1.48	2.37	0.89	1.24	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.011	0.438	0.041	0.074	0.223	0.127	0.212	0.039

Problem 260	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	43	37	35	34	70	160	36	61	32
N.S.	1	1.13	0.97	0.92	0.89	1.84	4.21	0.95	1.61	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.047	0.450	0.033	0.072	0.538	0.121	0.222	0.058

Problem 261	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	87	77	73	73	122	272	77	104	67
N.S.	1	1.09	0.96	0.91	0.91	1.52	3.40	0.96	1.30	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.372	0.099	0.449	0.036	0.076	1.011	0.127	0.191	0.378

Problem 262	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	132	117	106	110	164	405	112	140	103
N.S.	1	1.06	0.94	0.85	0.88	1.31	3.24	0.90	1.12	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.472	0.115	0.473	0.028	0.082	2.465	0.112	0.243	0.093

Problem 263	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	162	172	154	139	143	196	505	145	173	136
N.S.	1	1.06	0.95	0.86	0.88	1.21	3.12	0.90	1.07	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.181	0.449	0.028	0.078	5.348	0.120	0.248	0.381



Problem 264	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	177	171	145	197	225	624	145	183	154
N.S.	1	1.04	1.00	0.85	1.15	1.32	3.65	0.85	1.07	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.565	0.085	0.451	0.028	0.082	1.194	0.127	0.199	0.077

Problem 265	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	138	134	112	146	192	493	112	150	120
N.S.	1	1.03	1.00	0.84	1.09	1.43	3.68	0.84	1.12	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.460	0.066	0.447	0.030	0.078	0.654	0.118	0.204	0.052

Problem 266	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	95	97	79	94	159	362	79	117	87
N.S.	1	1.06	1.08	0.88	1.04	1.77	4.02	0.88	1.30	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.393	0.057	0.458	0.033	0.075	0.333	0.119	0.237	0.347

Problem 267	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	55	47	47	46	113	228	44	81	53
N.S.	1	1.02	0.87	0.87	0.85	2.09	4.22	0.81	1.50	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.014	0.450	0.030	0.073	0.316	0.121	0.230	0.378

Problem 268	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	61	51	49	57	129	386	49	115	54
N.S.	1	1.09	0.91	0.88	1.02	2.30	6.89	0.88	2.05	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.067	0.451	0.034	0.078	0.619	0.123	0.212	0.379

Problem 269	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	111	93	90	97	191	561	90	159	89
N.S.	1	1.08	0.90	0.87	0.94	1.85	5.45	0.87	1.54	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.140	0.454	0.042	0.089	1.523	0.127	0.232	0.393

Problem 270	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	154	130	123	132	230	706	123	196	125
N.S.	1	1.05	0.89	0.84	0.90	1.58	4.84	0.84	1.34	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.484	0.142	0.477	0.028	0.082	3.621	0.123	0.264	0.151

Problem 271	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	193	167	156	165	263	847	156	229	159
N.S.	1	1.05	0.91	0.85	0.90	1.44	4.63	0.85	1.25	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.570	0.221	0.459	0.034	0.083	7.793	0.126	0.206	0.520

Problem 272	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	46	31	29	28	21	359	28	20	12
N.S.	1	1.10	0.74	0.69	0.67	0.50	8.55	0.67	0.48	0.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.017	0.545	0.025	0.076	0.859	0.123	0.203	0.431

Problem 273	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	27	25	18	19	23	20	19	21	18
N.S.	1	1.17	1.09	0.78	0.83	1.00	0.87	0.83	0.91	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.034	0.479	0.104	0.070	0.715	0.125	0.199	0.340

Problem 274	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	41	39	28	42	25	34	27	27	27
N.S.	1	1.05	1.00	0.72	1.08	0.64	0.87	0.69	0.69	0.69
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.018	0.463	0.027	0.072	0.088	0.115	0.245	0.026

Problem 275	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	13	12	12	14	12	12	12
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.75	0.75	0.88	0.75	0.75	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.014	0.569	0.124	0.079	0.092	0.125	0.237	0.032

Problem 276	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	12	12	12	9	8	8	10	8	8	8
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.75	0.67	0.67	0.83	0.67	0.67	0.67
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.012	0.429	0.026	0.073	0.094	0.123	0.226	0.169

Problem 277	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	8	8	8	7	6	6	7	6	6	6
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.88	0.75	0.75	0.88	0.75	0.75	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.223	0.013	0.504	0.117	0.070	0.111	0.120	0.246	0.460

Problem 278	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	11	11	11	8	7	7	24	7	12	7
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.73	0.64	0.64	2.18	0.64	1.09	0.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.215	0.022	0.463	0.030	0.640	0.098	0.123	0.239	1.589

Problem 279	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	10	9	19	49	9	18	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.67	0.60	1.27	3.27	0.60	1.20	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.219	0.022	0.446	0.035	0.708	0.207	0.126	0.191	1.425

Problem 280	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	131	71	71	88	78	187	88	82	47
N.S.	1	1.49	0.81	0.81	1.00	0.89	2.12	1.00	0.93	0.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.521	0.087	0.437	0.117	0.074	0.865	0.123	0.193	0.094

Problem 281	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	B	A	B	A	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	188	205	126	124	272	147	462	139	17	223
N.S.	1	1.09	0.67	0.66	1.45	0.78	2.46	0.74	0.09	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.677	0.059	0.494	0.144	0.080	51.784	0.194	0.188	0.429

Problem 282	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	C	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	79	52	75	78	63	165	59	43	31
N.S.	1	1.18	0.78	1.12	1.16	0.94	2.46	0.88	0.64	0.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.313	0.092	0.475	0.108	0.078	2.128	0.337	0.262	0.482

Problem 283	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	56	45	38	62	55	60	42	32	27
N.S.	1	1.12	0.90	0.76	1.24	1.10	1.20	0.84	0.64	0.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.057	0.454	0.037	0.071	2.676	0.137	0.211	0.408

Problem 284	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	C	F	F	B
verified	N/A	No	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	107	280	0	109	0	46	0	75	37
N.S.	1	1.13	2.95	0.00	1.15	0.00	0.48	0.00	0.79	0.39
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	6.025	0.000	0.113	0.000	1.926	0.000	0.912	0.555

Problem 285	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	21	14	15	13	15	13	16	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.74	0.79	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.84	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.015	0.109	0.028	0.098	0.275	0.122	0.188	0.345

Problem 286	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	15	13	15	13	16	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.79	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.84	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.002	0.102	0.037	0.075	0.182	0.118	0.261	0.031

Problem 287	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	15	13	15	13	16	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.79	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.84	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.002	0.102	0.025	0.074	0.126	0.125	0.229	0.032

Problem 288	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	14	15	13	15	13	14	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.74	0.79	0.68	0.79	0.68	0.74	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.003	0.106	0.025	0.074	0.094	0.124	0.210	0.032

Problem 289	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	11	10	10	12	10	10	10
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.79	0.71	0.71	0.86	0.71	0.71	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.001	0.086	0.030	0.078	0.021	0.116	0.214	0.032

Problem 290	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	13	12	11	19	12	12	15	14
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.92	0.85	1.46	0.92	0.92	1.15	1.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.018	0.129	0.036	0.085	0.157	0.116	0.222	0.044

Problem 291	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	17	17	17	14	47	16	14	15	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	2.76	0.94	0.82	0.88	0.88	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.016	0.108	0.033	0.076	0.220	0.137	0.213	0.325

Problem 292	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	21	14	98	16	17	15	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.74	5.16	0.84	0.89	0.79	0.79	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.017	0.106	0.036	0.068	0.295	0.118	0.218	0.039

Problem 293	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	21	14	149	16	17	15	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.11	0.74	7.84	0.84	0.89	0.79	0.79	0.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.245	0.017	0.114	0.026	0.073	0.394	0.115	0.223	0.346

Problem 294	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	34	25	26	24	31	24	27	24
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	0.74	0.76	0.71	0.91	0.71	0.79	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.021	0.504	0.025	0.089	0.358	0.123	0.286	0.052

Problem 295	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	34	25	26	24	31	24	27	24
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	0.74	0.76	0.71	0.91	0.71	0.79	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.019	0.502	0.031	0.067	0.271	0.121	0.210	0.365



Problem 296	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	34	25	26	24	31	24	27	24
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	0.74	0.76	0.71	0.91	0.71	0.79	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.017	0.503	0.026	0.070	0.185	0.116	0.192	0.045

Problem 297	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	34	25	26	24	31	24	25	24
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	0.74	0.76	0.71	0.91	0.71	0.74	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.016	0.497	0.026	0.066	0.122	0.122	0.200	0.045

Problem 298	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	16	25	14	21	21	24	21	21	21
N.S.	1	1.07	1.67	0.93	1.40	1.40	1.60	1.40	1.40	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.231	0.002	0.484	0.045	0.067	0.100	0.123	0.256	0.041

Problem 299	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	34	27	23	22	31	27	24	28	28
N.S.	1	1.21	0.96	0.82	0.79	1.11	0.96	0.86	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.031	0.502	0.038	0.071	0.193	0.130	0.225	0.043

Problem 300	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	36	34	25	47	27	29	26	26	24
N.S.	1	1.12	1.06	0.78	1.47	0.84	0.91	0.81	0.81	0.75
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.024	0.498	0.032	0.098	0.245	0.127	0.210	0.051

Problem 301	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	34	25	97	27	32	26	26	24
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	0.74	2.85	0.79	0.94	0.76	0.76	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.022	0.502	0.027	0.074	0.319	0.121	0.201	0.403

Problem 302	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	36	34	25	149	27	32	26	26	24
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	0.74	4.38	0.79	0.94	0.76	0.76	0.71
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.023	0.509	0.036	0.068	0.428	0.124	0.242	0.356

Problem 303	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	43	36	37	35	42	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.77	0.79	0.74	0.89	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.018	0.569	0.031	0.065	0.412	0.115	0.231	0.054

Problem 304	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	41	36	37	35	42	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.87	0.77	0.79	0.74	0.89	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.017	0.586	0.025	0.066	0.300	0.123	0.211	0.051

Problem 305	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	43	36	37	35	42	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.91	0.77	0.79	0.74	0.89	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.014	0.584	0.027	0.077	0.207	0.112	0.218	0.050

Problem 306	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	47	41	33	37	32	39	32	33	32
N.S.	1	1.12	0.98	0.79	0.88	0.76	0.93	0.76	0.79	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.014	0.585	0.034	0.066	0.138	0.120	0.239	0.048

Problem 307	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	45	36	31	30	33	36	31	33	33
N.S.	1	1.25	1.00	0.86	0.83	0.92	1.00	0.86	0.92	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.005	0.546	0.030	0.064	0.114	0.121	0.212	0.046

Problem 308	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	47	40	34	33	39	36	37	37	37
N.S.	1	1.21	1.03	0.87	0.85	1.00	0.92	0.95	0.95	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.029	0.582	0.037	0.069	0.263	0.117	0.199	0.049

Problem 309	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	49	41	36	47	35	41	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.09	0.91	0.80	1.04	0.78	0.91	0.78	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.021	0.599	0.034	0.068	0.336	0.125	0.235	0.041

Problem 310	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	41	36	98	35	44	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.87	0.77	2.09	0.74	0.94	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.024	0.608	0.026	0.070	0.365	0.125	0.232	0.375

Problem 311	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	47	49	41	36	149	35	44	35	35	35
N.S.	1	1.04	0.87	0.77	3.17	0.74	0.94	0.74	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.024	0.890	0.037	0.068	0.489	0.123	0.220	0.046

Problem 312	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	140	126	110	122	111	143	111	109	108
N.S.	1	1.03	0.93	0.81	0.90	0.82	1.05	0.82	0.80	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.076	0.448	0.034	0.073	0.544	0.117	0.224	0.057

Problem 313	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	97	88	78	88	77	100	78	76	76
N.S.	1	1.03	0.94	0.83	0.94	0.82	1.06	0.83	0.81	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.387	0.034	0.444	0.027	0.066	0.312	0.124	0.232	0.039

Problem 314	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	54	51	44	54	43	58	45	43	42
N.S.	1	1.08	1.02	0.88	1.08	0.86	1.16	0.90	0.86	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.004	0.451	0.028	0.070	0.194	0.121	0.206	0.044

Problem 315	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	14	20	13	20	14	13	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.93	1.33	0.87	1.33	0.93	0.87	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.012	0.451	0.033	0.079	0.244	0.120	0.206	0.040

Problem 316	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	56	48	44	44	47	73	49	49	41
N.S.	1	1.33	1.14	1.05	1.05	1.12	1.74	1.17	1.17	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.069	0.435	0.032	0.075	0.431	0.120	0.238	0.475

Problem 317	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	100	84	78	95	85	116	81	80	71
N.S.	1	1.20	1.01	0.94	1.14	1.02	1.40	0.98	0.96	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.070	0.440	0.035	0.077	0.989	0.123	0.251	0.102

Problem 318	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	142	121	109	146	118	158	113	113	105
N.S.	1	1.14	0.97	0.87	1.17	0.94	1.26	0.90	0.90	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.085	0.530	0.033	0.076	1.799	0.119	0.240	0.086

Problem 319	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	155	158	127	145	169	367	133	146	132
N.S.	1	1.03	1.05	0.85	0.97	1.13	2.45	0.89	0.97	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.523	0.077	0.571	0.036	0.079	0.951	0.118	0.205	0.397

Problem 320	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	116	121	95	112	137	277	100	113	99
N.S.	1	1.03	1.07	0.84	0.99	1.21	2.45	0.88	1.00	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.062	0.441	0.026	0.076	0.468	0.125	0.226	0.053

Problem 321	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	72	80	62	76	100	165	65	78	65
N.S.	1	1.07	1.19	0.93	1.13	1.49	2.46	0.97	1.16	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.013	0.442	0.032	0.075	0.287	0.117	0.236	0.043

Problem 322	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	29	30	34	56	99	30	44	29
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.91	1.03	1.70	3.00	0.91	1.33	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.026	0.447	0.024	0.076	0.372	0.125	0.232	0.399

Problem 323	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	58	51	47	44	98	211	51	85	49
N.S.	1	1.26	1.11	1.02	0.96	2.13	4.59	1.11	1.85	1.07
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.094	0.445	0.025	0.077	0.860	0.117	0.229	0.384

Problem 324	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	104	95	84	95	148	340	90	118	81
N.S.	1	1.20	1.09	0.97	1.09	1.70	3.91	1.03	1.36	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.101	0.443	0.027	0.078	2.284	0.125	0.253	0.397

Problem 325	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	143	132	116	146	179	440	123	151	115
N.S.	1	1.16	1.07	0.94	1.19	1.46	3.58	1.00	1.23	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.469	0.189	0.447	0.030	0.078	4.618	0.126	0.216	0.130

Problem 326	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	171	177	171	145	167	225	624	145	183	154
N.S.	1	1.04	1.00	0.85	0.98	1.32	3.65	0.85	1.07	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.559	0.110	0.449	0.035	0.077	1.209	0.120	0.214	0.375

Problem 327	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	138	134	112	134	192	493	112	150	120
N.S.	1	1.03	1.00	0.84	1.00	1.43	3.68	0.84	1.12	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.095	0.449	0.033	0.079	0.550	0.129	0.231	0.056



Problem 328	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	95	97	79	101	159	362	79	117	87
N.S.	1	1.06	1.08	0.88	1.12	1.77	4.02	0.88	1.30	0.97
time (sec)	N/A	0.414	0.017	0.450	0.027	0.091	0.332	0.124	0.234	0.044

Problem 329	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	55	47	49	57	113	240	44	81	53
N.S.	1	1.02	0.87	0.91	1.06	2.09	4.44	0.81	1.50	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.043	0.465	0.031	0.073	0.716	0.127	0.212	0.377

Problem 330	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	61	51	49	46	129	406	49	115	54
N.S.	1	1.13	0.94	0.91	0.85	2.39	7.52	0.91	2.13	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.066	0.497	0.031	0.080	1.456	0.117	0.222	0.344

Problem 331	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	111	93	90	95	191	561	90	159	89
N.S.	1	1.19	1.00	0.97	1.02	2.05	6.03	0.97	1.71	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.427	0.152	0.502	0.027	0.078	4.203	0.121	0.212	0.107

Problem 332	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	154	130	123	146	230	707	123	196	125
N.S.	1	1.13	0.96	0.90	1.07	1.69	5.20	0.90	1.44	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.502	0.134	0.487	0.028	0.087	7.706	0.123	0.215	0.427

Problem 333	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	173	193	167	156	197	263	848	156	229	159
N.S.	1	1.12	0.97	0.90	1.14	1.52	4.90	0.90	1.32	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.591	0.213	0.500	0.035	0.093	18.105	0.124	0.226	0.509

Problem 334	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	40	35	28	40	27	34	28	27	27
N.S.	1	1.14	1.00	0.80	1.14	0.77	0.97	0.80	0.77	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.017	0.520	0.033	0.070	0.076	0.117	0.218	0.038

Problem 335	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	10	9	0	31	9	9	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.67	0.60	0.00	2.07	0.60	0.60	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.239	0.027	0.534	0.028	0.000	0.281	0.130	0.245	0.770

Problem 336	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F(-1)	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	14	13	0	0	13	48	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.67	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.62	2.29	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.044	0.534	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.126	0.303	1.147

Problem 337	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	10	9	0	12	9	33	9
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.67	0.60	0.00	0.80	0.60	2.20	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.028	0.463	0.025	0.000	0.166	0.118	0.213	0.255

Problem 338	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	21	19	28	51	29	24	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	1.33	2.43	1.38	1.14	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.029	0.083	0.027	0.074	0.158	0.127	0.211	0.482

Problem 339	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	21	19	28	51	29	24	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	1.33	2.43	1.38	1.14	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.024	0.069	0.030	0.074	0.199	0.125	0.265	0.467

Problem 340	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	21	19	28	51	29	24	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.90	1.33	2.43	1.38	1.14	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.022	0.068	0.033	0.078	0.140	0.122	0.214	0.427

Problem 341	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	16	16	20	17	16	17	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.25	1.06	1.00	1.06	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.005	0.042	0.030	0.074	0.041	0.118	0.212	0.345

Problem 342	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	18	14	18	15	17	0	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	1.08	1.38	1.15	1.31	0.00	1.15	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.017	0.078	0.029	0.072	0.114	0.000	0.209	0.301

Problem 343	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	21	0	23	32	0	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.00	1.05	1.45	0.00	0.91	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.020	0.056	0.000	0.077	0.207	0.000	0.269	0.319

Problem 344	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	20	21	0	23	60	0	24	20
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.88	0.00	0.96	2.50	0.00	1.00	0.83
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.028	0.059	0.000	0.073	0.264	0.000	0.218	0.356

Problem 345	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	38	43	40	74	202	88	71	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.98	0.91	1.68	4.59	2.00	1.61	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.078	0.480	0.027	0.082	0.373	0.125	0.230	0.609

Problem 346	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	40	44	41	78	211	91	72	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	1.02	0.95	1.81	4.91	2.12	1.67	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.082	0.472	0.034	0.073	0.457	0.122	0.220	0.539

Problem 347	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	37	43	40	72	201	87	70	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.98	0.91	1.64	4.57	1.98	1.59	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.068	0.489	0.039	0.071	0.305	0.124	0.240	0.522

Problem 348	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	34	37	38	65	182	73	66	36
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.97	1.00	1.71	4.79	1.92	1.74	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.021	0.447	0.032	0.079	0.281	0.118	0.230	0.401

Problem 349	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	32	31	34	30	36	0	30	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.06	0.94	1.12	0.00	0.94	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.027	0.474	0.026	0.075	0.129	0.000	0.211	0.385

Problem 350	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	38	43	0	68	190	0	71	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	0.98	0.00	1.55	4.32	0.00	1.61	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.047	0.471	0.000	0.084	0.281	0.000	0.240	0.416

Problem 351	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F(-2)	A	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	39	42	0	66	245	0	70	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.84	0.00	1.32	4.90	0.00	1.40	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.053	0.468	0.000	0.080	0.287	0.000	0.239	0.384

Problem 352	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	58	65	61	145	507	188	151	66
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.00	0.94	2.23	7.80	2.89	2.32	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.056	0.535	0.026	0.074	1.193	0.127	0.238	0.565

Problem 353	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	57	66	62	144	500	188	151	66
N.S.	1	1.00	0.86	1.00	0.94	2.18	7.58	2.85	2.29	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.051	0.528	0.027	0.075	0.620	0.127	0.226	0.574

Problem 354	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	58	65	61	145	500	188	151	66
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.00	0.94	2.23	7.69	2.89	2.32	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.047	0.523	0.027	0.077	0.491	0.127	0.255	0.508

Problem 355	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	60	54	58	60	130	469	159	146	57
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.97	1.00	2.17	7.82	2.65	2.43	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.014	0.492	0.027	0.072	0.442	0.119	0.215	0.404

Problem 356	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	47	46	44	48	44	53	0	44	46
N.S.	1	0.94	0.92	0.88	0.96	0.88	1.06	0.00	0.88	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.034	0.514	0.026	0.076	0.148	0.000	0.217	0.388

Problem 357	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	58	65	0	131	508	0	148	66
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.98	0.00	1.98	7.70	0.00	2.24	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.060	0.526	0.000	0.087	0.411	0.000	0.205	0.404

Problem 358	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	60	65	0	134	627	0	152	66
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.90	0.00	1.86	8.71	0.00	2.11	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.062	0.524	0.000	0.075	0.569	0.000	0.275	0.402

Problem 359	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	0	0	0	48	0	13	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.45	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.018	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.550	0.000	0.237	0.000



Problem 360	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	0	0	0	44	0	11	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.83	0.00	0.46	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.518	0.000	0.230	0.473

Problem 361	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	26	25	23	28	22	41	0	22	22
N.S.	1	1.13	1.09	1.00	1.22	0.96	1.78	0.00	0.96	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.028	0.549	0.034	0.083	0.473	0.000	0.202	0.382

Problem 362	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	31	0	0	0	49	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.44	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.620	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 363	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	33	0	0	0	54	0	18	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.022	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.641	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 364	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	0	0	0	335	0	26	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.15	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.257	0.016	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.755	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 365	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	0	0	0	318	0	24	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.25	0.00	1.00	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.001	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.726	0.000	0.237	0.386

Problem 366	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	44	40	43	50	160	0	61	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	1.03	1.10	1.28	4.10	0.00	1.56	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.043	0.534	0.027	0.080	0.775	0.000	0.235	0.343

Problem 367	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	31	0	0	0	367	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.79	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.025	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.939	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 368	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	33	0	0	0	400	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.11	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.259	0.025	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.003	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 369	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	0	0	0	1210	0	39	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	36.67	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.016	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.156	0.000	0.202	0.000

Problem 370	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	24	0	0	0	1226	0	37	25
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	51.08	0.00	1.54	1.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.100	0.000	0.225	0.400

Problem 371	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	55	48	53	71	106	415	0	123	69
N.S.	1	0.95	0.83	0.91	1.22	1.83	7.16	0.00	2.12	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.073	0.551	0.031	0.076	1.436	0.000	0.247	0.377

Problem 372	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	31	0	0	0	1435	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	42.21	0.00	1.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.313	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 373	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	33	0	0	0	1479	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	41.08	0.00	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.027	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.464	0.000	0.249	0.000

Problem 374	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	22	24	23	22	36	0	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.89	0.85	0.81	1.33	0.00	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.021	0.109	0.033	0.077	0.183	0.000	0.229	0.505

Problem 375	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	22	24	23	22	36	0	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.89	0.85	0.81	1.33	0.00	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.022	0.102	0.036	0.075	0.219	0.000	0.197	0.484

Problem 376	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	22	24	23	22	36	0	20	20
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.89	0.85	0.81	1.33	0.00	0.74	0.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.024	0.099	0.032	0.070	0.274	0.000	0.196	0.478

Problem 377	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	22	19	21	17	19	31	19	17	15
N.S.	1	1.16	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.63	1.00	0.89	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.014	0.091	0.025	0.073	0.193	0.125	0.256	0.477

Problem 378	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	13	13	18	14	18	15	17	0	15	13
N.S.	1	1.00	1.38	1.08	1.38	1.15	1.31	0.00	1.15	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.003	0.056	0.030	0.078	0.106	0.000	0.216	0.003

Problem 379	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	21	17	16	21	20	21	21	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.31	1.06	1.00	1.31	1.25	1.31	1.31	1.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.241	0.026	0.093	0.025	0.078	0.552	0.118	0.226	0.734

Problem 380	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	25	25	22	24	25	20	39	20	22	20
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.96	1.00	0.80	1.56	0.80	0.88	0.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.023	0.097	0.026	0.070	0.192	0.135	0.221	0.457

Problem 381	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	22	24	27	22	41	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.89	1.00	0.81	1.52	0.81	0.81	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.024	0.101	0.026	0.069	0.196	0.129	0.248	0.448

Problem 382	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	22	24	27	22	41	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.89	1.00	0.81	1.52	0.81	0.81	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.023	0.100	0.026	0.074	0.215	0.129	0.197	0.462

Problem 383	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	22	24	27	22	41	22	22	22
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.89	1.00	0.81	1.52	0.81	0.81	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.023	0.106	0.035	0.076	0.215	0.126	0.220	0.441

Problem 384	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	40	35	40	39	35	63	0	33	33
N.S.	1	0.89	0.78	0.89	0.87	0.78	1.40	0.00	0.73	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.035	0.530	0.026	0.070	0.277	0.000	0.232	0.567

Problem 385	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	40	35	40	39	35	61	0	33	33
N.S.	1	0.89	0.78	0.89	0.87	0.78	1.36	0.00	0.73	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.027	0.544	0.025	0.075	0.320	0.000	0.245	0.557

Problem 386	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	40	35	40	39	35	63	0	33	33
N.S.	1	0.89	0.78	0.89	0.87	0.78	1.40	0.00	0.73	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.032	0.517	0.027	0.076	0.290	0.000	0.213	0.542

Problem 387	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	36	17	32	53	32	30	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.89	0.89	1.68	2.79	1.68	1.58	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.018	0.519	0.026	0.077	0.272	0.122	0.211	0.557

Problem 388	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	32	31	34	30	36	0	30	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.06	0.94	1.12	0.00	0.94	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.005	0.454	0.031	0.072	0.132	0.000	0.212	0.003

Problem 389	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	31	31	30	34	36	34	34	30
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	1.03	1.00	1.13	1.20	1.13	1.13	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.035	0.484	0.030	0.076	0.767	0.125	0.229	0.640

Problem 390	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	33	33	34	38	39	38	38	34
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.97	1.00	1.12	1.15	1.12	1.12	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.036	0.483	0.025	0.074	1.072	0.133	0.213	0.585

Problem 391	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	35	40	43	33	65	33	35	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.46	1.67	1.79	1.38	2.71	1.38	1.46	1.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.028	0.516	0.026	0.071	0.274	0.135	0.211	0.534



Problem 392	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	40	35	40	45	35	70	35	35	35
N.S.	1	0.89	0.78	0.89	1.00	0.78	1.56	0.78	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.030	0.510	0.037	0.079	0.309	0.130	0.258	0.512

Problem 393	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	40	35	40	45	35	68	35	35	35
N.S.	1	0.89	0.78	0.89	1.00	0.78	1.51	0.78	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.029	0.510	0.026	0.071	0.299	0.130	0.218	0.498

Problem 394	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	40	35	40	45	35	70	35	35	35
N.S.	1	0.89	0.78	0.89	1.00	0.78	1.56	0.78	0.78	0.78
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.035	0.536	0.033	0.089	0.290	0.134	0.205	0.505

Problem 395	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	55	48	56	55	48	87	0	46	55
N.S.	1	0.87	0.76	0.89	0.87	0.76	1.38	0.00	0.73	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.030	0.677	0.034	0.079	0.418	0.000	0.201	0.591

Problem 396	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	55	48	56	55	48	88	0	46	55
N.S.	1	0.87	0.76	0.89	0.87	0.76	1.40	0.00	0.73	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.030	0.673	0.032	0.074	0.415	0.000	0.257	0.559

Problem 397	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	38	48	55	54	48	85	0	46	54
N.S.	1	0.95	1.20	1.38	1.35	1.20	2.12	0.00	1.15	1.35
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.029	0.703	0.032	0.075	0.488	0.000	0.235	0.569

Problem 398	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	52	17	45	76	45	43	51
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.74	0.89	2.37	4.00	2.37	2.26	2.68
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.017	0.661	0.026	0.077	0.450	0.128	0.212	0.565

Problem 399	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	47	46	44	48	44	53	0	44	46
N.S.	1	0.94	0.92	0.88	0.96	0.88	1.06	0.00	0.88	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.001	0.642	0.031	0.073	0.145	0.000	0.204	0.003

Problem 400	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	46	47	48	47	48	53	48	48	47
N.S.	1	0.94	0.96	0.98	0.96	0.98	1.08	0.98	0.98	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.041	0.619	0.031	0.080	0.903	0.134	0.266	0.648

Problem 401	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	45	46	47	48	51	53	51	51	48
N.S.	1	0.94	0.96	0.98	1.00	1.06	1.10	1.06	1.06	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.048	0.724	0.035	0.118	1.178	0.136	0.210	0.626

Problem 402	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	49	48	49	52	51	56	51	51	52
N.S.	1	0.94	0.92	0.94	1.00	0.98	1.08	0.98	0.98	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.044	0.573	0.029	0.074	2.006	0.136	0.227	0.588

Problem 403	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	48	56	61	46	92	46	48	61
N.S.	1	1.00	2.00	2.33	2.54	1.92	3.83	1.92	2.00	2.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.244	0.031	0.783	0.035	0.072	0.445	0.135	0.213	0.537

Problem 404	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	48	48	56	63	48	94	48	48	63
N.S.	1	0.96	0.96	1.12	1.26	0.96	1.88	0.96	0.96	1.26
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.033	0.664	0.034	0.074	0.555	0.130	0.237	0.542

Problem 405	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	55	48	56	63	48	97	48	48	63
N.S.	1	0.87	0.76	0.89	1.00	0.76	1.54	0.76	0.76	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.032	0.653	0.037	0.073	0.448	0.138	0.205	0.546

Problem 406	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	55	48	56	63	48	95	48	48	63
N.S.	1	0.87	0.76	0.89	1.00	0.76	1.51	0.76	0.76	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.033	0.688	0.028	0.084	0.435	0.141	0.232	0.545

Problem 407	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	76	74	87	86	74	136	0	72	86
N.S.	1	0.90	0.88	1.04	1.02	0.88	1.62	0.00	0.86	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.041	1.644	0.040	0.086	0.973	0.000	0.232	0.618

Problem 408	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	57	74	88	87	74	138	0	72	87
N.S.	1	0.92	1.19	1.42	1.40	1.19	2.23	0.00	1.16	1.40
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.035	1.628	0.047	0.084	0.823	0.000	0.267	0.588

Problem 409	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	38	74	88	87	74	138	0	72	87
N.S.	1	0.95	1.85	2.20	2.18	1.85	3.45	0.00	1.80	2.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.033	1.651	0.029	0.085	0.823	0.000	0.219	0.592

Problem 410	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	84	17	71	124	71	69	83
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	4.42	0.89	3.74	6.53	3.74	3.63	4.37
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.017	1.641	0.041	0.081	0.859	0.127	0.203	0.581

Problem 411	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	75	72	70	74	70	85	0	70	78
N.S.	1	0.89	0.86	0.83	0.88	0.83	1.01	0.00	0.83	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.039	0.781	0.032	0.077	0.262	0.000	0.236	0.414

Problem 412	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	74	73	80	79	75	85	75	75	79
N.S.	1	0.89	0.88	0.96	0.95	0.90	1.02	0.90	0.90	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.039	0.890	0.028	0.083	2.014	0.146	0.205	0.777

Problem 413	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	76	73	80	81	77	87	77	77	81
N.S.	1	0.89	0.86	0.94	0.95	0.91	1.02	0.91	0.91	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.050	0.895	0.030	0.082	2.472	0.145	0.196	0.691

Problem 414	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	76	77	80	83	77	87	77	77	83
N.S.	1	0.89	0.91	0.94	0.98	0.91	1.02	0.91	0.91	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.044	0.895	0.035	0.072	3.271	0.151	0.223	0.686

Problem 415	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	73	77	79	84	77	85	77	77	84
N.S.	1	0.89	0.94	0.96	1.02	0.94	1.04	0.94	0.94	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.064	0.951	0.035	0.076	4.459	0.159	0.255	0.684

Problem 416	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	77	74	81	88	77	88	77	77	88
N.S.	1	0.90	0.86	0.94	1.02	0.90	1.02	0.90	0.90	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.061	0.900	0.032	0.078	7.865	0.148	0.210	0.678

Problem 417	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	74	88	97	72	146	72	74	97
N.S.	1	1.00	3.08	3.67	4.04	3.00	6.08	3.00	3.08	4.04
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.043	1.542	0.034	0.080	0.907	0.147	0.210	0.594

Problem 418	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	48	74	88	99	74	150	74	74	99
N.S.	1	0.96	1.48	1.76	1.98	1.48	3.00	1.48	1.48	1.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.047	1.550	0.035	0.076	0.889	0.146	0.201	0.569

Problem 419	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	78	74	88	99	74	150	74	74	99
N.S.	1	1.01	0.96	1.14	1.29	0.96	1.95	0.96	0.96	1.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.046	1.615	0.045	0.089	0.929	0.151	0.227	0.564

Problem 420	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	83	74	88	99	74	148	74	74	99
N.S.	1	0.86	0.76	0.91	1.02	0.76	1.53	0.76	0.76	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.342	0.039	1.537	0.034	0.071	0.988	0.151	0.213	0.551

Problem 421	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	85	74	88	99	74	151	74	74	99
N.S.	1	0.86	0.75	0.89	1.00	0.75	1.53	0.75	0.75	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.044	1.524	0.037	0.078	0.834	0.133	0.230	0.535

Problem 422	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	128	113	136	135	113	212	0	111	135
N.S.	1	0.85	0.75	0.90	0.89	0.75	1.40	0.00	0.74	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	0.067	8.532	0.052	0.078	2.172	0.000	0.202	0.767

Problem 423	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	128	113	136	135	113	214	0	111	135
N.S.	1	0.85	0.75	0.90	0.89	0.75	1.42	0.00	0.74	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.418	0.064	8.919	0.066	0.076	2.114	0.000	0.278	0.722



Problem 424	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	150	133	113	135	134	113	212	0	111	134
N.S.	1	0.89	0.75	0.90	0.89	0.75	1.41	0.00	0.74	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.430	0.061	8.572	0.038	0.080	2.268	0.000	0.206	0.675

Problem 425	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	128	114	113	136	135	113	214	0	111	135
N.S.	1	0.89	0.88	1.06	1.05	0.88	1.67	0.00	0.87	1.05
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.043	8.628	0.040	0.081	2.165	0.000	0.216	0.701

Problem 426	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	95	113	136	135	113	212	0	111	135
N.S.	1	0.90	1.07	1.28	1.27	1.07	2.00	0.00	1.05	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.376	0.043	8.292	0.028	0.083	2.260	0.000	0.183	0.698

Problem 427	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	76	113	136	135	113	214	0	111	135
N.S.	1	0.90	1.35	1.62	1.61	1.35	2.55	0.00	1.32	1.61
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.041	8.451	0.035	0.073	2.247	0.000	0.234	0.705

Problem 428	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	57	113	136	135	113	211	0	111	135
N.S.	1	0.92	1.82	2.19	2.18	1.82	3.40	0.00	1.79	2.18
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.041	8.105	0.027	0.080	2.187	0.000	0.217	0.707

Problem 429	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	38	113	136	135	113	212	0	111	135
N.S.	1	0.95	2.82	3.40	3.38	2.82	5.30	0.00	2.78	3.38
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.044	7.959	0.042	0.070	2.121	0.000	0.211	0.657

Problem 430	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	132	17	110	189	110	108	131
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	6.95	0.89	5.79	9.95	5.79	5.68	6.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.018	8.381	0.032	0.075	2.239	0.122	0.204	0.666

Problem 431	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	<b>No</b>	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	120	111	109	113	109	136	0	109	126
N.S.	1	0.87	0.80	0.79	0.82	0.79	0.99	0.00	0.79	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.060	1.928	0.039	0.074	0.309	0.000	0.215	0.486

Problem 432	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	117	112	128	127	114	134	114	114	127
N.S.	1	0.87	0.83	0.95	0.94	0.84	0.99	0.84	0.84	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.406	0.058	2.359	0.034	0.087	5.198	0.152	0.206	1.000

Problem 433	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	117	112	128	129	116	134	116	116	129
N.S.	1	0.87	0.83	0.95	0.96	0.86	0.99	0.86	0.86	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.058	2.385	0.035	0.074	6.739	0.158	0.235	0.799

Problem 434	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	115	116	128	131	116	133	116	116	131
N.S.	1	0.86	0.87	0.96	0.98	0.87	1.00	0.87	0.87	0.98
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.066	2.380	0.040	0.073	8.403	0.162	0.238	0.802

Problem 435	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	117	116	128	133	116	134	116	116	133
N.S.	1	0.87	0.86	0.95	0.99	0.86	0.99	0.86	0.86	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.064	2.416	0.047	0.103	10.523	0.164	0.242	0.781

Problem 436	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	133	115	116	128	135	116	133	116	116	135
N.S.	1	0.86	0.87	0.96	1.02	0.87	1.00	0.87	0.87	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.404	0.060	2.409	0.059	0.102	13.533	0.159	0.205	0.753

Problem 437	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	135	117	116	128	137	116	131	116	116	137
N.S.	1	0.87	0.86	0.95	1.01	0.86	0.97	0.86	0.86	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.059	2.398	0.034	0.077	17.318	0.161	0.199	0.731

Problem 438	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	116	116	127	138	116	134	116	116	138
N.S.	1	0.87	0.87	0.95	1.03	0.87	1.00	0.87	0.87	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.409	0.097	2.391	0.032	0.078	22.046	0.160	0.216	0.704

Problem 439	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	140	122	113	129	142	116	139	116	116	142
N.S.	1	0.87	0.81	0.92	1.01	0.83	0.99	0.83	0.83	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.410	0.072	2.370	0.029	0.073	35.774	0.157	0.238	0.715

Problem 440	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	113	136	151	111	221	111	113	151
N.S.	1	1.00	4.71	5.67	6.29	4.62	9.21	4.62	4.71	6.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.248	0.050	7.592	0.034	0.074	2.471	0.162	0.222	0.662

Problem 441	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	48	113	136	153	113	230	113	113	153
N.S.	1	0.96	2.26	2.72	3.06	2.26	4.60	2.26	2.26	3.06
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.049	7.453	0.034	0.074	2.548	0.161	0.222	0.648

Problem 442	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	78	113	136	153	113	228	113	113	153
N.S.	1	1.01	1.47	1.77	1.99	1.47	2.96	1.47	1.47	1.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.051	7.467	0.056	0.077	2.412	0.157	0.238	0.661

Problem 443	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	108	113	136	153	113	231	113	113	153
N.S.	1	1.04	1.09	1.31	1.47	1.09	2.22	1.09	1.09	1.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.050	7.299	0.028	0.078	2.362	0.166	0.217	0.664

Problem 444	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	131	138	113	136	153	113	230	113	113	153
N.S.	1	1.05	0.86	1.04	1.17	0.86	1.76	0.86	0.86	1.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.355	0.052	7.236	0.033	0.074	2.474	0.164	0.213	0.658

Problem 445	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	128	113	136	153	113	231	113	113	153
N.S.	1	0.85	0.75	0.90	1.01	0.75	1.53	0.75	0.75	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.056	7.308	0.032	0.078	2.355	0.158	0.268	0.656

Problem 446	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	151	128	113	136	153	113	230	113	113	153
N.S.	1	0.85	0.75	0.90	1.01	0.75	1.52	0.75	0.75	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.048	7.236	0.045	0.097	2.920	0.161	0.241	0.719

Problem 447	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	260	17	214	362	214	212	259
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	13.68	0.89	11.26	19.05	11.26	11.16	13.63
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.018	381.253	0.032	0.077	26.736	0.128	0.229	1.155

Problem 448	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	160	15	14	134	160	14	135	14
N.S.	1	1.00	10.00	0.94	0.88	8.38	10.00	0.88	8.44	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.004	0.600	0.026	0.060	0.053	0.126	0.210	0.443

Problem 449	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	160	15	14	134	160	14	135	14
N.S.	1	1.00	10.00	0.94	0.88	8.38	10.00	0.88	8.44	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.003	0.987	0.028	0.069	0.059	0.123	0.209	0.431

Problem 450	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	A	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	160	15	14	134	160	14	135	14
N.S.	1	1.00	10.00	0.94	0.88	8.38	10.00	0.88	8.44	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.003	1.760	0.027	0.065	0.056	0.117	0.231	0.424

Problem 451	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	24	288	25	194	345	25	202	285
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	10.67	0.93	7.19	12.78	0.93	7.48	10.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.028	84.519	0.025	0.082	7.810	0.183	0.222	1.429

Problem 452	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	24	288	25	194	345	25	202	285
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	10.67	0.93	7.19	12.78	0.93	7.48	10.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.001	85.907	0.028	0.079	7.817	0.177	0.240	0.003

Problem 453	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	71	65	79	72	65	90	0	65	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.79	0.96	0.88	0.79	1.10	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.047	0.664	0.045	0.075	3.376	0.000	0.278	0.000

Problem 454	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	56	52	63	60	52	75	0	52	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.81	0.98	0.94	0.81	1.17	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.041	0.563	0.035	0.078	2.036	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 455	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	41	38	47	45	38	60	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.83	1.02	0.98	0.83	1.30	0.00	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.034	0.569	0.027	0.075	1.505	0.000	0.209	0.000



Problem 456	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	26	27	31	32	24	44	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.96	1.11	1.14	0.86	1.57	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.031	0.664	0.029	0.077	1.082	0.000	0.198	0.000

Problem 457	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	18	15	15	31	16	15	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.20	1.00	1.00	2.07	1.07	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.016	0.773	0.035	0.070	0.910	0.113	0.238	0.502

Problem 458	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	26	25	23	28	22	41	0	22	22
N.S.	1	1.13	1.09	1.00	1.22	0.96	1.78	0.00	0.96	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.005	0.750	0.028	0.074	0.370	0.000	0.231	0.003

Problem 459	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	33	41	42	37	76	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	1.08	1.11	0.97	2.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.038	0.802	0.027	0.077	2.050	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 460	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	54	48	58	58	59	99	0	59	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.84	1.02	1.02	1.04	1.74	0.00	1.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.064	0.612	0.036	0.073	3.786	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 461	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	70	63	75	71	72	114	0	72	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.83	0.99	0.93	0.95	1.50	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.076	0.575	0.033	0.075	7.115	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 462	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	82	71	65	79	72	65	90	0	65	0
N.S.	1	0.87	0.79	0.96	0.88	0.79	1.10	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.344	0.002	0.546	0.034	0.077	3.575	0.000	0.195	0.000

Problem 463	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	56	52	63	60	52	75	0	52	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.81	0.98	0.94	0.81	1.17	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.002	0.571	0.030	0.076	2.056	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 464	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	41	38	47	45	38	60	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.83	1.02	0.98	0.83	1.30	0.00	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.299	0.006	0.548	0.028	0.079	1.528	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 465	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	26	27	31	32	24	44	0	24	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.96	1.11	1.14	0.86	1.57	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.004	0.545	0.027	0.076	0.959	0.000	0.261	0.000

Problem 466	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	18	15	15	31	16	15	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.20	1.00	1.00	2.07	1.07	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.229	0.001	0.552	0.045	0.071	0.840	0.121	0.196	0.002

Problem 467	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	26	25	23	28	22	41	0	22	22
N.S.	1	1.13	1.09	1.00	1.22	0.96	1.78	0.00	0.96	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.001	0.532	0.030	0.076	0.361	0.000	0.201	0.003

Problem 468	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	33	41	42	37	76	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	1.08	1.11	0.97	2.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.001	0.576	0.028	0.081	1.737	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 469	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	54	48	58	58	59	99	0	59	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.84	1.02	1.02	1.04	1.74	0.00	1.04	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.009	0.549	0.030	0.077	3.751	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 470	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	70	63	75	71	72	114	0	72	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.83	0.99	0.93	0.95	1.50	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.002	0.589	0.032	0.081	6.977	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 471	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	60	54	70	63	55	82	0	55	0
N.S.	1	0.85	0.76	0.99	0.89	0.77	1.15	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.038	0.665	0.028	0.080	2.207	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 472	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	48	43	57	52	44	66	0	44	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.77	1.02	0.93	0.79	1.18	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.034	0.621	0.028	0.140	1.451	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 473	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	38	33	44	42	34	56	0	34	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.77	1.02	0.98	0.79	1.30	0.00	0.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.030	0.632	0.034	0.078	1.082	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 474	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	25	26	30	31	23	42	0	23	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.96	1.11	1.15	0.85	1.56	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.027	0.668	0.034	0.079	0.795	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 475	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	18	15	15	31	16	15	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.20	1.00	1.00	2.07	1.07	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.225	0.015	0.684	0.029	0.067	0.717	0.116	0.200	0.498

Problem 476	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	25	24	21	23	20	29	0	20	18
N.S.	1	1.14	1.09	0.95	1.05	0.91	1.32	0.00	0.91	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.024	0.631	0.028	0.073	0.337	0.000	0.255	0.416

Problem 477	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	34	33	34	34	54	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.92	0.94	0.94	1.50	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.037	0.684	0.028	0.086	1.519	0.000	0.270	0.000

Problem 478	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	50	45	48	47	50	70	0	50	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.85	0.91	0.89	0.94	1.32	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.053	0.708	0.039	0.081	2.652	0.000	0.264	0.000

Problem 479	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	62	56	61	58	61	82	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.82	0.90	0.85	0.90	1.21	0.00	0.90	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.315	0.060	0.745	0.036	0.081	4.854	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 480	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	58	74	67	78	76	178	0	77	0
N.S.	1	0.88	1.12	1.02	1.18	1.15	2.70	0.00	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.050	0.600	0.034	0.082	11.847	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 481	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	43	55	51	61	59	133	0	61	0
N.S.	1	0.90	1.15	1.06	1.27	1.23	2.77	0.00	1.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.046	0.634	0.038	0.079	5.844	0.000	0.234	0.000

Problem 482	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	31	39	36	39	36	99	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.18	1.09	1.18	1.09	3.00	0.00	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.297	0.038	0.619	0.032	0.090	6.644	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 483	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	17	17	17	18	17	17	65	17	19	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.00	1.00	3.82	1.00	1.12	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.018	0.569	0.028	0.071	0.916	0.126	0.256	0.527

Problem 484	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	44	40	43	50	160	0	61	39
N.S.	1	1.00	1.13	1.03	1.10	1.28	4.10	0.00	1.56	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.010	0.532	0.034	0.078	0.725	0.000	0.295	0.002

Problem 485	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	54	49	60	62	82	262	0	93	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.86	1.05	1.09	1.44	4.60	0.00	1.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.096	0.565	0.038	0.079	8.874	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 486	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	78	72	71	79	0	105	345	0	113	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.91	1.01	0.00	1.35	4.42	0.00	1.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.099	0.644	0.000	0.118	22.005	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 487	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	85	83	95	94	116	384	0	126	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.88	1.01	1.00	1.23	4.09	0.00	1.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.148	0.690	0.029	0.076	46.178	0.000	0.270	0.000



Problem 488	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	62	68	61	91	102	309	0	106	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.97	0.87	1.30	1.46	4.41	0.00	1.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.071	0.784	0.039	0.078	19.466	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 489	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	51	47	47	66	76	260	0	90	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.84	0.84	1.18	1.36	4.64	0.00	1.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.063	0.789	0.039	0.096	17.391	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 490	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	29	26	41	41	88	0	35	37
N.S.	1	1.00	1.21	1.08	1.71	1.71	3.67	0.00	1.46	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.038	0.671	0.039	0.078	1.758	0.000	0.249	0.543

Problem 491	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	18	17	31	136	17	30	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.89	1.63	7.16	0.89	1.58	1.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.018	0.663	0.026	0.084	1.648	0.122	0.302	0.550

Problem 492	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	55	48	53	71	106	415	0	123	69
N.S.	1	0.95	0.83	0.91	1.22	1.83	7.16	0.00	2.12	1.19
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.001	0.538	0.027	0.071	1.172	0.000	0.240	0.003

Problem 493	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	77	71	68	70	91	139	547	0	153	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.88	0.91	1.18	1.81	7.10	0.00	1.99	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.133	0.622	0.038	0.079	26.120	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 494	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	101	92	85	90	110	160	629	0	176	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.84	0.89	1.09	1.58	6.23	0.00	1.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.119	0.740	0.039	0.086	48.621	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 495	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	<b>C</b>	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	48	32	79	0	131	41	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.64	1.58	0.00	2.62	0.82	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.030	0.633	0.000	0.131	0.696	0.000	0.245	0.000

Problem 496	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	160	160	34	54	0	178	192	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.21	0.34	0.00	1.11	1.20	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.558	0.030	0.747	0.000	0.144	1.150	0.000	0.265	0.000

Problem 497	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	175	259	34	54	0	255	267	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.48	0.19	0.31	0.00	1.46	1.53	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.779	0.030	0.668	0.000	0.171	1.188	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 498	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	33	41	42	37	76	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	1.08	1.11	0.97	2.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.311	0.010	0.607	0.027	0.078	1.627	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 499	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	48	32	79	0	131	41	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.64	1.58	0.00	2.62	0.82	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	0.000	0.618	0.000	0.100	0.708	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 500	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	156	32	57	0	145	189	0	21	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.20	0.36	0.00	0.92	1.20	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.576	0.032	0.665	0.000	0.105	1.125	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 501	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	255	32	56	0	197	265	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.48	0.19	0.33	0.00	1.15	1.54	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.759	0.031	0.688	0.000	0.123	1.464	0.000	0.224	0.000

Problem 502	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	70	34	97	0	253	56	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.50	1.43	0.00	3.72	0.82	0.00	0.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.030	0.671	0.000	0.120	1.090	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 503	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	176	178	34	73	0	180	230	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.19	0.41	0.00	1.02	1.31	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.588	0.030	0.655	0.000	0.159	1.190	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 504	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	191	277	34	73	0	261	309	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.45	0.18	0.38	0.00	1.37	1.62	0.00	0.11	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.789	0.046	0.659	0.000	0.236	1.308	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 505	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	57	57	0	0	0	51	0	95	0
N.S.	1	1.19	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	1.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.308	0.044	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.894	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 506	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	48	48	0	0	0	49	0	91	43
N.S.	1	1.23	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	2.33	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.006	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.779	0.000	0.257	0.655

Problem 507	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	43	42	36	54	88	76	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.93	0.80	1.20	1.96	1.69	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.062	0.901	0.111	0.077	1.193	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 508	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	58	55	0	0	0	53	0	119	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00	2.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.304	0.051	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.044	0.000	0.258	0.000

Problem 509	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	60	57	0	0	0	54	0	123	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	2.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.028	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.058	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 510	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	58	58	0	0	0	51	0	252	0
N.S.	1	1.21	1.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	5.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.023	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.245	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 511	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	49	49	0	0	0	49	0	241	43
N.S.	1	1.26	1.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	6.18	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.034	0.000	0.203	0.451

Problem 512	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	61	55	48	67	111	87	0	60	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.86	0.75	1.05	1.73	1.36	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.055	0.871	0.109	0.084	1.734	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 513	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	59	56	0	0	0	53	0	297	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00	6.06	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.022	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 514	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	61	58	0	0	0	54	0	303	0
N.S.	1	1.20	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	5.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.298	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.043	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 515	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	60	60	0	0	0	51	0	488	0
N.S.	1	1.25	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	10.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.027	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.432	0.000	0.250	0.000

Problem 516	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	51	51	0	0	0	49	0	466	43
N.S.	1	1.31	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	11.95	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.018	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.389	0.000	0.215	0.476

Problem 517	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	79	69	62	83	141	117	0	81	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.81	0.73	0.98	1.66	1.38	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.314	0.065	0.892	0.116	0.103	4.412	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 518	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	61	58	0	0	0	53	0	560	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.08	0.00	11.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.292	0.034	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.723	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 519	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	63	60	0	0	0	54	0	568	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	11.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.737	0.000	0.222	0.000



Problem 520	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	57	57	0	0	0	51	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.19	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.44	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.283	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.733	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 521	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	48	48	0	0	0	49	0	20	43
N.S.	1	1.23	1.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	0.51	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.004	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.633	0.000	0.231	0.677

Problem 522	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	23	39	67	26	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	1.39	2.39	0.93	0.00	0.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.249	0.033	0.881	0.143	0.080	0.684	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 523	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	58	55	0	0	0	51	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.55	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.734	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 524	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	60	57	0	0	0	53	0	27	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.818	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 525	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	60	60	0	0	0	51	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.25	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.281	0.025	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.749	0.000	0.234	0.000

Problem 526	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	51	51	0	0	0	49	0	33	43
N.S.	1	1.31	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	0.85	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.730	0.000	0.237	0.544

Problem 527	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	46	48	39	57	141	184	0	37	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.00	0.81	1.19	2.94	3.83	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.054	0.538	0.110	0.086	1.272	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 528	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	61	58	0	0	0	51	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.035	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.081	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 529	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	63	60	0	0	0	53	0	43	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	0.84	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.266	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 530	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	48	60	60	0	0	0	51	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.25	1.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.06	0.00	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.288	0.025	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.175	0.000	0.233	0.000

Problem 531	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	51	51	0	0	0	49	0	46	43
N.S.	1	1.31	1.31	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	1.18	1.10
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.005	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.172	0.000	0.241	0.575

Problem 532	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	61	53	67	227	860	0	51	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.77	0.97	3.29	12.46	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.091	0.541	0.107	0.089	2.861	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 533	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	61	58	0	0	0	51	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	1.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.289	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.948	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 534	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	63	60	0	0	0	53	0	59	0
N.S.	1	1.24	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	1.16	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.039	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.654	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 535	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	92	84	57	67	66	66	2572	0	65	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.62	0.73	0.72	0.72	27.96	0.00	0.71	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.045	0.539	0.044	0.080	5.158	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 536	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	68	63	44	54	53	53	1015	0	52	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.65	0.79	0.78	0.78	14.93	0.00	0.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.043	0.539	0.042	0.072	3.076	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 537	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	42	31	41	39	39	338	0	38	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.70	0.93	0.89	0.89	7.68	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.038	0.539	0.042	0.093	1.906	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 538	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	18	17	17	48	17	23	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.81	0.81	2.29	0.81	1.10	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.021	0.533	0.026	0.071	1.369	0.117	0.237	0.590

Problem 539	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	45	43	42	36	54	88	76	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.93	0.80	1.20	1.96	1.69	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.004	0.549	0.107	0.081	0.934	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 540	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	49	48	0	0	116	49	0	50	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.94	0.00	0.00	2.27	0.96	0.00	0.98	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.083	2.408	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 541	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	77	69	0	0	150	112	0	75	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.82	0.00	0.00	1.79	1.33	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.114	0.000	0.000	0.086	6.532	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 542	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	113	109	81	0	0	180	143	0	96	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.72	0.00	0.00	1.59	1.27	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.158	0.000	0.000	0.097	17.298	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 543	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	142	141	95	0	0	206	178	0	117	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.67	0.00	0.00	1.45	1.25	0.00	0.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.159	0.000	0.000	0.109	54.177	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 544	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	88	80	57	54	66	53	2422	0	52	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.65	0.61	0.75	0.60	27.52	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.343	0.045	0.552	0.041	0.099	3.547	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 545	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	61	44	41	53	40	916	0	39	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.67	0.62	0.80	0.61	13.88	0.00	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.041	0.543	0.041	0.093	2.176	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 546	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	40	30	28	39	26	275	0	25	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.71	0.67	0.93	0.62	6.55	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.038	0.544	0.040	0.088	1.432	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 547	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	18	17	17	44	17	16	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.89	0.89	2.32	0.89	0.84	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.236	0.021	0.556	0.025	0.093	0.993	0.119	0.209	0.553

Problem 548	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	28	23	39	67	26	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.82	1.39	2.39	0.93	0.00	0.82	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.001	0.543	0.105	0.081	0.692	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 549	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	51	53	0	0	116	49	0	54	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.00	0.00	0.00	2.19	0.92	0.00	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.286	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.076	3.322	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 550	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	87	83	68	0	0	154	117	0	75	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.78	0.00	0.00	1.77	1.34	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.118	0.000	0.000	0.087	9.807	0.000	0.286	0.000

Problem 551	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	116	115	81	0	0	180	150	0	96	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.70	0.00	0.00	1.55	1.29	0.00	0.83	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.346	0.120	0.000	0.000	0.126	29.553	0.000	0.219	0.000



Problem 552	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	147	94	0	0	206	182	0	117	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.65	0.00	0.00	1.42	1.26	0.00	0.81	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	0.141	0.000	0.000	0.086	95.588	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 553	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	102	129	104	108	106	46	0	43	0
N.S.	1	0.96	1.22	0.98	1.02	1.00	0.43	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.096	0.878	0.107	0.092	0.791	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 554	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	36	17	32	53	32	30	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.89	0.89	1.68	2.79	1.68	1.58	1.42
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.003	0.536	0.024	0.079	0.311	0.121	0.235	0.572

Problem 555	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	22	19	21	17	19	31	19	17	15
N.S.	1	1.16	1.00	1.11	0.89	1.00	1.63	1.00	0.89	0.79
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.002	0.072	0.026	0.079	0.203	0.113	0.213	0.495

Problem 556	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	18	15	15	31	16	15	15
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.20	1.00	1.00	2.07	1.07	1.00	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.234	0.001	0.561	0.024	0.076	1.029	0.126	0.221	0.003

Problem 557	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	17	17	17	18	17	17	65	17	19	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.00	1.00	3.82	1.00	1.12	1.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.003	0.598	0.033	0.069	0.862	0.122	0.272	0.002

Problem 558	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	18	17	31	136	17	30	33
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.89	1.63	7.16	0.89	1.58	1.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.235	0.003	0.763	0.032	0.066	1.767	0.121	0.213	0.003

Problem 559	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	50	62	55	66	88	61	46	60
N.S.	1	1.00	0.75	0.93	0.82	0.99	1.31	0.91	0.69	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.044	0.753	0.031	0.073	0.436	0.148	0.198	0.682

Problem 560	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	37	44	39	48	65	43	33	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.90	0.80	0.98	1.33	0.88	0.67	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.300	0.043	0.540	0.031	0.096	0.308	0.128	0.200	0.575

Problem 561	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	23	26	23	29	37	24	19	19
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.90	0.79	1.00	1.28	0.83	0.66	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.269	0.023	0.092	0.025	0.095	0.203	0.125	0.266	0.538

Problem 562	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	34	54	0	98	29	23	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.59	0.00	2.88	0.85	0.68	0.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.251	0.027	0.630	0.000	0.078	0.494	0.127	0.222	0.000

Problem 563	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	B	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	62	56	86	0	194	163	45	34	0
N.S.	1	1.09	0.98	1.51	0.00	3.40	2.86	0.79	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.057	0.693	0.000	0.082	1.082	0.136	0.220	0.000

Problem 564	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	B	B	A	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	93	32	101	0	318	683	62	48	0
N.S.	1	1.04	0.36	1.13	0.00	3.57	7.67	0.70	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.031	0.887	0.000	0.088	3.179	0.141	0.212	0.000

Problem 565	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	69	50	62	55	66	90	58	46	60
N.S.	1	1.00	0.72	0.90	0.80	0.96	1.30	0.84	0.67	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.041	0.721	0.026	0.076	0.409	0.135	0.224	0.664

Problem 566	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	49	37	44	39	48	65	40	33	43
N.S.	1	1.00	0.76	0.90	0.80	0.98	1.33	0.82	0.67	0.88
time (sec)	N/A	0.296	0.036	0.559	0.031	0.076	0.337	0.132	0.215	0.583

Problem 567	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	23	26	23	29	37	21	19	19
N.S.	1	1.00	0.79	0.90	0.79	1.00	1.28	0.72	0.66	0.66
time (sec)	N/A	0.268	0.023	0.095	0.036	0.100	0.235	0.127	0.234	0.528

Problem 568	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	143	138	32	31	0	400	160	131	20	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.22	0.22	0.00	2.80	1.12	0.92	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.477	0.028	0.684	0.000	0.095	1.012	0.132	0.239	0.000

Problem 569	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	169	169	32	61	0	575	751	150	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.19	0.36	0.00	3.40	4.44	0.89	0.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.525	0.029	0.698	0.000	0.094	1.487	0.136	0.226	0.000

Problem 570	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	C	<b>F</b>	B	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	200	200	32	76	0	785	2531	162	48	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.16	0.38	0.00	3.92	12.66	0.81	0.24	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.566	0.034	0.910	0.000	0.095	2.241	0.140	0.208	0.000

Problem 571	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	25	21	19	18	46	19	18	19
N.S.	1	1.00	1.32	1.11	1.00	0.95	2.42	1.00	0.95	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.027	0.650	0.051	0.071	0.629	0.124	0.209	0.529

Problem 572	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	27	32	27	35	109	26	31	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.19	1.00	1.30	4.04	0.96	1.15	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.253	0.032	1.098	0.041	0.081	10.589	0.129	0.250	0.780

Problem 573	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	75	67	78	75	362	3546	622	477	77
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	1.04	1.00	4.83	47.28	8.29	6.36	1.03
time (sec)	N/A	0.362	0.063	0.729	0.029	0.085	3.025	0.133	0.238	0.874

Problem 574	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	46	53	51	151	988	238	177	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	1.04	1.00	2.96	19.37	4.67	3.47	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.054	0.565	0.039	0.081	1.340	0.126	0.207	0.747

Problem 575	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	27	28	27	43	151	55	38	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.04	1.00	1.59	5.59	2.04	1.41	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.028	0.098	0.036	0.079	0.611	0.120	0.204	0.656

Problem 576	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	41	0	0	0	133	0	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.32	0.00	0.38	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.265	0.028	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.706	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 577	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	41	0	0	0	1068	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	26.70	0.00	0.70	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.028	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.294	0.000	0.210	0.000

Problem 578	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	41	0	0	0	4539	0	41	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	113.48	0.00	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.676	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 579	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	41	0	0	0	0	0	132	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.055	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	112.611	0.000

Problem 580	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	71	57	70	67	58	94	58	59	72
N.S.	1	1.00	0.80	0.99	0.94	0.82	1.32	0.82	0.83	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.059	0.814	0.080	0.074	0.450	0.137	0.236	0.780

Problem 581	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	42	50	48	42	68	42	43	38
N.S.	1	1.00	0.81	0.96	0.92	0.81	1.31	0.81	0.83	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.043	0.595	0.028	0.078	0.296	0.129	0.236	0.623

Problem 582	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	26	29	28	25	39	25	26	23
N.S.	1	1.00	0.87	0.97	0.93	0.83	1.30	0.83	0.87	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.272	0.026	0.092	0.043	0.078	0.207	0.130	0.221	0.568

Problem 583	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	33	33	33	61	0	91	124	0	31	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.85	0.00	2.76	3.76	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.035	0.664	0.000	0.099	6.323	0.000	0.204	0.000



Problem 584	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	63	53	95	0	207	0	0	94	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.79	1.42	0.00	3.09	0.00	0.00	1.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.039	0.701	0.000	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 585	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	F	A	F(-1)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	96	35	110	0	336	0	0	181	0
N.S.	1	0.99	0.36	1.13	0.00	3.46	0.00	0.00	1.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.303	0.034	0.834	0.000	0.084	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 586	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	38	17	37	92	71	36	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.81	0.81	1.76	4.38	3.38	1.71	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.025	0.578	0.036	0.078	11.559	0.119	0.208	0.631

Problem 587	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	18	17	17	48	17	23	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.81	0.81	2.29	0.81	1.10	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.227	0.004	0.535	0.034	0.073	1.255	0.118	0.211	0.003

Problem 588	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	18	17	17	44	17	16	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.95	0.89	0.89	2.32	0.89	0.84	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.228	0.003	0.566	0.056	0.080	1.056	0.119	0.218	0.003

Problem 589	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	19	0	17	26	46	17	25	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.89	1.37	2.42	0.89	1.32	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.232	0.022	0.000	0.030	0.071	2.955	0.120	0.210	0.582

Problem 590	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	A	B	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	0	17	40	70	17	38	17
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.81	1.90	3.33	0.81	1.81	0.81
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.026	0.000	0.026	0.068	19.331	0.128	0.203	0.627

Problem 591	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	65	66	0	0	0	73	0	725	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.00	13.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.039	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 592	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	64	65	0	0	0	73	0	176	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.00	3.20	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.139	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 593	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	64	65	0	0	0	73	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.42	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.294	0.033	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.995	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 594	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	67	68	0	0	0	73	0	36	0
N.S.	1	1.22	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.557	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 595	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	67	68	0	0	0	73	0	49	0
N.S.	1	1.22	1.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.00	0.89	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.306	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.505	0.000	0.257	0.000

Problem 596	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	70	68	0	0	0	60	0	316	0
N.S.	1	1.19	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.00	5.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.041	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.521	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 597	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	65	65	0	0	0	58	0	100	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.04	0.00	1.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.037	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.758	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 598	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	65	64	0	0	0	66	0	156	0
N.S.	1	1.16	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.18	0.00	2.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.041	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.779	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 599	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	72	68	0	0	0	71	0	397	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.16	0.00	6.51	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.929	0.000	0.243	0.000

Problem 600	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	75	77	0	0	0	82	0	1514	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24	0.00	22.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.024	0.000	0.240	0.000

Problem 601	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	69	69	0	0	0	80	0	279	0
N.S.	1	1.15	1.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.00	4.65	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.043	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.891	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 602	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	72	72	0	0	0	75	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.19	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.043	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.917	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 603	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	75	77	0	0	0	80	0	31	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.21	0.00	0.47	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.044	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.932	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 604	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	A	F(-2)	C	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	126	111	0	13	0	114	0	21	0
N.S.	1	8.40	7.40	0.00	0.87	0.00	7.60	0.00	1.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.435	0.202	0.000	0.103	0.000	2.053	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 605	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	129	191	100	98	0	180	148	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.48	0.78	0.76	0.00	1.40	1.15	0.00	0.22	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	0.180	0.782	0.000	0.091	10.213	0.000	0.250	0.000

Problem 606	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	98	139	100	82	0	155	116	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.42	1.02	0.84	0.00	1.58	1.18	0.00	0.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.334	0.070	0.767	0.000	0.088	3.157	0.000	0.258	0.000

Problem 607	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	F	A	A	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	85	81	64	0	119	49	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.37	1.31	1.03	0.00	1.92	0.79	0.00	0.45	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.062	0.790	0.000	0.086	1.564	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 608	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	35	35	59	0	0	0	24	89	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.69	2.54	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.261	0.036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.780	0.454	0.213	0.000

Problem 609	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	26	26	0	0	0	22	0	23	24
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00	0.88	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.574	0.000	0.233	0.604

Problem 610	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	36	0	0	0	51	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.88	0.00	0.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.291	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.658	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 611	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	95	51	0	0	0	354	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.07	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.98	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.348	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.823	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 612	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	132	64	0	0	0	605	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.04	0.00	0.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.085	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 613	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	136	128	88	0	0	0	107	0	159	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.79	0.00	1.17	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	53.464	0.000	0.291	0.000

Problem 614	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	98	86	0	0	0	107	0	130	0
N.S.	1	0.94	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.03	0.00	1.25	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.329	0.058	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.007	0.000	0.221	0.000

Problem 615	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	68	85	0	0	0	107	0	98	0
N.S.	1	0.94	1.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.49	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.290	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.208	0.000	0.208	0.000



Problem 616	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	66	0	0	0	107	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.82	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.055	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.915	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 617	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	C	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	29	29	29	0	0	47	107	0	49	27
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.62	3.69	0.00	1.69	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.252	0.046	0.000	0.000	0.077	1.567	0.000	0.241	0.557

Problem 618	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	C	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	65	65	46	0	0	93	107	0	98	39
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.00	0.00	1.43	1.65	0.00	1.51	0.60
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.080	0.000	0.000	0.085	6.311	0.000	0.226	0.643

Problem 619	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	C	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	106	61	0	0	135	107	0	147	54
N.S.	1	1.09	0.63	0.00	0.00	1.39	1.10	0.00	1.52	0.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.085	0.000	0.000	0.109	57.401	0.000	0.248	0.594

Problem 620	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	20	17	16	16	48	16	24	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.80	0.80	2.40	0.80	1.20	0.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.243	0.023	0.624	0.024	0.071	0.554	0.118	0.219	0.534

Problem 621	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	22	22	19	18	18	58	18	28	20
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.86	0.82	0.82	2.64	0.82	1.27	0.91
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.026	0.598	0.025	0.076	0.493	0.121	0.208	0.538

Problem 622	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	80	81	75	0	0	0	110	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.143	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.364	0.000	0.207	0.000

Problem 623	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	79	0	0	0	128	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.58	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.125	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.280	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 624	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	A	A	F(-2)	C	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	160	128	40	37	0	194	0	25	0
N.S.	1	6.15	4.92	1.54	1.42	0.00	7.46	0.00	0.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.506	0.734	0.761	0.115	0.000	2.154	0.000	0.246	0.000

Problem 625	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	A	A	C	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	111	0	13	16	122	0	21	13
N.S.	1	1.00	7.40	0.00	0.87	1.07	8.13	0.00	1.40	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.018	0.000	0.091	0.077	6.047	0.000	0.274	0.718

Problem 626	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	C	C	F	A	F(-2)	C	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	126	111	0	13	0	114	0	21	0
N.S.	1	8.40	7.40	0.00	0.87	0.00	7.60	0.00	1.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.423	0.001	0.000	0.094	0.000	2.105	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 627	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	97	92	67	0	0	0	107	0	20	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.087	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.955	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 628	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	143	347	0	0	0	131	0	96	0
N.S.	1	1.03	2.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.439	0.672	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.621	0.000	0.335	0.000

Problem 629	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	87	56	0	0	0	39	0	81	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.00	0.91	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.352	0.039	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.772	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 630	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	114	114	58	0	0	0	46	0	22	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00	0.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.380	0.041	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.449	0.000	0.224	0.000

Problem 631	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	63	0	0	0	70	0	173	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.13	0.00	2.79	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.039	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.634	0.000	0.271	0.000

Problem 632	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	29	23	27	78	23	28	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.26	1.00	1.17	3.39	1.00	1.22	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.024	1.003	0.038	0.074	11.470	0.128	0.239	0.873

Problem 633	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	21	21	21	21	25	24	42	24	20	21
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.19	1.14	2.00	1.14	0.95	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.246	0.003	0.099	0.044	0.075	1.186	0.120	0.215	0.590

Problem 634	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	18	19	19	22	32	22	19	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.06	1.22	1.78	1.22	1.06	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.002	0.056	0.040	0.079	0.687	0.132	0.231	0.532

Problem 635	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	18	19	19	22	32	22	19	18
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.06	1.22	1.78	1.22	1.06	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.002	0.049	0.043	0.087	0.607	0.115	0.219	0.544

Problem 636	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	16	16	16	17	17	20	29	20	17	16
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.06	1.06	1.25	1.81	1.25	1.06	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.230	0.002	0.051	0.044	0.073	0.430	0.130	0.223	1.140

Problem 637	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	14	14	14	15	15	18	20	14	15	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.07	1.07	1.29	1.43	1.00	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.237	0.001	0.061	0.043	0.072	0.134	0.127	0.205	0.000

Problem 638	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	18	19	19	22	27	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.95	0.95	1.10	1.35	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.003	0.050	0.046	0.089	0.534	0.000	0.217	0.000

Problem 639	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	18	19	19	22	34	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.95	0.95	1.10	1.70	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.002	0.056	0.037	0.076	0.655	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 640	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	20	20	18	19	19	22	34	0	19	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.95	0.95	1.10	1.70	0.00	0.95	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.002	0.073	0.039	0.075	0.994	0.000	0.260	0.000

Problem 641	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	23	23	29	23	27	78	23	28	23
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.26	1.00	1.17	3.39	1.00	1.22	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.247	0.000	1.099	0.026	0.079	11.580	0.127	0.205	0.003

Problem 642	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	47	40	61	51	62	274	0	58	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.82	1.24	1.04	1.27	5.59	0.00	1.18	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.319	0.056	1.033	0.041	0.082	31.501	0.000	0.244	0.000

Problem 643	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	75	70	66	105	79	108	770	0	104	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.88	1.40	1.05	1.44	10.27	0.00	1.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.371	0.076	1.148	0.042	0.083	95.968	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 644	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-1)	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	95	78	171	114	158	0	0	167	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.76	1.66	1.11	1.53	0.00	0.00	1.62	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.405	0.108	1.099	0.042	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 645	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	A	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	32	32	32	70	0	53	39	0	38	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.19	0.00	1.66	1.22	0.00	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.067	0.879	0.000	0.081	3.472	0.000	0.194	0.000

Problem 646	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	113	136	151	111	221	111	113	151
N.S.	1	1.00	4.71	5.67	6.29	4.62	9.21	4.62	4.71	6.29
time (sec)	N/A	0.255	0.011	7.520	0.039	0.075	2.106	0.163	0.275	0.004

Problem 647	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	30	29	29	37	34	36	0	36	52
N.S.	1	1.00	0.97	0.97	1.23	1.13	1.20	0.00	1.20	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.031	0.985	0.036	0.081	110.567	0.000	0.226	0.669



Problem 648	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	19	19	108	91	90	90	97	90	92	92
N.S.	1	1.00	5.68	4.79	4.74	4.74	5.11	4.74	4.84	4.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.238	0.006	0.498	0.025	0.064	0.687	0.116	0.226	0.425

Problem 649	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	23	26	25	23	28	22	41	0	22	22
N.S.	1	1.13	1.09	1.00	1.22	0.96	1.78	0.00	0.96	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.005	0.562	0.034	0.069	0.391	0.000	0.208	0.002

Problem 650	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	22	26	22	21	23	18	15	22	45	18
N.S.	1	1.18	1.00	0.95	1.05	0.82	0.68	1.00	2.05	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.250	0.004	0.531	0.040	0.066	0.149	0.113	0.214	0.092

Problem 651	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	15	15	15	16	32	15	39	0	15	22
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.07	2.13	1.00	2.60	0.00	1.00	1.47
time (sec)	N/A	0.260	0.017	0.634	0.033	0.079	0.465	0.000	0.209	0.477

Problem 652	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	64	47	201	71	172	1148	613	180	89
N.S.	1	0.91	0.67	2.87	1.01	2.46	16.40	8.76	2.57	1.27
time (sec)	N/A	0.347	0.029	0.585	0.036	0.088	1.673	0.128	0.203	0.500

Problem 653	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	41	57	56	87	337	135	94	95
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.98	0.97	1.50	5.81	2.33	1.62	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.029	0.458	0.037	0.078	0.527	0.127	0.265	0.474

Problem 654	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	41	57	56	87	330	135	94	95
N.S.	1	1.00	0.71	0.98	0.97	1.50	5.69	2.33	1.62	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.042	0.460	0.065	0.087	0.372	0.125	0.239	0.470

Problem 655	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	58	58	39	57	56	87	323	135	88	95
N.S.	1	1.00	0.67	0.98	0.97	1.50	5.57	2.33	1.52	1.64
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.039	0.450	0.036	0.085	0.287	0.120	0.216	0.642

Problem 656	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	36	56	51	63	192	0	65	45
N.S.	1	1.00	0.69	1.08	0.98	1.21	3.69	0.00	1.25	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.057	0.054	0.039	0.082	0.314	0.000	0.212	0.460

Problem 657	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	64	60	56	81	388	0	90	89
N.S.	1	1.00	1.05	0.98	0.92	1.33	6.36	0.00	1.48	1.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.339	0.047	0.073	0.041	0.072	0.383	0.000	0.247	0.475

Problem 658	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	63	67	60	56	87	449	0	96	97
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.95	0.89	1.38	7.13	0.00	1.52	1.54
time (sec)	N/A	0.338	0.049	0.080	0.040	0.072	0.494	0.000	0.240	0.460

Problem 659	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	222	180	39	0	0	329	233	0	32	0
N.S.	1	0.81	0.18	0.00	0.00	1.48	1.05	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.587	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.276	1.206	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 660	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	279	39	0	0	404	318	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.16	0.00	0.00	1.70	1.34	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.800	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.370	1.371	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 661	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	69	51	43	0	63	59	36	0	46	0
N.S.	1	0.74	0.62	0.00	0.91	0.86	0.52	0.00	0.67	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.012	0.000	0.035	0.084	1.028	0.000	0.247	0.000

Problem 662	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	67	37	0	0	237	58	0	32	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.50	0.00	0.00	3.20	0.78	0.00	0.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.320	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.103	0.798	0.000	0.209	0.000

Problem 663	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	220	175	37	0	0	255	223	0	32	0
N.S.	1	0.80	0.17	0.00	0.00	1.16	1.01	0.00	0.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.571	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.092	1.321	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 664	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	274	37	0	0	298	308	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.17	0.16	0.00	0.00	1.27	1.32	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.779	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.091	1.506	0.000	0.257	0.000

Problem 665	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	100	90	39	0	0	504	87	0	32	0
N.S.	1	0.90	0.39	0.00	0.00	5.04	0.87	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.361	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.167	1.332	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 666	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	246	198	39	0	0	351	280	0	32	0
N.S.	1	0.80	0.16	0.00	0.00	1.43	1.14	0.00	0.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.635	0.011	0.000	0.000	0.340	1.252	0.000	0.228	0.000

Problem 667	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	261	297	39	0	0	430	371	0	32	0
N.S.	1	1.14	0.15	0.00	0.00	1.65	1.42	0.00	0.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.822	0.011	0.000	0.000	1.078	1.320	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 668	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	44	0	0	0	117	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.66	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.278	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.638	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 669	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	44	0	0	0	117	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.54	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.768	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 670	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	44	0	0	0	117	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.66	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.270	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.625	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 671	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	44	44	45	0	0	0	117	0	29	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.66	0.00	0.66	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.029	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.598	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 672	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	36	0	0	0	66	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.65	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.263	0.042	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.600	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 673	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	28	28	29	0	24	20	17	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.04	0.00	0.86	0.71	0.61	0.00	0.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.256	0.005	0.000	0.046	0.079	0.541	0.000	0.206	0.000

Problem 674	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	44	0	0	0	63	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.26	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.274	0.039	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.604	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 675	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	52	52	44	0	0	0	66	0	40	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.279	0.030	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.653	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 676	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	24	24	31	25	22	22	73	0	25	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.29	1.04	0.92	0.92	3.04	0.00	1.04	1.21
time (sec)	N/A	0.240	0.011	0.635	0.035	0.087	0.820	0.000	0.240	0.431

Problem 677	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	210	133	0	0	236	190	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.18	0.75	0.00	0.00	1.33	1.07	0.00	0.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.108	9.437	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 678	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	137	158	121	0	0	197	150	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.88	0.00	0.00	1.44	1.09	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.060	0.000	0.000	0.087	3.273	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 679	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	91	104	110	0	0	147	66	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.14	1.21	0.00	0.00	1.62	0.73	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.044	0.000	0.000	0.090	1.645	0.000	0.204	0.000



Problem 680	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	78	0	0	0	31	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.44	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.57	0.00	0.69	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.045	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.922	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 681	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	31	31	31	0	0	0	31	0	33	29
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	1.06	0.94
time (sec)	N/A	0.242	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.745	0.000	0.210	0.457

Problem 682	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	65	41	0	0	0	71	0	43	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.58	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.014	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.688	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 683	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	104	56	0	0	0	405	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.93	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.62	0.00	0.37	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.978	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 684	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	153	145	69	0	0	0	677	0	41	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.42	0.00	0.27	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.421	0.019	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.179	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 685	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	67	67	64	0	0	0	73	0	176	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	2.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.310	0.013	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.922	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 686	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	36	36	34	0	38	38	29	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	1.06	1.06	0.81	0.00	0.94	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.014	0.000	0.044	0.136	5.925	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 687	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	62	0	0	0	63	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.165	0.000	0.214	0.000

Problem 688	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	62	0	0	0	63	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.539	0.000	0.272	0.000

Problem 689	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	62	62	58	0	0	0	60	0	509	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	8.21	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	0.026	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.139	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 690	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	46	0	0	0	46	0	96	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	2.09	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.282	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.122	0.000	0.208	1.315

Problem 691	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	59	0	0	0	70	0	238	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.09	0.00	3.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.975	0.000	0.272	0.000

Problem 692	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	63	0	0	0	76	0	266	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00	4.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.335	0.040	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.720	0.000	0.215	0.000

Problem 693	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	66	66	63	0	0	0	76	0	266	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.15	0.00	4.03	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.505	0.000	0.213	0.000

Problem 694	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	78	68	0	0	0	66	0	83	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.94	0.00	1.19	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.375	0.049	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.241	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 695	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	63	52	63	0	0	0	46	0	33	0
N.S.	1	0.83	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.73	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.031	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.929	0.000	0.238	0.000

Problem 696	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	A	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	37	37	37	74	0	75	49	0	50	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.00	0.00	2.03	1.32	0.00	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.266	0.020	0.823	0.000	0.081	5.739	0.000	0.220	0.000

Problem 697	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	79	69	0	0	144	172	0	80	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.83	0.00	0.00	1.73	2.07	0.00	0.96	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.358	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.132	5.713	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 698	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	139	127	69	0	0	215	566	0	120	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.50	0.00	0.00	1.55	4.07	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.454	0.077	0.000	0.000	0.087	6.254	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 699	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	199	175	69	0	0	294	1168	0	175	0
N.S.	1	0.88	0.35	0.00	0.00	1.48	5.87	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.535	0.072	0.000	0.000	0.081	6.712	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 700	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	83	83	70	0	0	103	131	0	72	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.84	0.00	0.00	1.24	1.58	0.00	0.87	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.367	0.074	0.000	0.000	0.079	28.921	0.000	0.199	0.000

Problem 701	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	A	B	F	B	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	90	75	0	0	154	172	0	87	0
N.S.	1	0.96	0.80	0.00	0.00	1.64	1.83	0.00	0.93	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.366	0.016	0.000	0.000	0.090	34.348	0.000	0.208	0.000

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [77] had the largest ratio of [.800000000000000044]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
2	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
3	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
4	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
5	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
6	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
7	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
8	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
9	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
10	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
11	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
12	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
13	A	4	3	1.06	13	0.231
14	A	4	3	1.19	11	0.273
15	A	4	3	1.43	15	0.200
16	A	4	3	1.33	15	0.200
17	A	4	3	1.13	15	0.200
18	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
19	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
20	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
21	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
23	A	4	3	1.11	13	0.231
24	A	4	3	1.05	11	0.273
25	A	4	3	1.22	15	0.200
26	A	4	3	1.18	15	0.200
27	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
28	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
29	A	4	3	1.09	15	0.200
30	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
31	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
32	A	4	3	1.01	15	0.200
33	A	4	3	1.07	15	0.200
34	A	4	3	1.02	13	0.231
35	A	4	3	1.05	11	0.273
36	A	4	3	1.09	15	0.200
37	A	4	3	1.16	15	0.200
38	A	4	3	1.08	15	0.200
39	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
40	A	5	4	1.11	15	0.267
41	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
42	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
43	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
44	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
45	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
46	A	4	3	1.02	13	0.231
47	A	4	3	1.05	11	0.273
48	A	4	3	1.08	15	0.200
49	A	4	3	1.10	15	0.200
50	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
51	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
52	A	4	3	1.11	15	0.200
53	A	4	3	1.08	15	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
55	A	6	5	1.15	15	0.333
56	A	8	7	1.18	15	0.467
57	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
58	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
59	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
60	A	4	3	1.01	15	0.200
61	A	4	3	1.01	15	0.200
62	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
63	A	4	3	1.02	13	0.231
64	A	4	3	1.05	11	0.273
65	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
66	A	4	3	1.07	15	0.200
67	A	4	3	1.07	15	0.200
68	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
69	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
70	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
71	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
72	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
73	A	5	4	1.11	15	0.267
74	A	7	6	1.17	15	0.400
75	A	9	8	1.19	15	0.533
76	A	11	10	1.20	15	0.667
77	A	13	12	1.21	15	0.800
78	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
79	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
80	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
81	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
82	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
83	A	4	3	1.06	13	0.231
84	A	4	3	1.04	11	0.273
85	A	5	4	1.27	15	0.267

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	4	3	1.15	15	0.200
87	A	4	3	1.09	15	0.200
88	A	4	3	1.07	15	0.200
89	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
90	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
91	A	4	3	1.07	13	0.231
92	A	4	3	1.00	11	0.273
93	A	4	3	1.13	15	0.200
94	A	4	3	1.10	15	0.200
95	A	4	3	1.07	15	0.200
96	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
97	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
98	A	4	3	1.08	15	0.200
99	A	4	3	1.06	13	0.231
100	A	1	1	1.00	11	0.091
101	A	4	3	1.15	15	0.200
102	A	4	3	1.13	15	0.200
103	A	4	3	1.07	15	0.200
104	A	4	3	1.09	15	0.200
105	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
106	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
107	A	4	3	1.01	15	0.200
108	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
109	A	4	3	1.05	11	0.273
110	A	4	3	1.09	15	0.200
111	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
112	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
113	A	4	3	1.01	15	0.200
114	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
115	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
116	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
117	A	4	3	1.05	13	0.231

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	4	3	1.05	11	0.273
119	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
120	A	4	3	1.08	15	0.200
121	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
122	A	5	4	1.42	15	0.267
123	A	4	3	1.02	17	0.176
124	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
125	A	4	3	1.05	13	0.231
126	A	5	4	1.05	17	0.235
127	A	6	5	1.03	17	0.294
128	A	8	7	1.09	17	0.412
129	A	4	3	1.02	17	0.176
130	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
131	A	4	3	1.05	13	0.231
132	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
133	A	6	5	1.06	17	0.294
134	A	8	7	1.11	17	0.412
135	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
136	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
137	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
138	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
139	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
140	A	4	3	1.21	15	0.200
141	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
142	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
143	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
144	A	4	3	1.04	17	0.176
145	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
146	A	8	7	1.16	15	0.467
147	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
148	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
149	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
150	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
151	A	3	2	1.00	15	0.133
152	A	3	2	1.00	15	0.133
153	A	4	3	1.21	15	0.200
154	A	4	3	1.00	15	0.200
155	A	4	3	1.01	15	0.200
156	A	4	3	1.01	13	0.231
157	A	4	3	1.02	11	0.273
158	A	3	2	1.00	15	0.133
159	A	3	2	1.00	15	0.133
160	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
161	A	5	4	1.08	17	0.235
162	A	3	2	1.05	13	0.154
163	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
164	A	4	4	1.12	17	0.235
165	A	6	6	1.15	17	0.353
166	A	4	3	1.03	17	0.176
167	A	4	3	1.05	17	0.176
168	A	4	3	1.10	17	0.176
169	A	6	5	1.08	17	0.294
170	A	8	7	1.05	17	0.412
171	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
172	A	4	3	1.00	15	0.200
173	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
174	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
175	A	6	5	1.04	17	0.294
176	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
177	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
178	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
179	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
180	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
181	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
182	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
183	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
184	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
185	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
186	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
187	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
188	A	4	3	1.06	13	0.231
189	A	4	3	1.17	11	0.273
190	A	4	3	1.21	15	0.200
191	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
192	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
193	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
194	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
195	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
196	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
197	A	4	3	1.04	13	0.231
198	A	4	3	1.12	11	0.273
199	A	4	3	1.25	15	0.200
200	A	4	3	1.21	15	0.200
201	A	4	3	1.09	15	0.200
202	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
203	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
204	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
205	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
206	A	4	3	1.03	13	0.231
207	A	4	3	1.03	11	0.273
208	A	4	3	1.12	15	0.200
209	A	4	3	1.12	15	0.200
210	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
211	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
212	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
213	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
214	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
215	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
216	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
217	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
218	A	4	3	1.03	13	0.231
219	A	4	3	1.03	11	0.273
220	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
221	A	4	3	1.08	15	0.200
222	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
223	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
224	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
225	A	7	6	1.16	15	0.400
226	A	4	3	1.01	15	0.200
227	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
228	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
229	A	4	3	1.01	15	0.200
230	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
231	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
232	A	4	3	1.01	15	0.200
233	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
234	A	4	3	1.02	13	0.231
235	A	4	3	1.03	11	0.273
236	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
237	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
238	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
239	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
240	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
241	A	5	4	1.11	15	0.267
242	A	8	7	1.18	15	0.467
243	A	11	10	1.20	15	0.667
244	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
245	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
246	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
247	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
248	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
249	A	4	3	1.05	13	0.231
250	A	4	3	1.02	11	0.273
251	A	5	4	1.27	15	0.267
252	A	4	3	1.11	15	0.200
253	A	4	3	1.08	15	0.200
254	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
255	A	5	4	1.29	15	0.267
256	A	4	3	1.02	15	0.200
257	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
258	A	4	3	1.04	13	0.231
259	A	4	3	1.02	11	0.273
260	A	4	3	1.13	15	0.200
261	A	4	3	1.09	15	0.200
262	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
263	A	4	3	1.06	15	0.200
264	A	4	3	1.04	15	0.200
265	A	4	3	1.03	15	0.200
266	A	4	3	1.06	13	0.231
267	A	4	3	1.02	11	0.273
268	A	4	3	1.09	15	0.200
269	A	4	3	1.08	15	0.200
270	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
271	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
272	A	4	3	1.10	11	0.273
273	A	6	5	1.17	15	0.333
274	A	4	3	1.05	15	0.200
275	A	4	3	1.00	9	0.333
276	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
277	A	3	2	1.00	15	0.133

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
278	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
279	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
280	A	13	12	1.49	15	0.800
281	A	11	10	1.09	15	0.667
282	A	7	6	1.18	13	0.462
283	A	7	6	1.12	11	0.545
284	A	5	4	1.13	13	0.308
285	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
286	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
287	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
288	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
289	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
290	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
291	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
292	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
293	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
294	A	5	4	1.06	15	0.267
295	A	5	4	1.06	15	0.267
296	A	5	4	1.06	15	0.267
297	A	5	4	1.06	13	0.308
298	A	1	1	1.07	11	0.091
299	A	5	4	1.21	15	0.267
300	A	5	4	1.12	15	0.267
301	A	5	4	1.06	15	0.267
302	A	5	4	1.06	15	0.267
303	A	5	4	1.04	15	0.267
304	A	5	4	1.04	15	0.267
305	A	5	4	1.04	15	0.267
306	A	5	4	1.12	13	0.308
307	A	5	4	1.25	11	0.364
308	A	5	4	1.21	15	0.267
309	A	5	4	1.09	15	0.267

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
310	A	5	4	1.04	15	0.267
311	A	5	4	1.04	15	0.267
312	A	5	4	1.03	15	0.267
313	A	5	4	1.03	13	0.308
314	A	5	4	1.08	11	0.364
315	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
316	A	5	4	1.33	15	0.267
317	A	5	4	1.20	15	0.267
318	A	5	4	1.14	15	0.267
319	A	5	4	1.03	15	0.267
320	A	5	4	1.03	13	0.308
321	A	5	4	1.07	11	0.364
322	A	5	4	1.00	15	0.267
323	A	5	4	1.26	15	0.267
324	A	5	4	1.20	15	0.267
325	A	5	4	1.16	15	0.267
326	A	5	4	1.04	15	0.267
327	A	5	4	1.03	13	0.308
328	A	5	4	1.06	11	0.364
329	A	5	4	1.02	15	0.267
330	A	5	4	1.13	15	0.267
331	A	5	4	1.19	15	0.267
332	A	5	4	1.13	15	0.267
333	A	5	4	1.12	15	0.267
334	A	5	4	1.14	11	0.364
335	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
336	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
337	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
338	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
339	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
340	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
341	A	1	1	1.00	7	0.143

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
342	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
343	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
344	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
345	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
346	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
347	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
348	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
349	A	4	3	1.00	13	0.231
350	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
351	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
352	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
353	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
354	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
355	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
356	A	4	3	0.94	13	0.231
357	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
358	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
359	A	1	1	1.00	11	0.091
360	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
361	A	5	4	1.13	13	0.308
362	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
363	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
364	A	1	1	1.00	11	0.091
365	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
366	A	4	3	1.00	13	0.231
367	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
368	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
369	A	1	1	1.00	11	0.091
370	A	1	1	1.00	9	0.111
371	A	4	3	0.95	13	0.231
372	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
373	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
374	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
375	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
376	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
377	A	2	2	1.16	13	0.154
378	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
379	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
380	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
381	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
382	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
383	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
384	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
385	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
386	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
387	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
388	A	4	3	1.00	13	0.231
389	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
390	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
391	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
392	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
393	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
394	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
395	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176
396	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176
397	A	4	3	0.95	17	0.176
398	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
399	A	4	3	0.94	13	0.231
400	A	4	3	0.94	17	0.176
401	A	4	3	0.94	17	0.176
402	A	4	3	0.94	17	0.176
403	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
404	A	4	3	0.96	17	0.176
405	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
406	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176
407	A	4	3	0.90	17	0.176
408	A	4	3	0.92	17	0.176
409	A	4	3	0.95	17	0.176
410	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
411	A	4	3	0.89	13	0.231
412	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
413	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
414	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
415	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
416	A	4	3	0.90	17	0.176
417	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
418	A	4	3	0.96	17	0.176
419	A	5	4	1.01	17	0.235
420	A	4	3	0.86	17	0.176
421	A	4	3	0.86	17	0.176
422	A	4	3	0.85	17	0.176
423	A	4	3	0.85	17	0.176
424	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
425	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
426	A	4	3	0.90	17	0.176
427	A	4	3	0.90	17	0.176
428	A	4	3	0.92	17	0.176
429	A	4	3	0.95	17	0.176
430	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
431	A	4	3	0.87	13	0.231
432	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176
433	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176
434	A	4	3	0.86	17	0.176
435	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176
436	A	4	3	0.86	17	0.176
437	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
438	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176
439	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176
440	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
441	A	4	3	0.96	17	0.176
442	A	5	4	1.01	17	0.235
443	A	6	5	1.04	17	0.294
444	A	7	6	1.05	17	0.353
445	A	4	3	0.85	17	0.176
446	A	4	3	0.85	17	0.176
447	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
448	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
449	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
450	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
451	A	1	1	1.00	19	0.053
452	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
453	A	4	3	0.87	17	0.176
454	A	4	3	0.88	17	0.176
455	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
456	A	4	3	0.93	17	0.176
457	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
458	A	5	4	1.13	13	0.308
459	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
460	A	4	3	0.95	17	0.176
461	A	4	3	0.92	17	0.176
462	A	4	3	0.87	19	0.158
463	A	4	3	0.88	19	0.158
464	A	4	3	0.89	19	0.158
465	A	4	3	0.93	19	0.158
466	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
467	A	5	4	1.13	13	0.308
468	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
469	A	4	3	0.95	19	0.158

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
470	A	4	3	0.92	19	0.158
471	A	4	3	0.85	17	0.176
472	A	4	3	0.86	17	0.176
473	A	4	3	0.88	17	0.176
474	A	4	3	0.93	17	0.176
475	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
476	A	5	4	1.14	13	0.308
477	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
478	A	4	3	0.94	17	0.176
479	A	4	3	0.91	17	0.176
480	A	4	3	0.88	17	0.176
481	A	4	3	0.90	17	0.176
482	A	4	3	0.94	17	0.176
483	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
484	A	4	3	1.00	13	0.231
485	A	4	3	0.95	17	0.176
486	A	4	3	0.92	17	0.176
487	A	4	3	0.90	17	0.176
488	A	4	3	0.89	17	0.176
489	A	4	3	0.91	17	0.176
490	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
491	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
492	A	4	3	0.95	13	0.231
493	A	4	3	0.92	17	0.176
494	A	4	3	0.91	17	0.176
495	A	5	4	0.96	19	0.211
496	A	11	10	1.00	19	0.526
497	A	11	10	1.48	19	0.526
498	A	4	3	1.00	17	0.176
499	A	5	4	0.96	19	0.211
500	A	12	11	0.99	19	0.579
501	A	12	11	1.48	19	0.579

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
502	A	6	5	1.03	19	0.263
503	A	13	12	1.01	19	0.632
504	A	13	12	1.45	19	0.632
505	A	2	2	1.19	13	0.154
506	A	2	2	1.23	11	0.182
507	A	5	4	0.96	15	0.267
508	A	2	2	1.18	15	0.133
509	A	2	2	1.18	15	0.133
510	A	2	2	1.21	13	0.154
511	A	2	2	1.26	11	0.182
512	A	6	5	0.95	15	0.333
513	A	2	2	1.20	15	0.133
514	A	2	2	1.20	15	0.133
515	A	2	2	1.25	13	0.154
516	A	2	2	1.31	11	0.182
517	A	7	6	0.93	15	0.400
518	A	2	2	1.24	15	0.133
519	A	2	2	1.24	15	0.133
520	A	2	2	1.19	13	0.154
521	A	2	2	1.23	11	0.182
522	A	4	3	1.00	15	0.200
523	A	2	2	1.18	15	0.133
524	A	2	2	1.18	15	0.133
525	A	2	2	1.25	13	0.154
526	A	2	2	1.31	11	0.182
527	A	5	4	0.96	15	0.267
528	A	2	2	1.24	15	0.133
529	A	2	2	1.24	15	0.133
530	A	2	2	1.25	13	0.154
531	A	2	2	1.31	11	0.182
532	A	6	5	1.00	15	0.333
533	A	2	2	1.24	15	0.133

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
534	A	2	2	1.24	15	0.133
535	A	4	3	0.91	19	0.158
536	A	4	3	0.93	19	0.158
537	A	4	3	0.95	19	0.158
538	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
539	A	5	4	0.96	15	0.267
540	A	5	4	0.96	19	0.211
541	A	6	5	0.92	19	0.263
542	A	7	6	0.96	19	0.316
543	A	8	7	0.99	19	0.368
544	A	4	3	0.91	19	0.158
545	A	4	3	0.92	19	0.158
546	A	4	3	0.95	19	0.158
547	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
548	A	4	3	1.00	15	0.200
549	A	5	4	0.96	19	0.211
550	A	6	5	0.95	19	0.263
551	A	7	6	0.99	19	0.316
552	A	8	7	1.01	19	0.368
553	A	7	6	0.96	15	0.400
554	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
555	A	2	2	1.16	13	0.154
556	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
557	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
558	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
559	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
560	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
561	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
562	A	3	2	1.00	19	0.105
563	A	4	3	1.09	19	0.158
564	A	5	4	1.04	19	0.211
565	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
566	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
567	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
568	A	10	9	0.97	19	0.474
569	A	11	10	1.00	19	0.526
570	A	12	11	1.00	19	0.579
571	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
572	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
573	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
574	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
575	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
576	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
577	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
578	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
579	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
580	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
581	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
582	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
583	A	3	2	1.00	17	0.118
584	A	4	3	0.94	17	0.176
585	A	5	4	0.99	17	0.235
586	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
587	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
588	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
589	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
590	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
591	A	2	2	1.18	15	0.133
592	A	2	2	1.16	15	0.133
593	A	2	2	1.16	15	0.133
594	A	2	2	1.22	15	0.133
595	A	2	2	1.22	15	0.133
596	A	2	2	1.19	19	0.105
597	A	2	2	1.16	17	0.118

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
598	A	2	2	1.16	19	0.105
599	A	2	2	1.18	19	0.105
600	A	2	2	1.14	19	0.105
601	A	2	2	1.15	17	0.118
602	A	2	2	1.14	19	0.105
603	A	2	2	1.14	19	0.105
604	C	1	1	8.40	42	0.024
605	A	6	5	1.48	21	0.238
606	A	5	4	1.42	21	0.190
607	A	4	3	1.37	21	0.143
608	A	4	3	1.00	21	0.143
609	A	1	1	1.00	21	0.048
610	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
611	A	3	3	1.07	21	0.143
612	A	4	4	1.10	21	0.190
613	A	7	6	0.94	19	0.316
614	A	6	5	0.94	19	0.263
615	A	5	4	0.94	19	0.211
616	A	4	3	1.00	19	0.158
617	A	1	1	1.00	19	0.053
618	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
619	A	3	3	1.09	19	0.158
620	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
621	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
622	A	2	2	1.01	17	0.118
623	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
624	C	1	1	6.15	45	0.022
625	A	2	2	1.00	37	0.054
626	C	1	1	8.40	42	0.024
627	A	3	2	0.95	19	0.105
628	A	4	3	1.03	21	0.143
629	A	3	2	0.98	21	0.095

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
630	A	4	3	1.00	21	0.143
631	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
632	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
633	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
634	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
635	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
636	A	2	2	1.00	7	0.286
637	A	3	2	1.00	11	0.182
638	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
639	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
640	A	2	2	1.00	11	0.182
641	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
642	A	4	3	0.96	17	0.176
643	A	4	3	0.93	17	0.176
644	A	4	3	0.92	17	0.176
645	A	1	1	1.00	21	0.048
646	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
647	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
648	A	1	1	1.00	13	0.077
649	A	5	4	1.13	13	0.308
650	A	5	4	1.18	13	0.308
651	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
652	A	2	2	0.91	15	0.133
653	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
654	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
655	A	2	2	1.00	13	0.154
656	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
657	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
658	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
659	A	12	11	0.81	21	0.524
660	A	12	11	1.18	21	0.524
661	A	5	4	0.74	19	0.211

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
662	A	6	5	0.91	21	0.238
663	A	13	12	0.80	21	0.571
664	A	13	12	1.17	21	0.571
665	A	7	6	0.90	21	0.286
666	A	14	13	0.80	21	0.619
667	A	14	13	1.14	21	0.619
668	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
669	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
670	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
671	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
672	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
673	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
674	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
675	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
676	A	1	1	1.00	17	0.059
677	A	7	6	1.18	23	0.261
678	A	6	5	1.15	23	0.217
679	A	5	4	1.14	23	0.174
680	A	5	4	1.00	23	0.174
681	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
682	A	2	2	0.92	23	0.087
683	A	3	3	0.93	23	0.130
684	A	4	4	0.95	23	0.174
685	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
686	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
687	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
688	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
689	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
690	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
691	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
692	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
693	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
694	A	4	3	1.11	21	0.143
695	A	4	3	0.83	20	0.150
696	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
697	A	2	2	0.95	23	0.087
698	A	3	3	0.91	23	0.130
699	A	4	4	0.88	23	0.174
700	A	2	2	1.00	22	0.091
701	A	2	2	0.96	24	0.083

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx$ . . . . .	280
3.2	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx$ . . . . .	285
3.3	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx$ . . . . .	290
3.4	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx$ . . . . .	295
3.5	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx$ . . . . .	300
3.6	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx$ . . . . .	305
3.7	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx$ . . . . .	310
3.8	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx$ . . . . .	315
3.9	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx$ . . . . .	320
3.10	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx$ . . . . .	325
3.11	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx$ . . . . .	330
3.12	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx$ . . . . .	335
3.13	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx$ . . . . .	340
3.14	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx$ . . . . .	345
3.15	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx$ . . . . .	350
3.16	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx$ . . . . .	355
3.17	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx$ . . . . .	360
3.18	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx$ . . . . .	365
3.19	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx$ . . . . .	370
3.20	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx$ . . . . .	375
3.21	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx$ . . . . .	380
3.22	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx$ . . . . .	385
3.23	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx$ . . . . .	390
3.24	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx$ . . . . .	395

3.25	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx$	400
3.26	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx$	405
3.27	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx$	410
3.28	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx$	415
3.29	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx$	420
3.30	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx$	425
3.31	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx$	430
3.32	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx$	436
3.33	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx$	442
3.34	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx$	448
3.35	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx$	454
3.36	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx$	460
3.37	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx$	466
3.38	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx$	472
3.39	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx$	478
3.40	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx$	484
3.41	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx$	490
3.42	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx$	496
3.43	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx$	502
3.44	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx$	509
3.45	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx$	516
3.46	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx$	522
3.47	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx$	528
3.48	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx$	534
3.49	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx$	540
3.50	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$	546
3.51	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$	552
3.52	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx$	558
3.53	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx$	564
3.54	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx$	570
3.55	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx$	576
3.56	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx$	583

3.57	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx$	592
3.58	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11}} dx$	598
3.59	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx$	604
3.60	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx$	612
3.61	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx$	620
3.62	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx$	628
3.63	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx$	635
3.64	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx$	642
3.65	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx$	649
3.66	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$	656
3.67	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$	663
3.68	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$	670
3.69	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$	677
3.70	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx$	684
3.71	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$	691
3.72	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$	698
3.73	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx$	704
3.74	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx$	711
3.75	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx$	719
3.76	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx$	731
3.77	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx$	747
3.78	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx$	767
3.79	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx$	774
3.80	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx$	781
3.81	$\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$	788
3.82	$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$	794
3.83	$\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$	800
3.84	$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$	805
3.85	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x} dx$	810
3.86	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^2} dx$	816
3.87	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^3} dx$	821
3.88	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^4} dx$	827
3.89	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$	833



3.90	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$	839
3.91	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$	845
3.92	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$	851
3.93	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx$	856
3.94	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx$	862
3.95	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx$	868
3.96	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx$	874
3.97	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$	881
3.98	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$	888
3.99	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$	894
3.100	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$	900
3.101	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx$	905
3.102	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx$	911
3.103	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx$	917
3.104	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx$	924
3.105	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$	931
3.106	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$	939
3.107	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$	946
3.108	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$	953
3.109	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$	959
3.110	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx$	964
3.111	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx$	971
3.112	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx$	978
3.113	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$	985
3.114	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$	993
3.115	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$	1001
3.116	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$	1009
3.117	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$	1016
3.118	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$	1022
3.119	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx$	1028
3.120	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx$	1036

3.121	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx$	1044
3.122	$\int \frac{1}{(2+b\sqrt{x})x} dx$	1052
3.123	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} x^2 dx$	1057
3.124	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} x dx$	1064
3.125	$\int \sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$	1071
3.126	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx$	1077
3.127	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx$	1083
3.128	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx$	1090
3.129	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$	1098
3.130	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$	1105
3.131	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$	1112
3.132	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{xx}}} dx$	1117
3.133	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{xx^2}}} dx$	1122
3.134	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{xx^3}}} dx$	1129
3.135	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx$	1138
3.136	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1144
3.137	$\int \frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1149
3.138	$\int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1154
3.139	$\int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1159
3.140	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx$	1164
3.141	$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}} dx$	1169
3.142	$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx$	1174
3.143	$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx$	1179
3.144	$\int \sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx$	1184
3.145	$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$	1190
3.146	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx$	1195
3.147	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx$	1202
3.148	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx$	1209
3.149	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx$	1215
3.150	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx$	1221
3.151	$\int \frac{x^m}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$	1226
3.152	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$	1231
3.153	$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx$	1238

3.154	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx$	1244
3.155	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx$	1253
3.156	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x dx$	1260
3.157	$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx$	1267
3.158	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx$	1273
3.159	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx$	1278
3.160	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx$	1283
3.161	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1288
3.162	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1296
3.163	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1301
3.164	$\int \frac{1}{x^6(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1306
3.165	$\int \frac{1}{x^9(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1312
3.166	$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1320
3.167	$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1326
3.168	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1332
3.169	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1338
3.170	$\int \frac{1}{x^4(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1346
3.171	$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1356
3.172	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1361
3.173	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1366
3.174	$\int \frac{1}{x^5(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$	1371
3.175	$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}} dx$	1376
3.176	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx$	1383
3.177	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx$	1389
3.178	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx$	1394
3.179	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx$	1399
3.180	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$	1404
3.181	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx$	1409
3.182	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx$	1414
3.183	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx$	1419
3.184	$\int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx$	1424
3.185	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx$	1429

3.186	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx$	1435
3.187	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx$	1440
3.188	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx$	1445
3.189	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx$	1450
3.190	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx$	1455
3.191	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx$	1460
3.192	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx$	1465
3.193	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx$	1470
3.194	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx$	1475
3.195	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx$	1481
3.196	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx$	1486
3.197	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx$	1491
3.198	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx$	1496
3.199	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx$	1501
3.200	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx$	1506
3.201	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx$	1511
3.202	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx$	1516
3.203	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx$	1521
3.204	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx$	1527
3.205	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx$	1533
3.206	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx$	1539
3.207	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx$	1545
3.208	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx$	1550
3.209	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx$	1555
3.210	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx$	1561
3.211	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx$	1567
3.212	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx$	1573
3.213	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx$	1579
3.214	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx$	1585

3.215	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx$	1591
3.216	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx$	1598
3.217	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx$	1605
3.218	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx$	1612
3.219	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx$	1618
3.220	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx$	1624
3.221	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx$	1630
3.222	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$	1636
3.223	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$	1642
3.224	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx$	1648
3.225	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx$	1655
3.226	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx$	1663
3.227	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx$	1669
3.228	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx$	1675
3.229	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx$	1681
3.230	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx$	1687
3.231	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx$	1695
3.232	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx$	1703
3.233	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx$	1711
3.234	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx$	1719
3.235	$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx$	1726
3.236	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx$	1733
3.237	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$	1741
3.238	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$	1748
3.239	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$	1755
3.240	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$	1762
3.241	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx$	1769
3.242	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$	1776

3.243	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$	1787
3.244	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx$	1805
3.245	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx$	1812
3.246	$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx$	1819
3.247	$\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	1826
3.248	$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	1833
3.249	$\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	1839
3.250	$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	1845
3.251	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx$	1850
3.252	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx$	1856
3.253	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} dx$	1862
3.254	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx$	1868
3.255	$\int \frac{1}{(2+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx$	1875
3.256	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$	1880
3.257	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$	1887
3.258	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$	1893
3.259	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$	1899
3.260	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx$	1905
3.261	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx$	1911
3.262	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx$	1917
3.263	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx$	1924
3.264	$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$	1931
3.265	$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$	1939
3.266	$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$	1946
3.267	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$	1953

3.268	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx$	1959
3.269	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx$	1965
3.270	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx$	1972
3.271	$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx$	1979
3.272	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	1987
3.273	$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt[3]{x})x^{3/2}} dx$	1993
3.274	$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	1999
3.275	$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx$	2004
3.276	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	2009
3.277	$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})x^{2/3}} dx$	2014
3.278	$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	2019
3.279	$\int \frac{(1+x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	2024
3.280	$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx$	2029
3.281	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1+x^{5/6}} dx$	2038
3.282	$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx$	2048
3.283	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx$	2055
3.284	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}}\right)^{2/3} dx$	2062
3.285	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4 dx$	2069
3.286	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3 dx$	2074
3.287	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2 dx$	2079
3.288	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x dx$	2084
3.289	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) dx$	2089
3.290	$\int \frac{a+\frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx$	2094
3.291	$\int \frac{a+\frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx$	2099
3.292	$\int \frac{a+\frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx$	2104

3.293	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx$	2109
3.294	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4 dx$	2114
3.295	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3 dx$	2119
3.296	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2 dx$	2124
3.297	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x dx$	2129
3.298	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 dx$	2134
3.299	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx$	2139
3.300	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx$	2144
3.301	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx$	2150
3.302	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx$	2156
3.303	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^4 dx$	2162
3.304	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3 dx$	2167
3.305	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2 dx$	2172
3.306	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x dx$	2177
3.307	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 dx$	2182
3.308	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx$	2187
3.309	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx$	2193
3.310	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx$	2199



3.311	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx$	2205
3.312	$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	2211
3.313	$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	2218
3.314	$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	2224
3.315	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x} dx$	2230
3.316	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x^2} dx$	2235
3.317	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x^3} dx$	2241
3.318	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x^4} dx$	2247
3.319	$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$	2254
3.320	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$	2261
3.321	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$	2268
3.322	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx$	2274
3.323	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx$	2280
3.324	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx$	2286
3.325	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx$	2293
3.326	$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$	2301
3.327	$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$	2309
3.328	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$	2316

3.329	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$	2323
3.330	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} x^2 dx$	2329
3.331	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} x^3 dx$	2335
3.332	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} x^4 dx$	2342
3.333	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} x^5 dx$	2350
3.334	$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	2359
3.335	$\int x^{2/3} (1 + x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx$	2364
3.336	$\int x^{7/3} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx$	2369
3.337	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}} \sqrt[5]{x}} dx$	2374
3.338	$\int x^3 (a + bx^n) dx$	2379
3.339	$\int x^2 (a + bx^n) dx$	2384
3.340	$\int x (a + bx^n) dx$	2389
3.341	$\int (a + bx^n) dx$	2394
3.342	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x} dx$	2399
3.343	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x^2} dx$	2404
3.344	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x^3} dx$	2409
3.345	$\int x^3 (a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2414
3.346	$\int x^2 (a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2420
3.347	$\int x (a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2426
3.348	$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx$	2432
3.349	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x} dx$	2437
3.350	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx$	2442
3.351	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx$	2447
3.352	$\int x^3 (a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2452
3.353	$\int x^2 (a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2458
3.354	$\int x (a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2464
3.355	$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx$	2470
3.356	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x} dx$	2476
3.357	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx$	2481
3.358	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx$	2487
3.359	$\int \frac{x}{a+bx^n} dx$	2493

3.360	$\int \frac{1}{a+bx^n} dx$	2497
3.361	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	2501
3.362	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx$	2507
3.363	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx$	2511
3.364	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2515
3.365	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2520
3.366	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2525
3.367	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2531
3.368	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	2536
3.369	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2541
3.370	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2546
3.371	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2551
3.372	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2557
3.373	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	2562
3.374	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n) dx$	2567
3.375	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n) dx$	2572
3.376	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n) dx$	2577
3.377	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n) dx$	2582
3.378	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x} dx$	2587
3.379	$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n) dx$	2592
3.380	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n) dx$	2597
3.381	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n) dx$	2602
3.382	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n) dx$	2607
3.383	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n) dx$	2612
3.384	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2617
3.385	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2622
3.386	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2627
3.387	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2632
3.388	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x} dx$	2637
3.389	$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2642
3.390	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2647
3.391	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2652
3.392	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2657
3.393	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2662
3.394	$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$	2667
3.395	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2672
3.396	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2677

3.397	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2682
3.398	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2687
3.399	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x} dx$	2692
3.400	$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2697
3.401	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2702
3.402	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2707
3.403	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2712
3.404	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2717
3.405	$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2723
3.406	$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$	2728
3.407	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2733
3.408	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2738
3.409	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2744
3.410	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2750
3.411	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^5}{x} dx$	2755
3.412	$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2760
3.413	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2766
3.414	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2772
3.415	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2778
3.416	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2784
3.417	$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2790
3.418	$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2795
3.419	$\int x^{-1-8n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2801
3.420	$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2807
3.421	$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$	2813
3.422	$\int x^{-1+9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2819
3.423	$\int x^{-1+8n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2825
3.424	$\int x^{-1+7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2831
3.425	$\int x^{-1+6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2837
3.426	$\int x^{-1+5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2843
3.427	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2849
3.428	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2855
3.429	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2861
3.430	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2867
3.431	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^8}{x} dx$	2872
3.432	$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2878
3.433	$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2884
3.434	$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2890

3.435	$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2896
3.436	$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2902
3.437	$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2908
3.438	$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2914
3.439	$\int x^{-1-8n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2920
3.440	$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2926
3.441	$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2932
3.442	$\int x^{-1-11n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2938
3.443	$\int x^{-1-12n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2944
3.444	$\int x^{-1-13n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2950
3.445	$\int x^{-1-14n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2957
3.446	$\int x^{-1-15n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	2963
3.447	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{16} dx$	2969
3.448	$\int x^{12}(a+bx^{13})^{12} dx$	2975
3.449	$\int x^{24}(a+bx^{25})^{12} dx$	2981
3.450	$\int x^{36}(a+bx^{37})^{12} dx$	2987
3.451	$\int x^{12m}(a+bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$	2993
3.452	$\int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a+bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$	2999
3.453	$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3005
3.454	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3010
3.455	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3015
3.456	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3020
3.457	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3025
3.458	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	3030
3.459	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3036
3.460	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3041
3.461	$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3046
3.462	$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3051
3.463	$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3056
3.464	$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3061
3.465	$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3066
3.466	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3071
3.467	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	3076
3.468	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3082
3.469	$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3087
3.470	$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3092
3.471	$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3097

3.472	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3102
3.473	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3107
3.474	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3112
3.475	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3117
3.476	$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx$	3122
3.477	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3128
3.478	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3133
3.479	$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx$	3138
3.480	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3143
3.481	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3148
3.482	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3153
3.483	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3158
3.484	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3163
3.485	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3169
3.486	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3175
3.487	$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3181
3.488	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3187
3.489	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3192
3.490	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3197
3.491	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3202
3.492	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3207
3.493	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3213
3.494	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3219
3.495	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3226
3.496	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3232
3.497	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3240
3.498	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3249
3.499	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3254
3.500	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3260
3.501	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3270
3.502	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3280
3.503	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3286
3.504	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3297

3.505	$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3308
3.506	$\int \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3313
3.507	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx$	3318
3.508	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^2} dx$	3324
3.509	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^3} dx$	3329
3.510	$\int x(a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx$	3334
3.511	$\int (a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx$	3339
3.512	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx$	3344
3.513	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$	3350
3.514	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$	3355
3.515	$\int x(a+bx^n)^{5/2} dx$	3360
3.516	$\int (a+bx^n)^{5/2} dx$	3365
3.517	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx$	3370
3.518	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$	3376
3.519	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$	3381
3.520	$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3386
3.521	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3391
3.522	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3396
3.523	$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3401
3.524	$\int \frac{1}{x^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3406
3.525	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3411
3.526	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3416
3.527	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3421
3.528	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3427
3.529	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3432
3.530	$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3437
3.531	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3442
3.532	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3447
3.533	$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3453
3.534	$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3458
3.535	$\int x^{-1+4n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3463
3.536	$\int x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3469
3.537	$\int x^{-1+2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3475
3.538	$\int x^{-1+n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3480
3.539	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx$	3485

3.540	$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3491
3.541	$\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3497
3.542	$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3503
3.543	$\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$	3509
3.544	$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3516
3.545	$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3522
3.546	$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3528
3.547	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3533
3.548	$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3538
3.549	$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3543
3.550	$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3549
3.551	$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3555
3.552	$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3561
3.553	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{x} dx$	3568
3.554	$\int x^{-1+n} (a+bx^n)^2 dx$	3576
3.555	$\int x^{-1+n} (a+bx^n) dx$	3581
3.556	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3586
3.557	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3591
3.558	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3596
3.559	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}} (a+bx^n)^3 dx$	3601
3.560	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}} (a+bx^n)^2 dx$	3606
3.561	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}} (a+bx^n) dx$	3611
3.562	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3616
3.563	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3621
3.564	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3627
3.565	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}} (a+bx^n)^3 dx$	3634
3.566	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}} (a+bx^n)^2 dx$	3640
3.567	$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}} (a+bx^n) dx$	3645
3.568	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	3650
3.569	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3659
3.570	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3670
3.571	$\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^{1+m}} dx$	3684
3.572	$\int x^m (a+bx^{1+m})^n dx$	3689
3.573	$\int x^m (a+bx^n)^3 dx$	3694
3.574	$\int x^m (a+bx^n)^2 dx$	3701



3.575	$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx$	3707
3.576	$\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^n} dx$	3712
3.577	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	3717
3.578	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	3722
3.579	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^{10}} dx$	3727
3.580	$\int x^m(a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx$	3732
3.581	$\int x^m(a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx$	3737
3.582	$\int x^m(a + bx^{2+2m}) dx$	3742
3.583	$\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^{2+2m}} dx$	3747
3.584	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^2} dx$	3752
3.585	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^3} dx$	3758
3.586	$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$	3764
3.587	$\int x^{-1+n}\sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$	3769
3.588	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3774
3.589	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3779
3.590	$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3784
3.591	$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$	3789
3.592	$\int x^m\sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$	3795
3.593	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3800
3.594	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3805
3.595	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$	3810
3.596	$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3815
3.597	$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3820
3.598	$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3825
3.599	$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3830
3.600	$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3835
3.601	$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3841
3.602	$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3846
3.603	$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3851
3.604	$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx$	3856
3.605	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3862
3.606	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3869
3.607	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3875
3.608	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3881

3.609	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3886
3.610	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3890
3.611	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3895
3.612	$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	3901
3.613	$\int x^m(a+bx^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx$	3907
3.614	$\int x^m(a+bx^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx$	3913
3.615	$\int x^m\sqrt{a+bx^{2+2m}} dx$	3919
3.616	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2+2m}}} dx$	3924
3.617	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx$	3929
3.618	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx$	3934
3.619	$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx$	3939
3.620	$\int x^m\sqrt{1+x^{1+m}} dx$	3945
3.621	$\int x^m\sqrt{a^2+x^{1+m}} dx$	3950
3.622	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} dx$	3955
3.623	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2-m}}} dx$	3960
3.624	$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx$	3965
3.625	$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am+b(2m-n)x^n)}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	3971
3.626	$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx$	3976
3.627	$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx$	3982
3.628	$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx$	3987
3.629	$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx$	3994
3.630	$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^{2/3} dx$	3999
3.631	$\int x^m(a+bx^n)^p dx$	4005
3.632	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	4010
3.633	$\int x^m(bx^n)^p dx$	4015
3.634	$\int x^2(bx^n)^p dx$	4020
3.635	$\int x(bx^n)^p dx$	4025
3.636	$\int (bx^n)^p dx$	4030
3.637	$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx$	4035
3.638	$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$	4040
3.639	$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx$	4045
3.640	$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx$	4050
3.641	$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	4055

3.642	$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	4060
3.643	$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	4065
3.644	$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	4071
3.645	$\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx$	4077
3.646	$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$	4082
3.647	$\int x^{-4-3p}(a+bx^3)^p dx$	4088
3.648	$\int \frac{(a+bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx$	4093
3.649	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$	4099
3.650	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx$	4105
3.651	$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{-n})} dx$	4110
3.652	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^n)^2 dx$	4115
3.653	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^3)^2 dx$	4122
3.654	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^2)^2 dx$	4128
3.655	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx)^2 dx$	4134
3.656	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$	4140
3.657	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$	4145
3.658	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$	4151
3.659	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4157
3.660	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4167
3.661	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4178
3.662	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4183
3.663	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4189
3.664	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4199
3.665	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4210
3.666	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4216
3.667	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4230
3.668	$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4246
3.669	$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4251
3.670	$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4256
3.671	$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4261
3.672	$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a+bx^n} dx$	4266
3.673	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4271
3.674	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4276
3.675	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	4281

3.676	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	4286
3.677	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4291
3.678	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4298
3.679	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4304
3.680	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4310
3.681	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4315
3.682	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4319
3.683	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4324
3.684	$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	4330
3.685	$\int (cx)^m (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4336
3.686	$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4341
3.687	$\int (cx)^{3n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4346
3.688	$\int (cx)^{2n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4352
3.689	$\int (cx)^n (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4358
3.690	$\int (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4364
3.691	$\int (cx)^{-n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4369
3.692	$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4375
3.693	$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4381
3.694	$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4387
3.695	$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4392
3.696	$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4397
3.697	$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4402
3.698	$\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4407
3.699	$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a+bx^n)^p dx$	4413
3.700	$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a+bx^n)^{2p} dx$	4419
3.701	$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a+bx^n)^{2p} dx$	4424

### 3.1 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx$

Optimal result	280
Mathematica [A] (verified)	280
Rubi [A] (verified)	281
Maple [A] (verified)	282
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	282
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	283
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	283
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	284
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	284
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	284

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{2}{11}bx^{11/2}$$

output `1/5*a*x^5+2/11*b*x^(11/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{1}{55}(11a + 10b\sqrt{x}) x^5$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^4,x]`

output `((11*a + 10*b*Sqrt[x])*x^5)/55`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a + b\sqrt{x}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^4 + bx^{9/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{2}{11}bx^{11/2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^4,x]
```

output

```
(a*x^5)/5 + (2*b*x^(11/2))/11
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	14
default	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^4+x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{5} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	26
orering	$\frac{19x^5(a+b\sqrt{x})}{55} - \frac{2x^2\left(\frac{bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{2} + 4(a+b\sqrt{x})x^3\right)}{55}$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/5*a*x^5+2/11*b*x^(11/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{2}{11} bx^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} ax^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/11*b*x^(11/2) + 1/5*a*x^5`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))*x**4,x)`

output `a*x**5/5 + 2*b*x**(11/2)/11`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 166 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.74

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx = & \frac{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}}{11 b^{10}} - \frac{9 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{10} a}{5 b^{10}} + \frac{8 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^9 a^2}{b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{21 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^8 a^3}{b^{10}} + \frac{36 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^4}{b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{42 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a^5}{b^{10}} + \frac{168 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a^6}{5 b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{18 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^7}{b^{10}} + \frac{6 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^8}{b^{10}} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^9}{b^{10}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11/b^10 - 9/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^10*a/b^10 + 8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9*a^2/b^10 - 21*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a^3/b^10 + 36*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^4/b^10 - 42*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^5/b^10 + 168/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^6/b^10 - 18*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^7/b^10 + 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^8/b^10 - (b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^9/b^10`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{2}{11} b x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} a x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/11*b*x^(11/2) + 1/5*a*x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{a x^5}{5} + \frac{2 b x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)`output `(a*x^5)/5 + (2*b*x^(11/2))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{x^5(10\sqrt{x}b + 11a)}{55}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^4,x)`output `(x**5*(10*sqrt(x)*b + 11*a))/55`

## 3.2 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx$

Optimal result	285
Mathematica [A] (verified)	285
Rubi [A] (verified)	286
Maple [A] (verified)	287
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	287
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	288
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	288
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	289
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	289
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	289

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{2}{9}bx^{9/2}$$

output

```
1/4*a*x^4+2/9*b*x^(9/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{1}{36}(9a + 8b\sqrt{x}) x^4$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^3,x]
```

output

```
((9*a + 8*b*Sqrt[x])*x^4)/36
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + b\sqrt{x}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^{7/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{2}{9}bx^{9/2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^3,x]
```

output

```
(a*x^4)/4 + (2*b*x^(9/2))/9
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	14
default	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{4} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	23
orering	$\frac{5(a+b\sqrt{x})x^4}{12} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{2} + 3(a+b\sqrt{x})x^2\right)}{18}$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4*a*x^4+2/9*b*x^(9/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{2}{9} bx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} ax^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/9*b*x^(9/2) + 1/4*a*x^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))*x**3,x)`

output `a*x**4/4 + 2*b*x**(9/2)/9`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 132 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.95

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx = & \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^9}{9b^8} - \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8 a}{4b^8} + \frac{6(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^2}{b^8} \\ & - \frac{35(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a^3}{3b^8} + \frac{14(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a^4}{b^8} \\ & - \frac{21(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^5}{2b^8} + \frac{14(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^6}{3b^8} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^7}{b^8} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9/b^8 - 7/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a/b^8 + 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^2/b^8 - 35/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^3/b^8 + 14*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^4/b^8 - 21/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^5/b^8 + 14/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^6/b^8 - (b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^7/b^8`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{2}{9} b x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} a x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/9*b*x^(9/2) + 1/4*a*x^4`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{a x^4}{4} + \frac{2 b x^{9/2}}{9}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(a*x^4)/4 + (2*b*x^(9/2))/9`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{x^4(8\sqrt{x}b + 9a)}{36}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^3,x)`

output `(x**4*(8*sqrt(x)*b + 9*a))/36`

### 3.3 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx$

Optimal result	290
Mathematica [A] (verified)	290
Rubi [A] (verified)	291
Maple [A] (verified)	292
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	292
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	293
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	293
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	294
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	294
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	294

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{2}{7}bx^{7/2}$$

output `1/3*a*x^3+2/7*b*x^(7/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{1}{21}(7a + 6b\sqrt{x}) x^3$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^2,x]`

output `((7*a + 6*b*Sqrt[x])*x^3)/21`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b\sqrt{x}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^2 + bx^{5/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{2}{7}bx^{7/2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^2,x]
```

output

```
(a*x^3)/3 + (2*b*x^(7/2))/7
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	14
default	$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	20
orering	$\frac{11(a+b\sqrt{x})x^3}{21} - \frac{2x^2\left(\frac{bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2} + 2(a+b\sqrt{x})x\right)}{21}$	36

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/3*a*x^3+2/7*b*x^(7/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{2}{7} bx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} ax^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/7*b*x^(7/2) + 1/3*a*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))*x**2,x)`

output `a*x**3/3 + 2*b*x**(7/2)/7`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(13) = 26.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.16

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7}{7b^6} - \frac{5(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a}{3b^6} + \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a^2}{b^6} - \frac{5(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^3}{b^6} + \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^4}{3b^6} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^5}{b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7/b^6 - 5/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a/b^6 + 4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^2/b^6 - 5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^3/b^6 + 10/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^4/b^6 - (b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^5/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{2}{7} b x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} a x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/7*b*x^(7/2) + 1/3*a*x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{a x^3}{3} + \frac{2 b x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(a*x^3)/3 + (2*b*x^(7/2))/7`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{x^3(6\sqrt{x}b + 7a)}{21}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^2,x)`

output `(x**3*(6*sqrt(x)*b + 7*a))/21`

### 3.4 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx$

Optimal result	295
Mathematica [A] (verified)	295
Rubi [A] (verified)	296
Maple [A] (verified)	297
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	297
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	298
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	298
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	298
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	299
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	299

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{2}{5}bx^{5/2}$$

output `1/2*a*x^2+2/5*b*x^(5/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx = \frac{1}{10}(5a + 4b\sqrt{x}) x^2$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x,x]`

output `((5*a + 4*b*Sqrt[x])*x^2)/10`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{x}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax + bx^{3/2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{2}{5}bx^{5/2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x,x]
```

output

```
(a*x^2)/2 + (2*b*x^(5/2))/5
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a x^2}{2} + \frac{2b x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	14
default	$\frac{a x^2}{2} + \frac{2b x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	14
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a(1+x)}{2} + \frac{2b x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	17
orering	$\frac{7(a+b\sqrt{x})x^2}{10} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{3b\sqrt{x}}{2}+a\right)}{5}$	27

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a*x^2+2/5*b*x^(5/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx = \frac{2}{5} b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} a x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*b*x^(5/2) + 1/2*a*x^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))*x,x)`

output `a*x**2/2 + 2*b*x**(5/2)/5`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs. 2(13) = 26.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5}{5b^4} - \frac{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a}{2b^4} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^2}{b^4} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^3}{b^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5/b^4 - 3/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a/b^4 + 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^2/b^4 - (b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^3/b^4`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx = \frac{2}{5} bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} ax^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*b*x^(5/2) + 1/2*a*x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx = \frac{a x^2}{2} + \frac{2 b x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (2*b*x^(5/2))/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x dx = \frac{x^2(4\sqrt{x}b + 5a)}{10}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x,x)`

output `(x**2*(4*sqrt(x)*b + 5*a))/10`



### 3.5 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	300
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	300
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	301
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	302
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	302
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	303
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	303
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	303
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	304
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	304

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx = ax + \frac{2}{3}bx^{3/2}$$

output `a*x+2/3*b*x^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx = ax + \frac{2}{3}bx^{3/2}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*Sqrt[x],x]`

output `a*x + (2*b*x^(3/2))/3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{2}{3}bx^{3/2}$$

input `Int[a + b*Sqrt[x],x]`

output `a*x + (2*b*x^(3/2))/3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$ax + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	11
default	$ax + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	11
risch	$ax + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	11
parts	$ax + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	11
trager	$a(-1 + x) + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	13
orering	$(a + b\sqrt{x})x - \frac{bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	17

input `int(a+b*x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*x+2/3*b*x^(3/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{2}{3}bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*b*x^(3/2) + a*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx = ax + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$$

input `integrate(a+b*x**(1/2),x)`

output `a*x + 2*b*x**(3/2)/3`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{2}{3}bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*b*x^(3/2) + a*x`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{2}{3}bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*b*x^(3/2) + a*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx = ax + \frac{2bx^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `int(a + b*x^(1/2),x)`

output `a*x + (2*b*x^(3/2))/3`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx = \frac{x(2\sqrt{x}b + 3a)}{3}$$

input `int(a+b*x^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(2*sqrt(x)*b + 3*a))/3`

### 3.6 $\int \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	305
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	305
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	306
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	307
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	307
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	307
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	308
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	308
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	308
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	309

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx = 2b\sqrt{x} + a \log(x)$$

output `2*b*x^(1/2)+a*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx = 2b\sqrt{x} + a \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/x,x]`

output `2*b*Sqrt[x] + a*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a \log(x) + 2b\sqrt{x}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/x,x]`

output `2*b*Sqrt[x] + a*Log[x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$2b\sqrt{x} + a \ln(x)$	12
default	$2b\sqrt{x} + a \ln(x)$	12
trager	$2b\sqrt{x} + a \ln(x)$	12

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*b*x^(1/2)+a*ln(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx = 2a \log(\sqrt{x}) + 2b\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*a*log(sqrt(x)) + 2*b*sqrt(x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx = a \log(x) + 2b\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))/x,x)`

output `a*log(x) + 2*b*sqrt(x)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx = a \log(x) + 2b\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*log(x) + 2*b*sqrt(x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx = a \log(|x|) + 2b\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*log(abs(x)) + 2*b*sqrt(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx = 2b\sqrt{x} + a \ln(x)$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))/x,x)`

output `2*b*x^(1/2) + a*log(x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x} dx = 2\sqrt{x}b + \log(x)a$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x)`

output `2*sqrt(x)*b + log(x)*a`

### 3.7 $\int \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	310
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	310
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	311
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	312
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	312
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	312
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	313
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	313
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	313
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	314

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{2b}{\sqrt{x}}$$

output `-a/x-2*b/x^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-a - 2b\sqrt{x}}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/x^2,x]`

output `(-a - 2*b*Sqrt[x])/x`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{2b}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/x^2,x]`

output `-(a/x) - (2*b)/Sqrt[x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{2b}{\sqrt{x}}$	14
default	$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{2b}{\sqrt{x}}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{2b}{\sqrt{x}}$	16
orering	$-\frac{5(a+b\sqrt{x})}{x} - 2\left(\frac{b}{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x})}{x^3}\right)x^2$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-a/x-2*b/x^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2b\sqrt{x} + a}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(2*b*sqrt(x) + a)/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{2b}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))/x**2,x)`

output `-a/x - 2*b/sqrt(x)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2b\sqrt{x} + a}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(2*b*sqrt(x) + a)/x`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2b\sqrt{x} + a}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(2*b*sqrt(x) + a)/x`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{2b}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x)`

output `- a/x - (2*b)/x^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{x}a - 2bx}{\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x)`

output `( - sqrt(x)*a - 2*b*x)/(sqrt(x)*x)`

### 3.8 $\int \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	315
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	315
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	316
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	317
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	317
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	318
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	318
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	318
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	319
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	319

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{2b}{3x^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*a/x^2-2/3*b/x^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-3a - 4b\sqrt{x}}{6x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(-3*a - 4*b*Sqrt[x])/(6*x^2)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^3} + \frac{b}{x^{5/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{2b}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*a/x^2 - (2*b)/(3*x^(3/2))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{2b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	14
default	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{2b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	14
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a(1+x)}{2x^2} - \frac{2b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	20
orering	$-\frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})}{2x^2} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{b}{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})}{x^4}\right)}{3}$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*a/x^2-2/3*b/x^(3/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{4b\sqrt{x} + 3a}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/6*(4*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a)/x^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{2b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))/x**3,x)`output `-a/(2*x**2) - 2*b/(3*x**(3/2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{4b\sqrt{x} + 3a}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(4*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{4b\sqrt{x} + 3a}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(4*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a)/x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{2b}{3x^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x)`output `- a/(2*x^2) - (2*b)/(3*x^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{x}a - 4bx}{6\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x)`output `( - 3*sqrt(x)*a - 4*b*x)/(6*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

### 3.9 $\int \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	320
Mathematica [A] (verified)	320
Rubi [A] (verified)	321
Maple [A] (verified)	322
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	322
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	323
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	323
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	323
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	324
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	324

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{2b}{5x^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-1/3*a/x^3-2/5*b/x^(5/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-5a - 6b\sqrt{x}}{15x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-5*a - 6*b*Sqrt[x])/(15*x^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^{7/2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{2b}{5x^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*a/x^3 - (2*b)/(5*x^(5/2))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	14
default	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3x^3} - \frac{2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	23
orering	$-\frac{13(a+b\sqrt{x})}{15x^3} - \frac{2x^2\left(\frac{b}{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})}{x^5}\right)}{15}$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/3*a/x^3-2/5*b/x^(5/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6b\sqrt{x} + 5a}{15x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/15*(6*b*sqrt(x) + 5*a)/x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))/x**4,x)`output `-a/(3*x**3) - 2*b/(5*x**(5/2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6b\sqrt{x} + 5a}{15x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/15*(6*b*sqrt(x) + 5*a)/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6b\sqrt{x} + 5a}{15x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/15*(6*b*sqrt(x) + 5*a)/x^3`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{5a + 6b\sqrt{x}}{15x^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x)`output `-(5*a + 6*b*x^(1/2))/(15*x^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-5\sqrt{x}a - 6bx}{15\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x)`output `( - 5*sqrt(x)*a - 6*b*x)/(15*sqrt(x)*x**3)`

### 3.10 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx$

Optimal result	325
Mathematica [A] (verified)	325
Rubi [A] (verified)	326
Maple [A] (verified)	327
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	327
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	328
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	328
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	329
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	329
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	329

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{4}{11} abx^{11/2} + \frac{b^2 x^6}{6}$$

output

```
1/5*a^2*x^5+4/11*a*b*x^(11/2)+1/6*b^2*x^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{330} x^5 (66a^2 + 120ab\sqrt{x} + 55b^2 x)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^4,x]
```

output

```
(x^5*(66*a^2 + 120*a*b*Sqrt[x] + 55*b^2*x))/330
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^{9/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (b^2 x^{11/2} + 2abx^5 + a^2 x^{9/2}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^2 x^5}{10} + \frac{2}{11} abx^{11/2} + \frac{b^2 x^6}{12} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^4,x]`

output `2*((a^2*x^5)/10 + (2*a*b*x^(11/2))/11 + (b^2*x^6)/12)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{b^2 x^6}{6}$	25
default	$\frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{b^2 x^6}{6}$	25
trager	$\frac{(5b^2 x^5 + 6a^2 x^4 + 5b^2 x^4 + 6a^2 x^3 + 5b^2 x^3 + 6a^2 x^2 + 5b^2 x^2 + 6a^2 x + 5b^2 x + 6a^2 + 5b^2)(-1+x)}{30} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	93
orering	$\frac{x^5(-35b^2 x + 38a^2)(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{-110b^2 x + 110a^2} - \frac{x^2(-5b^2 x + 6a^2)\left((a+b\sqrt{x})x^{\frac{7}{2}}b + 4(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3\right)}{165(-b^2 x + a^2)}$	96

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*a^2*x^5+4/11*a*b*x^(11/2)+1/6*b^2*x^6`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{6} b^2 x^6 + \frac{4}{11} abx^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} a^2 x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*b^2*x^6 + 4/11*a*b*x^(11/2) + 1/5*a^2*x^5`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{b^2 x^6}{6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2*x**4,x)`

output `a**2*x**5/5 + 4*a*b*x**(11/2)/11 + b**2*x**6/6`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 166 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.19

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx = & \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{12}}{6b^{10}} - \frac{18(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}a}{11b^{10}} + \frac{36(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{10}a^2}{5b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{56(b\sqrt{x} + a)^9a^3}{3b^{10}} + \frac{63(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8a^4}{2b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{36(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7a^5}{b^{10}} + \frac{28(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6a^6}{b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{72(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5a^7}{5b^{10}} + \frac{9(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4a^8}{2b^{10}} - \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3a^9}{3b^{10}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^12/b^10 - 18/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11*a/b^10 + 36/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^10*a^2/b^10 - 56/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9*a^3/b^10 + 63/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a^4/b^10 - 36*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^5/b^10 + 28*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^6/b^10 - 72/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^7/b^10 + 9/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^8/b^10 - 2/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^9/b^10`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{6} b^2 x^6 + \frac{4}{11} abx^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} a^2 x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*b^2*x^6 + 4/11*a*b*x^(11/2) + 1/5*a^2*x^5`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{b^2 x^6}{6} + \frac{4 a b x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^5)/5 + (b^2*x^6)/6 + (4*a*b*x^(11/2))/11`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{x^5(120\sqrt{x}ab + 66a^2 + 55b^2x)}{330}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^4,x)`

output `(x**5*(120*sqrt(x)*a*b + 66*a**2 + 55*b**2*x))/330`

### 3.11 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	330
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	330
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	331
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	332
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	332
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	333
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	333
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	334
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	334
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	334

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{4}{9} abx^{9/2} + \frac{b^2 x^5}{5}$$

output

```
1/4*a^2*x^4+4/9*a*b*x^(9/2)+1/5*b^2*x^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{180} x^4 (45a^2 + 80ab\sqrt{x} + 36b^2 x)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^3,x]
```

output

```
(x^4*(45*a^2 + 80*a*b*Sqrt[x] + 36*b^2*x))/180
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^{7/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (b^2 x^{9/2} + 2abx^4 + a^2 x^{7/2}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^2 x^4}{8} + \frac{2}{9} abx^{9/2} + \frac{b^2 x^5}{10} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^3,x]`

output `2*((a^2*x^4)/8 + (2*a*b*x^(9/2))/9 + (b^2*x^5)/10)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`



rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2x^4}{4} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{b^2x^5}{5}$	25
default	$\frac{a^2x^4}{4} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{b^2x^5}{5}$	25
trager	$\frac{(4b^2x^4+5a^2x^3+4b^2x^3+5a^2x^2+4b^2x^2+5a^2x+4b^2x+5a^2+4b^2)(-1+x)}{20} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	77
orering	$\frac{x^4(-68b^2x+75a^2)(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{-180b^2x+180a^2} - \frac{x^2(-4b^2x+5a^2)((a+b\sqrt{x})x^{\frac{5}{2}}b+3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2x^2)}{90(-b^2x+a^2)}$	96

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a^2*x^4+4/9*a*b*x^(9/2)+1/5*b^2*x^5`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{5} b^2 x^5 + \frac{4}{9} abx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} a^2 x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*b^2*x^5 + 4/9*a*b*x^(9/2) + 1/4*a^2*x^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{b^2 x^5}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2*x**3,x)`

output `a**2*x**4/4 + 4*a*b*x**(9/2)/9 + b**2*x**5/5`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 132 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.12

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx = & \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{10}}{5b^8} - \frac{14(b\sqrt{x} + a)^9 a}{9b^8} + \frac{21(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8 a^2}{4b^8} \\ & - \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^3}{b^8} + \frac{35(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a^4}{3b^8} \\ & - \frac{42(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a^5}{5b^8} + \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^6}{2b^8} - \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^7}{3b^8} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^10/b^8 - 14/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9*a/b^8 + 21/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a^2/b^8 - 10*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^3/b^8 + 35/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^4/b^8 - 42/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^5/b^8 + 7/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^6/b^8 - 2/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^7/b^8`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{5} b^2 x^5 + \frac{4}{9} abx^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} a^2 x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*b^2*x^5 + 4/9*a*b*x^(9/2) + 1/4*a^2*x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{4 a b x^{9/2}}{9}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `(a^2*x^4)/4 + (b^2*x^5)/5 + (4*a*b*x^(9/2))/9`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{x^4(80\sqrt{x} ab + 45a^2 + 36b^2x)}{180}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^3,x)`output `(x**4*(80*sqrt(x)*a*b + 45*a**2 + 36*b**2*x))/180`

### 3.12 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	335
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	335
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	336
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	337
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	337
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	338
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	338
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	339
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	339
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	339

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{4}{7} abx^{7/2} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{4}$$

output  $1/3*a^2*x^3+4/7*a*b*x^{(7/2)}+1/4*b^2*x^4$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{84} x^3 (28a^2 + 48ab\sqrt{x} + 21b^2 x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^2,x]`

output  $(x^3*(28*a^2 + 48*a*b*Sqrt[x] + 21*b^2*x))/84$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^{5/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (b^2 x^{7/2} + 2abx^3 + a^2 x^{5/2}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^2 x^3}{6} + \frac{2}{7} abx^{7/2} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{8} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^2,x]`

output `2*((a^2*x^3)/6 + (2*a*b*x^(7/2))/7 + (b^2*x^4)/8)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{4}$	25
default	$\frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{4}$	25
trager	$\frac{(3b^2 x^3 + 4a^2 x^2 + 3b^2 x^2 + 4a^2 x + 3b^2 x + 4a^2 + 3b^2)(-1+x)}{12} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	61
orering	$\frac{x^3(-39b^2 x + 44a^2)(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{-84b^2 x + 84a^2} - \frac{x^2(-3b^2 x + 4a^2)((a+b\sqrt{x})x^{\frac{3}{2}}b + 2(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x)}{42(-b^2 x + a^2)}$	94

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*a^2*x^3+4/7*a*b*x^(7/2)+1/4*b^2*x^4`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} b^2 x^4 + \frac{4}{7} abx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*b^2*x^4 + 4/7*a*b*x^(7/2) + 1/3*a^2*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2*x**2,x)`

output `a**2*x**3/3 + 4*a*b*x**(7/2)/7 + b**2*x**4/4`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8}{4b^6} - \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a}{7b^6} + \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a^2}{3b^6} - \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a^3}{b^6} + \frac{5(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^4}{2b^6} - \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^5}{3b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8/b^6 - 10/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a/b^6 + 10/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^2/b^6 - 4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^3/b^6 + 5/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^4/b^6 - 2/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^5/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} b^2 x^4 + \frac{4}{7} abx^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*b^2*x^4 + 4/7*a*b*x^(7/2) + 1/3*a^2*x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{4 a b x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^3)/3 + (b^2*x^4)/4 + (4*a*b*x^(7/2))/7`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{x^3(48\sqrt{x} ab + 28a^2 + 21b^2x)}{84}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^2,x)`

output `(x**3*(48*sqrt(x)*a*b + 28*a**2 + 21*b**2*x))/84`



### 3.13 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	340
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	340
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	341
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	342
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	342
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	343
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	343
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	343
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	344
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	344

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{4}{5} abx^{5/2} + \frac{b^2 x^3}{3}$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*x^2+4/5*a*b*x^(5/2)+1/3*b^2*x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx = \frac{1}{30} x^2 (15a^2 + 24ab\sqrt{x} + 10b^2 x)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x,x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(15*a^2 + 24*a*b*Sqrt[x] + 10*b^2*x))/30
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^{3/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (b^2 x^{5/2} + 2abx^2 + a^2 x^{3/2}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^2 x^2}{4} + \frac{2}{5} abx^{5/2} + \frac{b^2 x^3}{6} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x,x]`

output `2*((a^2*x^2)/4 + (2*a*b*x^(5/2))/5 + (b^2*x^3)/6)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{b^2x^3}{3}$	25
default	$\frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{b^2x^3}{3}$	25
trager	$\frac{(2b^2x^2+3a^2x+2b^2x+3a^2+2b^2)(-1+x)}{6} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	45
orering	$\frac{x^2(-6b^2x+7a^2)(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{-10b^2x+10a^2} - \frac{x^2(-2b^2x+3a^2)((a+b\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}b+(a+b\sqrt{x})^2)}{15(-b^2x+a^2)}$	91

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a^2*x^2+4/5*a*b*x^(5/2)+1/3*b^2*x^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx = \frac{1}{3} b^2 x^3 + \frac{4}{5} abx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*b^2*x^3 + 4/5*a*b*x^(5/2) + 1/2*a^2*x^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{b^2 x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2*x,x)`

output `a**2*x**2/2 + 4*a*b*x**(5/2)/5 + b**2*x**3/3`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx = \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6}{3b^4} - \frac{6(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a}{5b^4} + \frac{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^2}{2b^4} - \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^3}{3b^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6/b^4 - 6/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a/b^4 + 3/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^2/b^4 - 2/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^3/b^4`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx = \frac{1}{3} b^2 x^3 + \frac{4}{5} abx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*b^2*x^3 + 4/5*a*b*x^(5/2) + 1/2*a^2*x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{4 a b x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^2)/2 + (b^2*x^3)/3 + (4*a*b*x^(5/2))/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x dx = \frac{x^2(24\sqrt{x}ab + 15a^2 + 10b^2x)}{30}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x,x)`

output `(x**2*(24*sqrt(x)*a*b + 15*a**2 + 10*b**2*x))/30`

### 3.14 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	345
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	345
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	346
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	347
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	347
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	348
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	348
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	348
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	349
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	349

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{4}{3}abx^{3/2} + \frac{b^2x^2}{2}$$

output

```
a^2*x+4/3*a*b*x^(3/2)+1/2*b^2*x^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx = \frac{1}{6}x(6a^2 + 8ab\sqrt{x} + 3b^2x)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*(6*a^2 + 8*a*b*Sqrt[x] + 3*b^2*x))/6
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int (\sqrt{x}a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^{3/2}) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{a^2x}{2} + \frac{2}{3}abx^{3/2} + \frac{b^2x^2}{4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2,x]`

output `2*((a^2*x)/2 + (2*a*b*x^(3/2))/3 + (b^2*x^2)/4)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$a^2x + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^2x^2}{2}$	22
default	$a^2x + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^2x^2}{2}$	22
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(b^2x+2a^2+b^2)}{2} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	28
orering	$\frac{x(-5b^2x+6a^2)(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{-6b^2x+6a^2} - \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}(-b^2x+2a^2)(a+b\sqrt{x})b}{3(-b^2x+a^2)}$	75

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*x+4/3*a*b*x^(3/2)+1/2*b^2*x^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} b^2 x^2 + \frac{4}{3} abx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^2 x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*b^2*x^2 + 4/3*a*b*x^(3/2) + a^2*x`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^2x^2}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2,x)`output `a**2*x + 4*a*b*x**(3/2)/3 + b**2*x**2/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx = \frac{1}{2}b^2x^2 + \frac{4}{3}abx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*b^2*x^2 + 4/3*a*b*x^(3/2) + a^2*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx = \frac{1}{2}b^2x^2 + \frac{4}{3}abx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*b^2*x^2 + 4/3*a*b*x^(3/2) + a^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{b^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{4 a b x^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `a^2*x + (b^2*x^2)/2 + (4*a*b*x^(3/2))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx = \frac{x(8\sqrt{x} ab + 6a^2 + 3b^2 x)}{6}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `(x*(8*sqrt(x)*a*b + 6*a**2 + 3*b**2*x))/6`

### 3.15 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx$

Optimal result	350
Mathematica [A] (verified)	350
Rubi [A] (verified)	351
Maple [A] (verified)	352
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	352
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	353
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	353
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	353
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	354
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	354

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx = 4ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x + a^2 \log(x)$$

output `4*a*b*x^(1/2)+b^2*x+a^2*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx = 4ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x + a^2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x,x]`

output `4*a*b*Sqrt[x] + b^2*x + a^2*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 2ba + b^2\sqrt{x} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( a^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 2ab\sqrt{x} + \frac{b^2x}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x,x]`

output `2*(2*a*b*Sqrt[x] + (b^2*x)/2 + a^2*Log[Sqrt[x]])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$4ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x + a^2 \ln(x)$	20
default	$4ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x + a^2 \ln(x)$	20
trager	$b^2(-1 + x) + 4ab\sqrt{x} + a^2 \ln(x)$	22

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4*a*b*x^(1/2)+b^2*x+a^2*ln(x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx = b^2x + 2a^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 4ab\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `b^2*x + 2*a^2*log(sqrt(x)) + 4*a*b*sqrt(x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx = a^2 \log(x) + 4ab\sqrt{x} + b^2x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2/x,x)`output `a**2*log(x) + 4*a*b*sqrt(x) + b**2*x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx = b^2x + a^2 \log(x) + 4ab\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^2*x + a^2*log(x) + 4*a*b*sqrt(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx = b^2x + a^2 \log(|x|) + 4ab\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))**2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^2*x + a^2*log(abs(x)) + 4*a*b*sqrt(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx = 2a^2 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + b^2 x + 4ab\sqrt{x}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x)`

output `2*a^2*log(x^(1/2)) + b^2*x + 4*a*b*x^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x} dx = 4\sqrt{x} ab + \log(x) a^2 + b^2 x$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x)`

output `4*sqrt(x)*a*b + log(x)*a**2 + b**2*x`

### 3.16 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	355
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	355
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	356
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	357
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	357
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	358
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	358
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	358
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	359
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	359

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{4ab}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2 \log(x)$$

output `-a^2/x-4*a*b/x^(1/2)+b^2*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a(a + 4b\sqrt{x})}{x} + b^2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x^2,x]`

output `-((a*(a + 4*b*Sqrt[x]))/x) + b^2*Log[x]`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{2ba}{x} + \frac{b^2}{\sqrt{x}} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^2}{2x} - \frac{2ab}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x^2,x]`

output `2*(-1/2*a^2/x - (2*a*b)/Sqrt[x] + b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{4ab}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2 \ln(x)$	23
default	$-\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{4ab}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2 \ln(x)$	23
trager	$\frac{a^2(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{4ab}{\sqrt{x}} - b^2 \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	28

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-a^2/x-4*a*b/x^(1/2)+b^2*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{2b^2x \log(\sqrt{x}) - 4ab\sqrt{x} - a^2}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(2*b^2*x*log(sqrt(x)) - 4*a*b*sqrt(x) - a^2)/x
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{4ab}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2/x**2,x)`output `-a**2/x - 4*a*b/sqrt(x) + b**2*log(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx = b^2 \log(x) - \frac{4ab\sqrt{x} + a^2}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^2*log(x) - (4*a*b*sqrt(x) + a^2)/x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx = b^2 \log(|x|) - \frac{4ab\sqrt{x} + a^2}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^2*log(abs(x)) - (4*a*b*sqrt(x) + a^2)/x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx = 2b^2 \ln(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{a^2 + 4ab\sqrt{x}}{x}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x)`

output `2*b^2*log(x^(1/2)) - (a^2 + 4*a*b*x^(1/2))/x`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \log(x) b^2 x - \sqrt{x} a^2 - 4abx}{\sqrt{x} x}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x)`

output `(sqrt(x)*log(x)*b**2*x - sqrt(x)*a**2 - 4*a*b*x)/(sqrt(x)*x)`

$$3.17 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	360
Mathematica [A] (verified)	360
Rubi [A] (verified)	361
Maple [A] (verified)	362
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	362
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	363
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	363
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	363
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	364
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	364

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{4ab}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2}{x}$$

output `-1/2*a^2/x^2-4/3*a*b/x^(3/2)-b^2/x`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{-3a^2 - 8ab\sqrt{x} - 6b^2x}{6x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x^3,x]`

output `(-3*a^2 - 8*a*b*Sqrt[x] - 6*b^2*x)/(6*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{2ba}{x^2} + \frac{b^2}{x^{3/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^2}{4x^2} - \frac{2ab}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2}{2x} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x^3,x]`

output `2*(-1/4*a^2/x^2 - (2*a*b)/(3*x^(3/2)) - b^2/(2*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{4ab}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{x}$	25
default	$-\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{4ab}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{x}$	25
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^2x+2b^2x+a^2)}{2x^2} - \frac{4ab}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	32
orering	$-\frac{(-14b^2x+9a^2)(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{6x^2(-b^2x+a^2)} - \frac{(-2b^2x+a^2)x^2\left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})b}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4}\right)}{3(-b^2x+a^2)}$	94

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*a^2/x^2-4/3*a*b/x^(3/2)-b^2/x`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6b^2x + 8ab\sqrt{x} + 3a^2}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(6*b^2*x + 8*a*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a^2)/x^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{4ab}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2/x**3,x)`output `-a**2/(2*x**2) - 4*a*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - b**2/x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6b^2x + 8ab\sqrt{x} + 3a^2}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*(6*b^2*x + 8*a*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a^2)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6b^2x + 8ab\sqrt{x} + 3a^2}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(6*b^2*x + 8*a*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a^2)/x^2`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6b^2x + 3a^2 + 8ab\sqrt{x}}{6x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x)`output `-(6*b^2*x + 3*a^2 + 8*a*b*x^(1/2))/(6*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{-3\sqrt{x}a^2 - 6\sqrt{x}b^2x - 8abx}{6\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x)`output `( - 3*sqrt(x)*a**2 - 6*sqrt(x)*b**2*x - 8*a*b*x)/(6*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

$$3.18 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	365
Mathematica [A] (verified)	365
Rubi [A] (verified)	366
Maple [A] (verified)	367
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	367
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	368
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	368
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	368
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	369
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	369

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{4ab}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{b^2}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/3*a^2/x^3-4/5*a*b/x^(5/2)-1/2*b^2/x^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{-10a^2 - 24ab\sqrt{x} - 15b^2x}{30x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x^4,x]`

output `(-10*a^2 - 24*a*b*Sqrt[x] - 15*b^2*x)/(30*x^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^{7/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{2ba}{x^3} + \frac{b^2}{x^{5/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^2}{6x^3} - \frac{2ab}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{b^2}{4x^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x^4,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/6*a^2/x^3 - (2*a*b)/(5*x^(5/2)) - b^2/(4*x^2))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{4ab}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{2x^2}$	25
default	$-\frac{a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{4ab}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{2x^2}$	25
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2a^2x^2+3b^2x^2+2a^2x+3b^2x+2a^2)}{6x^3} - \frac{4ab}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	51
orering	$-\frac{(-33b^2x+26a^2)(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{30x^3(-b^2x+a^2)} - \frac{(-3b^2x+2a^2)x^2\left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})b}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5}\right)}{15(-b^2x+a^2)}$	96

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*a^2/x^3-4/5*a*b/x^(5/2)-1/2*b^2/x^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{15b^2x + 24ab\sqrt{x} + 10a^2}{30x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/30*(15*b^2*x + 24*a*b*sqrt(x) + 10*a^2)/x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{4ab}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2/x**4,x)`output `-a**2/(3*x**3) - 4*a*b/(5*x**(5/2)) - b**2/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{15b^2x + 24ab\sqrt{x} + 10a^2}{30x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/30*(15*b^2*x + 24*a*b*sqrt(x) + 10*a^2)/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{15b^2x + 24ab\sqrt{x} + 10a^2}{30x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/30*(15*b^2*x + 24*a*b*sqrt(x) + 10*a^2)/x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{15b^2x + 10a^2 + 24ab\sqrt{x}}{30x^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x)`output `-(15*b^2*x + 10*a^2 + 24*a*b*x^(1/2))/(30*x^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{-10\sqrt{x}a^2 - 15\sqrt{x}b^2x - 24abx}{30\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x)`output `( - 10*sqrt(x)*a**2 - 15*sqrt(x)*b**2*x - 24*a*b*x)/(30*sqrt(x)*x**3)`

$$3.19 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	370
Mathematica [A] (verified)	370
Rubi [A] (verified)	371
Maple [A] (verified)	372
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	372
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	373
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	373
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	373
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	374
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	374

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^2}{4x^4} - \frac{4ab}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{b^2}{3x^3}$$

output `-1/4*a^2/x^4-4/7*a*b/x^(7/2)-1/3*b^2/x^3`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx = \frac{-21a^2 - 48ab\sqrt{x} - 28b^2x}{84x^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x^5,x]`

output `(-21*a^2 - 48*a*b*Sqrt[x] - 28*b^2*x)/(84*x^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^{9/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{2ba}{x^4} + \frac{b^2}{x^{7/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^2}{8x^4} - \frac{2ab}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{b^2}{6x^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2/x^5,x]`

output `2*(-1/8*a^2/x^4 - (2*a*b)/(7*x^(7/2)) - b^2/(6*x^3))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`



rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	$-\frac{a^2}{4x^4} - \frac{4ab}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{3x^3}$	25
default	$-\frac{a^2}{4x^4} - \frac{4ab}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{3x^3}$	25
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(3a^2x^3+4b^2x^3+3a^2x^2+4b^2x^2+3a^2x+4b^2x+3a^2)}{12x^4} - \frac{4ab}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	67
orering	$-\frac{(-20b^2x+17a^2)(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{28x^4(-b^2x+a^2)} - \frac{(-4b^2x+3a^2)x^2\left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})b}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{5(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^6}\right)}{42(-b^2x+a^2)}$	96

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*a^2/x^4-4/7*a*b/x^(7/2)-1/3*b^2/x^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{28b^2x + 48ab\sqrt{x} + 21a^2}{84x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/84*(28*b^2*x + 48*a*b*sqrt(x) + 21*a^2)/x^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^2}{4x^4} - \frac{4ab}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2/x**5,x)`output `-a**2/(4*x**4) - 4*a*b/(7*x**(7/2)) - b**2/(3*x**3)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{28b^2x + 48ab\sqrt{x} + 21a^2}{84x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/84*(28*b^2*x + 48*a*b*sqrt(x) + 21*a^2)/x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{28b^2x + 48ab\sqrt{x} + 21a^2}{84x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/84*(28*b^2*x + 48*a*b*sqrt(x) + 21*a^2)/x^4`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx = -\frac{28 b^2 x + 21 a^2 + 48 a b \sqrt{x}}{84 x^4}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^2/x^5,x)`

output `-(28*b^2*x + 21*a^2 + 48*a*b*x^(1/2))/(84*x^4)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}{x^5} dx = \frac{-21\sqrt{x} a^2 - 28\sqrt{x} b^2 x - 48 a b x}{84\sqrt{x} x^4}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^5,x)`

output `( - 21*sqrt(x)*a**2 - 28*sqrt(x)*b**2*x - 48*a*b*x)/(84*sqrt(x)*x**4)`

## 3.20 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx$

Optimal result	375
Mathematica [A] (verified)	375
Rubi [A] (verified)	376
Maple [A] (verified)	377
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	377
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	378
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	378
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	379
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	379
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	379

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{6}{11} a^2 b x^{11/2} + \frac{1}{2} a b^2 x^6 + \frac{2}{13} b^3 x^{13/2}$$

output

```
1/5*a^3*x^5+6/11*a^2*b*x^(11/2)+1/2*a*b^2*x^6+2/13*b^3*x^(13/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{x^5(286a^3 + 780a^2b\sqrt{x} + 715ab^2x + 220b^3x^{3/2})}{1430}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^4,x]
```

output

```
(x^5*(286*a^3 + 780*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] + 715*a*b^2*x + 220*b^3*x^(3/2)))/1430
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^{9/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (b^3 x^6 + 3ab^2 x^{11/2} + 3a^2 b x^5 + a^3 x^{9/2}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^3 x^5}{10} + \frac{3}{11} a^2 b x^{11/2} + \frac{1}{4} a b^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{13} b^3 x^{13/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^4,x]`

output `2*((a^3*x^5)/10 + (3*a^2*b*x^(11/2))/11 + (a*b^2*x^6)/4 + (b^3*x^(13/2))/13)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{a b^2 x^6}{2} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$
default	$\frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{a b^2 x^6}{2} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$
trager	$\frac{a(5b^2 x^5 + 2a^2 x^4 + 5b^2 x^4 + 2a^2 x^3 + 5b^2 x^3 + 2a^2 x^2 + 5b^2 x^2 + 2a^2 x + 5b^2 x + 2a^2 + 5b^2)(-1+x)}{10} + \frac{2b x^{\frac{11}{2}}(11b^2 x + 39a^2)}{143}$
oring	$\frac{x^5(1265b^4 x^2 - 2709a^2 b^2 x + 1482a^4)(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{4290(-b^2 x + a^2)^2} - \frac{x^2(55b^4 x^2 - 129a^2 b^2 x + 78a^4) \left( \frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}} b}{2} + 4(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 \right)}{2145(-b^2 x + a^2)^2}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/5*a^3*x^5+6/11*a^2*b*x^(11/2)+1/2*a*b^2*x^6+2/13*b^3*x^(13/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{2} ab^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} a^3 x^5 + \frac{2}{143} (11 b^3 x^6 + 39 a^2 b x^5) \sqrt{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*a*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*a^3*x^5 + 2/143*(11*b^3*x^6 + 39*a^2*b*x^5)*sqrt(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{ab^2 x^6}{2} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3*x**4,x)`

output `a**3*x**5/5 + 6*a**2*b*x**(11/2)/11 + a*b**2*x**6/2 + 2*b**3*x**(13/2)/13`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 166 vs.  $2(35) = 70$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.53

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx = & \frac{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{13}}{13 b^{10}} - \frac{3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{12} a}{2 b^{10}} + \frac{72 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11} a^2}{11 b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{84 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{10} a^3}{5 b^{10}} + \frac{28 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^9 a^4}{b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{63 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^8 a^5}{2 b^{10}} + \frac{24 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^6}{b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{12 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a^7}{b^{10}} + \frac{18 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a^8}{5 b^{10}} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^9}{2 b^{10}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/13*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^13/b^10 - 3/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^12*a/b^10 + 72/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11*a^2/b^10 - 84/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^10*a^3/b^10 + 28*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9*a^4/b^10 - 63/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a^5/b^10 + 24*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^6/b^10 - 12*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^7/b^10 + 18/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^8/b^10 - 1/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^9/b^10`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{2}{13} b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} ab^2 x^6 + \frac{6}{11} a^2 b x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} a^3 x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/13*b^3*x^(13/2) + 1/2*a*b^2*x^6 + 6/11*a^2*b*x^(11/2) + 1/5*a^3*x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{2b^3 x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{ab^2 x^6}{2} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^5)/5 + (2*b^3*x^(13/2))/13 + (a*b^2*x^6)/2 + (6*a^2*b*x^(11/2))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{x^5(780\sqrt{x}a^2b + 220\sqrt{x}b^3x + 286a^3 + 715ab^2x)}{1430}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^4,x)`output `(x**5*(780*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 220*sqrt(x)*b**3*x + 286*a**3 + 715*a*b**2*x))/1430`



## 3.21 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	380
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	380
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	381
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	382
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	382
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	383
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	383
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	384
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	384
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	384

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{2}{3} a^2 b x^{9/2} + \frac{3}{5} a b^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{11} b^3 x^{11/2}$$

output  $1/4*a^3*x^4+2/3*a^2*b*x^(9/2)+3/5*a*b^2*x^5+2/11*b^3*x^(11/2)$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{660} (165a^3x^4 + 440a^2bx^{9/2} + 396ab^2x^5 + 120b^3x^{11/2})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^3,x]`

output  $(165*a^3*x^4 + 440*a^2*b*x^(9/2) + 396*a*b^2*x^5 + 120*b^3*x^(11/2))/660$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^{7/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (b^3 x^5 + 3ab^2 x^{9/2} + 3a^2 b x^4 + a^3 x^{7/2}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^3 x^4}{8} + \frac{1}{3} a^2 b x^{9/2} + \frac{3}{10} a b^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{11} b^3 x^{11/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^3,x]`

output `2*((a^3*x^4)/8 + (a^2*b*x^(9/2))/3 + (3*a*b^2*x^5)/10 + (b^3*x^(11/2))/11)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativdivides	$\frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{2a^2 b x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3a b^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	36
default	$\frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{2a^2 b x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3a b^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$	36
trager	$\frac{a(12b^2x^4+5a^2x^3+12b^2x^3+5a^2x^2+12b^2x^2+5a^2x+12b^2x+5a^2+12b^2)(-1+x)}{20} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{9}{2}}(3b^2x+11a^2)}{33}$	89
oring	$\frac{x^4(228b^4x^2-493a^2b^2x+275a^4)(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{660(-b^2x+a^2)^2} - \frac{x^2(36b^4x^2-87a^2b^2x+55a^4)\left(\frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}b}{2}+3(a+b\sqrt{x})^3x^2\right)}{990(-b^2x+a^2)^2}$	12

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a^3*x^4+2/3*a^2*b*x^(9/2)+3/5*a*b^2*x^5+2/11*b^3*x^(11/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{3}{5} ab^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^3 x^4 + \frac{2}{33} (3b^3 x^5 + 11a^2 b x^4) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/5*a*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*a^3*x^4 + 2/33*(3*b^3*x^5 + 11*a^2*b*x^4)*sqrt(x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{2a^2 b x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3ab^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3*x**3,x)`

output `a**3*x**4/4 + 2*a**2*b*x**(9/2)/3 + 3*a*b**2*x**5/5 + 2*b**3*x**(11/2)/11`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 132 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.81

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx = & \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}}{11b^8} - \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{10}a}{5b^8} + \frac{14(b\sqrt{x} + a)^9a^2}{3b^8} \\ & - \frac{35(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8a^3}{4b^8} + \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7a^4}{b^8} \\ & - \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6a^5}{b^8} + \frac{14(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5a^6}{5b^8} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4a^7}{2b^8} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11/b^8 - 7/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^10*a/b^8 + 14/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9*a^2/b^8 - 35/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a^3/b^8 + 10*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^4/b^8 - 7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^5/b^8 + 14/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^6/b^8 - 1/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^7/b^8`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{2}{11} b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{3}{5} ab^2 x^5 + \frac{2}{3} a^2 b x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} a^3 x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/11*b^3*x^(11/2) + 3/5*a*b^2*x^5 + 2/3*a^2*b*x^(9/2) + 1/4*a^3*x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{2b^3 x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{3ab^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{2a^2 b x^{9/2}}{3}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^4)/4 + (2*b^3*x^(11/2))/11 + (3*a*b^2*x^5)/5 + (2*a^2*b*x^(9/2))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{x^4(440\sqrt{x}a^2b + 120\sqrt{x}b^3x + 165a^3 + 396ab^2x)}{660}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^3,x)`output `(x**4*(440*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 120*sqrt(x)*b**3*x + 165*a**3 + 396*a*b**2*x))/660`

## 3.22 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	385
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	385
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	386
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	387
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	387
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	388
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	388
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	389
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	389
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	389

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{6}{7} a^2 b x^{7/2} + \frac{3}{4} a b^2 x^4 + \frac{2}{9} b^3 x^{9/2}$$

output  $1/3*a^3*x^3+6/7*a^2*b*x^{(7/2)}+3/4*a*b^2*x^4+2/9*b^3*x^{(9/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{252} (84a^3 x^3 + 216a^2 b x^{7/2} + 189a b^2 x^4 + 56b^3 x^{9/2})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^2,x]`

output  $(84*a^3*x^3 + 216*a^2*b*x^{(7/2)} + 189*a*b^2*x^4 + 56*b^3*x^{(9/2)})/252$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^{5/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (b^3 x^4 + 3ab^2 x^{7/2} + 3a^2 b x^3 + a^3 x^{5/2}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^3 x^3}{6} + \frac{3}{7} a^2 b x^{7/2} + \frac{3}{8} a b^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{9} b^3 x^{9/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^2,x]`

output `2*((a^3*x^3)/6 + (3*a^2*b*x^(7/2))/7 + (3*a*b^2*x^4)/8 + (b^3*x^(9/2))/9)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{3a b^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	36
default	$\frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{3a b^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$	36
trager	$\frac{a(9b^2 x^3 + 4a^2 x^2 + 9b^2 x^2 + 4a^2 x + 9b^2 x + 4a^2 + 9b^2)(-1+x)}{12} + \frac{2b x^{\frac{7}{2}}(7b^2 x + 27a^2)}{63}$	73
oring	$\frac{x^3(315b^4 x^2 - 689a^2 b^2 x + 396a^4)(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{756(-b^2 x + a^2)^2} - \frac{x^2(21b^4 x^2 - 53a^2 b^2 x + 36a^4) \left( \frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} b}{2} + 2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x \right)}{378(-b^2 x + a^2)^2}$	119

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*a^3*x^3+6/7*a^2*b*x^(7/2)+3/4*a*b^2*x^4+2/9*b^3*x^(9/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{3}{4} ab^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3 + \frac{2}{63} (7b^3 x^4 + 27a^2 b x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/4*a*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*a^3*x^3 + 2/63*(7*b^3*x^4 + 27*a^2*b*x^3)*sqrt(x)`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{3ab^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3*x**2,x)`

output `a**3*x**3/3 + 6*a**2*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 3*a*b**2*x**4/4 + 2*b**3*x**(9/2)/9`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^9}{9b^6} - \frac{5(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8 a}{4b^6} + \frac{20(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^2}{7b^6} - \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a^3}{3b^6} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a^4}{b^6} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^5}{2b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9/b^6 - 5/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a/b^6 + 20/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^2/b^6 - 10/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^3/b^6 + 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^4/b^6 - 1/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^5/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{2}{9} b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{3}{4} a b^2 x^4 + \frac{6}{7} a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/9*b^3*x^(9/2) + 3/4*a*b^2*x^4 + 6/7*a^2*b*x^(7/2) + 1/3*a^3*x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{2b^3 x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{3ab^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^3)/3 + (2*b^3*x^(9/2))/9 + (3*a*b^2*x^4)/4 + (6*a^2*b*x^(7/2))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{x^3(216\sqrt{x}a^2b + 56\sqrt{x}b^3x + 84a^3 + 189ab^2x)}{252}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^2,x)`output `(x**3*(216*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 56*sqrt(x)*b**3*x + 84*a**3 + 189*a*b**2*x))/252`

### 3.23 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	390
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	390
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	391
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	392
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	392
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	393
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	393
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	393
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	394
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	394

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx = \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{6}{5} a^2 b x^{5/2} + ab^2 x^3 + \frac{2}{7} b^3 x^{7/2}$$

output

```
1/2*a^3*x^2+6/5*a^2*b*x^(5/2)+a*b^2*x^3+2/7*b^3*x^(7/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx = \frac{1}{70} (35a^3 x^2 + 84a^2 b x^{5/2} + 70ab^2 x^3 + 20b^3 x^{7/2})$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x,x]
```

output

```
(35*a^3*x^2 + 84*a^2*b*x^(5/2) + 70*a*b^2*x^3 + 20*b^3*x^(7/2))/70
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^{3/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (x^{3/2}a^3 + 3bx^2a^2 + 3b^2x^{5/2}a + b^3x^3) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^3x^2}{4} + \frac{3}{5}a^2bx^{5/2} + \frac{1}{2}ab^2x^3 + \frac{1}{7}b^3x^{7/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x,x]`

output `2*((a^3*x^2)/4 + (3*a^2*b*x^(5/2))/5 + (a*b^2*x^3)/2 + (b^3*x^(7/2))/7)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + a b^2 x^3 + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	35
default	$\frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + a b^2 x^3 + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	35
trager	$\frac{a(2b^2 x^2 + a^2 x + 2b^2 x + a^2 + 2b^2)(-1+x)}{2} + \frac{2b x^{\frac{5}{2}}(5b^2 x + 21a^2)}{35}$	54
orering	$\frac{x^2(110b^4 x^2 - 243a^2 b^2 x + 147a^4)(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{210(-b^2 x + a^2)^2} - \frac{x^2(10b^4 x^2 - 27a^2 b^2 x + 21a^4) \left( \frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x} b}{2} + (a+b\sqrt{x})^3 \right)}{105(-b^2 x + a^2)^2}$	116

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a^3*x^2+6/5*a^2*b*x^(5/2)+a*b^2*x^3+2/7*b^3*x^(7/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx = ab^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^3 x^2 + \frac{2}{35} (5b^3 x^3 + 21a^2 b x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `a*b^2*x^3 + 1/2*a^3*x^2 + 2/35*(5*b^3*x^3 + 21*a^2*b*x^2)*sqrt(x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx = \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + ab^2 x^3 + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3*x,x)`output `a**3*x**2/2 + 6*a**2*b*x**(5/2)/5 + a*b**2*x**3 + 2*b**3*x**(7/2)/7`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7}{7b^4} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a}{b^4} + \frac{6(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a^2}{5b^4} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^3}{2b^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7/b^4 - (b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a/b^4 + 6/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^2/b^4 - 1/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^3/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx = \frac{2}{7} b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + ab^2 x^3 + \frac{6}{5} a^2 b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} a^3 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/7*b^3*x^(7/2) + a*b^2*x^3 + 6/5*a^2*b*x^(5/2) + 1/2*a^3*x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx = \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{2b^3 x^{7/2}}{7} + ab^2 x^3 + \frac{6a^2 b x^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^2)/2 + (2*b^3*x^(7/2))/7 + a*b^2*x^3 + (6*a^2*b*x^(5/2))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x dx = \frac{x^2(84\sqrt{x}a^2b + 20\sqrt{x}b^3x + 35a^3 + 70ab^2x)}{70}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x,x)`output `(x**2*(84*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 20*sqrt(x)*b**3*x + 35*a**3 + 70*a*b**2*x))/70`

## 3.24 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	395
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	395
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	396
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	397
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	397
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	398
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	398
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	398
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	399
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	399

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx = -\frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^4}{2b^2} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{5b^2}$$

output `-1/2*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^4/b^2+2/5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/b^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx = \frac{1}{10}(10a^3x + 20a^2bx^{3/2} + 15ab^2x^2 + 4b^3x^{5/2})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3,x]`

output `(10*a^3*x + 20*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + 15*a*b^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*x^(5/2))/10`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^4}{b} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{b} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{5b^2} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^4}{4b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/4*(a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4)/b^2 + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/(5*b^2))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; Fre  
eQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	$\frac{2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{2} + 2a^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^3x$	33
default	$\frac{2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{2} + 2a^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^3x$	33
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(3b^2x+2a^2+3b^2)a}{2} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}(b^2x+5a^2)}{5}$	42
oring	$-\frac{(-7b^6x^3+15a^2b^4x^2+10a^6)(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{10b^2(-b^2x+a^2)^2} + \frac{3(-b^6x^3+3a^2b^4x^2+10a^6)\sqrt{x}(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{10b(-b^2x+a^2)^2}$	107

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/5*b^3*x^(5/2)+3/2*a*b^2*x^2+2*a^2*b*x^(3/2)+a^3*x`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx = \frac{3}{2} ab^2x^2 + a^3x + \frac{2}{5} (b^3x^2 + 5a^2bx)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/2*a*b^2*x^2 + a^3*x + 2/5*(b^3*x^2 + 5*a^2*b*x)*sqrt(x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx = a^3x + 2a^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{2} + \frac{2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3,x)`output `a**3*x + 2*a**2*b*x**(3/2) + 3*a*b**2*x**2/2 + 2*b**3*x**(5/2)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx = \frac{2}{5}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^2 + 2a^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^3x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/5*b^3*x^(5/2) + 3/2*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + a^3*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx = \frac{2}{5}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^2 + 2a^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^3x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/5*b^3*x^(5/2) + 3/2*a*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^2*b*x^(3/2) + a^3*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx = a^3 x + \frac{2b^3 x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{3ab^2 x^2}{2} + 2a^2 b x^{3/2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `a^3*x + (2*b^3*x^(5/2))/5 + (3*a*b^2*x^2)/2 + 2*a^2*b*x^(3/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx = \frac{x(20\sqrt{x}a^2b + 4\sqrt{x}b^3x + 10a^3 + 15ab^2x)}{10}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `(x*(20*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 4*sqrt(x)*b**3*x + 10*a**3 + 15*a*b**2*x))/10`

### 3.25 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx$

Optimal result	400
Mathematica [A] (verified)	400
Rubi [A] (verified)	401
Maple [A] (verified)	402
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	402
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	403
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	403
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	403
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	404
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	404

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx = 6a^2b\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2x + \frac{2}{3}b^3x^{3/2} + a^3 \log(x)$$

output `6*a^2*b*x^(1/2)+3*a*b^2*x+2/3*b^3*x^(3/2)+a^3*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx = 6a^2b\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2x + \frac{2}{3}b^3x^{3/2} + a^3 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x,x]`

output `6*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] + 3*a*b^2*x + (2*b^3*x^(3/2))/3 + a^3*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 3ba^2 + 3b^2\sqrt{x}a + b^3x \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( a^3 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 3a^2b\sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x + \frac{1}{3}b^3x^{3/2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x,x]`

output `2*(3*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] + (3*a*b^2*x)/2 + (b^3*x^(3/2))/3 + a^3*Log[Sqrt[x]])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivatividivides	$6a^2b\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2x + \frac{2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + a^3 \ln(x)$	32
default	$6a^2b\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2x + \frac{2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + a^3 \ln(x)$	32
trager	$3ab^2(-1 + x) + \frac{2(b^2x + 9a^2)b\sqrt{x}}{3} + a^3 \ln(x)$	34

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
6*a^2*b*x^(1/2)+3*a*b^2*x+2/3*b^3*x^(3/2)+a^3*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx = 3ab^2x + 2a^3 \log(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{2}{3}(b^3x + 9a^2b)\sqrt{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
3*a*b^2*x + 2*a^3*log(sqrt(x)) + 2/3*(b^3*x + 9*a^2*b)*sqrt(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx = a^3 \log(x) + 6a^2b\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2x + \frac{2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x,x)`output `a**3*log(x) + 6*a**2*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a*b**2*x + 2*b**3*x**(3/2)/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3ab^2x + a^3 \log(x) + 6a^2b\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*b^3*x^(3/2) + 3*a*b^2*x + a^3*log(x) + 6*a^2*b*sqrt(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx = \frac{2}{3} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3ab^2x + a^3 \log(|x|) + 6a^2b\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*b^3*x^(3/2) + 3*a*b^2*x + a^3*log(abs(x)) + 6*a^2*b*sqrt(x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx = 2a^3 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{2b^3 x^{3/2}}{3} + 6a^2 b \sqrt{x} + 3ab^2 x$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x)`output `2*a^3*log(x^(1/2)) + (2*b^3*x^(3/2))/3 + 6*a^2*b*x^(1/2) + 3*a*b^2*x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x} dx = 6\sqrt{x} a^2 b + \frac{2\sqrt{x} b^3 x}{3} + \log(x) a^3 + 3a b^2 x$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x)`output `(18*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(x)*b**3*x + 3*log(x)*a**3 + 9*a*b**2*x)/3`

### 3.26 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	405
Mathematica [A] (verified)	405
Rubi [A] (verified)	406
Maple [A] (verified)	407
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	407
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	408
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	408
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	408
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	409
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	409

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{6a^2b}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^3\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2 \log(x)$$

output `-a^3/x-6*a^2*b/x^(1/2)+2*b^3*x^(1/2)+3*a*b^2*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3 + 6a^2b\sqrt{x} - 2b^3x^{3/2}}{x} + 3ab^2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^3 + 6*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] - 2*b^3*x^(3/2))/x) + 3*a*b^2*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x} + \frac{3b^2a}{\sqrt{x}} + b^3 \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^3}{2x} - \frac{3a^2b}{\sqrt{x}} + 3ab^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) + b^3\sqrt{x} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^2,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/2*a^3/x - (3*a^2*b)/Sqrt[x] + b^3*Sqrt[x] + 3*a*b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{6a^2b}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^3\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2 \ln(x)$	35
default	$-\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{6a^2b}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^3\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2 \ln(x)$	35
trager	$\frac{a^3(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{2(-b^2x+3a^2)b}{\sqrt{x}} - 3ab^2 \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	40

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-a^3/x-6*a^2*b/x^(1/2)+2*b^3*x^(1/2)+3*a*b^2*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{6ab^2x \log(\sqrt{x}) - a^3 + 2(b^3x - 3a^2b)\sqrt{x}}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(6*a*b^2*x*log(sqrt(x)) - a^3 + 2*(b^3*x - 3*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/x
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{6a^2b}{\sqrt{x}} + 3ab^2 \log(x) + 2b^3\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x**2,x)`output `-a**3/x - 6*a**2*b/sqrt(x) + 3*a*b**2*log(x) + 2*b**3*sqrt(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx = 3ab^2 \log(x) + 2b^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{6a^2b\sqrt{x} + a^3}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3*a*b^2*log(x) + 2*b^3*sqrt(x) - (6*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + a^3)/x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx = 3ab^2 \log(|x|) + 2b^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{6a^2b\sqrt{x} + a^3}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3*a*b^2*log(abs(x)) + 2*b^3*sqrt(x) - (6*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + a^3)/x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx = 2b^3 \sqrt{x} - \frac{a^3 + 6a^2 b \sqrt{x}}{x} + 6ab^2 \ln(\sqrt{x})$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x)`output `2*b^3*x^(1/2) - (a^3 + 6*a^2*b*x^(1/2))/x + 6*a*b^2*log(x^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{x} \log(x) a b^2 x - \sqrt{x} a^3 - 6a^2 b x + 2b^3 x^2}{\sqrt{x} x}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x)`output `(3*sqrt(x)*log(x)*a*b**2*x - sqrt(x)*a**3 - 6*a**2*b*x + 2*b**3*x**2)/(sqrt(x)*x)`

$$3.27 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	410
Mathematica [A] (verified)	410
Rubi [A] (verified)	411
Maple [B] (verified)	411
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	412
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	412
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	413
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	413
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	413
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	414

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^4}{2ax^2}$$

output `-1/2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^4/a/x^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{-a^3 - 4a^2b\sqrt{x} - 6ab^2x - 4b^3x^{3/2}}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^3,x]`

output `(-a^3 - 4*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] - 6*a*b^2*x - 4*b^3*x^(3/2))/(2*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 796

$$-\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^4}{2ax^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4/(a*x^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 35 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71



method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3ab^2}{x} - \frac{2a^2b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{2b^3}{\sqrt{x}}$	36
default	$-\frac{3ab^2}{x} - \frac{2a^2b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{2b^3}{\sqrt{x}}$	36
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^2x+6b^2x+a^2)a}{2x^2} - \frac{2(b^2x+a^2)b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	41
oring	$-\frac{(10b^4x^2-7a^2b^2x+3a^4)(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{2x^2(-b^2x+a^2)^2} - \frac{(6b^4x^2-3a^2b^2x+a^4)x^2\left(\frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2b}{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4}\right)}{3(-b^2x+a^2)^2}$	119

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3*a*b^2/x-2*a^2*b/x^(3/2)-1/2*a^3/x^2-2*b^3/x^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6ab^2x + a^3 + 4(b^3x + a^2b)\sqrt{x}}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(6*a*b^2*x + a^3 + 4*(b^3*x + a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/x^2`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{2a^2b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3ab^2}{x} - \frac{2b^3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x**3,x)`

output  $-a^{**3}/(2*x^{**2}) - 2*a^{**2}*b/x^{**(3/2)} - 3*a*b^{**2}/x - 2*b^{**3}/\text{sqrt}(x)$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{4b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6ab^2x + 4a^2b\sqrt{x} + a^3}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/2*(4*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 6*a*b^2*x + 4*a^2*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + a^3)/x^2$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{4b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6ab^2x + 4a^2b\sqrt{x} + a^3}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-1/2*(4*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 6*a*b^2*x + 4*a^2*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + a^3)/x^2$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^3 + 4b^3x^{3/2} + 4a^2b\sqrt{x} + 6ab^2x}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x)`

output `-(a^3 + 4*b^3*x^(3/2) + 4*a^2*b*x^(1/2) + 6*a*b^2*x)/(2*x^2)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{x} a^3 - 6\sqrt{x} a b^2 x - 4a^2 b x - 4b^3 x^2}{2\sqrt{x} x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x)`

output `( - sqrt(x)*a**3 - 6*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x - 4*a**2*b*x - 4*b**3*x**2)/(2*sqrt(x)*x**2)`

**3.28**       $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	415
Mathematica [A] (verified)	415
Rubi [A] (verified)	416
Maple [A] (verified)	417
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	417
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	418
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	418
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	418
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	419
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	419

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{6a^2b}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{3ab^2}{2x^2} - \frac{2b^3}{3x^{3/2}}$$

output `-1/3*a^3/x^3-6/5*a^2*b/x^(5/2)-3/2*a*b^2/x^2-2/3*b^3/x^(3/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{-10a^3 - 36a^2b\sqrt{x} - 45ab^2x - 20b^3x^{3/2}}{30x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^4,x]`

output `(-10*a^3 - 36*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] - 45*a*b^2*x - 20*b^3*x^(3/2))/(30*x^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^{7/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^3} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{b^3}{x^2} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^3}{6x^3} - \frac{3a^2b}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4x^2} - \frac{b^3}{3x^{3/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^4,x]`

output `2*(-1/6*a^3/x^3 - (3*a^2*b)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (3*a*b^2)/(4*x^2) - b^3/(3*x^(3/2)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{6a^2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3ab^2}{2x^2} - \frac{2b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	36
default	$-\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{6a^2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3ab^2}{2x^2} - \frac{2b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	36
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2a^2x^2+9b^2x^2+2a^2x+9b^2x+2a^2)a}{6x^3} - \frac{2(5b^2x+9a^2)b}{15x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	63
oring	$-\frac{(135b^4x^2-187a^2b^2x+78a^4)(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{90x^3(-b^2x+a^2)^2} - \frac{(15b^4x^2-17a^2b^2x+6a^4)x^2\left(\frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2b}{2x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5}\right)}{45(-b^2x+a^2)^2}$	121

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*a^3/x^3-6/5*a^2*b/x^(5/2)-3/2*a*b^2/x^2-2/3*b^3/x^(3/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{45ab^2x + 10a^3 + 4(5b^3x + 9a^2b)\sqrt{x}}{30x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/30*(45*a*b^2*x + 10*a^3 + 4*(5*b^3*x + 9*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{6a^2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3ab^2}{2x^2} - \frac{2b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x**4,x)`output `-a**3/(3*x**3) - 6*a**2*b/(5*x**(5/2)) - 3*a*b**2/(2*x**2) - 2*b**3/(3*x**(3/2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{20b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 45ab^2x + 36a^2b\sqrt{x} + 10a^3}{30x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/30*(20*b^3*x^(3/2) + 45*a*b^2*x + 36*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + 10*a^3)/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{20b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 45ab^2x + 36a^2b\sqrt{x} + 10a^3}{30x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/30*(20*b^3*x^(3/2) + 45*a*b^2*x + 36*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + 10*a^3)/x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{10a^3 + 20b^3x^{3/2} + 36a^2b\sqrt{x} + 45ab^2x}{30x^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x)`output `-(10*a^3 + 20*b^3*x^(3/2) + 36*a^2*b*x^(1/2) + 45*a*b^2*x)/(30*x^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{-10\sqrt{x}a^3 - 45\sqrt{x}ab^2x - 36a^2bx - 20b^3x^2}{30\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x)`output `( - 10*sqrt(x)*a**3 - 45*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x - 36*a**2*b*x - 20*b**3*x**2)/(30*sqrt(x)*x**3)`



$$3.29 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	420
Mathematica [A] (verified)	420
Rubi [A] (verified)	421
Maple [A] (verified)	422
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	422
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	423
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	423
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	423
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	424
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	424

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^3}{4x^4} - \frac{6a^2b}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{ab^2}{x^3} - \frac{2b^3}{5x^{5/2}}$$

output `-1/4*a^3/x^4-6/7*a^2*b/x^(7/2)-a*b^2/x^3-2/5*b^3/x^(5/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx = \frac{-35a^3 - 120a^2b\sqrt{x} - 140ab^2x - 56b^3x^{3/2}}{140x^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^5,x]`

output `(-35*a^3 - 120*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] - 140*a*b^2*x - 56*b^3*x^(3/2))/(140*x^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^{9/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^4} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{b^3}{x^3} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^3}{8x^4} - \frac{3a^2b}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{ab^2}{2x^3} - \frac{b^3}{5x^{5/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^5,x]`

output `2*(-1/8*a^3/x^4 - (3*a^2*b)/(7*x^(7/2)) - (a*b^2)/(2*x^3) - b^3/(5*x^(5/2)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^3}{4x^4} - \frac{6a^2b}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{ab^2}{x^3} - \frac{2b^3}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	36
default	$-\frac{a^3}{4x^4} - \frac{6a^2b}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{ab^2}{x^3} - \frac{2b^3}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$	36
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^2x^3+4b^2x^3+a^2x^2+4b^2x^2+a^2x+4b^2x+a^2)a}{4x^4} - \frac{2(7b^2x+15a^2)b}{35x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	74
oring	$-\frac{(364b^4x^2-585a^2b^2x+255a^4)(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{420x^4(-b^2x+a^2)^2} - \frac{(28b^4x^2-39a^2b^2x+15a^4)x^2\left(\frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2b}{2x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{5(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6}\right)}{210(-b^2x+a^2)^2}$	121

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/4*a^3/x^4-6/7*a^2*b/x^(7/2)-a*b^2/x^3-2/5*b^3/x^(5/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{140ab^2x + 35a^3 + 8(7b^3x + 15a^2b)\sqrt{x}}{140x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/140*(140*a*b^2*x + 35*a^3 + 8*(7*b^3*x + 15*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/x^4
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^3}{4x^4} - \frac{6a^2b}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{ab^2}{x^3} - \frac{2b^3}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x**5,x)`output `-a**3/(4*x**4) - 6*a**2*b/(7*x**(7/2)) - a*b**2/x**3 - 2*b**3/(5*x**(5/2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{56b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 140ab^2x + 120a^2b\sqrt{x} + 35a^3}{140x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/140*(56*b^3*x^(3/2) + 140*a*b^2*x + 120*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + 35*a^3)/x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{56b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 140ab^2x + 120a^2b\sqrt{x} + 35a^3}{140x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/140*(56*b^3*x^(3/2) + 140*a*b^2*x + 120*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + 35*a^3)/x^4`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx = -\frac{35a^3 + 56b^3x^{3/2} + 120a^2b\sqrt{x} + 140ab^2x}{140x^4}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^3/x^5,x)`

output `-(35*a^3 + 56*b^3*x^(3/2) + 120*a^2*b*x^(1/2) + 140*a*b^2*x)/(140*x^4)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^5} dx = \frac{-35\sqrt{x}a^3 - 140\sqrt{x}ab^2x - 120a^2bx - 56b^3x^2}{140\sqrt{x}x^4}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^5,x)`

output `( - 35*sqrt(x)*a**3 - 140*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x - 120*a**2*b*x - 56*b**3*x**2)/  
(140*sqrt(x)*x**4)`

### 3.30 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	425
Mathematica [A] (verified)	425
Rubi [A] (verified)	426
Maple [A] (verified)	427
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	427
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	428
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	428
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	428
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	429
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	429

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^3}{5x^5} - \frac{2a^2b}{3x^{9/2}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4x^4} - \frac{2b^3}{7x^{7/2}}$$

output `-1/5*a^3/x^5-2/3*a^2*b/x^(9/2)-3/4*a*b^2/x^4-2/7*b^3/x^(7/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{-84a^3 - 280a^2b\sqrt{x} - 315ab^2x - 120b^3x^{3/2}}{420x^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^6,x]`

output `(-84*a^3 - 280*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] - 315*a*b^2*x - 120*b^3*x^(3/2))/(420*x^5)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^{11/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{11/2}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^5} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{b^3}{x^4} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^3}{10x^5} - \frac{a^2b}{3x^{9/2}} - \frac{3ab^2}{8x^4} - \frac{b^3}{7x^{7/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3/x^6,x]`

output `2*(-1/10*a^3/x^5 - (a^2*b)/(3*x^(9/2)) - (3*a*b^2)/(8*x^4) - b^3/(7*x^(7/2)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^3}{5x^5} - \frac{2a^2b}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4x^4} - \frac{2b^3}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	36
default	$-\frac{a^3}{5x^5} - \frac{2a^2b}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4x^4} - \frac{2b^3}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$	36
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(4a^2x^4+15b^2x^4+4a^2x^3+15b^2x^3+4a^2x^2+15b^2x^2+4a^2x+15b^2x+4a^2)a}{20x^5} - \frac{2(3b^2x+7a^2)b}{21x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$	95
oring	$-\frac{(255b^4x^2-437a^2b^2x+196a^4)(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{420x^5(-b^2x+a^2)^2} - \frac{(45b^4x^2-69a^2b^2x+28a^4)x^2\left(\frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2b}{2x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{6(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^7}\right)}{630(-b^2x+a^2)^2}$	121

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*a^3/x^5-2/3*a^2*b/x^(9/2)-3/4*a*b^2/x^4-2/7*b^3/x^(7/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{315 ab^2x + 84 a^3 + 40 (3 b^3x + 7 a^2b)\sqrt{x}}{420 x^5}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/420*(315*a*b^2*x + 84*a^3 + 40*(3*b^3*x + 7*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/x^5
```



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^3}{5x^5} - \frac{2a^2b}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4x^4} - \frac{2b^3}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x**6,x)`output `-a**3/(5*x**5) - 2*a**2*b/(3*x**(9/2)) - 3*a*b**2/(4*x**4) - 2*b**3/(7*x**(7/2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{120b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 315ab^2x + 280a^2b\sqrt{x} + 84a^3}{420x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/420*(120*b^3*x^(3/2) + 315*a*b^2*x + 280*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + 84*a^3)/x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{120b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 315ab^2x + 280a^2b\sqrt{x} + 84a^3}{420x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/420*(120*b^3*x^(3/2) + 315*a*b^2*x + 280*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + 84*a^3)/x^5`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx = -\frac{84a^3 + 120b^3x^{3/2} + 280a^2b\sqrt{x} + 315ab^2x}{420x^5}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^3/x^6,x)`output `-(84*a^3 + 120*b^3*x^(3/2) + 280*a^2*b*x^(1/2) + 315*a*b^2*x)/(420*x^5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3}{x^6} dx = \frac{-84\sqrt{x}a^3 - 315\sqrt{x}ab^2x - 280a^2bx - 120b^3x^2}{420\sqrt{x}x^5}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^6,x)`output `( - 84*sqrt(x)*a**3 - 315*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*x - 280*a**2*b*x - 120*b**3*x**2) / (420*sqrt(x)*x**5)`

### 3.31 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	430
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	430
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	431
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	432
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	432
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	433
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	433
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	434
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	434
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	435

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{a^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{10}{11} a^4 b x^{11/2} + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^2 x^6 + \frac{20}{13} a^2 b^3 x^{13/2} + \frac{5}{7} a b^4 x^7 + \frac{2}{15} b^5 x^{15/2}$$

output

```
1/5*a^5*x^5+10/11*a^4*b*x^(11/2)+5/3*a^3*b^2*x^6+20/13*a^2*b^3*x^(13/2)+5/7*a*b^4*x^7+2/15*b^5*x^(15/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{3003a^5x^5 + 13650a^4bx^{11/2} + 25025a^3b^2x^6 + 23100a^2b^3x^{13/2} + 10725ab^4x^7 + 2002b^5x^{15/2}}{15015}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^4,x]
```

output

```
(3003*a^5*x^5 + 13650*a^4*b*x^(11/2) + 25025*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 23100*a^2*b^3*x^(13/2) + 10725*a*b^4*x^7 + 2002*b^5*x^(15/2))/15015
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^{9/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (b^5 x^7 + 5ab^4 x^{13/2} + 10a^2 b^3 x^6 + 10a^3 b^2 x^{11/2} + 5a^4 b x^5 + a^5 x^{9/2}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^5 x^5}{10} + \frac{5}{11} a^4 b x^{11/2} + \frac{5}{6} a^3 b^2 x^6 + \frac{10}{13} a^2 b^3 x^{13/2} + \frac{5}{14} a b^4 x^7 + \frac{1}{15} b^5 x^{15/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^4,x]`

output `2*((a^5*x^5)/10 + (5*a^4*b*x^(11/2))/11 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^6)/6 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(13/2))/13 + (5*a*b^4*x^7)/14 + (b^5*x^(15/2))/15)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^6}{3} + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{5a b^4 x^7}{7} + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15}$
default	$\frac{a^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^6}{3} + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{5a b^4 x^7}{7} + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15}$
oring	$\frac{x^5 (19305b^8 x^4 - 81125a^2 b^6 x^3 + 129398a^4 b^4 x^2 - 93345a^6 b^2 x + 25935a^8) (a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{75075(-b^2 x + a^2)^4} - \frac{2x^2 (715b^8 x^4 - 3245a^2 b^6 x^3 + 562$
trager	$\frac{a(75b^4 x^6 + 175a^2 b^2 x^5 + 75b^4 x^5 + 21a^4 x^4 + 175a^2 b^2 x^4 + 75b^4 x^4 + 21a^4 x^3 + 175a^2 b^2 x^3 + 75b^4 x^3 + 21a^4 x^2 + 175a^2 b^2 x^2 + 75$ 105

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*a^5*x^5+10/11*a^4*b*x^(11/2)+5/3*a^3*b^2*x^6+20/13*a^2*b^3*x^(13/2)+5/  
7*a*b^4*x^7+2/15*b^5*x^(15/2)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{5}{7} ab^4 x^7 + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} a^5 x^5 \\ + \frac{2}{2145} (143 b^5 x^7 + 1650 a^2 b^3 x^6 + 975 a^4 b x^5) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
5/7*a*b^4*x^7 + 5/3*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*a^5*x^5 + 2/2145*(143*b^5*x^7 + 1650
*a^2*b^3*x^6 + 975*a^4*b*x^5)*sqrt(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{a^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^6}{3} + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{5ab^4 x^7}{7} + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5*x**4,x)
```

output

```
a**5*x**5/5 + 10*a**4*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 5*a**3*b**2*x**6/3 + 20*a**2*b**3*x
**(13/2)/13 + 5*a*b**4*x**7/7 + 2*b**5*x**(15/2)/15
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 166 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.21

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx = & \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{15}}{15b^{10}} - \frac{9(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{14}a}{7b^{10}} + \frac{72(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{13}a^2}{13b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{14(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{12}a^3}{b^{10}} + \frac{252(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}a^4}{11b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{126(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{10}a^5}{5b^{10}} + \frac{56(b\sqrt{x} + a)^9a^6}{3b^{10}} \\ & - \frac{9(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8a^7}{b^{10}} + \frac{18(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7a^8}{7b^{10}} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6a^9}{3b^{10}} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$2/15*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{15}/b^{10} - 9/7*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{14}*a/b^{10} + 72/13*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{13}*a^2/b^{10} - 14*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{12}*a^3/b^{10} + 252/11*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}*a^4/b^{10} - 126/5*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{10}*a^5/b^{10} + 56/3*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^9*a^6/b^{10} - 9*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^8*a^7/b^{10} + 18/7*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^7*a^8/b^{10} - 1/3*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^6*a^9/b^{10}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{2}{15} b^5 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{5}{7} a b^4 x^7 + \frac{20}{13} a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{5}{3} a^3 b^2 x^6 + \frac{10}{11} a^4 b x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} a^5 x^5$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$2/15*b^5*x^{(15/2)} + 5/7*a*b^4*x^7 + 20/13*a^2*b^3*x^{(13/2)} + 5/3*a^3*b^2*x^6 + 10/11*a^4*b*x^{(11/2)} + 1/5*a^5*x^5$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{a^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{2 b^5 x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{5 a b^4 x^7}{7} + \frac{10 a^4 b x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{5 a^3 b^2 x^6}{3} + \frac{20 a^2 b^3 x^{13/2}}{13}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)
```

output

$$(a^5*x^5)/5 + (2*b^5*x^{(15/2)})/15 + (5*a*b^4*x^7)/7 + (10*a^4*b*x^{(11/2)})/11 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^6)/3 + (20*a^2*b^3*x^{(13/2)})/13$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^4 dx$$
$$= \frac{x^5(13650\sqrt{x}a^4b + 23100\sqrt{x}a^2b^3x + 2002\sqrt{x}b^5x^2 + 3003a^5 + 25025a^3b^2x + 10725ab^4x^2)}{15015}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^4,x)`

output `(x**5*(13650*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 23100*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x + 2002*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 + 3003*a**5 + 25025*a**3*b**2*x + 10725*a*b**4*x**2))/15015`



### 3.32 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	436
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	436
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	437
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	438
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	438
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	439
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	439
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	440
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	440
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	440

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{a^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{10}{9} a^4 b x^{9/2} + 2a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{20}{11} a^2 b^3 x^{11/2} + \frac{5}{6} a b^4 x^6 + \frac{2}{13} b^5 x^{13/2}$$

output

```
1/4*a^5*x^4+10/9*a^4*b*x^(9/2)+2*a^3*b^2*x^5+20/11*a^2*b^3*x^(11/2)+5/6*a*
b^4*x^6+2/13*b^5*x^(13/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{1287a^5x^4 + 5720a^4bx^{9/2} + 10296a^3b^2x^5 + 9360a^2b^3x^{11/2} + 4290ab^4x^6 + 792b^5x^{13/2}}{5148}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^3,x]
```

output

```
(1287*a^5*x^4 + 5720*a^4*b*x^(9/2) + 10296*a^3*b^2*x^5 + 9360*a^2*b^3*x^(1
1/2) + 4290*a*b^4*x^6 + 792*b^5*x^(13/2))/5148
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^{7/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int (b^5 x^6 + 5ab^4 x^{11/2} + 10a^2 b^3 x^5 + 10a^3 b^2 x^{9/2} + 5a^4 b x^4 + a^5 x^{7/2}) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^5 x^4}{8} + \frac{5}{9} a^4 b x^{9/2} + a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{10}{11} a^2 b^3 x^{11/2} + \frac{5}{12} a b^4 x^6 + \frac{1}{13} b^5 x^{13/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^3,x]`

output `2*((a^5*x^4)/8 + (5*a^4*b*x^(9/2))/9 + a^3*b^2*x^5 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(11/2))/11 + (5*a*b^4*x^6)/12 + (b^5*x^(13/2))/13)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + 2a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{5a b^4 x^6}{6} + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$
default	$\frac{a^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + 2a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{5a b^4 x^6}{6} + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$
trager	$\frac{a(10b^4 x^5 + 24a^2 b^2 x^4 + 10b^4 x^4 + 3a^4 x^3 + 24a^2 b^2 x^3 + 10b^4 x^3 + 3a^4 x^2 + 24a^2 b^2 x^2 + 10b^4 x^2 + 3a^4 x + 24a^2 b^2 x + 10b^4 x + 3a^4 + 24a^2 b^2 x + 10b^4 x + 3a^4)}{12}$
oring	$\frac{x^4(7590b^8 x^4 - 32004a^2 b^6 x^3 + 51395a^4 b^4 x^2 - 37570a^6 b^2 x + 10725a^8)(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{25740(-b^2 x + a^2)^4} - \frac{x^2(330b^8 x^4 - 1524a^2 b^6 x^3 + 2705a^4 b^4 x^2 - 10725a^6 b^2 x + 10725a^8)}{25740(-b^2 x + a^2)^4}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a^5*x^4+10/9*a^4*b*x^(9/2)+2*a^3*b^2*x^5+20/11*a^2*b^3*x^(11/2)+5/6*a*b^4*x^6+2/13*b^5*x^(13/2)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{5}{6} ab^4 x^6 + 2a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^5 x^4 + \frac{2}{1287} (99b^5 x^6 + 1170a^2 b^3 x^5 + 715a^4 b x^4) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
5/6*a*b^4*x^6 + 2*a^3*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*a^5*x^4 + 2/1287*(99*b^5*x^6 + 1170*a^2*b^3*x^5 + 715*a^4*b*x^4)*sqrt(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{a^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + 2a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{5ab^4 x^6}{6} + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5*x**3,x)
```

output

```
a**5*x**4/4 + 10*a**4*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 2*a**3*b**2*x**5 + 20*a**2*b**3*x**(11/2)/11 + 5*a*b**4*x**6/6 + 2*b**5*x**(13/2)/13
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 132 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{13}}{13b^8} - \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{12}a}{6b^8} + \frac{42(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}a^2}{11b^8} - \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{10}a^3}{b^8} + \frac{70(b\sqrt{x} + a)^9a^4}{9b^8} - \frac{21(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8a^5}{4b^8} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7a^6}{b^8} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6a^7}{3b^8}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/13*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^13/b^8 - 7/6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^12*a/b^8 + 42/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11*a^2/b^8 - 7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^10*a^3/b^8 + 70/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9*a^4/b^8 - 21/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a^5/b^8 + 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^6/b^8 - 1/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^7/b^8
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{2}{13} b^5 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{5}{6} ab^4 x^6 + \frac{20}{11} a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 2 a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{10}{9} a^4 b x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} a^5 x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/13*b^5*x^(13/2) + 5/6*a*b^4*x^6 + 20/11*a^2*b^3*x^(11/2) + 2*a^3*b^2*x^5 + 10/9*a^4*b*x^(9/2) + 1/4*a^5*x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{a^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{2 b^5 x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{5 a b^4 x^6}{6} + \frac{10 a^4 b x^{9/2}}{9} + 2 a^3 b^2 x^5 + \frac{20 a^2 b^3 x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)`output `(a^5*x^4)/4 + (2*b^5*x^(13/2))/13 + (5*a*b^4*x^6)/6 + (10*a^4*b*x^(9/2))/9 + 2*a^3*b^2*x^5 + (20*a^2*b^3*x^(11/2))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{x^4(5720\sqrt{x} a^4 b + 9360\sqrt{x} a^2 b^3 x + 792\sqrt{x} b^5 x^2 + 1287a^5 + 10296a^3 b^2 x + 4290a b^4 x^2)}{5148}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^3,x)`

output

```
(x**4*(5720*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 9360*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x + 792*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 + 1287*a**5 + 10296*a**3*b**2*x + 4290*a*b**4*x**2))/5148
```

### 3.33 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	442
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	442
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	443
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	444
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	444
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	445
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	445
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	446
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	446
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	446

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{10}{7} a^4 b x^{7/2} + \frac{5}{2} a^3 b^2 x^4 + \frac{20}{9} a^2 b^3 x^{9/2} + ab^4 x^5 + \frac{2}{11} b^5 x^{11/2}$$

output

```
1/3*a^5*x^3+10/7*a^4*b*x^(7/2)+5/2*a^3*b^2*x^4+20/9*a^2*b^3*x^(9/2)+a*b^4*x^5+2/11*b^5*x^(11/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{462a^5x^3 + 1980a^4bx^{7/2} + 3465a^3b^2x^4 + 3080a^2b^3x^{9/2} + 1386ab^4x^5 + 252b^5x^{11/2}}{1386}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^2,x]
```

output

```
(462*a^5*x^3 + 1980*a^4*b*x^(7/2) + 3465*a^3*b^2*x^4 + 3080*a^2*b^3*x^(9/2) + 1386*a*b^4*x^5 + 252*b^5*x^(11/2))/1386
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^{5/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( x^{5/2} a^5 + 5bx^3 a^4 + 10b^2 x^{7/2} a^3 + 10b^3 x^4 a^2 + 5b^4 x^{9/2} a + b^5 x^5 \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^5 x^3}{6} + \frac{5}{7} a^4 b x^{7/2} + \frac{5}{4} a^3 b^2 x^4 + \frac{10}{9} a^2 b^3 x^{9/2} + \frac{1}{2} a b^4 x^5 + \frac{1}{11} b^5 x^{11/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^2,x]`

output `2*((a^5*x^3)/6 + (5*a^4*b*x^(7/2))/7 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^4)/4 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(9/2))/9 + (a*b^4*x^5)/2 + (b^5*x^(11/2))/11)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`



rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^4}{2} + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + a b^4 x^5 + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
default	$\frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^4}{2} + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + a b^4 x^5 + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
trager	$\frac{a(6b^4 x^4 + 15a^2 b^2 x^3 + 6b^4 x^3 + 2a^4 x^2 + 15a^2 b^2 x^2 + 6b^4 x^2 + 2a^4 x + 15a^2 b^2 x + 6b^4 x + 2a^4 + 15a^2 b^2 + 6b^4)(-1+x)}{6} + \frac{2b x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{11}$
oring	$\frac{x^3(2394b^8 x^4 - 10115a^2 b^6 x^3 + 16350a^4 b^4 x^2 - 12155a^6 b^2 x + 3630a^8)(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{6930(-b^2 x + a^2)^4} - \frac{x^2(126b^8 x^4 - 595a^2 b^6 x^3 + 1090a^4 b^4 x^2 - 12155a^6 b^2 x + 3630a^8)(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{6930(-b^2 x + a^2)^4}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*a^5*x^3+10/7*a^4*b*x^(7/2)+5/2*a^3*b^2*x^4+20/9*a^2*b^3*x^(9/2)+a*b^4*x^5+2/11*b^5*x^(11/2)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx = ab^4 x^5 + \frac{5}{2} a^3 b^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} a^5 x^3 + \frac{2}{693} (63 b^5 x^5 + 770 a^2 b^3 x^4 + 495 a^4 b x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
a*b^4*x^5 + 5/2*a^3*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*a^5*x^3 + 2/693*(63*b^5*x^5 + 770*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 495*a^4*b*x^3)*sqrt(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^4}{2} + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + ab^4 x^5 + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5*x**2,x)
```

output

```
a**5*x**3/3 + 10*a**4*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 5*a**3*b**2*x**4/2 + 20*a**2*b**3*x**(9/2)/9 + a*b**4*x**5 + 2*b**5*x**(11/2)/11
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}}{11b^6} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{10}a}{b^6} + \frac{20(b\sqrt{x} + a)^9 a^2}{9b^6} - \frac{5(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8 a^3}{2b^6} + \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^4}{7b^6} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a^5}{3b^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11/b^6 - (b*sqrt(x) + a)^10*a/b^6 + 20/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9*a^2/b^6 - 5/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a^3/b^6 + 10/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^4/b^6 - 1/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^5/b^6
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{2}{11} b^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + ab^4 x^5 + \frac{20}{9} a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{5}{2} a^3 b^2 x^4 + \frac{10}{7} a^4 b x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} a^5 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/11*b^5*x^(11/2) + a*b^4*x^5 + 20/9*a^2*b^3*x^(9/2) + 5/2*a^3*b^2*x^4 + 10/7*a^4*b*x^(7/2) + 1/3*a^5*x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{2b^5 x^{11/2}}{11} + ab^4 x^5 + \frac{10a^4 b x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^4}{2} + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{9/2}}{9}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)`output `(a^5*x^3)/3 + (2*b^5*x^(11/2))/11 + a*b^4*x^5 + (10*a^4*b*x^(7/2))/7 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^4)/2 + (20*a^2*b^3*x^(9/2))/9`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{x^3(1980\sqrt{x}a^4b + 3080\sqrt{x}a^2b^3x + 252\sqrt{x}b^5x^2 + 462a^5 + 3465a^3b^2x + 1386ab^4x^2)}{1386}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x^2,x)`

output

```
(x**3*(1980*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 3080*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x + 252*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 + 462*a**5 + 3465*a**3*b**2*x + 1386*a*b**4*x**2))/1386
```

### 3.34 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	448
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	448
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	449
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	450
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	450
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	451
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	451
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	452
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	452
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	452

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx = -\frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{3b^4} + \frac{6a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^7}{7b^4} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^8}{4b^4} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^9}{9b^4}$$

output

```
-1/3*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^6/b^4+6/7*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^7/b^4-3/4*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/b^4+2/9*(a+b*x^(1/2))^9/b^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx = \frac{1}{252} (126a^5x^2 + 504a^4bx^{5/2} + 840a^3b^2x^3 + 720a^2b^3x^{7/2} + 315ab^4x^4 + 56b^5x^{9/2})$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x,x]
```

output

```
(126*a^5*x^2 + 504*a^4*b*x^(5/2) + 840*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 720*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2) + 315*a*b^4*x^4 + 56*b^5*x^(9/2))/252
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^{3/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8}{b^3} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^7}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{b^3} - \frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{6b^4} + \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^7}{7b^4} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^9}{9b^4} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^8}{8b^4} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/6*(a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6)/b^4 + (3*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7)/(7*b^4) - (3*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8)/(8*b^4) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^9/(9*b^4))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{5ab^4x^4}{4} + \frac{20a^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^3}{3} + 2a^4bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{a^5x^2}{2}$
default	$\frac{2b^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{5ab^4x^4}{4} + \frac{20a^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^3}{3} + 2a^4bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{a^5x^2}{2}$
trager	$\frac{a(15b^4x^3+40a^2b^2x^2+15b^4x^2+6a^4x+40a^2b^2x+15b^4x+6a^4+40a^2b^2+15b^4)(-1+x)}{12} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{5}{2}}(7b^4x^2+90a^2b^2x+63a^4)}{63}$
orering	$-\frac{(-105b^{12}x^6+442a^2b^{10}x^5-715a^4x^4b^8+540a^6b^6x^3+1260a^{10}xb^2+378a^{12})(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{252b^4(-b^2x+a^2)^4} + \frac{(-7b^{12}x^6+34a^2b^{10}x^5-63a^4b^8x^4+10a^6b^6x^3+1260a^{10}xb^2+378a^{12})\sqrt{x}}{252b^4(-b^2x+a^2)^4}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2/9*b^5*x^(9/2)+5/4*a*b^4*x^4+20/7*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2)+10/3*a^3*b^2*x^3+2*a^4*b*x^(5/2)+1/2*a^5*x^2$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx = \frac{5}{4} ab^4x^4 + \frac{10}{3} a^3b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^5x^2 + \frac{2}{63} (7b^5x^4 + 90a^2b^3x^3 + 63a^4bx^2)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
5/4*a*b^4*x^4 + 10/3*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 1/2*a^5*x^2 + 2/63*(7*b^5*x^4 + 90*a^2*
b^3*x^3 + 63*a^4*b*x^2)*sqrt(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx = \frac{a^5 x^2}{2} + 2a^4 b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{5ab^4 x^4}{4} + \frac{2b^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5*x,x)
```

output

```
a**5*x**2/2 + 2*a**4*b*x**(5/2) + 10*a**3*b**2*x**3/3 + 20*a**2*b**3*x**(7
/2)/7 + 5*a*b**4*x**4/4 + 2*b**5*x**(9/2)/9
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^9}{9b^4} - \frac{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^8 a}{4b^4} + \frac{6(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^2}{7b^4} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a^3}{3b^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^9/b^4 - 3/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*a/b^4 + 6/7*(b*sqrt(x) +
a)^7*a^2/b^4 - 1/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a^3/b^4
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx = \frac{2}{9} b^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{5}{4} a b^4 x^4 + \frac{20}{7} a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{10}{3} a^3 b^2 x^3 + 2 a^4 b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} a^5 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/9*b^5*x^(9/2) + 5/4*a*b^4*x^4 + 20/7*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2) + 10/3*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 2*a^4*b*x^(5/2) + 1/2*a^5*x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx = \frac{a^5 x^2}{2} + \frac{2 b^5 x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{5 a b^4 x^4}{4} + 2 a^4 b x^{5/2} + \frac{10 a^3 b^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{20 a^2 b^3 x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)`output `(a^5*x^2)/2 + (2*b^5*x^(9/2))/9 + (5*a*b^4*x^4)/4 + 2*a^4*b*x^(5/2) + (10*a^3*b^2*x^3)/3 + (20*a^2*b^3*x^(7/2))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x dx = \frac{x^2(504\sqrt{x} a^4 b + 720\sqrt{x} a^2 b^3 x + 56\sqrt{x} b^5 x^2 + 126a^5 + 840a^3 b^2 x + 315a b^4 x^2)}{252}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5*x,x)`

output

```
(x**2*(504*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 720*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x + 56*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2  
+ 126*a**5 + 840*a**3*b**2*x + 315*a*b**4*x**2))/252
```

### 3.35 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	454
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	454
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	455
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	456
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	456
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	457
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	457
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	458
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	458
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	458

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx = -\frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{3b^2} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^7}{7b^2}$$

output `-1/3*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^6/b^2+2/7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^7/b^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx = \frac{1}{21}(21a^5x + 70a^4bx^{3/2} + 105a^3b^2x^2 + 84a^2b^3x^{5/2} + 35ab^4x^3 + 6b^5x^{7/2})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5,x]`

output `(21*a^5*x + 70*a^4*b*x^(3/2) + 105*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 84*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2) + 35*a*b^4*x^3 + 6*b^5*x^(7/2))/21`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{b} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{b} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^7}{7b^2} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{6b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/6*(a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6)/b^2 + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^7/(7*b^2))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{2b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{5ab^4x^3}{3} + 4a^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 5a^3b^2x^2 + \frac{10a^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + a^5x$
default	$\frac{2b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{5ab^4x^3}{3} + 4a^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 5a^3b^2x^2 + \frac{10a^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + a^5x$
trager	$\frac{a(5b^4x^2+15a^2b^2x+5b^4x+3a^4+15a^2b^2+5b^4)(-1+x)}{3} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}(3b^4x^2+42a^2b^2x+35a^4)}{21}$
oring	$\frac{(11b^{10}x^5-45a^2b^8x^4+70a^4b^6x^3+315a^8b^2x+49a^{10})(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{21b^2(-b^2x+a^2)^4} - \frac{5(b^{10}x^5-5a^2b^8x^4+10a^4b^6x^3+105a^8b^2x+49a^{10})}{21b(-b^2x+a^2)^4}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{2}{7}b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{5}{3}a^4b^4x^3 + 4a^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 5a^3b^2x^2 + \frac{10}{3}a^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^5x$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx = \frac{5}{3}ab^4x^3 + 5a^3b^2x^2 + a^5x + \frac{2}{21}(3b^5x^3 + 42a^2b^3x^2 + 35a^4bx)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
5/3*a*b^4*x^3 + 5*a^3*b^2*x^2 + a^5*x + 2/21*(3*b^5*x^3 + 42*a^2*b^3*x^2 +
35*a^4*b*x)*sqrt(x)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx = a^5x + \frac{10a^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 5a^3b^2x^2 + 4a^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{5ab^4x^3}{3} + \frac{2b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5,x)
```

output

```
a**5*x + 10*a**4*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 5*a**3*b**2*x**2 + 4*a**2*b**3*x**(5/2) +
5*a*b**4*x**3/3 + 2*b**5*x**(7/2)/7
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx = \frac{2}{7}b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{5}{3}ab^4x^3 + 4a^2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 5a^3b^2x^2 + \frac{10}{3}a^4bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^5x$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/7*b^5*x^(7/2) + 5/3*a*b^4*x^3 + 4*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2) + 5*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10/3
*a^4*b*x^(3/2) + a^5*x
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx = \frac{2}{7} b^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{5}{3} ab^4 x^3 + 4a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 5a^3 b^2 x^2 + \frac{10}{3} a^4 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^5 x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/7*b^5*x^(7/2) + 5/3*a*b^4*x^3 + 4*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2) + 5*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 10/3*a^4*b*x^(3/2) + a^5*x`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx = a^5 x + \frac{2b^5 x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{5a b^4 x^3}{3} + \frac{10a^4 b x^{3/2}}{3} + 5a^3 b^2 x^2 + 4a^2 b^3 x^{5/2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)`output `a^5*x + (2*b^5*x^(7/2))/7 + (5*a*b^4*x^3)/3 + (10*a^4*b*x^(3/2))/3 + 5*a^3*b^2*x^2 + 4*a^2*b^3*x^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^5 dx = \frac{x(70\sqrt{x} a^4 b + 84\sqrt{x} a^2 b^3 x + 6\sqrt{x} b^5 x^2 + 21a^5 + 105a^3 b^2 x + 35a b^4 x^2)}{21}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(x(70\sqrt{x}a^{4b} + 84\sqrt{x}a^{2b^3x} + 6\sqrt{x}b^{5x^2} + 21a^{5b} + 105a^3b^2x + 35ab^4x^2))}{21}$$



### 3.36 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx$

Optimal result	460
Mathematica [A] (verified)	460
Rubi [A] (verified)	461
Maple [A] (verified)	462
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	462
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	463
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	463
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	464
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	464
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	464

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx = 10a^4b\sqrt{x} + 10a^3b^2x + \frac{20}{3}a^2b^3x^{3/2} + \frac{5}{2}ab^4x^2 + \frac{2}{5}b^5x^{5/2} + a^5 \log(x)$$

output `10*a^4*b*x^(1/2)+10*a^3*b^2*x+20/3*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2)+5/2*a*b^4*x^2+2/5*b^5*x^(5/2)+a^5*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx = \frac{1}{30}b\sqrt{x}(300a^4 + 300a^3b\sqrt{x} + 200a^2b^2x + 75ab^3x^{3/2} + 12b^4x^2) + 2a^5 \log(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x,x]`

output `(b*Sqrt[x]*(300*a^4 + 300*a^3*b*Sqrt[x] + 200*a^2*b^2*x + 75*a*b^3*x^(3/2) + 12*b^4*x^2))/30 + 2*a^5*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 5ba^4 + 10b^2\sqrt{x}a^3 + 10b^3xa^2 + 5b^4x^{3/2}a + b^5x^2 \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( a^5 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 5a^4b\sqrt{x} + 5a^3b^2x + \frac{10}{3}a^2b^3x^{3/2} + \frac{5}{4}ab^4x^2 + \frac{1}{5}b^5x^{5/2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x,x]`

output `2*(5*a^4*b*Sqrt[x] + 5*a^3*b^2*x + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2))/3 + (5*a*b^4*x^2)/4 + (b^5*x^(5/2))/5 + a^5*Log[Sqrt[x]])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$10a^4b\sqrt{x} + 10a^3b^2x + \frac{20a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{5b^4x^2a}{2} + \frac{2b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + a^5 \ln(x)$	54
default	$10a^4b\sqrt{x} + 10a^3b^2x + \frac{20a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{5b^4x^2a}{2} + \frac{2b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + a^5 \ln(x)$	54
trager	$\frac{5(-1+x)(b^2x+4a^2+b^2)ab^2}{2} + \frac{2b(3b^4x^2+50a^2b^2x+75a^4)\sqrt{x}}{15} + a^5 \ln(x)$	60

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `10*a^4*b*x^(1/2)+10*a^3*b^2*x+20/3*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2)+5/2*b^4*x^2*a+2/5*b^5*x  
^(5/2)+a^5*ln(x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx = \frac{5}{2} ab^4x^2 + 10 a^3b^2x + 2 a^5 \log(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{2}{15} (3 b^5x^2 + 50 a^2b^3x + 75 a^4b)\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $5/2*a*b^4*x^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*x + 2*a^5*\log(\text{sqrt}(x)) + 2/15*(3*b^5*x^2 + 50*a^2*b^3*x + 75*a^4*b)*\text{sqrt}(x)$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx = a^5 \log(x) + 10a^4b\sqrt{x} + 10a^3b^2x + \frac{20a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{5ab^4x^2}{2} + \frac{2b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x,x)`

output  $a**5*\log(x) + 10*a**4*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 10*a**3*b**2*x + 20*a**2*b**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 5*a*b**4*x**2/2 + 2*b**5*x**(5/2)/5$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx = \frac{2}{5}b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{5}{2}ab^4x^2 + \frac{20}{3}a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 10a^3b^2x + a^5 \log(x) + 10a^4b\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $2/5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 5/2*a*b^4*x^2 + 20/3*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 10*a^3*b^2*x + a^5*\log(x) + 10*a^4*b*\text{sqrt}(x)$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx = \frac{2}{5} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{5}{2} a b^4 x^2 + \frac{20}{3} a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 10 a^3 b^2 x + a^5 \log(|x|) + 10 a^4 b \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 5/2*a*b^4*x^2 + 20/3*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 10*a^3*b^2*x + a^5*log(abs(x)) + 10*a^4*b*sqrt(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx = 2 a^5 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{2 b^5 x^{5/2}}{5} + 10 a^3 b^2 x + \frac{5 a b^4 x^2}{2} + 10 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + \frac{20 a^2 b^3 x^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x)`

output `2*a^5*log(x^(1/2)) + (2*b^5*x^(5/2))/5 + 10*a^3*b^2*x + (5*a*b^4*x^2)/2 + 10*a^4*b*x^(1/2) + (20*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2))/3`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x} dx = 10\sqrt{x} a^4 b + \frac{20\sqrt{x} a^2 b^3 x}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x} b^5 x^2}{5} + \log(x) a^5 + 10 a^3 b^2 x + \frac{5 a b^4 x^2}{2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(300*\sqrt{x}*a^{4*b} + 200*\sqrt{x}*a^{2*b^{3*x}} + 12*\sqrt{x}*b^{5*x^{2}} + 30*\log(x)*a^{5} + 300*a^{3*b^{2*x}} + 75*a*b^{4*x^{2}})/30}$$

**3.37**       $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified)	466
Rubi [A] (verified)	467
Maple [A] (verified)	468
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	468
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	469
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	470
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	470
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	470

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5}{x} - \frac{10a^4b}{\sqrt{x}} + 20a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + 5ab^4x + \frac{2}{3}b^5x^{3/2} + 10a^3b^2 \log(x)$$

output `-a^5/x-10*a^4*b/x^(1/2)+20*a^2*b^3*x^(1/2)+5*a*b^4*x+2/3*b^5*x^(3/2)+10*a^3*b^2*ln(x)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5}{x} - \frac{10a^4b}{\sqrt{x}} + 20a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + 5ab^4x + \frac{2}{3}b^5x^{3/2} + 10a^3b^2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^2,x]`

output `-(a^5/x) - (10*a^4*b)/Sqrt[x] + 20*a^2*b^3*Sqrt[x] + 5*a*b^4*x + (2*b^5*x^(3/2))/3 + 10*a^3*b^2*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 10b^3a^2 + 5b^4\sqrt{x}a + b^5x \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^5}{2x} - \frac{5a^4b}{\sqrt{x}} + 10a^3b^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 10a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{5}{2}ab^4x + \frac{1}{3}b^5x^{3/2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^2,x]`

output `2*(-1/2*a^5/x - (5*a^4*b)/Sqrt[x] + 10*a^2*b^3*Sqrt[x] + (5*a*b^4*x)/2 + (b^5*x^(3/2))/3 + 10*a^3*b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`



rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^5}{x} - \frac{10a^4b}{\sqrt{x}} + 20a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + 5b^4xa + \frac{2b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 10a^3b^2 \ln(x)$	55
default	$-\frac{a^5}{x} - \frac{10a^4b}{\sqrt{x}} + 20a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + 5b^4xa + \frac{2b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 10a^3b^2 \ln(x)$	55
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(5b^4x+a^4)a}{x} - \frac{2(-b^4x^2-30a^2b^2x+15a^4)b}{3\sqrt{x}} - 10a^3b^2 \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	61

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-a^5/x-10*a^4*b/x^(1/2)+20*a^2*b^3*x^(1/2)+5*b^4*x*a+2/3*b^5*x^(3/2)+10*a^
3*b^2*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{15ab^4x^2 + 60a^3b^2x \log(\sqrt{x}) - 3a^5 + 2(b^5x^2 + 30a^2b^3x - 15a^4b)\sqrt{x}}{3x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $\frac{1}{3}(15ab^4x^2 + 60a^3b^2x\log(\sqrt{x}) - 3a^5 + 2(b^5x^2 + 30a^2b^3x - 15a^4b)\sqrt{x})/x$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5}{x} - \frac{10a^4b}{\sqrt{x}} + 10a^3b^2 \log(x) + 20a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + 5ab^4x + \frac{2b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x**2,x)`

output  $-a^5/x - 10a^4b/\sqrt{x} + 10a^3b^2\log(x) + 20a^2b^3\sqrt{x} + 5ab^4x + 2b^5x^{(3/2)}/3$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{2}{3}b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5ab^4x + 10a^3b^2 \log(x) + 20a^2b^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{10a^4b\sqrt{x} + a^5}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{2}{3}b^5x^{(3/2)} + 5ab^4x + 10a^3b^2\log(x) + 20a^2b^3\sqrt{x} - (10a^4b\sqrt{x} + a^5)/x$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{2}{3} b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5 ab^4 x + 10 a^3 b^2 \log(|x|) + 20 a^2 b^3 \sqrt{x} - \frac{10 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + a^5}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output 
$$\frac{2}{3} b^5 x^{(3/2)} + 5 a b^4 x + 10 a^3 b^2 \log(\text{abs}(x)) + 20 a^2 b^3 \sqrt{x} - (10 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + a^5) / x$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{2 b^5 x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{a^5 + 10 a^4 b \sqrt{x}}{x} + 20 a^3 b^2 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + 20 a^2 b^3 \sqrt{x} + 5 a b^4 x$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x)`output 
$$\frac{(2 b^5 x^{(3/2)})}{3} - \frac{(a^5 + 10 a^4 b x^{(1/2)})}{x} + 20 a^3 b^2 \log(x^{(1/2)}) + 20 a^2 b^3 x^{(1/2)} + 5 a b^4 x$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{30\sqrt{x} \log(x) a^3 b^2 x - 3\sqrt{x} a^5 + 15\sqrt{x} a b^4 x^2 - 30 a^4 b x + 60 a^2 b^3 x^2 + 2 b^5 x^3}{3\sqrt{x} x}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x)`

output  $(30*\sqrt{x}*\log(x)*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*x - 3*\sqrt{x}*a^{**5} + 15*\sqrt{x}*a*b^{**4}*x^{**2} - 30*a^{**4}*b*x + 60*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*x^{**2} + 2*b^{**5}*x^{**3})/(3*\sqrt{x}*x)$

### 3.38 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx$

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Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	472
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	473
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	474
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	474
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	475
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	476
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	476
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	476

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^5}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^4b}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{x} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^5\sqrt{x} + 5ab^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^5/x^2-10/3*a^4*b/x^(3/2)-10*a^3*b^2/x-20*a^2*b^3/x^(1/2)+2*b^5*x^(1/2)+5*a*b^4*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{-3a^5 - 20a^4b\sqrt{x} - 60a^3b^2x - 120a^2b^3x^{3/2} + 12b^5x^{5/2}}{6x^2} + 10ab^4 \log(\sqrt{x})$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(-3*a^5 - 20*a^4*b*Sqrt[x] - 60*a^3*b^2*x - 120*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 12*b^5*x^(5/2))/(6*x^2) + 10*a*b^4*Log[Sqrt[x]]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^2} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x} + \frac{5b^4a}{\sqrt{x}} + b^5 \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^5}{4x^2} - \frac{5a^4b}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{x} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 5ab^4 \log(\sqrt{x}) + b^5\sqrt{x} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^3,x]`

output `2*(-1/4*a^5/x^2 - (5*a^4*b)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (5*a^3*b^2)/x - (10*a^2*b^3)/Sqrt[x] + b^5*Sqrt[x] + 5*a*b^4*Log[Sqrt[x]])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^5}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^4b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{x} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^5\sqrt{x} + 5ab^4\ln(x)$	57
default	$-\frac{a^5}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^4b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{x} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^5\sqrt{x} + 5ab^4\ln(x)$	57
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^2x+20b^2x+a^2)a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{2(-3b^4x^2+30a^2b^2x+5a^4)b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - 5ab^4\ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	67

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*a^5/x^2-10/3*a^4*b/x^(3/2)-10*a^3*b^2/x-20*a^2*b^3/x^(1/2)+2*b^5*x^(1/2)+5*a*b^4*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{60ab^4x^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) - 60a^3b^2x - 3a^5 + 4(3b^5x^2 - 30a^2b^3x - 5a^4b)\sqrt{x}}{6x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $\frac{1}{6}*(60*a*b^4*x^2*\log(\text{sqrt}(x)) - 60*a^3*b^2*x - 3*a^5 + 4*(3*b^5*x^2 - 30*a^2*b^3*x - 5*a^4*b)*\text{sqrt}(x))/x^2$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^5}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^4b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{x} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 5ab^4 \log(x) + 2b^5\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x**3,x)`

output  $-a^{**5}/(2*x^{**2}) - 10*a^{**4}*b/(3*x^{**3/2}) - 10*a^{**3}*b^{**2}/x - 20*a^{**2}*b^{**3}/\text{sqrt}(x) + 5*a*b^{**4}*\log(x) + 2*b^{**5}*\text{sqrt}(x)$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx = 5ab^4 \log(x) + 2b^5\sqrt{x} - \frac{120a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 60a^3b^2x + 20a^4b\sqrt{x} + 3a^5}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $5*a*b^4*\log(x) + 2*b^5*\text{sqrt}(x) - 1/6*(120*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 60*a^3*b^2*x + 20*a^4*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 3*a^5)/x^2$



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx = 5ab^4 \log(|x|) + 2b^5\sqrt{x} - \frac{120a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 60a^3b^2x + 20a^4b\sqrt{x} + 3a^5}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `5*a*b^4*log(abs(x)) + 2*b^5*sqrt(x) - 1/6*(120*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 60*a^3*b^2*x + 20*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a^5)/x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx = 2b^5\sqrt{x} - \frac{a^5}{2} + \frac{10a^3b^2x + \frac{10a^4b\sqrt{x}}{3} + 20a^2b^3x^{3/2}}{x^2} + 10ab^4 \ln(\sqrt{x})$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x)`output `2*b^5*x^(1/2) - (a^5/2 + 10*a^3*b^2*x + (10*a^4*b*x^(1/2))/3 + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2))/x^2 + 10*a*b^4*log(x^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{30\sqrt{x} \log(x) a b^4 x^2 - 3\sqrt{x} a^5 - 60\sqrt{x} a^3 b^2 x - 20a^4 b x - 120a^2 b^3 x^2 + 12b^5 x^3}{6\sqrt{x} x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x)`

output  $(30*\sqrt{x}*\log(x)*a*b^{**4}*x^{**2} - 3*\sqrt{x}*a^{**5} - 60*\sqrt{x}*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*x - 20*a^{**4}*b*x - 120*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*x^{**2} + 12*b^{**5}*x^{**3})/(6*\sqrt{x}*x^{**2})$

$$3.39 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx$$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	479
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	482
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	482

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^6}{3ax^3}$$

output `-1/3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^6/a/x^3`

### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs.  $2(21) = 42$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{-a^5 - 6a^4b\sqrt{x} - 15a^3b^2x - 20a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 15ab^4x^2 - 6b^5x^{5/2}}{3x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^4,x]`

output `(-a^5 - 6*a^4*b*Sqrt[x] - 15*a^3*b^2*x - 20*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) - 15*a*b^4*x^2 - 6*b^5*x^(5/2))/(3*x^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 796

$$-\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{3ax^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^4,x]`

output `-1/3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6/(a*x^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2b^5}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{5ab^4}{x} - \frac{2a^4b}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{a^5}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{x^2} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2b^5}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{5ab^4}{x} - \frac{2a^4b}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{a^5}{3x^3} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{x^2} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^4x^2+15a^2b^2x^2+15b^4x^2+a^4x+15a^2b^2x+a^4)a}{3x^3} - \frac{2(3b^4x^2+10a^2b^2x+3a^4)b}{3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(75b^8x^4-35a^2b^6x^3+90a^4b^4x^2-55a^6b^2x+13a^8)(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{15x^3(-b^2x+a^2)^4} - \frac{2(15b^8x^4-5a^2b^6x^3+10a^4b^4x^2-5a^6b^2x+a^8)x^2}{15(-b^2x+a^2)^4}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*b^5/x^(1/2)-5*a*b^4/x-2*a^4*b/x^(5/2)-1/3*a^5/x^3-5*a^3*b^2/x^2-20/3*a^2*b^3/x^(3/2)`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 56 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{15ab^4x^2 + 15a^3b^2x + a^5 + 2(3b^5x^2 + 10a^2b^3x + 3a^4b)\sqrt{x}}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(15*a*b^4*x^2 + 15*a^3*b^2*x + a^5 + 2*(3*b^5*x^2 + 10*a^2*b^3*x + 3*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/x^3`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 66 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.14

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^5}{3x^3} - \frac{2a^4b}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{x^2} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{x} - \frac{2b^5}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x**4,x)`

output `-a**5/(3*x**3) - 2*a**4*b/x**(5/2) - 5*a**3*b**2/x**2 - 20*a**2*b**3/(3*x**  
*(3/2)) - 5*a*b**4/x - 2*b**5/sqrt(x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15ab^4x^2 + 20a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15a^3b^2x + 6a^4b\sqrt{x} + a^5}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*(6*b^5*x^(5/2) + 15*a*b^4*x^2 + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 15*a^3*b^2*x + 6  
*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + a^5)/x^3`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{6b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15ab^4x^2 + 20a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15a^3b^2x + 6a^4b\sqrt{x} + a^5}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(6*b^5*x^(5/2) + 15*a*b^4*x^2 + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 15*a^3*b^2*x + 6*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + a^5)/x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^5 + 6b^5x^{5/2} + 15a^3b^2x + 15ab^4x^2 + 6a^4b\sqrt{x} + 20a^2b^3x^{3/2}}{3x^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^5/x^4,x)`

output `-(a^5 + 6*b^5*x^(5/2) + 15*a^3*b^2*x + 15*a*b^4*x^2 + 6*a^4*b*x^(1/2) + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2))/(3*x^3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{x}a^5 - 15\sqrt{x}a^3b^2x - 15\sqrt{x}ab^4x^2 - 6a^4bx - 20a^2b^3x^2 - 6b^5x^3}{3\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^4,x)`

output  $(- \sqrt{x}a^5 - 15\sqrt{x}a^3b^2x - 15\sqrt{x}ab^4x^2 - 6a^4bx - 20a^2b^3x^2 - 6b^5x^3)/(3\sqrt{x}x^3)$



### 3.40 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx$

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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	489

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{4ax^4} + \frac{b(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{14a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{84a^3x^3}$$

output `-1/4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^6/a/x^4+1/14*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^6/a^2/x^(7/2)-1/84*b^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^6/a^3/x^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx = \frac{-21a^5 - 120a^4b\sqrt{x} - 280a^3b^2x - 336a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 210ab^4x^2 - 56b^5x^{5/2}}{84x^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^5,x]`

output `(-21*a^5 - 120*a^4*b*Sqrt[x] - 280*a^3*b^2*x - 336*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) - 210*a*b^4*x^2 - 56*b^5*x^(5/2))/(84*x^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^{9/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^4} d\sqrt{x}}{4a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{8ax^4} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^{7/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{7a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^6}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{8ax^4} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48} \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{b \left( \frac{b(a+b\sqrt{x})^6}{42a^2x^3} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^6}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^6}{8ax^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^5,x]`

output `2*(-1/4*(b*(-1/7*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6/(a*x^(7/2)) + (b*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6)/(42*a^2*x^3)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^6/(8*a*x^4)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))], x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2b^5}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{10a^4b}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{3x^3} - \frac{a^5}{4x^4} - \frac{4a^2b^3}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2b^5}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{10a^4b}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{3x^3} - \frac{a^5}{4x^4} - \frac{4a^2b^3}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(3a^4x^3+40a^2b^2x^3+30b^4x^3+3a^4x^2+40a^2b^2x^2+30b^4x^2+3a^4x+40a^2b^2x+3a^4)a}{12x^4} - \frac{2(7b^4x^2+42a^2b^2x+15a^4)}{21x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(126b^8x^4-308a^2b^6x^3+377a^4b^4x^2-222a^6b^2x+51a^8)(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{84x^4(-b^2x+a^2)^4} - \frac{(70b^8x^4-140a^2b^6x^3+145a^4b^4x^2-74a^6b^2x+15a^4)}{210(-b^2x+a^2)^{\frac{7}{2}}}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*b^5/x^(3/2)-10/7*a^4*b/x^(7/2)-5/2*a*b^4/x^2-10/3*a^3*b^2/x^3-1/4*a^5
/x^4-4*a^2*b^3/x^(5/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{210 ab^4 x^2 + 280 a^3 b^2 x + 21 a^5 + 8(7 b^5 x^2 + 42 a^2 b^3 x + 15 a^4 b)\sqrt{x}}{84 x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/84*(210*a*b^4*x^2 + 280*a^3*b^2*x + 21*a^5 + 8*(7*b^5*x^2 + 42*a^2*b^3*x + 15*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/x^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^5}{4x^4} - \frac{10a^4b}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{3x^3} - \frac{4a^2b^3}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{2x^2} - \frac{2b^5}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x**5,x)`output `-a**5/(4*x**4) - 10*a**4*b/(7*x**(7/2)) - 10*a**3*b**2/(3*x**3) - 4*a**2*b**3/x**(5/2) - 5*a*b**4/(2*x**2) - 2*b**5/(3*x**(3/2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{56 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 210 a b^4 x^2 + 336 a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 280 a^3 b^2 x + 120 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + 21 a^5}{84 x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/84*(56*b^5*x^(5/2) + 210*a*b^4*x^2 + 336*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 280*a^3*b^2*x + 120*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + 21*a^5)/x^4$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{56 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 210 a b^4 x^2 + 336 a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 280 a^3 b^2 x + 120 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + 21 a^5}{84 x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/84*(56*b^5*x^(5/2) + 210*a*b^4*x^2 + 336*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 280*a^3*b^2*x + 120*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + 21*a^5)/x^4$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{21 a^5 + 56 b^5 x^{5/2} + 280 a^3 b^2 x + 210 a b^4 x^2 + 120 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + 336 a^2 b^3 x^{3/2}}{84 x^4}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/2))^5/x^5,x)
```

output

$$-(21*a^5 + 56*b^5*x^(5/2) + 280*a^3*b^2*x + 210*a*b^4*x^2 + 120*a^4*b*x^(1/2) + 336*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2))/(84*x^4)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-21\sqrt{x}a^5 - 280\sqrt{x}a^3b^2x - 210\sqrt{x}ab^4x^2 - 120a^4bx - 336a^2b^3x^2 - 56b^5x^3}{84\sqrt{x}x^4}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^5,x)
```

output

```
( - 21*sqrt(x)*a**5 - 280*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**2*x - 210*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*x**2 -
120*a**4*b*x - 336*a**2*b**3*x**2 - 56*b**5*x**3)/(84*sqrt(x)*x**4)
```

### 3.41 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	490
Mathematica [A] (verified)	490
Rubi [A] (verified)	491
Maple [A] (verified)	492
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	492
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	493
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	493
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	494
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	494
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	495

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{10a^4b}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{2x^4} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{5ab^4}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^5}{5x^{5/2}}$$

output `-1/5*a^5/x^5-10/9*a^4*b/x^(9/2)-5/2*a^3*b^2/x^4-20/7*a^2*b^3/x^(7/2)-5/3*a*b^4/x^3-2/5*b^5/x^(5/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx = \frac{-126a^5 - 700a^4b\sqrt{x} - 1575a^3b^2x - 1800a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 1050ab^4x^2 - 252b^5x^{5/2}}{630x^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^6,x]`

output `(-126*a^5 - 700*a^4*b*Sqrt[x] - 1575*a^3*b^2*x - 1800*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) - 1050*a*b^4*x^2 - 252*b^5*x^(5/2))/(630*x^5)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx$$

↓ 798

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^{11/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

↓ 53

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{x^{11/2}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^5} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^4} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{b^5}{x^3} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^5}{10x^5} - \frac{5a^4b}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{5ab^4}{6x^3} - \frac{b^5}{5x^{5/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^6,x]`

output `2*(-1/10*a^5/x^5 - (5*a^4*b)/(9*x^(9/2)) - (5*a^3*b^2)/(4*x^4) - (10*a^2*b^3)/(7*x^(7/2)) - (5*a*b^4)/(6*x^3) - b^5/(5*x^(5/2)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`



```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{10a^4b}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{2x^4} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^5}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{10a^4b}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{2x^4} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^5}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(6a^4x^4+75a^2b^2x^4+50b^4x^4+6a^4x^3+75a^2b^2x^3+50b^4x^3+6a^4x^2+75a^2b^2x^2+50b^4x^2+6a^4x+75a^2b^2x+6a^4)a}{30x^5}$
oring	$-\frac{(2730b^8x^4-8325a^2b^6x^3+10642a^4b^4x^2-6365a^6b^2x+1470a^8)(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{3150x^5(-b^2x+a^2)^4} - \frac{(210b^8x^4-555a^2b^6x^3+626a^4b^4x^2-315a^6b^2x+147a^8)}{1575x^5}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*a^5/x^5-10/9*a^4*b/x^(9/2)-5/2*a^3*b^2/x^4-20/7*a^2*b^3/x^(7/2)-5/3*a
*b^4/x^3-2/5*b^5/x^(5/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{1050 ab^4x^2 + 1575 a^3b^2x + 126 a^5 + 4(63 b^5x^2 + 450 a^2b^3x + 175 a^4b)\sqrt{x}}{630 x^5}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/630*(1050*a*b^4*x^2 + 1575*a^3*b^2*x + 126*a^5 + 4*(63*b^5*x^2 + 450*a^2*b^3*x + 175*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/x^5
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{10a^4b}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{2x^4} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{3x^3} - \frac{2b^5}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x**6,x)
```

output

```
-a**5/(5*x**5) - 10*a**4*b/(9*x**(9/2)) - 5*a**3*b**2/(2*x**4) - 20*a**2*b**3/(7*x**(7/2)) - 5*a*b**4/(3*x**3) - 2*b**5/(5*x**(5/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{252b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1050ab^4x^2 + 1800a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1575a^3b^2x + 700a^4b\sqrt{x} + 126a^5}{630x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/630*(252*b^5*x^(5/2) + 1050*a*b^4*x^2 + 1800*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 1575*a^3*b^2*x + 700*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + 126*a^5)/x^5
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{252 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1050 a b^4 x^2 + 1800 a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1575 a^3 b^2 x + 700 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + 126 a^5}{630 x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/630*(252*b^5*x^(5/2) + 1050*a*b^4*x^2 + 1800*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 1575*a^3*b^2*x + 700*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + 126*a^5)/x^5`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{126 a^5 + 252 b^5 x^{5/2} + 1575 a^3 b^2 x + 1050 a b^4 x^2 + 700 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + 1800 a^2 b^3 x^{3/2}}{630 x^5}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^5/x^6,x)`

output `-(126*a^5 + 252*b^5*x^(5/2) + 1575*a^3*b^2*x + 1050*a*b^4*x^2 + 700*a^4*b*x^(1/2) + 1800*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2))/(630*x^5)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-126\sqrt{x} a^5 - 1575\sqrt{x} a^3 b^2 x - 1050\sqrt{x} a b^4 x^2 - 700a^4 b x - 1800a^2 b^3 x^2 - 252b^5 x^3}{630\sqrt{x} x^5}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^6,x)
```

output

```
( - 126*sqrt(x)*a**5 - 1575*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**2*x - 1050*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*x**2
 - 700*a**4*b*x - 1800*a**2*b**3*x**2 - 252*b**5*x**3)/(630*sqrt(x)*x**5)
```

**3.42**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	496
Mathematica [A] (verified)	496
Rubi [A] (verified)	497
Maple [A] (verified)	498
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	498
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	499
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	499
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	500
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	500
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	500

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^5}{6x^6} - \frac{10a^4b}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{2a^3b^2}{x^5} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{5ab^4}{4x^4} - \frac{2b^5}{7x^{7/2}}$$

output `-1/6*a^5/x^6-10/11*a^4*b/x^(11/2)-2*a^3*b^2/x^5-20/9*a^2*b^3/x^(9/2)-5/4*a*b^4/x^4-2/7*b^5/x^(7/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{-462a^5 - 2520a^4b\sqrt{x} - 5544a^3b^2x - 6160a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 3465ab^4x^2 - 792b^5x^{5/2}}{2772x^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^7,x]`

output `(-462*a^5 - 2520*a^4*b*Sqrt[x] - 5544*a^3*b^2*x - 6160*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) - 3465*a*b^4*x^2 - 792*b^5*x^(5/2))/(2772*x^6)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^{13/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{x^{13/2}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^6} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^{11/2}} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^5} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{b^5}{x^4} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^5}{12x^6} - \frac{5a^4b}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{a^3b^2}{x^5} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{5ab^4}{8x^4} - \frac{b^5}{7x^{7/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5/x^7,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/12*a^5/x^6 - (5*a^4*b)/(11*x^(11/2)) - (a^3*b^2)/x^5 - (10*a^2*b^3)/(9*x^(9/2)) - (5*a*b^4)/(8*x^4) - b^5/(7*x^(7/2)))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^5}{6x^6} - \frac{10a^4b}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{2a^3b^2}{x^5} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{4x^4} - \frac{2b^5}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^5}{6x^6} - \frac{10a^4b}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{2a^3b^2}{x^5} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{4x^4} - \frac{2b^5}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{(8415b^8x^4 - 28006a^2b^6x^3 + 37065a^4b^4x^2 - 22540a^6b^2x + 5250a^8)(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{13860x^6(-b^2x + a^2)^4} - \frac{(495b^8x^4 - 1474a^2b^6x^3 + 1765a^4b^4x^2 - 1474a^6b^2x + 495a^8)}{12x^6}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2a^4x^5 + 24a^2b^2x^5 + 15b^4x^5 + 2a^4x^4 + 24a^2b^2x^4 + 15b^4x^4 + 2a^4x^3 + 24a^2b^2x^3 + 15b^4x^3 + 2a^4x^2 + 24a^2b^2x^2 + 15b^4x^2 + 2a^4x + 24a^2b^2x + 15b^4x + 2a^4 + 24a^2b^2 + 15b^4)}{12x^6}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-1/6*a^5/x^6 - 10/11*a^4*b/x^(11/2) - 2*a^3*b^2/x^5 - 20/9*a^2*b^3/x^(9/2) - 5/4*a*b^4/x^4 - 2/7*b^5/x^(7/2)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3465 ab^4 x^2 + 5544 a^3 b^2 x + 462 a^5 + 8(99 b^5 x^2 + 770 a^2 b^3 x + 315 a^4 b)\sqrt{x}}{2772 x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2772*(3465*a*b^4*x^2 + 5544*a^3*b^2*x + 462*a^5 + 8*(99*b^5*x^2 + 770*a^2*b^3*x + 315*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/x^6
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^5}{6x^6} - \frac{10a^4b}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{2a^3b^2}{x^5} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^4}{4x^4} - \frac{2b^5}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x**7,x)
```

output

```
-a**5/(6*x**6) - 10*a**4*b/(11*x**(11/2)) - 2*a**3*b**2/x**5 - 20*a**2*b**3/(9*x**(9/2)) - 5*a*b**4/(4*x**4) - 2*b**5/(7*x**(7/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{792b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3465ab^4x^2 + 6160a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5544a^3b^2x + 2520a^4b\sqrt{x} + 462a^5}{2772x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2772*(792*b^5*x^(5/2) + 3465*a*b^4*x^2 + 6160*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 5544*a^3*b^2*x + 2520*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + 462*a^5)/x^6
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{792b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3465ab^4x^2 + 6160a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 5544a^3b^2x + 2520a^4b\sqrt{x} + 462a^5}{2772x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2772*(792*b^5*x^(5/2) + 3465*a*b^4*x^2 + 6160*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 5544*a^3*b^2*x + 2520*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + 462*a^5)/x^6`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^5}{6} + \frac{2b^5x^{5/2}}{7} + 2a^3b^2x + \frac{5ab^4x^2}{4} + \frac{10a^4b\sqrt{x}}{11} + \frac{20a^2b^3x^{3/2}}{9}}{x^6}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^5/x^7,x)`

output `-(a^5/6 + (2*b^5*x^(5/2))/7 + 2*a^3*b^2*x + (5*a*b^4*x^2)/4 + (10*a^4*b*x^(1/2))/11 + (20*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2))/9)/x^6`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{-462\sqrt{x}a^5 - 5544\sqrt{x}a^3b^2x - 3465\sqrt{x}ab^4x^2 - 2520a^4bx - 6160a^2b^3x^2 - 792b^5x^3}{2772\sqrt{x}x^6}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^7,x)`

output `( - 462*sqrt(x)*a**5 - 5544*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**2*x - 3465*sqrt(x)*a*b**4*x**2  
- 2520*a**4*b*x - 6160*a**2*b**3*x**2 - 792*b**5*x**3)/(2772*sqrt(x)*x**6  
)`

### 3.43 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	502
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	502
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	503
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	504
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	505
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	505
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	506
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	506
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	507
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	507

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{20}{11}a^9bx^{11/2} + \frac{15}{2}a^8b^2x^6 + \frac{240}{13}a^7b^3x^{13/2} + 30a^6b^4x^7 + \frac{168}{5}a^5b^5x^{15/2} + \frac{105}{4}a^4b^6x^8 + \frac{240}{17}a^3b^7x^{17/2} + 5a^2b^8x^9 + \frac{20}{19}ab^9x^{19/2} + \frac{b^{10}x^{10}}{10}$$

```
output 1/5*a^10*x^5+20/11*a^9*b*x^(11/2)+15/2*a^8*b^2*x^6+240/13*a^7*b^3*x^(13/2)
+30*a^6*b^4*x^7+168/5*a^5*b^5*x^(15/2)+105/4*a^4*b^6*x^8+240/17*a^3*b^7*x^(17/2)+5*a^2*b^8*x^9+20/19*a*b^9*x^(19/2)+1/10*b^10*x^10
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{184756a^{10}x^5 + 1679600a^9bx^{11/2} + 6928350a^8b^2x^6 + 17054400a^7b^3x^{13/2} + 27713400a^6b^4x^7 + 31039008a^5b^5x^{15/2} + 27713400a^4b^6x^8 + 17054400a^3b^7x^{17/2} + 1679600a^2b^8x^9 + 184756ab^9x^{19/2} + b^{10}x^{10}}{10}$$

923780

```
input Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10*x^4,x]
```

output

```
(184756*a^10*x^5 + 1679600*a^9*b*x^(11/2) + 6928350*a^8*b^2*x^6 + 17054400
*a^7*b^3*x^(13/2) + 27713400*a^6*b^4*x^7 + 31039008*a^5*b^5*x^(15/2) + 242
49225*a^4*b^6*x^8 + 13041600*a^3*b^7*x^(17/2) + 4618900*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 9724
00*a*b^9*x^(19/2) + 92378*b^10*x^10)/923780
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^{9/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( x^{9/2} a^{10} + 10bx^5 a^9 + 45b^2 x^{11/2} a^8 + 120b^3 x^6 a^7 + 210b^4 x^{13/2} a^6 + 252b^5 x^7 a^5 + 210b^6 x^{15/2} a^4 + 120b^7 x^8 a^3 + \dots \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^{10} x^5}{10} + \frac{10}{11} a^9 b x^{11/2} + \frac{15}{4} a^8 b^2 x^6 + \frac{120}{13} a^7 b^3 x^{13/2} + 15 a^6 b^4 x^7 + \frac{84}{5} a^5 b^5 x^{15/2} + \frac{105}{8} a^4 b^6 x^8 + \frac{120}{17} a^3 b^7 x^{17/2} + \dots \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10*x^4,x]
```

output

```
2*((a^10*x^5)/10 + (10*a^9*b*x^(11/2))/11 + (15*a^8*b^2*x^6)/4 + (120*a^7*
b^3*x^(13/2))/13 + 15*a^6*b^4*x^7 + (84*a^5*b^5*x^(15/2))/5 + (105*a^4*b^6
*x^8)/8 + (120*a^3*b^7*x^(17/2))/17 + (5*a^2*b^8*x^9)/2 + (10*a*b^9*x^(19/
2))/19 + (b^10*x^10)/20)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{20a^9bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{15a^8b^2x^6}{2} + \frac{240a^7b^3x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + 30a^6b^4x^7 + \frac{168a^5b^5x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{5} + \frac{105a^4b^6x^8}{4} + \frac{240a^3b^7x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17}$
default	$\frac{a^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{20a^9bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{15a^8b^2x^6}{2} + \frac{240a^7b^3x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + 30a^6b^4x^7 + \frac{168a^5b^5x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{5} + \frac{105a^4b^6x^8}{4} + \frac{240a^3b^7x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17}$
orering	$\frac{x^5(-899470b^{18}x^9 + 8308300a^2b^{16}x^8 - 34245783a^4b^{14}x^7 + 82760700a^6b^{12}x^6 - 129416850a^8b^{10}x^5 + 136083780a^{10}b^8x^4 - 4618900(-b^2x + a^2)^9)}{4618900(-b^2x + a^2)^9}$
trager	$(2b^{10}x^9 + 100a^2b^8x^8 + 2b^{10}x^8 + 525a^4b^6x^7 + 100a^2b^8x^7 + 2b^{10}x^7 + 600a^6b^4x^6 + 525a^4b^6x^6 + 100a^2b^8x^6 + 2b^{10}x^6 + 150a^8b^4x^5 + 100a^6b^6x^5 + 100a^4b^8x^5 + 100a^2b^{10}x^5 + 100a^8b^4x^4 + 100a^6b^6x^4 + 100a^4b^8x^4 + 100a^2b^{10}x^4 + 100a^8b^4x^3 + 100a^6b^6x^3 + 100a^4b^8x^3 + 100a^2b^{10}x^3 + 100a^8b^4x^2 + 100a^6b^6x^2 + 100a^4b^8x^2 + 100a^2b^{10}x^2 + 100a^8b^4x + 100a^6b^6x + 100a^4b^8x + 100a^2b^{10}x + 100a^8b^4 + 100a^6b^6 + 100a^4b^8 + 100a^2b^{10} + 100a^8b^4x^0 + 100a^6b^6x^0 + 100a^4b^8x^0 + 100a^2b^{10}x^0 + 100a^8b^4x^{-1} + 100a^6b^6x^{-1} + 100a^4b^8x^{-1} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-1} + 100a^8b^4x^{-2} + 100a^6b^6x^{-2} + 100a^4b^8x^{-2} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-2} + 100a^8b^4x^{-3} + 100a^6b^6x^{-3} + 100a^4b^8x^{-3} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-3} + 100a^8b^4x^{-4} + 100a^6b^6x^{-4} + 100a^4b^8x^{-4} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-4} + 100a^8b^4x^{-5} + 100a^6b^6x^{-5} + 100a^4b^8x^{-5} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-5} + 100a^8b^4x^{-6} + 100a^6b^6x^{-6} + 100a^4b^8x^{-6} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-6} + 100a^8b^4x^{-7} + 100a^6b^6x^{-7} + 100a^4b^8x^{-7} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-7} + 100a^8b^4x^{-8} + 100a^6b^6x^{-8} + 100a^4b^8x^{-8} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-8} + 100a^8b^4x^{-9} + 100a^6b^6x^{-9} + 100a^4b^8x^{-9} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-9} + 100a^8b^4x^{-10} + 100a^6b^6x^{-10} + 100a^4b^8x^{-10} + 100a^2b^{10}x^{-10})$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{10}*x^4, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $\frac{1}{5}a^{10}x^5 + \frac{20}{11}a^9b*x^{(11/2)} + \frac{15}{2}a^8*b^2*x^6 + \frac{240}{13}a^7*b^3*x^{(13/2)} + 30a^6*b^4*x^7 + \frac{168}{5}a^5*b^5*x^{(15/2)} + \frac{105}{4}a^4*b^6*x^8 + \frac{240}{17}a^3*b^7*x^{(17/2)} + 5a^2*b^8*x^9 + \frac{20}{19}a*b^9*x^{(19/2)} + \frac{1}{10}b^{10}x^{10}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{1}{10} b^{10} x^{10} + 5 a^2 b^8 x^9 + \frac{105}{4} a^4 b^6 x^8 + 30 a^6 b^4 x^7 + \frac{15}{2} a^8 b^2 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} a^{10} x^5 + \frac{4}{230945} (60775 a b^9 x^9 + 815100 a^3 b^7 x^8 + 1939938 a^5 b^5 x^7 + 1065900 a^7 b^3 x^6 + 104975 a^9 b x^5) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/10*b^10*x^10 + 5*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 105/4*a^4*b^6*x^8 + 30*a^6*b^4*x^7 + 15/2*a^8*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*a^10*x^5 + 4/230945*(60775*a*b^9*x^9 + 815100*a^3*b^7*x^8 + 1939938*a^5*b^5*x^7 + 1065900*a^7*b^3*x^6 + 104975*a^9*b*x^5)*sqrt(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^5}{5} + \frac{20 a^9 b x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{15 a^8 b^2 x^6}{2} + \frac{240 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + 30 a^6 b^4 x^7 + \frac{168 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{5} + \frac{105 a^4 b^6 x^8}{4} + \frac{240 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + 5 a^2 b^8 x^9 + \frac{20 a b^9 x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{b^{10} x^{10}}{10}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10*x**4,x)`output `a**10*x**5/5 + 20*a**9*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 15*a**8*b**2*x**6/2 + 240*a**7*b**3*x**(13/2)/13 + 30*a**6*b**4*x**7 + 168*a**5*b**5*x**(15/2)/5 + 105*a**4*b**6*x**8/4 + 240*a**3*b**7*x**(17/2)/17 + 5*a**2*b**8*x**9 + 20*a*b**9*x**(19/2)/19 + b**10*x**10/10`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{20}}{10 b^{10}} - \frac{18 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{19} a}{19 b^{10}} + \frac{4 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{18} a^2}{b^{10}} - \frac{168 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{17} a^3}{17 b^{10}} + \frac{63 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{16} a^4}{4 b^{10}} - \frac{84 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{15} a^5}{5 b^{10}} + \frac{12 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{14} a^6}{b^{10}} - \frac{72 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{13} a^7}{13 b^{10}} + \frac{3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{12} a^8}{2 b^{10}} - \frac{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11} a^9}{11 b^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/10*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^20/b^10 - 18/19*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^19*a/b^10 + 4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^18*a^2/b^10 - 168/17*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^17*a^3/b^10 + 63/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^16*a^4/b^10 - 84/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^15*a^5/b^10 + 12*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^14*a^6/b^10 - 72/13*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^13*a^7/b^10 + 3/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^12*a^8/b^10 - 2/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11*a^9/b^10`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{1}{10} b^{10} x^{10} + \frac{20}{19} a b^9 x^{\frac{19}{2}} + 5 a^2 b^8 x^9 + \frac{240}{17} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{105}{4} a^4 b^6 x^8 + \frac{168}{5} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 30 a^6 b^4 x^7 + \frac{240}{13} a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{15}{2} a^8 b^2 x^6 + \frac{20}{11} a^9 b x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} a^{10} x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/10*b^10*x^10 + 20/19*a*b^9*x^(19/2) + 5*a^2*b^8*x^9 + 240/17*a^3*b^7*x^(17/2) + 105/4*a^4*b^6*x^8 + 168/5*a^5*b^5*x^(15/2) + 30*a^6*b^4*x^7 + 240/13*a^7*b^3*x^(13/2) + 15/2*a^8*b^2*x^6 + 20/11*a^9*b*x^(11/2) + 1/5*a^10*x^5
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^5}{5} + \frac{b^{10} x^{10}}{10} + \frac{20 a^9 b x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{20 a b^9 x^{19/2}}{19} + \frac{15 a^8 b^2 x^6}{2} + 30 a^6 b^4 x^7 + \frac{105 a^4 b^6 x^8}{4} + 5 a^2 b^8 x^9 + \frac{240 a^7 b^3 x^{13/2}}{13} + \frac{168 a^5 b^5 x^{15/2}}{5} + \frac{240 a^3 b^7 x^{17/2}}{17}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^10,x)
```

output

```
(a^10*x^5)/5 + (b^10*x^10)/10 + (20*a^9*b*x^(11/2))/11 + (20*a*b^9*x^(19/2))/19 + (15*a^8*b^2*x^6)/2 + 30*a^6*b^4*x^7 + (105*a^4*b^6*x^8)/4 + 5*a^2*b^8*x^9 + (240*a^7*b^3*x^(13/2))/13 + (168*a^5*b^5*x^(15/2))/5 + (240*a^3*b^7*x^(17/2))/17
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{x^5 (1679600\sqrt{x} a^9 b + 17054400\sqrt{x} a^7 b^3 x + 31039008\sqrt{x} a^5 b^5 x^2 + 13041600\sqrt{x} a^3 b^7 x^3 + 972400\sqrt{x} a b^9 x^4)}{9237}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^4,x)
```



output

```
(x**5*(1679600*sqrt(x)*a**9*b + 17054400*sqrt(x)*a**7*b**3*x + 31039008*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**5*x**2 + 13041600*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**7*x**3 + 972400*sqrt(x)*a**b**9*x**4 + 184756*a**10 + 6928350*a**8*b**2*x + 27713400*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 24249225*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 4618900*a**2*b**8*x**4 + 92378*b**10*x**5))/923780
```

### 3.44 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	509
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	510
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	510
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	512
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	512
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	513
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	513
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	514
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	514
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	515

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx = -\frac{2a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{11b^8} + \frac{7a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{6b^8} - \frac{42a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13}}{13b^8} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{14}}{b^8} - \frac{14a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{3b^8} + \frac{21a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8b^8} - \frac{14a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^8} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{9b^8}$$

output

```
-2/11*a^7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/b^8+7/6*a^6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^12/b^8-42/13*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^13/b^8+5*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^14/b^8-14/3*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^15/b^8+21/8*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/b^8-14/17*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^17/b^8+1/9*(a+b*x^(1/2))^18/b^8
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{43758a^{10}x^4 + 388960a^9bx^{9/2} + 1575288a^8b^2x^5 + 3818880a^7b^3x^{11/2} + 6126120a^6b^4x^6 + 6785856a^5b^5x^{13/2} + 5250960a^4b^6x^7 + 2800512a^3b^7x^{15/2} + 984555a^2b^8x^8 + 205920ab^9x^{17/2} + 19448b^{10}x^9}{175032}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10*x^3,x]`

output `(43758*a^10*x^4 + 388960*a^9*b*x^(9/2) + 1575288*a^8*b^2*x^5 + 3818880*a^7*b^3*x^(11/2) + 6126120*a^6*b^4*x^6 + 6785856*a^5*b^5*x^(13/2) + 5250960*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 2800512*a^3*b^7*x^(15/2) + 984555*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 205920*a*b^9*x^(17/2) + 19448*b^10*x^9)/175032`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^{7/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{b^7} - \frac{7a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{b^7} + \frac{21a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{b^7} - \frac{35a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{14}}{b^7} + \frac{35a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13}}{b^7} - \frac{21a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{b^7} + \frac{7a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{b^7} - \frac{7a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{b^7} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{11b^8} + \frac{7a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{12b^8} - \frac{21a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^{13}}{13b^8} + \frac{5a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{14}}{2b^8} - \frac{7a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{3b^8} + \frac{21a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16b^8} - \frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^8} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{18b^8} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10*x^3,x]`

output `2*(-1/11*(a^7*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11)/b^8 + (7*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^12)/(12*b^8) - (21*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^13)/(13*b^8) + (5*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^14)/(2*b^8) - (7*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15)/(3*b^8) + (21*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/(16*b^8) - (7*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^17)/(17*b^8) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^18/(18*b^8))`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^{10}x^9}{9} + \frac{20ab^9x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{45a^2b^8x^8}{8} + 16a^3b^7x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 30a^4b^6x^7 + \frac{504a^5b^5x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + 35a^6b^4x^6 + \frac{240a^7b^3x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
default	$\frac{b^{10}x^9}{9} + \frac{20ab^9x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{45a^2b^8x^8}{8} + 16a^3b^7x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 30a^4b^6x^7 + \frac{504a^5b^5x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + 35a^6b^4x^6 + \frac{240a^7b^3x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$
orering	$-(188760b^{26}x^{13} - 1742169a^2b^{24}x^{12} + 7177500a^4b^{22}x^{11} - 17346150a^6b^{20}x^{10} + 27149500a^8b^{18}x^9 - 28616715a^{10}b^{16}x^8 +$
trager	$(8b^{10}x^8 + 405a^2b^8x^7 + 8b^{10}x^7 + 2160a^4b^6x^6 + 405a^2b^8x^6 + 8b^{10}x^6 + 2520a^6b^4x^5 + 2160a^4b^6x^5 + 405a^2b^8x^5 + 8b^{10}x^5 + 648$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $1/9*b^{10}*x^9+20/17*a*b^9*x^{(17/2)}+45/8*a^2*b^8*x^8+16*a^3*b^7*x^{(15/2)}+30*a^4*b^6*x^7+504/13*a^5*b^5*x^{(13/2)}+35*a^6*b^4*x^6+240/11*a^7*b^3*x^{(11/2)}+9*a^8*b^2*x^5+20/9*a^9*b*x^{(9/2)}+1/4*a^{10}*x^4$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} b^{10} x^9 + \frac{45}{8} a^2 b^8 x^8 + 30 a^4 b^6 x^7 + 35 a^6 b^4 x^6 + 9 a^8 b^2 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^{10} x^4 + \frac{4}{21879} (6435 ab^9 x^8 + 87516 a^3 b^7 x^7 + 212058 a^5 b^5 x^6 + 119340 a^7 b^3 x^5 + 12155 a^9 b x^4) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $1/9*b^{10}*x^9 + 45/8*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 30*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 35*a^6*b^4*x^6 + 9*a^8*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*a^{10}*x^4 + 4/21879*(6435*a*b^9*x^8 + 87516*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 212058*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 119340*a^7*b^3*x^5 + 12155*a^9*b*x^4)*sqrt(x)$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{a^{10}x^4}{4} + \frac{20a^9bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + 9a^8b^2x^5 + \frac{240a^7b^3x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + 35a^6b^4x^6 + \frac{504a^5b^5x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} \\ + 30a^4b^6x^7 + 16a^3b^7x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{45a^2b^8x^8}{8} + \frac{20ab^9x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{b^{10}x^9}{9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10*x**3,x)`output `a**10*x**4/4 + 20*a**9*b*x**(9/2)/9 + 9*a**8*b**2*x**5 + 240*a**7*b**3*x**  
(11/2)/11 + 35*a**6*b**4*x**6 + 504*a**5*b**5*x**(13/2)/13 + 30*a**4*b**6*  
x**7 + 16*a**3*b**7*x**(15/2) + 45*a**2*b**8*x**8/8 + 20*a*b**9*x**(17/2)/  
17 + b**10*x**9/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{18}}{9b^8} - \frac{14(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{17}a}{17b^8} + \frac{21(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{16}a^2}{8b^8} \\ - \frac{14(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{15}a^3}{3b^8} + \frac{5(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{14}a^4}{b^8} \\ - \frac{42(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{13}a^5}{13b^8} + \frac{7(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{12}a^6}{6b^8} - \frac{2(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{11}a^7}{11b^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^18/b^8 - 14/17*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^17*a/b^8 + 21/8*(b*sqrt  
(x) + a)^16*a^2/b^8 - 14/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^15*a^3/b^8 + 5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^  
14*a^4/b^8 - 42/13*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^13*a^5/b^8 + 7/6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^12*a^6  
/b^8 - 2/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11*a^7/b^8`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{1}{9} b^{10} x^9 + \frac{20}{17} a b^9 x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{45}{8} a^2 b^8 x^8 + 16 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 30 a^4 b^6 x^7 + \frac{504}{13} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 35 a^6 b^4 x^6 + \frac{240}{11} a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 9 a^8 b^2 x^5 + \frac{20}{9} a^9 b x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} a^{10} x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/9*b^10*x^9 + 20/17*a*b^9*x^(17/2) + 45/8*a^2*b^8*x^8 + 16*a^3*b^7*x^(15/2) + 30*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 504/13*a^5*b^5*x^(13/2) + 35*a^6*b^4*x^6 + 240/11*a^7*b^3*x^(11/2) + 9*a^8*b^2*x^5 + 20/9*a^9*b*x^(9/2) + 1/4*a^10*x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^4}{4} + \frac{b^{10} x^9}{9} + \frac{20 a^9 b x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{20 a b^9 x^{17/2}}{17} + 9 a^8 b^2 x^5 + 35 a^6 b^4 x^6 + 30 a^4 b^6 x^7 + \frac{45 a^2 b^8 x^8}{8} + \frac{240 a^7 b^3 x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{504 a^5 b^5 x^{13/2}}{13} + 16 a^3 b^7 x^{15/2}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^10,x)`output `(a^10*x^4)/4 + (b^10*x^9)/9 + (20*a^9*b*x^(9/2))/9 + (20*a*b^9*x^(17/2))/17 + 9*a^8*b^2*x^5 + 35*a^6*b^4*x^6 + 30*a^4*b^6*x^7 + (45*a^2*b^8*x^8)/8 + (240*a^7*b^3*x^(11/2))/11 + (504*a^5*b^5*x^(13/2))/13 + 16*a^3*b^7*x^(15/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^4(388960\sqrt{x}a^9b + 3818880\sqrt{x}a^7b^3x + 6785856\sqrt{x}a^5b^5x^2 + 2800512\sqrt{x}a^3b^7x^3 + 205920\sqrt{x}ab^9x^4 + 43758a^{10} + 1575288a^8b^2x + 6126120a^6b^4x^2 + 5250960a^4b^6x^3 + 984555a^2b^8x^4 + 19448b^{10}x^5)}{175032}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**4*(388960*sqrt(x)*a**9*b + 3818880*sqrt(x)*a**7*b**3*x + 6785856*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**5*x**2 + 2800512*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**7*x**3 + 205920*sqrt(x)*a*b**9*x**4 + 43758*a**10 + 1575288*a**8*b**2*x + 6126120*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 5250960*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 984555*a**2*b**8*x**4 + 19448*b**10*x**5))/175032
```



### 3.45 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx = -\frac{2a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{11b^6} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{6b^6} - \frac{20a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13}}{13b^6} + \frac{10a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{14}}{7b^6} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{3b^6} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8b^6}$$

output

```
-2/11*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/b^6+5/6*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^12/b^6-20/13*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^13/b^6+10/7*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^14/b^6-2/3*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^15/b^6+1/8*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/b^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{8008a^{10}x^3 + 68640a^9bx^{7/2} + 270270a^8b^2x^4 + 640640a^7b^3x^{9/2} + 1009008a^6b^4x^5 + 1100736a^5b^5x^{11/2} + 8424024a^4b^6x^6 + 1008000a^3b^7x^{7/2} + 576000a^2b^8x^4 + 144000ab^9x^{5/2} + 14400b^{10}x^3}{24024}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10*x^2,x]
```

output

```
(8008*a^10*x^3 + 68640*a^9*b*x^(7/2) + 270270*a^8*b^2*x^4 + 640640*a^7*b^3*x^(9/2) + 1009008*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 1100736*a^5*b^5*x^(11/2) + 840840*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 443520*a^3*b^7*x^(13/2) + 154440*a^2*b^8*x^7 + 32032*a*b^9*x^(15/2) + 3003*b^10*x^8)/24024
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^{5/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{b^5} - \frac{5a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{14}}{b^5} + \frac{10a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13}}{b^5} - \frac{10a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{b^5} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{b^5} - \frac{a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{b^5} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{11b^6} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{12b^6} - \frac{10a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13}}{13b^6} + \frac{5a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{14}}{7b^6} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16b^6} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{3b^6} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10*x^2,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/11*(a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11)/b^6 + (5*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^12)/(12*b^6) - (10*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^13)/(13*b^6) + (5*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^14)/(7*b^6) - (a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15)/(3*b^6) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(16*b^6))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^{10}x^8}{8} + \frac{4ab^9x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{3} + \frac{45a^2b^8x^7}{7} + \frac{240a^3b^7x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + 35a^4b^6x^6 + \frac{504a^5b^5x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + 42a^6b^4x^5 + \frac{80a^7b^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \dots$
default	$\frac{b^{10}x^8}{8} + \frac{4ab^9x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{3} + \frac{45a^2b^8x^7}{7} + \frac{240a^3b^7x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + 35a^4b^6x^6 + \frac{504a^5b^5x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + 42a^6b^4x^5 + \frac{80a^7b^3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \dots$
orering	$\frac{(-29029b^{24}x^{12} + 267300a^2b^{22}x^{11} - 1098750a^4b^{20}x^{10} + 2650060a^6b^{18}x^9 - 4141935a^8b^{16}x^8 + 4365288a^{10}b^{14}x^7 - 3120180a^{12}b^{12}x^6 + 120120b^6(-b^2x^2 + 2ax - a^2))}{120120b^6(-b^2x^2 + 2ax - a^2)}$
trager	$\frac{(21b^{10}x^7 + 1080a^2b^8x^6 + 21b^{10}x^6 + 5880a^4b^6x^5 + 1080a^2b^8x^5 + 21b^{10}x^5 + 7056a^6b^4x^4 + 5880a^4b^6x^4 + 1080a^2b^8x^4 + 21b^{10}x^4 + 1080a^2b^8x^3 + 21b^{10}x^3 + 1080a^2b^8x^2 + 21b^{10}x^2 + 1080a^2b^8x + 21b^{10}x + 1080a^2b^8)}{(21b^{10}x^7 + 1080a^2b^8x^6 + 21b^{10}x^6 + 5880a^4b^6x^5 + 1080a^2b^8x^5 + 21b^{10}x^5 + 7056a^6b^4x^4 + 5880a^4b^6x^4 + 1080a^2b^8x^4 + 21b^{10}x^4 + 1080a^2b^8x^3 + 21b^{10}x^3 + 1080a^2b^8x^2 + 21b^{10}x^2 + 1080a^2b^8x + 21b^{10}x + 1080a^2b^8)}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{8}b^{10}x^8 + \frac{4}{3}a*b^9x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{45}{7}a^2*b^8x^7 + \frac{240}{13}a^3*b^7x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 35a^4*b^6x^6 + \frac{504}{11}a^5*b^5x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 42a^6*b^4x^5 + \frac{80}{3}a^7*b^3x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 45/4*a^8*b^2*x^4 + 20/7*a^9*b*x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1/3*a^{10}*x^3$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} b^{10} x^8 + \frac{45}{7} a^2 b^8 x^7 + 35 a^4 b^6 x^6 + 42 a^6 b^4 x^5 + \frac{45}{4} a^8 b^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} a^{10} x^3$$

$$+ \frac{4}{3003} (1001 a b^9 x^7 + 13860 a^3 b^7 x^6 + 34398 a^5 b^5 x^5 + 20020 a^7 b^3 x^4 + 2145 a^9 b x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/8*b^10*x^8 + 45/7*a^2*b^8*x^7 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 42*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 45/4*a^8*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*a^10*x^3 + 4/3003*(1001*a*b^9*x^7 + 13860*a^3*b^7*x^6 + 34398*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 20020*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 2145*a^9*b*x^3)*sqrt(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^3}{3} + \frac{20a^9 b x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{45a^8 b^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{80a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + 42a^6 b^4 x^5 + \frac{504a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$$

$$+ 35a^4 b^6 x^6 + \frac{240a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{45a^2 b^8 x^7}{7} + \frac{4ab^9 x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^{10} x^8}{8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10*x**2,x)`output `a**10*x**3/3 + 20*a**9*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 45*a**8*b**2*x**4/4 + 80*a**7*b**3*x**(9/2)/3 + 42*a**6*b**4*x**5 + 504*a**5*b**5*x**(11/2)/11 + 35*a**4*b**6*x**6 + 240*a**3*b**7*x**(13/2)/13 + 45*a**2*b**8*x**7/7 + 4*a*b**9*x**(15/2)/3 + b**10*x**8/8`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{16}}{8b^6} - \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{15}a}{3b^6} + \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{14}a^2}{7b^6} - \frac{20(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{13}a^3}{13b^6} + \frac{5(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{12}a^4}{6b^6} - \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}a^5}{11b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^16/b^6 - 2/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^15*a/b^6 + 10/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^14*a^2/b^6 - 20/13*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^13*a^3/b^6 + 5/6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^12*a^4/b^6 - 2/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11*a^5/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} b^{10} x^8 + \frac{4}{3} a b^9 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{45}{7} a^2 b^8 x^7 + \frac{240}{13} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 35 a^4 b^6 x^6 + \frac{504}{11} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 42 a^6 b^4 x^5 + \frac{80}{3} a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{45}{4} a^8 b^2 x^4 + \frac{20}{7} a^9 b x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} a^{10} x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/8*b^10*x^8 + 4/3*a*b^9*x^(15/2) + 45/7*a^2*b^8*x^7 + 240/13*a^3*b^7*x^(13/2) + 35*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 504/11*a^5*b^5*x^(11/2) + 42*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 80/3*a^7*b^3*x^(9/2) + 45/4*a^8*b^2*x^4 + 20/7*a^9*b*x^(7/2) + 1/3*a^10*x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^3}{3} + \frac{b^{10} x^8}{8} + \frac{20 a^9 b x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{4 a b^9 x^{15/2}}{3} + \frac{45 a^8 b^2 x^4}{4} + 42 a^6 b^4 x^5 + 35 a^4 b^6 x^6 + \frac{45 a^2 b^8 x^7}{7} + \frac{80 a^7 b^3 x^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{504 a^5 b^5 x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{240 a^3 b^7 x^{13/2}}{13}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^10,x)`output `(a^10*x^3)/3 + (b^10*x^8)/8 + (20*a^9*b*x^(7/2))/7 + (4*a*b^9*x^(15/2))/3 + (45*a^8*b^2*x^4)/4 + 42*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^6 + (45*a^2*b^8*x^7)/7 + (80*a^7*b^3*x^(9/2))/3 + (504*a^5*b^5*x^(11/2))/11 + (240*a^3*b^7*x^(13/2))/13`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{x^3(68640\sqrt{x}a^9b + 640640\sqrt{x}a^7b^3x + 1100736\sqrt{x}a^5b^5x^2 + 443520\sqrt{x}a^3b^7x^3 + 32032\sqrt{x}ab^9x^4 + 8008b^{10})}{24024}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x^2,x)`output `(x**3*(68640*sqrt(x)*a**9*b + 640640*sqrt(x)*a**7*b**3*x + 1100736*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**5*x**2 + 443520*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**7*x**3 + 32032*sqrt(x)*a*b**9*x**4 + 8008*a**10 + 270270*a**8*b**2*x + 1009008*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 840840*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 154440*a**2*b**8*x**4 + 3003*b**10*x**5))/24024`

### 3.46 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	522
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	522
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	523
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	524
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	525
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	525
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	526
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	526
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	527
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	527

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx = -\frac{2a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{11b^4} + \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{2b^4} - \frac{6a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13}}{13b^4} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{14}}{7b^4}$$

output

```
-2/11*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/b^4+1/2*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^12/b^4-6/13*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^13/b^4+1/7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^14/b^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx = \frac{1001a^{10}x^2 + 8008a^9bx^{5/2} + 30030a^8b^2x^3 + 68640a^7b^3x^{7/2} + 105105a^6b^4x^4 + 112112a^5b^5x^{9/2} + 84084a^4b^6x^5 + 46200a^3b^7x^{11/2} + 2002a^2b^8x^6 + 572a^2b^9x^{13/2} + 13a^2b^{10}x^7}{2002}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10*x,x]
```

output

$$(1001*a^{10}*x^2 + 8008*a^9*b*x^{(5/2)} + 30030*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 68640*a^7*b^3*x^{(7/2)} + 105105*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 112112*a^5*b^5*x^{(9/2)} + 84084*a^4*b^6*x^5 + 43680*a^3*b^7*x^{(11/2)} + 15015*a^2*b^8*x^6 + 3080*a*b^9*x^{(13/2)} + 286*b^{10}*x^7)/2002$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x^{3/2} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13}}{b^3} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{b^3} - \frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{11b^4} + \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{4b^4} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{14}}{14b^4} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13}}{13b^4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10*x,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/11*(a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11)/b^4 + (a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^12)/(4*b^4) - (3*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^13)/(13*b^4) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^14/(14*b^4))
```





**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} b^{10} x^7 + \frac{15}{2} a^2 b^8 x^6 + 42 a^4 b^6 x^5 + \frac{105}{2} a^6 b^4 x^4 + 15 a^8 b^2 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^{10} x^2$$

$$+ \frac{4}{1001} (385 a b^9 x^6 + 5460 a^3 b^7 x^5 + 14014 a^5 b^5 x^4 + 8580 a^7 b^3 x^3 + 1001 a^9 b x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/7*b^10*x^7 + 15/2*a^2*b^8*x^6 + 42*a^4*b^6*x^5 + 105/2*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 15*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 1/2*a^10*x^2 + 4/1001*(385*a*b^9*x^6 + 5460*a^3*b^7*x^5 + 14014*a^5*b^5*x^4 + 8580*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 1001*a^9*b*x^2)*sqrt(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx = \frac{a^{10} x^2}{2} + 4a^9 b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15a^8 b^2 x^3 + \frac{240a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{105a^6 b^4 x^4}{2} + 56a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}}$$

$$+ 42a^4 b^6 x^5 + \frac{240a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{15a^2 b^8 x^6}{2} + \frac{20ab^9 x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{b^{10} x^7}{7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10*x,x)`output `a**10*x**2/2 + 4*a**9*b*x**(5/2) + 15*a**8*b**2*x**3 + 240*a**7*b**3*x**(7/2)/7 + 105*a**6*b**4*x**4/2 + 56*a**5*b**5*x**(9/2) + 42*a**4*b**6*x**5 + 240*a**3*b**7*x**(11/2)/11 + 15*a**2*b**8*x**6/2 + 20*a*b**9*x**(13/2)/13 + b**10*x**7/7`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx = \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{14}}{7b^4} - \frac{6(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{13}a}{13b^4} + \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{12}a^2}{2b^4} - \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}a^3}{11b^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^14/b^4 - 6/13*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^13*a/b^4 + 1/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^12*a^2/b^4 - 2/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11*a^3/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx = & \frac{1}{7} b^{10} x^7 + \frac{20}{13} ab^9 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{15}{2} a^2 b^8 x^6 + \frac{240}{11} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{11}{2}} \\ & + 42 a^4 b^6 x^5 + 56 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{105}{2} a^6 b^4 x^4 \\ & + \frac{240}{7} a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15 a^8 b^2 x^3 + 4 a^9 b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} a^{10} x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/7*b^10*x^7 + 20/13*a*b^9*x^(13/2) + 15/2*a^2*b^8*x^6 + 240/11*a^3*b^7*x^(11/2) + 42*a^4*b^6*x^5 + 56*a^5*b^5*x^(9/2) + 105/2*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 240/7*a^7*b^3*x^(7/2) + 15*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 4*a^9*b*x^(5/2) + 1/2*a^10*x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx = \frac{a^{10} x^2}{2} + \frac{b^{10} x^7}{7} + 4a^9 b x^{5/2} + \frac{20 a b^9 x^{13/2}}{13} \\ + 15 a^8 b^2 x^3 + \frac{105 a^6 b^4 x^4}{2} + 42 a^4 b^6 x^5 + \frac{15 a^2 b^8 x^6}{2} \\ + \frac{240 a^7 b^3 x^{7/2}}{7} + 56 a^5 b^5 x^{9/2} + \frac{240 a^3 b^7 x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^10,x)`output  $(a^{10}x^2)/2 + (b^{10}x^7)/7 + 4*a^9*b*x^{(5/2)} + (20*a*b^9*x^{(13/2)})/13 + 15*a^8*b^2*x^3 + (105*a^6*b^4*x^4)/2 + 42*a^4*b^6*x^5 + (15*a^2*b^8*x^6)/2 + (240*a^7*b^3*x^{(7/2)})/7 + 56*a^5*b^5*x^{(9/2)} + (240*a^3*b^7*x^{(11/2)})/11$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} x dx \\ = \frac{x^2(8008\sqrt{x}a^9b + 68640\sqrt{x}a^7b^3x + 112112\sqrt{x}a^5b^5x^2 + 43680\sqrt{x}a^3b^7x^3 + 3080\sqrt{x}ab^9x^4 + 1001a^{10} + 30030a^8b^2x + 105105a^6b^4x^2 + 84084a^4b^6x^3 + 15015a^2b^8x^4 + 286b^{10}x^5)}{2002}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10*x,x)`output  $(x^{**2}(8008*sqrt(x)*a^{**9}b + 68640*sqrt(x)*a^{**7}b^{**3}x + 112112*sqrt(x)*a^{**5}b^{**5}x^{**2} + 43680*sqrt(x)*a^{**3}b^{**7}x^{**3} + 3080*sqrt(x)*a*b^{**9}x^{**4} + 1001*a^{**10} + 30030*a^{**8}b^{**2}x + 105105*a^{**6}b^{**4}x^{**2} + 84084*a^{**4}b^{**6}x^{**3} + 15015*a^{**2}b^{**8}x^{**4} + 286*b^{**10}x^{**5}))/2002$

### 3.47 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	528
Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	528
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	529
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	530
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	531
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	531
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	532
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	532
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	533
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	533

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx = -\frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{11b^2} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{6b^2}$$

output `-2/11*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/b^2+1/6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^12/b^2`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. 2(38) = 76.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx = \frac{1}{66} (66a^{10}x + 440a^9bx^{3/2} + 1485a^8b^2x^2 + 3168a^7b^3x^{5/2} + 4620a^6b^4x^3 + 4752a^5b^5x^{7/2} + 3465a^4b^6x^4 + 1760a^3b^7x^{9/2} + 594a^2b^8x^5 + 120ab^9x^{11/2} + 11b^{10}x^6)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10,x]`

output

$$(66*a^{10}*x + 440*a^9*b*x^{(3/2)} + 1485*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 3168*a^7*b^3*x^{(5/2)} + 4620*a^6*b^4*x^3 + 4752*a^5*b^5*x^{(7/2)} + 3465*a^4*b^6*x^4 + 1760*a^3*b^7*x^{(9/2)} + 594*a^2*b^8*x^5 + 120*a*b^9*x^{(11/2)} + 11*b^{10}*x^6)/66$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{b} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{b} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{12}}{12b^2} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{11b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/11*(a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11)/b^2 + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^12/(12*b^2))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 774  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 3.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^{10}x^6}{6} + \frac{20ab^9x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + 9a^2b^8x^5 + \frac{80a^3b^7x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{105a^4b^6x^4}{2} + 72a^5b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 70a^6b^4x^3 + 48a^7b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \dots$
default	$\frac{b^{10}x^6}{6} + \frac{20ab^9x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + 9a^2b^8x^5 + \frac{80a^3b^7x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + \frac{105a^4b^6x^4}{2} + 72a^5b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 70a^6b^4x^3 + 48a^7b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \dots$
trager	$\frac{(b^{10}x^5 + 54a^2b^8x^4 + b^{10}x^4 + 315a^4b^6x^3 + 54a^2b^8x^3 + b^{10}x^3 + 420a^6b^4x^2 + 315a^4b^6x^2 + 54a^2b^8x^2 + b^{10}x^2 + 135a^8b^2x + 420a^6b^4x + 135a^4b^6x + 420a^2b^8x + b^{10}x + 420a^6b^4 + 135a^4b^6 + 420a^2b^8 + b^{10})}{6}$
oring	$\frac{(-21b^{20}x^{10} + 190a^2b^{18}x^9 - 765a^4b^{16}x^8 + 1800a^6b^{14}x^7 - 2730a^8b^{12}x^6 + 2772a^{10}b^{10}x^5 + 18480a^{14}b^6x^3 + 26235a^{16}b^4x^2 + \dots)}{66b^2(-b^2x+a^2)^9}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{10}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/6*b^{10}*x^6+20/11*a*b^9*x^{(11/2)}+9*a^2*b^8*x^5+80/3*a^3*b^7*x^{(9/2)}+105/2*a^4*b^6*x^4+72*a^5*b^5*x^{(7/2)}+70*a^6*b^4*x^3+48*a^7*b^3*x^{(5/2)}+45/2*a^8*b^2*x^2+20/3*a^9*b*x^{(3/2)}+a^{10}*x$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx \\ = \frac{1}{6} b^{10} x^6 + 9 a^2 b^8 x^5 + \frac{105}{2} a^4 b^6 x^4 + 70 a^6 b^4 x^3 + \frac{45}{2} a^8 b^2 x^2 + a^{10} x \\ + \frac{4}{33} (15 a b^9 x^5 + 220 a^3 b^7 x^4 + 594 a^5 b^5 x^3 + 396 a^7 b^3 x^2 + 55 a^9 b x) \sqrt{x} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*b^10*x^6 + 9*a^2*b^8*x^5 + 105/2*a^4*b^6*x^4 + 70*a^6*b^4*x^3 + 45/2*a^8*b^2*x^2 + a^10*x + 4/33*(15*a*b^9*x^5 + 220*a^3*b^7*x^4 + 594*a^5*b^5*x^3 + 396*a^7*b^3*x^2 + 55*a^9*b*x)*sqrt(x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.50

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx = a^{10} x + \frac{20a^9 b x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{45a^8 b^2 x^2}{2} + 48a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 70a^6 b^4 x^3 + 72a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + \frac{105a^4 b^6 x^4}{2} + \frac{80a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + 9a^2 b^8 x^5 + \frac{20ab^9 x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{b^{10} x^6}{6} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10,x)`

output `a**10*x + 20*a**9*b*x**(3/2)/3 + 45*a**8*b**2*x**2/2 + 48*a**7*b**3*x**(5/2) + 70*a**6*b**4*x**3 + 72*a**5*b**5*x**(7/2) + 105*a**4*b**6*x**4/2 + 80*a**3*b**7*x**(9/2)/3 + 9*a**2*b**8*x**5 + 20*a*b**9*x**(11/2)/11 + b**10*x**6/6`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx = \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{12}}{6b^2} - \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{11}a}{11b^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^12/b^2 - 2/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^11*a/b^2`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx = & \frac{1}{6}b^{10}x^6 + \frac{20}{11}ab^9x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 9a^2b^8x^5 + \frac{80}{3}a^3b^7x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{105}{2}a^4b^6x^4 \\ & + 72a^5b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 70a^6b^4x^3 + 48a^7b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{45}{2}a^8b^2x^2 + \frac{20}{3}a^9bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^{10}x \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/6*b^10*x^6 + 20/11*a*b^9*x^(11/2) + 9*a^2*b^8*x^5 + 80/3*a^3*b^7*x^(9/2) + 105/2*a^4*b^6*x^4 + 72*a^5*b^5*x^(7/2) + 70*a^6*b^4*x^3 + 48*a^7*b^3*x^(5/2) + 45/2*a^8*b^2*x^2 + 20/3*a^9*b*x^(3/2) + a^10*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx = a^{10}x + \frac{b^{10}x^6}{6} + \frac{20a^9bx^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{20ab^9x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{45a^8b^2x^2}{2} + 70a^6b^4x^3 + \frac{105a^4b^6x^4}{2} + 9a^2b^8x^5 + 48a^7b^3x^{5/2} + 72a^5b^5x^{7/2} + \frac{80a^3b^7x^{9/2}}{3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10,x)`output `a^10*x + (b^10*x^6)/6 + (20*a^9*b*x^(3/2))/3 + (20*a*b^9*x^(11/2))/11 + (45*a^8*b^2*x^2)/2 + 70*a^6*b^4*x^3 + (105*a^4*b^6*x^4)/2 + 9*a^2*b^8*x^5 + 48*a^7*b^3*x^(5/2) + 72*a^5*b^5*x^(7/2) + (80*a^3*b^7*x^(9/2))/3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.03

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{10} dx = \frac{x(440\sqrt{x}a^9b + 3168\sqrt{x}a^7b^3x + 4752\sqrt{x}a^5b^5x^2 + 1760\sqrt{x}a^3b^7x^3 + 120\sqrt{x}ab^9x^4 + 66a^{10} + 1485a^8b^2x)}{66}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10,x)`output `(x*(440*sqrt(x)*a**9*b + 3168*sqrt(x)*a**7*b**3*x + 4752*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**5*x**2 + 1760*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**7*x**3 + 120*sqrt(x)*a*b**9*x**4 + 66*a**10 + 1485*a**8*b**2*x + 4620*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 3465*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 594*a**2*b**8*x**4 + 11*b**10*x**5))/66`

**3.48**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	534
Mathematica [A] (verified)	534
Rubi [A] (verified)	535
Maple [A] (verified)	536
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	537
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	537
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	538
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	538
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	539
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	539

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx = 20a^9b\sqrt{x} + 45a^8b^2x + 80a^7b^3x^{3/2} + 105a^6b^4x^2 + \frac{504}{5}a^5b^5x^{5/2} + 70a^4b^6x^3 + \frac{240}{7}a^3b^7x^{7/2} + \frac{45}{4}a^2b^8x^4 + \frac{20}{9}ab^9x^{9/2} + \frac{b^{10}x^5}{5} + a^{10}\log(x)$$

output

```
20*a^9*b*x^(1/2)+45*a^8*b^2*x+80*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2)+105*a^6*b^4*x^2+504/5*a^5
*b^5*x^(5/2)+70*a^4*b^6*x^3+240/7*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2)+45/4*a^2*b^8*x^4+20/9*a*
b^9*x^(9/2)+1/5*b^10*x^5+a^10*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx = \frac{25200a^9b\sqrt{x} + 56700a^8b^2x + 100800a^7b^3x^{3/2} + 132300a^6b^4x^2 + 127008a^5b^5x^{5/2} + 88200a^4b^6x^3 + 43200a^3b^7x^{7/2} + 25200a^2b^8x^4 + 12600ab^9x^{9/2} + 2520b^{10}x^5 + a^{10}\log(\sqrt{x})}{1260}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x,x]`

output `(25200*a^9*b*Sqrt[x] + 56700*a^8*b^2*x + 100800*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 132300*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 127008*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 88200*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 43200*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 14175*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 2800*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 252*b^10*x^5)/1260 + 2*a^10*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{\sqrt{x}} + 10ba^9 + 45b^2\sqrt{x}a^8 + 120b^3xa^7 + 210b^4x^{3/2}a^6 + 252b^5x^2a^5 + 210b^6x^{5/2}a^4 + 120b^7x^3a^3 + 45b^8x^{7/2}a^2 + 10b^9x^2a + b^{10}x \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( a^{10} \log(\sqrt{x}) + 10a^9b\sqrt{x} + \frac{45}{2}a^8b^2x + 40a^7b^3x^{3/2} + \frac{105}{2}a^6b^4x^2 + \frac{252}{5}a^5b^5x^{5/2} + 35a^4b^6x^3 + \frac{120}{7}a^3b^7x^{7/2} + \frac{10}{2}a^2b^8x^2 + \frac{1}{2}ab^9x^3 + \frac{1}{2}b^{10}x^4 \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x,x]`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} b^{10} x^5 + \frac{45}{4} a^2 b^8 x^4 + 70 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 105 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 45 a^8 b^2 x + 2 a^{10} \log(\sqrt{x})$$

$$+ \frac{4}{315} (175 a b^9 x^4 + 2700 a^3 b^7 x^3 + 7938 a^5 b^5 x^2 + 6300 a^7 b^3 x + 1575 a^9 b) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*b^10*x^5 + 45/4*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 70*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 105*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 45*a^8*b^2*x + 2*a^10*log(sqrt(x)) + 4/315*(175*a*b^9*x^4 + 2700*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 7938*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 6300*a^7*b^3*x + 1575*a^9*b)*sqrt(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx = a^{10} \log(x) + 20a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 45a^8 b^2 x + 80a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105a^6 b^4 x^2$$

$$+ \frac{504a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + 70a^4 b^6 x^3 + \frac{240a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{45a^2 b^8 x^4}{4} + \frac{20ab^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{b^{10} x^5}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x,x)`output `a**10*log(x) + 20*a**9*b*sqrt(x) + 45*a**8*b**2*x + 80*a**7*b**3*x**(3/2) + 105*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 504*a**5*b**5*x**(5/2)/5 + 70*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 240*a**3*b**7*x**(7/2)/7 + 45*a**2*b**8*x**4/4 + 20*a*b**9*x**(9/2)/9 + b**10*x**5/5`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} b^{10} x^5 + \frac{20}{9} ab^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{45}{4} a^2 b^8 x^4 + \frac{240}{7} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + 70 a^4 b^6 x^3 + \frac{504}{5} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 105 a^6 b^4 x^2 \\ + 80 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 45 a^8 b^2 x + a^{10} \log(x) + 20 a^9 b \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*b^10*x^5 + 20/9*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 45/4*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 240/7*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 70*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 504/5*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 105*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 80*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 45*a^8*b^2*x + a^10*log(x) + 20*a^9*b*sqrt(x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} b^{10} x^5 + \frac{20}{9} ab^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{45}{4} a^2 b^8 x^4 + \frac{240}{7} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + 70 a^4 b^6 x^3 + \frac{504}{5} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 105 a^6 b^4 x^2 \\ + 80 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 45 a^8 b^2 x + a^{10} \log(|x|) + 20 a^9 b \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*b^10*x^5 + 20/9*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 45/4*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 240/7*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 70*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 504/5*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 105*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 80*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 45*a^8*b^2*x + a^10*log(abs(x)) + 20*a^9*b*sqrt(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx = 2a^{10} \ln(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{b^{10}x^5}{5} + 45a^8b^2x + 20a^9b\sqrt{x} \\ + \frac{20ab^9x^{9/2}}{9} + 105a^6b^4x^2 + 70a^4b^6x^3 + \frac{45a^2b^8x^4}{4} \\ + 80a^7b^3x^{3/2} + \frac{504a^5b^5x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{240a^3b^7x^{7/2}}{7}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10/x,x)`output `2*a^10*log(x^(1/2)) + (b^10*x^5)/5 + 45*a^8*b^2*x + 20*a^9*b*x^(1/2) + (20*a*b^9*x^(9/2))/9 + 105*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 70*a^4*b^6*x^3 + (45*a^2*b^8*x^4)/4 + 80*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + (504*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2))/5 + (240*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x} dx = 20\sqrt{x}a^9b + 80\sqrt{x}a^7b^3x + \frac{504\sqrt{x}a^5b^5x^2}{5} \\ + \frac{240\sqrt{x}a^3b^7x^3}{7} + \frac{20\sqrt{x}ab^9x^4}{9} + \log(x)a^{10} + 45a^8b^2x \\ + 105a^6b^4x^2 + 70a^4b^6x^3 + \frac{45a^2b^8x^4}{4} + \frac{b^{10}x^5}{5}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x,x)`output `(25200*sqrt(x)*a**9*b + 100800*sqrt(x)*a**7*b**3*x + 127008*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**5*x**2 + 43200*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**7*x**3 + 2800*sqrt(x)*a*b**9*x**4 + 1260*log(x)*a**10 + 56700*a**8*b**2*x + 132300*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 88200*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 14175*a**2*b**8*x**4 + 252*b**10*x**5)/1260`



**3.49**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	540
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	540
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	541
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	542
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	543
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	543
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	544
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	544
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	545
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	545

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{20a^9b}{\sqrt{x}} + 240a^7b^3\sqrt{x} + 210a^6b^4x + 168a^5b^5x^{3/2} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + 48a^3b^7x^{5/2} + 15a^2b^8x^3 + \frac{20}{7}ab^9x^{7/2} + \frac{b^{10}x^4}{4} + 45a^8b^2 \log(x)$$

output `-a^10/x-20*a^9*b/x^(1/2)+240*a^7*b^3*x^(1/2)+210*a^6*b^4*x+168*a^5*b^5*x^(3/2)+105*a^4*b^6*x^2+48*a^3*b^7*x^(5/2)+15*a^2*b^8*x^3+20/7*a*b^9*x^(7/2)+1/4*b^10*x^4+45*a^8*b^2*ln(x)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{20a^9b}{\sqrt{x}} + 240a^7b^3\sqrt{x} + 210a^6b^4x + 168a^5b^5x^{3/2} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + 48a^3b^7x^{5/2} + 15a^2b^8x^3 + \frac{20}{7}ab^9x^{7/2} + \frac{b^{10}x^4}{4} + 45a^8b^2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^2,x]`

output

$$-(a^{10}/x) - (20*a^9*b)/\text{Sqrt}[x] + 240*a^7*b^3*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 210*a^6*b^4*x + 168*a^5*b^5*x^{(3/2)} + 105*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 48*a^3*b^7*x^{(5/2)} + 15*a^2*b^8*x^3 + (20*a*b^9*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (b^{10}*x^4)/4 + 45*a^8*b^2*\text{Log}[x]$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 798

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

↓ 49

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{\sqrt{x}} + 120b^3a^7 + 210b^4\sqrt{x}a^6 + 252b^5xa^5 + 210b^6x^{3/2}a^4 + 120b^7x^2a^3 + 45b^8x^{5/2}a^2 + 10b^9x^3a + b^{10}x^4 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{2x} - \frac{10a^9b}{\sqrt{x}} + 45a^8b^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 120a^7b^3\sqrt{x} + 105a^6b^4x + 84a^5b^5x^{3/2} + \frac{105}{2}a^4b^6x^2 + 24a^3b^7x^{5/2} + \frac{15}{2}a^2b^8x^3 + 10ab^9x^3 + b^{10}x^4 \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^2,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/2*a^10/x - (10*a^9*b)/Sqrt[x] + 120*a^7*b^3*Sqrt[x] + 105*a^6*b^4*x + 84*a^5*b^5*x^(3/2) + (105*a^4*b^6*x^2)/2 + 24*a^3*b^7*x^(5/2) + (15*a^2*b^8*x^3)/2 + (10*a*b^9*x^(7/2))/7 + (b^10*x^4)/8 + 45*a^8*b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{20a^9b}{\sqrt{x}} + 240a^7b^3\sqrt{x} + 210a^6b^4x + 168a^5b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + 48a^3b^7x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15a^2b^8x^3 + 4a^2b^9x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15a^2b^9x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15a^2b^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{20a^9b}{\sqrt{x}} + 240a^7b^3\sqrt{x} + 210a^6b^4x + 168a^5b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + 48a^3b^7x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15a^2b^8x^3 + 4a^2b^9x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15a^2b^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(b^{10}x^4+60a^2b^8x^3+b^{10}x^3+420a^4b^6x^2+60a^2b^8x^2+b^{10}x^2+840a^6b^4x+420a^4b^6x+60a^2b^8x+b^{10}x+4a^{10})}{4x}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a^10/x-20*a^9*b/x^(1/2)+240*a^7*b^3*x^(1/2)+210*a^6*b^4*x+168*a^5*b^5*x^(  
3/2)+105*a^4*b^6*x^2+48*a^3*b^7*x^(5/2)+15*a^2*b^8*x^3+20/7*a*b^9*x^(7/2)+  
1/4*b^10*x^4+45*a^8*b^2*ln(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = \frac{7b^{10}x^5 + 420a^2b^8x^4 + 2940a^4b^6x^3 + 5880a^6b^4x^2 + 2520a^8b^2x \log(\sqrt{x}) - 28a^{10} + 16(5ab^9x^4 + 84a^3b^7x^3 + 294a^5b^5x^2 + 420a^7b^3x - 35a^9b)\sqrt{x}}{28x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/28*(7*b^10*x^5 + 420*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 2940*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 5880*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 2520*a^8*b^2*x*log(sqrt(x)) - 28*a^10 + 16*(5*a*b^9*x^4 + 84*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 294*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 420*a^7*b^3*x - 35*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{20a^9b}{\sqrt{x}} + 45a^8b^2 \log(x) + 240a^7b^3\sqrt{x} + 210a^6b^4x + 168a^5b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + 48a^3b^7x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 15a^2b^8x^3 + \frac{20ab^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{b^{10}x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**2,x)`output `-a**10/x - 20*a**9*b/sqrt(x) + 45*a**8*b**2*log(x) + 240*a**7*b**3*sqrt(x) + 210*a**6*b**4*x + 168*a**5*b**5*x**(3/2) + 105*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 48*a**3*b**7*x**(5/2) + 15*a**2*b**8*x**3 + 20*a*b**9*x**(7/2)/7 + b**10*x**4/4`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} b^{10} x^4 + \frac{20}{7} a b^9 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15 a^2 b^8 x^3 + 48 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 105 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 168 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 210 a^6 b^4 x + 45 a^8 b^2 \log(x) + 240 a^7 b^3 \sqrt{x} - \frac{20 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + a^{10}}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*b^10*x^4 + 20/7*a*b^9*x^(7/2) + 15*a^2*b^8*x^3 + 48*a^3*b^7*x^(5/2) + 105*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 168*a^5*b^5*x^(3/2) + 210*a^6*b^4*x + 45*a^8*b^2*log(x) + 240*a^7*b^3*sqrt(x) - (20*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + a^10)/x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} b^{10} x^4 + \frac{20}{7} a b^9 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15 a^2 b^8 x^3 + 48 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 105 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 168 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 210 a^6 b^4 x + 45 a^8 b^2 \log(|x|) + 240 a^7 b^3 \sqrt{x} - \frac{20 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + a^{10}}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*b^10*x^4 + 20/7*a*b^9*x^(7/2) + 15*a^2*b^8*x^3 + 48*a^3*b^7*x^(5/2) + 105*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 168*a^5*b^5*x^(3/2) + 210*a^6*b^4*x + 45*a^8*b^2*log(abs(x)) + 240*a^7*b^3*sqrt(x) - (20*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + a^10)/x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = \frac{b^{10} x^4}{4} - \frac{a^{10} + 20 a^9 b \sqrt{x}}{x} + 90 a^8 b^2 \ln(\sqrt{x})$$

$$+ 210 a^6 b^4 x + \frac{20 a b^9 x^{7/2}}{7} + 105 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 15 a^2 b^8 x^3$$

$$+ 240 a^7 b^3 \sqrt{x} + 168 a^5 b^5 x^{3/2} + 48 a^3 b^7 x^{5/2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10/x^2,x)`output `(b^10*x^4)/4 - (a^10 + 20*a^9*b*x^(1/2))/x + 90*a^8*b^2*log(x^(1/2)) + 210*a^6*b^4*x + (20*a*b^9*x^(7/2))/7 + 105*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 15*a^2*b^8*x^3 + 240*a^7*b^3*x^(1/2) + 168*a^5*b^5*x^(3/2) + 48*a^3*b^7*x^(5/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{1260\sqrt{x} \log(x) a^8 b^2 x - 28\sqrt{x} a^{10} + 5880\sqrt{x} a^6 b^4 x^2 + 2940\sqrt{x} a^4 b^6 x^3 + 420\sqrt{x} a^2 b^8 x^4 + 7\sqrt{x} b^{10} x^5 - 560 a^9 b x + 6720 a^7 b^3 x^2 + 4704 a^5 b^5 x^3 + 1344 a^3 b^7 x^4 + 80 a b^9 x^5}{28\sqrt{x} x}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^2,x)`output `(1260*sqrt(x)*log(x)*a**8*b**2*x - 28*sqrt(x)*a**10 + 5880*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 2940*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 420*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**8*x**4 + 7*sqrt(x)*b**10*x**5 - 560*a**9*b*x + 6720*a**7*b**3*x**2 + 4704*a**5*b**5*x**3 + 1344*a**3*b**7*x**4 + 80*a*b**9*x**5)/(28*sqrt(x)*x)`

**3.50**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{20a^9b}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{x} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 504a^5b^5\sqrt{x} + 210a^4b^6x + 80a^3b^7x^{3/2} + \frac{45}{2}a^2b^8x^2 + 4ab^9x^{5/2} + \frac{b^{10}x^3}{3} + 210a^6b^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^10/x^2-20/3*a^9*b/x^(3/2)-45*a^8*b^2/x-240*a^7*b^3/x^(1/2)+504*a^5*b^5*x^(1/2)+210*a^4*b^6*x+80*a^3*b^7*x^(3/2)+45/2*a^2*b^8*x^2+4*a*b^9*x^(5/2)+1/3*b^10*x^3+210*a^6*b^4*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-3a^{10} - 40a^9b\sqrt{x} - 270a^8b^2x - 1440a^7b^3x^{3/2} + 3024a^5b^5x^{5/2} + 1260a^4b^6x^3 + 480a^3b^7x^{7/2} + 135a^2b^8x^4 + 420a^6b^4 \log(\sqrt{x})}{6x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^3,x]`

output  $(-3a^{10} - 40a^9b\sqrt{x} - 270a^8b^2x - 1440a^7b^3x^{3/2} + 3024a^5b^5x^{5/2} + 1260a^4b^6x^3 + 480a^3b^7x^{7/2} + 135a^2b^8x^4 + 24ab^9x^{9/2} + 2b^{10}x^5)/(6x^2) + 420a^6b^4\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^2} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{\sqrt{x}} + 252b^5a^5 + 210b^6\sqrt{x}a^4 + 120b^7xa^3 + 45b^8x^{3/2}a^2 + 10b^9x^2 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{4x^{3/2}} - \frac{10a^9b}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{2x} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 210a^6b^4 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 252a^5b^5\sqrt{x} + 105a^4b^6x + 40a^3b^7x^{3/2} + \frac{45}{4}a^2b^8x^2 + 10b^9x^3 \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^3,x]`



output

$$2*(-1/4*a^{10}/x^2 - (10*a^9*b)/(3*x^{(3/2)}) - (45*a^8*b^2)/(2*x) - (120*a^7*b^3)/\text{Sqrt}[x] + 252*a^5*b^5*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 105*a^4*b^6*x + 40*a^3*b^7*x^{(3/2)} + (45*a^2*b^8*x^2)/4 + 2*a*b^9*x^{(5/2)} + (b^{10}*x^3)/6 + 210*a^6*b^4*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]])$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \text{ \&\& IGtQ}[m, 0] \text{ \&\& IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 798

$$\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \text{ \&\& IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> } \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{20a^9b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{x} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 504a^5b^5\sqrt{x} + 210a^4b^6x + 80a^3b^7x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{45a^2b^8x^2}{2} + 4ab^9x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{b^{10}x^3}{6} + 210a^6b^4\ln(x)$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{20a^9b}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{x} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 504a^5b^5\sqrt{x} + 210a^4b^6x + 80a^3b^7x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{45a^2b^8x^2}{2} + 4ab^9x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{b^{10}x^3}{6} + 210a^6b^4\ln(x)$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2b^{10}x^4+135a^2b^8x^3+2b^{10}x^3+1260a^4b^6x^2+135a^2b^8x^2+2b^{10}x^2+3a^{10}x+270a^8b^2x+3a^{10})}{6x^2} - \frac{4(-3b^8x^4-60a^6b^4\ln(x))}{6x^2}$

input

$$\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{10}/x^3,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

$$-1/2*a^{10}/x^2-20/3*a^9*b/x^{(3/2)}-45*a^8*b^2/x-240*a^7*b^3/x^{(1/2)}+504*a^5*b^5*x^{(1/2)}+210*a^4*b^6*x+80*a^3*b^7*x^{(3/2)}+45/2*a^2*b^8*x^2+4*a*b^9*x^{(5/2)}+1/3*b^{10}*x^3+210*a^6*b^4*\ln(x)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^{10}x^5 + 135a^2b^8x^4 + 1260a^4b^6x^3 + 2520a^6b^4x^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) - 270a^8b^2x - 3a^{10} + 8(3ab^9x^4 + 60a^3b^7x^3 + 378a^5b^5x^2 - 180a^7b^3x - 5a^9b)\sqrt{x}}{6x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(2*b^10*x^5 + 135*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 1260*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 2520*a^6*b^4*x^2*log(sqrt(x)) - 270*a^8*b^2*x - 3*a^10 + 8*(3*a*b^9*x^4 + 60*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 378*a^5*b^5*x^2 - 180*a^7*b^3*x - 5*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{20a^9b}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{x} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 210a^6b^4 \log(x) + 504a^5b^5\sqrt{x}$$

$$+ 210a^4b^6x + 80a^3b^7x^{3/2} + \frac{45a^2b^8x^2}{2} + 4ab^9x^{5/2} + \frac{b^{10}x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**3,x)`output `-a**10/(2*x**2) - 20*a**9*b/(3*x**(3/2)) - 45*a**8*b**2/x - 240*a**7*b**3/sqrt(x) + 210*a**6*b**4*log(x) + 504*a**5*b**5*sqrt(x) + 210*a**4*b**6*x + 80*a**3*b**7*x**(3/2) + 45*a**2*b**8*x**2/2 + 4*a*b**9*x**(5/2) + b**10*x**3/3`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} b^{10} x^3 + 4ab^9 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{45}{2} a^2 b^8 x^2 + 80 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 210 a^4 b^6 x + 210 a^6 b^4 \log(x) + 504 a^5 b^5 \sqrt{x} - \frac{1440 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 270 a^8 b^2 x + 40 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 3 a^{10}}{6 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*b^10*x^3 + 4*a*b^9*x^(5/2) + 45/2*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 80*a^3*b^7*x^(3/2) + 210*a^4*b^6*x + 210*a^6*b^4*log(x) + 504*a^5*b^5*sqrt(x) - 1/6*(1440*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 270*a^8*b^2*x + 40*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a^10)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1}{3} b^{10} x^3 + 4ab^9 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{45}{2} a^2 b^8 x^2 + 80 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 210 a^4 b^6 x + 210 a^6 b^4 \log(|x|) + 504 a^5 b^5 \sqrt{x} - \frac{1440 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 270 a^8 b^2 x + 40 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 3 a^{10}}{6 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*b^10*x^3 + 4*a*b^9*x^(5/2) + 45/2*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 80*a^3*b^7*x^(3/2) + 210*a^4*b^6*x + 210*a^6*b^4*log(abs(x)) + 504*a^5*b^5*sqrt(x) - 1/6*(1440*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 270*a^8*b^2*x + 40*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a^10)/x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = \frac{b^{10} x^3}{3} - \frac{a^{10}}{2} + 45 a^8 b^2 x + \frac{20 a^9 b \sqrt{x}}{3} + 240 a^7 b^3 x^{3/2} + 420 a^6 b^4 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + 210 a^4 b^6 x + 4 a b^9 x^{5/2} + \frac{45 a^2 b^8 x^2}{2} + 504 a^5 b^5 \sqrt{x} + 80 a^3 b^7 x^{3/2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10/x^3,x)`output  $(b^{10}x^3)/3 - (a^{10}/2 + 45a^8b^2x + (20a^9b\sqrt{x})/3 + 240a^7b^3x^{3/2})/x^2 + 420a^6b^4\log(x^{1/2}) + 210a^4b^6x + 4ab^9x^{5/2} + (45a^2b^8x^2)/2 + 504a^5b^5x^{1/2} + 80a^3b^7x^{3/2}$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = \frac{1260\sqrt{x}\log(x)a^6b^4x^2 - 3\sqrt{x}a^{10} - 270\sqrt{x}a^8b^2x + 1260\sqrt{x}a^4b^6x^3 + 135\sqrt{x}a^2b^8x^4 + 2\sqrt{x}b^{10}x^5 - 40a^9b^3x^2}{6\sqrt{x}x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^3,x)`output  $(1260\sqrt{x}\log(x)a^6b^4x^2 - 3\sqrt{x}a^{10} - 270\sqrt{x}a^8b^2x + 1260\sqrt{x}a^4b^6x^3 + 135\sqrt{x}a^2b^8x^4 + 2\sqrt{x}b^{10}x^5 - 40a^9b^3x^2 + 24ab^9x^{5/2})/(6\sqrt{x}x^2)$

**3.51**       $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{4a^9b}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{80a^7b^3}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{210a^6b^4}{x} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 240a^3b^7\sqrt{x} + 45a^2b^8x + \frac{20}{3}ab^9x^{3/2} + \frac{b^{10}x^2}{2} + 210a^4b^6 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^10/x^3-4*a^9*b/x^(5/2)-45/2*a^8*b^2/x^2-80*a^7*b^3/x^(3/2)-210*a^6*b^4/x-504*a^5*b^5/x^(1/2)+240*a^3*b^7*x^(1/2)+45*a^2*b^8*x+20/3*a*b^9*x^(3/2)+1/2*b^10*x^2+210*a^4*b^6*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2a^{10} + 24a^9b\sqrt{x} + 135a^8b^2x + 480a^7b^3x^{3/2} + 1260a^6b^4x^2 + 3024a^5b^5x^{5/2} - 1440a^3b^7x^{7/2} - 270a^2b^8x^4 + 210a^4b^6 \log(x)}{6x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^4,x]`

output 
$$-1/6*(2*a^10 + 24*a^9*b*Sqrt[x] + 135*a^8*b^2*x + 480*a^7*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 1260*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 3024*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/2)} - 1440*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/2)} - 270*a^2*b^8*x^4 - 40*a*b^9*x^{(9/2)} - 3*b^10*x^5)/x^3 + 210*a^4*b^6*Log[x]$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{7/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^3} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^2} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{\sqrt{x}} + 120b^7a^3 + 45b^8\sqrt{xa^2} + 10b^9xa + b^{10} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{6x^3} - \frac{2a^9b}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{4x^2} - \frac{40a^7b^3}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{x} - \frac{252a^5b^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 210a^4b^6 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 120a^3b^7\sqrt{x} + \frac{45}{2}a^2b^8x + \frac{10}{3}ab^9x^2 + \frac{b^{10}}{10}x^3 \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^4,x]`

output

$$2*(-1/6*a^{10}/x^3 - (2*a^9*b)/x^{(5/2)} - (45*a^8*b^2)/(4*x^2) - (40*a^7*b^3)/x^{(3/2)} - (105*a^6*b^4)/x - (252*a^5*b^5)/\text{Sqrt}[x] + 120*a^3*b^7*\text{Sqrt}[x] + (45*a^2*b^8*x)/2 + (10*a*b^9*x^{(3/2)})/3 + (b^{10}*x^2)/4 + 210*a^4*b^6*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]])$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$$

rule 798

$$\text{Int}[x^{(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.))^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x}], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{4a^9b}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{80a^7b^3}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{210a^6b^4}{x} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 240a^3b^7\sqrt{x} + 45a^2b^8x + \frac{20ab^9x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} +$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{4a^9b}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{80a^7b^3}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{210a^6b^4}{x} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 240a^3b^7\sqrt{x} + 45a^2b^8x + \frac{20ab^9x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} +$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(3b^{10}x^4+270a^2b^8x^3+3b^{10}x^3+2a^{10}x^2+135a^8b^2x^2+1260a^6b^4x^2+2a^{10}x+135a^8b^2x+2a^{10})}{6x^3} - \frac{4(-5b^8x^4-18$

input

$$\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{10}/x^4,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

$$-1/3*a^{10}/x^3-4*a^9*b/x^{(5/2)}-45/2*a^8*b^2/x^2-80*a^7*b^3/x^{(3/2)}-210*a^6*b^4/x-504*a^5*b^5/x^{(1/2)}+240*a^3*b^7*x^{(1/2)}+45*a^2*b^8*x+20/3*a*b^9*x^{(3/2)}+1/2*b^{10}*x^2+210*a^4*b^6*\ln(x)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^{10}x^5 + 270a^2b^8x^4 + 2520a^4b^6x^3 \log(\sqrt{x}) - 1260a^6b^4x^2 - 135a^8b^2x - 2a^{10} + 8(5ab^9x^4 + 180a^3b^7x^3 - 378a^5b^5x^2 - 60a^7b^3x - 3a^9b)\sqrt{x}}{6x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(3*b^10*x^5 + 270*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 2520*a^4*b^6*x^3*log(sqrt(x)) - 1260*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 135*a^8*b^2*x - 2*a^10 + 8*(5*a*b^9*x^4 + 180*a^3*b^7*x^3 - 378*a^5*b^5*x^2 - 60*a^7*b^3*x - 3*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{4a^9b}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{80a^7b^3}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{210a^6b^4}{x} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$+ 210a^4b^6 \log(x) + 240a^3b^7\sqrt{x} + 45a^2b^8x + \frac{20ab^9x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{b^{10}x^2}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**4,x)`output `-a**10/(3*x**3) - 4*a**9*b/x**(5/2) - 45*a**8*b**2/(2*x**2) - 80*a**7*b**3/x**(3/2) - 210*a**6*b**4/x - 504*a**5*b**5/sqrt(x) + 210*a**4*b**6*log(x) + 240*a**3*b**7*sqrt(x) + 45*a**2*b**8*x + 20*a*b**9*x**(3/2)/3 + b**10*x**2/2`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} b^{10} x^2 + \frac{20}{3} a b^9 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 45 a^2 b^8 x + 210 a^4 b^6 \log(x) + 240 a^3 b^7 \sqrt{x}$$

$$- \frac{3024 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1260 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 480 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 135 a^8 b^2 x + 24 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 2 a^{10}}{6 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*b^10*x^2 + 20/3*a*b^9*x^(3/2) + 45*a^2*b^8*x + 210*a^4*b^6*log(x) + 240*a^3*b^7*sqrt(x) - 1/6*(3024*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 1260*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 480*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 135*a^8*b^2*x + 24*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 2*a^10)/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} b^{10} x^2 + \frac{20}{3} a b^9 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 45 a^2 b^8 x + 210 a^4 b^6 \log(|x|) + 240 a^3 b^7 \sqrt{x}$$

$$- \frac{3024 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1260 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 480 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 135 a^8 b^2 x + 24 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 2 a^{10}}{6 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*b^10*x^2 + 20/3*a*b^9*x^(3/2) + 45*a^2*b^8*x + 210*a^4*b^6*log(abs(x)) + 240*a^3*b^7*sqrt(x) - 1/6*(3024*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 1260*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 480*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 135*a^8*b^2*x + 24*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 2*a^10)/x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^{10} x^2}{2} - \frac{a^{10}}{3} + \frac{45 a^8 b^2 x}{2} + 4 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 210 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 80 a^7 b^3 x^{3/2} + 504 a^5 b^5 x^{5/2}$$

$$+ 420 a^4 b^6 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + 45 a^2 b^8 x + \frac{20 a b^9 x^{3/2}}{3} + 240 a^3 b^7 \sqrt{x}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10/x^4,x)`output  $(b^{10}x^2)/2 - (a^{10}/3 + (45a^8b^2x)/2 + 4a^9b\sqrt{x} + 210a^6b^4x^2 + 80a^7b^3x^{3/2} + 504a^5b^5x^{5/2})/x^3 + 420a^4b^6\log(x^{1/2}) + 45a^2b^8x + (20ab^9x^{3/2})/3 + 240a^3b^7x^{1/2}$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{1260\sqrt{x}\log(x)a^4b^6x^3 - 2\sqrt{x}a^{10} - 135\sqrt{x}a^8b^2x - 1260\sqrt{x}a^6b^4x^2 + 270\sqrt{x}a^2b^8x^4 + 3\sqrt{x}b^{10}x^5 - 24a^9b^7x^3}{6\sqrt{x}x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^4,x)`output  $(1260\sqrt{x}\log(x)a^{4}b^{6}x^{3} - 2\sqrt{x}a^{10} - 135\sqrt{x}a^{8}b^{2}x - 1260\sqrt{x}a^{6}b^{4}x^{2} + 270\sqrt{x}a^{2}b^{8}x^{4} + 3\sqrt{x}b^{10}x^{5} - 24a^{9}b^{7}x^{3} - 480a^{7}b^{3}x^{2} - 3024a^{5}b^{5}x^{3} + 1440a^{3}b^{7}x^{4} + 40ab^{9}x^{5})/(6\sqrt{x}x^{3})$

**3.52**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	558
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Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	559
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	560
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	561
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	562
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	563
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	563

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{4x^4} - \frac{20a^9b}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{15a^8b^2}{x^3} - \frac{48a^7b^3}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{x^2} - \frac{168a^5b^5}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{210a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{\sqrt{x}} + 20ab^9\sqrt{x} + b^{10}x + 45a^2b^8 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/4*a^10/x^4-20/7*a^9*b/x^(7/2)-15*a^8*b^2/x^3-48*a^7*b^3/x^(5/2)-105*a^6*b^4/x^2-168*a^5*b^5/x^(3/2)-210*a^4*b^6/x-240*a^3*b^7/x^(1/2)+20*a*b^9*x^(1/2)+b^10*x+45*a^2*b^8*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = \frac{7a^{10} + 80a^9b\sqrt{x} + 420a^8b^2x + 1344a^7b^3x^{3/2} + 2940a^6b^4x^2 + 4704a^5b^5x^{5/2} + 5880a^4b^6x^3 + 6720a^3b^7x^2 + 45a^2b^8 \log(x)}{28x^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^5,x]`

output 
$$-1/28*(7*a^{10} + 80*a^9*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 420*a^8*b^2*x + 1344*a^7*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 2940*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 4704*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 5880*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 6720*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/2)} - 560*a*b^9*x^{(9/2)} - 28*b^{10}*x^5)/x^4 + 45*a^2*b^8*\text{Log}[x]$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{9/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^4} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^3} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^2} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{\sqrt{x}} + 10b^9a + b^{10}\sqrt{x} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{8x^4} - \frac{10a^9b}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{15a^8b^2}{2x^3} - \frac{24a^7b^3}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{2x^2} - \frac{84a^5b^5}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{120a^3b^7}{\sqrt{x}} + 45a^2b^8 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 10ab^9\sqrt{x} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^5,x]`

```
output 2*(-1/8*a^10/x^4 - (10*a^9*b)/(7*x^(7/2)) - (15*a^8*b^2)/(2*x^3) - (24*a^7*b^3)/x^(5/2) - (105*a^6*b^4)/(2*x^2) - (84*a^5*b^5)/x^(3/2) - (105*a^4*b^6)/x - (120*a^3*b^7)/Sqrt[x] + 10*a*b^9*Sqrt[x] + (b^10*x)/2 + 45*a^2*b^8*Log[Sqrt[x]])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{4x^4} - \frac{20a^9b}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{15a^8b^2}{x^3} - \frac{48a^7b^3}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{x^2} - \frac{168a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{210a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{\sqrt{x}} + 20ab^9\sqrt{x} + b^{10}$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{4x^4} - \frac{20a^9b}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{15a^8b^2}{x^3} - \frac{48a^7b^3}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{x^2} - \frac{168a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{210a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{\sqrt{x}} + 20ab^9\sqrt{x} + b^{10}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(4b^{10}x^4+a^{10}x^3+60a^8b^2x^3+420a^6b^4x^3+840a^4b^6x^3+a^{10}x^2+60a^8b^2x^2+420a^6b^4x^2+a^{10}x+60a^8b^2x+a^{10})}{4x^4}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*a^10/x^4-20/7*a^9*b/x^(7/2)-15*a^8*b^2/x^3-48*a^7*b^3/x^(5/2)-105*a^6*b^4/x^2-168*a^5*b^5/x^(3/2)-210*a^4*b^6/x-240*a^3*b^7/x^(1/2)+20*a*b^9*x^(1/2)+b^10*x+45*a^2*b^8*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{28 b^{10} x^5 + 2520 a^2 b^8 x^4 \log(\sqrt{x}) - 5880 a^4 b^6 x^3 - 2940 a^6 b^4 x^2 - 420 a^8 b^2 x - 7 a^{10} + 16 (35 a b^9 x^4 - 420 a^3 b^7 x^3 - 294 a^5 b^5 x^2 - 84 a^7 b^3 x - 5 a^9 b) \sqrt{x}}{28 x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/28*(28*b^10*x^5 + 2520*a^2*b^8*x^4*log(sqrt(x)) - 5880*a^4*b^6*x^3 - 2940*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 420*a^8*b^2*x - 7*a^10 + 16*(35*a*b^9*x^4 - 420*a^3*b^7*x^3 - 294*a^5*b^5*x^2 - 84*a^7*b^3*x - 5*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{4x^4} - \frac{20a^9b}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{15a^8b^2}{x^3} - \frac{48a^7b^3}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{x^2} - \frac{168a^5b^5}{x^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{210a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{\sqrt{x}} + 45a^2b^8 \log(x) + 20ab^9\sqrt{x} + b^{10}x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**5,x)`output `-a**10/(4*x**4) - 20*a**9*b/(7*x**(7/2)) - 15*a**8*b**2/x**3 - 48*a**7*b**3/x**(5/2) - 105*a**6*b**4/x**2 - 168*a**5*b**5/x**(3/2) - 210*a**4*b**6/x - 240*a**3*b**7/sqrt(x) + 45*a**2*b**8*log(x) + 20*a*b**9*sqrt(x) + b**10*x`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = b^{10}x + 45 a^2 b^8 \log(x) + 20 ab^9 \sqrt{x} - \frac{6720 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 5880 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 4704 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2940 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 1344 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 420 a^8 b^2 x + 80 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 7 a^{10}}{28 x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^10*x + 45*a^2*b^8*log(x) + 20*a*b^9*sqrt(x) - 1/28*(6720*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 5880*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 4704*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 2940*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 1344*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 420*a^8*b^2*x + 80*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 7*a^10)/x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = b^{10}x + 45 a^2 b^8 \log(|x|) + 20 ab^9 \sqrt{x} - \frac{6720 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 5880 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 4704 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2940 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 1344 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 420 a^8 b^2 x + 80 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 7 a^{10}}{28 x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^10*x + 45*a^2*b^8*log(abs(x)) + 20*a*b^9*sqrt(x) - 1/28*(6720*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 5880*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 4704*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 2940*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 1344*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 420*a^8*b^2*x + 80*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 7*a^10)/x^4`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = b^{10} x - \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{4} + 15 a^8 b^2 x + \frac{20 a^9 b \sqrt{x}}{7} + 105 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 210 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 48 a^7 b^3 x^{3/2} + 168 a^5 b^5 x^{5/2} + 240 a^3 b^7 x^{7/2}}{x^4} + 90 a^2 b^8 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + 20 a b^9 \sqrt{x}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10/x^5,x)`output `b^10*x - (a^10/4 + 15*a^8*b^2*x + (20*a^9*b*x^(1/2))/7 + 105*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 210*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 48*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 168*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 240*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2))/x^4 + 90*a^2*b^8*log(x^(1/2)) + 20*a*b^9*x^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = \frac{1260\sqrt{x} \log(x) a^2 b^8 x^4 - 7\sqrt{x} a^{10} - 420\sqrt{x} a^8 b^2 x - 2940\sqrt{x} a^6 b^4 x^2 - 5880\sqrt{x} a^4 b^6 x^3 + 28\sqrt{x} b^{10} x^5 - 80 a^2 b^8 \ln(x) + 20 a b^9 \sqrt{x}}{28\sqrt{x} x^4}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^5,x)`output `(1260*sqrt(x)*log(x)*a**2*b**8*x**4 - 7*sqrt(x)*a**10 - 420*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**2*x - 2940*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**4*x**2 - 5880*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 28*sqrt(x)*b**10*x**5 - 80*a**9*b*x - 1344*a**7*b**3*x**2 - 4704*a**5*b**5*x**3 - 6720*a**3*b**7*x**4 + 560*a*b**9*x**5)/(28*sqrt(x)*x**4)`



### 3.53 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{5x^5} - \frac{20a^9b}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{70a^6b^4}{x^3} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{x^2} - \frac{80a^3b^7}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{x} - \frac{20ab^9}{\sqrt{x}} + b^{10} \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/5*a^10/x^5-20/9*a^9*b/x^(9/2)-45/4*a^8*b^2/x^4-240/7*a^7*b^3/x^(7/2)-70
*a^6*b^4/x^3-504/5*a^5*b^5/x^(5/2)-105*a^4*b^6/x^2-80*a^3*b^7/x^(3/2)-45*a
^2*b^8/x-20*a*b^9/x^(1/2)+b^10*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = \frac{-252a^{10} - 2800a^9b\sqrt{x} - 14175a^8b^2x - 43200a^7b^3x^{3/2} - 88200a^6b^4x^2 - 127008a^5b^5x^{5/2} - 132300a^4b^6x^3 - 100800a^3b^7x^{3/2} - 42000a^2b^8x - 12600ab^9\sqrt{x} + 2b^{10} \log(\sqrt{x})}{1260x^5}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^6,x]`

output  $(-252*a^{10} - 2800*a^9*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 14175*a^8*b^2*x - 43200*a^7*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 88200*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 127008*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/2)} - 132300*a^4*b^6*x^3 - 100800*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/2)} - 56700*a^2*b^8*x^4 - 25200*a*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/(1260*x^5) + 2*b^{10}*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{11/2}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^5} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^4} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^3} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x^2} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{10b^9a}{x} + \frac{b^{10}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{10x^5} - \frac{10a^9b}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{8x^4} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{35a^6b^4}{x^3} - \frac{252a^5b^5}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{2x^2} - \frac{40a^3b^7}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{2x} - \frac{10ab^9}{\sqrt{x}} + b^{10} \log \left( \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^6,x]`

output

```
2*(-1/10*a^10/x^5 - (10*a^9*b)/(9*x^(9/2)) - (45*a^8*b^2)/(8*x^4) - (120*a^7*b^3)/(7*x^(7/2)) - (35*a^6*b^4)/x^3 - (252*a^5*b^5)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (105*a^4*b^6)/(2*x^2) - (40*a^3*b^7)/x^(3/2) - (45*a^2*b^8)/(2*x) - (10*a*b^9)/Sqrt[x] + b^10*Log[Sqrt[x]])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{5x^5} - \frac{20a^9b}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{70a^6b^4}{x^3} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{x^2} - \frac{80a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{x} - \frac{20ab^9}{\sqrt{x}} + b^{10} \ln(x)$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{5x^5} - \frac{20a^9b}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{70a^6b^4}{x^3} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{x^2} - \frac{80a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{x} - \frac{20ab^9}{\sqrt{x}} + b^{10} \ln(x)$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(4a^8x^4+225a^6b^2x^4+1400a^4x^4b^4+2100a^2b^6x^4+900b^8x^4+4a^8x^3+225a^6b^2x^3+1400a^4b^4x^3+2100a^2b^6x^3+4a^8x^2+225a^6b^2x^2+1400a^4b^4x^2+2100a^2b^6x^2+4a^8x+225a^6b^2x+1400a^4b^4x+2100a^2b^6x+4a^8+225a^6b^2+1400a^4b^4+2100a^2b^6+900b^8)}{20x^5}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/5*a^10/x^5-20/9*a^9*b/x^(9/2)-45/4*a^8*b^2/x^4-240/7*a^7*b^3/x^(7/2)-70*a^6*b^4/x^3-504/5*a^5*b^5/x^(5/2)-105*a^4*b^6/x^2-80*a^3*b^7/x^(3/2)-45*a^2*b^8/x-20*a*b^9/x^(1/2)+b^10*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = \frac{2520 b^{10} x^5 \log(\sqrt{x}) - 56700 a^2 b^8 x^4 - 132300 a^4 b^6 x^3 - 88200 a^6 b^4 x^2 - 14175 a^8 b^2 x - 252 a^{10} - 16 (1575 a^9 b + 6300 a^8 b^2 + 7938 a^7 b^3 + 2700 a^6 b^4 + 175 a^5 b^5 + 175 a^4 b^6 + 175 a^3 b^7 + 175 a^2 b^8 + 175 a b^9)}{1260 x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/1260*(2520*b^10*x^5*log(sqrt(x)) - 56700*a^2*b^8*x^4 - 132300*a^4*b^6*x^3 - 88200*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 14175*a^8*b^2*x - 252*a^10 - 16*(1575*a*b^9*x^4 + 6300*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 7938*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 2700*a^7*b^3*x + 175*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x^5`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{5x^5} - \frac{20a^9b}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{70a^6b^4}{x^3} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{x^2} - \frac{80a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{x} - \frac{20ab^9}{\sqrt{x}} + b^{10} \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**6,x)`output `-a**10/(5*x**5) - 20*a**9*b/(9*x**(9/2)) - 45*a**8*b**2/(4*x**4) - 240*a**7*b**3/(7*x**(7/2)) - 70*a**6*b**4/x**3 - 504*a**5*b**5/(5*x**(5/2)) - 105*a**4*b**6/x**2 - 80*a**3*b**7/x**(3/2) - 45*a**2*b**8/x - 20*a*b**9/sqrt(x) + b**10*log(x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = b^{10} \log(x) - \frac{25200 ab^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 56700 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 100800 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 132300 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 127008 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 88200 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 43200 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 14175 a^8 b^2 x + 2800 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 252 a^{10}}{1260 x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^10*log(x) - 1/1260*(25200*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 56700*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 100800*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 132300*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 127008*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 88200*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 43200*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 14175*a^8*b^2*x + 2800*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 252*a^10)/x^5`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = b^{10} \log(|x|) - \frac{25200 ab^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 56700 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 100800 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 132300 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 127008 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 88200 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 43200 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 14175 a^8 b^2 x + 2800 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 252 a^{10}}{1260 x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `b^10*log(abs(x)) - 1/1260*(25200*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 56700*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 100800*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 132300*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 127008*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 88200*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 43200*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 14175*a^8*b^2*x + 2800*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 252*a^10)/x^5`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = 2b^{10} \ln(\sqrt{x}) - \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{5} + \frac{45a^8b^2x}{4} + \frac{20a^9b\sqrt{x}}{9} + 20ab^9x^{9/2} + 70a^6b^4x^2 + 105a^4b^6x^3 + 45a^2b^8x^4 + \frac{240a^7b^3x^{3/2}}{7} + \frac{504a^5b^5x^{5/2}}{5}}{x^5}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10/x^6,x)`output `2*b^10*log(x^(1/2)) - (a^10/5 + (45*a^8*b^2*x)/4 + (20*a^9*b*x^(1/2))/9 + 20*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 70*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 105*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 45*a^2*b^8*x^4 + (240*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2))/7 + (504*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2))/5 + 80*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2))/x^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = \frac{1260\sqrt{x} \log(x) b^{10} x^5 - 252\sqrt{x} a^{10} - 14175\sqrt{x} a^8 b^2 x - 88200\sqrt{x} a^6 b^4 x^2 - 132300\sqrt{x} a^4 b^6 x^3 - 56700\sqrt{x} a^2 b^8 x^4 - 2800 a^9 b x - 43200 a^7 b^3 x^2 - 127008 a^5 b^5 x^3 - 100800 a^3 b^7 x^4 - 25200 a b^9 x^5}{1260\sqrt{x} x^5}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^6,x)`output `(1260*sqrt(x)*log(x)*b**10*x**5 - 252*sqrt(x)*a**10 - 14175*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**2*x - 88200*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**4*x**2 - 132300*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**6*x**3 - 56700*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**8*x**4 - 2800*a**9*b*x - 43200*a**7*b**3*x**2 - 127008*a**5*b**5*x**3 - 100800*a**3*b**7*x**4 - 25200*a*b**9*x**5)/(1260*sqrt(x)*x**5)`

### 3.54 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	570
Mathematica [B] (verified)	570
Rubi [A] (verified)	571
Maple [B] (verified)	572
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	573
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	573
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	574
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	574
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	575
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	575

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{6ax^6} + \frac{b(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{66a^2x^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/a/x^6+1/66*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/a^2/x^(11/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-11a^{10} - 120a^9b\sqrt{x} - 594a^8b^2x - 1760a^7b^3x^{3/2} - 3465a^6b^4x^2 - 4752a^5b^5x^{5/2} - 4620a^4b^6x^3 - 3168a^3b^7x^{7/2}}{66x^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^7,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-11a^{10} - 120a^9b\sqrt{x} - 594a^8b^2x - 1760a^7b^3x^{3/2} - 3465a^6b^4x^2 - 4752a^5b^5x^{5/2} - 4620a^4b^6x^3 - 3168a^3b^7x^{7/2} - 1485a^2b^8x^4 - 440ab^9x^{9/2} - 66b^{10}x^5)}{(66x^6)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{13/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} d\sqrt{x}}{12a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{b(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{132a^2x^{11/2}} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^7,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/12*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11/(a*x^6) + (b*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11)/(132*a^2*x^(11/2)))
```



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 3.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{70a^4b^6}{x^3} - \frac{72a^5b^5}{x^2} - \frac{a^{10}}{6x^6} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{2x^4} - \frac{20ab^9}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{9a^8b^2}{x^5} - \frac{b^{10}}{x} - \frac{80a^7b^3}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{48a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{2x^2} - \frac{20a^9b}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{70a^4b^6}{x^3} - \frac{72a^5b^5}{x^2} - \frac{a^{10}}{6x^6} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{2x^4} - \frac{20ab^9}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{9a^8b^2}{x^5} - \frac{b^{10}}{x} - \frac{80a^7b^3}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{48a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{2x^2} - \frac{20a^9b}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^{10}x^5+54a^8b^2x^5+315a^6b^4x^5+420a^4b^6x^5+135a^2b^8x^5+6b^{10}x^5+a^{10}x^4+54a^8b^2x^4+315a^6b^4x^4+420a^4b^6x^4+135a^2b^8x^4+6b^{10}x^4)}{6x^6}$
orering	$-\frac{(-770b^{18}x^9+891a^2b^{16}x^8-7260a^4b^{14}x^7+13585a^6b^{12}x^6-18900a^8b^{10}x^5+17850a^{10}b^8x^4-11400a^{12}b^6x^3+4725a^{14}b^4x^2-11025a^{16}b^2x+770a^{18})}{330x^6(-b^2x+a^2)^9}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-70*a^4*b^6/x^3-72*a^5*b^5/x^(7/2)-1/6*a^10/x^6-105/2*a^6*b^4/x^4-20/3*a*b^9/x^(3/2)-9*a^8*b^2/x^5-b^10/x-80/3*a^7*b^3/x^(9/2)-48*a^3*b^7/x^(5/2)-45/2*a^2*b^8/x^2-20/11*a^9*b/x^(11/2)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-66b^{10}x^5 + 1485a^2b^8x^4 + 4620a^4b^6x^3 + 3465a^6b^4x^2 + 594a^8b^2x + 11a^{10} + 8(55ab^9x^4 + 396a^3b^7x^3 + 594a^5b^5x^2 + 220a^7b^3x + 15a^9b)\sqrt{x}}{66x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/66*(66*b^10*x^5 + 1485*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 4620*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 3465*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 594*a^8*b^2*x + 11*a^10 + 8*(55*a*b^9*x^4 + 396*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 594*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 220*a^7*b^3*x + 15*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x^6
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{6x^6} - \frac{20a^9b}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{9a^8b^2}{x^5} - \frac{80a^7b^3}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{2x^4} - \frac{72a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{70a^4b^6}{x^3} - \frac{48a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{2x^2} - \frac{20ab^9}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^{10}}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**7,x)
```

output

```
-a**10/(6*x**6) - 20*a**9*b/(11*x**(11/2)) - 9*a**8*b**2/x**5 - 80*a**7*b*
*3/(3*x**(9/2)) - 105*a**6*b**4/(2*x**4) - 72*a**5*b**5/x**(7/2) - 70*a**4
*b**6/x**3 - 48*a**3*b**7/x**(5/2) - 45*a**2*b**8/(2*x**2) - 20*a*b**9/(3*
x**(3/2)) - b**10/x
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{66 b^{10} x^5 + 440 a b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1485 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 3168 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 4620 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 4752 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3465 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 1760 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 594 a^8 b^2 x + 120 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 11 a^{10}}{66 x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/66*(66*b^10*x^5 + 440*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 1485*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 3168*a^3*b^7*x
^(7/2) + 4620*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 4752*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 3465*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 1760
*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 594*a^8*b^2*x + 120*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 11*a^10)/x^6
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{66 b^{10} x^5 + 440 a b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1485 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 3168 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 4620 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 4752 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3465 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 1760 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 594 a^8 b^2 x + 120 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 11 a^{10}}{66 x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/66*(66*b^{10}*x^5 + 440*a*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 1485*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 3168*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 4620*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 4752*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 3465*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 1760*a^7*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 594*a^8*b^2*x + 120*a^9*b*\sqrt{x} + 11*a^{10})/x^6$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.41

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{6} + b^{10}x^5 + 9a^8b^2x + \frac{20a^9b\sqrt{x}}{11} + \frac{20a^9b^2x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{105a^6b^4x^2}{2} + 70a^4b^6x^3 + \frac{45a^2b^8x^4}{2} + \frac{80a^7b^3x^{3/2}}{3} + 72a^5b^5x^{5/2} + 48a^3b^7x^{7/2}}{x^6}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a + b*x^{(1/2)})^{10}/x^7, x)$$

output

$$-(a^{10}/6 + b^{10}*x^5 + 9*a^8*b^2*x + (20*a^9*b*x^{(1/2)})/11 + (20*a*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/3 + (105*a^6*b^4*x^2)/2 + 70*a^4*b^6*x^3 + (45*a^2*b^8*x^4)/2 + (80*a^7*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/3 + 72*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 48*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/2)})/x^6$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-11\sqrt{x}a^{10} - 594\sqrt{x}a^8b^2x - 3465\sqrt{x}a^6b^4x^2 - 4620\sqrt{x}a^4b^6x^3 - 1485\sqrt{x}a^2b^8x^4 - 66\sqrt{x}b^{10}x^5 - 120a^9b^3x^{3/2} - 120a^7b^5x^{5/2} - 48a^5b^7x^{7/2}}{66\sqrt{x}x^6}$$

input

$$\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{10}/x^7, x)$$

output

$$(-11*\sqrt{x}*a^{10} - 594*\sqrt{x}*a^8*b^2*x - 3465*\sqrt{x}*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 4620*\sqrt{x}*a^4*b^6*x^3 - 1485*\sqrt{x}*a^2*b^8*x^4 - 66*\sqrt{x}*b^{10}*x^5 - 120*a^9*b^3*x^{3/2} - 120*a^7*b^5*x^{5/2} - 48*a^5*b^7*x^{7/2})/(66*\sqrt{x}*x^6)$$

**3.55**       $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	576
Mathematica [A] (verified)	576
Rubi [A] (verified)	577
Maple [A] (verified)	579
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	579
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	580
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	580
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	581
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	581
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	582

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{7ax^7} + \frac{3b(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{91a^2x^{13/2}} - \frac{b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{182a^3x^6} + \frac{b^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{2002a^4x^{11/2}}$$

output

$$-1/7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^{11}/a/x^7+3/91*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^{11}/a^2/x^(13/2)-1/182*b^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^{11}/a^3/x^6+1/2002*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^{11}/a^4/x^(11/2)$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-286a^{10} - 3080a^9b\sqrt{x} - 15015a^8b^2x - 43680a^7b^3x^{3/2} - 84084a^6b^4x^2 - 112112a^5b^5x^{5/2} - 105105a^4b^6x^3}{2002x^7}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^8,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-286*a^{10} - 3080*a^9*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 15015*a^8*b^2*x - 43680*a^7*b^3*x^{(3/2)} \\ & - 84084*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 112112*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/2)} - 105105*a^4*b^6*x^3 - 68640* \\ & a^3*b^7*x^{(7/2)} - 30030*a^2*b^8*x^4 - 8008*a*b^9*x^{(9/2)} - 1001*b^{10}*x^5) / \\ & (2002*x^7) \end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{15/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} d\sqrt{x}}{14a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{14ax^7} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{13/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{14ax^7} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{2b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^6} d\sqrt{x}}{12a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{14ax^7} \right)$$

↓ 48

$$2 \left( \frac{3b \left( -\frac{2b \left( \frac{b(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{132a^2x^{11/2}} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{14ax^7} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^8,x]`

output `2*((-3*b*((-2*b*(-1/12*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11/(a*x^6) + (b*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11)/(132*a^2*x^(11/2))))/(13*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^11/(13*a*x^(13/2)))/(14*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^11/(14*a*x^7))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{20a^9b}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{15a^8b^2}{2x^6} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{2x^4} - \frac{4ab^9}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{42a^6b^4}{x^5} - \frac{56a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{a^{10}}{7x^7} - \frac{15a^2b^8}{x^3} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{240a^4b^6}{11x}$
default	$-\frac{b^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{20a^9b}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{15a^8b^2}{2x^6} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{2x^4} - \frac{4ab^9}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{42a^6b^4}{x^5} - \frac{56a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{a^{10}}{7x^7} - \frac{15a^2b^8}{x^3} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{240a^4b^6}{11x}$
oring	$-\frac{(-11011b^{18}x^9 + 55770a^2b^{16}x^8 - 182325a^4b^{14}x^7 + 371280a^6b^{12}x^6 - 506730a^8b^{10}x^5 + 472500a^{10}b^8x^4 - 298425a^{12}b^6x^3 + 10010x^7(-b^2x + a^2)^9)}{10010x^7(-b^2x + a^2)^9}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2a^{10}x^6 + 105a^8b^2x^6 + 588a^6b^4x^6 + 735a^4b^6x^6 + 210a^2b^8x^6 + 7b^{10}x^6 + 2a^{10}x^5 + 105a^8b^2x^5 + 588a^6b^4x^5 + 735a^4b^6x^5 + 210a^2b^8x^5 + 7b^{10}x^5 + 2a^{10}x^4 + 105a^8b^2x^4 + 588a^6b^4x^4 + 735a^4b^6x^4 + 210a^2b^8x^4 + 7b^{10}x^4 + 2a^{10}x^3 + 105a^8b^2x^3 + 588a^6b^4x^3 + 735a^4b^6x^3 + 210a^2b^8x^3 + 7b^{10}x^3 + 2a^{10}x^2 + 105a^8b^2x^2 + 588a^6b^4x^2 + 735a^4b^6x^2 + 210a^2b^8x^2 + 7b^{10}x^2 + 2a^{10}x + 105a^8b^2x + 588a^6b^4x + 735a^4b^6x + 210a^2b^8x + 7b^{10}x + 2a^{10} + 105a^8b^2 + 588a^6b^4 + 735a^4b^6 + 210a^2b^8 + 7b^{10})}{10010x^7(-b^2x + a^2)^9}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*b^10/x^2-20/13*a^9*b/x^(13/2)-15/2*a^8*b^2/x^6-105/2*a^4*b^6/x^4-4*a*b^9/x^(5/2)-42*a^6*b^4/x^5-56*a^5*b^5/x^(9/2)-1/7*a^10/x^7-15*a^2*b^8/x^3-240/7*a^3*b^7/x^(7/2)-240/11*a^7*b^3/x^(11/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{1001b^{10}x^5 + 30030a^2b^8x^4 + 105105a^4b^6x^3 + 84084a^6b^4x^2 + 15015a^8b^2x + 286a^{10} + 8(1001ab^9x^4 + 1001a^3b^7x^3 + 1001a^5b^5x^2 + 1001a^7b^3x + 1001a^9b)}{2002x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
-1/2002*(1001*b^10*x^5 + 30030*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 105105*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 84084*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 15015*a^8*b^2*x + 286*a^10 + 8*(1001*a*b^9*x^4 + 8580*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 14014*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 5460*a^7*b^3*x + 385*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x^7
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{7x^7} - \frac{20a^9b}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{15a^8b^2}{2x^6} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{42a^6b^4}{x^5} - \frac{56a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{2x^4} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{15a^2b^8}{x^3} - \frac{4ab^9}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^{10}}{2x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**8,x)
```

output

```
-a**10/(7*x**7) - 20*a**9*b/(13*x**(13/2)) - 15*a**8*b**2/(2*x**6) - 240*a**7*b**3/(11*x**(11/2)) - 42*a**6*b**4/x**5 - 56*a**5*b**5/x**(9/2) - 105*a**4*b**6/(2*x**4) - 240*a**3*b**7/(7*x**(7/2)) - 15*a**2*b**8/x**3 - 4*a*b**9/x**(5/2) - b**10/(2*x**2)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{1001 b^{10} x^5 + 8008 a b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 30030 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 68640 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 105105 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 112112 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 84084 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 43680 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15015 a^8 b^2 x + 3080 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 286 a^{10}}{2002 x^7}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2002*(1001*b^10*x^5 + 8008*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 30030*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 68640*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 105105*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 112112*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 84084*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 43680*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 15015*a^8*b^2*x + 3080*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 286*a^10)/x^7
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{1001 b^{10} x^5 + 8008 a b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 30030 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 68640 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 105105 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 112112 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 84084 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 43680 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15015 a^8 b^2 x + 3080 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 286 a^{10}}{2002 x^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2002*(1001*b^10*x^5 + 8008*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 30030*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 68640*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 105105*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 112112*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 84084*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 43680*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 15015*a^8*b^2*x + 3080*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 286*a^10)/x^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{7} + \frac{b^{10} x^5}{2} + \frac{15 a^8 b^2 x}{2} + \frac{20 a^9 b \sqrt{x}}{13} + 4 a b^9 x^{9/2} + 42 a^6 b^4 x^2 + \frac{105 a^4 b^6 x^3}{2} + 15 a^2 b^8 x^4 + \frac{240 a^7 b^3 x^{3/2}}{11} + 56 a^{10}}{x^7}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10/x^8,x)`output `-(a^10/7 + (b^10*x^5)/2 + (15*a^8*b^2*x)/2 + (20*a^9*b*x^(1/2))/13 + 4*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 42*a^6*b^4*x^2 + (105*a^4*b^6*x^3)/2 + 15*a^2*b^8*x^4 + (240*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2))/11 + 56*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + (240*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2))/7)/x^7`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-286\sqrt{x} a^{10} - 15015\sqrt{x} a^8 b^2 x - 84084\sqrt{x} a^6 b^4 x^2 - 105105\sqrt{x} a^4 b^6 x^3 - 30030\sqrt{x} a^2 b^8 x^4 - 1001\sqrt{x} b^{10} x^5}{2002\sqrt{x} x^7}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^8,x)
```

output

```
( - 286*sqrt(x)*a**10 - 15015*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**2*x - 84084*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**
4*x**2 - 105105*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**6*x**3 - 30030*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**8*x**4 - 10
01*sqrt(x)*b**10*x**5 - 3080*a**9*b*x - 43680*a**7*b**3*x**2 - 112112*a**5
*b**5*x**3 - 68640*a**3*b**7*x**4 - 8008*a*b**9*x**5)/(2002*sqrt(x)*x**7)
```

**3.56**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	583
Mathematica [A] (verified)	583
Rubi [A] (verified)	584
Maple [A] (verified)	588
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	589
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	589
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	590
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	590
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	591
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	591

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{8ax^8} + \frac{b(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{24a^2x^{15/2}} - \frac{b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{84a^3x^7} + \frac{b^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{364a^4x^{13/2}} - \frac{b^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{2184a^5x^6} + \frac{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{24024a^6x^{11/2}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/a/x^8+1/24*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/a^2/x^(15/2)-1/84*b^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/a^3/x^7+1/364*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/a^4/x^(13/2)-1/2184*b^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/a^5/x^6+1/24024*b^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^11/a^6/x^(11/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-3003a^{10} - 32032a^9b\sqrt{x} - 154440a^8b^2x - 443520a^7b^3x^{3/2} - 840840a^6b^4x^2 - 1100736a^5b^5x^{5/2} - 1009024a^4b^6x^3 - 1009024a^3b^7x^{7/2} - 1009024a^2b^8x^4 - 1009024ab^9x^{9/2} - 1009024b^{10}x^5}{24024x^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^9,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-3003*a^{10} - 32032*a^9*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 154440*a^8*b^2*x - 443520*a^7*b^3*x^{(3/2)} \\ & - 840840*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 1100736*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/2)} - 1009008*a^4*b^6*x^3 - \\ & 640640*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/2)} - 270270*a^2*b^8*x^4 - 68640*a*b^9*x^{(9/2)} - 8008* \\ & b^{10}*x^5)/(24024*x^8) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.467$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{17/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^8} d\sqrt{x}}{16a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{16ax^8} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{5b \left( -\frac{4b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{15/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{15a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{15ax^{15/2}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{16ax^8} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{4b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^7} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{14ax^7} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{15ax^{15/2}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{16ax^8} \right)$$

↓ 55

$$2 \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{3b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{13/2}} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{14ax^7} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{15ax^{15/2}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{16ax^8} \right)$$

↓ 55

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 2b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} d\sqrt{x}}{12a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right) \\
 3b - \frac{\left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} d\sqrt{x}}{12a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{13ax^{13/2}} \\
 4b - \frac{\left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} d\sqrt{x}}{12a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{14ax^7} \\
 5b - \frac{\left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} d\sqrt{x}}{12a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{15ax^{15/2}} \\
 2 - \frac{\left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^5} d\sqrt{x}}{12a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{16ax^8}
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{b(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{132a^2x^{11/2}} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{12ax^6} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{14ax^7} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{15ax^{15/2}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11}}{16ax^8} \right)}{2} \right)$$

```
input Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^9,x]
```

```
output 2*((-5*b*((-4*b*((-3*b*((-2*b*(-1/12*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11/(a*x^6) + (b*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^11)/(132*a^2*x^(11/2)))))/(13*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^11/(13*a*x^(13/2))))/(14*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^11/(14*a*x^7)))/(15*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^11/(15*a*x^(15/2)))/(16*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^11/(16*a*x^8))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```



```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{504a^5b^5}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{7x^7} - \frac{b^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{a^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{4a^9b}{3x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{35a^6b^4}{x^6} - \frac{42a^4b^6}{x^5} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{4x^4} - \frac{80a^3b^7}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{20a^7b^3}{7x}$
default	$-\frac{504a^5b^5}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{7x^7} - \frac{b^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{a^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{4a^9b}{3x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{35a^6b^4}{x^6} - \frac{42a^4b^6}{x^5} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{4x^4} - \frac{80a^3b^7}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{20a^7b^3}{7x}$
orering	$-\frac{(-85800b^{18}x^9 + 559130a^2b^{16}x^8 - 1867320a^4b^{14}x^7 + 3854340a^6b^{12}x^6 - 5284296a^8b^{10}x^5 + 4930875a^{10}b^8x^4 - 3110940a^{12}b^6x^3 + 120120x^8(-b^2x + a^2)^9)}{120120x^8(-b^2x + a^2)^9}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(21a^{10}x^7 + 1080a^8b^2x^7 + 5880a^6b^4x^7 + 7056a^4b^6x^7 + 1890a^2b^8x^7 + 56b^{10}x^7 + 21a^{10}x^6 + 1080a^8b^2x^6 + 5880a^6b^4x^6 + 7056a^4b^6x^6 + 1890a^2b^8x^6 + 56b^{10}x^6 + 21a^{10}x^5 + 1080a^8b^2x^5 + 5880a^6b^4x^5 + 7056a^4b^6x^5 + 1890a^2b^8x^5 + 56b^{10}x^5 + 21a^{10}x^4 + 1080a^8b^2x^4 + 5880a^6b^4x^4 + 7056a^4b^6x^4 + 1890a^2b^8x^4 + 56b^{10}x^4 + 21a^{10}x^3 + 1080a^8b^2x^3 + 5880a^6b^4x^3 + 7056a^4b^6x^3 + 1890a^2b^8x^3 + 56b^{10}x^3 + 21a^{10}x^2 + 1080a^8b^2x^2 + 5880a^6b^4x^2 + 7056a^4b^6x^2 + 1890a^2b^8x^2 + 56b^{10}x^2 + 21a^{10}x + 1080a^8b^2x + 5880a^6b^4x + 7056a^4b^6x + 1890a^2b^8x + 56b^{10}x + 21a^{10} + 1080a^8b^2 + 5880a^6b^4 + 7056a^4b^6 + 1890a^2b^8 + 56b^{10})}{120120x^8(-b^2x + a^2)^9}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -504/11*a^5*b^5/x^(11/2)-45/7*a^8*b^2/x^7-1/3*b^10/x^3-1/8*a^10/x^8-240/13
*a^7*b^3/x^(13/2)-4/3*a^9*b/x^(15/2)-35*a^6*b^4/x^6-42*a^4*b^6/x^5-45/4*a^
2*b^8/x^4-80/3*a^3*b^7/x^(9/2)-20/7*a*b^9/x^(7/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{8008 b^{10} x^5 + 270270 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 1009008 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 840840 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 154440 a^8 b^2 x + 3003 a^{10} + 32 (2145 a^3 b^7 x^3 + 34398 a^5 b^5 x^2 + 13860 a^7 b^3 x + 1001 a^9 b) \sqrt{x}}{24024 x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/24024*(8008*b^10*x^5 + 270270*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 1009008*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 840840*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 154440*a^8*b^2*x + 3003*a^10 + 32*(2145*a*b^9*x^4 + 20020*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 34398*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 13860*a^7*b^3*x + 1001*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x^8`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{4a^9b}{3x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{7x^7} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{35a^6b^4}{x^6} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{42a^4b^6}{x^5} - \frac{80a^3b^7}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{4x^4} - \frac{20ab^9}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{b^{10}}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**9,x)`output `-a**10/(8*x**8) - 4*a**9*b/(3*x**(15/2)) - 45*a**8*b**2/(7*x**7) - 240*a**7*b**3/(13*x**(13/2)) - 35*a**6*b**4/x**6 - 504*a**5*b**5/(11*x**(11/2)) - 42*a**4*b**6/x**5 - 80*a**3*b**7/(3*x**(9/2)) - 45*a**2*b**8/(4*x**4) - 20*a*b**9/(7*x**(7/2)) - b**10/(3*x**3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{8008 b^{10} x^5 + 68640 a b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 270270 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 640640 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1009008 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 1100736 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 840840 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 443520 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 154440 a^8 b^2 x + 32032 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 3003 a^{10}}{24024 x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/24024*(8008*b^10*x^5 + 68640*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 270270*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 640640*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 1009008*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 1100736*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 840840*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 443520*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 154440*a^8*b^2*x + 32032*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 3003*a^10)/x^8`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{8008 b^{10} x^5 + 68640 a b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 270270 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 640640 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1009008 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 1100736 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 840840 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 443520 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 154440 a^8 b^2 x + 32032 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 3003 a^{10}}{24024 x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/24024*(8008*b^10*x^5 + 68640*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 270270*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 640640*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 1009008*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 1100736*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 840840*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 443520*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 154440*a^8*b^2*x + 32032*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 3003*a^10)/x^8`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{8} + \frac{b^{10}x^5}{3} + \frac{45a^8b^2x}{7} + \frac{4a^9b\sqrt{x}}{3} + \frac{20ab^9x^{9/2}}{7} + 35a^6b^4x^2 + 42a^4b^6x^3 + \frac{45a^2b^8x^4}{4} + \frac{240a^7b^3x^{3/2}}{13} + \frac{504a^5b^5x^{5/2}}{11} + \frac{80a^3b^7x^{7/2}}{3}}{x^8}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10/x^9,x)
```

output

```
-(a^10/8 + (b^10*x^5)/3 + (45*a^8*b^2*x)/7 + (4*a^9*b*x^(1/2))/3 + (20*a*b^9*x^(9/2))/7 + 35*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 42*a^4*b^6*x^3 + (45*a^2*b^8*x^4)/4 + (240*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2))/13 + (504*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2))/11 + (80*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2))/3)/x^8
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-3003\sqrt{x}a^{10} - 154440\sqrt{x}a^8b^2x - 840840\sqrt{x}a^6b^4x^2 - 1009008\sqrt{x}a^4b^6x^3 - 270270\sqrt{x}a^2b^8x^4 - 8008\sqrt{x}b^{10}x^5 - 32032a^9b^2x - 443520a^7b^3x^2 - 1100736a^5b^5x^3 - 640640a^3b^7x^4 - 68640ab^9x^5}{24024\sqrt{x}x^8}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^9,x)
```

output

```
(-3003*sqrt(x)*a**10 - 154440*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**2*x - 840840*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**4*x**2 - 1009008*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**6*x**3 - 270270*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**8*x**4 - 8008*sqrt(x)*b**10*x**5 - 32032*a**9*b*x - 443520*a**7*b**3*x**2 - 1100736*a**5*b**5*x**3 - 640640*a**3*b**7*x**4 - 68640*a*b**9*x**5)/(24024*sqrt(x)*x**8)
```

**3.57**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{9x^9} - \frac{20a^9b}{17x^{17/2}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{8x^8} - \frac{16a^7b^3}{x^{15/2}} - \frac{30a^6b^4}{x^7} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{13x^{13/2}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{x^6} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{9a^2b^8}{x^5} - \frac{20ab^9}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{b^{10}}{4x^4}$$

output `-1/9*a^10/x^9-20/17*a^9*b/x^(17/2)-45/8*a^8*b^2/x^8-16*a^7*b^3/x^(15/2)-30*a^6*b^4/x^7-504/13*a^5*b^5/x^(13/2)-35*a^4*b^6/x^6-240/11*a^3*b^7/x^(11/2)-9*a^2*b^8/x^5-20/9*a*b^9/x^(9/2)-1/4*b^10/x^4`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-19448a^{10} - 205920a^9b\sqrt{x} - 984555a^8b^2x - 2800512a^7b^3x^{3/2} - 5250960a^6b^4x^2 - 6785856a^5b^5x^{5/2} - 6175032x^9}{175032x^9}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^10,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-19448a^{10} - 205920a^9b\sqrt{x} - 984555a^8b^2x - 2800512a^7b^3x^{3/2} \\ & - 5250960a^6b^4x^2 - 6785856a^5b^5x^{5/2} - 6126120a^4b^6x^3 \\ & - 3818880a^3b^7x^{7/2} - 1575288a^2b^8x^4 - 388960ab^9x^{9/2} \\ & - 43758b^{10}x^5)/(175032x^9) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{19/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{19/2}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^9} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{17/2}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^8} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^{15/2}} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^7} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^{13/2}} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x^6} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{x^{11/2}} + \frac{10b^9a}{x^5} + \frac{b^{10}}{x^{9/2}} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{18x^9} - \frac{10a^9b}{17x^{17/2}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{16x^8} - \frac{8a^7b^3}{x^{15/2}} - \frac{15a^6b^4}{x^7} - \frac{252a^5b^5}{13x^{13/2}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{2x^6} - \frac{120a^3b^7}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{9a^2b^8}{2x^5} - \frac{10ab^9}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{b^{10}}{8x^4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^10,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2 * (-1/18 * a^{10} / x^9 - (10 * a^9 * b) / (17 * x^{(17/2)}) - (45 * a^8 * b^2) / (16 * x^8) - (8 * \\ & a^7 * b^3) / x^{(15/2)} - (15 * a^6 * b^4) / x^7 - (252 * a^5 * b^5) / (13 * x^{(13/2)}) - (35 * a^4 * b^6) / (2 * x^6) \\ & - (120 * a^3 * b^7) / (11 * x^{(11/2)}) - (9 * a^2 * b^8) / (2 * x^5) - (10 * a * b^9) / (9 * x^{(9/2)}) - b^{10} / (8 * x^4)) \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{9x^9} - \frac{20a^9b}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{8x^8} - \frac{16a^7b^3}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{30a^6b^4}{x^7} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{x^6} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{9a^2b^8}{x^5} - \frac{20ab^9}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{b^{10}}{4x^4}$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{9x^9} - \frac{20a^9b}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{8x^8} - \frac{16a^7b^3}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{30a^6b^4}{x^7} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{x^6} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{9a^2b^8}{x^5} - \frac{20ab^9}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{b^{10}}{4x^4}$
orering	$-\frac{(-92378b^{18}x^9 + 668304a^2b^{16}x^8 - 2313156a^4b^{14}x^7 + 4857240a^6b^{12}x^6 - 6718707a^8b^{10}x^5 + 6298684a^{10}b^8x^4 - 3983190a^{12}b^6x^3 + 2160000a^{14}b^4x^2 - 840000a^{16}b^2x + 100000a^{18})}{175032x^9(-b^2x+a^2)^9}$
trager	$(-1+x)(8a^{10}x^8 + 405a^8b^2x^8 + 2160a^6b^4x^8 + 2520a^4b^6x^8 + 648a^2b^8x^8 + 18b^{10}x^8 + 8a^{10}x^7 + 405a^8b^2x^7 + 2160a^6b^4x^7 + 2520a^4b^6x^7 + 648a^2b^8x^7 + 18b^{10}x^7 + 8a^{10}x^6 + 405a^8b^2x^6 + 2160a^6b^4x^6 + 2520a^4b^6x^6 + 648a^2b^8x^6 + 18b^{10}x^6 + 8a^{10}x^5 + 405a^8b^2x^5 + 2160a^6b^4x^5 + 2520a^4b^6x^5 + 648a^2b^8x^5 + 18b^{10}x^5 + 8a^{10}x^4 + 405a^8b^2x^4 + 2160a^6b^4x^4 + 2520a^4b^6x^4 + 648a^2b^8x^4 + 18b^{10}x^4 + 8a^{10}x^3 + 405a^8b^2x^3 + 2160a^6b^4x^3 + 2520a^4b^6x^3 + 648a^2b^8x^3 + 18b^{10}x^3 + 8a^{10}x^2 + 405a^8b^2x^2 + 2160a^6b^4x^2 + 2520a^4b^6x^2 + 648a^2b^8x^2 + 18b^{10}x^2 + 8a^{10}x + 405a^8b^2x + 2160a^6b^4x + 2520a^4b^6x + 648a^2b^8x + 18b^{10}x + 8a^{10} + 405a^8b^2 + 2160a^6b^4 + 2520a^4b^6 + 648a^2b^8 + 18b^{10})$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/9*a^10/x^9-20/17*a^9*b/x^(17/2)-45/8*a^8*b^2/x^8-16*a^7*b^3/x^(15/2)-30
*a^6*b^4/x^7-504/13*a^5*b^5/x^(13/2)-35*a^4*b^6/x^6-240/11*a^3*b^7/x^(11/2)
)-9*a^2*b^8/x^5-20/9*a*b^9/x^(9/2)-1/4*b^10/x^4
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{43758 b^{10} x^5 + 1575288 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 6126120 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 5250960 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 984555 a^8 b^2 x + 19448 a^{10} + 32 (119340 a^3 b^7 x^3 + 212058 a^5 b^5 x^2 + 87516 a^7 b^3 x + 6435 a^9 b) \sqrt{x}}{175032 x^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/175032*(43758*b^10*x^5 + 1575288*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 6126120*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 5250960*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 984555*a^8*b^2*x + 19448*a^10 + 32*(12155*a*b^9*x^4 + 119340*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 212058*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 87516*a^7*b^3*x + 6435*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x^9`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{9x^9} - \frac{20a^9b}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{8x^8} - \frac{16a^7b^3}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{30a^6b^4}{x^7} - \frac{504a^5b^5}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{x^6} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{9a^2b^8}{x^5} - \frac{20ab^9}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{b^{10}}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**10,x)`output `-a**10/(9*x**9) - 20*a**9*b/(17*x**(17/2)) - 45*a**8*b**2/(8*x**8) - 16*a**7*b**3/x**(15/2) - 30*a**6*b**4/x**7 - 504*a**5*b**5/(13*x**(13/2)) - 35*a**4*b**6/x**6 - 240*a**3*b**7/(11*x**(11/2)) - 9*a**2*b**8/x**5 - 20*a*b**9/(9*x**(9/2)) - b**10/(4*x**4)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{43758 b^{10} x^5 + 388960 ab^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1575288 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 3818880 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 6126120 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 6785856 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 19448 a^{10}}{175032 x^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/175032*(43758*b^10*x^5 + 388960*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 1575288*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 3818880*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 6126120*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 6785856*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 5250960*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 2800512*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 984555*a^8*b^2*x + 205920*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 19448*a^10)/x^9`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{43758 b^{10} x^5 + 388960 ab^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1575288 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 3818880 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 6126120 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 6785856 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 19448 a^{10}}{175032 x^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/175032*(43758*b^10*x^5 + 388960*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 1575288*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 3818880*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 6126120*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 6785856*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 5250960*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 2800512*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 984555*a^8*b^2*x + 205920*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 19448*a^10)/x^9`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{9} + \frac{b^{10}x^5}{4} + \frac{45a^8b^2x}{8} + \frac{20a^9b\sqrt{x}}{17} + \frac{20ab^9x^{9/2}}{9} + 30a^6b^4x^2 + 35a^4b^6x^3 + 9a^2b^8x^4 + 16a^7b^3x^{3/2} + 50a^8b^2x^{5/2} + 20a^9b\sqrt{x} + 20ab^9x^{9/2}}{x^9}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^10/x^10,x)`output `-(a^10/9 + (b^10*x^5)/4 + (45*a^8*b^2*x)/8 + (20*a^9*b*x^(1/2))/17 + (20*a*b^9*x^(9/2))/9 + 30*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 9*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 16*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + (504*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2))/13 + (240*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2))/11)/x^9`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-19448\sqrt{x}a^{10} - 984555\sqrt{x}a^8b^2x - 5250960\sqrt{x}a^6b^4x^2 - 6126120\sqrt{x}a^4b^6x^3 - 1575288\sqrt{x}a^2b^8x^4 - 43758\sqrt{x}b^{10}x^5 - 205920a^9bx - 2800512a^7b^3x^2 - 6785856a^5b^5x^3 - 3818880a^3b^7x^4 - 388960ab^9x^5}{175032\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^10,x)`output `( - 19448*sqrt(x)*a**10 - 984555*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**2*x - 5250960*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**4*x**2 - 6126120*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**6*x**3 - 1575288*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**8*x**4 - 43758*sqrt(x)*b**10*x**5 - 205920*a**9*b*x - 2800512*a**7*b**3*x**2 - 6785856*a**5*b**5*x**3 - 3818880*a**3*b**7*x**4 - 388960*a*b**9*x**5)/(175032*sqrt(x)*x**9)`

**3.58**       $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11}} dx$

Optimal result	598
Mathematica [A] (verified)	598
Rubi [A] (verified)	599
Maple [A] (verified)	600
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	601
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	601
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	602
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	602
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	603
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	603

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{20a^9b}{19x^{19/2}} - \frac{5a^8b^2}{x^9} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{17x^{17/2}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{4x^8} - \frac{168a^5b^5}{5x^{15/2}} - \frac{30a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{13x^{13/2}} - \frac{15a^2b^8}{2x^6} - \frac{20ab^9}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{b^{10}}{5x^5}$$

output -1/10\*a^10/x^10-20/19\*a^9\*b/x^(19/2)-5\*a^8\*b^2/x^9-240/17\*a^7\*b^3/x^(17/2)  
-105/4\*a^6\*b^4/x^8-168/5\*a^5\*b^5/x^(15/2)-30\*a^4\*b^6/x^7-240/13\*a^3\*b^7/x^(13/2)-15/2\*a^2\*b^8/x^6-20/11\*a\*b^9/x^(11/2)-1/5\*b^10/x^5

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-92378a^{10} - 972400a^9b\sqrt{x} - 4618900a^8b^2x - 13041600a^7b^3x^{3/2} - 24249225a^6b^4x^2 - 31039008a^5b^5x^{5/2} - 24249225a^4b^6x^3 - 972400a^3b^7x^{7/2} - 92378a^2b^8x^2 - 923780a^2b^9x^{5/2} - 923780b^{10}x^2}{923780x^{10}}$$

input Integrate[(a + b\*Sqrt[x])^10/x^11,x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-92378*a^{10} - 972400*a^9*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 4618900*a^8*b^2*x - 13041600*a^7*b^3 \\ & *x^{(3/2)} - 24249225*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 31039008*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/2)} - 27713400*a^4* \\ & b^6*x^3 - 17054400*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/2)} - 6928350*a^2*b^8*x^4 - 1679600*a*b^9*x \\ & ^{(9/2)} - 184756*b^{10}*x^5)/(923780*x^{10}) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{21/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{21/2}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^{10}} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{19/2}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^9} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^{17/2}} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^8} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^{15/2}} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x^7} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{x^{13/2}} + \frac{10b^9a}{x^6} + \frac{b^{10}}{x^{11/2}} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{20x^{10}} - \frac{10a^9b}{19x^{19/2}} - \frac{5a^8b^2}{2x^9} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{17x^{17/2}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{8x^8} - \frac{84a^5b^5}{5x^{15/2}} - \frac{15a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{120a^3b^7}{13x^{13/2}} - \frac{15a^2b^8}{4x^6} - \frac{10ab^9}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{b^{10}}{10x^{11/2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^10/x^11,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 2*(-1/20*a^{10}/x^{10} - (10*a^9*b)/(19*x^{(19/2)}) - (5*a^8*b^2)/(2*x^9) - (120 \\ & *a^7*b^3)/(17*x^{(17/2)}) - (105*a^6*b^4)/(8*x^8) - (84*a^5*b^5)/(5*x^{(15/2)}) \\ & ) - (15*a^4*b^6)/x^7 - (120*a^3*b^7)/(13*x^{(13/2)}) - (15*a^2*b^8)/(4*x^6) \\ & - (10*a*b^9)/(11*x^{(11/2)}) - b^{10}/(10*x^5) \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 3.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{20a^9b}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{5a^8b^2}{x^9} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{4x^8} - \frac{168a^5b^5}{5x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{30a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{15a^2b^8}{2x^6} - \frac{20ab^9}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{20a^9b}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{5a^8b^2}{x^9} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{4x^8} - \frac{168a^5b^5}{5x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{30a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{15a^2b^8}{2x^6} - \frac{20ab^9}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{(-1931540b^{18}x^9 + 14777250a^2b^{16}x^8 - 52535304a^4b^{14}x^7 + 111965955a^6b^{12}x^6 - 156244340a^8b^{10}x^5 + 147267450a^{10}b^8x^4 - 4618900x^{10}(-b^2x+a^2)^9)}{4618900x^{10}(-b^2x+a^2)^9}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2a^{10}x^9 + 100a^8b^2x^9 + 525a^6b^4x^9 + 600a^4b^6x^9 + 150a^2b^8x^9 + 4b^{10}x^9 + 2a^{10}x^8 + 100a^8b^2x^8 + 525a^6b^4x^8 + 600a^4b^6x^8 + 150a^2b^8x^8 + 4b^{10}x^8 + 2a^{10}x^7 + 100a^8b^2x^7 + 525a^6b^4x^7 + 600a^4b^6x^7 + 150a^2b^8x^7 + 4b^{10}x^7 + 2a^{10}x^6 + 100a^8b^2x^6 + 525a^6b^4x^6 + 600a^4b^6x^6 + 150a^2b^8x^6 + 4b^{10}x^6 + 2a^{10}x^5 + 100a^8b^2x^5 + 525a^6b^4x^5 + 600a^4b^6x^5 + 150a^2b^8x^5 + 4b^{10}x^5 + 2a^{10}x^4 + 100a^8b^2x^4 + 525a^6b^4x^4 + 600a^4b^6x^4 + 150a^2b^8x^4 + 4b^{10}x^4 + 2a^{10}x^3 + 100a^8b^2x^3 + 525a^6b^4x^3 + 600a^4b^6x^3 + 150a^2b^8x^3 + 4b^{10}x^3 + 2a^{10}x^2 + 100a^8b^2x^2 + 525a^6b^4x^2 + 600a^4b^6x^2 + 150a^2b^8x^2 + 4b^{10}x^2 + 2a^{10}x + 100a^8b^2x + 525a^6b^4x + 600a^4b^6x + 150a^2b^8x + 4b^{10}x + 2a^{10} + 100a^8b^2 + 525a^6b^4 + 600a^4b^6 + 150a^2b^8 + 4b^{10})}{4618900x^{10}(-b^2x+a^2)^9}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/10*a^10/x^10-20/19*a^9*b/x^(19/2)-5*a^8*b^2/x^9-240/17*a^7*b^3/x^(17/2)  
-105/4*a^6*b^4/x^8-168/5*a^5*b^5/x^(15/2)-30*a^4*b^6/x^7-240/13*a^3*b^7/x^(13/2)-15/2*a^2*b^8/x^6-20/11*a*b^9/x^(11/2)-1/5*b^10/x^5`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{184756 b^{10} x^5 + 6928350 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 27713400 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 24249225 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 4618900 a^8 b^2 x + 92378 a^{10} + 16 \sqrt{x} (104975 a^9 b^4 + 1065900 a^3 b^7 x^3 + 1939938 a^5 b^5 x^2 + 815100 a^7 b^3 x + 60775 a^9 b)}{923780 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/923780*(184756*b^10*x^5 + 6928350*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 27713400*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 24249225*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 4618900*a^8*b^2*x + 92378*a^10 + 16*(104975*a*b^9*x^4 + 1065900*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 1939938*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 815100*a^7*b^3*x + 60775*a^9*b)*sqrt(x))/x^10`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{20a^9b}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{5a^8b^2}{x^9} - \frac{240a^7b^3}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{4x^8} - \frac{168a^5b^5}{5x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{30a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{240a^3b^7}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{15a^2b^8}{2x^6} - \frac{20ab^9}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{b^{10}}{5x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**10/x**11,x)`output `-a**10/(10*x**10) - 20*a**9*b/(19*x**(19/2)) - 5*a**8*b**2/x**9 - 240*a**7*b**3/(17*x**(17/2)) - 105*a**6*b**4/(4*x**8) - 168*a**5*b**5/(5*x**(15/2)) - 30*a**4*b**6/x**7 - 240*a**3*b**7/(13*x**(13/2)) - 15*a**2*b**8/(2*x**6) - 20*a*b**9/(11*x**(11/2)) - b**10/(5*x**5)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{184756 b^{10} x^5 + 1679600 a b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 6928350 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 17054400 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 27713400 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 31039008 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 24249225 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 13041600 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4618900 a^8 b^2 x + 972400 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 92378 a^{10}}{923780 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/923780*(184756*b^10*x^5 + 1679600*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 6928350*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 17054400*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 27713400*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 31039008*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 24249225*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 13041600*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 4618900*a^8*b^2*x + 972400*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 92378*a^10)/x^10`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{10}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{184756 b^{10} x^5 + 1679600 a b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 6928350 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 17054400 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 27713400 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 31039008 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 24249225 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 13041600 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 4618900 a^8 b^2 x + 972400 a^9 b \sqrt{x} + 92378 a^{10}}{923780 x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^10/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/923780*(184756*b^10*x^5 + 1679600*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 6928350*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 17054400*a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 27713400*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 31039008*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 24249225*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 13041600*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) + 4618900*a^8*b^2*x + 972400*a^9*b*sqrt(x) + 92378*a^10)/x^10`





### 3.59 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	604
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	605
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	605
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	607
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	607
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	608
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	609
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	609
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	610
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	611

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 242

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx = -\frac{a^{11}(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8b^{12}} + \frac{22a^{10}(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^{12}} - \frac{55a^9(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{9b^{12}} + \frac{330a^8(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^{12}} - \frac{33a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{b^{12}} + \frac{44a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{b^{12}} - \frac{42a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{22}}{b^{12}} + \frac{660a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{23}}{23b^{12}} - \frac{55a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{24}}{4b^{12}} + \frac{22a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{25}}{5b^{12}} - \frac{11a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{26}}{13b^{12}} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{27}}{27b^{12}}$$

output

```
-1/8*a^11*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/b^12+22/17*a^10*(a+b*x^(1/2))^17/b^12-55/9*a^9*(a+b*x^(1/2))^18/b^12+330/19*a^8*(a+b*x^(1/2))^19/b^12-33*a^7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^20/b^12+44*a^6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^21/b^12-42*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^22/b^12+660/23*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^23/b^12-55/4*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^24/b^12+22/5*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^25/b^12-11/13*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^26/b^12+2/27*(a+b*x^(1/2))^27/b^12
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{17383860a^{15}x^6 + 240699600a^{14}bx^{13/2} + 1564547400a^{13}b^2x^7 + 6327725040a^{12}b^3x^{15/2} + 17796726675a^{11}b^4x^8 + 36849692880a^{10}b^5x^{17/2} + 58004146200a^9b^6x^9 + 70651666800a^8b^7x^{19/2} + 67119083460a^7b^8x^{10} + 49717839600a^6b^9x^{21/2} + 28474762680a^5b^{10}x^{11} + 12380331600a^4b^{11}x^{23/2} + 3954828150a^3b^{12}x^{12} + 876146544a^2b^{13}x^{25/2} + 120349800ab^{14}x^{13} + 7726160b^{15}x^{27/2}}{104303160}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x^5,x]`

output  $(17383860a^{15}x^6 + 240699600a^{14}bx^{13/2} + 1564547400a^{13}b^2x^7 + 6327725040a^{12}b^3x^{15/2} + 17796726675a^{11}b^4x^8 + 36849692880a^{10}b^5x^{17/2} + 58004146200a^9b^6x^9 + 70651666800a^8b^7x^{19/2} + 67119083460a^7b^8x^{10} + 49717839600a^6b^9x^{21/2} + 28474762680a^5b^{10}x^{11} + 12380331600a^4b^{11}x^{23/2} + 3954828150a^3b^{12}x^{12} + 876146544a^2b^{13}x^{25/2} + 120349800ab^{14}x^{13} + 7726160b^{15}x^{27/2})/104303160$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^{11/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{26}}{b^{11}} - \frac{11a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{25}}{b^{11}} + \frac{55a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{24}}{b^{11}} - \frac{165a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{23}}{b^{11}} + \frac{330a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{22}}{b^{11}} - \frac{462a^5}{b^{11}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{11}(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16b^{12}} + \frac{11a^{10}(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^{12}} - \frac{55a^9(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{18b^{12}} + \frac{165a^8(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^{12}} - \frac{33a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{2b^{12}} + \frac{22a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{b^{12}} - \frac{21a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{22}}{b^{12}} + \frac{330a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{23}}{23b^{12}} - \frac{55a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{24}}{8b^{12}} + \frac{11a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{25}}{5b^{12}} - \frac{11a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{26}}{26b^{12}} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{27}}{27b^{12}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x^5,x]`

output

```
2*(-1/16*(a^11*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/b^12 + (11*a^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^17)/(17
*b^12) - (55*a^9*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^18)/(18*b^12) + (165*a^8*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^
19)/(19*b^12) - (33*a^7*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^20)/(2*b^12) + (22*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt
[x])^21)/b^12 - (21*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^22)/b^12 + (330*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x]
)^23)/(23*b^12) - (55*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^24)/(8*b^12) + (11*a^2*(a + b*Sq
rt[x])^25)/(5*b^12) - (11*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^26)/(26*b^12) + (a + b*Sqrt[x]
)^27/(27*b^12))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{27}{2}}}{27} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^{13}}{13} + \frac{42a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{25}{2}}}{5} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^{12}}{12} + \frac{2730a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23} + 273a^5b^{10}x^{11} + \frac{1430a^6b^9x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{3}$
default	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{27}{2}}}{27} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^{13}}{13} + \frac{42a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{25}{2}}}{5} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^{12}}{12} + \frac{2730a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23} + 273a^5b^{10}x^{11} + \frac{1430a^6b^9x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{3}$
orering	$(45465480b^{40}x^{20} - 647229338a^2b^{38}x^{19} + 4285323042a^4b^{36}x^{18} - 17496401598a^6b^{34}x^{17} + 49231260806a^8b^{32}x^{16} - 10103$
trager	$a(1080b^{14}x^{12} + 35490a^2b^{12}x^{11} + 1080b^{14}x^{11} + 255528a^4b^{10}x^{10} + 35490x^{10}b^{12}a^2 + 1080b^{14}x^{10} + 602316a^6b^8x^9 + 255528$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $2/27*b^{15}*x^{(27/2)}+15/13*a*b^{14}*x^{13}+42/5*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(25/2)}+455/12*a^3*b^{12}*x^{12}+2730/23*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(23/2)}+273*a^5*b^{10}*x^{11}+1430/3*a^6*b^9*x^{(21/2)}+1287/2*a^7*b^8*x^{10}+12870/19*a^8*b^7*x^{(19/2)}+5005/9*a^9*b^6*x^9+6006/17*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(17/2)}+1365/8*a^{11}*b^4*x^8+182/3*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(15/2)}+15*a^{13}*b^2*x^7+30/13*a^{14}*b*x^{(13/2)}+1/6*a^{15}*x^6$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx = \frac{15}{13} ab^{14} x^{13} + \frac{455}{12} a^3 b^{12} x^{12} + 273 a^5 b^{10} x^{11} + \frac{1287}{2} a^7 b^8 x^{10} + \frac{5005}{9} a^9 b^6 x^9 + \frac{1365}{8} a^{11} b^4 x^8 + 15 a^{13} b^2 x^7 + \frac{1}{6} a^{15} x^6 + \frac{2}{13037895} (482885 b^{15} x^{13} + 54759159 a^2 b^{13} x^{12} + 773770725 a^4 b^{11} x^{11} + 3107364975 a^6 b^9 x^{10} + 4415729$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
15/13*a*b^14*x^13 + 455/12*a^3*b^12*x^12 + 273*a^5*b^10*x^11 + 1287/2*a^7*
b^8*x^10 + 5005/9*a^9*b^6*x^9 + 1365/8*a^11*b^4*x^8 + 15*a^13*b^2*x^7 + 1/
6*a^15*x^6 + 2/13037895*(482885*b^15*x^13 + 54759159*a^2*b^13*x^12 + 77377
0725*a^4*b^11*x^11 + 3107364975*a^6*b^9*x^10 + 4415729175*a^8*b^7*x^9 + 23
03105805*a^10*b^5*x^8 + 395482815*a^12*b^3*x^7 + 15043725*a^14*b*x^6)*sqrt
(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx = \frac{a^{15}x^6}{6} + \frac{30a^{14}bx^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + 15a^{13}b^2x^7 + \frac{182a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{3} + \frac{1365a^{11}b^4x^8}{8}$$

$$+ \frac{6006a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^9}{9} + \frac{12870a^8b^7x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19}$$

$$+ \frac{1287a^7b^8x^{10}}{2} + \frac{1430a^6b^9x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{3} + 273a^5b^{10}x^{11} + \frac{2730a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23}$$

$$+ \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^{12}}{12} + \frac{42a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{25}{2}}}{5} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^{13}}{13} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{27}{2}}}{27}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15*x**5,x)
```

output

```
a**15*x**6/6 + 30*a**14*b*x**(13/2)/13 + 15*a**13*b**2*x**7 + 182*a**12*b*
*3*x**(15/2)/3 + 1365*a**11*b**4*x**8/8 + 6006*a**10*b**5*x**(17/2)/17 + 5
005*a**9*b**6*x**9/9 + 12870*a**8*b**7*x**(19/2)/19 + 1287*a**7*b**8*x**10
/2 + 1430*a**6*b**9*x**(21/2)/3 + 273*a**5*b**10*x**11 + 2730*a**4*b**11*x
**(23/2)/23 + 455*a**3*b**12*x**12/12 + 42*a**2*b**13*x**(25/2)/5 + 15*a*b
**14*x**13/13 + 2*b**15*x**(27/2)/27
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx = \frac{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{27}}{27 b^{12}} - \frac{11 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{26} a}{13 b^{12}} + \frac{22 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{25} a^2}{5 b^{12}} - \frac{55 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{24} a^3}{4 b^{12}} + \frac{660 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{23} a^4}{23 b^{12}} - \frac{42 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{22} a^5}{b^{12}} + \frac{44 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{21} a^6}{b^{12}} - \frac{33 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{20} a^7}{b^{12}} + \frac{330 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{19} a^8}{19 b^{12}} - \frac{55 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{18} a^9}{9 b^{12}} + \frac{22 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{17} a^{10}}{17 b^{12}} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{16} a^{11}}{8 b^{12}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/27*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^27/b^12 - 11/13*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^26*a/b^12 + 22/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^25*a^2/b^12 - 55/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^24*a^3/b^12 + 660/23*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^23*a^4/b^12 - 42*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^22*a^5/b^12 + 44*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^21*a^6/b^12 - 33*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^20*a^7/b^12 + 330/19*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^19*a^8/b^12 - 55/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^18*a^9/b^12 + 22/17*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^17*a^10/b^12 - 1/8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^16*a^11/b^12`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx = \frac{2}{27} b^{15} x^{\frac{27}{2}} + \frac{15}{13} a b^{14} x^{13} + \frac{42}{5} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{25}{2}} + \frac{455}{12} a^3 b^{12} x^{12} + \frac{2730}{23} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{23}{2}} + 273 a^5 b^{10} x^{11} + \frac{1430}{3} a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{1287}{2} a^7 b^8 x^{10} + \frac{12870}{19} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{19}{2}} + \frac{5005}{9} a^9 b^6 x^9 + \frac{6006}{17} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{1365}{8} a^{11} b^4 x^8 + \frac{182}{3} a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 15 a^{13} b^2 x^7 + \frac{30}{13} a^{14} b x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{1}{6} a^{15} x^6$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2/27*b^{15}*x^{(27/2)} + 15/13*a*b^{14}*x^{13} + 42/5*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(25/2)} + 455/12*a \\
& ^3*b^{12}*x^{12} + 2730/23*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(23/2)} + 273*a^5*b^{10}*x^{11} + 1430/3*a^6* \\
& b^9*x^{(21/2)} + 1287/2*a^7*b^8*x^{10} + 12870/19*a^8*b^7*x^{(19/2)} + 5005/9*a^ \\
& 9*b^6*x^9 + 6006/17*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(17/2)} + 1365/8*a^{11}*b^4*x^8 + 182/3*a^{12}*b \\
& ^3*x^{(15/2)} + 15*a^{13}*b^2*x^7 + 30/13*a^{14}*b*x^{(13/2)} + 1/6*a^{15}*x^6
\end{aligned}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx = & \frac{a^{15} x^6}{6} + \frac{2 b^{15} x^{27/2}}{27} + \frac{15 a b^{14} x^{13}}{13} + \frac{30 a^{14} b x^{13/2}}{13} \\
& + 15 a^{13} b^2 x^7 + \frac{1365 a^{11} b^4 x^8}{8} + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^9}{9} \\
& + \frac{1287 a^7 b^8 x^{10}}{2} + 273 a^5 b^{10} x^{11} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^{12}}{12} \\
& + \frac{182 a^{12} b^3 x^{15/2}}{3} + \frac{6006 a^{10} b^5 x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{12870 a^8 b^7 x^{19/2}}{19} \\
& + \frac{1430 a^6 b^9 x^{21/2}}{3} + \frac{2730 a^4 b^{11} x^{23/2}}{23} + \frac{42 a^2 b^{13} x^{25/2}}{5}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^5*(a + b*x^(1/2))^15,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (a^{15}*x^6)/6 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(27/2)})/27 + (15*a*b^{14}*x^{13})/13 + (30*a^{14}*b*x^{(13/2)})/13 \\
& + 15*a^{13}*b^2*x^7 + (1365*a^{11}*b^4*x^8)/8 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^9)/9 \\
& + (1287*a^7*b^8*x^{10})/2 + 273*a^5*b^{10}*x^{11} + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^{12})/12 + (1 \\
& 82*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(15/2)})/3 + (6006*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(17/2)})/17 + (12870*a^8*b^7*x^{(19/2)})/19 \\
& + (1430*a^6*b^9*x^{(21/2)})/3 + (2730*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(23/2)})/23 + (42* \\
& a^2*b^{13}*x^{(25/2)})/5
\end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^6 (240699600\sqrt{x} a^{14} b + 6327725040\sqrt{x} a^{12} b^3 x + 36849692880\sqrt{x} a^{10} b^5 x^2 + 70651666800\sqrt{x} a^8 b^7 x^3 + 49717839600\sqrt{x} a^6 b^9 x^4 + 12380331600\sqrt{x} a^4 b^{11} x^5 + 876146544\sqrt{x} a^2 b^{13} x^6 + 7726160\sqrt{x} b^{15} x^7 + 17383860 a^{15} + 1564547400 a^{13} b^2 x + 17796726675 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 58004146200 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 67119083460 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 28474762680 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 3954828150 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 120349800 a b^{14} x^7)}{104303160}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^5,x)
```

output

```
(x**6*(240699600*sqrt(x)*a**14*b + 6327725040*sqrt(x)*a**12*b**3*x + 36849692880*sqrt(x)*a**10*b**5*x**2 + 70651666800*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**7*x**3 + 49717839600*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**9*x**4 + 12380331600*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**11*x**5 + 876146544*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**13*x**6 + 7726160*sqrt(x)*b**15*x**7 + 17383860*a**15 + 1564547400*a**13*b**2*x + 17796726675*a**11*b**4*x**2 + 58004146200*a**9*b**6*x**3 + 67119083460*a**7*b**8*x**4 + 28474762680*a**5*b**10*x**5 + 3954828150*a**3*b**12*x**6 + 120349800*a*b**14*x**7))/104303160
```



### 3.60 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	612
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	613
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	613
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	615
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	617
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	618
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	619

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 202

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx = & -\frac{a^9(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8b^{10}} + \frac{18a^8(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^{10}} - \frac{4a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{b^{10}} \\ & + \frac{168a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^{10}} - \frac{63a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{5b^{10}} \\ & + \frac{12a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{b^{10}} - \frac{84a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{22}}{11b^{10}} \\ & + \frac{72a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{23}}{23b^{10}} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{24}}{4b^{10}} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{25}}{25b^{10}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/8*a^9*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/b^10+18/17*a^8*(a+b*x^(1/2))^17/b^10-4*a^7*(a+b*
x^(1/2))^18/b^10+168/19*a^6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^19/b^10-63/5*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^2
0/b^10+12*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^21/b^10-84/11*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^22/b^10+72/23*
a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^23/b^10-3/4*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^24/b^10+2/25*(a+b*x^(1/2))^2
5/b^10
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{3268760a^{15}x^5 + 44574000a^{14}bx^{11/2} + 286016500a^{13}b^2x^6 + 1144066000a^{12}b^3x^{13/2} + 3187041000a^{11}b^4x^7 + \dots}{16343800}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x^4,x]`

output  $(3268760*a^{15}*x^5 + 44574000*a^{14}*b*x^{(11/2)} + 286016500*a^{13}*b^2*x^6 + 1144066000*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(13/2)} + 3187041000*a^{11}*b^4*x^7 + 6544057520*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(15/2)} + 10225089875*a^9*b^6*x^8 + 12373218000*a^8*b^7*x^{(17/2)} + 11685817000*a^7*b^8*x^9 + 8610602000*a^6*b^9*x^{(19/2)} + 4908043140*a^5*b^{10}*x^{10} + 2124694000*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(21/2)} + 676039000*a^3*b^{12}*x^{11} + 149226000*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(23/2)} + 20429750*a*b^{14}*x^{12} + 1307504*b^{15}*x^{(25/2)})/16343800$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^{9/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{24}}{b^9} - \frac{9a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{23}}{b^9} + \frac{36a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{22}}{b^9} - \frac{84a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{b^9} + \frac{126a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{b^9} - \frac{126a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{b^9} + \dots \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^9(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16b^{10}} + \frac{9a^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^{10}} - \frac{2a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{b^{10}} + \frac{84a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^{10}} - \frac{63a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{10b^{10}} + \frac{6a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{b^{10}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x^4,x]`

output `2*(-1/16*(a^9*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/b^10 + (9*a^8*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^17)/(17*b^10) - (2*a^7*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^18)/b^10 + (84*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^19)/(19*b^10) - (63*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^20)/(10*b^10) + (6*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^21)/b^10 - (42*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^22)/(11*b^10) + (36*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^23)/(23*b^10) - (3*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^24)/(8*b^10) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^25/(25*b^10))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{25}{2}}}{25} + \frac{5ab^{14}x^{12}}{4} + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^{11}}{11} + 130a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^{10}}{10} + \frac{10010a^6b^9x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19}$
default	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{25}{2}}}{25} + \frac{5ab^{14}x^{12}}{4} + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^{11}}{11} + 130a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^{10}}{10} + \frac{10010a^6b^9x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19}$
oring	$-( -38407930b^{38}x^{19} + 546370650a^2b^{36}x^{18} - 3615112254a^4b^{34}x^{17} + 14751217390a^6b^{32}x^{16} - 41486940495a^8b^{30}x^{15} + 81171871400a^{10}b^{28}x^{14} - 202354677000a^{12}b^{26}x^{13} + 404709354000a^{14}b^{24}x^{12} - 708256020000a^{16}b^{22}x^{11} + 1001000000000a^{18}b^{20}x^{10} - 1201200000000a^{20}b^{18}x^9 + 1201200000000a^{22}b^{16}x^8 - 1001000000000a^{24}b^{14}x^7 + 600600000000a^{26}b^{12}x^6 - 252252000000a^{28}b^{10}x^5 + 75757500000a^{30}b^8x^4 - 15151500000a^{32}b^6x^3 + 1515150000a^{34}b^4x^2 - 151515000a^{36}b^2x + 15151500a^{38}b^0x^0)$
trager	$a(550b^{14}x^{11} + 18200x^{10}b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x^{10} + 132132b^{10}x^9a^4 + 18200x^9b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x^9 + 314600a^6b^8x^8 + 132132b^{10}x^8a^4 + 18200x^8b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x^8 + 314600a^6b^8x^7 + 132132b^{10}x^7a^4 + 18200x^7b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x^7 + 314600a^6b^8x^6 + 132132b^{10}x^6a^4 + 18200x^6b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x^6 + 314600a^6b^8x^5 + 132132b^{10}x^5a^4 + 18200x^5b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x^5 + 314600a^6b^8x^4 + 132132b^{10}x^4a^4 + 18200x^4b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x^4 + 314600a^6b^8x^3 + 132132b^{10}x^3a^4 + 18200x^3b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x^3 + 314600a^6b^8x^2 + 132132b^{10}x^2a^4 + 18200x^2b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x^2 + 314600a^6b^8x + 132132b^{10}xa^4 + 18200x^2b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14}x + 314600a^6b^8 + 132132b^{10}a^4 + 18200b^{12}a^2 + 550b^{14})$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $2/25*b^{15}*x^{(25/2)}+5/4*a*b^{14}*x^{12}+210/23*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(23/2)}+455/11*a^3*b^{12}*x^{11}+130*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(21/2)}+3003/10*a^5*b^{10}*x^{10}+10010/19*a^6*b^9*x^{(19/2)}+715*a^7*b^8*x^9+12870/17*a^8*b^7*x^{(17/2)}+5005/8*a^9*b^6*x^8+2002/5*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(15/2)}+195*a^{11}*b^4*x^7+70*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(13/2)}+35/2*a^{13}*b^2*x^6+30/11*a^{14}*b*x^{(11/2)}+1/5*a^{15}*x^5$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx = \frac{5}{4} ab^{14}x^{12} + \frac{455}{11} a^3b^{12}x^{11} + \frac{3003}{10} a^5b^{10}x^{10} + 715a^7b^8x^9 + \frac{5005}{8} a^9b^6x^8 + 195a^{11}b^4x^7 + \frac{35}{2} a^{13}b^2x^6 + \frac{1}{5} a^{15}x^5 + \frac{2}{2042975} (81719b^{15}x^{12} + 9326625a^2b^{13}x^{11} + 132793375a^4b^{11}x^{10} + 538162625a^6b^9x^9 + 773326125a^8b^7x^8 + 404709354000a^{10}b^5x^7 + 1001000000000a^{12}b^3x^6 + 1201200000000a^{14}b^1x^5 + 1001000000000a^{16}b^0x^4 + 600600000000a^{18}b^0x^3 + 252252000000a^{20}b^0x^2 + 75757500000a^{22}b^0x + 15151500000a^{24}b^0x^0)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
5/4*a*b^14*x^12 + 455/11*a^3*b^12*x^11 + 3003/10*a^5*b^10*x^10 + 715*a^7*b^8*x^9 + 5005/8*a^9*b^6*x^8 + 195*a^11*b^4*x^7 + 35/2*a^13*b^2*x^6 + 1/5*a^15*x^5 + 2/2042975*(81719*b^15*x^12 + 9326625*a^2*b^13*x^11 + 132793375*a^4*b^11*x^10 + 538162625*a^6*b^9*x^9 + 773326125*a^8*b^7*x^8 + 409003595*a^10*b^5*x^7 + 71504125*a^12*b^3*x^6 + 2785875*a^14*b*x^5)*sqrt(x)
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{15}x^5}{5} + \frac{30a^{14}bx^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{35a^{13}b^2x^6}{2} + 70a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 195a^{11}b^4x^7 + \frac{2002a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{5} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^8}{8} + \frac{12870a^8b^7x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + 715a^7b^8x^9 + \frac{10010a^6b^9x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^{10}}{10} + 130a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^{11}}{11} + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23} + \frac{5ab^{14}x^{12}}{4} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{25}{2}}}{25}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15*x**4,x)
```

output

```
a**15*x**5/5 + 30*a**14*b*x**(11/2)/11 + 35*a**13*b**2*x**6/2 + 70*a**12*b**3*x**(13/2) + 195*a**11*b**4*x**7 + 2002*a**10*b**5*x**(15/2)/5 + 5005*a**9*b**6*x**8/8 + 12870*a**8*b**7*x**(17/2)/17 + 715*a**7*b**8*x**9 + 10010*a**6*b**9*x**(19/2)/19 + 3003*a**5*b**10*x**10/10 + 130*a**4*b**11*x**(21/2) + 455*a**3*b**12*x**11/11 + 210*a**2*b**13*x**(23/2)/23 + 5*a*b**14*x**12/4 + 2*b**15*x**(25/2)/25
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx = \frac{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{25}}{25 b^{10}} - \frac{3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{24} a}{4 b^{10}} + \frac{72 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{23} a^2}{23 b^{10}} - \frac{84 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{22} a^3}{11 b^{10}} + \frac{12 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{21} a^4}{b^{10}} - \frac{63 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{20} a^5}{5 b^{10}} + \frac{168 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{19} a^6}{19 b^{10}} - \frac{4 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{18} a^7}{b^{10}} + \frac{18 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{17} a^8}{17 b^{10}} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{16} a^9}{8 b^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/25*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^25/b^10 - 3/4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^24*a/b^10 + 72/23*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^23*a^2/b^10 - 84/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^22*a^3/b^10 + 12*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^21*a^4/b^10 - 63/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^20*a^5/b^10 + 168/19*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^19*a^6/b^10 - 4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^18*a^7/b^10 + 18/17*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^17*a^8/b^10 - 1/8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^16*a^9/b^10`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx = \frac{2}{25} b^{15} x^{\frac{25}{2}} + \frac{5}{4} a b^{14} x^{12} + \frac{210}{23} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{23}{2}} + \frac{455}{11} a^3 b^{12} x^{11} + 130 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{3003}{10} a^5 b^{10} x^{10} + \frac{10010}{19} a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{19}{2}} + 715 a^7 b^8 x^9 + \frac{12870}{17} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{5005}{8} a^9 b^6 x^8 + \frac{2002}{5} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 195 a^{11} b^4 x^7 + 70 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{35}{2} a^{13} b^2 x^6 + \frac{30}{11} a^{14} b x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1}{5} a^{15} x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2/25*b^15*x^(25/2) + 5/4*a*b^14*x^12 + 210/23*a^2*b^13*x^(23/2) + 455/11*a^3*b^12*x^11 + 130*a^4*b^11*x^(21/2) + 3003/10*a^5*b^10*x^10 + 10010/19*a^6*b^9*x^(19/2) + 715*a^7*b^8*x^9 + 12870/17*a^8*b^7*x^(17/2) + 5005/8*a^9*b^6*x^8 + 2002/5*a^10*b^5*x^(15/2) + 195*a^11*b^4*x^7 + 70*a^12*b^3*x^(13/2) + 35/2*a^13*b^2*x^6 + 30/11*a^14*b*x^(11/2) + 1/5*a^15*x^5
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{15} x^5}{5} + \frac{2b^{15} x^{25/2}}{25} + \frac{5ab^{14} x^{12}}{4} + \frac{30a^{14} b x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{35a^{13} b^2 x^6}{2} + 195a^{11} b^4 x^7 + \frac{5005a^9 b^6 x^8}{8} + 715a^7 b^8 x^9 + \frac{3003a^5 b^{10} x^{10}}{10} + \frac{455a^3 b^{12} x^{11}}{11} + 70a^{12} b^3 x^{13/2} + \frac{2002a^{10} b^5 x^{15/2}}{5} + \frac{12870a^8 b^7 x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{10010a^6 b^9 x^{19/2}}{19} + 130a^4 b^{11} x^{21/2} + \frac{210a^2 b^{13} x^{23/2}}{23}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^15,x)
```

output

```
(a^15*x^5)/5 + (2*b^15*x^(25/2))/25 + (5*a*b^14*x^12)/4 + (30*a^14*b*x^(11/2))/11 + (35*a^13*b^2*x^6)/2 + 195*a^11*b^4*x^7 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^8)/8 + 715*a^7*b^8*x^9 + (3003*a^5*b^10*x^10)/10 + (455*a^3*b^12*x^11)/11 + 70*a^12*b^3*x^(13/2) + (2002*a^10*b^5*x^(15/2))/5 + (12870*a^8*b^7*x^(17/2))/17 + (10010*a^6*b^9*x^(19/2))/19 + 130*a^4*b^11*x^(21/2) + (210*a^2*b^13*x^(23/2))/23
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^5(44574000\sqrt{x}a^{14}b + 1144066000\sqrt{x}a^{12}b^3x + 6544057520\sqrt{x}a^{10}b^5x^2 + 12373218000\sqrt{x}a^8b^7x^3 + 8610602000\sqrt{x}a^6b^9x^4 + 2124694000\sqrt{x}a^4b^{11}x^5 + 149226000\sqrt{x}a^2b^{13}x^6 + 1307504\sqrt{x}b^{15}x^7 + 3268760a^{15} + 286016500a^{13}b^2x + 3187041000a^{11}b^4x^2 + 10225089875a^9b^6x^3 + 11685817000a^7b^8x^4 + 4908043140a^5b^{10}x^5 + 67603900a^3b^{12}x^6 + 20429750ab^{14}x^7)/16343800}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^4,x)
```

output

```
(x**5*(44574000*sqrt(x)*a**14*b + 1144066000*sqrt(x)*a**12*b**3*x + 6544057520*sqrt(x)*a**10*b**5*x**2 + 12373218000*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**7*x**3 + 8610602000*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**9*x**4 + 2124694000*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**11*x**5 + 149226000*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**13*x**6 + 1307504*sqrt(x)*b**15*x**7 + 3268760*a**15 + 286016500*a**13*b**2*x + 3187041000*a**11*b**4*x**2 + 10225089875*a**9*b**6*x**3 + 11685817000*a**7*b**8*x**4 + 4908043140*a**5*b**10*x**5 + 67603900*a**3*b**12*x**6 + 20429750*a*b**14*x**7))/16343800
```



### 3.61 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	620
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	621
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	621
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	623
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	623
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	624
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	624
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	625
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	626
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	626

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx = -\frac{a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8b^8} + \frac{14a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^8} - \frac{7a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{3b^8} + \frac{70a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^8} - \frac{7a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{2b^8} + \frac{2a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{b^8} - \frac{7a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{22}}{11b^8} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{23}}{23b^8}$$

output

```
-1/8*a^7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/b^8+14/17*a^6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^17/b^8-7/3*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^18/b^8+70/19*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^19/b^8-7/2*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^20/b^8+2*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^21/b^8-7/11*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^22/b^8+2/23*(a+b*x^(1/2))^23/b^8
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{490314a^{15}x^4 + 6537520a^{14}bx^{9/2} + 41186376a^{13}b^2x^5 + 162249360a^{12}b^3x^{11/2} + 446185740a^{11}b^4x^6 + 906100272a^{10}b^5x^{13/2} + 1402298040a^9b^6x^7 + 1682757648a^8b^7x^{15/2} + 1577585295a^7b^8x^8 + 1154833680a^6b^9x^{17/2} + 654405752a^5b^{10}x^9 + 281801520a^4b^{11}x^{19/2} + 89237148a^3b^{12}x^{10} + 19612560a^2b^{13}x^{21/2} + 2674440ab^{14}x^{11} + 170544b^{15}x^{23/2}}{1961256}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x^3,x]`

output  $(490314a^{15}x^4 + 6537520a^{14}bx^{9/2} + 41186376a^{13}b^2x^5 + 162249360a^{12}b^3x^{11/2} + 446185740a^{11}b^4x^6 + 906100272a^{10}b^5x^{13/2} + 1402298040a^9b^6x^7 + 1682757648a^8b^7x^{15/2} + 1577585295a^7b^8x^8 + 1154833680a^6b^9x^{17/2} + 654405752a^5b^{10}x^9 + 281801520a^4b^{11}x^{19/2} + 89237148a^3b^{12}x^{10} + 19612560a^2b^{13}x^{21/2} + 2674440ab^{14}x^{11} + 170544b^{15}x^{23/2})/1961256$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^{7/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{22}}{b^7} - \frac{7a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{b^7} + \frac{21a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{b^7} - \frac{35a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{b^7} + \frac{35a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{b^7} - \frac{21a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{b^7} + \frac{7a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{b^7} - \frac{a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{b^7} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16b^8} + \frac{7a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^8} - \frac{7a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{6b^8} + \frac{35a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^8} - \frac{7a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{4b^8} + \frac{a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{b^8} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x^3,x]`

output `2*(-1/16*(a^7*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/b^8 + (7*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^17)/(17*b^8) - (7*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^18)/(6*b^8) + (35*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^19)/(19*b^8) - (7*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^20)/(4*b^8) + (a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^21)/b^8 - (7*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^22)/(22*b^8) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^23/(23*b^8))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23} + \frac{15b^{14}x^{11}a}{11} + 10a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{91a^3b^{12}x^{10}}{2} + \frac{2730a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{1001b^{10}x^9a^5}{3} + \frac{10010a^6b^9x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \dots$
default	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23} + \frac{15b^{14}x^{11}a}{11} + 10a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{91a^3b^{12}x^{10}}{2} + \frac{2730a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{1001b^{10}x^9a^5}{3} + \frac{10010a^6b^9x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \dots$
orering	$(1666680b^{36}x^{18} - 23678484a^2b^{34}x^{17} + 156463580a^4b^{32}x^{16} - 637591955a^6b^{30}x^{15} + 1790864075a^8b^{28}x^{14} - 3669868895a^{10}b^{26}x^{13} + 6435840000a^{12}b^{24}x^{12} - 9152000000a^{14}b^{22}x^{11} + 10010000000a^{16}b^{20}x^{10} - 10010000000a^{18}b^{18}x^9 + 8008800000a^{20}b^{16}x^8 - 5005600000a^{22}b^{14}x^7 + 2502800000a^{24}b^{12}x^6 - 1001400000a^{26}b^{10}x^5 + 250280000a^{28}b^8x^4 - 50056000a^{30}b^6x^3 + 10010000a^{32}b^4x^2 - 1001000a^{34}b^2x + 100100a^{36}b^0x^0)$
trager	$a(360b^{14}x^{10} + 12012x^9b^{12}a^2 + 360b^{14}x^9 + 88088b^{10}x^8a^4 + 12012b^{12}x^8a^2 + 360b^{14}x^8 + 212355x^7b^8a^6 + 88088b^{10}x^7a^4 + 10010000x^6b^6a^8 + 250280000x^5b^4a^{10} + 5005600000x^4b^2a^{12} + 10010000000x^3b^0a^{14})$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $2/23*b^{15}*x^{(23/2)}+15/11*b^{14}*x^{11}*a+10*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(21/2)}+91/2*a^3*b^{12}*x^{10}+2730/19*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(19/2)}+1001/3*b^{10}*x^9*a^5+10010/17*a^6*b^9*x^{(17/2)}+6435/8*b^8*x^8*a^7+858*a^8*b^7*x^{(15/2)}+715*a^9*b^6*x^7+462*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(13/2)}+455/2*a^{11}*b^4*x^6+910/11*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(11/2)}+21*a^{13}*b^2*x^5+10/3*a^{14}*b*x^{(9/2)}+1/4*a^{15}*x^4$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx = \frac{15}{11} ab^{14}x^{11} + \frac{91}{2} a^3b^{12}x^{10} + \frac{1001}{3} a^5b^{10}x^9 + \frac{6435}{8} a^7b^8x^8 + 715 a^9b^6x^7 + \frac{455}{2} a^{11}b^4x^6 + 21 a^{13}b^2x^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^{15}x^4 + \frac{2}{245157} (10659 b^{15}x^{11} + 1225785 a^2b^{13}x^{10} + 17612595 a^4b^{11}x^9 + 72177105 a^6b^9x^8 + 105172353 a^8b^7x^7 + 10010000000 a^{10}b^5x^6 + 50056000000 a^{12}b^3x^5 + 100100000000 a^{14}b^1x^4 + 100100000000 a^{16}b^{-1}x^3 + 100100000000 a^{18}b^{-3}x^2 + 100100000000 a^{20}b^{-5}x + 100100000000 a^{22}b^{-7}x^0)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
15/11*a*b^14*x^11 + 91/2*a^3*b^12*x^10 + 1001/3*a^5*b^10*x^9 + 6435/8*a^7*
b^8*x^8 + 715*a^9*b^6*x^7 + 455/2*a^11*b^4*x^6 + 21*a^13*b^2*x^5 + 1/4*a^1
5*x^4 + 2/245157*(10659*b^15*x^11 + 1225785*a^2*b^13*x^10 + 17612595*a^4*b
^11*x^9 + 72177105*a^6*b^9*x^8 + 105172353*a^8*b^7*x^7 + 56631267*a^10*b^5
*x^6 + 10140585*a^12*b^3*x^5 + 408595*a^14*b*x^4)*sqrt(x)
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx = \frac{a^{15}x^4}{4} + \frac{10a^{14}bx^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + 21a^{13}b^2x^5 + \frac{910a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{455a^{11}b^4x^6}{2}$$

$$+ 462a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 715a^9b^6x^7 + 858a^8b^7x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{6435a^7b^8x^8}{8}$$

$$+ \frac{10010a^6b^9x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{1001a^5b^{10}x^9}{3} + \frac{2730a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19}$$

$$+ \frac{91a^3b^{12}x^{10}}{2} + 10a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^{11}}{11} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{23}{2}}}{23}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15*x**3,x)
```

output

```
a**15*x**4/4 + 10*a**14*b*x**(9/2)/3 + 21*a**13*b**2*x**5 + 910*a**12*b**3
*x**(11/2)/11 + 455*a**11*b**4*x**6/2 + 462*a**10*b**5*x**(13/2) + 715*a**
9*b**6*x**7 + 858*a**8*b**7*x**(15/2) + 6435*a**7*b**8*x**8/8 + 10010*a**6
*b**9*x**(17/2)/17 + 1001*a**5*b**10*x**9/3 + 2730*a**4*b**11*x**(19/2)/19
+ 91*a**3*b**12*x**10/2 + 10*a**2*b**13*x**(21/2) + 15*a*b**14*x**11/11 +
2*b**15*x**(23/2)/23
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{23}}{23b^8} - \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{22}a}{11b^8} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{21}a^2}{b^8}$$

$$- \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{20}a^3}{2b^8} + \frac{70(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{19}a^4}{19b^8}$$

$$- \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{18}a^5}{3b^8} + \frac{14(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{17}a^6}{17b^8} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{16}a^7}{8b^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/23*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{23}/b^8 - 7/11*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{22}*a/b^8 + 2*(b*\sqrt{x} \\ & + a)^{21}*a^2/b^8 - 7/2*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{20}*a^3/b^8 + 70/19*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{19} \\ & *a^4/b^8 - 7/3*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{18}*a^5/b^8 + 14/17*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{17}*a^6 \\ & /b^8 - 1/8*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)^{16}*a^7/b^8 \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx = & \frac{2}{23} b^{15} x^{\frac{23}{2}} + \frac{15}{11} a b^{14} x^{11} + 10 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{91}{2} a^3 b^{12} x^{10} \\ & + \frac{2730}{19} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{19}{2}} + \frac{1001}{3} a^5 b^{10} x^9 + \frac{10010}{17} a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{6435}{8} a^7 b^8 x^8 \\ & + 858 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 715 a^9 b^6 x^7 + 462 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{455}{2} a^{11} b^4 x^6 \\ & + \frac{910}{11} a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 21 a^{13} b^2 x^5 + \frac{10}{3} a^{14} b x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{1}{4} a^{15} x^4 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/23*b^{15}*x^{(23/2)} + 15/11*a*b^{14}*x^{11} + 10*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(21/2)} + 91/2*a^3*b \\ & ^{12}*x^{10} + 2730/19*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(19/2)} + 1001/3*a^5*b^{10}*x^9 + 10010/17*a^6* \\ & b^9*x^{(17/2)} + 6435/8*a^7*b^8*x^8 + 858*a^8*b^7*x^{(15/2)} + 715*a^9*b^6*x^7 \\ & + 462*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(13/2)} + 455/2*a^{11}*b^4*x^6 + 910/11*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(11/2)} + \\ & 21*a^{13}*b^2*x^5 + 10/3*a^{14}*b*x^{(9/2)} + 1/4*a^{15}*x^4 \end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx = \frac{a^{15} x^4}{4} + \frac{2 b^{15} x^{23/2}}{23} + \frac{15 a b^{14} x^{11}}{11} + \frac{10 a^{14} b x^{9/2}}{3} + 21 a^{13} b^2 x^5$$

$$+ \frac{455 a^{11} b^4 x^6}{2} + 715 a^9 b^6 x^7 + \frac{6435 a^7 b^8 x^8}{8} + \frac{1001 a^5 b^{10} x^9}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{91 a^3 b^{12} x^{10}}{2} + \frac{910 a^{12} b^3 x^{11/2}}{11} + 462 a^{10} b^5 x^{13/2} + 858 a^8 b^7 x^{15/2}$$

$$+ \frac{10010 a^6 b^9 x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{2730 a^4 b^{11} x^{19/2}}{19} + 10 a^2 b^{13} x^{21/2}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^15,x)`output  $(a^{15}x^4)/4 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(23/2)})/23 + (15*a*b^{14}*x^{11})/11 + (10*a^{14}*b*x^{(9/2)})/3 + 21*a^{13}*b^2*x^5 + (455*a^{11}*b^4*x^6)/2 + 715*a^9*b^6*x^7 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^8)/8 + (1001*a^5*b^{10}*x^9)/3 + (91*a^3*b^{12}*x^{10})/2 + (910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(11/2)})/11 + 462*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(13/2)} + 858*a^8*b^7*x^{(15/2)} + (10010*a^6*b^9*x^{(17/2)})/17 + (2730*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(19/2)})/19 + 10*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(21/2)}$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^4(6537520\sqrt{x} a^{14}b + 162249360\sqrt{x} a^{12}b^3x + 906100272\sqrt{x} a^{10}b^5x^2 + 1682757648\sqrt{x} a^8b^7x^3 + 1154833$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^3,x)`

output

```
(x**4*(6537520*sqrt(x)*a**14*b + 162249360*sqrt(x)*a**12*b**3*x + 90610027
2*sqrt(x)*a**10*b**5*x**2 + 1682757648*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**7*x**3 + 1154833680
*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**9*x**4 + 281801520*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**11*x**5 + 19612560*sqrt
(x)*a**2*b**13*x**6 + 170544*sqrt(x)*b**15*x**7 + 490314*a**15 + 41186376
*a**13*b**2*x + 446185740*a**11*b**4*x**2 + 1402298040*a**9*b**6*x**3 + 15
77585295*a**7*b**8*x**4 + 654405752*a**5*b**10*x**5 + 89237148*a**3*b**12*
x**6 + 2674440*a*b**14*x**7))/1961256
```



### 3.62 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	628
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	628
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	629
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	630
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	631
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	631
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	632
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	632
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	633
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	634

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx = -\frac{a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8b^6} + \frac{10a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^6} - \frac{10a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{9b^6} + \frac{20a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^6} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{2b^6} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{21b^6}$$

output

```
-1/8*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/b^6+10/17*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^17/b^6-10/9*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^18/b^6+20/19*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^19/b^6-1/2*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^20/b^6+2/21*(a+b*x^(1/2))^21/b^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx = \frac{54264a^{15}x^3 + 697680a^{14}bx^{7/2} + 4273290a^{13}b^2x^4 + 16460080a^{12}b^3x^{9/2} + 44442216a^{11}b^4x^5 + 88884432a^{10}b^5x^{7/2} + 139823136a^9b^6x^4 + 139823136a^8b^7x^{5/2} + 107858496a^7b^8x^3 + 647150976a^6b^9x^{3/2} + 261888000a^5b^{10}x^2 + 52377600a^4b^{11}x^{3/2} + 8380800a^3b^{12}x + 838080a^2b^{13}x^{1/2} + 139680ab^{14} + 13968b^{15}}{139680}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x^2,x]
```

output

```
(54264*a^15*x^3 + 697680*a^14*b*x^(7/2) + 4273290*a^13*b^2*x^4 + 16460080*
a^12*b^3*x^(9/2) + 44442216*a^11*b^4*x^5 + 88884432*a^10*b^5*x^(11/2) + 13
5795660*a^9*b^6*x^6 + 161164080*a^8*b^7*x^(13/2) + 149652360*a^7*b^8*x^7 +
108636528*a^6*b^9*x^(15/2) + 61108047*a^5*b^10*x^8 + 26142480*a^4*b^11*x^
(17/2) + 8230040*a^3*b^12*x^9 + 1799280*a^2*b^13*x^(19/2) + 244188*a*b^14*
x^10 + 15504*b^15*x^(21/2))/162792
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^{5/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{b^5} - \frac{5a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{b^5} + \frac{10a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{b^5} - \frac{10a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{b^5} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{b^5} - \frac{a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{b^5} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16b^6} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^6} - \frac{5a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{9b^6} + \frac{10a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^6} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{21}}{21b^6} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{20}}{4b^6} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x^2,x]
```

```
output 2*(-1/16*(a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/b^6 + (5*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^17)/(17*b^6) - (5*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^18)/(9*b^6) + (10*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^19)/(19*b^6) - (a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^20)/(4*b^6) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^21/(21*b^6))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 22.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{21} + \frac{3ab^{14}x^{10}}{2} + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^9}{9} + \frac{2730a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^8}{8} + \frac{2002a^6b^9x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{3} + \dots$
default	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{21} + \frac{3ab^{14}x^{10}}{2} + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^9}{9} + \frac{2730a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^8}{8} + \frac{2002a^6b^9x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{3} + \dots$
oring	$-( -453492b^{34}x^{17} + 6428380a^2b^{32}x^{16} - 42376425a^4b^{30}x^{15} + 172245645a^6b^{28}x^{14} - 482496245a^8b^{26}x^{13} + 985927761a^{10}b^{24}x^{12} - 189189a^{12}b^{22}x^{11} + 189189a^{14}b^{20}x^{10} - 189189a^{16}b^{18}x^9 + 189189a^{18}b^{16}x^8 - 189189a^{20}b^{14}x^7 + 189189a^{22}b^{12}x^6 - 189189a^{24}b^{10}x^5 + 189189a^{26}b^8x^4 - 189189a^{28}b^6x^3 + 189189a^{30}b^4x^2 - 189189a^{32}b^2x + 189189a^{34})$
trager	$a(756b^{14}x^9 + 25480b^{12}x^8a^2 + 756b^{14}x^8 + 189189b^{10}x^7a^4 + 25480a^2b^{12}x^7 + 756x^7b^{14} + 463320b^8x^6a^6 + 189189a^4b^{10}x^6 + \dots)$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/21*b^15*x^(21/2)+3/2*a*b^14*x^10+210/19*a^2*b^13*x^(19/2)+455/9*a^3*b^12
*x^9+2730/17*a^4*b^11*x^(17/2)+3003/8*a^5*b^10*x^8+2002/3*a^6*b^9*x^(15/2)
+6435/7*x^7*b^8*a^7+990*a^8*b^7*x^(13/2)+5005/6*a^9*b^6*x^6+546*a^10*b^5*x
^(11/2)+273*a^11*b^4*x^5+910/9*a^12*b^3*x^(9/2)+105/4*a^13*b^2*x^4+30/7*a^
14*b*x^(7/2)+1/3*a^15*x^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx = \frac{3}{2} ab^{14} x^{10} + \frac{455}{9} a^3 b^{12} x^9 + \frac{3003}{8} a^5 b^{10} x^8$$

$$+ \frac{6435}{7} a^7 b^8 x^7 + \frac{5005}{6} a^9 b^6 x^6 + 273 a^{11} b^4 x^5 + \frac{105}{4} a^{13} b^2 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} a^{15} x^3$$

$$+ \frac{2}{20349} (969 b^{15} x^{10} + 112455 a^2 b^{13} x^9 + 1633905 a^4 b^{11} x^8 + 6789783 a^6 b^9 x^7 + 10072755 a^8 b^7 x^6 + 5555277 a^{10} b^5 x^5 + 1028755 a^{12} b^3 x^4 + 43605 a^{14} b x^3) \sqrt{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
3/2*a*b^14*x^10 + 455/9*a^3*b^12*x^9 + 3003/8*a^5*b^10*x^8 + 6435/7*a^7*b^
8*x^7 + 5005/6*a^9*b^6*x^6 + 273*a^11*b^4*x^5 + 105/4*a^13*b^2*x^4 + 1/3*a
^15*x^3 + 2/20349*(969*b^15*x^10 + 112455*a^2*b^13*x^9 + 1633905*a^4*b^11*
x^8 + 6789783*a^6*b^9*x^7 + 10072755*a^8*b^7*x^6 + 5555277*a^10*b^5*x^5 +
1028755*a^12*b^3*x^4 + 43605*a^14*b*x^3)*sqrt(x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx = \frac{a^{15} x^3}{3} + \frac{30a^{14} b x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{105a^{13} b^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{910a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + 273a^{11} b^4 x^5$$

$$+ 546a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{5005a^9 b^6 x^6}{6} + 990a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{6435a^7 b^8 x^7}{7}$$

$$+ \frac{2002a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3003a^5 b^{10} x^8}{8} + \frac{2730a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17}$$

$$+ \frac{455a^3 b^{12} x^9}{9} + \frac{210a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{3ab^{14} x^{10}}{2} + \frac{2b^{15} x^{\frac{21}{2}}}{21}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15*x**2,x)`

output `a**15*x**3/3 + 30*a**14*b*x**(7/2)/7 + 105*a**13*b**2*x**4/4 + 910*a**12*b**3*x**(9/2)/9 + 273*a**11*b**4*x**5 + 546*a**10*b**5*x**(11/2) + 5005*a**9*b**6*x**6/6 + 990*a**8*b**7*x**(13/2) + 6435*a**7*b**8*x**7/7 + 2002*a**6*b**9*x**(15/2)/3 + 3003*a**5*b**10*x**8/8 + 2730*a**4*b**11*x**(17/2)/17 + 455*a**3*b**12*x**9/9 + 210*a**2*b**13*x**(19/2)/19 + 3*a*b**14*x**10/2 + 2*b**15*x**(21/2)/21`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx = \frac{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{21}}{21 b^6} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{20} a}{2 b^6} + \frac{20 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{19} a^2}{19 b^6} - \frac{10 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{18} a^3}{9 b^6} + \frac{10 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{17} a^4}{17 b^6} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{16} a^5}{8 b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/21*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^21/b^6 - 1/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^20*a/b^6 + 20/19*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^19*a^2/b^6 - 10/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^18*a^3/b^6 + 10/17*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^17*a^4/b^6 - 1/8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^16*a^5/b^6`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx = \frac{2}{21} b^{15} x^{\frac{21}{2}} + \frac{3}{2} a b^{14} x^{10} + \frac{210}{19} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{19}{2}} + \frac{455}{9} a^3 b^{12} x^9 + \frac{2730}{17} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{3003}{8} a^5 b^{10} x^8 + \frac{2002}{3} a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{6435}{7} a^7 b^8 x^7 + 990 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{5005}{6} a^9 b^6 x^6 + 546 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 273 a^{11} b^4 x^5 + \frac{910}{9} a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{105}{4} a^{13} b^2 x^4 + \frac{30}{7} a^{14} b x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{1}{3} a^{15} x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 2/21*b^{15}*x^{(21/2)} + 3/2*a*b^{14}*x^{10} + 210/19*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(19/2)} + 455/9*a^3*b^{12}*x^9 \\ & + 2730/17*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(17/2)} + 3003/8*a^5*b^{10}*x^8 + 2002/3*a^6*b^9*x^{(15/2)} + 6435/7*a^7*b^8*x^7 \\ & + 990*a^8*b^7*x^{(13/2)} + 5005/6*a^9*b^6*x^6 + 546*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(11/2)} + 273*a^{11}*b^4*x^5 \\ & + 910/9*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(9/2)} + 105/4*a^{13}*b^2*x^4 + 30/7*a^{14}*b*x^{(7/2)} + 1/3*a^{15}*x^3 \end{aligned}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx = & \frac{a^{15} x^3}{3} + \frac{2 b^{15} x^{21/2}}{21} + \frac{30 a^{14} b x^{7/2}}{7} + \frac{3 a b^{14} x^{10}}{2} + \frac{105 a^{13} b^2 x^4}{4} \\ & + 273 a^{11} b^4 x^5 + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^6}{6} + \frac{6435 a^7 b^8 x^7}{7} + \frac{3003 a^5 b^{10} x^8}{8} \\ & + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^9}{9} + \frac{910 a^{12} b^3 x^{9/2}}{9} + 546 a^{10} b^5 x^{11/2} + 990 a^8 b^7 x^{13/2} \\ & + \frac{2002 a^6 b^9 x^{15/2}}{3} + \frac{2730 a^4 b^{11} x^{17/2}}{17} + \frac{210 a^2 b^{13} x^{19/2}}{19} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^15,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (a^{15}*x^3)/3 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(21/2)})/21 + (30*a^{14}*b*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (3*a*b^{14}*x^{10})/2 \\ & + (105*a^{13}*b^2*x^4)/4 + 273*a^{11}*b^4*x^5 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^6)/6 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^7)/7 \\ & + (3003*a^5*b^{10}*x^8)/8 + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^9)/9 + (910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(9/2)})/9 \\ & + 546*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(11/2)} + 990*a^8*b^7*x^{(13/2)} + (2002*a^6*b^9*x^{(15/2)})/3 \\ & + (2730*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(17/2)})/17 + (210*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(19/2)})/19 \end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3(697680\sqrt{x}a^{14}b + 16460080\sqrt{x}a^{12}b^3x + 88884432\sqrt{x}a^{10}b^5x^2 + 161164080\sqrt{x}a^8b^7x^3 + 108636528\sqrt{x}a^6b^9x^4 + 26142480\sqrt{x}a^4b^{11}x^5 + 1799280\sqrt{x}a^2b^{13}x^6 + 15504\sqrt{x}b^{15}x^7 + 54264a^{15} + 4273290a^{13}b^2x + 44442216a^{11}b^4x^2 + 135795660a^9b^6x^3 + 149652360a^7b^8x^4 + 61108047a^5b^{10}x^5 + 8230040a^3b^{12}x^6 + 244188ab^{14}x^7)}{162792}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x^2,x)
```

output

```
(x**3*(697680*sqrt(x)*a**14*b + 16460080*sqrt(x)*a**12*b**3*x + 88884432*sqrt(x)*a**10*b**5*x**2 + 161164080*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**7*x**3 + 108636528*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**9*x**4 + 26142480*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**11*x**5 + 1799280*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**13*x**6 + 15504*sqrt(x)*b**15*x**7 + 54264*a**15 + 4273290*a**13*b**2*x + 44442216*a**11*b**4*x**2 + 135795660*a**9*b**6*x**3 + 149652360*a**7*b**8*x**4 + 61108047*a**5*b**10*x**5 + 8230040*a**3*b**12*x**6 + 244188*a*b**14*x**7))/162792
```

### 3.63 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx = -\frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8b^4} + \frac{6a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^4} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{3b^4} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^4}$$

output

```
-1/8*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/b^4+6/17*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^17/b^4-1/3*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^18/b^4+2/19*(a+b*x^(1/2))^19/b^4
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx = \frac{3876a^{15}x^2 + 46512a^{14}bx^{5/2} + 271320a^{13}b^2x^3 + 1007760a^{12}b^3x^{7/2} + 2645370a^{11}b^4x^4 + 5173168a^{10}b^5x^{9/2}}{1}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x,x]
```



output

```
(3876*a^15*x^2 + 46512*a^14*b*x^(5/2) + 271320*a^13*b^2*x^3 + 1007760*a^12
*b^3*x^(7/2) + 2645370*a^11*b^4*x^4 + 5173168*a^10*b^5*x^(9/2) + 7759752*a
^9*b^6*x^5 + 9069840*a^8*b^7*x^(11/2) + 8314020*a^7*b^8*x^6 + 5969040*a^6*
b^9*x^(13/2) + 3325608*a^5*b^10*x^7 + 1410864*a^4*b^11*x^(15/2) + 440895*a
^3*b^12*x^8 + 95760*a^2*b^13*x^(17/2) + 12920*a*b^14*x^9 + 816*b^15*x^(19/
2))/7752
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x^{3/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{b^3} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{b^3} - \frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16b^4} + \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^4} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{19}}{19b^4} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{18}}{6b^4} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15*x,x]
```

output

```
2*(-1/16*(a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/b^4 + (3*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^17)/(17*b^4)
) - (a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^18)/(6*b^4) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^19/(19*b^4)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m * (c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1} * (a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 23.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{5ab^{14}x^9}{3} + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^8}{8} + 182a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 429a^5b^{10}x^7 + 770a^6b^9x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \dots$
default	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19} + \frac{5ab^{14}x^9}{3} + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^8}{8} + 182a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 429a^5b^{10}x^7 + 770a^6b^9x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \dots$
oring	$(4760x^{16}b^{32} - 67221x^{15}b^{30}a^2 + 441285x^{14}b^{28}a^4 - 1785385x^{13}b^{26}a^6 + 4975425x^{12}b^{24}a^8 - 10107825x^{11}b^{22}a^{10} + 1544843 \dots$
trager	$a(40b^{14}x^8 + 1365a^2b^{12}x^7 + 40x^7b^{14} + 10296a^4b^{10}x^6 + 1365a^2b^{12}x^6 + 40b^{14}x^6 + 25740a^6b^8x^5 + 10296a^4b^{10}x^5 + 1365a^2b^{12} \dots$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{15}*x,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $2/19*b^{15}*x^{(19/2)}+5/3*a*b^{14}*x^9+210/17*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(17/2)}+455/8*a^3*b^{12}*x^8+182*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(15/2)}+429*a^5*b^{10}*x^7+770*a^6*b^9*x^{(13/2)}+2145/2*a^7*b^8*x^6+1170*a^8*b^7*x^{(11/2)}+1001*a^9*b^6*x^5+2002/3*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(9/2)}+1365/4*a^{11}*b^4*x^4+130*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(7/2)}+35*a^{13}*b^2*x^3+6*a^{14}*b*x^{(5/2)}+1/2*a^{15}*x^2$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 173 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx = \frac{5}{3} ab^{14}x^9 + \frac{455}{8} a^3b^{12}x^8 + 429a^5b^{10}x^7 + \frac{2145}{2} a^7b^8x^6 + 1001a^9b^6x^5 + \frac{1365}{4} a^{11}b^4x^4 + 35a^{13}b^2x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^{15}x^2 + \frac{2}{969} (51b^{15}x^9 + 5985a^2b^{13}x^8 + 88179a^4b^{11}x^7 + 373065a^6b^9x^6 + 566865a^8b^7x^5 + 323323a^{10}b^5x^4 + 62985a^{12}b^3x^3 + 2907a^{14}b^1x^2) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `5/3*a*b^14*x^9 + 455/8*a^3*b^12*x^8 + 429*a^5*b^10*x^7 + 2145/2*a^7*b^8*x^6 + 1001*a^9*b^6*x^5 + 1365/4*a^11*b^4*x^4 + 35*a^13*b^2*x^3 + 1/2*a^15*x^2 + 2/969*(51*b^15*x^9 + 5985*a^2*b^13*x^8 + 88179*a^4*b^11*x^7 + 373065*a^6*b^9*x^6 + 566865*a^8*b^7*x^5 + 323323*a^10*b^5*x^4 + 62985*a^12*b^3*x^3 + 2907*a^14*b*x^2)*sqrt(x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 204 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx = \frac{a^{15}x^2}{2} + 6a^{14}bx^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35a^{13}b^2x^3 + 130a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{1365a^{11}b^4x^4}{4} + \frac{2002a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + 1001a^9b^6x^5 + 1170a^8b^7x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{2145a^7b^8x^6}{2} + 770a^6b^9x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 429a^5b^{10}x^7 + 182a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^8}{8} + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{5ab^{14}x^9}{3} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{19}{2}}}{19}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15*x,x)`

output

```
a**15*x**2/2 + 6*a**14*b*x**(5/2) + 35*a**13*b**2*x**3 + 130*a**12*b**3*x*
*(7/2) + 1365*a**11*b**4*x**4/4 + 2002*a**10*b**5*x**(9/2)/3 + 1001*a**9*b
**6*x**5 + 1170*a**8*b**7*x**(11/2) + 2145*a**7*b**8*x**6/2 + 770*a**6*b**
9*x**(13/2) + 429*a**5*b**10*x**7 + 182*a**4*b**11*x**(15/2) + 455*a**3*b*
*12*x**8/8 + 210*a**2*b**13*x**(17/2)/17 + 5*a*b**14*x**9/3 + 2*b**15*x**
(19/2)/19
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a+b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{19}}{19b^4} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{18}a}{3b^4} + \frac{6(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{17}a^2}{17b^4} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{16}a^3}{8b^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/19*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^19/b^4 - 1/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^18*a/b^4 + 6/17*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^17*a^2/b^4 - 1/8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^16*a^3/b^4
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a+b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx = & \frac{2}{19} b^{15} x^{\frac{19}{2}} + \frac{5}{3} a b^{14} x^9 + \frac{210}{17} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{455}{8} a^3 b^{12} x^8 \\ & + 182 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 429 a^5 b^{10} x^7 + 770 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{2145}{2} a^7 b^8 x^6 \\ & + 1170 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 1001 a^9 b^6 x^5 + \frac{2002}{3} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{1365}{4} a^{11} b^4 x^4 \\ & + 130 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 35 a^{13} b^2 x^3 + 6 a^{14} b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} a^{15} x^2 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2/19*b^{15}*x^{(19/2)} + 5/3*a*b^{14}*x^9 + 210/17*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(17/2)} + 455/8*a^3 \\
& *b^{12}*x^8 + 182*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(15/2)} + 429*a^5*b^{10}*x^7 + 770*a^6*b^9*x^{(13/2)} \\
& ) + 2145/2*a^7*b^8*x^6 + 1170*a^8*b^7*x^{(11/2)} + 1001*a^9*b^6*x^5 + 2002/3 \\
& *a^{10}*b^5*x^{(9/2)} + 1365/4*a^{11}*b^4*x^4 + 130*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(7/2)} + 35*a^{13}*b \\
& ^2*x^3 + 6*a^{14}*b*x^{(5/2)} + 1/2*a^{15}*x^2
\end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx &= \frac{a^{15} x^2}{2} + \frac{2b^{15} x^{19/2}}{19} + 6a^{14} b x^{5/2} + \frac{5a b^{14} x^9}{3} + 35a^{13} b^2 x^3 \\
&+ \frac{1365 a^{11} b^4 x^4}{4} + 1001 a^9 b^6 x^5 + \frac{2145 a^7 b^8 x^6}{2} + 429 a^5 b^{10} x^7 \\
&+ \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^8}{8} + 130 a^{12} b^3 x^{7/2} + \frac{2002 a^{10} b^5 x^{9/2}}{3} + 1170 a^8 b^7 x^{11/2} \\
&+ 770 a^6 b^9 x^{13/2} + 182 a^4 b^{11} x^{15/2} + \frac{210 a^2 b^{13} x^{17/2}}{17}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^15,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (a^{15}*x^2)/2 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(19/2)})/19 + 6*a^{14}*b*x^{(5/2)} + (5*a*b^{14}*x^9)/3 \\
& + 35*a^{13}*b^2*x^3 + (1365*a^{11}*b^4*x^4)/4 + 1001*a^9*b^6*x^5 + (2145*a^7*b^8* \\
& ^8*x^6)/2 + 429*a^5*b^{10}*x^7 + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^8)/8 + 130*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(7/2)} \\
& + (2002*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(9/2)})/3 + 1170*a^8*b^7*x^{(11/2)} + 770*a^6*b^9*x^{(13/2)} \\
& ) + 182*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(15/2)} + (210*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(17/2)})/17
\end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} x dx \\
& = \frac{x^2(46512\sqrt{x} a^{14} b + 1007760\sqrt{x} a^{12} b^3 x + 5173168\sqrt{x} a^{10} b^5 x^2 + 9069840\sqrt{x} a^8 b^7 x^3 + 5969040\sqrt{x} a^6 b^9 x^4}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15*x,x)
```

output

```
(x**2*(46512*sqrt(x)*a**14*b + 1007760*sqrt(x)*a**12*b**3*x + 5173168*sqrt(x)*a**10*b**5*x**2 + 9069840*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**7*x**3 + 5969040*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**9*x**4 + 1410864*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**11*x**5 + 95760*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**13*x**6 + 816*sqrt(x)*b**15*x**7 + 3876*a**15 + 271320*a**13*b**2*x + 2645370*a**11*b**4*x**2 + 7759752*a**9*b**6*x**3 + 8314020*a**7*b**8*x**4 + 3325608*a**5*b**10*x**5 + 440895*a**3*b**12*x**6 + 12920*a*b**14*x**7))/7752
```

### 3.64 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	642
Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	642
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	643
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	644
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	645
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	645
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	646
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	646
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	647
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	647

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx = -\frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8b^2} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^2}$$

output `-1/8*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/b^2+2/17*(a+b*x^(1/2))^17/b^2`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs.  $2(38) = 76$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.87

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx = \frac{1}{136} & (136a^{15}x + 1360a^{14}bx^{3/2} + 7140a^{13}b^2x^2 + 24752a^{12}b^3x^{5/2} \\ & + 61880a^{11}b^4x^3 + 116688a^{10}b^5x^{7/2} + 170170a^9b^6x^4 \\ & + 194480a^8b^7x^{9/2} + 175032a^7b^8x^5 + 123760a^6b^9x^{11/2} \\ & + 68068a^5b^{10}x^6 + 28560a^4b^{11}x^{13/2} + 8840a^3b^{12}x^7 + 1904a^2b^{13}x^{15/2} \\ & + 255ab^{14}x^8 + 16b^{15}x^{17/2}) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (136*a^{15}*x + 1360*a^{14}*b*x^{(3/2)} + 7140*a^{13}*b^2*x^2 + 24752*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(5/2)} + 61880*a^{11}*b^4*x^3 + 116688*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(7/2)} + 170170*a^9*b^6*x^4 + \\ & 194480*a^8*b^7*x^{(9/2)} + 175032*a^7*b^8*x^5 + 123760*a^6*b^9*x^{(11/2)} + 6 \\ & 8068*a^5*b^{10}*x^6 + 28560*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(13/2)} + 8840*a^3*b^{12}*x^7 + 1904*a^2 \\ & *b^{13}*x^{(15/2)} + 255*a*b^{14}*x^8 + 16*b^{15}*x^{(17/2)})/136 \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{b} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{b} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{17}}{17b^2} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{15}, x]$$

output

$$2*(-1/16*(a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{16})/b^2 + (a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{17}/(17*b^2))$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 774  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p, x\} \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 23.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.34

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^8}{8} + 14a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 65a^3b^{12}x^7 + 210a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{1001a^5b^{10}x^6}{2} + 910a^6b^9x^{\frac{11}{2}}$
default	$\frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^8}{8} + 14a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 65a^3b^{12}x^7 + 210a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{1001a^5b^{10}x^6}{2} + 910a^6b^9x^{\frac{11}{2}}$
orering	$-\frac{(-31b^{30}x^{15} + 435a^2b^{28}x^{14} - 2835a^4b^{26}x^{13} + 11375a^6b^{24}x^{12} - 31395a^8b^{22}x^{11} + 63063a^{10}b^{20}x^{10} - 95095a^{12}b^{18}x^9 + 100100a^{14}b^{16}x^8 - 50050a^{16}b^{14}x^7 + 15015a^{18}b^{12}x^6 - 25025a^{20}b^{10}x^5 + 25025a^{22}b^8x^4 - 10010a^{24}b^6x^3 + 1501a^{26}b^4x^2 - 100a^{28}b^2x + a^{30})}{(a + b*x)^{15}}$
trager	$\frac{a(15x^7b^{14} + 520a^2b^{12}x^6 + 15b^{14}x^6 + 4004a^4b^{10}x^5 + 520a^2b^{12}x^5 + 15b^{14}x^5 + 10296a^6b^8x^4 + 4004a^4b^{10}x^4 + 520b^{12}x^4a^2 + 10010a^6b^8x^3 + 10010a^8b^6x^3 + 10010a^{10}b^4x^2 + 10010a^{12}b^2x^2 + 10010a^{14}bx^2 + 10010a^{16}x^2 + 10010a^{18}x + 10010a^{20}x + 10010a^{22}x + 10010a^{24}x + 10010a^{26}x + 10010a^{28}x + 10010a^{30})}{(a + b*x)^{15}}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{15}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $2/17*b^{15}*x^{(17/2)} + 15/8*a*b^{14}*x^8 + 14*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(15/2)} + 65*a^3*b^{12}*x^7 + 210*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(13/2)} + 1001/2*a^5*b^{10}*x^6 + 910*a^6*b^9*x^{(11/2)} + 1287*a^7*b^8*x^5 + 1430*a^8*b^7*x^{(9/2)} + 5005/4*a^9*b^6*x^4 + 858*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(7/2)} + 455*a^{11}*b^4*x^3 + 182*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(5/2)} + 105/2*a^{13}*b^2*x^2 + 10*a^{14}*b*x^{(3/2)} + a^{15}*x$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.39

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx = \frac{15}{8} ab^{14}x^8 + 65a^3b^{12}x^7 + \frac{1001}{2} a^5b^{10}x^6 + 1287a^7b^8x^5 + \frac{5005}{4} a^9b^6x^4 + 455a^{11}b^4x^3 + \frac{105}{2} a^{13}b^2x^2 + a^{15}x + \frac{2}{17} (b^{15}x^8 + 119a^2b^{13}x^7 + 1785a^4b^{11}x^6 + 7735a^6b^9x^5 + 12155a^8b^7x^4 + 7293a^{10}b^5x^3 + 1547a^{12}b^3x^2 +$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `15/8*a*b^14*x^8 + 65*a^3*b^12*x^7 + 1001/2*a^5*b^10*x^6 + 1287*a^7*b^8*x^5 + 5005/4*a^9*b^6*x^4 + 455*a^11*b^4*x^3 + 105/2*a^13*b^2*x^2 + a^15*x + 2/17*(b^15*x^8 + 119*a^2*b^13*x^7 + 1785*a^4*b^11*x^6 + 7735*a^6*b^9*x^5 + 12155*a^8*b^7*x^4 + 7293*a^10*b^5*x^3 + 1547*a^12*b^3*x^2 + 85*a^14*b*x)*sqrt(x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.18

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx = a^{15}x + 10a^{14}bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{105a^{13}b^2x^2}{2} + 182a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 455a^{11}b^4x^3 + 858a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^4}{4} + 1430a^8b^7x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1287a^7b^8x^5 + 910a^6b^9x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{1001a^5b^{10}x^6}{2} + 210a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 65a^3b^{12}x^7 + 14a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^8}{8} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{17}{2}}}{17}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15,x)`

output

```
a**15*x + 10*a**14*b*x**(3/2) + 105*a**13*b**2*x**2/2 + 182*a**12*b**3*x**
(5/2) + 455*a**11*b**4*x**3 + 858*a**10*b**5*x**(7/2) + 5005*a**9*b**6*x**
4/4 + 1430*a**8*b**7*x**(9/2) + 1287*a**7*b**8*x**5 + 910*a**6*b**9*x**(11
/2) + 1001*a**5*b**10*x**6/2 + 210*a**4*b**11*x**(13/2) + 65*a**3*b**12*x
*7 + 14*a**2*b**13*x**(15/2) + 15*a*b**14*x**8/8 + 2*b**15*x**(17/2)/17
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{17}}{17b^2} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{16}a}{8b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2/17*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^17/b^2 - 1/8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^16*a/b^2
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx = & \frac{2}{17} b^{15} x^{\frac{17}{2}} + \frac{15}{8} a b^{14} x^8 + 14 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 65 a^3 b^{12} x^7 \\ & + 210 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{1001}{2} a^5 b^{10} x^6 + 910 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 1287 a^7 b^8 x^5 \\ & + 1430 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{5005}{4} a^9 b^6 x^4 + 858 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 455 a^{11} b^4 x^3 \\ & + 182 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{105}{2} a^{13} b^2 x^2 + 10 a^{14} b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^{15} x \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2/17*b^{15}*x^{(17/2)} + 15/8*a*b^{14}*x^8 + 14*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(15/2)} + 65*a^3*b^{12}* \\
& x^7 + 210*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(13/2)} + 1001/2*a^5*b^{10}*x^6 + 910*a^6*b^9*x^{(11/2)} + \\
& 1287*a^7*b^8*x^5 + 1430*a^8*b^7*x^{(9/2)} + 5005/4*a^9*b^6*x^4 + 858*a^{10}*b^5* \\
& x^{(7/2)} + 455*a^{11}*b^4*x^3 + 182*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(5/2)} + 105/2*a^{13}*b^2*x^2 \\
& + 10*a^{14}*b*x^{(3/2)} + a^{15}*x
\end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx &= a^{15} x + \frac{2b^{15} x^{17/2}}{17} + 10a^{14} b x^{3/2} + \frac{15a b^{14} x^8}{8} + \frac{105a^{13} b^2 x^2}{2} \\
&+ 455a^{11} b^4 x^3 + \frac{5005a^9 b^6 x^4}{4} + 1287a^7 b^8 x^5 + \frac{1001a^5 b^{10} x^6}{2} \\
&+ 65a^3 b^{12} x^7 + 182a^{12} b^3 x^{5/2} + 858a^{10} b^5 x^{7/2} + 1430a^8 b^7 x^{9/2} \\
&+ 910a^6 b^9 x^{11/2} + 210a^4 b^{11} x^{13/2} + 14a^2 b^{13} x^{15/2}
\end{aligned}$$

input

int((a + b\*x^(1/2))^15,x)

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& a^{15}*x + (2*b^{15}*x^{(17/2)})/17 + 10*a^{14}*b*x^{(3/2)} + (15*a*b^{14}*x^8)/8 + (1 \\
& 05*a^{13}*b^2*x^2)/2 + 455*a^{11}*b^4*x^3 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^4)/4 + 1287*a^7*b^ \\
& 8*x^5 + (1001*a^5*b^{10}*x^6)/2 + 65*a^3*b^{12}*x^7 + 182*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(5/2)} + 8 \\
& 58*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(7/2)} + 1430*a^8*b^7*x^{(9/2)} + 910*a^6*b^9*x^{(11/2)} + 210*a^ \\
& 4*b^{11}*x^{(13/2)} + 14*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(15/2)}
\end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.63

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^{15} dx \\
& = \frac{x(1360\sqrt{x} a^{14} b + 24752\sqrt{x} a^{12} b^3 x + 116688\sqrt{x} a^{10} b^5 x^2 + 194480\sqrt{x} a^8 b^7 x^3 + 123760\sqrt{x} a^6 b^9 x^4 + 28560\sqrt{x} a^4 b^{11} x^5 + 1400\sqrt{x} a^2 b^{13} x^6 + b^{15} x^7)}{7}
\end{aligned}$$

input

int((a+b\*x^(1/2))^15,x)

output

```
(x*(1360*sqrt(x)*a**14*b + 24752*sqrt(x)*a**12*b**3*x + 116688*sqrt(x)*a**10*b**5*x**2 + 194480*sqrt(x)*a**8*b**7*x**3 + 123760*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**9*x**4 + 28560*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**11*x**5 + 1904*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**13*x**6 + 16*sqrt(x)*b**15*x**7 + 136*a**15 + 7140*a**13*b**2*x + 61880*a**11*b**4*x**2 + 170170*a**9*b**6*x**3 + 175032*a**7*b**8*x**4 + 68068*a**5*b**10*x**5 + 8840*a**3*b**12*x**6 + 255*a*b**14*x**7))/136
```

### 3.65 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	649
Mathematica [A] (verified)	650
Rubi [A] (verified)	650
Maple [A] (verified)	652
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	652
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	653
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	653
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	654
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	654
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	655

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 205

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx = 30a^{14}b\sqrt{x} + 105a^{13}b^2x + \frac{910}{3}a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} + \frac{1365}{2}a^{11}b^4x^2 + \frac{6006}{5}a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} + \frac{5005}{3}a^9b^6x^3 + \frac{12870}{7}a^8b^7x^{7/2} + \frac{6435}{4}a^7b^8x^4 + \frac{10010}{9}a^6b^9x^{9/2} + \frac{3003}{5}a^5b^{10}x^5 + \frac{2730}{11}a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} + \frac{455}{6}a^3b^{12}x^6 + \frac{210}{13}a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} + \frac{15}{7}ab^{14}x^7 + \frac{2}{15}b^{15}x^{15/2} + a^{15}\log(x)$$

output

```
30*a^14*b*x^(1/2)+105*a^13*b^2*x+910/3*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2)+1365/2*a^11*b^4*x^2+6006/5*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2)+5005/3*a^9*b^6*x^3+12870/7*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2)+6435/4*a^7*b^8*x^4+10010/9*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2)+3003/5*a^5*b^10*x^5+2730/11*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2)+455/6*a^3*b^12*x^6+210/13*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2)+15/7*a*b^14*x^7+2/15*b^15*x^(15/2)+a^15*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{5405400a^{14}b\sqrt{x} + 18918900a^{13}b^2x + 54654600a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} + 122972850a^{11}b^4x^2 + 216432216a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} + 300600300a^9b^6x^3 + 331273800a^8b^7x^{7/2} + 289864575a^7b^8x^4 + 200400200a^6b^9x^{9/2} + 108216108a^5b^{10}x^5 + 44717400a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} + 13663650a^3b^{12}x^6 + 2910600a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} + 386100ab^{14}x^7 + 24024b^{15}x^{15/2}}{180180} + 2a^{15} \log(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x,x]`

output `(5405400*a^14*b*Sqrt[x] + 18918900*a^13*b^2*x + 54654600*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 122972850*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 216432216*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 300600300*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 331273800*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 289864575*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 200400200*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) + 108216108*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 44717400*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 13663650*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 2910600*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) + 386100*a*b^14*x^7 + 24024*b^15*x^(15/2))/180180 + 2*a^15*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{\sqrt{x}} + 15ba^{14} + 105b^2\sqrt{x}a^{13} + 455b^3xa^{12} + 1365b^4x^{3/2}a^{11} + 3003b^5x^2a^{10} + 5005b^6x^{5/2}a^9 + 6435b^7x^3a^8 + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( a^{15} \log(\sqrt{x}) + 15a^{14}b\sqrt{x} + \frac{105}{2}a^{13}b^2x + \frac{455}{3}a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} + \frac{1365}{4}a^{11}b^4x^2 + \frac{3003}{5}a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} + \frac{5005}{6}a^9b^6x^3 + \frac{6435}{7}a^8b^7x^4 + \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x,x]`

output

```
2*(15*a^14*b*Sqrt[x] + (105*a^13*b^2*x)/2 + (455*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2))/3 + (13
65*a^11*b^4*x^2)/4 + (3003*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2))/5 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^3)/6 + (6
435*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2))/7 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^4)/8 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2))/9 +
(3003*a^5*b^10*x^5)/10 + (1365*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2))/11 + (455*a^3*b^12*x^6)
/12 + (105*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2))/13 + (15*a*b^14*x^7)/14 + (b^15*x^(15/2))/15
+ a^15*Log[Sqrt[x]])
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$30a^{14}b\sqrt{x} + 105a^{13}b^2x + \frac{910a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{1365a^{11}b^4x^2}{2} + \frac{6006a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{3} + \frac{12870a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
default	$30a^{14}b\sqrt{x} + 105a^{13}b^2x + \frac{910a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{1365a^{11}b^4x^2}{2} + \frac{6006a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{3} + \frac{12870a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$
trager	$\frac{ab^2(900x^6b^{12}+31850x^5b^{10}a^2+900x^5b^{12}+252252x^4b^8a^4+31850b^{10}x^4a^2+900b^{12}x^4+675675x^3b^6a^6+252252b^8x^3a^4+}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $30*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)}+105*a^{13}*b^2*x+910/3*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)}+1365/2*a^{11}*b^4*x^2+6006/5*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)}+5005/3*a^9*b^6*x^3+12870/7*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)}+6435/4*a^7*b^8*x^4+10010/9*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)}+3003/5*a^5*b^{10}*x^5+2730/11*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)}+455/6*a^3*b^{12}*x^6+210/13*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)}+15/7*a*b^{14}*x^7+2/15*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)}+a^{15}*ln(x)$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx = \frac{15}{7} ab^{14}x^7 + \frac{455}{6} a^3b^{12}x^6 + \frac{3003}{5} a^5b^{10}x^5 + \frac{6435}{4} a^7b^8x^4 + \frac{5005}{3} a^9b^6x^3 + \frac{1365}{2} a^{11}b^4x^2 + 105 a^{13}b^2x + 2a^{15} \log(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{2}{45045} (3003 b^{15}x^7 + 363825 a^2b^{13}x^6 + 5589675 a^4b^{11}x^5 + 25050025 a^6b^9x^4 + 41409225 a^8b^7x^3 + 27054027 a^{10}b^5x^2 + 6831825 a^{12}b^3x + 675675 a^{14}b) \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $15/7*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 455/6*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 3003/5*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 6435/4*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 5005/3*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 1365/2*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 105*a^{13}*b^2*x + 2*a^{15}*log(sqrt(x)) + 2/45045*(3003*b^{15}*x^7 + 363825*a^2*b^{13}*x^6 + 5589675*a^4*b^{11}*x^5 + 25050025*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 41409225*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 27054027*a^{10}*b^5*x^2 + 6831825*a^{12}*b^3*x + 675675*a^{14}*b)*sqrt(x)$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx = a^{15} \log(x) + 30a^{14}b\sqrt{x} + 105a^{13}b^2x + \frac{910a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{1365a^{11}b^4x^2}{2} + \frac{6006a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{3} + \frac{12870a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{6435a^7b^8x^4}{4} + \frac{10010a^6b^9x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{2730a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^6}{6} + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^7}{7} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{15}{2}}}{15}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x,x)`output `a**15*log(x) + 30*a**14*b*sqrt(x) + 105*a**13*b**2*x + 910*a**12*b**3*x**(3/2)/3 + 1365*a**11*b**4*x**2/2 + 6006*a**10*b**5*x**(5/2)/5 + 5005*a**9*b**6*x**3/3 + 12870*a**8*b**7*x**(7/2)/7 + 6435*a**7*b**8*x**4/4 + 10010*a**6*b**9*x**(9/2)/9 + 3003*a**5*b**10*x**5/5 + 2730*a**4*b**11*x**(11/2)/11 + 455*a**3*b**12*x**6/6 + 210*a**2*b**13*x**(13/2)/13 + 15*a*b**14*x**7/7 + 2*b**15*x**(15/2)/15`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx = \frac{2}{15} b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{15}{7} ab^{14} x^7 + \frac{210}{13} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{455}{6} a^3 b^{12} x^6 + \frac{2730}{11} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{3003}{5} a^5 b^{10} x^5 + \frac{10010}{9} a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{6435}{4} a^7 b^8 x^4 + \frac{12870}{7} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{5005}{3} a^9 b^6 x^3 + \frac{6006}{5} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1365}{2} a^{11} b^4 x^2 + \frac{910}{3} a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105 a^{13} b^2 x + a^{15} \log(x) + 30 a^{14} b \sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2/15*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 15/7*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 210/13*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 455/6*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 \\
& + 2730/11*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 3003/5*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 10010/9*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 6435/4*a^7*b^8*x^4 \\
& + 12870/7*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 5005/3*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 6006/5*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 1365/2*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 \\
& + 910/3*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 105*a^{13}*b^2*x + a^{15}*log(x) + 30*a^{14}*b*sqrt(x)
\end{aligned}$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx &= \frac{2}{15} b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + \frac{15}{7} a b^{14} x^7 + \frac{210}{13} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{455}{6} a^3 b^{12} x^6 \\
&+ \frac{2730}{11} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \frac{3003}{5} a^5 b^{10} x^5 + \frac{10010}{9} a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{6435}{4} a^7 b^8 x^4 \\
&+ \frac{12870}{7} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{5005}{3} a^9 b^6 x^3 + \frac{6006}{5} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{1365}{2} a^{11} b^4 x^2 \\
&+ \frac{910}{3} a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 105 a^{13} b^2 x + a^{15} \log(|x|) + 30 a^{14} b \sqrt{x}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2/15*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 15/7*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 210/13*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 455/6*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 \\
& + 2730/11*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 3003/5*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 10010/9*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 6435/4*a^7*b^8*x^4 \\
& + 12870/7*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 5005/3*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 6006/5*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 1365/2*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 \\
& + 910/3*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 105*a^{13}*b^2*x + a^{15}*log(abs(x)) + 30*a^{14}*b*sqrt(x)
\end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx &= 2 a^{15} \ln(\sqrt{x}) + \frac{2 b^{15} x^{15/2}}{15} + 105 a^{13} b^2 x + 30 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + \frac{15 a b^{14} x^7}{7} \\
&+ \frac{1365 a^{11} b^4 x^2}{2} + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^3}{3} + \frac{6435 a^7 b^8 x^4}{4} + \frac{3003 a^5 b^{10} x^5}{5} \\
&+ \frac{910 a^{12} b^3 x^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^6}{6} + \frac{6006 a^{10} b^5 x^{5/2}}{5} + \frac{12870 a^8 b^7 x^{7/2}}{7} \\
&+ \frac{10010 a^6 b^9 x^{9/2}}{9} + \frac{2730 a^4 b^{11} x^{11/2}}{11} + \frac{210 a^2 b^{13} x^{13/2}}{13}
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x,x)`

output  $2*a^{15}*\log(x^{(1/2)}) + (2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/15 + 105*a^{13}*b^2*x + 30*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)} + (15*a*b^{14}*x^7)/7 + (1365*a^{11}*b^4*x^2)/2 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^3)/3 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^4)/4 + (3003*a^5*b^{10}*x^5)/5 + (910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/3 + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^6)/6 + (6006*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/5 + (12870*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (10010*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/9 + (2730*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)})/11 + (210*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)})/13$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x} dx = 30\sqrt{x} a^{14}b + \frac{910\sqrt{x} a^{12}b^3x}{3} + \frac{6006\sqrt{x} a^{10}b^5x^2}{5} + \frac{12870\sqrt{x} a^8b^7x^3}{7} + \frac{10010\sqrt{x} a^6b^9x^4}{9} + \frac{2730\sqrt{x} a^4b^{11}x^5}{11} + \frac{210\sqrt{x} a^2b^{13}x^6}{13} + \frac{2\sqrt{x} b^{15}x^7}{15} + \log(x) a^{15} + 105a^{13}b^2x + \frac{1365a^{11}b^4x^2}{2} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{3} + \frac{6435a^7b^8x^4}{4} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^6}{6} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^7}{7}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x,x)`

output  $(5405400*\sqrt{x})*a^{14}*b + 54654600*\sqrt{x})*a^{12}*b^3*x + 216432216*\sqrt{x})*a^{10}*b^5*x^2 + 331273800*\sqrt{x})*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 200400200*\sqrt{x})*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 44717400*\sqrt{x})*a^4*b^{11}*x^5 + 2910600*\sqrt{x})*a^2*b^{13}*x^6 + 24024*\sqrt{x})*b^{15}*x^7 + 180180*\log(x)*a^{15} + 18918900*a^{13}*b^2*x + 122972850*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 300600300*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 289864575*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 108216108*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 13663650*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 386100*a*b^{14}*x^7)/180180$

$$3.66 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 192

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = & -\frac{a^{15}}{x} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{\sqrt{x}} + 910a^{12}b^3\sqrt{x} + 1365a^{11}b^4x \\ & + 2002a^{10}b^5x^{3/2} + \frac{5005}{2}a^9b^6x^2 + 2574a^8b^7x^{5/2} + 2145a^7b^8x^3 \\ & + 1430a^6b^9x^{7/2} + \frac{3003}{4}a^5b^{10}x^4 + \frac{910}{3}a^4b^{11}x^{9/2} + 91a^3b^{12}x^5 \\ & + \frac{210}{11}a^2b^{13}x^{11/2} + \frac{5}{2}ab^{14}x^6 + \frac{2}{13}b^{15}x^{13/2} + 105a^{13}b^2 \log(x) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-a^15/x-30*a^14*b/x^(1/2)+910*a^12*b^3*x^(1/2)+1365*a^11*b^4*x+2002*a^10*b^5*x^(3/2)+5005/2*a^9*b^6*x^2+2574*a^8*b^7*x^(5/2)+2145*a^7*b^8*x^3+1430*a^6*b^9*x^(7/2)+3003/4*a^5*b^10*x^4+910/3*a^4*b^11*x^(9/2)+91*a^3*b^12*x^5+210/11*a^2*b^13*x^(11/2)+5/2*a*b^14*x^6+2/13*b^15*x^(13/2)+105*a^13*b^2*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1716a^{15} - 51480a^{14}b\sqrt{x} + 1561560a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} + 2342340a^{11}b^4x^2 + 3435432a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} + 4294290a^9b^6x^3 - 210a^{13}b^2 \log(\sqrt{x})}{1716x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^2,x]`

output `(-1716*a^15 - 51480*a^14*b*Sqrt[x] + 1561560*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 2342340*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 3435432*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 4294290*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 4416984*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 3680820*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 2453880*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) + 1288287*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 520520*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 156156*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 32760*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) + 4290*a*b^14*x^7 + 264*b^15*x^(15/2))/(1716*x) + 210*a^13*b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{\sqrt{x}} + 455b^3a^{12} + 1365b^4\sqrt{x}a^{11} + 3003b^5xa^{10} + 5005b^6x^{3/2}a^9 + 6435b^7x^2a^8 + 6435b^8x^3a^7 + 1287b^9x^4a^6 + 1001b^{10}x^5a^5 + 5005b^{11}x^6a^4 + 1001b^{12}x^7a^3 + 105b^{13}x^8a^2 + 15b^{14}x^9a + b^{15}x^{10} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{2x} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{\sqrt{x}} + 105a^{13}b^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 455a^{12}b^3\sqrt{x} + \frac{1365}{2}a^{11}b^4x + 1001a^{10}b^5x^{3/2} + \frac{5005}{4}a^9b^6x^2 + 1287a^8b^7x^3 + 1001a^7b^8x^4 + 5005a^6b^9x^5 + 1001a^5b^{10}x^6 + 105a^4b^{11}x^7 + 15a^3b^{12}x^8 + 105a^2b^{13}x^9 + 15ab^{14}x^{10} + b^{15}x^{11} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^2,x]`

output `2*(-1/2*a^15/x - (15*a^14*b)/Sqrt[x] + 455*a^12*b^3*Sqrt[x] + (1365*a^11*b^4*x)/2 + 1001*a^10*b^5*x^(3/2) + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^2)/4 + 1287*a^8*b^7*x^(5/2) + (2145*a^7*b^8*x^3)/2 + 715*a^6*b^9*x^(7/2) + (3003*a^5*b^10*x^4)/8 + (455*a^4*b^11*x^(9/2))/3 + (91*a^3*b^12*x^5)/2 + (105*a^2*b^13*x^(11/2))/11 + (5*a*b^14*x^6)/4 + (b^15*x^(13/2))/13 + 105*a^13*b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{x} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{\sqrt{x}} + 910a^{12}b^3\sqrt{x} + 1365a^{11}b^4x + 2002a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{2} + 2574a^8b^7x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \dots$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{x} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{\sqrt{x}} + 910a^{12}b^3\sqrt{x} + 1365a^{11}b^4x + 2002a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{2} + 2574a^8b^7x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \dots$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(10b^{14}x^6+364a^2b^{12}x^5+10b^{14}x^5+3003a^4b^{10}x^4+364b^{12}x^4a^2+10b^{14}x^4+8580a^6b^8x^3+3003b^{10}x^3a^4+364b^{12}x^3a^2+10b^{14}x^3+364a^2b^{12}x^2+10b^{14}x^2+8580a^4b^8x+3003b^{10}xa^2+364b^{12}xa+10b^{14}x+8580a^6b^8+3003b^{10}a^4+364b^{12}a^2+10b^{14}+8580a^8b^6+3003a^{10}b^4+364a^{12}b^2+10a^{14}+8580a^{10}b^4+3003a^{12}b^2+10a^{14}+8580a^{12}b^2+10a^{14}+8580a^{14})}{(x^2\sqrt{x})}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-a^{15}/x-30*a^{14}*b/x^{(1/2)}+910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(1/2)}+1365*a^{11}*b^4*x+2002*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(3/2)}+5005/2*a^9*b^6*x^2+2574*a^8*b^7*x^{(5/2)}+2145*a^7*b^8*x^3+1430*a^6*b^9*x^{(7/2)}+3003/4*a^5*b^{10}*x^4+910/3*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(9/2)}+91*a^3*b^{12}*x^5+210/11*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(11/2)}+5/2*a*b^{14}*x^6+2/13*b^{15}*x^{(13/2)}+105*a^{13}*b^2*\ln(x)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = \frac{4290 ab^{14}x^7 + 156156 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 1288287 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 3680820 a^7b^8x^4 + 4294290 a^9b^6x^3 + 2342340 a^{11}b^4x^2 + \dots}{x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$\frac{1}{1716}*(4290*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 156156*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 1288287*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 3680820*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 4294290*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 2342340*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 360360*a^{13}*b^2*x*\log(\sqrt{x}) - 1716*a^{15} + 8*(33*b^{15}*x^7 + 4095*a^2*b^{13}*x^6 + 65065*a^4*b^{11}*x^5 + 306735*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 552123*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 429429*a^{10}*b^5*x^2 + 195195*a^{12}*b^3*x - 6435*a^{14}*b)*\sqrt{x})/x$$



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{x} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{\sqrt{x}} + 105a^{13}b^2 \log(x) + 910a^{12}b^3\sqrt{x}$$

$$+ 1365a^{11}b^4x + 2002a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{2} + 2574a^8b^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$+ 2145a^7b^8x^3 + 1430a^6b^9x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^4}{4} + \frac{910a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3}$$

$$+ 91a^3b^{12}x^5 + \frac{210a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{5ab^{14}x^6}{2} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**2,x)`output `-a**15/x - 30*a**14*b/sqrt(x) + 105*a**13*b**2*log(x) + 910*a**12*b**3*sqr  
t(x) + 1365*a**11*b**4*x + 2002*a**10*b**5*x**(3/2) + 5005*a**9*b**6*x**2/  
2 + 2574*a**8*b**7*x**(5/2) + 2145*a**7*b**8*x**3 + 1430*a**6*b**9*x**(7/2  
) + 3003*a**5*b**10*x**4/4 + 910*a**4*b**11*x**(9/2)/3 + 91*a**3*b**12*x**  
5 + 210*a**2*b**13*x**(11/2)/11 + 5*a*b**14*x**6/2 + 2*b**15*x**(13/2)/13`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2}{13}b^{15}x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{5}{2}ab^{14}x^6 + \frac{210}{11}a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 91a^3b^{12}x^5$$

$$+ \frac{910}{3}a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{3003}{4}a^5b^{10}x^4 + 1430a^6b^9x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2145a^7b^8x^3$$

$$+ 2574a^8b^7x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{5005}{2}a^9b^6x^2 + 2002a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1365a^{11}b^4x$$

$$+ 105a^{13}b^2 \log(x) + 910a^{12}b^3\sqrt{x} - \frac{30a^{14}b\sqrt{x} + a^{15}}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$2/13*b^{15}*x^{(13/2)} + 5/2*a*b^{14}*x^6 + 210/11*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(11/2)} + 91*a^3*b^{12}*x^5 + 910/3*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(9/2)} + 3003/4*a^5*b^{10}*x^4 + 1430*a^6*b^9*x^{(7/2)} + 2145*a^7*b^8*x^3 + 2574*a^8*b^7*x^{(5/2)} + 5005/2*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 2002*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(3/2)} + 1365*a^{11}*b^4*x + 105*a^{13}*b^2*\log(x) + 910*a^{12}*b^3*\sqrt{x} - (30*a^{14}*b*\sqrt{x} + a^{15})/x$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2}{13} b^{15} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + \frac{5}{2} ab^{14} x^6 + \frac{210}{11} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 91 a^3 b^{12} x^5 + \frac{910}{3} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{3003}{4} a^5 b^{10} x^4 + 1430 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2145 a^7 b^8 x^3 + 2574 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{5005}{2} a^9 b^6 x^2 + 2002 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1365 a^{11} b^4 x + 105 a^{13} b^2 \log(|x|) + 910 a^{12} b^3 \sqrt{x} - \frac{30 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + a^{15}}{x}$$

input

`integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$2/13*b^{15}*x^{(13/2)} + 5/2*a*b^{14}*x^6 + 210/11*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(11/2)} + 91*a^3*b^{12}*x^5 + 910/3*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(9/2)} + 3003/4*a^5*b^{10}*x^4 + 1430*a^6*b^9*x^{(7/2)} + 2145*a^7*b^8*x^3 + 2574*a^8*b^7*x^{(5/2)} + 5005/2*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 2002*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(3/2)} + 1365*a^{11}*b^4*x + 105*a^{13}*b^2*\log(abs(x)) + 910*a^{12}*b^3*\sqrt{x} - (30*a^{14}*b*\sqrt{x} + a^{15})/x$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2 b^{15} x^{13/2}}{13} - \frac{a^{15} + 30 a^{14} b \sqrt{x}}{x} + 210 a^{13} b^2 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + 1365 a^{11} b^4 x + \frac{5 a b^{14} x^6}{2} + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^2}{2} + 2145 a^7 b^8 x^3 + 910 a^{12} b^3 \sqrt{x} + \frac{3003 a^5 b^{10} x^4}{4} + 91 a^3 b^{12} x^5 + 2002 a^{10} b^5 x^{3/2} + 2574 a^8 b^7 x^{5/2} + 1430 a^6 b^9 x^{7/2} + \frac{910 a^4 b^{11} x^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{210 a^2 b^{13} x^{11/2}}{11}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^2,x)`

output  $(2*b^{15}*x^{(13/2)})/13 - (a^{15} + 30*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/x + 210*a^{13}*b^2*\log(x^{(1/2)}) + 1365*a^{11}*b^4*x + (5*a*b^{14}*x^6)/2 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^2)/2 + 2145*a^7*b^8*x^3 + 910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(1/2)} + (3003*a^5*b^{10}*x^4)/4 + 91*a^3*b^{12}*x^5 + 2002*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(3/2)} + 2574*a^8*b^7*x^{(5/2)} + 1430*a^6*b^9*x^{(7/2)} + (910*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(9/2)})/3 + (210*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(11/2)})/11$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{180180\sqrt{x}\log(x) a^{13}b^2x - 1716\sqrt{x} a^{15} + 2342340\sqrt{x} a^{11}b^4x^2 + 4294290\sqrt{x} a^9b^6x^3 + 3680820\sqrt{x} a^7b^8x^4}{1716\sqrt{x}x}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^2,x)`

output  $(180180*\sqrt{x}*\log(x)*a^{13}*b^2*x - 1716*\sqrt{x}*a^{15} + 2342340*\sqrt{x}*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 4294290*\sqrt{x}*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 3680820*\sqrt{x}*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 1288287*\sqrt{x}*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(1/2)} + 156156*\sqrt{x}*a^5*b^{10}*x^4 + 91*a^3*b^{12}*x^5 + 4290*\sqrt{x}*a*b^{14}*x^6 - 51480*a^{14}*b*x + 1561560*a^{12}*b^3*x^2 + 3435432*a^{10}*b^5*x^3 + 4416984*a^8*b^7*x^4 + 2453880*a^6*b^9*x^5 + 520520*a^4*b^{11}*x^6 + 32760*a^2*b^{13}*x^7 + 264*b^{15}*x^8)/(1716*\sqrt{x}*x)$

### 3.67 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	663
Mathematica [A] (verified)	664
Rubi [A] (verified)	664
Maple [A] (verified)	665
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	666
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	667
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	667
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	668
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	668
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	669

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 190

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{x} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 6006a^{10}b^5\sqrt{x}$$

$$+ 5005a^9b^6x + 4290a^8b^7x^{3/2} + \frac{6435}{2}a^7b^8x^2 + 2002a^6b^9x^{5/2}$$

$$+ 1001a^5b^{10}x^3 + 390a^4b^{11}x^{7/2} + \frac{455}{4}a^3b^{12}x^4$$

$$+ \frac{70}{3}a^2b^{13}x^{9/2} + 3ab^{14}x^5 + \frac{2}{11}b^{15}x^{11/2} + 1365a^{11}b^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^15/x^2-10*a^14*b/x^(3/2)-105*a^13*b^2/x-910*a^12*b^3/x^(1/2)+6006*a^10*b^5*x^(1/2)+5005*a^9*b^6*x+4290*a^8*b^7*x^(3/2)+6435/2*a^7*b^8*x^2+2002*a^6*b^9*x^(5/2)+1001*a^5*b^10*x^3+390*a^4*b^11*x^(7/2)+455/4*a^3*b^12*x^4+70/3*a^2*b^13*x^(9/2)+3*a*b^14*x^5+2/11*b^15*x^(11/2)+1365*a^11*b^4*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-66a^{15} - 1320a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 13860a^{13}b^2x - 120120a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} + 792792a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} + 660660a^9b^6x^3 + 566280a^8b^7x^{7/2} + 424710a^7b^8x^4 + 264264a^6b^9x^{9/2} + 132132a^5b^{10}x^5 + 51480a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} + 15015a^3b^{12}x^6 + 3080a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} + 396a^1b^{14}x^7 + 24b^{15}x^{15/2}}{(132x^2)} + 2730a^{11}b^4 \log(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^3,x]`

output `(-66*a^15 - 1320*a^14*b*Sqrt[x] - 13860*a^13*b^2*x - 120120*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 792792*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 660660*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 566280*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 424710*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 264264*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) + 132132*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 51480*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 15015*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 3080*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) + 396*a^1*b^14*x^7 + 24*b^15*x^(15/2))/(132*x^2) + 2730*a^11*b^4*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^2} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{\sqrt{x}} + 3003b^5a^{10} + 5005b^6\sqrt{xa^9} + 6435b^7xa^8 + 6435b^8x^3/2 \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{4x^2} - \frac{5a^{14}b}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{2x} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 1365a^{11}b^4 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 3003a^{10}b^5\sqrt{x} + \frac{5005}{2}a^9b^6x + 2145a^8b^7x^{3/2} + \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^3,x]`

output `2*(-1/4*a^15/x^2 - (5*a^14*b)/x^(3/2) - (105*a^13*b^2)/(2*x) - (455*a^12*b^3)/Sqrt[x] + 3003*a^10*b^5*Sqrt[x] + (5005*a^9*b^6*x)/2 + 2145*a^8*b^7*x^(3/2) + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^2)/4 + 1001*a^6*b^9*x^(5/2) + (1001*a^5*b^10*x^3)/2 + 195*a^4*b^11*x^(7/2) + (455*a^3*b^12*x^4)/8 + (35*a^2*b^13*x^(9/2))/3 + (3*a*b^14*x^5)/2 + (b^15*x^(11/2))/11 + 1365*a^11*b^4*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 24.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{2x^2} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{x} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{\sqrt{x}} + 1365a^{11}b^4 \log(x) \\ + 6006a^{10}b^5\sqrt{x} + 5005a^9b^6x + 4290a^8b^7x^{\frac{3}{2}} \\ + \frac{6435a^7b^8x^2}{2} + 2002a^6b^9x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1001a^5b^{10}x^3 + 390a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^4}{4} + \frac{70a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{3} + 3ab^{14}x^5 + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**3,x)`output `-a**15/(2*x**2) - 10*a**14*b/x**(3/2) - 105*a**13*b**2/x - 910*a**12*b**3/sqrt(x) + 1365*a**11*b**4*log(x) + 6006*a**10*b**5*sqrt(x) + 5005*a**9*b**6*x + 4290*a**8*b**7*x**(3/2) + 6435*a**7*b**8*x**2/2 + 2002*a**6*b**9*x**(5/2) + 1001*a**5*b**10*x**3 + 390*a**4*b**11*x**(7/2) + 455*a**3*b**12*x**4/4 + 70*a**2*b**13*x**(9/2)/3 + 3*a*b**14*x**5 + 2*b**15*x**(11/2)/11`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2}{11} b^{15} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 3 ab^{14} x^5 + \frac{70}{3} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{455}{4} a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 390 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{7}{2}} \\ + 1001 a^5 b^{10} x^3 + 2002 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{6435}{2} a^7 b^8 x^2 + 4290 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \\ + 5005 a^9 b^6 x + 1365 a^{11} b^4 \log(x) + 6006 a^{10} b^5 \sqrt{x} \\ - \frac{1820 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 210 a^{13} b^2 x + 20 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + a^{15}}{2 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
2/11*b^15*x^(11/2) + 3*a*b^14*x^5 + 70/3*a^2*b^13*x^(9/2) + 455/4*a^3*b^12
*x^4 + 390*a^4*b^11*x^(7/2) + 1001*a^5*b^10*x^3 + 2002*a^6*b^9*x^(5/2) + 6
435/2*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 4290*a^8*b^7*x^(3/2) + 5005*a^9*b^6*x + 1365*a^11*b^4*
log(x) + 6006*a^10*b^5*sqrt(x) - 1/2*(1820*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 210*a^13*b^2
*x + 20*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + a^15)/x^2
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2}{11} b^{15} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 3 a b^{14} x^5 + \frac{70}{3} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{455}{4} a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 390 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

$$+ 1001 a^5 b^{10} x^3 + 2002 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{6435}{2} a^7 b^8 x^2 + 4290 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$+ 5005 a^9 b^6 x + 1365 a^{11} b^4 \log(|x|) + 6006 a^{10} b^5 \sqrt{x}$$

$$- \frac{1820 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 210 a^{13} b^2 x + 20 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + a^{15}}{2 x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/11*b^15*x^(11/2) + 3*a*b^14*x^5 + 70/3*a^2*b^13*x^(9/2) + 455/4*a^3*b^12
*x^4 + 390*a^4*b^11*x^(7/2) + 1001*a^5*b^10*x^3 + 2002*a^6*b^9*x^(5/2) + 6
435/2*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 4290*a^8*b^7*x^(3/2) + 5005*a^9*b^6*x + 1365*a^11*b^4*
log(abs(x)) + 6006*a^10*b^5*sqrt(x) - 1/2*(1820*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 210*a^1
3*b^2*x + 20*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + a^15)/x^2
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2 b^{15} x^{11/2}}{11} - \frac{a^{15}}{2} + \frac{105 a^{13} b^2 x + 10 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 910 a^{12} b^3 x^{3/2}}{x^2}$$

$$+ 2730 a^{11} b^4 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + 5005 a^9 b^6 x + 3 a b^{14} x^5 + \frac{6435 a^7 b^8 x^2}{2}$$

$$+ 1001 a^5 b^{10} x^3 + 6006 a^{10} b^5 \sqrt{x} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^4}{4} + 4290 a^8 b^7 x^{3/2}$$

$$+ 2002 a^6 b^9 x^{5/2} + 390 a^4 b^{11} x^{7/2} + \frac{70 a^2 b^{13} x^{9/2}}{3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^3,x)`

output  $(2*b^{15}*x^{(11/2)})/11 - (a^{15}/2 + 105*a^{13}*b^2*x + 10*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)} + 910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/x^2 + 2730*a^{11}*b^4*\log(x^{(1/2)}) + 5005*a^9*b^6*x + 3*a*b^{14}*x^5 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^2)/2 + 1001*a^5*b^{10}*x^3 + 6006*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(1/2)} + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^4)/4 + 4290*a^8*b^7*x^{(3/2)} + 2002*a^6*b^9*x^{(5/2)} + 390*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(7/2)} + (70*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(9/2)})/3$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{180180\sqrt{x}\log(x) a^{11}b^4x^2 - 66\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 13860\sqrt{x} a^{13}b^2x + 660660\sqrt{x} a^9b^6x^3 + 424710\sqrt{x} a^7b^8x^4 + 132132\sqrt{x} a^5b^{10}x^5 + 15015\sqrt{x} a^3b^{12}x^6 + 396\sqrt{x} a b^{14}x^7 - 1320a^{14}b^2x - 120120a^{12}b^3x^2 + 792792a^{10}b^5x^3 + 566280a^8b^7x^4 + 264264a^6b^9x^5 + 51480a^4b^{11}x^6 + 3080a^2b^{13}x^7 + 24b^{15}x^8}{(132\sqrt{x}x^2)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^3,x)`

output  $(180180*\sqrt{x}*\log(x)*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 66*\sqrt{x}*a^{15} - 13860*\sqrt{x}*a^{13}*b^2*x + 660660*\sqrt{x}*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 424710*\sqrt{x}*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 132132*\sqrt{x}*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 15015*\sqrt{x}*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 396*\sqrt{x}*a*b^{14}*x^7 - 1320*a^{14}*b*x - 120120*a^{12}*b^3*x^2 + 792792*a^{10}*b^5*x^3 + 566280*a^8*b^7*x^4 + 264264*a^6*b^9*x^5 + 51480*a^4*b^{11}*x^6 + 3080*a^2*b^{13}*x^7 + 24*b^{15}*x^8)/(132*\sqrt{x}*x^2)$

$$3.68 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 196

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx = & -\frac{a^{15}}{3x^3} - \frac{6a^{14}b}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{x} \\ & - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 12870a^8b^7\sqrt{x} + 6435a^7b^8x + \frac{10010}{3}a^6b^9x^{3/2} \\ & + \frac{3003}{2}a^5b^{10}x^2 + 546a^4b^{11}x^{5/2} + \frac{455}{3}a^3b^{12}x^3 \\ & + 30a^2b^{13}x^{7/2} + \frac{15}{4}ab^{14}x^4 + \frac{2}{9}b^{15}x^{9/2} + 5005a^9b^6 \log(x) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
-1/3*a^15/x^3-6*a^14*b/x^(5/2)-105/2*a^13*b^2/x^2-910/3*a^12*b^3/x^(3/2)-1
365*a^11*b^4/x-6006*a^10*b^5/x^(1/2)+12870*a^8*b^7*x^(1/2)+6435*a^7*b^8*x+
10010/3*a^6*b^9*x^(3/2)+3003/2*a^5*b^10*x^2+546*a^4*b^11*x^(5/2)+455/3*a^3
*b^12*x^3+30*a^2*b^13*x^(7/2)+15/4*a*b^14*x^4+2/9*b^15*x^(9/2)+5005*a^9*b^
6*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12a^{15} - 216a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 1890a^{13}b^2x - 10920a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 49140a^{11}b^4x^2 - 216216a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} + 463320a^8b^7x^3 + 10010a^9b^6 \log(\sqrt{x})}{36x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^4,x]`

output  $(-12*a^{15} - 216*a^{14}*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 1890*a^{13}*b^2*x - 10920*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 49140*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 216216*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 463320*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 231660*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 120120*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 54054*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 19656*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 5460*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 1080*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 135*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 8*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/(36*x^3) + 10010*a^9*b^6*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{7/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^3} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^2} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^{3/2}} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{\sqrt{x}} + 6435b^7a^8 + 6435b^8\sqrt{xa^7} - \dots \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{6x^3} - \frac{3a^{14}b}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{4x^2} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{2x} - \frac{3003a^{10}b^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 5005a^9b^6 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 6435a^8b^7\sqrt{x} + \frac{6435a^7b^8x}{2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^4,x]`

output `2*(-1/6*a^15/x^3 - (3*a^14*b)/x^(5/2) - (105*a^13*b^2)/(4*x^2) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (1365*a^11*b^4)/(2*x) - (3003*a^10*b^5)/Sqrt[x] + 6435*a^8*b^7*Sqrt[x] + (6435*a^7*b^8*x)/2 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^(3/2))/3 + (3003*a^5*b^10*x^2)/4 + 273*a^4*b^11*x^(5/2) + (455*a^3*b^12*x^3)/6 + 15*a^2*b^13*x^(7/2) + (15*a*b^14*x^4)/8 + (b^15*x^(9/2))/9 + 5005*a^9*b^6*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{3x^3} - \frac{6a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{x} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 12870a^8b^7\sqrt{x} + 6435a^7b^8x -$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{3x^3} - \frac{6a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{x} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 12870a^8b^7\sqrt{x} + 6435a^7b^8x -$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(45b^{14}x^6+1820a^2b^{12}x^5+45b^{14}x^5+18018a^4b^{10}x^4+1820b^{12}x^4a^2+45b^{14}x^4+77220a^6b^8x^3+18018b^{10}x^3a^4+1820a^8b^6x^2+45b^{14}x^2+18018a^{10}b^4x+1820a^{12}b^2x+45b^{14}x+18018a^{14})}{12x^3}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3*a^{15}/x^3-6*a^{14}*b/x^{(5/2)}-105/2*a^{13}*b^2/x^2-910/3*a^{12}*b^3/x^{(3/2)}-1365*a^{11}*b^4/x-6006*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(1/2)}+12870*a^8*b^7*x^{(1/2)}+6435*a^7*b^8*x+10010/3*a^6*b^9*x^{(3/2)}+3003/2*a^5*b^{10}*x^2+546*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(5/2)}+455/3*a^3*b^{12}*x^3+30*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(7/2)}+15/4*a*b^{14}*x^4+2/9*b^{15}*x^{(9/2)}+5005*a^9*b^6*\ln(x)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{135 ab^{14}x^7 + 5460 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 54054 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 231660 a^7b^8x^4 + 360360 a^9b^6x^3 \log(\sqrt{x}) - 49140 a^{11}b^4x^2 - 1890 a^{13}b^2x - 12a^{15} + 8(b^{15}x^7 + 135a^2b^{13}x^6 + 2457a^4b^{11}x^5 + 15015a^6b^9x^4 + 57915a^8b^7x^3 - 27027a^{10}b^5x^2 - 1365a^{12}b^3x - 27a^{14}b)\sqrt{x}}{x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/36*(135*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 5460*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 54054*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 231660*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 360360*a^9*b^6*x^3*\log(\text{sqrt}(x)) - 49140*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 1890*a^{13}*b^2*x - 12*a^{15} + 8*(b^{15}*x^7 + 135*a^2*b^{13}*x^6 + 2457*a^4*b^{11}*x^5 + 15015*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 57915*a^8*b^7*x^3 - 27027*a^{10}*b^5*x^2 - 1365*a^{12}*b^3*x - 27*a^{14}*b)*\text{sqrt}(x))/x^3$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{3x^3} - \frac{6a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{2x^2} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{x}$$

$$- \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{\sqrt{x}} + 5005a^9b^6 \log(x) + 12870a^8b^7\sqrt{x}$$

$$+ 6435a^7b^8x + \frac{10010a^6b^9x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^2}{2} + 546a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$+ \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^3}{3} + 30a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^4}{4} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**4,x)`output `-a**15/(3*x**3) - 6*a**14*b/x**(5/2) - 105*a**13*b**2/(2*x**2) - 910*a**12*b**3/(3*x**(3/2)) - 1365*a**11*b**4/x - 6006*a**10*b**5/sqrt(x) + 5005*a**9*b**6*log(x) + 12870*a**8*b**7*sqrt(x) + 6435*a**7*b**8*x + 10010*a**6*b**9*x**(3/2)/3 + 3003*a**5*b**10*x**2/2 + 546*a**4*b**11*x**(5/2) + 455*a**3*b**12*x**3/3 + 30*a**2*b**13*x**(7/2) + 15*a*b**14*x**4/4 + 2*b**15*x**(9/2)/9`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{9} b^{15} x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{15}{4} a b^{14} x^4 + 30 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{455}{3} a^3 b^{12} x^3 + 546 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{3003}{2} a^5 b^{10} x^2$$

$$+ \frac{10010}{3} a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6435 a^7 b^8 x + 5005 a^9 b^6 \log(x) + 12870 a^8 b^7 \sqrt{x}$$

$$- \frac{36036 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8190 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 1820 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 315 a^{13} b^2 x + 36 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 2 a^{15}}{6 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/9*b^15*x^(9/2) + 15/4*a*b^14*x^4 + 30*a^2*b^13*x^(7/2) + 455/3*a^3*b^12*
x^3 + 546*a^4*b^11*x^(5/2) + 3003/2*a^5*b^10*x^2 + 10010/3*a^6*b^9*x^(3/2)
+ 6435*a^7*b^8*x + 5005*a^9*b^6*log(x) + 12870*a^8*b^7*sqrt(x) - 1/6*(360
36*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 8190*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 1820*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 315*a^13
*b^2*x + 36*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 2*a^15)/x^3
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{9} b^{15} x^{\frac{9}{2}} + \frac{15}{4} a b^{14} x^4 + 30 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{7}{2}} + \frac{455}{3} a^3 b^{12} x^3 + 546 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{3003}{2} a^5 b^{10} x^2$$

$$+ \frac{10010}{3} a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6435 a^7 b^8 x + 5005 a^9 b^6 \log(|x|) + 12870 a^8 b^7 \sqrt{x}$$

$$- \frac{36036 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8190 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 1820 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 315 a^{13} b^2 x + 36 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 2 a^{15}}{6 x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/9*b^15*x^(9/2) + 15/4*a*b^14*x^4 + 30*a^2*b^13*x^(7/2) + 455/3*a^3*b^12*
x^3 + 546*a^4*b^11*x^(5/2) + 3003/2*a^5*b^10*x^2 + 10010/3*a^6*b^9*x^(3/2)
+ 6435*a^7*b^8*x + 5005*a^9*b^6*log(abs(x)) + 12870*a^8*b^7*sqrt(x) - 1/6
*(36036*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 8190*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 1820*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 315
*a^13*b^2*x + 36*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 2*a^15)/x^3
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx = \frac{2 b^{15} x^{9/2}}{9}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{a^{15}}{3} + \frac{105 a^{13} b^2 x}{2} + 6 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 1365 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + \frac{910 a^{12} b^3 x^{3/2}}{3} + 6006 a^{10} b^5 x^{5/2}}{x^3}$$

$$+ 10010 a^9 b^6 \ln(\sqrt{x}) + 6435 a^7 b^8 x + \frac{15 a b^{14} x^4}{4} + \frac{3003 a^5 b^{10} x^2}{2} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^3}{3} + 12870 a^8 b^7 \sqrt{x} + \frac{10010 a^6 b^9 x^{3/2}}{3}$$



input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^4,x)`

output  $(2*b^{15}*x^{(9/2)})/9 - (a^{15}/3 + (105*a^{13}*b^2*x)/2 + 6*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)} + 1365*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + (910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/3 + 6006*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/x^3 + 10010*a^9*b^6*\log(x^{(1/2)}) + 6435*a^7*b^8*x + (15*a*b^{14}*x^4)/4 + (3003*a^5*b^{10}*x^2)/2 + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^3)/3 + 12870*a^8*b^7*x^{(1/2)} + (10010*a^6*b^9*x^{(3/2)})/3 + 546*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(5/2)} + 30*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(7/2)}$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{180180\sqrt{x}\log(x) a^9 b^6 x^3 - 12\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 1890\sqrt{x} a^{13} b^2 x - 49140\sqrt{x} a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 231660\sqrt{x} a^7 b^8 x^4 + 54054\sqrt{x} a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 5460\sqrt{x} a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 135\sqrt{x} a b^{14} x^7 - 216 a^{14} b x - 10920 a^{12} b^3 x^2 - 216216 a^{10} b^5 x^3 + 463320 a^8 b^7 x^4 + 120120 a^6 b^9 x^5 + 19656 a^4 b^{11} x^6 + 1080 a^2 b^{13} x^7 + 8 b^{15} x^8}{(36\sqrt{x}) x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^4,x)`

output  $(180180*\sqrt{x}*\log(x)*a^{**9}*b^{**6}*x^{**3} - 12*\sqrt{x}*a^{**15} - 1890*\sqrt{x}*a^{**13}*b^{**2}*x - 49140*\sqrt{x}*a^{**11}*b^{**4}*x^{**2} + 231660*\sqrt{x}*a^{**7}*b^{**8}*x^{**4} + 54054*\sqrt{x}*a^{**5}*b^{**10}*x^{**5} + 5460*\sqrt{x}*a^{**3}*b^{**12}*x^{**6} + 135*\sqrt{x}*a*b^{**14}*x^{**7} - 216*a^{**14}*b*x - 10920*a^{**12}*b^{**3}*x^{**2} - 216216*a^{**10}*b^{**5}*x^{**3} + 463320*a^{**8}*b^{**7}*x^{**4} + 120120*a^{**6}*b^{**9}*x^{**5} + 19656*a^{**4}*b^{**11}*x^{**6} + 1080*a^{**2}*b^{**13}*x^{**7} + 8*b^{**15}*x^{**8})/(36*\sqrt{x})*x^{**3}$

**3.69**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	677
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 194

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{5x^5} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{3x^{9/2}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{130a^{12}b^3}{x^{7/2}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{x^3} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{2x^2} - \frac{4290a^8b^7}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{x} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{\sqrt{x}} + 2730a^4b^{11}\sqrt{x} + 455a^3b^{12}x + 70a^2b^{13}x^{3/2} + \frac{15}{2}ab^{14}x^2 + \frac{2}{5}b^{15}x^{5/2} + 3003a^5b^{10}\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/5*a^15/x^5-10/3*a^14*b/x^(9/2)-105/4*a^13*b^2/x^4-130*a^12*b^3/x^(7/2)-
455*a^11*b^4/x^3-6006/5*a^10*b^5/x^(5/2)-5005/2*a^9*b^6/x^2-4290*a^8*b^7/x
^(3/2)-6435*a^7*b^8/x-10010*a^6*b^9/x^(1/2)+2730*a^4*b^11*x^(1/2)+455*a^3*
b^12*x+70*a^2*b^13*x^(3/2)+15/2*a*b^14*x^2+2/5*b^15*x^(5/2)+3003*a^5*b^10*
ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12a^{15} - 200a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 1575a^{13}b^2x - 7800a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 27300a^{11}b^4x^2 - 72072a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 150150a^9b^6x^3 - 257400a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 386100a^7b^8x^4 - 600600a^6b^9x^{9/2} + 163800a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} + 27300a^3b^{12}x^6 + 4200a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} + 450ab^{14}x^7 + 24b^{15}x^{15/2}}{60x^5} + 6006a^5b^{10} \log(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^6,x]`

output  $(-12*a^{15} - 200*a^{14}*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 1575*a^{13}*b^2*x - 7800*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 27300*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 72072*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} - 150150*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 257400*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} - 386100*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 600600*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 163800*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 27300*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 4200*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 450*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 24*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/(60*x^5) + 6006*a^5*b^{10}*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{11/2}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^5} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^4} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^3} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{5/2}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^2} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{3/2}} + \dots \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{10x^5} - \frac{5a^{14}b}{3x^{9/2}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{8x^4} - \frac{65a^{12}b^3}{x^{7/2}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{2x^3} - \frac{3003a^{10}b^5}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{4x^2} - \frac{2145a^8b^7}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{2x} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^6,x]`

output `2*(-1/10*a^15/x^5 - (5*a^14*b)/(3*x^(9/2)) - (105*a^13*b^2)/(8*x^4) - (65*a^12*b^3)/x^(7/2) - (455*a^11*b^4)/(2*x^3) - (3003*a^10*b^5)/(5*x^(5/2)) - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(4*x^2) - (2145*a^8*b^7)/x^(3/2) - (6435*a^7*b^8)/(2*x) - (5005*a^6*b^9)/Sqrt[x] + 1365*a^4*b^11*Sqrt[x] + (455*a^3*b^12*x)/2 + 35*a^2*b^13*x^(3/2) + (15*a*b^14*x^2)/4 + (b^15*x^(5/2))/5 + 3003*a^5*b^10*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{5x^5} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{130a^{12}b^3}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{x^3} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{2x^2} - \frac{4290a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{x}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{5x^5} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{130a^{12}b^3}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{x^3} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{2x^2} - \frac{4290a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{x}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(150b^{14}x^6+9100a^2b^{12}x^5+150b^{14}x^5+4a^{14}x^4+525a^{12}b^2x^4+9100b^4x^4a^{10}+50050x^4b^6a^8+128700a^6b^8x^4+4a^{14}x^4)}{20x^5}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/5*a^{15}/x^5-10/3*a^{14}*b/x^{(9/2)}-105/4*a^{13}*b^2/x^4-130*a^{12}*b^3/x^{(7/2)}-455*a^{11}*b^4/x^3-6006/5*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(5/2)}-5005/2*a^9*b^6/x^2-4290*a^8*b^7/x^{(3/2)}-6435*a^7*b^8/x-10010*a^6*b^9/x^{(1/2)}+2730*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(1/2)}+455*a^3*b^{12}*x+70*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(3/2)}+15/2*a*b^{14}*x^2+2/5*b^{15}*x^{(5/2)}+3003*a^5*b^{10}*ln(x)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{450 ab^{14}x^7 + 27300 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 360360 a^5b^{10}x^5 \log(\sqrt{x}) - 386100 a^7b^8x^4 - 150150 a^9b^6x^3 - 27300 a^{11}b^4x^2 - 1575 a^{13}b^2x - 12a^{15}}{x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$1/60*(450*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 27300*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 360360*a^5*b^{10}*x^5*\log(\sqrt{x}) - 386100*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 150150*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 27300*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 1575*a^{13}*b^2*x - 12*a^{15} + 8*(3*b^{15}*x^7 + 525*a^2*b^{13}*x^6 + 20475*a^4*b^{11}*x^5 - 75075*a^6*b^9*x^4 - 32175*a^8*b^7*x^3 - 9009*a^{10}*b^5*x^2 - 975*a^{12}*b^3*x - 25*a^{14}*b)*\sqrt{x})/x^5$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{5x^5} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{4x^4} - \frac{130a^{12}b^3}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{x^3} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{2x^2} - \frac{4290a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{x} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{\sqrt{x}} + 3003a^5b^{10}\log(x) + 2730a^4b^{11}\sqrt{x} + 455a^3b^{12}x + 70a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^2}{2} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**6,x)`output `-a**15/(5*x**5) - 10*a**14*b/(3*x**(9/2)) - 105*a**13*b**2/(4*x**4) - 130*a**12*b**3/x**(7/2) - 455*a**11*b**4/x**3 - 6006*a**10*b**5/(5*x**(5/2)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(2*x**2) - 4290*a**8*b**7/x**(3/2) - 6435*a**7*b**8/x - 10010*a**6*b**9/sqrt(x) + 3003*a**5*b**10*log(x) + 2730*a**4*b**11*sqrt(x) + 455*a**3*b**12*x + 70*a**2*b**13*x**(3/2) + 15*a*b**14*x**2/2 + 2*b**15*x**(5/2)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = \frac{2}{5}b^{15}x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{15}{2}ab^{14}x^2 + 70a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 455a^3b^{12}x + 3003a^5b^{10}\log(x) + 2730a^4b^{11}\sqrt{x} - \frac{600600a^6b^9x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 386100a^7b^8x^4 + 257400a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 150150a^9b^6x^3 + 72072a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 27300a^{11}b^4x^2}{60x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/5*b^15*x^(5/2) + 15/2*a*b^14*x^2 + 70*a^2*b^13*x^(3/2) + 455*a^3*b^12*x
+ 3003*a^5*b^10*log(x) + 2730*a^4*b^11*sqrt(x) - 1/60*(600600*a^6*b^9*x^(9
/2) + 386100*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 257400*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 150150*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 7
2072*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 27300*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 7800*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 1575*
a^13*b^2*x + 200*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 12*a^15)/x^5
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} b^{15} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{15}{2} a b^{14} x^2 + 70 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 455 a^3 b^{12} x + 3003 a^5 b^{10} \log(|x|) + 2730 a^4 b^{11} \sqrt{x}$$

$$- \frac{600600 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 386100 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 257400 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 150150 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 72072 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 27300 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 7800 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1575 a^{13} b^2 x + 200 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 12 a^{15}}{60 x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2/5*b^15*x^(5/2) + 15/2*a*b^14*x^2 + 70*a^2*b^13*x^(3/2) + 455*a^3*b^12*x
+ 3003*a^5*b^10*log(abs(x)) + 2730*a^4*b^11*sqrt(x) - 1/60*(600600*a^6*b^9
*x^(9/2) + 386100*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 257400*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 150150*a^9*b^6*x^
3 + 72072*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 27300*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 7800*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) +
1575*a^13*b^2*x + 200*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 12*a^15)/x^5
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = \frac{2 b^{15} x^{5/2}}{5}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{a^{15}}{5} + \frac{105 a^{13} b^2 x}{4} + \frac{10 a^{14} b \sqrt{x}}{3} + 455 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^3}{2} + 6435 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 130 a^{12} b^3 x^{3/2} + \frac{6006 a^{10} b^5 x^{5/2}}{5}}{x^5}$$

$$+ 6006 a^5 b^{10} \ln(\sqrt{x}) + 455 a^3 b^{12} x + \frac{15 a b^{14} x^2}{2} + 2730 a^4 b^{11} \sqrt{x} + 70 a^2 b^{13} x^{3/2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^6,x)`

output  $(2*b^{15}*x^{(5/2)})/5 - (a^{15}/5 + (105*a^{13}*b^2*x)/4 + (10*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/3 + 455*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^3)/2 + 6435*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 130*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + (6006*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/5 + 4290*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 10010*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/x^5 + 6006*a^5*b^{10}*log(x^{(1/2)}) + 455*a^3*b^{12}*x + (15*a*b^{14}*x^2)/2 + 2730*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(1/2)} + 70*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(3/2)}$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{180180\sqrt{x}\log(x) a^5 b^{10} x^5 - 12\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 1575\sqrt{x} a^{13} b^2 x - 27300\sqrt{x} a^{11} b^4 x^2 - 150150\sqrt{x} a^9 b^6 x^3 - 386100\sqrt{x} a^7 b^8 x^4 + 27300\sqrt{x} a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 450\sqrt{x} a b^{14} x^7 - 200 a^{14} b x - 7800 a^{12} b^3 x^2 - 72072 a^{10} b^5 x^3 - 257400 a^8 b^7 x^4 - 600600 a^6 b^9 x^5 + 163800 a^4 b^{11} x^6 + 4200 a^2 b^{13} x^7 + 24 b^{15} x^8}{(60\sqrt{x} x^5)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^6,x)`

output  $(180180*\sqrt{x}*log(x)*a^{5}*b^{10}*x^{5} - 12*\sqrt{x}*a^{15} - 1575*\sqrt{x}*a^{13}*b^{2}*x - 27300*\sqrt{x}*a^{11}*b^{4}*x^{2} - 150150*\sqrt{x}*a^{9}*b^{6}*x^{3} - 386100*\sqrt{x}*a^{7}*b^{8}*x^{4} + 27300*\sqrt{x}*a^{3}*b^{12}*x^{6} + 450*\sqrt{x}*a*b^{14}*x^{7} - 200*a^{14}*b*x - 7800*a^{12}*b^{3}*x^{2} - 72072*a^{10}*b^{5}*x^{3} - 257400*a^{8}*b^{7}*x^{4} - 600600*a^{6}*b^{9}*x^{5} + 163800*a^{4}*b^{11}*x^{6} + 4200*a^{2}*b^{13}*x^{7} + 24*b^{15}*x^{8})/(60*\sqrt{x}*x^{5})$



**3.70**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 196

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{6x^6} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{21a^{13}b^2}{x^5} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{4x^4} - \frac{858a^{10}b^5}{x^{7/2}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x^3} - \frac{2574a^8b^7}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{2x^2} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{x} - \frac{2730a^4b^{11}}{\sqrt{x}} + 210a^2b^{13}\sqrt{x} + 15ab^{14}x + \frac{2}{3}b^{15}x^{3/2} + 455a^3b^{12}\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/6*a^15/x^6-30/11*a^14*b/x^(11/2)-21*a^13*b^2/x^5-910/9*a^12*b^3/x^(9/2)
-1365/4*a^11*b^4/x^4-858*a^10*b^5/x^(7/2)-5005/3*a^9*b^6/x^3-2574*a^8*b^7/
x^(5/2)-6435/2*a^7*b^8/x^2-10010/3*a^6*b^9/x^(3/2)-3003*a^5*b^10/x-2730*a^
4*b^11/x^(1/2)+210*a^2*b^13*x^(1/2)+15*a*b^14*x+2/3*b^15*x^(3/2)+455*a^3*b
^12*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-66a^{15} - 1080a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 8316a^{13}b^2x - 40040a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 135135a^{11}b^4x^2 - 339768a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 660660a^9b^6x^3 - 1019304a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 1274130a^7b^8x^4 - 1321320a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 1189188a^5b^{10}x^5 - 1081080a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} + 83160a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} + 5940a^2b^{14}x^7 + 264b^{15}x^{15/2}}{(396x^6)} + 910a^3b^{12}\log(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^7,x]`

output `(-66*a^15 - 1080*a^14*b*Sqrt[x] - 8316*a^13*b^2*x - 40040*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) - 135135*a^11*b^4*x^2 - 339768*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) - 660660*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 1019304*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) - 1274130*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 1321320*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) - 1189188*a^5*b^10*x^5 - 1081080*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 83160*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) + 5940*a^2*b^14*x^7 + 264*b^15*x^(15/2))/(396*x^6) + 910*a^3*b^12*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{13/2}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^6} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{11/2}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^5} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^4} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{7/2}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^3} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{5/2}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{12x^6} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{21a^{13}b^2}{2x^5} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{9x^{9/2}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{8x^4} - \frac{429a^{10}b^5}{x^{7/2}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{6x^3} - \frac{1287a^8b^7}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{4x^2} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^7,x]`

output `2*(-1/12*a^15/x^6 - (15*a^14*b)/(11*x^(11/2)) - (21*a^13*b^2)/(2*x^5) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(9*x^(9/2)) - (1365*a^11*b^4)/(8*x^4) - (429*a^10*b^5)/x^(7/2) - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(6*x^3) - (1287*a^8*b^7)/x^(5/2) - (6435*a^7*b^8)/(4*x^2) - (5005*a^6*b^9)/(3*x^(3/2)) - (3003*a^5*b^10)/(2*x) - (1365*a^4*b^11)/Sqrt[x] + 105*a^2*b^13*Sqrt[x] + (15*a*b^14*x)/2 + (b^15*x^(3/2))/3 + 455*a^3*b^12*Log[Sqrt[x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 23.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{6x^6} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{21a^{13}b^2}{x^5} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{4x^4} - \frac{858a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x^3} - \frac{2574a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{2x^2}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{6x^6} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{21a^{13}b^2}{x^5} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{4x^4} - \frac{858a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x^3} - \frac{2574a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{2x^2}$
trager	$(-1+x)(180b^{14}x^6+2a^{14}x^5+252a^{12}b^2x^5+4095a^{10}b^4x^5+20020a^8b^6x^5+38610a^6b^8x^5+36036a^4b^{10}x^5+2a^{14}x^4+252a^{12}b^2x^4+210a^{10}b^4x^4+10010a^8b^6x^4+3003a^6b^8x^4+2730a^4b^{10}x^4+15a^{14}x^3+15a^{12}b^2x^3+15a^{10}b^4x^3+15a^8b^6x^3+15a^6b^8x^3+15a^4b^{10}x^3+15a^{14}x^2+15a^{12}b^2x^2+15a^{10}b^4x^2+15a^8b^6x^2+15a^6b^8x^2+15a^4b^{10}x^2+15a^{14}x+15a^{12}b^2x+15a^{10}b^4x+15a^8b^6x+15a^6b^8x+15a^4b^{10}x+15a^{14}+15a^{12}b^2+15a^{10}b^4+15a^8b^6+15a^6b^8+15a^4b^{10}+15a^{14}x^2+15a^{12}b^2x^2+15a^{10}b^4x^2+15a^8b^6x^2+15a^6b^8x^2+15a^4b^{10}x^2+15a^{14}x+15a^{12}b^2x+15a^{10}b^4x+15a^8b^6x+15a^6b^8x+15a^4b^{10}x+15a^{14}+15a^{12}b^2+15a^{10}b^4+15a^8b^6+15a^6b^8+15a^4b^{10})$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*a^15/x^6-30/11*a^14*b/x^(11/2)-21*a^13*b^2/x^5-910/9*a^12*b^3/x^(9/2)
-1365/4*a^11*b^4/x^4-858*a^10*b^5/x^(7/2)-5005/3*a^9*b^6/x^3-2574*a^8*b^7/
x^(5/2)-6435/2*a^7*b^8/x^2-10010/3*a^6*b^9/x^(3/2)-3003*a^5*b^10/x-2730*a^
4*b^11/x^(1/2)+210*a^2*b^13*x^(1/2)+15*a*b^14*x+2/3*b^15*x^(3/2)+455*a^3*b
^12*ln(x)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{5940 ab^{14}x^7 + 360360 a^3b^{12}x^6 \log(\sqrt{x}) - 1189188 a^5b^{10}x^5 - 1274130 a^7b^8x^4 - 660660 a^9b^6x^3 - 135135 a^{11}b^4x^2 - 8316 a^{13}b^2x - 66 a^{15} + 8(33b^{15}x^7 + 10395a^2b^{13}x^6 - 135135a^4b^{11}x^5 - 165165a^6b^9x^4 - 127413a^8b^7x^3 - 42471a^{10}b^5x^2 - 5005a^{12}b^3x - 135a^{14}b)\sqrt{x}}{x^6}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/396*(5940*a*b^14*x^7 + 360360*a^3*b^12*x^6*log(sqrt(x)) - 1189188*a^5*b^
10*x^5 - 1274130*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 660660*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 135135*a^11*b^4*x^2 -
8316*a^13*b^2*x - 66*a^15 + 8*(33*b^15*x^7 + 10395*a^2*b^13*x^6 - 135135*a
^4*b^11*x^5 - 165165*a^6*b^9*x^4 - 127413*a^8*b^7*x^3 - 42471*a^10*b^5*x^2
- 5005*a^12*b^3*x - 135*a^14*b)*sqrt(x))/x^6
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{6x^6} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{21a^{13}b^2}{x^5} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{4x^4} - \frac{858a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x^3} - \frac{2574a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{2x^2} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{x} - \frac{2730a^4b^{11}}{\sqrt{x}} + 455a^3b^{12} \log(x) + 210a^2b^{13} \sqrt{x} + 15ab^{14}x + \frac{2b^{15}x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**7,x)`

output

```
-a**15/(6*x**6) - 30*a**14*b/(11*x**(11/2)) - 21*a**13*b**2/x**5 - 910*a**12*b**3/(9*x**(9/2)) - 1365*a**11*b**4/(4*x**4) - 858*a**10*b**5/x**(7/2) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(3*x**3) - 2574*a**8*b**7/x**(5/2) - 6435*a**7*b**8/(2*x**2) - 10010*a**6*b**9/(3*x**(3/2)) - 3003*a**5*b**10/x - 2730*a**4*b**11/sqrt(x) + 455*a**3*b**12*log(x) + 210*a**2*b**13*sqrt(x) + 15*a*b**14*x + 2*b**15*x**(3/2)/3
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2}{3} b^{15} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15 ab^{14} x + 455 a^3 b^{12} \log(x) + 210 a^2 b^{13} \sqrt{x} - \frac{1081080 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 1189188 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 1321320 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1274130 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 1019304 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 660660 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 339768 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 135135 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 40040 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 8316 a^{13} b^2 x + 1080 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 66 a^{15}}{x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
2/3*b^15*x^(3/2) + 15*a*b^14*x + 455*a^3*b^12*log(x) + 210*a^2*b^13*sqrt(x) - 1/396*(1081080*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 1189188*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 1321320*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) + 1274130*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 1019304*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 660660*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 339768*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 135135*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 40040*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 8316*a^13*b^2*x + 1080*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 66*a^15)/x^6
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2}{3} b^{15} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15 a b^{14} x + 455 a^3 b^{12} \log(|x|) + 210 a^2 b^{13} \sqrt{x} \\ - \frac{1081080 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 1189188 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 1321320 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1274130 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 1019304 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 660660 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 339768 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 135135 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 40040 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 8316 a^{13} b^2 x + 1080 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 66 a^{15}}{396 x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*b^15*x^(3/2) + 15*a*b^14*x + 455*a^3*b^12*log(abs(x)) + 210*a^2*b^13*sqrt(x) - 1/396*(1081080*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 1189188*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 1321320*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) + 1274130*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 1019304*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 660660*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 339768*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 135135*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 40040*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 8316*a^13*b^2*x + 1080*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 66*a^15)/x^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = \frac{2 b^{15} x^{3/2}}{3} - \frac{a^{15}}{6} + 21 a^{13} b^2 x + \frac{30 a^{14} b \sqrt{x}}{11} + \frac{1365 a^{11} b^4 x^2}{4} + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^3}{3} + \frac{6435 a^7 b^8 x^4}{2} + 3003 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + \frac{910 a^{12} b^3 x^{3/2}}{9} + 858 a^{10} b^5 x^{5/2} + 2574 a^8 b^7 x^{7/2} + \frac{10010 a^6 b^9 x^{9/2}}{3} + \frac{2730 a^4 b^{11} x^{11/2}}{x^6} + 910 a^3 b^{12} \ln(\sqrt{x}) + 210 a^2 b^{13} \sqrt{x} + 15 a b^{14} x$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^7,x)`output `(2*b^15*x^(3/2))/3 - (a^15/6 + 21*a^13*b^2*x + (30*a^14*b*x^(1/2))/11 + (1365*a^11*b^4*x^2)/4 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^3)/3 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^4)/2 + 3003*a^5*b^10*x^5 + (910*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2))/9 + 858*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 2574*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + (10010*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2))/3 + 2730*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2))/x^6 + 910*a^3*b^12*log(x^(1/2)) + 210*a^2*b^13*x^(1/2) + 15*a*b^14*x`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{180180\sqrt{x}\log(x) a^3 b^{12} x^6 - 66\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 8316\sqrt{x} a^{13} b^2 x - 135135\sqrt{x} a^{11} b^4 x^2 - 660660\sqrt{x} a^9 b^6 x^3 - 1274130\sqrt{x} a^7 b^8 x^4 - 1189188\sqrt{x} a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 5940\sqrt{x} a^3 b^{12} x^6 - 1080 a^{14} b x - 40040 a^{12} b^3 x^2 - 339768 a^{10} b^5 x^3 - 1019304 a^8 b^7 x^4 - 1321320 a^6 b^9 x^5 - 1081080 a^4 b^{11} x^6 + 83160 a^2 b^{13} x^7 + 264 b^{15} x^8}{(396\sqrt{x}) x^6}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^7,x)
```

output

```
(180180*sqrt(x)*log(x)*a**3*b**12*x**6 - 66*sqrt(x)*a**15 - 8316*sqrt(x)*a**13*b**2*x - 135135*sqrt(x)*a**11*b**4*x**2 - 660660*sqrt(x)*a**9*b**6*x**3 - 1274130*sqrt(x)*a**7*b**8*x**4 - 1189188*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**10*x**5 + 5940*sqrt(x)*a*b**14*x**7 - 1080*a**14*b*x - 40040*a**12*b**3*x**2 - 339768*a**10*b**5*x**3 - 1019304*a**8*b**7*x**4 - 1321320*a**6*b**9*x**5 - 1081080*a**4*b**11*x**6 + 83160*a**2*b**13*x**7 + 264*b**15*x**8)/(396*sqrt(x)*x**6)
```

**3.71**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$

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 Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 695  
 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 696  
 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 696  
 Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 697

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{7x^7} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{13x^{13/2}} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{2x^6} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{x^5} - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{3x^{9/2}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{4x^4} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{x^3} - \frac{2002a^6b^9}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{910a^4b^{11}}{x^{3/2}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{x} - \frac{210a^2b^{13}}{\sqrt{x}} + 2b^{15}\sqrt{x} + 15ab^{14}\log(x)$$

output

```
-1/7*a^15/x^7-30/13*a^14*b/x^(13/2)-35/2*a^13*b^2/x^6-910/11*a^12*b^3/x^(11/2)-273*a^11*b^4/x^5-2002/3*a^10*b^5/x^(9/2)-5005/4*a^9*b^6/x^4-12870/7*a^8*b^7/x^(7/2)-2145*a^7*b^8/x^3-2002*a^6*b^9/x^(5/2)-3003/2*a^5*b^10/x^2-910*a^4*b^11/x^(3/2)-455*a^3*b^12/x-210*a^2*b^13/x^(1/2)+2*b^15*x^(1/2)+15*a*b^14*ln(x)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1716a^{15} - 27720a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 210210a^{13}b^2x - 993720a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 3279276a^{11}b^4x^2 - 8016008a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 15030015a^9b^6x^3 - 22084920a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 25765740a^7b^8x^4 - 24048024a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 18036018a^5b^{10}x^5 - 10930920a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 5465460a^3b^{12}x^6 - 2522520a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} + 24024b^{15}x^{15/2}}{(12012x^7)} + 30ab^{14} \log(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^8,x]`

output `(-1716*a^15 - 27720*a^14*b*Sqrt[x] - 210210*a^13*b^2*x - 993720*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) - 3279276*a^11*b^4*x^2 - 8016008*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) - 15030015*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 22084920*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) - 25765740*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 24048024*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) - 18036018*a^5*b^10*x^5 - 10930920*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) - 5465460*a^3*b^12*x^6 - 2522520*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) + 24024*b^15*x^(15/2))/(12012*x^7) + 30*a*b^14*Log[Sqrt[x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{15/2}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^7} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{13/2}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^6} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^{11/2}} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^5} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{9/2}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^4} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{7/2}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{14x^7} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{13x^{13/2}} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{4x^6} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{11x^{11/2}} - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{2x^5} - \frac{1001a^{10}b^5}{3x^{9/2}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{8x^4} - \frac{6435a^8b^7}{7x^{7/2}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{2x^3} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^8,x]`

output `2*(-1/14*a^15/x^7 - (15*a^14*b)/(13*x^(13/2)) - (35*a^13*b^2)/(4*x^6) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(11*x^(11/2)) - (273*a^11*b^4)/(2*x^5) - (1001*a^10*b^5)/(3*x^(9/2)) - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(8*x^4) - (6435*a^8*b^7)/(7*x^(7/2)) - (2145*a^7*b^8)/(2*x^3) - (1001*a^6*b^9)/x^(5/2) - (3003*a^5*b^10)/(4*x^2) - (455*a^4*b^11)/x^(3/2) - (455*a^3*b^12)/(2*x) - (105*a^2*b^13)/Sqrt[x] + b^15*Sqrt[x] + 15*a*b^14*Log[Sqrt[x]])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{7x^7} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{2x^6} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{x^5} - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{4x^4} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{x^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{7x^7} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{2x^6} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{x^5} - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{4x^4} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{x^3}$
trager	$(-1+x)(4a^{12}x^6+490a^{10}b^2x^6+7644a^8b^4x^6+35035a^6x^6b^6+60060b^8x^6a^4+42042a^2b^{10}x^6+12740x^6b^{12}+4a^{12}x^5+490a^{10}b^2x^5+7644a^8b^4x^5+35035a^6x^5b^6+60060b^8x^5a^4+42042a^2b^{10}x^5+12740x^5b^{12}+4a^{12}x^4+490a^{10}b^2x^4+7644a^8b^4x^4+35035a^6x^4b^6+60060b^8x^4a^4+42042a^2b^{10}x^4+12740x^4b^{12}+4a^{12}x^3+490a^{10}b^2x^3+7644a^8b^4x^3+35035a^6x^3b^6+60060b^8x^3a^4+42042a^2b^{10}x^3+12740x^3b^{12}+4a^{12}x^2+490a^{10}b^2x^2+7644a^8b^4x^2+35035a^6x^2b^6+60060b^8x^2a^4+42042a^2b^{10}x^2+12740x^2b^{12}+4a^{12}x+490a^{10}b^2x+7644a^8b^4x+35035a^6x^2b^6+60060b^8x^2a^4+42042a^2b^{10}x+12740x^2b^{12}+4a^{12}+490a^{10}b^2+7644a^8b^4+35035a^6x^2b^6+60060b^8x^2a^4+42042a^2b^{10}+12740x^2b^{12}+4a^{12})\ln(x)$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/7*a^{15}/x^7-30/13*a^{14}*b/x^{(13/2)}-35/2*a^{13}*b^2/x^6-910/11*a^{12}*b^3/x^{(11/2)}-273*a^{11}*b^4/x^5-2002/3*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(9/2)}-5005/4*a^9*b^6/x^4-12870/7*a^8*b^7/x^{(7/2)}-2145*a^7*b^8/x^3-2002*a^6*b^9/x^{(5/2)}-3003/2*a^5*b^{10}/x^2-910*a^4*b^{11}/x^{(3/2)}-455*a^3*b^{12}/x-210*a^2*b^{13}/x^{(1/2)}+2*b^{15}*x^{(1/2)}+15*a*b^{14}*ln(x)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{360360 ab^{14}x^7 \log(\sqrt{x}) - 5465460 a^3b^{12}x^6 - 18036018 a^5b^{10}x^5 - 25765740 a^7b^8x^4 - 15030015 a^9b^6x^3 - 3279276 a^{11}b^4x^2 - 210210 a^{13}b^2x - 1716 a^{15} + 8(3003b^{15}x^7 - 315315a^2b^{13}x^6 - 1366365a^4b^{11}x^5 - 3006003a^6b^9x^4 - 2760615a^8b^7x^3 - 1002001a^{10}b^5x^2 - 124215a^{12}b^3x - 3465a^{14}b)\sqrt{x}}{x^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$1/12012*(360360*a*b^{14}*x^7*\log(\text{sqrt}(x)) - 5465460*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 - 18036018*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 - 25765740*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 15030015*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 3279276*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 210210*a^{13}*b^2*x - 1716*a^{15} + 8*(3003*b^{15}*x^7 - 315315*a^2*b^{13}*x^6 - 1366365*a^4*b^{11}*x^5 - 3006003*a^6*b^9*x^4 - 2760615*a^8*b^7*x^3 - 1002001*a^{10}*b^5*x^2 - 124215*a^{12}*b^3*x - 3465*a^{14}*b)*\text{sqrt}(x))/x^7$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{7x^7} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{2x^6} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{x^5} - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{4x^4} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{x^3} - \frac{2002a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{910a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{x} - \frac{210a^2b^{13}}{\sqrt{x}} + 15ab^{14} \log(x) + 2b^{15}\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**8,x)`output `-a**15/(7*x**7) - 30*a**14*b/(13*x**(13/2)) - 35*a**13*b**2/(2*x**6) - 910*a**12*b**3/(11*x**(11/2)) - 273*a**11*b**4/x**5 - 2002*a**10*b**5/(3*x**(9/2)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(4*x**4) - 12870*a**8*b**7/(7*x**(7/2)) - 2145*a**7*b**8/x**3 - 2002*a**6*b**9/x**(5/2) - 3003*a**5*b**10/(2*x**2) - 910*a**4*b**11/x**(3/2) - 455*a**3*b**12/x - 210*a**2*b**13/sqrt(x) + 15*a*b**14*log(x) + 2*b**15*sqrt(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx = 15ab^{14} \log(x) + 2b^{15}\sqrt{x} - \frac{2522520a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 5465460a^3b^{12}x^6 + 10930920a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 18036018a^5b^{10}x^5 + 24048024a^6b^9x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 25765740a^7b^8x^4 + 22084920a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15030015a^9b^6x^3 + 8016008a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3279276a^{11}b^4x^2 + 993720a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 210210a^{13}b^2x + 27720a^{14}b\sqrt{x} + 1716a^{15}}{x^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `15*a*b^14*log(x) + 2*b^15*sqrt(x) - 1/12012*(2522520*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) + 5465460*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 10930920*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 18036018*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 24048024*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) + 25765740*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 22084920*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 15030015*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 8016008*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 3279276*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 993720*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 210210*a^13*b^2*x + 27720*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 1716*a^15)/x^7`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx = 15 ab^{14} \log(|x|) + 2b^{15}\sqrt{x} \\ - \frac{2522520 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 5465460 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 10930920 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 18036018 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 24048024 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 25765740 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 22084920 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15030015 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 8016008 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3279276 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 993720 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 210210 a^{13} b^2 x + 27720 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 1716 a^{15}}{x^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `15*a*b^14*log(abs(x)) + 2*b^15*sqrt(x) - 1/12012*(2522520*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) + 5465460*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 10930920*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 18036018*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 24048024*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) + 25765740*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 22084920*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 15030015*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 8016008*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 3279276*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 993720*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 210210*a^13*b^2*x + 27720*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 1716*a^15)/x^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx = 2b^{15}\sqrt{x} - \frac{a^{15}}{7x^7} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{13x^{13/2}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{x} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{2x^2} \\ - \frac{210a^2b^{13}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{x^3} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{4x^4} - \frac{910a^4b^{11}}{x^{3/2}} \\ - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{x^5} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{2x^6} - \frac{2002a^6b^9}{x^{5/2}} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{7x^{7/2}} \\ - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{3x^{9/2}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{11x^{11/2}} + 30ab^{14} \ln(\sqrt{x})$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^8,x)`

output

$$2*b^{15}*x^{(1/2)} - a^{15}/(7*x^7) - (30*a^{14}*b)/(13*x^{(13/2)}) - (455*a^3*b^{12})/x - (3003*a^5*b^{10})/(2*x^2) - (210*a^2*b^{13})/x^{(1/2)} - (2145*a^7*b^8)/x^3 - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(4*x^4) - (910*a^4*b^{11})/x^{(3/2)} - (273*a^{11}*b^4)/x^5 - (35*a^{13}*b^2)/(2*x^6) - (2002*a^6*b^9)/x^{(5/2)} - (12870*a^8*b^7)/(7*x^{(7/2)}) - (2002*a^{10}*b^5)/(3*x^{(9/2)}) - (910*a^{12}*b^3)/(11*x^{(11/2)}) + 30*a*b^{14}*\log(x^{(1/2)})$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{180180\sqrt{x}\log(x) a b^{14}x^7 - 1716\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 210210\sqrt{x} a^{13}b^2x - 3279276\sqrt{x} a^{11}b^4x^2 - 15030015\sqrt{x} a^9b^6x^3}{12012\sqrt{x}x^7}$$

input

`int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^8,x)`

output

$$(180180*\sqrt{x}*\log(x)*a*b^{14}*x^7 - 1716*\sqrt{x}*a^{15} - 210210*\sqrt{x}*a^{13}*b^2*x - 3279276*\sqrt{x}*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 15030015*\sqrt{x}*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 25765740*\sqrt{x}*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 18036018*\sqrt{x}*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 - 5465460*\sqrt{x}*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 - 27720*a^{14}*b*x - 993720*a^{12}*b^3*x^2 - 8016008*a^{10}*b^5*x^3 - 22084920*a^8*b^7*x^4 - 24048024*a^6*b^9*x^5 - 10930920*a^4*b^{11}*x^6 - 2522520*a^2*b^{13}*x^7 + 24024*b^{15}*x^8)/(12012*\sqrt{x}*x^7)$$

**3.72**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	698
Mathematica [B] (verified)	698
Rubi [A] (verified)	699
Maple [B] (verified)	700
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	700
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	701
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	701
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	702
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	702
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	703

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8ax^8}$$

output `-1/8*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a/x^8`

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs. 2(21) = 42.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-a^{15} - 16a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 120a^{13}b^2x - 560a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 1820a^{11}b^4x^2 - 4368a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 8008a^9b^6x^3 - 11440a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 11440a^7b^8x^4 - 8008a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 4368a^5b^{10}x^5 - 1820a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 560a^3b^{12}x^6 - 120a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 16ab^{14}x^7 - a^{15}}{8ax^8}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^9,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-a^{15} - 16a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 120a^{13}b^2x - 560a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 1820a^{11}b^4x^2 - 4368a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 8008a^9b^6x^3 - 11440a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 12870a^7b^8x^4 - 11440a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 8008a^5b^{10}x^5 - 4368a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 1820a^3b^{12}x^6 - 560a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 120ab^{14}x^7 - 16b^{15}x^{15/2})}{(8x^8)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$$

↓ 796

$$-\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{8ax^8}$$

input

`Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^9,x]`

output

`-1/8*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(a*x^8)`
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796

`Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 23.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{546a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{a^{15}}{8x^8} - \frac{2a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{4x^4} - \frac{546a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{2x^2} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{x^7} - \frac{2b^{15}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{x} - \frac{1430a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{546a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{a^{15}}{8x^8} - \frac{2a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{4x^4} - \frac{546a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{2x^2} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{x^7} - \frac{2b^{15}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{x} - \frac{1430a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(200b^{28}x^{14} + 2940a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 16380a^4b^{24}x^{12} + 18590a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 26026a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 22750a^{10}b^{18}x^9 + 36550a^{12}b^{16}x^8 - 40x^{14})}{40x^9}$
trager	$(-1+x)(a^{14}x^7 + 120a^{12}b^2x^7 + 1820a^{10}b^4x^7 + 8008a^8b^6x^7 + 12870a^6b^8x^7 + 8008b^{10}x^7a^4 + 1820a^2b^{12}x^7 + 120x^7b^{14} + a^{14})$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -546*a^10*b^5/x^(11/2)-1/8*a^15/x^8-2*a^14*b/x^(15/2)-6435/4*a^7*b^8/x^4-546*a^4*b^11/x^(5/2)-455/2*a^3*b^12/x^2-15*a^13*b^2/x^7-2*b^15/x^(1/2)-15*a*b^14/x-1430*a^6*b^9/x^(7/2)-1001*a^9*b^6/x^5-1430*a^8*b^7/x^(9/2)-70*a^2*b^13/x^(3/2)-455/2*a^11*b^4/x^6-1001*a^5*b^10/x^3-70*a^12*b^3/x^(13/2)
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = \frac{120ab^{14}x^7 + 1820a^3b^{12}x^6 + 8008a^5b^{10}x^5 + 12870a^7b^8x^4 + 8008a^9b^6x^3 + 1820a^{11}b^4x^2 + 120a^{13}b^2x + a^{15}}{40x^9}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/8*(120*a*b^14*x^7 + 1820*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 8008*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 12870*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 8008*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 1820*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 120*a^13*b^2*x + a^15 + 16*(b^15*x^7 + 35*a^2*b^13*x^6 + 273*a^4*b^11*x^5 + 715*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 715*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 273*a^10*b^5*x^2 + 35*a^12*b^3*x + a^14*b)*sqrt(x))/x^8
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 197 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.38

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{8x^8} - \frac{2a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{x^7} - \frac{70a^{12}b^3}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{2x^6} - \frac{546a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{1001a^9b^6}{x^5} - \frac{1430a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{4x^4} - \frac{1430a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{1001a^5b^{10}}{x^3} - \frac{546a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{2x^2} - \frac{70a^2b^{13}}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{x} - \frac{2b^{15}}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**9,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(8*x**8) - 2*a**14*b/x**(15/2) - 15*a**13*b**2/x**7 - 70*a**12*b**3/x**(13/2) - 455*a**11*b**4/(2*x**6) - 546*a**10*b**5/x**(11/2) - 1001*a**9*b**6/x**5 - 1430*a**8*b**7/x**(9/2) - 6435*a**7*b**8/(4*x**4) - 1430*a**6*b**9/x**(7/2) - 1001*a**5*b**10/x**3 - 546*a**4*b**11/x**(5/2) - 455*a**3*b**12/(2*x**2) - 70*a**2*b**13/x**(3/2) - 15*a*b**14/x - 2*b**15/sqrt(x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = \frac{16b^{15}x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 120ab^{14}x^7 + 560a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 1820a^3b^{12}x^6 + 4368a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 8008a^5b^{10}x^5 + 11440a^6b^9x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/8*(16*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 120*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 560*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 1820*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 4368*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 8008*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 11440*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 12870*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 11440*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 8008*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 4368*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 1820*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 560*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 120*a^{13}*b^2*x + 16*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + a^{15})/x^8$$

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = \frac{16 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 120 a b^{14} x^7 + 560 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 1820 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 4368 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 8008 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 11440 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/8*(16*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 120*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 560*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 1820*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 4368*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 8008*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 11440*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 12870*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 11440*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 8008*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 4368*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 1820*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 560*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 120*a^{13}*b^2*x + 16*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + a^{15})/x^8$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{15}}{8} + 2 b^{15} x^{15/2} + 15 a^{13} b^2 x + 2 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 15 a b^{14} x^7 + \frac{455 a^{11} b^4 x^2}{2} + 1001 a^9 b^6 x^3 + \frac{6435 a^7 b^8 x^4}{4} + 100}{x^8}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^9,x)`

output 
$$-(a^{15/8} + 2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 15*a^{13}*b^2*x + 2*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)} + 15*a*b^{14}*x^7 + (455*a^{11}*b^4*x^2)/2 + 1001*a^9*b^6*x^3 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^4)/4 + 1001*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 70*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^6)/2 + 546*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 1430*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 1430*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 546*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 70*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)})/x^8$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 120\sqrt{x} a^{13} b^2 x - 1820\sqrt{x} a^{11} b^4 x^2 - 8008\sqrt{x} a^9 b^6 x^3 - 12870\sqrt{x} a^7 b^8 x^4 - 8008\sqrt{x} a^5 b^{10} x^5 - 12870\sqrt{x} a^3 b^{12} x^6 - 120\sqrt{x} a b^{14} x^7 - 16a^{14} b^2 x - 560a^{12} b^4 x^2 - 4368a^{10} b^6 x^3 - 11440a^8 b^8 x^4 - 11440a^6 b^{10} x^5 - 4368a^4 b^{12} x^6 - 560a^2 b^{14} x^7 - 16b^{15} x^8}{(8\sqrt{x} x^8)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^9,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(-\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 120\sqrt{x} a^{13} b^2 x - 1820\sqrt{x} a^{11} b^4 x^2 - 8008\sqrt{x} a^9 b^6 x^3 - 12870\sqrt{x} a^7 b^8 x^4 - 8008\sqrt{x} a^5 b^{10} x^5 - 12870\sqrt{x} a^3 b^{12} x^6 - 120\sqrt{x} a b^{14} x^7 - 16a^{14} b^2 x - 560a^{12} b^4 x^2 - 4368a^{10} b^6 x^3 - 11440a^8 b^8 x^4 - 11440a^6 b^{10} x^5 - 4368a^4 b^{12} x^6 - 560a^2 b^{14} x^7 - 16b^{15} x^8)}{(8\sqrt{x} x^8)}$$

**3.73**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	704
Mathematica [B] (verified)	704
Rubi [A] (verified)	705
Maple [B] (verified)	707
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Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	708
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Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	709
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	709
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{9ax^9} + \frac{2b(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{153a^2x^{17/2}} - \frac{b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{1224a^3x^8}$$

output `-1/9*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a/x^9+2/153*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^2/x^(17/2)-1/1224*b^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^3/x^8`

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 185 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-136a^{15} - 2160a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 16065a^{13}b^2x - 74256a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 238680a^{11}b^4x^2 - 565488a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 1021020a^9b^6x^3 - 181440a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 15120a^7b^8x^4 - 840a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 280a^5b^{10}x^5 - 70a^4b^{11}x^{7/2} - 14a^3b^{12}x^4 - 2a^2b^{13}x^{5/2} - ab^{14}x^3}{1224a^3x^8}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^10,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-136*a^{15} - 2160*a^{14}*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 16065*a^{13}*b^2*x - 74256*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} \\ & - 238680*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 565488*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} - 1021020*a^9*b^6*x^3 - \\ & 1432080*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} - 1575288*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 1361360*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} - \\ & 918918*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 - 477360*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} - 185640*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 - 51 \\ & 408*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} - 9180*a*b^{14}*x^7 - 816*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/(1224*x^9) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{19/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} d\sqrt{x}}{9a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{18ax^9} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{17a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{18ax^9} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{b \left( \frac{b(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{272a^2x^8} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{18ax^9} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^10,x]`

output `2*(-1/9*(b*(-1/17*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(a*x^(17/2)) + (b*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/(272*a^2*x^8)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(18*a*x^9)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 23.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2b^{15}}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{a^{15}}{9x^9} - \frac{1170a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{3x^3} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{6x^6} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{462a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{2x^2} - \frac{182a^{12}b^3}{3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{2b^{15}}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{a^{15}}{9x^9} - \frac{1170a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{3x^3} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{6x^6} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{462a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{2x^2} - \frac{182a^{12}b^3}{3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(5508b^{28}x^{14} - 15708a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 155142a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 473382a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 1209754a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 2257770a^{10}b^{18}x^9 + 3216213a^{12}b^{16}x^8 - 2257770a^{14}b^{14}x^7 + 10920a^{16}b^{12}x^6 - 2257770a^{18}b^{10}x^5 + 10920a^{20}b^8x^4 - 2257770a^{22}b^6x^3 + 10920a^{24}b^4x^2 - 2257770a^{26}b^2x + 10920a^{28})}{(1+x)}$
trager	$-\frac{(5508b^{28}x^{14} - 15708a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 155142a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 473382a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 1209754a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 2257770a^{10}b^{18}x^9 + 3216213a^{12}b^{16}x^8 - 2257770a^{14}b^{14}x^7 + 10920a^{16}b^{12}x^6 - 2257770a^{18}b^{10}x^5 + 10920a^{20}b^8x^4 - 2257770a^{22}b^6x^3 + 10920a^{24}b^4x^2 - 2257770a^{26}b^2x + 10920a^{28})}{(1+x)}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/3*b^15/x^(3/2)-1/9*a^15/x^9-1170*a^8*b^7/x^(11/2)-455/3*a^3*b^12/x^3-50
05/6*a^9*b^6/x^6-10010/9*a^6*b^9/x^(9/2)-462*a^10*b^5/x^(13/2)-15/2*a*b^14
/x^2-182/3*a^12*b^3/x^(15/2)-3003/4*a^5*b^10/x^4-195*a^11*b^4/x^7-105/8*a^
13*b^2/x^8-390*a^4*b^11/x^(7/2)-30/17*a^14*b/x^(17/2)-42*a^2*b^13/x^(5/2)-
1287*a^7*b^8/x^5
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 168 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{9180 ab^{14}x^7 + 185640 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 918918 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 1575288 a^7b^8x^4 + 1021020 a^9b^6x^3 + 238680 a^{11}b^4x^2 + 238680 a^{13}b^2x + 238680 a^{15}}{10}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
-1/1224*(9180*a*b^14*x^7 + 185640*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 918918*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 157
5288*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 1021020*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 238680*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 16065*a^13*
b^2*x + 136*a^15 + 16*(51*b^15*x^7 + 3213*a^2*b^13*x^6 + 29835*a^4*b^11*x^
5 + 85085*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 89505*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 35343*a^10*b^5*x^2 + 4641*a^12
*b^3*x + 135*a^14*b)*sqrt(x))/x^9
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs.  $2(61) = 122$ .

Time = 1.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{9x^9} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{8x^8} - \frac{182a^{12}b^3}{3x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{195a^{11}b^4}{x^7} - \frac{462a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{6x^6} - \frac{1170a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{1287a^7b^8}{x^5} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{4x^4} - \frac{390a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{3x^3} - \frac{42a^2b^{13}}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{2x^2} - \frac{2b^{15}}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**10,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(9*x**9) - 30*a**14*b/(17*x**(17/2)) - 105*a**13*b**2/(8*x**8) - 18
2*a**12*b**3/(3*x**(15/2)) - 195*a**11*b**4/x**7 - 462*a**10*b**5/x**(13/2)
) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(6*x**6) - 1170*a**8*b**7/x**(11/2) - 1287*a**7*b**8/x*
*5 - 10010*a**6*b**9/(9*x**(9/2)) - 3003*a**5*b**10/(4*x**4) - 390*a**4*b*
*11/x**(7/2) - 455*a**3*b**12/(3*x**3) - 42*a**2*b**13/x**(5/2) - 15*a*b**
14/(2*x**2) - 2*b**15/(3*x**(3/2))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{816b^{15}x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 9180ab^{14}x^7 + 51408a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 185640a^3b^{12}x^6 + 477360a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 918918a^5b^{10}x^5 + 13$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/1224*(816*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 9180*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 51408*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 1 \\ & 85640*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 477360*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 918918*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 1361 \\ & 360*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 1575288*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 1432080*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 1021 \\ & 020*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 565488*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 238680*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 74256*a^{12} \\ & *b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 16065*a^{13}*b^2*x + 2160*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 136*a^{15})/x^9 \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{816 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 9180 a b^{14} x^7 + 51408 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 185640 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 477360 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 918918 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 1361360 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 1575288 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 1432080 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1021020 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 565488 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 238680 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 74256 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 16065 a^{13} b^2 x + 2160 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 136 a^{15}}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/1224*(816*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 9180*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 51408*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 1 \\ & 85640*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 477360*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 918918*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 1361 \\ & 360*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 1575288*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 1432080*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 1021 \\ & 020*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 565488*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 238680*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 74256*a^{12} \\ & *b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 16065*a^{13}*b^2*x + 2160*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 136*a^{15})/x^9 \end{aligned}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{9} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{15/2}}{3} + \frac{105a^{13}b^2x}{8} + \frac{30a^{14}b\sqrt{x}}{17} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^7}{2} + 195a^{11}b^4x^2 + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{6} + 1287a^7b^8x^4 + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^5}{4} + \frac{136a^{15}}{x^9}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^10,x)`

output 
$$-(a^{15}/9 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/3 + (105*a^{13}*b^2*x)/8 + (30*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/17 + (15*a*b^{14}*x^7)/2 + 195*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^3)/6 + 1287*a^7*b^8*x^4 + (3003*a^5*b^{10}*x^5)/4 + (182*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/3 + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^6)/3 + 462*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 1170*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + (10010*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/9 + 390*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 42*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)})/x^9$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-136\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 16065\sqrt{x} a^{13} b^2 x - 238680\sqrt{x} a^{11} b^4 x^2 - 1021020\sqrt{x} a^9 b^6 x^3 - 1575288\sqrt{x} a^7 b^8 x^4 - 918918\sqrt{x} a^5 b^{10} x^5 - 185640\sqrt{x} a^3 b^{12} x^6 - 9180\sqrt{x} a b^{14} x^7 - 2160 a^{14} b x - 74256 a^{12} b^3 x^2 - 565488 a^{10} b^5 x^3 - 1432080 a^8 b^7 x^4 - 1361360 a^6 b^9 x^5 - 477360 a^4 b^{11} x^6 - 51408 a^2 b^{13} x^7 - 816 b^{15} x^8}{(1224\sqrt{x} x^9)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^10,x)`

output 
$$(-136*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{15} - 16065*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{13}*b^{**2}*x - 238680*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{11}*b^{**4}*x^{**2} - 1021020*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{**9}*b^{**6}*x^{**3} - 1575288*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{**7}*b^{**8}*x^{**4} - 918918*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{**5}*b^{**10}*x^{**5} - 185640*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{**3}*b^{**12}*x^{**6} - 9180*\text{sqrt}(x)*a*b^{**14}*x^{**7} - 2160*a^{14}*b*x - 74256*a^{12}*b^{**3}*x^{**2} - 565488*a^{10}*b^{**5}*x^{**3} - 1432080*a^{**8}*b^{**7}*x^{**4} - 1361360*a^{**6}*b^{**9}*x^{**5} - 477360*a^{**4}*b^{**11}*x^{**6} - 51408*a^{**2}*b^{**13}*x^{**7} - 816*b^{**15}*x^{**8})/(1224*\text{sqrt}(x)*x^{**9})$$

### 3.74 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	711
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	711
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	712
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{10ax^{10}} + \frac{2b(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{95a^2x^{19/2}} - \frac{b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{285a^3x^9} + \frac{2b^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{4845a^4x^{17/2}} - \frac{b^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{38760a^5x^8}$$

output

```
-1/10*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a/x^10+2/95*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^2/x^(19/2)-1/285*b^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^3/x^9+2/4845*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^4/x^(17/2)-1/38760*b^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^5/x^8
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-3876a^{15} - 61200a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 452200a^{13}b^2x - 2074800a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 6613425a^{11}b^4x^2 - 15519504a^{10}b^5x^{5/2}}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^11,x]
```

output

```
(-3876*a^15 - 61200*a^14*b*Sqrt[x] - 452200*a^13*b^2*x - 2074800*a^12*b^3*
x^(3/2) - 6613425*a^11*b^4*x^2 - 15519504*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) - 27713400*a^9*
b^6*x^3 - 38372400*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) - 41570100*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 35271600*a^6*b
^9*x^(9/2) - 23279256*a^5*b^10*x^5 - 11757200*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) - 4408950*
a^3*b^12*x^6 - 1162800*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) - 193800*a*b^14*x^7 - 15504*b^15*
x^(15/2))/(38760*x^10)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{21/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} d\sqrt{x}}{5a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{19/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{19a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{b \left( -\frac{3b \left( \frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{18ax^9} \right)}{19a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \right)$$

55

$$2 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17/2}} dx - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{18ax^9} \right)}{19a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \right)$$

48

$$2 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{272a^2x^8} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/2}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{18ax^9} \right)}{19a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^11,x]`

output `2*(-1/5*(b*((-3*b*(-1/9*(b*(-1/17*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(a*x^(17/2)) + (b*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/(272*a^2*x^8)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(18*a*x^9))/(19*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(19*a*x^(19/2)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(20*a*x^10))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{5x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{2x^6} - \frac{990a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{5x^5} - \frac{5ab^{14}}{x^3} - \frac{910a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{910a^4b^{11}}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{30a^2b^{13}}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{715a^9b^6}{x^7}$
default	$-\frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{5x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{2x^6} - \frac{990a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{5x^5} - \frac{5ab^{14}}{x^3} - \frac{910a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{910a^4b^{11}}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{30a^2b^{13}}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{715a^9b^6}{x^7}$
orering	$-(503880b^{28}x^{14} - 3924450a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 20986602a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 72600710a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 180495630a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 334639305a^{10}b^{18}x^9 + 503880b^{28}x^{14} - 3924450a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 20986602a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 72600710a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 180495630a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 334639305a^{10}b^{18}x^9 + \dots)$
trager	$(-1+x)(12a^{14}x^9 + 1400a^{12}b^2x^9 + 20475a^{10}b^4x^9 + 85800a^8b^6x^9 + 128700a^6b^8x^9 + 72072a^4b^{10}x^9 + 13650a^2b^{12}x^9 + 600b^{14}x^9)$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -2002/5*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(15/2)} - 2145/2*a^7*b^8/x^6 - 990*a^8*b^7/x^{(13/2)} - 3003/5*a \\ & ^5*b^{10}/x^5 - 5*a*b^{14}/x^3 - 910*a^6*b^9/x^{(11/2)} - 910/3*a^4*b^{11}/x^{(9/2)} - 30*a^2*b^{13}/x^{(7/2)} - 715*a^9*b^6/x^7 \\ & - 910/17*a^{12}*b^3/x^{(17/2)} - 30/19*a^{14}*b/x^{(19/2)} - 455/4*a^3*b^{12}/x^4 - 35/3*a^{13}*b^2/x^9 - 2/5*b^{15}/x^{(5/2)} - 1/10*a^{15}/x^{10} - \\ & 365/8*a^{11}*b^4/x^8 \end{aligned}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{193800 ab^{14}x^7 + 4408950 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 23279256 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 41570100 a^7b^8x^4 + 27713400 a^9b^6x^3 + 6613420 a^{11}b^4x^2 + 1122210 a^{13}b^2x + 1122210 a^{15}}{x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
-1/38760*(193800*a*b^14*x^7 + 4408950*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 23279256*a^5*b^10*x^5
+ 41570100*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 27713400*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 6613425*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 45
2200*a^13*b^2*x + 3876*a^15 + 16*(969*b^15*x^7 + 72675*a^2*b^13*x^6 + 7348
25*a^4*b^11*x^5 + 2204475*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 2398275*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 969969*a^10*
b^5*x^2 + 129675*a^12*b^3*x + 3825*a^14*b)*sqrt(x))/x^10
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{3x^9} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{8x^8} \\ - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{5x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{715a^9b^6}{x^7} - \frac{990a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{2x^6} - \frac{910a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{11}{2}}} \\ - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{5x^5} - \frac{910a^4b^{11}}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{4x^4} - \frac{30a^2b^{13}}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^{14}}{x^3} - \frac{2b^{15}}{5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**11,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(10*x**10) - 30*a**14*b/(19*x**(19/2)) - 35*a**13*b**2/(3*x**9) - 9
10*a**12*b**3/(17*x**(17/2)) - 1365*a**11*b**4/(8*x**8) - 2002*a**10*b**5/
(5*x**(15/2)) - 715*a**9*b**6/x**7 - 990*a**8*b**7/x**(13/2) - 2145*a**7*b
**8/(2*x**6) - 910*a**6*b**9/x**(11/2) - 3003*a**5*b**10/(5*x**5) - 910*a
**4*b**11/(3*x**(9/2)) - 455*a**3*b**12/(4*x**4) - 30*a**2*b**13/x**(7/2) -
5*a*b**14/x**3 - 2*b**15/(5*x**(5/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{15504b^{15}x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 193800ab^{14}x^7 + 1162800a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 4408950a^3b^{12}x^6 + 11757200a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 23279256a^5b^{10}x^5 + 41570100a^7b^8x^4 + 27713400a^9b^6x^3 + 6613425a^{11}b^4x^2 + 452200a^{13}b^2x + 3876a^{15}}{10x^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$-1/38760*(15504*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 193800*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 1162800*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 4408950*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 11757200*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 23279256*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 35271600*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 41570100*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 38372400*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 27713400*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 15519504*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 6613425*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 2074800*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 452200*a^{13}*b^2*x + 61200*a^{14}*b*\sqrt{x} + 3876*a^{15})/x^{10}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{15504 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 193800 a b^{14} x^7 + 1162800 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 4408950 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 11757200 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 23279256 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 35271600 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 41570100 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 38372400 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 27713400 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 15519504 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 6613425 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 2074800 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 452200 a^{13} b^2 x + 61200 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 3876 a^{15}}{x^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/38760*(15504*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 193800*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 1162800*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 4408950*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 11757200*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 23279256*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 35271600*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 41570100*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 38372400*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 27713400*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 15519504*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 6613425*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 2074800*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 452200*a^{13}*b^2*x + 61200*a^{14}*b*\sqrt{x} + 3876*a^{15})/x^{10}$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{a^{15}}{10} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{15/2}}{5} + \frac{35a^{13}b^2x}{3} + \frac{30a^{14}b\sqrt{x}}{19} + 5ab^{14}x^7 + \frac{1365a^{11}b^4x^2}{8} + 715a^9b^6x^3 + \frac{2145a^7b^8x^4}{2} + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^5}{5}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^11,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -(a^{15/10} + (2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)}))/5 + (35*a^{13}*b^2*x)/3 + (30*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/ \\
& 19 + 5*a*b^{14}*x^7 + (1365*a^{11}*b^4*x^2)/8 + 715*a^9*b^6*x^3 + (2145*a^7*b^ \\
& 8*x^4)/2 + (3003*a^5*b^{10}*x^5)/5 + (910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/17 + (455*a^3*b^ \\
& 12*x^6)/4 + (2002*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/5 + 990*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 910*a^6*b^9* \\
& x^{(9/2)} + (910*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)})/3 + 30*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)}/x^{10}
\end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx \\
& = \frac{-3876\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 452200\sqrt{x} a^{13} b^2 x - 6613425\sqrt{x} a^{11} b^4 x^2 - 27713400\sqrt{x} a^9 b^6 x^3 - 41570100\sqrt{x} a^7 b^8 x^4 - \dots}{\dots}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^11,x)
```

output

```
( - 3876*sqrt(x)*a**15 - 452200*sqrt(x)*a**13*b**2*x - 6613425*sqrt(x)*a**
11*b**4*x**2 - 27713400*sqrt(x)*a**9*b**6*x**3 - 41570100*sqrt(x)*a**7*b**
8*x**4 - 23279256*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**10*x**5 - 4408950*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**12*x**
6 - 193800*sqrt(x)*a*b**14*x**7 - 61200*a**14*b*x - 2074800*a**12*b**3*x**
2 - 15519504*a**10*b**5*x**3 - 38372400*a**8*b**7*x**4 - 35271600*a**6*b**
9*x**5 - 11757200*a**4*b**11*x**6 - 1162800*a**2*b**13*x**7 - 15504*b**15*
x**8)/(38760*sqrt(x)*x**10)
```

**3.75**       $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx$

Optimal result	719
Mathematica [A] (verified)	720
Rubi [A] (verified)	720
Maple [A] (verified)	727
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	727
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	728
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	728
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	729
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	729
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	730

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 170

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{11ax^{11}} + \frac{2b(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{77a^2x^{21/2}} - \frac{b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{154a^3x^{10}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{1463a^4x^{19/2}} - \frac{b^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{4389a^5x^9}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{74613a^6x^{17/2}} - \frac{b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{596904a^7x^8}$$

output

```
-1/11*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a/x^11+2/77*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^2/x^(21/2)-1/154*b
^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^3/x^10+2/1463*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^4/x^(19/2)-1/43
89*b^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^5/x^9+2/74613*b^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^6/x^(17/2)-
1/596904*b^6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^7/x^8
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-54264a^{15} - 852720a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 6267492a^{13}b^2x - 28588560a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 90530440a^{11}b^4x^2 - 210882672a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 373438065a^9b^6x^3 - 512143632a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 548725320a^7b^8x^4 - 459616080a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 298750452a^5b^{10}x^5 - 148140720a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 54318264a^3b^{12}x^6 - 13927760a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 2238390ab^{14}x^7 - 170544b^{15}x^{15/2}}{(596904x^{11})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^12,x]`

output  $(-54264a^{15} - 852720a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 6267492a^{13}b^2x - 28588560a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 90530440a^{11}b^4x^2 - 210882672a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 373438065a^9b^6x^3 - 512143632a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 548725320a^7b^8x^4 - 459616080a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 298750452a^5b^{10}x^5 - 148140720a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 54318264a^3b^{12}x^6 - 13927760a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 2238390ab^{14}x^7 - 170544b^{15}x^{15/2})/(596904x^{11})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.533$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{23/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} d\sqrt{x}}{11a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 55 \\
 2 \left( \frac{3b \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{21/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{21a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 2 \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{5b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} d\sqrt{x}}{5a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \right)}{21a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 2 \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{5b \left( b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{19/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{19a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}} \right)}{5a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \right)}{21a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 55
 \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 3b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^9} d\sqrt{x}}{9a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{18ax^9} \right) \\
 b - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 5b - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 3b - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 2 - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}}
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \begin{aligned} & \left( \begin{aligned} & \left( \begin{aligned} & b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17/2}} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/2}} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{18ax^9} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}} \end{aligned} \right) \\
 & \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \\
 & \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}} \\
 & \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{22/2}}
 \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}$$



↓ 48



input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^12,x]`

output `2*((-3*b*((-5*b*(-1/5*(b*((-3*b*(-1/9*(b*(-1/17*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(a*x^(17/2)) + (b*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/(272*a^2*x^8)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(18*a*x^9)))/(19*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(19*a*x^(19/2)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(20*a*x^10))/(21*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(21*a*x^(21/2)))/(11*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(22*a*x^11))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 23.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{858a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{770a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{3x^9} - \frac{2b^{15}}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{1001a^5b^{10}}{2x^6} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{8x^8} - \frac{70a^2b^{13}}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
default	$-\frac{858a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{770a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{3x^9} - \frac{2b^{15}}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{1001a^5b^{10}}{2x^6} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{8x^8} - \frac{70a^2b^{13}}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$
orering	$-\frac{(1812030b^{28}x^{14} - 17956862a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 96702970a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 339728170a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 848722875a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 1575629055a^{10}b^{18}x^9 + 1275629055a^{12}b^{16}x^8 - 848722875a^{14}b^{14}x^7 + 339728170a^{16}b^{12}x^6 - 96702970a^{18}b^{10}x^5 + 17956862a^{20}b^8x^4 - 1812030a^{22}b^6x^3 + 1812030a^{24}b^4x^2 - 1812030a^{26}b^2x + 1812030a^{28})}{(1+x)}$
trager	$-\frac{(1812030b^{28}x^{14} - 17956862a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 96702970a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 339728170a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 848722875a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 1575629055a^{10}b^{18}x^9 + 1275629055a^{12}b^{16}x^8 - 848722875a^{14}b^{14}x^7 + 339728170a^{16}b^{12}x^6 - 96702970a^{18}b^{10}x^5 + 17956862a^{20}b^8x^4 - 1812030a^{22}b^6x^3 + 1812030a^{24}b^4x^2 - 1812030a^{26}b^2x + 1812030a^{28})}{(1+x)}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-858*a^8*b^7/x^(15/2)-910/19*a^12*b^3/x^(19/2)-770*a^6*b^9/x^(13/2)-455/3*a^11*b^4/x^9-2/7*b^15/x^(7/2)-6006/17*a^10*b^5/x^(17/2)-1001/2*a^5*b^10/x^6-5005/8*a^9*b^6/x^8-70/3*a^2*b^13/x^(9/2)-1/11*a^15/x^11-21/2*a^13*b^2/x^10-10/7*a^14*b/x^(21/2)-2730/11*a^4*b^11/x^(11/2)-6435/7*a^7*b^8/x^7-15/4*a*b^14/x^4-91*a^3*b^12/x^5$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{2238390 ab^{14}x^7 + 54318264 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 298750452 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 548725320 a^7b^8x^4 + 373438065 a^9b^6x^3 + 912030 a^{11}b^4x^2 + 1812030 a^{13}b^2x + 1812030 a^{15}}{(1+x)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/596904*(2238390*a*b^14*x^7 + 54318264*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 298750452*a^5*b^10
*x^5 + 548725320*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 373438065*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 90530440*a^11*b^4*x
^2 + 6267492*a^13*b^2*x + 54264*a^15 + 16*(10659*b^15*x^7 + 870485*a^2*b^1
3*x^6 + 9258795*a^4*b^11*x^5 + 28726005*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 32008977*a^8*b^7*x^3
+ 13180167*a^10*b^5*x^2 + 1786785*a^12*b^3*x + 53295*a^14*b)*sqrt(x))/x^1
1
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{11x^{11}} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{7x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{21a^{13}b^2}{2x^{10}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{3x^9} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{8x^8} - \frac{858a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{7x^7} - \frac{770a^6b^9}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{1001a^5b^{10}}{2x^6} - \frac{2730a^4b^{11}}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{91a^3b^{12}}{x^5} - \frac{70a^2b^{13}}{3x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{4x^4} - \frac{2b^{15}}{7x^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**12,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(11*x**11) - 10*a**14*b/(7*x**(21/2)) - 21*a**13*b**2/(2*x**10) - 9
10*a**12*b**3/(19*x**(19/2)) - 455*a**11*b**4/(3*x**9) - 6006*a**10*b**5/(
17*x**(17/2)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(8*x**8) - 858*a**8*b**7/x**(15/2) - 6435*a
**7*b**8/(7*x**7) - 770*a**6*b**9/x**(13/2) - 1001*a**5*b**10/(2*x**6) - 2
730*a**4*b**11/(11*x**(11/2)) - 91*a**3*b**12/x**5 - 70*a**2*b**13/(3*x**
(9/2)) - 15*a*b**14/(4*x**4) - 2*b**15/(7*x**(7/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{170544 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 2238390 ab^{14} x^7 + 13927760 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 54318264 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 148140720 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 298750452 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 548725320 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 373438065 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 90530440 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 6267492 a^{13} b^2 x + 54264 a^{15} + 16(10659 b^{15} x^7 + 870485 a^2 b^{13} x^6 + 9258795 a^4 b^{11} x^5 + 28726005 a^6 b^9 x^4 + 32008977 a^8 b^7 x^3 + 13180167 a^{10} b^5 x^2 + 1786785 a^{12} b^3 x + 53295 a^{14} b) \sqrt{x}}{x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/596904*(170544*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 2238390*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 13927760*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 54318264*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 148140720*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 298750452*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 459616080*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 548725320*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 512143632*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 373438065*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 210882672*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 90530440*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 28588560*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 6267492*a^{13}*b^2*x + 852720*a^{14}*b*\sqrt{x} + 54264*a^{15})/x^{11}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{170544 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 2238390 a b^{14} x^7 + 13927760 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 54318264 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 148140720 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 298750452 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 459616080 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 548725320 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 512143632 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 373438065 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 210882672 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 90530440 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 28588560 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6267492 a^{13} b^2 x + 852720 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 54264 a^{15}}{x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/596904*(170544*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 2238390*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 13927760*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 54318264*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 148140720*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 298750452*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 459616080*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 548725320*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 512143632*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 373438065*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 210882672*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 90530440*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 28588560*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 6267492*a^{13}*b^2*x + 852720*a^{14}*b*\sqrt{x} + 54264*a^{15})/x^{11}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{11} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{15/2}}{7} + \frac{21a^{13}b^2x}{2} + \frac{10a^{14}b\sqrt{x}}{7} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^7}{4} + \frac{455a^{11}b^4x^2}{3} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{8} + \frac{6435a^7b^8x^4}{7} + \frac{1001a^5b^{10}x^5}{2} + \frac{1001a^3b^{12}x^6}{7} + \frac{1001a^2b^{13}x^{13/2}}{11} + \frac{1001ab^{14}x^7}{7} + \frac{1001a^{15}}{11}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^12,x)`

output 
$$-(a^{15}/11 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/7 + (21*a^{13}*b^2*x)/2 + (10*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/7 + (15*a*b^{14}*x^7)/4 + (455*a^{11}*b^4*x^2)/3 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^3)/8 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^4)/7 + (1001*a^5*b^{10}*x^5)/2 + (910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/19 + 91*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + (6006*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/17 + 858*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 770*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + (2730*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)})/11 + (70*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)})/3)/x^{11}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-54264\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 6267492\sqrt{x} a^{13}b^2x - 90530440\sqrt{x} a^{11}b^4x^2 - 373438065\sqrt{x} a^9b^6x^3 - 548725320\sqrt{x} a^7b^8x^4 - 298750452\sqrt{x} a^5b^{10}x^5 - 54318264\sqrt{x} a^3b^{12}x^6 - 2238390\sqrt{x} a^2b^{14}x^7 - 852720a^{14}b^2x - 28588560a^{12}b^4x^2 - 210882672a^{10}b^6x^3 - 512143632a^8b^8x^4 - 459616080a^6b^10x^5 - 148140720a^4b^{12}x^6 - 13927760a^2b^{14}x^7 - 170544b^{15}x^8}{(596904\sqrt{x})x^{11}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^12,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(-54264*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{15} - 6267492*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{13}*b^2*x - 90530440*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 373438065*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 548725320*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 298750452*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 - 54318264*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 - 2238390*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^2*b^{14}*x^7 - 852720*a^{14}*b^2*x - 28588560*a^{12}*b^4*x^2 - 210882672*a^{10}*b^6*x^3 - 512143632*a^8*b^8*x^4 - 459616080*a^6*b^{10}*x^5 - 148140720*a^4*b^{12}*x^6 - 13927760*a^2*b^{14}*x^7 - 170544*b^{15}*x^8)/(596904*\text{sqrt}(x)*x^{11})$$

### 3.76 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx$

Optimal result	731
Mathematica [A] (verified)	732
Rubi [A] (verified)	732
Maple [A] (verified)	743
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	743
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	744
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	744
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	745
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	745
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	746

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{12ax^{12}} + \frac{2b(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{69a^2x^{23/2}} - \frac{7b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{759a^3x^{11}} + \frac{2b^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{759a^4x^{21/2}} - \frac{b^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{1518a^5x^{10}} + \frac{2b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{14421a^6x^{19/2}} - \frac{b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{43263a^7x^9} + \frac{2b^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{735471a^8x^{17/2}} - \frac{b^8(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{5883768a^9x^8}$$

output

```
-1/12*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a/x^12+2/69*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^2/x^(23/2)-7/759*b^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^3/x^11+2/759*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^4/x^(21/2)-1/1518*b^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^5/x^10+2/14421*b^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^6/x^(19/2)-1/43263*b^6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^7/x^9+2/735471*b^7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^8/x^(17/2)-1/5883768*b^8*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^9/x^8
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-490314a^{15} - 7674480a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 56163240a^{13}b^2x - 254963280a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 803134332a^{11}b^4x^2 - 1859890032a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 3272028760a^9b^6x^3 - 4454358480a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 4732755885a^7b^8x^4 - 3926434512a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 2524136472a^5b^{10}x^5 - 1235591280a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 446185740a^3b^{12}x^6 - 112326480a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 17651304ab^{14}x^7 - 1307504b^{15}x^{15/2}}{(5883768x^{12})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^13,x]`

output  $(-490314a^{15} - 7674480a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 56163240a^{13}b^2x - 254963280a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 803134332a^{11}b^4x^2 - 1859890032a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 3272028760a^9b^6x^3 - 4454358480a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 4732755885a^7b^8x^4 - 3926434512a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 2524136472a^5b^{10}x^5 - 1235591280a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 446185740a^3b^{12}x^6 - 112326480a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 17651304ab^{14}x^7 - 1307504b^{15}x^{15/2})/(5883768x^{12})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 264, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{25/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} d\sqrt{x}}{3a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{12}} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 55 \\
 2 \left( \frac{b \left( -\frac{7b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{23/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/2}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{12}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 2 \left( \frac{b \left( -\frac{7b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} d\sqrt{x}}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right)}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/2}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{12}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 2 \left( \frac{b \left( -\frac{7b \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{21/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{21a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}} \right)}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right)}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/2}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{12}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 55
 \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 5b \left( \frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} d\sqrt{x}}{5a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \right) \\
 - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/2}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{12}}
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{19/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{19a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \left( -\frac{5b}{5a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \right) \\
 & \quad \left( -\frac{3b}{21a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \left( -\frac{7b}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right) \\
 & \quad \left( -\frac{b}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/2}} \right) \\
 & \quad \left( -\frac{2}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{25/2}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 55



↓ 55

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{17a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/2}} \right) \right) \\
 3b & \quad \frac{\quad}{9a} \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{18ax^9} \\
 b & \quad \frac{\quad}{19a} \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}} \\
 5b & \quad \frac{\quad}{5a} \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}} \\
 3b & \quad \frac{\quad}{21a} \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}} \\
 7b & \quad \frac{\quad}{11a} \quad - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}}
 \end{aligned}$$



↓ 48



input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^13,x]`

output `2*(-1/3*(b*((-7*b*((-3*b*((-5*b*(-1/5*(b*((-3*b*(-1/9*(b*(-1/17*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(a*x^(17/2)) + (b*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/(272*a^2*x^8)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(18*a*x^9)))/(19*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(19*a*x^(19/2)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(20*a*x^10)))/(21*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(21*a*x^(21/2)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(22*a*x^11)))/(23*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(23*a*x^(23/2)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(24*a*x^12))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 23.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{30a^{14}b}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{130a^{12}b^3}{3x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{2002a^6b^9}{3x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{2b^{15}}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{9x^9} - \frac{a^{15}}{12x^{12}} - \frac{3ab^{14}}{x^5} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{11x^{11}} - \frac{210a^4b^{11}}{11x^{11}}$
default	$-\frac{30a^{14}b}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{130a^{12}b^3}{3x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{2002a^6b^9}{3x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{2b^{15}}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}} - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{2x^{10}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{9x^9} - \frac{a^{15}}{12x^{12}} - \frac{3ab^{14}}{x^5} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{11x^{11}} - \frac{210a^4b^{11}}{11x^{11}}$
orering	$-\frac{(41186376b^{28}x^{14} - 454506220a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 2529574500a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 9035261235a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 22770783035a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 42470783035a^{10}b^{18}x^9 + 10115151515a^{12}b^{16}x^8 - 17725252525a^{14}b^{14}x^7 + 21030303030a^{16}b^{12}x^6 - 19818181818a^{18}b^{10}x^5 + 14714714714a^{20}b^8x^4 - 9459459459a^{22}b^6x^3 + 44297297297a^{24}b^4x^2 - 17717717717a^{26}b^2x + 11111111111a^{28}b)x^{13}}{(1+x)^{14}}$
trager	$(-1+x)(66a^{14}x^{11} + 7560a^{12}b^2x^{11} + 108108a^{10}b^4x^{11} + 440440a^8b^6x^{11} + 637065a^6b^8x^{11} + 339768a^4b^{10}x^{11} + 60060a^2b^{12}x^{11} + 60060ab^{14}x^{11} + 60060b^{16}x^{11})x^{13}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^13,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -30/23*a^14*b/x^(23/2)-130/3*a^12*b^3/x^(21/2)-2002/3*a^6*b^9/x^(15/2)-2/9*b^15/x^(9/2)-273/2*a^11*b^4/x^10-5005/9*a^9*b^6/x^9-1/12*a^15/x^12-3*a*b^14/x^5-105/11*a^13*b^2/x^11-210*a^4*b^11/x^(13/2)-210/11*a^2*b^13/x^(11/2)-455/6*a^3*b^12/x^6-429*a^5*b^10/x^7-12870/17*a^8*b^7/x^(17/2)-6006/19*a^10*b^5/x^(19/2)-6435/8*a^7*b^8/x^8
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{17651304 ab^{14}x^7 + 446185740 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 2524136472 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 4732755885 a^7b^8x^4 + 3272028760 a^9b^6x^3 + 17717717717 a^{11}b^4x^2 + 10115151515 a^{13}b^2x + 11111111111 a^{15}b}{(1+x)^{14}}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^13,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/5883768*(17651304*a*b^14*x^7 + 446185740*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 2524136472*a^5*
b^10*x^5 + 4732755885*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 3272028760*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 803134332*a^1
1*b^4*x^2 + 56163240*a^13*b^2*x + 490314*a^15 + 16*(81719*b^15*x^7 + 70204
05*a^2*b^13*x^6 + 77224455*a^4*b^11*x^5 + 245402157*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 27839740
5*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 116243127*a^10*b^5*x^2 + 15935205*a^12*b^3*x + 479655*a^14
*b)*sqrt(x))/x^12
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{12x^{12}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{11x^{11}} - \frac{130a^{12}b^3}{3x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{2x^{10}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{9x^9} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{8x^8} - \frac{2002a^6b^9}{3x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{429a^5b^{10}}{x^7} - \frac{210a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{6x^6} - \frac{210a^2b^{13}}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{3ab^{14}}{x^5} - \frac{2b^{15}}{9x^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**13,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(12*x**12) - 30*a**14*b/(23*x**(23/2)) - 105*a**13*b**2/(11*x**11)
- 130*a**12*b**3/(3*x**(21/2)) - 273*a**11*b**4/(2*x**10) - 6006*a**10*b**
5/(19*x**(19/2)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(9*x**9) - 12870*a**8*b**7/(17*x**(17/2)
) - 6435*a**7*b**8/(8*x**8) - 2002*a**6*b**9/(3*x**(15/2)) - 429*a**5*b**1
0/x**7 - 210*a**4*b**11/x**(13/2) - 455*a**3*b**12/(6*x**6) - 210*a**2*b**
13/(11*x**(11/2)) - 3*a*b**14/x**5 - 2*b**15/(9*x**(9/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{1307504 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 17651304 a b^{14} x^7 + 112326480 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 446185740 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 1235591280 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^13,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/5883768*(1307504*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 17651304*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 112326480*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 446185740*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 1235591280*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 2524136472*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 3926434512*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 4732755885*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 4454358480*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 3272028760*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 1859890032*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 803134332*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 254963280*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 56163240*a^{13}*b^2*x + 7674480*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 490314*a^{15})/x^{12}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{1307504 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 17651304 a b^{14} x^7 + 112326480 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 446185740 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 1235591280 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{x^{12}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^13,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/5883768*(1307504*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 17651304*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 112326480*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 446185740*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 1235591280*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 2524136472*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 3926434512*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 4732755885*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 4454358480*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 3272028760*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 1859890032*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 803134332*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 254963280*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 56163240*a^{13}*b^2*x + 7674480*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 490314*a^{15})/x^{12}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{12} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{15/2}}{9} + \frac{105a^{13}b^2x}{11} + \frac{30a^{14}b\sqrt{x}}{23} + 3ab^{14}x^7 + \frac{273a^{11}b^4x^2}{2} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{9} + \frac{6435a^7b^8x^4}{8} + 429a^5b^{10}x$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^13,x)`

output 
$$-(a^{15/12} + (2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/9 + (105*a^{13}*b^2*x)/11 + (30*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/23 + 3*a*b^{14}*x^7 + (273*a^{11}*b^4*x^2)/2 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^3)/9 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^4)/8 + 429*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + (130*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/3 + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^6)/6 + (6006*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/19 + (12870*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)})/17 + (2002*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/3 + 210*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + (210*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)})/11)/x^{12}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-490314\sqrt{x}a^{15} - 56163240\sqrt{x}a^{13}b^2x - 803134332\sqrt{x}a^{11}b^4x^2 - 3272028760\sqrt{x}a^9b^6x^3 - 4732755885\sqrt{x}a^7b^8x^4 - 2524136472\sqrt{x}a^5b^{10}x^5 - 446185740\sqrt{x}a^3b^{12}x^6 - 17651304\sqrt{x}ab^{14}x^7 - 7674480a^{14}bx - 254963280a^{12}b^3x^2 - 1859890032a^{10}b^5x^3 - 4454358480a^8b^7x^4 - 3926434512a^6b^9x^5 - 1235591280a^4b^{11}x^6 - 112326480a^2b^{13}x^7 - 1307504b^{15}x^8}{(5883768\sqrt{x})x^{12}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^13,x)`

output 
$$(-490314*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{15} - 56163240*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{13}*b^2*x - 803134332*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 3272028760*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 4732755885*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 2524136472*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 - 446185740*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 - 17651304*\text{sqrt}(x)*a*b^{14}*x^7 - 7674480*a^{14}*b*x - 254963280*a^{12}*b^3*x^2 - 1859890032*a^{10}*b^5*x^3 - 4454358480*a^8*b^7*x^4 - 3926434512*a^6*b^9*x^5 - 1235591280*a^4*b^{11}*x^6 - 112326480*a^2*b^{13}*x^7 - 1307504*b^{15}*x^8)/(5883768*\text{sqrt}(x)*x^{12})$$

**3.77**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx$

Optimal result	747
Mathematica [A] (verified)	748
Rubi [A] (verified)	748
Maple [A] (verified)	763
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	763
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	764
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	764
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	765
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	765
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	766

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 270

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{13ax^{13}} + \frac{2b(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{65a^2x^{25/2}} - \frac{3b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{260a^3x^{12}} + \frac{6b^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{1495a^4x^{23/2}} - \frac{21b^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16445a^5x^{11}} + \frac{6b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{16445a^6x^{21/2}} - \frac{3b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{32890a^7x^{10}} + \frac{6b^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{312455a^8x^{19/2}} - \frac{b^8(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{312455a^9x^9} + \frac{2b^9(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{5311735a^{10}x^{17/2}} - \frac{b^{10}(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{42493880a^{11}x^8}$$

```
output -1/13*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a/x^13+2/65*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^2/x^(25/2)-3/260*b^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^3/x^12+6/1495*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^4/x^(23/2)-21/16445*b^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^5/x^11+6/16445*b^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^6/x^(21/2)-3/32890*b^6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^7/x^10+6/312455*b^7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^8/x^(19/2)-1/312455*b^8*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^9/x^9+2/5311735*b^9*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^10/x^(17/2)-1/42493880*b^10*(a+b*x^(1/2))^16/a^11/x^8
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3268760a^{15} - 50992656a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 371821450a^{13}b^2x - 1681279600a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 5273104200a^{11}b^4x^2 - 12153249680a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 21268186940a^9b^6x^3 - 28784012400a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 30383124200a^7b^8x^4 - 25021396400a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 15951140205a^5b^{10}x^5 - 7733886160a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 2762102200a^3b^{12}x^6 - 686439600a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 106234700ab^{14}x^7 - 7726160b^{15}x^{15/2}}{(42493880x^{13})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^14,x]`

output  $(-3268760a^{15} - 50992656a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 371821450a^{13}b^2x - 1681279600a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 5273104200a^{11}b^4x^2 - 12153249680a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 21268186940a^9b^6x^3 - 28784012400a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 30383124200a^7b^8x^4 - 25021396400a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 15951140205a^5b^{10}x^5 - 7733886160a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 2762102200a^3b^{12}x^6 - 686439600a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 106234700ab^{14}x^7 - 7726160b^{15}x^{15/2})/(42493880x^{13})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 326, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{27/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{13}} d\sqrt{x}}{13a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{26ax^{13}} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 55 \\
 2 \left( \frac{5b \left( -\frac{9b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{25/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{25a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{25ax^{25/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{26ax^{13}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 2 \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{9b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} d\sqrt{x}}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{12}} \right)}{25a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{25ax^{25/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{26ax^{13}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 2 \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{9b \left( b \left( -\frac{7b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{23/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/2}} \right) \right)}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{12}} \right)}{25a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{25ax^{25/2}} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{26ax^{13}} \right) \\
 \\
 \downarrow 55
 \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 7b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} d\sqrt{x}}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right) \\
 b - \frac{\phantom{7b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} d\sqrt{x}}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right)}}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/2}} \\
 9b - \frac{\phantom{7b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} d\sqrt{x}}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right)}}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{12}} \\
 5b - \frac{\phantom{7b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} d\sqrt{x}}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right)}}{25a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{25ax^{25/2}} \\
 2 - \frac{\phantom{7b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} d\sqrt{x}}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \right)}}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{26ax^{13}}
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \begin{aligned} & \left( \begin{aligned} & \left( \begin{aligned} & \left( \begin{aligned} & 5b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{21/2}} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & 7b - \frac{\quad}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & b - \frac{\quad}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/2}} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & 9b - \frac{\quad}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{24ax^{12}} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & 5b - \frac{\quad}{25a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{25ax^{25/2}} \end{aligned} \right) \\ & 2 - \frac{\quad}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{26ax^{26/2}} \end{aligned}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 55



↓ 55

		$b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{19/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{19a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/2}} \right)$	
	5b	5a	$-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{20ax^{10}}$
	3b	21a	$-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{21ax^{21/2}}$
	7b	11a	$-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{22ax^{11}}$
	b	23a	$-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/2}}$
9b		3a	$-\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{16}}{2}$



↓ 55



↓ 55



↓ 48



input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^14,x]`

output `2*((-5*b*((-9*b*(-1/3*(b*((-7*b*((-3*b*((-5*b*(-1/5*(b*((-3*b*(-1/9*(b*(-1/17*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(a*x^(17/2)) + (b*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^16)/(272*a^2*x^8)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(18*a*x^9)))/(19*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(19*a*x^(19/2)))))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(20*a*x^10)))/(21*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(21*a*x^(21/2)))/(11*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(22*a*x^11)))/(23*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(23*a*x^(23/2)))/a - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(24*a*x^12)))/(25*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(25*a*x^(25/2)))/(13*a) - (a + b*Sqrt[x])^16/(26*a*x^13))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 23.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{12870a^8b^7}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{4x^{12}} - \frac{2b^{15}}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{1001a^9b^6}{2x^{10}} - \frac{715a^7b^8}{x^9} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{11x^{11}} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{65a^{14}b^3}{x^7} - \frac{5}{2}ab^{14}x^{-6} - \frac{910}{23}a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{23}{2}} - \frac{182a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{1}{13}a^{15}x^{-13} - \frac{286a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{210}{13}a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{2}}$
default	$-\frac{12870a^8b^7}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{4x^{12}} - \frac{2b^{15}}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}} - \frac{1001a^9b^6}{2x^{10}} - \frac{715a^7b^8}{x^9} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{11x^{11}} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{65a^{14}b^3}{x^7} - \frac{5}{2}ab^{14}x^{-6} - \frac{910}{23}a^{12}b^3x^{\frac{23}{2}} - \frac{182a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{1}{13}a^{15}x^{-13} - \frac{286a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{210}{13}a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{2}}$
orering	$-\frac{(241442500b^{28}x^{14} - 2828220300a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 16174233075a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 58649365775a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 149144490495a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 349144490495a^{10}b^{18}x^9 + 241442500b^{16}x^8 - 10010a^{12}b^{14}x^7 + 10010a^{10}b^{12}x^6 - 5005a^8b^{10}x^5 + 10010a^6b^8x^4 - 10010a^4b^6x^3 + 10010a^2b^4x^2 - 10010ab^2x - 10010b^0)x^{14}}{10010}$
trager	$(-1+x)(88a^{14}x^{12} + 10010a^{12}b^2x^{12} + 141960a^{10}b^4x^{12} + 572572a^8b^6x^{12} + 817960a^6b^8x^{12} + 429429a^4b^{10}x^{12} + 74360a^2b^{12}x^{12} + 74360ab^{14}x^{12} + 74360b^{16}x^{12})$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^14,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-\frac{12870}{19}a^8b^7/x^{(19/2)} - \frac{3003}{8}a^5b^{10}/x^8 - \frac{35}{4}a^{13}b^2/x^{12} - \frac{2}{11}b^{15}/x^{(11/2)} - \frac{1001}{2}a^9b^6/x^{10} - \frac{715a^7b^8}{x^9} - \frac{1365}{11}a^{11}b^4/x^{11} - \frac{10010}{17}a^6b^9/x^{(17/2)} - \frac{65a^{14}b^3}{x^7} - \frac{5}{2}a^{14}b/x^{(25/2)} - \frac{5}{2}a^6b^{14}/x^6 - \frac{910}{23}a^{12}b^3/x^{(23/2)} - \frac{182a^4b^{11}}{x^{(15/2)}} - \frac{1}{13}a^{15}/x^{13} - \frac{286a^{10}b^5}{x^{(21/2)}} - \frac{210}{13}a^2b^{13}/x^{(13/2)}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{106234700 ab^{14}x^7 + 2762102200 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 15951140205 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 30383124200 a^7b^8x^4 + 21268186940 a^9b^6x^3 + 106234700 a^{11}b^4x^2 + 106234700 a^{13}b^2x + 106234700 b^{15}}{10010}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^14,x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
-1/42493880*(106234700*a*b^14*x^7 + 2762102200*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 15951140205*
a^5*b^10*x^5 + 30383124200*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 21268186940*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 5273104
200*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 371821450*a^13*b^2*x + 3268760*a^15 + 16*(482885*b^15*x
^7 + 42902475*a^2*b^13*x^6 + 483367885*a^4*b^11*x^5 + 1563837275*a^6*b^9*x
^4 + 1799000775*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 759578105*a^10*b^5*x^2 + 105079975*a^12*b^3*
x + 3187041*a^14*b)*sqrt(x))/x^13
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{13x^{13}} - \frac{6a^{14}b}{5x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{35a^{13}b^2}{4x^{12}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{11x^{11}} - \frac{286a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{1001a^9b^6}{2x^{10}} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{715a^7b^8}{x^9} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{182a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{65a^3b^{12}}{x^7} - \frac{210a^2b^{13}}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^{14}}{2x^6} - \frac{2b^{15}}{11x^{\frac{11}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**14,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(13*x**13) - 6*a**14*b/(5*x**(25/2)) - 35*a**13*b**2/(4*x**12) - 91
0*a**12*b**3/(23*x**(23/2)) - 1365*a**11*b**4/(11*x**11) - 286*a**10*b**5/
x**(21/2) - 1001*a**9*b**6/(2*x**10) - 12870*a**8*b**7/(19*x**(19/2)) - 71
5*a**7*b**8/x**9 - 10010*a**6*b**9/(17*x**(17/2)) - 3003*a**5*b**10/(8*x**
8) - 182*a**4*b**11/x**(15/2) - 65*a**3*b**12/x**7 - 210*a**2*b**13/(13*x*
*(13/2)) - 5*a*b**14/(2*x**6) - 2*b**15/(11*x**(11/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{7726160 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 106234700 ab^{14} x^7 + 686439600 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 2762102200 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 7733886160 a^4 b^{11} x^5 + 15951140205 a^5 b^{10} x^4 + 30383124200 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 21268186940 a^7 b^8 x^2 + 5273104200 a^8 b^7 x + 3268760 a^9 b^6 + 16(482885 b^{15} x^7 + 42902475 a^2 b^{13} x^6 + 483367885 a^4 b^{11} x^5 + 1563837275 a^6 b^9 x^4 + 1799000775 a^8 b^7 x^3 + 759578105 a^{10} b^5 x^2 + 105079975 a^{12} b^3 x + 3187041 a^{14} b)}{x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^14,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/42493880*(7726160*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 106234700*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 686439600*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 2762102200*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 7733886160*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 15951140205*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 25021396400*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 30383124200*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 28784012400*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 21268186940*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 12153249680*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 5273104200*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 1681279600*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 371821450*a^{13}*b^2*x + 50992656*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 3268760*a^{15})/x^{13}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{7726160 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 106234700 a b^{14} x^7 + 686439600 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 2762102200 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 7733886160 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + \dots}{x^{13}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^14,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/42493880*(7726160*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 106234700*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 686439600*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 2762102200*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 7733886160*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 15951140205*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 25021396400*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 30383124200*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 28784012400*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 21268186940*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 12153249680*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 5273104200*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 1681279600*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 371821450*a^{13}*b^2*x + 50992656*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 3268760*a^{15})/x^{13}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{15}}{13} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{15/2}}{11} + \frac{35a^{13}b^2x}{4} + \frac{6a^{14}b\sqrt{x}}{5} + \frac{5ab^{14}x^7}{2} + \frac{1365a^{11}b^4x^2}{11} + \frac{1001a^9b^6x^3}{2} + 715a^7b^8x^4 + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}x^5}{8} + \dots}{x^{13}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^14,x)`

output 
$$-(a^{15}/13 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/11 + (35*a^{13}*b^2*x)/4 + (6*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/5 + (5*a*b^{14}*x^7)/2 + (1365*a^{11}*b^4*x^2)/11 + (1001*a^9*b^6*x^3)/2 + 715*a^7*b^8*x^4 + (3003*a^5*b^{10}*x^5)/8 + (910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/23 + 65*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 286*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + (12870*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)})/19 + (10010*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/17 + 182*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + (210*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)})/13)/x^{13}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{14}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3268760\sqrt{x} a^{15} - 371821450\sqrt{x} a^{13} b^2 x - 5273104200\sqrt{x} a^{11} b^4 x^2 - 21268186940\sqrt{x} a^9 b^6 x^3 - 30383124200\sqrt{x} a^7 b^8 x^4 - 15951140205\sqrt{x} a^5 b^{10} x^5 - 2762102200\sqrt{x} a^3 b^{12} x^6 - 106234700\sqrt{x} a b^{14} x^7 - 50992656 a^{14} b^{15} x^8 - 1681279600 a^{12} b^{13} x^9 - 12153249680 a^{10} b^{11} x^{10} - 28784012400 a^8 b^9 x^{11} - 25021396400 a^6 b^7 x^{12} - 7733886160 a^4 b^5 x^{13} - 686439600 a^2 b^3 x^{14} - 7726160 b^{15} x^{15}}{(42493880\sqrt{x} x^{13})}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^14,x)`

output 
$$(-3268760*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{15} - 371821450*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{13}*b^2*x - 5273104200*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 21268186940*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 30383124200*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 15951140205*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 - 2762102200*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 - 106234700*\text{sqrt}(x)*a*b^{14}*x^7 - 50992656*a^{14}*b^{15}*x^8 - 1681279600*a^{12}*b^{13}*x^9 - 12153249680*a^{10}*b^{11}*x^{10} - 28784012400*a^8*b^9*x^{11} - 25021396400*a^6*b^7*x^{12} - 7733886160*a^4*b^5*x^{13} - 686439600*a^2*b^3*x^{14} - 7726160*b^{15}*x^{15})/(42493880*\text{sqrt}(x)*x^{13})$$

**3.78**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx$

Optimal result	767
Mathematica [A] (verified)	768
Rubi [A] (verified)	768
Maple [A] (verified)	770
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{14x^{14}} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{9x^{27/2}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{13x^{13}} - \frac{182a^{12}b^3}{5x^{25/2}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{4x^{12}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{23x^{23/2}} - \frac{455a^9b^6}{x^{11}} - \frac{4290a^8b^7}{7x^{21/2}} - \frac{1287a^7b^8}{2x^{10}} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{19x^{19/2}} - \frac{1001a^5b^{10}}{3x^9} - \frac{2730a^4b^{11}}{17x^{17/2}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{8x^8} - \frac{14a^2b^{13}}{x^{15/2}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{7x^7} - \frac{2b^{15}}{13x^{13/2}}$$

output

```
-1/14*a^15/x^14-10/9*a^14*b/x^(27/2)-105/13*a^13*b^2/x^13-182/5*a^12*b^3/x^(25/2)-455/4*a^11*b^4/x^12-6006/23*a^10*b^5/x^(23/2)-455*a^9*b^6/x^11-4290/7*a^8*b^7/x^(21/2)-1287/2*a^7*b^8/x^10-10010/19*a^6*b^9/x^(19/2)-1001/3*a^5*b^10/x^9-2730/17*a^4*b^11/x^(17/2)-455/8*a^3*b^12/x^8-14*a^2*b^13/x^(15/2)-15/7*a*b^14/x^7-2/13*b^15/x^(13/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-17383860a^{15} - 270415600a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 1965713400a^{13}b^2x - 8858815056a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 27683797050a^{11}b^4x^2$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^15,x]`

output  $(-17383860a^{15} - 270415600a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 1965713400a^{13}b^2x - 8858815056a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 27683797050a^{11}b^4x^2 - 63552368880a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 110735188200a^9b^6x^3 - 149153518800a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 156611194740a^7b^8x^4 - 128219691600a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 81205804680a^5b^{10}x^5 - 39083007600a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 13841898525a^3b^{12}x^6 - 3407236560a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 521515800ab^{14}x^7 - 37442160b^{15}x^{15/2})/(243374040x^{14})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{29/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{29/2}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^{14}} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{27/2}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^{13}} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^{25/2}} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^{12}} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{23/2}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^{11}} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{21/2}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{28x^{14}} - \frac{5a^{14}b}{9x^{27/2}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{26x^{13}} - \frac{91a^{12}b^3}{5x^{25/2}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{8x^{12}} - \frac{3003a^{10}b^5}{23x^{23/2}} - \frac{455a^9b^6}{2x^{11}} - \frac{2145a^8b^7}{7x^{21/2}} - \frac{1287a^7b^8}{4x^{10}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{19x^{19/2}} - \frac{1001a^5b^{10}}{6x^9} - \frac{1365a^4b^{11}}{17x^{17/2}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{16x^8} - \frac{7a^2b^{13}}{x^{15/2}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{14x^7} - \frac{b^{15}}{13x^{13/2}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^15,x]`

output `2*(-1/28*a^15/x^14 - (5*a^14*b)/(9*x^(27/2)) - (105*a^13*b^2)/(26*x^13) - (91*a^12*b^3)/(5*x^(25/2)) - (455*a^11*b^4)/(8*x^12) - (3003*a^10*b^5)/(23*x^(23/2)) - (455*a^9*b^6)/(2*x^11) - (2145*a^8*b^7)/(7*x^(21/2)) - (1287*a^7*b^8)/(4*x^10) - (5005*a^6*b^9)/(19*x^(19/2)) - (1001*a^5*b^10)/(6*x^9) - (1365*a^4*b^11)/(17*x^(17/2)) - (455*a^3*b^12)/(16*x^8) - (7*a^2*b^13)/x^(15/2) - (15*a*b^14)/(14*x^7) - b^15/(13*x^(13/2)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 23.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{14x^{14}} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{9x^{\frac{27}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{13x^{13}} - \frac{182a^{12}b^3}{5x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{4x^{12}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{455a^9b^6}{x^{11}} - \frac{4290a^8b^7}{7x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{1287a^7b^8}{2x^{10}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{14x^{14}} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{9x^{\frac{27}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{13x^{13}} - \frac{182a^{12}b^3}{5x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{4x^{12}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{455a^9b^6}{x^{11}} - \frac{4290a^8b^7}{7x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{1287a^7b^8}{2x^{10}}$
orering	$-\frac{(77558760b^{28}x^{14} - 943074405a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 5505144645a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 20214204465a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 51822798105a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 977...)}{...}$
trager	$(-1+x)(156a^{14}x^{13} + 17640a^{12}b^2x^{13} + 248430a^{10}b^4x^{13} + 993720a^8b^6x^{13} + 140540a^6b^8x^{13} + 728728a^4b^{10}x^{13} + 124215...)$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^15,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-1/14*a^{15}/x^{14}-10/9*a^{14}*b/x^{(27/2)}-105/13*a^{13}*b^2/x^{13}-182/5*a^{12}*b^3/x^{(25/2)}-455/4*a^{11}*b^4/x^{12}-6006/23*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(23/2)}-455*a^9*b^6/x^{11}-4290/7*a^8*b^7/x^{(21/2)}-1287/2*a^7*b^8/x^{10}-10010/19*a^6*b^9/x^{(19/2)}-1001/3*a^5*b^{10}/x^9-2730/17*a^4*b^{11}/x^{(17/2)}-455/8*a^3*b^{12}/x^8-14*a^2*b^{13}/x^{(15/2)}-15/7*a*b^{14}/x^7-2/13*b^{15}/x^{(13/2)}$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{521515800 ab^{14}x^7 + 13841898525 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 81205804680 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 156611194740 a^7b^8x^4 + 11073518...}{...}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^15,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/243374040*(521515800*a*b^14*x^7 + 13841898525*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 8120580468
0*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 156611194740*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 110735188200*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 276
83797050*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 1965713400*a^13*b^2*x + 17383860*a^15 + 16*(234013
5*b^15*x^7 + 212952285*a^2*b^13*x^6 + 2442687975*a^4*b^11*x^5 + 8013730725
*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 9322094925*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 3972023055*a^10*b^5*x^2 + 55367594
1*a^12*b^3*x + 16900975*a^14*b)*sqrt(x))/x^14
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{14x^{14}} - \frac{10a^{14}b}{9x^{\frac{27}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{13x^{13}} - \frac{182a^{12}b^3}{5x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{455a^{11}b^4}{4x^{12}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{455a^9b^6}{x^{11}} - \frac{4290a^8b^7}{7x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{1287a^7b^8}{2x^{10}} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{1001a^5b^{10}}{3x^9} - \frac{2730a^4b^{11}}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{8x^8} - \frac{14a^2b^{13}}{x^{\frac{15}{2}}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{7x^7} - \frac{2b^{15}}{13x^{\frac{13}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**15,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(14*x**14) - 10*a**14*b/(9*x**(27/2)) - 105*a**13*b**2/(13*x**13) -
182*a**12*b**3/(5*x**(25/2)) - 455*a**11*b**4/(4*x**12) - 6006*a**10*b**5
/(23*x**(23/2)) - 455*a**9*b**6/x**11 - 4290*a**8*b**7/(7*x**(21/2)) - 128
7*a**7*b**8/(2*x**10) - 10010*a**6*b**9/(19*x**(19/2)) - 1001*a**5*b**10/(
3*x**9) - 2730*a**4*b**11/(17*x**(17/2)) - 455*a**3*b**12/(8*x**8) - 14*a*
*2*b**13/x**(15/2) - 15*a*b**14/(7*x**7) - 2*b**15/(13*x**(13/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{37442160 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 521515800 ab^{14} x^7 + 3407236560 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 13841898525 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 39083007600 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 8013730725 a^5 b^{10} x^4 + 9322094925 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 3972023055 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 17383860 a^8 b^7 x^2 + 156611194740 a^9 b^6 x + 110735188200 a^{10} b^5 + 156611194740 a^{11} b^4 + 110735188200 a^{12} b^3 + 110735188200 a^{13} b^2 + 110735188200 a^{14} b + 110735188200 a^{15}}{243374040 x^{14}}$$



input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^15,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/243374040*(37442160*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 521515800*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 3407236560*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 13841898525*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 39083007600*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 81205804680*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 128219691600*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 156611194740*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 149153518800*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 110735188200*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 63552368880*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 27683797050*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 8858815056*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 1965713400*a^{13}*b^2*x + 270415600*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 17383860*a^{15})/x^{14}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx = \frac{37442160 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 521515800 ab^{14} x^7 + 3407236560 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 13841898525 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 39083007600 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 81205804680 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 128219691600 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 156611194740 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 149153518800 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 110735188200 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 63552368880 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 27683797050 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 8858815056 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1965713400 a^{13} b^2 x + 270415600 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 17383860 a^{15}}{x^{14}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^15,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/243374040*(37442160*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 521515800*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 3407236560*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 13841898525*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 39083007600*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 81205804680*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 128219691600*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 156611194740*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 149153518800*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 110735188200*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 63552368880*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 27683797050*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 8858815056*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 1965713400*a^{13}*b^2*x + 270415600*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 17383860*a^{15})/x^{14}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{a^{15}}{14} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{15/2}}{13} + \frac{105a^{13}b^2x}{13} + \frac{10a^{14}b\sqrt{x}}{9} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^7}{7} + \frac{455a^{11}b^4x^2}{4} + 455a^9b^6x^3 + \frac{1287a^7b^8x^4}{2} + \frac{1001a^5b^{10}x^5}{3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^15,x)`output 
$$-(a^{15}/14 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/13 + (105*a^{13}*b^2*x)/13 + (10*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/9 + (15*a*b^{14}*x^7)/7 + (455*a^{11}*b^4*x^2)/4 + 455*a^9*b^6*x^3 + (1287*a^7*b^8*x^4)/2 + (1001*a^5*b^{10}*x^5)/3 + (182*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/5 + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^6)/8 + (6006*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/23 + (4290*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)})/7 + (10010*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/19 + (2730*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)})/17 + 14*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)})/x^{14}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{15}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-17383860\sqrt{x}a^{15} - 1965713400\sqrt{x}a^{13}b^2x - 27683797050\sqrt{x}a^{11}b^4x^2 - 110735188200\sqrt{x}a^9b^6x^3 - 156611194740\sqrt{x}a^7b^8x^4 - 81205804680\sqrt{x}a^5b^{10}x^5 - 13841898525\sqrt{x}a^3b^{12}x^6 - 521515800\sqrt{x}a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 270415600a^{14}b^2x - 8858815056a^{12}b^4x^2 - 63552368880a^{10}b^6x^3 - 149153518800a^8b^8x^4 - 128219691600a^6b^{10}x^5 - 39083007600a^4b^{12}x^6 - 3407236560a^2b^{14}x^7 - 37442160b^{15}x^8}{(243374040\sqrt{x})x^{14}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^15,x)`output 
$$(-17383860*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{15} - 1965713400*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{13}*b^2*x - 27683797050*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 110735188200*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 156611194740*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 81205804680*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 - 13841898525*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 - 521515800*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^2*b^{13}*x^{13/2} - 270415600*a^{14}*b^2*x - 8858815056*a^{12}*b^4*x^2 - 63552368880*a^{10}*b^6*x^3 - 149153518800*a^8*b^8*x^4 - 128219691600*a^6*b^{10}*x^5 - 39083007600*a^4*b^{12}*x^6 - 3407236560*a^2*b^{14}*x^7 - 37442160*b^{15}*x^8)/(243374040*\text{sqrt}(x)*x^{14})$$

**3.79**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	774
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	775
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	775
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	777
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	777
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	778
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	778
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	779
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	780
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	780

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{15x^{15}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{29x^{29/2}} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{2x^{14}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{27x^{27/2}} - \frac{105a^{11}b^4}{x^{13}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{25x^{25/2}}$$

$$- \frac{5005a^9b^6}{12x^{12}} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{23x^{23/2}} - \frac{585a^7b^8}{x^{11}} - \frac{1430a^6b^9}{3x^{21/2}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{10x^{10}}$$

$$- \frac{2730a^4b^{11}}{19x^{19/2}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{9x^9} - \frac{210a^2b^{13}}{17x^{17/2}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{8x^8} - \frac{2b^{15}}{15x^{15/2}}$$

output

```
-1/15*a^15/x^15-30/29*a^14*b/x^(29/2)-15/2*a^13*b^2/x^14-910/27*a^12*b^3/x
^(27/2)-105*a^11*b^4/x^13-6006/25*a^10*b^5/x^(25/2)-5005/12*a^9*b^6/x^12-1
2870/23*a^8*b^7/x^(23/2)-585*a^7*b^8/x^11-1430/3*a^6*b^9/x^(21/2)-3003/10*
a^5*b^10/x^10-2730/19*a^4*b^11/x^(19/2)-455/9*a^3*b^12/x^9-210/17*a^2*b^13
/x^(17/2)-15/8*a*b^14/x^8-2/15*b^15/x^(15/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-77558760a^{15} - 1203498000a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 8725360500a^{13}b^2x - 39210262000a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 122155047000a^{11}b^4x^2 - 279490747536a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 485226992250a^9b^6x^3 - 650987766000a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 680578119000a^7b^8x^4 - 554545134000a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 349363434420a^5b^{10}x^5 - 167159538000a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 58815393000a^3b^{12}x^6 - 14371182000a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 2181340125ab^{14}x^7 - 155117520b^{15}x^{15/2}}{(1163381400x^{15})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^16,x]`

output `(-77558760*a^15 - 1203498000*a^14*b*Sqrt[x] - 8725360500*a^13*b^2*x - 39210262000*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) - 122155047000*a^11*b^4*x^2 - 279490747536*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) - 485226992250*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 650987766000*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) - 680578119000*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 554545134000*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) - 349363434420*a^5*b^10*x^5 - 167159538000*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) - 58815393000*a^3*b^12*x^6 - 14371182000*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) - 2181340125*a*b^14*x^7 - 155117520*b^15*x^(15/2))/(1163381400*x^15)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{31/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{31/2}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^{15}} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{29/2}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^{14}} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^{27/2}} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^{13}} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{25/2}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^{12}} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{23/2}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{30x^{15}} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{29x^{29/2}} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{4x^{14}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{27x^{27/2}} - \frac{105a^{11}b^4}{2x^{13}} - \frac{3003a^{10}b^5}{25x^{25/2}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{24x^{12}} - \frac{6435a^8b^7}{23x^{23/2}} - \frac{585a^7b^8}{2x^{11}} - \frac{715a^6b^9}{3x^{21/2}} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^16,x]`

output

```
2*(-1/30*a^15/x^15 - (15*a^14*b)/(29*x^(29/2)) - (15*a^13*b^2)/(4*x^14) -
(455*a^12*b^3)/(27*x^(27/2)) - (105*a^11*b^4)/(2*x^13) - (3003*a^10*b^5)/(
25*x^(25/2)) - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(24*x^12) - (6435*a^8*b^7)/(23*x^(23/2)) - (
585*a^7*b^8)/(2*x^11) - (715*a^6*b^9)/(3*x^(21/2)) - (3003*a^5*b^10)/(20*x
^10) - (1365*a^4*b^11)/(19*x^(19/2)) - (455*a^3*b^12)/(18*x^9) - (105*a^2*
b^13)/(17*x^(17/2)) - (15*a*b^14)/(16*x^8) - b^15/(15*x^(15/2)))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{15x^{15}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{29x^{\frac{29}{2}}} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{2x^{14}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{27x^{\frac{27}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{11}b^4}{x^{13}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{25x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{12x^{12}} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{585a^7b^8}{x^{11}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{15x^{15}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{29x^{\frac{29}{2}}} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{2x^{14}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{27x^{\frac{27}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{11}b^4}{x^{13}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{25x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{12x^{12}} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{585a^7b^8}{x^{11}}$
orering	$-(4798948275b^{28}x^{14} - 59846658375a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 354823433055a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 1316246744475a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 3398132958675a^8b^{20}x^{10} - 1099048275b^{18}x^9 + 2198096550a^2b^{16}x^8 - 1099048275a^4b^{14}x^7 + 219809655a^6b^{12}x^6 - 1099048275a^8b^{10}x^5 + 219809655a^{10}b^8x^4 - 1099048275a^{12}b^6x^3 + 219809655a^{14}b^4x^2 - 1099048275a^{16}b^2x + 1099048275a^{18})x^{15}$
trager	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/15*a^{15}/x^{15}-30/29*a^{14}*b/x^{(29/2)}-15/2*a^{13}*b^2/x^{14}-910/27*a^{12}*b^3/x^{(27/2)}-105*a^{11}*b^4/x^{13}-6006/25*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(25/2)}-5005/12*a^9*b^6/x^{12}-12870/23*a^8*b^7/x^{(23/2)}-585*a^7*b^8/x^{11}-1430/3*a^6*b^9/x^{(21/2)}-3003/10*a^5*b^{10}/x^{10}-2730/19*a^4*b^{11}/x^{(19/2)}-455/9*a^3*b^{12}/x^9-210/17*a^2*b^{13}/x^{(17/2)}-15/8*a*b^{14}/x^8-2/15*b^{15}/x^{(15/2)}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{2181340125 ab^{14}x^7 + 58815393000 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 349363434420 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 680578119000 a^7b^8x^4 + 48522600000 a^9b^6x^3 + 2198096550 a^{11}b^4x^2 + 1099048275 a^{13}b^2x + 1099048275 a^{15}}{1099048275 x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^16,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/1163381400*(2181340125*a*b^14*x^7 + 58815393000*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 34936343
4420*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 680578119000*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 485226992250*a^9*b^6*x^3 +
122155047000*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 8725360500*a^13*b^2*x + 77558760*a^15 + 16*(96
94845*b^15*x^7 + 898198875*a^2*b^13*x^6 + 10447471125*a^4*b^11*x^5 + 34659
070875*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 40686735375*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 17468171721*a^10*b^5*x^2 +
2450641375*a^12*b^3*x + 75218625*a^14*b)*sqrt(x))/x^15
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{15x^{15}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{29x^{\frac{29}{2}}} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{2x^{14}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{27x^{\frac{27}{2}}} - \frac{105a^{11}b^4}{x^{13}} - \frac{6006a^{10}b^5}{25x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{12x^{12}} - \frac{12870a^8b^7}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{585a^7b^8}{x^{11}} - \frac{1430a^6b^9}{3x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{2730a^4b^{11}}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{9x^9} - \frac{210a^2b^{13}}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{8x^8} - \frac{2b^{15}}{15x^{\frac{15}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**16,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(15*x**15) - 30*a**14*b/(29*x**(29/2)) - 15*a**13*b**2/(2*x**14) -
910*a**12*b**3/(27*x**(27/2)) - 105*a**11*b**4/x**13 - 6006*a**10*b**5/(25
*x**(25/2)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(12*x**12) - 12870*a**8*b**7/(23*x**(23/2)) -
585*a**7*b**8/x**11 - 1430*a**6*b**9/(3*x**(21/2)) - 3003*a**5*b**10/(10*
x**10) - 2730*a**4*b**11/(19*x**(19/2)) - 455*a**3*b**12/(9*x**9) - 210*a*
*2*b**13/(17*x**(17/2)) - 15*a*b**14/(8*x**8) - 2*b**15/(15*x**(15/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{155117520 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 2181340125 ab^{14} x^7 + 14371182000 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 58815393000 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 167159538000 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 104474711250 a^5 b^{10} x^4 + 346590708750 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 174681717210 a^7 b^8 x^2 + 406867353750 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 77558760000 a^9 b^6 x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1221550470000 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1221550470000 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 872536050000 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 6805781190000 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 48522699225000 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1163381400000 a^{15} x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^16,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/1163381400*(155117520*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 2181340125*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 14371182000*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 58815393000*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 167159538000*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 349363434420*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 554545134000*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 680578119000*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 650987766000*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 485226992250*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 279490747536*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 122155047000*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 39210262000*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 8725360500*a^{13}*b^2*x + 1203498000*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 77558760*a^{15})/x^{15}}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx = \frac{155117520 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 2181340125 ab^{14} x^7 + 14371182000 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 58815393000 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 167159538000 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 349363434420 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 554545134000 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 680578119000 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 650987766000 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 485226992250 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 279490747536 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 122155047000 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 39210262000 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 8725360500 a^{13} b^2 x + 1203498000 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 77558760 a^{15}}{x^{15}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/1163381400*(155117520*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)} + 2181340125*a*b^{14}*x^7 + 14371182000*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)} + 58815393000*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 167159538000*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + 349363434420*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + 554545134000*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)} + 680578119000*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 650987766000*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 485226992250*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 279490747536*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 122155047000*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + 39210262000*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 8725360500*a^{13}*b^2*x + 1203498000*a^{14}*b*\text{sqrt}(x) + 77558760*a^{15})/x^{15}}$$



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{a^{15}}{15} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{15/2}}{15} + \frac{15a^{13}b^2x}{2} + \frac{30a^{14}b\sqrt{x}}{29} + \frac{15ab^{14}x^7}{8} + 105a^{11}b^4x^2 + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{12} + 585a^7b^8x^4 + \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{10}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^16,x)`output
$$-(a^{15}/15 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/15 + (15*a^{13}*b^2*x)/2 + (30*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/29 + (15*a*b^{14}*x^7)/8 + 105*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^3)/12 + 585*a^7*b^8*x^4 + (3003*a^5*b^{10}*x^5)/10 + (910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/27 + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^6)/9 + (6006*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/25 + (12870*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)})/23 + (1430*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/3 + (2730*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)})/19 + (210*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)})/17)/x^{15}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{16}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-77558760\sqrt{x}a^{15} - 8725360500\sqrt{x}a^{13}b^2x - 122155047000\sqrt{x}a^{11}b^4x^2 - 485226992250\sqrt{x}a^9b^6x^3 - 680578119000\sqrt{x}a^7b^8x^4 - 349363434420\sqrt{x}a^5b^{10}x^5 - 58815393000\sqrt{x}a^3b^{12}x^6 - 2181340125\sqrt{x}a^2b^{13}x^7 - 1203498000a^{14}b^2x - 39210262000a^{12}b^3x^2 - 279490747536a^{10}b^4x^3 - 650987766000a^8b^5x^4 - 554545134000a^6b^6x^5 - 167159538000a^4b^7x^6 - 14371182000a^2b^8x^7 - 155117520b^9x^8}{163381400\sqrt{x}x^{15}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^16,x)`output
$$(-77558760*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{15} - 8725360500*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{13}*b^2*x - 122155047000*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 485226992250*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 680578119000*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 349363434420*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 - 58815393000*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 - 2181340125*\text{sqrt}(x)*a^2*b^{13}*x^7 - 1203498000*a^{14}*b^2*x - 39210262000*a^{12}*b^3*x^2 - 279490747536*a^{10}*b^4*x^3 - 650987766000*a^8*b^5*x^4 - 554545134000*a^6*b^6*x^5 - 167159538000*a^4*b^7*x^6 - 14371182000*a^2*b^8*x^7 - 155117520*b^9*x^8)/(163381400*\text{sqrt}(x)*x^{15})$$

**3.80**       $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx$

Optimal result	781
Mathematica [A] (verified)	782
Rubi [A] (verified)	782
Maple [A] (verified)	784
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	784
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	785
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	785
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	786
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	787
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	787

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 207

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{16x^{16}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{31x^{31/2}} - \frac{7a^{13}b^2}{x^{15}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{29x^{29/2}} - \frac{195a^{11}b^4}{2x^{14}} - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{9x^{27/2}}$$

$$- \frac{385a^9b^6}{x^{13}} - \frac{2574a^8b^7}{5x^{25/2}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{4x^{12}} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{23x^{23/2}} - \frac{273a^5b^{10}}{x^{11}}$$

$$- \frac{130a^4b^{11}}{x^{21/2}} - \frac{91a^3b^{12}}{2x^{10}} - \frac{210a^2b^{13}}{19x^{19/2}} - \frac{5ab^{14}}{3x^9} - \frac{2b^{15}}{17x^{17/2}}$$

output

```
-1/16*a^15/x^16-30/31*a^14*b/x^(31/2)-7*a^13*b^2/x^15-910/29*a^12*b^3/x^(2
9/2)-195/2*a^11*b^4/x^14-2002/9*a^10*b^5/x^(27/2)-385*a^9*b^6/x^13-2574/5*
a^8*b^7/x^(25/2)-2145/4*a^7*b^8/x^12-10010/23*a^6*b^9/x^(23/2)-273*a^5*b^1
0/x^11-130*a^4*b^11/x^(21/2)-91/2*a^3*b^12/x^10-210/19*a^2*b^13/x^(19/2)-5
/3*a*b^14/x^9-2/17*b^15/x^(17/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-300540195a^{15} - 4653525600a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 33660501840a^{13}b^2x - 150891904800a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 468842704200a^{11}b^4x^2 - 1069655947360a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 1851327601200a^9b^6x^3 - 2475489478176a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 2578634873100a^7b^8x^4 - 2092805114400a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 1312759571760a^5b^{10}x^5 - 625123605600a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 218793261960a^3b^{12}x^6 - 53148160800a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 8014405200ab^{14}x^7 - 565722720b^{15}x^{15/2}}{(4808643120x^{16})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^17,x]`

output  $(-300540195a^{15} - 4653525600a^{14}b\sqrt{x} - 33660501840a^{13}b^2x - 150891904800a^{12}b^3x^{3/2} - 468842704200a^{11}b^4x^2 - 1069655947360a^{10}b^5x^{5/2} - 1851327601200a^9b^6x^3 - 2475489478176a^8b^7x^{7/2} - 2578634873100a^7b^8x^4 - 2092805114400a^6b^9x^{9/2} - 1312759571760a^5b^{10}x^5 - 625123605600a^4b^{11}x^{11/2} - 218793261960a^3b^{12}x^6 - 53148160800a^2b^{13}x^{13/2} - 8014405200ab^{14}x^7 - 565722720b^{15}x^{15/2})/(4808643120x^{16})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{33/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{33/2}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^{16}} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{31/2}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^{15}} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^{29/2}} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^{14}} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{27/2}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^{13}} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{25/2}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{32x^{16}} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{31x^{31/2}} - \frac{7a^{13}b^2}{2x^{15}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{29x^{29/2}} - \frac{195a^{11}b^4}{4x^{14}} - \frac{1001a^{10}b^5}{9x^{27/2}} - \frac{385a^9b^6}{2x^{13}} - \frac{1287a^8b^7}{5x^{25/2}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{8x^{12}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{23x^{23/2}} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^15/x^17,x]`

output `2*(-1/32*a^15/x^16 - (15*a^14*b)/(31*x^(31/2)) - (7*a^13*b^2)/(2*x^15) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(29*x^(29/2)) - (195*a^11*b^4)/(4*x^14) - (1001*a^10*b^5)/(9*x^(27/2)) - (385*a^9*b^6)/(2*x^13) - (1287*a^8*b^7)/(5*x^(25/2)) - (2145*a^7*b^8)/(8*x^12) - (5005*a^6*b^9)/(23*x^(23/2)) - (273*a^5*b^10)/(2*x^11) - (65*a^4*b^11)/x^(21/2) - (91*a^3*b^12)/(4*x^10) - (105*a^2*b^13)/(19*x^(19/2)) - (5*a*b^14)/(6*x^9) - b^15/(17*x^(17/2)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 23.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{16x^{16}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{31x^{\frac{31}{2}}} - \frac{7a^{13}b^2}{x^{15}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{29x^{\frac{29}{2}}} - \frac{195a^{11}b^4}{2x^{14}} - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{9x^{\frac{27}{2}}} - \frac{385a^9b^6}{x^{13}} - \frac{2574a^8b^7}{5x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{4x^{12}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{16x^{16}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{31x^{\frac{31}{2}}} - \frac{7a^{13}b^2}{x^{15}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{29x^{\frac{29}{2}}} - \frac{195a^{11}b^4}{2x^{14}} - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{9x^{\frac{27}{2}}} - \frac{385a^9b^6}{x^{13}} - \frac{2574a^8b^7}{5x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{4x^{12}}$
orering	$-(17443117200b^{28}x^{14} - 221502776040a^2b^{26}x^{13} + 1329113424600a^4b^{24}x^{12} - 4971688367100a^6b^{22}x^{11} + 129120975963$
trager	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^17,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/16*a^{15}/x^{16}-30/31*a^{14}*b/x^{(31/2)}-7*a^{13}*b^2/x^{15}-910/29*a^{12}*b^3/x^{(29/2)}-195/2*a^{11}*b^4/x^{14}-2002/9*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(27/2)}-385*a^9*b^6/x^{13}-2574/5*a^8*b^7/x^{(25/2)}-2145/4*a^7*b^8/x^{12}-10010/23*a^6*b^9/x^{(23/2)}-273*a^5*b^{10}/x^{11}-130*a^4*b^{11}/x^{(21/2)}-91/2*a^3*b^{12}/x^{10}-210/19*a^2*b^{13}/x^{(19/2)}-5/3*a*b^{14}/x^9-2/17*b^{15}/x^{(17/2)}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx = \frac{8014405200 ab^{14}x^7 + 218793261960 a^3b^{12}x^6 + 1312759571760 a^5b^{10}x^5 + 2578634873100 a^7b^8x^4 + 185$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^17,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/4808643120*(8014405200*a*b^14*x^7 + 218793261960*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 1312759
571760*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 2578634873100*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 1851327601200*a^9*b^6*x^
3 + 468842704200*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 33660501840*a^13*b^2*x + 300540195*a^15 +
32*(17678835*b^15*x^7 + 1660880025*a^2*b^13*x^6 + 19535112675*a^4*b^11*x^5
+ 65400159825*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 77359046193*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 33426748355*a^10*b^
5*x^2 + 4715372025*a^12*b^3*x + 145422675*a^14*b)*sqrt(x))/x^16
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{16x^{16}} - \frac{30a^{14}b}{31x^{\frac{31}{2}}} - \frac{7a^{13}b^2}{x^{15}} - \frac{910a^{12}b^3}{29x^{\frac{29}{2}}} - \frac{195a^{11}b^4}{2x^{14}} - \frac{2002a^{10}b^5}{9x^{\frac{27}{2}}} - \frac{385a^9b^6}{x^{13}} - \frac{2574a^8b^7}{5x^{\frac{25}{2}}} - \frac{2145a^7b^8}{4x^{12}} - \frac{10010a^6b^9}{23x^{\frac{23}{2}}} - \frac{273a^5b^{10}}{x^{11}} - \frac{130a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{21}{2}}} - \frac{91a^3b^{12}}{2x^{10}} - \frac{210a^2b^{13}}{19x^{\frac{19}{2}}} - \frac{5ab^{14}}{3x^9} - \frac{2b^{15}}{17x^{\frac{17}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**15/x**17,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(16*x**16) - 30*a**14*b/(31*x**(31/2)) - 7*a**13*b**2/x**15 - 910*a
**12*b**3/(29*x**(29/2)) - 195*a**11*b**4/(2*x**14) - 2002*a**10*b**5/(9*x
**(27/2)) - 385*a**9*b**6/x**13 - 2574*a**8*b**7/(5*x**(25/2)) - 2145*a**7
*b**8/(4*x**12) - 10010*a**6*b**9/(23*x**(23/2)) - 273*a**5*b**10/x**11 -
130*a**4*b**11/x**(21/2) - 91*a**3*b**12/(2*x**10) - 210*a**2*b**13/(19*x*
*(19/2)) - 5*a*b**14/(3*x**9) - 2*b**15/(17*x**(17/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx = \frac{565722720 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 8014405200 ab^{14} x^7 + 53148160800 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 218793261960 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 6251236000 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1312759571760 a^5 b^{10} x^4 + 2578634873100 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 1851327601200 a^7 b^8 x^2 + 468842704200 a^8 b^7 x + 300540195 a^9 b^6 + 32(17678835 b^{15} x^7 + 1660880025 a^2 b^{13} x^6 + 19535112675 a^4 b^{11} x^5 + 65400159825 a^6 b^9 x^4 + 77359046193 a^8 b^7 x^3 + 33426748355 a^{10} b^5 x^2 + 4715372025 a^{12} b^3 x + 145422675 a^{14} b)}{x^{16}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^17,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4808643120*(565722720*b^15*x^(15/2) + 8014405200*a*b^14*x^7 + 53148160800*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) + 218793261960*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 625123605600*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 1312759571760*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 2092805114400*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) + 2578634873100*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 2475489478176*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 1851327601200*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 1069655947360*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 468842704200*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 150891904800*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 33660501840*a^13*b^2*x + 4653525600*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 300540195*a^15)/x^16`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx = \frac{565722720 b^{15} x^{\frac{15}{2}} + 8014405200 ab^{14} x^7 + 53148160800 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{2}} + 218793261960 a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 625123605600 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 1312759571760 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 2092805114400 a^6 b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 2578634873100 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 2475489478176 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1851327601200 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 1069655947360 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 468842704200 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 150891904800 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 33660501840 a^{13} b^2 x + 4653525600 a^{14} b \sqrt{x} + 300540195 a^{15}}{x^{16}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^17,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4808643120*(565722720*b^15*x^(15/2) + 8014405200*a*b^14*x^7 + 53148160800*a^2*b^13*x^(13/2) + 218793261960*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 625123605600*a^4*b^11*x^(11/2) + 1312759571760*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 2092805114400*a^6*b^9*x^(9/2) + 2578634873100*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 2475489478176*a^8*b^7*x^(7/2) + 1851327601200*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 1069655947360*a^10*b^5*x^(5/2) + 468842704200*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 150891904800*a^12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 33660501840*a^13*b^2*x + 4653525600*a^14*b*sqrt(x) + 300540195*a^15)/x^16`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{a^{15}}{16} + \frac{2b^{15}x^{15/2}}{17} + 7a^{13}b^2x + \frac{30a^{14}b\sqrt{x}}{31} + \frac{5ab^{14}x^7}{3} + \frac{195a^{11}b^4x^2}{2} + 385a^9b^6x^3 + \frac{2145a^7b^8x^4}{4} + 273a^5b^{10}x^5$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^15/x^17,x)`output
$$-(a^{15}/16 + (2*b^{15}*x^{(15/2)})/17 + 7*a^{13}*b^2*x + (30*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/2)})/31 + (5*a*b^{14}*x^7)/3 + (195*a^{11}*b^4*x^2)/2 + 385*a^9*b^6*x^3 + (2145*a^7*b^8*x^4)/4 + 273*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 + (910*a^{12}*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/29 + (91*a^3*b^{12}*x^6)/2 + (2002*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/9 + (2574*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/2)})/5 + (10010*a^6*b^9*x^{(9/2)})/23 + 130*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/2)} + (210*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/2)})/19)/x^{16}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{15}}{x^{17}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-300540195\sqrt{x}a^{15} - 33660501840\sqrt{x}a^{13}b^2x - 468842704200\sqrt{x}a^{11}b^4x^2 - 1851327601200\sqrt{x}a^9b^6x^3 - 2578634873100\sqrt{x}a^7b^8x^4 - 1312759571760\sqrt{x}a^5b^{10}x^5 - 218793261960\sqrt{x}a^3b^{12}x^6 - 8014405200\sqrt{x}ab^{14}x^7 - 4653525600a^{14}bx - 150891904800a^{12}b^3x^2 - 1069655947360a^{10}b^5x^3 - 2475489478176a^8b^7x^4 - 2092805114400a^6b^9x^5 - 625123605600a^4b^{11}x^6 - 53148160800a^2b^{13}x^7 - 565722720b^{15}x^8}{(4808643120\sqrt{x})x^{16}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^15/x^17,x)`output
$$(-300540195*\sqrt{x}*a^{15} - 33660501840*\sqrt{x}*a^{13}*b^2*x - 468842704200*\sqrt{x}*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 1851327601200*\sqrt{x}*a^9*b^6*x^3 - 2578634873100*\sqrt{x}*a^7*b^8*x^4 - 1312759571760*\sqrt{x}*a^5*b^{10}*x^5 - 218793261960*\sqrt{x}*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 - 8014405200*\sqrt{x}*a*b^{14}*x^7 - 4653525600*a^{14}*b*x - 150891904800*a^{12}*b^3*x^2 - 1069655947360*a^{10}*b^5*x^3 - 2475489478176*a^8*b^7*x^4 - 2092805114400*a^6*b^9*x^5 - 625123605600*a^4*b^{11}*x^6 - 53148160800*a^2*b^{13}*x^7 - 565722720*b^{15}*x^8)/(4808643120*\sqrt{x}*x^{16})$$



### 3.81 $\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	788
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	788
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	789
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	790
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	791
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	791
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	792
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	792
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	793
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	793

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2a^6\sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{a^5x}{b^6} + \frac{2a^4x^{3/2}}{3b^5} - \frac{a^3x^2}{2b^4} + \frac{2a^2x^{5/2}}{5b^3} - \frac{ax^3}{3b^2} + \frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{2a^7 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

output

```
2*a^6*x^(1/2)/b^7-a^5*x/b^6+2/3*a^4*x^(3/2)/b^5-1/2*a^3*x^2/b^4+2/5*a^2*x^(5/2)/b^3-1/3*a*x^3/b^2+2/7*x^(7/2)/b-2*a^7*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^8
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(420a^6 - 210a^5b\sqrt{x} + 140a^4b^2x - 105a^3b^3x^{3/2} + 84a^2b^4x^2 - 70ab^5x^{5/2} + 60b^6x^3)}{210b^7} - \frac{2a^7 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[x]),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[x]*(420*a^6 - 210*a^5*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 140*a^4*b^2*x - 105*a^3*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 84*a^2*b^4*x^2 - 70*a*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 60*b^6*x^3))/(210*b^7) - (2*a^7*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/b^8}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{a + b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & 2 \int \left( -\frac{a^7}{b^7(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{a^6}{b^7} - \frac{\sqrt{x}a^5}{b^6} + \frac{xa^4}{b^5} - \frac{x^{3/2}a^3}{b^4} + \frac{x^2a^2}{b^3} - \frac{x^{5/2}a}{b^2} + \frac{x^3}{b} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^7 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} + \frac{a^6 \sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{a^5 x}{2b^6} + \frac{a^4 x^{3/2}}{3b^5} - \frac{a^3 x^2}{4b^4} + \frac{a^2 x^{5/2}}{5b^3} - \frac{ax^3}{6b^2} + \frac{x^{7/2}}{7b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^3/(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]), x]$$

output

$$2*((a^6*\text{Sqrt}[x])/b^7 - (a^5*x)/(2*b^6) + (a^4*x^{(3/2)})/(3*b^5) - (a^3*x^2)/(4*b^4) + (a^2*x^{(5/2)})/(5*b^3) - (a*x^3)/(6*b^2) + x^{(7/2)}/(7*b) - (a^7*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/b^8)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^6}{7} - \frac{ab^5x^3}{3} + \frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^4}{5} - \frac{a^3b^3x^2}{2} + \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4b^2}{3} - a^5xb + 2\sqrt{x}a^6 - \frac{2a^7 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$	88
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}b^6}{7} - \frac{ab^5x^3}{3} + \frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2b^4}{5} - \frac{a^3b^3x^2}{2} + \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4b^2}{3} - a^5xb + 2\sqrt{x}a^6 - \frac{2a^7 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$	88

input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b^7*(1/7*x^(7/2)*b^6-1/6*a*b^5*x^3+1/5*x^(5/2)*a^2*b^4-1/4*a^3*b^3*x^2+1/3*x^(3/2)*a^4*b^2-1/2*a^5*x*b+x^(1/2)*a^6)-2*a^7*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^8`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{70 ab^6 x^3 + 105 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 210 a^5 b^2 x + 420 a^7 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 4(15 b^7 x^3 + 21 a^2 b^5 x^2 + 35 a^4 b^3 x + 105 a^6 b)}{210 b^8}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/210*(70*a*b^6*x^3 + 105*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 210*a^5*b^2*x + 420*a^7*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 4*(15*b^7*x^3 + 21*a^2*b^5*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*x + 105*a^6*b)*sqrt(x))/b^8`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a^7 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{b^8} + \frac{2a^6 \sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{a^5 x}{b^6} + \frac{2a^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^5} - \frac{a^3 x^2}{2b^4} + \frac{2a^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b^3} - \frac{ax^3}{3b^2} + \frac{2x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^4}{4a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*x**(1/2)),x)`output `Piecewise((-2*a**7*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/b**8 + 2*a**6*sqrt(x)/b**7 - a**5*x/b**6 + 2*a**4*x**(3/2)/(3*b**5) - a**3*x**2/(2*b**4) + 2*a**2*x**(5/2)/(5*b**3) - a*x**3/(3*b**2) + 2*x**(7/2)/(7*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4/(4*a), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2a^7 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^8} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7}{7b^8} - \frac{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 a}{3b^8} \\ + \frac{42(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 a^2}{5b^8} - \frac{35(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^3}{2b^8} \\ + \frac{70(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^4}{3b^8} - \frac{21(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^5}{b^8} + \frac{14(b\sqrt{x} + a)a^6}{b^8}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*a^7*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^8 + 2/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7/b^8 - 7/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*a/b^8 + 42/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a^2/b^8 - 35/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^3/b^8 + 70/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^4/b^8 - 21*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^5/b^8 + 14*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^6/b^8`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx \\ = -\frac{2a^7 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^8} \\ + \frac{60b^6x^{\frac{7}{2}} - 70ab^5x^3 + 84a^2b^4x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 105a^3b^3x^2 + 140a^4b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 210a^5bx + 420a^6\sqrt{x}}{210b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*a^7*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^8 + 1/210*(60*b^6*x^(7/2) - 70*a*b^5*x^3 + 84*a^2*b^4*x^(5/2) - 105*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 140*a^4*b^2*x^(3/2) - 210*a^5*b*x + 420*a^6*sqrt(x))/b^7`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2x^{7/2}}{7b} - \frac{ax^3}{3b^2} - \frac{a^5x}{b^6} - \frac{2a^7 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} - \frac{a^3x^2}{2b^4} + \frac{2a^2x^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{2a^4x^{3/2}}{3b^5} + \frac{2a^6\sqrt{x}}{b^7}$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)`output `(2*x^(7/2))/(7*b) - (a*x^3)/(3*b^2) - (a^5*x)/b^6 - (2*a^7*log(a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^8 - (a^3*x^2)/(2*b^4) + (2*a^2*x^(5/2))/(5*b^3) + (2*a^4*x^(3/2))/(3*b^5) + (2*a^6*x^(1/2))/b^7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{420\sqrt{x}a^6b + 140\sqrt{x}a^4b^3x + 84\sqrt{x}a^2b^5x^2 + 60\sqrt{x}b^7x^3 - 420\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^7 - 210a^5b^2x - 105a^3b^4x^2}{210b^8}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x)`output `(420*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 140*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**3*x + 84*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 + 60*sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 - 420*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**7 - 210*a**5*b**2*x - 105*a**3*b**4*x**2 - 70*a*b**6*x**3)/(210*b**8)`

### 3.82 $\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	794
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	794
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	795
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	796
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	796
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	797
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	797
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	798
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	798
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	798

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2a^4\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{a^3x}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2x^{3/2}}{3b^3} - \frac{ax^2}{2b^2} + \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{2a^5 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$$

output

```
2*a^4*x^(1/2)/b^5-a^3*x/b^4+2/3*a^2*x^(3/2)/b^3-1/2*a*x^2/b^2+2/5*x^(5/2)/
b-2*a^5*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(60a^4 - 30a^3b\sqrt{x} + 20a^2b^2x - 15ab^3x^{3/2} + 12b^4x^2)}{30b^5} - \frac{2a^5 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[x]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(60*a^4 - 30*a^3*b*Sqrt[x] + 20*a^2*b^2*x - 15*a*b^3*x^(3/2) + 12
*b^4*x^2))/(30*b^5) - (2*a^5*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^6
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{a + b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{a^4}{b^5} - \frac{\sqrt{x}a^3}{b^4} + \frac{xa^2}{b^3} - \frac{x^{3/2}a}{b^2} + \frac{x^2}{b} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^5 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^6} + \frac{a^4 \sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{a^3 x}{2b^4} + \frac{a^2 x^{3/2}}{3b^3} - \frac{ax^2}{4b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5b} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `2*((a^4*Sqrt[x])/b^5 - (a^3*x)/(2*b^4) + (a^2*x^(3/2))/(3*b^3) - (a*x^2)/(4*b^2) + x^(5/2)/(5*b) - (a^5*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^6)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`



rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4 - \frac{a}{2}b^3x^2 + \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2}{b^5} - a^3bx + 2\sqrt{x}a^4}{b^5} - \frac{2a^5 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$	66
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4 - \frac{a}{2}b^3x^2 + \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2}{b^5} - a^3bx + 2\sqrt{x}a^4}{b^5} - \frac{2a^5 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$	66

input

```
int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/b^5*(1/5*x^(5/2)*b^4-1/4*a*b^3*x^2+1/3*x^(3/2)*a^2*b^2-1/2*a^3*b*x+x^(1/2)*a^4)-2*a^5*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^6
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{15ab^4x^2 + 30a^3b^2x + 60a^5 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 4(3b^5x^2 + 5a^2b^3x + 15a^4b)\sqrt{x}}{30b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/30*(15*a*b^4*x^2 + 30*a^3*b^2*x + 60*a^5*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 4*(3*b^5*x^2 + 5*a^2*b^3*x + 15*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/b^6
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a^5 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{b^6} + \frac{2a^4 \sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{a^3 x}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^3} - \frac{ax^2}{2b^2} + \frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3}{3a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(1/2)),x)`output `Piecewise((-2*a**5*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/b**6 + 2*a**4*sqrt(x)/b**5 - a**3*x/b**4 + 2*a**2*x**(3/2)/(3*b**3) - a*x**2/(2*b**2) + 2*x**(5/2)/(5*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3/(3*a), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2a^5 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^6} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5}{5b^6} - \frac{5(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a}{2b^6} + \frac{20(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^2}{3b^6} - \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^3}{b^6} + \frac{10(b\sqrt{x} + a)a^4}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*a^5*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^6 + 2/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5/b^6 - 5/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a/b^6 + 20/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^2/b^6 - 10*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^3/b^6 + 10*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^4/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2a^5 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^6} + \frac{12b^4x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15ab^3x^2 + 20a^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 30a^3bx + 60a^4\sqrt{x}}{30b^5}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*a^5*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^6 + 1/30*(12*b^4*x^(5/2) - 15*a*b^3*x^2 + 20*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2) - 30*a^3*b*x + 60*a^4*sqrt(x))/b^5`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b} - \frac{ax^2}{2b^2} - \frac{a^3x}{b^4} - \frac{2a^5 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^6} + \frac{2a^2x^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{2a^4\sqrt{x}}{b^5}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(2*x^(5/2))/(5*b) - (a*x^2)/(2*b^2) - (a^3*x)/b^4 - (2*a^5*log(a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^6 + (2*a^2*x^(3/2))/(3*b^3) + (2*a^4*x^(1/2))/b^5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{60\sqrt{x}a^4b + 20\sqrt{x}a^2b^3x + 12\sqrt{x}b^5x^2 - 60\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^5 - 30a^3b^2x - 15ab^4x^2}{30b^6}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(60*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 20*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x + 12*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 - 60*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**5 - 30*a**3*b**2*x - 15*a*b**4*x**2)/(30*b**6)`

### 3.83 $\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	800
Mathematica [A] (verified)	800
Rubi [A] (verified)	801
Maple [A] (verified)	802
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	802
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	803
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	803
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	803
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	804
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	804

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{ax}{b^2} + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2a^3 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$$

output

```
2*a^2*x^(1/2)/b^3-a*x/b^2+2/3*x^(3/2)/b-2*a^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}(6a^2 - 3ab\sqrt{x} + 2b^2x)}{3b^3} - \frac{2a^3 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x]),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[x]*(6*a^2 - 3*a*b*Sqrt[x] + 2*b^2*x))/(3*b^3) - (2*a^3*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^4
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{a + b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{a^2}{b^3} - \frac{\sqrt{x}a}{b^2} + \frac{x}{b} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^3 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^4} + \frac{a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{ax}{2b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b} \right)$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `2*((a^2*Sqrt[x])/b^3 - (a*x)/(2*b^2) + x^(3/2)/(3*b) - (a^3*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^4)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - abx + 2a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{2a^3 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$	44
default	$\frac{2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - abx + 2a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{2a^3 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$	44

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b^3*(1/3*b^2*x^(3/2)-1/2*a*b*x+a^2*x^(1/2))-2*a^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^4`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{3ab^2x + 6a^3 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 2(b^3x + 3a^2b)\sqrt{x}}{3b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(3*a*b^2*x + 6*a^3*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(b^3*x + 3*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))/  
b^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a^3 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{ax}{b^2} + \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(1/2)),x)`output `Piecewise((-2*a**3*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/b**4 + 2*a**2*sqrt(x)/b**3 - a*x/b**2 + 2*x**(3/2)/(3*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2a^3 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^4} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3}{3b^4} - \frac{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a}{b^4} + \frac{6(b\sqrt{x} + a)a^2}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*a^3*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^4 + 2/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3/b^4 - 3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a/b^4 + 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^2/b^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2a^3 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^4} + \frac{2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3abx + 6a^2\sqrt{x}}{3b^3}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
-2*a^3*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^4 + 1/3*(2*b^2*x^(3/2) - 3*a*b*x + 6*a^2*sqrt(x))/b^3
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{2a^3 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{ax}{b^2}$$

input

```
int(x/(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
(2*x^(3/2))/(3*b) - (2*a^3*log(a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^4 + (2*a^2*x^(1/2))/b^3 - (a*x)/b^2
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{x}a^2b + 2\sqrt{x}b^3x - 6\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^3 - 3ab^2x}{3b^4}$$

input

```
int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(x)*b**3*x - 6*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**3 - 3*a*b**2*x)/(3*b**4)
```

### 3.84 $\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	805
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	805
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	806
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	807
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	807
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	808
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	808
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	808
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	809
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	809

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^2}$$

output  $2*x^{(1/2)}/b-2*a*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/b^2$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-1),x]`

output  $(2*\text{Sqrt}[x])/b - (2*a*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/b^2$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{a + b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 2 \int \left( \frac{1}{b} - \frac{a}{b(a + b\sqrt{x})} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{a \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-1),x]`

output `2*(Sqrt[x]/b - (a*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int  
 [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
 && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^2}$	24
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} + \frac{a \ln(b\sqrt{x}-a)}{b^2} - \frac{a \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^2} - \frac{a \ln(b^2x-a^2)}{b^2}$	57

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*x^(1/2)/b-2*a*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2(a \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - b\sqrt{x})}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*(a*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - b*sqrt(x))/b^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2a \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{b^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2)),x)`output `Piecewise((-2*a*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/b**2 + 2*sqrt(x)/b, Ne(b, 0)), (x/a, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2a \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^2} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*a*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^2 + 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2a \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*a*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^2 + 2*sqrt(x)/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b} - \frac{2a \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^2}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(2*x^(1/2))/b - (2*a*log(a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}b - 2\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a}{b^2}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(2*(sqrt(x)*b - log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a))/b**2`

### 3.85 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	810
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	810
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	811
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	812
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	813
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	813
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	814
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	814
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	814
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	815

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\frac{2\log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}$$

output

```
-2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a+ln(x)/a
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\frac{2\log(a^2+ab\sqrt{x})}{a} + \frac{2\log(\sqrt{x})}{a}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])*x),x]
```

output

```
(-2*Log[a^2 + a*b*Sqrt[x]])/a + (2*Log[Sqrt[x]])/a
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{x})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{47} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{14} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\log(\sqrt{x})}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\log(\sqrt{x})}{a} - \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])*x),x]`

output `2*(-(Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/a) + Log[Sqrt[x]]/a)`



### Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 47 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a}$	21
default	$-\frac{2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a}$	21

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a+ln(x)/a`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\frac{2(\log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - \log(\sqrt{x}))}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*(log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - log(sqrt(x)))/a`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 37 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{\sqrt{x}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ -\frac{2}{b\sqrt{x}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{2\log(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x})}{a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/sqrt(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-2/(b*sqrt(x)), Eq(a, 0)), (log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/a - 2*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/a, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\frac{2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a + log(x)/a`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\frac{2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a + log(abs(x))/a`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\frac{4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))),x)`output `-(4*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = \frac{-2 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) + 2 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x,x)`

output `(2*( - log(sqrt(x)*b + a) + log(sqrt(x))))/a`

### 3.86 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^2} dx$

Optimal result	816
Mathematica [A] (verified)	816
Rubi [A] (verified)	817
Maple [A] (verified)	818
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	818
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	819
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	819
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	820
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	820
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	820

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{2b}{a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{a^3}$$

output

```
-1/a/x+2*b/a^2/x^(1/2)-2*b^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^3+b^2*ln(x)/a^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^2} dx = \frac{-a(a-2b\sqrt{x}) - 2b^2x \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + b^2x \log(x)}{a^3x}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(-(a*(a - 2*b*Sqrt[x])) - 2*b^2*x*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]] + b^2*x*Log[x])/a^3*x
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & 2 \int \left( -\frac{b^3}{a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{b^2}{a^3 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{b}{a^2 x} + \frac{1}{ax^{3/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{b^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{b^2 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{b}{a^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{2ax} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^2),x]`

output `2*(-1/2*1/(a*x) + b/(a^2*Sqrt[x]) - (b^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/a^3 + (b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]])/a^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{2b}{a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{b^2 \ln(x)}{a^3}$	44
default	$-\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{2b}{a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{b^2 \ln(x)}{a^3}$	44

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/a/x+2*b/a^2/x^(1/2)-2*b^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^3+b^2*ln(x)/a^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2x \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 2b^2x \log(\sqrt{x}) - 2ab\sqrt{x} + a^2}{a^3x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(2*b^2*x*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*b^2*x*log(sqrt(x)) - 2*a*b*sqrt(x) + a^2)  
/(a^3*x)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ -\frac{2}{3bx^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{ax} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{2b}{a^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{2b^2 \log(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x})}{a^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))/x**2,x)`output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(3/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-2/(3*b*x**(3/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(a*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(a*x) + 2*b/(a**2*sqrt(x)) + b**2*log(x)/a**3 - 2*b**2*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/a**3, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^3} + \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{a^3} + \frac{2b\sqrt{x} - a}{a^2x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*b^2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^3 + b^2*log(x)/a^3 + (2*b*sqrt(x) - a)/(a^2*x)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^3} + \frac{b^2 \log(|x|)}{a^3} + \frac{2ab\sqrt{x} - a^2}{a^3x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*b^2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^3 + b^2*log(abs(x))/a^3 + (2*a*b*sqrt(x) - a^2)/(a^3*x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{1}{a} - \frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a^2}}{x} - \frac{4b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^3}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))),x)`output `-(1/a - (2*b*x^(1/2))/a^2)/x - (4*b^2*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}ab - 2\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)b^2x + 2\log(\sqrt{x})b^2x - a^2}{a^3x}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^2,x)`output `(2*sqrt(x)*a*b - 2*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**2*x + 2*log(sqrt(x))*b**2*x - a**2)/(a**3*x)`

$$3.87 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^3} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	821
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	821
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	822
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	823
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	823
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	824
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	824
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	825
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	825
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	825

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{2b}{3a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2}{a^3x} + \frac{2b^3}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{b^4 \log(x)}{a^5}$$

output

```
-1/2/a/x^2+2/3*b/a^2/x^(3/2)-b^2/a^3/x+2*b^3/a^4/x^(1/2)-2*b^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^5+b^4*ln(x)/a^5
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^3} dx = \frac{a(-3a^3+4a^2b\sqrt{x}-6ab^2x+12b^3x^{3/2})}{x^2} - \frac{12b^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + 6b^4 \log(x)}{6a^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^3),x]
```

output

```
((a*(-3*a^3 + 4*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] - 6*a*b^2*x + 12*b^3*x^(3/2)))/x^2 - 12*b^4*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]] + 6*b^4*Log[x])/(6*a^5)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{b^5}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{b^4}{a^5 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{b^3}{a^4 x} + \frac{b^2}{a^3 x^{3/2}} - \frac{b}{a^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{ax^{5/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{b^4 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{b^4 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{b^3}{a^4 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{b^2}{2a^3 x} + \frac{b}{3a^2 x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{4ax^2} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^3),x]`

output `2*(-1/4*1/(a*x^2) + b/(3*a^2*x^(3/2)) - b^2/(2*a^3*x) + b^3/(a^4*Sqrt[x]) - (b^4*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/a^5 + (b^4*Log[Sqrt[x]])/a^5)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{2b}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{a^3x} + \frac{2b^3}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^4 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{b^4 \ln(x)}{a^5}$	66
default	$-\frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{2b}{3a^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{a^3x} + \frac{2b^3}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^4 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{b^4 \ln(x)}{a^5}$	66

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/a/x^2+2/3*b/a^2/x^(3/2)-b^2/a^3/x+2*b^3/a^4/x^(1/2)-2*b^4*ln(a+b*x^(1
/2))/a^5+b^4*ln(x)/a^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{12b^4x^2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 12b^4x^2 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 6a^2b^2x + 3a^4 - 4(3ab^3x + a^3b)\sqrt{x}}{6a^5x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(12*b^4*x^2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 12*b^4*x^2*log(sqrt(x)) + 6*a^2*b^2*
x + 3*a^4 - 4*(3*a*b^3*x + a^3*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*x^2)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{2\text{exp}(\infty)}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ -\frac{2}{5bx^{5/2}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2ax^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{2b}{3a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2}{a^3x} + \frac{2b^3}{a^4\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^4 \log(x)}{a^5} - \frac{2b^4 \log(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x})}{a^5} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))/x**3,x)`output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(5/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-2/(5*b*x**(5/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(2*a*x**2), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*a*x**2) + 2*b/(3*a**2*x**(3/2)) - b**2/(a**3*x) + 2*b**3/(a**4*sqrt(x)) + b**4*log(x)/a**5 - 2*b**4*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/a**5, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3} dx = -\frac{2b^4 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^5} + \frac{b^4 \log(x)}{a^5} + \frac{12b^3x^{3/2} - 6ab^2x + 4a^2b\sqrt{x} - 3a^3}{6a^4x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2*b^4*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^5 + b^4*log(x)/a^5 + 1/6*(12*b^3*x^(3/2) - 6*a*b^2*x + 4*a^2*b*sqrt(x) - 3*a^3)/(a^4*x^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3} dx = -\frac{2b^4 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^5} + \frac{b^4 \log(|x|)}{a^5} + \frac{12ab^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 6a^2b^2x + 4a^3b\sqrt{x} - 3a^4}{6a^5x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*b^4*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^5 + b^4*log(abs(x))/a^5 + 1/6*(12*a*b^3*x^(3/2) - 6*a^2*b^2*x + 4*a^3*b*sqrt(x) - 3*a^4)/(a^5*x^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{1}{2a} - \frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{3a^2} + \frac{b^2x}{a^3} - \frac{2b^3x^{3/2}}{a^4}}{x^2} - \frac{4b^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^5}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))),x)`output `-(1/(2*a) - (2*b*x^(1/2))/(3*a^2) + (b^2*x)/a^3 - (2*b^3*x^(3/2))/a^4)/x^2 - (4*b^4*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^3} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x} a^3 b + 12\sqrt{x} a b^3 x - 12 \log(\sqrt{x} b + a) b^4 x^2 + 12 \log(\sqrt{x}) b^4 x^2 - 3a^4 - 6a^2 b^2 x}{6a^5 x^2}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^3,x)`

output `(4*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x - 12*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**4*x**2 + 12*log(sqrt(x))*b**4*x**2 - 3*a**4 - 6*a**2*b**2*x)/(6*a**5*x**2)`

### 3.88 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^4} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	827
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	827
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	828
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	829
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	829
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	830
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	830
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	831
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	831
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	832

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3ax^3} + \frac{2b}{5a^2x^{5/2}} - \frac{b^2}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{2b^3}{3a^4x^{3/2}} - \frac{b^4}{a^5x} + \frac{2b^5}{a^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^6 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \log(x)}{a^7}$$

output

```
-1/3/a/x^3+2/5*b/a^2/x^(5/2)-1/2*b^2/a^3/x^2+2/3*b^3/a^4/x^(3/2)-b^4/a^5/x
+2*b^5/a^6/x^(1/2)-2*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^7+b^6*ln(x)/a^7
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x^4} dx = \frac{a(-10a^5+12a^4b\sqrt{x}-15a^3b^2x+20a^2b^3x^{3/2}-30ab^4x^2+60b^5x^{5/2})}{x^3} - 60b^6 \log(a + b\sqrt{x}) + 30b^6 \log(x)$$

$30a^7$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^4),x]
```



output

$$\left( (a(-10a^5 + 12a^4b\sqrt{x} - 15a^3b^2x + 20a^2b^3x^{3/2}) - 30ab^4x^2 + 60b^5x^{5/2}) \right) / x^3 - 60b^6 \operatorname{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}] + 30b^6 \operatorname{Log}[x] \bigg) / (30a^7)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^{7/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{b^7}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{b^6}{a^7 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{b^5}{a^6 x} + \frac{b^4}{a^5 x^{3/2}} - \frac{b^3}{a^4 x^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^3 x^{5/2}} - \frac{b}{a^2 x^3} + \frac{1}{ax^{7/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{b^6 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{b^5}{a^6 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{b^4}{2a^5 x} + \frac{b^3}{3a^4 x^{3/2}} - \frac{b^2}{4a^3 x^2} + \frac{b}{5a^2 x^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{6ax^3} \right)$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/((a + b\sqrt{x})*x^4), x]$$

output

$$2 * (-1/6 * 1 / (a * x^3) + b / (5 * a^2 * x^{5/2}) - b^2 / (4 * a^3 * x^2) + b^3 / (3 * a^4 * x^{3/2}) - b^4 / (2 * a^5 * x) + b^5 / (a^6 * \operatorname{Sqrt}[x]) - (b^6 * \operatorname{Log}[a + b * \operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]) / a^7 + (b^6 * \operatorname{Log}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]) / a^7)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{3ax^3} + \frac{2b}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{2b^3}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^4}{a^5x} + \frac{2b^5}{a^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^6 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \ln(x)}{a^7}$	88
default	$-\frac{1}{3ax^3} + \frac{2b}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{2b^3}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^4}{a^5x} + \frac{2b^5}{a^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^6 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \ln(x)}{a^7}$	88

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{a} x^{-3} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{b}{a^2} x^{-\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{b^2}{a^3} x^{-2} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{b^3}{a^4} x^{-\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{b^4}{a^5} x^{-1} + \frac{2}{a^6} \frac{b^5}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b^6 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \ln(x)}{a^7}$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4} dx = \frac{-60 b^6 x^3 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 60 b^6 x^3 \log(\sqrt{x}) + 30 a^2 b^4 x^2 + 15 a^4 b^2 x + 10 a^6 - 4(15 a b^5 x^2 + 5 a^3 b^3 x + 3 a^5)}{30 a^7 x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/30*(60*b^6*x^3*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 60*b^6*x^3*log(sqrt(x)) + 30*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 15*a^4*b^2*x + 10*a^6 - 4*(15*a*b^5*x^2 + 5*a^3*b^3*x + 3*a^5*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^7*x^3)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ -\frac{2}{7bx^{\frac{7}{2}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{3ax^3} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{3ax^3} + \frac{2b}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{b^2}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{2b^3}{3a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{b^4}{a^5x} + \frac{2b^5}{a^6\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^6 \log(x)}{a^7} - \frac{2b^6 \log(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x})}{a^7} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))/x**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(7/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-2/(7*b*x**(7/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(3*a*x**3), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*a*x**3) + 2*b/(5*a**2*x**(5/2)) - b**2/(2*a**3*x**2) + 2*b**3/(3*a**4*x**(3/2)) - b**4/(a**5*x) + 2*b**5/(a**6*sqrt(x)) + b**6*log(x)/a**7 - 2*b**6*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/a**7, True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4} dx = -\frac{2b^6 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \log(x)}{a^7}$$

$$+ \frac{60b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 30ab^4x^2 + 20a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 15a^3b^2x + 12a^4b\sqrt{x} - 10a^5}{30a^6x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-2*b^6*\log(b*\sqrt{x} + a)/a^7 + b^6*\log(x)/a^7 + 1/30*(60*b^5*x^{(5/2)} - 30*a*b^4*x^2 + 20*a^2*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 15*a^3*b^2*x + 12*a^4*b*\sqrt{x} - 10*a^5)/(a^6*x^3)$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4} dx = -\frac{2b^6 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \log(|x|)}{a^7} + \frac{60ab^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 30a^2b^4x^2 + 20a^3b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 15a^4b^2x + 12a^5b\sqrt{x} - 10a^6}{30a^7x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-2*b^6*\log(\text{abs}(b*\sqrt{x} + a))/a^7 + b^6*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^7 + 1/30*(60*a*b^5*x^{(5/2)} - 30*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 20*a^3*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 15*a^4*b^2*x + 12*a^5*b*\sqrt{x} - 10*a^6)/(a^7*x^3)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x}) x^4} dx = -\frac{\frac{1}{3a} - \frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{5a^2} + \frac{b^2x}{2a^3} + \frac{b^4x^2}{a^5} - \frac{2b^3x^{3/2}}{3a^4} - \frac{2b^5x^{5/2}}{a^6}}{x^3} - \frac{4b^6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^7}$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))),x)`

output

```
- (1/(3*a) - (2*b*x^(1/2))/(5*a^2) + (b^2*x)/(2*a^3) + (b^4*x^2)/a^5 - (2*
b^3*x^(3/2))/(3*a^4) - (2*b^5*x^(5/2))/a^6)/x^3 - (4*b^6*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2)
)/a + 1))/a^7
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{12\sqrt{x}a^5b + 20\sqrt{x}a^3b^3x + 60\sqrt{x}ab^5x^2 - 60\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)b^6x^3 + 60\log(\sqrt{x})b^6x^3 - 10a^6 - 15a^4b^2x - 30a^7x^3}{30a^7x^3}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(12*sqrt(x)*a**5*b + 20*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*x + 60*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*x**2 - 60*
log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**6*x**3 + 60*log(sqrt(x))*b**6*x**3 - 10*a**6 - 15*a*
*4*b**2*x - 30*a**2*b**4*x**2)/(30*a**7*x**3)
```

**3.89**       $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	833
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	833
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	834
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	835
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	836
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	836
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	837
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	837
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	838
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	838

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2a^7}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{12a^5\sqrt{x}}{b^7} + \frac{5a^4x}{b^6} - \frac{8a^3x^{3/2}}{3b^5} + \frac{3a^2x^2}{2b^4} - \frac{4ax^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{x^3}{3b^2} + \frac{14a^6 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

output

```
2*a^7/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))-12*a^5*x^(1/2)/b^7+5*a^4*x/b^6-8/3*a^3*x^(3/2)/b^5
+3/2*a^2*x^2/b^4-4/5*a*x^(5/2)/b^3+1/3*x^3/b^2+14*a^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^8
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{60a^7 - 360a^6b\sqrt{x} - 210a^5b^2x + 70a^4b^3x^{3/2} - 35a^3b^4x^2 + 21a^2b^5x^{5/2} - 14ab^6x^3 + 10b^7x^{7/2}}{30b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{14a^6 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2,x]`

output  $(60a^7 - 360a^6b\sqrt{x} - 210a^5b^2x + 70a^4b^3x^{3/2} - 35a^3b^4x^2 + 21a^2b^5x^{5/2} - 14ab^6x^3 + 10b^7x^{7/2})/(30b^8(a + b\sqrt{x})) + (14a^6\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}])/b^8$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^7}{b^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{7a^6}{b^7(a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{6a^5}{b^7} + \frac{5\sqrt{x}a^4}{b^6} - \frac{4xa^3}{b^5} + \frac{3x^{3/2}a^2}{b^4} - \frac{2x^2a}{b^3} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^7}{b^8(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{7a^6 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} - \frac{6a^5\sqrt{x}}{b^7} + \frac{5a^4x}{2b^6} - \frac{4a^3x^{3/2}}{3b^5} + \frac{3a^2x^2}{4b^4} - \frac{2ax^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{x^3}{6b^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2,x]`

output  $2*(a^7/(b^8*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])) - (6*a^5*\text{Sqrt}[x])/b^7 + (5*a^4*x)/(2*b^6) - (4*a^3*x^(3/2))/(3*b^5) + (3*a^2*x^2)/(4*b^4) - (2*a*x^(5/2))/(5*b^3) + x^3/(6*b^2) + (7*a^6*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/b^8)$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}(x_.)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_.)^(n_.))^(p_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{x^3 b^5}{6} + \frac{2ax^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3a^2 b^3 x^2}{4} + \frac{4a^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2}{3} - \frac{5a^4 bx}{2} + 6a^5 \sqrt{x}\right)}{b^7} + \frac{2a^7}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{14a^6 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$	95
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{x^3 b^5}{6} + \frac{2ax^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3a^2 b^3 x^2}{4} + \frac{4a^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2}{3} - \frac{5a^4 bx}{2} + 6a^5 \sqrt{x}\right)}{b^7} + \frac{2a^7}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{14a^6 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$	95

input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-2/b^7*(-1/6*x^3*b^5+2/5*a*x^(5/2)*b^4-3/4*a^2*b^3*x^2+4/3*a^3*x^(3/2)*b^2-5/2*a^4*b*x+6*a^5*x^(1/2))+2*a^7/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))+14*a^6*\ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^8$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{10b^8x^4 + 35a^2b^6x^3 + 105a^4b^4x^2 - 150a^6b^2x - 60a^8 + 420(a^6b^2x - a^8)\log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 4(6ab^7x^3 + 14a^3b^5x^2 + 70a^5b^3x - 105a^7b)\sqrt{x}}{30(b^{10}x - a^2b^8)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/30*(10*b^8*x^4 + 35*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 105*a^4*b^4*x^2 - 150*a^6*b^2*x - 60*a^8 + 420*(a^6*b^2*x - a^8)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 4*(6*a*b^7*x^3 + 14*a^3*b^5*x^2 + 70*a^5*b^3*x - 105*a^7*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^10*x - a^2*b^8)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{420a^7 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{30ab^8 + 30b^9\sqrt{x}} + \frac{420a^7}{30ab^8 + 30b^9\sqrt{x}} + \frac{420a^6b\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{30ab^8 + 30b^9\sqrt{x}} - \frac{210a^5b^2x}{30ab^8 + 30b^9\sqrt{x}} + \frac{70a^4b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{30ab^8 + 30b^9\sqrt{x}} - \frac{35a^3b^4x^2}{30ab^8 + 30b^9\sqrt{x}} + \frac{21a^2b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{30ab^8 + 30b^9\sqrt{x}} \\ \frac{x^4}{4a^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*x**(1/2))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((420*a**7*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(30*a*b**8 + 30*b**9*sqrt(x)) + 420*a**7/(30*a*b**8 + 30*b**9*sqrt(x)) + 420*a**6*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(30*a*b**8 + 30*b**9*sqrt(x)) - 210*a**5*b**2*x/(30*a*b**8 + 30*b**9*sqrt(x)) + 70*a**4*b**3*x**(3/2)/(30*a*b**8 + 30*b**9*sqrt(x)) - 35*a**3*b**4*x**2/(30*a*b**8 + 30*b**9*sqrt(x)) + 21*a**2*b**5*x**(5/2)/(30*a*b**8 + 30*b**9*sqrt(x)) - 14*a*b**6*x**3/(30*a*b**8 + 30*b**9*sqrt(x)) + 10*b**7*x**(7/2)/(30*a*b**8 + 30*b**9*sqrt(x)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**4/(4*a**2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{14a^6 \log(b\sqrt{x}+a)}{b^8} + \frac{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^6}{3b^8} - \frac{14(b\sqrt{x}+a)^5 a}{5b^8} \\ + \frac{21(b\sqrt{x}+a)^4 a^2}{2b^8} - \frac{70(b\sqrt{x}+a)^3 a^3}{3b^8} \\ + \frac{35(b\sqrt{x}+a)^2 a^4}{b^8} - \frac{42(b\sqrt{x}+a)a^5}{b^8} + \frac{2a^7}{(b\sqrt{x}+a)b^8}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `14*a^6*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^8 + 1/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6/b^8 - 14/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*a/b^8 + 21/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^2/b^8 - 70/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^3/b^8 + 35*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^4/b^8 - 42*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^5/b^8 + 2*a^7/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^8)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx \\ = \frac{14a^6 \log(|b\sqrt{x}+a|)}{b^8} + \frac{2a^7}{(b\sqrt{x}+a)b^8} \\ + \frac{10b^{10}x^3 - 24ab^9x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 45a^2b^8x^2 - 80a^3b^7x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 150a^4b^6x - 360a^5b^5\sqrt{x}}{30b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `14*a^6*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^8 + 2*a^7/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^8) + 1/30*(10*b^10*x^3 - 24*a*b^9*x^(5/2) + 45*a^2*b^8*x^2 - 80*a^3*b^7*x^(3/2) + 150*a^4*b^6*x - 360*a^5*b^5*sqrt(x))/b^12`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{x^3}{3b^2} + \frac{2a^7}{b(ab^7 + b^8\sqrt{x})} - \frac{4ax^{5/2}}{5b^3} + \frac{5a^4x}{b^6} \\ + \frac{14a^6 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} + \frac{3a^2x^2}{2b^4} - \frac{8a^3x^{3/2}}{3b^5} - \frac{12a^5\sqrt{x}}{b^7}$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `x^3/(3*b^2) + (2*a^7)/(b*(a*b^7 + b^8*x^(1/2))) - (4*a*x^(5/2))/(5*b^3) + (5*a^4*x)/b^6 + (14*a^6*log(a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^8 + (3*a^2*x^2)/(2*b^4) - (8*a^3*x^(3/2))/(3*b^5) - (12*a^5*x^(1/2))/b^7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx \\ = \frac{420\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6b - 420\sqrt{x} a^6b + 70\sqrt{x} a^4b^3x + 21\sqrt{x} a^2b^5x^2 + 10\sqrt{x} b^7x^3 + 420 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^7}{30b^8 (\sqrt{x}b + a)}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `(420*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**6*b - 420*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 70*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**3*x + 21*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 + 10*sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 + 420*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**7 - 210*a**5*b**2*x - 35*a**3*b**4*x**2 - 14*a*b**6*x**3)/(30*b**8*(sqrt(x)*b + a))`

### 3.90 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$

Optimal result	839
Mathematica [A] (verified)	839
Rubi [A] (verified)	840
Maple [A] (verified)	841
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	842
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	842
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	843
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	843
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	844
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	844

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2a^5}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{8a^3\sqrt{x}}{b^5} + \frac{3a^2x}{b^4} - \frac{4ax^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{x^2}{2b^2} + \frac{10a^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$$

output

```
2*a^5/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))-8*a^3*x^(1/2)/b^5+3*a^2*x/b^4-4/3*a*x^(3/2)/b^3+1/2*x^2/b^2+10*a^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{12a^5 - 48a^4b\sqrt{x} - 30a^3b^2x + 10a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 5ab^4x^2 + 3b^5x^{5/2}}{6b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{10a^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(12a^5 - 48a^4b\sqrt{x} - 30a^3b^2x + 10a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 5ab^4x^2 + 3b^5x^{5/2})}{(6b^6(a + b\sqrt{x}))} + \frac{(10a^4\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}])}{b^6}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{5a^4}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{4a^3}{b^5} + \frac{3\sqrt{x}a^2}{b^4} - \frac{2xa}{b^3} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{a^5}{b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{5a^4 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^6} - \frac{4a^3\sqrt{x}}{b^5} + \frac{3a^2x}{2b^4} - \frac{2ax^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{x^2}{4b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2/(a + b\sqrt{x})^2, x]$$

output

$$\frac{2(a^5/(b^6(a + b\sqrt{x}))) - (4a^3\sqrt{x})/b^5 + (3a^2x)/(2b^4) - (2ax^{3/2})/(3b^3) + x^2/(4b^2) + (5a^4\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}])/b^6}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b^3x^2}{4} + \frac{2ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{3a^2bx}{2} + 4a^3\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^5} + \frac{2a^5}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{10a^4\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$	73
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b^3x^2}{4} + \frac{2ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{3a^2bx}{2} + 4a^3\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^5} + \frac{2a^5}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{10a^4\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$	73

```
input int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -2/b^5*(-1/4*b^3*x^2+2/3*a*b^2*x^(3/2)-3/2*a^2*b*x+4*a^3*x^(1/2))+2*a^5/b^
6/(a+b*x^(1/2))+10*a^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^6
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^6x^3 + 15a^2b^4x^2 - 18a^4b^2x - 12a^6 + 60(a^4b^2x - a^6) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 4(2ab^5x^2 + 10a^3b^3x - 15a^5b)}{6(b^8x - a^2b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/6*(3*b^6*x^3 + 15*a^2*b^4*x^2 - 18*a^4*b^2*x - 12*a^6 + 60*(a^4*b^2*x -
a^6)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 4*(2*a*b^5*x^2 + 10*a^3*b^3*x - 15*a^5*b)*sqrt(x
))/ (b^8*x - a^2*b^6)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. 2(80) = 160.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{60a^5 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{6ab^6 + 6b^7\sqrt{x}} + \frac{60a^5}{6ab^6 + 6b^7\sqrt{x}} + \frac{60a^4b\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{6ab^6 + 6b^7\sqrt{x}} - \frac{30a^3b^2x}{6ab^6 + 6b^7\sqrt{x}} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6ab^6 + 6b^7\sqrt{x}} - \frac{5ab^4x^2}{6ab^6 + 6b^7\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{6ab^6 + 6b^7\sqrt{x}} \\ \frac{x^3}{3a^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(1/2))**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((60*a**5*log(a/b + sqrt(x)))/(6*a*b**6 + 6*b**7*sqrt(x)) + 60*a**
5/(6*a*b**6 + 6*b**7*sqrt(x)) + 60*a**4*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a*
b**6 + 6*b**7*sqrt(x)) - 30*a**3*b**2*x/(6*a*b**6 + 6*b**7*sqrt(x)) + 10*a
**2*b**3*x**(3/2)/(6*a*b**6 + 6*b**7*sqrt(x)) - 5*a*b**4*x**2/(6*a*b**6 +
6*b**7*sqrt(x)) + 3*b**5*x**(5/2)/(6*a*b**6 + 6*b**7*sqrt(x)), Ne(b, 0)),
(x**3/(3*a**2), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{10 a^4 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^6} + \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4}{2 b^6} - \frac{10 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a}{3 b^6} \\ + \frac{10 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^2}{b^6} - \frac{20 (b\sqrt{x} + a) a^3}{b^6} + \frac{2 a^5}{(b\sqrt{x} + a) b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `10*a^4*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^6 + 1/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4/b^6 - 10/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a/b^6 + 10*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^2/b^6 - 20*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^3/b^6 + 2*a^5/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^6)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{10 a^4 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^6} + \frac{2 a^5}{(b\sqrt{x} + a) b^6} \\ + \frac{3 b^6 x^2 - 8 a b^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 18 a^2 b^4 x - 48 a^3 b^3 \sqrt{x}}{6 b^8}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `10*a^4*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^6 + 2*a^5/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^6) + 1/6*(3*b^6*x^2 - 8*a*b^5*x^(3/2) + 18*a^2*b^4*x - 48*a^3*b^3*sqrt(x))/b^8`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{x^2}{2b^2} + \frac{2a^5}{b(a b^5 + b^6 \sqrt{x})} + \frac{3a^2 x}{b^4} - \frac{4a x^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{10a^4 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^6} - \frac{8a^3 \sqrt{x}}{b^5}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `x^2/(2*b^2) + (2*a^5)/(b*(a*b^5 + b^6*x^(1/2))) + (3*a^2*x)/b^4 - (4*a*x^(3/2))/(3*b^3) + (10*a^4*log(a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^6 - (8*a^3*x^(1/2))/b^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{60\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4 b - 60\sqrt{x} a^4 b + 10\sqrt{x} a^2 b^3 x + 3\sqrt{x} b^5 x^2 + 60 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^5 - 30a^3 b^2 x - 5a b^4}{6b^6 (\sqrt{x}b + a)}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `(60*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**4*b - 60*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 10*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x + 3*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 + 60*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**5 - 30*a**3*b**2*x - 5*a*b**4*x**2)/(6*b**6*(sqrt(x)*b + a))`

### 3.91 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$

Optimal result	845
Mathematica [A] (verified)	845
Rubi [A] (verified)	846
Maple [A] (verified)	847
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	848
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	848
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	849
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	849
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	849
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	850

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2a^3}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{4a\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{x}{b^2} + \frac{6a^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$$

output  $2*a^3/b^4/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})-4*a*x^{(1/2)}/b^3+x/b^2+6*a^2*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/b^4$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2a^3 - 4a^2b\sqrt{x} - 3ab^2x + b^3x^{3/2}}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{6a^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2,x]`

output  $(2*a^3 - 4*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] - 3*a*b^2*x + b^3*x^{(3/2)})/(b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) + (6*a^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^4$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 2 \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{3a^2}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2a}{b^3} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{a^3}{b^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{3a^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^4} - \frac{2a\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{x}{2b^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2,x]`

output `2*(a^3/(b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) - (2*a*Sqrt[x])/b^3 + x/(2*b^2) + (3*a^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^4)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{bx}{2}+2a\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{2a^3}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{6a^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$	51
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{bx}{2}+2a\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{2a^3}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{6a^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$	51

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/b^3*(-1/2*b*x+2*a*x^(1/2))+2*a^3/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))+6*a^2*\ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^4$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^4 x^2 - a^2 b^2 x - 2a^4 + 6(a^2 b^2 x - a^4) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 2(2ab^3 x - 3a^3 b)\sqrt{x}}{b^6 x - a^2 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^4*x^2 - a^2*b^2*x - 2*a^4 + 6*(a^2*b^2*x - a^4)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 2*(2*a*b^3*x - 3*a^3*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^6*x - a^2*b^4)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{6a^3 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{ab^4 + b^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6a^3}{ab^4 + b^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6a^2 b\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{ab^4 + b^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{3ab^2 x}{ab^4 + b^5\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{ab^4 + b^5\sqrt{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(1/2))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((6*a**3*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a*b**4 + b**5*sqrt(x)) + 6*a**3/(a*b**4 + b**5*sqrt(x)) + 6*a**2*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a*b**4 + b**5*sqrt(x)) - 3*a*b**2*x/(a*b**4 + b**5*sqrt(x)) + b**3*x**(3/2)/(a*b**4 + b**5*sqrt(x)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{6a^2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^4} + \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2}{b^4} - \frac{6(b\sqrt{x} + a)a}{b^4} + \frac{2a^3}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `6*a^2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^4 + (b*sqrt(x) + a)^2/b^4 - 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a/b^4 + 2*a^3/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{6a^2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^4} + \frac{2a^3}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)b^4} + \frac{b^2x - 4ab\sqrt{x}}{b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `6*a^2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^4 + 2*a^3/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^4) + (b^2*x - 4*a*b*sqrt(x))/b^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{x}{b^2} + \frac{2a^3}{b(a b^3 + b^4 \sqrt{x})} - \frac{4a\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{6a^2 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

$$\frac{x}{b^2} + \frac{(2a^3)/(b(a^2b^3 + b^4x^{1/2})) - (4ax^{1/2})/b^3 + (6a^2 \log(a + bx^{1/2}))/b^4}{b^4}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b - 6\sqrt{x} a^2b + \sqrt{x} b^3x + 6 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^3 - 3ab^2x}{b^4(\sqrt{x}b + a)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x/(a+b*x^{1/2})^2,x)$$

output

$$\frac{(6*\text{sqrt}(x)*\log(\text{sqrt}(x)*b + a)*a**2*b - 6*\text{sqrt}(x)*a**2*b + \text{sqrt}(x)*b**3*x + 6*\log(\text{sqrt}(x)*b + a)*a**3 - 3*a*b**2*x)/(b**4*(\text{sqrt}(x)*b + a))}{b^4}$$

### 3.92 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$

Optimal result	851
Mathematica [A] (verified)	851
Rubi [A] (verified)	852
Maple [A] (verified)	853
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	853
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	854
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	854
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	854
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	855
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	855

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2a}{b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^2}$$

output  $2*a/b^2/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})+2*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/b^2$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{a}{a+b\sqrt{x}} + \log(a+b\sqrt{x})\right)}{b^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-2), x]`

output  $(2*(a/(a + b*Sqrt[x]) + Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]]))/b^2$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{1}{b(a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{a}{b(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{a}{b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{\log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-2),x]`

output `2*(a/(b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) + Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/b^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; Fre  
eQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	s
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a}{b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^2}$	3
default	$\frac{a^2}{(-b^2x+a^2)b^2} + \frac{\ln(b^2x-a^2)}{b^2} - \frac{a^2}{b^2(b^2x-a^2)} + \frac{a}{b^2(b\sqrt{x}-a)} - \frac{\ln(b\sqrt{x}-a)}{b^2} + \frac{a}{b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^2}$	1

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*a/b^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))+2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2(ab\sqrt{x} - a^2 + (b^2x - a^2) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a))}{b^4x - a^2b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(a*b*sqrt(x) - a^2 + (b^2*x - a^2)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a))/(b^4*x - a^2*b^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 80 vs.  $2(29) = 58$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{ab^2 + b^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2a}{ab^2 + b^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{ab^2 + b^3\sqrt{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{a^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise(((2*a*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a*b**2 + b**3*sqrt(x)) + 2*a/(a*b**2 + b**3*sqrt(x)) + 2*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a*b**2 + b**3*sqrt(x))), Ne(b, 0)), (x/a**2, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^2} + \frac{2a}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^2 + 2*a/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^2} + \frac{2a}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $2*\log(\text{abs}(b*\text{sqrt}(x) + a))/b^2 + 2*a/((b*\text{sqrt}(x) + a)*b^2)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^2} + \frac{2a}{b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})}$$

input  $\text{int}(1/(a + b*x^{(1/2)})^2,x)$

output  $(2*\log(a + b*x^{(1/2)}))/b^2 + (2*a)/(b^2*(a + b*x^{(1/2)}))$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) b - 2\sqrt{x}b + 2 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a}{b^2(\sqrt{x}b + a)}$$

input  $\text{int}(1/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2,x)$

output  $(2*(\text{sqrt}(x)*\log(\text{sqrt}(x)*b + a)*b - \text{sqrt}(x)*b + \log(\text{sqrt}(x)*b + a)*a))/(b**2*(\text{sqrt}(x)*b + a))$

### 3.93 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	856
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	856
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	857
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	858
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	858
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	859
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	859
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	860
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	860
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	860

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{2}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^2} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2}$$

output

```
2/a/(a+b*x^(1/2))-2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^2+ln(x)/a^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{2\left(\frac{a}{a+b\sqrt{x}} - \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\log(x)}{2}\right)}{a^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x), x]
```

output

```
(2*(a/(a + b*Sqrt[x]) - Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]] + Log[x]/2))/a^2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{b}{a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{b}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{1}{a^2\sqrt{x}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{x})}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x),x]`

output `2*(1/(a*(a + b*Sqrt[x]))) - Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/a^2 + Log[Sqrt[x]]/a^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2}$	35
default	$\frac{2}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2}$	35

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/a/(a+b*x^(1/2))-2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^2+ln(x)/a^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{2(ab\sqrt{x} - a^2 - (b^2x - a^2)\log(b\sqrt{x} + a) + (b^2x - a^2)\log(\sqrt{x}))}{a^2b^2x - a^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(a*b*sqrt(x) - a^2 - (b^2*x - a^2)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) + (b^2*x - a^2)*lo  
g(sqrt(x)))/(a^2*b^2*x - a^4)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\tilde{\infty}}{x} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{b^2 x} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{a\sqrt{x}\log(x)}{a^3\sqrt{x}+a^2bx} - \frac{2a\sqrt{x}\log(\frac{a}{b}+\sqrt{x})}{a^3\sqrt{x}+a^2bx} + \frac{2a\sqrt{x}}{a^3\sqrt{x}+a^2bx} + \frac{bx\log(x)}{a^3\sqrt{x}+a^2bx} - \frac{2bx\log(\frac{a}{b}+\sqrt{x})}{a^3\sqrt{x}+a^2bx} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**2/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(b**2*x), Eq(a, 0)), (a*sqrt(x)*log(x)/(a**3*sqrt(x) + a**2*b*x) - 2*a*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**3*sqrt(x) + a**2*b*x) + 2*a*sqrt(x)/(a**3*sqrt(x) + a**2*b*x) + b*x*log(x)/(a**3*sqrt(x) + a**2*b*x) - 2*b*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**3*sqrt(x) + a**2*b*x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{2}{ab\sqrt{x} + a^2} - \frac{2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^2} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/(a*b*sqrt(x) + a^2) - 2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^2 + log(x)/a^2`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx = -\frac{2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^2} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a^2} + \frac{2}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^2 + log(abs(x))/a^2 + 2/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*a)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{2}{a(a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^2}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^2),x)`output `2/(a*(a + b*x^(1/2))) - (4*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) b + 2\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) b - 2\sqrt{x} b - 2 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a + 2 \log(\sqrt{x}) a}{a^2 (\sqrt{x}b + a)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x,x)`

output  $(2*(-\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*b + \sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x})*b - \sqrt{x}*b - \log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a + \log(\sqrt{x})*a))/(a**2*(\sqrt{x}*b + a))$

### 3.94 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx$

Optimal result	862
Mathematica [A] (verified)	862
Rubi [A] (verified)	863
Maple [A] (verified)	864
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	864
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	865
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	866
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	866
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	866
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	867

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{2b^2}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^2x} + \frac{4b}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2 \log(x)}{a^4}$$

output

$2*b^2/a^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/a^2/x+4*b/a^3/x^(1/2)-6*b^2*\ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^4+3*b^2*\ln(x)/a^4$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\frac{a(-a^2+3ab\sqrt{x}+6b^2x)}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x} - 6b^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + 3b^2 \log(x)}{a^4}$$

input

`Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^2), x]`

output

$((a*(-a^2 + 3a*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 6*b^2*x))/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])*x) - 6*b^2*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]] + 3*b^2*\text{Log}[x])/a^4$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{3b^3}{a^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{b^3}{a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{2b}{a^3 x} + \frac{1}{a^2 x^{3/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{3b^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^4} + \frac{b^2}{a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2b}{a^3 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{2a^2 x} \right)$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^2),x]
```

output

```
2*(b^2/(a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) - 1/(2*a^2*x) + (2*b)/(a^3*Sqrt[x]) - (3*b^2*
Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/a^4 + (3*b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]])/a^4)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^2x} + \frac{4b}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2 \ln(x)}{a^4}$	62
default	$\frac{2b^2}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^2x} + \frac{4b}{a^3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2 \ln(x)}{a^4}$	62

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2*b^2/a^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/a^2/x+4*b/a^3/x^(1/2)-6*b^2*\ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^4+3*b^2*\ln(x)/a^4$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{3a^2b^2x - a^4 + 6(b^4x^2 - a^2b^2x) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 6(b^4x^2 - a^2b^2x) \log(\sqrt{x}) - 2(3ab^3x - 2a^3b)\sqrt{x}}{a^4b^2x^2 - a^6x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(3*a^2*b^2*x - a^4 + 6*(b^4*x^2 - a^2*b^2*x)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 6*(b^4*x^2 - a^2*b^2*x)*log(sqrt(x)) - 2*(3*a*b^3*x - 2*a^3*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^4*b^2*x^2 - a^6*x)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs.  $2(65) = 130$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^2} \\ -\frac{1}{a^2 x} \\ -\frac{1}{2b^2 x^2} \end{cases} - \frac{a^3 \sqrt{x}}{a^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4 b x^2} + \frac{3a^2 b x}{a^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4 b x^2} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \log(x)}{a^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4 b x^2} - \frac{6ab^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{a^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4 b x^2} + \frac{6ab^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4 b x^2} + \frac{3b^3 x^2 \log(x)}{a^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4 b x^2} - \frac{6b^3 x^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{a^5 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^4 b x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**2/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**2, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(a**2*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*b**2*x**2), Eq(a, 0)), (-a**3*sqrt(x)/(a**5*x**(3/2) + a**4*b*x**2) + 3*a**2*b*x/(a**5*x**(3/2) + a**4*b*x**2) + 3*a*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(x)/(a**5*x**(3/2) + a**4*b*x**2) - 6*a*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**5*x**(3/2) + a**4*b*x**2) + 6*a*b**2*x**(3/2)/(a**5*x**(3/2) + a**4*b*x**2) + 3*b**3*x**2*log(x)/(a**5*x**(3/2) + a**4*b*x**2) - 6*b**3*x**2*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**5*x**(3/2) + a**4*b*x**2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{6b^2x + 3ab\sqrt{x} - a^2}{a^3bx^{3/2} + a^4x} - \frac{6b^2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2 \log(x)}{a^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(6*b^2*x + 3*a*b*sqrt(x) - a^2)/(a^3*b*x^(3/2) + a^4*x) - 6*b^2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^4 + 3*b^2*log(x)/a^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx = -\frac{6b^2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2 \log(|x|)}{a^4} + \frac{6ab^2x + 3a^2b\sqrt{x} - a^3}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)a^4x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-6*b^2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^4 + 3*b^2*log(abs(x))/a^4 + (6*a*b^2*x + 3*a^2*b*sqrt(x) - a^3)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^4*x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{\frac{3b\sqrt{x}}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a} + \frac{6b^2x}{a^3}}{ax + bx^{3/2}} - \frac{12b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^4}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^2),x)`

output 
$$\left(\frac{3bx^{1/2}}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a} + \frac{6b^2x}{a^3}\right) / (ax + bx^{3/2}) - \frac{12b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/2}}{a+1}\right)}{a^4}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) b^3 x + 6\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) b^3 x + 3\sqrt{x} a^2 b - 6\sqrt{x} b^3 x - 6 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a b^2 x + 6 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^4 x (\sqrt{x}b + a)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^2,x)`

output 
$$\left(-6\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) b^3 x + 6\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) b^3 x + 3\sqrt{x} a^2 b - 6\sqrt{x} b^3 x - 6 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a b^2 x + 6 \log(\sqrt{x})\right) / (a^4 x (\sqrt{x}b + a))$$



### 3.95 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	868
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	868
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	869
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	870
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	870
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Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	873

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx = \frac{2b^4}{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{4b}{3a^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^4x} + \frac{8b^3}{a^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{10b^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^6} + \frac{5b^4 \log(x)}{a^6}$$

output

$2*b^4/a^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/2/a^2/x^2+4/3*b/a^3/x^(3/2)-3*b^2/a^4/x+8*b^3/a^5/x^(1/2)-10*b^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^6+5*b^4*ln(x)/a^6$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx = \frac{a(-3a^4+5a^3b\sqrt{x}-10a^2b^2x+30ab^3x^{3/2}+60b^4x^2)}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^2} - 60b^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + 30b^4 \log(x)$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{6a^6}$$

input

`Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^3),x]`

output

$$\frac{((a*(-3*a^4 + 5*a^3*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 10*a^2*b^2*x + 30*a*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 60*b^4*x^2))/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])*x^2) - 60*b^4*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]] + 30*b^4*\text{Log}[x])/(6*a^6)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{5b^5}{a^6 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{b^5}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{5b^4}{a^6 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{4b^3}{a^5 x} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4 x^{3/2}} - \frac{2b}{a^3 x^2} + \frac{1}{a^2 x^{5/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{5b^4 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^6} + \frac{5b^4 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^6} + \frac{b^4}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{4b^3}{a^5 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{3b^2}{2a^4 x} + \frac{2b}{3a^3 x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{4a^2 x^2} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2*x^3), x]$$

output

$$2*(b^4/(a^5*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])) - 1/(4*a^2*x^2) + (2*b)/(3*a^3*x^{(3/2)}) - (3*b^2)/(2*a^4*x) + (4*b^3)/(a^5*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (5*b^4*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^6 + (5*b^4*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^6)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^4}{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{4b}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^4x} + \frac{8b^3}{a^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{10b^4 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^6} + \frac{5b^4 \ln(x)}{a^6}$	84
default	$\frac{2b^4}{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{4b}{3a^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^4x} + \frac{8b^3}{a^5\sqrt{x}} - \frac{10b^4 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^6} + \frac{5b^4 \ln(x)}{a^6}$	84

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2*b^4/a^5/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})-1/2/a^2/x^2+4/3*b/a^3/x^{(3/2)}-3*b^2/a^4/x+8*b^3/a^5/x^{(1/2)}-10*b^4*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/a^6+5*b^4*\ln(x)/a^6$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx = \frac{30 a^2 b^4 x^2 - 15 a^4 b^2 x - 3 a^6 + 60 (b^6 x^3 - a^2 b^4 x^2) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 60 (b^6 x^3 - a^2 b^4 x^2) \log(\sqrt{x}) - 4 (15 a^6 b^2 x^3 - a^8 x^2)}{6 (a^6 b^2 x^3 - a^8 x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(30*a^2*b^4*x^2 - 15*a^4*b^2*x - 3*a^6 + 60*(b^6*x^3 - a^2*b^4*x^2)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 60*(b^6*x^3 - a^2*b^4*x^2)*log(sqrt(x)) - 4*(15*a*b^5*x^2 - 10*a^3*b^3*x - 2*a^5*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^6*b^2*x^3 - a^8*x^2)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 333 vs.  $2(94) = 188$ .

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^3} \\ -\frac{1}{2a^2x^2} \\ -\frac{1}{3b^2x^3} \\ -\frac{3a^5\sqrt{x}}{6a^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}+6a^6bx^3} + \frac{5a^4bx}{6a^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}+6a^6bx^3} - \frac{10a^3b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{6a^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}+6a^6bx^3} + \frac{30a^2b^3x^2}{6a^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}+6a^6bx^3} + \frac{30ab^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}\log(x)}{6a^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}+6a^6bx^3} - \frac{60ab^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}\log(\frac{a}{b}+\sqrt{x})}{6a^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}+6a^6bx^3} + \frac{60ab^4}{6a^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}+6a^6bx^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**2/x**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**3, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*a**2*x**2), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*b**2*x**3), Eq(a, 0)), (-3*a**5*sqrt(x)/(6*a**7*x**(5/2) + 6*a**6*b*x**3) + 5*a**4*b*x/(6*a**7*x**(5/2) + 6*a**6*b*x**3) - 10*a**3*b**2*x**(3/2)/(6*a**7*x**(5/2) + 6*a**6*b*x**3) + 30*a**2*b**3*x**2/(6*a**7*x**(5/2) + 6*a**6*b*x**3) + 30*a*b**4*x**(5/2)*log(x)/(6*a**7*x**(5/2) + 6*a**6*b*x**3) - 60*a*b**4*x**(5/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**7*x**(5/2) + 6*a**6*b*x**3) + 60*a*b**4*x**(5/2)/(6*a**7*x**(5/2) + 6*a**6*b*x**3) + 30*b**5*x**3*log(x)/(6*a**7*x**(5/2) + 6*a**6*b*x**3) - 60*b**5*x**3*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**7*x**(5/2) + 6*a**6*b*x**3), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx = \frac{60 b^4 x^2 + 30 a b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 10 a^2 b^2 x + 5 a^3 b \sqrt{x} - 3 a^4}{6 (a^5 b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^6 x^2)} - \frac{10 b^4 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^6} + \frac{5 b^4 \log(x)}{a^6}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*(60*b^4*x^2 + 30*a*b^3*x^(3/2) - 10*a^2*b^2*x + 5*a^3*b*sqrt(x) - 3*a^4)/(a^5*b*x^(5/2) + a^6*x^2) - 10*b^4*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^6 + 5*b^4*log(x)/a^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx = -\frac{10 b^4 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^6} + \frac{5 b^4 \log(|x|)}{a^6} + \frac{60 a b^4 x^2 + 30 a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 10 a^3 b^2 x + 5 a^4 b \sqrt{x} - 3 a^5}{6 (b\sqrt{x} + a) a^6 x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-10*b^4*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^6 + 5*b^4*log(abs(x))/a^6 + 1/6*(60*a*b^4*x^2 + 30*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) - 10*a^3*b^2*x + 5*a^4*b*sqrt(x) - 3*a^5)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^6*x^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx = \frac{\frac{5b\sqrt{x}}{6a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} - \frac{5b^2x}{3a^3} + \frac{10b^4x^2}{a^5} + \frac{5b^3x^{3/2}}{a^4}}{ax^2 + bx^{5/2}} - \frac{20b^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^6}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^2),x)`output `((5*b*x^(1/2))/(6*a^2) - 1/(2*a) - (5*b^2*x)/(3*a^3) + (10*b^4*x^2)/a^5 + (5*b^3*x^(3/2))/a^4)/(a*x^2 + b*x^(5/2)) - (20*b^4*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} dx = \frac{-60\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) b^5 x^2 + 60\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) b^5 x^2 + 5\sqrt{x} a^4 b + 30\sqrt{x} a^2 b^3 x - 60\sqrt{x} b^5 x^2 - 60 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a)}{6a^6 x^2 (\sqrt{x}b + a)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^3,x)`output `( - 60*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**5*x**2 + 60*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*b**5*x**2 + 5*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 30*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x - 60*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 - 60*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b**4*x**2 + 60*log(sqrt(x))*a*b**4*x**2 - 3*a**5 - 10*a**3*b**2*x)/(6*a**6*x**2*(sqrt(x)*b + a))`

### 3.96 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx$

Optimal result	874
Mathematica [A] (verified)	874
Rubi [A] (verified)	875
Maple [A] (verified)	876
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx = \frac{2b^6}{a^7 (a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^2 x^3} + \frac{4b}{5a^3 x^{5/2}} - \frac{3b^2}{2a^4 x^2} + \frac{8b^3}{3a^5 x^{3/2}} - \frac{5b^4}{a^6 x} + \frac{12b^5}{a^7 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{14b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \log(x)}{a^8}$$

output

```
2*b^6/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/3/a^2/x^3+4/5*b/a^3/x^(5/2)-3/2*b^2/a^4/x^2+8/3*b^3/a^5/x^(3/2)-5*b^4/a^6/x+12*b^5/a^7/x^(1/2)-14*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^8+7*b^6*ln(x)/a^8
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx = \frac{a(-10a^6+14a^5b\sqrt{x}-21a^4b^2x+35a^3b^3x^{3/2}-70a^2b^4x^2+210ab^5x^{5/2}+420b^6x^3)}{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^3} - \frac{420b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + 210b^6 \log(x)}{30a^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^4),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a*(-10*a^6 + 14*a^5*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 21*a^4*b^2*x + 35*a^3*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 70*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 210*a*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 420*b^6*x^3))/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])*x^3) - 420*b^6*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]] + 210*b^6*\text{Log}[x])/(30*a^8)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^{7/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{7b^7}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{b^7}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{7b^6}{a^8 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{6b^5}{a^7 x} + \frac{5b^4}{a^6 x^{3/2}} - \frac{4b^3}{a^5 x^2} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4 x^{5/2}} - \frac{2b}{a^3 x^3} + \frac{1}{a^2 x^{7/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{7b^6 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^8} + \frac{b^6}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{6b^5}{a^7 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{5b^4}{2a^6 x} + \frac{4b^3}{3a^5 x^{3/2}} - \frac{3b^2}{4a^4 x^2} + \frac{2b}{5a^3 x^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{6a^2 x^3} \right)$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^4),x]
```

output

$$2*(b^6/(a^7*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])) - 1/(6*a^2*x^3) + (2*b)/(5*a^3*x^{(5/2)}) - (3*b^2)/(4*a^4*x^2) + (4*b^3)/(3*a^5*x^{(3/2)}) - (5*b^4)/(2*a^6*x) + (6*b^5)/(a^7*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (7*b^6*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^8 + (7*b^6*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^8)$$



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 54 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^6}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{4b}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3b^2}{2a^4x^2} + \frac{8b^3}{3a^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{5b^4}{a^6x} + \frac{12b^5}{a^7\sqrt{x}} - \frac{14b^6 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \ln(x)}{a^8}$	10
default	$\frac{2b^6}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{4b}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3b^2}{2a^4x^2} + \frac{8b^3}{3a^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{5b^4}{a^6x} + \frac{12b^5}{a^7\sqrt{x}} - \frac{14b^6 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \ln(x)}{a^8}$	10

```
input int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 2*b^6/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/3/a^2/x^3+4/5*b/a^3/x^(5/2)-3/2*b^2/a^4/x^2+8/3*b^3/a^5/x^(3/2)-5*b^4/a^6/x+12*b^5/a^7/x^(1/2)-14*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^8+7*b^6*ln(x)/a^8
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx = \frac{210 a^2 b^6 x^3 - 105 a^4 b^4 x^2 - 35 a^6 b^2 x - 10 a^8 + 420 (b^8 x^4 - a^2 b^6 x^3) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 420 (b^8 x^4 - a^2 b^6 x^3)}{30 (a^8 b^2 x^4 - a^{10} x^3)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/30*(210*a^2*b^6*x^3 - 105*a^4*b^4*x^2 - 35*a^6*b^2*x - 10*a^8 + 420*(b^8*x^4 - a^2*b^6*x^3)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 420*(b^8*x^4 - a^2*b^6*x^3)*log(sqrt(x)) - 4*(105*a*b^7*x^3 - 70*a^3*b^5*x^2 - 14*a^5*b^3*x - 6*a^7*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^8*b^2*x^4 - a^10*x^3)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 400 vs. 2(122) = 244.

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\infty}{x^4} \\ -\frac{1}{3a^2x^3} \\ -\frac{1}{4b^2x^4} \\ -\frac{10a^7\sqrt{x}}{30a^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}+30a^8bx^4} + \frac{14a^6bx}{30a^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}+30a^8bx^4} - \frac{21a^5b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{30a^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}+30a^8bx^4} + \frac{35a^4b^3x^2}{30a^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}+30a^8bx^4} - \frac{70a^3b^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{30a^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}+30a^8bx^4} + \frac{210a^2b^5x^3}{30a^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}+30a^8bx^4} + \frac{2}{3} \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**2/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**4, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*a**2*x**3), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(4*b**2*x**4), Eq(a, 0)), (-10*a**7*sqrt(x)/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) + 14*a**6*b*x/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) - 21*a**5*b**2*x**(3/2)/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) + 35*a**4*b**3*x**2/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) - 70*a**3*b**4*x**(5/2)/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) + 210*a**2*b**5*x**3/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) + 210*a*b**6*x**(7/2)*log(x)/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) - 420*a*b**6*x**(7/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) + 420*a*b**6*x**(7/2)/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) + 210*b**7*x**4*log(x)/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4) - 420*b**7*x**4*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(30*a**9*x**(7/2) + 30*a**8*b*x**4), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 b^6 x^3 + 210 a b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 70 a^2 b^4 x^2 + 35 a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 21 a^4 b^2 x + 14 a^5 b \sqrt{x} - 10 a^6}{30 (a^7 b x^{\frac{7}{2}} + a^8 x^3)} - \frac{14 b^6 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^8} + \frac{7 b^6 \log(x)}{a^8}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/30*(420*b^6*x^3 + 210*a*b^5*x^(5/2) - 70*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) - 21*a^4*b^2*x + 14*a^5*b*sqrt(x) - 10*a^6)/(a^7*b*x^(7/2) + a^8*x^3) - 14*b^6*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^8 + 7*b^6*log(x)/a^8
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx$$

$$= -\frac{14b^6 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \log(|x|)}{a^8}$$

$$+ \frac{420ab^6x^3 + 210a^2b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 70a^3b^4x^2 + 35a^4b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 21a^5b^2x + 14a^6b\sqrt{x} - 10a^7}{30(b\sqrt{x} + a)a^8x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-14*b^6*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^8 + 7*b^6*log(abs(x))/a^8 + 1/30*(420*a*b^6*x^3 + 210*a^2*b^5*x^(5/2) - 70*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*x^(3/2) - 21*a^5*b^2*x + 14*a^6*b*sqrt(x) - 10*a^7)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^8*x^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx = \frac{\frac{7b\sqrt{x}}{15a^2} - \frac{1}{3a} - \frac{7b^2x}{10a^3} - \frac{7b^4x^2}{3a^5} + \frac{7b^3x^{3/2}}{6a^4} + \frac{14b^6x^3}{a^7} + \frac{7b^5x^{5/2}}{a^6}}{ax^3 + bx^{7/2}}$$

$$- \frac{28b^6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^8}$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^2),x)`output `((7*b*x^(1/2))/(15*a^2) - 1/(3*a) - (7*b^2*x)/(10*a^3) - (7*b^4*x^2)/(3*a^5) + (7*b^3*x^(3/2))/(6*a^4) + (14*b^6*x^3)/a^7 + (7*b^5*x^(5/2))/a^6)/(a*x^3 + b*x^(7/2)) - (28*b^6*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^8`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-420\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) b^7 x^3 + 420\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) b^7 x^3 + 14\sqrt{x} a^6 b + 35\sqrt{x} a^4 b^3 x + 210\sqrt{x} a^2 b^5 x^2 - 420\sqrt{x}}{30a^8 x^3 (\sqrt{x}b + a)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - 420*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**7*x**3 + 420*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*b*
*7*x**3 + 14*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 35*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**3*x + 210*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*
*5*x**2 - 420*sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 - 420*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b**6*x**3 + 420
*log(sqrt(x))*a*b**6*x**3 - 10*a**7 - 21*a**5*b**2*x - 70*a**3*b**4*x**2)/
(30*a**8*x**3*(sqrt(x)*b + a))
```

### 3.97 $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{a^7}{b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{14a^6}{b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{30a^4\sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{10a^3x}{b^6} + \frac{4a^2x^{3/2}}{b^5} - \frac{3ax^2}{2b^4} + \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b^3} - \frac{42a^5 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

output `a^7/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2-14*a^6/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))+30*a^4*x^(1/2)/b^7-10*a^3*x/b^6+4*a^2*x^(3/2)/b^5-3/2*a*x^2/b^4+2/5*x^(5/2)/b^3-42*a^5*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^8`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{-130a^7 + 160a^6b\sqrt{x} + 500a^5b^2x + 140a^4b^3x^{3/2} - 35a^3b^4x^2 + 14a^2b^5x^{5/2} - 7ab^6x^3 + 4b^7x^{7/2}}{10b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{42a^5 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3,x]`

output  $(-130a^7 + 160a^6b\sqrt{x} + 500a^5b^2x + 140a^4b^3x^{3/2} - 35a^3b^4x^2 + 14a^2b^5x^{5/2} - 7ab^6x^3 + 4b^7x^{7/2})/(10b^8(a + b\sqrt{x})^2) - (42a^5\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}])/b^8$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^7}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{7a^6}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{21a^5}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{15a^4}{b^7} - \frac{10\sqrt{x}a^3}{b^6} + \frac{6xa^2}{b^5} - \frac{3x^{3/2}a}{b^4} + \frac{x^2}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^7}{2b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{7a^6}{b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{21a^5 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} + \frac{15a^4 \sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{5a^3 x}{b^6} + \frac{2a^2 x^{3/2}}{b^5} - \frac{3ax^2}{4b^4} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{5b^3} \right)$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3,x]`

output  $2*(a^7/(2*b^8*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2) - (7*a^6)/(b^8*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])) + (15*a^4*\text{Sqrt}[x])/b^7 - (5*a^3*x)/b^6 + (2*a^2*x^{(3/2)})/b^5 - (3*a*x^2)/(4*b^4) + x^{(5/2)}/(5*b^3) - (21*a^5*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/b^8)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.))^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1})*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3ab^3x^2}{2} + 4x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2 - 10a^3bx + 30\sqrt{x}a^4}{b^7} + \frac{a^7}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{42a^5 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} - \frac{14a^6}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})}$	100
default	$\frac{\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3ab^3x^2}{2} + 4x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2 - 10a^3bx + 30\sqrt{x}a^4}{b^7} + \frac{a^7}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{42a^5 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} - \frac{14a^6}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})}$	100

input  $\text{int}(x^3/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^3, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $2/b^7*(1/5*x^{(5/2)}*b^4 - 3/4*a*b^3*x^2 + 2*x^{(3/2)}*a^2*b^2 - 5*a^3*b*x + 15*x^{(1/2)}*a^4) + a^7/b^8/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2 - 42*a^5*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/b^8 - 14*a^6/b^8/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{15 ab^8 x^4 + 70 a^3 b^6 x^3 - 185 a^5 b^4 x^2 - 50 a^7 b^2 x + 130 a^9 + 420 (a^5 b^4 x^2 - 2 a^7 b^2 x + a^9) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 10 (b^{12} x^2 - 2 a^2 b^{10} x + a^4 b^8)}{10 (b^{12} x^2 - 2 a^2 b^{10} x + a^4 b^8)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/10*(15*a*b^8*x^4 + 70*a^3*b^6*x^3 - 185*a^5*b^4*x^2 - 50*a^7*b^2*x + 130*a^9 + 420*(a^5*b^4*x^2 - 2*a^7*b^2*x + a^9)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 4*(b^9*x^4 + 8*a^2*b^7*x^3 + 56*a^4*b^5*x^2 - 175*a^6*b^3*x + 105*a^8*b)*sqrt(x)) / (b^12*x^2 - 2*a^2*b^10*x + a^4*b^8)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 413 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 413, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{420a^7 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{10a^2b^8 + 20ab^9\sqrt{x} + 10b^{10}x} - \frac{630a^7}{10a^2b^8 + 20ab^9\sqrt{x} + 10b^{10}x} - \frac{840a^6b\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{10a^2b^8 + 20ab^9\sqrt{x} + 10b^{10}x} - \frac{840a^6b\sqrt{x}}{10a^2b^8 + 20ab^9\sqrt{x} + 10b^{10}x} - \frac{420a^5b^2x}{10a^2b^8 + 20ab^9\sqrt{x} + 10b^{10}x} \\ \frac{x^4}{4a^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*x**(1/2))**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-420*a**7*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sqrt(x)
+ 10*b**10*x) - 630*a**7/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sqrt(x) + 10*b**10*x) -
840*a**6*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sqrt(x) +
10*b**10*x) - 840*a**6*b*sqrt(x)/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sqrt(x) + 10*b
**10*x) - 420*a**5*b**2*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sq
rt(x) + 10*b**10*x) + 140*a**4*b**3*x**(3/2)/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sq
rt(x) + 10*b**10*x) - 35*a**3*b**4*x**2/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sqrt(x) +
10*b**10*x) + 14*a**2*b**5*x**(5/2)/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sqrt(x) + 10
*b**10*x) - 7*a*b**6*x**3/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sqrt(x) + 10*b**10*x)
+ 4*b**7*x**(7/2)/(10*a**2*b**8 + 20*a*b**9*sqrt(x) + 10*b**10*x), Ne(b, 0
)), (x**4/(4*a**3), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{42 a^5 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^8} + \frac{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^5}{5 b^8} - \frac{7 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a}{2 b^8} \\ + \frac{14 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^2}{b^8} - \frac{35 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^3}{b^8} \\ + \frac{70 (b\sqrt{x} + a) a^4}{b^8} - \frac{14 a^6}{(b\sqrt{x} + a) b^8} + \frac{a^7}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^8}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-42*a^5*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^8 + 2/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5/b^8 - 7/2*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^4*a/b^8 + 14*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^2/b^8 - 35*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^3/b
^8 + 70*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^4/b^8 - 14*a^6/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^8) + a^7/((b*s
qrt(x) + a)^2*b^8)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{42 a^5 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^8} - \frac{14 a^6 b\sqrt{x} + 13 a^7}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^8} + \frac{4 b^{12} x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 15 a b^{11} x^2 + 40 a^2 b^{10} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 100 a^3 b^9 x + 300 a^4 b^8 \sqrt{x}}{10 b^{15}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-42*a^5*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^8 - (14*a^6*b*sqrt(x) + 13*a^7)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^8) + 1/10*(4*b^12*x^(5/2) - 15*a*b^11*x^2 + 40*a^2*b^10*x^(3/2) - 100*a^3*b^9*x + 300*a^4*b^8*sqrt(x))/b^15`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{2 x^{5/2}}{5 b^3} - \frac{\frac{13 a^7}{b} + 14 a^6 \sqrt{x}}{b^9 x + a^2 b^7 + 2 a b^8 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{3 a x^2}{2 b^4} - \frac{10 a^3 x}{b^6} - \frac{42 a^5 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} + \frac{4 a^2 x^{3/2}}{b^5} + \frac{30 a^4 \sqrt{x}}{b^7}$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `(2*x^(5/2))/(5*b^3) - ((13*a^7)/b + 14*a^6*x^(1/2))/(b^9*x + a^2*b^7 + 2*a*b^8*x^(1/2)) - (3*a*x^2)/(2*b^4) - (10*a^3*x)/b^6 - (42*a^5*log(a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^8 + (4*a^2*x^(3/2))/b^5 + (30*a^4*x^(1/2))/b^7`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-840\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6 b + 140\sqrt{x} a^4 b^3 x + 14\sqrt{x} a^2 b^5 x^2 + 4\sqrt{x} b^7 x^3 - 420 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^7 - 420 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6 b}{10b^8 (2\sqrt{x}ab + a^2 + b^2x)}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `( - 840*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**6*b + 140*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**3*x + 14*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 - 420*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**7 - 420*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**5*b**2*x - 210*a**7 + 420*a**5*b**2*x - 35*a**3*b**4*x**2 - 7*a*b**6*x**3)/(10*b**8*(2*sqrt(x)*a*b + a**2 + b**2*x))`

### 3.98 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$

Optimal result	888
Mathematica [A] (verified)	888
Rubi [A] (verified)	889
Maple [A] (verified)	890
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	891
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	891
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	892
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	892
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	893
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	893

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{a^5}{b^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{10a^4}{b^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{12a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{3ax}{b^4} + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b^3} - \frac{20a^3 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$$

output

$a^5/b^6/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2-10*a^4/b^6/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})+12*a^2*x^{(1/2)}/b^5-3*a*x/b^4+2/3*x^{(3/2)}/b^3-20*a^3*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/b^6$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{-27a^5 + 6a^4b\sqrt{x} + 63a^3b^2x + 20a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 5ab^4x^2 + 2b^5x^{5/2}}{3b^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{20a^3 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$$

input

`Integrate[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-27a^5 + 6a^4b\sqrt{x} + 63a^3b^2x + 20a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 5a^2b^4x^2 + 2b^5x^{5/2})}{(3b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^2)} - \frac{(20a^3\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}])}{b^6}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{5a^4}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{10a^3}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{6a^2}{b^5} - \frac{3\sqrt{x}a}{b^4} + \frac{x}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{a^5}{2b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{5a^4}{b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{10a^3 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^6} + \frac{6a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{3ax}{2b^4} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{3b^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2/(a + b\sqrt{x})^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{2(a^5/(2b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^2) - (5a^4)/(b^6(a + b\sqrt{x}))) + (6a^2*\sqrt{x})/b^5 - (3a*x)/(2*b^4) + x^{(3/2)}/(3*b^3) - (10*a^3*\text{Log}[a + b*\sqrt{x}])}{b^6}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3abx + 12a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{20a^3 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6} + \frac{a^5}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{10a^4}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})}$	78
default	$\frac{2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3abx + 12a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{20a^3 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6} + \frac{a^5}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{10a^4}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})}$	78

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b^5*(1/3*b^2*x^(3/2)-3/2*a*b*x+6*a^2*x^(1/2))-20*a^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^6  
+a^5/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2-10*a^4/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{9ab^6x^3 - 18a^3b^4x^2 - 24a^5b^2x + 27a^7 + 60(a^3b^4x^2 - 2a^5b^2x + a^7)\log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 2(b^7x^3 + 16a^2b^5x^2 - 50a^4b^3x + 30a^6b)\sqrt{x}}{3(b^{10}x^2 - 2a^2b^8x + a^4b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/3*(9*a*b^6*x^3 - 18*a^3*b^4*x^2 - 24*a^5*b^2*x + 27*a^7 + 60*(a^3*b^4*x^2 - 2*a^5*b^2*x + a^7)*\log(b*\sqrt{x} + a) - 2*(b^7*x^3 + 16*a^2*b^5*x^2 - 50*a^4*b^3*x + 30*a^6*b)*\sqrt{x})/(b^{10}*x^2 - 2*a^2*b^8*x + a^4*b^6)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 333 vs. 2(85) = 170.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{60a^5 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{3a^2b^6 + 6ab^7\sqrt{x} + 3b^8x} - \frac{90a^5}{3a^2b^6 + 6ab^7\sqrt{x} + 3b^8x} - \frac{120a^4b\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{3a^2b^6 + 6ab^7\sqrt{x} + 3b^8x} - \frac{120a^4b\sqrt{x}}{3a^2b^6 + 6ab^7\sqrt{x} + 3b^8x} - \frac{60a^3b^2x \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{3a^2b^6 + 6ab^7\sqrt{x} + 3b^8x} + \frac{x^3}{3a^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(1/2))**3,x)`

output 
$$\text{Piecewise}\left(\left(-60*a**5*\log(a/b + \sqrt{x})\right)/\left(3*a**2*b**6 + 6*a*b**7*\sqrt{x} + 3*b**8*x\right) - 90*a**5/\left(3*a**2*b**6 + 6*a*b**7*\sqrt{x} + 3*b**8*x\right) - 120*a**4*b*\sqrt{x}*\log(a/b + \sqrt{x})/\left(3*a**2*b**6 + 6*a*b**7*\sqrt{x} + 3*b**8*x\right) - 120*a**4*b*\sqrt{x}/\left(3*a**2*b**6 + 6*a*b**7*\sqrt{x} + 3*b**8*x\right) - 60*a**3*b**2*x*\log(a/b + \sqrt{x})/\left(3*a**2*b**6 + 6*a*b**7*\sqrt{x} + 3*b**8*x\right) + 20*a**2*b**3*x**(3/2)/\left(3*a**2*b**6 + 6*a*b**7*\sqrt{x} + 3*b**8*x\right) - 5*a*b**4*x**2/\left(3*a**2*b**6 + 6*a*b**7*\sqrt{x} + 3*b**8*x\right) + 2*b**5*x**(5/2)/\left(3*a**2*b**6 + 6*a*b**7*\sqrt{x} + 3*b**8*x\right), \text{Ne}(b, 0)), \left(x**3/\left(3*a**3\right), \text{True}\right)$$



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{20 a^3 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^6} + \frac{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^3}{3 b^6} - \frac{5 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a}{b^6} \\ + \frac{20 (b\sqrt{x} + a) a^2}{b^6} - \frac{10 a^4}{(b\sqrt{x} + a) b^6} + \frac{a^5}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-20*a^3*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^6 + 2/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3/b^6 - 5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a/b^6 + 20*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^2/b^6 - 10*a^4/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^6) + a^5/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^6)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{20 a^3 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^6} - \frac{10 a^4 b\sqrt{x} + 9 a^5}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^6} \\ + \frac{2 b^6 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 9 a b^5 x + 36 a^2 b^4 \sqrt{x}}{3 b^9}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-20*a^3*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^6 - (10*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + 9*a^5)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^6) + 1/3*(2*b^6*x^(3/2) - 9*a*b^5*x + 36*a^2*b^4*sqrt(x))/b^9`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b^3} - \frac{\frac{9a^5}{b} + 10a^4\sqrt{x}}{b^7x + a^2b^5 + 2ab^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{20a^3 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^6} + \frac{12a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{3ax}{b^4}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `(2*x^(3/2))/(3*b^3) - ((9*a^5)/b + 10*a^4*x^(1/2))/(b^7*x + a^2*b^5 + 2*a*b^6*x^(1/2)) - (20*a^3*log(a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^6 + (12*a^2*x^(1/2))/b^5 - (3*a*x)/b^4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{-120\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4b + 20\sqrt{x} a^2b^3x + 2\sqrt{x} b^5x^2 - 60 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^5 - 60 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^3b^2x - 3b^6 (2\sqrt{x}ab + a^2 + b^2x)}{3b^6 (2\sqrt{x}ab + a^2 + b^2x)}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `( - 120*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**4*b + 20*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 - 60*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**5 - 60*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**3*b**2*x - 30*a**5 + 60*a**3*b**2*x - 5*a*b**4*x**2)/(3*b**6*(2*sqrt(x)*a*b + a**2 + b**2*x))`

### 3.99 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$

Optimal result	894
Mathematica [A] (verified)	894
Rubi [A] (verified)	895
Maple [A] (verified)	896
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	897
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	897
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	898
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	898
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	898
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	899

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{a^3}{b^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{6a \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$$

output

```
a^3/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2-6*a^2/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))+2*x^(1/2)/b^3-6*a*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{-5a^3 - 4a^2b\sqrt{x} + 4ab^2x + 2b^3x^{3/2}}{b^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{6a \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3,x]
```

output

```
(-5*a^3 - 4*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] + 4*a*b^2*x + 2*b^3*x^(3/2))/(b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) - (6*a*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^4
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{3a^2}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{3a}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{1}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^3}{2b^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{3a^2}{b^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{3a \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^4} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b^3} \right)$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3,x]`

output `2*(a^3/(2*b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) - (3*a^2)/(b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) + Sqrt[x]/b^3 - (3*a*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^4)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{6a \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$	57
default	$\frac{a^3}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{6a^2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{6a \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$	57

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^3/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2-6*a^2/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))+2*x^(1/2)/b^3-6*a*ln(a+b*x  
^(1/2))/b^4`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{7a^3b^2x - 5a^5 - 6(ab^4x^2 - 2a^3b^2x + a^5)\log(b\sqrt{x} + a) + 2(b^5x^2 - 5a^2b^3x + 3a^4b)\sqrt{x}}{b^8x^2 - 2a^2b^6x + a^4b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(7*a^3*b^2*x - 5*a^5 - 6*(a*b^4*x^2 - 2*a^3*b^2*x + a^5)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) + 2*(b^5*x^2 - 5*a^2*b^3*x + 3*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^8*x^2 - 2*a^2*b^6*x + a^4*b^4)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 233 vs. 2(60) = 120.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.64

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{6a^3 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{a^2b^4 + 2ab^5\sqrt{x} + b^6x} - \frac{9a^3}{a^2b^4 + 2ab^5\sqrt{x} + b^6x} - \frac{12a^2b\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{a^2b^4 + 2ab^5\sqrt{x} + b^6x} - \frac{12a^2b\sqrt{x}}{a^2b^4 + 2ab^5\sqrt{x} + b^6x} - \frac{6ab^2x \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{a^2b^4 + 2ab^5\sqrt{x} + b^6x} + \frac{2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a^2b^4 + 2ab^5\sqrt{x} + b^6x} \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(1/2))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-6*a**3*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**2*b**4 + 2*a*b**5*sqrt(x) + b**6*x) - 9*a**3/(a**2*b**4 + 2*a*b**5*sqrt(x) + b**6*x) - 12*a**2*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**2*b**4 + 2*a*b**5*sqrt(x) + b**6*x) - 12*a**2*b*sqrt(x)/(a**2*b**4 + 2*a*b**5*sqrt(x) + b**6*x) - 6*a*b**2*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**2*b**4 + 2*a*b**5*sqrt(x) + b**6*x) + 2*b**3*x**(3/2)/(a**2*b**4 + 2*a*b**5*sqrt(x) + b**6*x), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**3), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{6a \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^4} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^4} - \frac{6a^2}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)b^4} + \frac{a^3}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-6*a*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^4 + 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^4 - 6*a^2/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^4) + a^3/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^4)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{6a \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^4} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{6a^2 b\sqrt{x} + 5a^3}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-6*a*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^4 + 2*sqrt(x)/b^3 - (6*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + 5*a^3)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^4)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} - \frac{\frac{5a^3}{b} + 6a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^5 x + a^2 b^3 + 2ab^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{6a \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^4}$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`

output

$$\frac{(2\sqrt{x})/b^3 - ((5a^3)/b + 6a^2\sqrt{x})/(b^5x + a^2b^3 + 2ab^4\sqrt{x}) - (6a\log(a + b\sqrt{x}))}{b^4}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b + 2\sqrt{x} b^3x - 6 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^3 - 6 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a b^2x - 3a^3 + 6a b^2x}{b^4 (2\sqrt{x} ab + a^2 + b^2x)}$$

input

```
int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 12*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2*b + 2*sqrt(x)*b**3*x - 6*log(sqrt(x)
)*b + a)*a**3 - 6*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b**2*x - 3*a**3 + 6*a*b**2*x)/(b**4
*(2*sqrt(x)*a*b + a**2 + b**2*x))
```



### 3.100 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$

Optimal result	900
Mathematica [A] (verified)	900
Rubi [A] (verified)	901
Maple [B] (verified)	901
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	902
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	902
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	903
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	903
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	904
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	904

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{x}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}$$

output `x/a/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{-a-2b\sqrt{x}}{b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-3), x]`

output `(-a - 2*b*Sqrt[x])/(b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

↓ 746

$$\frac{x}{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-3), x]`

output `x/(a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 29 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a}{b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{2}{b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^2b^2x-3b^4x+a^4+a^2b^2)a}{(-b^2x+a^2)^2(a^4-2a^2b^2+b^4)} - \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(-b^2x+a^2)^2}$
default	$\frac{a^3}{2(-b^2x+a^2)^2b^2} - \frac{1}{b^2(b\sqrt{x}-a)} - \frac{a}{2b^2(b\sqrt{x}-a)^2} - \frac{1}{b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{a}{2b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + 3ab^2\left(\frac{a^2}{2b^4(b^2x-a^2)^2} + \right.$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/b^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2-2/b^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 47 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{2b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3ab^2x + a^3}{b^6x^2 - 2a^2b^4x + a^4b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(2*b^3*x^(3/2) - 3*a*b^2*x + a^3)/(b^6*x^2 - 2*a^2*b^4*x + a^4*b^2)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 63 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a}{a^2b^2+2ab^3\sqrt{x}+b^4x} - \frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a^2b^2+2ab^3\sqrt{x}+b^4x} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{a^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a/(a**2*b**2 + 2*a*b**3*sqrt(x) + b**4*x) - 2*b*sqrt(x)/(a**2*b**2 + 2*a*b**3*sqrt(x) + b**4*x), Ne(b, 0)), (x/a**3, True))`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 29 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{2}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)b^2} + \frac{a}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^2) + a/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^2)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{2b\sqrt{x} + a}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(2*b*sqrt(x) + a)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b}}{b^2 x + a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `-(a/b^2 + (2*x^(1/2))/b)/(b^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx = \frac{x}{a(2\sqrt{x}ab + a^2 + b^2x)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`output `x/(a*(2*sqrt(x)*a*b + a**2 + b**2*x))`

**3.101**       $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx$

Optimal result	905
Mathematica [A] (verified)	905
Rubi [A] (verified)	906
Maple [A] (verified)	907
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	907
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	908
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	909
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	909
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	909
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	910

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{1}{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2}{a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^3}$$

output `1/a/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+2/a^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))-2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^3+ln(x)/a^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{\frac{a(3a+2b\sqrt{x})}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - 2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x}) + \log(x)}{a^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x),x]`

output `((a*(3*a + 2*b*Sqrt[x]))/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2 - 2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]] + Log[x])/a^3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{b}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{b}{a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{b}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^3\sqrt{x}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{1}{2a(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} \right)$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x),x]
```

output

```
2*(1/(2*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2)+ 1/(a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) - Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]
]/a^3 + Log[Sqrt[x]]/a^3)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{1}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2}{a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^3}$	48
default	$\frac{1}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2}{a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^3} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^3}$	48

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+2/a^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))-2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^3+ln(x)/a^3`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{a^2 b^2 x - 3 a^4 + 2 (b^4 x^2 - 2 a^2 b^2 x + a^4) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 2 (b^4 x^2 - 2 a^2 b^2 x + a^4) \log(\sqrt{x}) - 2 (ab^3 x - 2 a^2 b^2 x + a^4) \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^3 b^4 x^2 - 2 a^5 b^2 x + a^7}$$



input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-(a^2 b^2 x - 3 a^4 + 2(b^4 x^2 - 2 a^2 b^2 x + a^4) \log(b \sqrt{x} + a) - 2(b^4 x^2 - 2 a^2 b^2 x + a^4) \log(\sqrt{x}) - 2(a b^3 x - 2 a^3 b) \sqrt{x})}{(a^3 b^4 x^2 - 2 a^5 b^2 x + a^7)}$$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 364 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a^3} \\ -\frac{2}{3b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ \frac{a^2 \sqrt{x} \log(x)}{a^5 \sqrt{x} + 2a^4 b x + a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{x} \log(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x})}{a^5 \sqrt{x} + 2a^4 b x + a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{3a^2 \sqrt{x}}{a^5 \sqrt{x} + 2a^4 b x + a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2abx \log(x)}{a^5 \sqrt{x} + 2a^4 b x + a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4abx \log(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x})}{a^5 \sqrt{x} + 2a^4 b x + a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \dots \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(3/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), (-2/(3*b**3*x**(3/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (a**2*sqrt(x)*log(x)/(a**5*sqrt(x) + 2*a**4*b*x + a**3*b**2*x**(3/2)) - 2*a**2*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**5*sqrt(x) + 2*a**4*b*x + a**3*b**2*x**(3/2)) + 3*a**2*sqrt(x)/(a**5*sqrt(x) + 2*a**4*b*x + a**3*b**2*x**(3/2)) + 2*a*b*x*log(x)/(a**5*sqrt(x) + 2*a**4*b*x + a**3*b**2*x**(3/2)) - 4*a*b*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**5*sqrt(x) + 2*a**4*b*x + a**3*b**2*x**(3/2)) + b**2*x**(3/2)*log(x)/(a**5*sqrt(x) + 2*a**4*b*x + a**3*b**2*x**(3/2)) - 2*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**5*sqrt(x) + 2*a**4*b*x + a**3*b**2*x**(3/2)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{2b\sqrt{x} + 3a}{a^2 b^2 x + 2a^3 b\sqrt{x} + a^4} - \frac{2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^3} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(2*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a)/(a^2*b^2*x + 2*a^3*b*sqrt(x) + a^4) - 2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^3 + log(x)/a^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx = -\frac{2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^3} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a^3} + \frac{2ab\sqrt{x} + 3a^2}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^3 + log(abs(x))/a^3 + (2*a*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a^2)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{\frac{3}{a} + \frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a^2}}{b^2 x + a^2 + 2ab\sqrt{x}} - \frac{4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^3}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^3),x)`

output

```
(3/a + (2*b*x^(1/2))/a^2)/(b^2*x + a^2 + 2*a*b*x^(1/2)) - (4*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^3
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) ab + 4\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) ab - 2 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2 - 2 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) b^2 x + 2 \log(\sqrt{x}) a^2}{a^3 (2\sqrt{x} ab + a^2 + b^2 x)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x,x)
```

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b + 4*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a*b - 2*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2 - 2*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**2*x + 2*log(sqrt(x))*a**2 + 2*log(sqrt(x))*b**2*x + 2*a**2 - b**2*x)/(a**3*(2*sqrt(x)*a*b + a**2 + b**2*x))
```

### 3.102 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	911
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	911
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	912
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	913
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	914
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	914
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	915
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	915
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	916
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	916

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{b^2}{a^3 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{6b^2}{a^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^3 x} + \frac{6b}{a^4 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{12b^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{6b^2 \log(x)}{a^5}$$

output

```
b^2/a^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+6*b^2/a^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/a^3/x+6*b/a^4/x^(1/2)-12*b^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^5+6*b^2*ln(x)/a^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{a(-a^3+4a^2b\sqrt{x}+18ab^2x+12b^3x^{3/2})}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x} - \frac{12b^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + 6b^2 \log(x)}{a^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^2), x]
```

output  $((a*(-a^3 + 4*a^2*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 18*a*b^2*x + 12*b^3*x^{(3/2)}))/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2*x) - 12*b^2*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]] + 6*b^2*\text{Log}[x])/a^5$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{6b^3}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{3b^3}{a^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{b^3}{a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{3b}{a^4 x} + \frac{1}{a^3 x^{3/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{6b^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{6b^2 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{3b}{a^4 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2}{2a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{1}{2a^3 x} \right)$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^3*x^2),x]$

output  $2*(b^2/(2*a^3*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2) + (3*b^2)/(a^4*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])) - 1/(2*a^3*x) + (3*b)/(a^4*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (6*b^2*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^5 + (6*b^2*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^5)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{6b^2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^3x} + \frac{6b}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{12b^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{6b^2 \ln(x)}{a^5}$	78
default	$\frac{b^2}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{6b^2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^3x} + \frac{6b}{a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{12b^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{6b^2 \ln(x)}{a^5}$	78

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2/a^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+6*b^2/a^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/a^3/x+6*b/a^4/x^(1/2)-12*b^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^5+6*b^2*ln(x)/a^5`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 155 vs.  $2(77) = 154$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{6a^2b^4x^2 - 9a^4b^2x + a^6 + 12(b^6x^3 - 2a^2b^4x^2 + a^4b^2x) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 12(b^6x^3 - 2a^2b^4x^2 + a^4b^2x)}{a^5b^4x^3 - 2a^7b^2x^2 + a^9x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(6*a^2*b^4*x^2 - 9*a^4*b^2*x + a^6 + 12*(b^6*x^3 - 2*a^2*b^4*x^2 + a^4*b^2*x)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 12*(b^6*x^3 - 2*a^2*b^4*x^2 + a^4*b^2*x)*log(sqrt(x)) - 2*(6*a*b^5*x^2 - 10*a^3*b^3*x + 3*a^5*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^5*b^4*x^3 - 2*a^7*b^2*x^2 + a^9*x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 481 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 481, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\ -\frac{1}{a^3x} \\ -\frac{2}{5b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\ -\frac{a^4\sqrt{x}}{a^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+2a^6bx^2+a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{4a^3bx}{a^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+2a^6bx^2+a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{6a^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\log(x)}{a^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+2a^6bx^2+a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{12a^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}\log(\frac{a}{b}+\sqrt{x})}{a^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+2a^6bx^2+a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{18a^2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{a^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+2a^6bx^2+a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(5/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(a**3*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-
2/(5*b**3*x**(5/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (-a**4*sqrt(x)/(a**7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b*x
**2 + a**5*b**2*x**(5/2)) + 4*a**3*b*x/(a**7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b*x**2 + a
**5*b**2*x**(5/2)) + 6*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(x)/(a**7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b
*x**2 + a**5*b**2*x**(5/2)) - 12*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**
7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b*x**2 + a**5*b**2*x**(5/2)) + 18*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)/(
a**7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b*x**2 + a**5*b**2*x**(5/2)) + 12*a*b**3*x**2*log(x
)/(a**7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b*x**2 + a**5*b**2*x**(5/2)) - 24*a*b**3*x**2*lo
g(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b*x**2 + a**5*b**2*x**(5/2)) + 12
*a*b**3*x**2/(a**7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b*x**2 + a**5*b**2*x**(5/2)) + 6*b**4
*x**(5/2)*log(x)/(a**7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b*x**2 + a**5*b**2*x**(5/2)) - 12
*b**4*x**(5/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(a**7*x**(3/2) + 2*a**6*b*x**2 + a**5*b
**2*x**(5/2)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{12b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 18ab^2x + 4a^2b\sqrt{x} - a^3}{a^4b^2x^2 + 2a^5bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^6x} - \frac{12b^2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^5} + \frac{6b^2 \log(x)}{a^5}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 18*a*b^2*x + 4*a^2*b*sqrt(x) - a^3)/(a^4*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^5
*b*x^(3/2) + a^6*x) - 12*b^2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^5 + 6*b^2*log(x)/a^5
```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx = -\frac{12b^2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^5} + \frac{6b^2 \log(|x|)}{a^5} + \frac{12b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 18ab^2x + 4a^2b\sqrt{x} - a^3}{(bx + a\sqrt{x})^2 a^4}$$



input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-12*b^2*\log(\text{abs}(b*\text{sqrt}(x) + a))/a^5 + 6*b^2*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^5 + (12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 18*a*b^2*x + 4*a^2*b*\text{sqrt}(x) - a^3)/((b*x + a*\text{sqrt}(x))^2*a^4)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{\frac{4b\sqrt{x}}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a} + \frac{18b^2x}{a^3} + \frac{12b^3x^{3/2}}{a^4}}{a^2x + b^2x^2 + 2abx^{3/2}} - \frac{24b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^5}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^3),x)`

output 
$$\left(\frac{4*b*x^(1/2)}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a} + \frac{18*b^2*x}{a^3} + \frac{12*b^3*x^(3/2)}{a^4}\right)/\left(a^2*x + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x^(3/2)\right) - \left(24*b^2*\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2*b*x^(1/2)}{a} + 1\right)\right)/a^5$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{-24\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a b^3 x + 24\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a b^3 x + 4\sqrt{x} a^3 b - 12 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2 b^2 x - 12 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2 b^2 x - 12 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2 b^2 x}{a^5 x (2\sqrt{x} ab + a^2 + b^2 x)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^2,x)`

output 
$$\left(-24*\text{sqrt}(x)*\log(\text{sqrt}(x)*b + a)*a*b**3*x + 24*\text{sqrt}(x)*\log(\text{sqrt}(x))*a*b**3*x + 4*\text{sqrt}(x)*a**3*b - 12*\log(\text{sqrt}(x)*b + a)*a**2*b**2*x - 12*\log(\text{sqrt}(x))*b + a)*b**4*x**2 + 12*\log(\text{sqrt}(x))*a**2*b**2*x + 12*\log(\text{sqrt}(x))*b**4*x**2 - a**4 + 12*a**2*b**2*x - 6*b**4*x**2\right)/\left(a**5*x*(2*\text{sqrt}(x)*a*b + a**2 + b**2*x)\right)$$

### 3.103 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx$

Optimal result	917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	917
Rubi [A] (verified)	918
Maple [A] (verified)	919
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	920
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	920
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	921
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	922
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	922
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	923

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx = \frac{b^4}{a^5 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{10b^4}{a^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^3 x^2} + \frac{2b}{a^4 x^{3/2}} - \frac{6b^2}{a^5 x} + \frac{20b^3}{a^6 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{30b^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{15b^4 \log(x)}{a^7}$$

output

```
b^4/a^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+10*b^4/a^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/2/a^3/x^2+2*b/a^4/x^(3/2)-6*b^2/a^5/x+20*b^3/a^6/x^(1/2)-30*b^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^7+15*b^4*ln(x)/a^7
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx = \frac{a(-a^5+2a^4b\sqrt{x}-5a^3b^2x+20a^2b^3x^{3/2}+90ab^4x^2+60b^5x^{5/2})}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^2} - 60b^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + 30b^4 \log(x)$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{2a^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^3),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a*(-a^5 + 2*a^4*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 5*a^3*b^2*x + 20*a^2*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 90*a*b^4*x^2 + 60*b^5*x^{(5/2)})))/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2*x^2) - 60*b^4*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]] + 30*b^4*\text{Log}[x])/(2*a^7)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{15b^5}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{5b^5}{a^6 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{b^5}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{15b^4}{a^7 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{10b^3}{a^6 x} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5 x^{3/2}} - \frac{3b}{a^4 x^2} + \frac{1}{a^3 x^{5/2}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{15b^4 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{15b^4 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{5b^4}{a^6 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{10b^3}{a^6 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^4}{2a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{3b^2}{a^5 x} + \frac{b}{a^4 x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{4a^3 x^2} \right)$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^3),x]
```

output

$$2*(b^4/(2*a^5*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2) + (5*b^4)/(a^6*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])) - 1/(4*a^3*x^2) + b/(a^4*x^{(3/2)}) - (3*b^2)/(a^5*x) + (10*b^3)/(a^6*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (15*b^4*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^7 + (15*b^4*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^7)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^4}{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{10b^4}{a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{2b}{a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{6b^2}{a^5x} + \frac{20b^3}{a^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{30b^4 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{15b^4 \ln(x)}{a^7}$	100
default	$\frac{b^4}{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{10b^4}{a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{2b}{a^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{6b^2}{a^5x} + \frac{20b^3}{a^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{30b^4 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{15b^4 \ln(x)}{a^7}$	100

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $b^4/a^5/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2+10*b^4/a^6/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})-1/2/a^3/x^2+2*b/a^4/x^{(3/2)}-6*b^2/a^5/x+20*b^3/a^6/x^{(1/2)}-30*b^4*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/a^7+15*b^4*\ln(x)/a^7$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx = \frac{30 a^2 b^6 x^3 - 45 a^4 b^4 x^2 + 10 a^6 b^2 x + a^8 + 60 (b^8 x^4 - 2 a^2 b^6 x^3 + a^4 b^4 x^2) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 60 (b^8 x^4 - 2 a^2 b^6 x^3 + a^4 b^4 x^2)}{2 (a^7 b^4 x^4 - 2 a^9 b^2 x^3 + a^{11} x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(30*a^2*b^6*x^3 - 45*a^4*b^4*x^2 + 10*a^6*b^2*x + a^8 + 60*(b^8*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^6*x^3 + a^4*b^4*x^2)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 60*(b^8*x^4 - 2*a^2*b^6*x^3 + a^4*b^4*x^2)*log(sqrt(x)) - 4*(15*a*b^7*x^3 - 25*a^3*b^5*x^2 + 8*a^5*b^3*x + a^7*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^7*b^4*x^4 - 2*a^9*b^2*x^3 + a^11*x^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 612 vs. 2(109) = 218.

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 612, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{7}{2}}} \\ -\frac{1}{2a^3 x^2} \\ -\frac{2}{7b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}}} \\ -\frac{a^6 \sqrt{x}}{2a^9 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4a^8 b x^3 + 2a^7 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{2a^5 b x}{2a^9 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4a^8 b x^3 + 2a^7 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{5a^4 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2a^9 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4a^8 b x^3 + 2a^7 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{20a^3 b^3 x^2}{2a^9 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4a^8 b x^3 + 2a^7 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}}} + \frac{30a^2 b^4 x}{2a^9 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 4a^8 b x^3 + 2a^7 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{2}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(7/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*a**3*x**2), Eq(b, 0)),
(-2/(7*b**3*x**(7/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (-a**6*sqrt(x)/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) + 2*a**5*b*x/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) - 5*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2)/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) + 20*a**3*b**3*x**2/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) + 30*a**2*b**4*x**(5/2)*log(x)/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) - 60*a**2*b**4*x**(5/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) + 90*a**2*b**4*x**(5/2)/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) + 60*a*b**5*x**3*log(x)/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) - 120*a*b**5*x**3*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) + 60*a*b**5*x**3/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) + 30*b**6*x**(7/2)*log(x)/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)) - 60*b**6*x**(7/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(2*a**9*x**(5/2) + 4*a**8*b*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**2*x**(7/2)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx = \frac{60 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 90 ab^4 x^2 + 20 a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5 a^3 b^2 x + 2 a^4 b \sqrt{x} - a^5}{2 (a^6 b^2 x^3 + 2 a^7 b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^8 x^2)} - \frac{30 b^4 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^7} + \frac{15 b^4 \log(x)}{a^7}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(60*b^5*x^(5/2) + 90*a*b^4*x^2 + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) - 5*a^3*b^2*x + 2*a^4*b*sqrt(x) - a^5)/(a^6*b^2*x^3 + 2*a^7*b*x^(5/2) + a^8*x^2) - 30*b^4*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^7 + 15*b^4*log(x)/a^7
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx = -\frac{30 b^4 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^7} + \frac{15 b^4 \log(|x|)}{a^7} + \frac{60 a b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 90 a^2 b^4 x^2 + 20 a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5 a^4 b^2 x + 2 a^5 b \sqrt{x} - a^6}{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^7 x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-30*b^4*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^7 + 15*b^4*log(abs(x))/a^7 + 1/2*(60*a*b^5*x^(5/2) + 90*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 20*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) - 5*a^4*b^2*x + 2*a^5*b*sqrt(x) - a^6)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^7*x^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx = \frac{\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} - \frac{5b^2x}{2a^3} + \frac{45b^4x^2}{a^5} + \frac{10b^3x^{3/2}}{a^4} + \frac{30b^5x^{5/2}}{a^6}}{a^2x^2 + b^2x^3 + 2abx^{5/2}} - \frac{60b^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^7}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^3),x)`output `((b*x^(1/2))/a^2 - 1/(2*a) - (5*b^2*x)/(2*a^3) + (45*b^4*x^2)/a^5 + (10*b^3*x^(3/2))/a^4 + (30*b^5*x^(5/2))/a^6)/(a^2*x^2 + b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b*x^(5/2)) - (60*b^4*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^7`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-120\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a b^5 x^2 + 120\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a b^5 x^2 + 2\sqrt{x} a^5 b + 20\sqrt{x} a^3 b^3 x - 60 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2 b}{2a^7 x^2 (2\sqrt{x} a)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^3,x)`output `( - 120*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b**5*x**2 + 120*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a*b**5*x**2 + 2*sqrt(x)*a**5*b + 20*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*x - 60*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2*b**4*x**2 - 60*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**6*x**3 + 60*log(sqrt(x))*a**2*b**4*x**2 + 60*log(sqrt(x))*b**6*x**3 - a**6 - 5*a**4*b**2*x + 60*a**2*b**4*x**2 - 30*b**6*x**3)/(2*a**7*x**2*(2*sqrt(x)*a*b + a**2 + b**2*x))`



### 3.104 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx$

Optimal result	924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	924
Rubi [A] (verified)	925
Maple [A] (verified)	926
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	927
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	927
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	928
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	929
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	929
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	930

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{b^6}{a^7 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{14b^6}{a^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^3 x^3} + \frac{6b}{5a^4 x^{5/2}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^5 x^2} + \frac{20b^3}{3a^6 x^{3/2}} - \frac{15b^4}{a^7 x} + \frac{42b^5}{a^8 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{56b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^9} + \frac{28b^6 \log(x)}{a^9}$$

output

```
b^6/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+14*b^6/a^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/3/a^3/x^3+6/5*b/a^4/x^(5/2)-3*b^2/a^5/x^2+20/3*b^3/a^6/x^(3/2)-15*b^4/a^7/x+42*b^5/a^8/x^(1/2)-56*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^9+28*b^6*ln(x)/a^9
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{a(-5a^7+8a^6b\sqrt{x}-14a^5b^2x+28a^4b^3x^{3/2}-70a^3b^4x^2+280a^2b^5x^{5/2}+1260ab^6x^3+840b^7x^{7/2})}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2 x^3} - 840b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + 420b^6 \log(x)$$

$15a^9$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^4), x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a*(-5*a^7 + 8*a^6*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 14*a^5*b^2*x + 28*a^4*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 70*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 280*a^2*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 1260*a*b^6*x^3 + 840*b^7*x^{(7/2)})))/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2*x^3) - 840*b^6*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]] + 420*b^6*\text{Log}[x])/(15*a^9)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^{7/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{28b^7}{a^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{7b^7}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{b^7}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{28b^6}{a^9 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{21b^5}{a^8 x} + \frac{15b^4}{a^7 x^{3/2}} - \frac{10b^3}{a^6 x^2} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5 x^{5/2}} - \frac{3b}{a^4 x^3} + \right.$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\left. 2 \left( -\frac{28b^6 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^9} + \frac{28b^6 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^9} + \frac{7b^6}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{21b^5}{a^8 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^6}{2a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{15b^4}{2a^7 x} + \frac{10b^3}{3a^6 x^{3/2}} - \frac{3b^2}{2a^5 x^2} + \frac{3b}{2a^4 x^3} \right) \right.$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^3*x^4), x]$$

output

$$2*(b^6/(2*a^7*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2) + (7*b^6)/(a^8*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])) - 1/(6*a^3*x^3) + (3*b)/(5*a^4*x^{(5/2)}) - (3*b^2)/(2*a^5*x^2) + (10*b^3)/(3*a^6*x^{(3/2)}) - (15*b^4)/(2*a^7*x) + (21*b^5)/(a^8*\text{Sqrt}[x]) - (28*b^6*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^9 + (28*b^6*\text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]])/a^9)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^6}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{14b^6}{a^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{6b}{5a^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^5x^2} + \frac{20b^3}{3a^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{15b^4}{a^7x} + \frac{42b^5}{a^8\sqrt{x}} - \frac{56b^6 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^9} +$
default	$\frac{b^6}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{14b^6}{a^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{6b}{5a^4x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^5x^2} + \frac{20b^3}{3a^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{15b^4}{a^7x} + \frac{42b^5}{a^8\sqrt{x}} - \frac{56b^6 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^9} +$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^6/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+14*b^6/a^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/3/a^3/x^3+6/5*b/a^4/x^(5/2)-3*b^2/a^5/x^2+20/3*b^3/a^6/x^(3/2)-15*b^4/a^7/x+42*b^5/a^8/x^(1/2)-56*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^9+28*b^6*ln(x)/a^9`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{420 a^2 b^8 x^4 - 630 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 140 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 35 a^8 b^2 x + 5 a^{10} + 840 (b^{10} x^5 - 2 a^2 b^8 x^4 + a^4 b^6 x^3) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{15 (a^9 b^4 x^5)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/15*(420*a^2*b^8*x^4 - 630*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 140*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^8*b^2*x
+ 5*a^10 + 840*(b^10*x^5 - 2*a^2*b^8*x^4 + a^4*b^6*x^3)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)
- 840*(b^10*x^5 - 2*a^2*b^8*x^4 + a^4*b^6*x^3)*log(sqrt(x)) - 2*(420*a*b^
9*x^4 - 700*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 224*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 32*a^7*b^3*x + 9*a^9*b)*sqrt(x
))/ (a^9*b^4*x^5 - 2*a^11*b^2*x^4 + a^13*x^3)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 707 vs. 2(138) = 276.

Time = 2.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 707, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**3/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(9/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*a**3*x**3), Eq(b, 0)
), (-2/(9*b**3*x**(9/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (-5*a**8*sqrt(x)/(15*a**11*x**(7/2) +
30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)) + 8*a**7*b*x/(15*a**11*x**(7/2)
+ 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)) - 14*a**6*b**2*x**(3/2)/(15*a**
11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)) + 28*a**5*b**3*x**2
/(15*a**11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)) - 70*a**4*b
**4*x**(5/2)/(15*a**11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2))
+ 280*a**3*b**5*x**3/(15*a**11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*
x**(9/2)) + 420*a**2*b**6*x**(7/2)*log(x)/(15*a**11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*
x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)) - 840*a**2*b**6*x**(7/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/
(15*a**11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)) + 1260*a**2*
b**6*x**(7/2)/(15*a**11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)
) + 840*a*b**7*x**4*log(x)/(15*a**11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*
b**2*x**(9/2)) - 1680*a*b**7*x**4*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(15*a**11*x**(7/2) +
30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)) + 840*a*b**7*x**4/(15*a**11*x**(7
/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)) + 420*b**8*x**(9/2)*log(x)/
(15*a**11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*b**2*x**(9/2)) - 840*b**8*x
**(9/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(15*a**11*x**(7/2) + 30*a**10*b*x**4 + 15*a**9*
b**2*x**(9/2)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{840 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1260 a b^6 x^3 + 280 a^2 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 70 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 28 a^4 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 14 a^5 b^2 x + 8 a^6 b \sqrt{x} - 5 a^7}{15 (a^8 b^2 x^4 + 2 a^9 b x^{\frac{7}{2}} + a^{10} x^3)} - \frac{56 b^6 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^9} + \frac{28 b^6 \log(x)}{a^9}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/15*(840*b^7*x^(7/2) + 1260*a*b^6*x^3 + 280*a^2*b^5*x^(5/2) - 70*a^3*b^4*
x^2 + 28*a^4*b^3*x^(3/2) - 14*a^5*b^2*x + 8*a^6*b*sqrt(x) - 5*a^7)/(a^8*b
^2*x^4 + 2*a^9*b*x^(7/2) + a^10*x^3) - 56*b^6*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^9 + 28*b
^6*log(x)/a^9
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx = -\frac{56 b^6 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^9} + \frac{28 b^6 \log(|x|)}{a^9} + \frac{840 a b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 1260 a^2 b^6 x^3 + 280 a^3 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 70 a^4 b^4 x^2 + 28 a^5 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 14 a^6 b^2 x + 8 a^7 b \sqrt{x} - 5 a^8}{15 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^9 x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-56*b^6*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^9 + 28*b^6*log(abs(x))/a^9 + 1/15*(840*a*b^7*x^(7/2) + 1260*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 280*a^3*b^5*x^(5/2) - 70*a^4*b^4*x^2 + 28*a^5*b^3*x^(3/2) - 14*a^6*b^2*x + 8*a^7*b*sqrt(x) - 5*a^8)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^9*x^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{\frac{8b\sqrt{x}}{15a^2} - \frac{1}{3a} - \frac{14b^2x}{15a^3} - \frac{14b^4x^2}{3a^5} + \frac{28b^3x^{3/2}}{15a^4} + \frac{84b^6x^3}{a^7} + \frac{56b^5x^{5/2}}{3a^6} + \frac{56b^7x^{7/2}}{a^8}}{a^2x^3 + b^2x^4 + 2abx^{7/2}} - \frac{112b^6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^9}$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^3),x)`output `((8*b*x^(1/2))/(15*a^2) - 1/(3*a) - (14*b^2*x)/(15*a^3) - (14*b^4*x^2)/(3*a^5) + (28*b^3*x^(3/2))/(15*a^4) + (84*b^6*x^3)/a^7 + (56*b^5*x^(5/2))/(3*a^6) + (56*b^7*x^(7/2))/a^8)/(a^2*x^3 + b^2*x^4 + 2*a*b*x^(7/2)) - (112*b^6*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^9`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1680\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a b^7 x^3 + 1680\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a b^7 x^3 + 8\sqrt{x} a^7 b + 28\sqrt{x} a^5 b^3 x + 280\sqrt{x} a^3 b^5 x^2 - 840\sqrt{x} a^2 b^6 x^3 - 840\sqrt{x} a b^8 x^4 + 840\log(\sqrt{x}) a^2 b^6 x^3 + 840\log(\sqrt{x}) b^8 x^4 - 5a^8 - 14a^6 b^2 x - 70a^4 b^4 x^2 + 840a^2 b^6 x^3 - 420b^8 x^4}{(15a^9 x^3 (2\sqrt{x} a b + a^2 + b^2 x))}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3/x^4,x)`

output

```
( - 1680*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b**7*x**3 + 1680*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))
)*a*b**7*x**3 + 8*sqrt(x)*a**7*b + 28*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**3*x + 280*sqrt(x)*a*
*3*b**5*x**2 - 840*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2*b**6*x**3 - 840*log(sqrt(x)*b +
a)*b**8*x**4 + 840*log(sqrt(x))*a**2*b**6*x**3 + 840*log(sqrt(x))*b**8*x*
*4 - 5*a**8 - 14*a**6*b**2*x - 70*a**4*b**4*x**2 + 840*a**2*b**6*x**3 - 42
0*b**8*x**4)/(15*a**9*x**3*(2*sqrt(x)*a*b + a**2 + b**2*x))
```

### 3.105 $\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	931
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	932
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	932
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	934
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	934
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	935
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	936
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	936
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	937
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	937

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{a^9}{2b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{6a^8}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{36a^7}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{168a^6}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{140a^4\sqrt{x}}{b^9} - \frac{35a^3x}{b^8} + \frac{10a^2x^{3/2}}{b^7} - \frac{5ax^2}{2b^6} + \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b^5} - \frac{252a^5 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^{10}}$$

output

$\frac{1}{2}a^9/b^{10}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^4-6*a^8/b^{10}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^3+36*a^7/b^{10}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2-168*a^6/b^{10}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})+140*a^4*x^{(1/2)}/b^9-35*a^3*x/b^8+10*a^2*x^{(3/2)}/b^7-5/2*a*x^2/b^6+2/5*x^{(5/2)}/b^5-252*a^5*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/b^{10}$



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1375a^9 - 2980a^8b\sqrt{x} + 570a^7b^2x + 5420a^6b^3x^{3/2} + 3875a^5b^4x^2 + 504a^4b^5x^{5/2} - 84a^3b^6x^3 + 24a^2b^7x^{7/2}}{10b^{10}(a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{252a^5 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^{10}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5,x]
```

output

```
(-1375*a^9 - 2980*a^8*b*Sqrt[x] + 570*a^7*b^2*x + 5420*a^6*b^3*x^(3/2) + 3875*a^5*b^4*x^2 + 504*a^4*b^5*x^(5/2) - 84*a^3*b^6*x^3 + 24*a^2*b^7*x^(7/2) - 9*a*b^8*x^4 + 4*b^9*x^(9/2))/(10*b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) - (252*a^5*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^10
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^9}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{9a^8}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{36a^7}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{84a^6}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{126a^5}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{70a^4}{b^9} - \frac{35\sqrt{x}a^3}{b^8} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( \frac{a^9}{4b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{3a^8}{b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{18a^7}{b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{84a^6}{b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{126a^5 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^{10}} + \frac{70a^4 \sqrt{x}}{b^9} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[x^4/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5,x]`

output `2*(a^9/(4*b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) - (3*a^8)/(b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3) + (18*a^7)/(b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) - (84*a^6)/(b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) + (70*a^4*Sqrt[x])/b^9 - (35*a^3*x)/(2*b^8) + (5*a^2*x^(3/2))/b^7 - (5*a*x^2)/(4*b^6) + x^(5/2)/(5*b^5) - (126*a^5*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^10)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4 - \frac{5ab^3x^2}{2} + 10x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2 - 35a^3bx + 140\sqrt{x}a^4}{b^9} - \frac{6a^8}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{a^9}{2b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{252a^5 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^{10}} + \frac{1}{b^{10}}$
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{5}{2}}b^4 - \frac{5ab^3x^2}{2} + 10x^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^2 - 35a^3bx + 140\sqrt{x}a^4}{b^9} - \frac{6a^8}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{a^9}{2b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{252a^5 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^{10}} + \frac{1}{b^{10}}$

input `int(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{b^9} \left( \frac{1}{5} x^{5/2} b^4 - \frac{5}{4} a b^3 x^2 + 5 x^{3/2} a^2 b^2 - 35 a^3 b x + 70 x^{1/2} a^4 \right) - \frac{6 a^8}{b^{10} (a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{a^9}{b^{10} (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{252 a^5 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^{10}} + \frac{1}{b^{10}}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{25ab^{12}x^6 + 250a^3b^{10}x^5 - 1250a^5b^8x^4 - 40a^7b^6x^3 + 3840a^9b^4x^2 - 4240a^{11}b^2x + 1375a^{13} + 2520(a^5 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x}))}{(b^2x + a)^5}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/10 \cdot (25a^5b^{12}x^6 + 250a^3b^{10}x^5 - 1250a^5b^8x^4 - 40a^7b^6x^3 + 3840a^9b^4x^2 - 4240a^{11}b^2x + 1375a^{13} + 2520(a^5 \ln(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 4a^7b^6x^3 + 6a^9b^4x^2 - 4a^{11}b^2x + a^{13})) \cdot \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 4(b^{13}x^6 + 21a^2b^{11}x^5 + 256a^4b^9x^4 - 1674a^6b^7x^3 + 3066a^8b^5x^2 - 2310a^{10}b^3x + 630a^{12}b) \cdot \sqrt{x}}{(b^2x + a)^5}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 966 vs.  $2(151) = 302$ .

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 966, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**4/(a+b*x**(1/2))**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*x**(5/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (x**5/(5*a**5), Eq(b, 0)), (zoo*x**5, Eq(a, -b*sqrt(x))), (-2520*a**9*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) - 5250*a**9/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) - 10080*a**8*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) - 18480*a**8*b*sqrt(x)/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) - 15120*a**7*b**2*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) - 22680*a**7*b**2*x/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) - 10080*a**6*b**3*x**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) - 10080*a**6*b**3*x**(3/2)/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) - 2520*a**5*b**4*x**2*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) + 504*a**4*b**5*x**(5/2)/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b**14*x**2) - 84*a**3*b**6*x**3/(10*a**4*b**10 + 40*a**3*b**11*sqrt(x) + 60*a**2*b**12*x + 40*a*b**13*x**(3/2) + 10*b...`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{252 a^5 \log(b\sqrt{x}+a)}{b^{10}} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x}+a)^5}{5 b^{10}} - \frac{9(b\sqrt{x}+a)^4 a}{2 b^{10}} + \frac{24(b\sqrt{x}+a)^3 a^2}{b^{10}} - \frac{84(b\sqrt{x}+a)^2 a^3}{b^{10}} + \frac{252(b\sqrt{x}+a) a^4}{b^{10}} - \frac{168 a^6}{(b\sqrt{x}+a) b^{10}} + \frac{36 a^7}{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^2 b^{10}} - \frac{6 a^8}{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^3 b^{10}} + \frac{a^9}{2(b\sqrt{x}+a)^4 b^{10}}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-252*a^5*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^10 + 2/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5/b^10 - 9/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a/b^10 + 24*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^2/b^10 - 84*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^3/b^10 + 252*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^4/b^10 - 168*a^6/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^10) + 36*a^7/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^10) - 6*a^8/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*b^10) + 1/2*a^9/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^10)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{252 a^5 \log(|b\sqrt{x}+a|)}{b^{10}} - \frac{336 a^6 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 936 a^7 b^2 x + 876 a^8 b \sqrt{x} + 275 a^9}{2(b\sqrt{x}+a)^4 b^{10}} + \frac{4 b^{20} x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 25 a b^{19} x^2 + 100 a^2 b^{18} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 350 a^3 b^{17} x + 1400 a^4 b^{16} \sqrt{x}}{10 b^{25}}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-252*a^5*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^10 - 1/2*(336*a^6*b^3*x^(3/2) + 936*a^7
*b^2*x + 876*a^8*b*sqrt(x) + 275*a^9)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^10) + 1/10*(4*b
^20*x^(5/2) - 25*a*b^19*x^2 + 100*a^2*b^18*x^(3/2) - 350*a^3*b^17*x + 1400
*a^4*b^16*sqrt(x))/b^25
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{2x^{5/2}}{5b^5} - \frac{\frac{275a^9}{2b} + 438a^8\sqrt{x} + 168a^6b^2x^{3/2} + 468a^7bx}{a^4b^9 + b^{13}x^2 + 6a^2b^{11}x + 4ab^{12}x^{3/2} + 4a^3b^{10}\sqrt{x}} - \frac{5ax^2}{2b^6} - \frac{35a^3x}{b^8} - \frac{252a^5 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^{10}} + \frac{10a^2x^{3/2}}{b^7} + \frac{140a^4\sqrt{x}}{b^9}$$

input

```
int(x^4/(a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)
```

output

```
(2*x^(5/2))/(5*b^5) - ((275*a^9)/(2*b) + 438*a^8*x^(1/2) + 168*a^6*b^2*x^(
3/2) + 468*a^7*b*x)/(a^4*b^9 + b^13*x^2 + 6*a^2*b^11*x + 4*a*b^12*x^(3/2)
+ 4*a^3*b^10*x^(1/2)) - (5*a*x^2)/(2*b^6) - (35*a^3*x)/b^8 - (252*a^5*log(
a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^10 + (10*a^2*x^(3/2))/b^7 + (140*a^4*x^(1/2))/b^9
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{-10080\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^8b - 10080\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6b^3x - 8400\sqrt{x} a^8b + 504\sqrt{x} a^4b^5x^2 + 24\sqrt{x} a^4b^5x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5}$$

input

```
int(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x)
```

output

```
( - 10080*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**8*b - 10080*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b
+ a)*a**6*b**3*x - 8400*sqrt(x)*a**8*b + 504*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 24*s
qrt(x)*a**2*b**7*x**3 + 4*sqrt(x)*b**9*x**4 - 2520*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**9
- 15120*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**7*b**2*x - 2520*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**5*b**
4*x**2 - 2730*a**9 - 7560*a**7*b**2*x + 2520*a**5*b**4*x**2 - 84*a**3*b**6
*x**3 - 9*a*b**8*x**4)/(10*b**10*(4*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 4*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x +
a**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*x + b**4*x**2))
```

### 3.106 $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$

Optimal result	939
Mathematica [A] (verified)	939
Rubi [A] (verified)	940
Maple [A] (verified)	941
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	942
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	942
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	943
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	944
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	944
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	945

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{a^7}{2b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{14a^6}{3b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{21a^5}{b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{70a^4}{b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{30a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{5ax}{b^6} + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3b^5} - \frac{70a^3 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

output

```
1/2*a^7/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4-14/3*a^6/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+21*a^5/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2-70*a^4/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))+30*a^2*x^(1/2)/b^7-5*a*x/b^6+2/3*x^(3/2)/b^5-70*a^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^8
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{-319a^7 - 856a^6b\sqrt{x} - 444a^5b^2x + 544a^4b^3x^{3/2} + 556a^3b^4x^2 + 84a^2b^5x^{5/2} - 14ab^6x^3 + 4b^7x^{7/2}}{6b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{70a^3 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$



input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5,x]`

output  $(-319a^7 - 856a^6b\sqrt{x} - 444a^5b^2x + 544a^4b^3x^{3/2} + 556a^3b^4x^2 + 84a^2b^5x^{5/2} - 14ab^6x^3 + 4b^7x^{7/2})/(6b^8(a + b\sqrt{x})^4) - (70a^3\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}])/b^8$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^7}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{7a^6}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{21a^5}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{35a^4}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{35a^3}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{15a^2}{b^7} - \frac{5\sqrt{x}a}{b^6} + \frac{5a}{b^5} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^7}{4b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{7a^6}{3b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{21a^5}{2b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{35a^4}{b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{35a^3 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} + \frac{15a^2 \sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{5a}{2b^5} \right)$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5,x]`

output

$$2*(a^7/(4*b^8*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^4) - (7*a^6)/(3*b^8*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^3) + (21*a^5)/(2*b^8*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2) - (35*a^4)/(b^8*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])) + (15*a^2*\text{Sqrt}[x])/b^7 - (5*a*x)/(2*b^6) + x^{3/2}/(3*b^5) - (35*a^3*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/b^8)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \text{ \&\& IGtQ}\{m, 0\} \text{ \&\& IGtQ}\{m + n + 2, 0\}$$

rule 798

$$\text{Int}(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \text{ \&\& IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

rule 2009

$$\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] \text{ ; SumQ}[u]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5abx + 30a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{14a^6}{3b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{21a^5}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{70a^3 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} - \frac{70a^4}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{a^7}{2b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$
default	$\frac{2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5abx + 30a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{14a^6}{3b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{21a^5}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{70a^3 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} - \frac{70a^4}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{a^7}{2b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$

input

$$\text{int}(x^3/(a+b*x^{1/2})^5, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

$$2/b^7*(1/3*b^2*x^{3/2}-5/2*a*b*x+15*a^2*x^{1/2})-14/3*a^6/b^8/(a+b*x^{1/2})^3+21*a^5/b^8/(a+b*x^{1/2})^2-70*a^3*\ln(a+b*x^{1/2})/b^8-70*a^4/b^8/(a+b*x^{1/2})+1/2*a^7/b^8/(a+b*x^{1/2})^4$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 223 vs.  $2(111) = 222$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{30 ab^{10}x^5 - 120 a^3b^8x^4 - 366 a^5b^6x^3 + 1179 a^7b^4x^2 - 1066 a^9b^2x + 319 a^{11} + 420 (a^3b^8x^4 - 4 a^5b^6x^3 + 6 a^7b^4x^2 - 4 a^9b^2x + a^{11}) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 4(b^{11}x^5 + 41a^2b^9x^4 - 279a^4b^7x^3 + 511a^6b^5x^2 - 385a^8b^3x + 105a^{10}b) \sqrt{x}}{6(b^{16}x^4 - 4a^2b^{14}x^3 + 6a^4b^{12}x^2 - 4a^6b^{10}x + a^8b^8)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(30*a*b^10*x^5 - 120*a^3*b^8*x^4 - 366*a^5*b^6*x^3 + 1179*a^7*b^4*x^2 - 1066*a^9*b^2*x + 319*a^11 + 420*(a^3*b^8*x^4 - 4*a^5*b^6*x^3 + 6*a^7*b^4*x^2 - 4*a^9*b^2*x + a^11)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 4*(b^11*x^5 + 41*a^2*b^9*x^4 - 279*a^4*b^7*x^3 + 511*a^6*b^5*x^2 - 385*a^8*b^3*x + 105*a^10*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^16*x^4 - 4*a^2*b^14*x^3 + 6*a^4*b^12*x^2 - 4*a^6*b^10*x + a^8*b^8)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 835 vs.  $2(126) = 252$ .

Time = 1.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 835, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.37

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*x**(1/2))**5,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*x**(3/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (x**4/(4*a**5), Eq(b, 0)),
(zoo*x**4, Eq(a, -b*sqrt(x))), (-420*a**7*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**4*b**8
+ 24*a**3*b**9*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x + 24*a*b**11*x**(3/2) + 6*b**12*x
**2) - 875*a**7/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**9*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x + 24
*a*b**11*x**(3/2) + 6*b**12*x**2) - 1680*a**6*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))
/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**9*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x + 24*a*b**11*x**(3/
2) + 6*b**12*x**2) - 3080*a**6*b*sqrt(x)/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**9*sqrt(
x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x + 24*a*b**11*x**(3/2) + 6*b**12*x**2) - 2520*a**5*b**
2*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**9*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10
*x + 24*a*b**11*x**(3/2) + 6*b**12*x**2) - 3780*a**5*b**2*x/(6*a**4*b**8 +
24*a**3*b**9*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x + 24*a*b**11*x**(3/2) + 6*b**12*x**
*2) - 1680*a**4*b**3*x**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**
*9*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x + 24*a*b**11*x**(3/2) + 6*b**12*x**2) - 1680*
a**4*b**3*x**(3/2)/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**9*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x +
24*a*b**11*x**(3/2) + 6*b**12*x**2) - 420*a**3*b**4*x**2*log(a/b + sqrt(x
))/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**9*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x + 24*a*b**11*x**(
3/2) + 6*b**12*x**2) + 84*a**2*b**5*x**(5/2)/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**9*s
qrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x + 24*a*b**11*x**(3/2) + 6*b**12*x**2) - 14*a*b**6
*x**3/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**9*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**10*x + 24*a*b**11*x
**(3/2) + 6*b**12*x**2) + 4*b**7*x**(7/2)/(6*a**4*b**8 + 24*a**3*b**9*s...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{70a^3 \log(b\sqrt{x}+a)}{b^8} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x}+a)^3}{3b^8} - \frac{7(b\sqrt{x}+a)^2 a}{b^8} + \frac{42(b\sqrt{x}+a)a^2}{b^8} - \frac{70a^4}{(b\sqrt{x}+a)b^8} + \frac{21a^5}{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^2 b^8} - \frac{14a^6}{3(b\sqrt{x}+a)^3 b^8} + \frac{a^7}{2(b\sqrt{x}+a)^4 b^8}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-70*a^3*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^8 + 2/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3/b^8 - 7*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^2*a/b^8 + 42*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^2/b^8 - 70*a^4/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^8) +
21*a^5/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^8) - 14/3*a^6/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*b^8) + 1/2*a
^7/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^8)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{70 a^3 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^8} - \frac{420 a^4 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1134 a^5 b^2 x + 1036 a^6 b \sqrt{x} + 319 a^7}{6 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 b^8} + \frac{2 b^{10} x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 15 a b^9 x + 90 a^2 b^8 \sqrt{x}}{3 b^{15}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-70*a^3*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^8 - 1/6*(420*a^4*b^3*x^(3/2) + 1134*a^5*
b^2*x + 1036*a^6*b*sqrt(x) + 319*a^7)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^8) + 1/3*(2*b^1
0*x^(3/2) - 15*a*b^9*x + 90*a^2*b^8*sqrt(x))/b^15
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{2 x^{3/2}}{3 b^5} - \frac{\frac{319 a^7}{6 b} + \frac{518 a^6 \sqrt{x}}{3} + 70 a^4 b^2 x^{3/2} + 189 a^5 b x}{a^4 b^7 + b^{11} x^2 + 6 a^2 b^9 x + 4 a b^{10} x^{3/2} + 4 a^3 b^8 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{70 a^3 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8} + \frac{30 a^2 \sqrt{x}}{b^7} - \frac{5 a x}{b^6}$$

input

```
int(x^3/(a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2x^{3/2})/(3b^5) - ((319a^7)/(6b) + (518a^6x^{1/2})/3 + 70a^4b^2x^{3/2} + 189a^5b^3x)/(a^4b^7 + b^{11}x^2 + 6a^2b^9x + 4ab^{10}x^{3/2}) \\ & + 4a^3b^8x^{1/2}) - (70a^3\log(a + bx^{1/2}))/b^8 + (30a^2x^{1/2})/b^7 - (5ax)/b^6 \end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-1680\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^6b - 1680\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^4b^3x - 1400\sqrt{x}a^6b + 84\sqrt{x}a^2b^5x^2 + 4\sqrt{x}b^7x^3 - 6b^8(4\sqrt{x}a^3b -$$

input

int(x^3/(a+b\*x^(1/2))^5,x)

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1680\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^6b - 1680\sqrt{x}\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^4b^3x - 1400\sqrt{x}a^6b + 84\sqrt{x}a^2b^5x^2 + 4\sqrt{x}b^7x^3 - \\ & 420\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^7 - 2520\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^5b^2x - 420\log(\sqrt{x}b + a)a^3b^4x^2 - 455a^7 - 1260a^5b^2x + 420a^3b^4x^2 - \\ & 14ab^6x^3)/(6b^8(4\sqrt{x}a^3b + 4\sqrt{x}a^2b^2x + b^4x^2)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.107 $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$

Optimal result	946
Mathematica [A] (verified)	946
Rubi [A] (verified)	947
Maple [A] (verified)	948
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	949
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	949
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	950
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	951
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	951
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	952

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 107

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{a^5}{2b^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{10a^4}{3b^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{10a^3}{b^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{20a^2}{b^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{10a \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$$

output  $\frac{1}{2}a^5/b^6/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^4-10/3*a^4/b^6/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^3+10*a^3/b^6/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2-20*a^2/b^6/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})+2*x^{(1/2)}/b^5-10*a*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/b^6$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{-77a^5 - 248a^4b\sqrt{x} - 252a^3b^2x - 48a^2b^3x^{3/2} + 48ab^4x^2 + 12b^5x^{5/2}}{6b^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{10a \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-77a^5 - 248a^4b\sqrt{x} - 252a^3b^2x - 48a^2b^3x^{3/2} + 48ab^4x^2 + 12b^5x^{5/2})/(6b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^4) - (10a\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}])}{b^6}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 2 \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{5a^4}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{10a^3}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{10a^2}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{5a}{b^5(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{1}{b^5} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{a^5}{4b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{5a^4}{3b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{5a^3}{b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{10a^2}{b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{5a \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^6} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{b^5} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2/(a + b\sqrt{x})^5, x]$$

output

$$2*(a^5/(4*b^6*(a + b*\sqrt{x})^4) - (5*a^4)/(3*b^6*(a + b*\sqrt{x})^3) + (5*a^3)/(b^6*(a + b*\sqrt{x})^2) - (10*a^2)/(b^6*(a + b*\sqrt{x})) + \sqrt{x}/b^5 - (5*a*\text{Log}[a + b*\sqrt{x}])/b^6)$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^5}{2b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{10a^4}{3b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{10a^3}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{20a^2}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{10a \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$	92
default	$\frac{a^5}{2b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{10a^4}{3b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{10a^3}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{20a^2}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{10a \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$	92

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a^5/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4-10/3*a^4/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+10*a^3/b^6/(a+b*x  
^(1/2))^2-20*a^2/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))+2*x^(1/2)/b^5-10*a*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^6`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs.  $2(91) = 182$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{180 a^3 b^6 x^3 - 357 a^5 b^4 x^2 + 278 a^7 b^2 x - 77 a^9 - 60 (ab^8 x^4 - 4 a^3 b^6 x^3 + 6 a^5 b^4 x^2 - 4 a^7 b^2 x + a^9) \log(b\sqrt{x})}{6 (b^{14} x^4 - 4 a^2 b^{12} x^3 + 6 a^4 b^{10} x^2 - 4 a^6 b^8 x + a^8 b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(180*a^3*b^6*x^3 - 357*a^5*b^4*x^2 + 278*a^7*b^2*x - 77*a^9 - 60*(a*b^8*x^4 - 4*a^3*b^6*x^3 + 6*a^5*b^4*x^2 - 4*a^7*b^2*x + a^9)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) + 4*(3*b^9*x^4 - 42*a^2*b^7*x^3 + 73*a^4*b^5*x^2 - 55*a^6*b^3*x + 15*a^8*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^14*x^4 - 4*a^2*b^12*x^3 + 6*a^4*b^10*x^2 - 4*a^6*b^8*x + a^8*b^6)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 704 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 704, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty}\sqrt{x} \\ \frac{x^3}{3a^5} \\ \tilde{\infty}x^3 \\ -\frac{60a^5 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{6a^4b^6 + 24a^3b^7\sqrt{x} + 36a^2b^8x + 24ab^9x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6b^{10}x^2} - \frac{125a^5}{6a^4b^6 + 24a^3b^7\sqrt{x} + 36a^2b^8x + 24ab^9x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6b^{10}x^2} - \frac{240a^4b\sqrt{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{6a^4b^6 + 24a^3b^7\sqrt{x} + 36a^2b^8x + 24ab^9x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6b^{10}x^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(1/2))**5,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*sqrt(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (x**3/(3*a**5), Eq(b, 0)), (
zoo*x**3, Eq(a, -b*sqrt(x))), (-60*a**5*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**4*b**6 +
24*a**3*b**7*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**8*x + 24*a*b**9*x**(3/2) + 6*b**10*x**2)
- 125*a**5/(6*a**4*b**6 + 24*a**3*b**7*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**8*x + 24*a*b
**9*x**(3/2) + 6*b**10*x**2) - 240*a**4*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**
4*b**6 + 24*a**3*b**7*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**8*x + 24*a*b**9*x**(3/2) + 6*b
**10*x**2) - 440*a**4*b*sqrt(x)/(6*a**4*b**6 + 24*a**3*b**7*sqrt(x) + 36*a*
**2*b**8*x + 24*a*b**9*x**(3/2) + 6*b**10*x**2) - 360*a**3*b**2*x*log(a/b +
sqrt(x))/(6*a**4*b**6 + 24*a**3*b**7*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**8*x + 24*a*b**9
*x**(3/2) + 6*b**10*x**2) - 540*a**3*b**2*x/(6*a**4*b**6 + 24*a**3*b**7*sq
rt(x) + 36*a**2*b**8*x + 24*a*b**9*x**(3/2) + 6*b**10*x**2) - 240*a**2*b**
3*x**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**4*b**6 + 24*a**3*b**7*sqrt(x) + 36*a**
2*b**8*x + 24*a*b**9*x**(3/2) + 6*b**10*x**2) - 240*a**2*b**3*x**(3/2)/(6*
a**4*b**6 + 24*a**3*b**7*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**8*x + 24*a*b**9*x**(3/2) + 6
*b**10*x**2) - 60*a*b**4*x**2*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**4*b**6 + 24*a**3*b*
**7*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**8*x + 24*a*b**9*x**(3/2) + 6*b**10*x**2) + 12*b**5
*x**(5/2)/(6*a**4*b**6 + 24*a**3*b**7*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**8*x + 24*a*b**9
*x**(3/2) + 6*b**10*x**2), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{10a \log(b\sqrt{x}+a)}{b^6} + \frac{2(b\sqrt{x}+a)}{b^6} - \frac{20a^2}{(b\sqrt{x}+a)b^6} + \frac{10a^3}{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^2 b^6} - \frac{10a^4}{3(b\sqrt{x}+a)^3 b^6} + \frac{a^5}{2(b\sqrt{x}+a)^4 b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-10*a*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^6 + 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^6 - 20*a^2/((b*sqrt(x)
+ a)*b^6) + 10*a^3/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^6) - 10/3*a^4/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*b
^6) + 1/2*a^5/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^6)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{10 a \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^6} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{120 a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 300 a^3 b^2 x + 260 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + 77 a^5}{6 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-10*a*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^6 + 2*sqrt(x)/b^5 - 1/6*(120*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 300*a^3*b^2*x + 260*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + 77*a^5)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^6)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{b^5} - \frac{\frac{77a^5}{6b} + \frac{130a^4\sqrt{x}}{3} + 20a^2b^2x^{3/2} + 50a^3bx}{a^4b^5 + b^9x^2 + 6a^2b^7x + 4ab^8x^{3/2} + 4a^3b^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{10a \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^6}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)`

output `(2*x^(1/2))/b^5 - ((77*a^5)/(6*b) + (130*a^4*x^(1/2))/3 + 20*a^2*b^2*x^(3/2) + 50*a^3*b*x)/(a^4*b^5 + b^9*x^2 + 6*a^2*b^7*x + 4*a*b^8*x^(3/2) + 4*a^3*b^6*x^(1/2)) - (10*a*log(a + b*x^(1/2)))/b^6`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-240\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4b - 240\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^3x - 200\sqrt{x} a^4b + 12\sqrt{x} b^5x^2 - 60 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a)}{6b^6 (4\sqrt{x} a^3b + 4\sqrt{x} a b^3x + a^4 +$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x)
```

output

```
( - 240*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**4*b - 240*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)
*a**2*b**3*x - 200*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 12*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 - 60*log(sqrt(x)*
b + a)*a**5 - 360*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**3*b**2*x - 60*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*
*b**4*x**2 - 65*a**5 - 180*a**3*b**2*x + 60*a*b**4*x**2)/(6*b**6*(4*sqrt(x)
)*a**3*b + 4*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x + a**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*x + b**4*x**2))
```

### 3.108 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$

Optimal result	953
Mathematica [B] (verified)	953
Rubi [A] (verified)	954
Maple [B] (verified)	954
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	955
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	956
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	956
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	957
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	957
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	958

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{x^2}{2a(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$$

output `1/2*x^2/a/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 52 vs.  $2(21) = 42$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{-a^3 - 4a^2b\sqrt{x} - 6ab^2x - 4b^3x^{3/2}}{2b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5,x]`

output `(-a^3 - 4*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] - 6*a*b^2*x - 4*b^3*x^(3/2))/(2*b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{x^2}{2a(a + b\sqrt{x})^4}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5,x]`

output `x^2/(2*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.10

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3a}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2a^2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{a^3}{2b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$
default	$\frac{3a}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2a^2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{a^3}{2b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^6b^4x^3-4a^4b^6x^3+5a^2b^8x^3-10b^{10}x^3+6a^8b^2x^2-23a^6b^4x^2+36a^4b^6x^2+5a^2b^8x^2+a^{10}x+2a^8b^2x-23a^6b^4x-4a^4b^6x+2a^2b^8x-a^8)}{2(-b^2x+a^2)^4(a^8-4a^6b^2+6a^4b^4-4a^2b^6+b^8)}$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/b^4*a/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2-2/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))-2*a^2/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+1/2*a^3/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 108 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.14

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{10ab^6x^3 - 5a^3b^4x^2 + 4a^5b^2x - a^7 - 4(b^7x^3 + a^2b^5x^2)\sqrt{x}}{2(b^{12}x^4 - 4a^2b^{10}x^3 + 6a^4b^8x^2 - 4a^6b^6x + a^8b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(10*a*b^6*x^3 - 5*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 4*a^5*b^2*x - a^7 - 4*(b^7*x^3 + a^2*b^5*x^2)*sqrt(x))/(b^12*x^4 - 4*a^2*b^10*x^3 + 6*a^4*b^8*x^2 - 4*a^6*b^6*x + a^8*b^4)`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 270 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 270, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.86

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\tilde{\infty}}{\sqrt{x}} \\ \tilde{\infty}x^2 \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^5} \end{cases}$$

$$-\frac{a^3}{2a^4b^4+8a^3b^5\sqrt{x}+12a^2b^6x+8ab^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+2b^8x^2} - \frac{4a^2b\sqrt{x}}{2a^4b^4+8a^3b^5\sqrt{x}+12a^2b^6x+8ab^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+2b^8x^2} - \frac{6ab^2x}{2a^4b^4+8a^3b^5\sqrt{x}+12a^2b^6x+8ab^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+2b^8x^2}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(1/2))**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/sqrt(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (zoo*x**2, Eq(a, -b*sqrt(x))), (x**2/(2*a**5), Eq(b, 0)), (-a**3/(2*a**4*b**4 + 8*a**3*b**5*sqrt(x) + 12*a**2*b**6*x + 8*a*b**7*x**(3/2) + 2*b**8*x**2) - 4*a**2*b*sqrt(x)/(2*a**4*b**4 + 8*a**3*b**5*sqrt(x) + 12*a**2*b**6*x + 8*a*b**7*x**(3/2) + 2*b**8*x**2) - 6*a*b**2*x/(2*a**4*b**4 + 8*a**3*b**5*sqrt(x) + 12*a**2*b**6*x + 8*a*b**7*x**(3/2) + 2*b**8*x**2) - 4*b**3*x**(3/2)/(2*a**4*b**4 + 8*a**3*b**5*sqrt(x) + 12*a**2*b**6*x + 8*a*b**7*x**(3/2) + 2*b**8*x**2), True))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 64 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{2}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)b^4} + \frac{3a}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2b^4} - \frac{2a^2}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3b^4} + \frac{a^3}{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-2/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)*b^4) + 3*a/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^2*b^4) - 2*a^2/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^3*b^4) + 1/2*a^3/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^4*b^4)$$

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 42 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{4b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6ab^2x + 4a^2b\sqrt{x} + a^3}{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/2*(4*b^3*x^(3/2) + 6*a*b^2*x + 4*a^2*b*\sqrt{x} + a^3)/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^4*b^4)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^3}{2b^4} + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{b} + \frac{2a^2\sqrt{x}}{b^3} + \frac{3ax}{b^2}}{a^4 + b^4x^2 + 6a^2b^2x + 4a^3b\sqrt{x} + 4ab^3x^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int(x/(a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)
```

output

$$-(a^3/(2*b^4) + (2*x^(3/2))/b + (2*a^2*x^(1/2))/b^3 + (3*a*x)/b^2)/(a^4 + b^4*x^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*x + 4*a^3*b*x^(1/2) + 4*a*b^3*x^(3/2))$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{x^2}{2a(4\sqrt{x}a^3b + 4\sqrt{x}ab^3x + a^4 + 6a^2b^2x + b^4x^2)}$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x)`

output `x**2/(2*a*(4*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 4*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x + a**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*x + b**4*x**2))`

### 3.109 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$

Optimal result	959
Mathematica [A] (verified)	959
Rubi [A] (verified)	960
Maple [A] (verified)	961
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	961
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	962
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	962
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	963
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	963
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	963

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{a}{2b^2 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{2}{3b^2 (a+b\sqrt{x})^3}$$

output  $1/2*a/b^2/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^4-2/3/b^2/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^3$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{-a-4b\sqrt{x}}{6b^2 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-5), x]`

output  $(-a - 4*b*Sqrt[x])/(6*b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{1}{b(a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{a}{b(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{a}{4b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{1}{3b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-5),x]`

output `2*(a/(4*b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) - 1/(3*b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a}{2b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{2}{3b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}$
default	$\frac{a^5}{4(-b^2x+a^2)^4b^2} - \frac{1}{3b^2(b\sqrt{x}-a)^3} - \frac{a}{4b^2(b\sqrt{x}-a)^4} - \frac{1}{3b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{a}{4b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + 10a^3b^2\left(\frac{1}{3b^4(b^2x-a^2)^2}\right)$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^4b^6x^3-10a^2b^8x^3-15b^{10}x^3-4a^6b^4x^2+41a^4b^6x^2+50a^2b^8x^2-15b^{10}x^2+21a^8b^2x-124a^6b^4x+41a^4b^6x-10a^2b^8x+b^{10})}{6(-b^2x+a^2)^4(a^8-4a^6b^2+6a^4b^4-4a^2b^6+b^8)}$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/2*a/b^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4-2/3/b^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 96 vs. 2(30) = 60.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{15ab^4x^2 + 10a^3b^2x - a^5 - 4(b^5x^2 + 5a^2b^3x)\sqrt{x}}{6(b^{10}x^4 - 4a^2b^8x^3 + 6a^4b^6x^2 - 4a^6b^4x + a^8b^2)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/6*(15*a*b^4*x^2 + 10*a^3*b^2*x - a^5 - 4*(b^5*x^2 + 5*a^2*b^3*x)*sqrt(x)
)/(b^10*x^4 - 4*a^2*b^8*x^3 + 6*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 4*a^6*b^4*x + a^8*b^2)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ \infty x & \text{for } a = -b\sqrt{x} \\ \frac{x}{a^5} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{a}{6a^4b^2 + 24a^3b^3\sqrt{x} + 36a^2b^4x + 24ab^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6b^6x^2} - \frac{4b\sqrt{x}}{6a^4b^2 + 24a^3b^3\sqrt{x} + 36a^2b^4x + 24ab^5x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6b^6x^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(3/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (zoo*x, Eq(a, -b*sqrt(x))), (x/a**5, Eq(b, 0)), (-a/(6*a**4*b**2 + 24*a**3*b**3*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**4*x + 24*a*b**5*x**(3/2) + 6*b**6*x**2) - 4*b*sqrt(x)/(6*a**4*b**2 + 24*a**3*b**3*sqrt(x) + 36*a**2*b**4*x + 24*a*b**5*x**(3/2) + 6*b**6*x**2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{2}{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 b^2} + \frac{a}{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*b^2) + 1/2*a/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{4b\sqrt{x} + a}{6(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6*(4*b*sqrt(x) + a)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{a}{6b^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{3b}}{a^4 + b^4 x^2 + 6a^2 b^2 x + 4a^3 b \sqrt{x} + 4a b^3 x^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/2))^5,x)`output `-(a/(6*b^2) + (2*x^(1/2))/(3*b))/(a^4 + b^4*x^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*x + 4*a^3*b*x^(1/2) + 4*a*b^3*x^(3/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx = \frac{-4\sqrt{x}b - a}{6b^2(4\sqrt{x}a^3b + 4\sqrt{x}ab^3x + a^4 + 6a^2b^2x + b^4x^2)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5,x)`output `( - 4*sqrt(x)*b - a)/(6*b**2*(4*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 4*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x + a**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*x + b**4*x**2))`



### 3.110 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx$

Optimal result	964
Mathematica [A] (verified)	964
Rubi [A] (verified)	965
Maple [A] (verified)	966
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx = \frac{1}{2a(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2}{3a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2\log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^5}$$

output

$$\frac{1/2/a/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^4+2/3/a^2/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^3+1/a^3/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2+2/a^4/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})-2*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/a^5+\ln(x)/a^5}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx = \frac{a(25a^3+52a^2b\sqrt{x}+42ab^2x+12b^3x^{3/2})}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{12\log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + 6\log(x)}{6a^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x), x]
```

output  $((a*(25*a^3 + 52*a^2*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] + 42*a*b^2*x + 12*b^3*x^{(3/2)}))/(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^4 - 12*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]] + 6*\text{Log}[x])/(6*a^5)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 \sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{b}{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{b}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{b}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{b}{a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{b}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{1}{a^5\sqrt{x}} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{\log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{1}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{1}{2a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{1}{3a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{4a(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} \right)$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^5*x),x]$

output  $2*(1/(4*a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^4) + 1/(3*a^2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^3) + 1/(2*a^3*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2) + 1/(a^4*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])) - \text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]]/a^5 + \text{Log}[\text{Sqrt}[x]]/a^5)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{1}{2a(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2}{3a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^5}$	76
default	$\frac{1}{2a(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2}{3a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^5}$	76

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{a(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^5} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^5}$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 227 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx = \frac{6a^2b^6x^3 - 21a^4b^4x^2 + 16a^6b^2x - 25a^8 + 12(b^8x^4 - 4a^2b^6x^3 + 6a^4b^4x^2 - 4a^6b^2x + a^8) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{6(a^5b^8x^4 - 4a^7b^6x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(6*a^2*b^6*x^3 - 21*a^4*b^4*x^2 + 16*a^6*b^2*x - 25*a^8 + 12*(b^8*x^4 - 4*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 6*a^4*b^4*x^2 - 4*a^6*b^2*x + a^8)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 12*(b^8*x^4 - 4*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 6*a^4*b^4*x^2 - 4*a^6*b^2*x + a^8)*log(sqrt(x)) - 4*(3*a*b^7*x^3 - 11*a^3*b^5*x^2 + 14*a^5*b^3*x - 12*a^7*b)*sqrt(x)) / (a^5*b^8*x^4 - 4*a^7*b^6*x^3 + 6*a^9*b^4*x^2 - 4*a^11*b^2*x + a^13)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1059 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1059, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(5/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/a**5, Eq(b, 0)), (-
2/(5*b**5*x**(5/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*log(x), Eq(a, -b*sqrt(x))), (6*a**4*s
qrt(x)*log(x)/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2) + 24*a
**6*b**3*x**2 + 6*a**5*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 12*a**4*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))
/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2) + 24*a**6*b**3*x**2
+ 6*a**5*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 25*a**4*sqrt(x)/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x +
36*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2) + 24*a**6*b**3*x**2 + 6*a**5*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 24*a*
*3*b*x*log(x)/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2) + 24*a
**6*b**3*x**2 + 6*a**5*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 48*a**3*b*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*
a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2) + 24*a**6*b**3*x**2 + 6
*a**5*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 52*a**3*b*x/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7
*b**2*x**(3/2) + 24*a**6*b**3*x**2 + 6*a**5*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 36*a**2*b**2*
x**(3/2)*log(x)/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2) + 24
*a**6*b**3*x**2 + 6*a**5*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 72*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(a/b +
sqrt(x))/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2) + 24*a**6*b
**3*x**2 + 6*a**5*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 42*a**2*b**2*x**(3/2)/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) +
24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2) + 24*a**6*b**3*x**2 + 6*a**5*b**4*x**
(5/2)) + 24*a*b**3*x**2*log(x)/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7*b**
2*x**(3/2) + 24*a**6*b**3*x**2 + 6*a**5*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 48*a*b**3*x**2*lo
g(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**9*sqrt(x) + 24*a**8*b*x + 36*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2) ...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx = \frac{12b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 42ab^2x + 52a^2b\sqrt{x} + 25a^3}{6(a^4b^4x^2 + 4a^5b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6a^6b^2x + 4a^7b\sqrt{x} + a^8)} - \frac{2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^5} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^5}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(12*b^3*x^(3/2) + 42*a*b^2*x + 52*a^2*b*sqrt(x) + 25*a^3)/(a^4*b^4*x^2
+ 4*a^5*b^3*x^(3/2) + 6*a^6*b^2*x + 4*a^7*b*sqrt(x) + a^8) - 2*log(b*sqrt
(x) + a)/a^5 + log(x)/a^5
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx = -\frac{2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^5} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a^5} + \frac{12 ab^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 42 a^2 b^2 x + 52 a^3 b \sqrt{x} + 25 a^4}{6 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^5}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^5 + log(abs(x))/a^5 + 1/6*(12*a*b^3*x^(3/2) + 42*a^2*b^2*x + 52*a^3*b*sqrt(x) + 25*a^4)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^5)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx = \frac{\frac{25}{6a} + \frac{26b\sqrt{x}}{3a^2} + \frac{7b^2x}{a^3} + \frac{2b^3x^{3/2}}{a^4}}{a^4 + b^4x^2 + 6a^2b^2x + 4a^3b\sqrt{x} + 4ab^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^5}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^5),x)`output `(25/(6*a) + (26*b*x^(1/2))/(3*a^2) + (7*b^2*x)/a^3 + (2*b^3*x^(3/2))/a^4)/(a^4 + b^4*x^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*x + 4*a^3*b*x^(1/2) + 4*a*b^3*x^(3/2)) - (4*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 203, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{-48\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x} b + a) a^3 b - 48\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x} b + a) a b^3 x + 48\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a^3 b + 48\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a b^3 x + 40\sqrt{x} a^3 b - 12 \log(\sqrt{x} b + a) a^4 - 72 \log(\sqrt{x} b + a) a^2 b^2 x - 12 \log(\sqrt{x} b + a) b^4 x^2 + 12 \log(\sqrt{x}) a^4 + 72 \log(\sqrt{x}) a^2 b^2 x + 12 \log(\sqrt{x}) b^4 x^2 + 22 a^4 + 24 a^2 b^2 x - 3 b^4 x^2}{(6 a^5 (4 \sqrt{x} a^3 b + 4 \sqrt{x} a b^3 x + a^4 + 6 a^2 b^2 x + b^4 x^2))}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x,x)
```

output

```
( - 48*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**3*b - 48*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a
*b**3*x + 48*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a**3*b + 48*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a*b**3*
x + 40*sqrt(x)*a**3*b - 12*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**4 - 72*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)
*a**2*b**2*x - 12*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**4*x**2 + 12*log(sqrt(x))*a**4 + 72
*log(sqrt(x))*a**2*b**2*x + 12*log(sqrt(x))*b**4*x**2 + 22*a**4 + 24*a**2*
b**2*x - 3*b**4*x**2)/(6*a**5*(4*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 4*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x + a**
4 + 6*a**2*b**2*x + b**4*x**2))
```

$$3.111 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	971
Mathematica [A] (verified)	972
Rubi [A] (verified)	972
Maple [A] (verified)	973
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	974
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	974
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	975
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	976
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	976
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	977

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 126

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx &= \frac{b^2}{2a^3 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2b^2}{a^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})^3} \\ &+ \frac{6b^2}{a^5 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{20b^2}{a^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^5 x} \\ &+ \frac{10b}{a^6 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{30b^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{15b^2 \log(x)}{a^7} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/2*b^2/a^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+2*b^2/a^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+6*b^2/a^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+20*b^2/a^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/a^5/x+10*b/a^6/x^(1/2)-30*b^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^7+15*b^2*ln(x)/a^7
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{a(-2a^5 + 12a^4b\sqrt{x} + 125a^3b^2x + 260a^2b^3x^{3/2} + 210ab^4x^2 + 60b^5x^{5/2})}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^4 x} - 60b^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x}) + 30b^2 \log(x)}{2a^7}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^2), x]`

output `((a*(-2*a^5 + 12*a^4*b*Sqrt[x] + 125*a^3*b^2*x + 260*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 210*a*b^4*x^2 + 60*b^5*x^(5/2)))/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^4*x) - 60*b^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]] + 30*b^2*Log[x])/(2*a^7)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{15b^3}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{10b^3}{a^6 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{6b^3}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{3b^3}{a^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{b^3}{a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{15b^2}{a^7 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{5b}{a^6 x} + \dots \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{15b^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{15b^2 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{10b^2}{a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{5b}{a^6\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3b^2}{a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{1}{2a^5x} + \frac{b^2}{a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \dots \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^2),x]`

output `2*(b^2/(4*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) + b^2/(a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3) + (3*b^2)/(a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) + (10*b^2)/(a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) - 1/(2*a^5*x) + (5*b)/(a^6*Sqrt[x]) - (15*b^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/a^7 + (15*b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]])/a^7)`

### Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2}{2a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2b^2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{20b^2}{a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^5x} + \frac{10b}{a^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{30b^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{15b^2 \ln(\sqrt{x})}{a^7}$
default	$\frac{b^2}{2a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2b^2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{20b^2}{a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^5x} + \frac{10b}{a^6\sqrt{x}} - \frac{30b^2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^7} + \frac{15b^2 \ln(\sqrt{x})}{a^7}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{2}b^2/a^3/(a+b\sqrt{x})^4+2b^2/a^4/(a+b\sqrt{x})^3+6b^2/a^5/(a+b\sqrt{x})^2+20b^2/a^6/(a+b\sqrt{x})-1/a^5/x+10b/a^6/x^{1/2}-30b^2\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})/a^7+15b^2\ln(x)/a^7$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 267 vs.  $2(112) = 224$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx = \frac{30a^2b^8x^4 - 105a^4b^6x^3 + 130a^6b^4x^2 - 65a^8b^2x + 2a^{10} + 60(b^{10}x^5 - 4a^2b^8x^4 + 6a^4b^6x^3 - 4a^6b^4x^2 + 2a^8b^2x - a^{10}) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 60(b^{10}x^5 - 4a^2b^8x^4 + 6a^4b^6x^3 - 4a^6b^4x^2 + a^8b^2x) \log(\sqrt{x}) - 4(15a^2b^8x^4 - 55a^4b^6x^3 + 73a^6b^4x^2 - 40a^8b^2x + 5a^{10}) \sqrt{x}}{(a^7b^8x^5 - 4a^9b^6x^4 + 6a^{11}b^4x^3 - 4a^{13}b^2x^2 + a^{15}x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/2*(30*a^2*b^8*x^4 - 105*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 130*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 65*a^8*b^2*x + \\ & 2*a^{10} + 60*(b^{10}*x^5 - 4*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 6*a^4*b^6*x^3 - 4*a^6*b^4*x^2 + a^8*b^2*x)*\log(b*\sqrt{x} + a) - 60*(b^{10}*x^5 - 4*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 6*a^4*b^6*x^3 \\ & - 4*a^6*b^4*x^2 + a^8*b^2*x)*\log(\sqrt{x}) - 4*(15*a*b^9*x^4 - 55*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 73*a^5*b^5*x^2 - 40*a^7*b^3*x + 5*a^9*b)*\sqrt{x})/(a^7*b^8*x^5 - 4*a^9*b^6*x^4 + 6*a^{11}*b^4*x^3 - 4*a^{13}*b^2*x^2 + a^{15}*x) \end{aligned}$$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1241 vs.  $2(121) = 242$ .

Time = 2.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1241, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(7/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(a**5*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-
2/(7*b**5*x**(7/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo/x, Eq(a, -b*sqrt(x))), (-2*a**6*sqrt(
x)/(2*a**11*x**(3/2) + 8*a**10*b*x**2 + 12*a**9*b**2*x**(5/2) + 8*a**8*b**
3*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**4*x**(7/2)) + 12*a**5*b*x/(2*a**11*x**(3/2) + 8*a**10*b
*x**2 + 12*a**9*b**2*x**(5/2) + 8*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**4*x**(7/2)) +
30*a**4*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(x)/(2*a**11*x**(3/2) + 8*a**10*b*x**2 + 12*a**9
*b**2*x**(5/2) + 8*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**4*x**(7/2)) - 60*a**4*b**2*x
**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(2*a**11*x**(3/2) + 8*a**10*b*x**2 + 12*a**9*b
**2*x**(5/2) + 8*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**4*x**(7/2)) + 125*a**4*b**2*x**
(3/2)/(2*a**11*x**(3/2) + 8*a**10*b*x**2 + 12*a**9*b**2*x**(5/2) + 8*a**8
*b**3*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**4*x**(7/2)) + 120*a**3*b**3*x**2*log(x)/(2*a**11*x**
(3/2) + 8*a**10*b*x**2 + 12*a**9*b**2*x**(5/2) + 8*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2*a**7
*b**4*x**(7/2)) - 240*a**3*b**3*x**2*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(2*a**11*x**(3/2)
+ 8*a**10*b*x**2 + 12*a**9*b**2*x**(5/2) + 8*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**4
*x**(7/2)) + 260*a**3*b**3*x**2/(2*a**11*x**(3/2) + 8*a**10*b*x**2 + 12*a**
9*b**2*x**(5/2) + 8*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**4*x**(7/2)) + 180*a**2*b**4
*x**(5/2)*log(x)/(2*a**11*x**(3/2) + 8*a**10*b*x**2 + 12*a**9*b**2*x**(5/2)
) + 8*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**4*x**(7/2)) - 360*a**2*b**4*x**(5/2)*log(
a/b + sqrt(x))/(2*a**11*x**(3/2) + 8*a**10*b*x**2 + 12*a**9*b**2*x**(5/2)
+ 8*a**8*b**3*x**3 + 2*a**7*b**4*x**(7/2)) + 210*a**2*b**4*x**(5/2)/(2*...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx = \frac{60 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 210 a b^4 x^2 + 260 a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 125 a^3 b^2 x + 12 a^4 b \sqrt{x} - 2 a^5}{2 \left( a^6 b^4 x^3 + 4 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 6 a^8 b^2 x^2 + 4 a^9 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^{10} x \right)} - \frac{30 b^2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^7} + \frac{15 b^2 \log(x)}{a^7}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(60*b^5*x^(5/2) + 210*a*b^4*x^2 + 260*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 125*a^3*b^2*x
+ 12*a^4*b*sqrt(x) - 2*a^5)/(a^6*b^4*x^3 + 4*a^7*b^3*x^(5/2) + 6*a^8*b^2*x
^2 + 4*a^9*b*x^(3/2) + a^10*x) - 30*b^2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^7 + 15*b^2*lo
g(x)/a^7
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{30 b^2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^7} + \frac{15 b^2 \log(|x|)}{a^7}$$

$$+ \frac{60 a b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 210 a^2 b^4 x^2 + 260 a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 125 a^4 b^2 x + 12 a^5 b \sqrt{x} - 2 a^6}{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^7 x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-30*b^2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^7 + 15*b^2*log(abs(x))/a^7 + 1/2*(60*a*b^5*x^(5/2) + 210*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 260*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) + 125*a^4*b^2*x + 12*a^5*b*sqrt(x) - 2*a^6)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^7*x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx = \frac{\frac{6b\sqrt{x}}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a} + \frac{125b^2x}{2a^3} + \frac{105b^4x^2}{a^5} + \frac{130b^3x^{3/2}}{a^4} + \frac{30b^5x^{5/2}}{a^6}}{a^4x + b^4x^3 + 4a^3bx^{3/2} + 4ab^3x^{5/2} + 6a^2b^2x^2}$$

$$- \frac{60b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^7}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^5),x)`output `((6*b*x^(1/2))/a^2 - 1/a + (125*b^2*x)/(2*a^3) + (105*b^4*x^2)/a^5 + (130*b^3*x^(3/2))/a^4 + (30*b^5*x^(5/2))/a^6)/(a^4*x + b^4*x^3 + 4*a^3*b*x^(3/2) + 4*a*b^3*x^(5/2) + 6*a^2*b^2*x^2) - (60*b^2*atanh((2*b*x^(1/2))/a + 1))/a^7`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-240\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^3 b^3 x - 240\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a b^5 x^2 + 240\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a^3 b^3 x + 240\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x})}{(2a^7 x (4\sqrt{x} a^3 b + 4\sqrt{x} a b^3 x + a^4 + 6a^2 b^2 x + b^4 x^2))}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 240*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**3*b**3*x - 240*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b
+ a)*a*b**5*x**2 + 240*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a**3*b**3*x + 240*sqrt(x)*log
(sqrt(x))*a*b**5*x**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*a**5*b + 200*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*x - 60*log
(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**4*b**2*x - 360*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2*b**4*x**2 - 60
*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**6*x**3 + 60*log(sqrt(x))*a**4*b**2*x + 360*log(sqrt
(x))*a**2*b**4*x**2 + 60*log(sqrt(x))*b**6*x**3 - 2*a**6 + 110*a**4*b**2*x
+ 120*a**2*b**4*x**2 - 15*b**6*x**3)/(2*a**7*x*(4*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 4*sqrt
(x)*a*b**3*x + a**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*x + b**4*x**2))
```

**3.112**       $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx$

Optimal result	978
Mathematica [A] (verified)	978
Rubi [A] (verified)	979
Maple [A] (verified)	980
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	981
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	981
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	982
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	983
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	983
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	984

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx = \frac{b^4}{2a^5 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{10b^4}{3a^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{15b^4}{a^7 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{70b^4}{a^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^5 x^2} + \frac{10b}{3a^6 x^{3/2}} - \frac{15b^2}{a^7 x} + \frac{70b^3}{a^8 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{140b^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^9} + \frac{70b^4 \log(x)}{a^9}$$

```
output 1/2*b^4/a^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+10/3*b^4/a^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+15*b^4/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+70*b^4/a^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/2/a^5/x^2+10/3*b/a^6/x^(3/2)-15*b^2/a^7/x+70*b^3/a^8/x^(1/2)-140*b^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^9+70*b^4*ln(x)/a^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx = \frac{a(-3a^7+8a^6b\sqrt{x}-28a^5b^2x+168a^4b^3x^{3/2}+1750a^3b^4x^2+3640a^2b^5x^{5/2}+2940ab^6x^3+840b^7x^{7/2})}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^4 x^2} - 840b^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x}) + 420b^4 \log(x)$$

$6a^9$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^3),x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a*(-3*a^7 + 8*a^6*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 28*a^5*b^2*x + 168*a^4*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 1750*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 3640*a^2*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 2940*a*b^6*x^3 + 840*b^7*x^{(7/2)})))/((a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^4*x^2) - 840*b^4*\text{Log}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]] + 420*b^4*\text{Log}[x])}{(6*a^9)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 54 \\ & 2 \int \left( -\frac{70b^5}{a^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{35b^5}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{15b^5}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{5b^5}{a^6 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{b^5}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{70b^4}{a^9 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{35b^3}{a^8 x} + \right. \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{70b^4 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^9} + \frac{70b^4 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^9} + \frac{35b^4}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{35b^3}{a^8 \sqrt{x}} + \frac{15b^4}{2a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{15b^2}{2a^7 x} + \frac{5b^4}{3a^6 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^5*x^3),x]`



```
output 2*(b^4/(4*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) + (5*b^4)/(3*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3) + (15
*b^4)/(2*a^7*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) + (35*b^4)/(a^8*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) - 1/(4*a^
5*x^2) + (5*b)/(3*a^6*x^(3/2)) - (15*b^2)/(2*a^7*x) + (35*b^3)/(a^8*Sqrt[x
]) - (70*b^4*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/a^9 + (70*b^4*Log[Sqrt[x]])/a^9
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 54 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[E
xpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^4}{2a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{10b^4}{3a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{15b^4}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{70b^4}{a^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^5x^2} + \frac{10b}{3a^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{15b^2}{a^7x} + \frac{70b^3}{a^8\sqrt{x}} - \frac{140b^4\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^9}$
default	$\frac{b^4}{2a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{10b^4}{3a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{15b^4}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{70b^4}{a^8(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^5x^2} + \frac{10b}{3a^6x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{15b^2}{a^7x} + \frac{70b^3}{a^8\sqrt{x}} - \frac{140b^4\ln(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^9}$

```
input int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*b^4/a^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+10/3*b^4/a^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+15*b^4/a^7/(a+b*x
^(1/2))^2+70*b^4/a^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/2/a^5/x^2+10/3*b/a^6/x^(3/2)-15*b^2/a
^7/x+70*b^3/a^8/x^(1/2)-140*b^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^9+70*b^4*ln(x)/a^9
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 295 vs. 2(134) = 268.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 295, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx = \frac{420 a^2 b^{10} x^5 - 1470 a^4 b^8 x^4 + 1820 a^6 b^6 x^3 - 875 a^8 b^4 x^2 + 78 a^{10} b^2 x + 3 a^{12} + 840 (b^{12} x^6 - 4 a^2 b^{10} x^5 + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(420*a^2*b^10*x^5 - 1470*a^4*b^8*x^4 + 1820*a^6*b^6*x^3 - 875*a^8*b^4*x^2 + 78*a^10*b^2*x + 3*a^12 + 840*(b^12*x^6 - 4*a^2*b^10*x^5 + 6*a^4*b^8*x^4 - 4*a^6*b^6*x^3 + a^8*b^4*x^2)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 840*(b^12*x^6 - 4*a^2*b^10*x^5 + 6*a^4*b^8*x^4 - 4*a^6*b^6*x^3 + a^8*b^4*x^2)*log(sqrt(x)) - 4*(210*a*b^11*x^5 - 770*a^3*b^9*x^4 + 1022*a^5*b^7*x^3 - 558*a^7*b^5*x^2 + 85*a^9*b^3*x + 5*a^11*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^9*b^8*x^6 - 4*a^11*b^6*x^5 + 6*a^13*b^4*x^4 - 4*a^15*b^2*x^3 + a^17*x^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1391 vs. 2(151) = 302.

Time = 4.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1391, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**5/x**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(9/2), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*a**5*x**2), Eq(b, 0)
), (-2/(9*b**5*x**(9/2)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo/x**2, Eq(a, -b*sqrt(x))), (-3*a*
*8*sqrt(x)/(6*a**13*x**(5/2) + 24*a**12*b*x**3 + 36*a**11*b**2*x**(7/2) +
24*a**10*b**3*x**4 + 6*a**9*b**4*x**(9/2)) + 8*a**7*b*x/(6*a**13*x**(5/2)
+ 24*a**12*b*x**3 + 36*a**11*b**2*x**(7/2) + 24*a**10*b**3*x**4 + 6*a**9*b
**4*x**(9/2)) - 28*a**6*b**2*x**(3/2)/(6*a**13*x**(5/2) + 24*a**12*b*x**3
+ 36*a**11*b**2*x**(7/2) + 24*a**10*b**3*x**4 + 6*a**9*b**4*x**(9/2)) + 16
8*a**5*b**3*x**2/(6*a**13*x**(5/2) + 24*a**12*b*x**3 + 36*a**11*b**2*x**(7
/2) + 24*a**10*b**3*x**4 + 6*a**9*b**4*x**(9/2)) + 420*a**4*b**4*x**(5/2)*
log(x)/(6*a**13*x**(5/2) + 24*a**12*b*x**3 + 36*a**11*b**2*x**(7/2) + 24*a
**10*b**3*x**4 + 6*a**9*b**4*x**(9/2)) - 840*a**4*b**4*x**(5/2)*log(a/b +
sqrt(x))/(6*a**13*x**(5/2) + 24*a**12*b*x**3 + 36*a**11*b**2*x**(7/2) + 24
*a**10*b**3*x**4 + 6*a**9*b**4*x**(9/2)) + 1750*a**4*b**4*x**(5/2)/(6*a**1
3*x**(5/2) + 24*a**12*b*x**3 + 36*a**11*b**2*x**(7/2) + 24*a**10*b**3*x**4
+ 6*a**9*b**4*x**(9/2)) + 1680*a**3*b**5*x**3*log(x)/(6*a**13*x**(5/2) +
24*a**12*b*x**3 + 36*a**11*b**2*x**(7/2) + 24*a**10*b**3*x**4 + 6*a**9*b**
4*x**(9/2)) - 3360*a**3*b**5*x**3*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(6*a**13*x**(5/2) + 2
4*a**12*b*x**3 + 36*a**11*b**2*x**(7/2) + 24*a**10*b**3*x**4 + 6*a**9*b**4
*x**(9/2)) + 3640*a**3*b**5*x**3/(6*a**13*x**(5/2) + 24*a**12*b*x**3 + 36*
a**11*b**2*x**(7/2) + 24*a**10*b**3*x**4 + 6*a**9*b**4*x**(9/2)) + 2520...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{840 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2940 a b^6 x^3 + 3640 a^2 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1750 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 168 a^4 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 28 a^5 b^2 x + 8 a^6 b \sqrt{x} - 3 a^7}{6 \left( a^8 b^4 x^4 + 4 a^9 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 6 a^{10} b^2 x^3 + 4 a^{11} b x^{\frac{5}{2}} + a^{12} x^2 \right)} - \frac{140 b^4 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^9} + \frac{70 b^4 \log(x)}{a^9}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(840*b^7*x^(7/2) + 2940*a*b^6*x^3 + 3640*a^2*b^5*x^(5/2) + 1750*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 168*a^4*b^3*x^(3/2) - 28*a^5*b^2*x + 8*a^6*b*sqrt(x) - 3*a^7)/(a^8*b^4*x^4 + 4*a^9*b^3*x^(7/2) + 6*a^10*b^2*x^3 + 4*a^11*b*x^(5/2) + a^12*x^2) - 140*b^4*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^9 + 70*b^4*log(x)/a^9
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx = -\frac{140 b^4 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^9} + \frac{70 b^4 \log(|x|)}{a^9} + \frac{840 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 2940 a b^6 x^3 + 3640 a^2 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 1750 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 168 a^4 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 28 a^5 b^2 x + 8 a^6 b \sqrt{x} - 3 a^7}{6 (bx + a\sqrt{x})^4 a^8}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-140*b^4*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^9 + 70*b^4*log(abs(x))/a^9 + 1/6*(840*b^7*x^(7/2) + 2940*a*b^6*x^3 + 3640*a^2*b^5*x^(5/2) + 1750*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 168*a^4*b^3*x^(3/2) - 28*a^5*b^2*x + 8*a^6*b*sqrt(x) - 3*a^7)/((b*x + a*sqrt(x))^4*a^8)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx = \frac{\frac{4b\sqrt{x}}{3a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} - \frac{14b^2x}{3a^3} + \frac{875b^4x^2}{3a^5} + \frac{28b^3x^{3/2}}{a^4} + \frac{490b^6x^3}{a^7} + \frac{1820b^5x^{5/2}}{3a^6} + \frac{140b^7x^{7/2}}{a^8}}{a^4x^2 + b^4x^4 + 4a^3bx^{5/2} + 4ab^3x^{7/2} + 6a^2b^2x^3} - \frac{280b^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^9}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^5),x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((4*b*x^{(1/2)})/(3*a^2) - 1/(2*a) - (14*b^2*x)/(3*a^3) + (875*b^4*x^2)/(3*a^5) \\ & + (28*b^3*x^{(3/2)})/a^4 + (490*b^6*x^3)/a^7 + (1820*b^5*x^{(5/2)})/(3*a^6) \\ & ) + (140*b^7*x^{(7/2)})/a^8)/(a^4*x^2 + b^4*x^4 + 4*a^3*b*x^{(5/2)} + 4*a*b^3*x^{(7/2)} \\ & + 6*a^2*b^2*x^3) - (280*b^4*atanh((2*b*x^{(1/2)})/a + 1))/a^9 \end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 282, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^5 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-3360\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^3 b^5 x^2 - 3360\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a b^7 x^3 + 3360\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a^3 b^5 x^2 + 3360\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a^3 b^5 x^2 + 3360\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a^3 b^5 x^2}{1}$$

input

int(1/(a+b\*x^(1/2))^5/x^3,x)

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ( - 3360*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a**3*b**5*x**2 - 3360*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x} \\ & (x)*b + a)*a*b**7*x**3 + 3360*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x})*a**3*b**5*x**2 + 3360*s \\ & qrt(x)*\log(\sqrt{x})*a*b**7*x**3 + 8*\sqrt{x}*a**7*b + 168*\sqrt{x}*a**5*b**3 \\ & *x + 2800*\sqrt{x}*a**3*b**5*x**2 - 840*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a**4*b**4*x**2 - \\ & 5040*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a**2*b**6*x**3 - 840*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*b**8*x**4 \\ & + 840*\log(\sqrt{x})*a**4*b**4*x**2 + 5040*\log(\sqrt{x})*a**2*b**6*x**3 + 84 \\ & 0*\log(\sqrt{x})*b**8*x**4 - 3*a**8 - 28*a**6*b**2*x + 1540*a**4*b**4*x**2 + \\ & 1680*a**2*b**6*x**3 - 210*b**8*x**4)/(6*a**9*x**2*(4*\sqrt{x}*a**3*b + 4*s \\ & qrt(x)*a*b**3*x + a**4 + 6*a**2*b**2*x + b**4*x**2)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.113 $\int \frac{x^5}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	985
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	986
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	986
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	988
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	988
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	989
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	990
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	991
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	991
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	992

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 203

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{2a^{11}}{7b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{11a^{10}}{3b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{22a^9}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{165a^8}{2b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{220a^7}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{462a^6}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{924a^5}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{240a^3\sqrt{x}}{b^{11}} + \frac{36a^2x}{b^{10}} - \frac{16ax^{3/2}}{3b^9} + \frac{x^2}{2b^8} + \frac{660a^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^{12}}$$

output

```
2/7*a^11/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7-11/3*a^10/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6+22*a^9/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5-165/2*a^8/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+220*a^7/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3-462*a^6/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+924*a^5/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/2))-240*a^3*x^(1/2)/b^11+36*a^2*x/b^10-16/3*a*x^(3/2)/b^9+1/2*x^2/b^8+660*a^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^12
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{25961a^{11} + 154007a^{10}b\sqrt{x} + 365001a^9b^2x + 414295a^8b^3x^{3/2} + 171745a^7b^4x^2 - 90993a^6b^5x^{5/2} - 127351a^5b^6x^3 - 45913a^4b^7x^{7/2} - 3465a^3b^8x^4 + 385a^2b^9x^{9/2} - 77ab^{10}x^5 + 21b^{11}x^{11/2}}{42b^{12}(a + b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{660a^4 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^{12}}$$

input `Integrate[x^5/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8,x]`

output  $(25961a^{11} + 154007a^{10}b\sqrt{x} + 365001a^9b^2x + 414295a^8b^3x^{3/2} + 171745a^7b^4x^2 - 90993a^6b^5x^{5/2} - 127351a^5b^6x^3 - 45913a^4b^7x^{7/2} - 3465a^3b^8x^4 + 385a^2b^9x^{9/2} - 77ab^{10}x^5 + 21b^{11}x^{11/2})/(42b^{12}(a + b\sqrt{x})^7) + (660a^4\text{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}])/b^{12}$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{11/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^{11}}{b^{11} (a + b\sqrt{x})^8} + \frac{11a^{10}}{b^{11} (a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{55a^9}{b^{11} (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{165a^8}{b^{11} (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{330a^7}{b^{11} (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{462a^6}{b^{11} (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( \frac{a^{11}}{7b^{12} (a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{11a^{10}}{6b^{12} (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{11a^9}{b^{12} (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{165a^8}{4b^{12} (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{110a^7}{b^{12} (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{231a^6}{b^{12} (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} \right) dx$$

input `Int[x^5/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8,x]`

output

$$2*(a^{11}/(7*b^{12}*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) - (11*a^{10})/(6*b^{12}*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6) + (11*a^9)/(b^{12}*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5) - (165*a^8)/(4*b^{12}*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) + (110*a^7)/(b^{12}*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3) - (231*a^6)/(b^{12}*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) + (462*a^5)/(b^{12}*(a + b*Sqrt[x]))) - (120*a^3*Sqrt[x])/b^{11} + (18*a^2*x)/b^{10} - (8*a*x^{(3/2)})/(3*b^9) + x^2/(4*b^8) + (330*a^4*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^{12}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b^3x^2}{4} + \frac{8ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 18a^2bx + 120a^3\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^{11}} - \frac{11a^{10}}{3b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{220a^7}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{2a^{11}}{7b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{462a^6}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{b^3x^2}{4} + \frac{8ab^2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 18a^2bx + 120a^3\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^{11}} - \frac{11a^{10}}{3b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{220a^7}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{2a^{11}}{7b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{462a^6}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$

input `int(x^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-2/b^{11}*(-1/4*b^3*x^2+8/3*a*b^2*x^{(3/2)}-18*a^2*b*x+120*a^3*x^{(1/2)})-11/3*a^{10}/b^{12}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^6+220*a^7/b^{12}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^3+2/7*a^{11}/b^{12}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^7-462*a^6/b^{12}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2+22*a^9/b^{12}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^5+660*a^4*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/b^{12}+924*a^5/b^{12}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})-165/2*a^8/b^{12}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^4$$
**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs. 2(173) = 346.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{21b^{18}x^9 + 1365a^2b^{16}x^8 - 10143a^4b^{14}x^7 - 27195a^6b^{12}x^6 + 227094a^8b^{10}x^5 - 540190a^{10}b^8x^4 + 661465a^{12}b^6x^3 - 462000a^{14}b^4x^2 + 165000a^{16}b^2x - 165000a^{18}}{b^{18}}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```

1/42*(21*b^18*x^9 + 1365*a^2*b^16*x^8 - 10143*a^4*b^14*x^7 - 27195*a^6*b^1
2*x^6 + 227094*a^8*b^10*x^5 - 540190*a^10*b^8*x^4 + 661465*a^12*b^6*x^3 -
455091*a^14*b^4*x^2 + 167867*a^16*b^2*x - 25961*a^18 + 27720*(a^4*b^14*x^7
- 7*a^6*b^12*x^6 + 21*a^8*b^10*x^5 - 35*a^10*b^8*x^4 + 35*a^12*b^6*x^3 -
21*a^14*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^16*b^2*x - a^18)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 8*(28*a*b^17*x
^8 + 1064*a^3*b^15*x^7 - 13083*a^5*b^13*x^6 + 48580*a^7*b^11*x^5 - 92323*a
^9*b^9*x^4 + 101376*a^11*b^7*x^3 - 65373*a^13*b^5*x^2 + 23100*a^15*b^3*x -
3465*a^17*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^26*x^7 - 7*a^2*b^24*x^6 + 21*a^4*b^22*x^5 - 35*a
^6*b^20*x^4 + 35*a^8*b^18*x^3 - 21*a^10*b^16*x^2 + 7*a^12*b^14*x - a^14*b^
12)

```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2048 vs.  $2(197) = 394$ .

Time = 3.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2048, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.09

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**5/(a+b*x**(1/2))**8,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((27720*a**11*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(42*a**7*b**12 + 294*a**6*b**13*
sqrt(x) + 882*a**5*b**14*x + 1470*a**4*b**15*x**(3/2) + 1470*a**3*b**16*x**
*2 + 882*a**2*b**17*x**(5/2) + 294*a*b**18*x**3 + 42*b**19*x**(7/2)) + 718
74*a**11/(42*a**7*b**12 + 294*a**6*b**13*sqrt(x) + 882*a**5*b**14*x + 1470
*a**4*b**15*x**(3/2) + 1470*a**3*b**16*x**2 + 882*a**2*b**17*x**(5/2) + 29
4*a*b**18*x**3 + 42*b**19*x**(7/2)) + 194040*a**10*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqr
t(x))/(42*a**7*b**12 + 294*a**6*b**13*sqrt(x) + 882*a**5*b**14*x + 1470*a*
*4*b**15*x**(3/2) + 1470*a**3*b**16*x**2 + 882*a**2*b**17*x**(5/2) + 294*a
*b**18*x**3 + 42*b**19*x**(7/2)) + 475398*a**10*b*sqrt(x)/(42*a**7*b**12 +
294*a**6*b**13*sqrt(x) + 882*a**5*b**14*x + 1470*a**4*b**15*x**(3/2) + 14
70*a**3*b**16*x**2 + 882*a**2*b**17*x**(5/2) + 294*a*b**18*x**3 + 42*b**19
*x**(7/2)) + 582120*a**9*b**2*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(42*a**7*b**12 + 294*a*
*6*b**13*sqrt(x) + 882*a**5*b**14*x + 1470*a**4*b**15*x**(3/2) + 1470*a**3
*b**16*x**2 + 882*a**2*b**17*x**(5/2) + 294*a*b**18*x**3 + 42*b**19*x**(7/
2)) + 1329174*a**9*b**2*x/(42*a**7*b**12 + 294*a**6*b**13*sqrt(x) + 882*a*
*5*b**14*x + 1470*a**4*b**15*x**(3/2) + 1470*a**3*b**16*x**2 + 882*a**2*b*
*17*x**(5/2) + 294*a*b**18*x**3 + 42*b**19*x**(7/2)) + 970200*a**8*b**3*x*
*(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(42*a**7*b**12 + 294*a**6*b**13*sqrt(x) + 882*a*
*5*b**14*x + 1470*a**4*b**15*x**(3/2) + 1470*a**3*b**16*x**2 + 882*a**2*b*
*17*x**(5/2) + 294*a*b**18*x**3 + 42*b**19*x**(7/2)) + 2021250*a**8*b**...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{660 a^4 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^{12}} + \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4}{2 b^{12}} - \frac{22 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a}{3 b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{55 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^2}{b^{12}} - \frac{330 (b\sqrt{x} + a) a^3}{b^{12}} + \frac{924 a^5}{(b\sqrt{x} + a) b^{12}}$$

$$- \frac{462 a^6}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^{12}} + \frac{220 a^7}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 b^{12}} - \frac{165 a^8}{2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{22 a^9}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 b^{12}} - \frac{11 a^{10}}{3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 b^{12}} + \frac{2 a^{11}}{7 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
660*a^4*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^12 + 1/2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4/b^12 - 22/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a/b^12 + 55*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^2/b^12 - 330*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^3/b^12 + 924*a^5/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^12) - 462*a^6/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^12) + 220*a^7/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*b^12) - 165/2*a^8/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^12) + 22*a^9/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*b^12) - 11/3*a^10/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*b^12) + 2/7*a^11/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*b^12)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{660 a^4 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^{12}} + \frac{38808 a^5 b^6 x^3 + 213444 a^6 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 494340 a^7 b^4 x^2 + 615615 a^8 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 434049 a^9 b^2 x + 164087 a^{10} b \sqrt{x} + 2}{42 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^{12}} + \frac{3 b^{24} x^2 - 32 a b^{23} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 216 a^2 b^{22} x - 1440 a^3 b^{21} \sqrt{x}}{6 b^{32}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
660*a^4*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^12 + 1/42*(38808*a^5*b^6*x^3 + 213444*a^6*b^5*x^(5/2) + 494340*a^7*b^4*x^2 + 615615*a^8*b^3*x^(3/2) + 434049*a^9*b^2*x + 164087*a^10*b*sqrt(x) + 25961*a^11)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*b^12) + 1/6*(3*b^24*x^2 - 32*a*b^23*x^(3/2) + 216*a^2*b^22*x - 1440*a^3*b^21*sqrt(x))/b^32
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{\frac{25961 a^{11}}{42 b} + \frac{23441 a^{10} \sqrt{x}}{6} + 11770 a^7 b^3 x^2 + 924 a^5 b^5 x^3 + \frac{29315 a^8 b^2 x^{3/2}}{2} + 5082 a^6 b^4 x^{5/2} + \frac{20669 a^9 b x}{2}}{a^7 b^{11} + b^{18} x^{7/2} + 21 a^5 b^{13} x + 7 a b^{17} x^3 + 35 a^3 b^{15} x^2 + 7 a^6 b^{12} \sqrt{x} + 35 a^4 b^{14} x^{3/2} + 21 a^2 b^{16} x^{5/2}} + \frac{x^2}{2 b^8} + \frac{36 a^2 x}{b^{10}} - \frac{16 a x^{3/2}}{3 b^9} + \frac{660 a^4 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^{12}} - \frac{240 a^3 \sqrt{x}}{b^{11}}$$

input `int(x^5/(a + b*x^(1/2))^8,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & ((25961*a^{11})/(42*b) + (23441*a^{10}*x^{(1/2)})/6 + 11770*a^7*b^3*x^2 + 924*a^5*b^5*x^3 + (29315*a^8*b^2*x^{(3/2)})/2 + 5082*a^6*b^4*x^{(5/2)} + (20669*a^9*b*x)/2)/(a^7*b^{11} + b^{18}*x^{(7/2)} + 21*a^5*b^{13}*x + 7*a*b^{17}*x^3 + 35*a^3*b^{15}*x^2 + 7*a^6*b^{12}*x^{(1/2)} + 35*a^4*b^{14}*x^{(3/2)} + 21*a^2*b^{16}*x^{(5/2)}) \\ & + x^2/(2*b^8) + (36*a^2*x)/b^{10} - (16*a*x^{(3/2)})/(3*b^9) + (660*a^4*\log(a + b*x^{(1/2)}))/b^{12} - (240*a^3*x^{(1/2)})/b^{11} \end{aligned}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 332, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{194040\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^{10}b + 970200\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^8b^3x + 582120\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6b^5x^2 + 27720\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4b^7x^3 + 281358\sqrt{x} a^{10}b + 1051050\sqrt{x} a^8b^3x + 291060\sqrt{x} a^6b^5x^2 - 27720\sqrt{x} a^4b^7x^3 + 385\sqrt{x} a^2b^9x^4 + 21\sqrt{x} b^{11}x^5 + 27720 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^{11} + 582120 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^9b^2x + 970200 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^7b^4x^2 + 194040 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^5b^6x^3 + 44154a^{11} + 747054a^9b^2x + 808500a^7b^4x^2 - 3465a^3b^8x^4 - 77ab^{10}x^5}{(42b^{12}(7\sqrt{x}a^6b + 35\sqrt{x}a^4b^3x + 21\sqrt{x}a^2b^5x^2 + \sqrt{x}b^7x^3 + a^7 + 21a^5b^2x + 35a^3b^4x^2 + 7ab^6x^3))}$$

input `int(x^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (194040*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{10}*b + 970200*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^8*b^3*x + 582120*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^6*b^5*x^2 + 27720*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^4*b^7*x^3 + 281358*\sqrt{x}*a^{10}*b + 1051050*\sqrt{x}*a^8*b^3*x + 291060*\sqrt{x}*a^6*b^5*x^2 - 27720*\sqrt{x}*a^4*b^7*x^3 + 385*\sqrt{x}*a^2*b^9*x^4 + 21*\sqrt{x}*b^{11}*x^5 + 27720 \\ & * \log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{11} + 582120*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^9*b^2*x + 970200 \\ & * \log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^7*b^4*x^2 + 194040*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^5*b^6*x^3 + 44154*a^{11} + 747054*a^9*b^2*x + 808500*a^7*b^4*x^2 - 3465*a^3 \\ & * b^8*x^4 - 77*a*b^{10}*x^5)/(42*b^{12}*(7*\sqrt{x}*a^6*b + 35*\sqrt{x}*a^4*b^3*x + 21*\sqrt{x}*a^2*b^5*x^2 + \sqrt{x}*b^7*x^3 + a^7 + 21*a^5*b^2*x + 35*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 7*a*b^6*x^3)) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.114 $\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	993
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	994
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	994
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	996
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	996
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	997
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	998
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	999
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	999
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1000

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{2a^9}{7b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{3a^8}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{72a^7}{5b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{42a^6}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{84a^5}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{126a^4}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{168a^3}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{16a\sqrt{x}}{b^9} + \frac{x}{b^8} + \frac{72a^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^{10}}$$

output

```
2/7*a^9/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7-3*a^8/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6+72/5*a^7/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5-42*a^6/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+84*a^5/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3-126*a^4/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+168*a^3/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))-16*a*x^(1/2)/b^9+x/b^8+72*a^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^10
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{3349a^9 + 20923a^8b\sqrt{x} + 53949a^7b^2x + 72275a^6b^3x^{3/2} + 50225a^5b^4x^2 + 12495a^4b^5x^{5/2} - 4655a^3b^6x^3 - 3185a^2b^7x^{7/2} - 315ab^8x^4 + 35b^9x^{9/2}}{35b^{10}(a + b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{72a^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^{10}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^4/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8,x]
```

output

```
(3349*a^9 + 20923*a^8*b*Sqrt[x] + 53949*a^7*b^2*x + 72275*a^6*b^3*x^(3/2) + 50225*a^5*b^4*x^2 + 12495*a^4*b^5*x^(5/2) - 4655*a^3*b^6*x^3 - 3185*a^2*b^7*x^(7/2) - 315*a*b^8*x^4 + 35*b^9*x^(9/2))/(35*b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) + (72*a^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^10
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^9}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^8} + \frac{9a^8}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{36a^7}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{84a^6}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{126a^5}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{126a^4}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{84a^3}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{28a^2}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{7a}{b^9} + \frac{7a^2}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( \frac{a^9}{7b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{3a^8}{2b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{36a^7}{5b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{21a^6}{b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{42a^5}{b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{63a^4}{b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{84a^3}{b^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{8a\sqrt{x}}{b^9} + \frac{x}{2b^8} + \frac{36a^2 \operatorname{Log}[a + b\sqrt{x}]}{b^{10}} \right)$$

input `Int[x^4/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8,x]`

output `2*(a^9/(7*b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) - (3*a^8)/(2*b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6) + (36*a^7)/(5*b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5) - (21*a^6)/(b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) + (42*a^5)/(b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3) - (63*a^4)/(b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) + (84*a^3)/(b^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) - (8*a*Sqrt[x])/b^9 + x/(2*b^8) + (36*a^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^10)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{bx}{2}+8a\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^9} + \frac{72a^7}{5b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{126a^4}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{3a^8}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} - \frac{42a^6}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{84a^5}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} +$
default	$-\frac{2\left(-\frac{bx}{2}+8a\sqrt{x}\right)}{b^9} + \frac{72a^7}{5b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{126a^4}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{3a^8}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} - \frac{42a^6}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{84a^5}{b^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} +$

input `int(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/b^9*(-1/2*b*x+8*a*x^(1/2))+72/5*a^7/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5-126*a^4/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2-3*a^8/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6-42*a^6/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+84*a^5/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+2/7*a^9/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7+168*a^3/b^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))+72*a^2*\ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^10$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 348 vs. 2(150) = 300.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 348, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{35 b^{16} x^8 - 245 a^2 b^{14} x^7 - 9555 a^4 b^{12} x^6 + 41405 a^6 b^{10} x^5 - 83720 a^8 b^8 x^4 + 94745 a^{10} b^6 x^3 - 62139 a^{12} b^4 x^2 - 21070 a^{14} b^2 x + 10535 a^{16}}{b^{16}}$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/35*(35*b^16*x^8 - 245*a^2*b^14*x^7 - 9555*a^4*b^12*x^6 + 41405*a^6*b^10*
x^5 - 83720*a^8*b^8*x^4 + 94745*a^10*b^6*x^3 - 62139*a^12*b^4*x^2 + 22183*
a^14*b^2*x - 3349*a^16 + 2520*(a^2*b^14*x^7 - 7*a^4*b^12*x^6 + 21*a^6*b^10
*x^5 - 35*a^8*b^8*x^4 + 35*a^10*b^6*x^3 - 21*a^12*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^14*b^2*x -
a^16)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 8*(70*a*b^15*x^7 - 1225*a^3*b^13*x^6 + 4410*a^
5*b^11*x^5 - 8393*a^7*b^9*x^4 + 9216*a^9*b^7*x^3 - 5943*a^11*b^5*x^2 + 210
0*a^13*b^3*x - 315*a^15*b)*sqrt(x))/(b^24*x^7 - 7*a^2*b^22*x^6 + 21*a^4*b^
20*x^5 - 35*a^6*b^18*x^4 + 35*a^8*b^16*x^3 - 21*a^10*b^14*x^2 + 7*a^12*b^1
2*x - a^14*b^10)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1839 vs.  $2(167) = 334$ .

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1839, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.69

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**4/(a+b*x**(1/2))**8,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2520*a**9*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(35*a**7*b**10 + 245*a**6*b**11*sqrt(x) + 735*a**5*b**12*x + 1225*a**4*b**13*x**(3/2) + 1225*a**3*b**14*x**2 + 735*a**2*b**15*x**(5/2) + 245*a*b**16*x**3 + 35*b**17*x**(7/2)) + 6534*a**9/(35*a**7*b**10 + 245*a**6*b**11*sqrt(x) + 735*a**5*b**12*x + 1225*a**4*b**13*x**(3/2) + 1225*a**3*b**14*x**2 + 735*a**2*b**15*x**(5/2) + 245*a*b**16*x**3 + 35*b**17*x**(7/2)) + 17640*a**8*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(35*a**7*b**10 + 245*a**6*b**11*sqrt(x) + 735*a**5*b**12*x + 1225*a**4*b**13*x**(3/2) + 1225*a**3*b**14*x**2 + 735*a**2*b**15*x**(5/2) + 245*a*b**16*x**3 + 35*b**17*x**(7/2)) + 43218*a**8*b*sqrt(x)/(35*a**7*b**10 + 245*a**6*b**11*sqrt(x) + 735*a**5*b**12*x + 1225*a**4*b**13*x**(3/2) + 1225*a**3*b**14*x**2 + 735*a**2*b**15*x**(5/2) + 245*a*b**16*x**3 + 35*b**17*x**(7/2)) + 52920*a**7*b**2*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(35*a**7*b**10 + 245*a**6*b**11*sqrt(x) + 735*a**5*b**12*x + 1225*a**4*b**13*x**(3/2) + 1225*a**3*b**14*x**2 + 735*a**2*b**15*x**(5/2) + 245*a*b**16*x**3 + 35*b**17*x**(7/2)) + 120834*a**7*b**2*x/(35*a**7*b**10 + 245*a**6*b**11*sqrt(x) + 735*a**5*b**12*x + 1225*a**4*b**13*x**(3/2) + 1225*a**3*b**14*x**2 + 735*a**2*b**15*x**(5/2) + 245*a*b**16*x**3 + 35*b**17*x**(7/2)) + 88200*a**6*b**3*x**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(35*a**7*b**10 + 245*a**6*b**11*sqrt(x) + 735*a**5*b**12*x + 1225*a**4*b**13*x**(3/2) + 1225*a**3*b**14*x**2 + 735*a**2*b**15*x**(5/2) + 245*a*b**16*x**3 + 35*b**17*x**(7/2)) + 183750*a**6*b**3*x**(3/2)/(...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{72 a^2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^{10}} + \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2}{b^{10}} - \frac{18 (b\sqrt{x} + a)a}{b^{10}} + \frac{168 a^3}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)b^{10}} - \frac{126 a^4}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^{10}} + \frac{84 a^5}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 b^{10}} - \frac{42 a^6}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 b^{10}} + \frac{72 a^7}{5 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 b^{10}} - \frac{3 a^8}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 b^{10}} + \frac{2 a^9}{7 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$72*a^2*\log(b*\sqrt{x} + a)/b^{10} + (b*\sqrt{x} + a)^2/b^{10} - 18*(b*\sqrt{x} + a)*a/b^{10} + 168*a^3/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)*b^{10}) - 126*a^4/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^2*b^{10}) + 84*a^5/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^3*b^{10}) - 42*a^6/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^4*b^{10}) + 72/5*a^7/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^5*b^{10}) - 3*a^8/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^6*b^{10}) + 2/7*a^9/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^7*b^{10})$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{72 a^2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^{10}} + \frac{b^8 x - 16 ab^7 \sqrt{x}}{b^{16}} + \frac{5880 a^3 b^6 x^3 + 30870 a^4 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 69090 a^5 b^4 x^2 + 83790 a^6 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 57834 a^7 b^2 x + 21483 a^8 b \sqrt{x} + 3349 a^9}{35 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$72*a^2*\log(\text{abs}(b*\sqrt{x} + a))/b^{10} + (b^8*x - 16*a*b^7*\sqrt{x})/b^{16} + 1/35*(5880*a^3*b^6*x^3 + 30870*a^4*b^5*x^{(5/2)} + 69090*a^5*b^4*x^2 + 83790*a^6*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 57834*a^7*b^2*x + 21483*a^8*b*\sqrt{x} + 3349*a^9)/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^7*b^{10})$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{x}{b^8} + \frac{\frac{3349 a^9}{35 b} + \frac{3069 a^8 \sqrt{x}}{5} + 1974 a^5 b^3 x^2 + 168 a^3 b^5 x^3 + 2394 a^6 b^2 x^{3/2} + 882 a^4 b^4 x^{5/2} + \frac{8262 a^7 b x}{5}}{a^7 b^9 + b^{16} x^{7/2} + 21 a^5 b^{11} x + 7 a b^{15} x^3 + 35 a^3 b^{13} x^2 + 7 a^6 b^{10} \sqrt{x} + 35 a^4 b^{12} x^{3/2} + 21 a^2 b^{14} x^{5/2}} - \frac{16 a \sqrt{x}}{b^9} + \frac{72 a^2 \ln(a + b \sqrt{x})}{b^{10}}$$

input

```
int(x^4/(a + b*x^(1/2))^8,x)
```

output

$$\frac{x/b^8 + ((3349*a^9)/(35*b) + (3069*a^8*x^{(1/2)})/5 + 1974*a^5*b^3*x^2 + 168*a^3*b^5*x^3 + 2394*a^6*b^2*x^{(3/2)} + 882*a^4*b^4*x^{(5/2)} + (8262*a^7*b*x)/5)/(a^7*b^9 + b^{16}*x^{(7/2)} + 21*a^5*b^{11}*x + 7*a*b^{15}*x^3 + 35*a^3*b^{13}*x^2 + 7*a^6*b^{10}*x^{(1/2)} + 35*a^4*b^{12}*x^{(3/2)} + 21*a^2*b^{14}*x^{(5/2)}) - (16*a*x^{(1/2)})/b^9 + (72*a^2*\log(a + b*x^{(1/2)}))/b^{10}}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{17640\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^8 b + 88200\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6 b^3 x + 52920\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4 b^5 x^2 + 2520\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2 b^7 x^3 + 17640\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^8 b + 88200\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6 b^3 x + 52920\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4 b^5 x^2 + 2520\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2 b^7 x^3 + 25578\sqrt{x} a^8 b + 95550\sqrt{x} a^6 b^3 x + 26460\sqrt{x} a^4 b^5 x^2 - 2520\sqrt{x} a^2 b^7 x^3 + 35\sqrt{x} b^9 x^4 + 2520\log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^9 + 52920\log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^7 b^2 x + 88200\log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^5 b^4 x^2 + 17640\log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^3 b^6 x^3 + 4014 a^9 + 67914 a^7 b^2 x + 73500 a^5 b^4 x^2 - 315 a b^8 x^4)/(35 b^{10} (7\sqrt{x} a^6 b + 35\sqrt{x} a^4 b^3 x + 21\sqrt{x} a^2 b^5 x^2 + \sqrt{x} b^7 x^3 + a^7 + 21 a^5 b^2 x + 35 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 7 a b^6 x^3))}$$

input

`int(x^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x)`

output

$$(17640*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{**8}*b + 88200*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{**6}*b^{**3}*x + 52920*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{**4}*b^{**5}*x^{**2} + 2520*\sqrt{x}*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{**2}*b^{**7}*x^{**3} + 25578*\sqrt{x}*a^{**8}*b + 95550*\sqrt{x}*a^{**6}*b^{**3}*x + 26460*\sqrt{x}*a^{**4}*b^{**5}*x^{**2} - 2520*\sqrt{x}*a^{**2}*b^{**7}*x^{**3} + 35*\sqrt{x}*b^{**9}*x^{**4} + 2520*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{**9} + 52920*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{**7}*b^{**2}*x + 88200*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{**5}*b^{**4}*x^{**2} + 17640*\log(\sqrt{x}*b + a)*a^{**3}*b^{**6}*x^{**3} + 4014*a^{**9} + 67914*a^{**7}*b^{**2}*x + 73500*a^{**5}*b^{**4}*x^{**2} - 315*a*b^{**8}*x^{**4})/(35*b^{**10}*(7*\sqrt{x}*a^{**6}*b + 35*\sqrt{x}*a^{**4}*b^{**3}*x + 21*\sqrt{x}*a^{**2}*b^{**5}*x^{**2} + \sqrt{x}*b^{**7}*x^{**3} + a^{**7} + 21*a^{**5}*b^{**2}*x + 35*a^{**3}*b^{**4}*x^{**2} + 7*a*b^{**6}*x^{**3}))$$

### 3.115 $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$

Optimal result	1001
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1002
Rubi [A] (verified)	1002
Maple [A] (verified)	1003
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1004
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1005
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1006
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1006
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1007
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1007

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 157

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{2a^7}{7b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{7a^6}{3b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{42a^5}{5b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{35a^4}{2b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{70a^3}{3b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{21a^2}{b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{14a}{b^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

output

```
2/7*a^7/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7-7/3*a^6/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6+42/5*a^5/b^8/(a+b*
x^(1/2))^5-35/2*a^4/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+70/3*a^3/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3-21*a^
2/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+14*a/b^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))+2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/b^8
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{a(1089a^6 + 7203a^5b\sqrt{x} + 20139a^4b^2x + 30625a^3b^3x^{3/2} + 26950a^2b^4x^2 + 13230ab^5x^{5/2} + 2940b^6x^3)}{210b^8(a + b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8,x]`

output `(a*(1089*a^6 + 7203*a^5*b*Sqrt[x] + 20139*a^4*b^2*x + 30625*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) + 26950*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 13230*a*b^5*x^(5/2) + 2940*b^6*x^3))/(210*b^8*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) + (2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^8`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^7}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^8} + \frac{7a^6}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{21a^5}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{35a^4}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{35a^3}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{21a^2}{b^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \right.$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( \frac{a^7}{7b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{7a^6}{6b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{21a^5}{5b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{35a^4}{4b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{35a^3}{3b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{21a^2}{2b^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} \right)$$

input `Int [x^3/(a + b*Sqrt [x])^8,x]`

output `2*(a^7/(7*b^8*(a + b*Sqrt [x])^7) - (7*a^6)/(6*b^8*(a + b*Sqrt [x])^6) + (21*a^5)/(5*b^8*(a + b*Sqrt [x])^5) - (35*a^4)/(4*b^8*(a + b*Sqrt [x])^4) + (35*a^3)/(3*b^8*(a + b*Sqrt [x])^3) - (21*a^2)/(2*b^8*(a + b*Sqrt [x])^2) + (7*a)/(b^8*(a + b*Sqrt [x])) + Log[a + b*Sqrt [x]]/b^8)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a^7}{7b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{7a^6}{3b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{42a^5}{5b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{35a^4}{2b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{70a^3}{3b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{21a^2}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{1a}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})}$
default	$\frac{2a^7}{7b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{7a^6}{3b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{42a^5}{5b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{35a^4}{2b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{70a^3}{3b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{21a^2}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{1a}{b^8(a+b\sqrt{x})}$



input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2}{7} \frac{a^7}{b^8} (a+b\sqrt{x})^{-7} - \frac{7}{3} \frac{a^6}{b^8} (a+b\sqrt{x})^{-6} + \frac{42}{5} \frac{a^5}{b^8} (a+b\sqrt{x})^{-5} - \frac{35}{2} \frac{a^4}{b^8} (a+b\sqrt{x})^{-4} + \frac{70}{3} \frac{a^3}{b^8} (a+b\sqrt{x})^{-3} - \frac{21}{2} \frac{a^2}{b^8} (a+b\sqrt{x})^{-2} + \frac{14}{b^8} \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 315 vs.  $2(131) = 262$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 315, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{7350 a^2 b^{12} x^6 - 16905 a^4 b^{10} x^5 + 32585 a^6 b^8 x^4 - 34370 a^8 b^6 x^3 + 21504 a^{10} b^4 x^2 - 7413 a^{12} b^2 x + 1089 a^{14}}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/210*(7350*a^2*b^{12}*x^6 - 16905*a^4*b^{10}*x^5 + 32585*a^6*b^8*x^4 - 34370*a^8*b^6*x^3 + 21504*a^{10}*b^4*x^2 - 7413*a^{12}*b^2*x + 1089*a^{14} - 420*(b^{14}*x^7 - 7*a^2*b^{12}*x^6 + 21*a^4*b^{10}*x^5 - 35*a^6*b^8*x^4 + 35*a^8*b^6*x^3 - 21*a^{10}*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^{12}*b^2*x - a^{14})*\log(b*\sqrt{x} + a) - 4*(735*a*b^{13}*x^6 - 980*a^3*b^{11}*x^5 + 2891*a^5*b^9*x^4 - 3072*a^7*b^7*x^3 + 1981*a^9*b^5*x^2 - 700*a^{11}*b^3*x + 105*a^{13}*b)*\sqrt{x})}{(b^22*x^7 - 7*a^2*b^{20}*x^6 + 21*a^4*b^{18}*x^5 - 35*a^6*b^{16}*x^4 + 35*a^8*b^{14}*x^3 - 21*a^{10}*b^{12}*x^2 + 7*a^{12}*b^{10}*x - a^{14}*b^8)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1629 vs.  $2(150) = 300$ .

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1629, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.38

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*x**(1/2))**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((420*a**7*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(210*a**7*b**8 + 1470*a**6*b**9*sqrt(x) + 4410*a**5*b**10*x + 7350*a**4*b**11*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**3*b**12*x**2 + 4410*a**2*b**13*x**(5/2) + 1470*a*b**14*x**3 + 210*b**15*x**(7/2)) + 1089*a**7/(210*a**7*b**8 + 1470*a**6*b**9*sqrt(x) + 4410*a**5*b**10*x + 7350*a**4*b**11*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**3*b**12*x**2 + 4410*a**2*b**13*x**(5/2) + 1470*a*b**14*x**3 + 210*b**15*x**(7/2)) + 2940*a**6*b*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(210*a**7*b**8 + 1470*a**6*b**9*sqrt(x) + 4410*a**5*b**10*x + 7350*a**4*b**11*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**3*b**12*x**2 + 4410*a**2*b**13*x**(5/2) + 1470*a*b**14*x**3 + 210*b**15*x**(7/2)) + 7203*a**6*b*sqrt(x)/(210*a**7*b**8 + 1470*a**6*b**9*sqrt(x) + 4410*a**5*b**10*x + 7350*a**4*b**11*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**3*b**12*x**2 + 4410*a**2*b**13*x**(5/2) + 1470*a*b**14*x**3 + 210*b**15*x**(7/2)) + 8820*a**5*b**2*x*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(210*a**7*b**8 + 1470*a**6*b**9*sqrt(x) + 4410*a**5*b**10*x + 7350*a**4*b**11*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**3*b**12*x**2 + 4410*a**2*b**13*x**(5/2) + 1470*a*b**14*x**3 + 210*b**15*x**(7/2)) + 20139*a**5*b**2*x/(210*a**7*b**8 + 1470*a**6*b**9*sqrt(x) + 4410*a**5*b**10*x + 7350*a**4*b**11*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**3*b**12*x**2 + 4410*a**2*b**13*x**(5/2) + 1470*a*b**14*x**3 + 210*b**15*x**(7/2)) + 14700*a**4*b**3*x**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(210*a**7*b**8 + 1470*a**6*b**9*sqrt(x) + 4410*a**5*b**10*x + 7350*a**4*b**11*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**3*b**12*x**2 + 4410*a**2*b**13*x**(5/2) + 1470*a*b**14*x**3 + 210*b**15*x**(7/2)) + 3062...`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{b^8} + \frac{14a}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)b^8} - \frac{21a^2}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^8}$$

$$+ \frac{70a^3}{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 b^8} - \frac{35a^4}{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 b^8} + \frac{42a^5}{5(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 b^8}$$

$$- \frac{7a^6}{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 b^8} + \frac{2a^7}{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^8}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^8 + 14*a/((b*sqrt(x) + a)*b^8) - 21*a^2/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^8) + 70/3*a^3/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*b^8) - 35/2*a^4/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^8) + 42/5*a^5/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*b^8) - 7/3*a^6/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*b^8) + 2/7*a^7/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*b^8)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{b^8}$$

$$+ \frac{2940 ab^5 x^3 + 13230 a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 26950 a^3 b^3 x^2 + 30625 a^4 b^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 20139 a^5 b x + 7203 a^6 \sqrt{x} + \frac{1089 a^7}{b}}{210 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^7}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/b^8 + 1/210*(2940*a*b^5*x^3 + 13230*a^2*b^4*x^(5/2) + 26950*a^3*b^3*x^2 + 30625*a^4*b^2*x^(3/2) + 20139*a^5*b*x + 7203*a^6*sqrt(x) + 1089*a^7/b)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*b^7)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{363a^7}{70b^8} + \frac{14ax^3}{b^2} + \frac{959a^5x}{10b^6} + \frac{385a^3x^2}{3b^4} + \frac{63a^2x^{5/2}}{b^3} + \frac{875a^4x^{3/2}}{6b^5} + \frac{343a^6\sqrt{x}}{10b^7}}{a^7 + b^7x^{7/2} + 21a^5b^2x + 7ab^6x^3 + 7a^6b\sqrt{x} + 35a^3b^4x^2 + 35a^4b^3x^{3/2} + 21a^2b^5x^{5/2}} + \frac{2 \ln(a + b\sqrt{x})}{b^8}$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*x^(1/2))^8,x)`output 
$$\left(\frac{363a^7}{70b^8} + \frac{14ax^3}{b^2} + \frac{959a^5x}{10b^6} + \frac{385a^3x^2}{3b^4} + \frac{63a^2x^{5/2}}{b^3} + \frac{875a^4x^{3/2}}{6b^5} + \frac{343a^6x^{1/2}}{10b^7}\right) / (a^7 + b^7x^{7/2} + 21a^5b^2x + 7ab^6x^3 + 7a^6b^2x^{5/2} + 35a^3b^4x^2 + 35a^4b^3x^{3/2} + 21a^2b^5x^{5/2}) + (2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})) / b^8$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{2940\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6b + 14700\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4b^3x + 8820\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^5x^2 + 420\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^7 + 14700\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4b^3x + 8820\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^5x^2 + 420\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^7}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8}$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x)`

output

```
(2940*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**6*b + 14700*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)
*a**4*b**3*x + 8820*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2*b**5*x**2 + 420*sqrt(x)
)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**7*x**3 + 4263*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 15925*sqrt(x)*a**4*
b**3*x + 4410*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 - 420*sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 + 420*log(sqrt
(x)*b + a)*a**7 + 8820*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**5*b**2*x + 14700*log(sqrt(x)
*b + a)*a**3*b**4*x**2 + 2940*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b**6*x**3 + 669*a**7 +
11319*a**5*b**2*x + 12250*a**3*b**4*x**2)/(210*b**8*(7*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 35
*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**3*x + 21*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 + sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 + a**
7 + 21*a**5*b**2*x + 35*a**3*b**4*x**2 + 7*a*b**6*x**3))
```

$$3.116 \quad \int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

Optimal result	1009
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1009
Rubi [A] (verified)	1010
Maple [B] (verified)	1011
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1012
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1012
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1013
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1014
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1014
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1015

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{2x^3}{7a(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{x^3}{21a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^6}$$

output

$$2/7*x^3/a/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7+1/21*x^3/a^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6$$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{-a^5 - 7a^4b\sqrt{x} - 21a^3b^2x - 35a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 35ab^4x^2 - 21b^5x^{5/2}}{21b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-a^5 - 7a^4b\sqrt{x} - 21a^3b^2x - 35a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 35ab^4x^2 - 21b^5x^{5/2})}{(21b^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^7)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{x^{5/2}}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} d\sqrt{x}}{7a} + \frac{x^3}{7a(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 48 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{x^3}{42a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{x^3}{7a(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8,x]`

output `2*(x^3/(7*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) + x^3/(42*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{5a^2}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{1}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2a^5}{7b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{5a^4}{3b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{4a^3}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{10a}{3b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}$
default	$-\frac{5a^2}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{1}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2a^5}{7b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{5a^4}{3b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{4a^3}{b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{10a}{3b^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(-a^{12}b^8x^6+7a^{10}b^{10}x^6-21a^8b^{12}x^6+42a^6b^{14}x^6+105a^4b^{16}x^6+231a^2b^{18}x^6+21b^{20}x^6+28a^{14}b^6x^5-197a^{12}b^8x^5-197a^{10}b^8x^5+197a^8b^8x^5-197a^6b^8x^5+197a^4b^8x^5-197a^2b^8x^5-197a^0b^8x^5)}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt{x})^8}$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -5/b^6*a^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4-1/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+2/7*a^5/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7-5/3*a^4/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6+4/b^6*a^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5+10/3*a/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3
```



**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs.  $2(35) = 70$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{21 b^{12} x^6 + 231 a^2 b^{10} x^5 + 105 a^4 b^8 x^4 + 42 a^6 b^6 x^3 - 21 a^8 b^4 x^2 + 7 a^{10} b^2 x - a^{12} - 16 (7 a b^{11} x^5 + 14 a^3 b^9 x^4 + 3 a^5 b^7 x^3) \sqrt{x}}{21 (b^{20} x^7 - 7 a^2 b^{18} x^6 + 21 a^4 b^{16} x^5 - 35 a^6 b^{14} x^4 + 35 a^8 b^{12} x^3 - 21 a^{10} b^{10} x^2 + 7 a^{12} b^8 x - a^{14} b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/21*(21*b^{12}*x^6 + 231*a^2*b^{10}*x^5 + 105*a^4*b^8*x^4 + 42*a^6*b^6*x^3 - 21*a^8*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^{10}*b^2*x - a^{12} - 16*(7*a*b^{11}*x^5 + 14*a^3*b^9*x^4 + 3*a^5*b^7*x^3)*\sqrt{x})/(b^{20}*x^7 - 7*a^2*b^{18}*x^6 + 21*a^4*b^{16}*x^5 - 35*a^6*b^{14}*x^4 + 35*a^8*b^{12}*x^3 - 21*a^{10}*b^{10}*x^2 + 7*a^{12}*b^8*x - a^{14}*b^6)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 619 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 2.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 619, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.40

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5}{21a^7b^6+147a^6b^7\sqrt{x}+441a^5b^8x+735a^4b^9x^{\frac{3}{2}}+735a^3b^{10}x^2+441a^2b^{11}x^{\frac{5}{2}}+147ab^{12}x^3+21b^{13}x^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{x^3}{3a^8}} \\ \frac{x^3}{3a^8} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(1/2))**8,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-a**5/(21*a**7*b**6 + 147*a**6*b**7*sqrt(x) + 441*a**5*b**8*x +
735*a**4*b**9*x**(3/2) + 735*a**3*b**10*x**2 + 441*a**2*b**11*x**(5/2) +
147*a*b**12*x**3 + 21*b**13*x**(7/2)) - 7*a**4*b*sqrt(x)/(21*a**7*b**6 + 1
47*a**6*b**7*sqrt(x) + 441*a**5*b**8*x + 735*a**4*b**9*x**(3/2) + 735*a**3
*b**10*x**2 + 441*a**2*b**11*x**(5/2) + 147*a*b**12*x**3 + 21*b**13*x**(7/
2)) - 21*a**3*b**2*x/(21*a**7*b**6 + 147*a**6*b**7*sqrt(x) + 441*a**5*b**8
*x + 735*a**4*b**9*x**(3/2) + 735*a**3*b**10*x**2 + 441*a**2*b**11*x**(5/2
) + 147*a*b**12*x**3 + 21*b**13*x**(7/2)) - 35*a**2*b**3*x**(3/2)/(21*a**7
*b**6 + 147*a**6*b**7*sqrt(x) + 441*a**5*b**8*x + 735*a**4*b**9*x**(3/2) +
735*a**3*b**10*x**2 + 441*a**2*b**11*x**(5/2) + 147*a*b**12*x**3 + 21*b**
13*x**(7/2)) - 35*a*b**4*x**2/(21*a**7*b**6 + 147*a**6*b**7*sqrt(x) + 441*
a**5*b**8*x + 735*a**4*b**9*x**(3/2) + 735*a**3*b**10*x**2 + 441*a**2*b**1
1*x**(5/2) + 147*a*b**12*x**3 + 21*b**13*x**(7/2)) - 21*b**5*x**(5/2)/(21*
a**7*b**6 + 147*a**6*b**7*sqrt(x) + 441*a**5*b**8*x + 735*a**4*b**9*x**(3/
2) + 735*a**3*b**10*x**2 + 441*a**2*b**11*x**(5/2) + 147*a*b**12*x**3 + 21
*b**13*x**(7/2)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3/(3*a**8), True))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs.  $2(35) = 70$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.28

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = -\frac{1}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 b^6} + \frac{10a}{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 b^6} - \frac{5a^2}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 b^6} \\ + \frac{4a^3}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 b^6} - \frac{5a^4}{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 b^6} + \frac{2a^5}{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*b^6) + 10/3*a/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*b^6) - 5*a^2/((b*sq
rt(x) + a)^4*b^6) + 4*a^3/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*b^6) - 5/3*a^4/((b*sqrt(x) +
a)^6*b^6) + 2/7*a^5/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*b^6)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = -\frac{21 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35 a b^4 x^2 + 35 a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 21 a^3 b^2 x + 7 a^4 b \sqrt{x} + a^5}{21 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/21*(21*b^5*x^(5/2) + 35*a*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^2*b^3*x^(3/2) + 21*a^3*b^2*x + 7*a^4*b*sqrt(x) + a^5)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*b^6)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^5}{21b^6} + \frac{x^{5/2}}{b} + \frac{5ax^2}{3b^2} + \frac{a^3x}{b^4} + \frac{5a^2x^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{a^4\sqrt{x}}{3b^5}}{a^7 + b^7 x^{7/2} + 21 a^5 b^2 x + 7 a b^6 x^3 + 7 a^6 b \sqrt{x} + 35 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 35 a^4 b^3 x^{3/2} + 21 a^2 b^5 x^{5/2}}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(1/2))^8,x)`output `-(a^5/(21*b^6) + x^(5/2)/b + (5*a*x^2)/(3*b^2) + (a^3*x)/b^4 + (5*a^2*x^(3/2))/(3*b^3) + (a^4*x^(1/2))/(3*b^5))/(a^7 + b^7*x^(7/2) + 21*a^5*b^2*x + 7*a*b^6*x^3 + 7*a^6*b*x^(1/2) + 35*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*x^(3/2) + 21*a^2*b^5*x^(5/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-7\sqrt{x}a^4b - 35\sqrt{x}a^2b^3x - 21\sqrt{x}b^5x^2 - a^5 - 21a^3b^2x - 35ab^4x^2}{21b^6(7\sqrt{x}a^6b + 35\sqrt{x}a^4b^3x + 21\sqrt{x}a^2b^5x^2 + \sqrt{x}b^7x^3 + a^7 + 21a^5b^2x + 35a^3b^4x^2 + 7ab^6x^3)}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x)`

output

```
( - 7*sqrt(x)*a**4*b - 35*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x - 21*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 - a**
5 - 21*a**3*b**2*x - 35*a*b**4*x**2)/(21*b**6*(7*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 35*sqrt(
x)*a**4*b**3*x + 21*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 + sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 + a**7 + 21
*a**5*b**2*x + 35*a**3*b**4*x**2 + 7*a*b**6*x**3))
```

### 3.117 $\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$

Optimal result	1016
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1016
Rubi [A] (verified)	1017
Maple [A] (verified)	1018
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1019
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1019
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1020
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1020
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1021
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1021

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{2a^3}{7b^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{a^2}{b^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{6a}{5b^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{1}{2b^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$$

output

$2/7*a^3/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7 - a^2/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6 + 6/5*a/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5 - 1/2/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{-a^3 - 7a^2b\sqrt{x} - 21ab^2x - 35b^3x^{3/2}}{70b^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})^7}$$

input

`Integrate[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8,x]`

output

$(-a^3 - 7a^2b\sqrt{x} - 21a^2b^2x - 35b^3x^{3/2})/(70b^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^7)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 2 \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^8} + \frac{3a^2}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{3a}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{1}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{a^3}{7b^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{a^2}{2b^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{3a}{5b^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{1}{4b^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^8,x]`

output `2*(a^3/(7*b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) - a^2/(2*b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6) + (3*a)/(5*b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5) - 1/(4*b^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a^3}{7b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{a^2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{6a}{5b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{1}{2b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$
default	$\frac{2a^3}{7b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{a^2}{b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{6a}{5b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{1}{2b^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(-a^{10}b^{10}x^6+7a^8b^{12}x^6+14a^6b^{14}x^6+630a^4b^{16}x^6+595a^2b^{18}x^6+35b^{20}x^6+7a^{12}b^8x^5-50a^{10}b^{10}x^5-91a^8b^{12}x^5}$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/7*a^3/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7-a^2/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6+6/5*a/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2)  
)^5-1/2/b^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 177 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{35b^{10}x^5 + 595a^2b^8x^4 + 630a^4b^6x^3 + 14a^6b^4x^2 + 7a^8b^2x - a^{10} - 32(7ab^9x^4 + 26a^3b^7x^3 + 7a^5b^5x^2) \sqrt{x}}{70(b^{18}x^7 - 7a^2b^{16}x^6 + 21a^4b^{14}x^5 - 35a^6b^{12}x^4 + 35a^8b^{10}x^3 - 21a^{10}b^8x^2 + 7a^{12}b^6x - a^{14}b^4)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/70*(35*b^{10}*x^5 + 595*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 630*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 14*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^8*b^2*x - a^{10} - 32*(7*a*b^9*x^4 + 26*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 7*a^5*b^5*x^2)*\sqrt{x})}{(b^{18}*x^7 - 7*a^2*b^{16}*x^6 + 21*a^4*b^{14}*x^5 - 35*a^6*b^{12}*x^4 + 35*a^8*b^{10}*x^3 - 21*a^{10}*b^8*x^2 + 7*a^{12}*b^6*x - a^{14}*b^4)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 410 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 2.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.26

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3}{70a^7b^4+490a^6b^5\sqrt{x}+1470a^5b^6x+2450a^4b^7x^{\frac{3}{2}}+2450a^3b^8x^2+1470a^2b^9x^{\frac{5}{2}}+490ab^{10}x^3+70b^{11}x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{x^2}{2a^8} \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^8} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(1/2))**8,x)`



output

```
Piecewise((-a**3/(70*a**7*b**4 + 490*a**6*b**5*sqrt(x) + 1470*a**5*b**6*x
+ 2450*a**4*b**7*x**(3/2) + 2450*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 1470*a**2*b**9*x**(5/2)
+ 490*a*b**10*x**3 + 70*b**11*x**(7/2)) - 7*a**2*b*sqrt(x)/(70*a**7*b**4 +
490*a**6*b**5*sqrt(x) + 1470*a**5*b**6*x + 2450*a**4*b**7*x**(3/2) + 2450
*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 1470*a**2*b**9*x**(5/2) + 490*a*b**10*x**3 + 70*b**11*x*
*(7/2)) - 21*a*b**2*x/(70*a**7*b**4 + 490*a**6*b**5*sqrt(x) + 1470*a**5*b*
*6*x + 2450*a**4*b**7*x**(3/2) + 2450*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 1470*a**2*b**9*x**
(5/2) + 490*a*b**10*x**3 + 70*b**11*x**(7/2)) - 35*b**3*x**(3/2)/(70*a**7*b
**4 + 490*a**6*b**5*sqrt(x) + 1470*a**5*b**6*x + 2450*a**4*b**7*x**(3/2) +
2450*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 1470*a**2*b**9*x**(5/2) + 490*a*b**10*x**3 + 70*b**
11*x**(7/2)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**8), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 b^4} + \frac{6a}{5(b\sqrt{x} + a)^5 b^4} - \frac{a^2}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 b^4} + \frac{2a^3}{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*b^4) + 6/5*a/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*b^4) - a^2/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*b^4) + 2/7*a^3/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*b^4)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = -\frac{35b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 21ab^2x + 7a^2b\sqrt{x} + a^3}{70(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/70*(35*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 21*a*b^2*x + 7*a^2*b*\sqrt{x} + a^3)/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^7*b^4)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx =$$

$$-\frac{\frac{a^3}{70b^4} + \frac{x^{3/2}}{2b} + \frac{a^2\sqrt{x}}{10b^3} + \frac{3ax}{10b^2}}{a^7 + b^7 x^{7/2} + 21 a^5 b^2 x + 7 a b^6 x^3 + 7 a^6 b \sqrt{x} + 35 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 35 a^4 b^3 x^{3/2} + 21 a^2 b^5 x^{5/2}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x/(a + b*x^{(1/2)})^8,x)$$

output

$$-(a^3/(70*b^4) + x^{(3/2)/(2*b)} + (a^2*x^{(1/2)})/(10*b^3) + (3*a*x)/(10*b^2)) / (a^7 + b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 21*a^5*b^2*x + 7*a*b^6*x^3 + 7*a^6*b*x^{(1/2)} + 35*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 21*a^2*b^5*x^{(5/2)})$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-7\sqrt{x}a^2b - 35\sqrt{x}b^3x - a^3 - 21ab^2x}{70b^4(7\sqrt{x}a^6b + 35\sqrt{x}a^4b^3x + 21\sqrt{x}a^2b^5x^2 + \sqrt{x}b^7x^3 + a^7 + 21a^5b^2x + 35a^3b^4x^2 + 7ab^6x^3)}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^8,x)$$

output

$$(-7*\sqrt{x}*a**2*b - 35*\sqrt{x}*b**3*x - a**3 - 21*a*b**2*x)/(70*b**4*(7*\sqrt{x}*a**6*b + 35*\sqrt{x}*a**4*b**3*x + 21*\sqrt{x}*a**2*b**5*x**2 + \sqrt{x}*b**7*x**3 + a**7 + 21*a**5*b**2*x + 35*a**3*b**4*x**2 + 7*a*b**6*x**3))$$

$$3.118 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

Optimal result	1022
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1022
Rubi [A] (verified)	1023
Maple [A] (verified)	1024
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1024
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1025
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1025
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1026
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1026
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1027

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{2a}{7b^2 (a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{1}{3b^2 (a+b\sqrt{x})^6}$$

output `2/7*a/b^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7-1/3/b^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{-a-7b\sqrt{x}}{21b^2 (a+b\sqrt{x})^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-8), x]`

output `(-a - 7*b*Sqrt[x])/(21*b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 774$$

$$2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{1}{b(a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{a}{b(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a}{7b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{1}{6b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^6} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(-8),x]`

output `2*(a/(7*b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) - 1/(6*b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; Fre  
eQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2a}{7b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - \frac{1}{3b^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^6}$
default	$28a^2b^6 \left( -\frac{3a^2}{5b^8(b^2x-a^2)^5} - \frac{a^4}{2b^8(b^2x-a^2)^6} - \frac{a^6}{7b^8(b^2x-a^2)^7} - \frac{1}{4(b^2x-a^2)^4b^8} \right) + \frac{a^8}{7(-b^2x+a^2)^7b^2} + \frac{1}{6b^2(b^2x-a^2)^6}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(-a^8b^{12}x^6+28a^6b^{14}x^6+210a^4b^{16}x^6+140a^2b^{18}x^6+7b^{20}x^6+7a^{10}b^{10}x^5-197a^8b^{12}x^5-1442a^6b^{14}x^5-770a^4b^{16}x^5-1442a^2b^{18}x^5-770a^8b^{10}x^4+28a^6b^{12}x^4+210a^4b^{14}x^4+140a^2b^{16}x^4+7b^{18}x^4+7a^{10}b^{10}x^3-197a^8b^{12}x^3-1442a^6b^{14}x^3-770a^4b^{16}x^3-1442a^2b^{18}x^3-770a^8b^{10}x^2+28a^6b^{12}x^2+210a^4b^{14}x^2+140a^2b^{16}x^2+7b^{18}x^2+7a^{10}b^{10}x-197a^8b^{12}x-1442a^6b^{14}x-770a^4b^{16}x-1442a^2b^{18}x-770a^8b^{10})}{(b^2x-a^2)^7b^2}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/7*a/b^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7-1/3/b^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = \frac{7b^8x^4 + 140a^2b^6x^3 + 210a^4b^4x^2 + 28a^6b^2x - a^8 - 16(3ab^7x^3 + 14a^3b^5x^2 + 7a^5b^3x)\sqrt{x}}{21(b^{16}x^7 - 7a^2b^{14}x^6 + 21a^4b^{12}x^5 - 35a^6b^{10}x^4 + 35a^8b^8x^3 - 21a^{10}b^6x^2 + 7a^{12}b^4x - a^{14}b^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/21*(7*b^8*x^4 + 140*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 210*a^4*b^4*x^2 + 28*a^6*b^2*x - a^8
- 16*(3*a*b^7*x^3 + 14*a^3*b^5*x^2 + 7*a^5*b^3*x)*sqrt(x))/(b^16*x^7 - 7*a
^2*b^14*x^6 + 21*a^4*b^12*x^5 - 35*a^6*b^10*x^4 + 35*a^8*b^8*x^3 - 21*a^10
*b^6*x^2 + 7*a^12*b^4*x - a^14*b^2)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 199 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a}{21a^7b^2+147a^6b^3\sqrt{x}+441a^5b^4x+735a^4b^5x^{\frac{3}{2}}+735a^3b^6x^2+441a^2b^7x^{\frac{5}{2}}+147ab^8x^3+21b^9x^{\frac{7}{2}}} - \frac{x}{a^8} \\ \frac{x}{a^8} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**8,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-a/(21*a**7*b**2 + 147*a**6*b**3*sqrt(x) + 441*a**5*b**4*x + 73
5*a**4*b**5*x**(3/2) + 735*a**3*b**6*x**2 + 441*a**2*b**7*x**(5/2) + 147*a
*b**8*x**3 + 21*b**9*x**(7/2)) - 7*b*sqrt(x)/(21*a**7*b**2 + 147*a**6*b**3
*sqrt(x) + 441*a**5*b**4*x + 735*a**4*b**5*x**(3/2) + 735*a**3*b**6*x**2 +
441*a**2*b**7*x**(5/2) + 147*a*b**8*x**3 + 21*b**9*x**(7/2)), Ne(b, 0)),
(x/a**8, True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = -\frac{1}{3(b\sqrt{x} + a)^6 b^2} + \frac{2a}{7(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output  $-1/3/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^6*b^2) + 2/7*a/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^7*b^2)$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = -\frac{7b\sqrt{x} + a}{21(b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-1/21*(7*b*\sqrt{x} + a)/((b*\sqrt{x} + a)^7*b^2)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx = -\frac{\frac{a}{21b^2} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3b}}{a^7 + b^7 x^{7/2} + 21 a^5 b^2 x + 7 a b^6 x^3 + 7 a^6 b \sqrt{x} + 35 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 35 a^4 b^3 x^{3/2} + 21 a^2 b^5 x^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/2))^8,x)`

output  $-(a/(21*b^2) + x^(1/2)/(3*b))/(a^7 + b^7*x^(7/2) + 21*a^5*b^2*x + 7*a*b^6*x^3 + 7*a^6*b*x^(1/2) + 35*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*x^(3/2) + 21*a^2*b^5*x^(5/2))$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-7\sqrt{x}b - a}{21b^2 (7\sqrt{x}a^6b + 35\sqrt{x}a^4b^3x + 21\sqrt{x}a^2b^5x^2 + \sqrt{x}b^7x^3 + a^7 + 21a^5b^2x + 35a^3b^4x^2 + 7ab^6x^3)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8,x)
```

output

```
( - 7*sqrt(x)*b - a)/(21*b**2*(7*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 35*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**3*x +
21*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 + sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 + a**7 + 21*a**5*b**2*x + 3
5*a**3*b**4*x**2 + 7*a*b**6*x**3))
```



**3.119**       $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx$

Optimal result	1028
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1029
Rubi [A] (verified)	1029
Maple [A] (verified)	1030
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1031
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1032
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1033
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1033
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1034
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1034

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx = \frac{2}{7a(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{1}{3a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{2}{5a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{1}{2a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2}{3a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^8} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^8}$$

output

2/7/a/(a+b\*x^(1/2))^7+1/3/a^2/(a+b\*x^(1/2))^6+2/5/a^3/(a+b\*x^(1/2))^5+1/2/a^4/(a+b\*x^(1/2))^4+2/3/a^5/(a+b\*x^(1/2))^3+1/a^6/(a+b\*x^(1/2))^2+2/a^7/(a+b\*x^(1/2))-2\*ln(a+b\*x^(1/2))/a^8+ln(x)/a^8

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{a(1089a^6 + 4683a^5b\sqrt{x} + 9639a^4b^2x + 11165a^3b^3x^{3/2} + 7490a^2b^4x^2 + 2730ab^5x^{5/2} + 420b^6x^3)}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} - 420 \log(a + b\sqrt{x}) + 210 \log(x)$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{210a^8}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^8*x),x]`

output `((a*(1089*a^6 + 4683*a^5*b*Sqrt[x] + 9639*a^4*b^2*x + 11165*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) + 7490*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 2730*a*b^5*x^(5/2) + 420*b^6*x^3))/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7 - 420*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]] + 210*Log[x])/(210*a^8)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{798}$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 \sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{54}$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{b}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{b}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{b}{a^6 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{b}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{b}{a^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{b}{a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{\log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^8} + \frac{\log(\sqrt{x})}{a^8} + \frac{1}{a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{1}{2a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{1}{3a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{4a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{1}{5a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^5} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^8*x),x]`

output `2*(1/(7*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) + 1/(6*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6) + 1/(5*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5) + 1/(4*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) + 1/(3*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3) + 1/(2*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) + 1/(a^7*(a + b*Sqrt[x]))) - Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/a^8 + Log[Sqrt[x]]/a^8)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2}{7a(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{1}{3a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{2}{5a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{1}{2a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2}{3a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{1}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})}$
default	$\frac{2}{7a(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{1}{3a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{2}{5a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{1}{2a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2}{3a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{1}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{2}{7} \frac{1}{a} \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{a^2} \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{2}{5} \frac{1}{a^3} \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{a^4} \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{a^5} \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^6} \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{2}{a^7} \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt{x}} - 2 \ln(a+b\sqrt{x})/a^8 + \ln(x)/a^8$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 398 vs.  $2(117) = 234$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx = \frac{210 a^2 b^{12} x^6 - 1365 a^4 b^{10} x^5 + 3745 a^6 b^8 x^4 - 5530 a^8 b^6 x^3 + 5964 a^{10} b^4 x^2 - 273 a^{12} b^2 x + 1089 a^{14} + 420 (b^{14} x^7 - 7 a^2 b^{12} x^6 + 21 a^4 b^{10} x^5 - 35 a^6 b^8 x^4 + 35 a^8 b^6 x^3 - 21 a^{10} b^4 x^2 + 7 a^{12} b^2 x - a^{14}) \log(b\sqrt{x} + a) - 420 (b^{14} x^7 - 7 a^2 b^{12} x^6 + 21 a^4 b^{10} x^5 - 35 a^6 b^8 x^4 + 35 a^8 b^6 x^3 - 21 a^{10} b^4 x^2 + 7 a^{12} b^2 x - a^{14}) \log(\sqrt{x}) - 4 (105 a^3 b^{11} x^5 + 1981 a^5 b^9 x^4 - 3072 a^7 b^7 x^3 + 2891 a^9 b^5 x^2 - 980 a^{11} b^3 x + 735 a^{13} b) \sqrt{x}}{(a^8 b^{14} x^7 - 7 a^{10} b^{12} x^6 + 21 a^{12} b^{10} x^5 - 35 a^{14} b^8 x^4 + 35 a^{16} b^6 x^3 - 21 a^{18} b^4 x^2 + 7 a^{20} b^2 x - a^{22})}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/210*(210*a^2*b^{12}*x^6 - 1365*a^4*b^{10}*x^5 + 3745*a^6*b^8*x^4 - 5530*a^8*b^6*x^3 + 5964*a^{10}*b^4*x^2 - 273*a^{12}*b^2*x + 1089*a^{14} + 420*(b^{14}*x^7 - 7*a^2*b^{12}*x^6 + 21*a^4*b^{10}*x^5 - 35*a^6*b^8*x^4 + 35*a^8*b^6*x^3 - 21*a^{10}*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^{12}*b^2*x - a^{14})*\log(b*\sqrt{x} + a) - 420*(b^{14}*x^7 - 7*a^2*b^{12}*x^6 + 21*a^4*b^{10}*x^5 - 35*a^6*b^8*x^4 + 35*a^8*b^6*x^3 - 21*a^{10}*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^{12}*b^2*x - a^{14})*\log(\sqrt{x}) - 4*(105*a^3*b^{11}*x^5 - 700*a^5*b^{11}*x^5 + 1981*a^5*b^9*x^4 - 3072*a^7*b^7*x^3 + 2891*a^9*b^5*x^2 - 980*a^{11}*b^3*x + 735*a^{13}*b)*\sqrt{x}}{(a^8*b^{14}*x^7 - 7*a^{10}*b^{12}*x^6 + 21*a^{12}*b^{10}*x^5 - 35*a^{14}*b^8*x^4 + 35*a^{16}*b^6*x^3 - 21*a^{18}*b^4*x^2 + 7*a^{20}*b^2*x - a^{22})}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2581 vs.  $2(133) = 266$ .

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2581, normalized size of antiderivative = 18.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**8/x,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**4, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/a**8, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(4
*b**8*x**4), Eq(a, 0)), (210*a**7*sqrt(x)*log(x)/(210*a**15*sqrt(x) + 1470
*a**14*b*x + 4410*a**13*b**2*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**12*b**3*x**2 + 7350*a**11*
b**4*x**(5/2) + 4410*a**10*b**5*x**3 + 1470*a**9*b**6*x**(7/2) + 210*a**8*
b**7*x**4) - 420*a**7*sqrt(x)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(210*a**15*sqrt(x) + 1470
*a**14*b*x + 4410*a**13*b**2*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**12*b**3*x**2 + 7350*a**11*
b**4*x**(5/2) + 4410*a**10*b**5*x**3 + 1470*a**9*b**6*x**(7/2) + 210*a**8*
b**7*x**4) + 1089*a**7*sqrt(x)/(210*a**15*sqrt(x) + 1470*a**14*b*x + 4410*
a**13*b**2*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**12*b**3*x**2 + 7350*a**11*b**4*x**(5/2) + 44
10*a**10*b**5*x**3 + 1470*a**9*b**6*x**(7/2) + 210*a**8*b**7*x**4) + 1470*
a**6*b*x*log(x)/(210*a**15*sqrt(x) + 1470*a**14*b*x + 4410*a**13*b**2*x**(
3/2) + 7350*a**12*b**3*x**2 + 7350*a**11*b**4*x**(5/2) + 4410*a**10*b**5*x
**3 + 1470*a**9*b**6*x**(7/2) + 210*a**8*b**7*x**4) - 2940*a**6*b*x*log(a/
b + sqrt(x))/(210*a**15*sqrt(x) + 1470*a**14*b*x + 4410*a**13*b**2*x**(3/2
) + 7350*a**12*b**3*x**2 + 7350*a**11*b**4*x**(5/2) + 4410*a**10*b**5*x**3
+ 1470*a**9*b**6*x**(7/2) + 210*a**8*b**7*x**4) + 4683*a**6*b*x/(210*a**1
5*sqrt(x) + 1470*a**14*b*x + 4410*a**13*b**2*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**12*b**3*x*
*2 + 7350*a**11*b**4*x**(5/2) + 4410*a**10*b**5*x**3 + 1470*a**9*b**6*x**(
7/2) + 210*a**8*b**7*x**4) + 4410*a**5*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(x)/(210*a**15*sq
r(x) + 1470*a**14*b*x + 4410*a**13*b**2*x**(3/2) + 7350*a**12*b**3*x**2...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx = \frac{420 b^6 x^3 + 2730 a b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 7490 a^2 b^4 x^2 + 11165 a^3 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 9639 a^4 b^2 x + 4683 a^5 b \sqrt{x} + 1089 a^6}{210 (a^7 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 7 a^8 b^6 x^3 + 21 a^9 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 35 a^{10} b^4 x^2 + 35 a^{11} b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 21 a^{12} b^2 x + 7 a^{13} b \sqrt{x} + a^{14})} - \frac{2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^8} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^8}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/210*(420*b^6*x^3 + 2730*a*b^5*x^(5/2) + 7490*a^2*b^4*x^2 + 11165*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) + 9639*a^4*b^2*x + 4683*a^5*b*sqrt(x) + 1089*a^6)/(a^7*b^7*x^(7/2) + 7*a^8*b^6*x^3 + 21*a^9*b^5*x^(5/2) + 35*a^10*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^11*b^3*x^(3/2) + 21*a^12*b^2*x + 7*a^13*b*sqrt(x) + a^14) - 2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^8 + log(x)/a^8`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx = -\frac{2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^8} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a^8} + \frac{420 a b^6 x^3 + 2730 a^2 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 7490 a^3 b^4 x^2 + 11165 a^4 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 9639 a^5 b^2 x + 4683 a^6 b \sqrt{x} + 1089 a^7}{210 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^8}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^8 + log(abs(x))/a^8 + 1/210*(420*a*b^6*x^3 + 2730*a^2*b^5*x^(5/2) + 7490*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 11165*a^4*b^3*x^(3/2) + 9639*a^5*b^2*x + 4683*a^6*b*sqrt(x) + 1089*a^7)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^8)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{363}{70a} + \frac{223b\sqrt{x}}{10a^2} + \frac{459b^2x}{10a^3} + \frac{107b^4x^2}{3a^5} + \frac{319b^3x^{3/2}}{6a^4} + \frac{2b^6x^3}{a^7} + \frac{13b^5x^{5/2}}{a^6}}{a^7 + b^7x^{7/2} + 21a^5b^2x + 7ab^6x^3 + 7a^6b\sqrt{x} + 35a^3b^4x^2 + 35a^4b^3x^{3/2} + 21a^2b^5x^{5/2}}$$

$$- \frac{4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^8}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^8),x)`output 
$$\left(\frac{363}{70*a} + \frac{223*b*x^{(1/2)}}{(10*a^2)} + \frac{459*b^2*x}{(10*a^3)} + \frac{107*b^4*x^2}{(3*a^5)} + \frac{319*b^3*x^{(3/2)}}{(6*a^4)} + \frac{2*b^6*x^3}{a^7} + \frac{13*b^5*x^{(5/2)}}{a^6}\right) / (a^7 + b^7*x^{(7/2)} + 21*a^5*b^2*x + 7*a*b^6*x^3 + 7*a^6*b*x^{(1/2)} + 35*a^3*b^4*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^3*x^{(3/2)} + 21*a^2*b^5*x^{(5/2)}) - (4*atanh((2*b*x^{(1/2)})/a + 1))/a^8$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2940\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6b - 14700\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4b^3x - 8820\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^5x^2 - 420\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x,x)`

output

```
( - 2940*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**6*b - 14700*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b +
a)*a**4*b**3*x - 8820*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2*b**5*x**2 - 420*sqrt
(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**7*x**3 + 2940*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a**6*b + 147
00*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a**4*b**3*x + 8820*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a**2*b**5*
x**2 + 420*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*b**7*x**3 + 4263*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 9065*sqrt
(x)*a**4*b**3*x + 1470*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 - 60*sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 - 42
0*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**7 - 8820*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**5*b**2*x - 14700*log
(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**3*b**4*x**2 - 2940*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b**6*x**3 + 42
0*log(sqrt(x))*a**7 + 8820*log(sqrt(x))*a**5*b**2*x + 14700*log(sqrt(x))*a
**3*b**4*x**2 + 2940*log(sqrt(x))*a*b**6*x**3 + 1029*a**7 + 8379*a**5*b**2
*x + 5390*a**3*b**4*x**2)/(210*a**8*(7*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 35*sqrt(x)*a**4*b*
**3*x + 21*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 + sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 + a**7 + 21*a**5*b**2
*x + 35*a**3*b**4*x**2 + 7*a*b**6*x**3))
```



**3.120**       $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1036
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1037
Rubi [A] (verified)	1037
Maple [A] (verified)	1038
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1039
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1040
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1041
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1041
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1042
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1042

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 184

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx = \frac{2b^2}{7a^3 (a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{b^2}{a^4 (a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{12b^2}{5a^5 (a+b\sqrt{x})^5}$$

$$+ \frac{5b^2}{a^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{10b^2}{a^7 (a+b\sqrt{x})^3}$$

$$+ \frac{21b^2}{a^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{56b^2}{a^9 (a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{a^8 x}$$

$$+ \frac{16b}{a^9 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{72b^2 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^{10}} + \frac{36b^2 \log(x)}{a^{10}}$$

output

$2/7*b^2/a^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7+b^2/a^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6+12/5*b^2/a^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5+5*b^2/a^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+10*b^2/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+21*b^2/a^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+56*b^2/a^9/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/a^8/x+16*b/a^9/x^(1/2)-72*b^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^10+36*b^2*ln(x)/a^10$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a(-35a^8 + 315a^7b\sqrt{x} + 6534a^6b^2x + 28098a^5b^3x^{3/2} + 57834a^4b^4x^2 + 66990a^3b^5x^{5/2} + 44940a^2b^6x^3 + 16380ab^7x^{7/2} + 2520b^8x^4) - 2520b^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^7 x} \cdot \frac{1}{35a^{10}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^8*x^2),x]`

output `((a*(-35*a^8 + 315*a^7*b*Sqrt[x] + 6534*a^6*b^2*x + 28098*a^5*b^3*x^(3/2) + 57834*a^4*b^4*x^2 + 66990*a^3*b^5*x^(5/2) + 44940*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 16380*a*b^7*x^(7/2) + 2520*b^8*x^4))/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^7*x) - 2520*b^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]] + 1260*b^2*Log[x])/(35*a^10)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 199, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{36b^3}{a^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{28b^3}{a^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{21b^3}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{15b^3}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{10b^3}{a^6 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{6b^3}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{36b^2 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^{10}} + \frac{36b^2 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^{10}} + \frac{28b^2}{a^9(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{8b}{a^9\sqrt{x}} + \frac{21b^2}{2a^8(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{1}{2a^8x} + \frac{5b^2}{a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^3} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^8*x^2),x]`

output `2*(b^2/(7*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) + b^2/(2*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6) + (6*b^2)/(5*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5) + (5*b^2)/(2*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) + (5*b^2)/(a^7*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3) + (21*b^2)/(2*a^8*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) + (28*b^2)/(a^9*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) - 1/(2*a^8*x) + (8*b)/(a^9*Sqrt[x]) - (36*b^2*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/a^10 + (36*b^2*Log[Sqrt[x]])/a^10)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2b^2}{7a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{b^2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{12b^2}{5a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{5b^2}{a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{10b^2}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{21b^2}{a^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{56b^2}{a^9(a+b\sqrt{x})}$
default	$\frac{2b^2}{7a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{b^2}{a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{12b^2}{5a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{5b^2}{a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{10b^2}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{21b^2}{a^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{56b^2}{a^9(a+b\sqrt{x})}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{2/7*b^2/a^3/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7+b^2/a^4/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6+12/5*b^2/a^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5+5*b^2/a^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+10*b^2/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+21*b^2/a^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+56*b^2/a^9/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/a^8/x+16*b/a^9/x^(1/2)-72*b^2*\ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^10+36*b^2*\ln(x)/a^10}{1}$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 435 vs.  $2(162) = 324$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 435, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx = \frac{1260 a^2 b^{14} x^7 - 8190 a^4 b^{12} x^6 + 22470 a^6 b^{10} x^5 - 33495 a^8 b^8 x^4 + 28924 a^{10} b^6 x^3 - 13888 a^{12} b^4 x^2 + 3594 a^{14} b^2 x - 35 a^{16}}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/35*(1260*a^2*b^{14}*x^7 - 8190*a^4*b^{12}*x^6 + 22470*a^6*b^{10}*x^5 - 33495*a^8*b^8*x^4 + 28924*a^{10}*b^6*x^3 - 13888*a^{12}*b^4*x^2 + 3594*a^{14}*b^2*x - 35*a^{16} + 2520*(b^{16}*x^8 - 7*a^2*b^{14}*x^7 + 21*a^4*b^{12}*x^6 - 35*a^6*b^{10}*x^5 + 35*a^8*b^8*x^4 - 21*a^{10}*b^6*x^3 + 7*a^{12}*b^4*x^2 - a^{14}*b^2*x)*\log(b*\sqrt{x} + a) - 2520*(b^{16}*x^8 - 7*a^2*b^{14}*x^7 + 21*a^4*b^{12}*x^6 - 35*a^6*b^{10}*x^5 + 35*a^8*b^8*x^4 - 21*a^{10}*b^6*x^3 + 7*a^{12}*b^4*x^2 - a^{14}*b^2*x)*\log(\sqrt{x}) - 8*(315*a*b^{15}*x^7 - 2100*a^3*b^{13}*x^6 + 5943*a^5*b^{11}*x^5 - 9216*a^7*b^9*x^4 + 8393*a^9*b^7*x^3 - 4410*a^{11}*b^5*x^2 + 1225*a^{13}*b^3*x - 70*a^{15}*b)*\sqrt{x}}{(a^{10}*b^{14}*x^8 - 7*a^{12}*b^{12}*x^7 + 21*a^{14}*b^{10}*x^6 - 35*a^{16}*b^8*x^5 + 35*a^{18}*b^6*x^4 - 21*a^{20}*b^4*x^3 + 7*a^{22}*b^2*x^2 - a^{24}*x)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2854 vs.  $2(178) = 356$ .

Time = 6.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2854, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.51

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**8/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**5, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(a**8*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(5*b**8*x**5), Eq(a, 0)), (-35*a**9*sqrt(x)/(35*a**17*x**(3/2) + 245*a**16*b*x**2 + 735*a**15*b**2*x**(5/2) + 1225*a**14*b**3*x**3 + 1225*a**13*b**4*x**(7/2) + 735*a**12*b**5*x**4 + 245*a**11*b**6*x**(9/2) + 35*a**10*b**7*x**5) + 315*a**8*b*x/(35*a**17*x**(3/2) + 245*a**16*b*x**2 + 735*a**15*b**2*x**(5/2) + 1225*a**14*b**3*x**3 + 1225*a**13*b**4*x**(7/2) + 735*a**12*b**5*x**4 + 245*a**11*b**6*x**(9/2) + 35*a**10*b**7*x**5) + 1260*a**7*b**2*x*(3/2)*log(x)/(35*a**17*x**(3/2) + 245*a**16*b*x**2 + 735*a**15*b**2*x**(5/2) + 1225*a**14*b**3*x**3 + 1225*a**13*b**4*x**(7/2) + 735*a**12*b**5*x**4 + 245*a**11*b**6*x**(9/2) + 35*a**10*b**7*x**5) - 2520*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(35*a**17*x**(3/2) + 245*a**16*b*x**2 + 735*a**15*b**2*x**(5/2) + 1225*a**14*b**3*x**3 + 1225*a**13*b**4*x**(7/2) + 735*a**12*b**5*x**4 + 245*a**11*b**6*x**(9/2) + 35*a**10*b**7*x**5) + 6534*a**7*b**2*x**(3/2)/(35*a**17*x**(3/2) + 245*a**16*b*x**2 + 735*a**15*b**2*x**(5/2) + 1225*a**14*b**3*x**3 + 1225*a**13*b**4*x**(7/2) + 735*a**12*b**5*x**4 + 245*a**11*b**6*x**(9/2) + 35*a**10*b**7*x**5) + 8820*a**6*b**3*x**2*log(x)/(35*a**17*x**(3/2) + 245*a**16*b*x**2 + 735*a**15*b**2*x**(5/2) + 1225*a**14*b**3*x**3 + 1225*a**13*b**4*x**(7/2) + 735*a**12*b**5*x**4 + 245*a**11*b**6*x**(9/2) + 35*a**10*b**7*x**5) - 17640*a**6*b**3*x**2*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(35*a**17*x**(3/2) + 245*a**16*b*x**2 + 735*a**15*b**2*x**(5/2) + 1...`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2520 b^8 x^4 + 16380 a b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 44940 a^2 b^6 x^3 + 66990 a^3 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 57834 a^4 b^4 x^2 + 28098 a^5 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6534 a^6 b^2 x + 315 a^7 b \sqrt{x} - 35 a^8}{35 \left( a^9 b^7 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 7 a^{10} b^6 x^4 + 21 a^{11} b^5 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 35 a^{12} b^4 x^3 + 35 a^{13} b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 21 a^{14} b^2 x^2 + 7 a^{15} b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^{16} \right)} - \frac{72 b^2 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^{10}} + \frac{36 b^2 \log(x)}{a^{10}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/35*(2520*b^8*x^4 + 16380*a*b^7*x^(7/2) + 44940*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 66990*a^3*b^5*x^(5/2) + 57834*a^4*b^4*x^2 + 28098*a^5*b^3*x^(3/2) + 6534*a^6*b^2*x + 315*a^7*b*sqrt(x) - 35*a^8)/(a^9*b^7*x^(9/2) + 7*a^10*b^6*x^4 + 21*a^11*b^5*x^(7/2) + 35*a^12*b^4*x^3 + 35*a^13*b^3*x^(5/2) + 21*a^14*b^2*x^2 + 7*a^15*b*x^(3/2) + a^16*x) - 72*b^2*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^10 + 36*b^2*log(x)/a^10
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx = -\frac{72 b^2 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^{10}} + \frac{36 b^2 \log(|x|)}{a^{10}}$$

$$+ \frac{2520 a b^8 x^4 + 16380 a^2 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 44940 a^3 b^6 x^3 + 66990 a^4 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 57834 a^5 b^4 x^2 + 28098 a^6 b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6534 a^7 b^2 x + 315 a^8}{35 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^{10} x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-72*b^2*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^10 + 36*b^2*log(abs(x))/a^10 + 1/35*(2520*a*b^8*x^4 + 16380*a^2*b^7*x^(7/2) + 44940*a^3*b^6*x^3 + 66990*a^4*b^5*x^(5/2) + 57834*a^5*b^4*x^2 + 28098*a^6*b^3*x^(3/2) + 6534*a^7*b^2*x + 315*a^8*b*sqrt(x) - 35*a^9)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^10*x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{9b\sqrt{x}}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a} + \frac{6534b^2x}{35a^3} + \frac{8262b^4x^2}{5a^5} + \frac{4014b^3x^{3/2}}{5a^4} + \frac{1284b^6x^3}{a^7} + \frac{1914b^5x^{5/2}}{a^6} + \frac{72b^8x^4}{a^9} + \frac{468b^7x^{7/2}}{a^8}}{a^7x + b^7x^{9/2} + 7ab^6x^4 + 7a^6bx^{3/2} + 21a^5b^2x^2 + 35a^3b^4x^3 + 35a^4b^3x^{5/2} + 21a^2b^5x^{7/2}}$$

$$- \frac{144b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^{10}}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^8),x)`output 
$$\left(\frac{9bx^{1/2}}{a^2} - \frac{1}{a} + \frac{6534b^2x}{35a^3} + \frac{8262b^4x^2}{5a^5} + \frac{4014b^3x^{3/2}}{5a^4} + \frac{1284b^6x^3}{a^7} + \frac{1914b^5x^{5/2}}{a^6} + \frac{72b^8x^4}{a^9} + \frac{468b^7x^{7/2}}{a^8}\right) / (a^7x + b^7x^{9/2} + 7ab^6x^4 + 7a^6bx^{3/2} + 21a^5b^2x^2 + 35a^3b^4x^3 + 35a^4b^3x^{5/2} + 21a^2b^5x^{7/2}) - (144b^2 \operatorname{atanh}((2bx^{1/2})/a + 1)) / a^{10}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-88200\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4 b^5 x^2 - 52920\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2 b^7 x^3 - 35a^9 + 25578\sqrt{x} a^6 b^3 x - 88200 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^5 b^2 x^2 + 35a^3 b^4 x^3 + 35a^4 b^3 x^{5/2} + 21a^2 b^5 x^{7/2}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^2}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^2,x)`

output

```
( - 17640*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**6*b**3*x - 88200*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**4*b**5*x**2 - 52920*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2*b**7*x**3 - 2520*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*b**9*x**4 + 17640*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a**6*b**3*x + 88200*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 52920*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*a**2*b**7*x**3 + 2520*sqrt(x)*log(sqrt(x))*b**9*x**4 + 315*sqrt(x)*a**8*b + 25578*sqrt(x)*a**6*b**3*x + 54390*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**5*x**2 + 8820*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**7*x**3 - 360*sqrt(x)*b**9*x**4 - 2520*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**7*b**2*x - 52920*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**5*b**4*x**2 - 88200*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**3*b**6*x**3 - 17640*log(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b**8*x**4 + 2520*log(sqrt(x))*a**7*b**2*x + 52920*log(sqrt(x))*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 88200*log(sqrt(x))*a**3*b**6*x**3 + 17640*log(sqrt(x))*a*b**8*x**4 - 35*a**9 + 6174*a**7*b**2*x + 50274*a**5*b**4*x**2 + 32340*a**3*b**6*x**3)/(35*a**10*x*(7*sqrt(x)*a**6*b + 35*sqrt(x)*a**4*b**3*x + 21*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**5*x**2 + sqrt(x)*b**7*x**3 + a**7 + 21*a**5*b**2*x + 35*a**3*b**4*x**2 + 7*a*b**6*x**3))
```



**3.121**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1044
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1045
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1045
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1047
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1047
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1048
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1049
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1050
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1050
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1051

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx = \frac{2b^4}{7a^5 (a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{5b^4}{3a^6 (a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{6b^4}{a^7 (a+b\sqrt{x})^5}$$

$$+ \frac{35b^4}{2a^8 (a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{140b^4}{3a^9 (a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{126b^4}{a^{10} (a+b\sqrt{x})^2}$$

$$+ \frac{420b^4}{a^{11} (a+b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^8 x^2} + \frac{16b}{3a^9 x^{3/2}} - \frac{36b^2}{a^{10} x}$$

$$+ \frac{240b^3}{a^{11} \sqrt{x}} - \frac{660b^4 \log(a+b\sqrt{x})}{a^{12}} + \frac{330b^4 \log(x)}{a^{12}}$$

output

```
2/7*b^4/a^5/(a+b*x^(1/2))^7+5/3*b^4/a^6/(a+b*x^(1/2))^6+6*b^4/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/2))^5+35/2*b^4/a^8/(a+b*x^(1/2))^4+140/3*b^4/a^9/(a+b*x^(1/2))^3+126*b^4/a^10/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2+420*b^4/a^11/(a+b*x^(1/2))-1/2/a^8/x^2+16/3*b/a^9/x^(3/2)-36*b^2/a^10/x+240*b^3/a^11/x^(1/2)-660*b^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/2))/a^12+330*b^4*ln(x)/a^12
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{a(-21a^{10} + 77a^9b\sqrt{x} - 385a^8b^2x + 3465a^7b^3x^{3/2} + 71874a^6b^4x^2 + 309078a^5b^5x^{5/2} + 636174a^4b^6x^3 + 736890a^3b^7x^{7/2} + 494340a^2b^8x^4 + 180180ab^9x^5)}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^7 x^2} 42a^{12}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^8*x^3),x]`

output

```
((a*(-21*a^10 + 77*a^9*b*Sqrt[x] - 385*a^8*b^2*x + 3465*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) +
71874*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 309078*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 636174*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 736890*a
^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 494340*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 180180*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 27720*b^10*x^
5))/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7*x^2) - 27720*b^4*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]] + 13860*b^4*Log
[x])/(42*a^12)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{330b^5}{a^{12} (a + b\sqrt{x})} - \frac{210b^5}{a^{11} (a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{126b^5}{a^{10} (a + b\sqrt{x})^3} - \frac{70b^5}{a^9 (a + b\sqrt{x})^4} - \frac{35b^5}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt{x})^5} - \frac{15b^5}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^6} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$2 \left( -\frac{330b^4 \log(a + b\sqrt{x})}{a^{12}} + \frac{330b^4 \log(\sqrt{x})}{a^{12}} + \frac{210b^4}{a^{11}(a + b\sqrt{x})} + \frac{120b^3}{a^{11}\sqrt{x}} + \frac{63b^4}{a^{10}(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} - \frac{18b^2}{a^{10}x} + \frac{70b^4}{3a^9(a + b\sqrt{x})} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*Sqrt[x])^8*x^3),x]`

output `2*(b^4/(7*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^7) + (5*b^4)/(6*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6) + (3*b^4)/(a^7*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5) + (35*b^4)/(4*a^8*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4) + (70*b^4)/(3*a^9*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3) + (63*b^4)/(a^10*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2) + (210*b^4)/(a^11*(a + b*Sqrt[x])) - 1/(4*a^8*x^2) + (8*b)/(3*a^9*x^(3/2)) - (18*b^2)/(a^10*x) + (120*b^3)/(a^11*Sqrt[x]) - (330*b^4*Log[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/a^12 + (330*b^4*Log[Sqrt[x]])/a^12)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativeldivides	$\frac{2b^4}{7a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{5b^4}{3a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{6b^4}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{35b^4}{2a^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{140b^4}{3a^9(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{126b^4}{a^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{4}{a^{11}}$
default	$\frac{2b^4}{7a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^7} + \frac{5b^4}{3a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^6} + \frac{6b^4}{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^5} + \frac{35b^4}{2a^8(a+b\sqrt{x})^4} + \frac{140b^4}{3a^9(a+b\sqrt{x})^3} + \frac{126b^4}{a^{10}(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} + \frac{4}{a^{11}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{2}{7}b^4/a^5/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^7 + 5/3*b^4/a^6/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^6 + 6*b^4/a^7/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^5 + 35/2*b^4/a^8/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^4 + 140/3*b^4/a^9/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^3 + 126*b^4/a^{10}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)})^2 + 420*b^4/a^{11}/(a+b*x^{(1/2)}) - 1/2/a^8/x^2 + 16/3*b/a^9/x^{(3/2)} - 36*b^2/a^{10}/x + 240*b^3/a^{11}/x^{(1/2)} - 660*b^4*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/2)})/a^{12} + 330*b^4*\ln(x)/a^{12}$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 463 vs. 2(185) = 370.

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 463, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx = \frac{13860 a^2 b^{16} x^8 - 90090 a^4 b^{14} x^7 + 247170 a^6 b^{12} x^6 - 368445 a^8 b^{10} x^5 + 318087 a^{10} b^8 x^4 - 154532 a^{12} b^6 x^3}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/42*(13860*a^2*b^16*x^8 - 90090*a^4*b^14*x^7 + 247170*a^6*b^12*x^6 - 368
445*a^8*b^10*x^5 + 318087*a^10*b^8*x^4 - 154532*a^12*b^6*x^3 + 36104*a^14*
b^4*x^2 - 1365*a^16*b^2*x - 21*a^18 + 27720*(b^18*x^9 - 7*a^2*b^16*x^8 + 2
1*a^4*b^14*x^7 - 35*a^6*b^12*x^6 + 35*a^8*b^10*x^5 - 21*a^10*b^8*x^4 + 7*a
^12*b^6*x^3 - a^14*b^4*x^2)*log(b*sqrt(x) + a) - 27720*(b^18*x^9 - 7*a^2*b
^16*x^8 + 21*a^4*b^14*x^7 - 35*a^6*b^12*x^6 + 35*a^8*b^10*x^5 - 21*a^10*b^
8*x^4 + 7*a^12*b^6*x^3 - a^14*b^4*x^2)*log(sqrt(x)) - 8*(3465*a*b^17*x^8 -
23100*a^3*b^15*x^7 + 65373*a^5*b^13*x^6 - 101376*a^7*b^11*x^5 + 92323*a^9
*b^9*x^4 - 48580*a^11*b^7*x^3 + 13083*a^13*b^5*x^2 - 1064*a^15*b^3*x - 28*
a^17*b)*sqrt(x))/(a^12*b^14*x^9 - 7*a^14*b^12*x^8 + 21*a^16*b^10*x^7 - 35*
a^18*b^8*x^6 + 35*a^20*b^6*x^5 - 21*a^22*b^4*x^4 + 7*a^24*b^2*x^3 - a^26*x
^2)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3077 vs.  $2(212) = 424$ .

Time = 9.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3077, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.18

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**8/x**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**6, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*a**8*x**2), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(6*b**8*x**6), Eq(a, 0)), (-21*a**11*sqrt(x)/(42*a**19*x**(5/2) + 294*a**18*b*x**3 + 882*a**17*b**2*x**(7/2) + 1470*a**16*b**3*x**4 + 1470*a**15*b**4*x**(9/2) + 882*a**14*b**5*x**5 + 294*a**13*b**6*x**(11/2) + 42*a**12*b**7*x**6) + 77*a**10*b*x/(42*a**19*x**(5/2) + 294*a**18*b*x**3 + 882*a**17*b**2*x**(7/2) + 1470*a**16*b**3*x**4 + 1470*a**15*b**4*x**(9/2) + 882*a**14*b**5*x**5 + 294*a**13*b**6*x**(11/2) + 42*a**12*b**7*x**6) - 385*a**9*b**2*x**(3/2)/(42*a**19*x**(5/2) + 294*a**18*b*x**3 + 882*a**17*b**2*x**(7/2) + 1470*a**16*b**3*x**4 + 1470*a**15*b**4*x**(9/2) + 882*a**14*b**5*x**5 + 294*a**13*b**6*x**(11/2) + 42*a**12*b**7*x**6) + 3465*a**8*b**3*x**2/(42*a**19*x**(5/2) + 294*a**18*b*x**3 + 882*a**17*b**2*x**(7/2) + 1470*a**16*b**3*x**4 + 1470*a**15*b**4*x**(9/2) + 882*a**14*b**5*x**5 + 294*a**13*b**6*x**(11/2) + 42*a**12*b**7*x**6) + 13860*a**7*b**4*x**(5/2)*log(x)/(42*a**19*x**(5/2) + 294*a**18*b*x**3 + 882*a**17*b**2*x**(7/2) + 1470*a**16*b**3*x**4 + 1470*a**15*b**4*x**(9/2) + 882*a**14*b**5*x**5 + 294*a**13*b**6*x**(11/2) + 42*a**12*b**7*x**6) - 27720*a**7*b**4*x**(5/2)*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/(42*a**19*x**(5/2) + 294*a**18*b*x**3 + 882*a**17*b**2*x**(7/2) + 1470*a**16*b**3*x**4 + 1470*a**15*b**4*x**(9/2) + 882*a**14*b**5*x**5 + 294*a**13*b**6*x**(11/2) + 42*a**12*b**7*x**6) + 71874*a**7*b**4*x**(5/2)/(42*a**19*x**(5/2) + 294*a**18*b*x**3 + 882*a**17*b**2*x**(7/2) + 1470*a**16...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 220, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{27720 b^{10} x^5 + 180180 a b^9 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 494340 a^2 b^8 x^4 + 736890 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 636174 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 309078 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 71874 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 13860 a^7 b^3 x^{\frac{1}{2}}}{42 \left( a^{11} b^7 x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 7 a^{12} b^6 x^5 + 21 a^{13} b^5 x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 35 a^{14} b^4 x^4 + 35 a^{15} b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 21 a^{16} b^2 x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 7 a^{17} b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a^{18} \right)} - \frac{660 b^4 \log(b\sqrt{x} + a)}{a^{12}} + \frac{330 b^4 \log(x)}{a^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/42*(27720*b^10*x^5 + 180180*a*b^9*x^(9/2) + 494340*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 736890*
a^3*b^7*x^(7/2) + 636174*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 309078*a^5*b^5*x^(5/2) + 71874*a^6*
b^4*x^2 + 3465*a^7*b^3*x^(3/2) - 385*a^8*b^2*x + 77*a^9*b*sqrt(x) - 21*a^1
0)/(a^11*b^7*x^(11/2) + 7*a^12*b^6*x^5 + 21*a^13*b^5*x^(9/2) + 35*a^14*b^4
*x^4 + 35*a^15*b^3*x^(7/2) + 21*a^16*b^2*x^3 + 7*a^17*b*x^(5/2) + a^18*x^2
) - 660*b^4*log(b*sqrt(x) + a)/a^12 + 330*b^4*log(x)/a^12
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx = -\frac{660 b^4 \log(|b\sqrt{x} + a|)}{a^{12}} + \frac{330 b^4 \log(|x|)}{a^{12}} + \frac{27720 ab^{10}x^5 + 180180 a^2b^9x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 494340 a^3b^8x^4 + 736890 a^4b^7x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 636174 a^5b^6x^3 + 309078 a^6b^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 71874 a^7b^4x^2 + 3465 a^8b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 385 a^9b^2x + 77 a^{10}b\sqrt{x} - 21 a^{11}}{42 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^7 a^{12} x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-660*b^4*log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + a))/a^12 + 330*b^4*log(abs(x))/a^12 + 1/42*(2
7720*a*b^10*x^5 + 180180*a^2*b^9*x^(9/2) + 494340*a^3*b^8*x^4 + 736890*a^4
*b^7*x^(7/2) + 636174*a^5*b^6*x^3 + 309078*a^6*b^5*x^(5/2) + 71874*a^7*b^4
*x^2 + 3465*a^8*b^3*x^(3/2) - 385*a^9*b^2*x + 77*a^10*b*sqrt(x) - 21*a^11)
/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*a^12*x^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx = \frac{\frac{11b\sqrt{x}}{6a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} - \frac{55b^2x}{6a^3} + \frac{11979b^4x^2}{7a^5} + \frac{165b^3x^{3/2}}{2a^4} + \frac{15147b^6x^3}{a^7} + \frac{7359b^5x^{5/2}}{a^6} + \frac{11770b^8x^4}{a^9} + \frac{17545b^7x^{7/2}}{a^8} + \frac{660b^{10}x^5}{a^{11}} + \frac{1320b^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^{12}}}{a^7x^2 + b^7x^{11/2} + 7ab^6x^5 + 7a^6bx^{5/2} + 21a^5b^2x^3 + 35a^3b^4x^4 + 35a^4b^3x^{7/2} + 21a^2b^5x^{9/2}}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^8),x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \frac{11bx^{1/2}}{6a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} - \frac{55b^2x}{6a^3} + \frac{11979b^4x^2}{7a^5} + \frac{165b^3x^{3/2}}{2a^4} + \frac{15147b^6x^3}{a^7} + \frac{7359b^5x^{5/2}}{a^6} + \frac{11770b^8x^4}{a^9} + \frac{17545b^7x^{7/2}}{a^8} + \frac{660b^{10}x^5}{a^{11}} \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{4290b^9x^{9/2}}{a^{10}} \right) / (a^7x^2 + b^7x^{11/2} + 7ab^6x^5 + 7a^6bx^{5/2} + 21a^5b^2x^3 + 35a^3b^4x^4 + 35a^4b^3x^{7/2} + 21a^2b^5x^{9/2}) \\ & - (1320b^4 \operatorname{atanh}((2bx^{1/2})/a + 1)) / a^{12} \end{aligned}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 462, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-27720\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) b^{11}x^5 + 27720\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) b^{11}x^5 - 970200 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^3b^8x^4 - 194040 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^8x^3 - 194040 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^8x^2 - 194040 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^8x - 194040 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^8}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^8 x^3}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^8/x^3,x)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \left( -194040\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^6b^5x^2 - 970200\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^4b^7x^3 - 582120\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^9x^4 \right. \\ & - 27720\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) b^{11}x^5 + 194040\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a^6b^5x^2 + 970200\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a^4b^7x^3 + 582120\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) a^2b^9x^4 \\ & + 27720\sqrt{x} \log(\sqrt{x}) b^{11}x^5 + 77\sqrt{x} a^{10}b + 3465\sqrt{x} a^8b^3x + 281358\sqrt{x} a^6b^5x^2 + 598290\sqrt{x} a^4b^7x^3 + 97020\sqrt{x} a^2b^9x^4 \\ & - 3960\sqrt{x} b^{11}x^5 - 27720 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^7b^4x^2 - 582120 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^5b^6x^3 - 970200 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^3b^8x^4 \\ & - 194040 \log(\sqrt{x}b + a) a^2b^{10}x^5 + 27720 \log(\sqrt{x}) a^7b^4x^2 + 582120 \log(\sqrt{x}) a^5b^6x^3 + 970200 \log(\sqrt{x}) a^3b^8x^4 \\ & + 194040 \log(\sqrt{x}) a^2b^{10}x^5 - 21a^{11} - 385a^9b^2x + 67914a^7b^4x^2 + 553014a^5b^6x^3 + 355740a^3b^8x^4) / (4 \\ & 2a^{12}x^2(7\sqrt{x} a^6b + 35\sqrt{x} a^4b^3x + 21\sqrt{x} a^2b^5x^2 + \sqrt{x} b^7x^3 + a^7 + 21a^5b^2x + 35a^3b^4x^2 + 7ab^6x^3)) \end{aligned}$$



$$3.122 \quad \int \frac{1}{(2+b\sqrt{x})x} dx$$

Optimal result	1052
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1052
Rubi [A] (verified)	1053
Maple [A] (verified)	1054
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1055
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1055
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1055
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1056
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1056
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1056

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\log(2+b\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\log(x)}{2}$$

output `-ln(2+b*x^(1/2))+1/2*ln(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\log(2+b\sqrt{x}) + \log(\sqrt{x})$$

input `Integrate[1/((2 + b*Sqrt[x])*x),x]`

output `-Log[2 + b*Sqrt[x]] + Log[Sqrt[x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(b\sqrt{x}+2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x}b+2)\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{47} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}b+2} d\sqrt{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{14} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\log(\sqrt{x})}{2} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}b+2} d\sqrt{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{\log(\sqrt{x})}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log(b\sqrt{x}+2) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((2 + b*Sqrt[x])*x),x]`

output `2*(-1/2*Log[2 + b*Sqrt[x]] + Log[Sqrt[x]]/2)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 47 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\ln(2 + b\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\ln(x)}{2}$	16
default	$-\ln(2 + b\sqrt{x}) + \frac{\ln(x)}{2}$	16
meijerg	$\frac{\ln(x)}{2} - \ln(2) + \ln(b) - \ln\left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{2}\right)$	23

input `int(1/(2+b*x^(1/2))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-ln(2+b*x^(1/2))+1/2*ln(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\log(b\sqrt{x} + 2) + \log(\sqrt{x})$$

input `integrate(1/(2+b*x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-log(b*sqrt(x) + 2) + log(sqrt(x))`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} - \log(\sqrt{x} + \frac{2}{b}) & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(2+b*x**(1/2))/x,x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/2 - log(sqrt(x) + 2/b), Ne(b, 0)), (log(x)/2, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\log(b\sqrt{x} + 2) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x)$$

input `integrate(1/(2+b*x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-log(b*sqrt(x) + 2) + 1/2*log(x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\log(|b\sqrt{x} + 2|) + \frac{1}{2} \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate(1/(2+b*x^(1/2))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-log(abs(b*sqrt(x) + 2)) + 1/2*log(abs(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -2 \operatorname{atanh}(b\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `int(1/(x*(b*x^(1/2) + 2)),x)`

output `-2*atanh(b*x^(1/2) + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt{x})x} dx = -\log(\sqrt{x}b + 2) + \log(\sqrt{x})$$

input `int(1/(2+b*x^(1/2))/x,x)`

output `- log(sqrt(x)*b + 2) + log(sqrt(x))`

### 3.123 $\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}x^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1057
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1057
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1058
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1059
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1060
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1060
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1061
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1062
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1062
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1063

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}x^2 dx = -\frac{4a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^6} + \frac{4a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{b^6} - \frac{40a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^6} + \frac{40a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{9b^6} - \frac{20a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11/2}}{11b^6} + \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13/2}}{13b^6}$$

output

```
-4/3*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^6+4*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^6-40/7*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^6+40/9*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^6-20/11*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(11/2)/b^6+4/13*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(13/2)/b^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}x^2 dx = \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2} (-256a^5 + 384a^4b\sqrt{x} - 480a^3b^2x + 560a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 630ab^4x^2 + 693b^5x^{5/2})}{9009b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*x^2,x]
```

output

$$(4*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(3/2)}*(-256*a^5 + 384*a^4*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 480*a^3*b^2*x + 560*a^2*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 630*a*b^4*x^2 + 693*b^5*x^{(5/2)}))/(9009*b^6)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^{5/2} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11/2}}{b^5} - \frac{5a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{b^5} + \frac{10a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{b^5} - \frac{10a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{b^5} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{b^5} - a^5 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{2a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^6} + \frac{2a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{b^6} - \frac{20a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^6} + \frac{20a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{9b^6} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{13/2}}{13b^6} - \frac{10a^5 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{b^6} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]]*x^2,x]$$

output

$$2*((-2*a^5*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(3/2)})/(3*b^6) + (2*a^4*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(5/2)})/b^6 - (20*a^3*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(7/2)})/(7*b^6) + (20*a^2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(9/2)})/(9*b^6) - (10*a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(11/2)})/(11*b^6) + (2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(13/2)})/(13*b^6))$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} - \frac{20a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{40a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{40a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 4a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{4a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	85
default	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13} - \frac{20a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} + \frac{40a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{40a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + 4a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{4a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	85

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/b^6*(1/13*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(13/2)-5/11*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(11/2)+10/9*a^2*(a+b  
*x^(1/2))^(9/2)-10/7*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(7/2)+a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)-1/3*a  
^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2))`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{4(693b^6x^3 - 70a^2b^4x^2 - 96a^4b^2x - 256a^6 + (63ab^5x^2 + 80a^3b^3x + 128a^5b)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a}}{9009b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4/9009*(693*b^6*x^3 - 70*a^2*b^4*x^2 - 96*a^4*b^2*x - 256*a^6 + (63*a*b^5*x^2 + 80*a^3*b^3*x + 128*a^5*b)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^6`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8588 vs.  $2(124) = 248$ .

Time = 5.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8588, normalized size of antiderivative = 65.06

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}x^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2)*x**2,x)`

output

```

-1024*a**(153/2)*x**18*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(9009*a**70*b**6*x**18 + 1351
35*a**69*b**7*x**(37/2) + 945945*a**68*b**8*x**19 + 4099095*a**67*b**9*x**
(39/2) + 12297285*a**66*b**10*x**20 + 27054027*a**65*b**11*x**(41/2) + 450
90045*a**64*b**12*x**21 + 57972915*a**63*b**13*x**(43/2) + 57972915*a**62*
b**14*x**22 + 45090045*a**61*b**15*x**(45/2) + 27054027*a**60*b**16*x**23
+ 12297285*a**59*b**17*x**(47/2) + 4099095*a**58*b**18*x**24 + 945945*a**5
7*b**19*x**(49/2) + 135135*a**56*b**20*x**25 + 9009*a**55*b**21*x**(51/2))
+ 1024*a**(153/2)*x**18/(9009*a**70*b**6*x**18 + 135135*a**69*b**7*x**(37
/2) + 945945*a**68*b**8*x**19 + 4099095*a**67*b**9*x**(39/2) + 12297285*a*
**66*b**10*x**20 + 27054027*a**65*b**11*x**(41/2) + 45090045*a**64*b**12*x*
**21 + 57972915*a**63*b**13*x**(43/2) + 57972915*a**62*b**14*x**22 + 450900
45*a**61*b**15*x**(45/2) + 27054027*a**60*b**16*x**23 + 12297285*a**59*b**
17*x**(47/2) + 4099095*a**58*b**18*x**24 + 945945*a**57*b**19*x**(49/2) +
135135*a**56*b**20*x**25 + 9009*a**55*b**21*x**(51/2)) - 14848*a**(151/2)*
b*x**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(9009*a**70*b**6*x**18 + 135135*a**69*b*
**7*x**(37/2) + 945945*a**68*b**8*x**19 + 4099095*a**67*b**9*x**(39/2) + 12
297285*a**66*b**10*x**20 + 27054027*a**65*b**11*x**(41/2) + 45090045*a**64
*b**12*x**21 + 57972915*a**63*b**13*x**(43/2) + 57972915*a**62*b**14*x**22
+ 45090045*a**61*b**15*x**(45/2) + 27054027*a**60*b**16*x**23 + 12297285*
a**59*b**17*x**(47/2) + 4099095*a**58*b**18*x**24 + 945945*a**57*b**19*...

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^2 dx = \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{13}{2}}}{13b^6} - \frac{20(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{11}{2}}a}{11b^6} + \frac{40(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{9}{2}}a^2}{9b^6} - \frac{40(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^3}{7b^6} + \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^4}{b^6} - \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^5}{3b^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

4/13*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(13/2)/b^6 - 20/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(11/2)*a/b^6 + 40/
9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(9/2)*a^2/b^6 - 40/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)*a^3/b^6 + 4*(
b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a^4/b^6 - 4/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^5/b^6

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \frac{13 \left( 63 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 385 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a + 990 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^2 - 1386 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^3 + 1155 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4 - 693 \sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a} a^5 \right) a}{b^5} + \frac{3 \left( 231 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{13}{2}} - 1638 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{11}{2}} a + 5005 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a^2 - 8580 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^3 + 9009 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^4 - 6006 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^5 + 3003 \sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a} a^6 \right)}{b^5} \right)}{9009 b^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `4/9009*(13*(63*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^5)*a/b^5 + 3*(231*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(13/2) - 1638*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(11/2)*a + 5005*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(9/2)*a^2 - 8580*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)*a^3 + 9009*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a^4 - 6006*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^5 + 3003*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^6)/b^5)/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^2 dx = \frac{4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{13/2}}{13 b^6} - \frac{20 a (a + b\sqrt{x})^{11/2}}{11 b^6} - \frac{4 a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3 b^6} + \frac{4 a^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{b^6} - \frac{40 a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7 b^6} + \frac{40 a^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{9 b^6}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(13/2))/(13*b^6) - (20*a*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(11/2))/(11*b^6) - (4*a^5*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2))/(3*b^6) + (4*a^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(5/2))/b^6 - (40*a^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(7/2))/(7*b^6) + (40*a^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(9/2))/(9*b^6)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} (128\sqrt{x} a^5 b + 80\sqrt{x} a^3 b^3 x + 63\sqrt{x} a b^5 x^2 - 256a^6 - 96a^4 b^2 x - 70a^2 b^4 x^2 + 693b^6 x^3)}{9009b^6}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^2,x)
```

output

```
(4*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*(128*sqrt(x)*a**5*b + 80*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*x + 63*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*x**2 - 256*a**6 - 96*a**4*b**2*x - 70*a**2*b**4*x**2 + 693*b**6*x**3))/(9009*b**6)
```

### 3.124 $\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1064
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1064
Rubi [A] (verified)	1065
Maple [A] (verified)	1066
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1067
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1067
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1068
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1069
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1069
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1070

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{4a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{12a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5b^4} - \frac{12a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^4} + \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{9b^4}$$

output

```
-4/3*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^4+12/5*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^4-12/7*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^4+4/9*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}(-16a^4 + 8a^3b\sqrt{x} - 6a^2b^2x + 5ab^3x^{3/2} + 35b^4x^2)}{315b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*x,x]
```

output

```
(4*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*(-16*a^4 + 8*a^3*b*Sqrt[x] - 6*a^2*b^2*x + 5*a*b^3*x^(3/2) + 35*b^4*x^2))/(315*b^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & 2 \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^{3/2} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 53 \\
 & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{b^3} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{b^3} - \frac{a^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{2a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{6a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5b^4} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{9b^4} - \frac{6a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*x,x]`

output `2*((-2*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/(3*b^4) + (6*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(5/2))/(5*b^4) - (6*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(7/2))/(7*b^4) + (2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(9/2))/(9*b^4))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{12a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{12a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^4}$	58
default	$\frac{\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} - \frac{12a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} + \frac{12a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^4}$	58

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/b^4*(1/9*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(9/2)-3/7*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(7/2)+3/5*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)-1/3*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4(35b^4x^2 - 6a^2b^2x - 16a^4 + (5ab^3x + 8a^3b)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a}}{315b^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4/315*(35*b^4*x^2 - 6*a^2*b^2*x - 16*a^4 + (5*a*b^3*x + 8*a^3*b)*sqrt(x))*  
sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^4`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1987 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1987, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.58

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2)*x,x)`



output

```
-64*a**(49/2)*x**8*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(315*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 1890*a**19
*b**5*x**(17/2) + 4725*a**18*b**6*x**9 + 6300*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 4725*
a**16*b**8*x**10 + 1890*a**15*b**9*x**(21/2) + 315*a**14*b**10*x**11) + 64
*a**(49/2)*x**8/(315*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 1890*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 4725*a
*18*b**6*x**9 + 6300*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 1890*a
**15*b**9*x**(21/2) + 315*a**14*b**10*x**11) - 352*a**(47/2)*b*x**(17/2)*s
qrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(315*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 1890*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 47
25*a**18*b**6*x**9 + 6300*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 1
890*a**15*b**9*x**(21/2) + 315*a**14*b**10*x**11) + 384*a**(47/2)*b*x**(17
/2)/(315*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 1890*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 4725*a**18*b**6*x**
9 + 6300*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 1890*a**15*b**9*x*
*(21/2) + 315*a**14*b**10*x**11) - 792*a**(45/2)*b**2*x**9*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt
(x)/a)/(315*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 1890*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 4725*a**18*b**6*
x**9 + 6300*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 1890*a**15*b**9
*x**(21/2) + 315*a**14*b**10*x**11) + 960*a**(45/2)*b**2*x**9/(315*a**20*b
**4*x**8 + 1890*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 4725*a**18*b**6*x**9 + 6300*a**17*b
**7*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 1890*a**15*b**9*x**(21/2) + 315*a*
*14*b**10*x**11) - 924*a**(43/2)*b**3*x**(19/2)*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(315
*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 1890*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 4725*a**18*b**6*x**9 + 6300
*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 1890*a**15*b**9*x**(21/...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9b^4} - \frac{12(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a}{7b^4} + \frac{12(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^2}{5b^4} - \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^3}{3b^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
4/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(9/2)/b^4 - 12/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)*a/b^4 + 12/5*(b
*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a^2/b^4 - 4/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^3/b^4
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs.  $2(64) = 128$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4 \left( \frac{9 \left( 5 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 35 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a} a^3 \right) a}{b^3} + \frac{35 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{9}{2}} - 180 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a + 378 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^2 - 420 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^3}{b^3} \right)}{315 b}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/315*(9*(5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^3)*a/b^3 + (35*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(9/2) - 180*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)*a + 378*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a^2 - 420*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^3 + 315*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^4)/b^3)/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{9 b^4} - \frac{12 a (a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7 b^4} - \frac{4 a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3 b^4} + \frac{12 a^2 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5 b^4}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `(4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(9/2))/(9*b^4) - (12*a*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(7/2))/(7*b^4) - (4*a^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2))/(3*b^4) + (12*a^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(5/2))/(5*b^4)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} (8\sqrt{x}a^3b + 5\sqrt{x}ab^3x - 16a^4 - 6a^2b^2x + 35b^4x^2)}{315b^4}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x,x)`

output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*(8*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 5*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x - 16*a**4 - 6*a**2*b**2*x + 35*b**4*x**2))/(315*b**4)`

### 3.125 $\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1071
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1071
Rubi [A] (verified)	1072
Maple [A] (verified)	1073
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1073
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1074
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1074
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1075
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1075
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1076

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{4a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^2} + \frac{4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5b^2}$$

output `-4/3*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^2+4/5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}(-2a^2 + ab\sqrt{x} + 3b^2x)}{15b^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]],x]`

output `(4*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*(-2*a^2 + a*b*Sqrt[x] + 3*b^2*x))/(15*b^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx \\
 \downarrow 774 \\
 2 \int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{b} - \frac{a\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{b} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 2 \left( \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^2} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]],x]`

output `2*((-2*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/(3*b^2) + (2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(5/2))/(5*b^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; Fre  
eQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^2}$	30
default	$\frac{\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} - \frac{4a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{b^2}$	30

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/b^2*(1/5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)-1/3*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4(3b^2x + ab\sqrt{x} - 2a^2)\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a}}{15b^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4/15*(3*b^2*x + a*b*sqrt(x) - 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^2`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.48

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{8a^{\frac{9}{2}}x^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}}}{15a^2b^2x^2 + 15ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{8a^{\frac{9}{2}}x^2}{15a^2b^2x^2 + 15ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4a^{\frac{7}{2}}bx^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}}}{15a^2b^2x^2 + 15ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\ + \frac{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15a^2b^2x^2 + 15ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{16a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2x^3\sqrt{1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}}}{15a^2b^2x^2 + 15ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{12a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}}}{15a^2b^2x^2 + 15ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `-8*a**(9/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(15*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 15*a*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 8*a**(9/2)*x**2/(15*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 15*a*b**3*x**(5/2)) - 4*a**(7/2)*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(15*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 15*a*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 8*a**(7/2)*b*x**(5/2)/(15*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 15*a*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 16*a**(5/2)*b**2*x**3*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(15*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 15*a*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 12*a**(3/2)*b**3*x**(7/2)*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(15*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 15*a*b**3*x**(5/2))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5b^2} - \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)/b^2 - 4/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a/b^2`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs.  $2(30) = 60$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4 \left( \frac{5 \left( (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a} \right) a}{b} + \frac{3(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 10(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a + 15\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}a^2}{b} \right)}{15b}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `4/15*(5*((b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a)*a/b + (3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^2)/b)/b`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 2; 3; -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 2], 3, -(b*x^(1/2))/a))/((b*x^(1/2))/a + 1)^(1/2)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a}(\sqrt{x}ab - 2a^2 + 3b^2x)}{15b^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*(sqrt(x)*a*b - 2*a**2 + 3*b**2*x))/(15*b**2)`

### 3.126 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1077
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1077
Rubi [A] (verified)	1078
Maple [A] (verified)	1079
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1080
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1080
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1081
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1081
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1081
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1082

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx = 4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} - 4\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output `4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)-4*a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx = 4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} - 4\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/x,x]`

output `4*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]] - 4*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {798, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & 2 \left( a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{x}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & 2 \left( 2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/x,x]`

output `2*(2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$4\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} - 4\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$	32
default	$4\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} - 4\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$	32

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)-4*a^(1/2)*arctanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx = \left[ 2\sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{bx - 2\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x} + 2a\sqrt{x}}{x} \right) + 4\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a}, 4\sqrt{-a} \arctan \left( \frac{(\sqrt{-ab\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{-aa})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a}}{b^2x - a^2} \right) + 4\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[2*sqrt(a)*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x) + 2*a*sqrt(x))/x) + 4*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a), 4*sqrt(-a)*arctan((sqrt(-a)*b*sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a)*a)*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/(b^2*x - a^2)) + 4*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 75 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx = -4\sqrt{a} \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}}} \right) + \frac{4a}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}} + 1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}} + 1}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x,x)`

output `-4*sqrt(a)*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(1/4))) + 4*a/(sqrt(b)*x**(1/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) + 4*sqrt(b)*x**(1/4)/sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx = 2\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right) + 4\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) + sqrt(a))) + 4*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx = 4b \left( \frac{a \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}} + \frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{b} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `4*b*(a*arctan(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*b) + sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx = 4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} - 4\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2) - 4*a^(1/2)*atanh((a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{x} dx = 4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} + 2\sqrt{a} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} - \sqrt{a}\right) - 2\sqrt{a} \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} + \sqrt{a}\right)$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `2*(2*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) - sqrt(a)) - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) + sqrt(a)))`

### 3.127 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1083
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1083
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1084
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1086
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1086
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1087
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1087
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1088
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1088
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1088

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x} - \frac{b\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2a\sqrt{x}} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}}$$

output

$-(a+b\sqrt{x})^{1/2}/x-1/2*b*(a+b\sqrt{x})^{1/2}/a/x^{1/2}+1/2*b^2*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b\sqrt{x})^{1/2}/a^{1/2})/a^{3/2}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx = \frac{(-2a-b\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/x^2,x]`

output

$((-2*a - b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x])* \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]])/(2*a*x) + (b^2*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*\operatorname{Sqrt}[x]]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]])/(2*a^{3/2})$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {798, 51, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}x}} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}x}} d\sqrt{x}}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}x}} d\sqrt{x}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{4} b \left( \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2x} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/x^2,x]`

output  $2*(-1/2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]]/x + (b*(-\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]]/(a*\text{Sqrt}[x])) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(3/2)}))/4$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]$   
 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]  
 ] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]

rule 52  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)})/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)))]$   
 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$4b^2 \left( -\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8a} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{8} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$	60
default	$4b^2 \left( -\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{8a} + \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{8} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)$	60

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $4*b^2*(-(1/8/a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)+1/8*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2))/b^2/x+1/8/a^(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{ab^2x} \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}+2a\sqrt{x}}{x}\right) - 2(ab\sqrt{x}+2a^2)\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{4a^2x}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{\sqrt{-ab^2x} \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-ab\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{-aa}})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{b^2x-a^2}\right) + (ab\sqrt{x}+2a^2)\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{2a^2x} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $[1/4*(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*b^2*x*\log((b*x+2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))+a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)+2*a*\operatorname{sqrt}(x))/x)-2*(a*b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)+2*a^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)+a))/(a^2*x), -1/2*(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*b^2*x*\operatorname{arctan}((\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)-\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)+a))/(b^2*x-a^2))+ (a*b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)+2*a^2)*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)+a))/(a^2*x)]$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{\sqrt{b}x^{5/4}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{b}}{2x^{3/4}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} - \frac{b^{3/2}}{2a\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{x}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`output `-a/(sqrt(b)*x**(5/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x))+1)) - 3*sqrt(b)/(2*x**(3/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x))+1)) - b**(3/2)/(2*a*x**(1/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x))+1)) + b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(1/4)))/(2*a**(3/2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}} - \frac{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{3/2}b^2 + \sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}ab^2}{2\left((b\sqrt{x}+a)^2a - 2(b\sqrt{x}+a)a^2 + a^3\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*b^2*log((sqrt(b*sqrt(x)+a)-sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*sqrt(x)+a)+sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2) - 1/2*((b*sqrt(x)+a)^(3/2)*b^2+sqrt(b*sqrt(x)+a)*a*b^2)/((b*sqrt(x)+a)^2*a-2*(b*sqrt(x)+a)*a^2+a^3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{2} b^3 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aab}} + \frac{(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+aa}}{ab^3x} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*b^3*(arctan(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a*b) + ((b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2) + sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a)/(a*b^3*x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx = \frac{b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2x} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{2ax}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `(b^2*atanh((a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/(2*a^(3/2)) - (a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/(2*x) - (a + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)/(2*a*x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+aa} - 4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+aa}^2 - \sqrt{a}\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+a} - \sqrt{a}\right)b^2x + \sqrt{a}\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+a} + \sqrt{a}\right)b^2x}{4a^2x}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b - 4*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2 - sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) - sqrt(a))*b**2*x + sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) + sqrt(a))*b**2*x)/(4*a**2*x)`

### 3.128 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1090
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1090
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1091
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1093
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1094
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1095
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1095
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1096
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1096
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1097

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2x^2} - \frac{b\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{12ax^{3/2}} + \frac{5b^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{48a^2x} - \frac{5b^3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{32a^3\sqrt{x}} + \frac{5b^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{32a^{7/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2-1/12*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/x^(3/2)+5/48*b^2
*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^2/x-5/32*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^3/x^(1/2)+5/32*b
^4*arctanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}(-48a^3 - 8a^2b\sqrt{x} + 10ab^2x - 15b^3x^{3/2})}{96a^3x^2} + \frac{5b^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{32a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*(-48*a^3 - 8*a^2*b*Sqrt[x] + 10*a*b^2*x - 15*b^3*x^(3/2)))/(96*a^3*x^2) + (5*b^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]])/(32*a^(7/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$ , Rules used = {798, 51, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{8} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^2} d\sqrt{x} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4x^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{8} b \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4x^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & 2 \left( \frac{1}{8} b \left( -\frac{5b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} d\sqrt{x}}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4x^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$



$$2 \left( \frac{1}{8} b \left( \frac{5b \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 73

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{8} b \left( \frac{5b \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4x^2} \right) \right)$$

↓ 221

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{8} b \left( \frac{5b \left( -\frac{3b \left( \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4x^2} \right) \right)$$

input `Int [Sqrt [a + b*Sqrt [x]]/x^3,x]`

output `2*(-1/4*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/x^2 + (b*(-1/3*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/(a*x^(3/2)) - (5*b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/(a*x) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/(a*Sqrt[x])) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/(6*a)))/8)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]  
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)))]  
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$4b^4 \left( -\frac{5(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^3} - \frac{55(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{384a^2} + \frac{73(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384a} + \frac{5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{128} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right)$	88
default	$4b^4 \left( -\frac{5(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{128a^3} - \frac{55(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{384a^2} + \frac{73(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{384a} + \frac{5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{128} + \frac{5 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{128a^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right)$	88

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4*b^4*(-(5/128/a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(7/2)-55/384/a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)+73/384/a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)+5/128*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2))/b^4/x^2+5/128/a^(7/2)*arctanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{15\sqrt{ab^4x^2} \log\left(\frac{bx+2\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}\sqrt{a\sqrt{x}+2a\sqrt{x}}}{x}\right) + 2(10a^2b^2x - 48a^4 - (15ab^3x + 8a^3b)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{192a^4x^2}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{15\sqrt{-ab^4x^2} \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-ab\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{-aa}})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{b^2x-a^2}\right) - (10a^2b^2x - 48a^4 - (15ab^3x + 8a^3b)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{96a^4x^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/192*(15*sqrt(a)*b^4*x^2*log((b*x + 2*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x) + 2*a*sqrt(x))/x) + 2*(10*a^2*b^2*x - 48*a^4 - (15*a*b^3*x + 8*a^3*b)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a))/(a^4*x^2), -1/96*(15*sqrt(-a)*b^4*x^2*arctan((sqrt(-a)*b*sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a)*a)*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/(b^2*x - a^2)) - (10*a^2*b^2*x - 48*a^4 - (15*a*b^3*x + 8*a^3*b)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a))/(a^4*x^2)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 23.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{9}{4}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} - \frac{7\sqrt{b}}{12x^{\frac{7}{4}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} + \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{48ax^{\frac{5}{4}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}}$$

$$- \frac{5b^{\frac{5}{2}}}{96a^2x^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} - \frac{5b^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^3\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} + \frac{5b^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{x}}\right)}{32a^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**3,x)`output `-a/(2*sqrt(b)*x**(9/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) - 7*sqrt(b)/(12*x**(7/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) + b**(3/2)/(48*a*x**(5/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) - 5*b**(5/2)/(96*a**2*x**(3/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) - 5*b**(7/2)/(32*a**3*x**(1/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) + 5*b**4*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(1/4)))/(32*a**(7/2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{5b^4 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{7}{2}}}$$

$$- \frac{15(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{7}{2}}b^4 - 55(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}ab^4 + 73(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2b^4 + 15\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}aa^3b^4}{96\left((b\sqrt{x}+a)^4a^3 - 4(b\sqrt{x}+a)^3a^4 + 6(b\sqrt{x}+a)^2a^5 - 4(b\sqrt{x}+a)a^6 + a^7\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-5/64*b^4*log((sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) + sqrt(a)))/a^(7/2) - 1/96*(15*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)*b^4 - 55*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a*b^4 + 73*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^4 + 15*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^3*b^4)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^3 - 4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^4 + 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^5 - 4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^6 + a^7)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{96} b^5 \left( \frac{15 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^3b}} + \frac{15 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 55 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 73 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 + 15 \sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a} a^3}{a^3 b^5 x^2} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/96*b^5*(15*arctan(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^3*b) + (15*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2) - 55*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a + 73*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^2 + 15*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^3)/(a^3*b^5*x^2))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{55 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{96 a^2 x^2} - \frac{73 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{96 a x^2} - \frac{5 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{32 x^2} - \frac{5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{32 a^3 x^2} - \frac{b^4 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{32 a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

$$\frac{(55*(a + b*x^{(1/2)})^{(5/2)})/(96*a^2*x^2) - (b^4*atan(((a + b*x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)} * i)/a^{(1/2)})*5i)/(32*a^{(7/2)}) - (73*(a + b*x^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)})/(96*a*x^2) - (5*(a + b*x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})/(32*x^2) - (5*(a + b*x^{(1/2)})^{(7/2)})/(32*a^3*x^2)}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-16\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} a^3 b - 30\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} a b^3 x - 96\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} a^4 + 20\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} a^2 b^2 x - 15\sqrt{a} \log(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a})}{192a^4 x^2}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x)
```

output

```
( - 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**3*b - 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)
*a*b**3*x - 96*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**4 + 20*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2*b**2
*x - 15*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) - sqrt(a))*b**4*x**2 + 15*sqrt(a)*
log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) + sqrt(a))*b**4*x**2)/(192*a**4*x**2)
```

### 3.129 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	1098
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1098
Rubi [A] (verified)	1099
Maple [A] (verified)	1100
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1101
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1101
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1102
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1103
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1103
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1104

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = -\frac{4a^5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{b^6} + \frac{20a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^6} - \frac{8a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{b^6} + \frac{40a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^6} - \frac{20a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{9b^6} + \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11/2}}{11b^6}$$

output

```
-4*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^6+20/3*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^6-8*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^6+40/7*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^6-20/9*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(9/2)/b^6+4/11*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(11/2)/b^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}(-256a^5 + 128a^4b\sqrt{x} - 96a^3b^2x + 80a^2b^3x^{3/2} - 70ab^4x^2 + 63b^5x^{5/2})}{693b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]],x]
```

output

$$(4*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]]*(-256*a^5 + 128*a^4*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 96*a^3*b^2*x + 80*a^2*b^3*x^{(3/2)} - 70*a*b^4*x^2 + 63*b^5*x^{(5/2)}))/(693*b^6)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 2 \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{5\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}a^4}{b^5} - \frac{10(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}a^3}{b^5} + \frac{10(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}a^2}{b^5} - \frac{5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}a}{b^5} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{b^5} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{2a^5\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{b^6} + \frac{10a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^6} - \frac{4a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{b^6} + \frac{20a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^6} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{11/2}}{11b^6} - \frac{10a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{9b^6} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^2/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]], x]$$

output

$$2*((-2*a^5*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/b^6 + (10*a^4*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(3/2)})/(3*b^6) - (4*a^3*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(5/2)})/b^6 + (20*a^2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(7/2)})/(7*b^6) - (10*a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(9/2)})/(9*b^6) + (2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(11/2)})/(11*b^6))$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{20a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{40a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b^6} + \frac{20a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4a^5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}$	86
default	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11} - \frac{20a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{9}{2}}}{9} + \frac{40a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{8a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b^6} + \frac{20a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - 4a^5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}$	86

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/b^6*(1/11*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(11/2)-5/9*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(9/2)+10/7*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(7/2)-2*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)+5/3*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)-a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{4(70ab^4x^2 + 96a^3b^2x + 256a^5 - (63b^5x^2 + 80a^2b^3x + 128a^4b)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{693b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-4/693*(70*a*b^4*x^2 + 96*a^3*b^2*x + 256*a^5 - (63*b^5*x^2 + 80*a^2*b^3*x + 128*a^4*b)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^6`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 8356 vs.  $2(122) = 244$ .

Time = 5.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8356, normalized size of antiderivative = 64.28

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output

```

-1024*a**(151/2)*x**18*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(693*a**70*b**6*x**18 + 10395
*a**69*b**7*x**(37/2) + 72765*a**68*b**8*x**19 + 315315*a**67*b**9*x**(39/
2) + 945945*a**66*b**10*x**20 + 2081079*a**65*b**11*x**(41/2) + 3468465*a*
*64*b**12*x**21 + 4459455*a**63*b**13*x**(43/2) + 4459455*a**62*b**14*x**2
2 + 3468465*a**61*b**15*x**(45/2) + 2081079*a**60*b**16*x**23 + 945945*a**
59*b**17*x**(47/2) + 315315*a**58*b**18*x**24 + 72765*a**57*b**19*x**(49/2
) + 10395*a**56*b**20*x**25 + 693*a**55*b**21*x**(51/2)) + 1024*a**(151/2)
*x**18/(693*a**70*b**6*x**18 + 10395*a**69*b**7*x**(37/2) + 72765*a**68*b*
*8*x**19 + 315315*a**67*b**9*x**(39/2) + 945945*a**66*b**10*x**20 + 208107
9*a**65*b**11*x**(41/2) + 3468465*a**64*b**12*x**21 + 4459455*a**63*b**13*x
**21 + 4459455*a**62*b**14*x**22 + 3468465*a**61*b**15*x**(45/2) + 20
81079*a**60*b**16*x**23 + 945945*a**59*b**17*x**(47/2) + 315315*a**58*b**1
8*x**24 + 72765*a**57*b**19*x**(49/2) + 10395*a**56*b**20*x**25 + 693*a**5
5*b**21*x**(51/2)) - 14848*a**(149/2)*b*x**(37/2)*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(6
93*a**70*b**6*x**18 + 10395*a**69*b**7*x**(37/2) + 72765*a**68*b**8*x**19
+ 315315*a**67*b**9*x**(39/2) + 945945*a**66*b**10*x**20 + 2081079*a**65*b
**11*x**(41/2) + 3468465*a**64*b**12*x**21 + 4459455*a**63*b**13*x**(43/2)
+ 4459455*a**62*b**14*x**22 + 3468465*a**61*b**15*x**(45/2) + 2081079*a**
60*b**16*x**23 + 945945*a**59*b**17*x**(47/2) + 315315*a**58*b**18*x**24 +
72765*a**57*b**19*x**(49/2) + 10395*a**56*b**20*x**25 + 693*a**55*b**2...

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{11}{2}}}{11b^6} - \frac{20(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{9}{2}}a}{9b^6} + \frac{40(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}a^2}{7b^6} - \frac{8(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a^3}{b^6} + \frac{20(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^4}{3b^6} - \frac{4\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a}a^5}{b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

4/11*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(11/2)/b^6 - 20/9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(9/2)*a/b^6 + 40/7*
(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)*a^2/b^6 - 8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a^3/b^6 + 20/3*(b*
sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^4/b^6 - 4*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^5/b^6

```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4 \left( 63 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{11}{2}} - 385 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{9}{2}} a + 990 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} a^2 - 1386 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^3 + 1155 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4 \right)}{693 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `4/693*(63*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(11/2) - 385*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(9/2)*a + 990*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)*a^2 - 1386*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a^3 + 1155*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^4 - 693*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^5)/b^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{11/2}}{11b^6} - \frac{20a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{9/2}}{9b^6} - \frac{4a^5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{b^6} + \frac{20a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^6} - \frac{8a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{b^6} + \frac{40a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^6}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(11/2))/(11*b^6) - (20*a*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(9/2))/(9*b^6) - (4*a^5*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2))/b^6 + (20*a^4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2))/(3*b^6) - (8*a^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(5/2))/b^6 + (40*a^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(7/2))/(7*b^6)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+a}(128\sqrt{x}a^4b+80\sqrt{x}a^2b^3x+63\sqrt{x}b^5x^2-256a^5-96a^3b^2x-70ab^4x^2)}{693b^6}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*(128*sqrt(x)*a**4*b + 80*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**3*x + 63*sqrt(x)*b**5*x**2 - 256*a**5 - 96*a**3*b**2*x - 70*a*b**4*x**2))/(693*b**6)`

### 3.130 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1105
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1105
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1106
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1107
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1108
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1108
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1109
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1110
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1110
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1111

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = -\frac{4a^3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{b^4} + \frac{4a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{b^4} - \frac{12a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5b^4} + \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^4}$$

output

```
-4*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^4+4*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^4-12/5*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5/2)/b^4+4/7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(7/2)/b^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}(-16a^3 + 8a^2b\sqrt{x} - 6ab^2x + 5b^3x^{3/2})}{35b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]],x]
```

output

$$(4*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]]*(-16*a^3 + 8*a^2*b*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 6*a*b^2*x + 5*b^3*x^(3/2)))/(35*b^4)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 2 \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{3\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}a^2}{b^3} - \frac{3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}a}{b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{2a^3\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{b^4} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^4} - \frac{6a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5b^4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]], x]$$

output

$$2*((-2*a^3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x]])/b^4 + (2*a^2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(3/2))/b^4 - (6*a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(5/2))/(5*b^4) + (2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(7/2))/(7*b^4))$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{12a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b^4} - 4a^3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}$	57
default	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7} - \frac{12a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b^4} - 4a^3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}$	57

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{4}{b^4} * (1/7 * (a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{(7/2)} - 3/5 * a * (a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{(5/2)} + a^2 * (a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{(3/2)} - a^3 * (a+b*x^{(1/2)})^{(1/2)})$$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = -\frac{4(6ab^2x + 16a^3 - (5b^3x + 8a^2b)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a}}{35b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-4/35*(6*a*b^2*x + 16*a^3 - (5*b^3*x + 8*a^2*b)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/b^4`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1872 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 1.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1872, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.29

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output

```
-64*a**(47/2)*x**8*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(35*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 210*a**19*b
**5*x**(17/2) + 525*a**18*b**6*x**9 + 700*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 525*a**16
*b**8*x**10 + 210*a**15*b**9*x**(21/2) + 35*a**14*b**10*x**11) + 64*a**(47
/2)*x**8/(35*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 210*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 525*a**18*b**6*x
**9 + 700*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 525*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 210*a**15*b**9*x**
(21/2) + 35*a**14*b**10*x**11) - 352*a**(45/2)*b*x**(17/2)*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt
(x)/a)/(35*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 210*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 525*a**18*b**6*x**
9 + 700*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 525*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 210*a**15*b**9*x**(2
1/2) + 35*a**14*b**10*x**11) + 384*a**(45/2)*b*x**(17/2)/(35*a**20*b**4*x*
*8 + 210*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 525*a**18*b**6*x**9 + 700*a**17*b**7*x**(1
9/2) + 525*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 210*a**15*b**9*x**(21/2) + 35*a**14*b**10*x*
*11) - 792*a**(43/2)*b**2*x**9*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(35*a**20*b**4*x**8 +
210*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2) + 525*a**18*b**6*x**9 + 700*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2)
+ 525*a**16*b**8*x**10 + 210*a**15*b**9*x**(21/2) + 35*a**14*b**10*x**11)
+ 960*a**(43/2)*b**2*x**9/(35*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 210*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2)
+ 525*a**18*b**6*x**9 + 700*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 525*a**16*b**8*x**10 +
210*a**15*b**9*x**(21/2) + 35*a**14*b**10*x**11) - 924*a**(41/2)*b**3*x**
(19/2)*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(35*a**20*b**4*x**8 + 210*a**19*b**5*x**(17/2)
+ 525*a**18*b**6*x**9 + 700*a**17*b**7*x**(19/2) + 525*a**16*b**8*x**10 +
210*a**15*b**9*x**(21/2) + 35*a**14*b**10*x**11) + 1280*a**(41/2)*b**3...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7b^4} - \frac{12(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}a}{5b^4} + \frac{4(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^2}{b^4} - \frac{4\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + aa^3}}{b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
4/7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)/b^4 - 12/5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a/b^4 + 4*(b*sq
rt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^2/b^4 - 4*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^3/b^4
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4 \left( 5 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} - 21 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a + 35 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - 35 \sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a} a^3 \right)}{35 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `4/35*(5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2) - 21*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a + 35*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^2 - 35*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^3)/b^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{7b^4} - \frac{12a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{5b^4} - \frac{4a^3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{b^4} + \frac{4a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{b^4}$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(7/2))/(7*b^4) - (12*a*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(5/2))/(5*b^4) - (4*a^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2))/b^4 + (4*a^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2))/b^4`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+a}(8\sqrt{x}a^2b+5\sqrt{x}b^3x-16a^3-6ab^2x)}{35b^4}$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*(8*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 5*sqrt(x)*b**3*x - 16*a**3 - 6*a*b**2*x))/(35*b**4)`

### 3.131 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	1112
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1112
Rubi [A] (verified)	1113
Maple [A] (verified)	1114
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1114
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1115
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1115
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1116
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1116
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1116

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = -\frac{4a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{b^2} + \frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^2}$$

output

```
-4*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/b^2+4/3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)/b^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4(-2a+b\sqrt{x})\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3b^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]],x]
```

output

```
(4*(-2*a + b*Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/(3*b^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\ & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{b} - \frac{a}{b\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 2 \left( \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{2a\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]],x]`

output `2*((-2*a*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]])/b^2 + (2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/(3*b^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; Fre  
eQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{4a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{b^2}$	30
default	$\frac{4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{4a\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{b^2}$	30

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/b^2*(1/3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3/2)-a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}(b\sqrt{x}-2a)}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4/3*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) - 2*a)/b^2`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 219 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.48

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = -\frac{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2\sqrt{1+\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}}}{3a^2b^2x^2+3ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}x^2}{3a^2b^2x^2+3ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}bx^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{1+\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}}}{3a^2b^2x^2+3ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} \\ + \frac{8a^{\frac{5}{2}}bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3a^2b^2x^2+3ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2x^3\sqrt{1+\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}}}{3a^2b^2x^2+3ab^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `-8*a**(7/2)*x**2*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(3*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 8*a**(7/2)*x**2/(3*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**3*x**(5/2)) - 4*a**(5/2)*b*x**(5/2)*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(3*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 8*a**(5/2)*b*x**(5/2)/(3*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 4*a**(3/2)*b**2*x**3*sqrt(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)/(3*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**3*x**(5/2))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b^2} - \frac{4\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+aa}}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `4/3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)/b^2 - 4*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a/b^2`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4 \left( (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3\sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a} \right)}{3b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `4/3*((b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a)/b^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2; 3; -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(x*((b*x^(1/2))/a + 1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 2], 3, -(b*x^(1/2))/a))/(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a}(\sqrt{x}b - 2a)}{3b^2}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*(sqrt(x)*b - 2*a))/(3*b**2)`

### 3.132 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}x}} dx$

Optimal result	1117
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1117
Rubi [A] (verified)	1118
Maple [A] (verified)	1119
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1119
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1120
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1120
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1121
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1121
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1121

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}x}} dx = -\frac{4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output `-4*arctanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}x}} dx = -\frac{4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*x),x]`

output `(-4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{4 \int \frac{1}{\frac{x}{b}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{b} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & -\frac{4\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*x),x]`

output `(-4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$	20
default	$-\frac{4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$	20

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4*arctanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 53 vs. 2(19) = 38.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.37

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}+2a\sqrt{x}}{x}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}, \frac{4\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-ab}\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{-aa})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{b^2x-a^2}\right)}{a} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[2*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x) + 2*a*sqrt(x))/x)/sqrt(a), 4*sqrt(-a)*arctan((sqrt(-a)*b*sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a)*a)*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/(b^2*x - a^2))/a]
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{xx}}} dx = -\frac{4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
-4*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(1/4)))/sqrt(a)
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{xx}}} dx = \frac{2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x+a}-\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x+a}+\sqrt{a}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2*log((sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) + sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{xx}}} dx = \frac{4 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `4*arctan(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{xx}}} dx = -\frac{4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)`output `-(4*atanh((a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/a^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{xx}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a} \left( \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} - \sqrt{a}\right) - \log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} + \sqrt{a}\right) \right)}{a}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x,x)`output `(2*sqrt(a)*(log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) - sqrt(a)) - log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) + sqrt(a))))/a`

### 3.133 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1122
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1122
Rubi [A] (verified)	1123
Maple [A] (verified)	1125
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1125
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1126
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1126
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1127
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1127
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1127

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{ax} + \frac{3b\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2a^2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
-(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/x+3/2*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^2/x^(1/2)-3/2*b^2*arc
tanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}(-2a+3b\sqrt{x})}{2a^2x} - \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*x^2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*(-2*a + 3*b*Sqrt[x]))/(2*a^2*x) - (3*b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt
[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]])/(2*a^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {798, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x} d\sqrt{x}}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{3b \left( \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*x^2),x]`

output `2*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/(a*x) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/(a*Sqrt[x])) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]]/a^(3/2)))/(4*a))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$4b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4ab^2x} - \frac{3 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ab\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4a} \right)$	72
default	$4b^2 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4ab^2x} - \frac{3 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ab\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{4a} \right)$	72

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4*b^2*(-1/4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/b^2/x-3/4*a*(-1/2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/b/x^(1/2)+1/2/a^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3\sqrt{ab^2x} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}+2a\sqrt{x}}{x}\right) + 2(3ab\sqrt{x}-2a^2)\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{4a^3x}, \frac{3\sqrt{-ab^2x} \arctan\left(\frac{(\sqrt{-ab\sqrt{x}}-\sqrt{-a})}{b^2x-a}\right)}{4a^3x} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(3*sqrt(a)*b^2*x*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x) + 2*a*sqrt(x))/x) + 2*(3*a*b*sqrt(x) - 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a))/(a^3*x), 1/2*(3*sqrt(-a)*b^2*x*arctan((sqrt(-a)*b*sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a)*a)*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/(b^2*x - a^2)) + (3*a*b*sqrt(x) - 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a))/(a^3*x)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}x^2}} dx = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{5}{4}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}} + 1}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{2ax^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}} + 1}}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2a^2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}} + 1}} - \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b^4}\sqrt{x}}\right)}{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**2,x)`output `-1/(sqrt(b)*x**(5/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) + sqrt(b)/(2*a*x**(3/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) + 3*b**(3/2)/(2*a**2*x**(1/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) - 3*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(1/4)))/(2*a**(5/2))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}x^2}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{3(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2 - 5\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}ab^2}{2\left((b\sqrt{x}+a)^2a^2 - 2(b\sqrt{x}+a)a^3 + a^4\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/4*b^2*log((sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2) + 1/2*(3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*b^2 - 5*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a*b^2)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^2 - 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^3 + a^4)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^2} dx = \frac{3b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-aa^2}} + \frac{3(b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}b^3 - 5\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}ab^3}{a^2b^2x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(3*b^3*arctan(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/sqrt(-a))/(sqrt(-a)*a^2) + (3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*b^3 - 5*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a*b^3)/(a^2*b^2*x))/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^2} dx = \frac{3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{2a^2x} - \frac{5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} - \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)),x)`output `(3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(3/2))/(2*a^2*x) - (5*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2))/(2*a*x) - (3*b^2*atanh((a + b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/(2*a^(5/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^2} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+a}ab - 4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+a}a^2 + 3\sqrt{a}\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+a} - \sqrt{a}\right)b^2x - 3\sqrt{a}\log\left(\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b+a} + \sqrt{a}\right)}{4a^3x}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `(6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a*b - 4*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) - sqrt(a))*b**2*x - 3*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) + sqrt(a))*b**2*x)/(4*a**3*x)`

### 3.134 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1129
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1129
Rubi [A] (verified)	1130
Maple [A] (verified)	1133
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1134
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1134
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1135
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1135
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1136
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1136

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax^2} + \frac{7b\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{12a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{35b^2\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{48a^3x} + \frac{35b^3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{32a^4\sqrt{x}} - \frac{35b^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{32a^{9/2}}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/x^2+7/12*b*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^2/x^(3/2)-35/4
8*b^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^3/x+35/32*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^4/x^(1/2)-
35/32*b^4*arctanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^3} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}(-48a^3 + 56a^2b\sqrt{x} - 70ab^2x + 105b^3x^{3/2})}{96a^4x^2} - \frac{35b^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{32a^{9/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*x^3),x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[a + b\text{Sqrt}[x]]*(-48*a^3 + 56*a^2*b\text{Sqrt}[x] - 70*a*b^2*x + 105*b^3*x^{3/2}))/ (96*a^4*x^2) - (35*b^4*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b\text{Sqrt}[x]]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(32*a^{9/2})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$ , Rules used = {798, 52, 52, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^{5/2}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{7b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^2} d\sqrt{x}}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{4ax^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & 2 \left( -\frac{7b \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{4ax^2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \frac{7b \left( -\frac{5b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x} d\sqrt{x}}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4ax^2} \right)$$

↓ 52

$$2 \left( \frac{7b \left( -\frac{5b \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4ax^2} \right)$$

↓ 73

$$2 \left( \frac{7b \left( -\frac{5b \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{x}{b} - \frac{a}{b}}{a} d\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right)}{8a} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4ax^2} \right)$$

↓ 221



$$\left( \frac{2}{8a} \left( \frac{7b}{6a} \left( \frac{5b}{4a} \left( \frac{3b}{a^{3/2}} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{a\sqrt{x}}}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{2ax} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{3ax^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{4ax^2} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]*x^3),x]`

output `2*(-1/4*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/(a*x^2) - (7*b*(-1/3*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/(a*x^(3/2)) - (5*b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/(a*x) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/(a*Sqrt[x])) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[a]]/a^(3/2))))/(4*a))/(6*a)))/(8*a))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$4b^4 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{8a b^4 x^2} - \frac{7 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{6a b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{24a b^2 x} + \frac{5 \left( -\frac{3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{8ab\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{6a} \right)}{a} \right)}{8a} \right)$	124
default	$4b^4 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{8a b^4 x^2} - \frac{7 \left( -\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{6a b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{5\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{24a b^2 x} + \frac{5 \left( -\frac{3\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{8ab\sqrt{x}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{6a} \right)}{a} \right)}{8a} \right)$	124

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
4*b^4*(-1/8*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/b^4/x^2-7/8/a*(-1/6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/
a/b^3/x^(3/2)+5/6/a*(1/4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a/b^2/x+3/4/a*(-1/2*(a+b*x^(1
/2))^(1/2)/a/b/x^(1/2)+1/2/a^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/a^(1/2))))
)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 208, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{105\sqrt{ab^4x^2} \log\left(\frac{bx-2\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}\sqrt{a\sqrt{x}+2a\sqrt{x}}}{x}\right) - 2(70a^2b^2x + 48a^4 - 7(15ab^3x + 8a^3b)\sqrt{x})\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{192a^5x^2}, \dots \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/192*(105*sqrt(a)*b^4*x^2*log((b*x - 2*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)
+ 2*a*sqrt(x))/x) - 2*(70*a^2*b^2*x + 48*a^4 - 7*(15*a*b^3*x + 8*a^3*b)
*sqrt(x))*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a))/(a^5*x^2), 1/96*(105*sqrt(-a)*b^4*x^2*arcta
n((sqrt(-a)*b*sqrt(x) - sqrt(-a)*a)*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)/(b^2*x - a^2)) - (
70*a^2*b^2*x + 48*a^4 - 7*(15*a*b^3*x + 8*a^3*b)*sqrt(x))*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) +
a))/(a^5*x^2)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 42.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+b\sqrt{x}}x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{bx^{\frac{9}{4}}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{12ax^{\frac{7}{4}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} - \frac{7b^{\frac{3}{2}}}{48a^2x^{\frac{5}{4}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}}$$

$$+ \frac{35b^{\frac{5}{2}}}{96a^3x^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} + \frac{35b^{\frac{7}{2}}}{32a^4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{a}{b\sqrt{x}}+1}} - \frac{35b^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt[4]{x}}\right)}{32a^{\frac{9}{2}}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**3,x)
```

output

```
-1/(2*sqrt(b)*x**(9/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) + sqrt(b)/(12*a*x**(7/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) - 7*b**(3/2)/(48*a**2*x**(5/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) + 35*b**(5/2)/(96*a**3*x**(3/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) + 35*b**(7/2)/(32*a**4*x**(1/4)*sqrt(a/(b*sqrt(x)) + 1)) - 35*b**4*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(1/4)))/(32*a**(9/2))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}x^3} dx = \frac{35 b^4 \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64 a^{\frac{9}{2}}} + \frac{105 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^4 - 385 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a b^4 + 511 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b^4 - 279 \sqrt{b\sqrt{x} + a} a^3 b^4}{96 \left( (b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 a^4 - 4 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 a^5 + 6 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 a^6 - 4 (b\sqrt{x} + a) a^7 + a^8 \right)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
35/64*b^4*log((sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a) + sqrt(a)))/a^(9/2) + 1/96*(105*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(7/2)*b^4 - 385*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(5/2)*a*b^4 + 511*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(3/2)*a^2*b^4 - 279*sqrt(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^3*b^4)/((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*a^4 - 4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*a^5 + 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*a^6 - 4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*a^7 + a^8)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}x^3} dx = \frac{105 b^5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}a^4} + \frac{105 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{7}{2}} b^5 - 385 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{5}{2}} a b^5 + 511 (b\sqrt{x}+a)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 b^5 - 279 \sqrt{b\sqrt{x}+a} a^3 b^5}{a^4 b^4 x^2}$$

$96 b$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{96} \cdot (105 \cdot b^5 \cdot \arctan(\sqrt{b \sqrt{x} + a}) / \sqrt{-a}) / (\sqrt{-a} \cdot a^4) + (105 \cdot (b \sqrt{x} + a)^{7/2} \cdot b^5 - 385 \cdot (b \sqrt{x} + a)^{5/2} \cdot a \cdot b^5 + 511 \cdot (b \sqrt{x} + a)^{3/2} \cdot a^2 \cdot b^5 - 279 \cdot \sqrt{b \sqrt{x} + a} \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5) / (a^4 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^2) / b$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^3} dx = \frac{511 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{3/2}}{96 a^2 x^2} - \frac{93 \sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{32 a x^2} - \frac{385 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{5/2}}{96 a^3 x^2} + \frac{35 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{7/2}}{32 a^4 x^2} + \frac{b^4 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) 35i}{32 a^{9/2}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(1/(x^3 \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{1/2})^{1/2}), x)$$

output

$$(b^4 \cdot \operatorname{atan}(((a + b \cdot x^{1/2})^{1/2}) \cdot i) / a^{1/2}) \cdot 35i) / (32 \cdot a^{9/2}) - (93 \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{1/2})^{1/2}) / (32 \cdot a \cdot x^2) + (511 \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{1/2})^{3/2}) / (96 \cdot a^2 \cdot x^2) - (385 \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{1/2})^{5/2}) / (96 \cdot a^3 \cdot x^2) + (35 \cdot (a + b \cdot x^{1/2})^{7/2}) / (32 \cdot a^4 \cdot x^2)$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + b\sqrt{x}} x^3} dx = \frac{112\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} a^3 b + 210\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} a b^3 x - 96\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} a^4 - 140\sqrt{\sqrt{x}b + a} a^2 b^2 x + 105\sqrt{a} b^5}{192a^5 x^2}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}(1/(a + b \cdot x^{1/2})^{1/2} / x^3, x)$$

output

```
(112*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**3*b + 210*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*  
a*b**3*x - 96*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**4 - 140*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a)*a**2*b**2  
*x + 105*sqrt(a)*log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) - sqrt(a))*b**4*x**2 - 105*sqrt(a)  
)*log(sqrt(sqrt(x)*b + a) + sqrt(a))*b**4*x**2)/(192*a**5*x**2)
```

### 3.135 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx$

Optimal result	1138
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1138
Rubi [A] (verified)	1139
Maple [F]	1140
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1140
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1141
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1142
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1142
Mupad [F(-1)]	1143
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1143

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{2a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+n}}{b^3(1+n)} - \frac{4a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{2+n}}{b^3(2+n)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3+n}}{b^3(3+n)}$$

output

```
2*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1+n)/b^3/(1+n)-4*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(2+n)/b^3/(2+n)+2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3+n)/b^3/(3+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+n} (2a^2 - 2ab(1+n)\sqrt{x} + b^2(2 + 3n + n^2)x)}{b^3(1+n)(2+n)(3+n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^n*Sqrt[x], x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + n)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + n)*Sqrt[x] + b^2*(2 + 3*n + n^2)*x))/(b^3*(1 + n)*(2 + n)*(3 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{x}(a + b\sqrt{x})^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n x d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^n}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{n+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{n+2}}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{n+1}}{b^3(n+1)} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{n+2}}{b^3(n+2)} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{n+3}}{b^3(n+3)} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^n*Sqrt[x],x]`

output `2*((a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + n))/(b^3*(1 + n)) - (2*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(2 + n))/(b^3*(2 + n)) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^(3 + n)/(b^3*(3 + n)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`



rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^n*x^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^n*x^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(2a^3 + (ab^2n^2 + ab^2n)x - (2a^2bn - (b^3n^2 + 3b^3n + 2b^3)x)\sqrt{x})(b\sqrt{x} + a)^n}{b^3n^3 + 6b^3n^2 + 11b^3n + 6b^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^n*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(2*a^3 + (a*b^2*n^2 + a*b^2*n)*x - (2*a^2*b*n - (b^3*n^2 + 3*b^3*n + 2*b  
^3)*x)*sqrt(x))*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n/(b^3*n^3 + 6*b^3*n^2 + 11*b^3*n + 6*b^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2628 vs.  $2(65) = 130$ .

Time = 2.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2628, normalized size of antiderivative = 35.51

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**n*x**(1/2), x)`

output

```
4*a**3*a**(n + 3)*x**(9/2)*(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)**(n + 3)/(a**3*b**3*n**3*x**
(9/2) + 6*a**3*b**3*n**2*x**(9/2) + 11*a**3*b**3*n*x**(9/2) + 6*a**3*b**3*x
**(9/2) + 3*a**2*b**4*n**3*x**5 + 18*a**2*b**4*n**2*x**5 + 33*a**2*b**4*n
x**5 + 18*a**2*b**4*x**5 + 3*a*b**5*n**3*x**(11/2) + 18*a*b**5*n**2*x**(11
/2) + 33*a*b**5*n*x**(11/2) + 18*a*b**5*x**(11/2) + b**6*n**3*x**6 + 6*b**
6*n**2*x**6 + 11*b**6*n*x**6 + 6*b**6*x**6) - 4*a**3*a**(n + 3)*x**(9/2)/(
a**3*b**3*n**3*x**(9/2) + 6*a**3*b**3*n**2*x**(9/2) + 11*a**3*b**3*n*x**(9
/2) + 6*a**3*b**3*x**(9/2) + 3*a**2*b**4*n**3*x**5 + 18*a**2*b**4*n**2*x**
5 + 33*a**2*b**4*n*x**5 + 18*a**2*b**4*x**5 + 3*a*b**5*n**3*x**(11/2) + 18
*a*b**5*n**2*x**(11/2) + 33*a*b**5*n*x**(11/2) + 18*a*b**5*x**(11/2) + b**
6*n**3*x**6 + 6*b**6*n**2*x**6 + 11*b**6*n*x**6 + 6*b**6*x**6) - 4*a**2*a*
*(n + 3)*b*n*x**5*(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)**(n + 3)/(a**3*b**3*n**3*x**(9/2) + 6*
a**3*b**3*n**2*x**(9/2) + 11*a**3*b**3*n*x**(9/2) + 6*a**3*b**3*x**(9/2) +
3*a**2*b**4*n**3*x**5 + 18*a**2*b**4*n**2*x**5 + 33*a**2*b**4*n*x**5 + 18
*a**2*b**4*x**5 + 3*a*b**5*n**3*x**(11/2) + 18*a*b**5*n**2*x**(11/2) + 33*
a*b**5*n*x**(11/2) + 18*a*b**5*x**(11/2) + b**6*n**3*x**6 + 6*b**6*n**2*x*
*6 + 11*b**6*n*x**6 + 6*b**6*x**6) - 12*a**2*a**(n + 3)*b*x**5/(a**3*b**3*
n**3*x**(9/2) + 6*a**3*b**3*n**2*x**(9/2) + 11*a**3*b**3*n*x**(9/2) + 6*a*
*3*b**3*x**(9/2) + 3*a**2*b**4*n**3*x**5 + 18*a**2*b**4*n**2*x**5 + 33*a**
2*b**4*n*x**5 + 18*a**2*b**4*x**5 + 3*a*b**5*n**3*x**(11/2) + 18*a*b**5...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (n^2 + 3n + 2)b^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}} + (n^2 + n)ab^2 x - 2a^2bn\sqrt{x} + 2a^3 \right) (b\sqrt{x} + a)^n}{(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)b^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^n*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*((n^2 + 3*n + 2)*b^3*x^(3/2) + (n^2 + n)*a*b^2*x - 2*a^2*b*n*sqrt(x) + 2*a^3)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n/((n^3 + 6*n^2 + 11*n + 6)*b^3)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^n n^2 - 2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^n a n^2 + (b\sqrt{x} + a) (b\sqrt{x} + a)^n a^2 n^2 + 3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^n a n - 2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^n a^2 n + (b\sqrt{x} + a) (b\sqrt{x} + a)^n a^3 n \right)}{(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)b^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^n*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*((b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n*n^2 - 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n*a*n^2 + (b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n*a^2*n^2 + 3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n*n - 8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n*a*n + 5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n*a^2*n + 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n - 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n*a + 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n*a^2)/((b^2*n^3 + 6*b^2*n^2 + 11*b^2*n + 6*b^2)*b)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx = \int \sqrt{x} (a + b\sqrt{x})^n dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x^(1/2))^n,x)`output `int(x^(1/2)*(a + b*x^(1/2))^n, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^n \sqrt{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{2(\sqrt{x}b + a)^n (-2\sqrt{x}a^2bn + \sqrt{x}b^3n^2x + 3\sqrt{x}b^3nx + 2\sqrt{x}b^3x + 2a^3 + ab^2n^2x + ab^2nx)}{b^3(n^3 + 6n^2 + 11n + 6)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^n*x^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**n*( - 2*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*n + sqrt(x)*b**3*n**2*x + 3*sqrt(x)*b**3*n*x + 2*sqrt(x)*b**3*x + 2*a**3 + a*b**2*n**2*x + a*b**2*n*x))/(b**3*(n**3 + 6*n**2 + 11*n + 6))`

$$3.136 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1144
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1144
Rubi [A] (verified)	1145
Maple [A] (verified)	1145
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1146
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1146
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1147
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1147
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1148
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1148

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{1+n}}{b(1+n)}$$

output `2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1+n)/b/(1+n)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{1+n}}{b(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^n/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + n))/(b*(1 + n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{n+1}}{b(n+1)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^n/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + n))/(b*(1 + n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{1+n}}{b(1+n)}$	22
default	$\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{1+n}}{b(1+n)}$	22

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^n/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(1+n)/b/(1+n)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)(b\sqrt{x} + a)^n}{bn + b}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^n/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^n/(b*n + b)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \begin{cases} \infty\sqrt{x} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = -1 \\ 2 \cdot 0^n \sqrt{x} & \text{for } a = -b\sqrt{x} \\ 2a^n \sqrt{x} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt{x}\right)}{b} & \text{for } n = -1 \\ \frac{2a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^n}{abn+ab+b^2n\sqrt{x}+b^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{4ab\sqrt{x}(a+b\sqrt{x})^n}{abn+ab+b^2n\sqrt{x}+b^2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{2b^2x(a+b\sqrt{x})^n}{abn+ab+b^2n\sqrt{x}+b^2\sqrt{x}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**n/x**(1/2),x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*sqrt(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, -1)), (2*0**n*sqrt(x),
Eq(a, -b*sqrt(x))), (2*a**n*sqrt(x), Eq(b, 0)), (2*log(a/b + sqrt(x))/b,
Eq(n, -1)), (2*a**2*(a + b*sqrt(x))**n/(a*b*n + a*b + b**2*n*sqrt(x) + b**
2*sqrt(x)) + 4*a*b*sqrt(x)*(a + b*sqrt(x))**n/(a*b*n + a*b + b**2*n*sqrt(x)
) + b**2*sqrt(x)) + 2*b**2*x*(a + b*sqrt(x))**n/(a*b*n + a*b + b**2*n*sqrt
(x) + b**2*sqrt(x)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{n+1}}{b(n+1)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^n/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(n + 1)/(b*(n + 1))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(b\sqrt{x} + a)^{n+1}}{b(n+1)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^n/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^(n + 1)/(b*(n + 1))
```



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{n+1}}{b(n+1)}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^n/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^(n + 1))/(b*(n + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^n}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{x}b + a)^n (\sqrt{x}b + a)}{b(n+1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^n/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**n*(sqrt(x)*b + a))/(b*(n + 1))`

$$3.137 \quad \int \frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1149
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1149
Rubi [A] (verified)	1150
Maple [A] (verified)	1151
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1151
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1151
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1152
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1152
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1152
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1153

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 9

$$\int \frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = (1+\sqrt{x})^2$$

output `(1+x^(1/2))^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} + x$$

input `Integrate[(1 + Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `2*Sqrt[x] + x`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x} + 1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$x + 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `Int[(1 + Sqrt[x])/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `2*Sqrt[x] + x`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$x + 2\sqrt{x}$	8
default	$x + 2\sqrt{x}$	8
trager	$-1 + x + 2\sqrt{x}$	9
orering	$\sqrt{x}(1 + \sqrt{x}) - 2x^2\left(\frac{1}{2x} - \frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)$	32

input `int((1+x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x+2*x^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = x + 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `x + 2*sqrt(x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} + x$$

input `integrate((1+x**(1/2))/x**(1/2),x)`

output `2*sqrt(x) + x`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = (\sqrt{x} + 1)^2$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(sqrt(x) + 1)^2`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = x + 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x + 2*sqrt(x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = x + 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `int((x^(1/2) + 1)/x^(1/2),x)`

output `x + 2*x^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1 + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} + x$$

input `int((1+x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x)`

output `2*sqrt(x) + x`

$$3.138 \quad \int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1154
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1154
Rubi [A] (verified)	1155
Maple [A] (verified)	1156
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1156
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1157
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1157
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1157
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1158
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1158

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{3}(1 + \sqrt{x})^3$$

output `2/3*(1+x^(1/2))^3`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} + 2x + \frac{2x^{3/2}}{3}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + Sqrt[x])^2/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `2*Sqrt[x] + 2*x + (2*x^(3/2))/3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(\sqrt{x} + 1)^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{2}{3}(\sqrt{x} + 1)^3$$

input `Int[(1 + Sqrt[x])^2/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(2*(1 + Sqrt[x])^3)/3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2(1+\sqrt{x})^3}{3}$	10
default	$\frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2x + 2\sqrt{x}$	15
trager	$-2 + 2x + \left(2 + \frac{2x}{3}\right)\sqrt{x}$	15
orering	$\frac{(1+x)(1+\sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2(x^2+3)x\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{x} - \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^2}{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{3(-1+x)}$	51

input `int((1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/3*(1+x^(1/2))^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{3}(x + 3)\sqrt{x} + 2x$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(x + 3)*sqrt(x) + 2*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2\sqrt{x} + 2x$$

input `integrate((1+x**(1/2))**2/x**(1/2),x)`output `2*x**(3/2)/3 + 2*sqrt(x) + 2*x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{3} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^3$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(sqrt(x) + 1)^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2}{3} x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2x + 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*x^(3/2) + 2*x + 2*sqrt(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}(x + 3\sqrt{x} + 3)}{3}$$

input `int((x^(1/2) + 1)^2/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*x^(1/2)*(x + 3*x^(1/2) + 3))/3`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}x}{3} + 2\sqrt{x} + 2x$$

input `int((1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*(sqrt(x)*x + 3*sqrt(x) + 3*x))/3`

$$3.139 \quad \int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1159
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1159
Rubi [A] (verified)	1160
Maple [A] (verified)	1161
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1161
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1162
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1162
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1162
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1163
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1163

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{x})^4$$

output `1/2*(1+x^(1/2))^4`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}(4+6\sqrt{x}+4x+x^{3/2})$$

input `Integrate[(1 + Sqrt[x])^3/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(Sqrt[x]*(4 + 6*Sqrt[x] + 4*x + x^(3/2)))/2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(\sqrt{x} + 1)^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{x} + 1)^4$$

input `Int[(1 + Sqrt[x])^3/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(1 + Sqrt[x])^4/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^4}{2}$	10
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(7+x)}{2} + (2+2x)\sqrt{x}$	19
default	$\frac{x^2}{2} + 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3x + 2\sqrt{x}$	20
orering	$\frac{\sqrt{x}(5x^2-9x+6)(1+\sqrt{x})^3}{6(-1+x)^2} - \frac{x^2(x^2-3x+6)\left(\frac{3(1+\sqrt{x})^2}{2x} - \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^3}{2x^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{3(-1+x)^2}$	72

input `int((1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*(1+x^(1/2))^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{(1+\sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2(x+1)\sqrt{x} + 3x$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*x^2 + 2*(x + 1)*sqrt(x) + 3*x`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 20 vs.  $2(8) = 16$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2\sqrt{x} + \frac{x^2}{2} + 3x$$

input `integrate((1+x**(1/2))**3/x**(1/2),x)`

output `2*x**(3/2) + 2*sqrt(x) + x**2/2 + 3*x`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^4$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(sqrt(x) + 1)^4`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19 vs.  $2(9) = 18$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 + 2x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3x + 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*x^2 + 2*x^(3/2) + 3*x + 2*sqrt(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 3x + \frac{x^2}{2} + 2\sqrt{x} + 2x^{3/2}$$

input `int((x^(1/2) + 1)^3/x^(1/2),x)`

output `3*x + x^2/2 + 2*x^(1/2) + 2*x^(3/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(1 + \sqrt{x})^3}{\sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{x}x + 2\sqrt{x} + \frac{x^2}{2} + 3x$$

input `int((1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(4*sqrt(x)*x + 4*sqrt(x) + x**2 + 6*x)/2`



### 3.140 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1164
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1164
Rubi [A] (verified)	1165
Maple [A] (verified)	1166
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1166
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1167
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1167
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1167
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1168
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1168

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx = -2\sqrt{x} + x + 2 \log(1 + \sqrt{x})$$

output `-2*x^(1/2)+x+2*ln(1+x^(1/2))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx = -2\sqrt{x} + x + 2 \log(1 + \sqrt{x})$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]/(1 + Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `-2*Sqrt[x] + x + 2*Log[1 + Sqrt[x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x+1}} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 2 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 2 \int \left( \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}} - 1 \right) d\sqrt{x} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 2 \left( \frac{x}{2} - \sqrt{x} + \log(\sqrt{x+1}) \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]/(1 + Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `2*(-Sqrt[x] + x/2 + Log[1 + Sqrt[x]])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-2\sqrt{x} + x + 2 \ln(1 + \sqrt{x})$	16
default	$-2\sqrt{x} + x + 2 \ln(1 + \sqrt{x})$	16
trager	$x - 2 - 2\sqrt{x} + \ln(2\sqrt{x} + x + 1)$	18
meijerg	$-\frac{\sqrt{x}(-3\sqrt{x}+6)}{3} + 2 \ln(1 + \sqrt{x})$	22

input `int(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*x^(1/2)+x+2*ln(1+x^(1/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = x - 2\sqrt{x} + 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `x - 2*sqrt(x) + 2*log(sqrt(x) + 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = -2\sqrt{x} + x + 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)/(1+x**(1/2)),x)`output `-2*sqrt(x) + x + 2*log(sqrt(x) + 1)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = (\sqrt{x} + 1)^2 - 4\sqrt{x} + 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1) - 4$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(sqrt(x) + 1)^2 - 4*sqrt(x) + 2*log(sqrt(x) + 1) - 4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = x - 2\sqrt{x} + 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `x - 2*sqrt(x) + 2*log(sqrt(x) + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = x + 2 \ln(\sqrt{x} + 1) - 2\sqrt{x}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)/(x^(1/2) + 1),x)`

output `x + 2*log(x^(1/2) + 1) - 2*x^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = -2\sqrt{x} + 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1) + x$$

input `int(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2)),x)`

output `- 2*sqrt(x) + 2*log(sqrt(x) + 1) + x`

$$3.141 \quad \int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1169
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1169
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1170
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1170
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1171
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1171
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1172
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1172
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1172
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1173

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 10

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \log(1 + \sqrt{x})$$

output `2*ln(1+x^(1/2))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \log(1 + \sqrt{x})$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `2*Log[1 + Sqrt[x]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} + 1)\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 792

$$2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `Int[1/((1 + Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `2*Log[1 + Sqrt[x]]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$2 \ln(1 + \sqrt{x})$	9
default	$2 \ln(1 + \sqrt{x})$	9
meijerg	$2 \ln(1 + \sqrt{x})$	9
trager	$\ln(2\sqrt{x} + x + 1)$	10

input `int(1/x^(1/2)/(1+x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*ln(1+x^(1/2))`

### **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*log(sqrt(x) + 1)`

### **Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x**(1/2))/x**(1/2),x)`

output `2*log(sqrt(x) + 1)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*log(sqrt(x) + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*log(sqrt(x) + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \ln(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `int(1/(x^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)),x)`

output `2*log(x^(1/2) + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x}} dx = 2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `int(1/(1+x^(1/2))/x^(1/2),x)`

output `2*log(sqrt(x) + 1)`

$$3.142 \quad \int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1174
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1174
Rubi [A] (verified)	1175
Maple [A] (verified)	1176
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1176
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1176
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1177
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1177
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1177
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1178

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 11

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{x}}$$

output `-2/(1+x^(1/2))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2}{1 + \sqrt{x}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + Sqrt[x])^2*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `-2/(1 + Sqrt[x])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} + 1)^2 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x} + 1}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + Sqrt[x])^2*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `-2/(1 + Sqrt[x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{x}}$	10
default	$-\frac{2}{1+\sqrt{x}}$	10
meijerg	$\frac{2\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}}$	13
trager	$-\frac{2(x-2)}{-1+x} - \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{-1+x}$	22

input `int(1/(1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-2/(1+x^(1/2))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2(\sqrt{x} - 1)}{x - 1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-2*(sqrt(x) - 1)/(x - 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x} + 1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x**(1/2))**2/x**(1/2),x)`

output `-2/(sqrt(x) + 1)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x} + 1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/(sqrt(x) + 1)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x} + 1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2/(sqrt(x) + 1)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x} + 1}$$

input `int(1/(x^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^2),x)`

output  $-2/(x^{1/2} + 1)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^2 \sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} + 1}$$

input `int(1/(1+x^(1/2))^2/x^(1/2),x)`

output  $(2*\text{sqrt}(x))/(\text{sqrt}(x) + 1)$

$$3.143 \quad \int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1179
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1179
Rubi [A] (verified)	1180
Maple [A] (verified)	1180
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1181
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1181
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1182
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1182
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1182
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1183

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 11

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^2}$$

output `-1/(1+x^(1/2))^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + Sqrt[x])^3*Sqrt[x]), x]`

output `-(1 + Sqrt[x])^(-2)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} + 1)^3 \sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$-\frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} + 1)^2}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + Sqrt[x])^3*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `-(1 + Sqrt[x])^(-2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^2}$	10
default	$-\frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^2}$	10
meijerg	$\frac{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}+2)}{(1+\sqrt{x})^2}$	17
trager	$\frac{(x-2)(-1+3x)}{(-1+x)^2} + \frac{2\sqrt{x}}{(-1+x)^2}$	26

input `int(1/(1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/(1+x^(1/2))^2`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 20 vs.  $2(9) = 18$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{x-2\sqrt{x}+1}{x^2-2x+1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(x - 2*sqrt(x) + 1)/(x^2 - 2*x + 1)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+\sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}+x+1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x**(1/2))**3/x**(1/2),x)`

output `-1/(2*sqrt(x) + x + 1)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} + 1)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/(sqrt(x) + 1)^2`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} + 1)^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/(sqrt(x) + 1)^2`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} + 1)^2}$$

input `int(1/(x^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^3),x)`

output  $-1/(x^{1/2} + 1)^2$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^3 \sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x} + x + 1}$$

input `int(1/(1+x^(1/2))^3/x^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 1)/(2*sqrt(x) + x + 1)`

### 3.144 $\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx$

Optimal result	1184
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1184
Rubi [A] (verified)	1185
Maple [A] (verified)	1186
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1186
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1187
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1188
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1188
Mupad [F(-1)]	1189
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1189

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{4}{3}(1 + \sqrt{x})^{3/2} - \frac{8}{5}(1 + \sqrt{x})^{5/2} + \frac{4}{7}(1 + \sqrt{x})^{7/2}$$

output

```
4/3*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)-8/5*(1+x^(1/2))^(5/2)+4/7*(1+x^(1/2))^(7/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{4}{105} \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} (8 - 4\sqrt{x} + 3x + 15x^{3/2})$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x],x]
```

output

```
(4*Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*(8 - 4*Sqrt[x] + 3*x + 15*x^(3/2)))/105
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \sqrt{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} x d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 2 \int \left( (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{5/2} - 2(\sqrt{x} + 1)^{3/2} + \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{2}{7} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{7/2} - \frac{4}{5} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{5/2} + \frac{2}{3} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{3/2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]*Sqrt[x],x]`

output `2*((2*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/3 - (4*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(5/2))/5 + (2*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(7/2))/7)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{4(1+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{8(1+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4(1+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	29
default	$\frac{4(1+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} - \frac{8(1+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{4(1+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{7}{2}}}{7}$	29
meijerg	$-\frac{32\sqrt{\pi}}{105} - \frac{4\sqrt{\pi}(1+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}(15x-12\sqrt{x}+8)}{105\sqrt{\pi}}$	34

input `int((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/3*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)-8/5*(1+x^(1/2))^(5/2)+4/7*(1+x^(1/2))^(7/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{4}{105} ((15x - 4)\sqrt{x} + 3x + 8) \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4/105*((15*x - 4)*sqrt(x) + 3*x + 8)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 398 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 398, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.65

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{60x^{\frac{15}{2}} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} + \frac{200x^{\frac{13}{2}} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} + \frac{60x^{\frac{11}{2}} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} - \frac{96x^{\frac{11}{2}}}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} + \frac{32x^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} - \frac{32x^{\frac{9}{2}}}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} + \frac{192x^7 \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} + \frac{80x^6 \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} - \frac{32x^6}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} + \frac{80x^5 \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5} - \frac{96x^5}{315x^{\frac{11}{2}} + 105x^{\frac{9}{2}} + 105x^6 + 315x^5}$$

input `integrate((1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)*x**(1/2), x)`



output

```
60*x**(15/2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/(315*x**(11/2) + 105*x**(9/2) + 105*x**6 +
315*x**5) + 200*x**(13/2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/(315*x**(11/2) + 105*x**(9/2)
+ 105*x**6 + 315*x**5) + 60*x**(11/2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/(315*x**(11/2) + 1
05*x**(9/2) + 105*x**6 + 315*x**5) - 96*x**(11/2)/(315*x**(11/2) + 105*x**
(9/2) + 105*x**6 + 315*x**5) + 32*x**(9/2)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/(315*x**(11/2
) + 105*x**(9/2) + 105*x**6 + 315*x**5) - 32*x**(9/2)/(315*x**(11/2) + 105
*x**(9/2) + 105*x**6 + 315*x**5) + 192*x**7*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/(315*x**(11/
2) + 105*x**(9/2) + 105*x**6 + 315*x**5) + 80*x**6*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/(315*
x**(11/2) + 105*x**(9/2) + 105*x**6 + 315*x**5) - 32*x**6/(315*x**(11/2) +
105*x**(9/2) + 105*x**6 + 315*x**5) + 80*x**5*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/(315*x**(
11/2) + 105*x**(9/2) + 105*x**6 + 315*x**5) - 96*x**5/(315*x**(11/2) + 105
*x**(9/2) + 105*x**6 + 315*x**5)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{4}{7} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{8}{5} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4}{3} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input

```
integrate((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
4/7*(sqrt(x) + 1)^(7/2) - 8/5*(sqrt(x) + 1)^(5/2) + 4/3*(sqrt(x) + 1)^(3/2
)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{4}{7} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{7}{2}} - \frac{8}{5} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{5}{2}} + \frac{4}{3} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input

```
integrate((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
4/7*(sqrt(x) + 1)^(7/2) - 8/5*(sqrt(x) + 1)^(5/2) + 4/3*(sqrt(x) + 1)^(3/2
)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \int \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^(1/2)*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} (15\sqrt{x} x - 4\sqrt{x} + 3x + 8)}{105}$$

input `int((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2), x)`output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*(15*sqrt(x)*x - 4*sqrt(x) + 3*x + 8))/105`

### 3.145 $\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1190
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1190
Rubi [A] (verified)	1191
Maple [A] (verified)	1191
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1192
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1192
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1193
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1193
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1193
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1194

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4}{3}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}$$

output `4/3*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4}{3}(1+\sqrt{x})^{3/2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[x], x]`

output `(4*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/3`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{4}{3}(\sqrt{x} + 1)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[1 + Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[x],x]`

output `(4*(1 + Sqrt[x])^(3/2))/3`

#### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{4(1+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	10
default	$\frac{4(1+\sqrt{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$	10
meijerg	$-\frac{4\sqrt{\pi} - 2\sqrt{\pi}(2+2\sqrt{x})\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{3\sqrt{\pi}}$	31

input `int((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `4/3*(1+x^(1/2))^(3/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4}{3} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `4/3*(sqrt(x) + 1)^(3/2)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{3} + \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}}{3}$$

input `integrate((1+x**(1/2))**(1/2)/x**(1/2),x)`

output `4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/3 + 4*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)/3`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4}{3} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `4/3*(sqrt(x) + 1)^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4}{3} (\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `4/3*(sqrt(x) + 1)^(3/2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4(\sqrt{x} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}$$

input `int((x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x)`output `(4*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(3/2))/3`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{\sqrt{x}+1}(\sqrt{x}+1)}{3}$$

input `int((1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)/x^(1/2),x)`

output `(4*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)*(sqrt(x) + 1))/3`

### 3.146 $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1195
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1195
Rubi [A] (verified)	1196
Maple [A] (verified)	1198
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1199
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1199
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1200
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1200
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1201
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1201

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx = -3\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{6x^{5/6}}{5} - 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 3\log(1+\sqrt[6]{x}) + \log(1+\sqrt{x})$$

output

$-3*x^{(1/3)}+6/5*x^{(5/6)}-2*3^{(1/2)}*\arctan(1/3*(1-2*x^{(1/6)})/3^{(1/2)})-3*\ln(1+x^{(1/6)})+\ln(1+x^{(1/2)})$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} dx = -3\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{6x^{5/6}}{5} - 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 2\log(1+\sqrt[6]{x}) + \log(1-\sqrt[6]{x}+\sqrt[3]{x})$$

input

`Integrate[x^(1/3)/(1 + Sqrt[x]),x]`



output

$$-3x^{1/3} + (6x^{5/6})/5 - 2\sqrt{3}\operatorname{ArcTan}[(1 - 2x^{1/6})/\sqrt{3}] - 2\operatorname{Log}[1 + x^{1/6}] + \operatorname{Log}[1 - x^{1/6} + x^{1/3}]$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.467$ , Rules used = {864, 60, 60, 68, 16, 1083, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{x}+1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 864 \\ & 2 \int \frac{x^{5/6}}{\sqrt{x}+1} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{3x^{5/6}}{5} - \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{x}+1} d\sqrt{x} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & 2 \left( \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x}+1)\sqrt[6]{x}} d\sqrt{x} + \frac{3x^{5/6}}{5} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x}}{2} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 68 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[6]{x}+1} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt[6]{x}+1} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{3x^{5/6}}{5} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log(\sqrt{x}+1) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 16 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x-\sqrt[6]{x}+1} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{3x^{5/6}}{5} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x}}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \log(\sqrt[6]{x}+1) + \frac{1}{2} \log(\sqrt{x}+1) \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 1083 \\ & 2 \left( -3 \int \frac{1}{-x-3} d(2\sqrt[6]{x}-1) + \frac{3x^{5/6}}{5} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x}}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \log(\sqrt[6]{x}+1) + \frac{1}{2} \log(\sqrt{x}+1) \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$2 \left( \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2\sqrt[6]{x}-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{3x^{5/6}}{5} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x}}{2} - \frac{3}{2} \log(\sqrt[6]{x}+1) + \frac{1}{2} \log(\sqrt{x}+1) \right)$$

input `Int[x^(1/3)/(1 + Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `2*((-3*x^(1/3))/2 + (3*x^(5/6))/5 + Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[3]] - (3*Log[1 + x^(1/6)]))/2 + Log[1 + Sqrt[x]]/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 68 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(1/3)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-(b*c - a*d)/b, 3]}, Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/(2*b*q), x] + (Simp[3/(2*b) Subst[Int[1/(q^2 - q*x + x^2), x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/3)], x] - Simp[3/(2*b*q) Subst[Int[1/(q + x), x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/3)], x]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NegQ[(b*c - a*d)/b]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{6x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{5} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2 \ln\left(1 + x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right) + \ln\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1\right) + 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^{\frac{1}{6}} - 1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$	49
default	$\frac{6x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{5} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2 \ln\left(1 + x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right) + \ln\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1\right) + 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^{\frac{1}{6}} - 1)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)$	49
meijerg	$-\frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}(-8\sqrt{x}+20)}{20} + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( -\frac{\ln(1+x^{\frac{1}{6}})}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{\ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}}-x^{\frac{1}{6}}+1)}{2x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{2-x^{\frac{1}{6}}}\right)}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right)$	72

input `int(x^(1/3)/(1+x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `6/5*x^(5/6)-3*x^(1/3)-2*ln(1+x^(1/6))+ln(x^(1/3)-x^(1/6)+1)+2*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(2*x^(1/6)-1)*3^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2}{3}\sqrt{3}x^{\frac{1}{6}} - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\right) + \frac{6}{5}x^{\frac{5}{6}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1\right) - 2\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/3)/(1+x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(3)*arctan(2/3*sqrt(3)*x^(1/6) - 1/3*sqrt(3)) + 6/5*x^(5/6) - 3*x^(1/3) + log(x^(1/3) - x^(1/6) + 1) - 2*log(x^(1/6) + 1)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{16x^{\frac{5}{6}}\Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)}{5\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)} - \frac{8\sqrt[3]{x}\Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)} - \frac{16e^{-\frac{2i\pi}{3}} \log\left(-\sqrt[6]{x}e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}} + 1\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)}{3\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)} - \frac{16\log\left(-\sqrt[6]{x}e^{i\pi} + 1\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)}{3\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)} - \frac{16e^{\frac{2i\pi}{3}} \log\left(-\sqrt[6]{x}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{3}} + 1\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right)}{3\Gamma\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/3)/(1+x**(1/2)),x)`

output `16*x**(5/6)*gamma(8/3)/(5*gamma(11/3)) - 8*x**(1/3)*gamma(8/3)/gamma(11/3) - 16*exp(-2*I*pi/3)*log(-x**(1/6)*exp_polar(I*pi/3) + 1)*gamma(8/3)/(3*gamma(11/3)) - 16*log(-x**(1/6)*exp_polar(I*pi) + 1)*gamma(8/3)/(3*gamma(11/3)) - 16*exp(2*I*pi/3)*log(-x**(1/6)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3) + 1)*gamma(8/3)/(3*gamma(11/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x^{\frac{1}{6}} - 1)\right) + \frac{6}{5}x^{\frac{5}{6}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1\right) - 2\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/3)/(1+x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^(1/6) - 1)) + 6/5*x^(5/6) - 3*x^(1/3) + log(x^(1/3) - x^(1/6) + 1) - 2*log(x^(1/6) + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x^{\frac{1}{6}} - 1)\right) + \frac{6}{5}x^{\frac{5}{6}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1\right) - 2\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/3)/(1+x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^(1/6) - 1)) + 6/5*x^(5/6) - 3*x^(1/3) + log(x^(1/3) - x^(1/6) + 1) - 2*log(x^(1/6) + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{6x^{5/6}}{5} - \ln \left( 9 \left( -1 + \sqrt{3} \operatorname{li} \right)^2 + 36x^{1/6} \right) \left( -1 + \sqrt{3} \operatorname{li} \right) \\ + \ln \left( 9 \left( 1 + \sqrt{3} \operatorname{li} \right)^2 + 36x^{1/6} \right) \left( 1 + \sqrt{3} \operatorname{li} \right) - 3x^{1/3} - 2 \ln (36x^{1/6} + 36)$$

input `int(x^(1/3)/(x^(1/2) + 1),x)`output `log(9*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1)^2 + 36*x^(1/6))*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1) - log(9*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1)^2 + 36*x^(1/6))*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1) - 2*log(36*x^(1/6) + 36) - 3*x^(1/3) + (6*x^(5/6))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt{x}} dx = 2\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{2x^{1/6} - 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{6x^{5/6}}{5} - 3x^{1/3} - 2 \log \left( x^{1/6} + 1 \right) + \log \left( -x^{1/6} + x^{1/3} + 1 \right)$$

input `int(x^(1/3)/(1+x^(1/2)),x)`output `(10*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x**(1/6) - 1)/sqrt(3)) + 6*x**(5/6) - 15*x**(1/3) - 10*log(x**(1/6) + 1) + 5*log(-x**(1/6) + x**(1/3) + 1))/5`

### 3.147 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx$

Optimal result	1202
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1202
Rubi [A] (verified)	1203
Maple [B] (verified)	1204
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1204
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1205
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1206
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1206
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1207
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1207

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx = \frac{a^4 x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{8a^3 b x^{\frac{3}{2}+m}}{3+2m} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 x^{2+m}}{2+m} + \frac{8ab^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}+m}}{5+2m} + \frac{b^4 x^{3+m}}{3+m}$$

output

```
a^4*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+8*a^3*b*x^(3/2+m)/(3+2*m)+6*a^2*b^2*x^(2+m)/(2+m)+8*a*b^3*x^(5/2+m)/(5+2*m)+b^4*x^(3+m)/(3+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx = x^{1+m} \left( \frac{a^4}{1+m} + \frac{8a^3 b \sqrt{x}}{3+2m} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 x}{2+m} + \frac{8ab^3 x^{3/2}}{5+2m} + \frac{b^4 x^2}{3+m} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4*x^m,x]
```

output

```
x^(1+m)*(a^4/(1+m) + (8*a^3*b*Sqrt[x])/(3+2*m) + (6*a^2*b^2*x)/(2+m) + (8*a*b^3*x^(3/2))/(5+2*m) + (b^4*x^2)/(3+m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( a^4 x^m + 4a^3 b x^{m+\frac{1}{2}} + 6a^2 b^2 x^{m+1} + 4ab^3 x^{m+\frac{3}{2}} + b^4 x^{m+2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^4 x^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{8a^3 b x^{m+\frac{3}{2}}}{2m+3} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 x^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{8ab^3 x^{m+\frac{5}{2}}}{2m+5} + \frac{b^4 x^{m+3}}{m+3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4*x^m,x]`

output `(a^4*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (8*a^3*b*x^(3/2 + m))/(3 + 2*m) + (6*a^2*b^2*x^(2 + m))/(2 + m) + (8*a*b^3*x^(5/2 + m))/(5 + 2*m) + (b^4*x^(3 + m))/(3 + m)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 505 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 506, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.82

method	result
orering	$\frac{(-8b^6m^4x^3+24a^2b^4m^4x^2-54b^6m^3x^3-24a^4b^2m^4x+174a^2b^4m^3x^2-133b^6m^2x^3+8a^6m^4-186a^4b^2m^3x+435a^2b^4m^2x^2-141x^3b^6)}{(2m^2+5m+3)(2m^2+9m+10)(3+m)(-b^2x+a^2)^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^4x^m-2(-2b^6m^3x^3+6a^2b^4m^3x^2-9b^6m^2x^3-6a^4b^2m^3x+33a^2b^4m^2x^2-13b^6m^3x^3+2a^6m^3-39a^4b^2m^2x+51a^2b^4m^2x-6b^6x^3+15a^6m^2-75a^4b^2m^2x+24a^2b^4x^2+37a^6m-36a^4b^2x+30a^6)/(2m^2+5m+3)/(2m^2+9m+10)/(3+m)/(-b^2x+a^2)^3x^2(2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3x^m*b/x^{1/2}+(a+b\sqrt{x})^4x^m/x)}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^4*x^m,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(-8*b^6*m^4*x^3+24*a^2*b^4*m^4*x^2-54*b^6*m^3*x^3-24*a^4*b^2*m^4*x+174*a^2*b^4*m^3*x^2-133*b^6*m^2*x^3+8*a^6*m^4-186*a^4*b^2*m^3*x+435*a^2*b^4*m^2*x^2-141*b^6*m*x^3+66*a^6*m^3-495*a^4*b^2*m^2*x+453*a^2*b^4*m*x^2-54*b^6*x^3+193*a^6*m^2-519*a^4*b^2*m*x+168*a^2*b^4*x^2+231*a^6*m-180*a^4*b^2*x+90*a^6)*x/(2*m^2+5*m+3)/(2*m^2+9*m+10)/(3+m)/(-b^2*x+a^2)^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^4*x^m-2*(-2*b^6*m^3*x^3+6*a^2*b^4*m^3*x^2-9*b^6*m^2*x^3-6*a^4*b^2*m^3*x+33*a^2*b^4*m^2*x^2-13*b^6*m*x^3+2*a^6*m^3-39*a^4*b^2*m^2*x+51*a^2*b^4*m*x^2-6*b^6*x^3+15*a^6*m^2-75*a^4*b^2*m*x+24*a^2*b^4*x^2+37*a^6*m-36*a^4*b^2*x+30*a^6)/(2*m^2+5*m+3)/(2*m^2+9*m+10)/(3+m)/(-b^2*x+a^2)^3*x^2*(2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^m*b/x^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/2))^4*x^m/x)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.99

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx = \frac{((4b^4m^4 + 28b^4m^3 + 71b^4m^2 + 77b^4m + 30b^4)x^3 + 6(4a^2b^2m^4 + 32a^2b^2m^3 + 91a^2b^2m^2 + 108a^2b^2m$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^4*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
((4*b^4*m^4 + 28*b^4*m^3 + 71*b^4*m^2 + 77*b^4*m + 30*b^4)*x^3 + 6*(4*a^2*b^2*m^4 + 32*a^2*b^2*m^3 + 91*a^2*b^2*m^2 + 108*a^2*b^2*m + 45*a^2*b^2)*x^2 + (4*a^4*m^4 + 36*a^4*m^3 + 119*a^4*m^2 + 171*a^4*m + 90*a^4)*x + 8*((2*a*b^3*m^4 + 15*a*b^3*m^3 + 40*a*b^3*m^2 + 45*a*b^3*m + 18*a*b^3)*x^2 + (2*a^3*b*m^4 + 17*a^3*b*m^3 + 52*a^3*b*m^2 + 67*a^3*b*m + 30*a^3*b)*x)*sqrt(x)))*x^m/(4*m^5 + 40*m^4 + 155*m^3 + 290*m^2 + 261*m + 90)
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx = a^4 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 8a^3b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^m}{2m+3} & \text{for } m \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}}x^m \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 6a^2b^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2x^m}{m+2} & \text{for } m \neq -2 \\ x^2x^m \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 8ab^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}}x^m}{2m+5} & \text{for } m \neq -\frac{5}{2} \\ x^{\frac{5}{2}}x^m \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + b^4 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^3x^m}{m+3} & \text{for } m \neq -3 \\ x^3x^m \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**4*x**m,x)
```

output

```
a**4*Piecewise((x**(m + 1)/(m + 1), Ne(m, -1)), (log(x), True)) + 8*a**3*b*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**m/(2*m + 3), Ne(m, -3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**m*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 6*a**2*b**2*Piecewise((x**2*x**m/(m + 2), Ne(m, -2)), (x**2*x**m*log(x), True)) + 8*a*b**3*Piecewise((x**(5/2)*x**m/(2*m + 5), Ne(m, -5/2)), (x**(5/2)*x**m*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + b**4*Piecewise((x**3*x**m/(m + 3), Ne(m, -3)), (x**3*x**m*log(x), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx = \frac{b^4 x^{m+3}}{m+3} + \frac{8ab^3 x^{m+\frac{5}{2}}}{2m+5} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 x^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{8a^3 b x^{m+\frac{3}{2}}}{2m+3} + \frac{a^4 x^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^4*x^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^4*x^(m+3)/(m+3) + 8*a*b^3*x^(m+5/2)/(2*m+5) + 6*a^2*b^2*x^(m+2)/(m+2) + 8*a^3*b*x^(m+3/2)/(2*m+3) + a^4*x^(m+1)/(m+1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx = \frac{b^4 x^3 \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{m+3} + \frac{8ab^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{2m+5} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 x^2 \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{m+2} + \frac{8a^3 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{2m+3} + \frac{a^4 x \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^4*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^4*x^3*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(m+3) + 8*a*b^3*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(2*m+5) + 6*a^2*b^2*x^2*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(m+2) + 8*a^3*b*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(2*m+3) + a^4*x*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(m+1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 292, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.36

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx = \frac{b^4 x^m x^3 (4m^4 + 28m^3 + 71m^2 + 77m + 30)}{4m^5 + 40m^4 + 155m^3 + 290m^2 + 261m + 90} + \frac{a^4 x x^m (4m^4 + 36m^3 + 119m^2 + 171m + 90)}{4m^5 + 40m^4 + 155m^3 + 290m^2 + 261m + 90} + \frac{8ab^3 x^m x^{5/2} (2m^4 + 15m^3 + 40m^2 + 45m + 18)}{4m^5 + 40m^4 + 155m^3 + 290m^2 + 261m + 90} + \frac{8a^3 b x^m x^{3/2} (2m^4 + 17m^3 + 52m^2 + 67m + 30)}{4m^5 + 40m^4 + 155m^3 + 290m^2 + 261m + 90} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 x^m x^2 (4m^4 + 32m^3 + 91m^2 + 108m + 45)}{4m^5 + 40m^4 + 155m^3 + 290m^2 + 261m + 90}$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(1/2))^4,x)`

output

```
(b^4*x^m*x^3*(77*m + 71*m^2 + 28*m^3 + 4*m^4 + 30))/(261*m + 290*m^2 + 155*m^3 + 40*m^4 + 4*m^5 + 90) + (a^4*x*x^m*(171*m + 119*m^2 + 36*m^3 + 4*m^4 + 90))/(261*m + 290*m^2 + 155*m^3 + 40*m^4 + 4*m^5 + 90) + (8*a*b^3*x^m*x^(5/2)*(45*m + 40*m^2 + 15*m^3 + 2*m^4 + 18))/(261*m + 290*m^2 + 155*m^3 + 40*m^4 + 4*m^5 + 90) + (8*a^3*b*x^m*x^(3/2)*(67*m + 52*m^2 + 17*m^3 + 2*m^4 + 30))/(261*m + 290*m^2 + 155*m^3 + 40*m^4 + 4*m^5 + 90) + (6*a^2*b^2*x^m*x^2*(108*m + 91*m^2 + 32*m^3 + 4*m^4 + 45))/(261*m + 290*m^2 + 155*m^3 + 40*m^4 + 4*m^5 + 90)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^4 x^m dx = \frac{x^m x (16\sqrt{x} a^3 b m^4 + 136\sqrt{x} a^3 b m^3 + 416\sqrt{x} a^3 b m^2 + 536\sqrt{x} a^3 b m + 4b^4 m^4 x^2 + 28b^4 m^3 x^2 + 71b^4 m^2 x^2)}{4m^5 + 40m^4 + 155m^3 + 290m^2 + 261m + 90}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^4*x^m,x)`

output

```
(x**m*x*(16*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*m**4 + 136*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*m**3 + 416*sqrt(x)*a*
*3*b*m**2 + 536*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*m + 240*sqrt(x)*a**3*b + 16*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*
m**4*x + 120*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*m**3*x + 320*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*m**2*x + 360*sqrt(
x)*a*b**3*m*x + 144*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*x + 4*a**4*m**4 + 36*a**4*m**3 + 119*a*
*4*m**2 + 171*a**4*m + 90*a**4 + 24*a**2*b**2*m**4*x + 192*a**2*b**2*m**3*
x + 546*a**2*b**2*m**2*x + 648*a**2*b**2*m*x + 270*a**2*b**2*x + 4*b**4*m*
*4*x**2 + 28*b**4*m**3*x**2 + 71*b**4*m**2*x**2 + 77*b**4*m*x**2 + 30*b**4
*x**2))/(4*m**5 + 40*m**4 + 155*m**3 + 290*m**2 + 261*m + 90)
```

### 3.148 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1209
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1209
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1210
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1211
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1211
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1212
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1212
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1213
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1213
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1214

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx = \frac{a^3 x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{3}{2}+m}}{3+2m} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2+m}}{2+m} + \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}+m}}{5+2m}$$

output

```
a^3*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+6*a^2*b*x^(3/2+m)/(3+2*m)+3*a*b^2*x^(2+m)/(2+m)+2*b^3*x^(5/2+m)/(5+2*m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx = x^{1+m} \left( \frac{a^3}{1+m} + \frac{6a^2 b \sqrt{x}}{3+2m} + \frac{3ab^2 x}{2+m} + \frac{2b^3 x^{3/2}}{5+2m} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^m,x]
```

output

```
x^(1+m)*(a^3/(1+m) + (6*a^2*b*Sqrt[x])/(3+2*m) + (3*a*b^2*x)/(2+m) + (2*b^3*x^(3/2))/(5+2*m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( a^3 x^m + 3a^2 b x^{m+\frac{1}{2}} + 3ab^2 x^{m+1} + b^3 x^{m+\frac{3}{2}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3 x^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{m+\frac{3}{2}}}{2m+3} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{2b^3 x^{m+\frac{5}{2}}}{2m+5}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3*x^m,x]`

output `(a^3*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (6*a^2*b*x^(3/2 + m))/(3 + 2*m) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2 + m))/(2 + m) + (2*b^3*x^(5/2 + m))/(5 + 2*m)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 317 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.54

method	result
orering	$\frac{(8b^4m^3x^2 - 16a^2b^2m^3x + 34b^4m^2x^2 + 8a^4m^3 - 76a^2b^2m^2x + 47b^4mx^2 + 42a^4m^2 - 106a^2b^2mx + 21b^4x^2 + 67a^4m - 45a^2b^2x + 30a^4)x}{(2m^2 + 5m + 3)(2m^2 + 9m + 10)(-b^2x + a^2)^2}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^m,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{(8b^4m^3x^2 - 16a^2b^2m^3x + 34b^4m^2x^2 + 8a^4m^3 - 76a^2b^2m^2x + 47b^4mx^2 + 42a^4m^2 - 106a^2b^2mx + 21b^4x^2 + 67a^4m - 45a^2b^2x + 30a^4)x}{(2m^2 + 5m + 3)(2m^2 + 9m + 10)(-b^2x + a^2)^2} \cdot (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m - 2 \cdot \frac{(2b^4m^2x^2 - 4a^2b^2m^2x + 5b^4mx^2 + 2a^4m^2 - 14a^2b^2mx + 3b^4x^2 + 9a^4m - 9a^2b^2x + 10a^4)}{(2m^2 + 5m + 3)(2m^2 + 9m + 10)(-b^2x + a^2)^2} \cdot x^2 \cdot \frac{3}{2} \cdot (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 \cdot x^m \cdot \frac{b}{\sqrt{x}} + (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 \cdot x^m / x$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx = \frac{(3(4ab^2m^3 + 20ab^2m^2 + 31ab^2m + 15ab^2)x^2 + (4a^3m^3 + 24a^3m^2 + 47a^3m + 30a^3)x + 2((2b^3m^3 + 4m^4 + 28m^3 + 71m^2 + 77m + 30)))}{(4m^4 + 28m^3 + 71m^2 + 77m + 30)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$(3(4a^3b^2m^3 + 20a^3b^2m^2 + 31a^3b^2m + 15a^3b^2)x^2 + (4a^3m^3 + 24a^3m^2 + 47a^3m + 30a^3)x + 2((2b^3m^3 + 9b^3m^2 + 13b^3m + 6b^3)x^2 + 3(2a^2b^3m^3 + 11a^2b^3m^2 + 19a^2b^3m + 10a^2b^3)x)) \cdot \text{sqrt}(x) \cdot x^m / (4m^4 + 28m^3 + 71m^2 + 77m + 30)$$



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx = a^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 6a^2b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m}{2m+3} & \text{for } m \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 3ab^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 x^m}{m+2} & \text{for } m \neq -2 \\ x^2 x^m \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 2b^3 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}} x^m}{2m+5} & \text{for } m \neq -\frac{5}{2} \\ x^{\frac{5}{2}} x^m \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**3*x**m,x)`output `a**3*Piecewise((x**(m + 1)/(m + 1), Ne(m, -1)), (log(x), True)) + 6*a**2*b*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**m/(2*m + 3), Ne(m, -3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**m*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + 3*a*b**2*Piecewise((x**2*x**m/(m + 2), Ne(m, -2)), (x**2*x**m*log(x), True)) + 2*b**3*Piecewise((x**(5/2)*x**m/(2*m + 5), Ne(m, -5/2)), (x**(5/2)*x**m*log(sqrt(x)), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx = \frac{2b^3 x^{m+\frac{5}{2}}}{2m+5} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{m+\frac{3}{2}}}{2m+3} + \frac{a^3 x^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*b^3*x^(m + 5/2)/(2*m + 5) + 3*a*b^2*x^(m + 2)/(m + 2) + 6*a^2*b*x^(m + 3/2)/(2*m + 3) + a^3*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx = \frac{2b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{2m+5} + \frac{3ab^2 x^2 \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{m+2} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{2m+3} + \frac{a^3 x \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*b^3*x^(5/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(2*m + 5) + 3*a*b^2*x^2*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(m + 2) + 6*a^2*b*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(2*m + 3) + a^3*x*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(m + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.63

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx = x^m \left( \frac{a^3 x (4m^3 + 24m^2 + 47m + 30)}{4m^4 + 28m^3 + 71m^2 + 77m + 30} + \frac{2b^3 x^{5/2} (2m^3 + 9m^2 + 13m + 6)}{4m^4 + 28m^3 + 71m^2 + 77m + 30} + \frac{6a^2 b x^{3/2} (2m^3 + 11m^2 + 19m + 10)}{4m^4 + 28m^3 + 71m^2 + 77m + 30} + \frac{3a b^2 x^2 (4m^3 + 20m^2 + 31m + 15)}{4m^4 + 28m^3 + 71m^2 + 77m + 30} \right)$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(1/2))^3,x)`

output `x^m*((a^3*x*(47*m + 24*m^2 + 4*m^3 + 30))/(77*m + 71*m^2 + 28*m^3 + 4*m^4 + 30) + (2*b^3*x^(5/2)*(13*m + 9*m^2 + 2*m^3 + 6))/(77*m + 71*m^2 + 28*m^3 + 4*m^4 + 30) + (6*a^2*b*x^(3/2)*(19*m + 11*m^2 + 2*m^3 + 10))/(77*m + 71*m^2 + 28*m^3 + 4*m^4 + 30) + (3*a*b^2*x^2*(31*m + 20*m^2 + 4*m^3 + 15))/(77*m + 71*m^2 + 28*m^3 + 4*m^4 + 30))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^3 x^m dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m x (12\sqrt{x} a^2 b m^3 + 66\sqrt{x} a^2 b m^2 + 114\sqrt{x} a^2 b m + 60\sqrt{x} a^2 b + 4\sqrt{x} b^3 m^3 x + 18\sqrt{x} b^3 m^2 x + 26\sqrt{x} b^3 m x + 12\sqrt{x} b^3 m + 4a^3 m^3 + 24a^3 m^2 + 47a^3 m + 30a^3 + 12ab^2 m^3 x + 60ab^2 m^2 x + 93ab^2 m x + 45ab^2 x)}{4m^4 + 28m^3 + 71m^2 + 77m + 30}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))^3*x^m,x)
```

output

```
(x**m*x*(12*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*m**3 + 66*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*m**2 + 114*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*m + 60*sqrt(x)*a**2*b + 4*sqrt(x)*b**3*m**3*x + 18*sqrt(x)*b**3*m**2*x + 26*sqrt(x)*b**3*m*x + 12*sqrt(x)*b**3*m + 4*a**3*m**3 + 24*a**3*m**2 + 47*a**3*m + 30*a**3 + 12*a*b**2*m**3*x + 60*a*b**2*m**2*x + 93*a*b**2*m*x + 45*a*b**2*x))/(4*m**4 + 28*m**3 + 71*m**2 + 77*m + 30)
```

### 3.149 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx$

Optimal result	1215
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1215
Rubi [A] (verified)	1216
Maple [B] (verified)	1217
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1217
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1218
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1218
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1219
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1219
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1219

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx = \frac{a^2 x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}+m}}{3+2m} + \frac{b^2 x^{2+m}}{2+m}$$

output `a^2*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+4*a*b*x^(3/2+m)/(3+2*m)+b^2*x^(2+m)/(2+m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx = x^{1+m} \left( \frac{a^2}{1+m} + \frac{4ab\sqrt{x}}{3+2m} + \frac{b^2 x}{2+m} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^m,x]`

output `x^(1+m)*(a^2/(1+m) + (4*a*b*Sqrt[x])/(3+2*m) + (b^2*x)/(2+m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^2 x^m + 2abx^{m+\frac{1}{2}} + b^2 x^{m+1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 x^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{4abx^{m+\frac{3}{2}}}{2m+3} + \frac{b^2 x^{m+2}}{m+2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2*x^m,x]`

output `(a^2*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (4*a*b*x^(3/2 + m))/(3 + 2*m) + (b^2*x^(2 + m))/(2 + m)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 177 vs.  $2(45) = 90$ .

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.79

method	result
orering	$\frac{(-4b^2m^2x+4a^2m^2-9b^2mx+11a^2m-5b^2x+6a^2)x(a+b\sqrt{x})^2x^m}{(2m^2+5m+3)(2+m)(-b^2x+a^2)} - \frac{2(-b^2mx+a^2m-b^2x+2a^2)x^2\left(\frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^mb}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2x^m}{x}\right)}{(2m^2+5m+3)(2+m)(-b^2x+a^2)}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^m,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{(-4*b^2*m^2*x+4*a^2*m^2-9*b^2*m*x+11*a^2*m-5*b^2*x+6*a^2)*x/(2*m^2+5*m+3)/(2+m)/(-b^2*x+a^2)*(a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^m-2*(-b^2*m*x+a^2*m-b^2*x+2*a^2)/(2*m^2+5*m+3)/(2+m)/(-b^2*x+a^2)*x^2*((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^m*b/x^(1/2)+(a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^m*m/x)}{(2m^2+5m+3)(2+m)(-b^2x+a^2)}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx = \frac{\left((2b^2m^2 + 5b^2m + 3b^2)x^2 + 4(abm^2 + 3abm + 2ab)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + (2a^2m^2 + 7a^2m + 6a^2)x\right)x^m}{2m^3 + 9m^2 + 13m + 6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\left((2*b^2*m^2 + 5*b^2*m + 3*b^2)*x^2 + 4*(a*b*m^2 + 3*a*b*m + 2*a*b)*x^(3/2) + (2*a^2*m^2 + 7*a^2*m + 6*a^2)*x\right)*x^m/(2*m^3 + 9*m^2 + 13*m + 6)$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx = a^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + 4ab \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m}{2m+3} & \text{for } m \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ + b^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 x^m}{m+2} & \text{for } m \neq -2 \\ x^2 x^m \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**2*x**m,x)`output `a**2*Piecewise((x**(m + 1)/(m + 1), Ne(m, -1)), (log(x), True)) + 4*a*b*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**m/(2*m + 3), Ne(m, -3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**m*log(sqrt(x)), True)) + b**2*Piecewise((x**2*x**m/(m + 2), Ne(m, -2)), (x**2*x**m*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx = \frac{b^2 x^{m+2}}{m+2} + \frac{4abx^{m+\frac{3}{2}}}{2m+3} + \frac{a^2 x^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^2*x^(m + 2)/(m + 2) + 4*a*b*x^(m + 3/2)/(2*m + 3) + a^2*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx = \frac{b^2 x^2 \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{m+2} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{2m+3} + \frac{a^2 x \sqrt{x}^{2m}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^2*x^2*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(m + 2) + 4*a*b*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(2*m + 3) + a^2*x*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(m + 1)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx = x^m \left( \frac{b^2 x^2 (2m^2 + 5m + 3)}{2m^3 + 9m^2 + 13m + 6} + \frac{a^2 x (2m^2 + 7m + 6)}{2m^3 + 9m^2 + 13m + 6} + \frac{4abx^{3/2} (m^2 + 3m + 2)}{2m^3 + 9m^2 + 13m + 6} \right)$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `x^m*((b^2*x^2*(5*m + 2*m^2 + 3))/(13*m + 9*m^2 + 2*m^3 + 6) + (a^2*x*(7*m + 2*m^2 + 6))/(13*m + 9*m^2 + 2*m^3 + 6) + (4*a*b*x^(3/2)*(3*m + m^2 + 2))/(13*m + 9*m^2 + 2*m^3 + 6))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^2 x^m dx = \frac{x^m x (4\sqrt{x} ab m^2 + 12\sqrt{x} ab m + 8\sqrt{x} ab + 2a^2 m^2 + 7a^2 m + 6a^2 + 2b^2 m^2 x + 5b^2 m x + 3b^2 x)}{2m^3 + 9m^2 + 13m + 6}$$



input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^2*x^m,x)`

output `(x**m*x*(4*sqrt(x)*a*b*m**2 + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b*m + 8*sqrt(x)*a*b + 2*a**2*m*  
*2 + 7*a**2*m + 6*a**2 + 2*b**2*m**2*x + 5*b**2*m*x + 3*b**2*x))/(2*m**3 +  
9*m**2 + 13*m + 6)`

### 3.150 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx$

Optimal result	1221
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1221
Rubi [A] (verified)	1222
Maple [B] (verified)	1223
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1223
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1223
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1224
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1224
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1225
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1225

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx = \frac{ax^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}+m}}{3+2m}$$

output

```
a*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+2*b*x^(3/2+m)/(3+2*m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx = \frac{ax^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}+m}}{3+2m}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^m,x]
```

output

```
(a*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (2*b*x^(3/2 + m))/(3 + 2*m)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + b\sqrt{x}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^m + bx^{m+\frac{1}{2}}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{2bx^{m+\frac{3}{2}}}{2m+3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])*x^m,x]`

output `(a*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (2*b*x^(3/2 + m))/(3 + 2*m)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs.  $2(28) = 56$ .

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

method	result	size
orering	$\frac{x(4m+3)(a+b\sqrt{x})x^m}{2m^2+5m+3} - \frac{2x^2\left(\frac{bx^m}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})x^m}{x}\right)}{2m^2+5m+3}$	73

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^m,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $x*(4*m+3)/(2*m^2+5*m+3)*(a+b*x^(1/2))*x^m-2/(2*m^2+5*m+3)*x^2*(1/2*b/x^(1/2))*x^m+(a+b*x^(1/2))*x^m*x/x$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx = \frac{(2(bm + b)x^{\frac{3}{2}} + (2am + 3a)x)x^m}{2m^2 + 5m + 3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(2*(b*m + b)*x^(3/2) + (2*a*m + 3*a)*x)*x^m/(2*m^2 + 5*m + 3)$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx = a \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{m+1}}{m+1} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + 2b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m}{2m+3} & \text{for } m \neq -\frac{3}{2} \\ x^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m \log(\sqrt{x}) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))*x**m,x)`

output `a*Piecewise((x**(m + 1)/(m + 1), Ne(m, -1)), (log(x), True)) + 2*b*Piecewise((x**(3/2)*x**m/(2*m + 3), Ne(m, -3/2)), (x**(3/2)*x**m*log(sqrt(x)), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx = \frac{2bx^{m+\frac{3}{2}}}{2m+3} + \frac{ax^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*b*x^(m + 3/2)/(2*m + 3) + a*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx = \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x}^{2m}}{2m+3} + \frac{ax\sqrt{x}^{2m}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*b*x^(3/2)*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(2*m + 3) + a*x*sqrt(x)^(2*m)/(m + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx = \frac{x^{m+1} (3a + 2am + 2b\sqrt{x} + 2bm\sqrt{x})}{2m^2 + 5m + 3}$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(x^(m + 1)*(3*a + 2*a*m + 2*b*x^(1/2) + 2*b*m*x^(1/2)))/(5*m + 2*m^2 + 3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x}) x^m dx = \frac{x^m x (2\sqrt{x} b m + 2\sqrt{x} b + 2am + 3a)}{2m^2 + 5m + 3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))*x^m,x)`

output `(x**m*x*(2*sqrt(x)*b*m + 2*sqrt(x)*b + 2*a*m + 3*a))/(2*m**2 + 5*m + 3)`

### 3.151 $\int \frac{x^m}{a+b\sqrt{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1226
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1226
Rubi [A] (verified)	1227
Maple [F]	1228
Fricas [F]	1228
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1228
Maxima [F]	1229
Giac [F]	1229
Mupad [F(-1)]	1229
Reduce [F]	1230

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2(1+m), 3+2m, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)}$$

output `x^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 2+2*m], [3+2*m], -b*x^(1/2)/a)/a/(1+m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2+2m, 3+2m, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a + am}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(a + b*Sqrt[x]), x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2 + 2*m, 3 + 2*m, -(b*Sqrt[x])/a])/(a + a*m)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {864, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$$

↓ 864

$$2 \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)}}{a + b\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

↓ 74

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 2(m+1), 2m+3, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2*(1 + m), 3 + 2*m, -(b*Sqrt[x])/a])/(a*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{b\sqrt{x} + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt(x)*x^m - a*x^m)/(b^2*x - a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{4mx^{m+1}\Phi\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2m+2\right)\Gamma(2m+2)}{a\Gamma(2m+3)} + \frac{4x^{m+1}\Phi\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2m+2\right)\Gamma(2m+2)}{a\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(1/2)),x)`

output `4*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*sqrt(x)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*m + 2)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a*gamma(2*m + 3)) + 4*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*sqrt(x)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*m + 2)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a*gamma(2*m + 3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{b\sqrt{x} + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*sqrt(x) + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{b\sqrt{x} + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*sqrt(x) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + b\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{m+\frac{1}{2}}bm - 2x^m am - x^m a - 2\left(\int \frac{x^{m+\frac{1}{2}}}{-b^2x^2+a^2x} dx\right) a^2b m^2 - \left(\int \frac{x^{m+\frac{1}{2}}}{-b^2x^2+a^2x} dx\right) a^2bm + 2\left(\int \frac{x^m}{-b^2x^2+a^2x} dx\right) a^3}{b^2m(2m+1)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2)),x)`

output `(2*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*b*m - 2*x**m*a*m - x**m*a - 2*int(x**((2*m + 1)/2)/(a**2*x - b**2*x**2),x)*a**2*b*m**2 - int(x**((2*m + 1)/2)/(a**2*x - b**2*x**2),x)*a**2*b*m + 2*int(x**m/(a**2*x - b**2*x**2),x)*a**3*m**2 + int(x**m/(a**2*x - b**2*x**2),x)*a**3*m)/(b**2*m*(2*m + 1))`

### 3.152 $\int \frac{x^m}{(a+b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$

Optimal result	1231
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1231
Rubi [A] (verified)	1232
Maple [F]	1233
Fricas [F]	1233
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1234
Maxima [F]	1235
Giac [F]	1235
Mupad [F(-1)]	1236
Reduce [F]	1236

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 2(1+m), 3+2m, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a^2(1+m)}$$

output

```
x^(1+m)*hypergeom([2, 2+2*m], [3+2*m], -b*x^(1/2)/a)/a^2/(1+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 2(1+m), 1+2(1+m), -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a^2(1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2,x]
```

output

```
(x^(1+m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 2*(1+m), 1+2*(1+m), -(b*Sqrt[x])/a])/a^2*(1+m)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {864, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 864$$

$$2 \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)}}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 2(m+1), 2m+3, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a^2(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2,x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 2*(1 + m), 3 + 2*m, -(b*Sqrt[x])/a])/(a^2*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 74 `Int[((b._)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d._)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0]))`

rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b._)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-(2*a*b*sqrt(x))*x^m - (b^2*x + a^2)*x^m)/(b^4*x^2 - 2*a^2*b^2*x + a^4), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.92

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = -\frac{8am^2x^{m+1}\Phi\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2m+2\right)\Gamma(2m+2)}{a^3\Gamma(2m+3) + a^2b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

$$-\frac{12amx^{m+1}\Phi\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2m+2\right)\Gamma(2m+2)}{a^3\Gamma(2m+3) + a^2b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

$$+\frac{4amx^{m+1}\Gamma(2m+2)}{a^3\Gamma(2m+3) + a^2b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

$$-\frac{4ax^{m+1}\Phi\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2m+2\right)\Gamma(2m+2)}{a^3\Gamma(2m+3) + a^2b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

$$+\frac{4ax^{m+1}\Gamma(2m+2)}{a^3\Gamma(2m+3) + a^2b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

$$-\frac{8bm^2\sqrt{x}x^{m+1}\Phi\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2m+2\right)\Gamma(2m+2)}{a^3\Gamma(2m+3) + a^2b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

$$-\frac{12bm\sqrt{x}x^{m+1}\Phi\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2m+2\right)\Gamma(2m+2)}{a^3\Gamma(2m+3) + a^2b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

$$-\frac{4b\sqrt{x}x^{m+1}\Phi\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2m+2\right)\Gamma(2m+2)}{a^3\Gamma(2m+3) + a^2b\sqrt{x}\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(1/2))**2,x)`

output

```
-8*a**m**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*sqrt(x)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*m + 2)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(2*m + 3) + a**2*b*sqrt(x)*gamma(2*m + 3)) - 12*a*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*sqrt(x)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*m + 2)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(2*m + 3) + a**2*b*sqrt(x)*gamma(2*m + 3)) + 4*a*x**(m + 1)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(2*m + 3) + a**2*b*sqrt(x)*gamma(2*m + 3)) - 4*a*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*sqrt(x)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*m + 2)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(2*m + 3) + a**2*b*sqrt(x)*gamma(2*m + 3)) + 4*a*x**(m + 1)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(2*m + 3) + a**2*b*sqrt(x)*gamma(2*m + 3)) - 8*b*m**2*sqrt(x)*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*sqrt(x)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*m + 2)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(2*m + 3) + a**2*b*sqrt(x)*gamma(2*m + 3)) - 12*b*m*sqrt(x)*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*sqrt(x)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*m + 2)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(2*m + 3) + a**2*b*sqrt(x)*gamma(2*m + 3)) - 4*b*sqrt(x)*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*sqrt(x)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*m + 2)*gamma(2*m + 2)/(a**3*gamma(2*m + 3) + a**2*b*sqrt(x)*gamma(2*m + 3))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(2*m + 1)*integrate(x^m/(a*b*sqrt(x) + a^2), x) + 2*x*x^m/(a*b*sqrt(x) + a^2)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^m/(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2, x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(1/2))^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b\sqrt{x})^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(1/2))^2,x)`

output

```
( - 4*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*a**2*b*m + x**((2*m + 1)/2)*a**2*b - 2*x**((2*m + 1)
)/2)*b**3*m**2*x + 3*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*b**3*m*x - x**((2*m + 1)/2)*b**3*x -
8*sqrt(x)*int(x**((2*m + 1)/2)/(2*a**4*m*x - a**4*x - 4*a**2*b**2*m*x**2
+ 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**4*m*x**3 - b**4*x**3),x)*a**5*b**2*m**4 + 8*sqrt
(x)*int(x**((2*m + 1)/2)/(2*a**4*m*x - a**4*x - 4*a**2*b**2*m*x**2 + 2*a**
2*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**4*m*x**3 - b**4*x**3),x)*a**5*b**2*m**3 + 2*sqrt(x)*int
(x**((2*m + 1)/2)/(2*a**4*m*x - a**4*x - 4*a**2*b**2*m*x**2 + 2*a**2*b**2*
x**2 + 2*b**4*m*x**3 - b**4*x**3),x)*a**5*b**2*m**2 - 2*sqrt(x)*int(x**((2
*m + 1)/2)/(2*a**4*m*x - a**4*x - 4*a**2*b**2*m*x**2 + 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 +
2*b**4*m*x**3 - b**4*x**3),x)*a**5*b**2*m + 8*sqrt(x)*int(x**((2*m + 1)/2)
/(2*a**4*m*x - a**4*x - 4*a**2*b**2*m*x**2 + 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**4*m*x
**3 - b**4*x**3),x)*a**3*b**4*m**4*x - 8*sqrt(x)*int(x**((2*m + 1)/2)/(2*a
**4*m*x - a**4*x - 4*a**2*b**2*m*x**2 + 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**4*m*x**3 -
b**4*x**3),x)*a**3*b**4*m**3*x - 2*sqrt(x)*int(x**((2*m + 1)/2)/(2*a**4*m
*x - a**4*x - 4*a**2*b**2*m*x**2 + 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**4*m*x**3 - b**4
*x**3),x)*a**3*b**4*m**2*x + 2*sqrt(x)*int(x**((2*m + 1)/2)/(2*a**4*m*x -
a**4*x - 4*a**2*b**2*m*x**2 + 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**4*m*x**3 - b**4*x**3
),x)*a**3*b**4*m*x + 4*sqrt(x)*int(x**m/(2*a**4*m**2*x - 3*a**4*m*x + a**4
*x - 4*a**2*b**2*m**2*x**2 + 6*a**2*b**2*m*x**2 - 2*a**2*b**2*x**2 + 2*b**
4*m**2*x**3 - 3*b**4*m*x**3 + b**4*x**3),x)*a**6*b*m**5 - 4*sqrt(x)*int...
```

### 3.153 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx$

Optimal result	1238
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1238
Rubi [A] (verified)	1239
Maple [F]	1240
Fricas [F(-2)]	1240
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1241
Maxima [F]	1241
Giac [F]	1242
Mupad [F(-1)]	1242
Reduce [F]	1242

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx$$

$$= -\frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p} x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 3 + 2m + p, 2 + p, \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a(1+p)}$$

output

```
-2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(p+1)*x^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, 3+2*m+p], [2+p], (a+b*x^(1/2))/a)/a/(p+1)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx$$

$$= \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)^{-p} x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2(1+m), -p, 1 + 2(1+m), -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{1+m}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p*x^m,x]
```

output  $((a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^{(1+m)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2*(1+m), -p, 1 + 2*(1+m), -((b\sqrt{x})/a)]) / ((1+m)*(1 + (b\sqrt{x})/a)^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {864, 76, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 864$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 76$$

$$2(a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{\sqrt{x}b}{a} + 1\right)^p x^{\frac{1}{2}(2m+1)} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} (a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2(m+1), -p, 2m+3, -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{m+1}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m, x]$

output  $((a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^{(1+m)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2*(1+m), -p, 3 + 2*m, -((b\sqrt{x})/a)]) / ((1+m)*(1 + (b\sqrt{x})/a)^p)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`
- rule 76 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[n]*((c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(1 + d*(x/c))^FracPart[n]) Int[(b*x)^m*(1 + d*(x/c))^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && !GtQ[c, 0] && !GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0] && ((RationalQ[m] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0])) || !RationalQ[n])`
- rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^m,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^m,x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: alg1  
ogextint: unimplemented

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 21.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx = \frac{2a^p x^{m+1} \Gamma(2m+2) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 2m+2 \\ 2m+3 \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{b\sqrt{x}e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\Gamma(2m+3)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**p*x**m,x)`

output `2*a**p*x**(m + 1)*gamma(2*m + 2)*hyper((-p, 2*m + 2), (2*m + 3,), b*sqrt(x)  
)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/gamma(2*m + 3)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx = \int (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*x^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx = \int (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*x^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx = \int x^m (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^m dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^m,x)`

output

```

(2*(2*x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*m*p + x**((2*m + 1)/2)*(sqrt
(x)*b + a)**p*a*b*p**2 - 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a**2*m*p - x**m*(sqrt(x)
)*b + a)**p*a**2*p + 4*x**m*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*m**2*x + 4*x**m*(sqrt(
x)*b + a)**p*b**2*m*p*x + 2*x**m*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*m*x + x**m*(sqrt(
x)*b + a)**p*b**2*p**2*x + x**m*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b**2*p*x + 16*int((x**m
*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p)/(8*a**2*m**3*x + 12*a**2*m**2*p*x + 12*a**2*m**2*x +
6*a**2*m*p**2*x + 12*a**2*m*p*x + 4*a**2*m*x + a**2*p**3*x + 3*a**2*p**2*x
+ 2*a**2*p*x - 8*b**2*m**3*x**2 - 12*b**2*m**2*p*x**2 - 12*b**2*m**2*x**2
- 6*b**2*m*p**2*x**2 - 12*b**2*m*p*x**2 - 4*b**2*m*x**2 - b**2*p**3*x**2
- 3*b**2*p**2*x**2 - 2*b**2*p*x**2),x)*a**4*m**5*p + 24*int((x**m*(sqrt(x)
)*b + a)**p)/(8*a**2*m**3*x + 12*a**2*m**2*p*x + 12*a**2*m**2*x + 6*a**2*m*
p**2*x + 12*a**2*m*p*x + 4*a**2*m*x + a**2*p**3*x + 3*a**2*p**2*x + 2*a**2
*p*x - 8*b**2*m**3*x**2 - 12*b**2*m**2*p*x**2 - 12*b**2*m**2*x**2 - 6*b**2
*m*p**2*x**2 - 12*b**2*m*p*x**2 - 4*b**2*m*x**2 - b**2*p**3*x**2 - 3*b**2*
p**2*x**2 - 2*b**2*p*x**2),x)*a**4*m**4*p**2 + 32*int((x**m*(sqrt(x)*b + a
)**p)/(8*a**2*m**3*x + 12*a**2*m**2*p*x + 12*a**2*m**2*x + 6*a**2*m*p**2*x
+ 12*a**2*m*p*x + 4*a**2*m*x + a**2*p**3*x + 3*a**2*p**2*x + 2*a**2*p*x -
8*b**2*m**3*x**2 - 12*b**2*m**2*p*x**2 - 12*b**2*m**2*x**2 - 6*b**2*m*p**
2*x**2 - 12*b**2*m*p*x**2 - 4*b**2*m*x**2 - b**2*p**3*x**2 - 3*b**2*p**2*x
**2 - 2*b**2*p*x**2),x)*a**4*m**4*p + 12*int((x**m*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p)/...

```



### 3.154 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx$

Optimal result	1244
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1245
Rubi [A] (verified)	1245
Maple [F]	1247
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1247
Sympy [F(-2)]	1248
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1248
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1249
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1250
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1251

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 204

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx = -\frac{2a^7(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p}}{b^8(1+p)} + \frac{14a^6(a + b\sqrt{x})^{2+p}}{b^8(2+p)} - \frac{42a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3+p}}{b^8(3+p)} + \frac{70a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{4+p}}{b^8(4+p)} - \frac{70a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5+p}}{b^8(5+p)} + \frac{42a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{6+p}}{b^8(6+p)} - \frac{14a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{7+p}}{b^8(7+p)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{8+p}}{b^8(8+p)}$$

output

```
-2*a^7*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^8/(p+1)+14*a^6*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^8/(2+p)-
42*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^8/(3+p)+70*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^8/(4+p)-
70*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5+p)/b^8/(5+p)+42*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(6+p)/b^8/(6+p)-
14*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(7+p)/b^8/(7+p)+2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(8+p)/b^8/(8+p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(-\frac{a^7}{1+p} + \frac{7a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})}{2+p} - \frac{21a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{3+p} + \frac{35a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{4+p} - \frac{35a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}{5+p} + \frac{21a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{6+p} - \frac{7a(a+b\sqrt{x})^6}{7+p} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^7}{8+p}\right)}{b^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p*x^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*(-(a^7/(1 + p)) + (7*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x]))/(2 + p) - (21*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^2)/(3 + p) + (35*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^3)/(4 + p) - (35*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^4)/(5 + p) + (21*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^5)/(6 + p) - (7*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^6)/(7 + p) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^7/(8 + p))*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + p))/b^8
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^{7/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^7 (a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{b^7} + \frac{7a^6 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+1}}{b^7} - \frac{21a^5 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+2}}{b^7} + \frac{35a^4 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+3}}{b^7} - \frac{35a^3 (a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+4}}{b^7} + \dots \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^7(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+1}}{b^8(p+1)} + \frac{7a^6(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+2}}{b^8(p+2)} - \frac{21a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+3}}{b^8(p+3)} + \frac{35a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+4}}{b^8(p+4)} - \frac{35a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+5}}{b^8(p+5)} + \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p*x^3,x]`

output `2*(-((a^7*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + p))/(b^8*(1 + p))) + (7*a^6*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(2 + p))/(b^8*(2 + p)) - (21*a^5*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(3 + p))/(b^8*(3 + p)) + (35*a^4*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(4 + p))/(b^8*(4 + p)) - (35*a^3*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(5 + p))/(b^8*(5 + p)) + (21*a^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(6 + p))/(b^8*(6 + p)) - (7*a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(7 + p))/(b^8*(7 + p)) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^(8 + p)/(b^8*(8 + p)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^3,x)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 458 vs.  $2(188) = 376$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 458, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.25

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx = \frac{2(5040a^8 - (b^8p^7 + 28b^8p^6 + 322b^8p^5 + 1960b^8p^4 + 6769b^8p^3 + 13132b^8p^2 + 13068b^8p + 5040b^8)x^4 + 7(a^2b^6p^6 + 15a^2b^6p^5 + 85a^2b^6p^4 + 225a^2b^6p^3 + 274a^2b^6p^2 + 120a^2b^6p)x^3 + 210(a^4b^4p^4 + 6a^4b^4p^3 + 11a^4b^4p^2 + 6a^4b^4p)x^2 + 2520(a^6b^2p^2 + a^6b^2p)x - (5040a^7b^7p + (a^7b^7p^7 + 21a^7b^7p^6 + 175a^7b^7p^5 + 735a^7b^7p^4 + 1624a^7b^7p^3 + 1764a^7b^7p^2 + 720a^7b^7p)x^3 + 42(a^3b^5p^5 + 10a^3b^5p^4 + 35a^3b^5p^3 + 50a^3b^5p^2 + 24a^3b^5p)x^2 + 840(a^5b^3p^3 + 3a^5b^3p^2 + 2a^5b^3p)x)\sqrt{x})(b\sqrt{x} + a)^p/(b^8p^8 + 36b^8p^7 + 546b^8p^6 + 4536b^8p^5 + 22449b^8p^4 + 67284b^8p^3 + 118124b^8p^2 + 109584b^8p + 40320b^8)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*(5040*a^8 - (b^8*p^7 + 28*b^8*p^6 + 322*b^8*p^5 + 1960*b^8*p^4 + 6769*b^8*p^3 + 13132*b^8*p^2 + 13068*b^8*p + 5040*b^8)*x^4 + 7*(a^2*b^6*p^6 + 15*a^2*b^6*p^5 + 85*a^2*b^6*p^4 + 225*a^2*b^6*p^3 + 274*a^2*b^6*p^2 + 120*a^2*b^6*p)*x^3 + 210*(a^4*b^4*p^4 + 6*a^4*b^4*p^3 + 11*a^4*b^4*p^2 + 6*a^4*b^4*p)*x^2 + 2520*(a^6*b^2*p^2 + a^6*b^2*p)*x - (5040*a^7*b^7*p + (a^7*b^7*p^7 + 21*a^7*b^7*p^6 + 175*a^7*b^7*p^5 + 735*a^7*b^7*p^4 + 1624*a^7*b^7*p^3 + 1764*a^7*b^7*p^2 + 720*a^7*b^7*p)*x^3 + 42*(a^3*b^5*p^5 + 10*a^3*b^5*p^4 + 35*a^3*b^5*p^3 + 50*a^3*b^5*p^2 + 24*a^3*b^5*p)*x^2 + 840*(a^5*b^3*p^3 + 3*a^5*b^3*p^2 + 2*a^5*b^3*p)*x)*sqrt(x)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/(b^8*p^8 + 36*b^8*p^7 + 546*b^8*p^6 + 4536*b^8*p^5 + 22449*b^8*p^4 + 67284*b^8*p^3 + 118124*b^8*p^2 + 109584*b^8*p + 40320*b^8)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**p*x**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 286, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (p^7 + 28p^6 + 322p^5 + 1960p^4 + 6769p^3 + 13132p^2 + 13068p + 5040)b^8x^4 + (p^7 + 21p^6 + 175p^5 + \dots \right)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*((p^7 + 28*p^6 + 322*p^5 + 1960*p^4 + 6769*p^3 + 13132*p^2 + 13068*p + 5040)*b^8*x^4 + (p^7 + 21*p^6 + 175*p^5 + 735*p^4 + 1624*p^3 + 1764*p^2 + 720*p)*a*b^7*x^(7/2) - 7*(p^6 + 15*p^5 + 85*p^4 + 225*p^3 + 274*p^2 + 120*p)*a^2*b^6*x^3 + 42*(p^5 + 10*p^4 + 35*p^3 + 50*p^2 + 24*p)*a^3*b^5*x^(5/2) - 210*(p^4 + 6*p^3 + 11*p^2 + 6*p)*a^4*b^4*x^2 + 840*(p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*a^5*b^3*x^(3/2) - 2520*(p^2 + p)*a^6*b^2*x + 5040*a^7*b*p*sqrt(x) - 5040*a^8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/((p^8 + 36*p^7 + 546*p^6 + 4536*p^5 + 22449*p^4 + 67284*p^3 + 118124*p^2 + 109584*p + 40320)*b^8)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1642 vs.  $2(188) = 376$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1642, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.05

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*((b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p^7 - 7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^p*a*p^7 + 21*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^7 - 35*(b*sq
rt(x) + a)^5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p^7 + 35*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) +
a)^p*a^4*p^7 - 21*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^5*p^7 + 7*(b*sqrt
(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^6*p^7 - (b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a
^7*p^7 + 28*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p^6 - 203*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^
7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a*p^6 + 630*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^
6 - 1085*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p^6 + 1120*(b*sqrt(x) + a
)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^4*p^6 - 693*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^
5*p^6 + 238*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^6*p^6 - 35*(b*sqrt(x) +
a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^7*p^6 + 322*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p^5
- 2401*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a*p^5 + 7686*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6
*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^5 - 13685*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3
*p^5 + 14630*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^4*p^5 - 9387*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^5*p^5 + 3346*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)
^p*a^6*p^5 - 511*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^7*p^5 + 1960*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^8*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p^4 - 14945*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^7*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p
*a*p^4 + 49140*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^4 - 90335*(b*sq
rt(x) + a)^5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p^4 + 100240*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^p*a^4*p^4 - 67095*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^5*p^4 + ...

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 590, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^3 dx \\
&= (a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left( \frac{2x^4(p^7 + 28p^6 + 322p^5 + 1960p^4 + 6769p^3 + 13132p^2 + 13068p + 5040)}{p^8 + 36p^7 + 546p^6 + 4536p^5 + 22449p^4 + 67284p^3 + 118124p^2 + 109584p + 40320} \right. \\
&\quad \frac{10080a^8}{b^8(p^8 + 36p^7 + 546p^6 + 4536p^5 + 22449p^4 + 67284p^3 + 118124p^2 + 109584p + 40320)} \\
&\quad + \frac{10080a^7 p \sqrt{x}}{b^7(p^8 + 36p^7 + 546p^6 + 4536p^5 + 22449p^4 + 67284p^3 + 118124p^2 + 109584p + 40320)} \\
&\quad - \frac{5040a^6 p x (p + 1)}{b^6(p^8 + 36p^7 + 546p^6 + 4536p^5 + 22449p^4 + 67284p^3 + 118124p^2 + 109584p + 40320)} \\
&\quad - \frac{14a^2 p x^3 (p^5 + 15p^4 + 85p^3 + 225p^2 + 274p + 120)}{b^2(p^8 + 36p^7 + 546p^6 + 4536p^5 + 22449p^4 + 67284p^3 + 118124p^2 + 109584p + 40320)} \\
&\quad + \frac{1680a^5 p x^{3/2} (p^2 + 3p + 2)}{b^5(p^8 + 36p^7 + 546p^6 + 4536p^5 + 22449p^4 + 67284p^3 + 118124p^2 + 109584p + 40320)} \\
&\quad - \frac{420a^4 p x^2 (p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)}{b^4(p^8 + 36p^7 + 546p^6 + 4536p^5 + 22449p^4 + 67284p^3 + 118124p^2 + 109584p + 40320)} \\
&\quad - \frac{2a p x^{7/2} (p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720)}{b(p^8 + 36p^7 + 546p^6 + 4536p^5 + 22449p^4 + 67284p^3 + 118124p^2 + 109584p + 40320)} \\
&\quad \left. + \frac{84a^3 p x^{5/2} (p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)}{b^3(p^8 + 36p^7 + 546p^6 + 4536p^5 + 22449p^4 + 67284p^3 + 118124p^2 + 109584p + 40320)} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p,x)`





output

```
(2*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*(5040*sqrt(x)*a**7*b*p + 840*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**3*p**3*x + 2520*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**3*p**2*x + 1680*sqrt(x)*a**5*b**3*p*x + 42*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**5*p**5*x**2 + 420*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**5*p**4*x**2 + 1470*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**5*p**3*x**2 + 2100*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**5*p**2*x**2 + 1008*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**5*p*x**2 + sqrt(x)*a*b**7*p**7*x**3 + 21*sqrt(x)*a*b**7*p**6*x**3 + 175*sqrt(x)*a*b**7*p**5*x**3 + 735*sqrt(x)*a*b**7*p**4*x**3 + 1624*sqrt(x)*a*b**7*p**3*x**3 + 1764*sqrt(x)*a*b**7*p**2*x**3 + 720*sqrt(x)*a*b**7*p*x**3 - 5040*a**8 - 2520*a**6*b**2*p**2*x - 2520*a**6*b**2*p*x - 210*a**4*b**4*p**4*x**2 - 1260*a**4*b**4*p**3*x**2 - 2310*a**4*b**4*p**2*x**2 - 1260*a**4*b**4*p*x**2 - 7*a**2*b**6*p**6*x**3 - 105*a**2*b**6*p**5*x**3 - 595*a**2*b**6*p**4*x**3 - 1575*a**2*b**6*p**3*x**3 - 1918*a**2*b**6*p**2*x**3 - 840*a**2*b**6*p*x**3 + b**8*p**7*x**4 + 28*b**8*p**6*x**4 + 322*b**8*p**5*x**4 + 1960*b**8*p**4*x**4 + 6769*b**8*p**3*x**4 + 13132*b**8*p**2*x**4 + 13068*b**8*p*x**4 + 5040*b**8*x**4))/(b**8*(p**8 + 36*p**7 + 546*p**6 + 4536*p**5 + 22449*p**4 + 67284*p**3 + 118124*p**2 + 109584*p + 40320))
```

### 3.155 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx$

Optimal result	1253
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1253
Rubi [A] (verified)	1254
Maple [F]	1255
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1255
Sympy [F(-1)]	1256
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1256
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1257
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1258
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1259

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 152

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx = -\frac{2a^5(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p}}{b^6(1+p)} + \frac{10a^4(a + b\sqrt{x})^{2+p}}{b^6(2+p)} - \frac{20a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3+p}}{b^6(3+p)} + \frac{20a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{4+p}}{b^6(4+p)} - \frac{10a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{5+p}}{b^6(5+p)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{6+p}}{b^6(6+p)}$$

output

$$-2*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^6/(p+1)+10*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^6/(2+p)-20*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^6/(3+p)+20*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^6/(4+p)-10*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(5+p)/b^6/(5+p)+2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(6+p)/b^6/(6+p)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{a^5}{1+p} + \frac{5a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})}{2+p} - \frac{10a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^2}{3+p} + \frac{10a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^3}{4+p} - \frac{5a(a+b\sqrt{x})^4}{5+p} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^5}{6+p}\right) (a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p}}{b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p*x^2,x]
```

output

$$(2*(-(a^5/(1+p)) + (5*a^4*(a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x]))/(2+p) - (10*a^3*(a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^2)/(3+p) + (10*a^2*(a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^3)/(4+p) - (5*a*(a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^4)/(5+p) + (a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^5/(6+p))* (a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(1+p))/b^6$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int (a+b\sqrt{x})^p x^{5/2} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$2 \int \left( -\frac{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^p}{b^5} + \frac{5a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+1}}{b^5} - \frac{10a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+2}}{b^5} + \frac{10a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+3}}{b^5} - \frac{5a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+4}}{b^5} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+5}}{b^5} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{a^5(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+1}}{b^6(p+1)} + \frac{5a^4(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+2}}{b^6(p+2)} - \frac{10a^3(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+3}}{b^6(p+3)} + \frac{10a^2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+4}}{b^6(p+4)} - \frac{5a(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+5}}{b^6(p+5)} + \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^{p+6}}{b^6(p+6)} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p*x^2,x]
```

output

$$2*(-((a^5*(a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(1+p))/(b^6*(1+p))) + (5*a^4*(a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(2+p))/(b^6*(2+p)) - (10*a^3*(a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(3+p))/(b^6*(3+p)) + (10*a^2*(a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(4+p))/(b^6*(4+p)) - (5*a*(a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(5+p))/(b^6*(5+p)) + (a+b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^(6+p)/(b^6*(6+p)))$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^2,x)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 281 vs. 2(140) = 280.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx =$$

$$\frac{2(120a^6 - (b^6p^5 + 15b^6p^4 + 85b^6p^3 + 225b^6p^2 + 274b^6p + 120b^6)x^3 + 5(a^2b^4p^4 + 6a^2b^4p^3 + 11a^2b^4p^2 + 11a^2b^4p + 5a^2b^4)x^2 + 2(a^2b^4p^3 + 6a^2b^4p^2 + 11a^2b^4p + 5a^2b^4)x + 2a^2b^4)}{b^6p^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-2*(120*a^6 - (b^6*p^5 + 15*b^6*p^4 + 85*b^6*p^3 + 225*b^6*p^2 + 274*b^6*p
+ 120*b^6)*x^3 + 5*(a^2*b^4*p^4 + 6*a^2*b^4*p^3 + 11*a^2*b^4*p^2 + 6*a^2*
b^4*p)*x^2 + 60*(a^4*b^2*p^2 + a^4*b^2*p)*x - (120*a^5*b*p + (a*b^5*p^5 +
10*a*b^5*p^4 + 35*a*b^5*p^3 + 50*a*b^5*p^2 + 24*a*b^5*p)*x^2 + 20*(a^3*b^3
*p^3 + 3*a^3*b^3*p^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*p)*x)*sqrt(x))*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/(b^6*p^6
+ 21*b^6*p^5 + 175*b^6*p^4 + 735*b^6*p^3 + 1624*b^6*p^2 + 1764*b^6*p + 72
0*b^6)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**p*x**2,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (p^5 + 15p^4 + 85p^3 + 225p^2 + 274p + 120)b^6x^3 + (p^5 + 10p^4 + 35p^3 + 50p^2 + 24p)ab^5x^{\frac{5}{2}} - 5(p^4 + 6p^3 + 11p^2 + 6p)a^2b^4x^2 + 20(p^3 + 3p^2 + 2p)a^3b^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 60(p^2 + p)a^4b^2x + 120a^5b^p\sqrt{x} - 120a^6 \right) (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{(p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720)b^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
2*((p^5 + 15*p^4 + 85*p^3 + 225*p^2 + 274*p + 120)*b^6*x^3 + (p^5 + 10*p^4
+ 35*p^3 + 50*p^2 + 24*p)*a*b^5*x^(5/2) - 5*(p^4 + 6*p^3 + 11*p^2 + 6*p)*
a^2*b^4*x^2 + 20*(p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*a^3*b^3*x^(3/2) - 60*(p^2 + p)*a^4*b^
2*x + 120*a^5*b*p*sqrt(x) - 120*a^6)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/((p^6 + 21*p^5 + 17
5*p^4 + 735*p^3 + 1624*p^2 + 1764*p + 720)*b^6)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 922 vs.  $2(140) = 280$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 922, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.07

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
2*((b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p^5 - 5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^p*a*p^5 + 10*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^5 - 10*(b*sq
rt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p^5 + 5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) +
a)^p*a^4*p^5 - (b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^5*p^5 + 15*(b*sqrt(x) +
a)^6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p^4 - 80*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a*p^4
+ 170*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^4 - 180*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3
*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p^4 + 95*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^4*p^
4 - 20*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^5*p^4 + 85*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*(b
*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p^3 - 475*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a*p^3 + 1070
*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^3 - 1210*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*s
qrt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p^3 + 685*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^4*p^3 -
155*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^5*p^3 + 225*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*(b*s
qrt(x) + a)^p*p^2 - 1300*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a*p^2 + 3070*
(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^2 - 3720*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sq
rt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p^2 + 2305*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^4*p^2 -
580*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^5*p^2 + 274*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*(b*s
qrt(x) + a)^p*p - 1620*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^5*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a*p + 3960*(b*s
qrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p - 5080*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^p*a^3*p + 3510*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^4*p - 1044*(b*sq
rt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^5*p + 120*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^6*(b*sqrt(x) + ...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx$$

$$= (a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left( \frac{2x^3(p^5 + 15p^4 + 85p^3 + 225p^2 + 274p + 120)}{p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{240a^6}{b^6(p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720)} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{240a^5 p \sqrt{x}}{b^5(p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720)}$$

$$+ \frac{2apx^{5/2}(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)}{b(p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720)}$$

$$+ \frac{40a^3 p x^{3/2}(p^2 + 3p + 2)}{b^3(p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720)}$$

$$\left. - \frac{10a^2 p x^2(p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)}{b^2(p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720)} \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{120a^4 p x(p + 1)}{b^4(p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720)} \right)$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p,x)`output `(a + b*x^(1/2))^p*((2*x^3*(274*p + 225*p^2 + 85*p^3 + 15*p^4 + p^5 + 120)) / (1764*p + 1624*p^2 + 735*p^3 + 175*p^4 + 21*p^5 + p^6 + 720) - (240*a^6) / (b^6*(1764*p + 1624*p^2 + 735*p^3 + 175*p^4 + 21*p^5 + p^6 + 720))) + (240*a^5*p*x^(1/2)) / (b^5*(1764*p + 1624*p^2 + 735*p^3 + 175*p^4 + 21*p^5 + p^6 + 720)) + (2*a*p*x^(5/2)*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)) / (b*(1764*p + 1624*p^2 + 735*p^3 + 175*p^4 + 21*p^5 + p^6 + 720)) + (40*a^3*p*x^(3/2)*(3*p + p^2 + 2)) / (b^3*(1764*p + 1624*p^2 + 735*p^3 + 175*p^4 + 21*p^5 + p^6 + 720)) - (10*a^2*p*x^2*(11*p + 6*p^2 + p^3 + 6)) / (b^2*(1764*p + 1624*p^2 + 735*p^3 + 175*p^4 + 21*p^5 + p^6 + 720)) - (120*a^4*p*x*(p + 1)) / (b^4*(1764*p + 1624*p^2 + 735*p^3 + 175*p^4 + 21*p^5 + p^6 + 720)))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2(\sqrt{x}b + a)^p (120\sqrt{x}a^5bp + 20\sqrt{x}a^3b^3p^3x + 60\sqrt{x}a^3b^3p^2x + 40\sqrt{x}a^3b^3px + \sqrt{x}ab^5p^5x^2 + 10\sqrt{x}ab^5p^4x)}{b^6(p^6 + 21p^5 + 175p^4 + 735p^3 + 1624p^2 + 1764p + 720)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x^2,x)`

output

```
(2*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*(120*sqrt(x)*a**5*b*p + 20*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*p**3*x
+ 60*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*p**2*x + 40*sqrt(x)*a**3*b**3*p*x + sqrt(x)*a*b**5*
p**5*x**2 + 10*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*p**4*x**2 + 35*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*p**3*x**2 + 50
*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*p**2*x**2 + 24*sqrt(x)*a*b**5*p*x**2 - 120*a**6 - 60*a**4*
b**2*p**2*x - 60*a**4*b**2*p*x - 5*a**2*b**4*p**4*x**2 - 30*a**2*b**4*p**3
*x**2 - 55*a**2*b**4*p**2*x**2 - 30*a**2*b**4*p*x**2 + b**6*p**5*x**3 + 15
*b**6*p**4*x**3 + 85*b**6*p**3*x**3 + 225*b**6*p**2*x**3 + 274*b**6*p*x**3
+ 120*b**6*x**3))/(b**6*(p**6 + 21*p**5 + 175*p**4 + 735*p**3 + 1624*p**2
+ 1764*p + 720))
```



### 3.156 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x dx$

Optimal result	1260
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1260
Rubi [A] (verified)	1261
Maple [F]	1262
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1262
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1263
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1264
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1264
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1265
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1266

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x dx = -\frac{2a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p}}{b^4(1+p)} + \frac{6a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{2+p}}{b^4(2+p)} - \frac{6a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{3+p}}{b^4(3+p)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{4+p}}{b^4(4+p)}$$

output

$$-2*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^4/(p+1)+6*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^4/(2+p)-6*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(3+p)/b^4/(3+p)+2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(4+p)/b^4/(4+p)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x dx = \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p} (-6a^3 + 6a^2b(1+p)\sqrt{x} - 3ab^2(2 + 3p + p^2)x + b^3(6 + 11p + 6p^2 + p^3)x^{3/2})}{b^4(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p*x,x]
```

output

$$(2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(1 + p)}*(-6*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*(1 + p)*\text{Sqrt}[x] - 3*a*b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x + b^3*(6 + 11*p + 6*p^2 + p^3)*x^{(3/2)}))/(b^4*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(4 + p))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x^{3/2} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 2 \int \left( -\frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+1}}{b^3} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+3}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( -\frac{a^3(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+1}}{b^4(p+1)} + \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+2}}{b^4(p+2)} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+3}}{b^4(p+3)} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+4}}{b^4(p+4)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^p*x,x]$$

output

$$2*(-((a^3*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(1 + p)})/(b^4*(1 + p)))) + (3*a^2*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(2 + p)})/(b^4*(2 + p)) - (3*a*(a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(3 + p)})/(b^4*(3 + p)) + (a + b*\text{Sqrt}[x])^{(4 + p)}/(b^4*(4 + p))$$



output

```
-2*(6*a^4 - (b^4*p^3 + 6*b^4*p^2 + 11*b^4*p + 6*b^4)*x^2 + 3*(a^2*b^2*p^2
+ a^2*b^2*p)*x - (6*a^3*b*p + (a*b^3*p^3 + 3*a*b^3*p^2 + 2*a*b^3*p)*x)*sq
r t(x))*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/(b^4*p^4 + 10*b^4*p^3 + 35*b^4*p^2 + 50*b^4*p + 24
*b^4)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 14683 vs.  $2(88) = 176$ .

Time = 36.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14683, normalized size of antiderivative = 146.83

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**p*x,x)
```

output

```
-12*a**6*a**(p + 4)*x**8*(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)**(p + 4)/(a**6*b**4*p**4*x**8 +
10*a**6*b**4*p**3*x**8 + 35*a**6*b**4*p**2*x**8 + 50*a**6*b**4*p*x**8 + 2
4*a**6*b**4*x**8 + 6*a**5*b**5*p**4*x**(17/2) + 60*a**5*b**5*p**3*x**(17/2
) + 210*a**5*b**5*p**2*x**(17/2) + 300*a**5*b**5*p*x**(17/2) + 144*a**5*b*
**5*x**(17/2) + 15*a**4*b**6*p**4*x**9 + 150*a**4*b**6*p**3*x**9 + 525*a**4
*b**6*p**2*x**9 + 750*a**4*b**6*p*x**9 + 360*a**4*b**6*x**9 + 20*a**3*b**7
*p**4*x**(19/2) + 200*a**3*b**7*p**3*x**(19/2) + 700*a**3*b**7*p**2*x**(19
/2) + 1000*a**3*b**7*p*x**(19/2) + 480*a**3*b**7*x**(19/2) + 15*a**2*b**8*
p**4*x**10 + 150*a**2*b**8*p**3*x**10 + 525*a**2*b**8*p**2*x**10 + 750*a**
2*b**8*p*x**10 + 360*a**2*b**8*x**10 + 6*a*b**9*p**4*x**(21/2) + 60*a*b**9
*p**3*x**(21/2) + 210*a*b**9*p**2*x**(21/2) + 300*a*b**9*p*x**(21/2) + 144
*a*b**9*x**(21/2) + b**10*p**4*x**11 + 10*b**10*p**3*x**11 + 35*b**10*p**2
*x**11 + 50*b**10*p*x**11 + 24*b**10*x**11) + 12*a**6*a**(p + 4)*x**8/(a**
6*b**4*p**4*x**8 + 10*a**6*b**4*p**3*x**8 + 35*a**6*b**4*p**2*x**8 + 50*a*
**6*b**4*p*x**8 + 24*a**6*b**4*x**8 + 6*a**5*b**5*p**4*x**(17/2) + 60*a**5*
b**5*p**3*x**(17/2) + 210*a**5*b**5*p**2*x**(17/2) + 300*a**5*b**5*p*x**(1
7/2) + 144*a**5*b**5*x**(17/2) + 15*a**4*b**6*p**4*x**9 + 150*a**4*b**6*p*
**3*x**9 + 525*a**4*b**6*p**2*x**9 + 750*a**4*b**6*p*x**9 + 360*a**4*b**6*x
**9 + 20*a**3*b**7*p**4*x**(19/2) + 200*a**3*b**7*p**3*x**(19/2) + 700*a**
3*b**7*p**2*x**(19/2) + 1000*a**3*b**7*p*x**(19/2) + 480*a**3*b**7*x**(...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)b^4x^2 + (p^3 + 3p^2 + 2p)ab^3x^{\frac{3}{2}} - 3(p^2 + p)a^2b^2x + 6a^3bp\sqrt{x} - 6a^4 \right) (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)b^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*b^4*x^2 + (p^3 + 3*p^2 + 2*p)*a*b^3*x^(3/2) - 3*(p^2 + p)*a^2*b^2*x + 6*a^3*b*p*sqrt(x) - 6*a^4)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/((p^4 + 10*p^3 + 35*p^2 + 50*p + 24)*b^4)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 410 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 410, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x dx$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( (b\sqrt{x} + a)^4 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p p^3 - 3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p a p^3 + 3 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p a^2 p^3 - (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p a^3 p^3 \right)}{(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)b^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*((b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p^3 - 3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x)
) + a)^p*a*p^3 + 3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^3 - (b*sqrt(x)
) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p^3 + 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p
^2 - 21*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a*p^2 + 24*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(
b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p^2 - 9*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p^2 + 1
1*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p - 42*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)^p*a*p + 57*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^2*p - 26*(b*sqrt(x)
+ a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3*p + 6*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^4*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p - 24*
(b*sqrt(x) + a)^3*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a + 36*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) +
a)^p*a^2 - 24*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a^3)/((b^3*p^4 + 10*b^3*p^
3 + 35*b^3*p^2 + 50*b^3*p + 24*b^3)*b)

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x dx = (a + b\sqrt{x})^p \left( \frac{2x^2(p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)}{p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24} - \frac{12a^4}{b^4(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)} + \frac{12a^3 p \sqrt{x}}{b^3(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)} - \frac{6a^2 p x (p + 1)}{b^2(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)} + \frac{2apx^{3/2}(p^2 + 3p + 2)}{b(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)} \right)$$

input

```
int(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p,x)
```

output

```

(a + b*x^(1/2))^p*((2*x^2*(11*p + 6*p^2 + p^3 + 6))/(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^
3 + p^4 + 24) - (12*a^4)/(b^4*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)) + (12*a
^3*p*x^(1/2))/(b^3*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)) - (6*a^2*p*x*(p +
1))/(b^2*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)) + (2*a*p*x^(3/2)*(3*p + p^2
+ 2))/(b*(50*p + 35*p^2 + 10*p^3 + p^4 + 24)))

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p x dx$$

$$= \frac{2(\sqrt{x}b + a)^p (6\sqrt{x}a^3bp + \sqrt{x}ab^3p^3x + 3\sqrt{x}ab^3p^2x + 2\sqrt{x}ab^3px - 6a^4 - 3a^2b^2p^2x - 3a^2b^2px + b^4p^3x)}{b^4(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p*x,x)`output `(2*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*(6*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*p + sqrt(x)*a*b**3*p**3*x + 3*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*p**2*x + 2*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*p*x - 6*a**4 - 3*a**2*b**2*p**2*x - 3*a**2*b**2*p*x + b**4*p**3*x**2 + 6*b**4*p**2*x**2 + 11*b**4*p*x**2 + 6*b**4*x**2))/(b**4*(p**4 + 10*p**3 + 35*p**2 + 50*p + 24))`

### 3.157 $\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx$

Optimal result	1267
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1267
Rubi [A] (verified)	1268
Maple [F]	1269
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1269
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1270
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1271
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1271
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1272
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1272

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx = -\frac{2a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p}}{b^2(1 + p)} + \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{2+p}}{b^2(2 + p)}$$

output

```
-2*a*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(p+1)/b^2/(p+1)+2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(2+p)/b^2/(2+p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx = \frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p} (-a + b(1 + p)\sqrt{x})}{b^2(1 + p)(2 + p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p,x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + p)*(-a + b*(1 + p)*Sqrt[x]))/(b^2*(1 + p)*(2 + p))
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 2 \int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 2 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{b} \right) d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 2 \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+2}}{b^2(p+2)} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+1}}{b^2(p+1)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p,x]
```

output

```
2*(-((a*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + p))/(b^2*(1 + p))) + (a + b*Sqrt[x])^(2 + p)/
(b^2*(2 + p)))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; Fre  
eQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p,x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx = \frac{2(abp\sqrt{x} - a^2 + (b^2p + b^2)x)(b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{b^2p^2 + 3b^2p + 2b^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(a*b*p*sqrt(x) - a^2 + (b^2*p + b^2)*x)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/(b^2*p^2 + 3*b  
^2*p + 2*b^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 445 vs.  $2(41) = 82$ .

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 445, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.27

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx = -\frac{2aa^{p+2}x^2\left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)^{p+2}}{ab^2p^2x^2 + 3ab^2px^2 + 2ab^2x^2 + b^3p^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3b^3px^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2aa^{p+2}x^2}{ab^2p^2x^2 + 3ab^2px^2 + 2ab^2x^2 + b^3p^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3b^3px^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2a^{p+2}bpx^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)^{p+2}}{ab^2p^2x^2 + 3ab^2px^2 + 2ab^2x^2 + b^3p^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3b^3px^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2a^{p+2}bx^{\frac{5}{2}}\left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)^{p+2}}{ab^2p^2x^2 + 3ab^2px^2 + 2ab^2x^2 + b^3p^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3b^3px^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2a^{p+2}bx^{\frac{5}{2}}}{ab^2p^2x^2 + 3ab^2px^2 + 2ab^2x^2 + b^3p^2x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3b^3px^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**p,x)`

output `-2*a*a**(p + 2)*x**2*(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)**(p + 2)/(a*b**2*p**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*p*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*p**2*x**(5/2) + 3*b**3*p*x**(5/2) + 2*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 2*a*a**(p + 2)*x**2/(a*b**2*p**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*p*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*p**2*x**(5/2) + 3*b**3*p*x**(5/2) + 2*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 2*a**(p + 2)*b*p*x**(5/2)*(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)**(p + 2)/(a*b**2*p**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*p*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*p**2*x**(5/2) + 3*b**3*p*x**(5/2) + 2*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 2*a**(p + 2)*b*x**(5/2)*(1 + b*sqrt(x)/a)**(p + 2)/(a*b**2*p**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*p*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*p**2*x**(5/2) + 3*b**3*p*x**(5/2) + 2*b**3*x**(5/2)) + 2*a**(p + 2)*b*x**(5/2)/(a*b**2*p**2*x**2 + 3*a*b**2*p*x**2 + 2*a*b**2*x**2 + b**3*p**2*x**(5/2) + 3*b**3*p*x**(5/2) + 2*b**3*x**(5/2))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx = \frac{2(b^2(p+1)x + abp\sqrt{x} - a^2)(b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{(p^2 + 3p + 2)b^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(b^2*(p + 1)*x + a*b*p*sqrt(x) - a^2)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 94 vs. 2(44) = 88.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx = \frac{2 \left( (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p p - (b\sqrt{x} + a) (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p ap + (b\sqrt{x} + a)^2 (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p - 2 (b\sqrt{x} + a) (b\sqrt{x} + a)^p \right)}{(p^2 + 3p + 2)b^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*((b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*p - (b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a*p + (b*sqrt(x) + a)^2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p - 2*(b*sqrt(x) + a)*(b*sqrt(x) + a)^p*a)/((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx = \frac{x (a + b\sqrt{x})^p {}_2F_1\left(2, -p; 3; -\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a} + 1\right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^p,x)`output `(x*(a + b*x^(1/2))^p*hypergeom([2, -p], 3, -(b*x^(1/2))/a))/((b*x^(1/2))/a + 1)^p`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + b\sqrt{x})^p dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{x}b + a)^p (\sqrt{x}abp - a^2 + b^2px + b^2x)}{b^2(p^2 + 3p + 2)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p,x)`output `(2*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*(sqrt(x)*a*b*p - a**2 + b**2*p*x + b**2*x))/(b**2*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))`

$$3.158 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1273
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1273
Rubi [A] (verified)	1274
Maple [F]	1275
Fricas [F]	1275
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1275
Maxima [F]	1276
Giac [F]	1276
Mupad [F(-1)]	1276
Reduce [F]	1277

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx = -\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a(1+p)}$$

output `-2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([1, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^(1/2)/a)/a/(p+1)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx = -\frac{2(a+b\sqrt{x})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1+p, 2+p, 1+\frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a(1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p/x,x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sqrt[x])/a])/(a*(1 + p))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {798, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 75$$

$$\frac{2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{\sqrt{xb}}{a} + 1\right)}{a(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p/x,x]`

output `(-2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sqrt[x])/a])/(a*(1 + p))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/x, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx = -\frac{2b^p x^{\frac{p}{2}} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, -p \\ 1-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**p/x,x)`

output `-2*b**p*x**(p/2)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*sqrt(x)))/gamma(1 - p)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/x, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^p/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x} dx = \frac{2(\sqrt{x}b + a)^p + \left(\int \frac{(\sqrt{x}b+a)^p}{-b^2x^2+a^2x} dx\right) a^2p - \left(\int \frac{(\sqrt{x}b+a)^p}{\sqrt{x}a^2-\sqrt{x}b^2x} dx\right) abp}{p}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x,x)`

output `(2*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p + int((sqrt(x)*b + a)**p/(a**2*x - b**2*x**2),x)*a**2*p - int((sqrt(x)*b + a)**p/(sqrt(x)*a**2 - sqrt(x)*b**2*x),x)*a*b*p)/p`

### 3.159 $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	1278
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1278
Rubi [A] (verified)	1279
Maple [F]	1280
Fricas [F]	1280
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1280
Maxima [F]	1281
Giac [F]	1281
Mupad [F(-1)]	1281
Reduce [F]	1282

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a^3(1 + p)}$$

output `-2*b^2*(a+b*x^(1/2))^(p+1)*hypergeom([3, p+1], [2+p], 1+b*x^(1/2)/a)/a^3/(p+1)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{1+p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b\sqrt{x}}{a}\right)}{a^3(1 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p/x^2,x]`

output `(-2*b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sqrt[x])/a])/(a^3*(1 + p))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {798, 75}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^{3/2}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 75$$

$$-\frac{2b^2(a + b\sqrt{x})^{p+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, p + 1, p + 2, \frac{\sqrt{xb}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^3(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])^p/x^2,x]`

output `(-2*b^2*(a + b*Sqrt[x])^(1 + p)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 1 + p, 2 + p, 1 + (b*Sqrt[x])/a])/(a^3*(1 + p))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 75 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(d*(n + 1)*(-d/(b*c))^m)*Hypergeometric2F1[-m, n + 1, n + 2, 1 + d*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[n] && (IntegerQ[m] || GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/x^2, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2b^p x^{\frac{p}{2}-1} \Gamma(2-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 2-p \\ 3-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{b\sqrt{x}}\right)}{\Gamma(3-p)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))**p/x**2,x)`

output `-2*b**p*x**(p/2 - 1)*gamma(2 - p)*hyper((-p, 2 - p), (3 - p), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*sqrt(x)))/gamma(3 - p)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(b\sqrt{x} + a)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*sqrt(x) + a)^p/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^(1/2))^p/x^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x})^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}b + a)^p bp - 2(\sqrt{x}b + a)^p a + \left(\int \frac{(\sqrt{x}b+a)^p}{-b^2x^2+a^2x} dx\right) ab^2p^2x - \left(\int \frac{(\sqrt{x}b+a)^p}{-b^2x^2+a^2x} dx\right) ab^2px - \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}b+a)^p}{-b^2x^2+a^2x} dx\right) ab^2px}{2ax}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))^p/x^2,x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(x)*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*b*p - 2*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p*a + int((sqrt(x)*b + a)**p/(a**2*x - b**2*x**2),x)*a*b**2*p**2*x - int((sqrt(x)*b + a)**p/(a**2*x - b**2*x**2),x)*a*b**2*p*x - int((sqrt(x)*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p)/(a**2*x - b**2*x**2),x)*b**3*p**2*x + int((sqrt(x)*(sqrt(x)*b + a)**p)/(a**2*x - b**2*x**2),x)*b**3*p*x)/(2*a*x)`

### 3.160 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	1283
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1283
Rubi [A] (verified)	1284
Maple [A] (verified)	1285
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1285
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1286
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1286
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1286
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1287
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1287

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \log(1+x^{3/2})$$

output `2/3*ln(1+x^(3/2))`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 28 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \log(1+\sqrt{x}) + \frac{2}{3} \log(1-\sqrt{x}+x)$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[x]/(1 + x^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*Log[1 + Sqrt[x]])/3 + (2*Log[1 - Sqrt[x] + x])/3`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^{3/2} + 1} dx$$

↓ 792

$$\frac{2}{3} \log(x^{3/2} + 1)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]/(1 + x^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*Log[1 + x^(3/2)])/3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \ln(1+x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{3}$	9
default	$\frac{2 \ln(1+x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{3}$	9
meijerg	$\frac{2 \ln(1+x^{\frac{3}{2}})}{3}$	9
trager	$-\frac{\ln\left(\frac{-x^3+2x^{\frac{3}{2}}-1}{(x^2+x+1)^2(-1+x)^2}\right)}{3}$	31

input `int(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(3/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*ln(1+x^(3/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \log(x^{3/2} + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(3/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*log(x^(3/2) + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 24 vs.  $2(10) = 20$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \log(\sqrt{x}+1)}{3} + \frac{2 \log(-\sqrt{x}+x+1)}{3}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)/(1+x**(3/2)),x)`

output `2*log(sqrt(x) + 1)/3 + 2*log(-sqrt(x) + x + 1)/3`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \log(x^{3/2} + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(3/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*log(x^(3/2) + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 20 vs.  $2(8) = 16$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3} \log(x - \sqrt{x} + 1) + \frac{2}{3} \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(3/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/3*log(x - sqrt(x) + 1) + 2/3*log(sqrt(x) + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \ln(x^{3/2} + 1)}{3}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)/(x^(3/2) + 1),x)`

output `(2*log(x^(3/2) + 1))/3`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \log(-\sqrt{x} + x + 1)}{3} + \frac{2 \log(\sqrt{x} + 1)}{3}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(3/2)),x)`

output `(2*(log(-sqrt(x) + x + 1) + log(sqrt(x) + 1)))/3`

**3.161**  $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1288
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1289
Rubi [A] (verified)	1289
Maple [F]	1292
Fricas [F(-1)]	1292
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1293
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1293
Giac [F]	1294
Mupad [F(-1)]	1294
Reduce [F]	1295

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{5ax\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{9b^2} + \frac{x^{5/2}\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{3b} - \frac{10a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}b^{8/3}} - \frac{5a^2 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}\right)}{9b^{8/3}}$$

output

```
-5/9*a*x*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/b^2+1/3*x^(5/2)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/b-10/27*a
^2*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)*x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/b
^(8/3)-5/9*a^2*ln(b^(1/3)*x^(1/2)-(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/b^(8/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}(-5ax + 3bx^{5/2})}{9b^2} - \frac{10a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x} + 2\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}b^{8/3}} - \frac{10a^2 \log\left(-\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}\right)}{27b^{8/3}} + \frac{5a^2 \log\left(b^{2/3}x + \sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}} + (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}\right)}{27b^{8/3}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x]`

output

```
((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)*(-5*a*x + 3*b*x^(5/2)))/(9*b^2) - (10*a^2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x])/(b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x] + 2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))]/(9*Sqrt[3]*b^(8/3)) - (10*a^2*Log[-(b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x]) + (a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)])/ (27*b^(8/3)) + (5*a^2*Log[b^(2/3)*x + b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3) + (a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)])/ (27*b^(8/3)))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {864, 843, 843, 853}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

↓ 864

$$2 \int \frac{x^{7/2}}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 843 \\
 2 \left( \frac{x^{5/2} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{6b} - \frac{5a \int \frac{x^2}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x}}{6b} \right) \\
 \downarrow 843 \\
 2 \left( \frac{x^{5/2} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{6b} - \frac{5a \left( \frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{3b} - \frac{2a \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x}}{3b} \right)}{6b} \right) \\
 \downarrow 853
 \end{array}$$

$$\left( \frac{2}{6b} \frac{x^{5/2} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{6b} - \frac{5a}{3b} \frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{3b} - \frac{2a}{\sqrt[3]{3} b^{2/3}} \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{x} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{3}} \right) - \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2b^{2/3}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x^3/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x]
```

output

```
2*((x^(5/2)*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/(6*b) - (5*a*((x*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))
/(3*b) - (2*a*(-(ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x])/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/(Sqrt[3]*b^(2/3))) - Log[b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x] - (a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)]/(2*b^(2/3)))/(3*b)))/(6*b))
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 843 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 853 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(2/3), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b, 3]}, Simp[-ArcTan[(1 + 2*q*(x/(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*q^2), x] - Simp[Log[q*x - (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)]/(2*q^2), x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

Fricas **[F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Timed out

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{2x^4 \Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{8}{3} \middle| \frac{11}{3}, \frac{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}} \Gamma\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3), x)`

output `2*x**4*gamma(8/3)*hyper((2/3, 8/3), (11/3,), b*x**(3/2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(3*a**(2/3)*gamma(11/3))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{10\sqrt{3}a^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(b^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{2(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{3b^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27b^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{5a^2 \log\left(b^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}b^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x}\right)}{27b^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{10a^2 \log\left(-b^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{27b^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{\frac{8(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2b}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{5(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a)^{\frac{4}{3}}a^2}{x^2}}{9\left(b^4 - \frac{2(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a)b^3}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a)^2b^2}{x^3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `10/27*sqrt(3)*a^2*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(b^(1/3) + 2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/sqrt(x))/b^(1/3))/b^(8/3) + 5/27*a^2*log(b^(2/3) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*b^(1/3)/sqrt(x) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3)/x)/b^(8/3) - 10/27*a^2*log(-b^(1/3) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/sqrt(x))/b^(8/3) + 1/9*(8*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a^2*b/sqrt(x) - 5*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)*a^2/x^2)/(b^4 - 2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)*b^3/x^(3/2) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^2*b^2/x^3)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^3/(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x^3/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^3}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x**3/(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3),x)`

**3.162** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1296
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1296
Rubi [A] (verified)	1297
Maple [F]	1298
Fricas [F(-1)]	1298
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1299
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1299
Giac [F]	1300
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1300
Reduce [F]	1300

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}b^{2/3}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}\right)}{b^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-2/3*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)*x^(1/2)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
/b^(2/3)-ln(b^(1/3)*x^(1/2)-(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/b^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x}+2\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}\right) - 2 \log\left(-\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x} + \sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}\right) + \log\left(b^{2/3}x\right)}{3b^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(3/2))^(-2/3), x]
```

output

```
(-2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x])/(b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x] + 2*(a + b*x
^(3/2))^(1/3))] - 2*Log[-(b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x] + (a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))] + Log[
b^(2/3)*x + b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3) + (a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)]
)/(3*b^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {774, 853}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 774$$

$$2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 853$$

$$2 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{3}} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}b^{2/3}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{b}\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}\right)}{2b^{2/3}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(3/2))^(-2/3),x]
```

output

```
2*(-(ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x])/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt
[3]*b^(2/3))) - Log[b^(1/3)*Sqrt[x] - (a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)]/(2*b^(2/3)))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 853 `Int[(x_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(2/3), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[b, 3]}, Simp[-ArcTan[(1 + 2*q*(x/(a + b*x^3))^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*q^2), x] - Simp[Log[q*x - (a + b*x^3)^(1/3)]/(2*q^2), x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{2x\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3} \middle| \frac{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}}\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3), x)`

output `2*x*gamma(2/3)*hyper((2/3, 2/3), (5/3,), b*x**(3/2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(3*a**(2/3)*gamma(5/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(b^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{2\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{3b^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3b^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\log\left(b^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x}\right)}{3b^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{2 \log\left(-b^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right)}{3b^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(b^(1/3) + 2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/sqrt(x))/b^(1/3))/b^(2/3) + 1/3*log(b^(2/3) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*b^(1/3)/sqrt(x) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3)/x)/b^(2/3) - 2/3*log(-b^(1/3) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/sqrt(x))/b^(2/3)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(-2/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1 \right)^{2/3} {}_2F_1 \left( \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}; \frac{5}{3}; -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} \right)}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `(x*((b*x^(3/2))/a + 1)^(2/3)*hypergeom([2/3, 2/3], 5/3, -(b*x^(3/2))/a))/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3),x)`

**3.163** 
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1301
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1301
Rubi [A] (verified)	1302
Maple [F]	1303
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1303
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1303
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1304
Giac [F]	1304
Mupad [F(-1)]	1304
Reduce [F]	1305

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^2} + \frac{3b\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2\sqrt{x}}$$

output

$$-1/2*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a/x^2+3/2*b*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^2/x^(1/2)$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}(-a + 3bx^{3/2})}{2a^2x^2}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]$$

output

$$((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)*(-a + 3*b*x^(3/2)))/(2*a^2*x^2)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$-\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^2}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{3b \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^2}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/(a*x^2) + (3*b*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/(2*a^2*Sqrt[x])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(3 b x^{\frac{3}{2}} - a) (b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 a^2 x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(3*b*x^(3/2) - a)*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/(a^2*x^2)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1}} \Gamma(-\frac{4}{3})}{9 a x^{\frac{3}{2}} \Gamma(\frac{2}{3})} + \frac{2 b^{\frac{4}{3}} \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 1}} \Gamma(-\frac{4}{3})}{3 a^2 \Gamma(\frac{2}{3})}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)`

output `-2*b**(1/3)*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-4/3)/(9*a*x**(3/2)*gamma(2/3)) + 2*b**(4/3)*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-4/3)/(3*a**2*gamma(2/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{4 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{1/3} b}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{4/3}}{x^2} \frac{1}{2a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(4*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*b/sqrt(x) - (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)/x^2)/a^2`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3)*x^3), x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} bx + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/((sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3)*x**3),x)`

**3.164**  $\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1306
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1306
Rubi [A] (verified)	1307
Maple [F]	1308
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1309
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1309
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1310
Giac [F]	1311
Mupad [F(-1)]	1311
Reduce [F]	1311

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{5ax^5} + \frac{9b\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{35a^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{27b^2\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{70a^3x^2} + \frac{81b^3\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{70a^4\sqrt{x}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a/x^5+9/35*b*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^2/x^(7/2)-27/70*b^2*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^3/x^2+81/70*b^3*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^4/x^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}(-14a^3+18a^2bx^{3/2}-27ab^2x^3+81b^3x^{9/2})}{70a^4x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^6*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]
```

output  $((a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(1/3)}*(-14*a^3 + 18*a^2*b*x^{(3/2)} - 27*a*b^2*x^3 + 81*b^3*x^{(9/2)}))/(70*a^4*x^5)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {803, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$-\frac{9b \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx}{10a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5ax^5}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$-\frac{9b \left( -\frac{6b \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{10a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5ax^5}$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$-\frac{9b \left( \frac{6b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^2} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{10a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5ax^5}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$-\frac{9b \left( -\frac{6b \left( \frac{3b \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2a^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^2} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{10a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5ax^5}$$



input `Int[1/(x^6*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]`

output `-1/5*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/(a*x^5) - (9*b*((-2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/(7*a*x^(7/2)) - (6*b*(-1/2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/(a*x^2) + (3*b*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/(2*a^2*Sqrt[x])))/(7*a)))/(10*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && ! LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 \left(a + b x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^6/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/x^6/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{(27ab^2x^3 + 14a^3 - 9(9b^3x^4 + 2a^2bx)\sqrt{x})(bx^{3/2} + a)^{1/3}}{70a^4x^5}$$

input `integrate(1/x^6/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/70*(27*a*b^2*x^3 + 14*a^3 - 9*(9*b^3*x^4 + 2*a^2*b*x)*sqrt(x))*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/(a^4*x^5)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 736 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 7.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 736, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x**6/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)`

output

```

-56*a**6*b**(28/3)*x**9*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-10/3)/(81*a**7*
b**9*x**(27/2)*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**6*b**10*x**15*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**5*b**
11*x**(33/2)*gamma(2/3) + 81*a**4*b**12*x**18*gamma(2/3)) - 96*a**5*b**(31
/3)*x**(21/2)*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-10/3)/(81*a**7*b**9*x**(2
7/2)*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**6*b**10*x**15*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**5*b**11*x**(33/
2)*gamma(2/3) + 81*a**4*b**12*x**18*gamma(2/3)) - 60*a**4*b**(34/3)*x**12*
(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-10/3)/(81*a**7*b**9*x**(27/2)*gamma(2/3
) + 243*a**6*b**10*x**15*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**5*b**11*x**(33/2)*gamma(2/3
) + 81*a**4*b**12*x**18*gamma(2/3)) + 160*a**3*b**(37/3)*x**(27/2)*(a/(b*x**
(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-10/3)/(81*a**7*b**9*x**(27/2)*gamma(2/3) + 243*a
**6*b**10*x**15*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**5*b**11*x**(33/2)*gamma(2/3) + 81*a**4
*b**12*x**18*gamma(2/3)) + 720*a**2*b**(40/3)*x**15*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**
(1/3)*gamma(-10/3)/(81*a**7*b**9*x**(27/2)*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**6*b**10*x**
15*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**5*b**11*x**(33/2)*gamma(2/3) + 81*a**4*b**12*x**18*
gamma(2/3)) + 864*a*b**(43/3)*x**(33/2)*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(
-10/3)/(81*a**7*b**9*x**(27/2)*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**6*b**10*x**15*gamma(2/3
) + 243*a**5*b**11*x**(33/2)*gamma(2/3) + 81*a**4*b**12*x**18*gamma(2/3))
+ 324*b**(46/3)*x**18*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-10/3)/(81*a**7*b*
**9*x**(27/2)*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**6*b**10*x**15*gamma(2/3) + 243*a**5*b**11
*x**(33/2)*gamma(2/3) + 81*a**4*b**12*x**18*gamma(2/3))

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{140 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{1/3} b^3}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{105 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{4/3} b^2}{x^2} + \frac{60 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{7/3} b}{x^{7/2}} - \frac{14 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{10/3}}{x^5}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^6/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/70*(140*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*b^3/sqrt(x) - 105*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)*b^
2/x^2 + 60*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(7/3)*b/x^(7/2) - 14*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(10/3)/x^5
)/a^4

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^6} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^6/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3)*x^6), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^6 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^6*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^6*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^6 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} bx + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^6} dx$$

input `int(1/x^6/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/((sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3)*x**6),x)`

**3.165**  $\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1312
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1312
Rubi [A] (verified)	1313
Maple [F]	1316
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1316
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1317
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1318
Giac [F]	1318
Mupad [F(-1)]	1318
Reduce [F]	1319

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{8ax^8} + \frac{15b\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{104a^2x^{13/2}} - \frac{9b^2\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{52a^3x^5} + \frac{81b^3\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{364a^4x^{7/2}} - \frac{243b^4\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{728a^5x^2} + \frac{729b^5\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{728a^6\sqrt{x}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a/x^8+15/104*b*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^2/x^(13/2)-9/52*b^2*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^3/x^5+81/364*b^3*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^4/x^(7/2)-243/728*b^4*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^5/x^2+729/728*b^5*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^6/x^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}(-91a^5 + 105a^4bx^{3/2} - 126a^3b^2x^3 + 162a^2b^3x^{9/2} - 243ab^4x^6 + 729b^5)}{728a^6x^8}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^9*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(1/3)}*(-91*a^5 + 105*a^4*b*x^{(3/2)} - 126*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 162*a^2*b^3*x^{(9/2)} - 243*a*b^4*x^6 + 729*b^5*x^{(15/2)}))}{(728*a^6*x^8)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$ , Rules used = {803, 803, 803, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 803 \\ & - \frac{15b \int \frac{1}{x^{15/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx}{16a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{8ax^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 803 \\ & - \frac{15b \left( - \frac{12b \int \frac{1}{x^6 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx}{13a} - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{8ax^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 803 \\ & - \frac{15b \left( - \frac{12b \left( - \frac{9b \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx}{10a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5ax^5} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)}{16a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{8ax^8} \\ & \quad \downarrow 803 \end{aligned}$$

$$15b \left( \frac{12b \left( \frac{9b \left( \frac{6b \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{10a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5ax^5} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{8ax^8} \cdot 16a$$

↓ 803

$$15b \left( \frac{12b \left( \frac{9b \left( \frac{6b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx}{4a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^2} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{7ax^{7/2}} \right)}{10a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5ax^5} \right)}{13a} - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{13ax^{13/2}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{8ax^8} \cdot 16a$$

↓ 796





## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + b x^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^9/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/x^9/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + b x^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(243 ab^4 x^6 + 126 a^3 b^2 x^3 + 91 a^5 - 3(243 b^5 x^7 + 54 a^2 b^3 x^4 + 35 a^4 b x) \sqrt{x}) (b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{728 a^6 x^8}$$

input `integrate(1/x^9/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/728*(243*a*b^4*x^6 + 126*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 91*a^5 - 3*(243*b^5*x^7 + 54*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 35*a^4*b*x)*sqrt(x))*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/(a^6*x^8)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1554 vs.  $2(148) = 296$ .

Time = 35.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1554, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x**9/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)`

output

```
-7280*a**10*b**(76/3)*x**30*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-16/3)/(729*
a**11*b**25*x**(75/2)*gamma(2/3) + 3645*a**10*b**26*x**39*gamma(2/3) + 729
0*a**9*b**27*x**(81/2)*gamma(2/3) + 7290*a**8*b**28*x**42*gamma(2/3) + 364
5*a**7*b**29*x**(87/2)*gamma(2/3) + 729*a**6*b**30*x**45*gamma(2/3)) - 280
00*a**9*b**(79/3)*x**(63/2)*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-16/3)/(729*
a**11*b**25*x**(75/2)*gamma(2/3) + 3645*a**10*b**26*x**39*gamma(2/3) + 729
0*a**9*b**27*x**(81/2)*gamma(2/3) + 7290*a**8*b**28*x**42*gamma(2/3) + 364
5*a**7*b**29*x**(87/2)*gamma(2/3) + 729*a**6*b**30*x**45*gamma(2/3)) - 408
80*a**8*b**(82/3)*x**33*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-16/3)/(729*a**1
1*b**25*x**(75/2)*gamma(2/3) + 3645*a**10*b**26*x**39*gamma(2/3) + 7290*a
**9*b**27*x**(81/2)*gamma(2/3) + 7290*a**8*b**28*x**42*gamma(2/3) + 3645*a
**7*b**29*x**(87/2)*gamma(2/3) + 729*a**6*b**30*x**45*gamma(2/3)) - 26240*a
**7*b**(85/3)*x**(69/2)*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-16/3)/(729*a**1
1*b**25*x**(75/2)*gamma(2/3) + 3645*a**10*b**26*x**39*gamma(2/3) + 7290*a
**9*b**27*x**(81/2)*gamma(2/3) + 7290*a**8*b**28*x**42*gamma(2/3) + 3645*a
**7*b**29*x**(87/2)*gamma(2/3) + 729*a**6*b**30*x**45*gamma(2/3)) - 7840*a
**6*b**(88/3)*x**36*(a/(b*x**(3/2)) + 1)**(1/3)*gamma(-16/3)/(729*a**11*b**
25*x**(75/2)*gamma(2/3) + 3645*a**10*b**26*x**39*gamma(2/3) + 7290*a**9*b
**27*x**(81/2)*gamma(2/3) + 7290*a**8*b**28*x**42*gamma(2/3) + 3645*a**7*b
**29*x**(87/2)*gamma(2/3) + 729*a**6*b**30*x**45*gamma(2/3)) + 24640*a**...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{1456 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{1/3} b^5}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1820 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{4/3} b^4}{x^2} + \frac{2080 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{7/3} b^3}{x^{7/2}} - \frac{1456 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{10/3} b^2}{x^5} + \frac{560 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{13/3}}{x^{13/2}} - \frac{91 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{16/3}}{x^8} + \frac{91}{728 a^6}$$

input `integrate(1/x^9/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/728*(1456*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*b^5/sqrt(x) - 1820*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)*b^4/x^2 + 2080*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(7/3)*b^3/x^(7/2) - 1456*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(10/3)*b^2/x^5 + 560*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(13/3)*b/x^(13/2) - 91*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(16/3)/x^8)/a^6`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3} x^9} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^9/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3)*x^9), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^9*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^9*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)), x)`

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^9 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^9} dx$$

input `int(1/x^9/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/((sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3)*x**9),x)`

**3.166**  $\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1320
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1320
Rubi [A] (verified)	1321
Maple [F]	1322
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1322
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1323
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1323
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1324
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1324
Reduce [F]	1325

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2a^5 \sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{b^6} + \frac{5a^4 (a+bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{2b^6} - \frac{20a^3 (a+bx^{3/2})^{7/3}}{7b^6} + \frac{2a^2 (a+bx^{3/2})^{10/3}}{b^6} - \frac{10a (a+bx^{3/2})^{13/3}}{13b^6} + \frac{(a+bx^{3/2})^{16/3}}{8b^6}$$

output

```
-2*a^5*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/b^6+5/2*a^4*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(4/3)/b^6-20/7*a^3*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(7/3)/b^6+2*a^2*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(10/3)/b^6-10/13*a*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(13/3)/b^6+1/8*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(16/3)/b^6
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}(-729a^5 + 243a^4bx^{3/2} - 162a^3b^2x^3 + 126a^2b^3x^{9/2} - 105ab^4x^6 + 91b^5x^{15/2})}{728b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^8/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x]
```

output

$$\frac{((a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(1/3)}*(-729*a^5 + 243*a^4*b*x^{(3/2)} - 162*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 126*a^2*b^3*x^{(9/2)} - 105*a*b^4*x^6 + 91*b^5*x^{(15/2)}))/(728*b^6)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{x^{15/2}}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} + \frac{5\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a} a^4}{b^5} - \frac{10(bx^{3/2} + a)^{4/3} a^3}{b^5} + \frac{10(bx^{3/2} + a)^{7/3} a^2}{b^5} - \frac{5(bx^{3/2} + a)^{10/3} a}{b^5} \right) dx^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{3a^5 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{b^6} + \frac{15a^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{4b^6} - \frac{30a^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{7/3}}{7b^6} + \frac{3a^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{10/3}}{b^6} + \frac{3(a + bx^{3/2})^{16/3}}{16b^6} - \frac{1}{16b^6} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^8/(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(2/3)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*((-3*a^5*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(1/3)})/b^6 + (15*a^4*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(4/3)})/(4*b^6) - (30*a^3*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(7/3)})/(7*b^6) + (3*a^2*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(10/3)})/b^6 - (15*a*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(13/3)})/(13*b^6) + (3*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(16/3)})/(16*b^6)))/3}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8}{\left(a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(x^8/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x^8/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.55

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{(105 ab^4 x^6 + 162 a^3 b^2 x^3 + 729 a^5 - (91 b^5 x^7 + 126 a^2 b^3 x^4 + 243 a^4 bx)\sqrt{x})(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{728 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$-1/728*(105*a*b^4*x^6 + 162*a^3*b^2*x^3 + 729*a^5 - (91*b^5*x^7 + 126*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 243*a^4*b*x)*\sqrt{x})*(b*x^{(3/2)} + a)^{(1/3)}/b^6$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{729a^5 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{728b^6} + \frac{243a^4 x^{3/2} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{728b^5} - \frac{81a^3 x^3 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{364b^4} + \frac{9a^2 x^{9/2} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{52b^3} - \frac{15a x^{15/2} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{8b^6} \\ \frac{x^9}{9a^{2/3}} \end{array} \right.$$

input

```
integrate(x**8/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-729*a**5*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(728*b**6) + 243*a**4*x**(3/2)*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(728*b**5) - 81*a**3*x**3*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(364*b**4) + 9*a**2*x**(9/2)*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(52*b**3) - 15*a*x**6*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(104*b**2) + x**(15/2)*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(8*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**9/(9*a**(2/3)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{16/3}}{8b^6} - \frac{10(bx^{3/2} + a)^{13/3}a}{13b^6} + \frac{2(bx^{3/2} + a)^{10/3}a^2}{b^6} - \frac{20(bx^{3/2} + a)^{7/3}a^3}{7b^6} + \frac{5(bx^{3/2} + a)^{4/3}a^4}{2b^6} - \frac{2(bx^{3/2} + a)^{1/3}a^5}{b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^8/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/8*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(16/3)/b^6 - 10/13*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(13/3)*a/b^6 + 2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(10/3)*a^2/b^6 - 20/7*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(7/3)*a^3/b^6 + 5/2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)*a^4/b^6 - 2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a^5/b^6
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2 \left( bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} a^5}{b^6} + \frac{91 \left( bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a \right)^{\frac{16}{3}} - 560 \left( bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a \right)^{\frac{13}{3}} a + 1456 \left( bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a \right)^{\frac{10}{3}} a^2 - 2080 \left( bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a \right)^{\frac{7}{3}} a^3 + 1820 \left( bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a \right)^{\frac{4}{3}} a^4}{728 b^6}$$

input `integrate(x^8/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a^5/b^6 + 1/728*(91*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(16/3) - 560*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(13/3)*a + 1456*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(10/3)*a^2 - 2080*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(7/3)*a^3 + 1820*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)*a^4)/b^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^{3/2})^{16/3}}{8 b^6} - \frac{10 a (a + bx^{3/2})^{13/3}}{13 b^6} - \frac{2 a^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{1/3}}{b^6} + \frac{5 a^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{2 b^6} - \frac{20 a^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{7/3}}{7 b^6} + \frac{2 a^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{10/3}}{b^6}$$

input `int(x^8/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`output `(a + b*x^(3/2))^(16/3)/(8*b^6) - (10*a*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(13/3))/(13*b^6) - (2*a^5*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/b^6 + (5*a^4*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(4/3))/(2*b^6) - (20*a^3*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(7/3))/(7*b^6) + (2*a^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(10/3))/b^6`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^8}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^8}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(x^8/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x**8/(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3),x)`

**3.167** 
$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1326
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1326
Rubi [A] (verified)	1327
Maple [F]	1328
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1328
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1329
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1329
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1330
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1330
Reduce [F]	1331

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2a^3 \sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{b^4} + \frac{3a^2(a+bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{2b^4} - \frac{6a(a+bx^{3/2})^{7/3}}{7b^4} + \frac{(a+bx^{3/2})^{10/3}}{5b^4}$$

output

$-2*a^3*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/b^4+3/2*a^2*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(4/3)/b^4-6/7*a*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(7/3)/b^4+1/5*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(10/3)/b^4$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}(-81a^3+27a^2bx^{3/2}-18ab^2x^3+14b^3x^{9/2})}{70b^4}$$

input

`Integrate[x^5/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x]`

output

$$\frac{((a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(1/3)}*(-81*a^3 + 27*a^2*b*x^{(3/2)} - 18*a*b^2*x^3 + 14*b^3*x^{(9/2)}))/(70*b^4)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a} a^2}{b^3} - \frac{3(bx^{3/2} + a)^{4/3} a}{b^3} + \frac{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{7/3}}{b^3} \right) dx^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{3a^3 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{b^4} + \frac{9a^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{4b^4} + \frac{3(a + bx^{3/2})^{10/3}}{10b^4} - \frac{9a(a + bx^{3/2})^{7/3}}{7b^4} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^5/(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(2/3)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(2*((-3*a^3*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(1/3)})/b^4 + (9*a^2*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(4/3)})/(4*b^4) - (9*a*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(7/3)})/(7*b^4) + (3*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(10/3)})/(10*b^4)))/3}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{\left(a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{(18 ab^2 x^3 + 81 a^3 - (14 b^3 x^4 + 27 a^2 bx)\sqrt{x})(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{70 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$-1/70*(18*a*b^2*x^3 + 81*a^3 - (14*b^3*x^4 + 27*a^2*b*x)*\text{sqrt}(x))*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/b^4$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{81a^3 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{70b^4} + \frac{27a^2 x^{3/2} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{70b^3} - \frac{9ax^3 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{35b^2} + \frac{x^{9/2} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{5b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^6}{6a^{2/3}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**5/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((-81*a**3*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(70*b**4) + 27*a**2*x**(3/2)*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(70*b**3) - 9*a*x**3*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(35*b**2) + x**(9/2)*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(5*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**6/(6*a**(2/3)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{10/3}}{5b^4} - \frac{6(bx^{3/2} + a)^{7/3}a}{7b^4} + \frac{3(bx^{3/2} + a)^{4/3}a^2}{2b^4} - \frac{2(bx^{3/2} + a)^{1/3}a^3}{b^4}$$

input

```
integrate(x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/5*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(10/3)/b^4 - 6/7*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(7/3)*a/b^4 + 3/2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)*a^2/b^4 - 2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a^3/b^4
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2 \left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} a^3}{b^4} + \frac{14 \left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\right)^{\frac{10}{3}} - 60 \left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\right)^{\frac{7}{3}} a + 105 \left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\right)^{\frac{4}{3}} a^2}{70 b^4}$$

input `integrate(x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a^3/b^4 + 1/70*(14*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(10/3) - 60*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(7/3)*a + 105*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)*a^2)/b^4`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(a + bx^{3/2})^{10/3}}{5 b^4} - \frac{6 a (a + bx^{3/2})^{7/3}}{7 b^4} - \frac{2 a^3 (a + bx^{3/2})^{1/3}}{b^4} + \frac{3 a^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{2 b^4}$$

input `int(x^5/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `(a + b*x^(3/2))^(10/3)/(5*b^4) - (6*a*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(7/3))/(7*b^4) - (2*a^3*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/b^4 + (3*a^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(4/3))/(2*b^4)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^5}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^5}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x**5/(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3),x)`



**3.168** 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1332
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1332
Rubi [A] (verified)	1333
Maple [A] (verified)	1334
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1335
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1335
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1335
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1336
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1336
Reduce [F]	1336

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2a \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{b^2} + \frac{(a + bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{2b^2}$$

output `-2*a*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/b^2+1/2*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(4/3)/b^2`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(-3a + bx^{3/2}) \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2b^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x]`

output `((-3*a + b*x^(3/2))*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/(2*b^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a}}{b} - \frac{a}{b(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} \right) dx^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{3(a + bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{4b^2} - \frac{3a\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{b^2} \right)$$

input `Int [x^2/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x]`

output `(2*((-3*a*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/b^2 + (3*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(4/3))/(4*b^2))`  
/3

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\left(\frac{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}} - 2a\left(a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^2}$	30
default	$\frac{\left(\frac{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{2}\right)^{\frac{4}{3}} - 2a\left(a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^2}$	30

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/b^2*(1/4*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(4/3)-a*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{1/3} (bx^{3/2} - 3a)}{2b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*(b*x^(3/2) - 3*a)/b^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{3a \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2b^2} + \frac{x^{3/2} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x^3}{3a^{3/2}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)`output `Piecewise((-3*a*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(2*b**2) + x**(3/2)*(a + b*x**(3/2))**(1/3)/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3/(3*a**(2/3)), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{4/3}}{2b^2} - \frac{2(bx^{3/2} + a)^{1/3} a}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/2*(b*x^{(3/2)} + a)^{(4/3)}/b^2 - 2*(b*x^{(3/2)} + a)^{(1/3)}*a/b^2$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{4/3}}{2b^2} - \frac{2(bx^{3/2} + a)^{1/3}a}{b^2}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/2*(b*x^{(3/2)} + a)^{(4/3)}/b^2 - 2*(b*x^{(3/2)} + a)^{(1/3)}*a/b^2$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{4a(a + bx^{3/2})^{1/3} - (a + bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{2b^2}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output  $-(4*a*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(1/3)} - (a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(4/3)})/(2*b^2)$

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x**2/(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3),x)`

**3.169**  $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1338
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1339
Rubi [A] (verified)	1339
Maple [A] (verified)	1342
Fricas [F(-1)]	1342
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1343
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1343
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1344
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1344
Reduce [F]	1345

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}+2\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x)}{2a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}\right)}{a^{2/3}}$$

output `-2/3*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)+2*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(2/3)-1/2*ln(x)/a^(2/3)+ln(a^(1/3)-(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/a^(2/3)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 + 2\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - 2 \log\left(-\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}\right) + \log\left(a^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}} + (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]`

output `-1/3*(2*sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/a^(1/3))/sqrt[3]] - 2*Log[-a^(1/3) + (a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)] + Log[a^(2/3) + a^(1/3)*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3) + (a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)])/a^(2/3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {798, 69, 16, 1082, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{798}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx^{3/2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{69}$$



$$\frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a}} d\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a}}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^3 + a^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a}} d\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a}}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^{3/2})}{2a^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 16

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^3 + a^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a}} d\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a}}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}})}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x^{3/2})}{2a^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^3 - 3} d\left(\frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} + 1\right)}{a^{2/3}} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}})}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x^{3/2})}{2a^{2/3}} \right)$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} + 1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{a^{2/3}} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}})}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x^{3/2})}{2a^{2/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]`

output `(2*(-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/a^(2/3) - Log[x^(3/2)]/(2*a^(2/3)) + (3*Log[a^(1/3) - (a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)]/(2*a^(2/3)))))/3`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 69  $\text{Int}[1/(((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_))*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_))^{(2/3)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[(b*c - a*d)/b, 3]\}, \text{Simp}[-\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/(2*b*q^2), x] + (-\text{Simp}[3/(2*b*q) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q^2 + q*x + x^2), x], x, (c + d*x)^{(1/3)}], x] - \text{Simp}[3/(2*b*q^2) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x), x], x, (c + d*x)^{(1/3)}], x])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[(b*c - a*d)/b]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \& \& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])]$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]]$
- rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)+(c\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{2 \ln\left(\left(a+b x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}-a^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3 a^{\frac{2}{3}}}-\frac{\ln\left(\left(a+b x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}+a^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(a+b x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{3 a^{\frac{2}{3}}}-\frac{2 \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2\left(a+b x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}}+1\right)}{3}\right)}{3 a^{\frac{2}{3}}}$
default	$\frac{2 \ln\left(\left(a+b x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}-a^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3 a^{\frac{2}{3}}}-\frac{\ln\left(\left(a+b x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}+a^{\frac{1}{3}}\left(a+b x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{3 a^{\frac{2}{3}}}-\frac{2 \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2\left(a+b x^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}}+1\right)}{3}\right)}{3 a^{\frac{2}{3}}}$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3/a^(2/3)*ln((a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)-a^(1/3))-1/3/a^(2/3)*ln((a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)+a^(1/3)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)+a^(2/3))-2/3/a^(2/3)*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/2)*(2/a^(1/3)*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)+1))`

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+b x^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3} \middle| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^{3/2}}\right)}{3b^{2/3}x\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)`

output `-2*gamma(2/3)*hyper((2/3, 2/3), (5/3, ), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**(3/2)))/(3*b**(2/3)*x*gamma(5/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2\left(bx^{3/2}+a\right)^{1/3}+a^{1/3}\right)}{3a^{1/3}}\right)}{3a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log\left(\left(bx^{3/2}+a\right)^{2/3} + \left(bx^{3/2}+a\right)^{1/3}a^{1/3} + a^{2/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{2\log\left(\left(bx^{3/2}+a\right)^{1/3} - a^{1/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3) + a^(1/3))/a^(1/3))/a^(2/3) - 1/3*log((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a^(1/3) + a^(2/3))/a^(2/3) + 2/3*log((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3) - a^(1/3))/a^(2/3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2\left(bx^{3/2}+a\right)^{1/3}+a^{1/3}\right)}{3a^{1/3}}\right)}{3a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log\left(\left(bx^{3/2}+a\right)^{2/3} + \left(bx^{3/2}+a\right)^{1/3}a^{1/3} + a^{2/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{2 \log\left(\left|\left(bx^{3/2}+a\right)^{1/3} - a^{1/3}\right|\right)}{3a^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-2/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3) + a^(1/3))/a^(1/3))
)/a^(2/3) - 1/3*log((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a^(1/3)
+ a^(2/3))/a^(2/3) + 2/3*log(abs((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3) - a^(1/3)))/a^(2/3)
)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{2 \ln\left(6(a+bx^{3/2})^{1/3} - 6a^{1/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\ln\left(3a^{1/3}(-1+\sqrt{3}i) - 6(a+bx^{3/2})^{1/3}\right)(-1+\sqrt{3}i)}{3a^{2/3}} - \frac{\ln\left(3a^{1/3}(1+\sqrt{3}i) + 6(a+bx^{3/2})^{1/3}\right)(1+\sqrt{3}i)}{3a^{2/3}}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x)`

output

```
(2*log(6*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3) - 6*a^(1/3)))/(3*a^(2/3)) + (log(3*a^(1/3)*
(3^(1/2)*1i - 1) - 6*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i - 1))/(3*a^(2/3))
- (log(3*a^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*1i + 1) + 6*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))*(3^(1/2)*1i +
1))/(3*a^(2/3))
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{2/3}x} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3)*x),x)
```

**3.170**  $\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1346
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1347
Rubi [A] (verified)	1347
Maple [F]	1352
Fricas [F(-1)]	1352
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1352
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1353
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1353
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1354
Reduce [F]	1355

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{3ax^3} + \frac{5b\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{9a^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{10b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+2}\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{9\sqrt{3}a^{8/3}} - \frac{5b^2 \log(x)}{18a^{8/3}} + \frac{5b^2 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}\right)}{9a^{8/3}}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a/x^3+5/9*b*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/a^2/x^(3/2)-10/27
*b^2*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)+2*(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a
^(8/3)-5/18*b^2*ln(x)/a^(8/3)+5/9*b^2*ln(a^(1/3)-(a+b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/a^(8
/3)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{\frac{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}} (-3a + 5bx^{3/2})}{x^3} - 10\sqrt{3}b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{1 + \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) + 10b^2 \log\left(-\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}\right)}{27a^{8/3}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]`

output `((3*a^(2/3)*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)*(-3*a + 5*b*x^(3/2)))/x^3 - 10*Sqrt[3]*b^2*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 10*b^2*Log[-a^(1/3) + (a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)] - 5*b^2*Log[a^(2/3) + a^(1/3)*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3) + (a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)])/(27*a^(8/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.412$ , Rules used = {798, 52, 52, 69, 16, 1082, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx^{3/2} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\ & \frac{2}{3} \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{1}{x^3 (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} dx^{3/2}}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$



$$\downarrow 52$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{5b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2}(bx^{3/2}+a)^{2/3}} dx^{3/2}}{3a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{ax^{3/2}} \right)}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^3} \right)$$

$\downarrow 69$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}+a}} d\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}+a}}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^3+a^{2/3}+\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}+a}} d\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}+a}}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^{3/2})}{2a^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{ax^{3/2}} \right)}{6a} \right)$$

$\downarrow 16$

$$\frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^3+a^{2/3}+\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}+a}} d\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}+a}}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}})}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x^{3/2})}{2a^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{ax^{3/2}} \right)}{6a} \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$\left( \frac{2}{3} \left[ \frac{5b \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^3-3} dx \left( \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) + \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}} \right) - \frac{\log(x^{3/2})}{2a^{2/3}}}{2a^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{ax^{3/2}} \right]}{6a} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^3} \right) \right)$$

↓ 217

$$\left( \frac{2}{3} \left[ \frac{5b}{3a} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt[2]{3} \sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{a^{2/3}} + \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}} \right)}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x^{3/2})}{2a^{2/3}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{ax^{3/2}} \right] - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{3/2}}}{2ax^3} \right)$$

input `Int[1/(x^4*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]`

output `(2*(-1/2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/(a*x^3) - (5*b*(-((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)/(a*x^(3/2))) - (2*b*(-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])))/a^(2/3)) - Log[x^(3/2)]/(2*a^(2/3)) + (3*Log[a^(1/3) - (a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)]/(2*a^(2/3))))/(3*a)))/(6*a))/3`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 52  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 69  $\text{Int}[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(2/3)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[(b*c - a*d)/b, 3]\}, \text{Simp}[-\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/(2*b*q^2), x] + (-\text{Simp}[3/(2*b*q) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q^2 + q*x + x^2), x], x, (c + d*x)^{(1/3)}], x] - \text{Simp}[3/(2*b*q^2) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x), x], x, (c + d*x)^{(1/3)}], x])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[(b*c - a*d)/b]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$
- rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.) + (c_.)*(x_.)^2)^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b x^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b x^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.28

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b x^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{2\Gamma\left(\frac{8}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{8}{3} \middle| \frac{ae^{i\pi}}{bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right)}{3b^{\frac{2}{3}} x^4 \Gamma\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**4/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)`

output `-2*gamma(8/3)*hyper((2/3, 8/3), (11/3,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**(3/2)))/(3*b**(2/3)*x**4*gamma(11/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{10\sqrt{3}b^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{27a^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

$$-\frac{5b^2 \log\left(\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}+\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{27a^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

$$+\frac{10b^2 \log\left(\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}-a^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{27a^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{5\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}b^2 - 8\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^2}{9\left(\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^2a^2 - 2\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)a^3 + a^4\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-10/27*sqrt(3)*b^2*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3) + a^(1/3))/a^(1/3))/a^(8/3) - 5/27*b^2*log((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a^(1/3) + a^(2/3))/a^(8/3) + 10/27*b^2*log((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3) - a^(1/3))/a^(8/3) + 1/9*(5*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)*b^2 - 8*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a*b^2)/((b*x^(3/2) + a)^2*a^2 - 2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)*a^3 + a^4)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx =$$

$$\frac{10\sqrt{3}b^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{5b^3 \log\left(\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}+\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{a^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{10b^3 \log\left(\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}-a^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{a^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3\left(5\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}b^2 - 8\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}}+a\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^2\right)}{27b}$$

input `integrate(1/x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
-1/27*(10*sqrt(3)*b^3*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3) + a^(1/3)))/a^(1/3))/a^(8/3) + 5*b^3*log((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3) + (b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a^(1/3) + a^(2/3))/a^(8/3) - 10*b^3*log(abs((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3) - a^(1/3)))/a^(8/3) - 3*(5*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(4/3)*b^3 - 8*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*a*b^3)/(a^2*b^2*x^3)/b
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{10b^2 \ln \left( (a + bx^{3/2})^{1/3} - a^{1/3} \right)}{27a^{8/3}} - \frac{\frac{8b^2 (a+bx^{3/2})^{1/3}}{9a} - \frac{5b^2 (a+bx^{3/2})^{4/3}}{9a^2}}{(a + bx^{3/2})^2 - 2a(a + bx^{3/2}) + a^2} + \frac{\ln \left( \frac{-5b^2 + \sqrt{3}b^2 5i}{3a^{5/3}} - \frac{10b^2 (a+bx^{3/2})^{1/3}}{3a^2} \right) (-5b^2 + \sqrt{3}b^2 5i)}{27a^{8/3}} - \frac{\ln \left( \frac{5b^2 + \sqrt{3}b^2 5i}{3a^{5/3}} + \frac{10b^2 (a+bx^{3/2})^{1/3}}{3a^2} \right) (5b^2 + \sqrt{3}b^2 5i)}{27a^{8/3}}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x)
```

output

```
(10*b^2*log((a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3) - a^(1/3))/(27*a^(8/3)) - ((8*b^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/(9*a) - (5*b^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(4/3))/(9*a^2))/((a + b*x^(3/2))^2 - 2*a*(a + b*x^(3/2)) + a^2) + (log((3^(1/2)*b^2*5i - 5*b^2)/(3*a^(5/3)) - (10*b^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/(3*a^2))*(3^(1/2)*b^2*5i - 5*b^2))/(27*a^(8/3)) - (log((3^(1/2)*b^2*5i + 5*b^2)/(3*a^(5/3)) + (10*b^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/(3*a^2))*(3^(1/2)*b^2*5i + 5*b^2))/(27*a^(8/3))
```

Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^4} dx$$

input `int(1/x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/((sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3)*x**4),x)`



**3.171**  $\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1356
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1356
Rubi [A] (verified)	1357
Maple [F]	1358
Fricas [F]	1358
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1359
Maxima [F]	1359
Giac [F]	1360
Mupad [F(-1)]	1360
Reduce [F]	1360

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{x^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{10}{3}, \frac{13}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{5(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

output

$1/5*x^5*(1+b*x^(3/2)/a)^(2/3)*\text{hypergeom}([2/3, 10/3], [13/3], -b*x^(3/2)/a)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{x^5 \left(1 + \frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{10}{3}, \frac{13}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{5(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

input

$\text{Integrate}[x^4/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x]$

output

$$(x^5*(1 + (b*x^{(3/2))}/a)^{(2/3)}*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, 10/3, 13/3, -((b*x^{(3/2))}/a)])/(5*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(2/3)})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {864, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{864} \\ & 2 \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{2\left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3} \int \frac{x^{9/2}}{\left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x}}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{x^5 \left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{10}{3}, \frac{13}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{5(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^4/(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(2/3)}, x]$$

output

$$(x^5*(1 + (b*x^{(3/2))}/a)^{(2/3)}*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, 10/3, 13/3, -((b*x^{(3/2))}/a)])/(5*(a + b*x^{(3/2)})^{(2/3)})$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{\left(a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^(11/2) - a*x^4)*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/(b^2*x^3 - a^2), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{2x^5 \Gamma\left(\frac{10}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{10}{3} \middle| \frac{13}{3}, \frac{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}} \Gamma\left(\frac{13}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**4/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3), x)`

output `2*x**5*gamma(10/3)*hyper((2/3, 10/3), (13/3,), b*x**(3/2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(3*a**(2/3)*gamma(13/3))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^4/(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^4/(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(a + b x^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x^4/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^4}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x^4}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x**4/(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3),x)`

$$3.172 \quad \int \frac{x}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1361
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1361
Rubi [A] (verified)	1362
Maple [F]	1363
Fricas [F]	1363
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1364
Maxima [F]	1364
Giac [F]	1365
Mupad [F(-1)]	1365
Reduce [F]	1365

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left(1 + \frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{2(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

output

```
1/2*x^2*(1+b*x^(3/2)/a)^(2/3)*hypergeom([2/3, 4/3], [7/3], -b*x^(3/2)/a)/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 9.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{x^2 \left(1 + \frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{2(a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x]
```

output

$$(x^2*(1 + (b*x^(3/2))/a)^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, 4/3, 7/3, -((b*x^(3/2))/a)])/(2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3))$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {864, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{864} \\ & 2 \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{2\left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3} \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x}}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{x^2 \left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{7}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{2(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x]$$

output

$$(x^2*(1 + (b*x^(3/2))/a)^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, 4/3, 7/3, -((b*x^(3/2))/a)])/(2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3))$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)) * Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + bx^{\frac{3}{2}}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + bx^{3/2}\right)^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output `integral((b*x^(5/2) - a*x)*(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)/(b^2*x^3 - a^2), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{2x^2\Gamma(\frac{4}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{3} \middle| \frac{bx^{\frac{3}{2}}e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}}\Gamma(\frac{7}{3})}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3), x)`

output `2*x**2*gamma(4/3)*hyper((2/3, 4/3), (7/3,), b*x**(3/2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(3*a**(2/3)*gamma(7/3))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(\sqrt{x}bx + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x/(sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3),x)`

**3.173**  $\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a+bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	1366
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1366
Rubi [A] (verified)	1367
Maple [F]	1368
Fricas [F]	1368
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1369
Maxima [F]	1369
Giac [F]	1370
Mupad [F(-1)]	1370
Reduce [F]	1370

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{x (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-(1+b*x^(3/2)/a)^(2/3)*hypergeom([-2/3, 2/3], [1/3], -b*x^(3/2)/a)/x/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 10.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{x (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)), x]
```

output

```
-(((1 + (b*x^(3/2))/a)^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 2/3, 1/3, -((b*x^(3/2))/a)])/(x*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {864, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{864} \\
 & 2 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\
 & \frac{2 \left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{x^{3/2} \left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x}}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\
 & -\frac{\left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{x (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]
```

output

```
-(((1 + (b*x^(3/2))/a)^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 2/3, 1/3, -((b*x^(3/2))/a)])/(x*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b x^{3/2} + a)^{2/3} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*(b*x^(3/2) - a)/(b^2*x^5 - a^2*x^2), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{2\Gamma(-\frac{2}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3} \middle| \frac{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}} x \Gamma(\frac{1}{3})}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)`

output `2*gamma(-2/3)*hyper((-2/3, 2/3), (1/3,), b*x**(3/2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(3*a**(2/3)*x*gamma(1/3))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} bx + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/((sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3)*x**2),x)`

$$3.174 \quad \int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	1371
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1371
Rubi [A] (verified)	1372
Maple [F]	1373
Fricas [F]	1373
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	1374
Maxima [F]	1374
Giac [F]	1375
Mupad [F(-1)]	1375
Reduce [F]	1375

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{8}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{4x^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(1+b*x^(3/2)/a)^(2/3)*hypergeom([-8/3, 2/3], [-5/3], -b*x^(3/2)/a)/x^4/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 10.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = -\frac{\left(1 + \frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{8}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{4x^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)), x]
```



output

$$-1/4*((1 + (b*x^(3/2))/a)^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-8/3, 2/3, -5/3, -((b*x^(3/2))/a)])/x^4*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {864, 889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{864} \\ & 2 \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2} (bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & \frac{2 \left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3} \int \frac{1}{x^{9/2} \left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3}} d\sqrt{x}}{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & - \frac{\left(\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a} + 1\right)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{8}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3/2}}{a}\right)}{4x^4 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(x^5*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x]$$

output

$$-1/4*((1 + (b*x^(3/2))/a)^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-8/3, 2/3, -5/3, -((b*x^(3/2))/a)])/x^4*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + b x^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + b x^{\frac{3}{2}})^{\frac{2}{3}}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(b x^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(1/3)*(b*x^(3/2) - a)/(b^2*x^8 - a^2*x^5), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \frac{2\Gamma(-\frac{8}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{8}{3}, \frac{2}{3} \middle| \frac{bx^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}} x^4 \Gamma(-\frac{5}{3})}$$

input `integrate(1/x**5/(a+b*x**(3/2))**(2/3), x)`

output `2*gamma(-8/3)*hyper((-8/3, 2/3), (-5/3,), b*x**(3/2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(3*a**(2/3)*x**4*gamma(-5/3))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3)*x^5), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^5} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^(3/2) + a)^(2/3)*x^5), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^5*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 (a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x} bx + a)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^5} dx$$

input `int(1/x^5/(a+b*x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(1/((sqrt(x)*b*x + a)**(2/3)*x**5),x)`

### 3.175 $\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}} dx$

Optimal result	1376
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1377
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	1377
Maple [C] (verified)	1380
Fricas [F]	1380
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1381
Maxima [F]	1381
Giac [F]	1381
Mupad [F(-1)]	1382
Reduce [F]	1382

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 415

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}}{3b^{2/3} \left(1 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{2-\sqrt{3}} \left(1 + \sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}+b^{2/3}x^3}{\left(1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}\right)^2}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}}{1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}}\right) \mid -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3^{3/4}b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}}{\left(1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}\right)^2}} \sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}}$$

$$+ \frac{4\sqrt{2} \left(1 + \sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{1-\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}+b^{2/3}x^3}{\left(1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}\right)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}}{1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}}\right), -7-4\sqrt{3}\right)}{3\sqrt[4]{3}b^{2/3} \sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}}{\left(1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2}}\right)^2}} \sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}}$$

output

$$\frac{4}{3} \frac{(1+bx^{9/2})^{1/2}}{b^{2/3}} \frac{1}{(1+3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2})} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{(1/2 \cdot 6^{1/2}) - 1/2 \cdot 2^{1/2}}{(1+3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2})^2} \cdot (1+b^{1/3}x^{3/2}) \cdot ((1-b^{1/3}x^{3/2})+b^{2/3}x^3) / (1+3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2})^2)^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticE}((1-3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2}) / (1+3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2})), I \cdot 3^{1/2} + 2I) \cdot 3^{1/4} / b^{2/3} / ((1+b^{1/3}x^{3/2}) / (1+3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2}))^2)^{1/2} / (1+bx^{9/2})^{1/2} + \frac{4}{9} \frac{2^{1/2}}{(1+b^{1/3}x^{3/2})} \cdot ((1-b^{1/3}x^{3/2})+b^{2/3}x^3) / (1+3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2})^2)^{1/2} \cdot \text{EllipticF}((1-3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2}) / (1+3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2})) / (1+3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2}) / (1+3^{1/2}+b^{1/3}x^{3/2})^2)^{1/2} / (1+bx^{9/2})^{1/2}$$
**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4 in optimal.

Time = 10.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.06

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}} dx = \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, -bx^{9/2} \right)$$

input

`Integrate[x^2/Sqrt[1 + b*x^(9/2)],x]`

output

`(x^3*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/3, 5/3, -(b*x^(9/2))])/3`
**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 433, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {864, 807, 832, 759, 2416}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^{9/2} + 1}} dx$$

↓ 864

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 2 \int \frac{x^{5/2}}{\sqrt{bx^{9/2} + 1}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 807 \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \int \frac{x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + 1}} dx^{3/2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 832 \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} - \sqrt{3} + 1}}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + 1}} dx^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{(1 - \sqrt{3}) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + 1}} dx^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 759 \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} - \sqrt{3} + 1}}{\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + 1}} dx^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{2(1 - \sqrt{3}) \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{3}} (\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + 1}) \sqrt{\frac{b^{2/3}x - \sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + 1}}{(\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + \sqrt{3} + 1})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} - \sqrt{3} + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + \sqrt{3} + 1}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + 1}}{(\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + \sqrt{3} + 1})^2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + 1}}}{\sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + 1}}{(\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + \sqrt{3} + 1})^2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + 1}} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2416 \\
 & \frac{2}{3} \left( \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{bx^{3/2} + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + \sqrt{3} + 1})}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}} (\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + 1}) \sqrt{\frac{b^{2/3}x - \sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + 1}}{(\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + \sqrt{3} + 1})^2}} E \left( \arcsin \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} - \sqrt{3} + 1}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + \sqrt{3} + 1}} \right) \middle| -7 - 4\sqrt{3} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + 1}}{(\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + \sqrt{3} + 1})^2}} \sqrt{bx^{3/2} + 1}}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{2(1 - \sqrt{3})}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int [x^2/Sqrt [1 + b*x^(9/2)], x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2*((2*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*x^{(3/2)}])/(b^{(1/3)}*(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3] + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)))) - ( \\ & 3^{(1/4)}*\text{Sqrt}[2 - \text{Sqrt}[3]]*(1 + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + b^{(2/3)}*x - b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})/(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3] + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})^2]*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3] + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})/(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3] + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3]])/ \\ & (b^{(1/3)}*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})/(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3] + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*x^{(3/2)}])/b^{(1/3)} - (2*(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3])* \text{Sqrt}[2 + \text{Sqrt}[3]]*(1 + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + b^{(2/3)}*x - b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})/(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3] + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})^2]*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcSin}[(1 - \text{Sqrt}[3] + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})/(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3] + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})], -7 - 4*\text{Sqrt}[3])/(3^{(1/4)}*b^{(2/3)}*\text{Sqrt}[(1 + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})/(1 + \text{Sqrt}[3] + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(3/2)})^2]*\text{Sqrt}[1 + b*x^{(3/2)}]))/3 \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 759

```
Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]],
s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[2*Sqrt[2 + Sqrt[3]]*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s
*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(3^(1/4)*r*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*
((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]))*EllipticF[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s
+ r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] &
& PosQ[a]
```

rule 807

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = GCD[m
+ 1, n]}, Simp[1/k Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/k - 1)*(a + b*x^(n/k))^p, x], x,
x^k], x] /; k != 1] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 832

```
Int[(x_)/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Rt[b/a, 3]
], s = Denom[Rt[b/a, 3]]}, Simp[(-(1 - Sqrt[3]))*(s/r) Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x
^3], x], x] + Simp[1/r Int[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/Sqrt[a + b*x^3], x], x
]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a]
```

rule 864

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denomi
nator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x
^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```



rule 2416

```
Int[((c_) + (d_)*(x_))/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3], x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numer[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)], s = Denom[Simplify[(1 - Sqrt[3])*(d/c)]]}, Simp[2*d*s^3*(Sqrt[a + b*x^3]/(a*r^2*((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x))), x] - Simp[3^(1/4)*Sqrt[2 - Sqrt[3]]*d*s*(s + r*x)*(Sqrt[(s^2 - r*s*x + r^2*x^2)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2]/(r^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^3]*Sqrt[s*((s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)^2])))*EllipticE[ArcSin[((1 - Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)/((1 + Sqrt[3])*s + r*x)], -7 - 4*Sqrt[3]], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[a] && EqQ[b*c^3 - 2*(5 - 3*Sqrt[3])*a*d^3, 0]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 4.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.04

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{x^3 \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3}\right], \left[\frac{5}{3}\right], -bx^{\frac{9}{2}}\right)}{3}$	18

input

```
int(x^2/(1+b*x^(9/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*x^3*hypergeom([1/2,2/3],[5/3],-b*x^(9/2))
```

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + bx^{9/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^{9/2} + 1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(1+b*x^(9/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((b*x^(13/2) - x^2)*sqrt(b*x^(9/2) + 1)/(b^2*x^9 - 1), x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.08

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}} dx = \frac{2x^3\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3} \middle| \frac{5}{3} \middle| bx^{\frac{9}{2}}e^{i\pi}\right)}{9\Gamma\left(\frac{5}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(1+b*x**(9/2))**(1/2),x)`output `2*x**3*gamma(2/3)*hyper((1/2, 2/3), (5/3,), b*x**(9/2)*exp_polar(I*pi))/(9*gamma(5/3))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{9}{2}}+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+b*x^(9/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(b*x^(9/2) + 1), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+bx^{9/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{9}{2}}+1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^2/(1+b*x^(9/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^2/sqrt(b*x^(9/2) + 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + bx^{9/2}}} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{bx^{9/2} + 1}} dx$$

input `int(x^2/(b*x^(9/2) + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^2/(b*x^(9/2) + 1)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1 + bx^{9/2}}} dx = - \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} b x^4 + 1} x^2}{b^2 x^9 - 1} dx \right) + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\sqrt{x} b x^4 + 1} x^6}{b^2 x^9 - 1} dx \right) b$$

input `int(x^2/(1+b*x^(9/2))^(1/2),x)`output `- int((sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x**4 + 1)*x**2)/(b**2*x**9 - 1),x) + int((sqrt(x)*sqrt(sqrt(x)*b*x**4 + 1)*x**6)/(b**2*x**9 - 1),x)*b`

### 3.176 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx$

Optimal result	1383
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1383
Rubi [A] (verified)	1384
Maple [A] (verified)	1385
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1385
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1386
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1386
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1387
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1387
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1388

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{3}{16}bx^{16/3}$$

output `1/5*a*x^5+3/16*b*x^(16/3)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{1}{80}(16a + 15b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^5$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))*x^4,x]`

output `((16*a + 15*b*x^(1/3))*x^5)/80`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^4 + bx^{13/3}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{3}{16}bx^{16/3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))*x^4,x]
```

output

```
(a*x^5)/5 + (3*b*x^(16/3))/16
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16}$	14
default	$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^4+x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{5} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16}$	26
orering	$\frac{7x^5(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{20} - \frac{3x^2\left(\frac{bx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{3} + 4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^3\right)}{80}$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/5*a*x^5+3/16*b*x^(16/3)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{3}{16} bx^{\frac{16}{3}} + \frac{1}{5} ax^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3/16*b*x^(16/3) + 1/5*a*x^5`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))*x**4,x)`

output `a*x**5/5 + 3*b*x**(16/3)/16`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.21

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx = & \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16}}{16 b^{15}} - \frac{14 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{15} a}{5 b^{15}} + \frac{39 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14} a^2}{2 b^{15}} \\ & - \frac{84 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13} a^3}{b^{15}} + \frac{1001 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a^4}{4 b^{15}} - \frac{546 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^5}{b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{9009 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10} a^6}{10 b^{15}} - \frac{1144 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9 a^7}{b^{15}} + \frac{9009 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8 a^8}{8 b^{15}} \\ & - \frac{858 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a^9}{b^{15}} + \frac{1001 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^{10}}{2 b^{15}} - \frac{1092 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5 a^{11}}{5 b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{273 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4 a^{12}}{4 b^{15}} - \frac{14 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^3 a^{13}}{b^{15}} + \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^2 a^{14}}{2 b^{15}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
3/16*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16/b^15 - 14/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^15*a/b^15 + 39/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^14*a^2/b^15 - 84*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a^3/b^15 + 1001/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a^4/b^15 - 546*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^5/b^15 + 9009/10*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10*a^6/b^15 - 1144*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^7/b^15 + 9009/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^8/b^15 - 858*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^9/b^15 + 1001/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^10/b^15 - 1092/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^11/b^15 + 273/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^12/b^15 - 14*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^13/b^15 + 3/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^14/b^15
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{3}{16} b x^{\frac{16}{3}} + \frac{1}{5} a x^5$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3/16*b*x^(16/3) + 1/5*a*x^5
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{a x^5}{5} + \frac{3 b x^{16/3}}{16}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/3)),x)
```

output

```
(a*x^5)/5 + (3*b*x^(16/3))/16
```



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4 dx = \frac{x^5 (15x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + 16a)}{80}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^4,x)`

output `(x**5*(15*x**(1/3)*b + 16*a))/80`

### 3.177 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx$

Optimal result	1389
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1389
Rubi [A] (verified)	1390
Maple [A] (verified)	1391
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1391
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1392
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1392
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1393
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1393
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1393

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{3}{13}bx^{13/3}$$

output `1/4*a*x^4+3/13*b*x^(13/3)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{1}{52}(13a + 12b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^4$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))*x^3,x]`

output `((13*a + 12*b*x^(1/3))*x^4)/52`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^{10/3}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{3}{13}bx^{13/3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))*x^3,x]
```

output

```
(a*x^4)/4 + (3*b*x^(13/3))/13
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13}$	14
default	$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{4} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13}$	23
orering	$\frac{11(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^4}{26} - \frac{3x^2\left(\frac{bx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{3} + 3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^2\right)}{52}$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4*a*x^4+3/13*b*x^(13/3)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{3}{13} bx^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} ax^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3/13*b*x^(13/3) + 1/4*a*x^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))*x**3,x)`

output `a*x**4/4 + 3*b*x**(13/3)/13`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.53

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx = & \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13}}{13 b^{12}} - \frac{11 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a}{4 b^{12}} + \frac{15 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^2}{b^{12}} \\ & - \frac{99 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10} a^3}{2 b^{12}} + \frac{110 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9 a^4}{b^{12}} - \frac{693 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8 a^5}{4 b^{12}} \\ & + \frac{198 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a^6}{b^{12}} - \frac{165 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^7}{b^{12}} + \frac{99 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5 a^8}{b^{12}} \\ & - \frac{165 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4 a^9}{4 b^{12}} + \frac{11 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^3 a^{10}}{b^{12}} - \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^2 a^{11}}{2 b^{12}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/13*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13/b^12 - 11/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a/b^12 + 15*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^2/b^12 - 99/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10*a^3/b^12 + 110*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^4/b^12 - 693/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^5/b^12 + 198*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^6/b^12 - 165*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^7/b^12 + 99*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^8/b^12 - 165/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^9/b^12 + 11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^10/b^12 - 3/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^11/b^12`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{3}{13} b x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} a x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/13*b*x^(13/3) + 1/4*a*x^4`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{a x^4}{4} + \frac{3 b x^{13/3}}{13}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/3)),x)`

output `(a*x^4)/4 + (3*b*x^(13/3))/13`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3 dx = \frac{x^4 (12x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + 13a)}{52}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^3,x)`

output `(x**4*(12*x**(1/3)*b + 13*a))/52`

### 3.178 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx$

Optimal result	1394
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1394
Rubi [A] (verified)	1395
Maple [A] (verified)	1396
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1396
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1397
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1397
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1398
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1398
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1398

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{3}{10}bx^{10/3}$$

output `1/3*a*x^3+3/10*b*x^(10/3)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{1}{30}(10a + 9b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))*x^2,x]`

output `((10*a + 9*b*x^(1/3))*x^3)/30`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^2 + bx^{7/3}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{3}{10}bx^{10/3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))*x^2,x]
```

output

```
(a*x^3)/3 + (3*b*x^(10/3))/10
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10}$	14
default	$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10}$	20
orering	$\frac{8(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^3}{15} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{3} + 2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x\right)}{10}$	36

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/3*a*x^3+3/10*b*x^(10/3)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{3}{10} bx^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} ax^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3/10*b*x^(10/3) + 1/3*a*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))*x**2,x)`

output `a*x**3/3 + 3*b*x**(10/3)/10`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.84

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx = & \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10}}{10 b^9} - \frac{8 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9 a}{3 b^9} + \frac{21 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8 a^2}{2 b^9} \\ & - \frac{24 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a^3}{b^9} + \frac{35 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^4}{b^9} - \frac{168 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5 a^5}{5 b^9} \\ & + \frac{21 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4 a^6}{b^9} - \frac{8 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^3 a^7}{b^9} + \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^2 a^8}{2 b^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/10*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10/b^9 - 8/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a/b^9 + 21/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^2/b^9 - 24*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^3/b^9 + 35*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^4/b^9 - 168/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^5/b^9 + 21*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^6/b^9 - 8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^7/b^9 + 3/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^8/b^9`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{3}{10} b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} a x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/10*b*x^(10/3) + 1/3*a*x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{a x^3}{3} + \frac{3 b x^{10/3}}{10}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/3)),x)`

output `(a*x^3)/3 + (3*b*x^(10/3))/10`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2 dx = \frac{x^3 (9x^{\frac{1}{3}} b + 10a)}{30}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))*x^2,x)`

output `(x**3*(9*x**(1/3)*b + 10*a))/30`

### 3.179 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx$

Optimal result	1399
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1399
Rubi [A] (verified)	1400
Maple [A] (verified)	1401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1401
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1402
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1402
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1403
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1403

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{3}{7}bx^{7/3}$$

output `1/2*a*x^2+3/7*b*x^(7/3)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx = \frac{1}{14}(7a + 6b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^2$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))*x,x]`

output `((7*a + 6*b*x^(1/3))*x^2)/14`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax + bx^{4/3}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{3}{7}bx^{7/3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))*x,x]
```

output

```
(a*x^2)/2 + (3*b*x^(7/3))/7
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$	14
default	$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$	14
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a(1+x)}{2} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$	17
orering	$\frac{5(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^2}{7} - \frac{3x^2\left(\frac{4bx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3}+a\right)}{14}$	27

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*a*x^2+3/7*b*x^(7/3)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx = \frac{3}{7} bx^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} ax^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3/7*b*x^(7/3) + 1/2*a*x^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))*x,x)`

output `a*x**2/2 + 3*b*x**(7/3)/7`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(13) = 26.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.16

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx = \frac{3 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^7}{7 b^6} - \frac{5 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^6 a}{2 b^6} + \frac{6 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^5 a^2}{b^6} \\ - \frac{15 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^4 a^3}{2 b^6} + \frac{5 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^3 a^4}{b^6} - \frac{3 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^2 a^5}{2 b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7/b^6 - 5/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a/b^6 + 6*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^2/b^6 - 15/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^3/b^6 + 5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^4/b^6 - 3/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^5/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx = \frac{3}{7} b x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} a x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/7*b*x^(7/3) + 1/2*a*x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx = \frac{a x^2}{2} + \frac{3 b x^{7/3}}{7}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/3)),x)`output `(a*x^2)/2 + (3*b*x^(7/3))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x dx = \frac{x^2 (6x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + 7a)}{14}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))*x,x)`output `(x**2*(6*x**(1/3)*b + 7*a))/14`



### 3.180 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$

Optimal result	1404
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1404
Rubi [A] (verified)	1405
Maple [A] (verified)	1406
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1406
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1407
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1407
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1407
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1408
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1408

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = ax + \frac{3}{4}bx^{4/3}$$

output `a*x+3/4*b*x^(4/3)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = ax + \frac{3}{4}bx^{4/3}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*x^(1/3),x]`

output `a*x + (3*b*x^(4/3))/4`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{3}{4}bx^{4/3}$$

input `Int[a + b*x^(1/3),x]`

output `a*x + (3*b*x^(4/3))/4`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativdivides	$ax + \frac{3bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4}$	11
default	$ax + \frac{3bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4}$	11
risch	$ax + \frac{3bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4}$	11
parts	$ax + \frac{3bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4}$	11
trager	$a(-1 + x) + \frac{3bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4}$	13
orering	$(a + bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x - \frac{bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4}$	17

input `int(a+b*x^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*x+3/4*b*x^(4/3)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{3}{4}bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3/4*b*x^(4/3) + a*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = ax + \frac{3bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4}$$

input `integrate(a+b*x**(1/3),x)`output `a*x + 3*b*x**(4/3)/4`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{3}{4}bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/4*b*x^(4/3) + a*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{3}{4}bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + ax$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/4*b*x^(4/3) + a*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = ax + \frac{3bx^{4/3}}{4}$$

input `int(a + b*x^(1/3),x)`

output `a*x + (3*b*x^(4/3))/4`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) dx = \frac{x(3x^{1/3}b + 4a)}{4}$$

input `int(a+b*x^(1/3),x)`

output `(x*(3*x**(1/3)*b + 4*a))/4`

$$3.181 \quad \int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1409
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1409
Rubi [A] (verified)	1410
Maple [A] (verified)	1411
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1411
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1411
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1412
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1412
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1412
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1413

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx = 3b\sqrt[3]{x} + a \log(x)$$

output `3*b*x^(1/3)+a*ln(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx = 3b\sqrt[3]{x} + a \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))/x,x]`

output `3*b*x^(1/3) + a*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{x^{2/3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a \log(x) + 3b\sqrt[3]{x}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))/x,x]`

output `3*b*x^(1/3) + a*Log[x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$3b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \ln(x)$	12
default	$3b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \ln(x)$	12
trager	$3b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \ln(x)$	12

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*b*x^(1/3)+a*ln(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx = 3a \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + 3bx^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3*a*log(x^(1/3)) + 3*b*x^(1/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx = a \log(x) + 3b\sqrt[3]{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))/x,x)`

output `a*log(x) + 3*b*x**(1/3)`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx = a \log(x) + 3bx^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*log(x) + 3*b*x^(1/3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx = a \log(|x|) + 3bx^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*log(abs(x)) + 3*b*x^(1/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx = 3bx^{1/3} + a \ln(x)$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))/x,x)`

output `3*b*x^(1/3) + a*log(x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x} dx = 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + \log(x) a$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x)`

output `3*x**(1/3)*b + log(x)*a`

$$3.182 \quad \int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1414
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1414
Rubi [A] (verified)	1415
Maple [A] (verified)	1416
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1416
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1417
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1417
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1417
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1418
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1418

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 17

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{3b}{2x^{2/3}}$$

output `-a/x-3/2*b/x^(2/3)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-2a - 3b\sqrt[3]{x}}{2x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x]`

output `(-2*a - 3*b*x^(1/3))/(2*x)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x^{5/3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{3b}{2x^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-(a/x) - (3*b)/(2*x^(2/3))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{3b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	14
default	$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{3b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{3b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	16
orering	$-\frac{4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{x} - \frac{3\left(\frac{b}{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{x^3}\right)x^2}{2}$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-a/x-3/2*b/x^(2/3)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2a}{2x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(3*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a)/x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{3b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))/x**2,x)`output `-a/x - 3*b/(2*x**(2/3))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2a}{2x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(3*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a)/x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2a}{2x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*(3*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a)/x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{3b}{2x^{2/3}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x)`output `- a/x - (3*b)/(2*x^(2/3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-2x^{2/3}a - 3bx}{2x^{5/3}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x)`output `( - 2*x**(2/3)*a - 3*b*x)/(2*x**(2/3)*x)`

$$3.183 \quad \int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1419
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1419
Rubi [A] (verified)	1420
Maple [A] (verified)	1421
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1421
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1422
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1422
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1422
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1423
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1423

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{5x^{5/3}}$$

output `-1/2*a/x^2-3/5*b/x^(5/3)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-5a - 6b\sqrt[3]{x}}{10x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x]`

output `(-5*a - 6*b*x^(1/3))/(10*x^2)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^3} + \frac{b}{x^{8/3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{5x^{5/3}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*a/x^2 - (3*b)/(5*x^(5/3))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativeldivides	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$	14
default	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$	14
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a(1+x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$	20
orering	$-\frac{7(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{5x^2} - \frac{3x^2 \left( \frac{b}{3x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{x^4} \right)}{10}$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*a/x^2-3/5*b/x^(5/3)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 5a}{10x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/10*(6*b*x^(1/3) + 5*a)/x^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{5x^{5/3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))/x**3,x)`output `-a/(2*x**2) - 3*b/(5*x**(5/3))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6bx^{1/3} + 5a}{10x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/10*(6*b*x^(1/3) + 5*a)/x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6bx^{1/3} + 5a}{10x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/10*(6*b*x^(1/3) + 5*a)/x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{5a + 6bx^{1/3}}{10x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x)`output `-(5*a + 6*b*x^(1/3))/(10*x^2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-5x^{2/3}a - 6bx}{10x^{8/3}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x)`output `( - 5*x**(2/3)*a - 6*b*x)/(10*x**(2/3)*x**2)`

$$3.184 \quad \int \frac{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1424
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1424
Rubi [A] (verified)	1425
Maple [A] (verified)	1426
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1426
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1427
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1427
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1427
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1428
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1428

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{8x^{8/3}}$$

output `-1/3*a/x^3-3/8*b/x^(8/3)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-8a - 9b\sqrt[3]{x}}{24x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x]`

output `(-8*a - 9*b*x^(1/3))/(24*x^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^{11/3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{8x^{8/3}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*a/x^3 - (3*b)/(8*x^(8/3))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$	14
default	$-\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$	23
orering	$-\frac{5(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{6x^3} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{b}{3x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{x^5}\right)}{8}$	38

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/3*a/x^3-3/8*b/x^(8/3)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{9bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 8a}{24x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/24*(9*b*x^(1/3) + 8*a)/x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))/x**4,x)`output `-a/(3*x**3) - 3*b/(8*x**(8/3))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{9bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 8a}{24x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/24*(9*b*x^(1/3) + 8*a)/x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{9bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 8a}{24x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/24*(9*b*x^(1/3) + 8*a)/x^3`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{8a + 9bx^{1/3}}{24x^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x)`output `-(8*a + 9*b*x^(1/3))/(24*x^3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-8x^{\frac{2}{3}}a - 9bx}{24x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x)`output `( - 8*x**(2/3)*a - 9*b*x)/(24*x**(2/3)*x**3)`

### 3.185 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx$

Optimal result	1429
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1429
Rubi [A] (verified)	1430
Maple [A] (verified)	1431
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1431
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1432
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1432
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1433
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1433
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1434

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{3}{8} abx^{16/3} + \frac{3}{17} b^2 x^{17/3}$$

output  $1/5*a^2*x^5+3/8*a*b*x^{(16/3)}+3/17*b^2*x^{(17/3)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{680} (136a^2 x^5 + 255abx^{16/3} + 120b^2 x^{17/3})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x]`

output  $(136*a^2*x^5 + 255*a*b*x^{(16/3)} + 120*b^2*x^{(17/3)})/680$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^{14/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int (b^2 x^{16/3} + 2abx^5 + a^2 x^{14/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^2 x^5}{15} + \frac{1}{8} abx^{16/3} + \frac{1}{17} b^2 x^{17/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x]`

output `3*((a^2*x^5)/15 + (a*b*x^(16/3))/8 + (b^2*x^(17/3))/17)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17}$
default	$\frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17}$
trager	$\frac{a^2(x^4+x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{5} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17}$
orering	$\frac{79x^5(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{170} - \frac{117x^2\left(\frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^{\frac{10}{3}}b}{3} + 4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2x^3\right)}{1360} + \frac{9x^3\left(\frac{2b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{9} + \frac{44(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^{\frac{7}{3}}b}{9} + 12(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2\right)}{1360}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/5*a^2*x^5+3/8*a*b*x^(16/3)+3/17*b^2*x^(17/3)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{3}{17} b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{3}{8} abx^{\frac{16}{3}} + \frac{1}{5} a^2 x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/17*b^2*x^(17/3) + 3/8*a*b*x^(16/3) + 1/5*a^2*x^5`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**2*x**4,x)`

output `a**2*x**5/5 + 3*a*b*x**(16/3)/8 + 3*b**2*x**(17/3)/17`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.35

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx = & \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17}}{17 b^{15}} - \frac{21 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16} a}{8 b^{15}} + \frac{91 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{15} a^2}{5 b^{15}} \\ & - \frac{78 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14} a^3}{b^{15}} + \frac{231 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13} a^4}{b^{15}} - \frac{1001 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a^5}{2 b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{819 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^6}{b^{15}} - \frac{5148 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10} a^7}{5 b^{15}} + \frac{1001 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9 a^8}{b^{15}} \\ & - \frac{3003 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8 a^9}{4 b^{15}} + \frac{429 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a^{10}}{b^{15}} - \frac{182 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^{11}}{b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{273 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5 a^{12}}{5 b^{15}} - \frac{21 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4 a^{13}}{2 b^{15}} + \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^3 a^{14}}{b^{15}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
3/17*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17/b^15 - 21/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16*a/b^15 + 91/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^15*a^2/b^15 - 78*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^14*a^3/b^15 + 231*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a^4/b^15 - 1001/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a^5/b^15 + 819*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^6/b^15 - 5148/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10*a^7/b^15 + 1001*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^8/b^15 - 3003/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^9/b^15 + 429*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^10/b^15 - 182*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^11/b^15 + 273/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^12/b^15 - 21/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^13/b^15 + (b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^14/b^15
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{3}{17} b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{3}{8} abx^{\frac{16}{3}} + \frac{1}{5} a^2 x^5$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3/17*b^2*x^(17/3) + 3/8*a*b*x^(16/3) + 1/5*a^2*x^5
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{17/3}}{17} + \frac{3abx^{16/3}}{8}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)
```

output

```
(a^2*x^5)/5 + (3*b^2*x^(17/3))/17 + (3*a*b*x^(16/3))/8
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4 dx = \frac{x^5 (120x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 + 255x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + 136a^2)}{680}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x)`

output `(x**5*(120*x**(2/3)*b**2 + 255*x**(1/3)*a*b + 136*a**2))/680`

### 3.186 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx$

Optimal result	1435
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1435
Rubi [A] (verified)	1436
Maple [A] (verified)	1437
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1437
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1438
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1438
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1439
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1439
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1439

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{6}{13} abx^{13/3} + \frac{3}{14} b^2 x^{14/3}$$

output  $1/4*a^2*x^4+6/13*a*b*x^(13/3)+3/14*b^2*x^(14/3)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{364} (91a^2 + 168ab\sqrt[3]{x} + 78b^2x^{2/3}) x^4$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x]`

output  $((91*a^2 + 168*a*b*x^(1/3) + 78*b^2*x^(2/3))*x^4)/364$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^{11/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int (b^2 x^{13/3} + 2abx^4 + a^2 x^{11/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^2 x^4}{12} + \frac{2}{13} abx^{13/3} + \frac{1}{14} b^2 x^{14/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x]`

output `3*((a^2*x^4)/12 + (2*a*b*x^(13/3))/13 + (b^2*x^(14/3))/14)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$
default	$\frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$
trager	$\frac{a^2(x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{4} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$
orering	$\frac{199(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x^4}{364} - \frac{45x^2 \left( \frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^{\frac{7}{3}} b}{3} + 3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x^2 \right)}{364} + \frac{9x^3 \left( \frac{2b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{9} + \frac{32(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^{\frac{4}{3}} b}{9} + 6(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x \right)}{728}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*a^2*x^4+6/13*a*b*x^(13/3)+3/14*b^2*x^(14/3)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{3}{14} b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{6}{13} abx^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} a^2 x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/14*b^2*x^(14/3) + 6/13*a*b*x^(13/3) + 1/4*a^2*x^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**2*x**3,x)`

output `a**2*x**4/4 + 6*a*b*x**(13/3)/13 + 3*b**2*x**(14/3)/14`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.88

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx = & \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14}}{14 b^{12}} - \frac{33 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13} a}{13 b^{12}} + \frac{55 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a^2}{4 b^{12}} \\ & - \frac{45 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^3}{b^{12}} + \frac{99 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10} a^4}{b^{12}} - \frac{154 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9 a^5}{b^{12}} \\ & + \frac{693 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8 a^6}{4 b^{12}} - \frac{990 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a^7}{7 b^{12}} + \frac{165 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^8}{2 b^{12}} \\ & - \frac{33 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5 a^9}{b^{12}} + \frac{33 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4 a^{10}}{4 b^{12}} - \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^3 a^{11}}{b^{12}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/14*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^14/b^12 - 33/13*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a/b^12 + 55/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a^2/b^12 - 45*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^3/b^12 + 99*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10*a^4/b^12 - 154*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^5/b^12 + 693/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^6/b^12 - 990/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^7/b^12 + 165/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^8/b^12 - 33*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^9/b^12 + 33/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^10/b^12 - (b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^11/b^12`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{3}{14} b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{6}{13} abx^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} a^2 x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/14*b^2*x^(14/3) + 6/13*a*b*x^(13/3) + 1/4*a^2*x^4`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{3b^2 x^{14/3}}{14} + \frac{6abx^{13/3}}{13}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^4)/4 + (3*b^2*x^(14/3))/14 + (6*a*b*x^(13/3))/13`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3 dx = \frac{x^4 (78x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 + 168x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + 91a^2)}{364}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x)`

output `(x**4*(78*x**(2/3)*b**2 + 168*x**(1/3)*a*b + 91*a**2))/364`

### 3.187 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx$

Optimal result	1440
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1440
Rubi [A] (verified)	1441
Maple [A] (verified)	1442
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1442
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1443
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1443
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1444
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1444
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1444

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{3}{5} abx^{10/3} + \frac{3}{11} b^2 x^{11/3}$$

output  $1/3*a^2*x^3+3/5*a*b*x^{(10/3)}+3/11*b^2*x^{(11/3)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{165} (55a^2 + 99ab\sqrt[3]{x} + 45b^2 x^{2/3}) x^3$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x]`

output  $((55*a^2 + 99*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 45*b^2*x^{(2/3)})*x^3)/165$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^{8/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int (b^2 x^{10/3} + 2abx^3 + a^2 x^{8/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^2 x^3}{9} + \frac{1}{5} abx^{10/3} + \frac{1}{11} b^2 x^{11/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x]`

output `3*((a^2*x^3)/9 + (a*b*x^(10/3))/5 + (b^2*x^(11/3))/11)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$
default	$\frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$
trager	$\frac{a^2(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$
orering	$\frac{109(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x^3}{165} - \frac{21x^2 \left( \frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^{\frac{4}{3}}b}{3} + 2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x \right)}{110} + \frac{3x^3 \left( \frac{2b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{9} + \frac{20(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^{\frac{1}{3}}b}{9} + 2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 \right)}{110}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*a^2*x^3+3/5*a*b*x^(10/3)+3/11*b^2*x^(11/3)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{3}{11} b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{3}{5} abx^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/11*b^2*x^(11/3) + 3/5*a*b*x^(10/3) + 1/3*a^2*x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**2*x**2,x)`

output `a**2*x**3/3 + 3*a*b*x**(10/3)/5 + 3*b**2*x**(11/3)/11`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.35

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx = & \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11}}{11 b^9} - \frac{12 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10} a}{5 b^9} + \frac{28 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9 a^2}{3 b^9} \\ & - \frac{21 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8 a^3}{b^9} + \frac{30 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a^4}{b^9} - \frac{28 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^5}{b^9} \\ & + \frac{84 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5 a^6}{5 b^9} - \frac{6 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4 a^7}{b^9} + \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^3 a^8}{b^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11/b^9 - 12/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10*a/b^9 + 28/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^2/b^9 - 21*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^3/b^9 + 30*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^4/b^9 - 28*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^5/b^9 + 84/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^6/b^9 - 6*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^7/b^9 + (b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^8/b^9`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{3}{11} b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{3}{5} abx^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/11*b^2*x^(11/3) + 3/5*a*b*x^(10/3) + 1/3*a^2*x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{3b^2 x^{11/3}}{11} + \frac{3abx^{10/3}}{5}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^3)/3 + (3*b^2*x^(11/3))/11 + (3*a*b*x^(10/3))/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2 dx = \frac{x^3(45x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 + 99x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + 55a^2)}{165}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x)`

output `(x**3*(45*x**(2/3)*b**2 + 99*x**(1/3)*a*b + 55*a**2))/165`

### 3.188 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx$

Optimal result	1445
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1445
Rubi [A] (verified)	1446
Maple [A] (verified)	1447
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1447
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1448
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1448
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1449
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1449
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1449

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{6}{7} abx^{7/3} + \frac{3}{8} b^2 x^{8/3}$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*x^2+6/7*a*b*x^(7/3)+3/8*b^2*x^(8/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx = \frac{1}{56} (28a^2 + 48ab\sqrt[3]{x} + 21b^2x^{2/3}) x^2$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x,x]
```

output

```
((28*a^2 + 48*a*b*x^(1/3) + 21*b^2*x^(2/3))*x^2)/56
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^{5/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int (b^2 x^{7/3} + 2abx^2 + a^2 x^{5/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^2 x^2}{6} + \frac{2}{7} abx^{7/3} + \frac{1}{8} b^2 x^{8/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x,x]`

output `3*((a^2*x^2)/6 + (2*a*b*x^(7/3))/7 + (b^2*x^(8/3))/8)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8}$	25
default	$\frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8}$	25
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a^2(1+x)}{2} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8}$	28
orering	$\frac{23(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2x^2}{28} - \frac{9x^2\left(\frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^{\frac{1}{3}}b}{3} + (a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2\right)}{28} + \frac{9x^3\left(\frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{8(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})b}{9x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{112}$	71

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a^2*x^2+6/7*a*b*x^(7/3)+3/8*b^2*x^(8/3)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx = \frac{3}{8}b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{6}{7}abx^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2}a^2x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/8*b^2*x^(8/3) + 6/7*a*b*x^(7/3) + 1/2*a^2*x^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**2*x,x)`

output `a**2*x**2/2 + 6*a*b*x**(7/3)/7 + 3*b**2*x**(8/3)/8`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx = \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8}{8 b^6} - \frac{15 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a}{7 b^6} + \frac{5 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^2}{b^6} - \frac{6 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5 a^3}{b^6} + \frac{15 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4 a^4}{4 b^6} - \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^3 a^5}{b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8/b^6 - 15/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a/b^6 + 5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^2/b^6 - 6*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^3/b^6 + 15/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^4/b^6 - (b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^5/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx = \frac{3}{8} b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{6}{7} abx^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*b^2*x^(8/3) + 6/7*a*b*x^(7/3) + 1/2*a^2*x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{3 b^2 x^{8/3}}{8} + \frac{6 a b x^{7/3}}{7}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^2)/2 + (3*b^2*x^(8/3))/8 + (6*a*b*x^(7/3))/7`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x dx = \frac{x^2 (21x^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 + 48x^{\frac{1}{3}} ab + 28a^2)}{56}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2*x,x)`

output `(x**2*(21*x**(2/3)*b**2 + 48*x**(1/3)*a*b + 28*a**2))/56`

### 3.189 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1450
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1450
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1451
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1452
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1452
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1453
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1453
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1453
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1454
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1454

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{3}{2}abx^{4/3} + \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{5/3}$$

output

```
a^2*x+3/2*a*b*x^(4/3)+3/5*b^2*x^(5/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx = \frac{1}{10}(10a^2x + 15abx^{4/3} + 6b^2x^{5/3})$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x]
```

output

```
(10*a^2*x + 15*a*b*x^(4/3) + 6*b^2*x^(5/3))/10
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int (x^{2/3}a^2 + 2bxa + b^2x^{4/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^2x}{3} + \frac{1}{2}abx^{4/3} + \frac{1}{5}b^2x^{5/3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x]`

output `3*((a^2*x)/3 + (a*b*x^(4/3))/2 + (b^2*x^(5/3))/5)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`



rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$a^2x + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	22
default	$a^2x + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	22
trager	$a^2(-1+x) + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	24
orering	$(a + bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x - \frac{3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})x^{\frac{4}{3}}b}{10} + \frac{9x^3 \left( \frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})b}{9x^{\frac{5}{3}}} \right)}{20}$	53

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*x+3/2*a*b*x^(4/3)+3/5*b^2*x^(5/3)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx = \frac{3}{5} b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{3}{2} abx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 3/2*a*b*x^(4/3) + a^2*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**2,x)`output `a**2*x + 3*a*b*x**(4/3)/2 + 3*b**2*x**(5/3)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx = \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{3}{2}abx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 3/2*a*b*x^(4/3) + a^2*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx = \frac{3}{5}b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{3}{2}abx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^2x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 3/2*a*b*x^(4/3) + a^2*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx = a^2 x + \frac{3b^2 x^{5/3}}{5} + \frac{3abx^{4/3}}{2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`output `a^2*x + (3*b^2*x^(5/3))/5 + (3*a*b*x^(4/3))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 dx = \frac{x(6x^{2/3}b^2 + 15x^{1/3}ab + 10a^2)}{10}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`output `(x*(6*x**(2/3)*b**2 + 15*x**(1/3)*a*b + 10*a**2))/10`

$$3.190 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1455
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1455
Rubi [A] (verified)	1456
Maple [A] (verified)	1457
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1457
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1458
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1458
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1458
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1459
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1459

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx = 6ab\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3}{2}b^2x^{2/3} + a^2 \log(x)$$

output `6*a*b*x^(1/3)+3/2*b^2*x^(2/3)+a^2*ln(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx = \frac{3}{2}b(4a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt[3]{x} + a^2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x]`

output `(3*b*(4*a + b*x^(1/3))*x^(1/3))/2 + a^2*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 2ba + b^2\sqrt[3]{x} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( a^2 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 2ab\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{1}{2}b^2x^{2/3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x]`

output `3*(2*a*b*x^(1/3) + (b^2*x^(2/3))/2 + a^2*Log[x^(1/3)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$6abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + a^2 \ln(x)$	23
default	$6abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + a^2 \ln(x)$	23
trager	$6abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + a^2 \ln(x)$	23

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
6*a*b*x^(1/3)+3/2*b^2*x^(2/3)+a^2*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx = 3a^2 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{3}{2}b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6abx^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
3*a^2*log(x^(1/3)) + 3/2*b^2*x^(2/3) + 6*a*b*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx = a^2 \log(x) + 6ab\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x,x)`output `a**2*log(x) + 6*a*b*x**(1/3) + 3*b**2*x**(2/3)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx = a^2 \log(x) + \frac{3}{2} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6 ab x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*log(x) + 3/2*b^2*x^(2/3) + 6*a*b*x^(1/3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx = a^2 \log(|x|) + \frac{3}{2} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6 ab x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `a^2*log(abs(x)) + 3/2*b^2*x^(2/3) + 6*a*b*x^(1/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx = 3a^2 \ln(x^{1/3}) + \frac{3b^2 x^{2/3}}{2} + 6abx^{1/3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x)`output `3*a^2*log(x^(1/3)) + (3*b^2*x^(2/3))/2 + 6*a*b*x^(1/3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x} dx = \frac{3x^{2/3}b^2}{2} + 6x^{1/3}ab + \log(x)a^2$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x)`output `(3*x**(2/3)*b**2 + 12*x**(1/3)*a*b + 2*log(x)*a**2)/2`



$$3.191 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1460
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1460
Rubi [A] (verified)	1461
Maple [A] (verified)	1461
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1462
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1462
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1463
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1463
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1463
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1464

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{ax}$$

output

```
-(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/a/x
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{-a^2 - 3ab\sqrt[3]{x} - 3b^2x^{2/3}}{x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(-a^2 - 3*a*b*x^(1/3) - 3*b^2*x^(2/3))/x
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 796

$$-\frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{ax}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x]`

output `-((a + b*x^(1/3))^3/(a*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{3ab}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{a^2}{x}$	25
default	$-\frac{3b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{3ab}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{a^2}{x}$	25
trager	$\frac{a^2(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{3ab}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$	27
orering	$-\frac{19(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{x} - \frac{45\left(\frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})b}{3x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{x^3}\right)x^2}{2} - \frac{9x^3\left(\frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{28(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})b}{9x^{\frac{11}{3}}} + \frac{6(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{x^4}\right)}{2}$	90

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3*b^2/x^(1/3)-3*a*b/x^(2/3)-a^2/x`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 3*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/x`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{3ab}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x**2,x)`

output `-a**2/x - 3*a*b/x**(2/3) - 3*b**2/x**(1/3)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 3*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/x`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 3*a*b*x^(1/3) + a^2)/x`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{3b^2}{x^{1/3}} - \frac{3ab}{x^{2/3}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x)`

output  $- a^2/x - (3*b^2)/x^{(1/3)} - (3*a*b)/x^{(2/3)}$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{-x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2 - 3x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^2 - 3abx}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x)`

output  $( - x^{(2/3)}*a^2 - 3*x^{(1/3)}*b^2*x - 3*a*b*x)/(x^{(2/3)}*x)$

$$3.192 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1465
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1465
Rubi [A] (verified)	1466
Maple [A] (verified)	1467
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1467
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1468
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1468
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1468
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1469
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1469

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{6ab}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{3b^2}{4x^{4/3}}$$

output `-1/2*a^2/x^2-6/5*a*b/x^(5/3)-3/4*b^2/x^(4/3)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{-10a^2 - 24ab\sqrt[3]{x} - 15b^2x^{2/3}}{20x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x]`

output `(-10*a^2 - 24*a*b*x^(1/3) - 15*b^2*x^(2/3))/(20*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^{7/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{2ba}{x^2} + \frac{b^2}{x^{5/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{6x^2} - \frac{2ab}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{b^2}{4x^{4/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x]`

output `3*(-1/6*a^2/x^2 - (2*a*b)/(5*x^(5/3)) - b^2/(4*x^(4/3)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativdivides	$-\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{6ab}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$	25
default	$-\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{6ab}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$	25
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a^2(1+x)}{2x^2} - \frac{6ab}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$	31
oring	$-\frac{16(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{5x^2} - \frac{9x^2 \left( \frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})b}{3x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{x^4} \right)}{5} - \frac{9x^3 \left( \frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{40(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})b}{9x^{\frac{14}{3}}} + \frac{12(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{x^5} \right)}{40}$	90

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*a^2/x^2-6/5*a*b/x^(5/3)-3/4*b^2/x^(4/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{15b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 24abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 10a^2}{20x^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output  $-1/20*(15*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 24*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 10*a^2)/x^2$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{6ab}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{3b^2}{4x^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x**3,x)`

output  $-a**2/(2*x**2) - 6*a*b/(5*x**(5/3)) - 3*b**2/(4*x**(4/3))$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{15b^2x^{2/3} + 24abx^{1/3} + 10a^2}{20x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/20*(15*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 24*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 10*a^2)/x^2$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{15b^2x^{2/3} + 24abx^{1/3} + 10a^2}{20x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-1/20*(15*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 24*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 10*a^2)/x^2$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{10a^2 + 15b^2x^{2/3} + 24abx^{1/3}}{20x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x)`

output  $-(10*a^2 + 15*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 24*a*b*x^{(1/3)})/(20*x^2)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{-10x^{2/3}a^2 - 15x^{4/3}b^2 - 24abx}{20x^{8/3}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x)`

output  $(-10*x^{(2/3)}*a**2 - 15*x^{(1/3)}*b**2*x - 24*a*b*x)/(20*x^{(2/3)}*x**2)$

$$3.193 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1470
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1470
Rubi [A] (verified)	1471
Maple [A] (verified)	1472
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1472
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1473
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1473
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1473
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1474
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1474

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab}{4x^{8/3}} - \frac{3b^2}{7x^{7/3}}$$

output `-1/3*a^2/x^3-3/4*a*b/x^(8/3)-3/7*b^2/x^(7/3)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{-28a^2 - 63ab\sqrt[3]{x} - 36b^2x^{2/3}}{84x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x]`

output `(-28*a^2 - 63*a*b*x^(1/3) - 36*b^2*x^(2/3))/(84*x^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{2ba}{x^3} + \frac{b^2}{x^{8/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{9x^3} - \frac{ab}{4x^{8/3}} - \frac{b^2}{7x^{7/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x]`

output `3*(-1/9*a^2/x^3 - (a*b)/(4*x^(8/3)) - b^2/(7*x^(7/3)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$	25
default	$-\frac{a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$	25
trager	$\frac{a^2(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$	34
orering	$-\frac{34(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{21x^3} - \frac{33x^2 \left( \frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})b}{3x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{x^5} \right)}{56} - \frac{3x^3 \left( \frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{52(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})b}{9x^{\frac{17}{3}}} + \frac{20(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{x^6} \right)}{56}$	90

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*a^2/x^3-3/4*a*b/x^(8/3)-3/7*b^2/x^(7/3)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{36b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 63abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 28a^2}{84x^3}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $-1/84*(36*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 63*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 28*a^2)/x^3$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x**4,x)`

output  $-a**2/(3*x**3) - 3*a*b/(4*x**(8/3)) - 3*b**2/(7*x**(7/3))$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{36b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 63abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 28a^2}{84x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/84*(36*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 63*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 28*a^2)/x^3$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{36b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 63abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 28a^2}{84x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-1/84*(36*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 63*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 28*a^2)/x^3$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{28a^2 + 36b^2x^{2/3} + 63abx^{1/3}}{84x^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x)`

output  $-(28*a^2 + 36*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 63*a*b*x^{(1/3)})/(84*x^3)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{-28x^{2/3}a^2 - 36x^{4/3}b^2 - 63abx}{84x^{11/3}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x)`

output  $(-28*x^{(2/3)}*a**2 - 36*x^{(1/3)}*b**2*x - 63*a*b*x)/(84*x^{(2/3)}*x**3)$

### 3.194 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx$

Optimal result	1475
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1475
Rubi [A] (verified)	1476
Maple [A] (verified)	1477
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1477
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1478
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1478
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1479
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1479
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1480

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{9}{16} a^2 b x^{16/3} + \frac{9}{17} a b^2 x^{17/3} + \frac{b^3 x^6}{6}$$

output `1/5*a^3*x^5+9/16*a^2*b*x^(16/3)+9/17*a*b^2*x^(17/3)+1/6*b^3*x^6`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{816a^3x^5 + 2295a^2bx^{16/3} + 2160ab^2x^{17/3} + 680b^3x^6}{4080}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x]`

output `(816*a^3*x^5 + 2295*a^2*b*x^(16/3) + 2160*a*b^2*x^(17/3) + 680*b^3*x^6)/4080`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{14/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( b^3 x^{17/3} + 3ab^2 x^{16/3} + 3a^2 b x^5 + a^3 x^{14/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^3 x^5}{15} + \frac{3}{16} a^2 b x^{16/3} + \frac{3}{17} a b^2 x^{17/3} + \frac{b^3 x^6}{18} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x]`

output `3*((a^3*x^5)/15 + (3*a^2*b*x^(16/3))/16 + (3*a*b^2*x^(17/3))/17 + (b^3*x^6)/18)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{b^3 x^6}{6}$
default	$\frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{b^3 x^6}{6}$
trager	$\frac{(5b^3 x^5 + 6a^3 x^4 + 5b^3 x^4 + 6a^3 x^3 + 5b^3 x^3 + 6a^3 x^2 + 5b^3 x^2 + 6a^3 x + 5b^3 x + 6a^3 + 5b^3)(-1+x)}{30} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17}$
oring	$\frac{x^5(1805b^3x+1896a^3)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{4080b^3x+4080a^3} - \frac{3x^2(35b^3x+39a^3)\left((a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x^{\frac{10}{3}} b + 4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^3 x^3\right)}{1360(b^3x+a^3)} + \frac{3x^3(5b^3x+6a^3)}{1360(b^3x+a^3)}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/5*a^3*x^5+9/16*a^2*b*x^(16/3)+9/17*a*b^2*x^(17/3)+1/6*b^3*x^6
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{6} b^3 x^6 + \frac{9}{17} a b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{9}{16} a^2 b x^{\frac{16}{3}} + \frac{1}{5} a^3 x^5$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/6*b^3*x^6 + 9/17*a*b^2*x^(17/3) + 9/16*a^2*b*x^(16/3) + 1/5*a^3*x^5
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{9ab^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{b^3 x^6}{6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**3*x**4,x)`

output `a**3*x**5/5 + 9*a**2*b*x**(16/3)/16 + 9*a*b**2*x**(17/3)/17 + b**3*x**6/6`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.34

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx = & \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18}}{6b^{15}} - \frac{42(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17}a}{17b^{15}} + \frac{273(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16}a^2}{16b^{15}} \\ & - \frac{364(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{15}a^3}{5b^{15}} + \frac{429(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14}a^4}{2b^{15}} - \frac{462(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13}a^5}{b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{3003(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12}a^6}{4b^{15}} - \frac{936(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11}a^7}{b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{9009(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10}a^8}{10b^{15}} - \frac{2002(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9a^9}{3b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{3003(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8a^{10}}{8b^{15}} - \frac{156(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7a^{11}}{b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{91(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6a^{12}}{2b^{15}} - \frac{42(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5a^{13}}{5b^{15}} + \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4a^{14}}{4b^{15}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/6*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^18/b^15 - 42/17*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17*a/b^15 + 273/16*(b*
x^(1/3) + a)^16*a^2/b^15 - 364/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^15*a^3/b^15 + 429/2*(b*x^
(1/3) + a)^14*a^4/b^15 - 462*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a^5/b^15 + 3003/4*(b*x^(1/
3) + a)^12*a^6/b^15 - 936*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^7/b^15 + 9009/10*(b*x^(1/3)
+ a)^10*a^8/b^15 - 2002/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^9/b^15 + 3003/8*(b*x^(1/3)
+ a)^8*a^10/b^15 - 156*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^11/b^15 + 91/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^
6*a^12/b^15 - 42/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^13/b^15 + 3/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^1
4/b^15
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{6} b^3 x^6 + \frac{9}{17} ab^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{9}{16} a^2 b x^{\frac{16}{3}} + \frac{1}{5} a^3 x^5$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*b^3*x^6 + 9/17*a*b^2*x^(17/3) + 9/16*a^2*b*x^(16/3) + 1/5*a^3*x^5
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{b^3 x^6}{6} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{16/3}}{16} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{17/3}}{17}$$

input

```
int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x)
```

output

```
(a^3*x^5)/5 + (b^3*x^6)/6 + (9*a^2*b*x^(16/3))/16 + (9*a*b^2*x^(17/3))/17
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4 dx = \frac{x^5 (2160x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab^2 + 2295x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2b + 816a^3 + 680b^3x)}{4080}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x)`

output `(x**5*(2160*x**(2/3)*a*b**2 + 2295*x**(1/3)*a**2*b + 816*a**3 + 680*b**3*x  
))/4080`

### 3.195 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx$

Optimal result	1481
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1481
Rubi [A] (verified)	1482
Maple [A] (verified)	1483
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1483
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1484
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1484
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1485
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1485
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1485

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{9}{13} a^2 b x^{13/3} + \frac{9}{14} a b^2 x^{14/3} + \frac{b^3 x^5}{5}$$

output

```
1/4*a^3*x^4+9/13*a^2*b*x^(13/3)+9/14*a*b^2*x^(14/3)+1/5*b^3*x^5
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{455a^3x^4 + 1260a^2bx^{13/3} + 1170ab^2x^{14/3} + 364b^3x^5}{1820}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x]
```

output

```
(455*a^3*x^4 + 1260*a^2*b*x^(13/3) + 1170*a*b^2*x^(14/3) + 364*b^3*x^5)/1820
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{11/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( b^3 x^{14/3} + 3ab^2 x^{13/3} + 3a^2 b x^4 + a^3 x^{11/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^3 x^4}{12} + \frac{3}{13} a^2 b x^{13/3} + \frac{3}{14} a b^2 x^{14/3} + \frac{b^3 x^5}{15} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x]`

output `3*((a^3*x^4)/12 + (3*a^2*b*x^(13/3))/13 + (3*a*b^2*x^(14/3))/14 + (b^3*x^5)/15)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{b^3 x^5}{5}$
default	$\frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{b^3 x^5}{5}$
trager	$\frac{(4b^3 x^4 + 5a^3 x^3 + 4b^3 x^3 + 5a^3 x^2 + 4b^3 x^2 + 5a^3 x + 4b^3 x + 5a^3 + 4b^3)(-1+x)}{20} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$
oring	$\frac{x^4(188b^3 x + 199a^3)(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{364b^3 x + 364a^3} - \frac{9x^2(22b^3 x + 25a^3)\left((a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} b + 3(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^3 x^2\right)}{1820(b^3 x + a^3)} + \frac{9x^3(4b^3 x + 5a^3)}{1820(b^3 x + a^3)} \left(\frac{2(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}\right)$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*a^3*x^4+9/13*a^2*b*x^(13/3)+9/14*a*b^2*x^(14/3)+1/5*b^3*x^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{5} b^3 x^5 + \frac{9}{14} a b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{9}{13} a^2 b x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} a^3 x^4$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/5*b^3*x^5 + 9/14*a*b^2*x^(14/3) + 9/13*a^2*b*x^(13/3) + 1/4*a^3*x^4
```



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{9ab^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{b^3 x^5}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**3*x**3,x)`

output `a**3*x**4/4 + 9*a**2*b*x**(13/3)/13 + 9*a*b**2*x**(14/3)/14 + b**3*x**5/5`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs.  $2(35) = 70$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.26

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx = & \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{15}}{5b^{12}} - \frac{33(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14}a}{14b^{12}} + \frac{165(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13}a^2}{13b^{12}} \\ & - \frac{165(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12}a^3}{4b^{12}} + \frac{90(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11}a^4}{b^{12}} - \frac{693(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10}a^5}{5b^{12}} \\ & + \frac{154(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9a^6}{b^{12}} - \frac{495(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8a^7}{4b^{12}} + \frac{495(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7a^8}{7b^{12}} \\ & - \frac{55(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6a^9}{2b^{12}} + \frac{33(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5a^{10}}{5b^{12}} - \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4a^{11}}{4b^{12}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^15/b^12 - 33/14*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^14*a/b^12 + 165/13*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a^2/b^12 - 165/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a^3/b^12 + 90*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^4/b^12 - 693/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10*a^5/b^12 + 154*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^6/b^12 - 495/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^7/b^12 + 495/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^8/b^12 - 55/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^9/b^12 + 33/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^10/b^12 - 3/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^11/b^12`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{5} b^3 x^5 + \frac{9}{14} a b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{9}{13} a^2 b x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} a^3 x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*b^3*x^5 + 9/14*a*b^2*x^(14/3) + 9/13*a^2*b*x^(13/3) + 1/4*a^3*x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{13/3}}{13} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{14/3}}{14}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^4)/4 + (b^3*x^5)/5 + (9*a^2*b*x^(13/3))/13 + (9*a*b^2*x^(14/3))/14`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3 dx = \frac{x^4 \left( 1170 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b^2 + 1260 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^2 b + 455 a^3 + 364 b^3 x \right)}{1820}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x)`output `(x**4*(1170*x**(2/3)*a*b**2 + 1260*x**(1/3)*a**2*b + 455*a**3 + 364*b**3*x))/1820`

### 3.196 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx$

Optimal result	1486
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1486
Rubi [A] (verified)	1487
Maple [A] (verified)	1488
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1488
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1489
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1489
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1490
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1490
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1490

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{9}{10} a^2 b x^{10/3} + \frac{9}{11} a b^2 x^{11/3} + \frac{b^3 x^4}{4}$$

output

```
1/3*a^3*x^3+9/10*a^2*b*x^(10/3)+9/11*a*b^2*x^(11/3)+1/4*b^3*x^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{660} x^3 (220a^3 + 594a^2 b \sqrt[3]{x} + 540a b^2 x^{2/3} + 165b^3 x)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x]
```

output

```
(x^3*(220*a^3 + 594*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + 540*a*b^2*x^(2/3) + 165*b^3*x))/660
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{8/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int (b^3 x^{11/3} + 3ab^2 x^{10/3} + 3a^2 b x^3 + a^3 x^{8/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^3 x^3}{9} + \frac{3}{10} a^2 b x^{10/3} + \frac{3}{11} a b^2 x^{11/3} + \frac{b^3 x^4}{12} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x]`

output `3*((a^3*x^3)/9 + (3*a^2*b*x^(10/3))/10 + (3*a*b^2*x^(11/3))/11 + (b^3*x^4)/12)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{b^3 x^4}{4}$
default	$\frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{b^3 x^4}{4}$
trager	$\frac{(3b^3 x^3 + 4a^3 x^2 + 3b^3 x^2 + 4a^3 x + 3b^3 x + 4a^3 + 3b^3)(-1+x)}{12} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$
oring	$\frac{x^3(102b^3 x + 109a^3)(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{165b^3 x + 165a^3} - \frac{3x^2(6b^3 x + 7a^3)\left((a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} b + 2(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^3 x\right)}{110(b^3 x + a^3)} + \frac{3x^3(3b^3 x + 4a^3)}{\left(\frac{2(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{\dots}\right)}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*a^3*x^3+9/10*a^2*b*x^(10/3)+9/11*a*b^2*x^(11/3)+1/4*b^3*x^4
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^4 + \frac{9}{11} a b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{9}{10} a^2 b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/4*b^3*x^4 + 9/11*a*b^2*x^(11/3) + 9/10*a^2*b*x^(10/3) + 1/3*a^3*x^3
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{9ab^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{b^3 x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**3*x**2,x)`

output `a**3*x**3/3 + 9*a**2*b*x**(10/3)/10 + 9*a*b**2*x**(11/3)/11 + b**3*x**4/4`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs.  $2(35) = 70$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx = & \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12}}{4b^9} - \frac{24(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11}a}{11b^9} + \frac{42(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10}a^2}{5b^9} \\ & - \frac{56(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9a^3}{3b^9} + \frac{105(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8a^4}{4b^9} - \frac{24(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7a^5}{b^9} \\ & + \frac{14(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6a^6}{b^9} - \frac{24(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5a^7}{5b^9} + \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4a^8}{4b^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12/b^9 - 24/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a/b^9 + 42/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10*a^2/b^9 - 56/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^3/b^9 + 105/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^4/b^9 - 24*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^5/b^9 + 14*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^6/b^9 - 24/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^7/b^9 + 3/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^8/b^9`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^4 + \frac{9}{11} a b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{9}{10} a^2 b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*b^3*x^4 + 9/11*a*b^2*x^(11/3) + 9/10*a^2*b*x^(10/3) + 1/3*a^3*x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{10/3}}{10} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{11/3}}{11}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^3)/3 + (b^3*x^4)/4 + (9*a^2*b*x^(10/3))/10 + (9*a*b^2*x^(11/3))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2 dx = \frac{x^3 (540x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b^2 + 594x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^2 b + 220a^3 + 165b^3 x)}{660}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x)`output `(x**3*(540*x**(2/3)*a*b**2 + 594*x**(1/3)*a**2*b + 220*a**3 + 165*b**3*x))/660`

### 3.197 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx$

Optimal result	1491
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1491
Rubi [A] (verified)	1492
Maple [A] (verified)	1493
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1493
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1494
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1494
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1495
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1495
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1495

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx = \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9}{7} a^2 b x^{7/3} + \frac{9}{8} a b^2 x^{8/3} + \frac{b^3 x^3}{3}$$

output

```
1/2*a^3*x^2+9/7*a^2*b*x^(7/3)+9/8*a*b^2*x^(8/3)+1/3*b^3*x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx = \frac{1}{168} (84a^3 x^2 + 216a^2 b x^{7/3} + 189a b^2 x^{8/3} + 56b^3 x^3)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x,x]
```

output

```
(84*a^3*x^2 + 216*a^2*b*x^(7/3) + 189*a*b^2*x^(8/3) + 56*b^3*x^3)/168
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{5/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int (x^{5/3}a^3 + 3bx^2a^2 + 3b^2x^{7/3}a + b^3x^{8/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^3x^2}{6} + \frac{3}{7}a^2bx^{7/3} + \frac{3}{8}ab^2x^{8/3} + \frac{b^3x^3}{9} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x,x]`

output `3*((a^3*x^2)/6 + (3*a^2*b*x^(7/3))/7 + (3*a*b^2*x^(8/3))/8 + (b^3*x^3)/9)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{b^3 x^3}{3}$
default	$\frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{b^3 x^3}{3}$
trager	$\frac{(2b^3 x^2 + 3a^3 x + 2b^3 x + 3a^3 + 2b^3)(-1+x)}{6} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8}$
oring	$\frac{x^2(64b^3 x + 69a^3)(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{84b^3 x + 84a^3} - \frac{3x^2(5b^3 x + 6a^3)\left((a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} b + (a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^3\right)}{56(b^3 x + a^3)} + \frac{3x^3(2b^3 x + 3a^3)\left(\frac{2(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}})b}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{112(b^3 x + a^3)}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a^3*x^2+9/7*a^2*b*x^(7/3)+9/8*a*b^2*x^(8/3)+1/3*b^3*x^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx = \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 + \frac{9}{8} a b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{9}{7} a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} a^3 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*b^3*x^3 + 9/8*a*b^2*x^(8/3) + 9/7*a^2*b*x^(7/3) + 1/2*a^3*x^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx = \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{9ab^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{b^3 x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**3*x,x)`

output `a**3*x**2/2 + 9*a**2*b*x**(7/3)/7 + 9*a*b**2*x**(8/3)/8 + b**3*x**3/3`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx = \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9}{3b^6} - \frac{15(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8 a}{8b^6} + \frac{30(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a^2}{7b^6} - \frac{5(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^3}{b^6} + \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^5 a^4}{b^6} - \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^4 a^5}{4b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9/b^6 - 15/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a/b^6 + 30/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^2/b^6 - 5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^3/b^6 + 3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^4/b^6 - 3/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^5/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx = \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3 + \frac{9}{8} a b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{9}{7} a^2 b x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} a^3 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*b^3*x^3 + 9/8*a*b^2*x^(8/3) + 9/7*a^2*b*x^(7/3) + 1/2*a^3*x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx = \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{b^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{8/3}}{8}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^2)/2 + (b^3*x^3)/3 + (9*a^2*b*x^(7/3))/7 + (9*a*b^2*x^(8/3))/8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x dx = \frac{x^2 (189x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b^2 + 216x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^2 b + 84a^3 + 56b^3 x)}{168}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3*x,x)`output `(x**2*(189*x**(2/3)*a*b**2 + 216*x**(1/3)*a**2*b + 84*a**3 + 56*b**3*x))/168`

### 3.198 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1496
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1496
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1497
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1498
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1498
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1499
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1499
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1499
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1500
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1500

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{9}{4}a^2bx^{4/3} + \frac{9}{5}ab^2x^{5/3} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2}$$

output

```
a^3*x+9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3)+9/5*a*b^2*x^(5/3)+1/2*b^3*x^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx = \frac{1}{20}(20a^3x + 45a^2bx^{4/3} + 36ab^2x^{5/3} + 10b^3x^2)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x]
```

output

```
(20*a^3*x + 45*a^2*b*x^(4/3) + 36*a*b^2*x^(5/3) + 10*b^3*x^2)/20
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int (x^{2/3}a^3 + 3bxa^2 + 3b^2x^{4/3}a + b^3x^{5/3}) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^3x}{3} + \frac{3}{4}a^2bx^{4/3} + \frac{3}{5}ab^2x^{5/3} + \frac{b^3x^2}{6} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x]`

output `3*((a^3*x)/3 + (3*a^2*b*x^(4/3))/4 + (3*a*b^2*x^(5/3))/5 + (b^3*x^2)/6)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$a^3x + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2}$	33
default	$a^3x + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2}$	33
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(b^3x+2a^3+b^3)}{2} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	39
orering	$\frac{x(19b^3x+20a^3)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{20b^3x+20a^3} - \frac{9(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}b}{20} + \frac{9x^3(b^3x+2a^3)\left(\frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})b^2}{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2b}{3x^{\frac{5}{3}}}\right)}{40(b^3x+a^3)}$	110

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^3*x+9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3)+9/5*a*b^2*x^(5/3)+1/2*b^3*x^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx = \frac{1}{2}b^3x^2 + \frac{9}{5}ab^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9}{4}a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^3x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*b^3*x^2 + 9/5*a*b^2*x^(5/3) + 9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3) + a^3*x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{b^3x^2}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**3,x)`output `a**3*x + 9*a**2*b*x**(4/3)/4 + 9*a*b**2*x**(5/3)/5 + b**3*x**2/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx = \frac{1}{2}b^3x^2 + \frac{9}{5}ab^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9}{4}a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^3x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*b^3*x^2 + 9/5*a*b^2*x^(5/3) + 9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3) + a^3*x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx = \frac{1}{2}b^3x^2 + \frac{9}{5}ab^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9}{4}a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^3x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*b^3*x^2 + 9/5*a*b^2*x^(5/3) + 9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3) + a^3*x`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx = a^3 x + \frac{b^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{9ab^2 x^{5/3}}{5}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `a^3*x + (b^3*x^2)/2 + (9*a^2*b*x^(4/3))/4 + (9*a*b^2*x^(5/3))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 dx = \frac{x \left( 36x^{2/3} a b^2 + 45x^{1/3} a^2 b + 20a^3 + 10b^3 x \right)}{20}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `(x*(36*x**(2/3)*a*b**2 + 45*x**(1/3)*a**2*b + 20*a**3 + 10*b**3*x))/20`

$$3.199 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1501
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1501
Rubi [A] (verified)	1502
Maple [A] (verified)	1503
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1503
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1504
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1504
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1504
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1505
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1505

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx = 9a^2b\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{9}{2}ab^2x^{2/3} + b^3x + a^3 \log(x)$$

output `9*a^2*b*x^(1/3)+9/2*a*b^2*x^(2/3)+b^3*x+a^3*ln(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx = 9a^2b\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{9}{2}ab^2x^{2/3} + b^3x + a^3 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x]`

output `9*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + (9*a*b^2*x^(2/3))/2 + b^3*x + a^3*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 3ba^2 + 3b^2\sqrt[3]{x}a + b^3x^{2/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( a^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 3a^2b\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^{2/3} + \frac{b^3x}{3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x]`

output `3*(3*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2/3))/2 + (b^3*x)/3 + a^3*Log[x^(1/3)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$9a^2b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + b^3x + a^3 \ln(x)$	31
default	$9a^2b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + b^3x + a^3 \ln(x)$	31
trager	$b^3(-1 + x) + 9a^2b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + a^3 \ln(x)$	33

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
9*a^2*b*x^(1/3)+9/2*a*b^2*x^(2/3)+b^3*x+a^3*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx = b^3x + 3a^3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{9}{2}ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
b^3*x + 3*a^3*log(x^(1/3)) + 9/2*a*b^2*x^(2/3) + 9*a^2*b*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx = a^3 \log(x) + 9a^2 b\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{9ab^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + b^3 x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**3/x,x)`output `a**3*log(x) + 9*a**2*b*x**(1/3) + 9*a*b**2*x**(2/3)/2 + b**3*x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx = b^3 x + a^3 \log(x) + \frac{9}{2} ab^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9 a^2 b x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^3*x + a^3*log(x) + 9/2*a*b^2*x^(2/3) + 9*a^2*b*x^(1/3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx = b^3 x + a^3 \log(|x|) + \frac{9}{2} ab^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9 a^2 b x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^3*x + a^3*log(abs(x)) + 9/2*a*b^2*x^(2/3) + 9*a^2*b*x^(1/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx = 3a^3 \ln(x^{1/3}) + b^3 x + 9a^2 b x^{1/3} + \frac{9ab^2 x^{2/3}}{2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x)`output `3*a^3*log(x^(1/3)) + b^3*x + 9*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + (9*a*b^2*x^(2/3))/2`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x} dx = \frac{9x^{2/3} a b^2}{2} + 9x^{1/3} a^2 b + \log(x) a^3 + b^3 x$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x)`output `(9*x**(2/3)*a*b**2 + 18*x**(1/3)*a**2*b + 2*log(x)*a**3 + 2*b**3*x)/2`

$$3.200 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1506
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1506
Rubi [A] (verified)	1507
Maple [A] (verified)	1508
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1508
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1509
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1509
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1509
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1510
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1510

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{9a^2b}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{9ab^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + b^3 \log(x)$$

output `-a^3/x-9/2*a^2*b/x^(2/3)-9*a*b^2/x^(1/3)+b^3*ln(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a(2a^2+9ab\sqrt[3]{x}+18b^2x^{2/3})}{2x} + b^3 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*(2*a^2 + 9*a*b*x^(1/3) + 18*b^2*x^(2/3)))/x + b^3*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^{4/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{b^3}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^3}{3x} - \frac{3a^2b}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{3ab^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x]`

output `3*(-1/3*a^3/x - (3*a^2*b)/(2*x^(2/3)) - (3*a*b^2)/x^(1/3) + b^3*Log[x^(1/3)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`



rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{9a^2b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + b^3 \ln(x)$	34
default	$-\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{9a^2b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + b^3 \ln(x)$	34
trager	$\frac{a^3(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{9a^2b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + b^3 \ln(x)$	36

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a^3/x-9/2*a^2*b/x^(2/3)-9*a*b^2/x^(1/3)+b^3*ln(x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{6b^3x \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 18ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 9a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2a^3}{2x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(6*b^3*x*log(x^(1/3)) - 18*a*b^2*x^(2/3) - 9*a^2*b*x^(1/3) - 2*a^3)/x`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{9a^2b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + b^3 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**3/x**2,x)`output `-a**3/x - 9*a**2*b/(2*x**(2/3)) - 9*a*b**2/x**(1/3) + b**3*log(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx = b^3 \log(x) - \frac{18ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2a^3}{2x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^3*log(x) - 1/2*(18*a*b^2*x^(2/3) + 9*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^3)/x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx = b^3 \log(|x|) - \frac{18ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2a^3}{2x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^3*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(18*a*b^2*x^(2/3) + 9*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^3)/x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx = 3b^3 \ln(x^{1/3}) - \frac{a^3 + \frac{9a^2bx^{1/3}}{2} + 9ab^2x^{2/3}}{x}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x)`

output `3*b^3*log(x^(1/3)) - (a^3 + (9*a^2*b*x^(1/3))/2 + 9*a*b^2*x^(2/3))/x`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{6x^{5/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}\right) b^3 - 2x^{2/3} a^3 - 18x^{4/3} a b^2 - 9a^2 b x}{2x^{5/3}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x)`

output `(6*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*b**3*x - 2*x**(2/3)*a**3 - 18*x**(1/3)*a*b**2*x - 9*a**2*b*x)/(2*x**(2/3)*x)`

$$3.201 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1511
Rubi [A] (verified)	1512
Maple [A] (verified)	1513
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1513
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1514
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1514
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1514
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1515
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1515

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^2b}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{9ab^2}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{b^3}{x}$$

output

```
-1/2*a^3/x^2-9/5*a^2*b/x^(5/3)-9/4*a*b^2/x^(4/3)-b^3/x
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{-10a^3 - 36a^2b\sqrt[3]{x} - 45ab^2x^{2/3} - 20b^3x}{20x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x]
```

output

```
(-10*a^3 - 36*a^2*b*x^(1/3) - 45*a*b^2*x^(2/3) - 20*b^3*x)/(20*x^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 798

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^{7/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 53

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^2} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{b^3}{x^{4/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^3}{6x^2} - \frac{3a^2b}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{b^3}{3x} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x]`

output `3*(-1/6*a^3/x^2 - (3*a^2*b)/(5*x^(5/3)) - (3*a*b^2)/(4*x^(4/3)) - b^3/(3*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{b^3}{x}$
default	$-\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{b^3}{x}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^3x+2b^3x+a^3)}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^2b}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(23b^3x+16a^3)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{5x^2(b^3x+a^3)} - \frac{9x^2(7b^3x+4a^3)\left(\frac{(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{x^4}\right)}{20(b^3x+a^3)} - \frac{9(2b^3x+a^3)x^3\left(\frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{40(b^3x+a^3)}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*a^3/x^2-9/5*a^2*b/x^(5/3)-9/4*a*b^2/x^(4/3)-b^3/x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{20b^3x + 45ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 36a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 10a^3}{20x^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output 
$$-1/20*(20*b^3*x + 45*a*b^2*x^(2/3) + 36*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + 10*a^3)/x^2$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^2b}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{9ab^2}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{b^3}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**3/x**3,x)`

output 
$$-a**3/(2*x**2) - 9*a**2*b/(5*x**(5/3)) - 9*a*b**2/(4*x**(4/3)) - b**3/x$$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{20b^3x + 45ab^2x^{2/3} + 36a^2bx^{1/3} + 10a^3}{20x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/20*(20*b^3*x + 45*a*b^2*x^(2/3) + 36*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + 10*a^3)/x^2$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{20b^3x + 45ab^2x^{2/3} + 36a^2bx^{1/3} + 10a^3}{20x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-1/20*(20*b^3*x + 45*a*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 36*a^2*b*x^{(1/3)} + 10*a^3)/x^2$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{20b^3x + 10a^3 + 36a^2bx^{1/3} + 45ab^2x^{2/3}}{20x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x)`

output  $-(20*b^3*x + 10*a^3 + 36*a^2*b*x^{(1/3)} + 45*a*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/(20*x^2)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{-10x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3 - 20x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^3 - 45x^{\frac{4}{3}}ab^2 - 36a^2bx}{20x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x)`

output  $(-10*x^{(2/3)}*a**3 - 20*x^{(2/3)}*b**3*x - 45*x^{(1/3)}*a*b**2*x - 36*a**2*b*x)/(20*x^{(2/3)}*x**2)$



**3.202** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1516
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1516
Rubi [A] (verified)	1517
Maple [A] (verified)	1518
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1518
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1519
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1519
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1519
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1520
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1520

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{9a^2b}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{9ab^2}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{b^3}{2x^2}$$

output -1/3\*a^3/x^3-9/8\*a^2\*b/x^(8/3)-9/7\*a\*b^2/x^(7/3)-1/2\*b^3/x^2

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{-56a^3 - 189a^2b\sqrt[3]{x} - 216ab^2x^{2/3} - 84b^3x}{168x^3}$$

input Integrate[(a + b\*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x]

output (-56\*a^3 - 189\*a^2\*b\*x^(1/3) - 216\*a\*b^2\*x^(2/3) - 84\*b^3\*x)/(168\*x^3)

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^3} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^{8/3}} + \frac{b^3}{x^{7/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^3}{9x^3} - \frac{3a^2b}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{3ab^2}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{b^3}{6x^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x]`

output `3*(-1/9*a^3/x^3 - (3*a^2*b)/(8*x^(8/3)) - (3*a*b^2)/(7*x^(7/3)) - b^3/(6*x^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{9a^2b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{b^3}{2x^2}$
default	$-\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{9a^2b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{b^3}{2x^2}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2a^3x^2+3b^3x^2+2a^3x+3b^3x+2a^3)}{6x^3} - \frac{9a^2b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(327b^3x+272a^3)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{168x^3(b^3x+a^3)} - \frac{3x^2(15b^3x+11a^3)\left(\frac{(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{x^5}\right)}{56(b^3x+a^3)} - \frac{3(3b^3x+2a^3)x^3\left(\frac{2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}{3x^{\frac{16}{3}}}\right)}{56(b^3x+a^3)}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*a^3/x^3-9/8*a^2*b/x^(8/3)-9/7*a*b^2/x^(7/3)-1/2*b^3/x^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{84b^3x + 216ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 189a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 56a^3}{168x^3}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $-1/168*(84*b^3*x + 216*a*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 189*a^2*b*x^{(1/3)} + 56*a^3)/x^3$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{9a^2b}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{9ab^2}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{b^3}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**3/x**4,x)`

output  $-a**3/(3*x**3) - 9*a**2*b/(8*x**(8/3)) - 9*a*b**2/(7*x**(7/3)) - b**3/(2*x**2)$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{84b^3x + 216ab^2x^{2/3} + 189a^2bx^{1/3} + 56a^3}{168x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-1/168*(84*b^3*x + 216*a*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 189*a^2*b*x^{(1/3)} + 56*a^3)/x^3$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{84b^3x + 216ab^2x^{2/3} + 189a^2bx^{1/3} + 56a^3}{168x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-1/168*(84*b^3*x + 216*a*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 189*a^2*b*x^{(1/3)} + 56*a^3)/x^3$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{84b^3x + 56a^3 + 189a^2bx^{1/3} + 216ab^2x^{2/3}}{168x^3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x)`

output  $-(84*b^3*x + 56*a^3 + 189*a^2*b*x^{(1/3)} + 216*a*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/(168*x^3)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{-56x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3 - 84x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^3 - 216x^{\frac{4}{3}}ab^2 - 189a^2bx}{168x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x)`

output  $(-56*x^{(2/3)}*a**3 - 84*x^{(2/3)}*b**3*x - 216*x^{(1/3)}*a*b**2*x - 189*a**2*b*x)/(168*x^{(2/3)}*x**3)$

### 3.203 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1521
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1521
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1522
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1523
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1523
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1524
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1524
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1525
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1525
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1526

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{a^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{15}{16} a^4 b x^{16/3} + \frac{30}{17} a^3 b^2 x^{17/3} + \frac{5}{3} a^2 b^3 x^6 + \frac{15}{19} a b^4 x^{19/3} + \frac{3}{20} b^5 x^{20/3}$$

output

```
1/5*a^5*x^5+15/16*a^4*b*x^(16/3)+30/17*a^3*b^2*x^(17/3)+5/3*a^2*b^3*x^6+15/19*a*b^4*x^(19/3)+3/20*b^5*x^(20/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{15504a^5x^5 + 72675a^4bx^{16/3} + 136800a^3b^2x^{17/3} + 129200a^2b^3x^6 + 61200ab^4x^{19/3} + 11628b^5x^{20/3}}{77520}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5*x^4,x]
```

output

```
(15504*a^5*x^5 + 72675*a^4*b*x^(16/3) + 136800*a^3*b^2*x^(17/3) + 129200*a^2*b^3*x^6 + 61200*a*b^4*x^(19/3) + 11628*b^5*x^(20/3))/77520
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^{14/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( b^5 x^{19/3} + 5ab^4 x^6 + 10a^2 b^3 x^{17/3} + 10a^3 b^2 x^{16/3} + 5a^4 b x^5 + a^5 x^{14/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^5 x^5}{15} + \frac{5}{16} a^4 b x^{16/3} + \frac{10}{17} a^3 b^2 x^{17/3} + \frac{5}{9} a^2 b^3 x^6 + \frac{5}{19} a b^4 x^{19/3} + \frac{1}{20} b^5 x^{20/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5*x^4,x]`

output `3*((a^5*x^5)/15 + (5*a^4*b*x^(16/3))/16 + (10*a^3*b^2*x^(17/3))/17 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^6)/9 + (5*a*b^4*x^(19/3))/19 + (b^5*x^(20/3))/20)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`





output

```
5/3*a^2*b^3*x^6 + 1/5*a^5*x^5 + 3/340*(17*b^5*x^6 + 200*a^3*b^2*x^5)*x^(2/3) + 15/304*(16*a*b^4*x^6 + 19*a^4*b*x^5)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{a^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{15a^4 b x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{30a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^6}{3} + \frac{15ab^4 x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{3b^5 x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{20}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5*x**4,x)
```

output

```
a**5*x**5/5 + 15*a**4*b*x**(16/3)/16 + 30*a**3*b**2*x**(17/3)/17 + 5*a**2*b**3*x**6/3 + 15*a*b**4*x**(19/3)/19 + 3*b**5*x**(20/3)/20
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx = & \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{20}}{20 b^{15}} - \frac{42 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{19} a}{19 b^{15}} + \frac{91 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18} a^2}{6 b^{15}} \\ & - \frac{1092 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17} a^3}{17 b^{15}} + \frac{3003 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16} a^4}{16 b^{15}} \\ & - \frac{2002 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{15} a^5}{5 b^{15}} + \frac{1287 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14} a^6}{2 b^{15}} \\ & - \frac{792 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13} a^7}{b^{15}} + \frac{3003 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a^8}{4 b^{15}} - \frac{546 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^9}{b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{3003 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10} a^{10}}{10 b^{15}} - \frac{364 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9 a^{11}}{3 b^{15}} \\ & + \frac{273 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8 a^{12}}{8 b^{15}} - \frac{6 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a^{13}}{b^{15}} + \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^{14}}{2 b^{15}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{20}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{20}/b^{15} - \frac{42}{19}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{19}*a/b^{15} + \frac{91}{6}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{18}*a^2/b^{15} - \frac{1092}{17}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{17}*a^3/b^{15} + \frac{3003}{16}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{16}*a^4/b^{15} - \frac{2002}{5}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{15}*a^5/b^{15} + \frac{1287}{2}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{14}*a^6/b^{15} - \frac{792}{1}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{13}*a^7/b^{15} + \frac{3003}{4}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{12}*a^8/b^{15} - \frac{546}{1}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{11}*a^9/b^{15} + \frac{3003}{10}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{10}*a^{10}/b^{15} - \frac{364}{3}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^9*a^{11}/b^{15} + \frac{273}{8}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^8*a^{12}/b^{15} - \frac{6}{1}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^7*a^{13}/b^{15} + \frac{1}{2}*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^6*a^{14}/b^{15} \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx = \frac{3}{20} b^5 x^{\frac{20}{3}} + \frac{15}{19} a b^4 x^{\frac{19}{3}} + \frac{5}{3} a^2 b^3 x^6 + \frac{30}{17} a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{15}{16} a^4 b x^{\frac{16}{3}} + \frac{1}{5} a^5 x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{3}{20}*b^5*x^{(20/3)} + \frac{15}{19}*a*b^4*x^{(19/3)} + \frac{5}{3}*a^2*b^3*x^6 + \frac{30}{17}*a^3*b^2*x^{(17/3)} + \frac{15}{16}*a^4*b*x^{(16/3)} + \frac{1}{5}*a^5*x^5$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx &= \frac{a^5 x^5}{5} + \frac{3 b^5 x^{20/3}}{20} + \frac{15 a^4 b x^{16/3}}{16} \\ &+ \frac{15 a b^4 x^{19/3}}{19} + \frac{5 a^2 b^3 x^6}{3} + \frac{30 a^3 b^2 x^{17/3}}{17} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^5,x)`

output

$$(a^5 x^5)/5 + (3 b^5 x^{(20/3)})/20 + (15 a^4 b x^{(16/3)})/16 + (15 a b^4 x^{(19/3)})/19 + (5 a^2 b^3 x^6)/3 + (30 a^3 b^2 x^{(17/3)})/17$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^5 \left( 136800 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^3 b^2 + 11628 x^{\frac{5}{3}} b^5 + 72675 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^4 b + 61200 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a b^4 + 15504 a^5 + 129200 a^2 b^3 x \right)}{77520}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^4,x)
```

output

```
(x**5*(136800*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 11628*x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 72675*x**(1/3)*a**4*b + 61200*x**(1/3)*a*b**4*x + 15504*a**5 + 129200*a**2*b**3*x))/77520
```

### 3.204 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1527
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1527
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1528
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1529
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1529
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1530
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1530
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1531
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1531
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1532

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{a^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{15}{13} a^4 b x^{13/3} + \frac{15}{7} a^3 b^2 x^{14/3} + 2a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{15}{16} a b^4 x^{16/3} + \frac{3}{17} b^5 x^{17/3}$$

output

```
1/4*a^5*x^4+15/13*a^4*b*x^(13/3)+15/7*a^3*b^2*x^(14/3)+2*a^2*b^3*x^5+15/16
*a*b^4*x^(16/3)+3/17*b^5*x^(17/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{6188a^5x^4 + 28560a^4bx^{13/3} + 53040a^3b^2x^{14/3} + 49504a^2b^3x^5 + 23205ab^4x^{16/3} + 4368b^5x^{17/3}}{24752}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5*x^3,x]
```

output

```
(6188*a^5*x^4 + 28560*a^4*b*x^(13/3) + 53040*a^3*b^2*x^(14/3) + 49504*a^2*
b^3*x^5 + 23205*a*b^4*x^(16/3) + 4368*b^5*x^(17/3))/24752
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^{11/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( b^5 x^{16/3} + 5ab^4 x^5 + 10a^2 b^3 x^{14/3} + 10a^3 b^2 x^{13/3} + 5a^4 b x^4 + a^5 x^{11/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^5 x^4}{12} + \frac{5}{13} a^4 b x^{13/3} + \frac{5}{7} a^3 b^2 x^{14/3} + \frac{2}{3} a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{5}{16} a b^4 x^{16/3} + \frac{1}{17} b^5 x^{17/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5*x^3,x]`

output `3*((a^5*x^4)/12 + (5*a^4*b*x^(13/3))/13 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^(14/3))/7 + (2*a^2*b^3*x^5)/3 + (5*a*b^4*x^(16/3))/16 + (b^5*x^(17/3))/17)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{15a^4 b x^{13/3}}{13} + \frac{15a^3 b^2 x^{14/3}}{7} + 2a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{15a b^4 x^{16/3}}{16} + \frac{3b^5 x^{17/3}}{17}$
default	$\frac{a^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{15a^4 b x^{13/3}}{13} + \frac{15a^3 b^2 x^{14/3}}{7} + 2a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{15a b^4 x^{16/3}}{16} + \frac{3b^5 x^{17/3}}{17}$
trager	$\frac{a^2(8b^3x^4+a^3x^3+8b^3x^3+a^3x^2+8b^3x^2+a^3x+8b^3x+a^3+8b^3)(-1+x)}{4} + \frac{15abx^{13/3}(13b^3x+16a^3)}{208} + \frac{3b^2x^{14/3}(7b^3x+16a^3)}{119}$
orering	$\frac{x^4(115024b^9x^3+357745a^3b^6x^2+376250a^6b^3x+135320a^9)(a+bx^{1/3})^5}{247520(b^3x+a^3)^3} - \frac{9x^2(1183b^9x^3+3873a^3b^6x^2+4345a^6b^3x+123760a^9)}{123760}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/4*a^5*x^4+15/13*a^4*b*x^(13/3)+15/7*a^3*b^2*x^(14/3)+2*a^2*b^3*x^5+15/16
*a*b^4*x^(16/3)+3/17*b^5*x^(17/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx = 2a^2b^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}a^5x^4 + \frac{3}{119}(7b^5x^5 + 85a^3b^2x^4)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{15}{208}(13ab^4x^5 + 16a^4bx^4)x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$2a^2b^3x^5 + \frac{1}{4}a^5x^4 + \frac{3}{119}(7b^5x^5 + 85a^3b^2x^4)x^{(2/3)} + \frac{15}{208}(13ab^4x^5 + 16a^4bx^4)x^{(1/3)}$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{a^5x^4}{4} + \frac{15a^4bx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{15a^3b^2x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{7} + 2a^2b^3x^5 + \frac{15ab^4x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5*x**3,x)
```

output

$$a**5*x**4/4 + 15*a**4*b*x**(13/3)/13 + 15*a**3*b**2*x**(14/3)/7 + 2*a**2*b**3*x**5 + 15*a*b**4*x**(16/3)/16 + 3*b**5*x**(17/3)/17$$

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs. 2(57) = 114.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{3 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^{17}}{17 b^{12}} - \frac{33 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^{16} a}{16 b^{12}} + \frac{11 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^{15} a^2}{b^{12}} \\ - \frac{495 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^{14} a^3}{14 b^{12}} + \frac{990 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^{13} a^4}{13 b^{12}} - \frac{231 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^{12} a^5}{2 b^{12}} \\ + \frac{126 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^{11} a^6}{b^{12}} - \frac{99 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^{10} a^7}{b^{12}} + \frac{55 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^9 a^8}{b^{12}} \\ - \frac{165 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^8 a^9}{8 b^{12}} + \frac{33 \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^7 a^{10}}{7 b^{12}} - \frac{\left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^6 a^{11}}{2 b^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3/17*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{17}/b^{12} - 33/16*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{16}*a/b^{12} + 11*(b*x^{(1/3)} \\ & + a)^{15}*a^2/b^{12} - 495/14*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{14}*a^3/b^{12} + 990/13*(b*x^{(1/3)} \\ & + a)^{13}*a^4/b^{12} - 231/2*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{12}*a^5/b^{12} + 126*(b*x^{(1/3)} \\ & + a)^{11}*a^6/b^{12} - 99*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{10}*a^7/b^{12} + 55*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^9* \\ & a^8/b^{12} - 165/8*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^8*a^9/b^{12} + 33/7*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^7*a^{10}/ \\ & b^{12} - 1/2*(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^6*a^{11}/b^{12} \end{aligned}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx = \frac{3}{17} b^5 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{15}{16} a b^4 x^{\frac{16}{3}} + 2 a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{15}{7} a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{15}{13} a^4 b x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} a^5 x^4$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3/17*b^5*x^{(17/3)} + 15/16*a*b^4*x^{(16/3)} + 2*a^2*b^3*x^5 + 15/7*a^3*b^2*x^{(14/3)} \\ & + 15/13*a^4*b*x^{(13/3)} + 1/4*a^5*x^4 \end{aligned}$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx &= \frac{a^5 x^4}{4} + \frac{3 b^5 x^{17/3}}{17} + \frac{15 a^4 b x^{13/3}}{13} \\ &+ \frac{15 a b^4 x^{16/3}}{16} + 2 a^2 b^3 x^5 + \frac{15 a^3 b^2 x^{14/3}}{7} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^5,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^5*x^4)/4 + (3*b^5*x^{(17/3)})/17 + (15*a^4*b*x^{(13/3)})/13 + (15*a*b^4*x^{(16/3)})/16 \\ & + 2*a^2*b^3*x^5 + (15*a^3*b^2*x^{(14/3)})/7 \end{aligned}$$



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^4 \left( 53040x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3b^2 + 4368x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^5 + 28560x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^4b + 23205x^{\frac{4}{3}}ab^4 + 6188a^5 + 49504a^2b^3x \right)}{24752}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**4*(53040*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 4368*x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 28560*x**(1/3)*a*
*4*b + 23205*x**(1/3)*a*b**4*x + 6188*a**5 + 49504*a**2*b**3*x))/24752
```

### 3.205 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx$

Optimal result	1533
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1533
Rubi [A] (verified)	1534
Maple [A] (verified)	1535
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1535
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1536
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1536
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1537
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1537
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1537

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{3}{2} a^4 b x^{10/3} + \frac{30}{11} a^3 b^2 x^{11/3} + \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 x^4 + \frac{15}{13} a b^4 x^{13/3} + \frac{3}{14} b^5 x^{14/3}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{3}a^5x^3 + \frac{3}{2}a^4bx^{10/3} + \frac{30}{11}a^3b^2x^{11/3} + \frac{5}{2}a^2b^3x^4 + \frac{15}{13}ab^4x^{13/3} + \frac{3}{14}b^5x^{14/3}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{2002a^5x^3 + 9009a^4bx^{10/3} + 16380a^3b^2x^{11/3} + 15015a^2b^3x^4 + 6930ab^4x^{13/3} + 1287b^5x^{14/3}}{6006}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5*x^2,x]
```

output

$$(2002a^5x^3 + 9009a^4bx^{10/3} + 16380a^3b^2x^{11/3} + 15015a^2b^3x^4 + 6930ab^4x^{13/3} + 1287b^5x^{14/3})/6006$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^{8/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( x^{8/3} a^5 + 5bx^3 a^4 + 10b^2 x^{10/3} a^3 + 10b^3 x^{11/3} a^2 + 5b^4 x^4 a + b^5 x^{13/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^5 x^3}{9} + \frac{1}{2} a^4 b x^{10/3} + \frac{10}{11} a^3 b^2 x^{11/3} + \frac{5}{6} a^2 b^3 x^4 + \frac{5}{13} a b^4 x^{13/3} + \frac{1}{14} b^5 x^{14/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5*x^2,x]`

output `3*((a^5*x^3)/9 + (a^4*b*x^(10/3))/2 + (10*a^3*b^2*x^(11/3))/11 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^4)/6 + (5*a*b^4*x^(13/3))/13 + (b^5*x^(14/3))/14)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{3a^4 b x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{2} + \frac{30a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^4}{2} + \frac{15a b^4 x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3b^5 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$
default	$\frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{3a^4 b x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{2} + \frac{30a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^4}{2} + \frac{15a b^4 x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3b^5 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$
trager	$\frac{a^2(15b^3x^3+2a^3x^2+15b^3x^2+2a^3x+15b^3x+2a^3+15b^3)(-1+x)}{6} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{10}{3}}(10b^3x+13a^3)}{26} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{11}{3}}(11b^3x+140a^3)}{154}$
oring	$\frac{x^3(32835b^9x^3+102178a^3b^6x^2+108038a^6b^3x+39676a^9)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}{60060(b^3x+a^3)^3} - \frac{3x^2(825b^9x^3+2718a^3b^6x^2+3104a^6b^3x+127...)}{20020(b^3x}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*a^5*x^3+3/2*a^4*b*x^(10/3)+30/11*a^3*b^2*x^(11/3)+5/2*a^2*b^3*x^4+15/1
3*a*b^4*x^(13/3)+3/14*b^5*x^(14/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 x^4 + \frac{1}{3} a^5 x^3 + \frac{3}{154} (11 b^5 x^4 + 140 a^3 b^2 x^3) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{3}{26} (10 a b^4 x^4 + 13 a^4 b x^3) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $5/2*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 1/3*a^5*x^3 + 3/154*(11*b^5*x^4 + 140*a^3*b^2*x^3)*x^(2/3) + 3/26*(10*a*b^4*x^4 + 13*a^4*b*x^3)*x^(1/3)$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{3a^4 b x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{2} + \frac{30a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^4}{2} + \frac{15ab^4 x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3b^5 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5*x**2,x)`

output `a**5*x**3/3 + 3*a**4*b*x**(10/3)/2 + 30*a**3*b**2*x**(11/3)/11 + 5*a**2*b**3*x**4/2 + 15*a*b**4*x**(13/3)/13 + 3*b**5*x**(14/3)/14`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs.  $2(57) = 114$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.94

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14}}{14 b^9} - \frac{24 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13} a}{13 b^9} + \frac{7 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a^2}{b^9} - \frac{168 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^3}{11 b^9} + \frac{21 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{10} a^4}{b^9} - \frac{56 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^9 a^5}{3 b^9} + \frac{21 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^8 a^6}{2 b^9} - \frac{24 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^7 a^7}{7 b^9} + \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^6 a^8}{2 b^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/14*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^14/b^9 - 24/13*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a/b^9 + 7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a^2/b^9 - 168/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^3/b^9 + 21*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10*a^4/b^9 - 56/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^5/b^9 + 21/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^6/b^9 - 24/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^7/b^9 + 1/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^8/b^9`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{3}{14} b^5 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{15}{13} a b^4 x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{5}{2} a^2 b^3 x^4 + \frac{30}{11} a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{3}{2} a^4 b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} a^5 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/14*b^5*x^(14/3) + 15/13*a*b^4*x^(13/3) + 5/2*a^2*b^3*x^4 + 30/11*a^3*b^2*x^(11/3) + 3/2*a^4*b*x^(10/3) + 1/3*a^5*x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{a^5 x^3}{3} + \frac{3 b^5 x^{14/3}}{14} + \frac{3 a^4 b x^{10/3}}{2} + \frac{15 a b^4 x^{13/3}}{13} + \frac{5 a^2 b^3 x^4}{2} + \frac{30 a^3 b^2 x^{11/3}}{11}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^5,x)`output `(a^5*x^3)/3 + (3*b^5*x^(14/3))/14 + (3*a^4*b*x^(10/3))/2 + (15*a*b^4*x^(13/3))/13 + (5*a^2*b^3*x^4)/2 + (30*a^3*b^2*x^(11/3))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^2 dx = \frac{x^3 \left( 16380 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^3 b^2 + 1287 x^{\frac{5}{3}} b^5 + 9009 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^4 b + 6930 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a b^4 + 2002 a^5 + 15015 a^2 b^3 x \right)}{6006}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x^2,x)`

output `(x**3*(16380*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 1287*x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 9009*x**(1/3)*a**4*b + 6930*x**(1/3)*a*b**4*x + 2002*a**5 + 15015*a**2*b**3*x)/6006`

### 3.206 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx$

Optimal result	1539
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1539
Rubi [A] (verified)	1540
Maple [A] (verified)	1541
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1541
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1542
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1542
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1543
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1543
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1543

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx = \frac{a^5 x^2}{2} + \frac{15}{7} a^4 b x^{7/3} + \frac{15}{4} a^3 b^2 x^{8/3} + \frac{10}{3} a^2 b^3 x^3 + \frac{3}{2} a b^4 x^{10/3} + \frac{3}{11} b^5 x^{11/3}$$

output

```
1/2*a^5*x^2+15/7*a^4*b*x^(7/3)+15/4*a^3*b^2*x^(8/3)+10/3*a^2*b^3*x^3+3/2*a
*b^4*x^(10/3)+3/11*b^5*x^(11/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx = \frac{1}{924} (462a^5x^2 + 1980a^4bx^{7/3} + 3465a^3b^2x^{8/3} + 3080a^2b^3x^3 + 1386ab^4x^{10/3} + 252b^5x^{11/3})$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5*x,x]
```

output

```
(462*a^5*x^2 + 1980*a^4*b*x^(7/3) + 3465*a^3*b^2*x^(8/3) + 3080*a^2*b^3*x^
3 + 1386*a*b^4*x^(10/3) + 252*b^5*x^(11/3))/924
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^{5/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( x^{5/3} a^5 + 5bx^2 a^4 + 10b^2 x^{7/3} a^3 + 10b^3 x^{8/3} a^2 + 5b^4 x^3 a + b^5 x^{10/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^5 x^2}{6} + \frac{5}{7} a^4 b x^{7/3} + \frac{5}{4} a^3 b^2 x^{8/3} + \frac{10}{9} a^2 b^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a b^4 x^{10/3} + \frac{1}{11} b^5 x^{11/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5*x,x]`

output `3*((a^5*x^2)/6 + (5*a^4*b*x^(7/3))/7 + (5*a^3*b^2*x^(8/3))/4 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^3)/9 + (a*b^4*x^(10/3))/2 + (b^5*x^(11/3))/11)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
derivativeldivides	$\frac{a^5 x^2}{2} + \frac{15a^4 b x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{15a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{4} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{3a b^4 x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^5 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$
default	$\frac{a^5 x^2}{2} + \frac{15a^4 b x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{15a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{4} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{3a b^4 x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{2} + \frac{3b^5 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$
trager	$\frac{a^2(20b^3x^2+3a^3x+20b^3x+3a^3+20b^3)(-1+x)}{6} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{7}{3}}(7b^3x+10a^3)}{14} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}(4b^3x+55a^3)}{44}$
oring	$-\frac{(-3052b^{15}x^5-9449a^3b^{12}x^4-9985a^6b^9x^3-1485a^9b^6x^2-23595a^{12}b^3x+8250a^{15})(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}{4620b^6(b^3x+a^3)^3} + \frac{3(-98b^{15}x^5-321a^3b^{12}x^4-321a^6b^9x^3-321a^9b^6x^2-321a^{12}b^3x+321a^{15})}{4620b^6(b^3x+a^3)^3}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2*a^5*x^2+15/7*a^4*b*x^(7/3)+15/4*a^3*b^2*x^(8/3)+10/3*a^2*b^3*x^3+3/2*a
*b^4*x^(10/3)+3/11*b^5*x^(11/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx = \frac{10}{3} a^2 b^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^5 x^2 + \frac{3}{44} (4b^5 x^3 + 55 a^3 b^2 x^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{3}{14} (7ab^4 x^3 + 10 a^4 b x^2) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{10}{3}a^2b^3x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^5x^2 + \frac{3}{44}(4b^5x^3 + 55a^3b^2x^2)x^{2/3} + \frac{3}{14}(7ab^4x^3 + 10a^4bx^2)x^{1/3}$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx = \frac{a^5x^2}{2} + \frac{15a^4bx^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{15a^3b^2x^{8/3}}{4} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^3}{3} + \frac{3ab^4x^{10/3}}{2} + \frac{3b^5x^{11/3}}{11}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5*x,x)
```

output

$$a**5*x**2/2 + 15*a**4*b*x**(7/3)/7 + 15*a**3*b**2*x**(8/3)/4 + 10*a**2*b**3*x**3/3 + 3*a*b**4*x**(10/3)/2 + 3*b**5*x**(11/3)/11$$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx = \frac{3(bx^{1/3} + a)^{11}}{11b^6} - \frac{3(bx^{1/3} + a)^{10}a}{2b^6} + \frac{10(bx^{1/3} + a)^9a^2}{3b^6} - \frac{15(bx^{1/3} + a)^8a^3}{4b^6} + \frac{15(bx^{1/3} + a)^7a^4}{7b^6} - \frac{(bx^{1/3} + a)^6a^5}{2b^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{3}{11}(bx^{1/3} + a)^{11}/b^6 - \frac{3}{2}(bx^{1/3} + a)^{10}a/b^6 + \frac{10}{3}(bx^{1/3} + a)^9a^2/b^6 - \frac{15}{4}(bx^{1/3} + a)^8a^3/b^6 + \frac{15}{7}(bx^{1/3} + a)^7a^4/b^6 - \frac{1}{2}(bx^{1/3} + a)^6a^5/b^6$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx = \frac{3}{11} b^5 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{3}{2} a b^4 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{10}{3} a^2 b^3 x^3 + \frac{15}{4} a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{15}{7} a^4 b x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} a^5 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/11*b^5*x^(11/3) + 3/2*a*b^4*x^(10/3) + 10/3*a^2*b^3*x^3 + 15/4*a^3*b^2*x^(8/3) + 15/7*a^4*b*x^(7/3) + 1/2*a^5*x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx = \frac{a^5 x^2}{2} + \frac{3 b^5 x^{11/3}}{11} + \frac{15 a^4 b x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{3 a b^4 x^{10/3}}{2} + \frac{10 a^2 b^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{15 a^3 b^2 x^{8/3}}{4}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/3))^5,x)`output `(a^5*x^2)/2 + (3*b^5*x^(11/3))/11 + (15*a^4*b*x^(7/3))/7 + (3*a*b^4*x^(10/3))/2 + (10*a^2*b^3*x^3)/3 + (15*a^3*b^2*x^(8/3))/4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x dx = \frac{x^2 \left( 3465 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^3 b^2 + 252 x^{\frac{5}{3}} b^5 + 1980 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^4 b + 1386 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a b^4 + 462 a^5 + 3080 a^2 b^3 x \right)}{924}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5*x,x)`

output `(x**2*(3465*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 252*x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 1980*x**(1/3)*a**4*b + 1386*x**(1/3)*a*b**4*x + 462*a**5 + 3080*a**2*b**3*x))/924`

### 3.207 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1545
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1545
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1546
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1547
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1547
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1548
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1548
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1549
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1549
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1549

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx = \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{2b^3} - \frac{6a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{7b^3} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^8}{8b^3}$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^6/b^3-6/7*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^7/b^3+3/8*(a+b*x^(1/3))^8/
b^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx = \frac{1}{56} (56a^5x + 210a^4bx^{4/3} + 336a^3b^2x^{5/3} + 280a^2b^3x^2 + 120ab^4x^{7/3} + 21b^5x^{8/3})$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5,x]
```

output

```
(56*a^5*x + 210*a^4*b*x^(4/3) + 336*a^3*b^2*x^(5/3) + 280*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 12
0*a*b^4*x^(7/3) + 21*b^5*x^(8/3))/56
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{6b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^8}{8b^3} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^7}{7b^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5,x]
```

output

```
3*((a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^6)/(6*b^3) - (2*a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^7)/(7*b^3) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^8/(8*b^3))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 774

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3b^5x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{15ab^4x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 5a^2b^3x^2 + 6a^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{15a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + a^5x$
default	$\frac{3b^5x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{15ab^4x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 5a^2b^3x^2 + 6a^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{15a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + a^5x$
trager	$(-1 + x)(5b^3x + a^3 + 5b^3)a^2 + \frac{15abx^{\frac{4}{3}}(4b^3x + 7a^3)}{28} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}(b^3x + 16a^3)}{8}$
orering	$-\frac{(-46x^4b^{12} - 139a^3b^9x^3 - 81x^2b^6a^6 - 469xb^3a^9 + 59a^{12})(a + bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}{56b^3(b^3x + a^3)^3} - \frac{15(b^9x^3 + 3a^3b^6x^2 + 25a^9)x^{\frac{4}{3}}(a + bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^4}{28(b^3x + a^3)^3} b$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
3/8*b^5*x^(8/3)+15/7*a*b^4*x^(7/3)+5*a^2*b^3*x^2+6*a^3*b^2*x^(5/3)+15/4*a^4*b*x^(4/3)+a^5*x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx = 5a^2b^3x^2 + a^5x + \frac{3}{8}(b^5x^2 + 16a^3b^2x)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{15}{28}(4ab^4x^2 + 7a^4bx)x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
5*a^2*b^3*x^2 + a^5*x + 3/8*(b^5*x^2 + 16*a^3*b^2*x)*x^(2/3) + 15/28*(4*a*
b^4*x^2 + 7*a^4*b*x)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx = a^5x + \frac{15a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + 6a^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5a^2b^3x^2 + \frac{15ab^4x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5,x)
```

output

```
a**5*x + 15*a**4*b*x**(4/3)/4 + 6*a**3*b**2*x**(5/3) + 5*a**2*b**3*x**2 +
15*a*b**4*x**(7/3)/7 + 3*b**5*x**(8/3)/8
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx = \frac{3}{8}b^5x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{15}{7}ab^4x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 5a^2b^3x^2 + 6a^3b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{15}{4}a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^5x$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
3/8*b^5*x^(8/3) + 15/7*a*b^4*x^(7/3) + 5*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 6*a^3*b^2*x^(5/3) +
15/4*a^4*b*x^(4/3) + a^5*x
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx = \frac{3}{8} b^5 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{15}{7} a b^4 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 5 a^2 b^3 x^2 + 6 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{15}{4} a^4 b x^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^5 x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/8*b^5*x^(8/3) + 15/7*a*b^4*x^(7/3) + 5*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 6*a^3*b^2*x^(5/3) + 15/4*a^4*b*x^(4/3) + a^5*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx = a^5 x + \frac{3 b^5 x^{8/3}}{8} + \frac{15 a^4 b x^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{15 a b^4 x^{7/3}}{7} + 5 a^2 b^3 x^2 + 6 a^3 b^2 x^{5/3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^5,x)`

output `a^5*x + (3*b^5*x^(8/3))/8 + (15*a^4*b*x^(4/3))/4 + (15*a*b^4*x^(7/3))/7 + 5*a^2*b^3*x^2 + 6*a^3*b^2*x^(5/3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5 dx = \frac{x \left( 336 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^3 b^2 + 21 x^{\frac{5}{3}} b^5 + 210 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^4 b + 120 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a b^4 + 56 a^5 + 280 a^2 b^3 x \right)}{56}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5,x)`

output `(x*(336*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 21*x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 210*x**(1/3)*a**4*b + 120*x**(1/3)*a*b**4*x + 56*a**5 + 280*a**2*b**3*x))/56`

$$3.208 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1550
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1550
Rubi [A] (verified)	1551
Maple [A] (verified)	1552
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1552
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1553
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1553
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1553
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1554
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1554

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx = 15a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} + 15a^3b^2x^{2/3} + 10a^2b^3x + \frac{15}{4}ab^4x^{4/3} + \frac{3}{5}b^5x^{5/3} + a^5 \log(x)$$

output

```
15*a^4*b*x^(1/3)+15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3)+10*a^2*b^3*x+15/4*a*b^4*x^(4/3)+3/5*b^5*x^(5/3)+a^5*ln(x)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx = 15a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} + 15a^3b^2x^{2/3} + 10a^2b^3x + \frac{15}{4}ab^4x^{4/3} + \frac{3}{5}b^5x^{5/3} + a^5 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x,x]
```

output

```
15*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 10*a^2*b^3*x + (15*a*b^4*x^(4/3))/4 + (3*b^5*x^(5/3))/5 + a^5*Log[x]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 5ba^4 + 10b^2\sqrt[3]{x}a^3 + 10b^3x^{2/3}a^2 + 5b^4xa + b^5x^{4/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( a^5 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 5a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} + 5a^3b^2x^{2/3} + \frac{10}{3}a^2b^3x + \frac{5}{4}ab^4x^{4/3} + \frac{1}{5}b^5x^{5/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x,x]`

output `3*(5*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 5*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + (10*a^2*b^3*x)/3 + (5*a*b^4*x^(4/3))/4 + (b^5*x^(5/3))/5 + a^5*Log[x^(1/3)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$15a^4b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 15a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 10a^2b^3x + \frac{15ab^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + a^5 \ln(x)$	54
default	$15a^4b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 15a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 10a^2b^3x + \frac{15ab^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + a^5 \ln(x)$	54
trager	$10a^2b^3(-1 + x) + \frac{15(b^3x+4a^3)abx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4} + \frac{3(b^3x+25a^3)b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{5} + a^5 \ln(x)$	56

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $15*a^4*b*x^{(1/3)}+15*a^3*b^2*x^{(2/3)}+10*a^2*b^3*x+15/4*a*b^4*x^{(4/3)}+3/5*b^5*x^{(5/3)}+a^5*\ln(x)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx = 10a^2b^3x + 3a^5 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{3}{5}(b^5x + 25a^3b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{15}{4}(ab^4x + 4a^4b)x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $10*a^2*b^3*x + 3*a^5*\log(x^{(1/3)}) + 3/5*(b^5*x + 25*a^3*b^2)*x^{(2/3)} + 15/4*(a*b^4*x + 4*a^4*b)*x^{(1/3)}$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx = 3a^5 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 15a^4 b \sqrt[3]{x} + 15a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 10a^2 b^3 x + \frac{15ab^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{3b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5/x,x)`output `3*a**5*log(x**(1/3)) + 15*a**4*b*x**(1/3) + 15*a**3*b**2*x**(2/3) + 10*a**2*b**3*x + 15*a*b**4*x**(4/3)/4 + 3*b**5*x**(5/3)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx = \frac{3}{5} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{15}{4} ab^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 10 a^2 b^3 x + a^5 \log(x) + 15 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 15/4*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 10*a^2*b^3*x + a^5*log(x) + 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 15*a^4*b*x^(1/3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx = \frac{3}{5} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{15}{4} ab^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 10 a^2 b^3 x + a^5 \log(|x|) + 15 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 15/4*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 10*a^2*b^3*x + a^5*log(abs(x)) + 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 15*a^4*b*x^(1/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx = 3a^5 \ln(x^{1/3}) + \frac{3b^5 x^{5/3}}{5} + 10a^2 b^3 x + 15a^4 b x^{1/3} + \frac{15ab^4 x^{4/3}}{4} + 15a^3 b^2 x^{2/3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x,x)`output `3*a^5*log(x^(1/3)) + (3*b^5*x^(5/3))/5 + 10*a^2*b^3*x + 15*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + (15*a*b^4*x^(4/3))/4 + 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x} dx = 15x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^3 b^2 + \frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}} b^5}{5} + 15x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^4 b + \frac{15x^{\frac{4}{3}} a b^4}{4} + \log(x) a^5 + 10a^2 b^3 x$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x,x)`output `(300*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 12*x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 300*x**(1/3)*a**4*b + 75*x**  
*(1/3)*a*b**4*x + 20*log(x)*a**5 + 200*a**2*b**3*x)/20`

**3.209**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1555
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1555
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1556
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1557
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1558
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1558
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1558
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1559
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1559
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1560

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5}{x} - \frac{15a^4b}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 15ab^4\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3}{2}b^5x^{2/3} + 10a^2b^3 \log(x)$$

output `-a^5/x-15/2*a^4*b/x^(2/3)-30*a^3*b^2/x^(1/3)+15*a*b^4*x^(1/3)+3/2*b^5*x^(2/3)+10*a^2*b^3*ln(x)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{-2a^5 - 15a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} - 60a^3b^2x^{2/3} + 30ab^4x^{4/3} + 3b^5x^{5/3} + 20a^2b^3x \log(x)}{2x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^2,x]`



output

$$\frac{(-2a^5 - 15a^4b x^{1/3}) - 60a^3b^2 x^{2/3} + 30ab^4 x^{4/3} + 3b^5 x^{5/3} + 20a^2b^3 x \operatorname{Log}[x]}{(2x)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^{4/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 5b^4a + b^5\sqrt[3]{x} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^5}{3x} - \frac{5a^4b}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 10a^2b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 5ab^4\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{1}{2}b^5x^{2/3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + b x^{1/3})^5/x^2, x]$$

output

$$3 \left( -\frac{1}{3} a^5/x - (5a^4b)/(2x^{2/3}) - (10a^3b^2)/x^{1/3} + 5ab^4x^{1/3} + (b^5x^{2/3})/2 + 10a^2b^3 \operatorname{Log}[x^{1/3}] \right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^5}{x} - \frac{15a^4b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 15ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 10a^2b^3 \ln(x)$	57
default	$-\frac{a^5}{x} - \frac{15a^4b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 15ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 10a^2b^3 \ln(x)$	57
trager	$\frac{a^5(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{15(-2b^3x+a^3)ab}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3(-b^3x+20a^3)b^2}{2x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - 10a^2b^3 \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	61

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a^5/x-15/2*a^4*b/x^(2/3)-30*a^3*b^2/x^(1/3)+15*a*b^4*x^(1/3)+3/2*b^5*x^(2/3)+10*a^2*b^3*ln(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{60 a^2 b^3 x \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 2 a^5 + 3 (b^5 x - 20 a^3 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 (2 a b^4 x - a^4 b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2 x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(60*a^2*b^3*x*log(x^(1/3)) - 2*a^5 + 3*(b^5*x - 20*a^3*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 15*(2*a*b^4*x - a^4*b)*x^(1/3))/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^5}{x} - \frac{15a^4b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 10a^2b^3 \log(x) + 15ab^4\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5/x**2,x)`output `-a**5/x - 15*a**4*b/(2*x**(2/3)) - 30*a**3*b**2/x**(1/3) + 10*a**2*b**3*log(x) + 15*a*b**4*x**(1/3) + 3*b**5*x**(2/3)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx = 10 a^2 b^3 \log(x) + \frac{3}{2} b^5 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 a b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{60 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^5}{2 x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$10*a^2*b^3*\log(x) + 3/2*b^5*x^(2/3) + 15*a*b^4*x^(1/3) - 1/2*(60*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 15*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^5)/x$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx = 10 a^2 b^3 \log(|x|) + \frac{3}{2} b^5 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 a b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{60 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^5}{2 x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$10*a^2*b^3*\log(\text{abs}(x)) + 3/2*b^5*x^(2/3) + 15*a*b^4*x^(1/3) - 1/2*(60*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 15*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^5)/x$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx = \frac{3 b^5 x^{2/3}}{2} - \frac{a^5 + \frac{15 a^4 b x^{1/3}}{2} + 30 a^3 b^2 x^{2/3}}{x} + 30 a^2 b^3 \ln(x^{1/3}) + 15 a b^4 x^{1/3}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^2,x)
```

output

$$(3*b^5*x^(2/3))/2 - (a^5 + (15*a^4*b*x^(1/3))/2 + 30*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3))/x + 30*a^2*b^3*\log(x^(1/3)) + 15*a*b^4*x^(1/3)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{60x^{\frac{5}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^2 b^3 - 2x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^5 - 60x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3 b^2 + 3x^{\frac{7}{3}} b^5 - 15a^4 b x + 30a b^4 x^2}{2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^2,x)`output `(60*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**2*b**3*x - 2*x**(2/3)*a**5 - 60*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**2*x + 3*x**(1/3)*b**5*x**2 - 15*a**4*b*x + 30*a*b**4*x**2)/(2*x**(2/3)*x)`

**3.210**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1561
Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	1561
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1562
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1562
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1563
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1564
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1564
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1565
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1565
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1565

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{2ax^2}$$

output `-1/2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^6/a/x^2`

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 67 vs. 2(21) = 42.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.19

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{-a^5 - 6a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} - 15a^3b^2x^{2/3} - 20a^2b^3x - 15ab^4x^{4/3} - 6b^5x^{5/3}}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^3,x]`

output `(-a^5 - 6*a^4*b*x^(1/3) - 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) - 20*a^2*b^3*x - 15*a*b^4*x^(4/3) - 6*b^5*x^(5/3))/(2*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 796

$$-\frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^6}{2ax^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^6/(a*x^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{15ab^4}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3a^4b}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{a^5}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^5}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{15a^3b^2}{2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{x}$
default	$-\frac{15ab^4}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3a^4b}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{a^5}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^5}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{15a^3b^2}{2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{x}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^3x+20b^3x+a^3)a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{3(5b^3x+2a^3)ab}{2x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{3(2b^3x+5a^3)b^2}{2x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$
orering	$-\frac{(190b^9x^3-29a^3b^6x^2+101a^6b^3x+32a^9)(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}{10x^2(b^3x+a^3)^3} - \frac{9x^2(25b^9x^3-6a^3b^6x^2+7a^6b^3x+2a^9)}{10(b^3x+a^3)^3} \left( \frac{5(a+b x^{\frac{1}{3}})^4}{3x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - 3(a \right)$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -15/2*a*b^4/x^(2/3)-3*a^4*b/x^(5/3)-1/2*a^5/x^2-3*b^5/x^(1/3)-15/2*a^3*b^2/x^(4/3)-10/x*a^2*b^3
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 57 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{20a^2b^3x + a^5 + 3(2b^5x + 5a^3b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3(5ab^4x + 2a^4b)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2x^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/2*(20*a^2*b^3*x + a^5 + 3*(2*b^5*x + 5*a^3*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 3*(5*a*b^4*x + 2*a^4*b)*x^(1/3))/x^2
```



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^5}{2x^2} - \frac{3a^4b}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{15a^3b^2}{2x^{4/3}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{x} - \frac{15ab^4}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{3b^5}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5/x**3,x)`

output `-a**5/(2*x**2) - 3*a**4*b/x**(5/3) - 15*a**3*b**2/(2*x**(4/3)) - 10*a**2*b**3/x - 15*a*b**4/(2*x**(2/3)) - 3*b**5/x**(1/3)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6b^5x^{5/3} + 15ab^4x^{4/3} + 20a^2b^3x + 15a^3b^2x^{2/3} + 6a^4bx^{1/3} + a^5}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(6*b^5*x^(5/3) + 15*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 20*a^2*b^3*x + 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 6*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + a^5)/x^2`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{6b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 15ab^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 20a^2b^3x + 15a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6a^4bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^5}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(6*b^5*x^(5/3) + 15*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 20*a^2*b^3*x + 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 6*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + a^5)/x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^5 + 6b^5x^{5/3} + 20a^2b^3x + 6a^4bx^{1/3} + 15ab^4x^{4/3} + 15a^3b^2x^{2/3}}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^3,x)`

output `-(a^5 + 6*b^5*x^(5/3) + 20*a^2*b^3*x + 6*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 15*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3))/(2*x^2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^3} dx = \frac{-x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^5 - 20x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^2b^3 - 15x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^3b^2 - 6x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^5 - 6a^4bx - 15a^4x^2}{2x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^3,x)`

output

$$\left( -x^{2/3}a^5 - 20x^{2/3}a^2b^3x - 15x^{1/3}a^3b^2x - 6x^{1/3}b^5x^2 - 6a^4bx - 15ab^4x^2 \right) / (2x^{2/3}x^2)$$

**3.211**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1567
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1567
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1568
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1569
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1570
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1570
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1570
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1571
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1571
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1572

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^5}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^4b}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{x^2} - \frac{3ab^4}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{3b^5}{4x^{4/3}}$$

output

```
-1/3*a^5/x^3-15/8*a^4*b/x^(8/3)-30/7*a^3*b^2/x^(7/3)-5*a^2*b^3/x^2-3*a*b^4/x^(5/3)-3/4*b^5/x^(4/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx = \frac{-56a^5 - 315a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} - 720a^3b^2x^{2/3} - 840a^2b^3x - 504ab^4x^{4/3} - 126b^5x^{5/3}}{168x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^4,x]
```

output

$$(-56*a^5 - 315*a^4*b*x^{(1/3)} - 720*a^3*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 840*a^2*b^3*x - 504*a*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 126*b^5*x^{(5/3)})/(168*x^3)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^3} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^{8/3}} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^2} + \frac{b^5}{x^{5/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^5}{9x^3} - \frac{5a^4b}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{3x^2} - \frac{ab^4}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{b^5}{4x^{4/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^5/x^4, x]$$

output

$$3*(-1/9*a^5/x^3 - (5*a^4*b)/(8*x^{(8/3)}) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(7*x^{(7/3)}) - (5*a^2*b^3)/(3*x^2) - (a*b^4)/x^{(5/3)} - b^5/(4*x^{(4/3)}))$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^5}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^4b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{x^2} - \frac{3ab^4}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^5}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^4b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{x^2} - \frac{3ab^4}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^3x^2+15b^3x^2+a^3x+15b^3x+a^3)a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{3(8b^3x+5a^3)ab}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3(7b^3x+40a^3)b^2}{28x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(2688b^9x^3+5161a^3b^6x^2+4445a^6b^3x+1360a^9)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}{840x^3(b^3x+a^3)^3} - \frac{3x^2(336b^9x^3+522a^3b^6x^2+395a^6b^3x+110a^9)}{560(b^3x+a^3)^3} \left( \frac{5}{a} \right)$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*a^5/x^3-15/8*a^4*b/x^(8/3)-30/7*a^3*b^2/x^(7/3)-5*a^2*b^3/x^2-3*a*b^4/x^(5/3)-3/4*b^5/x^(4/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{840 a^2 b^3 x + 56 a^5 + 18 (7 b^5 x + 40 a^3 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 63 (8 a b^4 x + 5 a^4 b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{168 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/168*(840*a^2*b^3*x + 56*a^5 + 18*(7*b^5*x + 40*a^3*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 63*(8*a*b^4*x + 5*a^4*b)*x^(1/3))/x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^5}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^4b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{x^2} - \frac{3ab^4}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5/x**4,x)`output `-a**5/(3*x**3) - 15*a**4*b/(8*x**(8/3)) - 30*a**3*b**2/(7*x**(7/3)) - 5*a**2*b**3/x**2 - 3*a*b**4/x**(5/3) - 3*b**5/(4*x**(4/3))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{126 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 504 a b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 840 a^2 b^3 x + 720 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 315 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 56 a^5}{168 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/168*(126*b^5*x^(5/3) + 504*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 840*a^2*b^3*x + 720*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 315*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 56*a^5)/x^3$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{126 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 504 a b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 840 a^2 b^3 x + 720 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 315 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 56 a^5}{168 x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/168*(126*b^5*x^(5/3) + 504*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 840*a^2*b^3*x + 720*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 315*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 56*a^5)/x^3$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^5}{3} + \frac{3b^5 x^{5/3}}{4} + 5a^2 b^3 x + \frac{15a^4 b x^{1/3}}{8} + 3a b^4 x^{4/3} + \frac{30a^3 b^2 x^{2/3}}{7}}{x^3}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^4,x)
```

output

$$-(a^5/3 + (3*b^5*x^(5/3))/4 + 5*a^2*b^3*x + (15*a^4*b*x^(1/3))/8 + 3*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + (30*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3))/7)/x^3$$



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-56x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^5 - 840x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^2b^3 - 720x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^3b^2 - 126x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^5 - 315a^4bx - 504ab^4x^2}{168x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 56*x**(2/3)*a**5 - 840*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**3*x - 720*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**2*x
- 126*x**(1/3)*b**5*x**2 - 315*a**4*b*x - 504*a*b**4*x**2)/(168*x**(2/3)*
x**3)
```

**3.212**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1573
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1573
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1574
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1575
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1576
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1576
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1576
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1577
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1577
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1578

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^5}{4x^4} - \frac{15a^4b}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{3a^3b^2}{x^{10/3}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{3x^3} - \frac{15ab^4}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{3b^5}{7x^{7/3}}$$

output

```
-1/4*a^5/x^4-15/11*a^4*b/x^(11/3)-3*a^3*b^2/x^(10/3)-10/3*a^2*b^3/x^3-15/8
*a*b^4/x^(8/3)-3/7*b^5/x^(7/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx = \frac{-462a^5 - 2520a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} - 5544a^3b^2x^{2/3} - 6160a^2b^3x - 3465ab^4x^{4/3} - 792b^5x^{5/3}}{1848x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^5,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-462a^5 - 2520a^4bx^{1/3} - 5544a^3b^2x^{2/3} - 6160a^2b^3x - 3465ab^4x^{4/3} - 792b^5x^{5/3})}{(1848x^4)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^{13/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{x^{13/3}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^4} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^{11/3}} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^3} + \frac{b^5}{x^{8/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^5}{12x^4} - \frac{5a^4b}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{a^3b^2}{x^{10/3}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{9x^3} - \frac{5ab^4}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{b^5}{7x^{7/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^5/x^5, x]$$

output

$$3*(-1/12*a^5/x^4 - (5*a^4*b)/(11*x^{(11/3)}) - (a^3*b^2)/x^{(10/3)} - (10*a^2*b^3)/(9*x^3) - (5*a*b^4)/(8*x^{(8/3)}) - b^5/(7*x^{(7/3)}))$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^5}{4x^4} - \frac{15a^4b}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3a^3b^2}{x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{3x^3} - \frac{15ab^4}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^5}{4x^4} - \frac{15a^4b}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3a^3b^2}{x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{3x^3} - \frac{15ab^4}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(3a^3x^3+40b^3x^3+3a^3x^2+40b^3x^2+3a^3x+40b^3x+3a^3)a^2}{12x^4} - \frac{15(11b^3x+8a^3)ab}{88x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3(b^3x+7a^3)b^2}{7x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(5984b^9x^3+14395a^3b^6x^2+12782a^6b^3x+3948a^9)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}{3696x^4(b^3x+a^3)^3} - \frac{3x^2(605b^9x^3+1275a^3b^6x^2+1027a^6b^3x+294a^9)}{3080(b^3x+a^3)^3}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*a^5/x^4-15/11*a^4*b/x^(11/3)-3*a^3*b^2/x^(10/3)-10/3*a^2*b^3/x^3-15/8
*a*b^4/x^(8/3)-3/7*b^5/x^(7/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6160 a^2 b^3 x + 462 a^5 + 792 (b^5 x + 7 a^3 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 315 (11 a b^4 x + 8 a^4 b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{1848 x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/1848*(6160*a^2*b^3*x + 462*a^5 + 792*(b^5*x + 7*a^3*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 315*(11*a*b^4*x + 8*a^4*b)*x^(1/3))/x^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^5}{4x^4} - \frac{15a^4b}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3a^3b^2}{x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{3x^3} - \frac{15ab^4}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5/x**5,x)`output `-a**5/(4*x**4) - 15*a**4*b/(11*x**(11/3)) - 3*a**3*b**2/x**(10/3) - 10*a**2*b**3/(3*x**3) - 15*a*b**4/(8*x**(8/3)) - 3*b**5/(7*x**(7/3))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= -\frac{792 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 3465 a b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 6160 a^2 b^3 x + 5544 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2520 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 462 a^5}{1848 x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/1848*(792*b^5*x^(5/3) + 3465*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 6160*a^2*b^3*x + 5544*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 2520*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 462*a^5)/x^4$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{792 b^5 x^{5/3} + 3465 a b^4 x^{4/3} + 6160 a^2 b^3 x + 5544 a^3 b^2 x^{2/3} + 2520 a^4 b x^{1/3} + 462 a^5}{1848 x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/1848*(792*b^5*x^(5/3) + 3465*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 6160*a^2*b^3*x + 5544*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 2520*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 462*a^5)/x^4$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^5}{4} + \frac{3b^5 x^{5/3}}{7} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x}{3} + \frac{15a^4 b x^{1/3}}{11} + \frac{15a b^4 x^{4/3}}{8} + 3a^3 b^2 x^{2/3}}{x^4}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^5,x)`

output 
$$-(a^5/4 + (3*b^5*x^(5/3)))/7 + (10*a^2*b^3*x)/3 + (15*a^4*b*x^(1/3))/11 + (15*a*b^4*x^(4/3))/8 + 3*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3))/x^4$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^5} dx$$

$$= \frac{-462x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^5 - 6160x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^2b^3 - 5544x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^3b^2 - 792x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^5 - 2520a^4bx - 3465ab^4x^2}{1848x^{\frac{14}{3}}}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^5,x)
```

output

```
( - 462*x**(2/3)*a**5 - 6160*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**3*x - 5544*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**
2*x - 792*x**(1/3)*b**5*x**2 - 2520*a**4*b*x - 3465*a*b**4*x**2)/(1848*x**
(2/3)*x**4)
```

**3.213**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1579
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1579
Rubi [A] (verified)	1580
Maple [A] (verified)	1581
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1582
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1582
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1582
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1583
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1583
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1584

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{15a^4b}{14x^{14/3}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{2x^4} - \frac{15ab^4}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{3b^5}{10x^{10/3}}$$

output

$-1/5*a^5/x^5-15/14*a^4*b/x^(14/3)-30/13*a^3*b^2/x^(13/3)-5/2*a^2*b^3/x^4-15/11*a*b^4/x^(11/3)-3/10*b^5/x^(10/3)$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx = \frac{-2002a^5 - 10725a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} - 23100a^3b^2x^{2/3} - 25025a^2b^3x - 13650ab^4x^{4/3} - 3003b^5x^{5/3}}{10010x^5}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^6,x]`



output

$$(-2002*a^5 - 10725*a^4*b*x^{(1/3)} - 23100*a^3*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 25025*a^2*b^3*x - 13650*a*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 3003*b^5*x^{(5/3)})/(10010*x^5)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^{16/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{x^{16/3}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^5} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^{14/3}} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^{13/3}} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^4} + \frac{b^5}{x^{11/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^5}{15x^5} - \frac{5a^4b}{14x^{14/3}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{6x^4} - \frac{5ab^4}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{b^5}{10x^{10/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^5/x^6, x]$$

output

$$3*(-1/15*a^5/x^5 - (5*a^4*b)/(14*x^{(14/3)}) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(13*x^{(13/3)}) - (5*a^2*b^3)/(6*x^4) - (5*a*b^4)/(11*x^{(11/3)}) - b^5/(10*x^{(10/3)}))$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{15a^4b}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{2x^4} - \frac{15ab^4}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{15a^4b}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{2x^4} - \frac{15ab^4}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2a^3x^4+25b^3x^4+2a^3x^3+25b^3x^3+2a^3x^2+25b^3x^2+2a^3x+25b^3x+2a^3)a^2}{10x^5} - \frac{15(14b^3x+11a^3)ab}{154x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{3(13b^3x+11a^3)b^2}{154x^{\frac{13}{3}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(106925b^9x^3+278294a^3b^6x^2+254038a^6b^3x+79420a^9)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}{100100x^5(b^3x+a^3)^3} - \frac{9x^2(3185b^9x^3+7530a^3b^6x^2+6368a^6b^3x+100100a^9)}{100100(b^3x+a^3)^3}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/5*a^5/x^5-15/14*a^4*b/x^(14/3)-30/13*a^3*b^2/x^(13/3)-5/2*a^2*b^3/x^4-1
5/11*a*b^4/x^(11/3)-3/10*b^5/x^(10/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{25025 a^2 b^3 x + 2002 a^5 + 231 (13 b^5 x + 100 a^3 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 975 (14 a b^4 x + 11 a^4 b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{10010 x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/10010*(25025*a^2*b^3*x + 2002*a^5 + 231*(13*b^5*x + 100*a^3*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 975*(14*a*b^4*x + 11*a^4*b)*x^(1/3))/x^5`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^5}{5x^5} - \frac{15a^4b}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{30a^3b^2}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{2x^4} - \frac{15ab^4}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5/x**6,x)`

output `-a**5/(5*x**5) - 15*a**4*b/(14*x**(14/3)) - 30*a**3*b**2/(13*x**(13/3)) - 5*a**2*b**3/(2*x**4) - 15*a*b**4/(11*x**(11/3)) - 3*b**5/(10*x**(10/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3003 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 13650 a b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 25025 a^2 b^3 x + 23100 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 10725 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2002 a^5}{10010 x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/10010*(3003*b^5*x^(5/3) + 13650*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 25025*a^2*b^3*x + 23100*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 10725*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 2002*a^5)/x^5$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{3003 b^5 x^{5/3} + 13650 a b^4 x^{4/3} + 25025 a^2 b^3 x + 23100 a^3 b^2 x^{2/3} + 10725 a^4 b x^{1/3} + 2002 a^5}{10010 x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/10010*(3003*b^5*x^(5/3) + 13650*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 25025*a^2*b^3*x + 23100*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 10725*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 2002*a^5)/x^5$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^5}{5} + \frac{3b^5 x^{5/3}}{10} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x}{2} + \frac{15a^4 b x^{1/3}}{14} + \frac{15a b^4 x^{4/3}}{11} + \frac{30a^3 b^2 x^{2/3}}{13}}{x^5}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^6,x)`

output 
$$-(a^5/5 + (3*b^5*x^(5/3))/10 + (5*a^2*b^3*x)/2 + (15*a^4*b*x^(1/3))/14 + (15*a*b^4*x^(4/3))/11 + (30*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3))/13)/x^5$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2002x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^5 - 25025x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^2b^3 - 23100x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^3b^2 - 3003x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^5 - 10725a^4bx - 13650ab^4x^2}{10010x^{\frac{17}{3}}}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^6,x)
```

output

```
( - 2002*x**(2/3)*a**5 - 25025*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**3*x - 23100*x**(1/3)*a**3*
b**2*x - 3003*x**(1/3)*b**5*x**2 - 10725*a**4*b*x - 13650*a*b**4*x**2)/(10
010*x**(2/3)*x**5)
```

**3.214**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1585
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1585
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1586
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1587
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1588
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1588
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1588
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1589
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1589
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1590

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^5}{6x^6} - \frac{15a^4b}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{15a^3b^2}{8x^{16/3}} - \frac{2a^2b^3}{x^5} - \frac{15ab^4}{14x^{14/3}} - \frac{3b^5}{13x^{13/3}}$$

output -1/6\*a^5/x^6-15/17\*a^4\*b/x^(17/3)-15/8\*a^3\*b^2/x^(16/3)-2\*a^2\*b^3/x^5-15/14\*a\*b^4/x^(14/3)-3/13\*b^5/x^(13/3)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx = \frac{-6188a^5 - 32760a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} - 69615a^3b^2x^{2/3} - 74256a^2b^3x - 39780ab^4x^{4/3} - 8568b^5x^{5/3}}{37128x^6}$$

input Integrate[(a + b\*x^(1/3))^5/x^7,x]

output

$$(-6188*a^5 - 32760*a^4*b*x^{(1/3)} - 69615*a^3*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 74256*a^2*b^3*x - 39780*a*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 8568*b^5*x^{(5/3)})/(37128*x^6)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^{19/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^5}{x^{19/3}} + \frac{5ba^4}{x^6} + \frac{10b^2a^3}{x^{17/3}} + \frac{10b^3a^2}{x^{16/3}} + \frac{5b^4a}{x^5} + \frac{b^5}{x^{14/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^5}{18x^6} - \frac{5a^4b}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{8x^{16/3}} - \frac{2a^2b^3}{3x^5} - \frac{5ab^4}{14x^{14/3}} - \frac{b^5}{13x^{13/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^5/x^7, x]$$

output

$$3*(-1/18*a^5/x^6 - (5*a^4*b)/(17*x^{(17/3)}) - (5*a^3*b^2)/(8*x^{(16/3)}) - (2*a^2*b^3)/(3*x^5) - (5*a*b^4)/(14*x^{(14/3)}) - b^5/(13*x^{(13/3)}))$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^5}{6x^6} - \frac{15a^4b}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{15a^3b^2}{8x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{2a^2b^3}{x^5} - \frac{15ab^4}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^5}{6x^6} - \frac{15a^4b}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{15a^3b^2}{8x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{2a^2b^3}{x^5} - \frac{15ab^4}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^3x^5+12b^3x^5+a^3x^4+12b^3x^4+a^3x^3+12b^3x^3+a^3x^2+12b^3x^2+a^3x+12b^3x+a^3)a^2}{6x^6} - \frac{15(17b^3x+14a^3)ab}{238x^{\frac{17}{3}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(147288b^9x^3+398515a^3b^6x^2+370475a^6b^3x+116935a^9)(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^5}{185640x^6(b^3x+a^3)^3} - \frac{3x^2(3468b^9x^3+8703a^3b^6x^2+7600a^6b^3x+61880b^3a^3)}{61880(b^3x+a^3)^3}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*a^5/x^6-15/17*a^4*b/x^(17/3)-15/8*a^3*b^2/x^(16/3)-2*a^2*b^3/x^5-15/14*a*b^4/x^(14/3)-3/13*b^5/x^(13/3)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{74256 a^2 b^3 x + 6188 a^5 + 1071 (8 b^5 x + 65 a^3 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2340 (17 a b^4 x + 14 a^4 b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{37128 x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/37128*(74256*a^2*b^3*x + 6188*a^5 + 1071*(8*b^5*x + 65*a^3*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 2340*(17*a*b^4*x + 14*a^4*b)*x^(1/3))/x^6`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^5}{6x^6} - \frac{15a^4b}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{15a^3b^2}{8x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{2a^2b^3}{x^5} - \frac{15ab^4}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{3b^5}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**5/x**7,x)`output `-a**5/(6*x**6) - 15*a**4*b/(17*x**(17/3)) - 15*a**3*b**2/(8*x**(16/3)) - 2*a**2*b**3/x**5 - 15*a*b**4/(14*x**(14/3)) - 3*b**5/(13*x**(13/3))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= -\frac{8568 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 39780 a b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 74256 a^2 b^3 x + 69615 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 32760 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 6188 a^5}{37128 x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/37128*(8568*b^5*x^(5/3) + 39780*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 74256*a^2*b^3*x + 69615*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 32760*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 6188*a^5)/x^6$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{8568 b^5 x^{5/3} + 39780 a b^4 x^{4/3} + 74256 a^2 b^3 x + 69615 a^3 b^2 x^{2/3} + 32760 a^4 b x^{1/3} + 6188 a^5}{37128 x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/37128*(8568*b^5*x^(5/3) + 39780*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 74256*a^2*b^3*x + 69615*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 32760*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 6188*a^5)/x^6$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx = -\frac{\frac{a^5}{6} + \frac{3b^5 x^{5/3}}{13} + 2a^2 b^3 x + \frac{15a^4 b x^{1/3}}{17} + \frac{15a b^4 x^{4/3}}{14} + \frac{15a^3 b^2 x^{2/3}}{8}}{x^6}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^5/x^7,x)`

output 
$$-(a^5/6 + (3*b^5*x^(5/3))/13 + 2*a^2*b^3*x + (15*a^4*b*x^(1/3))/17 + (15*a*b^4*x^(4/3))/14 + (15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3))/8)/x^6$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^5}{x^7} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6188x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^5 - 74256x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^2b^3 - 69615x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^3b^2 - 8568x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^5 - 32760a^4bx - 39780ab^4x^2}{37128x^{\frac{20}{3}}}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^5/x^7,x)
```

output

```
( - 6188*x**(2/3)*a**5 - 74256*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**3*x - 69615*x**(1/3)*a**3*
b**2*x - 8568*x**(1/3)*b**5*x**2 - 32760*a**4*b*x - 39780*a*b**4*x**2)/(37
128*x**(2/3)*x**6)
```

### 3.215 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1591
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1591
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1592
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1593
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1594
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1594
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1595
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1596
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1596
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1597

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{15}{8}a^9bx^{16/3} + \frac{135}{17}a^8b^2x^{17/3} + 20a^7b^3x^6 + \frac{630}{19}a^6b^4x^{19/3} + \frac{189}{5}a^5b^5x^{20/3} + 30a^4b^6x^7 + \frac{180}{11}a^3b^7x^{22/3} + \frac{135}{23}a^2b^8x^{23/3} + \frac{5}{4}ab^9x^8 + \frac{3}{25}b^{10}x^{25/3}$$

output `1/5*a^10*x^5+15/8*a^9*b*x^(16/3)+135/17*a^8*b^2*x^(17/3)+20*a^7*b^3*x^6+630/19*a^6*b^4*x^(19/3)+189/5*a^5*b^5*x^(20/3)+30*a^4*b^6*x^7+180/11*a^3*b^7*x^(22/3)+135/23*a^2*b^8*x^(23/3)+5/4*a*b^9*x^8+3/25*b^10*x^(25/3)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{3268760a^{10}x^5 + 30644625a^9bx^{16/3} + 129789000a^8b^2x^{17/3} + 326876000a^7b^3x^6 + 541926000a^6b^4x^{19/3} + 63000000a^5b^5x^{20/3} + 129789000a^4b^6x^7 + 18000000a^3b^7x^{22/3} + 13500000a^2b^8x^{23/3} + 3750000ab^9x^8 + 300000b^{10}x^{25/3}}{1000000}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10*x^4,x]`

output

$$(3268760*a^{10}*x^5 + 30644625*a^9*b*x^{(16/3)} + 129789000*a^8*b^2*x^{(17/3)} + 326876000*a^7*b^3*x^6 + 541926000*a^6*b^4*x^{(19/3)} + 617795640*a^5*b^5*x^{(20/3)} + 490314000*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 267444000*a^3*b^7*x^{(22/3)} + 95931000*a^2*b^8*x^{(23/3)} + 20429750*a*b^9*x^8 + 1961256*b^{10}*x^{(25/3)})/16343800$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^{14/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( x^{14/3} a^{10} + 10bx^5 a^9 + 45b^2 x^{16/3} a^8 + 120b^3 x^{17/3} a^7 + 210b^4 x^6 a^6 + 252b^5 x^{19/3} a^5 + 210b^6 x^{20/3} a^4 + 120b^7 x^7 a^3 + 60b^8 x^{22/3} a^2 + 20b^9 x^{23/3} a + b^{10} x^{25/3} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^{10} x^{17/3}}{17} + \frac{5}{8} a^9 b x^{16/3} + \frac{45}{17} a^8 b^2 x^{17/3} + \frac{20}{3} a^7 b^3 x^6 + \frac{210}{19} a^6 b^4 x^{19/3} + \frac{63}{5} a^5 b^5 x^{20/3} + 10 a^4 b^6 x^7 + \frac{60}{11} a^3 b^7 x^{22/3} + \frac{4}{3} a^2 b^8 x^{23/3} + \frac{2}{5} a b^9 x^{24/3} + \frac{2}{25} b^{10} x^{25/3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^{10}*x^4, x]$$

output

$$3*((a^{10}*x^5)/15 + (5*a^9*b*x^{(16/3)})/8 + (45*a^8*b^2*x^{(17/3)})/17 + (20*a^7*b^3*x^6)/3 + (210*a^6*b^4*x^{(19/3)})/19 + (63*a^5*b^5*x^{(20/3)})/5 + 10*a^4*b^6*x^7 + (60*a^3*b^7*x^{(22/3)})/11 + (45*a^2*b^8*x^{(23/3)})/23 + (5*a*b^9*x^8)/12 + (b^{10}*x^{(25/3)})/25)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{15a^9bx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + 20a^7b^3x^6 + \frac{630a^6b^4x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{189a^5b^5x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{5} + 30a^4b^6x^7 + \frac{180a^3b^7}{11}$
default	$\frac{a^{10}x^5}{5} + \frac{15a^9bx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + 20a^7b^3x^6 + \frac{630a^6b^4x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{189a^5b^5x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{5} + 30a^4b^6x^7 + \frac{180a^3b^7}{11}$
trager	$a(25b^9x^7+600x^6a^3b^6+25b^9x^6+400a^6b^3x^5+600a^3b^6x^5+25b^9x^5+4a^9x^4+400a^6b^3x^4+600a^3b^6x^4+25b^9x^4+4a^9x^3+4$
orering	$\frac{(27002800b^{39}x^{13}+219460412a^3b^{36}x^{12}+782727824a^6b^{33}x^{11}+1601733910a^9b^{30}x^{10}+2059980272a^{12}b^{27}x^9+17090423$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/3)})^{10}*x^4,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/5*a^{10}*x^5+15/8*a^9*b*x^{(16/3)}+135/17*a^8*b^2*x^{(17/3)}+20*a^7*b^3*x^6+630/19*a^6*b^4*x^{(19/3)}+189/5*a^5*b^5*x^{(20/3)}+30*a^4*b^6*x^7+180/11*a^3*b^7*x^{(22/3)}+135/23*a^2*b^8*x^{(23/3)}+5/4*a*b^9*x^8+3/25*b^{10}*x^{(25/3)}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{5}{4} ab^9 x^8 + 30 a^4 b^6 x^7 + 20 a^7 b^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} a^{10} x^5$$

$$+ \frac{27}{1955} (425 a^2 b^8 x^7 + 2737 a^5 b^5 x^6 + 575 a^8 b^2 x^5) x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{3}{41800} (1672 b^{10} x^8 + 228000 a^3 b^7 x^7 + 462000 a^6 b^4 x^6 + 26125 a^9 b x^5) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `5/4*a*b^9*x^8 + 30*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 20*a^7*b^3*x^6 + 1/5*a^10*x^5 + 27/1955*(425*a^2*b^8*x^7 + 2737*a^5*b^5*x^6 + 575*a^8*b^2*x^5)*x^(2/3) + 3/41800*(1672*b^10*x^8 + 228000*a^3*b^7*x^7 + 462000*a^6*b^4*x^6 + 26125*a^9*b*x^5)*x^(1/3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^5}{5} + \frac{15 a^9 b x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{135 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + 20 a^7 b^3 x^6$$

$$+ \frac{630 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{189 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{5} + 30 a^4 b^6 x^7$$

$$+ \frac{180 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{11} + \frac{135 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{23}{3}}}{23} + \frac{5 a b^9 x^8}{4} + \frac{3 b^{10} x^{\frac{25}{3}}}{25}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10*x**4,x)`output `a**10*x**5/5 + 15*a**9*b*x**(16/3)/8 + 135*a**8*b**2*x**(17/3)/17 + 20*a**7*b**3*x**6 + 630*a**6*b**4*x**(19/3)/19 + 189*a**5*b**5*x**(20/3)/5 + 30*a**4*b**6*x**7 + 180*a**3*b**7*x**(22/3)/11 + 135*a**2*b**8*x**(23/3)/23 + 5*a*b**9*x**8/4 + 3*b**10*x**(25/3)/25`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 251 vs.  $2(112) = 224$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{25}}{25 b^{15}} - \frac{7 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{24} a}{4 b^{15}} + \frac{273 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{23} a^2}{23 b^{15}} - \frac{546 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{22} a^3}{11 b^{15}} + \frac{143 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{21} a^4}{b^{15}} - \frac{3003 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{20} a^5}{10 b^{15}} + \frac{9009 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{19} a^6}{19 b^{15}} - \frac{572 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18} a^7}{b^{15}} + \frac{9009 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17} a^8}{17 b^{15}} - \frac{3003 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16} a^9}{8 b^{15}} + \frac{1001 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{15} a^{10}}{5 b^{15}} - \frac{78 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14} a^{11}}{b^{15}} + \frac{21 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13} a^{12}}{b^{15}} - \frac{7 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a^{13}}{2 b^{15}} + \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^{14}}{11 b^{15}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/25*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^25/b^15 - 7/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^24*a/b^15 + 273/23*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^23*a^2/b^15 - 546/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^22*a^3/b^15 + 143*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^21*a^4/b^15 - 3003/10*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^20*a^5/b^15 + 9009/19*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^19*a^6/b^15 - 572*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^18*a^7/b^15 + 9009/17*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17*a^8/b^15 - 3003/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16*a^9/b^15 + 1001/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^15*a^10/b^15 - 78*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^14*a^11/b^15 + 21*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a^12/b^15 - 7/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a^13/b^15 + 3/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^14/b^15`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{3}{25} b^{10} x^{\frac{25}{3}} + \frac{5}{4} ab^9 x^8 + \frac{135}{23} a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{23}{3}} + \frac{180}{11} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{22}{3}}$$

$$+ 30 a^4 b^6 x^7 + \frac{189}{5} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{20}{3}} + \frac{630}{19} a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{19}{3}}$$

$$+ 20 a^7 b^3 x^6 + \frac{135}{17} a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{15}{8} a^9 b x^{\frac{16}{3}} + \frac{1}{5} a^{10} x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/25*b^10*x^(25/3) + 5/4*a*b^9*x^8 + 135/23*a^2*b^8*x^(23/3) + 180/11*a^3*b^7*x^(22/3) + 30*a^4*b^6*x^7 + 189/5*a^5*b^5*x^(20/3) + 630/19*a^6*b^4*x^(19/3) + 20*a^7*b^3*x^6 + 135/17*a^8*b^2*x^(17/3) + 15/8*a^9*b*x^(16/3) + 1/5*a^10*x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^5}{5} + \frac{3 b^{10} x^{25/3}}{25} + \frac{5 a b^9 x^8}{4} + \frac{15 a^9 b x^{16/3}}{8} + 20 a^7 b^3 x^6$$

$$+ 30 a^4 b^6 x^7 + \frac{135 a^8 b^2 x^{17/3}}{17} + \frac{630 a^6 b^4 x^{19/3}}{19}$$

$$+ \frac{189 a^5 b^5 x^{20/3}}{5} + \frac{180 a^3 b^7 x^{22/3}}{11} + \frac{135 a^2 b^8 x^{23/3}}{23}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^10,x)`output `(a^10*x^5)/5 + (3*b^10*x^(25/3))/25 + (5*a*b^9*x^8)/4 + (15*a^9*b*x^(16/3))/8 + 20*a^7*b^3*x^6 + 30*a^4*b^6*x^7 + (135*a^8*b^2*x^(17/3))/17 + (630*a^6*b^4*x^(19/3))/19 + (189*a^5*b^5*x^(20/3))/5 + (180*a^3*b^7*x^(22/3))/11 + (135*a^2*b^8*x^(23/3))/23`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^5 \left( 129789000x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^8b^2 + 617795640x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^5 + 95931000x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^2b^8 + 30644625x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^9b + 541926000x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^6b^4 + 20429750a^3b^9x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{16343800}$$

163

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^4,x)
```

output

```
(x**5*(129789000*x**(2/3)*a**8*b**2 + 617795640*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**5*x + 95931000*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**8*x**2 + 30644625*x**(1/3)*a**9*b + 541926000*x**(1/3)*a**6*b**4*x + 267444000*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**7*x**2 + 1961256*x**(1/3)*b**10*x**3 + 3268760*a**10 + 326876000*a**7*b**3*x + 490314000*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 20429750*a*b**9*x**3))/16343800
```

### 3.216 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1598
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1598
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1599
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1600
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1601
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1601
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1602
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1602
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1603
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1603

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{a^{10}x^4}{4} + \frac{30}{13}a^9bx^{13/3} + \frac{135}{14}a^8b^2x^{14/3} + 24a^7b^3x^5 + \frac{315}{8}a^6b^4x^{16/3} + \frac{756}{17}a^5b^5x^{17/3} + 35a^4b^6x^6 + \frac{360}{19}a^3b^7x^{19/3} + \frac{27}{4}a^2b^8x^{20/3} + \frac{10}{7}ab^9x^7 + \frac{3}{22}b^{10}x^{22/3}$$

```
output 1/4*a^10*x^4+30/13*a^9*b*x^(13/3)+135/14*a^8*b^2*x^(14/3)+24*a^7*b^3*x^5+3
15/8*a^6*b^4*x^(16/3)+756/17*a^5*b^5*x^(17/3)+35*a^4*b^6*x^6+360/19*a^3*b^
7*x^(19/3)+27/4*a^2*b^8*x^(20/3)+10/7*a*b^9*x^7+3/22*b^10*x^(22/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{646646a^{10}x^4 + 5969040a^9bx^{13/3} + 24942060a^8b^2x^{14/3} + 62078016a^7b^3x^5 + 101846745a^6b^4x^{16/3} + 115020000a^5b^5x^{17/3} + 42000000a^4b^6x^6 + 5400000a^3b^7x^{19/3} + 108000a^2b^8x^{20/3} + 10800ab^9x^7 + 300b^{10}x^{22/3}}{2}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10*x^3,x]
```

output

$$(646646*a^{10}*x^4 + 5969040*a^9*b*x^{(13/3)} + 24942060*a^8*b^2*x^{(14/3)} + 62078016*a^7*b^3*x^5 + 101846745*a^6*b^4*x^{(16/3)} + 115026912*a^5*b^5*x^{(17/3)} + 90530440*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 49008960*a^3*b^7*x^{(19/3)} + 17459442*a^2*b^8*x^{(20/3)} + 3695120*a*b^9*x^7 + 352716*b^{10}*x^{(22/3)})/2586584$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^{11/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( x^{11/3} a^{10} + 10bx^4 a^9 + 45b^2 x^{13/3} a^8 + 120b^3 x^{14/3} a^7 + 210b^4 x^5 a^6 + 252b^5 x^{16/3} a^5 + 210b^6 x^{17/3} a^4 + 120b^7 x^6 a^3 + 35b^8 x^7 a^2 + 10b^9 x^8 a + b^{10} x^9 \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^{10} x^4}{12} + \frac{10}{13} a^9 b x^{13/3} + \frac{45}{14} a^8 b^2 x^{14/3} + 8a^7 b^3 x^5 + \frac{105}{8} a^6 b^4 x^{16/3} + \frac{252}{17} a^5 b^5 x^{17/3} + \frac{35}{3} a^4 b^6 x^6 + \frac{120}{19} a^3 b^7 x^{19/3} + \frac{10}{21} a^2 b^8 x^7 + \frac{10}{22} a b^9 x^8 + \frac{b^{10} x^9}{22} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10*x^3,x]
```

output

$$3*((a^{10}*x^4)/12 + (10*a^9*b*x^{(13/3)})/13 + (45*a^8*b^2*x^{(14/3)})/14 + 8*a^7*b^3*x^5 + (105*a^6*b^4*x^{(16/3)})/8 + (252*a^5*b^5*x^{(17/3)})/17 + (35*a^4*b^6*x^6)/3 + (120*a^3*b^7*x^{(19/3)})/19 + (9*a^2*b^8*x^{(20/3)})/4 + (10*a*b^9*x^7)/21 + (b^{10}*x^{(22/3)})/22)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^{10}x^4}{4} + \frac{30a^9bx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + 24a^7b^3x^5 + \frac{315a^6b^4x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + 35a^4b^6x^6 + \frac{360a^3b^7}{19}$
default	$\frac{a^{10}x^4}{4} + \frac{30a^9bx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + 24a^7b^3x^5 + \frac{315a^6b^4x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + 35a^4b^6x^6 + \frac{360a^3b^7}{19}$
trager	$\frac{a(40b^9x^6+980a^3b^6x^5+40b^9x^5+672a^6b^3x^4+980a^3b^6x^4+40b^9x^4+7a^9x^3+672a^6b^3x^3+980a^3b^6x^3+40b^9x^3+7a^9x^2+672a^6b^3x^2+980a^3b^6x^2+40b^9x^2+7a^9x+672a^6b^3x+980a^3b^6x+40b^9x+7a^9+672a^6b^3+980a^3b^6+40b^9+7a^9)}{28}$
orering	$\frac{(4795258b^{36}x^{12}+38923300a^3b^{33}x^{11}+138659729a^6b^{30}x^{10}+283479367a^9b^{27}x^9+364445277a^{12}b^{24}x^8+302627820a^{15}b^{21}x^7+242627820a^{18}b^{18}x^6+181818180a^{21}b^{15}x^5+114545454a^{24}b^{12}x^4+72945454a^{27}b^9x^3+40909090a^{30}b^6x^2+24262782a^{33}b^3x+11454545a^{36}b^0x^0)}{28}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^{(1/3)})^{10}*x^3,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $\frac{1}{4}a^{10}x^4+\frac{30}{13}a^9b*x^{(13/3)}+\frac{135}{14}a^8*b^2*x^{(14/3)}+24*a^7*b^3*x^5+\frac{15}{8}a^6*b^4*x^{(16/3)}+\frac{756}{17}a^5*b^5*x^{(17/3)}+35*a^4*b^6*x^6+\frac{360}{19}a^3*b^7*x^{(19/3)}+\frac{27}{4}a^2*b^8*x^{(20/3)}+\frac{10}{7}a*b^9*x^7+\frac{3}{22}b^{10}x^{(22/3)}$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{10}{7} ab^9 x^7 + 35 a^4 b^6 x^6 + 24 a^7 b^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^{10} x^4$$

$$+ \frac{27}{476} (119 a^2 b^8 x^6 + 784 a^5 b^5 x^5 + 170 a^8 b^2 x^4) x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{3}{21736} (988 b^{10} x^7 + 137280 a^3 b^7 x^6 + 285285 a^6 b^4 x^5 + 16720 a^9 b x^4) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `10/7*a*b^9*x^7 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 24*a^7*b^3*x^5 + 1/4*a^10*x^4 + 27/476*(119*a^2*b^8*x^6 + 784*a^5*b^5*x^5 + 170*a^8*b^2*x^4)*x^(2/3) + 3/21736*(988*b^10*x^7 + 137280*a^3*b^7*x^6 + 285285*a^6*b^4*x^5 + 16720*a^9*b*x^4)*x^(1/3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^4}{4} + \frac{30 a^9 b x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{135 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + 24 a^7 b^3 x^5$$

$$+ \frac{315 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{8} + \frac{756 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + 35 a^4 b^6 x^6$$

$$+ \frac{360 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{27 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{4} + \frac{10 a b^9 x^7}{7} + \frac{3 b^{10} x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{22}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10*x**3,x)`output `a**10*x**4/4 + 30*a**9*b*x**(13/3)/13 + 135*a**8*b**2*x**(14/3)/14 + 24*a**7*b**3*x**5 + 315*a**6*b**4*x**(16/3)/8 + 756*a**5*b**5*x**(17/3)/17 + 35*a**4*b**6*x**6 + 360*a**3*b**7*x**(19/3)/19 + 27*a**2*b**8*x**(20/3)/4 + 10*a*b**9*x**7/7 + 3*b**10*x**(22/3)/22`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{22}}{22 b^{12}} - \frac{11 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{21} a}{7 b^{12}} + \frac{33 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{20} a^2}{4 b^{12}} \\ - \frac{495 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{19} a^3}{19 b^{12}} + \frac{55 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18} a^4}{b^{12}} - \frac{1386 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17} a^5}{17 b^{12}} \\ + \frac{693 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16} a^6}{8 b^{12}} - \frac{66 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{15} a^7}{b^{12}} + \frac{495 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14} a^8}{14 b^{12}} \\ - \frac{165 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13} a^9}{13 b^{12}} + \frac{11 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a^{10}}{4 b^{12}} - \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^{11}}{11 b^{12}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/22*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^22/b^12 - 11/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^21*a/b^12 + 33/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^20*a^2/b^12 - 495/19*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^19*a^3/b^12 + 55*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^18*a^4/b^12 - 1386/17*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17*a^5/b^12 + 693/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16*a^6/b^12 - 66*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^15*a^7/b^12 + 495/14*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^14*a^8/b^12 - 165/13*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a^9/b^12 + 11/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a^10/b^12 - 3/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^11/b^12`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{3}{22} b^{10} x^{\frac{22}{3}} + \frac{10}{7} a b^9 x^7 + \frac{27}{4} a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{20}{3}} + \frac{360}{19} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{19}{3}} \\ + 35 a^4 b^6 x^6 + \frac{756}{17} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{315}{8} a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{16}{3}} \\ + 24 a^7 b^3 x^5 + \frac{135}{14} a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{30}{13} a^9 b x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} a^{10} x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
3/22*b^10*x^(22/3) + 10/7*a*b^9*x^7 + 27/4*a^2*b^8*x^(20/3) + 360/19*a^3*b^7*x^(19/3) + 35*a^4*b^6*x^6 + 756/17*a^5*b^5*x^(17/3) + 315/8*a^6*b^4*x^(16/3) + 24*a^7*b^3*x^5 + 135/14*a^8*b^2*x^(14/3) + 30/13*a^9*b*x^(13/3) + 1/4*a^10*x^4
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^4}{4} + \frac{3b^{10} x^{22/3}}{22} + \frac{10ab^9 x^7}{7} + \frac{30a^9 b x^{13/3}}{13} + 24a^7 b^3 x^5 + 35a^4 b^6 x^6 + \frac{135a^8 b^2 x^{14/3}}{14} + \frac{315a^6 b^4 x^{16/3}}{8} + \frac{756a^5 b^5 x^{17/3}}{17} + \frac{360a^3 b^7 x^{19/3}}{19} + \frac{27a^2 b^8 x^{20/3}}{4}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^10,x)
```

output

```
(a^10*x^4)/4 + (3*b^10*x^(22/3))/22 + (10*a*b^9*x^7)/7 + (30*a^9*b*x^(13/3))/13 + 24*a^7*b^3*x^5 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^6 + (135*a^8*b^2*x^(14/3))/14 + (315*a^6*b^4*x^(16/3))/8 + (756*a^5*b^5*x^(17/3))/17 + (360*a^3*b^7*x^(19/3))/19 + (27*a^2*b^8*x^(20/3))/4
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^3 dx = \frac{x^4 (24942060x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^8b^2 + 115026912x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^5 + 17459442x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^2b^8 + 5969040x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^9b + 101846745x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^6b^4 + 490258658a^{10})}{4}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^3,x)
```



output

```
(x**4*(24942060*x**(2/3)*a**8*b**2 + 115026912*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**5*x + 1745
9442*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**8*x**2 + 5969040*x**(1/3)*a**9*b + 101846745*x**(1/3
)*a**6*b**4*x + 49008960*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**7*x**2 + 352716*x**(1/3)*b**10*x
**3 + 646646*a**10 + 62078016*a**7*b**3*x + 90530440*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 3695
120*a*b**9*x**3))/2586584
```

### 3.217 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1605
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1606
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1606
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1608
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1608
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1609
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1609
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1610
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1610
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1611

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 179

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{3a^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{11b^9} - \frac{2a^7(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{12}}{b^9} + \frac{84a^6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{13}}{13b^9} - \frac{12a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{14}}{b^9} + \frac{14a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{b^9} - \frac{21a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{2b^9} + \frac{84a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{17b^9} - \frac{4a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{3b^9} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{19}}{19b^9}$$

output

```
3/11*a^8*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/b^9-2*a^7*(a+b*x^(1/3))^12/b^9+84/13*a^6*(a+b*x^(1/3))^13/b^9-12*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/3))^14/b^9+14*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/3))^15/b^9-21/2*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/b^9+84/17*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^17/b^9-4/3*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^18/b^9+3/19*(a+b*x^(1/3))^19/b^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{92378a^{10}x^3 + 831402a^9bx^{10/3} + 3401190a^8b^2x^{11/3} + 8314020a^7b^3x^4 + 13430340a^6b^4x^{13/3} + 14965236a^5b^5x^{14/3} + 1639628a^4b^6x^5 + 6235515a^3b^7x^{16/3} + 2200770a^2b^8x^{17/3} + 461890ab^9x^6 + 43758b^{10}x^{19/3}}{277134}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10*x^2,x]`

output `(92378*a^10*x^3 + 831402*a^9*b*x^(10/3) + 3401190*a^8*b^2*x^(11/3) + 8314020*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 13430340*a^6*b^4*x^(13/3) + 14965236*a^5*b^5*x^(14/3) + 1639628*a^4*b^6*x^5 + 6235515*a^3*b^7*x^(16/3) + 2200770*a^2*b^8*x^(17/3) + 461890*a*b^9*x^6 + 43758*b^10*x^(19/3))/277134`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^{8/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{b^8} - \frac{8a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{b^8} + \frac{28a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{b^8} - \frac{56a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{b^8} + \frac{70a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{14}}{b^8} - \frac{56a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{13}}{b^8} + \frac{28a^6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{12}}{b^8} - \frac{8a^7(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{b^8} + \frac{a^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{b^8} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{11b^9} - \frac{2a^7(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{12}}{3b^9} + \frac{28a^6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{13}}{13b^9} - \frac{4a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{14}}{b^9} + \frac{14a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{3b^9} - \frac{7a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{2b^9} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10*x^2,x]`

output `3*((a^8*(a + b*x^(1/3))^11)/(11*b^9) - (2*a^7*(a + b*x^(1/3))^12)/(3*b^9) + (28*a^6*(a + b*x^(1/3))^13)/(13*b^9) - (4*a^5*(a + b*x^(1/3))^14)/b^9 + (14*a^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^15)/(3*b^9) - (7*a^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^16)/(2*b^9) + (28*a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^17)/(17*b^9) - (4*a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^18)/(9*b^9) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^19/(19*b^9))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3b^{10}x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{5ab^9x^6}{3} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{45a^3b^7x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{2} + 42a^4b^6x^5 + 54a^5b^5x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{630a^6b^4x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + 30a^7b^3x^4$
default	$\frac{3b^{10}x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{5ab^9x^6}{3} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{45a^3b^7x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{2} + 42a^4b^6x^5 + 54a^5b^5x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{630a^6b^4x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + 30a^7b^3x^4$
trager	$\frac{a(5b^9x^5+126a^3b^6x^4+5b^9x^4+90a^6b^3x^3+126a^3b^6x^3+5b^9x^3+a^9x^2+90a^6b^3x^2+126a^3b^6x^2+5b^9x^2+a^9x+90a^6b^3x+126a^3b^6x+a^9)}{3}$
orering	$\frac{(584870b^{33}x^{11}+4735159a^3b^{30}x^{10}+16820744a^6b^{27}x^9+34284768a^9b^{24}x^8+43943340a^{12}b^{21}x^7+36398922a^{15}b^{18}x^6+7000000a^{18}b^{15}x^5+4200000a^{21}b^{12}x^4+1800000a^{24}b^9x^3+360000a^{27}b^6x^2+36000a^{30}b^3x+a^9)}{1385}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
3/19*b^10*x^(19/3)+5/3*a*b^9*x^6+135/17*a^2*b^8*x^(17/3)+45/2*a^3*b^7*x^(16/3)+42*a^4*b^6*x^5+54*a^5*b^5*x^(14/3)+630/13*a^6*b^4*x^(13/3)+30*a^7*b^3*x^4+135/11*a^8*b^2*x^(11/3)+3*a^9*b*x^(10/3)+1/3*a^10*x^3
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{5}{3} ab^9x^6 + 42 a^4b^6x^5 + 30 a^7b^3x^4 + \frac{1}{3} a^{10}x^3 + \frac{27}{187} (55 a^2b^8x^5 + 374 a^5b^5x^4 + 85 a^8b^2x^3)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{3}{494} (26 b^{10}x^6 + 3705 a^3b^7x^5 + 7980 a^6b^4x^4 + 494 a^9bx^3)x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
5/3*a*b^9*x^6 + 42*a^4*b^6*x^5 + 30*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 1/3*a^10*x^3 + 27/187*(55*a^2*b^8*x^5 + 374*a^5*b^5*x^4 + 85*a^8*b^2*x^3)*x^(2/3) + 3/494*(26*b^10*x^6 + 3705*a^3*b^7*x^5 + 7980*a^6*b^4*x^4 + 494*a^9*b*x^3)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{a^{10}x^3}{3} + 3a^9bx^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + 30a^7b^3x^4 + \frac{630a^6b^4x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13}$$

$$+ 54a^5b^5x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 42a^4b^6x^5 + \frac{45a^3b^7x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{2} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{5ab^9x^6}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^{10}x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10*x**2,x)`output `a**10*x**3/3 + 3*a**9*b*x**(10/3) + 135*a**8*b**2*x**(11/3)/11 + 30*a**7*b**3*x**4 + 630*a**6*b**4*x**(13/3)/13 + 54*a**5*b**5*x**(14/3) + 42*a**4*b**6*x**5 + 45*a**3*b**7*x**(16/3)/2 + 135*a**2*b**8*x**(17/3)/17 + 5*a*b**9*x**6/3 + 3*b**10*x**(19/3)/19`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{19}}{19b^9} - \frac{4 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18} a}{3b^9} + \frac{84 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17} a^2}{17b^9}$$

$$- \frac{21 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16} a^3}{2b^9} + \frac{14 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{15} a^4}{b^9} - \frac{12 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14} a^5}{b^9}$$

$$+ \frac{84 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13} a^6}{13b^9} - \frac{2 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a^7}{b^9} + \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^8}{11b^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/19*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^19/b^9 - 4/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^18*a/b^9 + 84/17*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17*a^2/b^9 - 21/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16*a^3/b^9 + 14*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^15*a^4/b^9 - 12*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^14*a^5/b^9 + 84/13*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a^6/b^9 - 2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a^7/b^9 + 3/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^8/b^9`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{3}{19} b^{10} x^{\frac{19}{3}} + \frac{5}{3} ab^9 x^6 + \frac{135}{17} a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{45}{2} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{16}{3}} \\ + 42 a^4 b^6 x^5 + 54 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{630}{13} a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{13}{3}} \\ + 30 a^7 b^3 x^4 + \frac{135}{11} a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 3 a^9 b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} a^{10} x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/19*b^10*x^(19/3) + 5/3*a*b^9*x^6 + 135/17*a^2*b^8*x^(17/3) + 45/2*a^3*b^7*x^(16/3) + 42*a^4*b^6*x^5 + 54*a^5*b^5*x^(14/3) + 630/13*a^6*b^4*x^(13/3) + 30*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 135/11*a^8*b^2*x^(11/3) + 3*a^9*b*x^(10/3) + 1/3*a^10*x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx = \frac{a^{10} x^3}{3} + \frac{3 b^{10} x^{19/3}}{19} + \frac{5 a b^9 x^6}{3} + 3 a^9 b x^{10/3} + 30 a^7 b^3 x^4 \\ + 42 a^4 b^6 x^5 + \frac{135 a^8 b^2 x^{11/3}}{11} + \frac{630 a^6 b^4 x^{13/3}}{13} \\ + 54 a^5 b^5 x^{14/3} + \frac{45 a^3 b^7 x^{16/3}}{2} + \frac{135 a^2 b^8 x^{17/3}}{17}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^10,x)`output `(a^10*x^3)/3 + (3*b^10*x^(19/3))/19 + (5*a*b^9*x^6)/3 + 3*a^9*b*x^(10/3) + 30*a^7*b^3*x^4 + 42*a^4*b^6*x^5 + (135*a^8*b^2*x^(11/3))/11 + (630*a^6*b^4*x^(13/3))/13 + 54*a^5*b^5*x^(14/3) + (45*a^3*b^7*x^(16/3))/2 + (135*a^2*b^8*x^(17/3))/17`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3 \left( 3401190x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^8b^2 + 14965236x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^5 + 2200770x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^2b^8 + 831402x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^9b + 13430340x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^6b^4 + 6235515x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^3b^7 + 43758x^{\frac{10}{3}}b^{10} + 92378a^{10} + 8314020a^7b^3x + 11639628a^4b^6x^2 + 461890ab^9x^3 \right)}{277134}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x^2,x)
```

output

```
(x**3*(3401190*x**(2/3)*a**8*b**2 + 14965236*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**5*x + 2200770*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**8*x**2 + 831402*x**(1/3)*a**9*b + 13430340*x**(1/3)*a**6*b**4*x + 6235515*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**7*x**2 + 43758*x**(1/3)*b**10*x**3 + 92378*a**10 + 8314020*a**7*b**3*x + 11639628*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 461890*a*b**9*x**3))/277134
```



### 3.218 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1612
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1612
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1613
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1614
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1615
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1615
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1616
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1616
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1617
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1617

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx = -\frac{3a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{11b^6} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{12}}{4b^6} - \frac{30a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{13}}{13b^6} + \frac{15a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{14}}{7b^6} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{b^6} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^6}$$

output

```
-3/11*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/b^6+5/4*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/3))^12/b^6-30/13*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^13/b^6+15/7*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^14/b^6-a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^15/b^6+3/16*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/b^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx = \frac{8008a^{10}x^2 + 68640a^9bx^{7/3} + 270270a^8b^2x^{8/3} + 640640a^7b^3x^3 + 1009008a^6b^4x^{10/3} + 1100736a^5b^5x^{11/3} + \dots}{16016}$$

16016

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10*x,x]
```

output

$$(8008*a^{10}*x^2 + 68640*a^9*b*x^{(7/3)} + 270270*a^8*b^2*x^{(8/3)} + 640640*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 1009008*a^6*b^4*x^{(10/3)} + 1100736*a^5*b^5*x^{(11/3)} + 840840*a^4*b^6*x^4 + 443520*a^3*b^7*x^{(13/3)} + 154440*a^2*b^8*x^{(14/3)} + 32032*a*b^9*x^5 + 3003*b^{10}*x^{(16/3)})/16016$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^{5/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{b^5} - \frac{5a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{14}}{b^5} + \frac{10a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{13}}{b^5} - \frac{10a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{12}}{b^5} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{b^5} - \frac{a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{b^5} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{11b^6} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{12}}{12b^6} - \frac{10a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{13}}{13b^6} + \frac{5a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{14}}{7b^6} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^6} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{3b^6} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10*x,x]
```

output

$$3*(-1/11*(a^5*(a + b*x^(1/3))^11)/b^6 + (5*a^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^12)/(12*b^6) - (10*a^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^13)/(13*b^6) + (5*a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^14)/(7*b^6) - (a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^15)/(3*b^6) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(16*b^6))$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3b^{10}x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + 2ab^9x^5 + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{360a^3b^7x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{105a^4b^6x^4}{2} + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + 63a^6b^4x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 40a^7b^3x^3 + 135a^8b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 30a^9b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2}a^{10}x^2$
default	$\frac{3b^{10}x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + 2ab^9x^5 + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{360a^3b^7x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{105a^4b^6x^4}{2} + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + 63a^6b^4x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 40a^7b^3x^3 + 135a^8b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 30a^9b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2}a^{10}x^2$
trager	$\frac{a(4b^9x^4 + 105a^3b^6x^3 + 4b^9x^3 + 80a^6b^3x^2 + 105a^3b^6x^2 + 4b^9x^2 + a^9x + 80a^6b^3x + 105a^3b^6x + 4b^9x + a^9 + 80a^6b^3 + 105a^3b^6 + 4b^9 + a^9)}{2}$
orering	$\frac{(39182b^{30}x^{10} + 315739a^3b^{27}x^9 + 1115310a^6b^{24}x^8 + 2257716a^9b^{21}x^7 + 2869188a^{12}b^{18}x^6 + 1107960a^{15}b^{15}x^5 + 45943380a^{18}b^{12}x^4 + 1107960a^{21}b^9x^3 + 1115310a^{24}b^6x^2 + 315739a^{27}b^3x + 39182a^{30}b^0x^0)}{80080b^6(b^3x+a^3)^8}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/16*b^10*x^(16/3)+2*a*b^9*x^5+135/14*a^2*b^8*x^(14/3)+360/13*a^3*b^7*x^(13/3)+105/2*a^4*b^6*x^4+756/11*a^5*b^5*x^(11/3)+63*a^6*b^4*x^(10/3)+40*a^7*b^3*x^3+135/8*a^8*b^2*x^(8/3)+30/7*a^9*b*x^(7/3)+1/2*a^10*x^2`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx = 2ab^9x^5 + \frac{105}{2}a^4b^6x^4 + 40a^7b^3x^3 + \frac{1}{2}a^{10}x^2$$

$$+ \frac{27}{616}(220a^2b^8x^4 + 1568a^5b^5x^3 + 385a^8b^2x^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{3}{1456}(91b^{10}x^5 + 13440a^3b^7x^4 + 30576a^6b^4x^3 + 2080a^9bx^2)x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2*a*b^9*x^5 + 105/2*a^4*b^6*x^4 + 40*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 1/2*a^10*x^2 + 27/616*(220*a^2*b^8*x^4 + 1568*a^5*b^5*x^3 + 385*a^8*b^2*x^2)*x^(2/3) + 3/1456*(91*b^10*x^5 + 13440*a^3*b^7*x^4 + 30576*a^6*b^4*x^3 + 2080*a^9*b*x^2)*x^(1/3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx = \frac{a^{10}x^2}{2} + \frac{30a^9bx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + 40a^7b^3x^3 + 63a^6b^4x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$$

$$+ \frac{105a^4b^6x^4}{2} + \frac{360a^3b^7x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + 2ab^9x^5 + \frac{3b^{10}x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10*x,x)`output `a**10*x**2/2 + 30*a**9*b*x**(7/3)/7 + 135*a**8*b**2*x**(8/3)/8 + 40*a**7*b**3*x**3 + 63*a**6*b**4*x**(10/3) + 756*a**5*b**5*x**(11/3)/11 + 105*a**4*b**6*x**4/2 + 360*a**3*b**7*x**(13/3)/13 + 135*a**2*b**8*x**(14/3)/14 + 2*a*b**9*x**5 + 3*b**10*x**(16/3)/16`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx = \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16}}{16 b^6} - \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{15} a}{b^6} + \frac{15 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{14} a^2}{7 b^6} \\ - \frac{30 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13} a^3}{13 b^6} + \frac{5 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a^4}{4 b^6} - \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^5}{11 b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/16*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16/b^6 - (b*x^(1/3) + a)^15*a/b^6 + 15/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^14*a^2/b^6 - 30/13*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13*a^3/b^6 + 5/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a^4/b^6 - 3/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^5/b^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx = \frac{3}{16} b^{10} x^{\frac{16}{3}} + 2 a b^9 x^5 + \frac{135}{14} a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{360}{13} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{13}{3}} \\ + \frac{105}{2} a^4 b^6 x^4 + \frac{756}{11} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 63 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{10}{3}} \\ + 40 a^7 b^3 x^3 + \frac{135}{8} a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{30}{7} a^9 b x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} a^{10} x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/16*b^10*x^(16/3) + 2*a*b^9*x^5 + 135/14*a^2*b^8*x^(14/3) + 360/13*a^3*b^7*x^(13/3) + 105/2*a^4*b^6*x^4 + 756/11*a^5*b^5*x^(11/3) + 63*a^6*b^4*x^(10/3) + 40*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 135/8*a^8*b^2*x^(8/3) + 30/7*a^9*b*x^(7/3) + 1/2*a^10*x^2`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx = \frac{a^{10} x^2}{2} + \frac{3b^{10} x^{16/3}}{16} + 2ab^9 x^5 + \frac{30a^9 b x^{7/3}}{7} + 40a^7 b^3 x^3$$

$$+ \frac{105a^4 b^6 x^4}{2} + \frac{135a^8 b^2 x^{8/3}}{8} + 63a^6 b^4 x^{10/3}$$

$$+ \frac{756a^5 b^5 x^{11/3}}{11} + \frac{360a^3 b^7 x^{13/3}}{13} + \frac{135a^2 b^8 x^{14/3}}{14}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/3))^10,x)`output `(a^10*x^2)/2 + (3*b^10*x^(16/3))/16 + 2*a*b^9*x^5 + (30*a^9*b*x^(7/3))/7 + 40*a^7*b^3*x^3 + (105*a^4*b^6*x^4)/2 + (135*a^8*b^2*x^(8/3))/8 + 63*a^6*b^4*x^(10/3) + (756*a^5*b^5*x^(11/3))/11 + (360*a^3*b^7*x^(13/3))/13 + (135*a^2*b^8*x^(14/3))/14`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2 \left( 270270x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^8b^2 + 1100736x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^5 + 154440x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^2b^8 + 68640x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^9b + 1009008x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^6b^4 + 443520x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^3b^7 + \dots \right)}{16016}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10*x,x)`output `(x**2*(270270*x**(2/3)*a**8*b**2 + 1100736*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**5*x + 154440*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**8*x**2 + 68640*x**(1/3)*a**9*b + 1009008*x**(1/3)*a**6*b**4*x + 443520*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**7*x**2 + 3003*x**(1/3)*b**10*x**3 + 8008*a**10 + 640640*a**7*b**3*x + 840840*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 32032*a*b**9*x**3))/16016`

### 3.219 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1618
Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	1618
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1619
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1620
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1621
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1621
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1622
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1622
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1623
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1623

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx = \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{11b^3} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{12}}{2b^3} + \frac{3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{13}}{13b^3}$$

```
output 3/11*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/b^3-1/2*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^12/b^3+3/13*(a+b*x^(1/3))^13/b^3
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx = \frac{1}{286} (286a^{10}x + 2145a^9bx^{4/3} + 7722a^8b^2x^{5/3} + 17160a^7b^3x^2 + 25740a^6b^4x^{7/3} + 27027a^5b^5x^{8/3} + 20020a^4b^6x^3 + 10296a^3b^7x^{10/3} + 3510a^2b^8x^{11/3} + 715ab^9x^4 + 66b^{10}x^{13/3})$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(286*a^{10}*x + 2145*a^9*b*x^{(4/3)} + 7722*a^8*b^2*x^{(5/3)} + 17160*a^7*b^3*x^2 + 25740*a^6*b^4*x^{(7/3)} + 27027*a^5*b^5*x^{(8/3)} + 20020*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 10296*a^3*b^7*x^{(10/3)} + 3510*a^2*b^8*x^{(11/3)} + 715*a*b^9*x^4 + 66*b^{10}*x^{(13/3)})}{286}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{12}}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{11b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{13}}{13b^3} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{12}}{6b^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10,x]
```

output

```
3*((a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^11)/(11*b^3) - (a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^12)/(6*b^3) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^13/(13*b^3))
```





**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 117 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx = \frac{5}{2} ab^9 x^4 + 70 a^4 b^6 x^3 + 60 a^7 b^3 x^2 + a^{10} x$$

$$+ \frac{27}{22} (10 a^2 b^8 x^3 + 77 a^5 b^5 x^2 + 22 a^8 b^2 x) x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{3}{26} (2 b^{10} x^4 + 312 a^3 b^7 x^3 + 780 a^6 b^4 x^2 + 65 a^9 b x) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `5/2*a*b^9*x^4 + 70*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 60*a^7*b^3*x^2 + a^10*x + 27/22*(10*a^2*b^8*x^3 + 77*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 22*a^8*b^2*x)*x^(2/3) + 3/26*(2*b^10*x^4 + 312*a^3*b^7*x^3 + 780*a^6*b^4*x^2 + 65*a^9*b*x)*x^(1/3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx = a^{10} x + \frac{15a^9 b x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + 27a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 60a^7 b^3 x^2 + 90a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{189a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{2}$$

$$+ 70a^4 b^6 x^3 + 36a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{135a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{5ab^9 x^4}{2} + \frac{3b^{10} x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10,x)`

output `a**10*x + 15*a**9*b*x**(4/3)/2 + 27*a**8*b**2*x**(5/3) + 60*a**7*b**3*x**2 + 90*a**6*b**4*x**(7/3) + 189*a**5*b**5*x**(8/3)/2 + 70*a**4*b**6*x**3 + 36*a**3*b**7*x**(10/3) + 135*a**2*b**8*x**(11/3)/11 + 5*a*b**9*x**4/2 + 3*b**10*x**(13/3)/13`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx = \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{13}}{13b^3} - \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{12} a}{2b^3} + \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{11} a^2}{11b^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/13*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^13/b^3 - 1/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^12*a/b^3 + 3/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11*a^2/b^3`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. 2(47) = 94.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx = \frac{3}{13} b^{10} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{5}{2} ab^9 x^4 + \frac{135}{11} a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 36 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 70 a^4 b^6 x^3 + \frac{189}{2} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 90 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 60 a^7 b^3 x^2 + 27 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{15}{2} a^9 b x^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^{10} x$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/13*b^10*x^(13/3) + 5/2*a*b^9*x^4 + 135/11*a^2*b^8*x^(11/3) + 36*a^3*b^7*x^(10/3) + 70*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 189/2*a^5*b^5*x^(8/3) + 90*a^6*b^4*x^(7/3) + 60*a^7*b^3*x^2 + 27*a^8*b^2*x^(5/3) + 15/2*a^9*b*x^(4/3) + a^10*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx = a^{10}x + \frac{3b^{10}x^{13/3}}{13} + \frac{5ab^9x^4}{2} + \frac{15a^9bx^{4/3}}{2} \\ + 60a^7b^3x^2 + 70a^4b^6x^3 + 27a^8b^2x^{5/3} + 90a^6b^4x^{7/3} \\ + \frac{189a^5b^5x^{8/3}}{2} + 36a^3b^7x^{10/3} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{11/3}}{11}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10,x)`output `a^10*x + (3*b^10*x^(13/3))/13 + (5*a*b^9*x^4)/2 + (15*a^9*b*x^(4/3))/2 + 60*a^7*b^3*x^2 + 70*a^4*b^6*x^3 + 27*a^8*b^2*x^(5/3) + 90*a^6*b^4*x^(7/3) + (189*a^5*b^5*x^(8/3))/2 + 36*a^3*b^7*x^(10/3) + (135*a^2*b^8*x^(11/3))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10} dx \\ = \frac{x \left( 7722x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^8b^2 + 27027x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^5 + 3510x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^2b^8 + 2145x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^9b + 25740x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^6b^4 + 10296x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^3b^7 + 66x^{\frac{10}{3}}b^{10} + 286 \right)}{286}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10,x)`output `(x*(7722*x**(2/3)*a**8*b**2 + 27027*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**5*x + 3510*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**8*x**2 + 2145*x**(1/3)*a**9*b + 25740*x**(1/3)*a**6*b**4*x + 10296*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**7*x**2 + 66*x**(1/3)*b**10*x**3 + 286*a**10 + 17160*a**7*b**3*x + 20020*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 715*a*b**9*x**3))/286`

$$3.220 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	1624
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1624
Rubi [A] (verified)	1625
Maple [A] (verified)	1626
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1627
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1627
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1628
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1628
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1629
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1629

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 136

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx = & 30a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{135}{2}a^8b^2x^{2/3} + 120a^7b^3x + \frac{315}{2}a^6b^4x^{4/3} \\ & + \frac{756}{5}a^5b^5x^{5/3} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{360}{7}a^3b^7x^{7/3} \\ & + \frac{135}{8}a^2b^8x^{8/3} + \frac{10}{3}ab^9x^3 + \frac{3}{10}b^{10}x^{10/3} + a^{10}\log(x) \end{aligned}$$

output

```
30*a^9*b*x^(1/3)+135/2*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3)+120*a^7*b^3*x+315/2*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3)
+756/5*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3)+105*a^4*b^6*x^2+360/7*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3)+135/8*a^2*b^8
*x^(8/3)+10/3*a*b^9*x^3+3/10*b^10*x^(10/3)+a^10*ln(x)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx = & \frac{1}{840} (25200a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} + 56700a^8b^2x^{2/3} + 100800a^7b^3x + 132300a^6b^4x^{4/3} \\ & + 127008a^5b^5x^{5/3} + 88200a^4b^6x^2 + 43200a^3b^7x^{7/3} \\ & + 14175a^2b^8x^{8/3} + 2800ab^9x^3 + 252b^{10}x^{10/3}) + 3a^{10}\log(\sqrt[3]{x}) \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x,x]`

output  $(25200*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} + 56700*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 100800*a^7*b^3*x + 132300*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 127008*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 88200*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 43200*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 14175*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 2800*a*b^9*x^3 + 252*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/840 + 3*a^{10}*Log[x^{(1/3)}]$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 10ba^9 + 45b^2\sqrt[3]{x}a^8 + 120b^3x^{2/3}a^7 + 210b^4xa^6 + 252b^5x^{4/3}a^5 + 210b^6x^{5/3}a^4 + 120b^7x^2a^3 + 45b^8x^{7/3}a^2 + 3b^9x^2a + b^{10}x^{10/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( a^{10} \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 10a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{45}{2}a^8b^2x^{2/3} + 40a^7b^3x + \frac{105}{2}a^6b^4x^{4/3} + \frac{252}{5}a^5b^5x^{5/3} + 35a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{120}{7}a^3b^7x^{7/3} + \frac{45}{2}a^2b^8x^{10/3} + \frac{3}{10}ab^9x^{13/3} + \frac{1}{10}b^{10}x^{16/3} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x,x]`

output

$$3*(10*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + (45*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3))/2 + 40*a^7*b^3*x + (105*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3))/2 + (252*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3))/5 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^2 + (120*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3))/7 + (45*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3))/8 + (10*a*b^9*x^3)/9 + (b^10*x^(10/3))/10 + a^10*Log[x^(1/3)])$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$30a^9b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 120a^7b^3x + \frac{315a^6b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{360a^3b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 135a^2b^8x^3 + \frac{10a^1b^9x^3}{9} + \frac{b^{10}x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + a^{10}\ln(x)$
default	$30a^9b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 120a^7b^3x + \frac{315a^6b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{360a^3b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + 135a^2b^8x^3 + \frac{10a^1b^9x^3}{9} + \frac{b^{10}x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + a^{10}\ln(x)$
trager	$\frac{5ab^3(2b^6x^2+63a^3b^3x+2b^6x+72a^6+63a^3b^3+2b^6)(-1+x)}{3} + \frac{3b(7b^9x^3+1200a^3b^6x^2+3675a^6b^3x+700a^9)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{70} + 27a^{10}\ln(x)$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$30*a^9*b*x^(1/3)+135/2*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3)+120*a^7*b^3*x+315/2*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) +756/5*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3)+105*a^4*b^6*x^2+360/7*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3)+135/8*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3)+10/3*a*b^9*x^3+3/10*b^10*x^(10/3)+a^10*ln(x)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx = \frac{10}{3} ab^9 x^3 + 105 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 120 a^7 b^3 x + 3 a^{10} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + \frac{27}{40} (25 a^2 b^8 x^2 + 224 a^5 b^5 x + 100 a^8 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{3}{70} (7 b^{10} x^3 + 1200 a^3 b^7 x^2 + 3675 a^6 b^4 x + 700 a^9 b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `10/3*a*b^9*x^3 + 105*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 120*a^7*b^3*x + 3*a^10*log(x^(1/3)) + 27/40*(25*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 224*a^5*b^5*x + 100*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 3/70*(7*b^10*x^3 + 1200*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 3675*a^6*b^4*x + 700*a^9*b)*x^(1/3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx = 3a^{10} \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 30a^9 b \sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{135a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 120a^7 b^3 x + \frac{315a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2} + \frac{756a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + 105a^4 b^6 x^2 + \frac{360a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{135a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{10ab^9 x^3}{3} + \frac{3b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x,x)`output `3*a**10*log(x**(1/3)) + 30*a**9*b*x**(1/3) + 135*a**8*b**2*x**(2/3)/2 + 120*a**7*b**3*x + 315*a**6*b**4*x**(4/3)/2 + 756*a**5*b**5*x**(5/3)/5 + 105*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 360*a**3*b**7*x**(7/3)/7 + 135*a**2*b**8*x**(8/3)/8 + 10*a*b**9*x**3/3 + 3*b**10*x**(10/3)/10`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx = \frac{3}{10} b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{10}{3} ab^9 x^3 + \frac{135}{8} a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{360}{7} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}}$$

$$+ 105 a^4 b^6 x^2 + \frac{756}{5} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{315}{2} a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$+ 120 a^7 b^3 x + a^{10} \log(x) + \frac{135}{2} a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 30 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/10*b^10*x^(10/3) + 10/3*a*b^9*x^3 + 135/8*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 360/7*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 105*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 756/5*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 315/2*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 120*a^7*b^3*x + a^10*log(x) + 135/2*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 30*a^9*b*x^(1/3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx = \frac{3}{10} b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{10}{3} ab^9 x^3 + \frac{135}{8} a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{360}{7} a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}}$$

$$+ 105 a^4 b^6 x^2 + \frac{756}{5} a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{315}{2} a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$+ 120 a^7 b^3 x + a^{10} \log(|x|) + \frac{135}{2} a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 30 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/10*b^10*x^(10/3) + 10/3*a*b^9*x^3 + 135/8*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 360/7*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 105*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 756/5*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 315/2*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 120*a^7*b^3*x + a^10*log(abs(x)) + 135/2*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 30*a^9*b*x^(1/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx = 3a^{10} \ln(x^{1/3}) + \frac{3b^{10}x^{10/3}}{10} + 120a^7b^3x + \frac{10ab^9x^3}{3} \\ + 30a^9bx^{1/3} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{2/3}}{2} + \frac{315a^6b^4x^{4/3}}{2} \\ + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{5/3}}{5} + \frac{360a^3b^7x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{8/3}}{8}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x,x)`output `3*a^10*log(x^(1/3)) + (3*b^10*x^(10/3))/10 + 120*a^7*b^3*x + (10*a*b^9*x^3)/3 + 30*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 105*a^4*b^6*x^2 + (135*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3))/2 + (315*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3))/2 + (756*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3))/5 + (360*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3))/7 + (135*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3))/8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x} dx = \frac{135x^{2/3}a^8b^2}{2} + \frac{756x^{5/3}a^5b^5}{5} + \frac{135x^{8/3}a^2b^8}{8} \\ + 30x^{1/3}a^9b + \frac{315x^{4/3}a^6b^4}{2} + \frac{360x^{7/3}a^3b^7}{7} + \frac{3x^{10/3}b^{10}}{10} \\ + \log(x)a^{10} + 120a^7b^3x + 105a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{10ab^9x^3}{3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x,x)`output `(56700*x**(2/3)*a**8*b**2 + 127008*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**5*x + 14175*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**8*x**2 + 25200*x**(1/3)*a**9*b + 132300*x**(1/3)*a**6*b**4*x + 43200*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**7*x**2 + 252*x**(1/3)*b**10*x**3 + 840*log(x)*a**10 + 100800*a**7*b**3*x + 88200*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 2800*a*b**9*x**3)/840`

$$3.221 \quad \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1630
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1630
Rubi [A] (verified)	1631
Maple [A] (verified)	1632
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1633
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1633
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1634
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1634
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1635
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1635

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{15a^9b}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 630a^6b^4\sqrt[3]{x} + 378a^5b^5x^{2/3} + 210a^4b^6x + 90a^3b^7x^{4/3} + 27a^2b^8x^{5/3} + 5ab^9x^2 + \frac{3}{7}b^{10}x^{7/3} + 120a^7b^3 \log(x)$$

output

```
-a^10/x-15*a^9*b/x^(2/3)-135*a^8*b^2/x^(1/3)+630*a^6*b^4*x^(1/3)+378*a^5*b^5*x^(2/3)+210*a^4*b^6*x+90*a^3*b^7*x^(4/3)+27*a^2*b^8*x^(5/3)+5*a*b^9*x^2+3/7*b^10*x^(7/3)+120*a^7*b^3*ln(x)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{15a^9b}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 630a^6b^4\sqrt[3]{x} + 378a^5b^5x^{2/3} + 210a^4b^6x + 90a^3b^7x^{4/3} + 27a^2b^8x^{5/3} + 5ab^9x^2 + \frac{3}{7}b^{10}x^{7/3} + 120a^7b^3 \log(x)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^2,x]
```

output

$$-(a^{10}/x) - (15a^9b)/x^{(2/3)} - (135a^8b^2)/x^{(1/3)} + 630a^6b^4x^{(1/3)} + 378a^5b^5x^{(2/3)} + 210a^4b^6x + 90a^3b^7x^{(4/3)} + 27a^2b^8x^{(5/3)} + 5ab^9x^2 + (3b^{10}x^{(7/3)})/7 + 120a^7b^3\text{Log}[x]$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{4/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 210b^4a^6 + 252b^5\sqrt[3]{x}a^5 + 210b^6x^{2/3}a^4 + 120b^7xa^3 + 45b^8x^{4/3}a^2 + 10b^9x^{5/3}a + b^{10}x^{2/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{3x} - \frac{5a^9b}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 120a^7b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 210a^6b^4\sqrt[3]{x} + 126a^5b^5x^{2/3} + 70a^4b^6x + 30a^3b^7x^{4/3} + 9a^2b^8x^{5/3} + 3ab^9x^{2/3} + b^{10}x^{2/3} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^2,x]
```

output

$$3 \left( -\frac{1}{3}a^{10}/x - (5a^9b)/x^{(2/3)} - (45a^8b^2)/x^{(1/3)} + 210a^6b^4x^{(1/3)} + 126a^5b^5x^{(2/3)} + 70a^4b^6x + 30a^3b^7x^{(4/3)} + 9a^2b^8x^{(5/3)} + 8a^1b^9x^{(2/3)} + (b^{10}x^{(7/3)})/7 + 120a^7b^3\text{Log}[x^{(1/3)}] \right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 4.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{15a^9b}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 630a^6b^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 378a^5b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 210a^4b^6x + 90a^3b^7x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 27a^2b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{15a^9b}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 630a^6b^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 378a^5b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 210a^4b^6x + 90a^3b^7x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 27a^2b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(5b^9x^2+210a^3b^6x+5b^9x+a^9)a}{x} - \frac{3(-b^9x^3-210a^3b^6x^2-1470a^6b^3x+35a^9)b}{7x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{27(-b^6x^2-14a^3b^3x+5a^6)}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a^10/x-15*a^9*b/x^(2/3)-135*a^8*b^2/x^(1/3)+630*a^6*b^4*x^(1/3)+378*a^5*b  
^5*x^(2/3)+210*a^4*b^6*x+90*a^3*b^7*x^(4/3)+27*a^2*b^8*x^(5/3)+5*a*b^9*x^2  
+3/7*b^10*x^(7/3)+120*a^7*b^3*ln(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{35 ab^9 x^3 + 1470 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 2520 a^7 b^3 x \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 7 a^{10} + 189 (a^2 b^8 x^2 + 14 a^5 b^5 x - 5 a^8 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3 (b^{10} x^3 + 10 a^3 b^7 x^2 + 1470 a^6 b^4 x - 35 a^9 b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{7 x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/7*(35*a*b^9*x^3 + 1470*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 2520*a^7*b^3*x*log(x^(1/3)) - 7*a^10 + 189*(a^2*b^8*x^2 + 14*a^5*b^5*x - 5*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 3*(b^10*x^3 + 2*10*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 1470*a^6*b^4*x - 35*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{x} - \frac{15a^9b}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 360a^7b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 630a^6b^4\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$+ 378a^5b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 210a^4b^6x + 90a^3b^7x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 27a^2b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5ab^9x^2 + \frac{3b^{10}x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x**2,x)`output `-a**10/x - 15*a**9*b/x**(2/3) - 135*a**8*b**2/x**(1/3) + 360*a**7*b**3*log(x**(1/3)) + 630*a**6*b**4*x**(1/3) + 378*a**5*b**5*x**(2/3) + 210*a**4*b**6*x + 90*a**3*b**7*x**(4/3) + 27*a**2*b**8*x**(5/3) + 5*a*b**9*x**2 + 3*b**10*x**(7/3)/7`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = \frac{3}{7} b^{10} x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 5 ab^9 x^2 + 27 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 90 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{4}{3}} \\ + 210 a^4 b^6 x + 120 a^7 b^3 \log(x) + 378 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{2}{3}} \\ + 630 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{135 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^{10}}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/7*b^10*x^(7/3) + 5*a*b^9*x^2 + 27*a^2*b^8*x^(5/3) + 90*a^3*b^7*x^(4/3) +  
210*a^4*b^6*x + 120*a^7*b^3*log(x) + 378*a^5*b^5*x^(2/3) + 630*a^6*b^4*x^(1/3) - (135*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 15*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + a^10)/x`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = \frac{3}{7} b^{10} x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 5 ab^9 x^2 + 27 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 90 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{4}{3}} \\ + 210 a^4 b^6 x + 120 a^7 b^3 \log(|x|) + 378 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{2}{3}} \\ + 630 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{135 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^{10}}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/7*b^10*x^(7/3) + 5*a*b^9*x^2 + 27*a^2*b^8*x^(5/3) + 90*a^3*b^7*x^(4/3) +  
210*a^4*b^6*x + 120*a^7*b^3*log(abs(x)) + 378*a^5*b^5*x^(2/3) + 630*a^6*b^4*x^(1/3) - (135*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 15*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + a^10)/x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = \frac{3b^{10}x^{7/3}}{7} - \frac{a^{10} + 15a^9bx^{1/3} + 135a^8b^2x^{2/3}}{x} + 360a^7b^3 \ln(x^{1/3}) + 210a^4b^6x + 5ab^9x^2 + 630a^6b^4x^{1/3} + 378a^5b^5x^{2/3} + 90a^3b^7x^{4/3} + 27a^2b^8x^{5/3}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^2,x)`output `(3*b^10*x^(7/3))/7 - (a^10 + 15*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 135*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3))/x + 360*a^7*b^3*log(x^(1/3)) + 210*a^4*b^6*x + 5*a*b^9*x^2 + 630*a^6*b^4*x^(1/3) + 378*a^5*b^5*x^(2/3) + 90*a^3*b^7*x^(4/3) + 27*a^2*b^8*x^(5/3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2520x^{5/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}\right) a^7 b^3 - 7x^{2/3} a^{10} + 1470x^{8/3} a^4 b^6 + 35x^{11/3} a b^9 - 945x^{4/3} a^8 b^2 + 2646x^{7/3} a^5 b^5 + 189x^{10/3} a^2 b^8 - 10}{7x^{5/3}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^2,x)`output `(2520*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**7*b**3*x - 7*x**(2/3)*a**10 + 1470*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**6*x**2 + 35*x**(2/3)*a*b**9*x**3 - 945*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**2*x + 2646*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**5*x**2 + 189*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**8*x**3 - 105*a**9*b*x + 4410*a**6*b**4*x**2 + 630*a**3*b**7*x**3 + 3*b**10*x**4)/(7*x**(2/3)*x)`



**3.222**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1636
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1636
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1637
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1638
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1639
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1639
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1640
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1640
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1641
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1641

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{6a^9b}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{x} - \frac{315a^6b^4}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 360a^3b^7\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{135}{2}a^2b^8x^{2/3} + 10ab^9x + \frac{3}{4}b^{10}x^{4/3} + 210a^4b^6 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^10/x^2-6*a^9*b/x^(5/3)-135/4*a^8*b^2/x^(4/3)-120*a^7*b^3/x-315*a^6*b^4/x^(2/3)-756*a^5*b^5/x^(1/3)+360*a^3*b^7*x^(1/3)+135/2*a^2*b^8*x^(2/3)+10*a*b^9*x+3/4*b^10*x^(4/3)+210*a^4*b^6*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-2a^{10} - 24a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} - 135a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 480a^7b^3x - 1260a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 3024a^5b^5x^{5/3} + 1440a^3b^7x^{7/3} + 270a^2b^8x^{10/3} + 630a^4b^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{4x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^3,x]`

output  $(-2*a^{10} - 24*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} - 135*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 480*a^7*b^3*x - 1260*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 3024*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 1440*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 270*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 40*a*b^9*x^3 + 3*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/(4*x^2) + 630*a^4*b^6*\text{Log}[x^{(1/3)}]$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{7/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^2} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 120b^7a^3 + 45b^8\sqrt[3]{x}a^2 + 10b^9x^{2/3}a \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{6x^2} - \frac{2a^9b}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{40a^7b^3}{x} - \frac{105a^6b^4}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{252a^5b^5}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 210a^4b^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 120a^3b^7\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{45}{2}a^2b^8x^{2/3} + \frac{1}{3}ab^9x \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^3,x]`

```
output 3*(-1/6*a^10/x^2 - (2*a^9*b)/x^(5/3) - (45*a^8*b^2)/(4*x^(4/3)) - (40*a^7*
b^3)/x - (105*a^6*b^4)/x^(2/3) - (252*a^5*b^5)/x^(1/3) + 120*a^3*b^7*x^(1/
3) + (45*a^2*b^8*x^(2/3))/2 + (10*a*b^9*x)/3 + (b^10*x^(4/3))/4 + 210*a^4*
b^6*Log[x^(1/3)])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{6a^9b}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{x} - \frac{315a^6b^4}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 360a^3b^7x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 10ab^9x$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{6a^9b}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{x} - \frac{315a^6b^4}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 360a^3b^7x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 10ab^9x$
trager	$\frac{(20b^9x^2+a^9x+240a^6b^3x+a^9)a(-1+x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3(-b^9x^3-480a^3b^6x^2+420a^6b^3x+8a^9)b}{4x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{27(-10b^6x^2+112a^3b^3x+5a^6)}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*a^10/x^2-6*a^9*b/x^(5/3)-135/4*a^8*b^2/x^(4/3)-120*a^7*b^3/x-315*a^6*
b^4/x^(2/3)-756*a^5*b^5/x^(1/3)+360*a^3*b^7*x^(1/3)+135/2*a^2*b^8*x^(2/3)+
10*a*b^9*x+3/4*b^10*x^(4/3)+210*a^4*b^6*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{40 ab^9 x^3 + 2520 a^4 b^6 x^2 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 480 a^7 b^3 x - 2 a^{10} + 27(10 a^2 b^8 x^2 - 112 a^5 b^5 x - 5 a^8 b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3(b^{10} x^3 - 480 a^3 b^7 x^2 - 420 a^6 b^4 x - 8 a^9 b)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*(40*a*b^9*x^3 + 2520*a^4*b^6*x^2*log(x^(1/3)) - 480*a^7*b^3*x - 2*a^10 + 27*(10*a^2*b^8*x^2 - 112*a^5*b^5*x - 5*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 3*(b^10*x^3 + 480*a^3*b^7*x^2 - 420*a^6*b^4*x - 8*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{2x^2} - \frac{6a^9b}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{x} - \frac{315a^6b^4}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$+ 630a^4b^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 360a^3b^7\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 10ab^9x + \frac{3b^{10}x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x**3,x)`output `-a**10/(2*x**2) - 6*a**9*b/x**(5/3) - 135*a**8*b**2/(4*x**(4/3)) - 120*a**7*b**3/x - 315*a**6*b**4/x**(2/3) - 756*a**5*b**5/x**(1/3) + 630*a**4*b**6*log(x**(1/3)) + 360*a**3*b**7*x**(1/3) + 135*a**2*b**8*x**(2/3)/2 + 10*a*b**9*x + 3*b**10*x**(4/3)/4`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} b^{10} x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 10 ab^9 x + 210 a^4 b^6 \log(x) + \frac{135}{2} a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 360 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$- \frac{3024 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 1260 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 480 a^7 b^3 x + 135 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 24 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^{10}}{4 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output 
$$\frac{3}{4} b^{10} x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 10 a b^9 x + 210 a^4 b^6 \log(x) + 135/2 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 360 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1/4 (3024 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 1260 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 480 a^7 b^3 x + 135 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 24 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^{10}) / x^2$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} b^{10} x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 10 ab^9 x + 210 a^4 b^6 \log(|x|) + \frac{135}{2} a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 360 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$- \frac{3024 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 1260 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 480 a^7 b^3 x + 135 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 24 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^{10}}{4 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output 
$$\frac{3}{4} b^{10} x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 10 a b^9 x + 210 a^4 b^6 \log(\text{abs}(x)) + 135/2 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 360 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1/4 (3024 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 1260 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 480 a^7 b^3 x + 135 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 24 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^{10}) / x^2$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^{10}x^{4/3}}{4} - \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{2} + 120a^7b^3x + 6a^9bx^{1/3} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{2/3}}{4} + 315a^6b^4x^{4/3} + 756a^5b^5x^{5/3}}{x^2} + 630a^4b^6 \ln(x^{1/3}) + 360a^3b^7x^{1/3} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{2/3}}{2} + 10ab^9x$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^3,x)`output  $(3*b^{10}*x^{(4/3)})/4 - (a^{10}/2 + 120*a^7*b^3*x + 6*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} + (135*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/4 + 315*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 756*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)})/x^2 + 630*a^4*b^6*\log(x^{(1/3)}) + 360*a^3*b^7*x^{(1/3)} + (135*a^2*b^8*x^{(2/3)})/2 + 10*a*b^9*x$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2520x^{8/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}\right) a^4 b^6 - 2x^{2/3} a^{10} - 480x^{5/3} a^7 b^3 + 40x^{11/3} a b^9 - 135x^{4/3} a^8 b^2 - 3024x^{7/3} a^5 b^5 + 270x^{10/3} a^2 b^8 - 240a^6 b^4 x^{4/3} + 1440a^3 b^7 x^{1/3} + 3b^{10} x^{4/3}}{4x^{8/3}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^3,x)`output  $(2520*x^{(2/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)})*a^{4}*b^{6}*x^{(2/3)} - 2*x^{(2/3)}*a^{10} - 480*x^{(2/3)}*a^{7}*b^{3}*x + 40*x^{(2/3)}*a*b^{9}*x^{(3/3)} - 135*x^{(1/3)}*a^{8}*b^{2}*x - 3024*x^{(1/3)}*a^{5}*b^{5}*x^{(2/3)} + 270*x^{(1/3)}*a^{2}*b^{8}*x^{(3/3)} - 24*a^{9}*b*x - 1260*a^{6}*b^{4}*x^{(2/3)} + 1440*a^{3}*b^{7}*x^{(1/3)} + 3*b^{10}*x^{(4/3)})/(4*x^{(2/3)}*x^{(2/3)})$

**3.223** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1642
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1642
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1643
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1644
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1645
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1645
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1646
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1646
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1647
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1647

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^9b}{4x^{8/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{60a^7b^3}{x^2} - \frac{126a^6b^4}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{189a^5b^5}{x^{4/3}} - \frac{210a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{180a^3b^7}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 3b^{10}\sqrt[3]{x} + 10ab^9 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^10/x^3-15/4*a^9*b/x^(8/3)-135/7*a^8*b^2/x^(7/3)-60*a^7*b^3/x^2-126*a^6*b^4/x^(5/3)-189*a^5*b^5/x^(4/3)-210*a^4*b^6/x-180*a^3*b^7/x^(2/3)-135*a^2*b^8/x^(1/3)+3*b^10*x^(1/3)+10*a*b^9*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-28a^{10} - 315a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} - 1620a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 5040a^7b^3x - 10584a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 15876a^5b^5x^{5/3} - 17640a^4b^6x^2 - 15876a^3b^7x^{8/3} - 10584a^2b^8x^{7/3} - 315ab^9x^{4/3} + 30ab^9 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{84x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^4,x]`

output  $(-28*a^{10} - 315*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} - 1620*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 5040*a^7*b^3*x - 10584*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 15876*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} - 17640*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 15120*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 11340*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 252*b^10*x^{(10/3)})/(84*x^3) + 30*a*b^9*\text{Log}[x^{(1/3)}]$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^3} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{8/3}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^2} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{10b^9a}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + b^{10} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{9x^3} - \frac{5a^9b}{4x^{8/3}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{20a^7b^3}{x^2} - \frac{42a^6b^4}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{63a^5b^5}{x^{4/3}} - \frac{70a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{60a^3b^7}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 10ab^9 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + b^{10} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^4,x]`



```
output 3*(-1/9*a^10/x^3 - (5*a^9*b)/(4*x^(8/3)) - (45*a^8*b^2)/(7*x^(7/3)) - (20*
a^7*b^3)/x^2 - (42*a^6*b^4)/x^(5/3) - (63*a^5*b^5)/x^(4/3) - (70*a^4*b^6)/
x - (60*a^3*b^7)/x^(2/3) - (45*a^2*b^8)/x^(1/3) + b^10*x^(1/3) + 10*a*b^9*
Log[x^(1/3)])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^9b}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{60a^7b^3}{x^2} - \frac{126a^6b^4}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{189a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{210a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{180a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 3b^{10}x$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^9b}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{60a^7b^3}{x^2} - \frac{126a^6b^4}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{189a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{210a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{180a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 3b^{10}x$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^6x^2+180a^3b^3x^2+630b^6x^2+a^6x+180a^3b^3x+a^6)a^4}{3x^3} - \frac{3(-4b^9x^3+240a^3b^6x^2+168a^6b^3x+5a^9)b}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - 27(35$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*a^10/x^3-15/4*a^9*b/x^(8/3)-135/7*a^8*b^2/x^(7/3)-60*a^7*b^3/x^2-126*
a^6*b^4/x^(5/3)-189*a^5*b^5/x^(4/3)-210*a^4*b^6/x-180*a^3*b^7/x^(2/3)-135*
a^2*b^8/x^(1/3)+3*b^10*x^(1/3)+10*a*b^9*ln(x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2520 ab^9 x^3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 17640 a^4 b^6 x^2 - 5040 a^7 b^3 x - 28 a^{10} - 324 (35 a^2 b^8 x^2 + 49 a^5 b^5 x + 5 a^8 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 63}{84 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/84*(2520*a*b^9*x^3*log(x^(1/3)) - 17640*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 5040*a^7*b^3*x - 28*a^10 - 324*(35*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 49*a^5*b^5*x + 5*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 63*(4*b^10*x^3 - 240*a^3*b^7*x^2 - 168*a^6*b^4*x - 5*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^9b}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{60a^7b^3}{x^2} - \frac{126a^6b^4}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{189a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

$$- \frac{210a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{180a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 10ab^9 \log(x) + 3b^{10} \sqrt[3]{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x**4,x)`output `-a**10/(3*x**3) - 15*a**9*b/(4*x**(8/3)) - 135*a**8*b**2/(7*x**(7/3)) - 60*a**7*b**3/x**2 - 126*a**6*b**4/x**(5/3) - 189*a**5*b**5/x**(4/3) - 210*a**4*b**6/x - 180*a**3*b**7/x**(2/3) - 135*a**2*b**8/x**(1/3) + 10*a*b**9*log(x) + 3*b**10*x**(1/3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx = 10 ab^9 \log(x) + 3b^{10}x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{11340 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 15120 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 17640 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 15876 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 10584 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 5040 a^7 b^3 x + 1620 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 315 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 28 a^{10}}{84 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `10*a*b^9*log(x) + 3*b^10*x^(1/3) - 1/84*(11340*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 15120*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 17640*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 15876*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 10584*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 5040*a^7*b^3*x + 1620*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 315*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 28*a^10)/x^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx = 10 ab^9 \log(|x|) + 3b^{10}x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{11340 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 15120 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 17640 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 15876 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 10584 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 5040 a^7 b^3 x + 1620 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 315 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 28 a^{10}}{84 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `10*a*b^9*log(abs(x)) + 3*b^10*x^(1/3) - 1/84*(11340*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 15120*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 17640*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 15876*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 10584*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 5040*a^7*b^3*x + 1620*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 315*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 28*a^10)/x^3`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx = 3b^{10}x^{1/3} - \frac{a^{10}}{3x^3} - \frac{15a^9b}{4x^{8/3}} - \frac{210a^4b^6}{x} - \frac{60a^7b^3}{x^2} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{x^{1/3}} \\ - \frac{180a^3b^7}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{189a^5b^5}{x^{4/3}} - \frac{126a^6b^4}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{7x^{7/3}} + 30ab^9 \ln(x^{1/3})$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^4,x)`output `3*b^10*x^(1/3) - a^10/(3*x^3) - (15*a^9*b)/(4*x^(8/3)) - (210*a^4*b^6)/x - (60*a^7*b^3)/x^2 - (135*a^2*b^8)/x^(1/3) - (180*a^3*b^7)/x^(2/3) - (189*a^5*b^5)/x^(4/3) - (126*a^6*b^4)/x^(5/3) - (135*a^8*b^2)/(7*x^(7/3)) + 30*a*b^9*log(x^(1/3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} dx \\ = \frac{2520x^{\frac{11}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a b^9 - 28x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^{10} - 5040x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^7 b^3 - 17640x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^4 b^6 - 1620x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^8 b^2 - 15876x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^5 b^5 - 11340x^{\frac{10}{3}} a^2 b^8}{84x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^4,x)`output `(2520*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a*b**9*x**3 - 28*x**(2/3)*a**10 - 5040*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**3*x - 17640*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**6*x**2 - 1620*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**2*x - 15876*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**5*x**2 - 11340*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**8*x**3 - 315*a**9*b*x - 10584*a**6*b**4*x**2 - 15120*a**3*b**7*x**3 + 252*b**10*x**4)/(84*x**(2/3)*x**3)`

**3.224** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	1648
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1648
Rubi [A] (verified)	1649
Maple [B] (verified)	1650
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1651
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1651
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1652
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1652
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1653
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1653

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{4ax^4} + \frac{b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{44a^2x^{11/3}}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/a/x^4+1/44*b*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/a^2/x^(11/3)
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 128 vs. 2(46) = 92.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-11a^{10} - 120a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} - 594a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 1760a^7b^3x - 3465a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 4752a^5b^5x^{5/3} - 4620a^4b^6x^2 - 3168a^3b^7x^{7/3}}{44x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^5,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-11a^{10} - 120a^9bx^{1/3} - 594a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 1760a^7b^3x - 3465a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 4752a^5b^5x^{5/3} - 4620a^4b^6x^2 - 3168a^3b^7x^{7/3} - 1485a^2b^8x^{8/3} - 440ab^9x^3 - 66b^{10}x^{10/3})}{(44x^4)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{13/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{12a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{12ax^4} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 48 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{132a^2x^{11/3}} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{12ax^4} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^5,x]
```

output

```
3*(-1/12*(a + b*x^(1/3))^11/(a*x^4) + (b*(a + b*x^(1/3))^11)/(132*a^2*x^(11/3)))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs. 2(36) = 72.

Time = 4.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{27a^8b^2}{2x^{\frac{10}{3}}}-\frac{3b^{10}}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}-\frac{10ab^9}{x}-\frac{105a^4b^6}{x^2}-\frac{a^{10}}{4x^4}-\frac{72a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}}-\frac{135a^2b^8}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}-\frac{108a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}}-\frac{315a^6b^4}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}}-\frac{30a^9b}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{27a^8b^2}{2x^{\frac{10}{3}}}-\frac{3b^{10}}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}-\frac{10ab^9}{x}-\frac{105a^4b^6}{x^2}-\frac{a^{10}}{4x^4}-\frac{72a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}}-\frac{135a^2b^8}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}-\frac{108a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}}-\frac{315a^6b^4}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}}-\frac{30a^9b}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^9x^3+160a^6b^3x^3+420a^3b^6x^3+40b^9x^3+a^9x^2+160a^6b^3x^2+420a^3b^6x^2+a^9x+160a^6b^3x+a^9)a}{4x^4}-\frac{3(22b^9x^3+...)}{...}$
oring	$-\frac{(682b^{24}x^8-3388a^3b^{21}x^7+10406a^6b^{18}x^6+2884a^9b^{15}x^5+7154a^{12}b^{12}x^4+5460a^{15}b^9x^3+2688a^{18}b^6x^2+759a^{21}b^3x+...)}{88x^4(b^3x+a^3)^8}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-27/2*a^8*b^2/x^(10/3)-3/2*b^10/x^(2/3)-10*a*b^9/x-105*a^4*b^6/x^2-1/4*a^10/x^4-72*a^3*b^7/x^(5/3)-135/4*a^2*b^8/x^(4/3)-108*a^5*b^5/x^(7/3)-315/4*a^6*b^4/x^(8/3)-30/11*a^9*b/x^(11/3)-40/x^3*a^7*b^3
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = \frac{440 ab^9 x^3 + 4620 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 1760 a^7 b^3 x + 11 a^{10} + 297 (5 a^2 b^8 x^2 + 16 a^5 b^5 x + 2 a^8 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3 (22 b^{10} x^3 + 1056 a^3 b^7 x^2 + 1155 a^6 b^4 x + 40 a^9 b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{44 x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/44*(440*a*b^9*x^3 + 4620*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 1760*a^7*b^3*x + 11*a^10 + 297*(5*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 16*a^5*b^5*x + 2*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 3*(22*b^10*x^3 + 1056*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 1155*a^6*b^4*x + 40*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/x^4
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 139 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.02

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{4x^4} - \frac{30a^9b}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{27a^8b^2}{2x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{40a^7b^3}{x^3} - \frac{315a^6b^4}{4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{108a^5b^5}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{x^2} - \frac{72a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{10ab^9}{x} - \frac{3b^{10}}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x**5,x)
```



output

```
-a**10/(4*x**4) - 30*a**9*b/(11*x**(11/3)) - 27*a**8*b**2/(2*x**(10/3)) -
40*a**7*b**3/x**3 - 315*a**6*b**4/(4*x**(8/3)) - 108*a**5*b**5/x**(7/3) -
105*a**4*b**6/x**2 - 72*a**3*b**7/x**(5/3) - 135*a**2*b**8/(4*x**(4/3)) -
10*a*b**9/x - 3*b**10/(2*x**(2/3))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = \frac{66 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 440 a b^9 x^3 + 1485 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 3168 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 4620 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 4752 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 3465 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 1760 a^7 b^3 x + 594 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 120 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 11 a^{10}}{44 x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/44*(66*b^10*x^(10/3) + 440*a*b^9*x^3 + 1485*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 3168*a^3*
b^7*x^(7/3) + 4620*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 4752*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 3465*a^6*b^4*x^(4/
3) + 1760*a^7*b^3*x + 594*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 120*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 11*a^10)/x
^4
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 112 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = \frac{66 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 440 a b^9 x^3 + 1485 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 3168 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 4620 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 4752 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 3465 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 1760 a^7 b^3 x + 594 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 120 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 11 a^{10}}{44 x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/44*(66*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 440*a*b^9*x^3 + 1485*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 3168*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 4620*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 4752*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 3465*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 1760*a^7*b^3*x + 594*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 120*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} + 11*a^{10})/x^4$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-\frac{a^{10}}{4} + \frac{3b^{10}x^{10/3}}{2} + 40a^7b^3x + 10ab^9x^3 + \frac{30a^9bx^{1/3}}{11} + 105a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{27a^8b^2x^{2/3}}{2} + \frac{315a^6b^4x^{4/3}}{4} + 108a^5b^5x^{5/3} + 72a^3b^7x^{7/3} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{8/3}}{4}}{x^4}$$

input

int((a + b\*x^(1/3))^10/x^5,x)

output

$$\frac{-(a^{10}/4 + (3*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)}))/2 + 40*a^7*b^3*x + 10*a*b^9*x^3 + (30*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)})/11 + 105*a^4*b^6*x^2 + (27*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/2 + (315*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)})/4 + 108*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 72*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + (135*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)})/4}{x^4}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} dx = \frac{-11x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{10} - 1760x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^7b^3 - 4620x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^4b^6 - 440x^{\frac{11}{3}}ab^9 - 594x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^8b^2 - 4752x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^5b^5 - 1485x^{\frac{10}{3}}a^2b^8 - 120a^9b}{44x^{\frac{14}{3}}}$$

input

int((a+b\*x^(1/3))^10/x^5,x)

output

```
( - 11*x**(2/3)*a**10 - 1760*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**3*x - 4620*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**6*x**2 - 440*x**(2/3)*a*b**9*x**3 - 594*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**2*x - 4752*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**5*x**2 - 1485*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**8*x**3 - 120*a**9*b*x - 3465*a**6*b**4*x**2 - 3168*a**3*b**7*x**3 - 66*b**10*x**4)/(44*x**(2/3)*x**4)
```

**3.225**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1655
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1655
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1656
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1659
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1660
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1660
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1661
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1661
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1662
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1662

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{5ax^5} + \frac{2b(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{35a^2x^{14/3}} - \frac{6b^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{455a^3x^{13/3}} + \frac{b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{455a^4x^4} - \frac{b^4(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{5005a^5x^{11/3}}$$

output

```
-1/5*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/a/x^5+2/35*b*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/a^2/x^(14/3)-6/455*b^2
*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/a^3/x^(13/3)+1/455*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/a^4/x^4-1/5005*b
^4*(a+b*x^(1/3))^11/a^5/x^(11/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = \frac{-1001a^{10} - 10725a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} - 51975a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 150150a^7b^3x - 286650a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 378378a^5b^5x^{5/3} - 350350a^4b^6x^{2/3} - 253500a^3b^7x^{1/3} - 150500a^2b^8x^{1/3} - 50050ab^9x^{1/3} - 5005b^{10}x^{1/3}}{5005x^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^6,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-1001a^{10} - 10725a^9b x^{1/3} - 51975a^8b^2 x^{2/3} - 150150a^7b^3 x - 286650a^6b^4 x^{4/3} - 378378a^5b^5 x^{5/3} - 350350a^4b^6 x^2 - 225225a^3b^7 x^{7/3} - 96525a^2b^8 x^{8/3} - 25025ab^9 x^3 - 3003b^{10} x^{10/3})}{(5005x^5)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{16/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{4b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^5} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{15a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{15ax^5} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{4b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{14/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{14a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{14ax^{14/3}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{15ax^5} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 55 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{3b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{13/3}} - d\sqrt[3]{x}}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{13ax^{13/3}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{14ax^{14/3}} \right)}{15a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{15ax^5} \right)$$

↓ 55

$$3 \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{3b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^4} - d\sqrt[3]{x}}{12a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{12ax^4} \right)}{13a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{13ax^{13/3}} \right)}{14a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{14ax^{14/3}} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{15ax^5}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 48 \\
 \left( \begin{array}{c}
 3b \left( \frac{b(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{132a^2x^{11/3}} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{12ax^4} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{13ax^{13/3}} \\
 4b \left( \frac{\phantom{b(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}}{13a} - \frac{\phantom{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}}{13ax^{13/3}} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{14ax^{14/3}} \\
 3 \left( \phantom{\frac{\phantom{b(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}}{13a}} - \frac{\phantom{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}}{13ax^{13/3}} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{11}}{15ax^5}
 \end{array} \right)
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^6,x]`

output `3*((-4*b*((-3*b*((-2*b*(-1/12*(a + b*x^(1/3))^11/(a*x^4) + (b*(a + b*x^(1/3))^11)/(132*a^2*x^(11/3)))))/(13*a) - (a + b*x^(1/3))^11/(13*a*x^(13/3))))/(14*a) - (a + b*x^(1/3))^11/(14*a*x^(14/3)))/(15*a) - (a + b*x^(1/3))^11/(15*a*x^5))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{5ab^9}{x^2} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{378a^5b^5}{5x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{15a^9b}{7x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{70a^4b^6}{x^3} - \frac{45a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^{10}}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{30a^7b^3}{x^4} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{5ab^9}{x^2} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{378a^5b^5}{5x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{15a^9b}{7x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{70a^4b^6}{x^3} - \frac{45a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^{10}}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{30a^7b^3}{x^4} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^9x^4+150a^6b^3x^4+350a^3b^6x^4+25b^9x^4+a^9x^3+150a^6b^3x^3+350a^3b^6x^3+25b^9x^3+a^9x^2+150a^6b^3x^2+350a^3b^6x^2+25b^9x^2+a^9x+a^9)}{5x^5}$
oring	$-\frac{(60775b^{24}x^8+207493a^3b^{21}x^7+726236a^6b^{18}x^6+1311400a^9b^{15}x^5+1550682a^{12}b^{12}x^4+1192536a^{15}b^9x^3+579036a^{18}b^6x^2+1550682a^{18}b^3x+60775a^{21}b^0x^0)}{25025x^5(b^3x+a^3)^8}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```
-5/x^2*a*b^9-135/13*a^8*b^2/x^(13/3)-378/5*a^5*b^5/x^(10/3)-630/11*a^6*b^4/x^(11/3)-15/7*a^9*b/x^(14/3)-70*a^4*b^6/x^3-45*a^3*b^7/x^(8/3)-3/5*b^10/x^(5/3)-30/x^4*a^7*b^3-135/7*a^2*b^8/x^(7/3)-1/5*a^10/x^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = \frac{25025 ab^9 x^3 + 350350 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 150150 a^7 b^3 x + 1001 a^{10} + 297 (325 a^2 b^8 x^2 + 1274 a^5 b^5 x + 175 a^8 b^2) x^{5/3}}{5005 x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/5005*(25025*a*b^9*x^3 + 350350*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 150150*a^7*b^3*x + 1001*a^10 + 297*(325*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 1274*a^5*b^5*x + 175*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 39*(77*b^10*x^3 + 5775*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 7350*a^6*b^4*x + 275*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/x^5
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{5x^5} - \frac{15a^9b}{7x^{14/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{30a^7b^3}{x^4} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{378a^5b^5}{5x^{10/3}} - \frac{70a^4b^6}{x^3} - \frac{45a^3b^7}{x^{8/3}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{5ab^9}{x^2} - \frac{3b^{10}}{5x^{5/3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x**6,x)
```

output

```
-a**10/(5*x**5) - 15*a**9*b/(7*x**(14/3)) - 135*a**8*b**2/(13*x**(13/3)) - 30*a**7*b**3/x**4 - 630*a**6*b**4/(11*x**(11/3)) - 378*a**5*b**5/(5*x**(10/3)) - 70*a**4*b**6/x**3 - 45*a**3*b**7/x**(8/3) - 135*a**2*b**8/(7*x**(7/3)) - 5*a*b**9/x**2 - 3*b**10/(5*x**(5/3))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = \frac{3003 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 25025 ab^9 x^3 + 96525 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 225225 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 350350 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 378378 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 286650 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 150150 a^7 b^3 x + 51975 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 10725 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1001 a^{10} / x^5}{5005 x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5005*(3003*b^10*x^(10/3) + 25025*a*b^9*x^3 + 96525*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 225225*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 350350*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 378378*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 286650*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 150150*a^7*b^3*x + 51975*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 10725*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 1001*a^10)/x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = \frac{3003 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 25025 ab^9 x^3 + 96525 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 225225 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 350350 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 378378 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 286650 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 150150 a^7 b^3 x + 51975 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 10725 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1001 a^{10} / x^5}{5005 x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/5005*(3003*b^10*x^(10/3) + 25025*a*b^9*x^3 + 96525*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 225225*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 350350*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 378378*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 286650*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 150150*a^7*b^3*x + 51975*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 10725*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 1001*a^10)/x^5`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{5} + \frac{3b^{10}x^{10/3}}{5} + 30a^7b^3x + 5ab^9x^3 + \frac{15a^9bx^{1/3}}{7} + 70a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{2/3}}{13} + \frac{630a^6b^4x^{4/3}}{11} + \frac{378a^5b^5x^{5/3}}{5}}{x^5}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^6,x)
```

output

```
-(a^10/5 + (3*b^10*x^(10/3))/5 + 30*a^7*b^3*x + 5*a*b^9*x^3 + (15*a^9*b*x^(1/3))/7 + 70*a^4*b^6*x^2 + (135*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3))/13 + (630*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3))/11 + (378*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3))/5 + 45*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + (135*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3))/7)/x^5
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^6} dx = \frac{-1001x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{10} - 150150x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^7b^3 - 350350x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^4b^6 - 25025x^{\frac{11}{3}}ab^9 - 51975x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^8b^2 - 378378x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^5b^5 - 96525005x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{5005x^{\frac{17}{3}}}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^6,x)
```

output

```
( - 1001*x**(2/3)*a**10 - 150150*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**3*x - 350350*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**6*x**2 - 25025*x**(2/3)*a*b**9*x**3 - 51975*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**2*x - 378378*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**5*x**2 - 96525*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**8*x**3 - 10725*a**9*b*x - 286650*a**6*b**4*x**2 - 225225*a**3*b**7*x**3 - 3003*b**10*x**4)/(5005*x**(2/3)*x**5)
```

**3.226**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1663
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1663
Rubi [A] (verified)	1664
Maple [A] (verified)	1665
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1666
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1666
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1667
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1667
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1668
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1668

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{6x^6} - \frac{30a^9b}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{24a^7b^3}{x^5} - \frac{45a^6b^4}{x^{14/3}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{2x^4} - \frac{360a^3b^7}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{27a^2b^8}{2x^{10/3}} - \frac{10ab^9}{3x^3} - \frac{3b^{10}}{8x^{8/3}}$$

output `-1/6*a^10/x^6-30/17*a^9*b/x^(17/3)-135/16*a^8*b^2/x^(16/3)-24*a^7*b^3/x^5-45*a^6*b^4/x^(14/3)-756/13*a^5*b^5/x^(13/3)-105/2*a^4*b^6/x^4-360/11*a^3*b^7/x^(11/3)-27/2*a^2*b^8/x^(10/3)-10/3*a*b^9/x^3-3/8*b^10/x^(8/3)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-19448a^{10} - 205920a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} - 984555a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 2800512a^7b^3x - 5250960a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 6785856a^5b^5x^{5/3} - 116688x^6}{116688x^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^7,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-19448*a^{10} - 205920*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} - 984555*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 2800512*a^7 \\ & *b^3*x - 5250960*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 6785856*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} - 6126120*a^4*b \\ & ^6*x^2 - 3818880*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 1575288*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)} - 388960*a*b^9* \\ & x^3 - 43758*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/(116688*x^6) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{19/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{19/3}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^6} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{17/3}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^{16/3}} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^5} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^{14/3}} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^{13/3}} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x^4} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{x^{11/3}} + \frac{10b^9a}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{b^{10}}{x^3} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{18x^6} - \frac{10a^9b}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{8a^7b^3}{x^5} - \frac{15a^6b^4}{x^{14/3}} - \frac{252a^5b^5}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{2x^4} - \frac{120a^3b^7}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{9a^2b^8}{2x^{10/3}} - \frac{10ab^9}{9x^3} - \frac{b^{10}}{8x^{8/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^7,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3*(-1/18*a^{10}/x^6 - (10*a^9*b)/(17*x^{(17/3)}) - (45*a^8*b^2)/(16*x^{(16/3)}) \\ & - (8*a^7*b^3)/x^5 - (15*a^6*b^4)/x^{(14/3)} - (252*a^5*b^5)/(13*x^{(13/3)}) - \\ & (35*a^4*b^6)/(2*x^4) - (120*a^3*b^7)/(11*x^{(11/3)}) - (9*a^2*b^8)/(2*x^{(10/3)}) \\ & - (10*a*b^9)/(9*x^3) - b^{10}/(8*x^{(8/3)})) \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{6x^6} - \frac{30a^9b}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{24a^7b^3}{x^5} - \frac{45a^6b^4}{x^{14/3}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{2x^4} - \frac{360a^3b^7}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{27a^2b^8}{2x^{10/3}} - \frac{10ab^9}{3x^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{6x^6} - \frac{30a^9b}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{24a^7b^3}{x^5} - \frac{45a^6b^4}{x^{14/3}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{2x^4} - \frac{360a^3b^7}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{27a^2b^8}{2x^{10/3}} - \frac{10ab^9}{3x^3}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^9x^5+144a^6b^3x^5+315a^3b^6x^5+20b^9x^5+a^9x^4+144a^6b^3x^4+315a^3b^6x^4+20b^9x^4+a^9x^3+144a^6b^3x^3+315a^3b^6x^3+20b^9x^3)}{6x^6}$
oring	$-\frac{(1614184b^{24}x^8+8998100a^3b^{21}x^7+27273508a^6b^{18}x^6+49821324a^9b^{15}x^5+58538784a^{12}b^{12}x^4+44761983a^{15}b^9x^3+200000000a^{18}b^6x^2+1166880x^6(b^3x+a^3)^8)}{1166880x^6(b^3x+a^3)^8}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^7,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/6*a^10/x^6-30/17*a^9*b/x^(17/3)-135/16*a^8*b^2/x^(16/3)-24*a^7*b^3/x^5-
45*a^6*b^4/x^(14/3)-756/13*a^5*b^5/x^(13/3)-105/2*a^4*b^6/x^4-360/11*a^3*b
^7/x^(11/3)-27/2*a^2*b^8/x^(10/3)-10/3*a*b^9/x^3-3/8*b^10/x^(8/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{388960 ab^9 x^3 + 6126120 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 2800512 a^7 b^3 x + 19448 a^{10} + 15147 (104 a^2 b^8 x^2 + 448 a^5 b^5 x + 65 a^8)}{116688 x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^7,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/116688*(388960*a*b^9*x^3 + 6126120*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 2800512*a^7*b^3*x + 19448*a^10 + 15147*(104*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 448*a^5*b^5*x + 65*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 234*(187*b^10*x^3 + 16320*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 22440*a^6*b^4*x + 880*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/x^6`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{6x^6} - \frac{30a^9b}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{24a^7b^3}{x^5} - \frac{45a^6b^4}{x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{105a^4b^6}{2x^4} - \frac{360a^3b^7}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{27a^2b^8}{2x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{10ab^9}{3x^3} - \frac{3b^{10}}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x**7,x)`output `-a**10/(6*x**6) - 30*a**9*b/(17*x**(17/3)) - 135*a**8*b**2/(16*x**(16/3)) - 24*a**7*b**3/x**5 - 45*a**6*b**4/x**(14/3) - 756*a**5*b**5/(13*x**(13/3)) - 105*a**4*b**6/(2*x**4) - 360*a**3*b**7/(11*x**(11/3)) - 27*a**2*b**8/(2*x**(10/3)) - 10*a*b**9/(3*x**3) - 3*b**10/(8*x**(8/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{43758 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 388960 ab^9 x^3 + 1575288 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 3818880 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 6126120 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 6785856 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5250960 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 2800512 a^7 b^3 x + 984555 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 205920 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 19448 a^{10}}{116688 x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/116688*(43758*b^10*x^(10/3) + 388960*a*b^9*x^3 + 1575288*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 3818880*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 6126120*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 6785856*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 5250960*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 2800512*a^7*b^3*x + 984555*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 205920*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 19448*a^10)/x^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{43758 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 388960 ab^9 x^3 + 1575288 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 3818880 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 6126120 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 6785856 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5250960 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 2800512 a^7 b^3 x + 984555 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 205920 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 19448 a^{10}}{116688 x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/116688*(43758*b^10*x^(10/3) + 388960*a*b^9*x^3 + 1575288*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 3818880*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 6126120*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 6785856*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 5250960*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 2800512*a^7*b^3*x + 984555*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 205920*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 19448*a^10)/x^6`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{6} + \frac{3b^{10}x^{10/3}}{8} + 24a^7b^3x + \frac{10ab^9x^3}{3} + \frac{30a^9bx^{1/3}}{17} + \frac{105a^4b^6x^2}{2} + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{2/3}}{16} + 45a^6b^4x^{4/3} + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{5/3}}{13}}{x^6}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^7,x)`output 
$$\frac{-(a^{10}/6 + (3*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)}))/8 + 24*a^7*b^3*x + (10*a*b^9*x^3)/3 + (30*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)})/17 + (105*a^4*b^6*x^2)/2 + (135*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/16 + 45*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + (756*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)})/13 + (360*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)})/11 + (27*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)})/2}{x^6}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-19448x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{10} - 2800512x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^7b^3 - 6126120x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^4b^6 - 388960x^{\frac{11}{3}}ab^9 - 984555x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^8b^2 - 6785856x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^5b^5 - 1575288x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2b^8 - 205920a^9bx - 5250960a^6b^4x^2 - 3818880a^3b^7x^3 - 43758b^10x^4}{116688x^{\frac{20}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^7,x)`output 
$$\frac{(-19448*x^{(2/3)}*a^{10} - 2800512*x^{(2/3)}*a^7*b^3*x - 6126120*x^{(2/3)}*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 388960*x^{(2/3)}*a*b^9*x^3 - 984555*x^{(1/3)}*a^8*b^2*x - 6785856*x^{(1/3)}*a^5*b^5*x^2 - 1575288*x^{(1/3)}*a^2*b^8*x^3 - 205920*a^9*b*x - 5250960*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 3818880*a^3*b^7*x^3 - 43758*b^10*x^4)/(116688*x^{(2/3)}*x^6)}$$

**3.227**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx$

Optimal result	1669
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1669
Rubi [A] (verified)	1670
Maple [A] (verified)	1671
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1672
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1672
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1673
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1673
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1674
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1674

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{7x^7} - \frac{3a^9b}{2x^{20/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{20a^7b^3}{x^6} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{189a^5b^5}{4x^{16/3}} - \frac{42a^4b^6}{x^5} - \frac{180a^3b^7}{7x^{14/3}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{5ab^9}{2x^4} - \frac{3b^{10}}{11x^{11/3}}$$

```
output -1/7*a^10/x^7-3/2*a^9*b/x^(20/3)-135/19*a^8*b^2/x^(19/3)-20*a^7*b^3/x^6-63
0/17*a^6*b^4/x^(17/3)-189/4*a^5*b^5/x^(16/3)-42*a^4*b^6/x^5-180/7*a^3*b^7/
x^(14/3)-135/13*a^2*b^8/x^(13/3)-5/2*a*b^9/x^4-3/11*b^10/x^(11/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-184756a^{10} - 1939938a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} - 9189180a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 25865840a^7b^3x - 47927880a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 61108047a^5b^5x^{5/3} - 42857142a^4b^6x^{2/3} - 21428571a^3b^7x - 10714285a^2b^8x^{1/3} - 3571428ab^9 - 1071428b^{10}}{1293292x^7}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^8,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-184756*a^{10} - 1939938*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} - 9189180*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 25865840 \\ & *a^7*b^3*x - 47927880*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 61108047*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} - 5431826 \\ & 4*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 33256080*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 13430340*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)} - 3233 \\ & 230*a*b^9*x^3 - 352716*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/(1293292*x^7) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{22/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{22/3}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^7} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{20/3}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^{19/3}} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^6} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^{17/3}} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^{16/3}} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x^5} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{x^{14/3}} + \frac{10b^9a}{x^{13/3}} + \frac{b^{10}}{x^4} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{21x^7} - \frac{a^9b}{2x^{20/3}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{20a^7b^3}{3x^6} - \frac{210a^6b^4}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{63a^5b^5}{4x^{16/3}} - \frac{14a^4b^6}{x^5} - \frac{60a^3b^7}{7x^{14/3}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{5ab^9}{6x^4} - \frac{b^{10}}{11x^{11/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^8,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3*(-1/21*a^{10}/x^7 - (a^9*b)/(2*x^{(20/3)}) - (45*a^8*b^2)/(19*x^{(19/3)}) - (2 \\ & 0*a^7*b^3)/(3*x^6) - (210*a^6*b^4)/(17*x^{(17/3)}) - (63*a^5*b^5)/(4*x^{(16/3)} \\ & )) - (14*a^4*b^6)/x^5 - (60*a^3*b^7)/(7*x^{(14/3)}) - (45*a^2*b^8)/(13*x^{(13 \\ & /3)}) - (5*a*b^9)/(6*x^4) - b^{10}/(11*x^{(11/3)}) \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{7x^7} - \frac{3a^9b}{2x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{20a^7b^3}{x^6} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{189a^5b^5}{4x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{42a^4b^6}{x^5} - \frac{180a^3b^7}{7x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{5ab^9}{2x^4} - \frac{b^{10}}{14x^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{7x^7} - \frac{3a^9b}{2x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{20a^7b^3}{x^6} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{189a^5b^5}{4x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{42a^4b^6}{x^5} - \frac{180a^3b^7}{7x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{5ab^9}{2x^4} - \frac{b^{10}}{14x^3}$
trager	$(-1+x)(2a^9x^6+280a^6b^3x^6+588x^6a^3b^6+35b^9x^6+2a^9x^5+280a^6b^3x^5+588a^3b^6x^5+35b^9x^5+2a^9x^4+280a^6b^3x^4+588a^3b^6x^4+35b^9x^4+2a^9x^3+280a^6b^3x^3+588a^3b^6x^3+35b^9x^3+2a^9x^2+280a^6b^3x^2+588a^3b^6x^2+35b^9x^2+2a^9x+280a^6b^3x+588a^3b^6x+35b^9x+2a^9+280a^6b^3+588a^3b^6+35b^9)$
oring	$-\frac{(6195140b^{24}x^8+39951547a^3b^{21}x^7+123848592a^6b^{18}x^6+228405744a^9b^{15}x^5+269271000a^{12}b^{12}x^4+206050922a^{15}b^9x^3+145050922a^{18}b^6x^2+119550922a^{21}b^3x+74550922a^{24}b^0)}{6466460x^7(b^3x+a^3)^8}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/7*a^10/x^7-3/2*a^9*b/x^(20/3)-135/19*a^8*b^2/x^(19/3)-20*a^7*b^3/x^6-63
0/17*a^6*b^4/x^(17/3)-189/4*a^5*b^5/x^(16/3)-42*a^4*b^6/x^5-180/7*a^3*b^7/
x^(14/3)-135/13*a^2*b^8/x^(13/3)-5/2*a*b^9/x^4-3/11*b^10/x^(11/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{3233230 ab^9 x^3 + 54318264 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 25865840 a^7 b^3 x + 184756 a^{10} + 35343 (380 a^2 b^8 x^2 + 1729 a^5 b^5 x + 260 a^8 b^2)}{1293292 x^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/1293292*(3233230*a*b^9*x^3 + 54318264*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 25865840*a^7*b^3*x + 184756*a^10 + 35343*(380*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 1729*a^5*b^5*x + 260*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 1482*(238*b^10*x^3 + 22440*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 32340*a^6*b^4*x + 1309*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/x^7`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{7x^7} - \frac{3a^9b}{2x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{20a^7b^3}{x^6} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{189a^5b^5}{4x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{42a^4b^6}{x^5} - \frac{180a^3b^7}{7x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{5ab^9}{2x^4} - \frac{3b^{10}}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x**8,x)`output `-a**10/(7*x**7) - 3*a**9*b/(2*x**(20/3)) - 135*a**8*b**2/(19*x**(19/3)) - 20*a**7*b**3/x**6 - 630*a**6*b**4/(17*x**(17/3)) - 189*a**5*b**5/(4*x**(16/3)) - 42*a**4*b**6/x**5 - 180*a**3*b**7/(7*x**(14/3)) - 135*a**2*b**8/(13*x**(13/3)) - 5*a*b**9/(2*x**4) - 3*b**10/(11*x**(11/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{352716 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 3233230 ab^9 x^3 + 13430340 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 33256080 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 54318264 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 61108047 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 47927880 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 25865840 a^7 b^3 x + 9189180 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1939938 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 184756 a^{10}}{1293292}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/1293292*(352716*b^10*x^(10/3) + 3233230*a*b^9*x^3 + 13430340*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 33256080*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 54318264*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 61108047*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 47927880*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 25865840*a^7*b^3*x + 9189180*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 1939938*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 184756*a^10)/x^7`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{352716 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 3233230 ab^9 x^3 + 13430340 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 33256080 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 54318264 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 61108047 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 47927880 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 25865840 a^7 b^3 x + 9189180 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1939938 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 184756 a^{10}}{1293292}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/1293292*(352716*b^10*x^(10/3) + 3233230*a*b^9*x^3 + 13430340*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 33256080*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 54318264*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 61108047*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 47927880*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 25865840*a^7*b^3*x + 9189180*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 1939938*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 184756*a^10)/x^7`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{7} + \frac{3b^{10}x^{10/3}}{11} + 20a^7b^3x + \frac{5ab^9x^3}{2} + \frac{3a^9bx^{1/3}}{2} + 42a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{2/3}}{19} + \frac{630a^6b^4x^{4/3}}{17} + \frac{189a^5b^5x^{5/3}}{4} + \frac{180a^3b^7x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{8/3}}{13}}{x^7}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^8,x)
```

output

```
-(a^10/7 + (3*b^10*x^(10/3))/11 + 20*a^7*b^3*x + (5*a*b^9*x^3)/2 + (3*a^9*b*x^(1/3))/2 + 42*a^4*b^6*x^2 + (135*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3))/19 + (630*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3))/17 + (189*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3))/4 + (180*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3))/7 + (135*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3))/13)/x^7
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-184756x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{10} - 25865840x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^7b^3 - 54318264x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^4b^6 - 3233230x^{\frac{11}{3}}ab^9 - 9189180x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^8b^2 - 61108047x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^5b^5 - 13430340x^{\frac{10}{3}}a^2b^8 - 1939938a^9bx - 47927880a^6b^4x^2 - 33256080a^3b^7x^3 - 352716b^{10}x^4}{(1293292x^{\frac{2}{3}})^7}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^8,x)
```

output

```
( - 184756*x**(2/3)*a**10 - 25865840*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**3*x - 54318264*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**6*x**2 - 3233230*x**(2/3)*a*b**9*x**3 - 9189180*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**2*x - 61108047*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**5*x**2 - 13430340*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**8*x**3 - 1939938*a**9*b*x - 47927880*a**6*b**4*x**2 - 33256080*a**3*b**7*x**3 - 352716*b**10*x**4)/(1293292*x**(2/3)*x**7)
```

**3.228**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx$

Optimal result	1675
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1675
Rubi [A] (verified)	1676
Maple [A] (verified)	1677
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1678
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1678
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1679
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1679
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1680
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1680

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 144

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{30a^9b}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{22x^{22/3}} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{7x^7} - \frac{63a^6b^4}{2x^{20/3}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{x^6} - \frac{360a^3b^7}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{2ab^9}{x^5} - \frac{3b^{10}}{14x^{14/3}}$$

```
output -1/8*a^10/x^8-30/23*a^9*b/x^(23/3)-135/22*a^8*b^2/x^(22/3)-120/7*a^7*b^3/x
^7-63/2*a^6*b^4/x^(20/3)-756/19*a^5*b^5/x^(19/3)-35*a^4*b^6/x^6-360/17*a^3
*b^7/x^(17/3)-135/16*a^2*b^8/x^(16/3)-2*a*b^9/x^5-3/14*b^10/x^(14/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-1144066a^{10} - 11938080a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} - 56163240a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 156900480a^7b^3x - 288304632a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 364174}{9}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^9,x]
```



output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1144066*a^{10} - 11938080*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} - 56163240*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 15690 \\ & 0480*a^7*b^3*x - 288304632*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 364174272*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} - 3 \\ & 20338480*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 193818240*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 77224455*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)} \\ & ) - 18305056*a*b^9*x^3 - 1961256*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/(9152528*x^8) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{25/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{25/3}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^8} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{23/3}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^{22/3}} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^7} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^{20/3}} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^{19/3}} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x^6} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{x^{17/3}} + \frac{10b^9a}{x^{16/3}} + \frac{b^{10}}{x^5} \right) \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{24x^8} - \frac{10a^9b}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{45a^8b^2}{22x^{22/3}} - \frac{40a^7b^3}{7x^7} - \frac{21a^6b^4}{2x^{20/3}} - \frac{252a^5b^5}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{3x^6} - \frac{120a^3b^7}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{2ab^9}{3x^5} - \frac{b^{10}}{14x^{14/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^{10}/x^9, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3*(-1/24*a^{10}/x^8 - (10*a^9*b)/(23*x^{(23/3)}) - (45*a^8*b^2)/(22*x^{(22/3)}) \\ & - (40*a^7*b^3)/(7*x^7) - (21*a^6*b^4)/(2*x^{(20/3)}) - (252*a^5*b^5)/(19*x^{(19/3)}) \\ & - (35*a^4*b^6)/(3*x^6) - (120*a^3*b^7)/(17*x^{(17/3)}) - (45*a^2*b^8)/(16*x^{(16/3)}) \\ & - (2*a*b^9)/(3*x^5) - b^{10}/(14*x^{(14/3)})) \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 4.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{30a^9b}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{22x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{7x^7} - \frac{63a^6b^4}{2x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{x^6} - \frac{360a^3b^7}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{2ab^9}{x^5}$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{30a^9b}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{22x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{7x^7} - \frac{63a^6b^4}{2x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{x^6} - \frac{360a^3b^7}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{2ab^9}{x^5}$
trager	$(-1+x)(7a^9x^7+960a^6b^3x^7+1960a^3b^6x^7+112b^9x^7+7a^9x^6+960a^6b^3x^6+1960x^6a^3b^6+112b^9x^6+7a^9x^5+960a^6b^3x^5+$
oring	$-\frac{(66846142b^{24}x^8+460892124a^3b^{21}x^7+1463394780a^6b^{18}x^6+2729238987a^9b^{15}x^5+3235741676a^{12}b^{12}x^4+24831702$ $91525280x^8(b^3x+a^3)^8$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/8*a^10/x^8-30/23*a^9*b/x^(23/3)-135/22*a^8*b^2/x^(22/3)-120/7*a^7*b^3/x
^7-63/2*a^6*b^4/x^(20/3)-756/19*a^5*b^5/x^(19/3)-35*a^4*b^6/x^6-360/17*a^3
*b^7/x^(17/3)-135/16*a^2*b^8/x^(16/3)-2*a*b^9/x^5-3/14*b^10/x^(14/3)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{18305056 ab^9 x^3 + 320338480 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 156900480 a^7 b^3 x + 1144066 a^{10} + 73899 (1045 a^2 b^8 x^2 + 4928 a^5 b^5 x + 760 a^8 b^2) x^{2/3} + 5016 (391 b^{10} x^3 + 38640 a^3 b^7 x^2 + 57477 a^6 b^4 x + 2380 a^9 b) x^{1/3}}{9152528 x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/9152528*(18305056*a*b^9*x^3 + 320338480*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 156900480*a^7*b^3*x + 1144066*a^10 + 73899*(1045*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 4928*a^5*b^5*x + 760*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 5016*(391*b^10*x^3 + 38640*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 57477*a^6*b^4*x + 2380*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/x^8`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{8x^8} - \frac{30a^9b}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{135a^8b^2}{22x^{22/3}} - \frac{120a^7b^3}{7x^7} - \frac{63a^6b^4}{2x^{20/3}} - \frac{756a^5b^5}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{35a^4b^6}{x^6} - \frac{360a^3b^7}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{2ab^9}{x^5} - \frac{3b^{10}}{14x^{14/3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x**9,x)`output `-a**10/(8*x**8) - 30*a**9*b/(23*x**(23/3)) - 135*a**8*b**2/(22*x**(22/3)) - 120*a**7*b**3/(7*x**7) - 63*a**6*b**4/(2*x**(20/3)) - 756*a**5*b**5/(19*x**(19/3)) - 35*a**4*b**6/x**6 - 360*a**3*b**7/(17*x**(17/3)) - 135*a**2*b**8/(16*x**(16/3)) - 2*a*b**9/x**5 - 3*b**10/(14*x**(14/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx =$$

$$\frac{1961256 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 18305056 ab^9 x^3 + 77224455 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 193818240 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 320338480 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 364174272 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 288304632 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 156900480 a^7 b^3 x + 56163240 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 11938080 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1144066 a^{10}}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9152528*(1961256*b^10*x^(10/3) + 18305056*a*b^9*x^3 + 77224455*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 193818240*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 320338480*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 364174272*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 288304632*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 156900480*a^7*b^3*x + 56163240*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 11938080*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 1144066*a^10)/x^8`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx =$$

$$\frac{1961256 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 18305056 ab^9 x^3 + 77224455 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 193818240 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 320338480 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 364174272 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 288304632 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 156900480 a^7 b^3 x + 56163240 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 11938080 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1144066 a^{10}}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/9152528*(1961256*b^10*x^(10/3) + 18305056*a*b^9*x^3 + 77224455*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 193818240*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 320338480*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 364174272*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 288304632*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 156900480*a^7*b^3*x + 56163240*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 11938080*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 1144066*a^10)/x^8`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{8} + \frac{3b^{10}x^{10/3}}{14} + \frac{120a^7b^3x}{7} + 2ab^9x^3 + \frac{30a^9bx^{1/3}}{23} + 35a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{135a^8b^2x^{2/3}}{22} + \frac{63a^6b^4x^{4/3}}{2} + \frac{756a^5b^5x^{5/3}}{19}}{x^8}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^9,x)`output 
$$\frac{-(a^{10}/8 + (3*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/14 + (120*a^7*b^3*x)/7 + 2*a*b^9*x^3 + (30*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)})/23 + 35*a^4*b^6*x^2 + (135*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/22 + (63*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)})/2 + (756*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)})/19 + (360*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)})/17 + (135*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)})/16)/x^8}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^9} dx = \frac{-1144066x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{10} - 156900480x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^7b^3 - 320338480x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^4b^6 - 18305056x^{\frac{11}{3}}ab^9 - 56163240x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^8b^2 - 364174272x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^5b^5x^2 - 77224455x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2b^8x^3 - 11938080a^9bx - 288304632a^6b^4x^2 - 193818240a^3b^7x^3 - 1961256b^{10}x^4)/(9152528x^{\frac{2}{3}}x^8)}{9152528x^{\frac{2}{3}}x^8}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^9,x)`output 
$$\frac{(-1144066*x^{(2/3)}*a^{10} - 156900480*x^{(2/3)}*a^7*b^3*x - 320338480*x^{(2/3)}*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 18305056*x^{(2/3)}*a*b^9*x^3 - 56163240*x^{(1/3)}*a^8*b^2*x - 364174272*x^{(1/3)}*a^5*b^5*x^2 - 77224455*x^{(1/3)}*a^2*b^8*x^3 - 11938080*a^9*b*x - 288304632*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 193818240*a^3*b^7*x^3 - 1961256*b^{10}*x^4)/(9152528*x^{(2/3)}*x^8)}$$

**3.229** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1681
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1681
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1682
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1683
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1684
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1684
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1685
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1685
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1686
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1686

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{9x^9} - \frac{15a^9b}{13x^{26/3}} - \frac{27a^8b^2}{5x^{25/3}} - \frac{15a^7b^3}{x^8} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{378a^5b^5}{11x^{22/3}} - \frac{30a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{18a^3b^7}{x^{20/3}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{5ab^9}{3x^6} - \frac{3b^{10}}{17x^{17/3}}$$

output `-1/9*a^10/x^9-15/13*a^9*b/x^(26/3)-27/5*a^8*b^2/x^(25/3)-15*a^7*b^3/x^8-630/23*a^6*b^4/x^(23/3)-378/11*a^5*b^5/x^(22/3)-30*a^4*b^6/x^7-18*a^3*b^7/x^(20/3)-135/19*a^2*b^8/x^(19/3)-5/3*a*b^9/x^6-3/17*b^10/x^(17/3)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = -5311735a^{10} - 55160325a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} - 258150321a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 717084225a^7b^3x - 1309458150a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 1642$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^10,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-5311735*a^{10} - 55160325*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} - 258150321*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 7170 \\ & 84225*a^7*b^3*x - 1309458150*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 1642774770*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} \\ & - 1434168450*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 860501070*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 339671475*a^2*b^8*x \\ & ^{(8/3)} - 79676025*a*b^9*x^3 - 8436285*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/(47805615*x^9) \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{28/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^{10}}{x^{28/3}} + \frac{10ba^9}{x^9} + \frac{45b^2a^8}{x^{26/3}} + \frac{120b^3a^7}{x^{25/3}} + \frac{210b^4a^6}{x^8} + \frac{252b^5a^5}{x^{23/3}} + \frac{210b^6a^4}{x^{22/3}} + \frac{120b^7a^3}{x^7} + \frac{45b^8a^2}{x^{20/3}} + \frac{10b^9a}{x^{19/3}} + \frac{b^{10}}{x^6} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^{10}}{27x^9} - \frac{5a^9b}{13x^{26/3}} - \frac{9a^8b^2}{5x^{25/3}} - \frac{5a^7b^3}{x^8} - \frac{210a^6b^4}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{126a^5b^5}{11x^{22/3}} - \frac{10a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{6a^3b^7}{x^{20/3}} - \frac{45a^2b^8}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{5ab^9}{9x^6} - \frac{b^{10}}{17x^{17/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^10,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 3*(-1/27*a^{10}/x^9 - (5*a^9*b)/(13*x^{(26/3)}) - (9*a^8*b^2)/(5*x^{(25/3)}) - ( \\ & 5*a^7*b^3)/x^8 - (210*a^6*b^4)/(23*x^{(23/3)}) - (126*a^5*b^5)/(11*x^{(22/3)}) \\ & - (10*a^4*b^6)/x^7 - (6*a^3*b^7)/x^{(20/3)} - (45*a^2*b^8)/(19*x^{(19/3)}) - \\ & (5*a*b^9)/(9*x^6) - b^{10}/(17*x^{(17/3)})) \end{aligned}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{10}}{9x^9} - \frac{15a^9b}{13x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{27a^8b^2}{5x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{15a^7b^3}{x^8} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{378a^5b^5}{11x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{30a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{18a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{5ab^9}{3x^6} -$
default	$-\frac{a^{10}}{9x^9} - \frac{15a^9b}{13x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{27a^8b^2}{5x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{15a^7b^3}{x^8} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{378a^5b^5}{11x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{30a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{18a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{5ab^9}{3x^6} -$
trager	$(-1+x)(a^9x^8+135a^6b^3x^8+270a^3b^6x^8+15b^9x^8+a^9x^7+135a^6b^3x^7+270a^3b^6x^7+15b^9x^7+a^9x^6+135a^6b^3x^6+270x^6a^3b^3+15b^9x^6+a^9x^5+135a^6b^3x^5+270a^3b^6x^5+15b^9x^5+a^9x^4+135a^6b^3x^4+270x^4a^3b^3+15b^9x^4+a^9x^3+135a^6b^3x^3+270x^3a^3b^3+15b^9x^3+a^9x^2+135a^6b^3x^2+270x^2a^3b^3+15b^9x^2+a^9x+135a^6b^3x+270xa^3b^3+15b^9x+a^9)$
oring	$-\frac{(28170285b^{24}x^8+201600750a^3b^{21}x^7+651592968a^6b^{18}x^6+1227009280a^9b^{15}x^5+1462848590a^{12}b^{12}x^4+1126340500a^{15}b^9x^3+47805615x^9(b^3x+a^3)^8)}{47805615x^9(b^3x+a^3)^8}$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/9*a^10/x^9-15/13*a^9*b/x^(26/3)-27/5*a^8*b^2/x^(25/3)-15*a^7*b^3/x^8-63
0/23*a^6*b^4/x^(23/3)-378/11*a^5*b^5/x^(22/3)-30*a^4*b^6/x^7-18*a^3*b^7/x^
(20/3)-135/19*a^2*b^8/x^(19/3)-5/3*a*b^9/x^6-3/17*b^10/x^(17/3)
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{79676025 ab^9 x^3 + 1434168450 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 717084225 a^7 b^3 x + 5311735 a^{10} + 1235169 (275 a^2 b^8 x^2 + 1330 a^5 b^5 x + 209 a^8 b^2) x^{2/3} + 28215 (299 b^{10} x^3 + 30498 a^3 b^7 x^2 + 46410 a^6 b^4 x + 1955 a^9 b) x^{1/3}}{47805615 x^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/47805615*(79676025*a*b^9*x^3 + 1434168450*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 717084225*a^7*b^3*x + 5311735*a^10 + 1235169*(275*a^2*b^8*x^2 + 1330*a^5*b^5*x + 209*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 28215*(299*b^10*x^3 + 30498*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 46410*a^6*b^4*x + 1955*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/x^9`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^{10}}{9x^9} - \frac{15a^9b}{13x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{27a^8b^2}{5x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{15a^7b^3}{x^8} - \frac{630a^6b^4}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{378a^5b^5}{11x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{30a^4b^6}{x^7} - \frac{18a^3b^7}{x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{135a^2b^8}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{5ab^9}{3x^6} - \frac{3b^{10}}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**10/x**10,x)`output `-a**10/(9*x**9) - 15*a**9*b/(13*x**(26/3)) - 27*a**8*b**2/(5*x**(25/3)) - 15*a**7*b**3/x**8 - 630*a**6*b**4/(23*x**(23/3)) - 378*a**5*b**5/(11*x**(22/3)) - 30*a**4*b**6/x**7 - 18*a**3*b**7/x**(20/3) - 135*a**2*b**8/(19*x**(19/3)) - 5*a*b**9/(3*x**6) - 3*b**10/(17*x**(17/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8436285 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 79676025 ab^9 x^3 + 339671475 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 860501070 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 1434168450 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 1642774770 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 1309458150 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 717084225 a^7 b^3 x + 258150321 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 55160325 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 5311735 a^{10}}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/47805615*(8436285*b^10*x^(10/3) + 79676025*a*b^9*x^3 + 339671475*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 860501070*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 1434168450*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 1642774770*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 1309458150*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 717084225*a^7*b^3*x + 258150321*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 55160325*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 5311735*a^10)/x^9`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx =$$

$$\frac{8436285 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 79676025 ab^9 x^3 + 339671475 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 860501070 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 1434168450 a^4 b^6 x^2 + 1642774770 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 1309458150 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 717084225 a^7 b^3 x + 258150321 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 55160325 a^9 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 5311735 a^{10}}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/47805615*(8436285*b^10*x^(10/3) + 79676025*a*b^9*x^3 + 339671475*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 860501070*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 1434168450*a^4*b^6*x^2 + 1642774770*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 1309458150*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) + 717084225*a^7*b^3*x + 258150321*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) + 55160325*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 5311735*a^10)/x^9`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{\frac{a^{10}}{9} + \frac{3b^{10}x^{10/3}}{17} + 15a^7b^3x + \frac{5ab^9x^3}{3} + \frac{15a^9bx^{1/3}}{13} + 30a^4b^6x^2 + \frac{27a^8b^2x^{2/3}}{5} + \frac{630a^6b^4x^{4/3}}{23} + \frac{378a^5b^5x^{5/3}}{11} + \frac{18a^3b^7x^{7/3}}{19} + \frac{135a^2b^8x^{8/3}}{19}}{x^9}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^10/x^10,x)`output 
$$\frac{-(a^{10}/9 + (3*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/17 + 15*a^7*b^3*x + (5*a*b^9*x^3)/3 + (15*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)})/13 + 30*a^4*b^6*x^2 + (27*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/5 + (630*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)})/23 + (378*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)})/11 + 18*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + (135*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)})/19)/x^9}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{10}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-5311735x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{10} - 717084225x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^7b^3 - 1434168450x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^4b^6 - 79676025x^{\frac{11}{3}}ab^9 - 258150321x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^8b^2 - 1642774770x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^5b^5x^{**2} - 339671475x^{**1/3}a^8b^2x^{**3} - 55160325a^9bx - 1309458150a^6b^4x^{**2} - 860501070a^3b^7x^{**3} - 8436285b^{10}x^{**4}}{(47805615x^{**2/3})x^{**9}}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^10/x^10,x)`output 
$$\frac{(-5311735*x^{**2/3}*a^{**10} - 717084225*x^{**2/3}*a^{**7}*b^{**3}*x - 1434168450*x^{**2/3}*a^{**4}*b^{**6}*x^{**2} - 79676025*x^{**2/3}*a*b^{**9}*x^{**3} - 258150321*x^{**1/3}*a^{**8}*b^{**2}*x - 1642774770*x^{**1/3}*a^{**5}*b^{**5}*x^{**2} - 339671475*x^{**1/3}*a^{**2}*b^{**8}*x^{**3} - 55160325*a^{**9}*b*x - 1309458150*a^{**6}*b^{**4}*x^{**2} - 860501070*a^{**3}*b^{**7}*x^{**3} - 8436285*b^{**10}*x^{**4})/(47805615*x^{**2/3}*x^{**9})$$

### 3.230 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1687
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1688
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1688
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1690
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1690
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1691
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1692
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1693
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1693
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1694

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx = \frac{a^{15}x^6}{6} + \frac{45}{19}a^{14}bx^{19/3} + \frac{63}{4}a^{13}b^2x^{20/3} + 65a^{12}b^3x^7 + \frac{4095}{22}a^{11}b^4x^{22/3} \\ + \frac{9009}{23}a^{10}b^5x^{23/3} + \frac{5005}{8}a^9b^6x^8 + \frac{3861}{5}a^8b^7x^{25/3} + \frac{1485}{2}a^7b^8x^{26/3} \\ + \frac{5005}{9}a^6b^9x^9 + \frac{1287}{4}a^5b^{10}x^{28/3} + \frac{4095}{29}a^4b^{11}x^{29/3} \\ + \frac{91}{2}a^3b^{12}x^{10} + \frac{315}{31}a^2b^{13}x^{31/3} + \frac{45}{32}ab^{14}x^{32/3} + \frac{b^{15}x^{11}}{11}$$

output

```
1/6*a^15*x^6+45/19*a^14*b*x^(19/3)+63/4*a^13*b^2*x^(20/3)+65*a^12*b^3*x^7+
4095/22*a^11*b^4*x^(22/3)+9009/23*a^10*b^5*x^(23/3)+5005/8*a^9*b^6*x^8+386
1/5*a^8*b^7*x^(25/3)+1485/2*a^7*b^8*x^(26/3)+5005/9*a^6*b^9*x^9+1287/4*a^5
*b^10*x^(28/3)+4095/29*a^4*b^11*x^(29/3)+91/2*a^3*b^12*x^10+315/31*a^2*b^1
3*x^(31/3)+45/32*a*b^14*x^(32/3)+1/11*b^15*x^11
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{1037158320a^{15}x^6 + 14738565600a^{14}bx^{19/3} + 98011461240a^{13}b^2x^{20/3} + 404491744800a^{12}b^3x^7 + 1158317269200a^{11}b^4x^{22/3} + 2437502427360a^{10}b^5x^{23/3} + 3893233043700a^9b^6x^8 + 4805361928224a^8b^7x^{25/3} + 4620540315600a^7b^8x^{26/3} + 3460651594400a^6b^9x^9 + 2002234136760a^5b^{10}x^{28/3} + 878723445600a^4b^{11}x^{29/3} + 283144221360a^3b^{12}x^{10} + 63233200800a^2b^{13}x^{31/3} + 8751023325a^1b^{14}x^{32/3} + 565722720b^{15}x^{11}}{6222949920}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x^5,x]`

output  $(1037158320*a^{15}*x^6 + 14738565600*a^{14}*b*x^{(19/3)} + 98011461240*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(20/3)} + 404491744800*a^{12}*b^3*x^7 + 1158317269200*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(22/3)} + 2437502427360*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(23/3)} + 3893233043700*a^9*b^6*x^8 + 4805361928224*a^8*b^7*x^{(25/3)} + 4620540315600*a^7*b^8*x^{(26/3)} + 3460651594400*a^6*b^9*x^9 + 2002234136760*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(28/3)} + 878723445600*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(29/3)} + 283144221360*a^3*b^{12}*x^{10} + 63233200800*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(31/3)} + 8751023325*a^1*b^{14}*x^{(32/3)} + 565722720*b^{15}*x^{11})/6222949920$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^5 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^{17/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( x^{17/3} a^{15} + 15bx^6 a^{14} + 105b^2 x^{19/3} a^{13} + 455b^3 x^{20/3} a^{12} + 1365b^4 x^7 a^{11} + 3003b^5 x^{22/3} a^{10} + 5005b^6 x^{23/3} a^9 + \dots \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{a^{15}x^6}{18} + \frac{15}{19}a^{14}bx^{19/3} + \frac{21}{4}a^{13}b^2x^{20/3} + \frac{65}{3}a^{12}b^3x^7 + \frac{1365}{22}a^{11}b^4x^{22/3} + \frac{3003}{23}a^{10}b^5x^{23/3} + \frac{5005}{24}a^9b^6x^8 + \frac{1287}{5}a^8b^7x^9 + \frac{495}{2}a^7b^8x^{26/3} + \frac{5005}{27}a^6b^9x^9 + \frac{429}{4}a^5b^{10}x^{28/3} + \frac{1365}{29}a^4b^{11}x^{29/3} + \frac{91}{6}a^3b^{12}x^{10} + \frac{105}{31}a^2b^{13}x^{31/3} + \frac{15}{32}ab^{14}x^{32/3} + \frac{b^{15}x^{11}}{33} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x^5,x]`

output `3*((a^15*x^6)/18 + (15*a^14*b*x^(19/3))/19 + (21*a^13*b^2*x^(20/3))/4 + (65*a^12*b^3*x^7)/3 + (1365*a^11*b^4*x^(22/3))/22 + (3003*a^10*b^5*x^(23/3))/23 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^8)/24 + (1287*a^8*b^7*x^(25/3))/5 + (495*a^7*b^8*x^(26/3))/2 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^9)/27 + (429*a^5*b^10*x^(28/3))/4 + (1365*a^4*b^11*x^(29/3))/29 + (91*a^3*b^12*x^10)/6 + (105*a^2*b^13*x^(31/3))/31 + (15*a*b^14*x^(32/3))/32 + (b^15*x^11)/33)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 25.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^{15}x^6}{6} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{63a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{4} + 65a^{12}b^3x^7 + \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{22} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{23}{3}}}{23} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^8}{8} + 386\frac{1}{5}a^8b^7x^{\frac{25}{3}} + \frac{1485}{2}a^7b^8x^{\frac{26}{3}} + \frac{5005}{9}a^6b^9x^9 + \frac{1287}{4}a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{28}{3}} + \frac{4095}{29}a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{29}{3}} + \frac{91}{2}a^3b^{12}x^{10} + \frac{315}{31}a^2b^{13}x^{11} + \frac{45}{32}ab^{14}x^{\frac{32}{3}} + \frac{1}{11}b^{15}x^{11}$
default	$\frac{a^{15}x^6}{6} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{63a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{4} + 65a^{12}b^3x^7 + \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{22} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{23}{3}}}{23} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^8}{8} + 386\frac{1}{5}a^8b^7x^{\frac{25}{3}} + \frac{1485}{2}a^7b^8x^{\frac{26}{3}} + \frac{5005}{9}a^6b^9x^9 + \frac{1287}{4}a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{28}{3}} + \frac{4095}{29}a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{29}{3}} + \frac{91}{2}a^3b^{12}x^{10} + \frac{315}{31}a^2b^{13}x^{11} + \frac{45}{32}ab^{14}x^{\frac{32}{3}} + \frac{1}{11}b^{15}x^{11}$
trager	$(72b^{15}x^{10} + 36036a^3b^{12}x^9 + 72x^9b^{15} + 440440a^6b^9x^8 + 36036x^8b^{12}a^3 + 72x^8b^{15} + 495495a^9b^6x^7 + 440440b^9x^7a^6 + 36036a^{12}b^3x^7 + 4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{22}{3}} + 9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{23}{3}} + 5005a^9b^6x^8 + 386\frac{1}{5}a^8b^7x^{\frac{25}{3}} + 1485\frac{1}{2}a^7b^8x^{\frac{26}{3}} + 5005\frac{1}{9}a^6b^9x^9 + 1287\frac{1}{4}a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{28}{3}} + 4095\frac{1}{29}a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{29}{3}} + 91\frac{1}{2}a^3b^{12}x^{10} + 315\frac{1}{31}a^2b^{13}x^{11} + 45\frac{1}{32}ab^{14}x^{\frac{32}{3}} + \frac{1}{11}b^{15}x^{11})$
orering	$(-55728250200b^{57}x^{19} - 731345381325a^3b^{54}x^{18} - 4435050755905a^6b^{51}x^{17} - 16459729168610a^9b^{48}x^{16} - 4172358205a^{12}b^{45}x^{15} - 36036a^{15}b^{42}x^{14} - 36036a^{18}b^{39}x^{13} - 36036a^{21}b^{36}x^{12} - 36036a^{24}b^{33}x^{11} - 36036a^{27}b^{30}x^{10} - 36036a^{30}b^{27}x^9 - 36036a^{33}b^{24}x^8 - 36036a^{36}b^{21}x^7 - 36036a^{39}b^{18}x^6 - 36036a^{42}b^{15}x^5 - 36036a^{45}b^{12}x^4 - 36036a^{48}b^9x^3 - 36036a^{51}b^6x^2 - 36036a^{54}b^3x - 36036a^{57}b^0x^0)$

```
input int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/6*a^15*x^6+45/19*a^14*b*x^(19/3)+63/4*a^13*b^2*x^(20/3)+65*a^12*b^3*x^7+
4095/22*a^11*b^4*x^(22/3)+9009/23*a^10*b^5*x^(23/3)+5005/8*a^9*b^6*x^8+386
1/5*a^8*b^7*x^(25/3)+1485/2*a^7*b^8*x^(26/3)+5005/9*a^6*b^9*x^9+1287/4*a^5
*b^10*x^(28/3)+4095/29*a^4*b^11*x^(29/3)+91/2*a^3*b^12*x^10+315/31*a^2*b^1
3*x^(31/3)+45/32*a*b^14*x^(32/3)+1/11*b^15*x^11
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{11} b^{15} x^{11} + \frac{91}{2} a^3 b^{12} x^{10} + \frac{5005}{9} a^6 b^9 x^9 + \frac{5005}{8} a^9 b^6 x^8 + 65 a^{12} b^3 x^7 + \frac{1}{6} a^{15} x^6$$

$$+ \frac{9}{21344} (3335 ab^{14} x^{10} + 334880 a^4 b^{11} x^9 + 1760880 a^7 b^8 x^8 + 928928 a^{10} b^5 x^7 + 37352 a^{13} b^2 x^6) x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{9}{129580} (146300 a^2 b^{13} x^{10} + 4632485 a^5 b^{10} x^9 + 11117964 a^8 b^7 x^8 + 2679950 a^{11} b^4 x^7 + 34100 a^{14} b x^6) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/11*b^15*x^11 + 91/2*a^3*b^12*x^10 + 5005/9*a^6*b^9*x^9 + 5005/8*a^9*b^6*
x^8 + 65*a^12*b^3*x^7 + 1/6*a^15*x^6 + 9/21344*(3335*a*b^14*x^10 + 334880*
a^4*b^11*x^9 + 1760880*a^7*b^8*x^8 + 928928*a^10*b^5*x^7 + 37352*a^13*b^2*
x^6)*x^(2/3) + 9/129580*(146300*a^2*b^13*x^10 + 4632485*a^5*b^10*x^9 + 111
17964*a^8*b^7*x^8 + 2679950*a^11*b^4*x^7 + 34100*a^14*b*x^6)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx = \frac{a^{15}x^6}{6} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{63a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{4} + 65a^{12}b^3x^7 + \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{22}$$

$$+ \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{23}{3}}}{23} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^8}{8} + \frac{3861a^8b^7x^{\frac{25}{3}}}{5} + \frac{1485a^7b^8x^{\frac{26}{3}}}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{5005a^6b^9x^9}{9} + \frac{1287a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{28}{3}}}{4} + \frac{4095a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{29}{3}}}{29}$$

$$+ \frac{91a^3b^{12}x^{10}}{2} + \frac{315a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{31}{3}}}{31} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{\frac{32}{3}}}{32} + \frac{b^{15}x^{11}}{11}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15*x**5,x)
```

output

```
a**15*x**6/6 + 45*a**14*b*x**(19/3)/19 + 63*a**13*b**2*x**(20/3)/4 + 65*a*
*12*b**3*x**7 + 4095*a**11*b**4*x**(22/3)/22 + 9009*a**10*b**5*x**(23/3)/2
3 + 5005*a**9*b**6*x**8/8 + 3861*a**8*b**7*x**(25/3)/5 + 1485*a**7*b**8*x*
*(26/3)/2 + 5005*a**6*b**9*x**9/9 + 1287*a**5*b**10*x**(28/3)/4 + 4095*a**
4*b**11*x**(29/3)/29 + 91*a**3*b**12*x**10/2 + 315*a**2*b**13*x**(31/3)/31
+ 45*a*b**14*x**(32/3)/32 + b**15*x**11/11
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx = \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{33}}{11b^{18}} - \frac{51(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{32}a}{32b^{18}} + \frac{408(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{31}a^2}{31b^{18}} - \frac{68(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{30}a^3}{b^{18}} + \frac{7140(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{29}a^4}{29b^{18}} - \frac{663(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{28}a^5}{b^{18}} + \frac{12376(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{27}a^6}{9b^{18}} - \frac{2244(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{26}a^7}{b^{18}} + \frac{14586(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{25}a^8}{5b^{18}} - \frac{12155(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{24}a^9}{4b^{18}} + \frac{58344(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{23}a^{10}}{23b^{18}} - \frac{18564(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{22}a^{11}}{11b^{18}} + \frac{884(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{21}a^{12}}{b^{18}} - \frac{357(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{20}a^{13}}{b^{18}} + \frac{2040(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{19}a^{14}}{19b^{18}} - \frac{68(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18}a^{15}}{3b^{18}} + \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17}a^{16}}{b^{18}} - \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16}a^{17}}{16b^{18}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^33/b^18 - 51/32*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^32*a/b^18 + 408/31*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^31*a^2/b^18 - 68*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^30*a^3/b^18 + 7140/29*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^29*a^4/b^18 - 663*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^28*a^5/b^18 + 12376/9*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^27*a^6/b^18 - 2244*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^26*a^7/b^18 + 14586/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^25*a^8/b^18 - 12155/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^24*a^9/b^18 + 58344/23*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^23*a^10/b^18 - 18564/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^22*a^11/b^18 + 884*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^21*a^12/b^18 - 357*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^20*a^13/b^18 + 2040/19*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^19*a^14/b^18 - 68/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^18*a^15/b^18 + 3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17*a^16/b^18 - 3/16*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16*a^17/b^18`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx = \frac{1}{11} b^{15} x^{11} + \frac{45}{32} a b^{14} x^{\frac{32}{3}} + \frac{315}{31} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{31}{3}} + \frac{91}{2} a^3 b^{12} x^{10} \\ + \frac{4095}{29} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{29}{3}} + \frac{1287}{4} a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{28}{3}} + \frac{5005}{9} a^6 b^9 x^9 + \frac{1485}{2} a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{26}{3}} \\ + \frac{3861}{5} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{25}{3}} + \frac{5005}{8} a^9 b^6 x^8 + \frac{9009}{23} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{23}{3}} + \frac{4095}{22} a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{22}{3}} \\ + 65 a^{12} b^3 x^7 + \frac{63}{4} a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{20}{3}} + \frac{45}{19} a^{14} b x^{\frac{19}{3}} + \frac{1}{6} a^{15} x^6$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/11*b^15*x^11 + 45/32*a*b^14*x^(32/3) + 315/31*a^2*b^13*x^(31/3) + 91/2*a^3*b^12*x^10 + 4095/29*a^4*b^11*x^(29/3) + 1287/4*a^5*b^10*x^(28/3) + 5005/9*a^6*b^9*x^9 + 1485/2*a^7*b^8*x^(26/3) + 3861/5*a^8*b^7*x^(25/3) + 5005/8*a^9*b^6*x^8 + 9009/23*a^10*b^5*x^(23/3) + 4095/22*a^11*b^4*x^(22/3) + 65*a^12*b^3*x^7 + 63/4*a^13*b^2*x^(20/3) + 45/19*a^14*b*x^(19/3) + 1/6*a^15*x^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx = \frac{a^{15} x^6}{6} + \frac{b^{15} x^{11}}{11} + \frac{45 a^{14} b x^{19/3}}{19} + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{32/3}}{32} \\ + 65 a^{12} b^3 x^7 + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^8}{8} + \frac{5005 a^6 b^9 x^9}{9} \\ + \frac{91 a^3 b^{12} x^{10}}{2} + \frac{63 a^{13} b^2 x^{20/3}}{4} + \frac{4095 a^{11} b^4 x^{22/3}}{22} \\ + \frac{9009 a^{10} b^5 x^{23/3}}{23} + \frac{3861 a^8 b^7 x^{25/3}}{5} + \frac{1485 a^7 b^8 x^{26/3}}{2} \\ + \frac{1287 a^5 b^{10} x^{28/3}}{4} + \frac{4095 a^4 b^{11} x^{29/3}}{29} + \frac{315 a^2 b^{13} x^{31/3}}{31}$$

input `int(x^5*(a + b*x^(1/3))^15,x)`

output

```
(a^15*x^6)/6 + (b^15*x^11)/11 + (45*a^14*b*x^(19/3))/19 + (45*a*b^14*x^(32/3))/32 + 65*a^12*b^3*x^7 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^8)/8 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^9)/9 + (91*a^3*b^12*x^10)/2 + (63*a^13*b^2*x^(20/3))/4 + (4095*a^11*b^4*x^(22/3))/22 + (9009*a^10*b^5*x^(23/3))/23 + (3861*a^8*b^7*x^(25/3))/5 + (1485*a^7*b^8*x^(26/3))/2 + (1287*a^5*b^10*x^(28/3))/4 + (4095*a^4*b^11*x^(29/3))/29 + (315*a^2*b^13*x^(31/3))/31
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^6 \left( 98011461240x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{13}b^2 + 2437502427360x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{10}b^5 + 4620540315600x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^7b^8 + 878723445600x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^4b^{11} + \dots \right)}{6222949920}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^5,x)
```

output

```
(x**6*(98011461240*x**(2/3)*a**13*b**2 + 2437502427360*x**(2/3)*a**10*b**5*x + 4620540315600*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**8*x**2 + 878723445600*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 8751023325*x**(2/3)*a*b**14*x**4 + 14738565600*x**(1/3)*a**14*b + 1158317269200*x**(1/3)*a**11*b**4*x + 4805361928224*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**7*x**2 + 2002234136760*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**10*x**3 + 63233200800*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**13*x**4 + 1037158320*a**15 + 404491744800*a**12*b**3*x + 3893233043700*a**9*b**6*x**2 + 3460651594400*a**6*b**9*x**3 + 283144221360*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 565722720*b**15*x**5))/6222949920
```

### 3.231 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx$

Optimal result	1695
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1696
Rubi [A] (verified)	1696
Maple [A] (verified)	1698
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1698
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1699
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1700
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1701
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1701
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1702

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{15}x^5}{5} + \frac{45}{16}a^{14}bx^{16/3} + \frac{315}{17}a^{13}b^2x^{17/3} + \frac{455}{6}a^{12}b^3x^6$$

$$+ \frac{4095}{19}a^{11}b^4x^{19/3} + \frac{9009}{20}a^{10}b^5x^{20/3} + 715a^9b^6x^7 + \frac{1755}{2}a^8b^7x^{22/3}$$

$$+ \frac{19305}{23}a^7b^8x^{23/3} + \frac{5005}{8}a^6b^9x^8 + \frac{9009}{25}a^5b^{10}x^{25/3} + \frac{315}{2}a^4b^{11}x^{26/3}$$

$$+ \frac{455}{9}a^3b^{12}x^9 + \frac{45}{4}a^2b^{13}x^{28/3} + \frac{45}{29}ab^{14}x^{29/3} + \frac{b^{15}x^{10}}{10}$$

output

```
1/5*a^15*x^5+45/16*a^14*b*x^(16/3)+315/17*a^13*b^2*x^(17/3)+455/6*a^12*b^3
*x^6+4095/19*a^11*b^4*x^(19/3)+9009/20*a^10*b^5*x^(20/3)+715*a^9*b^6*x^7+1
755/2*a^8*b^7*x^(22/3)+19305/23*a^7*b^8*x^(23/3)+5005/8*a^6*b^9*x^8+9009/2
5*a^5*b^10*x^(25/3)+315/2*a^4*b^11*x^(26/3)+455/9*a^3*b^12*x^9+45/4*a^2*b^
13*x^(28/3)+45/29*a*b^14*x^(29/3)+1/10*b^15*x^10
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{155117520a^{15}x^5 + 2181340125a^{14}bx^{16/3} + 14371182000a^{13}b^2x^{17/3} + 58815393000a^{12}b^3x^6 + 167159538000a^{11}b^4x^{19/3} + 349363434420a^{10}b^5x^{20/3} + 554545134000a^9b^6x^7 + 680578119000a^8b^7x^{22/3} + 650987766000a^7b^8x^{23/3} + 485226992250a^6b^9x^8 + 279490747536a^5b^{10}x^{25/3} + 122155047000a^4b^{11}x^{26/3} + 39210262000a^3b^{12}x^9 + 8725360500a^2b^{13}x^{28/3} + 1203498000ab^{14}x^{29/3} + 77558760b^{15}x^{10})/775587600$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x^4,x]`

output `(155117520*a^15*x^5 + 2181340125*a^14*b*x^(16/3) + 14371182000*a^13*b^2*x^(17/3) + 58815393000*a^12*b^3*x^6 + 167159538000*a^11*b^4*x^(19/3) + 349363434420*a^10*b^5*x^(20/3) + 554545134000*a^9*b^6*x^7 + 680578119000*a^8*b^7*x^(22/3) + 650987766000*a^7*b^8*x^(23/3) + 485226992250*a^6*b^9*x^8 + 279490747536*a^5*b^10*x^(25/3) + 122155047000*a^4*b^11*x^(26/3) + 39210262000*a^3*b^12*x^9 + 8725360500*a^2*b^13*x^(28/3) + 1203498000*a*b^14*x^(29/3) + 77558760*b^15*x^10)/775587600`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^{14/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( x^{14/3} a^{15} + 15bx^5 a^{14} + 105b^2 x^{16/3} a^{13} + 455b^3 x^{17/3} a^{12} + 1365b^4 x^6 a^{11} + 3003b^5 x^{19/3} a^{10} + 5005b^6 x^{20/3} a^9 + \dots \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{a^{15}x^5}{15} + \frac{15}{16}a^{14}bx^{16/3} + \frac{105}{17}a^{13}b^2x^{17/3} + \frac{455}{18}a^{12}b^3x^6 + \frac{1365}{19}a^{11}b^4x^{19/3} + \frac{3003}{20}a^{10}b^5x^{20/3} + \frac{715}{3}a^9b^6x^7 + \frac{585}{2}a^8b^7x^8 + \frac{105}{23}a^7b^8x^{23/3} + \frac{5005}{24}a^6b^9x^8 + \frac{3003}{25}a^5b^{10}x^{25/3} + \frac{105}{26}a^4b^{11}x^{26/3} + \frac{455}{27}a^3b^{12}x^9 + \frac{15}{28}a^2b^{13}x^{28/3} + \frac{15}{29}ab^{14}x^{29/3} + \frac{b^{15}x^{10}}{30} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x^4,x]`

output `3*((a^15*x^5)/15 + (15*a^14*b*x^(16/3))/16 + (105*a^13*b^2*x^(17/3))/17 + (455*a^12*b^3*x^6)/18 + (1365*a^11*b^4*x^(19/3))/19 + (3003*a^10*b^5*x^(20/3))/20 + (715*a^9*b^6*x^7)/3 + (585*a^8*b^7*x^(22/3))/2 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^(23/3))/23 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^8)/24 + (3003*a^5*b^10*x^(25/3))/25 + (105*a^4*b^11*x^(26/3))/2 + (455*a^3*b^12*x^9)/27 + (15*a^2*b^13*x^(28/3))/4 + (15*a*b^14*x^(29/3))/29 + (b^15*x^10)/30`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 26.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^{15}x^5}{5} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{315a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{455a^{12}b^3x^6}{6} + \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{20} + 715a^9b^6x^7 +$
default	$\frac{a^{15}x^5}{5} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{315a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{455a^{12}b^3x^6}{6} + \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{20} + 715a^9b^6x^7 +$
trager	$(36x^9b^{15}+18200x^8b^{12}a^3+36x^8b^{15}+225225b^9x^7a^6+18200x^7b^{12}a^3+36x^7b^{15}+257400b^6x^6a^9+225225x^6b^9a^6+18200a^3b^{15}x^5+18200a^3b^{12}x^5+18200a^3b^9x^5+18200a^3b^6x^5+18200a^3b^3x^5+18200a^3b^0x^5+18200a^0b^{15}x^5+18200a^0b^{12}x^5+18200a^0b^9x^5+18200a^0b^6x^5+18200a^0b^3x^5+18200a^0b^0x^5)$
orering	$(-37943617500b^{54}x^{18}-497508540760a^3b^{51}x^{17}-3014219523770a^6b^{48}x^{16}-11175963403150a^9b^{45}x^{15}-2830254821000a^{12}b^{42}x^{14}-497508540760a^{15}b^{39}x^{13}-11175963403150a^{18}b^{36}x^{12}-18200000000000a^{21}b^{33}x^{11}-2830254821000a^{24}b^{30}x^{10}-497508540760a^{27}b^{27}x^9-11175963403150a^{30}b^{24}x^8-18200000000000a^{33}b^{21}x^7-497508540760a^{36}b^{18}x^6-11175963403150a^{39}b^{15}x^5-18200000000000a^{42}b^{12}x^4-497508540760a^{45}b^9x^3-11175963403150a^{48}b^6x^2-18200000000000a^{51}b^3x-497508540760a^{54}b^0x)$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\begin{aligned} & 1/5*a^{15}*x^5+45/16*a^{14}*b*x^{(16/3)}+315/17*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(17/3)}+455/6*a^{12}*b^3*x^6+4095/19*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(19/3)}+9009/20*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(20/3)}+715*a^9*b^6*x^7+1 \\ & 755/2*a^8*b^7*x^{(22/3)}+19305/23*a^7*b^8*x^{(23/3)}+5005/8*a^6*b^9*x^8+9009/25*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(25/3)}+315/2*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(26/3)}+455/9*a^3*b^{12}*x^9+45/4*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(28/3)}+45/29*a*b^{14}*x^{(29/3)}+1/10*b^{15}*x^{10} \end{aligned}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx \\ & = \frac{1}{10} b^{15} x^{10} + \frac{455}{9} a^3 b^{12} x^9 + \frac{5005}{8} a^6 b^9 x^8 + 715 a^9 b^6 x^7 + \frac{455}{6} a^{12} b^3 x^6 + \frac{1}{5} a^{15} x^5 \\ & \quad + \frac{9}{226780} (39100 ab^{14} x^9 + 3968650 a^4 b^{11} x^8 + 21149700 a^7 b^8 x^7 + 11350339 a^{10} b^5 x^6 + 466900 a^{13} b^2 x^5) x^{\frac{2}{3}} \\ & \quad + \frac{9}{7600} (9500 a^2 b^{13} x^9 + 304304 a^5 b^{10} x^8 + 741000 a^8 b^7 x^7 + 182000 a^{11} b^4 x^6 + 2375 a^{14} b x^5) x^{\frac{1}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/10*b^15*x^10 + 455/9*a^3*b^12*x^9 + 5005/8*a^6*b^9*x^8 + 715*a^9*b^6*x^7
+ 455/6*a^12*b^3*x^6 + 1/5*a^15*x^5 + 9/226780*(39100*a*b^14*x^9 + 396865
0*a^4*b^11*x^8 + 21149700*a^7*b^8*x^7 + 11350339*a^10*b^5*x^6 + 466900*a^1
3*b^2*x^5)*x^(2/3) + 9/7600*(9500*a^2*b^13*x^9 + 304304*a^5*b^10*x^8 + 741
000*a^8*b^7*x^7 + 182000*a^11*b^4*x^6 + 2375*a^14*b*x^5)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{15}x^5}{5} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{315a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{455a^{12}b^3x^6}{6}$$

$$+ \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{20} + 715a^9b^6x^7 + \frac{1755a^8b^7x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{19305a^7b^8x^{\frac{23}{3}}}{23} + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^8}{8} + \frac{9009a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{25}{3}}}{25} + \frac{315a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{26}{3}}}{2}$$

$$+ \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^9}{9} + \frac{45a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{28}{3}}}{4} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{\frac{29}{3}}}{29} + \frac{b^{15}x^{10}}{10}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15*x**4,x)
```

output

```
a**15*x**5/5 + 45*a**14*b*x**(16/3)/16 + 315*a**13*b**2*x**(17/3)/17 + 455
*a**12*b**3*x**6/6 + 4095*a**11*b**4*x**(19/3)/19 + 9009*a**10*b**5*x**(20
/3)/20 + 715*a**9*b**6*x**7 + 1755*a**8*b**7*x**(22/3)/2 + 19305*a**7*b**8
*x**(23/3)/23 + 5005*a**6*b**9*x**8/8 + 9009*a**5*b**10*x**(25/3)/25 + 315
*a**4*b**11*x**(26/3)/2 + 455*a**3*b**12*x**9/9 + 45*a**2*b**13*x**(28/3)/
4 + 45*a*b**14*x**(29/3)/29 + b**15*x**10/10
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 251, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx = & \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{30}}{10 b^{15}} - \frac{42 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{29} a}{29 b^{15}} + \frac{39 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{28} a^2}{4 b^{15}} \\
& - \frac{364 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{27} a^3}{9 b^{15}} + \frac{231 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{26} a^4}{2 b^{15}} \\
& - \frac{6006 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{25} a^5}{25 b^{15}} + \frac{3003 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{24} a^6}{8 b^{15}} \\
& - \frac{10296 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{23} a^7}{23 b^{15}} + \frac{819 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{22} a^8}{2 b^{15}} \\
& - \frac{286 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{21} a^9}{b^{15}} + \frac{3003 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{20} a^{10}}{20 b^{15}} \\
& - \frac{1092 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{19} a^{11}}{19 b^{15}} + \frac{91 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18} a^{12}}{6 b^{15}} \\
& - \frac{42 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17} a^{13}}{17 b^{15}} + \frac{3 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16} a^{14}}{16 b^{15}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^30/b^15 - 42/29*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^29*a/b^15 + 39/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^28*a^2/b^15 - 364/9*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^27*a^3/b^15 + 231/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^26*a^4/b^15 - 6006/25*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^25*a^5/b^15 + 3003/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^24*a^6/b^15 - 10296/23*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^23*a^7/b^15 + 819/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^22*a^8/b^15 - 286*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^21*a^9/b^15 + 3003/20*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^20*a^10/b^15 - 1092/19*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^19*a^11/b^15 + 91/6*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^18*a^12/b^15 - 42/17*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17*a^13/b^15 + 3/16*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16*a^14/b^15`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx = \frac{1}{10} b^{15} x^{10} + \frac{45}{29} a b^{14} x^{\frac{29}{3}} + \frac{45}{4} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{28}{3}} + \frac{455}{9} a^3 b^{12} x^9$$

$$+ \frac{315}{2} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{26}{3}} + \frac{9009}{25} a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{25}{3}} + \frac{5005}{8} a^6 b^9 x^8 + \frac{19305}{23} a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{23}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{1755}{2} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{22}{3}} + 715 a^9 b^6 x^7 + \frac{9009}{20} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{20}{3}} + \frac{4095}{19} a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{19}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{455}{6} a^{12} b^3 x^6 + \frac{315}{17} a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{45}{16} a^{14} b x^{\frac{16}{3}} + \frac{1}{5} a^{15} x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/10*b^15*x^10 + 45/29*a*b^14*x^(29/3) + 45/4*a^2*b^13*x^(28/3) + 455/9*a^3*b^12*x^9 + 315/2*a^4*b^11*x^(26/3) + 9009/25*a^5*b^10*x^(25/3) + 5005/8*a^6*b^9*x^8 + 19305/23*a^7*b^8*x^(23/3) + 1755/2*a^8*b^7*x^(22/3) + 715*a^9*b^6*x^7 + 9009/20*a^10*b^5*x^(20/3) + 4095/19*a^11*b^4*x^(19/3) + 455/6*a^12*b^3*x^6 + 315/17*a^13*b^2*x^(17/3) + 45/16*a^14*b*x^(16/3) + 1/5*a^15*x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx = \frac{a^{15} x^5}{5} + \frac{b^{15} x^{10}}{10} + \frac{45 a^{14} b x^{16/3}}{16} + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{29/3}}{29}$$

$$+ \frac{455 a^{12} b^3 x^6}{6} + 715 a^9 b^6 x^7 + \frac{5005 a^6 b^9 x^8}{8}$$

$$+ \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^9}{9} + \frac{315 a^{13} b^2 x^{17/3}}{17} + \frac{4095 a^{11} b^4 x^{19/3}}{19}$$

$$+ \frac{9009 a^{10} b^5 x^{20/3}}{20} + \frac{1755 a^8 b^7 x^{22/3}}{2} + \frac{19305 a^7 b^8 x^{23/3}}{23}$$

$$+ \frac{9009 a^5 b^{10} x^{25/3}}{25} + \frac{315 a^4 b^{11} x^{26/3}}{2} + \frac{45 a^2 b^{13} x^{28/3}}{4}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^15,x)`

output

```
(a^15*x^5)/5 + (b^15*x^10)/10 + (45*a^14*b*x^(16/3))/16 + (45*a*b^14*x^(29/3))/29 + (455*a^12*b^3*x^6)/6 + 715*a^9*b^6*x^7 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^8)/8 + (455*a^3*b^12*x^9)/9 + (315*a^13*b^2*x^(17/3))/17 + (4095*a^11*b^4*x^(19/3))/19 + (9009*a^10*b^5*x^(20/3))/20 + (1755*a^8*b^7*x^(22/3))/2 + (19305*a^7*b^8*x^(23/3))/23 + (9009*a^5*b^10*x^(25/3))/25 + (315*a^4*b^11*x^(26/3))/2 + (45*a^2*b^13*x^(28/3))/4
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^5 \left( 14371182000x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{13}b^2 + 349363434420x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{10}b^5 + 650987766000x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^7b^8 + 122155047000x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^4b^{11} + 1203498000x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{14}b + 2181340125x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{15} + 167159538000x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{11}b^4x + 680578119000x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^8b^7x^2 + 279490747536x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^5b^{10}x^3 + 8725360500x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2b^{13}x^4 + 155117520a^{15} + 58815393000a^{12}b^3x + 554545134000a^9b^6x^2 + 485226992250a^6b^9x^3 + 39210262000a^3b^{12}x^4 + 77558760b^{15}x^5 \right)}{775587600}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^4,x)
```

output

```
(x**5*(14371182000*x**(2/3)*a**13*b**2 + 349363434420*x**(2/3)*a**10*b**5*x + 650987766000*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**8*x**2 + 122155047000*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 1203498000*x**(2/3)*a**14*b + 2181340125*x**(1/3)*a**15 + 167159538000*x**(1/3)*a**11*b**4*x + 680578119000*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**7*x**2 + 279490747536*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**10*x**3 + 8725360500*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**13*x**4 + 155117520*a**15 + 58815393000*a**12*b**3*x + 554545134000*a**9*b**6*x**2 + 485226992250*a**6*b**9*x**3 + 39210262000*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 77558760*b**15*x**5))/775587600
```

### 3.232 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1703
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1704
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1704
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1706
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1706
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1707
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1708
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1708
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1709
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1710

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 244

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx = -\frac{3a^{11}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^{12}} + \frac{33a^{10}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{17b^{12}} - \frac{55a^9(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{6b^{12}} + \frac{495a^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{19}}{19b^{12}} - \frac{99a^7(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{20}}{2b^{12}} + \frac{66a^6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{21}}{b^{12}} - \frac{63a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{22}}{b^{12}} + \frac{990a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{23}}{23b^{12}} - \frac{165a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{24}}{8b^{12}} + \frac{33a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{25}}{5b^{12}} - \frac{33a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{26}}{26b^{12}} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{27}}{9b^{12}}$$

output

```
-3/16*a^11*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/b^12+33/17*a^10*(a+b*x^(1/3))^17/b^12-55/6*a^9
*(a+b*x^(1/3))^18/b^12+495/19*a^8*(a+b*x^(1/3))^19/b^12-99/2*a^7*(a+b*x^(1
/3))^20/b^12+66*a^6*(a+b*x^(1/3))^21/b^12-63*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/3))^22/b^12+990
/23*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/3))^23/b^12-165/8*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^24/b^12+33/5*a^2*(a
b*x^(1/3))^25/b^12-33/26*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^26/b^12+1/9*(a+b*x^(1/3))^27/b^12
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{17383860a^{15}x^4 + 240699600a^{14}bx^{13/3} + 1564547400a^{13}b^2x^{14/3} + 6327725040a^{12}b^3x^5 + 17796726675a^{11}b^4x^{16/3} + 36849692880a^{10}b^5x^{17/3} + 58004146200a^9b^6x^6 + 70651666800a^8b^7x^{19/3} + 67119083460a^7b^8x^{20/3} + 49717839600a^6b^9x^7 + 28474762680a^5b^{10}x^{22/3} + 12380331600a^4b^{11}x^{23/3} + 3954828150a^3b^{12}x^8 + 876146544a^2b^{13}x^{25/3} + 120349800ab^{14}x^{26/3} + 7726160b^{15}x^9}{69535440}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x^3,x]`

output  $(17383860a^{15}x^4 + 240699600a^{14}bx^{13/3} + 1564547400a^{13}b^2x^{14/3} + 6327725040a^{12}b^3x^5 + 17796726675a^{11}b^4x^{16/3} + 36849692880a^{10}b^5x^{17/3} + 58004146200a^9b^6x^6 + 70651666800a^8b^7x^{19/3} + 67119083460a^7b^8x^{20/3} + 49717839600a^6b^9x^7 + 28474762680a^5b^{10}x^{22/3} + 12380331600a^4b^{11}x^{23/3} + 3954828150a^3b^{12}x^8 + 876146544a^2b^{13}x^{25/3} + 120349800ab^{14}x^{26/3} + 7726160b^{15}x^9)/69535440$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^{11/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{26}}{b^{11}} - \frac{11a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{25}}{b^{11}} + \frac{55a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{24}}{b^{11}} - \frac{165a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{23}}{b^{11}} + \frac{330a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{22}}{b^{11}} - \frac{462a^5}{b^{11}} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{11}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^{12}} + \frac{11a^{10}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{17b^{12}} - \frac{55a^9(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{18b^{12}} + \frac{165a^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{19}}{19b^{12}} - \frac{33a^7(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{20}}{20b^{12}} + \frac{22a^6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{21}}{21b^{12}} - \frac{11a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{22}}{22b^{12}} + \frac{a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{23}}{23b^{12}} - \frac{5a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{24}}{24b^{12}} + \frac{11a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{25}}{25b^{12}} - \frac{11a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{26}}{26b^{12}} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{27}}{27b^{12}} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x^3,x]
```

output

```
3*(-1/16*(a^11*(a + b*x^(1/3))^16)/b^12 + (11*a^10*(a + b*x^(1/3))^17)/(17
*b^12) - (55*a^9*(a + b*x^(1/3))^18)/(18*b^12) + (165*a^8*(a + b*x^(1/3))^
19)/(19*b^12) - (33*a^7*(a + b*x^(1/3))^20)/(2*b^12) + (22*a^6*(a + b*x^(1
/3))^21)/b^12 - (21*a^5*(a + b*x^(1/3))^22)/b^12 + (330*a^4*(a + b*x^(1/3
))^23)/(23*b^12) - (55*a^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^24)/(8*b^12) + (11*a^2*(a + b*x
(1/3))^25)/(5*b^12) - (11*a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^26)/(26*b^12) + (a + b*x^(1/3
))^27/(27*b^12))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 25.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{x^9 b^{15}}{9} + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{\frac{26}{3}}}{26} + \frac{63 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{25}{3}}}{5} + \frac{455 x^8 b^{12} a^3}{8} + \frac{4095 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{23}{3}}}{23} + \frac{819 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{2} + 715 b^9 x^7 a^6 + 3861 b^8 x^6 a^7 + 19305 b^7 x^5 a^8 + 5005 b^6 x^4 a^9 + 9009 b^5 x^3 a^{10} + 4095 b^4 x^2 a^{11} + 16 a^3 x a^{12} + 45 a^2 x^2 a^{13} + 13 a x^3 a^{14} + 4 a^4 x^4 a^{15}$
default	$\frac{x^9 b^{15}}{9} + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{\frac{26}{3}}}{26} + \frac{63 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{25}{3}}}{5} + \frac{455 x^8 b^{12} a^3}{8} + \frac{4095 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{23}{3}}}{23} + \frac{819 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{2} + 715 b^9 x^7 a^6 + 3861 b^8 x^6 a^7 + 19305 b^7 x^5 a^8 + 5005 b^6 x^4 a^9 + 9009 b^5 x^3 a^{10} + 4095 b^4 x^2 a^{11} + 16 a^3 x a^{12} + 45 a^2 x^2 a^{13} + 13 a x^3 a^{14} + 4 a^4 x^4 a^{15}$
trager	$(8x^8 b^{15} + 4095x^7 b^{12} a^3 + 8x^7 b^{15} + 51480x^6 b^9 a^6 + 4095a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 8b^{15} x^6 + 60060x^5 b^6 a^9 + 51480x^5 b^9 a^6 + 4095a^3 b^{12} x^5 + 8b^{15} x^5 + 19305x^4 b^7 a^8 + 5005x^4 b^6 a^9 + 9009x^3 b^5 a^{10} + 4095x^2 b^4 a^{11} + 16x^2 a^3 a^{12} + 45x^2 a^2 a^{13} + 13x^3 a a^{14} + 4x^4 a^4 a^{15})$
orering	$(-3748376240b^{51}x^{17} - 49081901050a^3b^{48}x^{16} - 296935418780a^6b^{45}x^{15} - 1099219638790a^9b^{42}x^{14} - 2778952406615a^{12}b^{39}x^{13} - 5148000000000a^{15}b^{36}x^{12} - 37483762400000a^{18}b^{33}x^{11} - 209292574400000a^{21}b^{30}x^{10} - 900900000000000a^{24}b^{27}x^9 - 2702700000000000a^{27}b^{24}x^8 - 6006000000000000a^{30}b^{21}x^7 - 10992196387900000a^{33}b^{18}x^6 - 149862551838000000a^{36}b^{15}x^5 - 1666588070220000000a^{39}b^{12}x^4 - 14986255183800000000a^{42}b^9x^3 - 109921963879000000000a^{45}b^6x^2 - 600600000000000000000a^{48}b^3x - 9009000000000000000000a^{51}b^0x^0)$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/9*x^9*b^15+45/26*a*b^14*x^(26/3)+63/5*a^2*b^13*x^(25/3)+455/8*x^8*b^12*a^3+4095/23*a^4*b^11*x^(23/3)+819/2*a^5*b^10*x^(22/3)+715*b^9*x^7*a^6+3861/4*a^7*b^8*x^(20/3)+19305/19*a^8*b^7*x^(19/3)+5005/6*b^6*x^6*a^9+9009/17*a^10*b^5*x^(17/3)+4095/16*a^11*b^4*x^(16/3)+91*b^3*x^5*a^12+45/2*a^13*b^2*x^(14/3)+45/13*a^14*b*x^(13/3)+1/4*x^4*a^15
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{9} b^{15} x^9 + \frac{455}{8} a^3 b^{12} x^8 + 715 a^6 b^9 x^7 + \frac{5005}{6} a^9 b^6 x^6 + 91 a^{12} b^3 x^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^{15} x^4$$

$$+ \frac{9}{20332} (3910 a b^{14} x^8 + 402220 a^4 b^{11} x^7 + 2180607 a^7 b^8 x^6 + 1197196 a^{10} b^5 x^5 + 50830 a^{13} b^2 x^4) x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{9}{19760} (27664 a^2 b^{13} x^8 + 899080 a^5 b^{10} x^7 + 2230800 a^8 b^7 x^6 + 561925 a^{11} b^4 x^5 + 7600 a^{14} b x^4) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/9*b^15*x^9 + 455/8*a^3*b^12*x^8 + 715*a^6*b^9*x^7 + 5005/6*a^9*b^6*x^6 +
91*a^12*b^3*x^5 + 1/4*a^15*x^4 + 9/20332*(3910*a*b^14*x^8 + 402220*a^4*b^
11*x^7 + 2180607*a^7*b^8*x^6 + 1197196*a^10*b^5*x^5 + 50830*a^13*b^2*x^4)*
x^(2/3) + 9/19760*(27664*a^2*b^13*x^8 + 899080*a^5*b^10*x^7 + 2230800*a^8*
b^7*x^6 + 561925*a^11*b^4*x^5 + 7600*a^14*b*x^4)*x^(1/3)
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx = \frac{a^{15}x^4}{4} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{45a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{2} + 91a^{12}b^3x^5 + \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^6}{6} + \frac{19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19}$$

$$+ \frac{3861a^7b^8x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{4} + 715a^6b^9x^7 + \frac{819a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{2} + \frac{4095a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{23}{3}}}{23}$$

$$+ \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^8}{8} + \frac{63a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{25}{3}}}{5} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{\frac{26}{3}}}{26} + \frac{b^{15}x^9}{9}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15*x**3,x)
```

output

```
a**15*x**4/4 + 45*a**14*b*x**(13/3)/13 + 45*a**13*b**2*x**(14/3)/2 + 91*a*
*12*b**3*x**5 + 4095*a**11*b**4*x**(16/3)/16 + 9009*a**10*b**5*x**(17/3)/1
7 + 5005*a**9*b**6*x**6/6 + 19305*a**8*b**7*x**(19/3)/19 + 3861*a**7*b**8*
x**(20/3)/4 + 715*a**6*b**9*x**7 + 819*a**5*b**10*x**(22/3)/2 + 4095*a**4*
b**11*x**(23/3)/23 + 455*a**3*b**12*x**8/8 + 63*a**2*b**13*x**(25/3)/5 + 4
5*a*b**14*x**(26/3)/26 + b**15*x**9/9
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx = \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{27}}{9b^{12}} - \frac{33(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{26}a}{26b^{12}} + \frac{33(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{25}a^2}{5b^{12}} - \frac{165(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{24}a^3}{8b^{12}} + \frac{990(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{23}a^4}{23b^{12}} - \frac{63(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{22}a^5}{b^{12}} + \frac{66(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{21}a^6}{b^{12}} - \frac{99(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{20}a^7}{2b^{12}} + \frac{495(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{19}a^8}{19b^{12}} - \frac{55(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18}a^9}{6b^{12}} + \frac{33(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17}a^{10}}{17b^{12}} - \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16}a^{11}}{16b^{12}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/9*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^27/b^12 - 33/26*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^26*a/b^12 + 33/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^25*a^2/b^12 - 165/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^24*a^3/b^12 + 990/23*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^23*a^4/b^12 - 63*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^22*a^5/b^12 + 66*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^21*a^6/b^12 - 99/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^20*a^7/b^12 + 495/19*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^19*a^8/b^12 - 55/6*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^18*a^9/b^12 + 33/17*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17*a^10/b^12 - 3/16*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16*a^11/b^12`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx = \frac{1}{9}b^{15}x^9 + \frac{45}{26}ab^{14}x^{\frac{26}{3}} + \frac{63}{5}a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{25}{3}} + \frac{455}{8}a^3b^{12}x^8 + \frac{4095}{23}a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{23}{3}} + \frac{819}{2}a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{22}{3}} + 715a^6b^9x^7 + \frac{3861}{4}a^7b^8x^{\frac{20}{3}} + \frac{19305}{19}a^8b^7x^{\frac{19}{3}} + \frac{5005}{6}a^9b^6x^6 + \frac{9009}{17}a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{4095}{16}a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{16}{3}} + 91a^{12}b^3x^5 + \frac{45}{2}a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{45}{13}a^{14}bx^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4}a^{15}x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/9*b^15*x^9 + 45/26*a*b^14*x^(26/3) + 63/5*a^2*b^13*x^(25/3) + 455/8*a^3*
b^12*x^8 + 4095/23*a^4*b^11*x^(23/3) + 819/2*a^5*b^10*x^(22/3) + 715*a^6*b
^9*x^7 + 3861/4*a^7*b^8*x^(20/3) + 19305/19*a^8*b^7*x^(19/3) + 5005/6*a^9*
b^6*x^6 + 9009/17*a^10*b^5*x^(17/3) + 4095/16*a^11*b^4*x^(16/3) + 91*a^12*
b^3*x^5 + 45/2*a^13*b^2*x^(14/3) + 45/13*a^14*b*x^(13/3) + 1/4*a^15*x^4
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx = \frac{a^{15} x^4}{4} + \frac{b^{15} x^9}{9} + \frac{45 a^{14} b x^{13/3}}{13} + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{26/3}}{26}$$

$$+ 91 a^{12} b^3 x^5 + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^6}{6} + 715 a^6 b^9 x^7$$

$$+ \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^8}{8} + \frac{45 a^{13} b^2 x^{14/3}}{2} + \frac{4095 a^{11} b^4 x^{16/3}}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{9009 a^{10} b^5 x^{17/3}}{17} + \frac{19305 a^8 b^7 x^{19/3}}{19} + \frac{3861 a^7 b^8 x^{20/3}}{4}$$

$$+ \frac{819 a^5 b^{10} x^{22/3}}{2} + \frac{4095 a^4 b^{11} x^{23/3}}{23} + \frac{63 a^2 b^{13} x^{25/3}}{5}$$

input

```
int(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^15,x)
```

output

```
(a^15*x^4)/4 + (b^15*x^9)/9 + (45*a^14*b*x^(13/3))/13 + (45*a*b^14*x^(26/3
))/26 + 91*a^12*b^3*x^5 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^6)/6 + 715*a^6*b^9*x^7 + (455*a^
3*b^12*x^8)/8 + (45*a^13*b^2*x^(14/3))/2 + (4095*a^11*b^4*x^(16/3))/16 + (
9009*a^10*b^5*x^(17/3))/17 + (19305*a^8*b^7*x^(19/3))/19 + (3861*a^7*b^8*x
^(20/3))/4 + (819*a^5*b^10*x^(22/3))/2 + (4095*a^4*b^11*x^(23/3))/23 + (63
*a^2*b^13*x^(25/3))/5
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^4 \left( 1564547400x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{13}b^2 + 36849692880x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{10}b^5 + 67119083460x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^7b^8 + 12380331600x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^4b^{11} + 120349800x^{\frac{14}{3}}ab^{14} + 240699600x^{\frac{17}{3}}a^4b^{11} + 17796726675x^{\frac{20}{3}}a^7b^8 + 70651666800x^{\frac{23}{3}}a^{10}b^5 + 28474762680x^{\frac{26}{3}}a^{13}b^2 + 3954828150a^3b^{12}x^4 + 7726160b^{15}x^5 \right)}{6}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**4*(1564547400*x**(2/3)*a**13*b**2 + 36849692880*x**(2/3)*a**10*b**5*x
+ 67119083460*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**8*x**2 + 12380331600*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**11*x*
*3 + 120349800*x**(2/3)*a*b**14*x**4 + 240699600*x**(1/3)*a**14*b + 177967
26675*x**(1/3)*a**11*b**4*x + 70651666800*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**7*x**2 + 284747
62680*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**10*x**3 + 876146544*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**13*x**4 + 1738
3860*a**15 + 6327725040*a**12*b**3*x + 58004146200*a**9*b**6*x**2 + 497178
39600*a**6*b**9*x**3 + 3954828150*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 7726160*b**15*x**5))/6
9535440
```

### 3.233 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1711
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1712
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1712
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1713
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1714
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1715
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1716
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1716
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1717
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1718

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx = \frac{3a^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^9} - \frac{24a^7(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{17b^9} + \frac{14a^6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{3b^9} - \frac{168a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{19}}{19b^9} + \frac{21a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{20}}{2b^9} - \frac{8a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{21}}{b^9} + \frac{42a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{22}}{11b^9} - \frac{24a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{23}}{23b^9} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{24}}{8b^9}$$

output

```
3/16*a^8*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/b^9-24/17*a^7*(a+b*x^(1/3))^17/b^9+14/3*a^6*(a+b*x^(1/3))^18/b^9-168/19*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/3))^19/b^9+21/2*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/3))^20/b^9-8*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^21/b^9+42/11*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^22/b^9-24/23*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^23/b^9+1/8*(a+b*x^(1/3))^24/b^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{1307504a^{15}x^3 + 17651304a^{14}bx^{10/3} + 112326480a^{13}b^2x^{11/3} + 446185740a^{12}b^3x^4 + 1235591280a^{11}b^4x^{13/3} + 2524136472a^{10}b^5x^{14/3} + 3926434512a^9b^6x^5 + 4732755885a^8b^7x^{16/3} + 4454358480a^7b^8x^{17/3} + 3272028760a^6b^9x^6 + 1859890032a^5b^{10}x^{19/3} + 803134332a^4b^{11}x^{20/3} + 254963280a^3b^{12}x^7 + 56163240a^2b^{13}x^{22/3} + 7674480ab^{14}x^{23/3} + 490314b^{15}x^8}{3922512}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x^2,x]`

output  $(1307504*a^{15}*x^3 + 17651304*a^{14}*b*x^{(10/3)} + 112326480*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(11/3)} + 446185740*a^{12}*b^3*x^4 + 1235591280*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(13/3)} + 2524136472*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(14/3)} + 3926434512*a^9*b^6*x^5 + 4732755885*a^8*b^7*x^{(16/3)} + 4454358480*a^7*b^8*x^{(17/3)} + 3272028760*a^6*b^9*x^6 + 1859890032*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(19/3)} + 803134332*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(20/3)} + 254963280*a^3*b^{12}*x^7 + 56163240*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(22/3)} + 7674480*a*b^{14}*x^{(23/3)} + 490314*b^{15}*x^8)/3922512$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^{8/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{23}}{b^8} - \frac{8a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{22}}{b^8} + \frac{28a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{21}}{b^8} - \frac{56a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{20}}{b^8} + \frac{70a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{19}}{b^8} - \frac{56a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{b^8} + \frac{35a^6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{b^8} - \frac{21a^7(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{b^8} + \frac{10a^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{b^8} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{a^8 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^9} - \frac{8a^7 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{17b^9} + \frac{14a^6 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{9b^9} - \frac{56a^5 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{19}}{19b^9} + \frac{7a^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{20}}{2b^9} - \frac{8a^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{21}}{3b^9} + \frac{14a^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{22}}{11b^9} - \frac{8a (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{23}}{23b^9} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{24}}{24b^9} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x^2,x]`

output `3*((a^8*(a + b*x^(1/3))^16)/(16*b^9) - (8*a^7*(a + b*x^(1/3))^17)/(17*b^9) + (14*a^6*(a + b*x^(1/3))^18)/(9*b^9) - (56*a^5*(a + b*x^(1/3))^19)/(19*b^9) + (7*a^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^20)/(2*b^9) - (8*a^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^21)/(3*b^9) + (14*a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^22)/(11*b^9) - (8*a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^23)/(23*b^9) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^24/(24*b^9))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 25.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92



output

```
1/8*b^15*x^8 + 65*a^3*b^12*x^7 + 5005/6*a^6*b^9*x^6 + 1001*a^9*b^6*x^5 + 4
55/4*a^12*b^3*x^4 + 1/3*a^15*x^3 + 9/17204*(3740*a*b^14*x^7 + 391391*a^4*b
^11*x^6 + 2170740*a^7*b^8*x^5 + 1230086*a^10*b^5*x^4 + 54740*a^13*b^2*x^3)
*x^(2/3) + 9/3344*(5320*a^2*b^13*x^7 + 176176*a^5*b^10*x^6 + 448305*a^8*b
^7*x^5 + 117040*a^11*b^4*x^4 + 1672*a^14*b*x^3)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx = \frac{a^{15}x^3}{3} + \frac{9a^{14}bx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{2} + \frac{315a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{455a^{12}b^3x^4}{4}$$

$$+ 315a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1287a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{2} + 1001a^9b^6x^5 + \frac{19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16}$$

$$+ \frac{19305a^7b^8x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^6}{6} + \frac{9009a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{819a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{4}$$

$$+ 65a^3b^{12}x^7 + \frac{315a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{22}{3}}}{22} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{\frac{23}{3}}}{23} + \frac{b^{15}x^8}{8}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15*x**2,x)
```

output

```
a**15*x**3/3 + 9*a**14*b*x**(10/3)/2 + 315*a**13*b**2*x**(11/3)/11 + 455*a
**12*b**3*x**4/4 + 315*a**11*b**4*x**(13/3) + 1287*a**10*b**5*x**(14/3)/2
+ 1001*a**9*b**6*x**5 + 19305*a**8*b**7*x**(16/3)/16 + 19305*a**7*b**8*x**
(17/3)/17 + 5005*a**6*b**9*x**6/6 + 9009*a**5*b**10*x**(19/3)/19 + 819*a**
4*b**11*x**(20/3)/4 + 65*a**3*b**12*x**7 + 315*a**2*b**13*x**(22/3)/22 + 4
5*a*b**14*x**(23/3)/23 + b**15*x**8/8
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx = \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{24}}{8b^9} - \frac{24(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{23}a}{23b^9} + \frac{42(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{22}a^2}{11b^9} - \frac{8(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{21}a^3}{b^9} + \frac{21(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{20}a^4}{2b^9} - \frac{168(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{19}a^5}{19b^9} + \frac{14(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18}a^6}{3b^9} - \frac{24(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17}a^7}{17b^9} + \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16}a^8}{16b^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^24/b^9 - 24/23*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^23*a/b^9 + 42/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^22*a^2/b^9 - 8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^21*a^3/b^9 + 21/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^20*a^4/b^9 - 168/19*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^19*a^5/b^9 + 14/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^18*a^6/b^9 - 24/17*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17*a^7/b^9 + 3/16*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^16*a^8/b^9`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx = \frac{1}{8} b^{15} x^8 + \frac{45}{23} a b^{14} x^{\frac{23}{3}} + \frac{315}{22} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{22}{3}} + 65 a^3 b^{12} x^7 + \frac{819}{4} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{20}{3}} + \frac{9009}{19} a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{19}{3}} + \frac{5005}{6} a^6 b^9 x^6 + \frac{19305}{17} a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{19305}{16} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{16}{3}} + 1001 a^9 b^6 x^5 + \frac{1287}{2} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 315 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{455}{4} a^{12} b^3 x^4 + \frac{315}{11} a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{9}{2} a^{14} b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} a^{15} x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1/8*b^{15}*x^8 + 45/23*a*b^{14}*x^{(23/3)} + 315/22*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(22/3)} + 65*a^3*b^{12}*x^7 \\
& + 819/4*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(20/3)} + 9009/19*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(19/3)} + 5005/6*a^6*b^9*x^6 \\
& + 19305/17*a^7*b^8*x^{(17/3)} + 19305/16*a^8*b^7*x^{(16/3)} + 1001*a^9*b^6*x^5 \\
& + 1287/2*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(14/3)} + 315*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(13/3)} + 455/4*a^{12}*b^3*x^4 \\
& + 315/11*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(11/3)} + 9/2*a^{14}*b*x^{(10/3)} + 1/3*a^{15}*x^3
\end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\begin{aligned}
\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx &= \frac{a^{15} x^3}{3} + \frac{b^{15} x^8}{8} + \frac{9 a^{14} b x^{10/3}}{2} + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{23/3}}{23} \\
&+ \frac{455 a^{12} b^3 x^4}{4} + 1001 a^9 b^6 x^5 + \frac{5005 a^6 b^9 x^6}{6} \\
&+ 65 a^3 b^{12} x^7 + \frac{315 a^{13} b^2 x^{11/3}}{11} + 315 a^{11} b^4 x^{13/3} \\
&+ \frac{1287 a^{10} b^5 x^{14/3}}{2} + \frac{19305 a^8 b^7 x^{16/3}}{16} + \frac{19305 a^7 b^8 x^{17/3}}{17} \\
&+ \frac{9009 a^5 b^{10} x^{19/3}}{19} + \frac{819 a^4 b^{11} x^{20/3}}{4} + \frac{315 a^2 b^{13} x^{22/3}}{22}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
int(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^15,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& (a^{15}*x^3)/3 + (b^{15}*x^8)/8 + (9*a^{14}*b*x^{(10/3)})/2 + (45*a*b^{14}*x^{(23/3)})/23 \\
& + (455*a^{12}*b^3*x^4)/4 + 1001*a^9*b^6*x^5 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^6)/6 + 65*a^3*b^{12}*x^7 \\
& + (315*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(11/3)})/11 + 315*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(13/3)} + (1287*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(14/3)})/2 \\
& + (19305*a^8*b^7*x^{(16/3)})/16 + (19305*a^7*b^8*x^{(17/3)})/17 + (9009*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(19/3)})/19 \\
& + (819*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(20/3)})/4 + (315*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(22/3)})/22
\end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^3 \left( 112326480x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{13}b^2 + 2524136472x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{10}b^5 + 4454358480x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^7b^8 + 803134332x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^4b^{11} + 7674480x^{\frac{14}{3}}a \right)}{3922512}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x^2,x)
```

output

```
(x**3*(112326480*x**(2/3)*a**13*b**2 + 2524136472*x**(2/3)*a**10*b**5*x +
4454358480*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**8*x**2 + 803134332*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**11*x**3 +
7674480*x**(2/3)*a*b**14*x**4 + 17651304*x**(1/3)*a**14*b + 1235591280*x**
(1/3)*a**11*b**4*x + 4732755885*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**7*x**2 + 1859890032*x**
(1/3)*a**5*b**10*x**3 + 56163240*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**13*x**4 + 1307504*a**15 +
446185740*a**12*b**3*x + 3926434512*a**9*b**6*x**2 + 3272028760*a**6*b**9*
x**3 + 254963280*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 490314*b**15*x**5))/3922512
```

### 3.234 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1719
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1719
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx = -\frac{3a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^6} + \frac{15a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{17b^6} - \frac{5a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{3b^6} + \frac{30a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{19}}{19b^6} - \frac{3a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{20}}{4b^6} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{21}}{7b^6}$$

output

```
-3/16*a^5*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/b^6+15/17*a^4*(a+b*x^(1/3))^17/b^6-5/3*a^3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^18/b^6+30/19*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^19/b^6-3/4*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^20/b^6+1/7*(a+b*x^(1/3))^21/b^6
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx = \frac{54264a^{15}x^2 + 697680a^{14}bx^{7/3} + 4273290a^{13}b^2x^{8/3} + 16460080a^{12}b^3x^3 + 44442216a^{11}b^4x^{10/3} + 88884432a^{10}b^5x^{11/3} + 22221108a^9b^6x^{14/3} + 44442216a^8b^7x^{15/3} + 697680a^7b^8x^{16/3} + 91691a^6b^9x^{17/3} + 11586.25a^5b^{10}x^{18/3} + 1158.625a^4b^{11}x^{19/3} + 115.8625a^3b^{12}x^{20/3} + 11.58625a^2b^{13}x^{21/3} + 1.158625ab^{14}x^{22/3} + 0.1158625b^{15}x^{23/3}}{1}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x,x]
```

output

```
(54264*a^15*x^2 + 697680*a^14*b*x^(7/3) + 4273290*a^13*b^2*x^(8/3) + 16460
080*a^12*b^3*x^3 + 44442216*a^11*b^4*x^(10/3) + 88884432*a^10*b^5*x^(11/3)
+ 135795660*a^9*b^6*x^4 + 161164080*a^8*b^7*x^(13/3) + 149652360*a^7*b^8*
x^(14/3) + 108636528*a^6*b^9*x^5 + 61108047*a^5*b^10*x^(16/3) + 26142480*a
^4*b^11*x^(17/3) + 8230040*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 1799280*a^2*b^13*x^(19/3) + 2441
88*a*b^14*x^(20/3) + 15504*b^15*x^7)/108528
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^{5/3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{20}}{b^5} - \frac{5a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{19}}{b^5} + \frac{10a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{b^5} - \frac{10a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{b^5} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{b^5} - \frac{a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{b^5} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^6} + \frac{5a^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{17b^6} - \frac{5a^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{9b^6} + \frac{10a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{19}}{19b^6} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{21}}{21b^6} - \frac{a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{22}}{4b^6} \right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15*x,x]
```

output  $3*(-1/16*(a^5*(a + b*x^(1/3))^16)/b^6 + (5*a^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^17)/(17*b^6) - (5*a^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^18)/(9*b^6) + (10*a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^19)/(19*b^6) - (a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^20)/(4*b^6) + (a + b*x^(1/3))^21/(21*b^6)$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}(x_.)^{(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.))}^{(p_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 26.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{x^7 b^{15}}{7} + \frac{9 a b^{14} x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{4} + \frac{315 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^6}{6} + \frac{4095 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{9009 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + 1001 x^5 b^9 a^6 +$
default	$\frac{x^7 b^{15}}{7} + \frac{9 a b^{14} x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{4} + \frac{315 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^6}{6} + \frac{4095 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{9009 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + 1001 x^5 b^9 a^6 +$
trager	$(12 b^{15} x^6 + 6370 a^3 b^{12} x^5 + 12 b^{15} x^5 + 84084 b^9 x^4 a^6 + 6370 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 12 b^{15} x^4 + 105105 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 84084 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 6370 a^3 b^{12} x^3 +$
oring	$\frac{(-7339920 b^{45} x^{15} - 95678765 a^3 b^{42} x^{14} - 575889475 a^6 b^{39} x^{13} - 2119459160 a^9 b^{36} x^{12} - 5322210530 a^{12} b^{33} x^{11} - 963175 a^{15} b^{30} x^{10} - 1001 a^{18} b^{27} x^9 - 1001 a^{21} b^{24} x^8 - 1001 a^{24} b^{21} x^7 - 1001 a^{27} b^{18} x^6 - 1001 a^{30} b^{15} x^5 - 1001 a^{33} b^{12} x^4 - 1001 a^{36} b^9 x^3 - 1001 a^{39} b^6 x^2 - 1001 a^{42} b^3 x - 1001 a^{45} b^0 x^0)}{1001}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/7*x^7*b^15+9/4*a*b^14*x^(20/3)+315/19*a^2*b^13*x^(19/3)+455/6*a^3*b^12*x^6+4095/17*a^4*b^11*x^(17/3)+9009/16*a^5*b^10*x^(16/3)+1001*x^5*b^9*a^6+19305/14*a^7*b^8*x^(14/3)+1485*a^8*b^7*x^(13/3)+5005/4*x^4*b^6*a^9+819*a^10*b^5*x^(11/3)+819/2*a^11*b^4*x^(10/3)+455/3*a^12*b^3*x^3+315/8*a^13*b^2*x^(8/3)+45/7*a^14*b*x^(7/3)+1/2*a^15*x^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} b^{15} x^7 + \frac{455}{6} a^3 b^{12} x^6 + 1001 a^6 b^9 x^5 + \frac{5005}{4} a^9 b^6 x^4 + \frac{455}{3} a^{12} b^3 x^3 + \frac{1}{2} a^{15} x^2$$

$$+ \frac{9}{952} (238 a b^{14} x^6 + 25480 a^4 b^{11} x^5 + 145860 a^7 b^8 x^4 + 86632 a^{10} b^5 x^3 + 4165 a^{13} b^2 x^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{9}{2128} (3920 a^2 b^{13} x^6 + 133133 a^5 b^{10} x^5 + 351120 a^8 b^7 x^4 + 96824 a^{11} b^4 x^3 + 1520 a^{14} b x^2) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/7*b^15*x^7 + 455/6*a^3*b^12*x^6 + 1001*a^6*b^9*x^5 + 5005/4*a^9*b^6*x^4 + 455/3*a^12*b^3*x^3 + 1/2*a^15*x^2 + 9/952*(238*a*b^14*x^6 + 25480*a^4*b^11*x^5 + 145860*a^7*b^8*x^4 + 86632*a^10*b^5*x^3 + 4165*a^13*b^2*x^2)*x^(2/3) + 9/2128*(3920*a^2*b^13*x^6 + 133133*a^5*b^10*x^5 + 351120*a^8*b^7*x^4 + 96824*a^11*b^4*x^3 + 1520*a^14*b*x^2)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.75

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx = \frac{a^{15} x^2}{2} + \frac{45 a^{14} b x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{315 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{455 a^{12} b^3 x^3}{3}$$

$$+ \frac{819 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{2} + 819 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^4}{4} + 1485 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{13}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{19305 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + 1001 a^6 b^9 x^5 + \frac{9009 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{4095 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17}$$

$$+ \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^6}{6} + \frac{315 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{19}{3}}}{19} + \frac{9 a b^{14} x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{4} + \frac{b^{15} x^7}{7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15*x,x)`

output  $a^{15}x^{17/2} + 45a^{14}b^{14}x^{7/3}/7 + 315a^{13}b^{13}x^{8/3}/8 + 455a^{12}b^{12}x^{9/3}/9 + 819a^{11}b^{11}x^{10/3}/10 + 819a^{10}b^{10}x^{11/3}/11 + 5005a^9b^9x^{12/3}/12 + 1485a^8b^8x^{13/3}/13 + 19305a^7b^7x^{14/3}/14 + 1001a^6b^6x^{15/3}/15 + 9009a^5b^5x^{16/3}/16 + 4095a^4b^4x^{17/3}/17 + 455a^3b^3x^{18/3}/18 + 315a^2b^2x^{19/3}/19 + 9a^{15}b^{14}x^{20/3}/20 + b^{15}x^{21/3}/21$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx = \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{21}}{7b^6} - \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{20}a}{4b^6} + \frac{30(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{19}a^2}{19b^6} - \frac{5(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18}a^3}{3b^6} + \frac{15(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17}a^4}{17b^6} - \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16}a^5}{16b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/7*(b*x^{1/3} + a)^{21}/b^6 - 3/4*(b*x^{1/3} + a)^{20}*a/b^6 + 30/19*(b*x^{1/3} + a)^{19}*a^2/b^6 - 5/3*(b*x^{1/3} + a)^{18}*a^3/b^6 + 15/17*(b*x^{1/3} + a)^{17}*a^4/b^6 - 3/16*(b*x^{1/3} + a)^{16}*a^5/b^6$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx = \frac{1}{7}b^{15}x^7 + \frac{9}{4}ab^{14}x^{\frac{20}{3}} + \frac{315}{19}a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{19}{3}} + \frac{455}{6}a^3b^{12}x^6 + \frac{4095}{17}a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{9009}{16}a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{16}{3}} + 1001a^6b^9x^5 + \frac{19305}{14}a^7b^8x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 1485a^8b^7x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{5005}{4}a^9b^6x^4 + 819a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{819}{2}a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{455}{3}a^{12}b^3x^3 + \frac{315}{8}a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{45}{7}a^{14}bx^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2}a^{15}x^2$$



input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $1/7*b^{15}*x^7 + 9/4*a*b^{14}*x^{(20/3)} + 315/19*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(19/3)} + 455/6*a^3*b^{12}*x^6 + 4095/17*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(17/3)} + 9009/16*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(16/3)} + 1001*a^6*b^9*x^5 + 19305/14*a^7*b^8*x^{(14/3)} + 1485*a^8*b^7*x^{(13/3)} + 5005/4*a^9*b^6*x^4 + 819*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(11/3)} + 819/2*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(10/3)} + 455/3*a^{12}*b^3*x^3 + 315/8*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(8/3)} + 45/7*a^{14}*b*x^{(7/3)} + 1/2*a^{15}*x^2$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx = \frac{a^{15} x^2}{2} + \frac{b^{15} x^7}{7} + \frac{45 a^{14} b x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{9 a b^{14} x^{20/3}}{4} + \frac{455 a^{12} b^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^4}{4} + 1001 a^6 b^9 x^5 + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^6}{6} + \frac{315 a^{13} b^2 x^{8/3}}{8} + \frac{819 a^{11} b^4 x^{10/3}}{2} + 819 a^{10} b^5 x^{11/3} + 1485 a^8 b^7 x^{13/3} + \frac{19305 a^7 b^8 x^{14/3}}{14} + \frac{9009 a^5 b^{10} x^{16/3}}{16} + \frac{4095 a^4 b^{11} x^{17/3}}{17} + \frac{315 a^2 b^{13} x^{19/3}}{19}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^(1/3))^15,x)`

output  $(a^{15}*x^2)/2 + (b^{15}*x^7)/7 + (45*a^{14}*b*x^{(7/3)})/7 + (9*a*b^{14}*x^{(20/3)})/4 + (455*a^{12}*b^3*x^3)/3 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^4)/4 + 1001*a^6*b^9*x^5 + (455*a^3*b^{12}*x^6)/6 + (315*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(8/3)})/8 + (819*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(10/3)})/2 + 819*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(11/3)} + 1485*a^8*b^7*x^{(13/3)} + (19305*a^7*b^8*x^{(14/3)})/14 + (9009*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(16/3)})/16 + (4095*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(17/3)})/17 + (315*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(19/3)})/19$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x dx$$

$$= \frac{x^2 \left( 4273290x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{13}b^2 + 88884432x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{10}b^5 + 149652360x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^7b^8 + 26142480x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^4b^{11} + 244188x^{\frac{14}{3}}ab^{14} + 697680x^{\frac{17}{3}}b^{17} \right)}{108528}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15*x,x)
```

output

```
(x**2*(4273290*x**(2/3)*a**13*b**2 + 88884432*x**(2/3)*a**10*b**5*x + 149652360*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**8*x**2 + 26142480*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 244188*x**(2/3)*a*b**14*x**4 + 697680*x**(1/3)*a**14*b + 44442216*x**(1/3)*a**11*b**4*x + 161164080*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**7*x**2 + 61108047*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**10*x**3 + 1799280*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**13*x**4 + 54264*a**15 + 16460080*a**12*b**3*x + 135795660*a**9*b**6*x**2 + 108636528*a**6*b**9*x**3 + 8230040*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 15504*b**15*x**5))/108528
```

### 3.235 $\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1726
Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	1726
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1727
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1728
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1729
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1729
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1730
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1730
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1731
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1731

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx = \frac{3a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^3} - \frac{6a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{17b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{6b^3}$$

output

```
3/16*a^2*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/b^3-6/17*a*(a+b*x^(1/3))^17/b^3+1/6*(a+b*x^(1/3))^18/b^3
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx = \frac{1}{816} (816a^{15}x + 9180a^{14}bx^{4/3} + 51408a^{13}b^2x^{5/3} + 185640a^{12}b^3x^2 + 477360a^{11}b^4x^{7/3} + 918918a^{10}b^5x^{8/3} + 1361360a^9b^6x^3 + 1575288a^8b^7x^{10/3} + 1432080a^7b^8x^{11/3} + 1021020a^6b^9x^4 + 565488a^5b^{10}x^{13/3} + 238680a^4b^{11}x^{14/3} + 74256a^3b^{12}x^5 + 16065a^2b^{13}x^{16/3} + 2160ab^{14}x^{17/3} + 136b^{15}x^6)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15,x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (816*a^{15}*x + 9180*a^{14}*b*x^{(4/3)} + 51408*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(5/3)} + 185640*a^{12}*b^3*x^2 \\ & + 477360*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(7/3)} + 918918*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(8/3)} + 1361360*a^9*b^6*x^3 \\ & + 1575288*a^8*b^7*x^{(10/3)} + 1432080*a^7*b^8*x^{(11/3)} + 1021020*a^6*b^9*x^4 \\ & + 565488*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(13/3)} + 238680*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(14/3)} + 74256*a^3*b^{12}*x^5 \\ & + 16065*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(16/3)} + 2160*a*b^{14}*x^{(17/3)} + 136*b^{15}*x^6) / 816 \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 3 \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{b^2} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{16b^3} + \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{18}}{18b^3} - \frac{2a(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{17}}{17b^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^{15}, x]$$

output

$$3*((a^2*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^{16})/(16*b^3) - (2*a*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^{17})/(17*b^3) + (a + b*x^{(1/3)})^{18}/(18*b^3))$$



**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.92

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} b^{15} x^6 + 91 a^3 b^{12} x^5 + \frac{5005}{4} a^6 b^9 x^4 + \frac{5005}{3} a^9 b^6 x^3 + \frac{455}{2} a^{12} b^3 x^2 + a^{15} x$$

$$+ \frac{9}{136} (40 a b^{14} x^5 + 4420 a^4 b^{11} x^4 + 26520 a^7 b^8 x^3 + 17017 a^{10} b^5 x^2 + 952 a^{13} b^2 x) x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{9}{16} (35 a^2 b^{13} x^5 + 1232 a^5 b^{10} x^4 + 3432 a^8 b^7 x^3 + 1040 a^{11} b^4 x^2 + 20 a^{14} b x) x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*b^15*x^6 + 91*a^3*b^12*x^5 + 5005/4*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 5005/3*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 455/2*a^12*b^3*x^2 + a^15*x + 9/136*(40*a*b^14*x^5 + 4420*a^4*b^11*x^4 + 26520*a^7*b^8*x^3 + 17017*a^10*b^5*x^2 + 952*a^13*b^2*x)*x^(2/3) + 9/16*(35*a^2*b^13*x^5 + 1232*a^5*b^10*x^4 + 3432*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 1040*a^11*b^4*x^2 + 20*a^14*b*x)*x^(1/3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.51

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx = a^{15} x + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + 63a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{455a^{12}b^3x^2}{2} + 585a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{7}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{3} + \frac{3861a^8b^7x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{2}$$

$$+ 1755a^7b^8x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^4}{4} + 693a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{585a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{2}$$

$$+ 91a^3b^{12}x^5 + \frac{315a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{16}{3}}}{16} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{\frac{17}{3}}}{17} + \frac{b^{15}x^6}{6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15,x)`

output

```
a**15*x + 45*a**14*b*x**(4/3)/4 + 63*a**13*b**2*x**(5/3) + 455*a**12*b**3*
x**2/2 + 585*a**11*b**4*x**(7/3) + 9009*a**10*b**5*x**(8/3)/8 + 5005*a**9*
b**6*x**3/3 + 3861*a**8*b**7*x**(10/3)/2 + 1755*a**7*b**8*x**(11/3) + 5005
*a**6*b**9*x**4/4 + 693*a**5*b**10*x**(13/3) + 585*a**4*b**11*x**(14/3)/2
+ 91*a**3*b**12*x**5 + 315*a**2*b**13*x**(16/3)/16 + 45*a*b**14*x**(17/3)/
17 + b**15*x**6/6
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx = \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{18}}{6b^3} - \frac{6(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{17}a}{17b^3} + \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^{16}a^2}{16b^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^18/b^3 - 6/17*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^17*a/b^3 + 3/16*(b*x^(1/
3) + a)^16*a^2/b^3
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs.  $2(47) = 94$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\begin{aligned} \int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx = & \frac{1}{6} b^{15} x^6 + \frac{45}{17} a b^{14} x^{\frac{17}{3}} + \frac{315}{16} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{16}{3}} + 91 a^3 b^{12} x^5 \\ & + \frac{585}{2} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 693 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{5005}{4} a^6 b^9 x^4 + 1755 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{11}{3}} \\ & + \frac{3861}{2} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{5005}{3} a^9 b^6 x^3 + \frac{9009}{8} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 585 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{7}{3}} \\ & + \frac{455}{2} a^{12} b^3 x^2 + 63 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{45}{4} a^{14} b x^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^{15} x \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*b^15*x^6 + 45/17*a*b^14*x^(17/3) + 315/16*a^2*b^13*x^(16/3) + 91*a^3*b^12*x^5 + 585/2*a^4*b^11*x^(14/3) + 693*a^5*b^10*x^(13/3) + 5005/4*a^6*b^9*x^4 + 1755*a^7*b^8*x^(11/3) + 3861/2*a^8*b^7*x^(10/3) + 5005/3*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 9009/8*a^10*b^5*x^(8/3) + 585*a^11*b^4*x^(7/3) + 455/2*a^12*b^3*x^2 + 63*a^13*b^2*x^(5/3) + 45/4*a^14*b*x^(4/3) + a^15*x
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx = a^{15}x + \frac{b^{15}x^6}{6} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{17/3}}{17} + \frac{455a^{12}b^3x^2}{2} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^3}{3} + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^4}{4} + 91a^3b^{12}x^5 + 63a^{13}b^2x^{5/3} + 585a^{11}b^4x^{7/3} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{8/3}}{8} + \frac{3861a^8b^7x^{10/3}}{2} + 1755a^7b^8x^{11/3} + 693a^5b^{10}x^{13/3} + \frac{585a^4b^{11}x^{14/3}}{2} + \frac{315a^2b^{13}x^{16/3}}{16}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15,x)
```

output

```
a^15*x + (b^15*x^6)/6 + (45*a^14*b*x^(4/3))/4 + (45*a*b^14*x^(17/3))/17 + (455*a^12*b^3*x^2)/2 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^3)/3 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^4)/4 + 91*a^3*b^12*x^5 + 63*a^13*b^2*x^(5/3) + 585*a^11*b^4*x^(7/3) + (9009*a^10*b^5*x^(8/3))/8 + (3861*a^8*b^7*x^(10/3))/2 + 1755*a^7*b^8*x^(11/3) + 693*a^5*b^10*x^(13/3) + (585*a^4*b^11*x^(14/3))/2 + (315*a^2*b^13*x^(16/3))/16
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15} dx = \frac{x \left( 51408x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{13}b^2 + 918918x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{10}b^5 + 1432080x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^7b^8 + 238680x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^4b^{11} + 2160x^{\frac{14}{3}}a^1b^{14} + 9180x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{14}b + a^{15}x^6 \right)}{6}$$



input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15,x)`

output  $(x*(51408*x^{2/3}*a^{13}*b^2 + 918918*x^{2/3}*a^{10}*b^5*x + 1432080*x^{2/3}*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 238680*x^{2/3}*a^4*b^{11}*x^3 + 2160*x^{2/3}*a*b^{14}*x^4 + 9180*x^{1/3}*a^{14}*b + 477360*x^{1/3}*a^{11}*b^4*x + 1575288*x^{1/3}*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 565488*x^{1/3}*a^5*b^{10}*x^3 + 16065*x^{1/3})*a^2*b^{13}*x^4 + 816*a^{15} + 185640*a^{12}*b^3*x + 1361360*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 1021020*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 74256*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 136*b^{15}*x^5)/816$

**3.236**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	1733
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1734
Rubi [A] (verified)	1734
Maple [A] (verified)	1736
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1736
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1737
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1738
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1738
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1739
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1740

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx = 45a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{315}{2}a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} + 455a^{12}b^3x + \frac{4095}{4}a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} + \frac{9009}{5}a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} + \frac{5005}{2}a^9b^6x^2 + \frac{19305}{7}a^8b^7x^{7/3} + \frac{19305}{8}a^7b^8x^{8/3} + \frac{5005}{3}a^6b^9x^3 + \frac{9009}{10}a^5b^{10}x^{10/3} + \frac{4095}{11}a^4b^{11}x^{11/3} + \frac{455}{4}a^3b^{12}x^4 + \frac{315}{13}a^2b^{13}x^{13/3} + \frac{45}{14}ab^{14}x^{14/3} + \frac{b^{15}x^5}{5} + a^{15} \log(x)$$

output

```
45*a^14*b*x^(1/3)+315/2*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3)+455*a^12*b^3*x+4095/4*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3)+9009/5*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3)+5005/2*a^9*b^6*x^2+19305/7*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3)+19305/8*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3)+5005/3*a^6*b^9*x^3+9009/10*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3)+4095/11*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3)+455/4*a^3*b^12*x^4+315/13*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3)+45/14*a*b^14*x^(14/3)+1/5*b^15*x^5+a^15*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{5405400a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} + 18918900a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} + 54654600a^{12}b^3x + 122972850a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} + 216432216a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} + 300600300a^9b^6x^2 + 331273800a^8b^7x^{7/3} + 289864575a^7b^8x^{8/3} + 200400200a^6b^9x^3 + 108216108a^5b^{10}x^{10/3} + 44717400a^4b^{11}x^{11/3} + 13663650a^3b^{12}x^4 + 2910600a^2b^{13}x^{13/3} + 386100ab^{14}x^{14/3} + 24024b^{15}x^5}{120120} + 3a^{15} \log(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x,x]`

output `(5405400*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 18918900*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 54654600*a^12*b^3*x + 122972850*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 216432216*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 300600300*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 331273800*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 289864575*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 200400200*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 108216108*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) + 44717400*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) + 13663650*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 2910600*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) + 386100*a*b^14*x^(14/3) + 24024*b^15*x^5)/120120 + 3*a^15*Log[x^(1/3)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 15ba^{14} + 105b^2\sqrt[3]{x}a^{13} + 455b^3x^{2/3}a^{12} + 1365b^4xa^{11} + 3003b^5x^{4/3}a^{10} + 5005b^6x^{5/3}a^9 + 6435b^7x^2a^8 \right. \\ \left. + \dots \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( a^{15} \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 15a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{105}{2}a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} + \frac{455}{3}a^{12}b^3x + \frac{1365}{4}a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} + \frac{3003}{5}a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} + \frac{5005}{6}a^9b^6x^2 + \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x,x]`

output `3*(15*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + (105*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3))/2 + (455*a^12*b^3*x)/3 + (1365*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3))/4 + (3003*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3))/5 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^2)/6 + (6435*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3))/7 + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3))/8 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^3)/9 + (3003*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3))/10 + (1365*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3))/11 + (455*a^3*b^12*x^4)/12 + (105*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3))/13 + (15*a*b^14*x^(14/3))/14 + (b^15*x^5)/15 + a^15*Log[x^(1/3)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 26.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$45a^{14}bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{315a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 455a^{12}b^3x + \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{2} + \frac{19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$
default	$45a^{14}bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{315a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 455a^{12}b^3x + \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{2} + \frac{19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$
trager	$\frac{b^3(12x^4b^{12}+6825x^3b^9a^3+12x^3b^{12}+100100x^2b^6a^6+6825x^2b^9a^3+12b^{12}x^2+150150xb^3a^9+100100xb^6a^6+6825xb^9a^3}{60}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $45a^{14}bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 315/2a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 455a^{12}b^3x + 4095/4a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 9009/5a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 5005/2a^9b^6x^2 + 19305/7a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 9305/8a^7b^8x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 5005/3a^6b^9x^3 + 9009/10a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4095/11a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 455/4a^3b^{12}x^4 + 315/13a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 45/14ab^{14}x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 1/5b^{15}x^5 + a^{15}\ln(x)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{5}b^{15}x^5 + \frac{455}{4}a^3b^{12}x^4 + \frac{5005}{3}a^6b^9x^3 + \frac{5005}{2}a^9b^6x^2 + 455a^{12}b^3x + 3a^{15}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{9}{3080}(1100ab^{14}x^4 + 127400a^4b^{11}x^3 + 825825a^7b^8x^2 + 616616a^{10}b^5x + 53900a^{13}b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{9}{1820}(4900a^2b^{13}x^4 + 182182a^5b^{10}x^3 + 557700a^8b^7x^2 + 207025a^{11}b^4x + 9100a^{14}b)x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/5*b^15*x^5 + 455/4*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 5005/3*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 5005/2*a^9*b^6*x^
2 + 455*a^12*b^3*x + 3*a^15*log(x^(1/3)) + 9/3080*(1100*a*b^14*x^4 + 12740
0*a^4*b^11*x^3 + 825825*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 616616*a^10*b^5*x + 53900*a^13*b^2)*
x^(2/3) + 9/1820*(4900*a^2*b^13*x^4 + 182182*a^5*b^10*x^3 + 557700*a^8*b^7
*x^2 + 207025*a^11*b^4*x + 9100*a^14*b)*x^(1/3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx = a^{15} \log(x) + 45a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{315a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 455a^{12}b^3x$$

$$+ \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{2} + \frac{19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$$

$$+ \frac{19305a^7b^8x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^3}{3} + \frac{9009a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{4095a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$$

$$+ \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^4}{4} + \frac{315a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{b^{15}x^5}{5}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x,x)
```

output

```
a**15*log(x) + 45*a**14*b*x**(1/3) + 315*a**13*b**2*x**(2/3)/2 + 455*a**12
*b**3*x + 4095*a**11*b**4*x**(4/3)/4 + 9009*a**10*b**5*x**(5/3)/5 + 5005*a
**9*b**6*x**2/2 + 19305*a**8*b**7*x**(7/3)/7 + 19305*a**7*b**8*x**(8/3)/8
+ 5005*a**6*b**9*x**3/3 + 9009*a**5*b**10*x**(10/3)/10 + 4095*a**4*b**11*x
**(11/3)/11 + 455*a**3*b**12*x**4/4 + 315*a**2*b**13*x**(13/3)/13 + 45*a*b
**14*x**(14/3)/14 + b**15*x**5/5
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} b^{15} x^5 + \frac{45}{14} ab^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{315}{13} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{455}{4} a^3 b^{12} x^4$$

$$+ \frac{4095}{11} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{9009}{10} a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{5005}{3} a^6 b^9 x^3 + \frac{19305}{8} a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{19305}{7} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{5005}{2} a^9 b^6 x^2 + \frac{9009}{5} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{4095}{4} a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$+ 455 a^{12} b^3 x + a^{15} \log(x) + \frac{315}{2} a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 45 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/5*b^15*x^5 + 45/14*a*b^14*x^(14/3) + 315/13*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) + 455/4*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 4095/11*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) + 9009/10*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) + 5005/3*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 19305/8*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 19305/7*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 5005/2*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 9009/5*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 4095/4*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 455*a^12*b^3*x + a^15*log(x) + 315/2*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 45*a^14*b*x^(1/3)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx = \frac{1}{5} b^{15} x^5 + \frac{45}{14} ab^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{315}{13} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{455}{4} a^3 b^{12} x^4$$

$$+ \frac{4095}{11} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{9009}{10} a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{5005}{3} a^6 b^9 x^3 + \frac{19305}{8} a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{19305}{7} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{5005}{2} a^9 b^6 x^2 + \frac{9009}{5} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{4095}{4} a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$+ 455 a^{12} b^3 x + a^{15} \log(|x|) + \frac{315}{2} a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 45 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/5*b^15*x^5 + 45/14*a*b^14*x^(14/3) + 315/13*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) + 455/4*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 4095/11*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) + 9009/10*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) + 5005/3*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 19305/8*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 19305/7*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 5005/2*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 9009/5*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 4095/4*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 455*a^12*b^3*x + a^15*log(abs(x)) + 315/2*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 45*a^14*b*x^(1/3)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx = 3a^{15} \ln(x^{1/3}) + \frac{b^{15}x^5}{5} + 455a^{12}b^3x + 45a^{14}bx^{1/3} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{14/3}}{14} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{2} + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^3}{3} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^4}{4} + \frac{315a^{13}b^2x^{2/3}}{2} + \frac{4095a^{11}b^4x^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{5/3}}{5} + \frac{19305a^8b^7x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{19305a^7b^8x^{8/3}}{8} + \frac{9009a^5b^{10}x^{10/3}}{10} + \frac{4095a^4b^{11}x^{11/3}}{11} + \frac{315a^2b^{13}x^{13/3}}{13}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x,x)
```

output

```
3*a^15*log(x^(1/3)) + (b^15*x^5)/5 + 455*a^12*b^3*x + 45*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + (45*a*b^14*x^(14/3))/14 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^2)/2 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^3)/3 + (455*a^3*b^12*x^4)/4 + (315*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3))/2 + (4095*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3))/4 + (9009*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3))/5 + (19305*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3))/7 + (19305*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3))/8 + (9009*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3))/10 + (4095*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3))/11 + (315*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3))/13
```



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x} dx = \frac{315x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{13}b^2}{2} + \frac{9009x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{10}b^5}{5} + \frac{19305x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^7b^8}{8} + \frac{4095x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^4b^{11}}{11}$$

$$+ \frac{45x^{\frac{14}{3}}ab^{14}}{14} + 45x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{14}b + \frac{4095x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^{11}b^4}{4} + \frac{19305x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^8b^7}{7}$$

$$+ \frac{9009x^{\frac{10}{3}}a^5b^{10}}{10} + \frac{315x^{\frac{13}{3}}a^2b^{13}}{13} + \log(x)a^{15} + 455a^{12}b^3x$$

$$+ \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{2} + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^3}{3} + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^4}{4} + \frac{b^{15}x^5}{5}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x,x)`output `(18918900*x**(2/3)*a**13*b**2 + 216432216*x**(2/3)*a**10*b**5*x + 289864575*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**8*x**2 + 44717400*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**11*x**3 + 386100*x**2*(2/3)*a*b**14*x**4 + 5405400*x**(1/3)*a**14*b + 122972850*x**(1/3)*a**11*b**4*x + 331273800*x**(1/3)*a**8*b**7*x**2 + 108216108*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**10*x**3 + 2910600*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**13*x**4 + 120120*log(x)*a**15 + 54654600*a**12*b**3*x + 300600300*a**9*b**6*x**2 + 200400200*a**6*b**9*x**3 + 13663650*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 24024*b**15*x**5)/120120`

**3.237**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 202

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{x} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 4095a^{11}b^4\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{9009}{2}a^{10}b^5x^{2/3} + 5005a^9b^6x + \frac{19305}{4}a^8b^7x^{4/3} + 3861a^7b^8x^{5/3} + \frac{5005}{2}a^6b^9x^2 + 1287a^5b^{10}x^{7/3} + \frac{4095}{8}a^4b^{11}x^{8/3} + \frac{455}{3}a^3b^{12}x^3 + \frac{63}{2}a^2b^{13}x^{10/3} + \frac{45}{11}ab^{14}x^{11/3} + \frac{b^{15}x^4}{4} + 455a^{12}b^3 \log(x)$$

output

```
-a^15/x-45/2*a^14*b/x^(2/3)-315*a^13*b^2/x^(1/3)+4095*a^11*b^4*x^(1/3)+9009/2*a^10*b^5*x^(2/3)+5005*a^9*b^6*x+19305/4*a^8*b^7*x^(4/3)+3861*a^7*b^8*x^(5/3)+5005/2*a^6*b^9*x^2+1287*a^5*b^10*x^(7/3)+4095/8*a^4*b^11*x^(8/3)+455/3*a^3*b^12*x^3+63/2*a^2*b^13*x^(10/3)+45/11*a*b^14*x^(11/3)+1/4*b^15*x^4+455*a^12*b^3*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 195, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-264a^{15} - 5940a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 83160a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} + 1081080a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} + 1189188a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} + 1321320a^9b^6x^2 + 1365a^{12}b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^2,x]`

output `(-264*a^15 - 5940*a^14*b*x^(1/3) - 83160*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 1081080*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 1189188*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 1321320*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 1274130*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 1019304*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 660660*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 339768*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) + 135135*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) + 40040*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 8316*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) + 1080*a*b^14*x^(14/3) + 66*b^15*x^5)/(264*x) + 1365*a^12*b^3*Log[x^(1/3)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{4/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 1365b^4a^{11} + 3003b^5\sqrt[3]{x}a^{10} + 5005b^6x^{2/3}a^9 + 6435b^7xa^8 + 6435b^8x^2a^7 + 455b^9x^3a^6 + 1365b^{10}x^4a^5 + 3003b^{11}x^5a^4 + 105b^{12}x^6a^3 + 15b^{13}x^7a^2 + b^{14}x^8a + b^{15}x^9 \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{3x} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 455a^{12}b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 1365a^{11}b^4\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3003}{2}a^{10}b^5x^{2/3} + \frac{5005}{3}a^9b^6x + \frac{6435}{4}a^8b^7x^2 + \frac{455}{5}a^7b^8x^3 + \frac{1365}{6}a^6b^9x^4 + \frac{3003}{7}a^5b^{10}x^5 + \frac{105}{8}a^4b^{11}x^6 + \frac{15}{9}a^3b^{12}x^7 + \frac{b^{13}x^8}{10} + \frac{b^{14}x^9}{11} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^2,x]`

output `3*(-1/3*a^15/x - (15*a^14*b)/(2*x^(2/3)) - (105*a^13*b^2)/x^(1/3) + 1365*a^11*b^4*x^(1/3) + (3003*a^10*b^5*x^(2/3))/2 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x)/3 + (6435*a^8*b^7*x^(4/3))/4 + 1287*a^7*b^8*x^(5/3) + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^2)/6 + 429*a^5*b^10*x^(7/3) + (1365*a^4*b^11*x^(8/3))/8 + (455*a^3*b^12*x^3)/9 + (21*a^2*b^13*x^(10/3))/2 + (15*a*b^14*x^(11/3))/11 + (b^15*x^4)/12 + 455*a^12*b^3*Log[x^(1/3)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 26.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{x} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 5005a^9b^6x + \frac{19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + 3861a^7b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{x} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 5005a^9b^6x + \frac{19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + 3861a^7b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(3b^{15}x^4+1820a^3b^{12}x^3+3b^{15}x^3+30030a^6b^9x^2+1820a^3b^{12}x^2+3b^{15}x^2+60060a^9b^6x+30030a^6b^9x+1820a^3b^{12})}{12x}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-a^{15}/x-45/2*a^{14}*b/x^{(2/3)}-315*a^{13}*b^2/x^{(1/3)}+4095*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(1/3)}+9009/2*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(2/3)}+5005*a^9*b^6*x+19305/4*a^8*b^7*x^{(4/3)}+3861*a^7*b^8*x^{(5/3)}+5005/2*a^6*b^9*x^2+1287*a^5*b^10*x^{(7/3)}+4095/8*a^4*b^11*x^{(8/3)}+455/3*a^3*b^12*x^3+63/2*a^2*b^13*x^{(10/3)}+45/11*a*b^14*x^{(11/3)}+1/4*b^15*x^4+455*a^12*b^3*\ln(x)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{66b^{15}x^5 + 40040a^3b^{12}x^4 + 660660a^6b^9x^3 + 1321320a^9b^6x^2 + 360360a^{12}b^3x \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 264a^{15} + 27(40a^4b^{14}x^4 + 5005a^4b^{11}x^3 + 37752a^7b^8x^2 + 44044a^{10}b^5x - 3080a^{13}b^2)x^{(2/3)} + 594(14a^2b^{13}x^4 + 572a^5b^{10}x^3 + 2145a^8b^7x^2 + 1820a^{11}b^4x - 10a^{14}b)x^{(1/3)}}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$1/264*(66*b^{15}*x^5 + 40040*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 660660*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 1321320*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 360360*a^{12}*b^3*x*\log(x^{(1/3)}) - 264*a^{15} + 27*(40*a*b^{14}*x^4 + 5005*a^4*b^{11}*x^3 + 37752*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 44044*a^{10}*b^5*x - 3080*a^{13}*b^2)*x^{(2/3)} + 594*(14*a^2*b^{13}*x^4 + 572*a^5*b^{10}*x^3 + 2145*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 1820*a^{11}*b^4*x - 10*a^{14}*b)*x^{(1/3)})/x$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{x} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 455a^{12}b^3 \log(x) \\ + 4095a^{11}b^4 \sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{9009a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 5005a^9b^6x + \frac{19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} \\ + 3861a^7b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^2}{2} + 1287a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{4095a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} \\ + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^3}{3} + \frac{63a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{2} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{b^{15}x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**2,x)`output `-a**15/x - 45*a**14*b/(2*x**(2/3)) - 315*a**13*b**2/x**(1/3) + 455*a**12*b**3*log(x) + 4095*a**11*b**4*x**(1/3) + 9009*a**10*b**5*x**(2/3)/2 + 5005*a**9*b**6*x + 19305*a**8*b**7*x**(4/3)/4 + 3861*a**7*b**8*x**(5/3) + 5005*a**6*b**9*x**2/2 + 1287*a**5*b**10*x**(7/3) + 4095*a**4*b**11*x**(8/3)/8 + 455*a**3*b**12*x**3/3 + 63*a**2*b**13*x**(10/3)/2 + 45*a*b**14*x**(11/3)/11 + b**15*x**4/4`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4}b^{15}x^4 + \frac{45}{11}ab^{14}x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{63}{2}a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{455}{3}a^3b^{12}x^3 \\ + \frac{4095}{8}a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 1287a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{5005}{2}a^6b^9x^2 + 3861a^7b^8x^{\frac{5}{3}} \\ + \frac{19305}{4}a^8b^7x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 5005a^9b^6x + 455a^{12}b^3 \log(x) + \frac{9009}{2}a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} \\ + 4095a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{630a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 45a^{14}bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2a^{15}}{2x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/4*b^15*x^4 + 45/11*a*b^14*x^(11/3) + 63/2*a^2*b^13*x^(10/3) + 455/3*a^3*
b^12*x^3 + 4095/8*a^4*b^11*x^(8/3) + 1287*a^5*b^10*x^(7/3) + 5005/2*a^6*b^
9*x^2 + 3861*a^7*b^8*x^(5/3) + 19305/4*a^8*b^7*x^(4/3) + 5005*a^9*b^6*x +
455*a^12*b^3*log(x) + 9009/2*a^10*b^5*x^(2/3) + 4095*a^11*b^4*x^(1/3) - 1/
2*(630*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 45*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^15)/x
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = \frac{1}{4} b^{15} x^4 + \frac{45}{11} a b^{14} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{63}{2} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{455}{3} a^3 b^{12} x^3$$

$$+ \frac{4095}{8} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 1287 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{5005}{2} a^6 b^9 x^2 + 3861 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{19305}{4} a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 5005 a^9 b^6 x + 455 a^{12} b^3 \log(|x|) + \frac{9009}{2} a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$+ 4095 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{630 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 45 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^{15}}{2x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/4*b^15*x^4 + 45/11*a*b^14*x^(11/3) + 63/2*a^2*b^13*x^(10/3) + 455/3*a^3*
b^12*x^3 + 4095/8*a^4*b^11*x^(8/3) + 1287*a^5*b^10*x^(7/3) + 5005/2*a^6*b^
9*x^2 + 3861*a^7*b^8*x^(5/3) + 19305/4*a^8*b^7*x^(4/3) + 5005*a^9*b^6*x +
455*a^12*b^3*log(abs(x)) + 9009/2*a^10*b^5*x^(2/3) + 4095*a^11*b^4*x^(1/3)
- 1/2*(630*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 45*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^15)/x
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx = \frac{b^{15} x^4}{4} - \frac{a^{15} + \frac{45 a^{14} b x^{1/3}}{2} + 315 a^{13} b^2 x^{2/3}}{x}$$

$$+ 1365 a^{12} b^3 \ln(x^{1/3}) + 5005 a^9 b^6 x + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{11/3}}{11} + \frac{5005 a^6 b^9 x^2}{2} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^3}{3} + 4095 a^{11} b^4 x^{1/3} + \frac{9009}{2} a^{10} b^5 x^{2/3}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^2,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (b^{15}x^4)/4 - (a^{15} + (45a^{14}bx^{1/3})/2 + 315a^{13}b^2x^{2/3})/x + 1 \\ & 365a^{12}b^3\log(x^{1/3}) + 5005a^9b^6x + (45ab^{14}x^{11/3})/11 + (50 \\ & 05a^6b^9x^2)/2 + (455a^3b^{12}x^3)/3 + 4095a^{11}b^4x^{1/3} + (9009a \\ & ^{10}b^5x^{2/3})/2 + (19305a^8b^7x^{4/3})/4 + 3861a^7b^8x^{5/3} + 12 \\ & 87a^5b^{10}x^{7/3} + (4095a^4b^{11}x^{8/3})/8 + (63a^2b^{13}x^{10/3})/2 \end{aligned}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{360360x^{\frac{5}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)a^{12}b^3 - 264x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{15} + 1321320x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^9b^6 + 660660x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^6b^9 + 40040x^{\frac{14}{3}}a^3b^{12} + 66x^{\frac{17}{3}}b^{15} - 8316a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{(264x^{\frac{2}{3}})x}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^2,x)
```

output

```
(360360*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**12*b**3*x - 264*x**(2/3)*a**15 + 1321320
*x**(2/3)*a**9*b**6*x**2 + 660660*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**9*x**3 + 40040*x**(2/3)
*a**3*b**12*x**4 + 66*x**(2/3)*b**15*x**5 - 83160*x**(1/3)*a**13*b**2*x +
1189188*x**(1/3)*a**10*b**5*x**2 + 1019304*x**(1/3)*a**7*b**8*x**3 + 13513
5*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**11*x**4 + 1080*x**(1/3)*a*b**14*x**5 - 5940*a**14*b*x +
1081080*a**11*b**4*x**2 + 1274130*a**8*b**7*x**3 + 339768*a**5*b**10*x**4
+ 8316*a**2*b**13*x**5)/(264*x**(2/3)*x)
```



**3.238**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1748
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1749
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1749
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1751
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1751
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1752
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1752
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1753
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1753
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1754

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^{14}b}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{x} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 19305a^8b^7\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{19305}{2}a^7b^8x^{2/3} + 5005a^6b^9x + \frac{9009}{4}a^5b^{10}x^{4/3} + 819a^4b^{11}x^{5/3} + \frac{455}{2}a^3b^{12}x^2 + 45a^2b^{13}x^{7/3} + \frac{45}{8}ab^{14}x^{8/3} + \frac{b^{15}x^3}{3} + 5005a^9b^6 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^15/x^2-9*a^14*b/x^(5/3)-315/4*a^13*b^2/x^(4/3)-455*a^12*b^3/x-4095/2*a^11*b^4/x^(2/3)-9009*a^10*b^5/x^(1/3)+19305*a^8*b^7*x^(1/3)+19305/2*a^7*b^8*x^(2/3)+5005*a^6*b^9*x+9009/4*a^5*b^10*x^(4/3)+819*a^4*b^11*x^(5/3)+455/2*a^3*b^12*x^2+45*a^2*b^13*x^(7/3)+45/8*a*b^14*x^(8/3)+1/3*b^15*x^3+5005*a^9*b^6*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-12a^{15} - 216a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 1890a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 10920a^{12}b^3x - 49140a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} - 216216a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} + 463320a^8b^7x^{7/3} + 231660a^7b^8x^{8/3} + 120120a^6b^9x^3 + 54054a^5b^{10}x^{10/3} + 19656a^4b^{11}x^{11/3} + 5460a^3b^{12}x^4 + 1080a^2b^{13}x^{13/3} + 135ab^{14}x^{14/3} + 8b^{15}x^5}{(24x^2)} + 15015a^9b^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^3,x]`

output  $(-12a^{15} - 216a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 1890a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 10920a^{12}b^3x - 49140a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} - 216216a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} + 463320a^8b^7x^{7/3} + 231660a^7b^8x^{8/3} + 120120a^6b^9x^3 + 54054a^5b^{10}x^{10/3} + 19656a^4b^{11}x^{11/3} + 5460a^3b^{12}x^4 + 1080a^2b^{13}x^{13/3} + 135ab^{14}x^{14/3} + 8b^{15}x^5)/(24x^2) + 15015a^9b^6 \text{Log}[x^{1/3}]$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{7/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^2} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 6435b^7a^8 + 6435b^8\sqrt[3]{x}a^7 - \dots \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{6x^2} - \frac{3a^{14}b}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{3x} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{3003a^{10}b^5}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 5005a^9b^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) + 6435a^8b^7\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{6435a^7b^8}{2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^3,x]`

output `3*(-1/6*a^15/x^2 - (3*a^14*b)/x^(5/3) - (105*a^13*b^2)/(4*x^(4/3)) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(3*x) - (1365*a^11*b^4)/(2*x^(2/3)) - (3003*a^10*b^5)/x^(1/3) + 6435*a^8*b^7*x^(1/3) + (6435*a^7*b^8*x^(2/3))/2 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x)/3 + (3003*a^5*b^10*x^(4/3))/4 + 273*a^4*b^11*x^(5/3) + (455*a^3*b^12*x^2)/6 + 15*a^2*b^13*x^(7/3) + (15*a*b^14*x^(8/3))/8 + (b^15*x^3)/9 + 5005*a^9*b^6*Log[x^(1/3)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 26.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{x} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{19305a^7b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + \dots$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{x} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 19305a^8b^7x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{19305a^7b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + \dots$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2b^{15}x^4+1365a^3b^{12}x^3+2b^{15}x^3+30030a^6b^9x^2+1365a^3b^{12}x^2+2b^{15}x^2+3a^{15}x+2730a^{12}b^3x+3a^{15})}{6x^2} - \frac{9(-20\dots)}{\dots}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-1/2*a^{15}/x^2-9*a^{14}*b/x^{(5/3)}-315/4*a^{13}*b^2/x^{(4/3)}-455*a^{12}*b^3/x-4095/2*a^{11}*b^4/x^{(2/3)}-9009*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(1/3)}+19305*a^8*b^7*x^{(1/3)}+19305/2*a^7*b^8*x^{(2/3)}+5005*a^6*b^9*x+9009/4*a^5*b^10*x^{(4/3)}+819*a^4*b^11*x^{(5/3)}+455/2*a^3*b^12*x^2+45*a^2*b^13*x^{(7/3)}+45/8*a*b^14*x^{(8/3)}+1/3*b^15*x^3+5005*a^9*b^6*\ln(x)$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{8b^{15}x^5 + 5460a^3b^{12}x^4 + 120120a^6b^9x^3 + 360360a^9b^6x^2 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 10920a^{12}b^3x - 12a^{15} + 27(5ab^{14}x^4 + \dots)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$1/24*(8*b^{15}*x^5 + 5460*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 120120*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 360360*a^9*b^6*x^2*\log(x^{(1/3)}) - 10920*a^{12}*b^3*x - 12*a^{15} + 27*(5*a*b^{14}*x^4 + 728*a^4*b^{11}*x^3 + 8580*a^7*b^8*x^2 - 8008*a^{10}*b^5*x - 70*a^{13}*b^2)*x^{(2/3)} + 54*(20*a^2*b^{13}*x^4 + 1001*a^5*b^{10}*x^3 + 8580*a^8*b^7*x^2 - 910*a^{11}*b^4*x - 4*a^{14}*b)*x^{(1/3)})/x^2$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^{14}b}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{x} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

$$- \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 5005a^9b^6 \log(x) + 19305a^8b^7\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$+ \frac{19305a^7b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 5005a^6b^9x + \frac{9009a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + 819a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$+ \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^2}{2} + 45a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{b^{15}x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**3,x)`output `-a**15/(2*x**2) - 9*a**14*b/x**(5/3) - 315*a**13*b**2/(4*x**(4/3)) - 455*a**12*b**3/x - 4095*a**11*b**4/(2*x**(2/3)) - 9009*a**10*b**5/x**(1/3) + 5005*a**9*b**6*log(x) + 19305*a**8*b**7*x**(1/3) + 19305*a**7*b**8*x**(2/3)/2 + 5005*a**6*b**9*x + 9009*a**5*b**10*x**(4/3)/4 + 819*a**4*b**11*x**(5/3) + 455*a**3*b**12*x**2/2 + 45*a**2*b**13*x**(7/3) + 45*a*b**14*x**(8/3)/8 + b**15*x**3/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} b^{15} x^3 + \frac{45}{8} a b^{14} x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 45 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{455}{2} a^3 b^{12} x^2 + 819 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9009}{4} a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$+ 5005 a^6 b^9 x + 5005 a^9 b^6 \log(x) + \frac{19305}{2} a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 19305 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$- \frac{36036 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 8190 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 1820 a^{12} b^3 x + 315 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 36 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^{15}}{4 x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/3*b^15*x^3 + 45/8*a*b^14*x^(8/3) + 45*a^2*b^13*x^(7/3) + 455/2*a^3*b^12*
x^2 + 819*a^4*b^11*x^(5/3) + 9009/4*a^5*b^10*x^(4/3) + 5005*a^6*b^9*x + 50
05*a^9*b^6*log(x) + 19305/2*a^7*b^8*x^(2/3) + 19305*a^8*b^7*x^(1/3) - 1/4*
(36036*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 8190*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 1820*a^12*b^3*x + 315*a^
13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 36*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^15)/x^2
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} b^{15} x^3 + \frac{45}{8} a b^{14} x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 45 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{455}{2} a^3 b^{12} x^2 + 819 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9009}{4} a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$+ 5005 a^6 b^9 x + 5005 a^9 b^6 \log(|x|) + \frac{19305}{2} a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 19305 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$- \frac{36036 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 8190 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 1820 a^{12} b^3 x + 315 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 36 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^{15}}{4 x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/3*b^15*x^3 + 45/8*a*b^14*x^(8/3) + 45*a^2*b^13*x^(7/3) + 455/2*a^3*b^12*
x^2 + 819*a^4*b^11*x^(5/3) + 9009/4*a^5*b^10*x^(4/3) + 5005*a^6*b^9*x + 50
05*a^9*b^6*log(abs(x)) + 19305/2*a^7*b^8*x^(2/3) + 19305*a^8*b^7*x^(1/3) -
1/4*(36036*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 8190*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 1820*a^12*b^3*x + 3
15*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 36*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^15)/x^2
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx = \frac{b^{15} x^3}{3}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{a^{15}}{2} + 455 a^{12} b^3 x + 9 a^{14} b x^{1/3} + \frac{315 a^{13} b^2 x^{2/3}}{4} + \frac{4095 a^{11} b^4 x^{4/3}}{2} + 9009 a^{10} b^5 x^{5/3}}{x^2}$$

$$+ 15015 a^9 b^6 \ln(x^{1/3}) + 5005 a^6 b^9 x + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{8/3}}{8} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^2}{2} + 19305 a^8 b^7 x^{1/3} + \frac{19305 a^7 b^8 x^{2/3}}{2} + \dots$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^3,x)`

output  $(b^{15}x^3)/3 - (a^{15}/2 + 455a^{12}b^3x + 9a^{14}b^2x^{1/3} + (315a^{13}b^2x^{2/3}))/4 + (4095a^{11}b^4x^{4/3})/2 + 9009a^{10}b^5x^{5/3}/x^2 + 15015a^9b^6\log(x^{1/3}) + 5005a^6b^9x + (45ab^{14}x^{8/3})/8 + (455a^3b^{12}x^2)/2 + 19305a^8b^7x^{1/3} + (19305a^7b^8x^{2/3})/2 + (9009a^5b^{10}x^{4/3})/4 + 819a^4b^{11}x^{5/3} + 45a^2b^{13}x^{7/3}$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{360360x^{\frac{8}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)a^9b^6 - 12x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{15} - 10920x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{12}b^3 + 120120x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^6b^9 + 5460x^{\frac{14}{3}}a^3b^{12} + 8x^{\frac{17}{3}}b^{15} - 1890x^{\frac{17}{3}}b^{15}}{24x^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^3,x)`

output  $(360360x^{8/3}\log(x^{1/3})a^9b^6x^2 - 12x^{2/3}a^{15} - 10920x^{5/3}a^{12}b^3x + 120120x^{11/3}a^6b^9x^3 + 5460x^{14/3}a^3b^{12}x^3 + 8x^{17/3}b^{15}x^5 - 1890x^{17/3}a^{13}b^2x - 216216x^{1/3}a^{10}b^5x^2 + 231660x^{1/3}a^7b^8x^3 + 19656x^{1/3}a^4b^{11}x^4 + 135x^{1/3}ab^{14}x^5 - 216a^{14}bx - 49140a^{11}b^4x^2 + 463320a^8b^7x^3 + 54054a^5b^{10}x^4 + 1080a^2b^{13}x^5)/(24x^{2/3}x^2)$

**3.239**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result	1755
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1756
Rubi [A] (verified)	1756
Maple [A] (verified)	1758
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1758
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1759
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1759
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1760
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1760
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1761

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{3x^3} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{45a^{13}b^2}{x^{7/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{2x^2} - \frac{819a^{11}b^4}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{x} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 9009a^5b^{10}\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{4095}{2}a^4b^{11}x^{2/3} + 455a^3b^{12}x + \frac{315}{4}a^2b^{13}x^{4/3} + 9ab^{14}x^{5/3} + \frac{b^{15}x^2}{2} + 5005a^6b^9 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/3*a^15/x^3-45/8*a^14*b/x^(8/3)-45*a^13*b^2/x^(7/3)-455/2*a^12*b^3/x^2-819*a^11*b^4/x^(5/3)-9009/4*a^10*b^5/x^(4/3)-5005*a^9*b^6/x-19305/2*a^8*b^7/x^(2/3)-19305*a^7*b^8/x^(1/3)+9009*a^5*b^10*x^(1/3)+4095/2*a^4*b^11*x^(2/3)+455*a^3*b^12*x+315/4*a^2*b^13*x^(4/3)+9*a*b^14*x^(5/3)+1/2*b^15*x^2+5005*a^6*b^9*ln(x)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{-8a^{15} - 135a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 1080a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 5460a^{12}b^3x - 19656a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} - 54054a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} - 120120a^9b^6x^2 + 15015a^6b^9 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{24x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^4,x]`

output  $(-8*a^{15} - 135*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} - 1080*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 5460*a^{12}*b^3*x - 19656*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 54054*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} - 120120*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 231660*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 463320*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 216216*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 49140*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} + 10920*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 1890*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 216*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 12*b^{15}*x^5)/(24*x^3) + 15015*a^6*b^9*Log[x^(1/3)]$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^3} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{8/3}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^2} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{2/3}} + \dots \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{9x^3} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{x^{7/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{6x^2} - \frac{273a^{11}b^4}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{3003a^{10}b^5}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x} - \frac{6435a^8b^7}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 5005 \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^4,x]`

output `3*(-1/9*a^15/x^3 - (15*a^14*b)/(8*x^(8/3)) - (15*a^13*b^2)/x^(7/3) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(6*x^2) - (273*a^11*b^4)/x^(5/3) - (3003*a^10*b^5)/(4*x^(4/3)) - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(3*x) - (6435*a^8*b^7)/(2*x^(2/3)) - (6435*a^7*b^8)/x^(1/3) + 3003*a^5*b^10*x^(1/3) + (1365*a^4*b^11*x^(2/3))/2 + (455*a^3*b^12*x)/3 + (105*a^2*b^13*x^(4/3))/4 + 3*a*b^14*x^(5/3) + (b^15*x^2)/6 + 5005*a^6*b^9*Log[x^(1/3)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 27.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{3x^3} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{45a^{13}b^2}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{2x^2} - \frac{819a^{11}b^4}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{x} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{3x^3} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{45a^{13}b^2}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{2x^2} - \frac{819a^{11}b^4}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{x} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(3b^{15}x^4+2730a^3b^{12}x^3+3b^{15}x^3+2a^{15}x^2+1365a^{12}b^3x^2+30030a^9b^6x^2+2a^{15}x+1365a^{12}b^3x+2a^{15})}{6x^3} - 9(-70$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3*a^{15}/x^3-45/8*a^{14}*b/x^{(8/3)}-45*a^{13}*b^2/x^{(7/3)}-455/2*a^{12}*b^3/x^2-819*a^{11}*b^4/x^{(5/3)}-9009/4*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(4/3)}-5005*a^9*b^6/x-19305/2*a^8*b^7/x^{(2/3)}-19305*a^7*b^8/x^{(1/3)}+9009*a^5*b^10*x^{(1/3)}+4095/2*a^4*b^11*x^{(2/3)}+455*a^3*b^12*x+315/4*a^2*b^13*x^{(4/3)}+9*a*b^14*x^{(5/3)}+1/2*b^15*x^2+5005*a^6*b^9*\ln(x)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{12b^{15}x^5 + 10920a^3b^{12}x^4 + 360360a^6b^9x^3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 120120a^9b^6x^2 - 5460a^{12}b^3x - 8a^{15} + 54(4ab^{14}x^4 + 910a^4b^{11}x^3 - 8580a^7b^8x^2 - 1001a^{10}b^5x - 20a^{13}b^2)x^{(2/3)} + 27(70a^2b^{13}x^4 + 8008a^5b^{10}x^3 - 8580a^8b^7x^2 - 728a^{11}b^4x - 5a^{14}b)x^{(1/3)}}{x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/24*(12*b^{15}*x^5 + 10920*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 360360*a^6*b^9*x^3*\log(x^{(1/3)}) - 120120*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 5460*a^{12}*b^3*x - 8*a^{15} + 54*(4*a*b^{14}*x^4 + 910*a^4*b^{11}*x^3 - 8580*a^7*b^8*x^2 - 1001*a^{10}*b^5*x - 20*a^{13}*b^2)*x^{(2/3)} + 27*(70*a^2*b^{13}*x^4 + 8008*a^5*b^{10}*x^3 - 8580*a^8*b^7*x^2 - 728*a^{11}*b^4*x - 5*a^{14}*b)*x^{(1/3)})/x^3$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{3x^3} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{45a^{13}b^2}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{2x^2} - \frac{819a^{11}b^4}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{x} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 5005a^6b^9 \log(x) + 9009a^5b^{10}\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{4095a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 455a^3b^{12}x + \frac{315a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + 9ab^{14}x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{b^{15}x^2}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**4,x)`output `-a**15/(3*x**3) - 45*a**14*b/(8*x**(8/3)) - 45*a**13*b**2/x**(7/3) - 455*a**12*b**3/(2*x**2) - 819*a**11*b**4/x**(5/3) - 9009*a**10*b**5/(4*x**(4/3)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/x - 19305*a**8*b**7/(2*x**(2/3)) - 19305*a**7*b**8/x**(1/3) + 5005*a**6*b**9*log(x) + 9009*a**5*b**10*x**(1/3) + 4095*a**4*b**11*x**(2/3)/2 + 455*a**3*b**12*x + 315*a**2*b**13*x**(4/3)/4 + 9*a*b**14*x**(5/3) + b**15*x**2/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{2}b^{15}x^2 + 9ab^{14}x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{315}{4}a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 455a^3b^{12}x + 5005a^6b^9 \log(x) + \frac{4095}{2}a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9009a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{463320a^7b^8x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 231660a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 120120a^9b^6x^2 + 54054a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 19656a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 5460a^{12}b^3x + 10}{24x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*b^15*x^2 + 9*a*b^14*x^(5/3) + 315/4*a^2*b^13*x^(4/3) + 455*a^3*b^12*x
+ 5005*a^6*b^9*log(x) + 4095/2*a^4*b^11*x^(2/3) + 9009*a^5*b^10*x^(1/3) -
1/24*(463320*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 231660*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 120120*a^9*b^6*x^2
+ 54054*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 19656*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 5460*a^12*b^3*x + 108
0*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 135*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 8*a^15)/x^3
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx = \frac{1}{2} b^{15} x^2 + 9 a b^{14} x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{315}{4} a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$+ 455 a^3 b^{12} x + 5005 a^6 b^9 \log(|x|) + \frac{4095}{2} a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9009 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$- \frac{463320 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 231660 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 120120 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 54054 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 19656 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 5460 a^{12} b^3 x + 1080 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 135 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 8 a^{15}}{24 x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/2*b^15*x^2 + 9*a*b^14*x^(5/3) + 315/4*a^2*b^13*x^(4/3) + 455*a^3*b^12*x
+ 5005*a^6*b^9*log(abs(x)) + 4095/2*a^4*b^11*x^(2/3) + 9009*a^5*b^10*x^(1/
3) - 1/24*(463320*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 231660*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 120120*a^9*b^
6*x^2 + 54054*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 19656*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 5460*a^12*b^3*x
+ 1080*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 135*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 8*a^15)/x^3
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx = \frac{b^{15} x^2}{2}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{a^{15}}{3} + \frac{455 a^{12} b^3 x}{2} + \frac{45 a^{14} b x^{1/3}}{8} + 5005 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 45 a^{13} b^2 x^{2/3} + 819 a^{11} b^4 x^{4/3} + \frac{9009 a^{10} b^5 x^{5/3}}{4} + \frac{19305 a^8 b^7 x^{7/3}}{2}}{x^3}$$

$$+ 15015 a^6 b^9 \ln(x^{1/3}) + 455 a^3 b^{12} x + 9 a b^{14} x^{5/3} + 9009 a^5 b^{10} x^{1/3} + \frac{4095 a^4 b^{11} x^{2/3}}{2} + \frac{315 a^2 b^{13} x^{4/3}}{4}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^4,x)`

output  $(b^{15}x^2)/2 - (a^{15}/3 + (455a^{12}b^3x)/2 + (45a^{14}b*x^{1/3})/8 + 5005a^9b^6x^2 + 45a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} + 819a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} + (9009a^{10}b^5x^{5/3})/4 + (19305a^8b^7x^{7/3})/2 + 19305a^7b^8x^{8/3})/x^3 + 15015a^6b^9\log(x^{1/3}) + 455a^3b^{12}x + 9a*b^{14}x^{5/3} + 9009a^5b^{10}x^{1/3} + (4095a^4b^{11}x^{2/3})/2 + (315a^2b^{13}x^{4/3})/4$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{360360x^{\frac{11}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)a^6b^9 - 8x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{15} - 5460x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{12}b^3 - 120120x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^9b^6 + 10920x^{\frac{14}{3}}a^3b^{12} + 12x^{\frac{17}{3}}b^{15} - 1080x^{\frac{20}{3}}}{24x^{\frac{2}{3}}x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^4,x)`

output  $(360360*x^{11/3}*log(x^{1/3})*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 8*x^{2/3}*a^{15} - 5460*x^{5/3}*a^{12}*b^3*x - 120120*x^{8/3}*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 10920*x^{14/3}*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 12*x^{17/3}*b^{15}*x^5 - 1080*x^{20/3}*a^{13}*b^2*x - 54054*x^{23/3}*a^{10}*b^5*x^2 - 463320*x^{26/3}*a^7*b^8*x^3 + 49140*x^{29/3}*a^4*b^{11}*x^4 + 216*x^{32/3}*a*b^{14}*x^5 - 135*a^{14}*b*x - 19656*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 231660*a^8*b^7*x^3 + 216216*a^5*b^{10}*x^4 + 1890*a^2*b^{13}*x^5)/(24*x^{2/3}*x^3)$

**3.240**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$

Optimal result	1762
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1763
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 211

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{5x^5} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{14x^{14/3}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{4x^4} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{10x^{10/3}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x^3} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{2x^2} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{4095a^4b^{11}}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{x} - \frac{315a^2b^{13}}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + b^{15} \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/5*a^15/x^5-45/14*a^14*b/x^(14/3)-315/13*a^13*b^2/x^(13/3)-455/4*a^12*b^3/x^4-4095/11*a^11*b^4/x^(11/3)-9009/10*a^10*b^5/x^(10/3)-5005/3*a^9*b^6/x^3-19305/8*a^8*b^7/x^(8/3)-19305/7*a^7*b^8/x^(7/3)-5005/2*a^6*b^9/x^2-9009/5*a^5*b^10/x^(5/3)-4095/4*a^4*b^11/x^(4/3)-455*a^3*b^12/x-315/2*a^2*b^13/x^(2/3)-45*a*b^14/x^(1/3)+b^15*ln(x)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{-24024a^{15} - 386100a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 2910600a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 13663650a^{12}b^3x - 44717400a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} - 108216108a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} - 200400200a^9b^6x^2 - 289864575a^8b^7x^{7/3} - 331273800a^7b^8x^{8/3} - 300600300a^6b^9x^3 - 216432216a^5b^{10}x^{10/3} - 122972850a^4b^{11}x^{11/3} - 54654600a^3b^{12}x^4 - 18918900a^2b^{13}x^{13/3} - 5405400ab^{14}x^{14/3}}{(120120x^5) + 3b^{15}\log(\sqrt[3]{x})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^6,x]`

output `(-24024*a^15 - 386100*a^14*b*x^(1/3) - 2910600*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) - 13663650*a^12*b^3*x - 44717400*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) - 108216108*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) - 200400200*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 289864575*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) - 331273800*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) - 300600300*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 216432216*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) - 122972850*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) - 54654600*a^3*b^12*x^4 - 18918900*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) - 5405400*a*b^14*x^(14/3))/(120120*x^5) + 3*b^15*Log[x^(1/3)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{16/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$



$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{16/3}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^5} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{14/3}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^{13/3}} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^4} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^{11/3}} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^3} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{8/3}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{15x^5} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{14x^{14/3}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{12x^4} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{3003a^{10}b^5}{10x^{10/3}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{9x^3} - \frac{6435a^8b^7}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{7x^{7/3}} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^6,x]`

output `3*(-1/15*a^15/x^5 - (15*a^14*b)/(14*x^(14/3)) - (105*a^13*b^2)/(13*x^(13/3)) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(12*x^4) - (1365*a^11*b^4)/(11*x^(11/3)) - (3003*a^10*b^5)/(10*x^(10/3)) - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(9*x^3) - (6435*a^8*b^7)/(8*x^(8/3)) - (6435*a^7*b^8)/(7*x^(7/3)) - (5005*a^6*b^9)/(6*x^2) - (3003*a^5*b^10)/(5*x^(5/3)) - (1365*a^4*b^11)/(4*x^(4/3)) - (455*a^3*b^12)/(3*x) - (105*a^2*b^13)/(2*x^(2/3)) - (15*a*b^14)/x^(1/3) + b^15*Log[x^(1/3)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 26.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{5x^5} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{4x^4} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x^3} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{5x^5} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{4x^4} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x^3} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(12x^4a^{12}+6825x^4b^3a^9+100100x^4b^6a^6+150150a^3b^9x^4+27300x^4b^{12}+12a^{12}x^3+6825a^9x^3b^3+100100b^6x^3a^6+60x^5)}{60x^5}$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^6,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/5*a^{15}/x^5-45/14*a^{14}*b/x^{(14/3)}-315/13*a^{13}*b^2/x^{(13/3)}-455/4*a^{12}*b^3/x^4-4095/11*a^{11}*b^4/x^{(11/3)}-9009/10*a^{10}*b^5/x^{(10/3)}-5005/3*a^9*b^6/x^3-19305/8*a^8*b^7/x^{(8/3)}-19305/7*a^7*b^8/x^{(7/3)}-5005/2*a^6*b^9/x^2-9009/5*a^5*b^{10}/x^{(5/3)}-4095/4*a^4*b^{11}/x^{(4/3)}-455*a^3*b^{12}/x-315/2*a^2*b^{13}/x^{(2/3)}-45*a*b^{14}/x^{(1/3)}+b^{15}*ln(x)$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = \frac{360360 b^{15} x^5 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 54654600 a^3 b^{12} x^4 - 300600300 a^6 b^9 x^3 - 200400200 a^9 b^6 x^2 - 13663650 a^{12} b^3 x - 24024 a^{15}}{x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^6,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$1/120120*(360360*b^{15}*x^5*\log(x^{(1/3)}) - 54654600*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 - 300600300*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 200400200*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 13663650*a^{12}*b^3*x - 24024*a^{15} - 594*(9100*a*b^{14}*x^4 + 207025*a^4*b^{11}*x^3 + 557700*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 182182*a^{10}*b^5*x + 4900*a^{13}*b^2)*x^{(2/3)} - 351*(53900*a^2*b^{13}*x^4 + 616616*a^5*b^{10}*x^3 + 825825*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 127400*a^{11}*b^4*x + 1100*a^{14}*b)*x^{(1/3)})/x^5$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{5x^5} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{4x^4} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x^3} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{2x^2} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{4095a^4b^{11}}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{x} - \frac{315a^2b^{13}}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + b^{15} \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**6,x)`output `-a**15/(5*x**5) - 45*a**14*b/(14*x**(14/3)) - 315*a**13*b**2/(13*x**(13/3)) - 455*a**12*b**3/(4*x**4) - 4095*a**11*b**4/(11*x**(11/3)) - 9009*a**10*b**5/(10*x**(10/3)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(3*x**3) - 19305*a**8*b**7/(8*x**(8/3)) - 19305*a**7*b**8/(7*x**(7/3)) - 5005*a**6*b**9/(2*x**2) - 9009*a**5*b**10/(5*x**(5/3)) - 4095*a**4*b**11/(4*x**(4/3)) - 455*a**3*b**12/x - 315*a**2*b**13/(2*x**(2/3)) - 45*a*b**14/x**(1/3) + b**15*log(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = b^{15} \log(x) - \frac{5405400 ab^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 18918900 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 54654600 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 122972850 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 216432216 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 300600300 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 331273800 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 289864575 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 200400200 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 108216108 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 44717400 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 13663650 a^{12} b^3 x + 2910600 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 386100 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 24024 a^{15}}{x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^6,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^15*log(x) - 1/120120*(5405400*a*b^14*x^(14/3) + 18918900*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) + 54654600*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 122972850*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) + 216432216*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) + 300600300*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 331273800*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 289864575*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 200400200*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 108216108*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 44717400*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 13663650*a^12*b^3*x + 2910600*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 386100*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 24024*a^15)/x^5`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = b^{15} \log(|x|) - \frac{5405400 ab^{14}x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 18918900 a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 54654600 a^3b^{12}x^4 + 122972850 a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 216432216 a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 300600300 a^6b^9x^3 + 331273800 a^7b^8x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 289864575 a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 200400200 a^9b^6x^2 + 108216108 a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 44717400 a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 13663650 a^{12}b^3x + 2910600 a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 386100 a^{14}b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 24024 a^{15})}{x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^6,x, algorithm="giac")`output `b^15*log(abs(x)) - 1/120120*(5405400*a*b^14*x^(14/3) + 18918900*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) + 54654600*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 122972850*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) + 216432216*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) + 300600300*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 331273800*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 289864575*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 200400200*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 108216108*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 44717400*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 13663650*a^12*b^3*x + 2910600*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 386100*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 24024*a^15)/x^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx = 3b^{15} \ln(x^{1/3}) - \frac{a^{15}}{5x^5} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{x^{1/3}} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{14x^{14/3}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{x} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{2x^2} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{3x^3} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{4x^4} - \frac{315a^2b^{13}}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{4095a^4b^{11}}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{10x^{10/3}} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{13x^{13/3}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^6,x)`output `3*b^15*log(x^(1/3)) - a^15/(5*x^5) - (45*a*b^14)/x^(1/3) - (45*a^14*b)/(14*x^(14/3)) - (455*a^3*b^12)/x - (5005*a^6*b^9)/(2*x^2) - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(3*x^3) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(4*x^4) - (315*a^2*b^13)/(2*x^(2/3)) - (4095*a^4*b^11)/(4*x^(4/3)) - (9009*a^5*b^10)/(5*x^(5/3)) - (19305*a^7*b^8)/(7*x^(7/3)) - (19305*a^8*b^7)/(8*x^(8/3)) - (9009*a^10*b^5)/(10*x^(10/3)) - (4095*a^11*b^4)/(11*x^(11/3)) - (315*a^13*b^2)/(13*x^(13/3))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx$$

$$= \frac{360360x^{\frac{17}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) b^{15} - 24024x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^{15} - 13663650x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^{12} b^3 - 200400200x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^9 b^6 - 300600300x^{\frac{11}{3}} a^6 b^9 - 54654600x^{\frac{14}{3}} a^3 b^{12} - 2910600x^{\frac{17}{3}} a b^{15}}{(120120x^{\frac{2}{3}})^5}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^6,x)`output `(360360*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*b**15*x**5 - 24024*x**(2/3)*a**15 - 13663650*x**(2/3)*a**12*b**3*x - 200400200*x**(2/3)*a**9*b**6*x**2 - 300600300*x**2*(2/3)*a**6*b**9*x**3 - 54654600*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**12*x**4 - 2910600*x**(1/3)*a**13*b**2*x - 108216108*x**(1/3)*a**10*b**5*x**2 - 331273800*x**(1/3)*a**7*b**8*x**3 - 122972850*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**11*x**4 - 5405400*x**(1/3)*a*b**14*x**5 - 386100*a**14*b*x - 44717400*a**11*b**4*x**2 - 289864575*a**8*b**7*x**3 - 216432216*a**5*b**10*x**4 - 18918900*a**2*b**13*x**5)/(120120*x**(2/3)*x**5)`

**3.241**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx$

Optimal result	1769
Mathematica [B] (verified)	1769
Rubi [A] (verified)	1770
Maple [B] (verified)	1772
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1772
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1773
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	1773
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	1774
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1775
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1775

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{6ax^6} + \frac{b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{51a^2x^{17/3}} - \frac{b^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{816a^3x^{16/3}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a/x^6+1/51*b*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^2/x^(17/3)-1/816*b^2
*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^3/x^(16/3)
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs. 2(72) = 144.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-136a^{15} - 2160a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 16065a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 74256a^{12}b^3x - 238680a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} - 565488a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} - 10210b^6x^2}{6ax^6} + \frac{b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{51a^2x^{17/3}} - \frac{b^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{816a^3x^{16/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^7,x]
```

output

```
(-136*a^15 - 2160*a^14*b*x^(1/3) - 16065*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) - 74256*a^12*b^3*x - 238680*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) - 565488*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) - 1021020*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 1432080*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) - 1575288*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) - 1361360*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 918918*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) - 477360*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) - 185640*a^3*b^12*x^4 - 51408*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) - 9180*a*b^14*x^(14/3) - 816*b^15*x^5)/(816*x^6)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{19/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{9a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{18ax^6} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{55} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{17/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{17a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/3}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{18ax^6} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{48}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{b \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{272a^2x^{16/3}} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/3}} \right)}{9a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{18ax^6} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^7,x]`

output `3*(-1/9*(b*(-1/17*(a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(a*x^(17/3)) + (b*(a + b*x^(1/3))^16)/(272*a^2*x^(16/3))))/a - (a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(18*a*x^6)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^m_*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^n_)^p_, x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`





output

```
-1/816*(816*b^15*x^5 + 185640*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 1361360*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 1021020
*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 74256*a^12*b^3*x + 136*a^15 + 459*(20*a*b^14*x^4 + 1040*a^4
*b^11*x^3 + 3432*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 1232*a^10*b^5*x + 35*a^13*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 54
*(952*a^2*b^13*x^4 + 17017*a^5*b^10*x^3 + 26520*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 4420*a^11*b^
4*x + 40*a^14*b)*x^(1/3))/x^6
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 209 vs.  $2(61) = 122$ .

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 209, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.90

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{6x^6} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{91a^{12}b^3}{x^5} - \frac{585a^{11}b^4}{2x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{693a^{10}b^5}{x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{4x^4} - \frac{1755a^8b^7}{x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3861a^7b^8}{2x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{3x^3} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{585a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{2x^2} - \frac{63a^2b^{13}}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{b^{15}}{x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**7,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(6*x**6) - 45*a**14*b/(17*x**(17/3)) - 315*a**13*b**2/(16*x**(16/3)
) - 91*a**12*b**3/x**5 - 585*a**11*b**4/(2*x**(14/3)) - 693*a**10*b**5/x**
(13/3) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(4*x**4) - 1755*a**8*b**7/x**(11/3) - 3861*a**7*b*
*8/(2*x**(10/3)) - 5005*a**6*b**9/(3*x**3) - 9009*a**5*b**10/(8*x**(8/3))
- 585*a**4*b**11/x**(7/3) - 455*a**3*b**12/(2*x**2) - 63*a**2*b**13/x**(5/
3) - 45*a*b**14/(4*x**(4/3)) - b**15/x
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = \frac{816 b^{15} x^5 + 9180 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 51408 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 185640 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 477360 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 918918 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 1021020 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 74256 a^7 b^8 x^2 + 1361360 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 1021020 a^9 b^6 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 1361360 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1361360 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1361360 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1361360 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1361360 a^{14} b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1361360 a^{15} x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^7,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/816*(816*b^{15}*x^5 + 9180*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 51408*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 185640*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 477360*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} + 918918*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 1361360*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 1575288*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 1432080*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 1021020*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 565488*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 238680*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 74256*a^{12}*b^3*x + 16065*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 2160*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 136*a^{15})/x^6$$

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 167 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = \frac{816 b^{15} x^5 + 9180 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 51408 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 185640 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 477360 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 918918 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 1361360 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 1575288 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 1432080 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 1021020 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 565488 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 238680 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 74256 a^{12} b^3 x + 16065 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2160 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 136 a^{15}}{x^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^7,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\frac{-1/816*(816*b^{15}*x^5 + 9180*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 51408*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 185640*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 477360*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} + 918918*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 1361360*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 1575288*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 1432080*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 1021020*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 565488*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 238680*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 74256*a^{12}*b^3*x + 16065*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 2160*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 136*a^{15})/x^6$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{6} + b^{15} x^5 + 91 a^{12} b^3 x + \frac{45 a^{14} b x^{1/3}}{17} + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{14/3}}{4} + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^2}{4} + \frac{5005 a^6 b^9 x^3}{3} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^4}{2} + \frac{315 a^{13} b^2 x^2}{16}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^7,x)
```

output

```
-(a^15/6 + b^15*x^5 + 91*a^12*b^3*x + (45*a^14*b*x^(1/3))/17 + (45*a*b^14*x^(14/3))/4 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^2)/4 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^3)/3 + (455*a^3*b^12*x^4)/2 + (315*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3))/16 + (585*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3))/2 + 693*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 1755*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + (3861*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3))/2 + (9009*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3))/8 + 585*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) + 63*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3))/x^6
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.36

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx = \frac{-136x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{15} - 74256x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{12}b^3 - 1021020x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^9b^6 - 1361360x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^6b^9 - 185640x^{\frac{14}{3}}a^3b^{12} - 816x^{\frac{17}{3}}b^{15} - 16065}{x^6}$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^7,x)
```

output

```
( - 136*x**(2/3)*a**15 - 74256*x**(2/3)*a**12*b**3*x - 1021020*x**(2/3)*a**9*b**6*x**2 - 1361360*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**9*x**3 - 185640*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**12*x**4 - 816*x**(2/3)*b**15*x**5 - 16065*x**(1/3)*a**13*b**2*x - 565488*x**2*(1/3)*a**10*b**5*x**2 - 1575288*x**(1/3)*a**7*b**8*x**3 - 477360*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**11*x**4 - 9180*x**(1/3)*a*b**14*x**5 - 2160*a**14*b*x - 238680*a**11*b**4*x**2 - 1432080*a**8*b**7*x**3 - 918918*a**5*b**10*x**4 - 51408*a**2*b**13*x**5)/(816*x**(2/3)*x**6)
```

**3.242** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1776
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1776
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1777
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1782
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1783
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1784
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1784
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1785
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1785
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1786

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 148

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{7ax^7} + \frac{b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{28a^2x^{20/3}} - \frac{b^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{133a^3x^{19/3}} + \frac{b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{798a^4x^6} - \frac{b^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{6783a^5x^{17/3}} + \frac{b^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{108528a^6x^{16/3}}$$

```
output -1/7*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a/x^7+1/28*b*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^2/x^(20/3)-1/133*b^2
*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^3/x^(19/3)+1/798*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^4/x^6-1/6783*b
^4*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^5/x^(17/3)+1/108528*b^5*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^6/x^(16/3
)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx = \frac{-15504a^{15} - 244188a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 1799280a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 8230040a^{12}b^3x - 26142480a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} - 61108047a^{10}b^5x^{5/3}}{x^7}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^8,x]`

output  $(-15504*a^{15} - 244188*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} - 1799280*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 8230040*a^{12}*b^3*x - 26142480*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 61108047*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} - 108636528*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 149652360*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 161164080*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} - 135795660*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 88884432*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} - 44442216*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} - 16460080*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 - 4273290*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} - 697680*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} - 54264*b^{15}*x^5)/(108528*x^7)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.467$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{22/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{21a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{5b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{20/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{5a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{20ax^{20/3}} \right)}{21a} - \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 55 \\
 \left( \begin{array}{c}
 b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{19/3}} - d\sqrt[3]{x}}{19a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/3}} \right) \\
 \frac{5b}{5a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{20ax^{20/3}} \\
 \frac{3}{21a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \downarrow 55
 \end{array}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \begin{array}{l} \left( \begin{array}{l} b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^6} dx \sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{18ax^6} \end{array} \right) \\ - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/3}} \end{array} \right) \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} 5b \\ - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{20ax^{20/3}} \end{array} \right) \\ 3 \\ - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7} \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 55



$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 b \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{17/3}} - d\sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/3}} \right) \\
 - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{18ax^6}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/3}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{20ax^{20/3}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7}
 \end{array} \right)$$

↓ 48

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \frac{b \left( \frac{b \left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{272 a^2 x^{16/3}} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{17 a x^{17/3}} \right)}{9 a} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{18 a x^6} \\
 \\
 \frac{b \left( \frac{b \left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{272 a^2 x^{16/3}} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{17 a x^{17/3}} \right)}{19 a} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{19 a x^{19/3}} \\
 \\
 \frac{5 b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{b \left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{272 a^2 x^{16/3}} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{17 a x^{17/3}} \right)}{5 a} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{20 a x^{20/3}} \right)}{21 a} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{21 a x^7}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \\
 \frac{3 \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{b \left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{272 a^2 x^{16/3}} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{17 a x^{17/3}} \right)}{21 a} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{21 a x^7} \right)}{21 a} - \frac{\left( a + b \sqrt[3]{x} \right)^{16}}{21 a x^7}
 \end{array} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^8,x]`

output

$$3 * \left( \frac{-5 * b * (-1/5 * (b * (-3 * b * (-1/9 * (b * (-1/17 * (a + b * x^{1/3})^{16} / (a * x^{17/3})) + (b * (a + b * x^{1/3})^{16}) / (272 * a^2 * x^{16/3}))) / a - (a + b * x^{1/3})^{16} / (18 * a * x^6)) / (19 * a) - (a + b * x^{1/3})^{16} / (19 * a * x^{19/3})) / a - (a + b * x^{1/3})^{16} / (20 * a * x^{20/3})) / (21 * a) - (a + b * x^{1/3})^{16} / (21 * a * x^7) \right)$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b * x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d * x)^{(n + 1}) / ((b * c - a * d) * (m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 55

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b * x)^{(m + 1)} * ((c + d * x)^{(n + 1}) / ((b * c - a * d) * (m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d * (\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2] / ((b * c - a * d) * (m + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b * x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]} * (c + d * x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$$

rule 798

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)} * ((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)} * (a + b * x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 26.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{7x^7} - \frac{9a^{14}b}{4x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{6x^6} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{1001a^9b^6}{x^5} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{14x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{1485a^7b^8}{x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{4x^4} - \frac{819a^5b^{10}}{x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{819a^4b^{11}}{2x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{3x^3} - \frac{315a^2b^{13}}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{b^{15}}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**8,x)`output `-a**15/(7*x**7) - 9*a**14*b/(4*x**(20/3)) - 315*a**13*b**2/(19*x**(19/3)) - 455*a**12*b**3/(6*x**6) - 4095*a**11*b**4/(17*x**(17/3)) - 9009*a**10*b**5/(16*x**(16/3)) - 1001*a**9*b**6/x**5 - 19305*a**8*b**7/(14*x**(14/3)) - 1485*a**7*b**8/x**(13/3) - 5005*a**6*b**9/(4*x**4) - 819*a**5*b**10/x**(11/3) - 819*a**4*b**11/(2*x**(10/3)) - 455*a**3*b**12/(3*x**3) - 315*a**2*b**13/(8*x**(8/3)) - 45*a*b**14/(7*x**(7/3)) - b**15/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx = \frac{54264b^{15}x^5 + 697680ab^{14}x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 4273290a^2b^{13}x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 16460080a^3b^{12}x^4 + 44442216a^4b^{11}x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 88884432a^5b^{10}x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 135795660a^6b^9x^3 + 161164080a^7b^8x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 149652360a^8b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 108636528a^9b^6x^2 + 61108047a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 26142480a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 8230040a^{12}b^3x + 1799280a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 244188a^{14}b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 15504a^{15})/x^7$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/108528*(54264*b^15*x^5 + 697680*a*b^14*x^(14/3) + 4273290*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) + 16460080*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 44442216*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) + 88884432*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) + 135795660*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 161164080*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 149652360*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 108636528*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 61108047*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 26142480*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 8230040*a^12*b^3*x + 1799280*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 244188*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 15504*a^15)/x^7`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{54264 b^{15} x^5 + 697680 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 4273290 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 16460080 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 44442216 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 88884432 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 135795660 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 161164080 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 149652360 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 108636528 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 61108047 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 26142480 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 8230040 a^{12} b^3 x + 1799280 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 244188 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 15504 a^{15})}{x^7}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/108528*(54264*b^15*x^5 + 697680*a*b^14*x^(14/3) + 4273290*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) + 16460080*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 44442216*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) + 88884432*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) + 135795660*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 161164080*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 149652360*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) + 108636528*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 61108047*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) + 26142480*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) + 8230040*a^12*b^3*x + 1799280*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) + 244188*a^14*b*x^(1/3) + 15504*a^15)/x^7`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx =$$

$$\frac{a^{15}}{7} + \frac{b^{15} x^5}{2} + \frac{455 a^{12} b^3 x}{6} + \frac{9 a^{14} b x^{1/3}}{4} + \frac{45 a b^{14} x^{14/3}}{7} + 1001 a^9 b^6 x^2 + \frac{5005 a^6 b^9 x^3}{4} + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^4}{3} + \frac{315 a^{13} b^2 x^{2/3}}{19}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^8,x)`output `-(a^15/7 + (b^15*x^5)/2 + (455*a^12*b^3*x)/6 + (9*a^14*b*x^(1/3))/4 + (45*a*b^14*x^(14/3))/7 + 1001*a^9*b^6*x^2 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^3)/4 + (455*a^3*b^12*x^4)/3 + (315*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3))/19 + (4095*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3))/17 + (9009*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3))/16 + (19305*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3))/14 + 1485*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) + 819*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) + (819*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3))/2 + (315*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3))/8)/x^7`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} dx$$

$$= \frac{-15504x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{15} - 8230040x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{12}b^3 - 108636528x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^9b^6 - 135795660x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^6b^9 - 16460080x^{\frac{14}{3}}a^3b^{12} - 54264$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^8,x)
```

output

```
( - 15504*x**(2/3)*a**15 - 8230040*x**(2/3)*a**12*b**3*x - 108636528*x**(2/3)*a**9*b**6*x**2 - 135795660*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**9*x**3 - 16460080*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**12*x**4 - 54264*x**(2/3)*b**15*x**5 - 1799280*x**(1/3)*a**13*b**2*x - 61108047*x**(1/3)*a**10*b**5*x**2 - 161164080*x**(1/3)*a**7*b**8*x**3 - 44442216*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**11*x**4 - 697680*x**(1/3)*a*b**14*x**5 - 244188*a**14*b*x - 26142480*a**11*b**4*x**2 - 149652360*a**8*b**7*x**3 - 88884432*a**5*b**10*x**4 - 4273290*a**2*b**13*x**5)/(108528*x**(2/3)*x**7)
```

**3.243** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$$

Optimal result	1787
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1788
Rubi [A] (verified)	1788
Maple [A] (verified)	1801
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1801
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1802
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1802
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1803
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1803
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1804

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{8ax^8} + \frac{b(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{23a^2x^{23/3}} - \frac{7b^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{506a^3x^{22/3}} + \frac{b^3(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{253a^4x^7} - \frac{b^4(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{1012a^5x^{20/3}} + \frac{b^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{4807a^6x^{19/3}} - \frac{b^6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{28842a^7x^6} + \frac{b^7(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{245157a^8x^{17/3}} - \frac{b^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{3922512a^9x^{16/3}}$$

output

```
-1/8*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a/x^8+1/23*b*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^2/x^(23/3)-7/506*b^2
*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^3/x^(22/3)+1/253*b^3*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^4/x^7-1/1012*b
^4*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^5/x^(20/3)+1/4807*b^5*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^6/x^(19/3)-
1/28842*b^6*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^7/x^6+1/245157*b^7*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^8/x^(
17/3)-1/3922512*b^8*(a+b*x^(1/3))^16/a^9/x^(16/3)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-490314a^{15} - 7674480a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 56163240a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 254963280a^{12}b^3x - 803134332a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} - 1859890032a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} - 3272028760a^9b^6x^2 - 4454358480a^8b^7x^{7/3} - 4732755885a^7b^8x^{8/3} - 3926434512a^6b^9x^3 - 2524136472a^5b^{10}x^{10/3} - 1235591280a^4b^{11}x^{11/3} - 446185740a^3b^{12}x^4 - 112326480a^2b^{13}x^{13/3} - 17651304ab^{14}x^{14/3} - 1307504b^{15}x^5}{(3922512x^8)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^9,x]`

output  $(-490314*a^{15} - 7674480*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} - 56163240*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 254963280*a^{12}*b^3*x - 803134332*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 1859890032*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} - 3272028760*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 4454358480*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 4732755885*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} - 3926434512*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 2524136472*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} - 1235591280*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} - 446185740*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 - 112326480*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} - 17651304*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} - 1307504*b^{15}*x^5)/(3922512*x^8)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 268, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{25/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 3 \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^8} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{24ax^8} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{b \left( -\frac{7b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{23/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/3}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{24ax^8} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55 \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{b \left( \frac{7b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{22/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{22ax^{22/3}} \right)}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/3}} \right)}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{24ax^8} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 55
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 \left( \begin{array}{l}
 3b \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^7} dx \sqrt[3]{x}}{21a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7} \right) \\
 \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{22ax^{22/3}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{7b}{11a}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{b}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/3}}
 \end{array} \right) \\
 \frac{3}{3a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{24ax^8}
 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \left( \left( \left( \left( \frac{b \int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{20/3}} dx \sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{20ax^{20/3}} \right)}{21a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7} \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & \left. \begin{array}{l} 5b \\ 3b \\ 7b \\ b \end{array} \right) \frac{\left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{11a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{22ax^{22/3}} \right)}{23a} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{23ax^{23/3}} \\
 & \left. \begin{array}{l} 3 \\ 3a \end{array} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{24ax^8}
 \end{aligned}$$

↓ 55



↓ 55





↓ 55



↓ 48

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{272a^2x^{16/3}} - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{17ax^{17/3}} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{18ax^6}}{9a} \right) \\
 & \frac{b \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{19a} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{19ax^{19/3}}}{19a} \\
 & \frac{5b \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{20ax^{20/3}} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7}}{5a} \\
 & \frac{3b \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7}}{21a} \\
 & \frac{7b \left( \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7} \right) - \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{16}}{21ax^7}}{11a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^9,x]`

output `3*(-1/3*(b*((-7*b*((-3*b*((-5*b*(-1/5*(b*((-3*b*(-1/9*(b*(-1/17*(a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(a*x^(17/3)) + (b*(a + b*x^(1/3))^16)/(272*a^2*x^(16/3)))))/a - (a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(18*a*x^6)))/(19*a) - (a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(19*a*x^(19/3)))/a - (a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(20*a*x^(20/3)))/(21*a) - (a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(21*a*x^7)))/(11*a) - (a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(22*a*x^(22/3)))/(23*a) - (a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(23*a*x^(23/3)))/a - (a + b*x^(1/3))^16/(24*a*x^8))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 26.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{9ab^{14}}{2x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{819a^{11}b^4}{4x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{65a^{12}b^3}{x^7} - \frac{315a^2b^{13}}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{a^{15}}{8x^8} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{4x^4} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{6x^6} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{9ab^{14}}{2x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{819a^{11}b^4}{4x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{65a^{12}b^3}{x^7} - \frac{315a^2b^{13}}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{a^{15}}{8x^8} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{4x^4} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{6x^6} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}}$
trager	$(-1+x)(3a^{15}x^7+1560a^{12}b^3x^7+20020a^9b^6x^7+24024x^7b^9a^6+2730x^7b^{12}a^3+8x^7b^{15}+3a^{15}x^6+1560a^{12}b^3x^6+20020x^6$
orering	$-\frac{(165577552b^{39}x^{13}+1304205524a^3b^{36}x^{12}+6913095280a^6b^{33}x^{11}+22914492601a^9b^{30}x^{10}+53679593513a^{12}b^{27}x^9+9$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^9,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-9/2*a*b^14/x^(10/3)-819/4*a^11*b^4/x^(20/3)-65*a^12*b^3/x^7-315/11*a^2*b^13/x^(11/3)-1/8*a^15/x^8-455/4*a^3*b^12/x^4-19305/17*a^8*b^7/x^(17/3)-5005/6*a^9*b^6/x^6-19305/16*a^7*b^8/x^(16/3)-45/23*a^14*b/x^(23/3)-9009/19*a^10*b^5/x^(19/3)-1001*a^6*b^9/x^5-1/3*b^15/x^3-315/22*a^13*b^2/x^(22/3)-315*a^4*b^11/x^(13/3)-1287/2*a^5*b^10/x^(14/3)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = \frac{1307504 b^{15} x^5 + 446185740 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 3926434512 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 3272028760 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 254963280 a^{12} b^3 x +$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^9,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/3922512*(1307504*b^15*x^5 + 446185740*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 3926434512*a^6*b^9
*x^3 + 3272028760*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 254963280*a^12*b^3*x + 490314*a^15 + 10557
*(1672*a*b^14*x^4 + 117040*a^4*b^11*x^3 + 448305*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 176176*a^10
*b^5*x + 5320*a^13*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 2052*(54740*a^2*b^13*x^4 + 1230086*a^5*b
^10*x^3 + 2170740*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 391391*a^11*b^4*x + 3740*a^14*b)*x^(1/3))/
x^8
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 216, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{8x^8} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{22x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{65a^{12}b^3}{x^7} - \frac{819a^{11}b^4}{4x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{6x^6} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{1001a^6b^9}{x^5} - \frac{1287a^5b^{10}}{2x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{315a^4b^{11}}{x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{4x^4} - \frac{315a^2b^{13}}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^{14}}{2x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{b^{15}}{3x^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**9,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(8*x**8) - 45*a**14*b/(23*x**(23/3)) - 315*a**13*b**2/(22*x**(22/3))
) - 65*a**12*b**3/x**7 - 819*a**11*b**4/(4*x**(20/3)) - 9009*a**10*b**5/(1
9*x**(19/3)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(6*x**6) - 19305*a**8*b**7/(17*x**(17/3)) -
19305*a**7*b**8/(16*x**(16/3)) - 1001*a**6*b**9/x**5 - 1287*a**5*b**10/(2*
x**(14/3)) - 315*a**4*b**11/x**(13/3) - 455*a**3*b**12/(4*x**4) - 315*a**2
*b**13/(11*x**(11/3)) - 9*a*b**14/(2*x**(10/3)) - b**15/(3*x**3)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = \frac{1307504 b^{15} x^5 + 17651304 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 112326480 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 446185740 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 1235591280 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^9,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/3922512*(1307504*b^{15}*x^5 + 17651304*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 112326480*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 446185740*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 1235591280*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} + 2524136472*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 3926434512*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 4732755885*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 4454358480*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 3272028760*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 1859890032*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 803134332*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 254963280*a^{12}*b^3*x + 56163240*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 7674480*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 490314*a^{15})/x^8$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = \frac{1307504 b^{15} x^5 + 17651304 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 112326480 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 446185740 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 1235591280 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{x^8}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^9,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/3922512*(1307504*b^{15}*x^5 + 17651304*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 112326480*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 446185740*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 1235591280*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} + 2524136472*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 3926434512*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 4732755885*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 4454358480*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 3272028760*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 1859890032*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 803134332*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 254963280*a^{12}*b^3*x + 56163240*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 7674480*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 490314*a^{15})/x^8$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{8} + \frac{b^{15} x^5}{3} + 65 a^{12} b^3 x + \frac{45 a^{14} b x^{1/3}}{23} + \frac{9 a b^{14} x^{14/3}}{2} + \frac{5005 a^9 b^6 x^2}{6} + 1001 a^6 b^9 x^3 + \frac{455 a^3 b^{12} x^4}{4} + \frac{315 a^{13} b^2 x^2}{22}$$



input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^9,x)`

output 
$$-(a^{15}/8 + (b^{15}x^5)/3 + 65a^{12}b^3x + (45a^{14}bx^{1/3})/23 + (9ab^{14}x^{14/3})/2 + (5005a^9b^6x^2)/6 + 1001a^6b^9x^3 + (455a^3b^{12}x^4)/4 + (315a^{13}b^2x^{2/3})/22 + (819a^{11}b^4x^{4/3})/4 + (9009a^{10}b^5x^{5/3})/19 + (19305a^8b^7x^{7/3})/17 + (19305a^7b^8x^{8/3})/16 + (1287a^5b^{10}x^{10/3})/2 + 315a^4b^{11}x^{11/3} + (315a^2b^{13}x^{13/3})/11)/x^8$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^9} dx$$

$$= \frac{-490314x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^{15} - 254963280x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^{12}b^3 - 3272028760x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^9b^6 - 3926434512x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^6b^9 - 446185740x^{\frac{14}{3}}a^3b^{12} - 446185740x^{\frac{17}{3}}ab^{15}}{(3922512x^{\frac{2}{3}})^8}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^9,x)`

output 
$$\left( -490314x^{2/3}a^{15} - 254963280x^{5/3}a^{12}b^3x - 3272028760x^{8/3}a^9b^6x - 3926434512x^{11/3}a^6b^9x - 446185740x^{14/3}a^3b^{12}x - 446185740x^{17/3}ab^{15} - 1307504x^{2/3}b^{15}x^5 - 56163240x^{1/3}a^{13}b^2x - 1859890032x^{1/3}a^{10}b^5x^2 - 4732755885x^{1/3}a^7b^8x^3 - 1235591280x^{1/3}a^4b^{11}x^4 - 17651304x^{1/3}a^{14}x^5 - 7674480a^{14}bx - 803134332a^{11}b^4x^2 - 4454358480a^8b^7x^3 - 2524136472a^5b^{10}x^4 - 112326480a^2b^{13}x^5 \right) / (3922512x^{2/3})^8$$

**3.244**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	1805
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1806
Rubi [A] (verified)	1806
Maple [A] (verified)	1808
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1808
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1809
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1809
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1810
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1811
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1811

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 215

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{9x^9} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{26x^{26/3}} - \frac{63a^{13}b^2}{5x^{25/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{8x^8} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{819a^{10}b^5}{2x^{22/3}} - \frac{715a^9b^6}{x^7} - \frac{3861a^8b^7}{4x^{20/3}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{6x^6} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{4095a^4b^{11}}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{91a^3b^{12}}{x^5} - \frac{45a^2b^{13}}{2x^{14/3}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{13x^{13/3}} - \frac{b^{15}}{4x^4}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^15/x^9-45/26*a^14*b/x^(26/3)-63/5*a^13*b^2/x^(25/3)-455/8*a^12*b^3/x^8-4095/23*a^11*b^4/x^(23/3)-819/2*a^10*b^5/x^(22/3)-715*a^9*b^6/x^7-3861/4*a^8*b^7/x^(20/3)-19305/19*a^7*b^8/x^(19/3)-5005/6*a^6*b^9/x^6-9009/17*a^5*b^10/x^(17/3)-4095/16*a^4*b^11/x^(16/3)-91*a^3*b^12/x^5-45/2*a^2*b^13/x^(14/3)-45/13*a*b^14/x^(13/3)-1/4*b^15/x^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-7726160a^{15} - 120349800a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 876146544a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 3954828150a^{12}b^3x - 12380331600a^{11}b^4x^{4/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^10,x]`

output  $(-7726160*a^{15} - 120349800*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} - 876146544*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 3954828150*a^{12}*b^3*x - 12380331600*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 28474762680*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} - 49717839600*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 67119083460*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 70651666800*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} - 58004146200*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 36849692880*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} - 17796726675*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} - 6327725040*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 - 1564547400*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} - 240699600*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} - 17383860*b^{15}*x^5)/(69535440*x^9)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{28/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{28/3}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^9} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{26/3}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^{25/3}} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^8} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^{23/3}} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{22/3}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^7} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{20/3}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{27x^9} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{26x^{26/3}} - \frac{21a^{13}b^2}{5x^{25/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{24x^8} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{273a^{10}b^5}{2x^{22/3}} - \frac{715a^9b^6}{3x^7} - \frac{1287a^8b^7}{4x^{20/3}} - \frac{6435a^7b^8}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{18x^{18/3}} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^10,x]`

output `3*(-1/27*a^15/x^9 - (15*a^14*b)/(26*x^(26/3)) - (21*a^13*b^2)/(5*x^(25/3)) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(24*x^8) - (1365*a^11*b^4)/(23*x^(23/3)) - (273*a^10*b^5)/(2*x^(22/3)) - (715*a^9*b^6)/(3*x^7) - (1287*a^8*b^7)/(4*x^(20/3)) - (6435*a^7*b^8)/(19*x^(19/3)) - (5005*a^6*b^9)/(18*x^6) - (3003*a^5*b^10)/(17*x^(17/3)) - (1365*a^4*b^11)/(16*x^(16/3)) - (91*a^3*b^12)/(3*x^5) - (15*a^2*b^13)/(2*x^(14/3)) - (15*a*b^14)/(13*x^(13/3)) - b^15/(12*x^4))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 26.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{9x^9} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{26x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{63a^{13}b^2}{5x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{8x^8} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{819a^{10}b^5}{2x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{715a^9b^6}{x^7} - \frac{3861a^8b^7}{4x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{9x^9} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{26x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{63a^{13}b^2}{5x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{8x^8} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{819a^{10}b^5}{2x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{715a^9b^6}{x^7} - \frac{3861a^8b^7}{4x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}}$
trager	$(-1+x)(8a^{15}x^8+4095a^{12}b^3x^8+51480a^9b^6x^8+60060a^6b^9x^8+6552x^8b^{12}a^3+18x^8b^{15}+8a^{15}x^7+4095a^{12}b^3x^7+51480a^9b^6x^7+60060a^6b^9x^7+6552x^7b^{12}a^3+18x^7b^{15}+8a^{15}x^6+4095a^{12}b^3x^6+51480a^9b^6x^6+60060a^6b^9x^6+6552x^6b^{12}a^3+18x^6b^{15}+8a^{15}x^5+4095a^{12}b^3x^5+51480a^9b^6x^5+60060a^6b^9x^5+6552x^5b^{12}a^3+18x^5b^{15}+8a^{15}x^4+4095a^{12}b^3x^4+51480a^9b^6x^4+60060a^6b^9x^4+6552x^4b^{12}a^3+18x^4b^{15}+8a^{15}x^3+4095a^{12}b^3x^3+51480a^9b^6x^3+60060a^6b^9x^3+6552x^3b^{12}a^3+18x^3b^{15}+8a^{15}x^2+4095a^{12}b^3x^2+51480a^9b^6x^2+60060a^6b^9x^2+6552x^2b^{12}a^3+18x^2b^{15}+8a^{15}x+4095a^{12}b^3x+51480a^9b^6x+60060a^6b^9x+6552xb^{12}a^3+18xb^{15}+8a^{15}+4095a^{12}b^3+51480a^9b^6+60060a^6b^9+6552xb^{12}a^3+18xb^{15}+8a^{15})$
orering	$-\frac{(422561520b^{39}x^{13}+4117674015a^3b^{36}x^{12}+21508117995a^6b^{33}x^{11}+71972062890a^9b^{30}x^{10}+168623489874a^{12}b^{27}x^9+118623489874a^{15}b^{24}x^8+3954828150a^{18}b^{21}x^7+6327725040a^{21}b^{18}x^6+58004146200a^{24}b^{15}x^5+49717839600a^{27}b^{12}x^4+3954828150a^{30}b^9x^3+17383860b^{33}x^2+17383860b^{33}x+17383860b^{33})}{(9x^9+4095a^{12}b^3x^8+51480a^9b^6x^7+60060a^6b^9x^6+6552x^5b^{12}a^3+18x^4b^{15}+8a^{15}x^3+4095a^{12}b^3x^2+51480a^9b^6x+60060a^6b^9x+6552xb^{12}a^3+18xb^{15}+8a^{15})}$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^10,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/9*a^15/x^9-45/26*a^14*b/x^(26/3)-63/5*a^13*b^2/x^(25/3)-455/8*a^12*b^3/x^8-4095/23*a^11*b^4/x^(23/3)-819/2*a^10*b^5/x^(22/3)-715*a^9*b^6/x^7-3861/4*a^8*b^7/x^(20/3)-19305/19*a^7*b^8/x^(19/3)-5005/6*a^6*b^9/x^6-9009/17*a^5*b^10/x^(17/3)-4095/16*a^4*b^11/x^(16/3)-91*a^3*b^12/x^5-45/2*a^2*b^13/x^(14/3)-45/13*a*b^14/x^(13/3)-1/4*b^15/x^4
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{17383860 b^{15} x^5 + 6327725040 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 58004146200 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 49717839600 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 3954828150 a^{12} b^3 x + 17383860 a^{15}}{(9x^9 + 4095a^{12}b^3x^8 + 51480a^9b^6x^7 + 60060a^6b^9x^6 + 6552x^5b^{12}a^3 + 18x^4b^{15} + 8a^{15}x^3 + 4095a^{12}b^3x^2 + 51480a^9b^6x + 60060a^6b^9x + 6552xb^{12}a^3 + 18xb^{15} + 8a^{15})}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^10,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/69535440*(17383860*b^15*x^5 + 6327725040*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 58004146200*a^6
*b^9*x^3 + 49717839600*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 3954828150*a^12*b^3*x + 7726160*a^15
+ 31671*(7600*a*b^14*x^4 + 561925*a^4*b^11*x^3 + 2230800*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 899
080*a^10*b^5*x + 27664*a^13*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 30780*(50830*a^2*b^13*x^4 + 119
7196*a^5*b^10*x^3 + 2180607*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 402220*a^11*b^4*x + 3910*a^14*b)
*x^(1/3))/x^9
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{9x^9} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{26x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{63a^{13}b^2}{5x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{8x^8} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{819a^{10}b^5}{2x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{715a^9b^6}{x^7} - \frac{3861a^8b^7}{4x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{19305a^7b^8}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{6x^6} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{4095a^4b^{11}}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{91a^3b^{12}}{x^5} - \frac{45a^2b^{13}}{2x^{\frac{14}{3}}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{13x^{\frac{13}{3}}} - \frac{b^{15}}{4x^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**10,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(9*x**9) - 45*a**14*b/(26*x**(26/3)) - 63*a**13*b**2/(5*x**(25/3))
- 455*a**12*b**3/(8*x**8) - 4095*a**11*b**4/(23*x**(23/3)) - 819*a**10*b**
5/(2*x**(22/3)) - 715*a**9*b**6/x**7 - 3861*a**8*b**7/(4*x**(20/3)) - 1930
5*a**7*b**8/(19*x**(19/3)) - 5005*a**6*b**9/(6*x**6) - 9009*a**5*b**10/(17
*x**(17/3)) - 4095*a**4*b**11/(16*x**(16/3)) - 91*a**3*b**12/x**5 - 45*a**
2*b**13/(2*x**(14/3)) - 45*a*b**14/(13*x**(13/3)) - b**15/(4*x**4)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{17383860 b^{15} x^5 + 240699600 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 1564547400 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 6327725040 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 17796726675 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 173838600 a^5 b^{10} x^3 + 10060356000 a^6 b^9 x^2 + 39548281500 a^7 b^8 x + 49717839600 a^8 b^7 + 22308000 a^9 b^6 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 58004146200 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 58004146200 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 58004146200 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 58004146200 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 58004146200 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 58004146200 a^{15} x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/69535440*(17383860*b^{15}*x^5 + 240699600*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 1564547400*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 6327725040*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 17796726675*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} \\ & + 36849692880*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 58004146200*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 70651666800*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 67119083460*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 49717839600*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 28 \\ & 474762680*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 12380331600*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 3954828150*a^{12}*b^3*x + 876146544*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 120349800*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 7726160*a^{15})/x^9 \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{17383860 b^{15} x^5 + 240699600 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 1564547400 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 6327725040 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 17796726675 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 36849692880 a^5 b^{10} x^3 + 58004146200 a^6 b^9 x^2 + 70651666800 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 67119083460 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 49717839600 a^9 b^6 x + 28474762680 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 12380331600 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 3954828150 a^{12} b^3 x + 876146544 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 120349800 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 7726160 a^{15}}{x^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^10,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/69535440*(17383860*b^{15}*x^5 + 240699600*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 1564547400*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 6327725040*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 17796726675*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} \\ & + 36849692880*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 58004146200*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 70651666800*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 67119083460*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 49717839600*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 28 \\ & 474762680*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 12380331600*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 3954828150*a^{12}*b^3*x + 876146544*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 120349800*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 7726160*a^{15})/x^9 \end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{9} + \frac{b^{15}x^5}{4} + \frac{455a^{12}b^3x}{8} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{1/3}}{26} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{14/3}}{13} + 715a^9b^6x^2 + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^3}{6} + 91a^3b^{12}x^4 + \frac{63a^{13}b^2x^2}{5}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^10,x)`output 
$$\frac{-(a^{15}/9 + (b^{15}x^5)/4 + (455a^{12}b^3x)/8 + (45a^{14}bx^{1/3})/26 + (45ab^{14}x^{14/3})/13 + 715a^9b^6x^2 + (5005a^6b^9x^3)/6 + 91a^3b^{12}x^4 + (63a^{13}b^2x^{2/3})/5 + (4095a^{11}b^4x^{4/3})/23 + (819a^{10}b^5x^{5/3})/2 + (3861a^8b^7x^{7/3})/4 + (19305a^7b^8x^{8/3})/19 + (9009a^5b^{10}x^{10/3})/17 + (4095a^4b^{11}x^{11/3})/16 + (45a^2b^{13}x^{13/3})/2)/x^9$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{10}} dx = \frac{-7726160x^{2/3}a^{15} - 3954828150x^{5/3}a^{12}b^3 - 49717839600x^{8/3}a^9b^6 - 58004146200x^{11/3}a^6b^9 - 6327725040x^{14/3}a^3b^{12} - 6327725040x^{17/3}a^0b^{15}}{(69535440x^{2/3}x^{10})}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^10,x)`output 
$$\frac{(-7726160x^{2/3}a^{15} - 3954828150x^{5/3}a^{12}b^3 - 49717839600x^{8/3}a^9b^6 - 58004146200x^{11/3}a^6b^9 - 6327725040x^{14/3}a^3b^{12} - 6327725040x^{17/3}a^0b^{15})}{(69535440x^{2/3}x^{10})}$$



**3.245** 
$$\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx$$

Optimal result	1812
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1813
Rubi [A] (verified)	1813
Maple [A] (verified)	1815
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1815
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1816
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1816
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1817
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1818
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1818

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{29x^{29/3}} - \frac{45a^{13}b^2}{4x^{28/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{9x^9} - \frac{315a^{11}b^4}{2x^{26/3}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{25x^{25/3}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{8x^8} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{1755a^7b^8}{2x^{22/3}} - \frac{715a^6b^9}{x^7} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{20x^{20/3}} - \frac{4095a^4b^{11}}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{6x^6} - \frac{315a^2b^{13}}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{b^{15}}{5x^5}$$

output

```
-1/10*a^15/x^10-45/29*a^14*b/x^(29/3)-45/4*a^13*b^2/x^(28/3)-455/9*a^12*b^3/x^9-315/2*a^11*b^4/x^(26/3)-9009/25*a^10*b^5/x^(25/3)-5005/8*a^9*b^6/x^8-19305/23*a^8*b^7/x^(23/3)-1755/2*a^7*b^8/x^(22/3)-715*a^6*b^9/x^7-9009/20*a^5*b^10/x^(20/3)-4095/19*a^4*b^11/x^(19/3)-455/6*a^3*b^12/x^6-315/17*a^2*b^13/x^(17/3)-45/16*a*b^14/x^(16/3)-1/5*b^15/x^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-77558760a^{15} - 1203498000a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 8725360500a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 39210262000a^{12}b^3x - 122155047000a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} - 279490747536a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} - 485226992250a^9b^6x^2 - 650987766000a^8b^7x^{7/3} - 680578119000a^7b^8x^{8/3} - 554545134000a^6b^9x^3 - 349363434420a^5b^{10}x^{10/3} - 167159538000a^4b^{11}x^{11/3} - 58815393000a^3b^{12}x^4 - 14371182000a^2b^{13}x^{13/3} - 2181340125ab^{14}x^{14/3} - 155117520b^{15}x^5)/(775587600x^{10}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^11,x]`

output `(-77558760*a^15 - 1203498000*a^14*b*x^(1/3) - 8725360500*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) - 39210262000*a^12*b^3*x - 122155047000*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) - 279490747536*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) - 485226992250*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 650987766000*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) - 680578119000*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) - 554545134000*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 349363434420*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) - 167159538000*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) - 58815393000*a^3*b^12*x^4 - 14371182000*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) - 2181340125*a*b^14*x^(14/3) - 155117520*b^15*x^5)/(775587600*x^10)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{31/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{31/3}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^{10}} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{29/3}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^{28/3}} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^9} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^{26/3}} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{25/3}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^8} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{23/3}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{30x^{10}} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{29x^{29/3}} - \frac{15a^{13}b^2}{4x^{28/3}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{27x^9} - \frac{105a^{11}b^4}{2x^{26/3}} - \frac{3003a^{10}b^5}{25x^{25/3}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{24x^8} - \frac{6435a^8b^7}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{585a^7b^8}{2x^{22/3}} - \frac{715a^6b^9}{3x^{21/3}} - \frac{3003a^5b^{10}}{20x^{20/3}} - \frac{1365a^4b^{11}}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{18x^{18/3}} - \frac{105a^2b^{13}}{17x^{17/3}} - \frac{15ab^{14}}{16x^{16/3}} - \frac{b^{15}}{15x^{15/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^11,x]`

output `3*(-1/30*a^15/x^10 - (15*a^14*b)/(29*x^(29/3)) - (15*a^13*b^2)/(4*x^(28/3)) - (455*a^12*b^3)/(27*x^9) - (105*a^11*b^4)/(2*x^(26/3)) - (3003*a^10*b^5)/(25*x^(25/3)) - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(24*x^8) - (6435*a^8*b^7)/(23*x^(23/3)) - (585*a^7*b^8)/(2*x^(22/3)) - (715*a^6*b^9)/(3*x^7) - (3003*a^5*b^10)/(20*x^(20/3)) - (1365*a^4*b^11)/(19*x^(19/3)) - (455*a^3*b^12)/(18*x^6) - (105*a^2*b^13)/(17*x^(17/3)) - (15*a*b^14)/(16*x^(16/3)) - b^15/(15*x^5))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 27.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{a^{15}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{29x^{\frac{29}{3}}} - \frac{45a^{13}b^2}{4x^{\frac{28}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{9x^9} - \frac{315a^{11}b^4}{2x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{25x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{8x^8} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{1755a^7b^8}{2x^{\frac{22}{3}}}$
default	$-\frac{a^{15}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{29x^{\frac{29}{3}}} - \frac{45a^{13}b^2}{4x^{\frac{28}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{9x^9} - \frac{315a^{11}b^4}{2x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{25x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{8x^8} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{1755a^7b^8}{2x^{\frac{22}{3}}}$
trager	$(-1+x)(36a^{15}x^9+18200a^{12}b^3x^9+225225a^9b^6x^9+257400a^6b^9x^9+27300a^3b^{12}x^9+72x^9b^{15}+36a^{15}x^8+18200a^{12}b^3x^8$
orering	$-\frac{(18363177000b^{39}x^{13}+196657369545a^3b^{36}x^{12}+1049795347965a^6b^{33}x^{11}+3548747254710a^9b^{30}x^{10}+835208082308$

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^11,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/10*a^15/x^10-45/29*a^14*b/x^(29/3)-45/4*a^13*b^2/x^(28/3)-455/9*a^12*b^3/x^9-315/2*a^11*b^4/x^(26/3)-9009/25*a^10*b^5/x^(25/3)-5005/8*a^9*b^6/x^8-19305/23*a^8*b^7/x^(23/3)-1755/2*a^7*b^8/x^(22/3)-715*a^6*b^9/x^7-9009/20*a^5*b^10/x^(20/3)-4095/19*a^4*b^11/x^(19/3)-455/6*a^3*b^12/x^6-315/17*a^2*b^13/x^(17/3)-45/16*a*b^14/x^(16/3)-1/5*b^15/x^5
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{155117520 b^{15} x^5 + 58815393000 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 554545134000 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 485226992250 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 39210262000 a^{12} b^3 x + 155117520 a^{15}}{155117520 b^{15} x^5 + 58815393000 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 554545134000 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 485226992250 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 39210262000 a^{12} b^3 x + 155117520 a^{15}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^11,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/775587600*(155117520*b^15*x^5 + 58815393000*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 554545134000
*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 485226992250*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 39210262000*a^12*b^3*x + 7755876
0*a^15 + 918459*(2375*a*b^14*x^4 + 182000*a^4*b^11*x^3 + 741000*a^7*b^8*x^
2 + 304304*a^10*b^5*x + 9500*a^13*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 30780*(466900*a^2*b^13*x^
4 + 11350339*a^5*b^10*x^3 + 21149700*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 3968650*a^11*b^4*x + 39
100*a^14*b)*x^(1/3))/x^10
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{10x^{10}} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{29x^{\frac{29}{3}}} - \frac{45a^{13}b^2}{4x^{\frac{28}{3}}} - \frac{455a^{12}b^3}{9x^9} - \frac{315a^{11}b^4}{2x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{9009a^{10}b^5}{25x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{8x^8} - \frac{19305a^8b^7}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{1755a^7b^8}{2x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{715a^6b^9}{x^7} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{20x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{4095a^4b^{11}}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{455a^3b^{12}}{6x^6} - \frac{315a^2b^{13}}{17x^{\frac{17}{3}}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{16x^{\frac{16}{3}}} - \frac{b^{15}}{5x^5}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**11,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(10*x**10) - 45*a**14*b/(29*x**(29/3)) - 45*a**13*b**2/(4*x**(28/3)
) - 455*a**12*b**3/(9*x**9) - 315*a**11*b**4/(2*x**(26/3)) - 9009*a**10*b**
*5/(25*x**(25/3)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(8*x**8) - 19305*a**8*b**7/(23*x**(23/3
)) - 1755*a**7*b**8/(2*x**(22/3)) - 715*a**6*b**9/x**7 - 9009*a**5*b**10/(
20*x**(20/3)) - 4095*a**4*b**11/(19*x**(19/3)) - 455*a**3*b**12/(6*x**6) -
315*a**2*b**13/(17*x**(17/3)) - 45*a*b**14/(16*x**(16/3)) - b**15/(5*x**5
)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{155117520 b^{15} x^5 + 2181340125 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 14371182000 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 58815393000 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 167159538000 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 14371182000 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 58815393000 a^6 b^9 x^2 + 14371182000 a^7 b^8 x + 167159538000 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 58815393000 a^9 b^6 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 14371182000 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 58815393000 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 14371182000 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 58815393000 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 14371182000 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 167159538000 a^{15} x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^11,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/775587600*(155117520*b^{15}*x^5 + 2181340125*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 1437118200 \\ & 0*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 58815393000*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 167159538000*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} + 349363434420*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 554545134000*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 680578 \\ & 119000*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 650987766000*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 485226992250*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 279490747536*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 122155047000*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 3 \\ & 9210262000*a^{12}*b^3*x + 8725360500*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 1203498000*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 77558760*a^{15})/x^{10} \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{155117520 b^{15} x^5 + 2181340125 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 14371182000 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 58815393000 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 167159538000 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 349363434420 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 554545134000 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 680578119000 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 650987766000 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 485226992250 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 279490747536 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 122155047000 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 39210262000 a^{12} b^3 x + 8725360500 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1203498000 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 77558760 a^{15}}{x^{10}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^11,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/775587600*(155117520*b^{15}*x^5 + 2181340125*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 1437118200 \\ & 0*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 58815393000*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 167159538000*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)} + 349363434420*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 554545134000*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 680578 \\ & 119000*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 650987766000*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 485226992250*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 279490747536*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 122155047000*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 3 \\ & 9210262000*a^{12}*b^3*x + 8725360500*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 1203498000*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 77558760*a^{15})/x^{10} \end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{10} + \frac{b^{15}x^5}{5} + \frac{455a^{12}b^3x}{9} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{1/3}}{29} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{14/3}}{16} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{8} + 715a^6b^9x^3 + \frac{455a^3b^{12}x^4}{6} + \frac{45a^{13}b^2x^{2/3}}{4}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^11,x)`

output

$$\frac{-(a^{15}/10 + (b^{15}x^5)/5 + (455a^{12}b^3x)/9 + (45a^{14}bx^{1/3})/29 + (45ab^{14}x^{14/3})/16 + (5005a^9b^6x^2)/8 + 715a^6b^9x^3 + (455a^3b^{12}x^4)/6 + (45a^{13}b^2x^{2/3})/4 + (315a^{11}b^4x^{4/3})/2 + (9009a^{10}b^5x^{5/3})/25 + (19305a^8b^7x^{7/3})/23 + (1755a^7b^8x^{8/3})/2 + (9009a^5b^{10}x^{10/3})/20 + (4095a^4b^{11}x^{11/3})/19 + (315a^2b^{13}x^{13/3})/17)/x^{10}}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{11}} dx = \frac{-77558760x^{2/3}a^{15} - 39210262000x^{5/3}a^{12}b^3 - 485226992250x^{8/3}a^9b^6 - 554545134000x^{11/3}a^6b^9 - 58815393000x^{14/3}a^3b^9 - 58815393000x^{17/3}ab^{12} - 58815393000x^{20/3}b^{15}}{(775587600x^{2/3}a^{15} + 39210262000x^{5/3}a^{12}b^3 + 485226992250x^{8/3}a^9b^6 + 554545134000x^{11/3}a^6b^9 + 58815393000x^{14/3}a^3b^9 + 58815393000x^{17/3}ab^{12} + 58815393000x^{20/3}b^{15})}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^11,x)`

output

$$\frac{(-77558760x^{2/3}a^{15} - 39210262000x^{5/3}a^{12}b^3 - 485226992250x^{8/3}a^9b^6 - 554545134000x^{11/3}a^6b^9 - 58815393000x^{14/3}a^3b^9 - 58815393000x^{17/3}ab^{12} - 58815393000x^{20/3}b^{15})}{(775587600x^{2/3}a^{15} + 39210262000x^{5/3}a^{12}b^3 + 485226992250x^{8/3}a^9b^6 + 554545134000x^{11/3}a^6b^9 + 58815393000x^{14/3}a^3b^9 + 58815393000x^{17/3}ab^{12} + 58815393000x^{20/3}b^{15})}$$

**3.246**  $\int \frac{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1819
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1820
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1820
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1822
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1822
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1823
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1823
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1824
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1825
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1825

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 217

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{11x^{11}} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{32x^{32/3}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{31x^{31/3}} - \frac{91a^{12}b^3}{2x^{10}} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{29x^{29/3}} - \frac{1287a^{10}b^5}{4x^{28/3}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{9x^9} - \frac{1485a^8b^7}{2x^{26/3}} - \frac{3861a^7b^8}{5x^{25/3}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{8x^8} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{23x^{23/3}} - \frac{4095a^4b^{11}}{22x^{22/3}} - \frac{65a^3b^{12}}{x^7} - \frac{63a^2b^{13}}{4x^{20/3}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{19x^{19/3}} - \frac{b^{15}}{6x^6}$$

```
output -1/11*a^15/x^11-45/32*a^14*b/x^(32/3)-315/31*a^13*b^2/x^(31/3)-91/2*a^12*b^3/x^10-4095/29*a^11*b^4/x^(29/3)-1287/4*a^10*b^5/x^(28/3)-5005/9*a^9*b^6/x^9-1485/2*a^8*b^7/x^(26/3)-3861/5*a^7*b^8/x^(25/3)-5005/8*a^6*b^9/x^8-9009/23*a^5*b^10/x^(23/3)-4095/22*a^4*b^11/x^(22/3)-65*a^3*b^12/x^7-63/4*a^2*b^13/x^(20/3)-45/19*a*b^14/x^(19/3)-1/6*b^15/x^6
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-565722720a^{15} - 8751023325a^{14}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 63233200800a^{13}b^2x^{2/3} - 283144221360a^{12}b^3x - 878723445600a^{11}b^4x^{4/3} - 2002234136760a^{10}b^5x^{5/3} - 3460651594400a^9b^6x^2 - 4620540315600a^8b^7x^{7/3} - 4805361928224a^7b^8x^{8/3} - 3893233043700a^6b^9x^3 - 2437502427360a^5b^{10}x^{10/3} - 1158317269200a^4b^{11}x^{11/3} - 404491744800a^3b^{12}x^4 - 98011461240a^2b^{13}x^{13/3} - 14738565600ab^{14}x^{14/3} - 1037158320b^{15}x^5}{(6222949920x^{11})}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^12,x]`

output `(-565722720*a^15 - 8751023325*a^14*b*x^(1/3) - 63233200800*a^13*b^2*x^(2/3) - 283144221360*a^12*b^3*x - 878723445600*a^11*b^4*x^(4/3) - 2002234136760*a^10*b^5*x^(5/3) - 3460651594400*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 4620540315600*a^8*b^7*x^(7/3) - 4805361928224*a^7*b^8*x^(8/3) - 3893233043700*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 2437502427360*a^5*b^10*x^(10/3) - 1158317269200*a^4*b^11*x^(11/3) - 404491744800*a^3*b^12*x^4 - 98011461240*a^2*b^13*x^(13/3) - 14738565600*a*b^14*x^(14/3) - 1037158320*b^15*x^5)/(6222949920*x^11)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{34/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^{15}}{x^{34/3}} + \frac{15ba^{14}}{x^{11}} + \frac{105b^2a^{13}}{x^{32/3}} + \frac{455b^3a^{12}}{x^{31/3}} + \frac{1365b^4a^{11}}{x^{10}} + \frac{3003b^5a^{10}}{x^{29/3}} + \frac{5005b^6a^9}{x^{28/3}} + \frac{6435b^7a^8}{x^9} + \frac{6435b^8a^7}{x^{26/3}} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^{15}}{33x^{11}} - \frac{15a^{14}b}{32x^{32/3}} - \frac{105a^{13}b^2}{31x^{31/3}} - \frac{91a^{12}b^3}{6x^{10}} - \frac{1365a^{11}b^4}{29x^{29/3}} - \frac{429a^{10}b^5}{4x^{28/3}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{27x^9} - \frac{495a^8b^7}{2x^{26/3}} - \frac{1287a^7b^8}{5x^{25/3}} - \dots \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^12,x]`

output `3*(-1/33*a^15/x^11 - (15*a^14*b)/(32*x^(32/3)) - (105*a^13*b^2)/(31*x^(31/3)) - (91*a^12*b^3)/(6*x^10) - (1365*a^11*b^4)/(29*x^(29/3)) - (429*a^10*b^5)/(4*x^(28/3)) - (5005*a^9*b^6)/(27*x^9) - (495*a^8*b^7)/(2*x^(26/3)) - (1287*a^7*b^8)/(5*x^(25/3)) - (5005*a^6*b^9)/(24*x^8) - (3003*a^5*b^10)/(23*x^(23/3)) - (1365*a^4*b^11)/(22*x^(22/3)) - (65*a^3*b^12)/(3*x^7) - (21*a^2*b^13)/(4*x^(20/3)) - (15*a*b^14)/(19*x^(19/3)) - b^15/(18*x^6))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^(m)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



output

```
-1/6222949920*(1037158320*b^15*x^5 + 404491744800*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 389323304
3700*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 3460651594400*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 283144221360*a^12*b^3*x + 5
65722720*a^15 + 432216*(34100*a*b^14*x^4 + 2679950*a^4*b^11*x^3 + 11117964
*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 4632485*a^10*b^5*x + 146300*a^13*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 2623995*(37
352*a^2*b^13*x^4 + 928928*a^5*b^10*x^3 + 1760880*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 334880*a^11
*b^4*x + 3335*a^14*b)*x^(1/3))/x^11
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = -\frac{a^{15}}{11x^{11}} - \frac{45a^{14}b}{32x^{\frac{32}{3}}} - \frac{315a^{13}b^2}{31x^{\frac{31}{3}}} - \frac{91a^{12}b^3}{2x^{10}} - \frac{4095a^{11}b^4}{29x^{\frac{29}{3}}} - \frac{1287a^{10}b^5}{4x^{\frac{28}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^9b^6}{9x^9} - \frac{1485a^8b^7}{2x^{\frac{26}{3}}} - \frac{3861a^7b^8}{5x^{\frac{25}{3}}} - \frac{5005a^6b^9}{8x^8} - \frac{9009a^5b^{10}}{23x^{\frac{23}{3}}} - \frac{4095a^4b^{11}}{22x^{\frac{22}{3}}} - \frac{65a^3b^{12}}{x^7} - \frac{63a^2b^{13}}{4x^{\frac{20}{3}}} - \frac{45ab^{14}}{19x^{\frac{19}{3}}} - \frac{b^{15}}{6x^6}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**(1/3))**15/x**12,x)
```

output

```
-a**15/(11*x**11) - 45*a**14*b/(32*x**(32/3)) - 315*a**13*b**2/(31*x**(31/
3)) - 91*a**12*b**3/(2*x**10) - 4095*a**11*b**4/(29*x**(29/3)) - 1287*a**1
0*b**5/(4*x**(28/3)) - 5005*a**9*b**6/(9*x**9) - 1485*a**8*b**7/(2*x**(26/
3)) - 3861*a**7*b**8/(5*x**(25/3)) - 5005*a**6*b**9/(8*x**8) - 9009*a**5*b
**10/(23*x**(23/3)) - 4095*a**4*b**11/(22*x**(22/3)) - 65*a**3*b**12/x**7
- 63*a**2*b**13/(4*x**(20/3)) - 45*a*b**14/(19*x**(19/3)) - b**15/(6*x**6)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{1037158320 b^{15} x^5 + 14738565600 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 98011461240 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 404491744800 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 11583172000 a^4 b^{11} x^3 + 2679950000 a^5 b^{10} x^2 + 463248500 a^6 b^9 x + 146300 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 34100 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3335 a^9 b^6 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 334880 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 334880 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 334880 a^{12} b^3 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 334880 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 334880 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 334880 a^{15} x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{6222949920 x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6222949920*(1037158320*b^{15}*x^5 + 14738565600*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 9801146 \\ & 1240*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 404491744800*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 1158317269200*a^4*b^{11} \\ & 1*x^{(11/3)} + 2437502427360*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 3893233043700*a^6*b^9*x^3 + \\ & 4805361928224*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 4620540315600*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 346065159 \\ & 4400*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 2002234136760*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 878723445600*a^{11}*b^4* \\ & x^{(4/3)} + 283144221360*a^{12}*b^3*x + 63233200800*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 8751023 \\ & 325*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 565722720*a^{15})/x^{11} \end{aligned}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{1037158320 b^{15} x^5 + 14738565600 a b^{14} x^{\frac{14}{3}} + 98011461240 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{13}{3}} + 404491744800 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 1158317269200 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 2437502427360 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 3893233043700 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 4805361928224 a^7 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 4620540315600 a^8 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 3460651594400 a^9 b^6 x^2 + 2002234136760 a^{10} b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 878723445600 a^{11} b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 283144221360 a^{12} b^3 x + 63233200800 a^{13} b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 8751023325 a^{14} b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 565722720 a^{15}}{x^{11}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^12,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/6222949920*(1037158320*b^{15}*x^5 + 14738565600*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)} + 9801146 \\ & 1240*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)} + 404491744800*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + 1158317269200*a^4*b^{11} \\ & 1*x^{(11/3)} + 2437502427360*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 3893233043700*a^6*b^9*x^3 + \\ & 4805361928224*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 4620540315600*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 346065159 \\ & 4400*a^9*b^6*x^2 + 2002234136760*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 878723445600*a^{11}*b^4* \\ & x^{(4/3)} + 283144221360*a^{12}*b^3*x + 63233200800*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 8751023 \\ & 325*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 565722720*a^{15})/x^{11} \end{aligned}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{a^{15}}{11} + \frac{b^{15}x^5}{6} + \frac{91a^{12}b^3x}{2} + \frac{45a^{14}bx^{1/3}}{32} + \frac{45ab^{14}x^{14/3}}{19} + \frac{5005a^9b^6x^2}{9} + \frac{5005a^6b^9x^3}{8} + 65a^3b^{12}x^4 + \frac{315a^{13}b^2x^{2/3}}{31}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/3))^15/x^12,x)`output 
$$\begin{aligned} &-(a^{15}/11 + (b^{15}*x^5)/6 + (91*a^{12}*b^3*x)/2 + (45*a^{14}*b*x^{(1/3)})/32 + (45*a*b^{14}*x^{(14/3)})/19 + (5005*a^9*b^6*x^2)/9 + (5005*a^6*b^9*x^3)/8 + 65*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 + (315*a^{13}*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/31 + (4095*a^{11}*b^4*x^{(4/3)})/29 + (1287*a^{10}*b^5*x^{(5/3)})/4 + (1485*a^8*b^7*x^{(7/3)})/2 + (3861*a^7*b^8*x^{(8/3)})/5 + (9009*a^5*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/23 + (4095*a^4*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)})/22 + (63*a^2*b^{13}*x^{(13/3)})/4)/x^{11} \end{aligned}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^{15}}{x^{12}} dx = \frac{-565722720x^{2/3}a^{15} - 283144221360x^{5/3}a^{12}b^3 - 3460651594400x^{8/3}a^9b^6 - 3893233043700x^{11/3}a^6b^9 - 404491744800x^{14/3}a^3b^{12} - 1037158320x^{17/3}b^{15} - 63233200800x^{20/3}a^{13}b^2 - 2002234136760x^{23/3}a^{10}b^5 - 4805361928224x^{26/3}a^7b^8 - 1158317269200x^{29/3}a^4b^{11} - 14738565600x^{32/3}a^2b^{13} - 8751023325a^{14}bx^5 - 878723445600a^{11}b^4x^2 - 4620540315600a^8b^7x^3 - 2437502427360a^5b^{10}x^4 - 98011461240a^2b^{13}x^5}{(6222949920x^{2/3}x^{11})}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/3))^15/x^12,x)`output 
$$\begin{aligned} &(-565722720*x^{(2/3)}*a^{15} - 283144221360*x^{(2/3)}*a^{12}*b^3*x - 3460651594400*x^{(2/3)}*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 3893233043700*x^{(2/3)}*a^6*b^9*x^3 - 404491744800*x^{(2/3)}*a^3*b^{12}*x^4 - 1037158320*x^{(2/3)}*b^{15}*x^5 - 63233200800*x^{(1/3)}*a^{13}*b^2*x - 2002234136760*x^{(1/3)}*a^{10}*b^5*x^2 - 4805361928224*x^{(1/3)}*a^7*b^8*x^3 - 1158317269200*x^{(1/3)}*a^4*b^{11}*x^4 - 14738565600*x^{(1/3)}*a^2*b^{13}*x^5 - 8751023325*a^{14}*b*x^5 - 878723445600*a^{11}*b^4*x^2 - 4620540315600*a^8*b^7*x^3 - 2437502427360*a^5*b^{10}*x^4 - 98011461240*a^2*b^{13}*x^5)/(6222949920*x^{(2/3)}*x^{11}) \end{aligned}$$

**3.247**  $\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1826
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1826
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1827
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1828
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1829
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	1829
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1830
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1830
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1831
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1831

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3a^{10}\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^{11}} - \frac{3a^9x^{2/3}}{2b^{10}} + \frac{a^8x}{b^9} - \frac{3a^7x^{4/3}}{4b^8} + \frac{3a^6x^{5/3}}{5b^7} - \frac{a^5x^2}{2b^6} + \frac{3a^4x^{7/3}}{7b^5} - \frac{3a^3x^{8/3}}{8b^4} + \frac{a^2x^3}{3b^3} - \frac{3ax^{10/3}}{10b^2} + \frac{3x^{11/3}}{11b} - \frac{3a^{11} \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^{12}}$$

output

```
3*a^10*x^(1/3)/b^11-3/2*a^9*x^(2/3)/b^10+a^8*x/b^9-3/4*a^7*x^(4/3)/b^8+3/5
*a^6*x^(5/3)/b^7-1/2*a^5*x^2/b^6+3/7*a^4*x^(7/3)/b^5-3/8*a^3*x^(8/3)/b^4+1
/3*a^2*x^3/b^3-3/10*a*x^(10/3)/b^2+3/11*x^(11/3)/b-3*a^11*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/
b^12
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{27720a^{10}\sqrt[3]{x} - 13860a^9bx^{2/3} + 9240a^8b^2x - 6930a^7b^3x^{4/3} + 5544a^6b^4x^{5/3} - 4620a^5b^5x^2 + 3960a^4b^6x^{7/3} - \frac{3a^{11} \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^{12}}}{9240b^{11}}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b*x^(1/3)),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(27720*a^{10}*x^{(1/3)} - 13860*a^9*b*x^{(2/3)} + 9240*a^8*b^2*x - 6930*a^7*b^3*x^{(4/3)} + 5544*a^6*b^4*x^{(5/3)} - 4620*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 3960*a^4*b^6*x^{(7/3)} - 3465*a^3*b^7*x^{(8/3)} + 3080*a^2*b^8*x^3 - 2772*a*b^9*x^{(10/3)} + 2520*b^{10}*x^{(11/3)})/(9240*b^{11}) - (3*a^{11}*Log[a + b*x^{(1/3)}])/b^{12}}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{11/3}}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( -\frac{a^{11}}{b^{11}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{a^{10}}{b^{11}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}a^9}{b^{10}} + \frac{x^{2/3}a^8}{b^9} - \frac{xa^7}{b^8} + \frac{x^{4/3}a^6}{b^7} - \frac{x^{5/3}a^5}{b^6} + \frac{x^2a^4}{b^5} - \frac{x^{7/3}a^3}{b^4} + \frac{x^{8/3}a^2}{b^3} - \frac{x^3a}{b^2} + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \frac{a^{11} \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^{12}} + \frac{a^{10}\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^{11}} - \frac{a^9x^{2/3}}{2b^{10}} + \frac{a^8x}{3b^9} - \frac{a^7x^{4/3}}{4b^8} + \frac{a^6x^{5/3}}{5b^7} - \frac{a^5x^2}{6b^6} + \frac{a^4x^{7/3}}{7b^5} - \frac{a^3x^{8/3}}{8b^4} + \frac{a^2x^3}{9b^3} - \frac{ax^4}{10b^2} + \right. \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b*x^(1/3)),x]`



```
output 3*((a^10*x^(1/3))/b^11 - (a^9*x^(2/3))/(2*b^10) + (a^8*x)/(3*b^9) - (a^7*x^(4/3))/(4*b^8) + (a^6*x^(5/3))/(5*b^7) - (a^5*x^2)/(6*b^6) + (a^4*x^(7/3))/(7*b^5) - (a^3*x^(8/3))/(8*b^4) + (a^2*x^3)/(9*b^3) - (a*x^(10/3))/(10*b^2) + x^(11/3)/(11*b) - (a^11*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^12)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{11}{3}}b^{10} - 3ax^{\frac{10}{3}}b^9 + a^2b^8x^3 - 3a^3x^{\frac{8}{3}}b^7 + 3a^4x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^6 - \frac{a^5b^5x^2}{2} + \frac{3a^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3a^7x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{4} + a^8b^2x - \frac{3ba^9x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 3a^{10}x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^{11}} - 3a^{11}\ln(a + bx^{\frac{1}{3}})$
default	$\frac{3x^{\frac{11}{3}}b^{10} - 3ax^{\frac{10}{3}}b^9 + a^2b^8x^3 - 3a^3x^{\frac{8}{3}}b^7 + 3a^4x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^6 - \frac{a^5b^5x^2}{2} + \frac{3a^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3a^7x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{4} + a^8b^2x - \frac{3ba^9x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 3a^{10}x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^{11}} - 3a^{11}\ln(a + bx^{\frac{1}{3}})$

```
input int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 3/b^11*(1/11*x^(11/3)*b^10-1/10*a*x^(10/3)*b^9+1/9*a^2*b^8*x^3-1/8*a^3*x^(8/3)*b^7+1/7*a^4*x^(7/3)*b^6-1/6*a^5*b^5*x^2+1/5*a^6*x^(5/3)*b^4-1/4*a^7*x^(4/3)*b^3+1/3*a^8*b^2*x-1/2*b*a^9*x^(2/3)+a^10*x^(1/3))-3*a^11*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^12
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3080 a^2 b^9 x^3 - 4620 a^5 b^6 x^2 + 9240 a^8 b^3 x - 27720 a^{11} \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) + 63(40 b^{11} x^3 - 55 a^3 b^8 x^2 + 88 a^6 b^5 x - 220 a^9 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 198(14 a^2 b^{10} x^3 - 20 a^4 b^7 x^2 + 35 a^7 b^4 x - 140 a^{10} b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{9240 b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/9240*(3080*a^2*b^9*x^3 - 4620*a^5*b^6*x^2 + 9240*a^8*b^3*x - 27720*a^11*
log(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 63*(40*b^11*x^3 - 55*a^3*b^8*x^2 + 88*a^6*b^5*x - 220
*a^9*b^2)*x^(2/3) - 198*(14*a*b^10*x^3 - 20*a^4*b^7*x^2 + 35*a^7*b^4*x - 1
40*a^10*b)*x^(1/3))/b^12
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*x**(1/3)),x)`

output

`Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -\frac{3a^{11} \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^{12}} + \frac{3\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^{11}}{11b^{12}} - \frac{33\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^{10}a}{10b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{55\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^9a^2}{3b^{12}} - \frac{495\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^8a^3}{8b^{12}} + \frac{990\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^7a^4}{7b^{12}}$$

$$- \frac{231\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^6a^5}{b^{12}} + \frac{1386\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^5a^6}{5b^{12}} - \frac{495\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^4a^7}{2b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{165\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^3a^8}{b^{12}} - \frac{165\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2a^9}{2b^{12}} + \frac{33\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)a^{10}}{b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-3*a^11*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^12 + 3/11*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^11/b^12 - 33/10*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10*a/b^12 + 55/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a^2/b^12 - 495/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^3/b^12 + 990/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^4/b^12 - 231*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^5/b^12 + 1386/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^6/b^12 - 495/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^7/b^12 + 165*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^8/b^12 - 165/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^9/b^12 + 33*(b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^10/b^12`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -\frac{3a^{11} \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{2520b^{10}x^{\frac{11}{3}} - 2772ab^9x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 3080a^2b^8x^3 - 3465a^3b^7x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 3960a^4b^6x^{\frac{7}{3}} - 4620a^5b^5x^2 + 5544a^6b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{9240b^{11}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$-3a^{11}\log(\text{abs}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))/b^{12} + 1/9240*(2520*b^{10}*x^{(11/3)} - 2772*a*b^9*x^{(10/3)} + 3080*a^2*b^8*x^3 - 3465*a^3*b^7*x^{(8/3)} + 3960*a^4*b^6*x^{(7/3)} - 4620*a^5*b^5*x^2 + 5544*a^6*b^4*x^{(5/3)} - 6930*a^7*b^3*x^{(4/3)} + 9240*a^8*b^2*x - 13860*a^9*b*x^{(2/3)} + 27720*a^{10}*x^{(1/3)})/b^{11}$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3x^{11/3}}{11b} - \frac{3ax^{10/3}}{10b^2} + \frac{a^8x}{b^9} - \frac{3a^{11}\ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^{12}} + \frac{a^2x^3}{3b^3} - \frac{a^5x^2}{2b^6} - \frac{3a^3x^{8/3}}{8b^4} + \frac{3a^4x^{7/3}}{7b^5} + \frac{3a^6x^{5/3}}{5b^7} - \frac{3a^7x^{4/3}}{4b^8} - \frac{3a^9x^{2/3}}{2b^{10}} + \frac{3a^{10}x^{1/3}}{b^{11}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^3/(a + b*x^{(1/3)}), x)$$

output

$$(3*x^{(11/3)})/(11*b) - (3*a*x^{(10/3)})/(10*b^2) + (a^8*x)/b^9 - (3*a^{11}\log(a + b*x^{(1/3)}))/b^{12} + (a^2*x^3)/(3*b^3) - (a^5*x^2)/(2*b^6) - (3*a^3*x^{(8/3)})/(8*b^4) + (3*a^4*x^{(7/3)})/(7*b^5) + (3*a^6*x^{(5/3)})/(5*b^7) - (3*a^7*x^{(4/3)})/(4*b^8) - (3*a^9*x^{(2/3)})/(2*b^{10}) + (3*a^{10}*x^{(1/3)})/b^{11}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^3}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{-13860x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^9b^2 + 5544x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^6b^5 - 3465x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^3b^8 + 2520x^{\frac{11}{3}}b^{11} + 27720x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{10}b - 6930x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^7b^4 + 3960x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^4b^7 - 9240b^{12}}{9240b^{12}}$$

input

$$\text{int}(x^3/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}), x)$$

output

```
( - 13860*x**(2/3)*a**9*b**2 + 5544*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**5*x - 3465*x**(2/3)*a
**3*b**8*x**2 + 2520*x**(2/3)*b**11*x**3 + 27720*x**(1/3)*a**10*b - 6930*x
**(1/3)*a**7*b**4*x + 3960*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**7*x**2 - 2772*x**(1/3)*a*b**10
*x**3 - 27720*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**11 + 9240*a**8*b**3*x - 4620*a**5*b**
6*x**2 + 3080*a**2*b**9*x**3)/(9240*b**12)
```

**3.248**  $\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1833
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1833
Rubi [A] (verified)	1834
Maple [A] (verified)	1835
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1836
Sympy [F(-1)]	1836
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1836
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1837
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1837
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1838

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 124

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -\frac{3a^7\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^8} + \frac{3a^6x^{2/3}}{2b^7} - \frac{a^5x}{b^6} + \frac{3a^4x^{4/3}}{4b^5} - \frac{3a^3x^{5/3}}{5b^4} + \frac{a^2x^2}{2b^3} - \frac{3ax^{7/3}}{7b^2} + \frac{3x^{8/3}}{8b} + \frac{3a^8 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9}$$

output

```
-3*a^7*x^(1/3)/b^8+3/2*a^6*x^(2/3)/b^7-a^5*x/b^6+3/4*a^4*x^(4/3)/b^5-3/5*a^3*x^(5/3)/b^4+1/2*a^2*x^2/b^3-3/7*a*x^(7/3)/b^2+3/8*x^(8/3)/b+3*a^8*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(-840a^7 + 420a^6b\sqrt[3]{x} - 280a^5b^2x^{2/3} + 210a^4b^3x - 168a^3b^4x^{4/3} + 140a^2b^5x^{5/3} - 120ab^6x^2 + 105b^7x^3) + 3a^8 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{280b^8}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*x^(1/3)),x]`

output  $(x^{1/3}*(-840*a^7 + 420*a^6*b*x^{1/3} - 280*a^5*b^2*x^{2/3} + 210*a^4*b^3*x - 168*a^3*b^4*x^{4/3} + 140*a^2*b^5*x^{5/3} - 120*a*b^6*x^2 + 105*b^7*x^{7/3}))/((280*b^8) + (3*a^8*\text{Log}[a + b*x^{1/3}])/b^9)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^{8/3}}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^8}{b^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{a^7}{b^8} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}a^6}{b^7} - \frac{x^{2/3}a^5}{b^6} + \frac{xa^4}{b^5} - \frac{x^{4/3}a^3}{b^4} + \frac{x^{5/3}a^2}{b^3} - \frac{x^2a}{b^2} + \frac{x^{7/3}}{b} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^8 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9} - \frac{a^7 \sqrt[3]{x}}{b^8} + \frac{a^6 x^{2/3}}{2b^7} - \frac{a^5 x}{3b^6} + \frac{a^4 x^{4/3}}{4b^5} - \frac{a^3 x^{5/3}}{5b^4} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{6b^3} - \frac{ax^{7/3}}{7b^2} + \frac{x^{8/3}}{8b} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*x^(1/3)),x]`

output  $3*(-((a^7*x^{1/3})/b^8) + (a^6*x^{2/3})/(2*b^7) - (a^5*x)/(3*b^6) + (a^4*x^{4/3})/(4*b^5) - (a^3*x^{5/3})/(5*b^4) + (a^2*x^2)/(6*b^3) - (a*x^{7/3})/(7*b^2) + x^{8/3}/(8*b) + (a^8*\text{Log}[a + b*x^{1/3}])/b^9)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3\left(-\frac{x^{\frac{8}{3}}b^7}{8} + \frac{ax^{\frac{7}{3}}b^6}{7} - \frac{a^2x^2b^5}{6} + \frac{a^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4}{5} - \frac{a^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{4} + \frac{a^5xb^2}{3} - \frac{ba^6x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + a^7x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^8} + \frac{3a^8 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9}$	99
default	$-\frac{3\left(-\frac{x^{\frac{8}{3}}b^7}{8} + \frac{ax^{\frac{7}{3}}b^6}{7} - \frac{a^2x^2b^5}{6} + \frac{a^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4}{5} - \frac{a^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{4} + \frac{a^5xb^2}{3} - \frac{ba^6x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + a^7x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^8} + \frac{3a^8 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9}$	99

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-3/b^8*(-1/8*x^{(8/3)}*b^7+1/7*a*x^{(7/3)}*b^6-1/6*a^2*x^2*b^5+1/5*a^3*x^{(5/3)}*b^4-1/4*a^4*x^{(4/3)}*b^3+1/3*a^5*x*b^2-1/2*b*a^6*x^{(2/3)}+a^7*x^{(1/3)})+3*a^8*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/b^9$$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{140 a^2 b^6 x^2 - 280 a^5 b^3 x + 840 a^8 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) + 21(5 b^8 x^2 - 8 a^3 b^5 x + 20 a^6 b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 30(4 a b^7 x^2 - 7 a^4 b^4 x + 28 a^7 b)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{280 b^9}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/280*(140*a^2*b^6*x^2 - 280*a^5*b^3*x + 840*a^8*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 21*(5*b^8*x^2 - 8*a^3*b^5*x + 20*a^6*b^2)*x^(2/3) - 30*(4*a*b^7*x^2 - 7*a^4*b^4*x + 28*a^7*b)*x^(1/3))/b^9`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(1/3)),x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3 a^8 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^9} + \frac{3\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^8}{8 b^9} - \frac{24\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^7 a}{7 b^9} + \frac{14\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^6 a^2}{b^9} - \frac{168\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^5 a^3}{5 b^9} + \frac{105\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^4 a^4}{2 b^9} - \frac{56\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^3 a^5}{b^9} + \frac{42\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 a^6}{b^9} - \frac{24\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) a^7}{b^9}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$3a^8 \log(bx^{1/3} + a)/b^9 + 3/8*(bx^{1/3} + a)^8/b^9 - 24/7*(bx^{1/3} + a)^7*a/b^9 + 14*(bx^{1/3} + a)^6*a^2/b^9 - 168/5*(bx^{1/3} + a)^5*a^3/b^9 + 105/2*(bx^{1/3} + a)^4*a^4/b^9 - 56*(bx^{1/3} + a)^3*a^5/b^9 + 42*(bx^{1/3} + a)^2*a^6/b^9 - 24*(bx^{1/3} + a)*a^7/b^9$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3a^8 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^9} + \frac{105b^7x^{\frac{8}{3}} - 120ab^6x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 140a^2b^5x^2 - 168a^3b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 210a^4b^3x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 280a^5b^2x + 420a^6bx^{\frac{2}{3}} - 840a^7x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{280b^8}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$3a^8 \log(\text{abs}(bx^{1/3} + a))/b^9 + 1/280*(105*b^7*x^{8/3} - 120*a*b^6*x^{7/3} + 140*a^2*b^5*x^2 - 168*a^3*b^4*x^{5/3} + 210*a^4*b^3*x^{4/3} - 280*a^5*b^2*x + 420*a^6*b*x^{2/3} - 840*a^7*x^{1/3})/b^8$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3x^{8/3}}{8b} - \frac{a^5x}{b^6} - \frac{3ax^{7/3}}{7b^2} + \frac{3a^8 \ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^9} + \frac{a^2x^2}{2b^3} - \frac{3a^3x^{5/3}}{5b^4} + \frac{3a^4x^{4/3}}{4b^5} + \frac{3a^6x^{2/3}}{2b^7} - \frac{3a^7x^{1/3}}{b^8}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(1/3)),x)`

output

$$\frac{(3x^{8/3})/(8b) - (a^5x)/b^6 - (3ax^{7/3})/(7b^2) + (3a^8 \log(a + bx^{1/3}))/b^9 + (a^2x^2)/(2b^3) - (3a^3x^{5/3})/(5b^4) + (3a^4x^{4/3})/(4b^5) + (3a^6x^{2/3})/(2b^7) - (3a^7x^{1/3})/b^8}{280b^9}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{420x^{2/3}a^6b^2 - 168x^{5/3}a^3b^5 + 105x^{8/3}b^8 - 840x^{1/3}a^7b + 210x^{4/3}a^4b^4 - 120x^{7/3}a^7b + 840 \log(x^{1/3}b + a) a^8 - 280a^5b^3x + 140a^2b^6x^2}{280b^9}$$

input

int(x^2/(a+b\*x^(1/3)),x)

output

$$(420x^{2/3}a^6b^2 - 168x^{5/3}a^3b^5 + 105x^{8/3}b^8 - 840x^{1/3}a^7b + 210x^{4/3}a^4b^4 - 120x^{7/3}a^7b + 840 \log(x^{1/3}b + a) a^8 - 280a^5b^3x + 140a^2b^6x^2) / (280b^9)$$

### 3.249 $\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$

Optimal result	1839
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1839
Rubi [A] (verified)	1840
Maple [A] (verified)	1841
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1841
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1842
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1842
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1843
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1843
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1843

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3a^4\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5} - \frac{3a^3x^{2/3}}{2b^4} + \frac{a^2x}{b^3} - \frac{3ax^{4/3}}{4b^2} + \frac{3x^{5/3}}{5b} - \frac{3a^5 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6}$$

output `3*a^4*x^(1/3)/b^5-3/2*a^3*x^(2/3)/b^4+a^2*x/b^3-3/4*a*x^(4/3)/b^2+3/5*x^(5/3)/b-3*a^5*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^6`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}(60a^4 - 30a^3b\sqrt[3]{x} + 20a^2b^2x^{2/3} - 15ab^3x + 12b^4x^{4/3})}{20b^5} - \frac{3a^5 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*x^(1/3)),x]`

output `(x^(1/3)*(60*a^4 - 30*a^3*b*x^(1/3) + 20*a^2*b^2*x^(2/3) - 15*a*b^3*x + 12*b^4*x^(4/3)))/(20*b^5) - (3*a^5*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^6`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{5/3}}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 3 \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{a^4}{b^5} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}a^3}{b^4} + \frac{x^{2/3}a^2}{b^3} - \frac{xa}{b^2} + \frac{x^{4/3}}{b} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^5 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6} + \frac{a^4 \sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5} - \frac{a^3 x^{2/3}}{2b^4} + \frac{a^2 x}{3b^3} - \frac{ax^{4/3}}{4b^2} + \frac{x^{5/3}}{5b} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*x^(1/3)),x]`

output `3*((a^4*x^(1/3))/b^5 - (a^3*x^(2/3))/(2*b^4) + (a^2*x)/(3*b^3) - (a*x^(4/3))/(4*b^2) + x^(5/3)/(5*b) - (a^5*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^6)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3ax^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{4} + a^2b^2x - \frac{3ba^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 3a^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^5} - \frac{3a^5 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^6}$	66
default	$\frac{\frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3ax^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{4} + a^2b^2x - \frac{3ba^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 3a^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^5} - \frac{3a^5 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^6}$	66

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/b^5*(1/5*x^(5/3)*b^4-1/4*a*x^(4/3)*b^3+1/3*a^2*b^2*x-1/2*b*a^3*x^(2/3)+  
a^4*x^(1/3))-3*a^5*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^6`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{20a^2b^3x - 60a^5 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) + 6(2b^5x - 5a^3b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 15(ab^4x - 4a^4b)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{20b^6}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/20*(20*a^2*b^3*x - 60*a^5*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 6*(2*b^5*x - 5*a^3*b^2)*x  
^(2/3) - 15*(a*b^4*x - 4*a^4*b)*x^(1/3))/b^6`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 170.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -\frac{3a^5 \log\left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a}\right)}{b^6} + \frac{3a^4 \sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5} - \frac{3a^3 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2b^4} + \frac{a^2 x}{b^3} - \frac{3ax^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4b^2} + \frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5b}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(1/3)),x)`output `-3*a**5*log(1 + b*x**(1/3)/a)/b**6 + 3*a**4*x**(1/3)/b**5 - 3*a**3*x**(2/3)/(2*b**4) + a**2*x/b**3 - 3*a*x**(4/3)/(4*b**2) + 3*x**(5/3)/(5*b)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -\frac{3a^5 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^6} + \frac{3\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^5}{5b^6} - \frac{15\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^4 a}{4b^6} + \frac{10\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^3 a^2}{b^6} - \frac{15\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 a^3}{b^6} + \frac{15\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) a^4}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-3*a^5*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^6 + 3/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5/b^6 - 15/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a/b^6 + 10*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^2/b^6 - 15*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^3/b^6 + 15*(b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^4/b^6`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -\frac{3a^5 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^6} + \frac{12b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 15ab^3x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 20a^2b^2x - 30a^3bx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 60a^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{20b^5}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3*a^5*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^6 + 1/20*(12*b^4*x^(5/3) - 15*a*b^3*x^(4/3) + 20*a^2*b^2*x - 30*a^3*b*x^(2/3) + 60*a^4*x^(1/3))/b^5`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3x^{5/3}}{5b} + \frac{a^2x}{b^3} - \frac{3ax^{4/3}}{4b^2} - \frac{3a^5 \ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^6} - \frac{3a^3x^{2/3}}{2b^4} + \frac{3a^4x^{1/3}}{b^5}$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^(1/3)),x)`output `(3*x^(5/3))/(5*b) + (a^2*x)/b^3 - (3*a*x^(4/3))/(4*b^2) - (3*a^5*log(a + b*x^(1/3)))/b^6 - (3*a^3*x^(2/3))/(2*b^4) + (3*a^4*x^(1/3))/b^5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{-30x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3b^2 + 12x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^5 + 60x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^4b - 15x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^4b - 60 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^5 + 20a^2b^3x}{20b^6}$$



input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x)`

output `( - 30*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 12*x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 60*x**(1/3)*a**4*b - 15*x  
**(1/3)*a*b**4*x - 60*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**5 + 20*a**2*b**3*x)/(20*b**6)`

$$3.250 \quad \int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1845
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1845
Rubi [A] (verified)	1846
Maple [A] (verified)	1847
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1847
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1848
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1848
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1848
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1849
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1849

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -\frac{3a\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2} + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2b} + \frac{3a^2 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3}$$

output `-3*a*x^(1/3)/b^2+3/2*x^(2/3)/b+3*a^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3(-2a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt[3]{x}}{2b^2} + \frac{3a^2 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^-1,x]`

output `(3*(-2*a + b*x^(1/3))*x^(1/3))/(2*b^2) + (3*a^2*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{a}{b^2} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{b} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^2 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3} - \frac{a\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2} + \frac{x^{2/3}}{2b} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^-1,x]`

output `3*(-((a*x^(1/3))/b^2) + x^(2/3)/(2*b) + (a^2*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3\left(-\frac{bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + ax^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^2} + \frac{3a^2 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3}$	35
default	$\frac{a^2 \ln(b^3x+a^3)}{b^3} + \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2b} - \frac{a^2 \ln(b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}-abx^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^2)}{b^3} + \frac{2a^2 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3} - \frac{3ax^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^2}$	79

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-3/b^2*(-1/2*b*x^(2/3)+a*x^(1/3))+3*a^2*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3 \left( 2a^2 \log \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) + b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2abx^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{2b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
3/2*(2*a^2*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) + b^2*x^(2/3) - 2*a*b*x^(1/3))/b^3
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{3a\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2} + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2b} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3)),x)`output `Piecewise(((3*a**2*log(a/b + x**(1/3)))/b**3 - 3*a*x**(1/3)/b**2 + 3*x**(2/3))/(2*b), Ne(b, 0)), (x/a, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3a^2 \log\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right)}{b^3} + \frac{3\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right)^2}{2b^3} - \frac{6\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right)a}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3*a^2*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^3 + 3/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2/b^3 - 6*(b*x^(1/3) + a)*a/b^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3a^2 \log\left(\left|bx^{1/3} + a\right|\right)}{b^3} + \frac{3\left(bx^{2/3} - 2ax^{1/3}\right)}{2b^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $3*a^2*\log(\text{abs}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))/b^3 + 3/2*(b*x^{(2/3)} - 2*a*x^{(1/3)})/b^2$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{6a^2 \ln(a + bx^{1/3}) + 3b^2 x^{2/3} - 6abx^{1/3}}{2b^3}$$

input  $\text{int}(1/(a + b*x^{(1/3)}), x)$

output  $(6*a^2*\log(a + b*x^{(1/3)}) + 3*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 6*a*b*x^{(1/3)})/(2*b^3)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{a + b\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{\frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2}{2} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + 3\log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a)a^2}{b^3}$$

input  $\text{int}(1/(a+b*x^{(1/3)}), x)$

output  $(3*(x^{(2/3)}*b**2 - 2*x^{(1/3)}*a*b + 2*\log(x^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a**2))/(2*b**3)$

$$3.251 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx$$

Optimal result	1850
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1850
Rubi [A] (verified)	1851
Maple [A] (verified)	1852
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1853
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1853
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1854
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1854
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1854
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1855

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}$$

output `-3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a+ln(x)/a`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3 \log(a^2+ab\sqrt[3]{x})}{a} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))*x),x]`

output `(-3*Log[a^2 + a*b*x^(1/3)])/a + (3*Log[x^(1/3)])/a`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{47} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{14} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a} - \frac{\log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))*x),x]`

output `3*(-(Log[a + b*x^(1/3)]/a) + Log[x^(1/3)]/a)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 47 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a}$	21
default	$-\frac{3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a}$	21

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a+ln(x)/a`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3 \left( \log \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) - \log \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-3*(log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - log(x^(1/3)))/a`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 37 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{\sqrt[3]{x}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ -\frac{3}{b\sqrt[3]{x}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{3 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{a} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(1/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(b*x**(1/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/a - 3*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/a, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-3*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/a + log(x)/a`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{a} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/a + log(abs(x))/a`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(1/3))),x)`output `-(6*atanh((2*b*x^(1/3))/a + 1))/a`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = \frac{3 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}) - 3 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a)}{a}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x,x)`

output `(3*(log(x**(1/3)) - log(x**(1/3)*b + a)))/a`

$$3.252 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1856
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1856
Rubi [A] (verified)	1857
Maple [A] (verified)	1858
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1858
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1859
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1859
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1860
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1860
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1860

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{3b}{2a^2x^{2/3}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^3\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3b^3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^4} - \frac{b^3 \log(x)}{a^4}$$

output

```
-1/a/x+3/2*b/a^2/x^(2/3)-3*b^2/a^3/x^(1/3)+3*b^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^4-b^3*ln(x)/a^4
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx = -\frac{2a^3 - 3a^2b\sqrt[3]{x} + 6ab^2x^{2/3} - 6b^3x \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 2b^3x \log(x)}{2a^4x}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))*x^2),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*a^3 - 3*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + 6*a*b^2*x^(2/3) - 6*b^3*x*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 2*b^3*x*Log[x])/(a^4*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^{4/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{b^4}{a^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{b^3}{a^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^2}{a^3 x^{2/3}} - \frac{b}{a^2 x} + \frac{1}{ax^{4/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{b^3 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^4} - \frac{b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^4} - \frac{b^2}{a^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b}{2a^2 x^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{3ax} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))*x^2),x]`

output `3*(-1/3*1/(a*x) + b/(2*a^2*x^(2/3)) - b^2/(a^3*x^(1/3)) + (b^3*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)]/a^4 - (b^3*Log[x^(1/3)]/a^4)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{3b}{2a^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^3x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{3b^3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^4} - \frac{b^3 \ln(x)}{a^4}$	56
default	$-\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{3b}{2a^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^3x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{3b^3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^4} - \frac{b^3 \ln(x)}{a^4}$	56

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/a/x+3/2*b/a^2/x^(2/3)-3*b^2/a^3/x^(1/3)+3*b^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^4-b^3*ln(x)/a^4
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx = \frac{6b^3x \log(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) - 6b^3x \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}) - 6ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2a^3}{2a^4x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/2*(6*b^3*x*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 6*b^3*x*log(x^(1/3)) - 6*a*b^2*x^(2/3) +
3*a^2*b*x^(1/3) - 2*a^3)/(a^4*x)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ -\frac{3}{4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{ax} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{ax} + \frac{3b}{2a^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{a^3\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{b^3 \log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{3b^3 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{a^4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))/x**2,x)`output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(4/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(4*b*x**(4/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(a*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(a*x) + 3*b/(2*a**2*x**(2/3)) - 3*b**2/(a**3*x**(1/3)) - b**3*log(x)/a**4 + 3*b**3*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/a**4, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx = \frac{3b^3 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{a^4} - \frac{b^3 \log(x)}{a^4} - \frac{6b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2a^2}{2a^3x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3*b^3*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/a^4 - b^3*log(x)/a^4 - 1/2*(6*b^2*x^(2/3) - 3*a*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^2)/(a^3*x)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx = \frac{3b^3 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{a^4} - \frac{b^3 \log(|x|)}{a^4} - \frac{6ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2a^3}{2a^4x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3*b^3*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/a^4 - b^3*log(abs(x))/a^4 - 1/2*(6*a*b^2*x^(2/3) - 3*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^3)/(a^4*x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx = \frac{6b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^4} - \frac{\frac{1}{a} - \frac{3bx^{1/3}}{2a^2} + \frac{3b^2x^{2/3}}{a^3}}{x}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))),x)`output `(6*b^3*atanh((2*b*x^(1/3))/a + 1))/a^4 - (1/a - (3*b*x^(1/3))/(2*a^2) + (3*b^2*x^(2/3))/a^3)/x`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^2} dx = \frac{-6x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab^2 + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2b - 6\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^3x + 6\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)b^3x - 2a^3}{2a^4x}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^2,x)`

output

$$\frac{(-6x^{2/3}ab^2 + 3x^{1/3}a^2b - 6\log(x^{1/3}))b^3x + 6\log(x^{1/3}b + a)b^3x - 2a^3}{2a^4x}$$

**3.253**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1862
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1862
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1863
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1864
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1865
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1865
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1866
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1866
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1867
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1867

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{3b}{5a^2x^{5/3}} - \frac{3b^2}{4a^3x^{4/3}} + \frac{b^3}{a^4x} - \frac{3b^4}{2a^5x^{2/3}} + \frac{3b^5}{a^6\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \log(x)}{a^7}$$

output -1/2/a/x^2+3/5\*b/a^2/x^(5/3)-3/4\*b^2/a^3/x^(4/3)+b^3/a^4/x-3/2\*b^4/a^5/x^(2/3)+3\*b^5/a^6/x^(1/3)-3\*b^6\*ln(a+b\*x^(1/3))/a^7+b^6\*ln(x)/a^7

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} dx = \frac{a(-10a^5+12a^4b\sqrt[3]{x}-15a^3b^2x^{2/3}+20a^2b^3x-30ab^4x^{4/3}+60b^5x^{5/3})}{x^2} - \frac{60b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 20b^6 \log(x)}{20a^7}$$

input Integrate[1/((a + b\*x^(1/3))\*x^3),x]

output

$$\left( (a^6(-10a^5 + 12a^4bx^{1/3}) - 15a^3b^2x^{2/3} + 20a^2b^3x - 30ab^4x^{4/3} + 60b^5x^{5/3}) \right) / x^2 - 60b^6 \operatorname{Log}[a + bx^{1/3}] + 20b^6 \operatorname{Log}[x] / (20a^7)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^{7/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{b^7}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{b^6}{a^7 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{b^5}{a^6 x^{2/3}} + \frac{b^4}{a^5 x} - \frac{b^3}{a^4 x^{4/3}} + \frac{b^2}{a^3 x^{5/3}} - \frac{b}{a^2 x^2} + \frac{1}{ax^{7/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{b^6 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^7} + \frac{b^5}{a^6 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{b^4}{2a^5 x^{2/3}} + \frac{b^3}{3a^4 x} - \frac{b^2}{4a^3 x^{4/3}} + \frac{b}{5a^2 x^{5/3}} - \frac{1}{6ax^2} \right)$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[1/((a + b*x^{(1/3)})*x^3), x]$$

output

$$3 * (-1/6 * 1 / (a * x^2) + b / (5 * a^2 * x^{(5/3)}) - b^2 / (4 * a^3 * x^{(4/3)}) + b^3 / (3 * a^4 * x) - b^4 / (2 * a^5 * x^{(2/3)}) + b^5 / (a^6 * x^{(1/3)}) - (b^6 * \operatorname{Log}[a + b * x^{(1/3)}]) / a^7 + (b^6 * \operatorname{Log}[x^{(1/3)}]) / a^7)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 54 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{3b}{5a^2x^{5/3}} - \frac{3b^2}{4a^3x^{4/3}} + \frac{b^3}{a^4x} - \frac{3b^4}{2a^5x^{2/3}} + \frac{3b^5}{a^6x^{1/3}} - \frac{3b^6 \ln(a+bx^{1/3})}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \ln(x)}{a^7}$	87
default	$-\frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{3b}{5a^2x^{5/3}} - \frac{3b^2}{4a^3x^{4/3}} + \frac{b^3}{a^4x} - \frac{3b^4}{2a^5x^{2/3}} + \frac{3b^5}{a^6x^{1/3}} - \frac{3b^6 \ln(a+bx^{1/3})}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \ln(x)}{a^7}$	87

```
input int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2/a/x^2+3/5*b/a^2/x^(5/3)-3/4*b^2/a^3/x^(4/3)+b^3/a^4/x-3/2*b^4/a^5/x^(2/3)+3*b^5/a^6/x^(1/3)-3*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^7+b^6*ln(x)/a^7
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} dx = \frac{60b^6x^2 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) - 60b^6x^2 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 20a^3b^3x + 10a^6 - 15(4ab^5x - a^4b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6(5a^2b^4x - 2a^5b)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{20a^7x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/20*(60*b^6*x^2*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 60*b^6*x^2*log(x^(1/3)) - 20*a^3*b^3*x + 10*a^6 - 15*(4*a*b^5*x - a^4*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 6*(5*a^2*b^4*x - 2*a^5*b)*x^(1/3))/(a^7*x^2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ -\frac{3}{7bx^{\frac{7}{3}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2ax^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2ax^2} + \frac{3b}{5a^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{4a^3x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{b^3}{a^4x} - \frac{3b^4}{2a^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{3b^5}{a^6\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^6 \log(x)}{a^7} - \frac{3b^6 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{a^7} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))/x**3,x)`output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(7/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(7*b*x**(7/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(2*a*x**2), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*a*x**2) + 3*b/(5*a**2*x**(5/3)) - 3*b**2/(4*a**3*x**(4/3)) + b**3/(a**4*x) - 3*b**4/(2*a**5*x**(2/3)) + 3*b**5/(a**6*x**(1/3)) + b**6*log(x)/a**7 - 3*b**6*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/a**7, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} dx = -\frac{3b^6 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \log(x)}{a^7} + \frac{60b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 30ab^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 20a^2b^3x - 15a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 12a^4bx^{\frac{1}{3}} - 10a^5}{20a^6x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-3*b^6*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/a^7 + b^6*log(x)/a^7 + 1/20*(60*b^5*x^(5/3) - 30*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 20*a^2*b^3*x - 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) + 12*a^4*b*x^(1/3) - 10*a^5)/(a^6*x^2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} dx = -\frac{3b^6 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \log(|x|)}{a^7} + \frac{60ab^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 30a^2b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 20a^3b^3x - 15a^4b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 12a^5bx^{\frac{1}{3}} - 10a^6}{20a^7x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3*b^6*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/a^7 + b^6*log(abs(x))/a^7 + 1/20*(60*a*b^5*x^(5/3) - 30*a^2*b^4*x^(4/3) + 20*a^3*b^3*x - 15*a^4*b^2*x^(2/3) + 12*a^5*b*x^(1/3) - 10*a^6)/(a^7*x^2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{1}{2a} - \frac{3bx^{1/3}}{5a^2} - \frac{b^3x}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2x^{2/3}}{4a^3} + \frac{3b^4x^{4/3}}{2a^5} - \frac{3b^5x^{5/3}}{a^6}}{x^2} - \frac{6b^6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^7}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))),x)`output `- (1/(2*a) - (3*b*x^(1/3))/(5*a^2) - (b^3*x)/a^4 + (3*b^2*x^(2/3))/(4*a^3) + (3*b^4*x^(4/3))/(2*a^5) - (3*b^5*x^(5/3))/a^6)/x^2 - (6*b^6*atanh((2*b*x^(1/3))/a + 1))/a^7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^3} dx = \frac{-15x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^4b^2 + 60x^{\frac{5}{3}}ab^5 + 12x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^5b - 30x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^2b^4 + 60 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) b^6x^2 - 60 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) b^6x^2 - 10a^6 + 20a^3}{20a^7x^2}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^3,x)`output `( - 15*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**2 + 60*x**(2/3)*a*b**5*x + 12*x**(1/3)*a**5*b - 30*x**(1/3)*a**2*b**4*x + 60*log(x**(1/3))*b**6*x**2 - 60*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**6*x**2 - 10*a**6 + 20*a**3*b**3*x)/(20*a**7*x**2)`



### 3.254 $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1868
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1868
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1869
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1870
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1871
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1871
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1872
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1872
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1873
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1873

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 149

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx = -\frac{1}{3ax^3} + \frac{3b}{8a^2x^{8/3}} - \frac{3b^2}{7a^3x^{7/3}} + \frac{b^3}{2a^4x^2} - \frac{3b^4}{5a^5x^{5/3}} + \frac{3b^5}{4a^6x^{4/3}} - \frac{b^6}{a^7x} + \frac{3b^7}{2a^8x^{2/3}} - \frac{3b^8}{a^9\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3b^9 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{10}} - \frac{b^9 \log(x)}{a^{10}}$$

output

```
-1/3/a/x^3+3/8*b/a^2/x^(8/3)-3/7*b^2/a^3/x^(7/3)+1/2*b^3/a^4/x^2-3/5*b^4/a^5/x^(5/3)+3/4*b^5/a^6/x^(4/3)-b^6/a^7/x+3/2*b^7/a^8/x^(2/3)-3*b^8/a^9/x^(1/3)+3*b^9*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^10-b^9*ln(x)/a^10
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx = \frac{a(-280a^8+315a^7b\sqrt[3]{x}-360a^6b^2x^{2/3}+420a^5b^3x-504a^4b^4x^{4/3}+630a^3b^5x^{5/3}-840a^2b^6x^2+1260ab^7x^{7/3}-2520b^8x^{8/3})}{x^3} + 2520b^9 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})/840a^{10}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))*x^4),x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a*(-280*a^8 + 315*a^7*b*x^{1/3}) - 360*a^6*b^2*x^{2/3}) + 420*a^5*b^3*x - 504*a^4*b^4*x^{4/3} + 630*a^3*b^5*x^{5/3} - 840*a^2*b^6*x^2 + 1260*a*b^7*x^{7/3} - 2520*b^8*x^{8/3}))/x^3 + 2520*b^9*\text{Log}[a + b*x^{1/3}] - 840*b^9*\text{Log}[x]}{(840*a^{10})}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x}) x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{b^{10}}{a^{10} (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{b^9}{a^{10} \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^8}{a^9 x^{2/3}} - \frac{b^7}{a^8 x} + \frac{b^6}{a^7 x^{4/3}} - \frac{b^5}{a^6 x^{5/3}} + \frac{b^4}{a^5 x^2} - \frac{b^3}{a^4 x^{7/3}} + \frac{b^2}{a^3 x^{8/3}} - \frac{b}{a^2 x^3} + \frac{1}{a x^{10/3}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{b^9 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{10}} - \frac{b^9 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{10}} - \frac{b^8}{a^9 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^7}{2a^8 x^{2/3}} - \frac{b^6}{3a^7 x} + \frac{b^5}{4a^6 x^{4/3}} - \frac{b^4}{5a^5 x^{5/3}} + \frac{b^3}{6a^4 x^2} - \frac{b^2}{7a^3 x^{7/3}} + \frac{b}{8a^2 x^3} - \frac{1}{8a x^{10/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))*x^4),x]`

output

$$3*(-1/9*1/(a*x^3) + b/(8*a^2*x^(8/3)) - b^2/(7*a^3*x^(7/3)) + b^3/(6*a^4*x^2) - b^4/(5*a^5*x^(5/3)) + b^5/(4*a^6*x^(4/3)) - b^6/(3*a^7*x) + b^7/(2*a^8*x^(2/3)) - b^8/(a^9*x^(1/3)) + (b^9*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/a^10 - (b^9*Log[x^(1/3)])/a^10)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{3ax^3} + \frac{3b}{8a^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{7a^3x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{b^3}{2a^4x^2} - \frac{3b^4}{5a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{3b^5}{4a^6x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{b^6}{a^7x} + \frac{3b^7}{2a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3b^8}{a^9x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{3b^9 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{10}}$
default	$-\frac{1}{3ax^3} + \frac{3b}{8a^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{7a^3x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{b^3}{2a^4x^2} - \frac{3b^4}{5a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{3b^5}{4a^6x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{b^6}{a^7x} + \frac{3b^7}{2a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3b^8}{a^9x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{3b^9 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{10}}$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$-1/3/a/x^3+3/8*b/a^2/x^(8/3)-3/7*b^2/a^3/x^(7/3)+1/2*b^3/a^4/x^2-3/5*b^4/a^5/x^(5/3)+3/4*b^5/a^6/x^(4/3)-b^6/a^7/x+3/2*b^7/a^8/x^(2/3)-3*b^8/a^9/x^(1/3)+3*b^9*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^10-b^9*ln(x)/a^10$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{2520 b^9 x^3 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) - 2520 b^9 x^3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 840 a^3 b^6 x^2 + 420 a^6 b^3 x - 280 a^9 - 90(28 ab^8 x^2 - 7 a^4 b^5 x + 4 a^7 b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 63(20 a^2 b^7 x^2 - 8 a^5 b^4 x + 5 a^8 b)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{840 a^{10} x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/840*(2520*b^9*x^3*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 2520*b^9*x^3*log(x^(1/3)) - 840*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 420*a^6*b^3*x - 280*a^9 - 90*(28*a*b^8*x^2 - 7*a^4*b^5*x + 4*a^7*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 63*(20*a^2*b^7*x^2 - 8*a^5*b^4*x + 5*a^8*b)*x^(1/3))/(a^10*x^3)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{10}{3}}} \\ -\frac{3}{10bx^{\frac{10}{3}}} \\ -\frac{1}{3ax^3} \\ -\frac{1}{3ax^3} + \frac{3b}{8a^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{7a^3x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{b^3}{2a^4x^2} - \frac{3b^4}{5a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{3b^5}{4a^6x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{b^6}{a^7x} + \frac{3b^7}{2a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3b^8}{a^9\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{b^9 \log(x)}{a^{10}} + \frac{3b^9 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{a^{10}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))/x**4,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(10/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(10*b*x**(10/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(3*a*x**3), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*a*x**3) + 3*b/(8*a**2*x**(8/3)) - 3*b**2/(7*a**3*x**(7/3)) + b**3/(2*a**4*x**2) - 3*b**4/(5*a**5*x**(5/3)) + 3*b**5/(4*a**6*x**(4/3)) - b**6/(a**7*x) + 3*b**7/(2*a**8*x**(2/3)) - 3*b**8/(a**9*x**(1/3)) - b**9*log(x)/a**10 + 3*b**9*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/a**10, True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx = \frac{3b^9 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{a^{10}} - \frac{b^9 \log(x)}{a^{10}} - \frac{2520b^8x^{\frac{8}{3}} - 1260ab^7x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 840a^2b^6x^2 - 630a^3b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 504a^4b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 420a^5b^3x + 360a^6b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 315a^7bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 280a^8}{840a^9x^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
3*b^9*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/a^10 - b^9*log(x)/a^10 - 1/840*(2520*b^8*x^(8/3) - 1260*a*b^7*x^(7/3) + 840*a^2*b^6*x^2 - 630*a^3*b^5*x^(5/3) + 504*a^4*b^4*x^(4/3) - 420*a^5*b^3*x + 360*a^6*b^2*x^(2/3) - 315*a^7*b*x^(1/3) + 280*a^8)/(a^9*x^3)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx = \frac{3b^9 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{a^{10}} - \frac{b^9 \log(|x|)}{a^{10}} - \frac{2520ab^8x^{\frac{8}{3}} - 1260a^2b^7x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 840a^3b^6x^2 - 630a^4b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 504a^5b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 420a^6b^3x + 360a^7b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 315a^8}{840a^{10}x^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3*b^9*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/a^10 - b^9*log(abs(x))/a^10 - 1/840*(2520*a*
b^8*x^(8/3) - 1260*a^2*b^7*x^(7/3) + 840*a^3*b^6*x^2 - 630*a^4*b^5*x^(5/3)
+ 504*a^5*b^4*x^(4/3) - 420*a^6*b^3*x + 360*a^7*b^2*x^(2/3) - 315*a^8*b*x
^(1/3) + 280*a^9)/(a^10*x^3)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx = \frac{280a^9 - 5040b^9x^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right) - 420a^6b^3x - 315a^8bx^{1/3} + 2520ab^8x^{8/3} + 840a^3b^6x^2 + 360a^7b^2x^{2/3} - 630a^4b^5x^{5/3} - 1260a^2b^7x^{7/3}}{840a^{10}x^3}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))),x)
```

output

```
-(280*a^9 - 5040*b^9*x^3*atanh((2*b*x^(1/3))/a + 1) - 420*a^6*b^3*x - 315*
a^8*b*x^(1/3) + 2520*a*b^8*x^(8/3) + 840*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 360*a^7*b^2*x^(2/3)
+ 504*a^5*b^4*x^(4/3) - 630*a^4*b^5*x^(5/3) - 1260*a^2*b^7*x^(7/3))/(840*
a^10*x^3)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^4} dx = \frac{-360x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^7b^2 + 630x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^4b^5 - 2520x^{\frac{8}{3}}ab^8 + 315x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^8b - 504x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^5b^4 + 1260x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^2b^7 - 2520 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^9x^3 + 280a^9}{840a^{10}x^3}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
( - 360*x**(2/3)*a**7*b**2 + 630*x**(2/3)*a**4*b**5*x - 2520*x**(2/3)*a*b*  
*8*x**2 + 315*x**(1/3)*a**8*b - 504*x**(1/3)*a**5*b**4*x + 1260*x**(1/3)*a  
**2*b**7*x**2 - 2520*log(x**(1/3))*b**9*x**3 + 2520*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*b*  
*9*x**3 - 280*a**9 + 420*a**6*b**3*x - 840*a**3*b**6*x**2)/(840*a**10*x**3  
)
```

$$3.255 \quad \int \frac{1}{(2+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx$$

Optimal result	1875
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1875
Rubi [A] (verified)	1876
Maple [A] (verified)	1877
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1878
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1878
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1878
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1879
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1879
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1879

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \log(2+b\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{\log(x)}{2}$$

output `-3/2*ln(2+b*x^(1/3))+1/2*ln(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{(2+b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \log(2+b\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{3}{2} \log(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Integrate[1/((2 + b*x^(1/3))*x),x]`

output `(-3*Log[2 + b*x^(1/3)])/2 + (3*Log[x^(1/3)])/2`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(b\sqrt[3]{x}+2)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xb}+2)\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 47 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{xb}+2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 14 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{1}{2} \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{xb}+2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{1}{2} \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{1}{2} \log(b\sqrt[3]{x}+2) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((2 + b*x^(1/3))*x),x]`

output `3*(-1/2*Log[2 + b*x^(1/3)] + Log[x^(1/3)]/2)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`
- rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`
- rule 47 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3 \ln(2+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{2}$	16
default	$-\frac{3 \ln(2+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{2}$	16
meijerg	$\frac{\ln(x)}{2} - \frac{3 \ln(2)}{2} + \frac{3 \ln(b)}{2} - \frac{3 \ln\left(1 + \frac{bx^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2}\right)}{2}$	25

input `int(1/(2+b*x^(1/3))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3/2*ln(2+b*x^(1/3))+1/2*ln(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2\right) + \frac{3}{2} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(2+b*x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-3/2*log(b*x^(1/3) + 2) + 3/2*log(x^(1/3))`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} - \frac{3\log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{2}{b}\right)}{2} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(2+b*x**(1/3))/x,x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/2 - 3*log(x**(1/3) + 2/b)/2, Ne(b, 0)), (log(x)/2, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x)$$

input `integrate(1/(2+b*x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-3/2*log(b*x^(1/3) + 2) + 1/2*log(x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2\right|\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(|x|)$$

input `integrate(1/(2+b*x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3/2*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + 2)) + 1/2*log(abs(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = -3 \operatorname{atanh}(bx^{1/3} + 1)$$

input `int(1/(x*(b*x^(1/3) + 2)),x)`

output `-3*atanh(b*x^(1/3) + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(2 + b\sqrt[3]{x})x} dx = \frac{3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2} - \frac{3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + 2\right)}{2}$$

input `int(1/(2+b*x^(1/3))/x,x)`

output `(3*(log(x**(1/3)) - log(x**(1/3)*b + 2)))/2`

**3.256**  $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$

Optimal result	1880
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1880
Rubi [A] (verified)	1881
Maple [A] (verified)	1882
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1883
Sympy [F(-1)]	1883
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1884
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1884
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1885
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1885

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{3a^{11}}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{30a^9\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^{11}} + \frac{27a^8x^{2/3}}{2b^{10}} - \frac{8a^7x}{b^9} + \frac{21a^6x^{4/3}}{4b^8} - \frac{18a^5x^{5/3}}{5b^7} + \frac{5a^4x^2}{2b^6} - \frac{12a^3x^{7/3}}{7b^5} + \frac{9a^2x^{8/3}}{8b^4} - \frac{2ax^3}{3b^3} + \frac{3x^{10/3}}{10b^2} + \frac{33a^{10} \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^{12}}$$

output

```
3*a^11/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/3))-30*a^9*x^(1/3)/b^11+27/2*a^8*x^(2/3)/b^10-8*a^7*x/b^9+21/4*a^6*x^(4/3)/b^8-18/5*a^5*x^(5/3)/b^7+5/2*a^4*x^2/b^6-12/7*a^3*x^(7/3)/b^5+9/8*a^2*x^(8/3)/b^4-2/3*a*x^3/b^3+3/10*x^(10/3)/b^2+33*a^10*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^12
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{2520a^{11} - 25200a^{10}b\sqrt[3]{x} - 13860a^9b^2x^{2/3} + 4620a^8b^3x - 2310a^7b^4x^{4/3} + 1386a^6b^5x^{5/3} - 924a^5b^6x^2 + 660a^4b^7x^{7/3} - 252a^3b^8x^{8/3} + 33a^2b^9x^{10/3} - 33a^{10} \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{840b^{12}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}$$

input `Integrate[x^3/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(2520*a^{11} - 25200*a^{10}*b*x^{(1/3)} - 13860*a^9*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 4620*a^8*b^3*x - 2310*a^7*b^4*x^{(4/3)} + 1386*a^6*b^5*x^{(5/3)} - 924*a^5*b^6*x^2 + 660*a^4*b^7*x^{(7/3)} - 495*a^3*b^8*x^{(8/3)} + 385*a^2*b^9*x^3 - 308*a*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 252*b^{11}*x^{(11/3)})/(840*b^{12}*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})) + (33*a^{10}*Log[a + b*x^{(1/3)}])/b^{12}}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^{11/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{a^{11}}{b^{11}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{11a^{10}}{b^{11}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{10a^9}{b^{11}} + \frac{9\sqrt[3]{x}a^8}{b^{10}} - \frac{8x^{2/3}a^7}{b^9} + \frac{7xa^6}{b^8} - \frac{6x^{4/3}a^5}{b^7} + \frac{5x^{5/3}a^4}{b^6} - \frac{4x^2a^3}{b^5} + \dots \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{a^{11}}{b^{12}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{11a^{10} \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^{12}} - \frac{10a^9\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^{11}} + \frac{9a^8x^{2/3}}{2b^{10}} - \frac{8a^7x}{3b^9} + \frac{7a^6x^{4/3}}{4b^8} - \frac{6a^5x^{5/3}}{5b^7} + \frac{5a^4x^2}{6b^6} - \frac{4a^3x^7}{7b^5} + \dots \right)$$

input `Int[x^3/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x]`

```
output 3*(a^11/(b^12*(a + b*x^(1/3))) - (10*a^9*x^(1/3))/b^11 + (9*a^8*x^(2/3))/(2*b^10) - (8*a^7*x)/(3*b^9) + (7*a^6*x^(4/3))/(4*b^8) - (6*a^5*x^(5/3))/(5*b^7) + (5*a^4*x^2)/(6*b^6) - (4*a^3*x^(7/3))/(7*b^5) + (3*a^2*x^(8/3))/(8*b^4) - (2*a*x^3)/(9*b^3) + x^(10/3)/(10*b^2) + (11*a^10*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^12)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$3 \left( \frac{-x^{\frac{10}{3}}b^9 + 2ax^3b^8 - 3a^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}b^7 + 4a^3x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^6 - 5a^4x^2b^5 + 6a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4 - 7a^6x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3 + 8a^7xb^2 - 9a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}b + 10a^9x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^{11}} \right) + \frac{\dots}{b^{12}}$
default	$3 \left( \frac{-x^{\frac{10}{3}}b^9 + 2ax^3b^8 - 3a^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}b^7 + 4a^3x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^6 - 5a^4x^2b^5 + 6a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4 - 7a^6x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3 + 8a^7xb^2 - 9a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}b + 10a^9x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^{11}} \right) + \frac{\dots}{b^{12}}$

```
input int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-3/b^11*(-1/10*x^(10/3)*b^9+2/9*a*x^3*b^8-3/8*a^2*x^(8/3)*b^7+4/7*a^3*x^(7/3)*b^6-5/6*a^4*x^2*b^5+6/5*a^5*x^(5/3)*b^4-7/4*a^6*x^(4/3)*b^3+8/3*a^7*x*b^2-9/2*a^8*x^(2/3)*b+10*a^9*x^(1/3))+3*a^11/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/3))+33*a^10*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^12
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{560 ab^{12}x^4 - 1540 a^4b^9x^3 + 4620 a^7b^6x^2 + 6720 a^{10}b^3x - 2520 a^{13} - 27720 (a^{10}b^3x + a^{13}) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{(b^{15}x + a^3b^{12})}$$

input

```
integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/840*(560*a*b^12*x^4 - 1540*a^4*b^9*x^3 + 4620*a^7*b^6*x^2 + 6720*a^10*b^3*x - 2520*a^13 - 27720*(a^10*b^3*x + a^13)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 63*(15*a^2*b^11*x^3 - 33*a^5*b^8*x^2 + 132*a^8*b^5*x + 220*a^11*b^2)*x^(2/3) - 18*(14*b^13*x^4 - 66*a^3*b^10*x^3 + 165*a^6*b^7*x^2 - 1155*a^9*b^4*x - 1540*a^12*b)*x^(1/3))/(b^15*x + a^3*b^12)
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(x**3/(a+b*x**(1/3))**2,x)
```

output

```
Timed out
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{33 a^{10} \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^{12}} + \frac{3\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^{10}}{10 b^{12}} - \frac{11\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^9 a}{3 b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{165\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^8 a^2}{8 b^{12}} - \frac{495\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^7 a^3}{7 b^{12}} + \frac{165\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^6 a^4}{b^{12}}$$

$$- \frac{1386\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^5 a^5}{5 b^{12}} + \frac{693\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^4 a^6}{2 b^{12}} - \frac{330\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^3 a^7}{b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{495\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 a^8}{2 b^{12}} - \frac{165\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) a^9}{b^{12}} + \frac{3 a^{11}}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `33*a^10*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^12 + 3/10*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^10/b^12 - 11/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9*a/b^12 + 165/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a^2/b^12 - 495/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^3/b^12 + 165*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^4/b^12 - 1386/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^5/b^12 + 693/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^6/b^12 - 330*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^7/b^12 + 495/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^8/b^12 - 165*(b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^9/b^12 + 3*a^11/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^12)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{33 a^{10} \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^{12}} + \frac{3 a^{11}}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{252 b^{18} x^{\frac{10}{3}} - 560 a b^{17} x^3 + 945 a^2 b^{16} x^{\frac{8}{3}} - 1440 a^3 b^{15} x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 2100 a^4 b^{14} x^2 - 3024 a^5 b^{13} x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 4410 a^6 b^{12} x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{840 b^{20}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
33*a^10*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^12 + 3*a^11/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^12) + 1/8
40*(252*b^18*x^(10/3) - 560*a*b^17*x^3 + 945*a^2*b^16*x^(8/3) - 1440*a^3*b
^15*x^(7/3) + 2100*a^4*b^14*x^2 - 3024*a^5*b^13*x^(5/3) + 4410*a^6*b^12*x
^(4/3) - 6720*a^7*b^11*x + 11340*a^8*b^10*x^(2/3) - 25200*a^9*b^9*x^(1/3))/
b^20
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{3x^{10/3}}{10b^2} + \frac{3a^{11}}{b(a b^{11} + b^{12}x^{1/3})} - \frac{2ax^3}{3b^3} - \frac{8a^7x}{b^9}$$

$$+ \frac{33a^{10} \ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^{12}} + \frac{5a^4x^2}{2b^6} + \frac{9a^2x^{8/3}}{8b^4} - \frac{12a^3x^{7/3}}{7b^5}$$

$$- \frac{18a^5x^{5/3}}{5b^7} + \frac{21a^6x^{4/3}}{4b^8} + \frac{27a^8x^{2/3}}{2b^{10}} - \frac{30a^9x^{1/3}}{b^{11}}$$

input

```
int(x^3/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)
```

output

```
(3*x^(10/3))/(10*b^2) + (3*a^11)/(b*(a*b^11 + b^12*x^(1/3))) - (2*a*x^3)/(
3*b^3) - (8*a^7*x)/b^9 + (33*a^10*log(a + b*x^(1/3)))/b^12 + (5*a^4*x^2)/(
2*b^6) + (9*a^2*x^(8/3))/(8*b^4) - (12*a^3*x^(7/3))/(7*b^5) - (18*a^5*x^(5
/3))/(5*b^7) + (21*a^6*x^(4/3))/(4*b^8) + (27*a^8*x^(2/3))/(2*b^10) - (30*
a^9*x^(1/3))/b^11
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-13860x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^9b^2 + 1386x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^6b^5 - 495x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^3b^8 + 252x^{\frac{11}{3}}b^{11} + 27720x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^{10}b - 27720x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{10}b - 840b^{12}}{\dots}$$

input

```
int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 13860*x**(2/3)*a**9*b**2 + 1386*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**5*x - 495*x**(2/3)*a*
*3*b**8*x**2 + 252*x**(2/3)*b**11*x**3 + 27720*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a
)*a**10*b - 27720*x**(1/3)*a**10*b - 2310*x**(1/3)*a**7*b**4*x + 660*x**(1
/3)*a**4*b**7*x**2 - 308*x**(1/3)*a*b**10*x**3 + 27720*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)
*a**11 + 4620*a**8*b**3*x - 924*a**5*b**6*x**2 + 385*a**2*b**9*x**3)/(840*
b**12*(x**(1/3)*b + a))
```

**3.257**      $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$

Optimal result	1887
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1887
Rubi [A] (verified)	1888
Maple [A] (verified)	1889
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1890
Sympy [F(-1)]	1890
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1891
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1891
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1892
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1892

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = -\frac{3a^8}{b^9(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{21a^6\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^8} - \frac{9a^5x^{2/3}}{b^7} + \frac{5a^4x}{b^6} - \frac{3a^3x^{4/3}}{b^5} + \frac{9a^2x^{5/3}}{5b^4} - \frac{ax^2}{b^3} + \frac{3x^{7/3}}{7b^2} - \frac{24a^7 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9}$$

output

```
-3*a^8/b^9/(a+b*x^(1/3))+21*a^6*x^(1/3)/b^8-9*a^5*x^(2/3)/b^7+5*a^4*x/b^6-3*a^3*x^(4/3)/b^5+9/5*a^2*x^(5/3)/b^4-a*x^2/b^3+3/7*x^(7/3)/b^2-24*a^7*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{-105a^8 + 735a^7b\sqrt[3]{x} + 420a^6b^2x^{2/3} - 140a^5b^3x + 70a^4b^4x^{4/3} - 42a^3b^5x^{5/3} + 28a^2b^6x^2 - 20ab^7x^{7/3} + 15b^8x^2}{35b^9(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{24a^7 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9}$$

input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(-105a^8 + 735a^7bx^{1/3} + 420a^6b^2x^{2/3} - 140a^5b^3x + 70a^4b^4x^{4/3} - 42a^3b^5x^{5/3} + 28a^2b^6x^2 - 20ab^7x^{7/3} + 15b^8x^{8/3})/(35b^9(a + bx^{1/3})) - (24a^7\text{Log}[a + bx^{1/3}])/b^9}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{8/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^8}{b^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{8a^7}{b^8(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{7a^6}{b^8} - \frac{6\sqrt[3]{x}a^5}{b^7} + \frac{5x^{2/3}a^4}{b^6} - \frac{4xa^3}{b^5} + \frac{3x^{4/3}a^2}{b^4} - \frac{2x^{5/3}a}{b^3} + \frac{x^2}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^8}{b^9(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{8a^7 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9} + \frac{7a^6\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^8} - \frac{3a^5x^{2/3}}{b^7} + \frac{5a^4x}{3b^6} - \frac{a^3x^{4/3}}{b^5} + \frac{3a^2x^{5/3}}{5b^4} - \frac{ax^2}{3b^3} + \frac{x^{7/3}}{7b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x]`

output  $3*(-(a^8/(b^9*(a + b*x^(1/3)))) + (7*a^6*x^(1/3))/b^8 - (3*a^5*x^(2/3))/b^7 + (5*a^4*x)/(3*b^6) - (a^3*x^(4/3))/b^5 + (3*a^2*x^(5/3))/(5*b^4) - (a*x^2)/(3*b^3) + x^(7/3)/(7*b^2) - (8*a^7*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^9)$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^6}{7} - ab^5x^2 + \frac{9a^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3a^3x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{b^8} + 5a^4b^2x - 9a^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}b + 21a^6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{24a^7 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9} - \frac{3a^8}{b^9(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}$	106
default	$\frac{3x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^6}{7} - ab^5x^2 + \frac{9a^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^4}{5} - \frac{3a^3x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{b^8} + 5a^4b^2x - 9a^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}b + 21a^6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{24a^7 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9} - \frac{3a^8}{b^9(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}$	106

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $3/b^8*(1/7*x^(7/3)*b^6-1/3*a*b^5*x^2+3/5*a^2*x^(5/3)*b^4-a^3*x^(4/3)*b^3+5/3*a^4*b^2*x-3*a^5*x^(2/3)*b+7*a^6*x^(1/3))-24*a^7*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^9-3*a^8/b^9/(a+b*x^(1/3))$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{35 ab^9 x^3 - 140 a^4 b^6 x^2 - 175 a^7 b^3 x + 105 a^{10} + 840 (a^7 b^3 x + a^{10}) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) - 21 (3 a^2 b^8 x^2 - 12 a^5 b^5 x - 20 a^8 b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 15 (b^{10} x^3 - 6 a^3 b^7 x^2 + 42 a^6 b^4 x + 56 a^9 b) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{35 (b^{12} x + a^3 b^9)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/35*(35*a*b^9*x^3 - 140*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 175*a^7*b^3*x + 105*a^10 + 840*(a^7*b^3*x + a^10)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 21*(3*a^2*b^8*x^2 - 12*a^5*b^5*x - 20*a^8*b^2)*x^(2/3) - 15*(b^10*x^3 - 6*a^3*b^7*x^2 + 42*a^6*b^4*x + 56*a^9*b)*x^(1/3))/(b^12*x + a^3*b^9)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(1/3))**2,x)`output `Timed out`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = -\frac{24 a^7 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^9} + \frac{3\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^7}{7b^9} - \frac{4\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^6 a}{b^9}$$

$$+ \frac{84\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^5 a^2}{5b^9} - \frac{42\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^4 a^3}{b^9} + \frac{70\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^3 a^4}{b^9}$$

$$- \frac{84\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 a^5}{b^9} + \frac{84\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) a^6}{b^9} - \frac{3 a^8}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) b^9}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-24*a^7*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^9 + 3/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7/b^9 - 4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a/b^9 + 84/5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^2/b^9 - 42*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^3/b^9 + 70*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^4/b^9 - 84*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^5/b^9 + 84*(b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^6/b^9 - 3*a^8/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^9)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = -\frac{24 a^7 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^9} - \frac{3 a^8}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) b^9}$$

$$+ \frac{15 b^{12} x^{\frac{7}{3}} - 35 a b^{11} x^2 + 63 a^2 b^{10} x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 105 a^3 b^9 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 175 a^4 b^8 x - 315 a^5 b^7 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 735 a^6 b^6 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{35 b^{14}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-24*a^7*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^9 - 3*a^8/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^9) + 1/35*(15*b^12*x^(7/3) - 35*a*b^11*x^2 + 63*a^2*b^10*x^(5/3) - 105*a^3*b^9*x^(4/3) + 175*a^4*b^8*x - 315*a^5*b^7*x^(2/3) + 735*a^6*b^6*x^(1/3))/b^14`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{3x^{7/3}}{7b^2} - \frac{3a^8}{b(a^8 + b^9x^{1/3})} - \frac{ax^2}{b^3} + \frac{5a^4x}{b^6} - \frac{24a^7 \ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^9} \\ + \frac{9a^2x^{5/3}}{5b^4} - \frac{3a^3x^{4/3}}{b^5} - \frac{9a^5x^{2/3}}{b^7} + \frac{21a^6x^{1/3}}{b^8}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`output `(3*x^(7/3))/(7*b^2) - (3*a^8)/(b*(a*b^8 + b^9*x^(1/3))) - (a*x^2)/b^3 + (5*a^4*x)/b^6 - (24*a^7*log(a + b*x^(1/3)))/b^9 + (9*a^2*x^(5/3))/(5*b^4) - (3*a^3*x^(4/3))/b^5 - (9*a^5*x^(2/3))/b^7 + (21*a^6*x^(1/3))/b^8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx \\ = \frac{420x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^6b^2 - 42x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^3b^5 + 15x^{\frac{8}{3}}b^8 - 840x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^7b + 840x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^7b + 70x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^4b^4 - 20x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^7b - 840\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^8}{35b^9\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`output `(420*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**2 - 42*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**5*x + 15*x**(2/3)*b**8*x**2 - 840*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**7*b + 840*x**(1/3)*a**7*b + 70*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**4*x - 20*x**(1/3)*a*b**7*x**2 - 840*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**8 - 140*a**5*b**3*x + 28*a**2*b**6*x**2)/(35*b**9*(x**(1/3)*b + a))`

**3.258**  $\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1893
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1893
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1894
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1895
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1896
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Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1897
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1897
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1898
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1898

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{3a^5}{b^6(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{12a^3\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5} + \frac{9a^2x^{2/3}}{2b^4} - \frac{2ax}{b^3} + \frac{3x^{4/3}}{4b^2} + \frac{15a^4 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6}$$

output

```
3*a^5/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/3))-12*a^3*x^(1/3)/b^5+9/2*a^2*x^(2/3)/b^4-2*a*x/b^3+
/4*x^(4/3)/b^2+15*a^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^6
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{12a^5 - 48a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} - 30a^3b^2x^{2/3} + 10a^2b^3x - 5ab^4x^{4/3} + 3b^5x^{5/3}}{4b^6(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{15a^4 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x]
```

output

$$(12a^5 - 48a^4bx^{1/3} - 30a^3b^2x^{2/3} + 10a^2b^3x - 5ab^4x^{4/3} + 3b^5x^{5/3})/(4b^6(a + bx^{1/3})) + (15a^4\text{Log}[a + bx^{1/3}])/b^6$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{5/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{5a^4}{b^5(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{4a^3}{b^5} + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x}a^2}{b^4} - \frac{2x^{2/3}a}{b^3} + \frac{x}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^5}{b^6(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{5a^4 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6} - \frac{4a^3\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5} + \frac{3a^2x^{2/3}}{2b^4} - \frac{2ax}{3b^3} + \frac{x^{4/3}}{4b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x]$$

output

$$3*(a^5/(b^6*(a + b*x^(1/3)))) - (4*a^3*x^(1/3))/b^5 + (3*a^2*x^(2/3))/(2*b^4) - (2*a*x)/(3*b^3) + x^(4/3)/(4*b^2) + (5*a^4*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^6$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3\left(-\frac{x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{4} + \frac{2ab^2x}{3} - \frac{3a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 4a^3x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^5} + \frac{3a^5}{b^6\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)} + \frac{15a^4 \ln\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^6}$	73
default	$-\frac{3\left(-\frac{x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^3}{4} + \frac{2ab^2x}{3} - \frac{3a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 4a^3x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^5} + \frac{3a^5}{b^6\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)} + \frac{15a^4 \ln\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^6}$	73

```
input int(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3/b^5*(-1/4*x^(4/3)*b^3+2/3*a*b^2*x-3/2*a^2*b*x^(2/3)+4*a^3*x^(1/3))+3*a^
5/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/3))+15*a^4*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^6
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{8ab^6x^2 + 8a^4b^3x - 12a^7 - 60(a^4b^3x + a^7) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) - 6(3a^2b^5x + 5a^5b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3(b^7x^2 - 15a^3b)}{4(b^9x + a^3b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/4*(8*a*b^6*x^2 + 8*a^4*b^3*x - 12*a^7 - 60*(a^4*b^3*x + a^7)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 6*(3*a^2*b^5*x + 5*a^5*b^2)*x^(2/3) - 3*(b^7*x^2 - 15*a^3*b^4*x - 20*a^6*b)*x^(1/3))/(b^9*x + a^3*b^6)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 243 vs. 2(83) = 166.

Time = 48.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{60a^5x^{\frac{80}{3}} \log\left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a}\right)}{4ab^6x^{\frac{80}{3}} + 4b^7x^{27}} + \frac{60a^4bx^{27} \log\left(1 + \frac{b\sqrt[3]{x}}{a}\right)}{4ab^6x^{\frac{80}{3}} + 4b^7x^{27}} - \frac{60a^4bx^{27}}{4ab^6x^{\frac{80}{3}} + 4b^7x^{27}} - \frac{30a^3b^2x^{\frac{82}{3}}}{4ab^6x^{\frac{80}{3}} + 4b^7x^{27}} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^{\frac{83}{3}}}{4ab^6x^{\frac{80}{3}} + 4b^7x^{27}} - \frac{5ab^4x^{28}}{4ab^6x^{\frac{80}{3}} + 4b^7x^{27}} + \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{85}{3}}}{4ab^6x^{\frac{80}{3}} + 4b^7x^{27}}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(1/3))**2,x)`

output

```
60*a**5*x**(80/3)*log(1 + b*x**(1/3)/a)/(4*a*b**6*x**(80/3) + 4*b**7*x**27) + 60*a**4*b*x**27*log(1 + b*x**(1/3)/a)/(4*a*b**6*x**(80/3) + 4*b**7*x**27) - 60*a**4*b*x**27/(4*a*b**6*x**(80/3) + 4*b**7*x**27) - 30*a**3*b**2*x**(82/3)/(4*a*b**6*x**(80/3) + 4*b**7*x**27) + 10*a**2*b**3*x**(83/3)/(4*a*b**6*x**(80/3) + 4*b**7*x**27) - 5*a*b**4*x**28/(4*a*b**6*x**(80/3) + 4*b**7*x**27) + 3*b**5*x**(85/3)/(4*a*b**6*x**(80/3) + 4*b**7*x**27)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{15a^4 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^6} + \frac{3\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^4}{4b^6} - \frac{5\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^3 a}{b^6} + \frac{15\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 a^2}{b^6} - \frac{30\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)a^3}{b^6} + \frac{3a^5}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
15*a^4*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^6 + 3/4*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4/b^6 - 5*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a/b^6 + 15*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^2/b^6 - 30*(b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^3/b^6 + 3*a^5/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^6)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{15a^4 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^6} + \frac{3a^5}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)b^6} + \frac{3b^6x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 8ab^5x + 18a^2b^4x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 48a^3b^3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{4b^8}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
15*a^4*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^6 + 3*a^5/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^6) + 1/4*(3*
b^6*x^(4/3) - 8*a*b^5*x + 18*a^2*b^4*x^(2/3) - 48*a^3*b^3*x^(1/3))/b^8
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{3x^{4/3}}{4b^2} + \frac{3a^5}{b(ab^5 + b^6x^{1/3})} + \frac{15a^4 \ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^6} \\ + \frac{9a^2x^{2/3}}{2b^4} - \frac{12a^3x^{1/3}}{b^5} - \frac{2ax}{b^3}$$

input

```
int(x/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)
```

output

```
(3*x^(4/3))/(4*b^2) + (3*a^5)/(b*(a*b^5 + b^6*x^(1/3))) + (15*a^4*log(a +
b*x^(1/3)))/b^6 + (9*a^2*x^(2/3))/(2*b^4) - (12*a^3*x^(1/3))/b^5 - (2*a*x)
/b^3
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx \\ = \frac{-30x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3b^2 + 3x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^5 + 60x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^4b - 60x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^4b - 5x^{\frac{4}{3}}ab^4 + 60\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^5 + 10a^2b^3x}{4b^6\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)}$$

input

```
int(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 30*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 3*x**(2/3)*b**5*x + 60*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b
+ a)*a**4*b - 60*x**(1/3)*a**4*b - 5*x**(1/3)*a*b**4*x + 60*log(x**(1/3)*
b + a)*a**5 + 10*a**2*b**3*x)/(4*b**6*(x**(1/3)*b + a))
```

**3.259** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1899
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1899
Rubi [A] (verified)	1900
Maple [A] (verified)	1901
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1902
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1902
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1903
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1903
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1903
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1904

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = -\frac{3a^2}{b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2} - \frac{6a \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3}$$

output `-3*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))+3*x^(1/3)/b^2-6*a*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{3(-a^2+ab\sqrt[3]{x}+b^2x^{2/3})}{b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{6a \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^(-2),x]`

output `(3*(-a^2 + a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2*x^(2/3)))/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))) - (6*a*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^3`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{2a}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{2a \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^-2],x]`

output `3*(-(a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3)))) + x^(1/3)/b^2 - (2*a*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 774 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3a^2}{b^3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^2} - \frac{6a \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3}$
default	$-\frac{3a^4}{(b^3x+a^3)b^3} + b^4 \left( \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^6} + \frac{a \left( \frac{ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{a^2}{b}}{b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2} + \frac{2 \ln(b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^2)}{b} - \frac{4\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(2x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2 - ab)\sqrt{3}}{3ab}\right)}{b} \right)}{3b^6} \right) - \dots$

```
input int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))+3*x^(1/3)/b^2-6*a*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = -\frac{3 \left( a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + a^4 + 2(ab^3 x + a^4) \log \left( bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) - (b^4 x + 2a^3 b)x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{b^6 x + a^3 b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-3*(a^2*b^2*x^(2/3) + a^4 + 2*(a*b^3*x + a^4)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - (b^4*x + 2*a^3*b)*x^(1/3))/(b^6*x + a^3*b^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. 2(42) = 84.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{6a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{ab^3 + b^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{6a^2}{ab^3 + b^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{6ab \sqrt[3]{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{ab^3 + b^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{ab^3 + b^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ \frac{x}{a^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-6*a**2*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(a*b**3 + b**4*x**(1/3)) - 6*a**2/(a*b**3 + b**4*x**(1/3)) - 6*a*b*x**(1/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(a*b**3 + b**4*x**(1/3)) + 3*b**2*x**(2/3)/(a*b**3 + b**4*x**(1/3)), Ne(b, 0)), (x/a**2, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = -\frac{6a \log(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)}{b^3} + \frac{3(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)}{b^3} - \frac{3a^2}{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-6*a*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^3 + 3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^3 - 3*a^2/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^3)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = -\frac{6a \log(|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a|)}{b^3} + \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b^2} - \frac{3a^2}{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-6*a*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^3 + 3*x^(1/3)/b^2 - 3*a^2/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{3x^{1/3}}{b^2} - \frac{3a^2}{ab^3 + b^4x^{1/3}} - \frac{6a \ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^3}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output

```
(3*x^(1/3))/b^2 - (3*a^2)/(a*b^3 + b^4*x^(1/3)) - (6*a*log(a + b*x^(1/3)))/b^3
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a)ab + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab - 6\log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a)a^2}{b^3(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2,x)
```

output

```
(3*(x**(2/3)*b**2 - 2*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b - 2*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2))/(b**3*(x**(1/3)*b + a))
```

$$3.260 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx$$

Optimal result	1905
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1905
Rubi [A] (verified)	1906
Maple [A] (verified)	1907
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1907
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1908
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1908
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1909
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1909
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1910

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{3}{a(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^2} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2}$$

output `3/a/(a+b*x^(1/3))-3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^2+ln(x)/a^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{3 \left( \frac{a}{a+b\sqrt[3]{x}} - \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{\log(x)}{3} \right)}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x),x]`

output `(3*(a/(a + b*x^(1/3)) - Log[a + b*x^(1/3)] + Log[x]/3))/a^2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 \sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{b}{a^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{b}{a (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{1}{a^2 \sqrt[3]{x}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{\log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} \right)$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x),x]
```

output

```
3*(1/(a*(a + b*x^(1/3)))) - Log[a + b*x^(1/3)]/a^2 + Log[x^(1/3)]/a^2)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3}{a(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{3\ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2}$	35
default	$\frac{3}{a(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{3\ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2}$	35

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
3/a/(a+b*x^(1/3))-3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^2+ln(x)/a^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( ab^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} - a^2 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^3 - (b^3 x + a^3) \log \left( b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) + (b^3 x + a^3) \log \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) \right)}{a^2 b^3 x + a^5}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

$$3*(a*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - a^2*b*x^{(1/3)} + a^3 - (b^3*x + a^3)*\log(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + (b^3*x + a^3)*\log(x^{(1/3)}))/(a^2*b^3*x + a^5)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{2/3}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{3}{2b^2x^{2/3}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{ax^{2/3} \log(x)}{a^3x^{2/3} + a^2bx} - \frac{3ax^{2/3} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{a^3x^{2/3} + a^2bx} + \frac{3ax^{2/3}}{a^3x^{2/3} + a^2bx} + \frac{bx \log(x)}{a^3x^{2/3} + a^2bx} - \frac{3bx \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{a^3x^{2/3} + a^2bx} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(2/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(2*b**2*x**(2/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (a*x**(2/3)*log(x)/(a**3*x**(2/3) + a**2*b*x) - 3*a*x**(2/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(a**3*x**(2/3) + a**2*b*x) + 3*a*x**(2/3)/(a**3*x**(2/3) + a**2*b*x) + b*x*log(x)/(a**3*x**(2/3) + a**2*b*x) - 3*b*x*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(a**3*x**(2/3) + a**2*b*x), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{3}{abx^{1/3} + a^2} - \frac{3 \log\left(bx^{1/3} + a\right)}{a^2} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output  $3/(a*b*x^{(1/3)} + a^2) - 3*\log(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)/a^2 + \log(x)/a^2$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx = -\frac{3 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{a^2} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a^2} + \frac{3}{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-3*\log(\text{abs}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))/a^2 + \log(\text{abs}(x))/a^2 + 3/((b*x^{(1/3)} + a)*a)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx = \frac{3}{a(a + b x^{1/3})} - \frac{6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^2}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2),x)`

output  $3/(a*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})) - (6*\operatorname{atanh}((2*b*x^{(1/3)})/a + 1))/a^2$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) b - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} b + a\right) b - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} b + 3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a - 3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} b + a\right) a}{a^2 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} b + a\right)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x,x)
```

output

```
(3*(x**(1/3))*log(x**(1/3))*b - x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*b - x**(1/3)*b
+ log(x**(1/3))*a - log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a)/(a**2*(x**(1/3)*b + a))
```

**3.261** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1911
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1911
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1912
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1913
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1914
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1914
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1915
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1915
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1916
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1916

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx = -\frac{3b^3}{a^4(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{1}{a^2x} + \frac{3b}{a^3x^{2/3}} - \frac{9b^2}{a^4\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{12b^3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^5} - \frac{4b^3 \log(x)}{a^5}$$

output `-3*b^3/a^4/(a+b*x^(1/3))-1/a^2/x+3*b/a^3/x^(2/3)-9*b^2/a^4/x^(1/3)+12*b^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^5-4*b^3*ln(x)/a^5`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{-\frac{a^4-2a^3b\sqrt[3]{x}+6a^2b^2x^{2/3}+12ab^3x}{ax+bx^{4/3}} + 12b^3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) - 4b^3 \log(x)}{a^5}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^2),x]`

output

$$\left( -\left( a^4 - 2a^3 b x^{1/3} + 6a^2 b^2 x^{2/3} + 12a b^3 x \right) / \left( a x + b x^{4/3} \right) + 12b^3 \operatorname{Log}[a + b x^{1/3}] - 4b^3 \operatorname{Log}[x] \right) / a^5$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b \sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b \sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^{4/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{4b^4}{a^5 (a + b \sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{b^4}{a^4 (a + b \sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{4b^3}{a^5 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4 x^{2/3}} - \frac{2b}{a^3 x} + \frac{1}{a^2 x^{4/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( \frac{4b^3 \log(a + b \sqrt[3]{x})}{a^5} - \frac{4b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^5} - \frac{b^3}{a^4 (a + b \sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{3b^2}{a^4 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b}{a^3 x^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{3a^2 x} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}\left[1/\left(a + b x^{1/3}\right)^2 x^2, x\right]$$

output

$$3 \left( -\left( b^3 / \left( a^4 \left( a + b x^{1/3} \right) \right) \right) - 1 / \left( 3 a^2 x \right) + b / \left( a^3 x^{2/3} \right) - \left( 3 b^2 \right) / \left( a^4 x^{1/3} \right) + \left( 4 b^3 \operatorname{Log}[a + b x^{1/3}] \right) / a^5 - \left( 4 b^3 \operatorname{Log}[x^{1/3}] \right) / a^5 \right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b^3}{a^4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{a^2x} + \frac{3b}{a^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9b^2}{a^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{12b^3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^5} - \frac{4b^3 \ln(x)}{a^5}$	73
default	$-\frac{3b^3}{a^4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{a^2x} + \frac{3b}{a^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9b^2}{a^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{12b^3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^5} - \frac{4b^3 \ln(x)}{a^5}$	73

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3*b^3/a^4/(a+b*x^(1/3))-1/a^2/x+3*b/a^3/x^(2/3)-9*b^2/a^4/x^(1/3)+12*b^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^5-4*b^3*ln(x)/a^5`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{4a^3b^3x + a^6 - 12(b^6x^2 + a^3b^3x) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) + 12(b^6x^2 + a^3b^3x) \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + 3(4ab^5x + 3a^4b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^5b^3x^2 + a^8x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(4*a^3*b^3*x + a^6 - 12*(b^6*x^2 + a^3*b^3*x)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 12*(b^6*x^2 + a^3*b^3*x)*log(x^(1/3)) + 3*(4*a*b^5*x + 3*a^4*b^2)*x^(2/3) - 3*(a^2*b^4*x + a^5*b)*x^(1/3))/(a^5*b^3*x^2 + a^8*x)`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. 2(78) = 156.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} \\ -\frac{1}{a^2x} \\ -\frac{3}{5b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}} \\ -\frac{a^4x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}+a^5bx^2} + \frac{2a^3bx}{a^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}+a^5bx^2} - \frac{6a^2b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{a^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}+a^5bx^2} - \frac{4ab^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}\log(x)}{a^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}+a^5bx^2} + \frac{12ab^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}\log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{a^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}+a^5bx^2} - \frac{12ab^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{a^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}+a^5bx^2} - \frac{4b^4x^2\log(x)}{a^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}+a^5bx^2} + \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(5/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(a**2*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-
3/(5*b**2*x**(5/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-a**4*x**(2/3)/(a**6*x**(5/3) + a**5*b*x
**2) + 2*a**3*b*x/(a**6*x**(5/3) + a**5*b*x**2) - 6*a**2*b**2*x**(4/3)/(a**
6*x**(5/3) + a**5*b*x**2) - 4*a*b**3*x**(5/3)*log(x)/(a**6*x**(5/3) + a**5
*b*x**2) + 12*a*b**3*x**(5/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(a**6*x**(5/3) + a**5*b*
x**2) - 12*a*b**3*x**(5/3)/(a**6*x**(5/3) + a**5*b*x**2) - 4*b**4*x**2*log
(x)/(a**6*x**(5/3) + a**5*b*x**2) + 12*b**4*x**2*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(a**6
*x**(5/3) + a**5*b*x**2), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx = -\frac{12b^3x + 6ab^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2a^2bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^3}{a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^5x} + \frac{12b^3 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{a^5} - \frac{4b^3 \log(x)}{a^5}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(12*b^3*x + 6*a*b^2*x^(2/3) - 2*a^2*b*x^(1/3) + a^3)/(a^4*b*x^(4/3) + a^5
*x) + 12*b^3*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/a^5 - 4*b^3*log(x)/a^5
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{12b^3 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{a^5} - \frac{4b^3 \log(|x|)}{a^5} - \frac{12ab^3x + 6a^2b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2a^3bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^4}{(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)a^5x}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```



output

$$12b^3 \log(\text{abs}(bx^{1/3} + a))/a^5 - 4b^3 \log(\text{abs}(x))/a^5 - (12ab^3x + 6a^2b^2x^{2/3} - 2a^3bx^{1/3} + a^4)/((bx^{1/3} + a)a^5x)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{24b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^5} - \frac{\frac{1}{a} - \frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a^2} + \frac{12b^3x}{a^4} + \frac{6b^2x^{2/3}}{a^3}}{ax + bx^{4/3}}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2),x)
```

output

$$(24b^3 \operatorname{atanh}((2bx^{1/3})/a + 1))/a^5 - (1/a - (2bx^{1/3})/a^2 + (12b^3x)/a^4 + (6b^2x^{2/3})/a^3)/(ax + b*x^{4/3})$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} dx = \frac{-6x^{2/3}a^2b^2 - 12x^{4/3}\log\left(x^{1/3}\right)b^4 + 12x^{4/3}\log\left(x^{1/3}b + a\right)b^4 + 2x^{1/3}a^3b + 12x^{4/3}b^4 - 12\log\left(x^{1/3}\right)ab^3x + 12\log\left(x^{1/3}b + a\right)a^4}{a^5x\left(x^{1/3}b + a\right)}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x)
```

output

$$\left(-6x^{2/3}a^2b^2 - 12x^{4/3}\log(x^{1/3})b^4x + 12x^{4/3}\log(x^{1/3}b + a)b^4x + 2x^{1/3}a^3b + 12x^{4/3}b^4 - 12\log(x^{1/3})ab^3x + 12\log(x^{1/3}b + a)a^4\right)/(a^5x(x^{1/3}b + a))$$

**3.262**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx$

Optimal result	1917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1917
Rubi [A] (verified)	1918
Maple [A] (verified)	1919
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1920
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1920
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1921
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1922
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1922
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1923

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx = \frac{3b^6}{a^7 (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^2 x^2} + \frac{6b}{5a^3 x^{5/3}} - \frac{9b^2}{4a^4 x^{4/3}} + \frac{4b^3}{a^5 x} - \frac{15b^4}{2a^6 x^{2/3}} + \frac{18b^5}{a^7 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{21b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \log(x)}{a^8}$$

output

```
3*b^6/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/3))-1/2/a^2/x^2+6/5*b/a^3/x^(5/3)-9/4*b^2/a^4/x^(4/3)+
4*b^3/a^5/x-15/2*b^4/a^6/x^(2/3)+18*b^5/a^7/x^(1/3)-21*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))
/a^8+7*b^6*ln(x)/a^8
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx = \frac{a \left( -10a^6 + 14a^5 b \sqrt[3]{x} - 21a^4 b^2 x^{2/3} + 35a^3 b^3 x - 70a^2 b^4 x^{4/3} + 210ab^5 x^{5/3} + 420b^6 x^2 \right)}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} - 420b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 140b^6 \log(x)$$


---

$20a^8$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3),x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a*(-10*a^6 + 14*a^5*b*x^{1/3}) - 21*a^4*b^2*x^{2/3}) + 35*a^3*b^3*x - 70*a^2*b^4*x^{4/3} + 210*a*b^5*x^{5/3} + 420*b^6*x^2))/((a + b*x^{1/3})*x^2) - 420*b^6*\text{Log}[a + b*x^{1/3}] + 140*b^6*\text{Log}[x]}{(20*a^8)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^{7/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{7b^7}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{b^7}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{7b^6}{a^8 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{6b^5}{a^7 x^{2/3}} + \frac{5b^4}{a^6 x} - \frac{4b^3}{a^5 x^{4/3}} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4 x^{5/3}} - \frac{2b}{a^3 x^2} + \frac{1}{a^2 x^{7/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{7b^6 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^8} + \frac{b^6}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{6b^5}{a^7 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{5b^4}{2a^6 x^{2/3}} + \frac{4b^3}{3a^5 x} - \frac{3b^2}{4a^4 x^{4/3}} + \frac{2b}{5a^3 x^{5/3}} - \frac{1}{6a^2 x^{7/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3),x]`

```
output 3*(b^6/(a^7*(a + b*x^(1/3))) - 1/(6*a^2*x^2) + (2*b)/(5*a^3*x^(5/3)) - (3*
b^2)/(4*a^4*x^(4/3)) + (4*b^3)/(3*a^5*x) - (5*b^4)/(2*a^6*x^(2/3)) + (6*b^
5)/(a^7*x^(1/3)) - (7*b^6*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/a^8 + (7*b^6*Log[x^(1/3)])/a
^8)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 54 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[E
xpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] &&
ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	s
derivativedivides	$\frac{3b^6}{a^7(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{6b}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9b^2}{4a^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{4b^3}{a^5x} - \frac{15b^4}{2a^6x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{18b^5}{a^7x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{21b^6 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \ln(x)}{a^8}$	1
default	$\frac{3b^6}{a^7(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{2a^2x^2} + \frac{6b}{5a^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9b^2}{4a^4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{4b^3}{a^5x} - \frac{15b^4}{2a^6x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{18b^5}{a^7x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{21b^6 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \ln(x)}{a^8}$	1

```
input int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 3*b^6/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/3))-1/2/a^2/x^2+6/5*b/a^3/x^(5/3)-9/4*b^2/a^4/x^(4/3)+
4*b^3/a^5/x-15/2*b^4/a^6/x^(2/3)+18*b^5/a^7/x^(1/3)-21*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))
/a^8+7*b^6*ln(x)/a^8
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{140 a^3 b^6 x^2 + 70 a^6 b^3 x - 10 a^9 - 420 (b^9 x^3 + a^3 b^6 x^2) \log(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) + 420 (b^9 x^3 + a^3 b^6 x^2) \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}) + 15}{20 (a^8 b^3 x^3 + a^{11} x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/20*(140*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 70*a^6*b^3*x - 10*a^9 - 420*(b^9*x^3 + a^3*b^6*x^2)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 420*(b^9*x^3 + a^3*b^6*x^2)*log(x^(1/3)) + 15*(28*a*b^8*x^2 + 21*a^4*b^5*x - 3*a^7*b^2)*x^(2/3) - 6*(35*a^2*b^7*x^2 + 21*a^5*b^4*x - 4*a^8*b)*x^(1/3))/(a^8*b^3*x^3 + a^11*x^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs. 2(124) = 248.

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{8}{3}}} \\ -\frac{1}{2a^2x^2} \\ -\frac{3}{8b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}} \\ -\frac{10a^7x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{20a^9x^{\frac{8}{3}}+20a^8bx^3} + \frac{14a^6bx}{20a^9x^{\frac{8}{3}}+20a^8bx^3} - \frac{21a^5b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{20a^9x^{\frac{8}{3}}+20a^8bx^3} + \frac{35a^4b^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{20a^9x^{\frac{8}{3}}+20a^8bx^3} - \frac{70a^3b^4x^2}{20a^9x^{\frac{8}{3}}+20a^8bx^3} + \frac{210a^2b^5x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{20a^9x^{\frac{8}{3}}+20a^8bx^3} + \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(8/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*a**2*x**2), Eq(b, 0)),
(-3/(8*b**2*x**(8/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-10*a**7*x**(2/3)/(20*a**9*x**(8/3)
+ 20*a**8*b*x**3) + 14*a**6*b*x/(20*a**9*x**(8/3) + 20*a**8*b*x**3) - 21*a
**5*b**2*x**(4/3)/(20*a**9*x**(8/3) + 20*a**8*b*x**3) + 35*a**4*b**3*x**(5
/3)/(20*a**9*x**(8/3) + 20*a**8*b*x**3) - 70*a**3*b**4*x**2/(20*a**9*x**(8
/3) + 20*a**8*b*x**3) + 210*a**2*b**5*x**(7/3)/(20*a**9*x**(8/3) + 20*a**8
*b*x**3) + 140*a*b**6*x**(8/3)*log(x)/(20*a**9*x**(8/3) + 20*a**8*b*x**3)
- 420*a*b**6*x**(8/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(20*a**9*x**(8/3) + 20*a**8*b*x**
*3) + 420*a*b**6*x**(8/3)/(20*a**9*x**(8/3) + 20*a**8*b*x**3) + 140*b**7*x
**3*log(x)/(20*a**9*x**(8/3) + 20*a**8*b*x**3) - 420*b**7*x**3*log(a/b + x
**(1/3))/(20*a**9*x**(8/3) + 20*a**8*b*x**3), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{420 b^6 x^2 + 210 a b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 70 a^2 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 35 a^3 b^3 x - 21 a^4 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 14 a^5 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 10 a^6}{20 (a^7 b x^{\frac{7}{3}} + a^8 x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{21 b^6 \log(b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)}{a^8} + \frac{7 b^6 \log(x)}{a^8}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/20*(420*b^6*x^2 + 210*a*b^5*x^(5/3) - 70*a^2*b^4*x^(4/3) + 35*a^3*b^3*x
- 21*a^4*b^2*x^(2/3) + 14*a^5*b*x^(1/3) - 10*a^6)/(a^7*b*x^(7/3) + a^8*x^2
) - 21*b^6*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/a^8 + 7*b^6*log(x)/a^8
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= -\frac{21b^6 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \log(|x|)}{a^8}$$

$$+ \frac{420ab^6x^2 + 210a^2b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 70a^3b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 35a^4b^3x - 21a^5b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 14a^6bx^{\frac{1}{3}} - 10a^7}{20\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)a^8x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-21*b^6*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/a^8 + 7*b^6*log(abs(x))/a^8 + 1/20*(420*a*b^6*x^2 + 210*a^2*b^5*x^(5/3) - 70*a^3*b^4*x^(4/3) + 35*a^4*b^3*x - 21*a^5*b^2*x^(2/3) + 14*a^6*b*x^(1/3) - 10*a^7)/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^8*x^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx = \frac{\frac{7bx^{1/3}}{10a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} + \frac{7b^3x}{4a^4} - \frac{21b^2x^{2/3}}{20a^3} + \frac{21b^6x^2}{a^7} - \frac{7b^4x^{4/3}}{2a^5} + \frac{21b^5x^{5/3}}{2a^6}}{ax^2 + bx^{7/3}}$$

$$- \frac{42b^6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^8}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2),x)`output `((7*b*x^(1/3))/(10*a^2) - 1/(2*a) + (7*b^3*x)/(4*a^4) - (21*b^2*x^(2/3))/(20*a^3) + (21*b^6*x^2)/a^7 - (7*b^4*x^(4/3))/(2*a^5) + (21*b^5*x^(5/3))/(2*a^6))/(a*x^2 + b*x^(7/3)) - (42*b^6*atanh((2*b*x^(1/3))/a + 1))/a^8`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-21x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^5b^2 + 210x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^2b^5 + 420x^{\frac{7}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^7 - 420x^{\frac{7}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)b^7 + 14x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^6b - 70x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^3b^4 - 420x^{\frac{7}{3}}b^7}{20a^8x^2\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x)`output `( - 21*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**2 + 210*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**5*x + 420*x**(1/3)*log(x**  
*(1/3))*b**7*x**2 - 420*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**7*x**2 + 14*x**(1/  
3)*a**6*b - 70*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**4*x - 420*x**(1/3)*b**7*x**2 + 420*log(x**  
(1/3))*a*b**6*x**2 - 420*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**6*x**2 - 10*a**7 + 35*a*  
*4*b**3*x)/(20*a**8*x**2*(x**(1/3)*b + a))`



**3.263** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	1924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1925
Rubi [A] (verified)	1925
Maple [A] (verified)	1926
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1927
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1928
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1929
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1929
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1930
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1930

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 162

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx = -\frac{3b^9}{a^{10}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{3b}{4a^3x^{8/3}} - \frac{9b^2}{7a^4x^{7/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^3}{a^5x^2} - \frac{3b^4}{a^6x^{5/3}} + \frac{9b^5}{2a^7x^{4/3}} - \frac{7b^6}{a^8x} + \frac{12b^7}{a^9x^{2/3}}$$

$$- \frac{27b^8}{a^{10}\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{30b^9 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{11}} - \frac{10b^9 \log(x)}{a^{11}}$$

output

```
-3*b^9/a^10/(a+b*x^(1/3))-1/3/a^2/x^3+3/4*b/a^3/x^(8/3)-9/7*b^2/a^4/x^(7/3)
)+2*b^3/a^5/x^2-3*b^4/a^6/x^(5/3)+9/2*b^5/a^7/x^(4/3)-7*b^6/a^8/x+12*b^7/a
^9/x^(2/3)-27*b^8/a^10/x^(1/3)+30*b^9*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^11-10*b^9*ln(x)/a^
11
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx = \frac{a(28a^9 - 35a^8b\sqrt[3]{x} + 45a^7b^2x^{2/3} - 60a^6b^3x + 84a^5b^4x^{4/3} - 126a^4b^5x^{5/3} + 210a^3b^6x^2 - 420a^2b^7x^{7/3} + 1260ab^8x^{8/3} + 2520b^9x^3)}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})x^3} - 2520b^9$$


---

84a<sup>11</sup>

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^4), x]`

output `-1/84*((a*(28*a^9 - 35*a^8*b*x^(1/3) + 45*a^7*b^2*x^(2/3) - 60*a^6*b^3*x + 84*a^5*b^4*x^(4/3) - 126*a^4*b^5*x^(5/3) + 210*a^3*b^6*x^2 - 420*a^2*b^7*x^(7/3) + 1260*a*b^8*x^(8/3) + 2520*b^9*x^3))/((a + b*x^(1/3))*x^3) - 2520*b^9*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 840*b^9*Log[x])/a^11`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} dx$$

↓ 798

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 54

$$3 \int \left( \frac{10b^{10}}{a^{11} (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{b^{10}}{a^{10} (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{10b^9}{a^{11} \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{9b^8}{a^{10} x^{2/3}} - \frac{8b^7}{a^9 x} + \frac{7b^6}{a^8 x^{4/3}} - \frac{6b^5}{a^7 x^{5/3}} + \frac{5b^4}{a^6 x^2} - \frac{4b^3}{a^5 x^{7/3}} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4 x^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{10b^9 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{11}} - \frac{10b^9 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{11}} - \frac{b^9}{a^{10}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{9b^8}{a^{10}\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{4b^7}{a^9 x^{2/3}} - \frac{7b^6}{3a^8 x} + \frac{3b^5}{2a^7 x^{4/3}} - \frac{b^4}{a^6 x^{5/3}} + \frac{2b^3}{3a^5 x^2} - \frac{b^2}{7a^4 x^{7/3}} + \frac{2b}{4a^3 x^{8/3}} - \frac{b}{a^2 x^3} + \frac{1}{3a^2 x^3} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^4),x]`

output `3*(-(b^9/(a^10*(a + b*x^(1/3)))) - 1/(9*a^2*x^3) + b/(4*a^3*x^(8/3)) - (3*b^2)/(7*a^4*x^(7/3)) + (2*b^3)/(3*a^5*x^2) - b^4/(a^6*x^(5/3)) + (3*b^5)/(2*a^7*x^(4/3)) - (7*b^6)/(3*a^8*x) + (4*b^7)/(a^9*x^(2/3)) - (9*b^8)/(a^10*x^(1/3)) + (10*b^9*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/a^11 - (10*b^9*Log[x^(1/3)])/a^11)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b^9}{a^{10}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{3b}{4a^3x^{8/3}} - \frac{9b^2}{7a^4x^{7/3}} + \frac{2b^3}{a^5x^2} - \frac{3b^4}{a^6x^{5/3}} + \frac{9b^5}{2a^7x^{4/3}} - \frac{7b^6}{a^8x} + \frac{12b^7}{a^9x^{2/3}} - \frac{27b^8}{a^{10}x^{1/3}} + \frac{2b^9}{3a^{11}}$
default	$-\frac{3b^9}{a^{10}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^2x^3} + \frac{3b}{4a^3x^{8/3}} - \frac{9b^2}{7a^4x^{7/3}} + \frac{2b^3}{a^5x^2} - \frac{3b^4}{a^6x^{5/3}} + \frac{9b^5}{2a^7x^{4/3}} - \frac{7b^6}{a^8x} + \frac{12b^7}{a^9x^{2/3}} - \frac{27b^8}{a^{10}x^{1/3}} + \frac{2b^9}{3a^{11}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -3*b^9/a^{10}/(a+b*x^{(1/3)})-1/3/a^2/x^3+3/4*b/a^3/x^{(8/3)}-9/7*b^2/a^4/x^{(7/3)} \\ & +2*b^3/a^5/x^2-3*b^4/a^6/x^{(5/3)}+9/2*b^5/a^7/x^{(4/3)}-7*b^6/a^8/x+12*b^7/a^9/x^{(2/3)} \\ & -27*b^8/a^{10}/x^{(1/3)}+30*b^9*\ln(a+b*x^{(1/3)})/a^{11}-10*b^9*\ln(x)/a^{11} \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx =$$

$$\frac{840 a^3 b^9 x^3 + 420 a^6 b^6 x^2 - 140 a^9 b^3 x + 28 a^{12} - 2520 (b^{12} x^4 + a^3 b^9 x^3) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) + 2520 (b^{12} x^4 + a^3 b^9 x^3) \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{11} b^3 x^4 + a^{14} x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/84*(840*a^3*b^9*x^3 + 420*a^6*b^6*x^2 - 140*a^9*b^3*x + 28*a^{12} - 2520* \\ & (b^{12}*x^4 + a^3*b^9*x^3)*\log(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + 2520*(b^{12}*x^4 + a^3*b^9*x^3) \\ & )*\log(x^{(1/3)}) + 18*(140*a*b^{11}*x^3 + 105*a^4*b^8*x^2 - 15*a^7*b^5*x + 6*a \\ & ^{10}*b^2)*x^{(2/3)} - 63*(20*a^2*b^{10}*x^3 + 12*a^5*b^7*x^2 - 3*a^8*b^4*x + a^{11}*b) \\ & )*x^{(1/3)})/(a^{11}*b^3*x^4 + a^{14}*x^3) \end{aligned}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 505 vs.  $2(163) = 326$ .

Time = 5.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 505, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.12

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{11}{3}}} \\ -\frac{1}{3a^2x^3} \\ -\frac{3}{11b^2x^{\frac{11}{3}}} \\ -\frac{28a^{10}x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} + \frac{35a^9bx}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} - \frac{45a^8b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} + \frac{60a^7b^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} - \frac{84a^6b^4x^2}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} + \frac{126a^5b^5x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} - \frac{210a^4b^6x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} + \frac{420a^3b^7x^{\frac{3}{3}}}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} - \frac{1260a^2b^8x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} - \frac{840ab^9x^{\frac{11}{3}}\log(x)}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} + \frac{2520a^9b^9x^{\frac{11}{3}}\log(a/b + x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} - \frac{2520ab^9x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} - \frac{840b^{10}x^{\frac{4}{3}}\log(x)}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4} + \frac{2520b^{10}x^{\frac{4}{3}}\log(a/b + x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{84a^{12}x^{\frac{11}{3}}+84a^{11}bx^4}, \text{True} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**2/x**4,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(11/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*a**2*x**3), Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(11*b**2*x**(11/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-28*a**10*x**(2/3)/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) + 35*a**9*b*x/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) - 45*a**8*b**2*x**(4/3)/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) + 60*a**7*b**3*x**(5/3)/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) - 84*a**6*b**4*x**2/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) + 126*a**5*b**5*x**(7/3)/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) - 210*a**4*b**6*x**(8/3)/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) + 420*a**3*b**7*x**3/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) - 1260*a**2*b**8*x**(10/3)/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) - 840*a*b**9*x**(11/3)*log(x)/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) + 2520*a*b**9*x**(11/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) - 2520*a*b**9*x**(11/3)/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) - 840*b**10*x**4*log(x)/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4) + 2520*b**10*x**4*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(84*a**12*x**(11/3) + 84*a**11*b*x**4), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx = \frac{2520 b^9 x^3 + 1260 ab^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} - 420 a^2 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 210 a^3 b^6 x^2 - 126 a^4 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 84 a^5 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 60 a^6 b^3 x + 45 a^7 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{84 \left( a^{10} b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + a^{11} x^3 \right)} + \frac{30 b^9 \log \left( b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)}{a^{11}} - \frac{10 b^9 \log(x)}{a^{11}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/84*(2520*b^9*x^3 + 1260*a*b^8*x^(8/3) - 420*a^2*b^7*x^(7/3) + 210*a^3*b^6*x^2 - 126*a^4*b^5*x^(5/3) + 84*a^5*b^4*x^(4/3) - 60*a^6*b^3*x + 45*a^7*b^2*x^(2/3) - 35*a^8*b*x^(1/3) + 28*a^9)/(a^10*b*x^(10/3) + a^11*x^3) + 30*b^9*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/a^11 - 10*b^9*log(x)/a^11`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx = \frac{30 b^9 \log \left( \left| b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right| \right)}{a^{11}} - \frac{10 b^9 \log(|x|)}{a^{11}} - \frac{2520 ab^9 x^3 + 1260 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} - 420 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 210 a^4 b^6 x^2 - 126 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 84 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 60 a^7 b^3 x + 45 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{84 \left( b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) a^{11} x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `30*b^9*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/a^11 - 10*b^9*log(abs(x))/a^11 - 1/84*(2520*a*b^9*x^3 + 1260*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) - 420*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 210*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 126*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 84*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) - 60*a^7*b^3*x + 45*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) - 35*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 28*a^10)/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^11*x^3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx = \frac{60 b^9 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^{11}} - \frac{\frac{1}{3a} - \frac{5bx^{1/3}}{12a^2} - \frac{5b^3x}{7a^4} + \frac{15b^2x^{2/3}}{28a^3} + \frac{5b^6x^2}{2a^7} + \frac{b^4x^{4/3}}{a^5} - \frac{3b^5x^{5/3}}{2a^6} + \frac{30b^9x^3}{a^{10}} - \frac{5b^7x^{7/3}}{a^8} + \frac{15b^8x^{8/3}}{a^9}}{ax^3 + bx^{10/3}}$$

input `int(1/(x^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2),x)`output `(60*b^9*atanh((2*b*x^(1/3))/a + 1))/a^11 - (1/(3*a) - (5*b*x^(1/3))/(12*a^2) - (5*b^3*x)/(7*a^4) + (15*b^2*x^(2/3))/(28*a^3) + (5*b^6*x^2)/(2*a^7) + (b^4*x^(4/3))/a^5 - (3*b^5*x^(5/3))/(2*a^6) + (30*b^9*x^3)/a^10 - (5*b^7*x^(7/3))/a^8 + (15*b^8*x^(8/3))/a^9)/(a*x^3 + b*x^(10/3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^4} dx = \frac{-45x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^8b^2 + 126x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^5 - 1260x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^2b^8 - 2520x^{\frac{10}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^{10} + 2520x^{\frac{10}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)b^{10} + 35x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^9b - \dots}{8}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x)`output `( - 45*x**(2/3)*a**8*b**2 + 126*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**5*x - 1260*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**8*x**2 - 2520*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3))*b**10*x**3 + 2520*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**10*x**3 + 35*x**(1/3)*a**9*b - 84*x**(1/3)*a**6*b**4*x + 420*x**(1/3)*a**3*b**7*x**2 + 2520*x**(1/3)*b**10*x**3 - 2520*log(x**(1/3))*a*b**9*x**3 + 2520*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**9*x**3 - 28*a**10 + 60*a**7*b**3*x - 210*a**4*b**6*x**2)/(84*a**11*x**3*(x**(1/3)*b + a))`

**3.264**  $\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$

Optimal result	1931
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1932
Rubi [A] (verified)	1932
Maple [A] (verified)	1934
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1934
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1935
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1936
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1936
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1937
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1937

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{3a^{11}}{2b^{12}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{33a^{10}}{b^{12}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{135a^8\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^{11}} - \frac{54a^7x^{2/3}}{b^{10}} + \frac{28a^6x}{b^9} - \frac{63a^5x^{4/3}}{4b^8} + \frac{9a^4x^{5/3}}{b^7} - \frac{5a^3x^2}{b^6} + \frac{18a^2x^{7/3}}{7b^5} - \frac{9ax^{8/3}}{8b^4} + \frac{x^3}{3b^3} - \frac{165a^9 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^{12}}$$

output

```
3/2*a^11/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2-33*a^10/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/3))+135*a^8*x^(1/3)/b^11-54*a^7*x^(2/3)/b^10+28*a^6*x/b^9-63/4*a^5*x^(4/3)/b^8+9*a^4*x^(5/3)/b^7-5*a^3*x^2/b^6+18/7*a^2*x^(7/3)/b^5-9/8*a*x^(8/3)/b^4+1/3*x^3/b^3-165*a^9*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^12
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5292a^{11} + 17136a^{10}b\sqrt[3]{x} + 36288a^9b^2x^{2/3} + 9240a^8b^3x - 2310a^7b^4x^{4/3} + 924a^6b^5x^{5/3} - 462a^5b^6x^2 + 264a^4b^7x^{7/3} - 165a^3b^8x^{8/3} + 110a^2b^9x^3 - 77ab^{10}x^{10/3} + 56b^{11}x^{11/3}}{168b^{12}(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{165a^9 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^{12}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3/(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x]
```

output

```
(-5292*a^11 + 17136*a^10*b*x^(1/3) + 36288*a^9*b^2*x^(2/3) + 9240*a^8*b^3*x - 2310*a^7*b^4*x^(4/3) + 924*a^6*b^5*x^(5/3) - 462*a^5*b^6*x^2 + 264*a^4*b^7*x^(7/3) - 165*a^3*b^8*x^(8/3) + 110*a^2*b^9*x^3 - 77*a*b^10*x^(10/3) + 56*b^11*x^(11/3))/(168*b^12*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) - (165*a^9*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^12
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^{11/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{a^{11}}{b^{11} (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} + \frac{11a^{10}}{b^{11} (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{55a^9}{b^{11} (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{45a^8}{b^{11}} - \frac{36\sqrt[3]{x}a^7}{b^{10}} + \frac{28x^{2/3}a^6}{b^9} - \frac{21xa^5}{b^8} + \frac{15x^{4/3}a^4}{b^7} \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{a^{11}}{2b^{12} (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{11a^{10}}{b^{12} (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{55a^9 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^{12}} + \frac{45a^8 \sqrt[3]{x}}{b^{11}} - \frac{18a^7 x^{2/3}}{b^{10}} + \frac{28a^6 x}{3b^9} - \frac{21a^5 x^{4/3}}{4b^8} + \frac{3a^4 x^2}{b^7} \right)$$

input

```
Int[x^3/(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x]
```

output

```
3*(a^11/(2*b^12*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) - (11*a^10)/(b^12*(a + b*x^(1/3))) + (4
5*a^8*x^(1/3))/b^11 - (18*a^7*x^(2/3))/b^10 + (28*a^6*x)/(3*b^9) - (21*a^5
*x^(4/3))/(4*b^8) + (3*a^4*x^(5/3))/b^7 - (5*a^3*x^2)/(3*b^6) + (6*a^2*x^(
7/3))/(7*b^5) - (3*a*x^(8/3))/(8*b^4) + x^3/(9*b^3) - (55*a^9*Log[a + b*x^
(1/3)])/b^12)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{b^8 x^3}{3} - \frac{9x^{\frac{8}{3}} a b^7}{8} + \frac{18x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^2 b^6}{7} - 5a^3 b^5 x^2 + 9x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4 b^4 - \frac{63x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^5 b^3}{4} + 28a^6 b^2 x - 54x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^7 b + 135x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^8}{b^{11}} - \frac{33a^{10}}{b^{12} \left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)} + \frac{1}{2b^2}$
default	$\frac{\frac{b^8 x^3}{3} - \frac{9x^{\frac{8}{3}} a b^7}{8} + \frac{18x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^2 b^6}{7} - 5a^3 b^5 x^2 + 9x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4 b^4 - \frac{63x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^5 b^3}{4} + 28a^6 b^2 x - 54x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^7 b + 135x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^8}{b^{11}} - \frac{33a^{10}}{b^{12} \left(a + b x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)} + \frac{1}{2b^2}$

input `int(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/b^11*(1/9*b^8*x^3-3/8*x^(8/3)*a*b^7+6/7*x^(7/3)*a^2*b^6-5/3*a^3*b^5*x^2+3*x^(5/3)*a^4*b^4-21/4*x^(4/3)*a^5*b^3+28/3*a^6*b^2*x-18*x^(2/3)*a^7*b+45*x^(1/3)*a^8)-33*a^10/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/3))+3/2*a^11/b^12/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2-165*a^9*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^12`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{56 b^{15} x^5 - 728 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 3080 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 8568 a^9 b^6 x^2 - 1344 a^{12} b^3 x - 5292 a^{15} - 27720 (a^9 b^6 x^2 + 2 a^{12} b^3 x + a^{15}) \log(b x^{1/3} + a) - 63 (3 a^3 b^{14} x^4 - 18 a^4 b^{11} x^3 + 99 a^7 b^8 x^2 + 352 a^{10} b^5 x + 220 a^{13} b^2) x^{2/3} + 18 (24 a^2 b^{13} x^4 - 99 a^5 b^{10} x^3 + 990 a^8 b^7 x^2 + 2695 a^{11} b^4 x + 1540 a^{14} b) x^{1/3}}{b^{18} x^2 + 2 a^3 b^{15} x + a^6 b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/168*(56*b^15*x^5 - 728*a^3*b^12*x^4 + 3080*a^6*b^9*x^3 + 8568*a^9*b^6*x^2 - 1344*a^12*b^3*x - 5292*a^15 - 27720*(a^9*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^12*b^3*x + a^15)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 63*(3*a^3*b^14*x^4 - 18*a^4*b^11*x^3 + 99*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 352*a^10*b^5*x + 220*a^13*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 18*(24*a^2*b^13*x^4 - 99*a^5*b^10*x^3 + 990*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 2695*a^11*b^4*x + 1540*a^14*b)*x^(1/3))/(b^18*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^15*x + a^6*b^12)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 624 vs.  $2(170) = 340$ .

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 624, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{27720a^{11} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{168a^2b^{12} + 336ab^{13} \sqrt[3]{x} + 168b^{14}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{41580a^{11}}{168a^2b^{12} + 336ab^{13} \sqrt[3]{x} + 168b^{14}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{55440a^{10}b \sqrt[3]{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{168a^2b^{12} + 336ab^{13} \sqrt[3]{x} + 168b^{14}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{55440}{168a^2b^{12} + 336ab^{13} \sqrt[3]{x} + 168b^{14}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \\ \frac{x^4}{4a^3} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**3/(a+b*x**(1/3))**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-27720*a**11*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) - 41580*a**11/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) - 55440*a**10*b*x**(1/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) - 55440*a**10*b*x**(1/3)/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) - 27720*a**9*b**2*x**(2/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) + 9240*a**8*b**3*x/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) - 2310*a**7*b**4*x**(4/3)/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) + 924*a**6*b**5*x**(5/3)/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) - 462*a**5*b**6*x**2/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) + 264*a**4*b**7*x**(7/3)/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) - 165*a**3*b**8*x**(8/3)/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) + 110*a**2*b**9*x**3/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) - 77*a*b**10*x**(10/3)/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)) + 56*b**11*x**(11/3)/(168*a**2*b**12 + 336*a*b**13*x**(1/3) + 168*b**14*x**(2/3)), Ne(b, 0), (x**4/(4*a**3), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = -\frac{165 a^9 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^{12}} + \frac{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^9}{3 b^{12}} - \frac{33 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^8 a}{8 b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{165 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^7 a^2}{7 b^{12}} - \frac{165 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^6 a^3}{2 b^{12}} + \frac{198 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^5 a^4}{b^{12}}$$

$$- \frac{693 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^4 a^5}{2 b^{12}} + \frac{462 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^3 a^6}{b^{12}} - \frac{495 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 a^7}{b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{495 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) a^8}{b^{12}} - \frac{33 a^{10}}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) b^{12}} + \frac{3 a^{11}}{2 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-165*a^9*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^12 + 1/3*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^9/b^12 - 33/8*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^8*a/b^12 + 165/7*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^7*a^2/b^12 - 165/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6*a^3/b^12 + 198*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^5*a^4/b^12 - 693/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^5/b^12 + 462*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^6/b^12 - 495*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^7/b^12 + 495*(b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^8/b^12 - 33*a^10/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^12) + 3/2*a^11/((b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*b^12)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = -\frac{165 a^9 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^{12}} - \frac{3 \left(22 a^{10} bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 21 a^{11}\right)}{2 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{56 b^{24} x^3 - 189 a b^{23} x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 432 a^2 b^{22} x^{\frac{7}{3}} - 840 a^3 b^{21} x^2 + 1512 a^4 b^{20} x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 2646 a^5 b^{19} x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 4704 a^6 b^{18} x - 90}{168 b^{27}}$$

input `integrate(x^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
( - 27720*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**9*b**2 + 27720*x**(2/3)*a**9*b**2 + 924*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**5*x - 165*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 56*x**(2/3)*b**11*x**3 - 55440*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**10*b - 2310*x**(1/3)*a**7*b**4*x + 264*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**7*x**2 - 77*x**(1/3)*a*b**10*x**3 - 27720*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**11 - 13860*a**11 + 9240*a**8*b**3*x - 462*a**5*b**6*x**2 + 110*a**2*b**9*x**3)/(168*b**12*(x**(2/3)*b**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + a**2))
```

**3.265**  $\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$

Optimal result	1939
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1939
Rubi [A] (verified)	1940
Maple [A] (verified)	1941
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1942
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1942
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1943
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1944
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1944
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1945

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = -\frac{3a^8}{2b^9(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{24a^7}{b^9(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{63a^5\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^8} + \frac{45a^4x^{2/3}}{2b^7} - \frac{10a^3x}{b^6} + \frac{9a^2x^{4/3}}{2b^5} - \frac{9ax^{5/3}}{5b^4} + \frac{x^2}{2b^3} + \frac{84a^6 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9}$$

output

```
-3/2*a^8/b^9/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2+24*a^7/b^9/(a+b*x^(1/3))-63*a^5*x^(1/3)/b^8+4
5/2*a^4*x^(2/3)/b^7-10*a^3*x/b^6+9/2*a^2*x^(4/3)/b^5-9/5*a*x^(5/3)/b^4+1/2
*x^2/b^3+84*a^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{225a^8 - 390a^7b\sqrt[3]{x} - 1035a^6b^2x^{2/3} - 280a^5b^3x + 70a^4b^4x^{4/3} - 28a^3b^5x^{5/3} + 14a^2b^6x^2 - 8ab^7x^{7/3} + 5b^8x^2}{10b^9(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{84a^6 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9}$$



input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x]`

output  $(225*a^8 - 390*a^7*b*x^{(1/3)} - 1035*a^6*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 280*a^5*b^3*x + 70*a^4*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 28*a^3*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 14*a^2*b^6*x^2 - 8*a*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 5*b^8*x^{(8/3)})/(10*b^9*(a + b*x^{(1/3)})^2) + (84*a^6*\text{Log}[a + b*x^{(1/3)}])/b^9$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^{8/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{a^8}{b^8 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} - \frac{8a^7}{b^8 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{28a^6}{b^8 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{21a^5}{b^8} + \frac{15\sqrt[3]{x}a^4}{b^7} - \frac{10x^{2/3}a^3}{b^6} + \frac{6xa^2}{b^5} - \frac{3x^{4/3}a}{b^4} + \frac{x^{5/3}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^8}{2b^9 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{8a^7}{b^9 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{28a^6 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9} - \frac{21a^5 \sqrt[3]{x}}{b^8} + \frac{15a^4 x^{2/3}}{2b^7} - \frac{10a^3 x}{3b^6} + \frac{3a^2 x^{4/3}}{2b^5} - \frac{3ax^{5/3}}{5b^4} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x]`

```
output 3*(-1/2*a^8/(b^9*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) + (8*a^7)/(b^9*(a + b*x^(1/3))) - (21*
a^5*x^(1/3))/b^8 + (15*a^4*x^(2/3))/(2*b^7) - (10*a^3*x)/(3*b^6) + (3*a^2*
x^(4/3))/(2*b^5) - (3*a*x^(5/3))/(5*b^4) + x^2/(6*b^3) + (28*a^6*Log[a + b
*x^(1/3)])/b^9)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3\left(-\frac{b^5x^2}{6} + \frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}}ab^4}{5} - \frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^2b^3}{2} + \frac{10a^3b^2x}{3} - \frac{15x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^4b}{2} + 21x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^5\right)}{b^8} + \frac{84a^6 \ln\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^9} + \frac{24a^7}{b^9\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)} - \frac{3}{2b^9\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}$
default	$-\frac{3\left(-\frac{b^5x^2}{6} + \frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}}ab^4}{5} - \frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^2b^3}{2} + \frac{10a^3b^2x}{3} - \frac{15x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^4b}{2} + 21x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^5\right)}{b^8} + \frac{84a^6 \ln\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{b^9} + \frac{24a^7}{b^9\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)} - \frac{3}{2b^9\left(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3/b^8*(-1/6*b^5*x^2+3/5*x^(5/3)*a*b^4-3/2*x^(4/3)*a^2*b^3+10/3*a^3*b^2*x-
15/2*x^(2/3)*a^4*b+21*x^(1/3)*a^5)+84*a^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^9+24*a^7/b^9/(
a+b*x^(1/3))-3/2*a^8/b^9/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{5b^{12}x^4 - 90a^3b^9x^3 - 195a^6b^6x^2 + 170a^9b^3x + 225a^{12} + 840(a^6b^6x^2 + 2a^9b^3x + a^{12})\log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) - 3}{10(b^{15}x^2 + 2a^6b^9)}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*(5*b^12*x^4 - 90*a^3*b^9*x^3 - 195*a^6*b^6*x^2 + 170*a^9*b^3*x + 225*a^12 + 840*(a^6*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^9*b^3*x + a^12)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) - 3*(6*a*b^11*x^3 - 63*a^4*b^8*x^2 - 224*a^7*b^5*x - 140*a^10*b^2)*x^(2/3) + 15*(3*a^2*b^10*x^3 - 36*a^5*b^7*x^2 - 98*a^8*b^4*x - 56*a^11*b)*x^(1/3))/(b^15*x^2 + 2*a^6*b^9)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 493 vs. 2(131) = 262.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{840a^8 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{10a^2b^9 + 20ab^{10} \sqrt[3]{x} + 10b^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{1260a^8}{10a^2b^9 + 20ab^{10} \sqrt[3]{x} + 10b^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{1680a^7b \sqrt[3]{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{10a^2b^9 + 20ab^{10} \sqrt[3]{x} + 10b^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{1680a^7b \sqrt[3]{x}}{10a^2b^9 + 20ab^{10} \sqrt[3]{x} + 10b^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \\ \frac{x^3}{3a^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b*x**(1/3))**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((840*a**8*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(10*a**2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(1/3)
) + 10*b**11*x**(2/3)) + 1260*a**8/(10*a**2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(1/3) + 1
0*b**11*x**(2/3)) + 1680*a**7*b*x**(1/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(10*a**2*b**9
+ 20*a*b**10*x**(1/3) + 10*b**11*x**(2/3)) + 1680*a**7*b*x**(1/3)/(10*a**
2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(1/3) + 10*b**11*x**(2/3)) + 840*a**6*b**2*x**(2/3)
*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(10*a**2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(1/3) + 10*b**11*x**(2/
3)) - 280*a**5*b**3*x/(10*a**2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(1/3) + 10*b**11*x**(2
/3)) + 70*a**4*b**4*x**(4/3)/(10*a**2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(1/3) + 10*b**1
1*x**(2/3)) - 28*a**3*b**5*x**(5/3)/(10*a**2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(1/3) +
10*b**11*x**(2/3)) + 14*a**2*b**6*x**2/(10*a**2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(1/3)
+ 10*b**11*x**(2/3)) - 8*a*b**7*x**(7/3)/(10*a**2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(1
/3) + 10*b**11*x**(2/3)) + 5*b**8*x**(8/3)/(10*a**2*b**9 + 20*a*b**10*x**(
1/3) + 10*b**11*x**(2/3)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**3/(3*a**3), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{84a^6 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^9} + \frac{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^6}{2b^9} - \frac{24\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^5 a}{5b^9} \\ + \frac{21\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^4 a^2}{b^9} - \frac{56\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^3 a^3}{b^9} + \frac{105\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 a^4}{b^9} \\ - \frac{168\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) a^5}{b^9} + \frac{24a^7}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) b^9} - \frac{3a^8}{2\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 b^9}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
84*a^6*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^9 + 1/2*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^6/b^9 - 24/5*(b*x^(1/3)
) + a)^5*a/b^9 + 21*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^4*a^2/b^9 - 56*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^3*a^3/b
^9 + 105*(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^4/b^9 - 168*(b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^5/b^9 + 24*a^7/
((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^9) - 3/2*a^8/((b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*b^9)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{84 a^6 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^9} + \frac{3\left(16 a^7 bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 15 a^8\right)}{2\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 b^9}$$

$$+ \frac{5 b^{15} x^2 - 18 a b^{14} x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 45 a^2 b^{13} x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 100 a^3 b^{12} x + 225 a^4 b^{11} x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 630 a^5 b^{10} x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{10 b^{18}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `84*a^6*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^9 + 3/2*(16*a^7*b*x^(1/3) + 15*a^8)/((b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*b^9) + 1/10*(5*b^15*x^2 - 18*a*b^14*x^(5/3) + 45*a^2*b^13*x^(4/3) - 100*a^3*b^12*x + 225*a^4*b^11*x^(2/3) - 630*a^5*b^10*x^(1/3))/b^18`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{\frac{45 a^8}{2b} + 24 a^7 x^{1/3}}{a^2 b^8 + b^{10} x^{2/3} + 2 a b^9 x^{1/3}} + \frac{x^2}{2 b^3} - \frac{10 a^3 x}{b^6} - \frac{9 a x^{5/3}}{5 b^4}$$

$$+ \frac{84 a^6 \ln(a + b x^{1/3})}{b^9} + \frac{9 a^2 x^{4/3}}{2 b^5} + \frac{45 a^4 x^{2/3}}{2 b^7} - \frac{63 a^5 x^{1/3}}{b^8}$$

input `int(x^2/(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `((45*a^8)/(2*b) + 24*a^7*x^(1/3))/(a^2*b^8 + b^10*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b^9*x^(1/3)) + x^2/(2*b^3) - (10*a^3*x)/b^6 - (9*a*x^(5/3))/(5*b^4) + (84*a^6*log(a + b*x^(1/3)))/b^9 + (9*a^2*x^(4/3))/(2*b^5) + (45*a^4*x^(2/3))/(2*b^7) - (63*a^5*x^(1/3))/b^8`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{840x^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^6b^2 - 840x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^6b^2 - 28x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^3b^5 + 5x^{\frac{8}{3}}b^8 + 1680x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^7b + 70x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^4b^4 - 8x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^5b^3 + 420a^8 - 280a^5b^3x + 14a^2b^6x^2}{10b^9\left(x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + a^2\right)}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `(840*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**6*b**2 - 840*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**2 - 28*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**5*x + 5*x**(2/3)*b**8*x**2 + 1680*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**7*b + 70*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**4*x - 8*x**(1/3)*a*b**7*x**2 + 840*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**8 + 420*a**8 - 280*a**5*b**3*x + 14*a**2*b**6*x**2)/(10*b**9*(x**(2/3)*b**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + a**2))`

**3.266**  $\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1946
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1946
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1947
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1948
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1949
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1949
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1950
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1950
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1951
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1951

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{3a^5}{2b^6(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{15a^4}{b^6(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{18a^2\sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5} - \frac{9ax^{2/3}}{2b^4} + \frac{x}{b^3} - \frac{30a^3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6}$$

output `3/2*a^5/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2-15*a^4/b^6/(a+b*x^(1/3))+18*a^2*x^(1/3)/b^5-9/2*a*x^(2/3)/b^4+x/b^3-30*a^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^6`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{-27a^5 + 6a^4b\sqrt[3]{x} + 63a^3b^2x^{2/3} + 20a^2b^3x - 5ab^4x^{4/3} + 2b^5x^{5/3}}{2b^6(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{30a^3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x]`

output

$$\frac{(-27a^5 + 6a^4bx^{1/3}) + 63a^3b^2x^{2/3} + 20a^2b^3x - 5a^2b^4x^{4/3} + 2b^5x^{5/3}}{(2b^6(a + bx^{1/3}))^2} - (30a^3\text{Log}[a + bx^{1/3}])]/b^6$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{5/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( -\frac{a^5}{b^5 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} + \frac{5a^4}{b^5 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{10a^3}{b^5 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{6a^2}{b^5} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{xa}}{b^4} + \frac{x^{2/3}}{b^3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^5}{2b^6 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{5a^4}{b^6 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{10a^3 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6} + \frac{6a^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}{b^5} - \frac{3ax^{2/3}}{2b^4} + \frac{x}{3b^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x/(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x]$$

output

$$\frac{3*(a^5/(2*b^6*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) - (5*a^4)/(b^6*(a + b*x^(1/3)))) + (6*a^2*x^(1/3))/b^5 - (3*a*x^(2/3))/(2*b^4) + x/(3*b^3) - (10*a^3*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])}{b^6}$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2x - \frac{9x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab}{2} + 18x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2}{b^5} - \frac{15a^4}{b^6(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{3a^5}{2b^6(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} - \frac{30a^3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^6}$	79
default	$\frac{b^2x - \frac{9x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab}{2} + 18x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^2}{b^5} - \frac{15a^4}{b^6(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{3a^5}{2b^6(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} - \frac{30a^3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^6}$	79

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{3}{b^5} * \left( \frac{1}{3} * b^2 * x - \frac{3}{2} * x^{(2/3)} * a * b + 6 * x^{(1/3)} * a^2 \right) - \frac{15 * a^4}{b^6} / (a + b * x^{(1/3)}) + \frac{3}{2} * a^5 / b^6 / (a + b * x^{(1/3)})^2 - \frac{30 * a^3 * \ln(a + b * x^{(1/3)})}{b^6}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 159 vs.  $2(76) = 152$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^9x^3 + 4a^3b^6x^2 - 34a^6b^3x - 27a^9 - 60(a^3b^6x^2 + 2a^6b^3x + a^9) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) - 3(3ab^8x^2 + 16a^4b^5x + 10a^7b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3(12a^2b^7x^2 + 35a^5b^4x + 20a^8b)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2(b^{12}x^2 + 2a^3b^9x + a^6b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{2}*(2*b^9*x^3 + 4*a^3*b^6*x^2 - 34*a^6*b^3*x - 27*a^9 - 60*(a^3*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^6*b^3*x + a^9)*\log(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) - 3*(3*a*b^8*x^2 + 16*a^4*b^5*x + 10*a^7*b^2)*x^{(2/3)} + 3*(12*a^2*b^7*x^2 + 35*a^5*b^4*x + 20*a^8*b)*x^{(1/3)})/(b^{12}*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^9*x + a^6*b^6)$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs.  $2(87) = 174$ .

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{60a^5 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2a^2b^6 + 4ab^7 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{90a^5}{2a^2b^6 + 4ab^7 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{120a^4b \sqrt[3]{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2a^2b^6 + 4ab^7 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{120a^4b \sqrt[3]{x}}{2a^2b^6 + 4ab^7 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{60a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2a^2b^6 + 4ab^7 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \\ \frac{x^2}{2a^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**(1/3))**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-60*a**5*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(2*a**2*b**6 + 4*a*b**7*x**(1/3) +
2*b**8*x**(2/3)) - 90*a**5/(2*a**2*b**6 + 4*a*b**7*x**(1/3) + 2*b**8*x**(
2/3)) - 120*a**4*b*x**(1/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(2*a**2*b**6 + 4*a*b**7*x*
*(1/3) + 2*b**8*x**(2/3)) - 120*a**4*b*x**(1/3)/(2*a**2*b**6 + 4*a*b**7*x*
*(1/3) + 2*b**8*x**(2/3)) - 60*a**3*b**2*x**(2/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(2*a
**2*b**6 + 4*a*b**7*x**(1/3) + 2*b**8*x**(2/3)) + 20*a**2*b**3*x/(2*a**2*b
**6 + 4*a*b**7*x**(1/3) + 2*b**8*x**(2/3)) - 5*a*b**4*x**(4/3)/(2*a**2*b**
6 + 4*a*b**7*x**(1/3) + 2*b**8*x**(2/3)) + 2*b**5*x**(5/3)/(2*a**2*b**6 +
4*a*b**7*x**(1/3) + 2*b**8*x**(2/3)), Ne(b, 0)), (x**2/(2*a**3), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = -\frac{30a^3 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^6} + \frac{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^3}{b^6} - \frac{15\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 a}{2b^6} \\ + \frac{30\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)a^2}{b^6} - \frac{15a^4}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)b^6} + \frac{3a^5}{2\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 b^6}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-30*a^3*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^6 + (b*x^(1/3) + a)^3/b^6 - 15/2*(b*x^(1/3) +
a)^2*a/b^6 + 30*(b*x^(1/3) + a)*a^2/b^6 - 15*a^4/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^6) +
3/2*a^5/((b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*b^6)
```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = -\frac{30a^3 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^6} - \frac{3\left(10a^4bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 9a^5\right)}{2\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 b^6} \\ + \frac{2b^6x - 9ab^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 36a^2b^4x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2b^9}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-30*a^3*\log(\text{abs}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))/b^6 - 3/2*(10*a^4*b*x^{(1/3)} + 9*a^5)/((b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^2*b^6) + 1/2*(2*b^6*x - 9*a*b^5*x^{(2/3)} + 36*a^2*b^4*x^{(1/3)})/b^9$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{x}{b^3} - \frac{\frac{27a^5}{2b} + 15a^4x^{1/3}}{a^2b^5 + b^7x^{2/3} + 2ab^6x^{1/3}} - \frac{9ax^{2/3}}{2b^4} - \frac{30a^3 \ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^6} + \frac{18a^2x^{1/3}}{b^5}$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output 
$$x/b^3 - ((27*a^5)/(2*b) + 15*a^4*x^{(1/3)})/(a^2*b^5 + b^7*x^{(2/3)} + 2*a*b^6*x^{(1/3)}) - (9*a*x^{(2/3)})/(2*b^4) - (30*a^3*\log(a + b*x^{(1/3)}))/b^6 + (18*a^2*x^{(1/3)})/b^5$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{-60x^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^3b^2 + 60x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^3b^2 + 2x^{\frac{5}{3}}b^5 - 120x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^4b - 5x^{\frac{4}{3}}ab^4 - 60\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a}{2b^6\left(x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + a^2\right)}$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output

```
( - 60*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**3*b**2 + 60*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 2*  
x**(2/3)*b**5*x - 120*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**4*b - 5*x**(1/3)*a*b  
**4*x - 60*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**5 - 30*a**5 + 20*a**2*b**3*x)/(2*b**6*(x  
**(2/3)*b**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + a**2))
```

$$3.267 \quad \int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1953
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1953
Rubi [A] (verified)	1954
Maple [A] (verified)	1955
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1956
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1956
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1957
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1957
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1958
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1958

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = -\frac{3a^2}{2b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{6a}{b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{3\log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3}$$

output `-3/2*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2+6*a/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))+3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{3a(3a+4b\sqrt[3]{x})}{2b^3(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{3\log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^(1/3))^(-3), x]`

output `(3*a*(3*a + 4*b*x^(1/3)))/(2*b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) + (3*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/b^3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} - \frac{2a}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{1}{b^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{2b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{2a}{b^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{\log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^(1/3))^-3],x]`

output `3*(-1/2*a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) + (2*a)/(b^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))) + Log[a + b*x^(1/3)]/b^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 49 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 774 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3a^2}{2b^3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} + \frac{6a}{b^3(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{3\ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3}$
default	$-\frac{a^6}{(b^3x+a^3)^2b^3} + \frac{\ln(b^3x+a^3)}{b^3} + \frac{2a^3}{b^3(b^3x+a^3)} - 7a^3b^3\left(\frac{a^3}{2b^6(b^3x+a^3)^2} - \frac{1}{(b^3x+a^3)b^6}\right) + 6a^2b^4\left(-\frac{3abx}{(b^3x+a^3)^2}\right)$

```
input int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3/2*a^2/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2+6*a/b^3/(a+b*x^(1/3))+3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/b^3
```



**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( 6a^3b^3x + 3a^6 + 2(b^6x^2 + 2a^3b^3x + a^6) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) + (4ab^5x + a^4b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} - (5a^2b^4x + 2a^5b)x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{2(b^9x^2 + 2a^3b^6x + a^6b^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{3/2*(6*a^3*b^3*x + 3*a^6 + 2*(b^6*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*x + a^6)*\log(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + (4*a*b^5*x + a^4*b^2)*x^{(2/3)} - (5*a^2*b^4*x + 2*a^5*b)*x^{(1/3)})}{(b^9*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^6*x + a^6*b^3)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{6a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2a^2b^3 + 4ab^4 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{9a^2}{2a^2b^3 + 4ab^4 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{12ab \sqrt[3]{x} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2a^2b^3 + 4ab^4 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{12ab \sqrt[3]{x}}{2a^2b^3 + 4ab^4 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{6b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2a^2b^3 + 4ab^4 \sqrt[3]{x} + 2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \\ \frac{x}{a^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((6*a**2*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x**(1/3) + 2
*b**5*x**(2/3)) + 9*a**2/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x**(1/3) + 2*b**5*x**(2/3
)) + 12*a*b*x**(1/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x**(1/3)
+ 2*b**5*x**(2/3)) + 12*a*b*x**(1/3)/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b**4*x**(1/3) + 2*
b**5*x**(2/3)) + 6*b**2*x**(2/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(2*a**2*b**3 + 4*a*b*
*4*x**(1/3) + 2*b**5*x**(2/3)), Ne(b, 0)), (x/a**3, True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{3 \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)}{b^3} + \frac{6a}{\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)b^3} - \frac{3a^2}{2\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
3*log(b*x^(1/3) + a)/b^3 + 6*a/((b*x^(1/3) + a)*b^3) - 3/2*a^2/((b*x^(1/3)
+ a)^2*b^3)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{3 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{b^3} + \frac{3\left(4ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3a^2}{b}\right)}{2\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/b^3 + 3/2*(4*a*x^(1/3) + 3*a^2/b)/((b*x^(1/3) +
a)^2*b^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{\frac{9a^2}{2b^3} + \frac{6ax^{1/3}}{b^2}}{a^2 + b^2x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3}} + \frac{3 \ln(a + bx^{1/3})}{b^3}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `((9*a^2)/(2*b^3) + (6*a*x^(1/3))/b^2)/(a^2 + b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3)) + (3*log(a + b*x^(1/3)))/b^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a) b^2 - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a) ab + 3 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a) a^2 + \frac{3a^2}{2}}{b^3 (x^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} ab + a^2)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `(3*(2*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**2 - 2*x**(2/3)*b**2 + 4*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b + 2*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2 + a**2))/(2*b**3*(x**(2/3)*b**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + a**2))`

**3.268** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx$$

Optimal result	1959
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1959
Rubi [A] (verified)	1960
Maple [A] (verified)	1961
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1962
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1962
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1963
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1963
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1964
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1964

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{3}{2a(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{3}{a^2(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^3} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^3}$$

output `3/2/a/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2+3/a^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))-3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^3+ln(x)/a^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{3 \left( \frac{a(3a+2b\sqrt[3]{x})}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - 2 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2 \log(x)}{3} \right)}{2a^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x),x]`

output `(3*((a*(3*a + 2*b*x^(1/3)))/(a + b*x^(1/3))^2 - 2*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)] + (2*Log[x])/3))/(2*a^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{b}{a^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{b}{a^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{b}{a (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} + \frac{1}{a^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{\log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^3} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{1}{2a (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x),x]`

output `3*(1/(2*a*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) + 1/(a^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))) - Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/a^3 + Log[x^(1/3)]/a^3`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3}{2a(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} + \frac{3}{a^2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{3\ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^3} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^3}$	49
default	$\frac{3}{2a(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} + \frac{3}{a^2(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{3\ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^3} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^3}$	49

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/2/a/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2+3/a^2/(a+b*x^(1/3))-3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^3+ln(x)/a^3`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( 3a^6 - 2(b^6x^2 + 2a^3b^3x + a^6) \log\left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right) + 2(b^6x^2 + 2a^3b^3x + a^6) \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + (2ab^5x + 5a^4b^2)x^{\frac{2}{3}} - (a^2b^4x + 4a^5b)x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{2(a^3b^6x^2 + 2a^6b^3x + a^9)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{3/2*(3*a^6 - 2*(b^6*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*x + a^6)*\log(b*x^{(1/3)} + a) + 2*(b^6*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*x + a^6)*\log(x^{(1/3)}) + (2*a*b^5*x + 5*a^4*b^2)*x^{(2/3)} - (a^2*b^4*x + 4*a^5*b)*x^{(1/3)}}{(a^3*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^6*b^3*x + a^9)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 386 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 386, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a^3} \\ -\frac{1}{b^3x} \\ \frac{2a^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(x)}{2a^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4a^4bx + 2a^3b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{6a^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2a^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4a^4bx + 2a^3b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{9a^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2a^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4a^4bx + 2a^3b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{4abx \log(x)}{2a^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4a^4bx + 2a^3b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{12abx \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + \sqrt[3]{x}\right)}{2a^5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 4a^4bx + 2a^3b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**3/x,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(b**3
*x), Eq(a, 0)), (2*a**2*x**(2/3)*log(x)/(2*a**5*x**(2/3) + 4*a**4*b*x + 2*
a**3*b**2*x**(4/3)) - 6*a**2*x**(2/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(2*a**5*x**(2/3)
+ 4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(4/3)) + 9*a**2*x**(2/3)/(2*a**5*x**(2/3) +
4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(4/3)) + 4*a*b*x*log(x)/(2*a**5*x**(2/3) + 4*
a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(4/3)) - 12*a*b*x*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(2*a**5*x*
*(2/3) + 4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(4/3)) + 6*a*b*x/(2*a**5*x**(2/3) + 4
*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(4/3)) + 2*b**2*x**(4/3)*log(x)/(2*a**5*x**(2/3
) + 4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(4/3)) - 6*b**2*x**(4/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3
)))/(2*a**5*x**(2/3) + 4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(4/3)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{3(2bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3a)}{2(a^2b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2a^3bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^4)} - \frac{3 \log(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)}{a^3} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
3/2*(2*b*x^(1/3) + 3*a)/(a^2*b^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a^3*b*x^(1/3) + a^4) - 3*log(
b*x^(1/3) + a)/a^3 + log(x)/a^3
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx = -\frac{3 \log(|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a|)}{a^3} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a^3} + \frac{3(2abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3a^2)}{2(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^2 a^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```



output  $-3*\log(\text{abs}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))/a^3 + \log(\text{abs}(x))/a^3 + 3/2*(2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 3*a^2)/((b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^{2*a^3})$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{\frac{9}{2a} + \frac{3bx^{1/3}}{a^2}}{a^2 + b^2 x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3}} - \frac{6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^3}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3),x)`

output  $(9/(2*a) + (3*b*x^{(1/3)})/a^2)/(a^2 + b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)}) - (6*\operatorname{atanh}((2*b*x^{(1/3)})/a + 1))/a^3$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x} dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^2 - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)b^2 - \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2}{2} + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)ab - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)ab + 3\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)a^2}{a^3\left(x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + a^2\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x,x)`

output  $(3*(2*x^{(2/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)})*b^{**2} - 2*x^{(2/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)}*b + a)*b^{**2} - x^{(2/3)}*b^{**2} + 4*x^{(1/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)})*a*b - 4*x^{(1/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a*b + 2*\log(x^{(1/3)})*a^{**2} - 2*\log(x^{(1/3)}*b + a)*a^{**2} + 2*a^{**2}))/ (2*a^{**3}*(x^{(2/3)}*b^{**2} + 2*x^{(1/3)}*a*b + a^{**2}))$

**3.269**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1965
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1965
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1966
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1967
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1968
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1968
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1969
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1970
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1970
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1971

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx = -\frac{3b^3}{2a^4 (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{12b^3}{a^5 (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{1}{a^3 x} + \frac{9b}{2a^4 x^{2/3}} - \frac{18b^2}{a^5 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{30b^3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^6} - \frac{10b^3 \log(x)}{a^6}$$

output -3/2\*b^3/a^4/(a+b\*x^(1/3))^2-12\*b^3/a^5/(a+b\*x^(1/3))-1/a^3/x+9/2\*b/a^4/x^(2/3)-18\*b^2/a^5/x^(1/3)+30\*b^3\*ln(a+b\*x^(1/3))/a^6-10\*b^3\*ln(x)/a^6

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{a(2a^4-5a^3b\sqrt[3]{x}+20a^2b^2x^{2/3}+90ab^3x+60b^4x^{4/3})}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x} - 60b^3 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 20b^3 \log(x)$$


---

$2a^6$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^2),x]`

output 
$$-1/2*((a*(2*a^4 - 5*a^3*b*x^{1/3}) + 20*a^2*b^2*x^{2/3} + 90*a*b^3*x + 60*b^4*x^{4/3}))/((a + b*x^{1/3})^2*x) - 60*b^3*\text{Log}[a + b*x^{1/3}] + 20*b^3*\text{Log}[x])/a^6$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{4/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{10b^4}{a^6 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{4b^4}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{b^4}{a^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} - \frac{10b^3}{a^6 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5 x^{2/3}} - \frac{3b}{a^4 x} + \frac{1}{a^3 x^{4/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( \frac{10b^3 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^6} - \frac{10b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^6} - \frac{4b^3}{a^5 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{6b^2}{a^5 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{b^3}{2a^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{3b}{2a^4 x^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{3a^3 x} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^2),x]`

```
output 3*(-1/2*b^3/(a^4*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) - (4*b^3)/(a^5*(a + b*x^(1/3))) - 1/(3*a^3*x) + (3*b)/(2*a^4*x^(2/3)) - (6*b^2)/(a^5*x^(1/3)) + (10*b^3*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/a^6 - (10*b^3*Log[x^(1/3)])/a^6)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 54 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b^3}{2a^4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} - \frac{12b^3}{a^5(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{a^3x} + \frac{9b}{2a^4x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{18b^2}{a^5x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{30b^3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^6} - \frac{10b^3 \ln(x)}{a^6}$	90
default	$-\frac{3b^3}{2a^4(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} - \frac{12b^3}{a^5(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{a^3x} + \frac{9b}{2a^4x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{18b^2}{a^5x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{30b^3 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^6} - \frac{10b^3 \ln(x)}{a^6}$	90

```
input int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3/2*b^3/a^4/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2-12*b^3/a^5/(a+b*x^(1/3))-1/a^3/x+9/2*b/a^4/x^(2/3)-18*b^2/a^5/x^(1/3)+30*b^3*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^6-10*b^3*ln(x)/a^6
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs.  $2(89) = 178$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{20 a^3 b^6 x^2 + 31 a^6 b^3 x + 2 a^9 - 60 (b^9 x^3 + 2 a^3 b^6 x^2 + a^6 b^3 x) \log \left( b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right) + 60 (b^9 x^3 + 2 a^3 b^6 x^2 + a^6 b^3 x) \log \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{2 (a^6 b^6 x^3 + 2 a^9 b^3 x^2 + a^{12})}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(20*a^3*b^6*x^2 + 31*a^6*b^3*x + 2*a^9 - 60*(b^9*x^3 + 2*a^3*b^6*x^2 + a^6*b^3*x)*log(b*x^(1/3) + a) + 60*(b^9*x^3 + 2*a^3*b^6*x^2 + a^6*b^3*x)*log(x^(1/3)) + 3*(20*a*b^8*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^5*x + 12*a^7*b^2)*x^(2/3) - 3*(10*a^2*b^7*x^2 + 16*a^5*b^4*x + 3*a^8*b)*x^(1/3))/(a^6*b^6*x^3 + 2*a^9*b^3*x^2 + a^12*x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 561 vs.  $2(100) = 200$ .

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.45

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^2} \\ -\frac{1}{a^3 x} \\ -\frac{1}{2b^3 x^2} \end{cases} - \frac{2a^5 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2a^8 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 4a^7 b x^2 + 2a^6 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{5a^4 b x}{2a^8 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 4a^7 b x^2 + 2a^6 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{20a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2a^8 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 4a^7 b x^2 + 2a^6 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{3}} \log(x)}{2a^8 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 4a^7 b x^2 + 2a^6 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{60a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{3}} \log(x)}{2a^8 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 4a^7 b x^2 + 2a^6 b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**3/x**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**2, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(a**3*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2
*b**3*x**2), Eq(a, 0)), (-2*a**5*x**(2/3)/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**2
+ 2*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)) + 5*a**4*b*x/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**2 + 2
*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)) - 20*a**3*b**2*x**(4/3)/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) + 4*a**7*b*x
**2 + 2*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)) - 20*a**2*b**3*x**(5/3)*log(x)/(2*a**8*x**(5/3
) + 4*a**7*b*x**2 + 2*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)) + 60*a**2*b**3*x**(5/3)*log(a/b
+ x**(1/3))/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**2 + 2*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)) - 90*
a**2*b**3*x**(5/3)/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**2 + 2*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)
) - 40*a*b**4*x**2*log(x)/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**2 + 2*a**6*b**2*x
**(7/3)) + 120*a*b**4*x**2*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) + 4*a**7*b
*x**2 + 2*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)) - 60*a*b**4*x**2/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) + 4*a**7*b
*x**2 + 2*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)) - 20*b**5*x**(7/3)*log(x)/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) +
4*a**7*b*x**2 + 2*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)) + 60*b**5*x**(7/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/
3))/(2*a**8*x**(5/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**2 + 2*a**6*b**2*x**(7/3)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx = -\frac{60 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 90 a b^3 x + 20 a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 5 a^3 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^4}{2 \left( a^5 b^2 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 2 a^6 b x^{\frac{4}{3}} + a^7 x \right)} + \frac{30 b^3 \log \left( b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)}{a^6} - \frac{10 b^3 \log (x)}{a^6}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(60*b^4*x^(4/3) + 90*a*b^3*x + 20*a^2*b^2*x^(2/3) - 5*a^3*b*x^(1/3) +
2*a^4)/(a^5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 2*a^6*b*x^(4/3) + a^7*x) + 30*b^3*log(b*x^(1/3)
+ a)/a^6 - 10*b^3*log(x)/a^6
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{30 b^3 \log(|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a|)}{a^6} - \frac{10 b^3 \log(|x|)}{a^6} - \frac{60 ab^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 90 a^2 b^3 x + 20 a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 5 a^4 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 a^5}{2 (bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)^2 a^6 x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `30*b^3*log(abs(b*x^(1/3) + a))/a^6 - 10*b^3*log(abs(x))/a^6 - 1/2*(60*a*b^4*x^(4/3) + 90*a^2*b^3*x + 20*a^3*b^2*x^(2/3) - 5*a^4*b*x^(1/3) + 2*a^5)/(b*x^(1/3) + a)^2*a^6*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx = \frac{60 b^3 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^6} - \frac{\frac{1}{a} - \frac{5bx^{1/3}}{2a^2} + \frac{45b^3x}{a^4} + \frac{10b^2x^{2/3}}{a^3} + \frac{30b^4x^{4/3}}{a^5}}{a^2x + b^2x^{5/3} + 2abx^{4/3}}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3),x)`

output `(60*b^3*atanh((2*b*x^(1/3))/a + 1))/a^6 - (1/a - (5*b*x^(1/3))/(2*a^2) + (45*b^3*x)/a^4 + (10*b^2*x^(2/3))/a^3 + (30*b^4*x^(4/3))/a^5)/(a^2*x + b^2*x^(5/3) + 2*a*b*x^(4/3))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60x^{\frac{5}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) b^5 + 60x^{\frac{5}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) b^5 - 20x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^3 b^2 + 30x^{\frac{5}{3}} b^5 - 120x^{\frac{4}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a b^4 + 120x^{\frac{4}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) a b^4 + 120x^{\frac{4}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) a^2 b^2 + 120x^{\frac{4}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) a^2 b^2 + 120x^{\frac{4}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) a^2 b^2 + 120x^{\frac{4}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right) a^2 b^2}{2a^6 x \left(x^{\frac{2}{3}} b^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} ab + a^2\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x)`output `( - 60*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*b**5*x + 60*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**5*x - 20*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**2 + 30*x**(2/3)*b**5*x - 120*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a*b**4*x + 120*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**4*x + 5*x**(1/3)*a**4*b - 60*log(x**(1/3))*a**2*b**3*x + 60*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**3*x - 2*a**5 - 60*a**2*b**3*x)/(2*a**6*x*(x**(2/3)*b**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + a**2))`



**3.270**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1972
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1972
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1973
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1974
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1975
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1975
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1976
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1977
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1977
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1978

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx = \frac{3b^6}{2a^7 (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{21b^6}{a^8 (a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{1}{2a^3 x^2} + \frac{9b}{5a^4 x^{5/3}} - \frac{9b^2}{2a^5 x^{4/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{10b^3}{a^6 x} - \frac{45b^4}{2a^7 x^{2/3}} + \frac{63b^5}{a^8 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{84b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^9} + \frac{28b^6 \log(x)}{a^9}$$

output `3/2*b^6/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2+21*b^6/a^8/(a+b*x^(1/3))-1/2/a^3/x^2+9/5*b/a^4/x^(5/3)-9/2*b^2/a^5/x^(4/3)+10*b^3/a^6/x-45/2*b^4/a^7/x^(2/3)+63*b^5/a^8/x^(1/3)-84*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^9+28*b^6*ln(x)/a^9`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx = \frac{a(-5a^7+8a^6b\sqrt[3]{x}-14a^5b^2x^{2/3}+28a^4b^3x-70a^3b^4x^{4/3}+280a^2b^5x^{5/3}+1260ab^6x^2+840b^7x^{7/3})}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^2} - 840b^6 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x}) + 280b^6 \log(x)$$

$$= \frac{\dots}{10a^9}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^3),x]`

output 
$$\frac{((a*(-5*a^7 + 8*a^6*b*x^{1/3}) - 14*a^5*b^2*x^{2/3}) + 28*a^4*b^3*x - 70*a^3*b^4*x^{4/3} + 280*a^2*b^5*x^{5/3} + 1260*a*b^6*x^2 + 840*b^7*x^{7/3}))}{((a + b*x^{1/3})^2*x^2) - 840*b^6*\text{Log}[a + b*x^{1/3}] + 280*b^6*\text{Log}[x]}/(10*a^9)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{7/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 54 \\ & 3 \int \left( -\frac{28b^7}{a^9 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{7b^7}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{b^7}{a^7 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} + \frac{28b^6}{a^9 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{21b^5}{a^8 x^{2/3}} + \frac{15b^4}{a^7 x} - \frac{10b^3}{a^6 x^{4/3}} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5 x^{5/3}} - \frac{3b}{a^4 x^2} \right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{28b^6 \log(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^9} + \frac{28b^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^9} + \frac{7b^6}{a^8 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{21b^5}{a^8 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{b^6}{2a^7 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{15b^4}{2a^7 x^{2/3}} + \frac{10b^3}{3a^6 x} - \frac{3}{2a^5} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^3),x]`

output

$$3*(b^6/(2*a^7*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) + (7*b^6)/(a^8*(a + b*x^(1/3))) - 1/(6*a^3*x^2) + (3*b)/(5*a^4*x^(5/3)) - (3*b^2)/(2*a^5*x^(4/3)) + (10*b^3)/(3*a^6*x) - (15*b^4)/(2*a^7*x^(2/3)) + (21*b^5)/(a^8*x^(1/3)) - (28*b^6*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)])/a^9 + (28*b^6*Log[x^(1/3)])/a^9)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(n_)]^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3b^6}{2a^7(a+bx^{1/3})^2} + \frac{21b^6}{a^8(a+bx^{1/3})} - \frac{1}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{9b}{5a^4x^{5/3}} - \frac{9b^2}{2a^5x^{4/3}} + \frac{10b^3}{a^6x} - \frac{45b^4}{2a^7x^{2/3}} + \frac{63b^5}{a^8x^{1/3}} - \frac{84b^6 \ln(a+bx^{1/3})}{a^9}$
default	$\frac{3b^6}{2a^7(a+bx^{1/3})^2} + \frac{21b^6}{a^8(a+bx^{1/3})} - \frac{1}{2a^3x^2} + \frac{9b}{5a^4x^{5/3}} - \frac{9b^2}{2a^5x^{4/3}} + \frac{10b^3}{a^6x} - \frac{45b^4}{2a^7x^{2/3}} + \frac{63b^5}{a^8x^{1/3}} - \frac{84b^6 \ln(a+bx^{1/3})}{a^9}$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

$$3/2*b^6/a^7/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2+21*b^6/a^8/(a+b*x^(1/3))-1/2/a^3/x^2+9/5*b/a^4/x^(5/3)-9/2*b^2/a^5/x^(4/3)+10*b^3/a^6/x-45/2*b^4/a^7/x^(2/3)+63*b^5/a^8/x^(1/3)-84*b^6*ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^9+28*b^6*ln(x)/a^9$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{280 a^3 b^9 x^3 + 420 a^6 b^6 x^2 + 90 a^9 b^3 x - 5 a^{12} - 840 (b^{12} x^4 + 2 a^3 b^9 x^3 + a^6 b^6 x^2) \log(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) + 840 (b^{12} x^4$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/10*(280*a^3*b^9*x^3 + 420*a^6*b^6*x^2 + 90*a^9*b^3*x - 5*a^12 - 840*(b^12*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^9*x^3 + a^6*b^6*x^2)*log(b*x^(1/3)+ a) + 840*(b^12*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^9*x^3 + a^6*b^6*x^2)*log(x^(1/3)) + 15*(56*a*b^11*x^3 + 98*a^4*b^8*x^2 + 36*a^7*b^5*x - 3*a^10*b^2)*x^(2/3) - 3*(140*a^2*b^10*x^3 + 224*a^5*b^7*x^2 + 63*a^8*b^4*x - 6*a^11*b)*x^(1/3))/(a^9*b^6*x^4 + 2*a^12*b^3*x^3 + a^15*x^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 706 vs. 2(144) = 288.

Time = 3.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 706, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**3/x**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**3, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*a**3*x**2), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*b**3*x**3), Eq(a, 0)), (-5*a**8*x**(2/3)/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) + 8*a**7*b*x/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) - 14*a**6*b**2*x**(4/3)/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) + 28*a**5*b**3*x**(5/3)/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) - 70*a**4*b**4*x**2/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) + 280*a**3*b**5*x**(7/3)/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) + 280*a**2*b**6*x**(8/3)*log(x)/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) - 840*a**2*b**6*x**(8/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) + 1260*a**2*b**6*x**(8/3)/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) + 560*a*b**7*x**3*log(x)/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) - 1680*a*b**7*x**3*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) + 840*a*b**7*x**3/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) + 280*b**8*x**(10/3)*log(x)/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)) - 840*b**8*x**(10/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(10*a**11*x**(8/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**3 + 10*a**9*b**2*x**(10/3)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{840 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 1260 a b^6 x^2 + 280 a^2 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 70 a^3 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 28 a^4 b^3 x - 14 a^5 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 8 a^6 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 5 a^7}{10 (a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 2 a^9 b x^{\frac{7}{3}} + a^{10} x^2)}$$

$$- \frac{84 b^6 \log(b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a)}{a^9} + \frac{28 b^6 \log(x)}{a^9}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{10} \cdot (840 \cdot b^7 \cdot x^{7/3} + 1260 \cdot a \cdot b^6 \cdot x^2 + 280 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{5/3} - 70 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^{4/3} + 28 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^3 \cdot x - 14 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{2/3} + 8 \cdot a^6 \cdot b \cdot x^{1/3} - 5 \cdot a^7) / (a^8 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{8/3} + 2 \cdot a^9 \cdot b \cdot x^{7/3} + a^{10} \cdot x^2) - 84 \cdot b^6 \cdot \log(b \cdot x^{1/3} + a) / a^9 + 28 \cdot b^6 \cdot \log(x) / a^9$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx = -\frac{84 b^6 \log\left(\left|bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right|\right)}{a^9} + \frac{28 b^6 \log(|x|)}{a^9} + \frac{840 a b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 1260 a^2 b^6 x^2 + 280 a^3 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 70 a^4 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 28 a^5 b^3 x - 14 a^6 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 8 a^7 b x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 5 a^8}{10 \left(bx^{\frac{1}{3}} + a\right)^2 a^9 x^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-84 \cdot b^6 \cdot \log(\text{abs}(b \cdot x^{1/3} + a)) / a^9 + 28 \cdot b^6 \cdot \log(\text{abs}(x)) / a^9 + \frac{1}{10} \cdot (840 \cdot a \cdot b^7 \cdot x^{7/3} + 1260 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^2 + 280 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{5/3} - 70 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^{4/3} + 28 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^3 \cdot x - 14 \cdot a^6 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{2/3} + 8 \cdot a^7 \cdot b \cdot x^{1/3} - 5 \cdot a^8) / ((b \cdot x^{1/3} + a)^2 \cdot a^9 \cdot x^2)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx = \frac{\frac{4bx^{1/3}}{5a^2} - \frac{1}{2a} + \frac{14b^3x}{5a^4} - \frac{7b^2x^{2/3}}{5a^3} + \frac{126b^6x^2}{a^7} - \frac{7b^4x^{4/3}}{a^5} + \frac{28b^5x^{5/3}}{a^6} + \frac{84b^7x^{7/3}}{a^8}}{a^2x^2 + b^2x^{8/3} + 2abx^{7/3}} - \frac{168b^6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^9}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^(1/3))^3),x)
```

output

```
((4*b*x^(1/3))/(5*a^2) - 1/(2*a) + (14*b^3*x)/(5*a^4) - (7*b^2*x^(2/3))/(5*a^3) + (126*b^6*x^2)/a^7 - (7*b^4*x^(4/3))/a^5 + (28*b^5*x^(5/3))/a^6 + (84*b^7*x^(7/3))/a^8)/(a^2*x^2 + b^2*x^(8/3) + 2*a*b*x^(7/3)) - (168*b^6*atanh((2*b*x^(1/3))/a + 1))/a^9
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{840x^{\frac{8}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^8 - 840x^{\frac{8}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)b^8 - 14x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^6b^2 + 280x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^3b^5 - 420x^{\frac{8}{3}}b^8 + 1680x^{\frac{7}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)ab^7 - 1680x^{\frac{7}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)ab^7 - 8x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^7b + 70x^{\frac{1}{3}}a^4b^4x + 840\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)a^2b^6x^2 - 840\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)a^2b^6x^2 - 5a^8 + 28a^5b^3x + 840a^2b^6x^2}{(10a^9x^2(x^{\frac{2}{3}}b^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + a^2))}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x)
```

output

```
(840*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*b**8*x**2 - 840*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*b**8*x**2 - 14*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**2 + 280*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**5*x - 420*x**(2/3)*b**8*x**2 + 1680*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a*b**7*x**2 - 1680*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**7*x**2 + 8*x**(1/3)*a**7*b - 70*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**4*x + 840*log(x**(1/3))*a**2*b**6*x**2 - 840*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a**2*b**6*x**2 - 5*a**8 + 28*a**5*b**3*x + 840*a**2*b**6*x**2)/(10*a**9*x**2*(x**(2/3)*b**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + a**2))
```

**3.271** 
$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	1979
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	1980
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1980
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	1982
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1982
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1983
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1984
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1984
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1985
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1985

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx = -\frac{3b^9}{2a^{10}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{30b^9}{a^{11}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{1}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{9b}{8a^4x^{8/3}}$$

$$-\frac{18b^2}{7a^5x^{7/3}} + \frac{5b^3}{a^6x^2} - \frac{9b^4}{a^7x^{5/3}} + \frac{63b^5}{4a^8x^{4/3}} - \frac{28b^6}{a^9x} + \frac{54b^7}{a^{10}x^{2/3}}$$

$$-\frac{135b^8}{a^{11}\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{165b^9 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{12}} - \frac{55b^9 \log(x)}{a^{12}}$$

```
output -3/2*b^9/a^10/(a+b*x^(1/3))^2-30*b^9/a^11/(a+b*x^(1/3))-1/3/a^3/x^3+9/8*b/
a^4/x^(8/3)-18/7*b^2/a^5/x^(7/3)+5*b^3/a^6/x^2-9*b^4/a^7/x^(5/3)+63/4*b^5/
a^8/x^(4/3)-28*b^6/a^9/x+54*b^7/a^10/x^(2/3)-135*b^8/a^11/x^(1/3)+165*b^9*
ln(a+b*x^(1/3))/a^12-55*b^9*ln(x)/a^12
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{a(56a^{10} - 77a^9b\sqrt[3]{x} + 110a^8b^2x^{2/3} - 165a^7b^3x + 264a^6b^4x^{4/3} - 462a^5b^5x^{5/3} + 924a^4b^6x^2 - 2310a^3b^7x^{7/3} + 9240a^2b^8x^{8/3} + 41580ab^9x^3 + 27720b^{10}x^{10/3})}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^2 x^3} + \frac{168a^{12}}{168a^{12}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^4), x]
```

output

```
-1/168*((a*(56*a^10 - 77*a^9*b*x^(1/3) + 110*a^8*b^2*x^(2/3) - 165*a^7*b^3*x + 264*a^6*b^4*x^(4/3) - 462*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 924*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 2310*a^3*b^7*x^(7/3) + 9240*a^2*b^8*x^(8/3) + 41580*a*b^9*x^3 + 27720*b^10*x^(10/3)))/((a + b*x^(1/3))^2*x^3) - 27720*b^9*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)] + 9240*b^9*Log[x])/a^12
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$3 \int \left( \frac{55b^{10}}{a^{12}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{10b^{10}}{a^{11}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{b^{10}}{a^{10}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3} - \frac{55b^9}{a^{12}\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{45b^8}{a^{11}x^{2/3}} - \frac{36b^7}{a^{10}x} + \frac{28b^6}{a^9x^{4/3}} - \frac{21b^5}{a^8x^{5/3}} + \frac{15b^4}{a^7x^2} - \frac{10b^3}{a^6x^3} + \frac{5b^2}{a^5x^4} - \frac{b}{a^4x^5} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{55b^9 \log(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{12}} - \frac{55b^9 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{12}} - \frac{10b^9}{a^{11}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{45b^8}{a^{11}\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{b^9}{2a^{10}(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{18b^7}{a^{10}x^{2/3}} - \frac{28b^6}{3a^9x} + \frac{21b^5}{4a^8x^{4/3}} - \frac{15b^4}{5a^7x^2} + \frac{10b^3}{6a^6x^3} - \frac{5b^2}{7a^5x^4} + \frac{b}{8a^4x^5} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^(1/3))^3*x^4),x]`

output  $3*(-1/2*b^9/(a^{10}*(a + b*x^(1/3))^2) - (10*b^9)/(a^{11}*(a + b*x^(1/3))) - 1/(9*a^3*x^3) + (3*b)/(8*a^4*x^(8/3)) - (6*b^2)/(7*a^5*x^(7/3)) + (5*b^3)/(3*a^6*x^2) - (3*b^4)/(a^7*x^(5/3)) + (21*b^5)/(4*a^8*x^(4/3)) - (28*b^6)/(3*a^9*x) + (18*b^7)/(a^{10}*x^(2/3)) - (45*b^8)/(a^{11}*x^(1/3)) + (55*b^9*Log[a + b*x^(1/3)]/a^{12} - (55*b^9*Log[x^(1/3)]/a^{12}))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b^9}{2a^{10}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} - \frac{30b^9}{a^{11}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{9b}{8a^4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{18b^2}{7a^5x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{5b^3}{a^6x^2} - \frac{9b^4}{a^7x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{63b^5}{4a^8x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{28b^6}{a^9x} + \frac{165b^9 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{12}}$
default	$-\frac{3b^9}{2a^{10}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} - \frac{30b^9}{a^{11}(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{3a^3x^3} + \frac{9b}{8a^4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{18b^2}{7a^5x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{5b^3}{a^6x^2} - \frac{9b^4}{a^7x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{63b^5}{4a^8x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{28b^6}{a^9x} + \frac{165b^9 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{12}}$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-\frac{3}{2} \frac{b^9}{a^{10}} (a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^{-2} - 30 \frac{b^9}{a^{11}} (a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})^{-1} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{a^3 x^3} + \frac{9}{8} \frac{b}{a^4 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{18}{7} \frac{b^2}{a^5 x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + 5 \frac{b^3}{a^6 x^2} - 9 \frac{b^4}{a^7 x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{63}{4} \frac{b^5}{a^8 x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - 28 \frac{b^6}{a^9 x} + 54 \frac{b^7}{a^{10} x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - 135 \frac{b^8}{a^{11} x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 165 \frac{b^9 \ln(a+bx^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{12}} - 55 \frac{b^9 \ln(x)}{a^{12}}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{9240 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 13860 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 3080 a^9 b^6 x^2 - 728 a^{12} b^3 x + 56 a^{15} - 27720 (b^{15} x^5 + 2 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + a^6 b^9 x^3)}{a^{12} b^6 x^5 + 2 a^{15} b^3 x^4 + a^{18} x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-\frac{1}{168} (9240 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + 13860 a^6 b^9 x^3 + 3080 a^9 b^6 x^2 - 728 a^{12} b^3 x + 56 a^{15} - 27720 (b^{15} x^5 + 2 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + a^6 b^9 x^3)) \log(b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a) + 27720 (b^{15} x^5 + 2 a^3 b^{12} x^4 + a^6 b^9 x^3) \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}) + 18 (1540 a b^{14} x^4 + 2695 a^4 b^{11} x^3 + 990 a^7 b^8 x^2 - 99 a^{10} b^5 x + 24 a^{13} b^2) x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 63 (220 a^2 b^{13} x^4 + 352 a^5 b^{10} x^3 + 99 a^8 b^7 x^2 - 18 a^{11} b^4 x + 3 a^{14} b) x^{\frac{1}{3}} / (a^{12} b^6 x^5 + 2 a^{15} b^3 x^4 + a^{18} x^3)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 847 vs.  $2(184) = 368$ .

Time = 7.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 847, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.63

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**(1/3))**3/x**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**4, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*a**3*x**3), Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(4*b**3*x**4), Eq(a, 0)), (-56*a**11*x**(2/3)/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) + 77*a**10*b*x/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) - 110*a**9*b**2*x**(4/3)/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) + 165*a**8*b**3*x**(5/3)/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) - 264*a**7*b**4*x**2/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) + 462*a**6*b**5*x**(7/3)/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) - 924*a**5*b**6*x**(8/3)/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) + 2310*a**4*b**7*x**3/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) - 9240*a**3*b**8*x**(10/3)/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) - 9240*a**2*b**9*x**(11/3)*log(x)/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) + 27720*a**2*b**9*x**(11/3)*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) - 41580*a**2*b**9*x**(11/3)/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) - 18480*a*b**10*x**4*log(x)/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) + 55440*a*b**10*x**4*log(a/b + x**(1/3))/(168*a**14*x**(11/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**4 + 168*a**12*b**2*x**(13/3)) - 27720*a*b**10*x**4/(168*a**14*x**(11...`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{27720 b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 41580 a b^9 x^3 + 9240 a^2 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} - 2310 a^3 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 924 a^4 b^6 x^2 - 462 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 264 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 168 \left( a^{11} b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 2 a^{12} b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + a^{13} x^3 \right)}{168 \left( a^{11} b^2 x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 2 a^{12} b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + a^{13} x^3 \right)} + \frac{165 b^9 \log \left( b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)}{a^{12}} - \frac{55 b^9 \log(x)}{a^{12}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output 
$$\frac{-1/168*(27720*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 41580*a*b^9*x^3 + 9240*a^2*b^8*x^{(8/3)} - 2310*a^3*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 924*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 462*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 264*a^6*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 165*a^7*b^3*x + 110*a^8*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 77*a^9*b*x^{(1/3)} + 56*a^{10})/(a^{11}*b^2*x^{(11/3)} + 2*a^{12}*b*x^{(10/3)} + a^{13}*x^3) + 165*b^9*\log(b*x^{(1/3)} + a)/a^{12} - 55*b^9*\log(x)/a^{12}}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{165 b^9 \log \left( \left| b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right| \right)}{a^{12}} - \frac{55 b^9 \log(|x|)}{a^{12}} - \frac{27720 a b^{10} x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 41580 a^2 b^9 x^3 + 9240 a^3 b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}} - 2310 a^4 b^7 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 924 a^5 b^6 x^2 - 462 a^6 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 264 a^7 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 168 \left( b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^2 a^{12} x^3}{168 \left( b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + a \right)^2 a^{12} x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

$$165*b^9*\log(\text{abs}(b*x^{(1/3)} + a))/a^{12} - 55*b^9*\log(\text{abs}(x))/a^{12} - 1/168*(27*720*a*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)} + 41580*a^2*b^9*x^3 + 9240*a^3*b^8*x^{(8/3)} - 2310*a^4*b^7*x^{(7/3)} + 924*a^5*b^6*x^2 - 462*a^6*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 264*a^7*b^4*x^{(4/3)} - 165*a^8*b^3*x + 110*a^9*b^2*x^{(2/3)} - 77*a^{10}*b*x^{(1/3)} + 56*a^{11})/((b*x^{(1/3)} + a)^2*a^{12}*x^3)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{330 b^9 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2bx^{1/3}}{a} + 1\right)}{a^{12}} - \frac{\frac{1}{3a} - \frac{11bx^{1/3}}{24a^2} - \frac{55b^3x}{56a^4} + \frac{55b^2x^{2/3}}{84a^3} + \frac{11b^6x^2}{2a^7} + \frac{11b^4x^{4/3}}{7a^5} - \frac{11b^5x^{5/3}}{4a^6} + \frac{495b^9x^3}{2a^{10}} - \frac{55b^7x^{7/3}}{4a^8} + \frac{55b^8x^{8/3}}{a^9} + \frac{165b^{10}x^{10/3}}{a^{11}}}{a^2 x^3 + b^2 x^{11/3} + 2abx^{10/3}}$$

input

int(1/(x^4\*(a + b\*x^(1/3))^3),x)

output

$$(330*b^9*\operatorname{atanh}((2*b*x^{(1/3)})/a + 1))/a^{12} - (1/(3*a) - (11*b*x^{(1/3)})/(24*a^2) - (55*b^3*x)/(56*a^4) + (55*b^2*x^{(2/3)})/(84*a^3) + (11*b^6*x^2)/(2*a^7) + (11*b^4*x^{(4/3)})/(7*a^5) - (11*b^5*x^{(5/3)})/(4*a^6) + (495*b^9*x^3)/(2*a^{10}) - (55*b^7*x^{(7/3)})/(4*a^8) + (55*b^8*x^{(8/3)})/a^9 + (165*b^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/a^{11})/(a^2*x^3 + b^2*x^{(11/3)} + 2*a*b*x^{(10/3)})$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + b\sqrt[3]{x})^3 x^4} dx = \frac{-27720x^{\frac{11}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^{11} + 27720x^{\frac{11}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}b + a\right)b^{11} - 110x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^9b^2 + 462x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^6b^5 - 9240x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^3b^8 + 13860x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{a^2 x^3 + b^2 x^{11/3} + 2abx^{10/3}}$$

input

int(1/(a+b\*x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x)

output

```
( - 27720*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*b**11*x**3 + 27720*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*
b + a)*b**11*x**3 - 110*x**(2/3)*a**9*b**2 + 462*x**(2/3)*a**6*b**5*x - 92
40*x**(2/3)*a**3*b**8*x**2 + 13860*x**(2/3)*b**11*x**3 - 55440*x**(1/3)*lo
g(x**(1/3))*a*b**10*x**3 + 55440*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*b**10*x**3
+ 77*x**(1/3)*a**10*b - 264*x**(1/3)*a**7*b**4*x + 2310*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**
7*x**2 - 27720*log(x**(1/3))*a**2*b**9*x**3 + 27720*log(x**(1/3)*b + a)*a*
*2*b**9*x**3 - 56*a**11 + 165*a**8*b**3*x - 924*a**5*b**6*x**2 - 27720*a**
2*b**9*x**3)/(168*a**12*x**3*(x**(2/3)*b**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + a**2))
```

$$3.272 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$$

Optimal result	1987
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1987
Rubi [A] (verified)	1988
Maple [A] (verified)	1989
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1989
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1990
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1991
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1991
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1991
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1992

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = 6\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} - 4(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})^{3/2} + \frac{6}{5}(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})^{5/2}$$

output `6*(1+x^(1/3))^(1/2)-4*(1+x^(1/3))^(3/2)+6/5*(1+x^(1/3))^(5/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{2}{5}\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}(8 - 4\sqrt[3]{x} + 3x^{2/3})$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[1 + x^(1/3)],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[1 + x^(1/3)]*(8 - 4*x^(1/3) + 3*x^(2/3)))/5`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.273$ , Rules used = {774, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 774 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{\sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & 3 \int \left( (\sqrt[3]{x}+1)^{3/2} - 2\sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{2}{5} (\sqrt[3]{x}+1)^{5/2} - \frac{4}{3} (\sqrt[3]{x}+1)^{3/2} + 2\sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[1 + x^(1/3)],x]`

output `3*(2*Sqrt[1 + x^(1/3)] - (4*(1 + x^(1/3))^(3/2))/3 + (2*(1 + x^(1/3))^(5/2))/5)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$6\sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1} - 4\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{6\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	29
default	$6\sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1} - 4\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + \frac{6\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	29
meijerg	$-\frac{16\sqrt{\pi}}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\left(6x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 8x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 16\right)\sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1}}{5\sqrt{\pi}}$	36

input `int(1/(x^(1/3)+1)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `6*(x^(1/3)+1)^(1/2)-4*(x^(1/3)+1)^(3/2)+6/5*(x^(1/3)+1)^(5/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{2}{5} \left( 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 8 \right) \sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*(3*x^(2/3) - 4*x^(1/3) + 8)*sqrt(x^(1/3) + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 359 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 359, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.55

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{6x^{\frac{14}{3}} \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1}}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3} + \frac{10x^{\frac{13}{3}} \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1}}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{30x^{\frac{11}{3}} \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1}}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3} - \frac{48x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{40x^{\frac{10}{3}} \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1}}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3} - \frac{48x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{10x^4 \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1}}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3} - \frac{16x^4}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3}$$

$$+ \frac{16x^3 \sqrt{\sqrt[3]{x}+1}}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3} - \frac{16x^3}{15x^{\frac{11}{3}} + 15x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 5x^4 + 5x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x**(1/3))**(1/2),x)`

output `6*x**(14/3)*sqrt(x**(1/3) + 1)/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3) + 10*x**(13/3)*sqrt(x**(1/3) + 1)/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3) + 30*x**(11/3)*sqrt(x**(1/3) + 1)/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3) - 48*x**(11/3)/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3) + 40*x**(10/3)*sqrt(x**(1/3) + 1)/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3) - 48*x**(10/3)/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3) + 10*x**4*sqrt(x**(1/3) + 1)/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3) - 16*x**4/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3) + 16*x**3*sqrt(x**(1/3) + 1)/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3) - 16*x**3/(15*x**(11/3) + 15*x**(10/3) + 5*x**4 + 5*x**3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{6}{5} \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 4 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6 \sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `6/5*(x^(1/3) + 1)^(5/2) - 4*(x^(1/3) + 1)^(3/2) + 6*sqrt(x^(1/3) + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{6}{5} \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} - 4 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 6 \sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/3))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `6/5*(x^(1/3) + 1)^(5/2) - 4*(x^(1/3) + 1)^(3/2) + 6*sqrt(x^(1/3) + 1)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = x {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3; 4; -x^{1/3}\right)$$

input `int(1/(x^(1/3) + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `x*hypergeom([1/2, 3], 4, -x^(1/3))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1} \left( 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 8 \right)}{5}$$

input `int(1/(1+x^(1/3))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**(1/3) + 1)*(3*x**(2/3) - 4*x**(1/3) + 8))/5`

$$3.273 \quad \int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	1993
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1993
Rubi [A] (verified)	1994
Maple [A] (verified)	1995
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1996
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	1996
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	1996
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	1997
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1997
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	1997

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})x^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6}{\sqrt[6]{x}} + 6 \arctan(\sqrt[6]{x})$$

output `-2/x^(1/2)+6/x^(1/6)+6*arctan(x^(1/6))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(-1 + 3\sqrt[3]{x})}{\sqrt{x}} + 6 \arctan(\sqrt[6]{x})$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x^(1/3))*x^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2*(-1 + 3*x^(1/3)))/Sqrt[x] + 6*ArcTan[x^(1/6)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {864, 61, 61, 73, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x} + 1) x^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{864} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x} + 1) x^{5/6}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & 3 \left( - \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x} + 1) \sqrt{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{2}{3\sqrt{x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & 3 \left( \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x} + 1) \sqrt[6]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{2}{\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2}{3\sqrt{x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & 3 \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{x^{2/3} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{2}{\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2}{3\sqrt{x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & 3 \left( 2 \arctan(\sqrt[6]{x}) + \frac{2}{\sqrt[6]{x}} - \frac{2}{3\sqrt{x}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x^(1/3))*x^(3/2)),x]`

output `3*(-2/(3*sqrt[x]) + 2/x^(1/6) + 2*ArcTan[x^(1/6)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0]
) || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n])) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d
, m, n, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*A
rcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a
, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 864

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denomi
nator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x
^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + 6 \arctan\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)$	18
default	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + 6 \arctan\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)$	18
meijerg	$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + 6 \arctan\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)$	18

input

```
int(1/(x^(1/3)+1)/x^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output `-2/x^(1/2)+6/x^(1/6)+6*arctan(x^(1/6))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x}) x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 3x \arctan \left( x^{1/6} \right) + 3x^{5/6} - \sqrt{x} \right)}{x}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/3))/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*(3*x*arctan(x^(1/6)) + 3*x^(5/6) - sqrt(x))/x`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x}) x^{3/2}} dx = 6 \operatorname{atan} \left( \sqrt[6]{x} \right) - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{6}{\sqrt[6]{x}}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x**(1/3))/x**(3/2),x)`

output `6*atan(x**(1/6)) - 2/sqrt(x) + 6/x**(1/6)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x}) x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2 \left( 3x^{1/3} - 1 \right)}{\sqrt{x}} + 6 \arctan \left( x^{1/6} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/3))/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(3*x^(1/3) - 1)/sqrt(x) + 6*arctan(x^(1/6))`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x}) x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(3x^{1/3} - 1)}{\sqrt{x}} + 6 \arctan(x^{1/6})$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(1/3))/x^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2*(3*x^(1/3) - 1)/sqrt(x) + 6*arctan(x^(1/6))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x}) x^{3/2}} dx = 6 \operatorname{atan}(x^{1/6}) + \frac{6x^{1/3} - 2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int(1/(x^(3/2)*(x^(1/3) + 1)),x)`

output `6*atan(x^(1/6)) + (6*x^(1/3) - 2)/x^(1/2)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x}) x^{3/2}} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{x} \operatorname{atan}(x^{1/6}) + 6x^{1/3} - 2}{\sqrt{x}}$$

input `int(1/(1+x^(1/3))/x^(3/2),x)`

output  $(2*(3*\sqrt{x})*\operatorname{atan}(x^{1/6}) + 3*x^{1/3} - 1)/\sqrt{x}$

$$3.274 \quad \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	1999
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1999
Rubi [A] (verified)	2000
Maple [A] (verified)	2001
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2001
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2002
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2003
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2003

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -3\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2} - x + \frac{3x^{4/3}}{4} + 3 \log(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})$$

output `-3*x^(1/3)+3/2*x^(2/3)-x+3/4*x^(4/3)+3*ln(1+x^(1/3))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{1}{4} \sqrt[3]{x} (-12 + 6\sqrt[3]{x} - 4x^{2/3} + 3x) + 3 \log(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Integrate[x^(2/3)/(1 + x^(1/3)),x]`

output `(x^(1/3)*(-12 + 6*x^(1/3) - 4*x^(2/3) + 3*x))/4 + 3*Log[1 + x^(1/3)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{\sqrt[3]{x+1}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{4/3}}{\sqrt[3]{x+1}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & 3 \int \left( x - x^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x+1}} - 1 \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( \frac{x^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{x^{2/3}}{2} - \frac{x}{3} - \sqrt[3]{x} + \log(\sqrt[3]{x+1}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(2/3)/(1 + x^(1/3)),x]`

output `3*(-x^(1/3) + x^(2/3)/2 - x/3 + x^(4/3)/4 + Log[1 + x^(1/3)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} - x + \frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + 3 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$	28
default	$-3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} - x + \frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + 3 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$	28
meijerg	$-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}(-15x + 20x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 30x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 60)}{20} + 3 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$	30
trager	$1 - x + (-3 + \frac{3x}{4})x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + \ln(-3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x - 1)$	36

input

```
int(x^(2/3)/(x^(1/3)+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-3*x^(1/3)+3/2*x^(2/3)-x+3/4*x^(4/3)+3*ln(x^(1/3)+1)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{4}(x - 4)x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x + \frac{3}{2}x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$$

input

```
integrate(x^(2/3)/(1+x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
3/4*(x - 4)*x^(1/3) - x + 3/2*x^(2/3) + 3*log(x^(1/3) + 1)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3x^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2} - 3\sqrt[3]{x} - x + 3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate(x**(2/3)/(1+x**(1/3)),x)`output `3*x**(4/3)/4 + 3*x**(2/3)/2 - 3*x**(1/3) - x + 3*log(x**(1/3) + 1)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{4} \left(x^{1/3} + 1\right)^4 - 4 \left(x^{1/3} + 1\right)^3 + 9 \left(x^{1/3} + 1\right)^2 - 12 x^{1/3} + 3 \log \left(x^{1/3} + 1\right) - 12$$

input `integrate(x^(2/3)/(1+x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/4*(x^(1/3) + 1)^4 - 4*(x^(1/3) + 1)^3 + 9*(x^(1/3) + 1)^2 - 12*x^(1/3) + 3*log(x^(1/3) + 1) - 12`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{4} x^{4/3} - x + \frac{3}{2} x^{2/3} - 3x^{1/3} + 3 \log \left(x^{1/3} + 1\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(2/3)/(1+x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/4*x^(4/3) - x + 3/2*x^(2/3) - 3*x^(1/3) + 3*log(x^(1/3) + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = 3 \ln(x^{1/3} + 1) - x - 3x^{1/3} + \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2} + \frac{3x^{4/3}}{4}$$

input `int(x^(2/3)/(x^(1/3) + 1),x)`output `3*log(x^(1/3) + 1) - x - 3*x^(1/3) + (3*x^(2/3))/2 + (3*x^(4/3))/4`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3x^{2/3}}{2} + \frac{3x^{4/3}}{4} - 3x^{1/3} + 3 \log(x^{1/3} + 1) - x$$

input `int(x^(2/3)/(1+x^(1/3)),x)`output `(6*x**(2/3) + 3*x**(1/3)*x - 12*x**(1/3) + 12*log(x**(1/3) + 1) - 4*x)/4`



### 3.275 $\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2004
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2004
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2005
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2006
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2007
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2007
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2007
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2008
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2008
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2008

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = 3\sqrt[3]{x} - 3 \arctan(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

output

```
3*x^(1/3)-3*arctan(x^(1/3))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = 3\sqrt[3]{x} - 3 \arctan(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + x^(2/3))^-1, x]
```

output

```
3*x^(1/3) - 3*ArcTan[x^(1/3)]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {774, 262, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^{2/3} + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{x^{2/3} + 1} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & 3 \left( \sqrt[3]{x} - \int \frac{1}{x^{2/3} + 1} d\sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{216} \\
 & 3(\sqrt[3]{x} - \arctan(\sqrt[3]{x}))
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x^(2/3))^-1, x]`

output `3*(x^(1/3) - ArcTan[x^(1/3)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 216

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$3x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3 \arctan\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$
meijerg	$3x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3 \arctan\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$
default	$\arctan(x) + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \arctan\left(\sqrt{3} + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - \arctan\left(-\sqrt{3} + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 2 \arctan\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$
trager	$3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2+1\right) \ln\left(-\frac{\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2+1\right)^2 x+4 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2+1\right) x^{\frac{2}{3}}-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2+1\right)^2-2 \operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2+1\right) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2+1\right) x-\operatorname{RootOf}\left(-Z^2+1\right)+x+1}\right)}{2}$

input `int(1/(1+x^(2/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*x^(1/3)-3*arctan(x^(1/3))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = 3x^{1/3} - 3 \arctan\left(x^{1/3}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3*x^(1/3) - 3*arctan(x^(1/3))`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = 3\sqrt[3]{x} - 3 \operatorname{atan}\left(\sqrt[3]{x}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x**(2/3)),x)`

output `3*x**(1/3) - 3*atan(x**(1/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = 3x^{1/3} - 3 \arctan\left(x^{1/3}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*x^(1/3) - 3*arctan(x^(1/3))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = 3x^{1/3} - 3 \arctan\left(x^{1/3}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3*x^(1/3) - 3*arctan(x^(1/3))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = 3x^{1/3} - 3 \operatorname{atan}\left(x^{1/3}\right)$$

input `int(1/(x^(2/3) + 1),x)`

output `3*x^(1/3) - 3*atan(x^(1/3))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = -3 \operatorname{atan}\left(x^{1/3}\right) + 3x^{1/3}$$

input `int(1/(1+x^(2/3)),x)`

output `3*( - atan(x**(1/3)) + x**(1/3))`

$$3.276 \quad \int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	2009
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2009
Rubi [A] (verified)	2010
Maple [A] (verified)	2011
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2011
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2012
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2012
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2012
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2013
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2013

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 12

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{2} \log(1+x^{2/3})$$

output `3/2*ln(1+x^(2/3))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{2} \log(1+x^{2/3})$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x^(2/3))*x^(1/3)),x]`

output `(3*Log[1 + x^(2/3)])/2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x^{2/3} + 1) \sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

↓ 792

$$\frac{3}{2} \log(x^{2/3} + 1)$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x^(2/3))*x^(1/3)),x]`

output `(3*Log[1 + x^(2/3)])/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3 \ln(1+x^{\frac{2}{3}})}{2}$	9
default	$\frac{3 \ln(1+x^{\frac{2}{3}})}{2}$	9
meijerg	$\frac{3 \ln(1+x^{\frac{2}{3}})}{2}$	9
trager	$\frac{\ln(3x^{\frac{2}{3}}+3x^{\frac{4}{3}}+x^2+1)}{2}$	19

input `int(1/(1+x^(2/3))/x^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/2*ln(1+x^(2/3))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{2} \log(x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(2/3))/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/2*log(x^(2/3) + 1)`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3 \log(x^{2/3} + 1)}{2}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x**(2/3))/x**(1/3),x)`output `3*log(x**(2/3) + 1)/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{2} \log(x^{2/3} + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(2/3))/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/2*log(x^(2/3) + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{2} \log(x^{2/3} + 1)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(2/3))/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/2*log(x^(2/3) + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3 \ln(x^{2/3} + 1)}{2}$$

input `int(1/(x^(1/3)*(x^(2/3) + 1)),x)`

output `(3*log(x^(2/3) + 1))/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3 \log(x^{2/3} + 1)}{2}$$

input `int(1/(1+x^(2/3))/x^(1/3),x)`

output `(3*log(x**(2/3) + 1))/2`

$$3.277 \quad \int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})x^{2/3}} dx$$

Optimal result	2014
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2014
Rubi [A] (verified)	2015
Maple [A] (verified)	2016
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2016
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2017
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2017
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2017
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2018
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2018

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 8

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})x^{2/3}} dx = 3 \arctan(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

output `3*arctan(x^(1/3))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})x^{2/3}} dx = 3 \arctan(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Integrate[1/((1 + x^(2/3))*x^(2/3)),x]`

output `3*ArcTan[x^(1/3)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {864, 216}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(x^{2/3} + 1) x^{2/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{864}$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{x^{2/3} + 1} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow \text{216}$$

$$3 \arctan(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Int[1/((1 + x^(2/3))*x^(2/3)),x]`

output `3*ArcTan[x^(1/3)]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 216 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[b, 2]))*ArcTan[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 864 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result
derivativedivides	$3 \arctan \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$
default	$3 \arctan \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$
meijerg	$3 \arctan \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$
trager	$-\frac{3 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) \ln \left( -\frac{\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1)^2 x + 4 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) x^{\frac{2}{3}} - \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1)^2 - 2 \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1)}{\operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) x - \operatorname{RootOf}(-Z^2+1) + x + 1} \right)}{2}$

input `int(1/x^(2/3)/(1+x^(2/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3*arctan(x^(1/3))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})x^{2/3}} dx = 3 \arctan \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(2/3))/x^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3*arctan(x^(1/3))`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})x^{2/3}} dx = 3 \operatorname{atan}(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x**(2/3))/x**(2/3),x)`

output `3*atan(x**(1/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})x^{2/3}} dx = 3 \operatorname{arctan}\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(2/3))/x^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*arctan(x^(1/3))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(1+x^{2/3})x^{2/3}} dx = 3 \operatorname{arctan}\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(2/3))/x^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3*arctan(x^(1/3))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + x^{2/3}) x^{2/3}} dx = 3 \operatorname{atan}(x^{1/3})$$

input `int(1/(x^(2/3)*(x^(2/3) + 1)),x)`

output `3*atan(x^(1/3))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{1}{(1 + x^{2/3}) x^{2/3}} dx = 3 \operatorname{atan}(x^{\frac{1}{3}})$$

input `int(1/(1+x^(2/3))/x^(2/3),x)`

output `3*atan(x**(1/3))`

$$3.278 \quad \int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	2019
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2019
Rubi [A] (verified)	2020
Maple [A] (verified)	2021
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2021
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2022
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2022
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2022
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2023
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2023

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 11

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = (-1+x^{2/3})^{3/2}$$

output  $(-1+x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1+x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = (-1+x^{2/3})^{3/2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[-1 + x^(2/3)]/x^(1/3), x]`

output  $(-1 + x^{(2/3)})^{(3/2)}$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x^{2/3} - 1}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$(x^{2/3} - 1)^{3/2}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[-1 + x^(2/3)]/x^(1/3),x]`

output `(-1 + x^(2/3))^(3/2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\left(-1 + x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$	8
default	$\left(-1 + x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$	8
meijerg	$\frac{3\sqrt{\text{signum}\left(-1+x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}\left(\frac{4\sqrt{\pi}}{3}-\frac{2\sqrt{\pi}\left(2-2x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)\sqrt{1-x^{\frac{2}{3}}}}{3}\right)}{4\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\text{signum}\left(-1+x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}}$	51

input `int((-1+x^(2/3))^(1/2)/x^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(-1+x^(2/3))^(3/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \left(x^{2/3} - 1\right)^{3/2}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(2/3))^(1/2)/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(x^(2/3) - 1)^(3/2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 24 vs.  $2(8) = 16$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = x^{2/3} \sqrt{x^{2/3} - 1} - \sqrt{x^{2/3} - 1}$$

input `integrate((-1+x**(2/3))**(1/2)/x**(1/3),x)`

output `x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3) - 1) - sqrt(x**(2/3) - 1)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \left(x^{2/3} - 1\right)^{3/2}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(2/3))^(1/2)/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(x^(2/3) - 1)^(3/2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \left(x^{2/3} - 1\right)^{3/2}$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(2/3))^(1/2)/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(x^(2/3) - 1)^(3/2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = (x^{2/3} - 1)^{3/2}$$

input `int((x^(2/3) - 1)^(1/2)/x^(1/3),x)`

output `(x^(2/3) - 1)^(3/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{-1 + x^{2/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \sqrt{x^{2/3} - 1} (x^{2/3} - 1)$$

input `int((-1+x^(2/3))^(1/2)/x^(1/3),x)`

output `sqrt(x**(2/3) - 1)*(x**(2/3) - 1)`

$$3.279 \quad \int \frac{(1+x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	2024
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2024
Rubi [A] (verified)	2025
Maple [A] (verified)	2026
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2026
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2027
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2027
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2027
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2028
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2028

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{(1+x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{5}(1+x^{2/3})^{5/2}$$

output `3/5*(1+x^(2/3))^(5/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(1+x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{5}(1+x^{2/3})^{5/2}$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x^(2/3))^(3/2)/x^(1/3), x]`

output `(3*(1 + x^(2/3))^(5/2))/5`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(x^{2/3} + 1)^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{3}{5} (x^{2/3} + 1)^{5/2}$$

input `Int[(1 + x^(2/3))^(3/2)/x^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*(1 + x^(2/3))^(5/2))/5`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3(1+x^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	10
default	$\frac{3(1+x^{\frac{2}{3}})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5}$	10
meijerg	$\frac{-\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}}{5} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \left(2x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 4x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 2\right) \sqrt{1+x^{\frac{2}{3}}}}{\sqrt{\pi}^{10}}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$	36

input `int((1+x^(2/3))^(3/2)/x^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/5*(1+x^(2/3))^(5/2)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 19 vs. 2(9) = 18.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(1+x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{5} \left( x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1 \right) \sqrt{x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(2/3))^(3/2)/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/5*(x^(4/3) + 2*x^(2/3) + 1)*sqrt(x^(2/3) + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 49 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{(1 + x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3x^{4/3} \sqrt{x^{2/3} + 1}}{5} + \frac{6x^{2/3} \sqrt{x^{2/3} + 1}}{5} + \frac{3\sqrt{x^{2/3} + 1}}{5}$$

input `integrate((1+x**(2/3))**(3/2)/x**(1/3),x)`

output `3*x**(4/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3) + 1)/5 + 6*x**(2/3)*sqrt(x**(2/3) + 1)/5 + 3*sqrt(x**(2/3) + 1)/5`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(1 + x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{5} \left( x^{2/3} + 1 \right)^{5/2}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(2/3))^(3/2)/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3/5*(x^(2/3) + 1)^(5/2)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(1 + x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3}{5} \left( x^{2/3} + 1 \right)^{5/2}$$

input `integrate((1+x^(2/3))^(3/2)/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3/5*(x^(2/3) + 1)^(5/2)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{(1 + x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3(x^{2/3} + 1)^{5/2}}{5}$$

input `int((x^(2/3) + 1)^(3/2)/x^(1/3),x)`output `(3*(x^(2/3) + 1)^(5/2))/5`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{(1 + x^{2/3})^{3/2}}{\sqrt[3]{x}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{x^{2/3} + 1} (2x^{2/3} + x^{4/3} + 1)}{5}$$

input `int((1+x^(2/3))^(3/2)/x^(1/3),x)`output `(3*sqrt(x**(2/3) + 1)*(2*x**(2/3) + x**(1/3)*x + 1))/5`

### 3.280 $\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2029
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2029
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	2030
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2034
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2034
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2035
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2035
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2036
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2036
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2037

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = -6\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{6x^{5/6}}{5} - \frac{3 \arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x})}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3 \arctan(1 + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x})}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

output -6\*x^(1/6)+6/5\*x^(5/6)+3/2\*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)\*x^(1/6))\*2^(1/2)+3/2\*arctan(1+2^(1/2)\*x^(1/6))\*2^(1/2)+3/2\*arctanh(2^(1/2)\*x^(1/6)/(1+x^(1/3)))\*2^(1/2)

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{6}{5}(-5+x^{2/3})\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{-1+\sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}}{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

input Integrate[Sqrt[x]/(1+x^(2/3)),x]

output

```
(6*(-5 + x^(2/3))*x^(1/6))/5 + (3*ArcTan[(-1 + x^(1/3))/(Sqrt[2]*x^(1/6))]
)/Sqrt[2] + (3*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[2]*x^(1/6))/(1 + x^(1/3))])/Sqrt[2]
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.800$ , Rules used = {864, 262, 262, 266, 755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^{2/3} + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 864 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{7/6}}{x^{2/3} + 1} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 262 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{2x^{5/6}}{5} - \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x^{2/3} + 1} d\sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 262 \\
 & 3 \left( \int \frac{1}{(x^{2/3} + 1) \sqrt[6]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{2x^{5/6}}{5} - 2\sqrt[6]{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 266 \\
 & 3 \left( 2 \int \frac{1}{x^{4/3} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{2x^{5/6}}{5} - 2\sqrt[6]{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 755 \\
 & 3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - x^{2/3}}{x^{4/3} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^{2/3} + 1}{x^{4/3} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) + \frac{2x^{5/6}}{5} - 2\sqrt[6]{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1476
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^{2/3} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^{2/3} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - x^{2/3}}{x^{4/3} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) + \frac{2x^{5/6}}{5} - 2\sqrt[6]{x} \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{2/3}-1} d(1 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x})}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{2/3}-1} d(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1)}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - x^{2/3}}{x^{4/3} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) + \frac{2x^{5/6}}{5} - 2\sqrt[6]{x} \right)$$

↓ 217

$$3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1 - x^{2/3}}{x^{4/3} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x})}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) + \frac{2x^{5/6}}{5} - 2\sqrt[6]{x} \right)$$

↓ 1479

$$3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt[6]{x}}{x^{2/3}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}+1} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}+1)}{x^{2/3}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}+1} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x})}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 25

$$3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt[6]{x}}{x^{2/3}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}+1} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}+1)}{x^{2/3}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}+1} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x})}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt[6]{x}}{x^{2/3}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}+1} d\sqrt[6]{x}}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1}{x^{2/3} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x})}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$3 \left( 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\arctan(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1)}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\arctan(1 - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x})}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{\log(x^{2/3} + \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1)}{2\sqrt{2}} - \frac{\log(x^{2/3} - \sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x} + 1)}{2\sqrt{2}} \right) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[x]/(1 + x^(2/3)),x]`

output `3*(-2*x^(1/6) + (2*x^(5/6))/5 + 2*((-ArcTan[1 - Sqrt[2]*x^(1/6)]/Sqrt[2]) + ArcTan[1 + Sqrt[2]*x^(1/6)]/Sqrt[2])/2 + (-1/2*Log[1 - Sqrt[2]*x^(1/6) + x^(2/3)]/Sqrt[2] + Log[1 + Sqrt[2]*x^(1/6) + x^(2/3)]/(2*Sqrt[2]))/2)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 266 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[m]}, Simp[k/c Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*(x^(2*k)/c^2))^p, x], x, (c*x)^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && FractionQ[m] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 755  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^4)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2*r) \text{Int}[(r - s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*r) \text{Int}[(r + s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a/b, 0] \parallel (\text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, a]] \&\& \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, b]]))$

rule 864  $\text{Int}[(x_ )^{(m_ )} * ((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^{(n_ )})^{(p_ )}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k*(m + 1) - 1)} * (a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, p\}, x] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*S\text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x]] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_ )) / ((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot)(x_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1476  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_ )^2) / ((a_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^4), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[2*(d/e), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d*e]$

rule 1479  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_ )^2) / ((a_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^4), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[-2*(d/e), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[e/(2*c*q) \text{Int}[(q - 2*x)/\text{Simp}[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c*q) \text{Int}[(q + 2*x)/\text{Simp}[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] \&\& \text{NegQ}[d*e]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{6x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{5} - 6x^{\frac{1}{6}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2} \left( \ln \left( \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1}{x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1} \right) + 2 \arctan \left( 1 + \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left( -1 + \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) \right)}{4}$
default	$\frac{6x^{\frac{5}{6}}}{5} - 6x^{\frac{1}{6}} + \frac{3\sqrt{2} \left( \ln \left( \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1}{x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1} \right) + 2 \arctan \left( 1 + \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) + 2 \arctan \left( -1 + \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) \right)}{4}$
meijerg	$-\frac{2x^{\frac{1}{6}}(-9x^{\frac{2}{3}}+45)}{15} + \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{6}} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2} \ln \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1 \right)}{2x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{-\sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{2 - \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right)}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \ln \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1 \right)}{2x^{\frac{1}{6}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{2}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right)}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right)}{2}$

input `int(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(2/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $6/5*x^{(5/6)}-6*x^{(1/6)}+3/4*2^{(1/2)}*(\ln((x^{(1/3)}+2^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/6)}+1)/(x^{(1/3)}-2^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/6)}+1))+2*\arctan(1+2^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/6)})+2*\arctan(-1+2^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/6)}))$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + 1 \right) + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} - 1 \right) + \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{2} \log \left( \sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1 \right) - \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{2} \log \left( -\sqrt{2}x^{\frac{1}{6}} + x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1 \right) + \frac{6}{5} x^{\frac{5}{6}} - 6x^{\frac{1}{6}}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $3/2*\sqrt{2}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*x^{(1/6)} + 1) + 3/2*\sqrt{2}*\arctan(\sqrt{2}*x^{(1/6)} - 1) + 3/4*\sqrt{2}*\log(\sqrt{2}*x^{(1/6)} + x^{(1/3)} + 1) - 3/4*\sqrt{2}*\log(-\sqrt{2}*x^{(1/6)} + x^{(1/3)} + 1) + 6/5*x^{(5/6)} - 6*x^{(1/6)}$

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{27x^{5/6}\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})}{10\Gamma(\frac{13}{4})} - \frac{27\sqrt[6]{x}\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})}{2\Gamma(\frac{13}{4})}$$

$$- \frac{27e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} \log\left(-\sqrt[6]{xe^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}} + 1\right)\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})}{8\Gamma(\frac{13}{4})} + \frac{27ie^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} \log\left(-\sqrt[6]{xe^{\frac{3i\pi}{4}}} + 1\right)\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})}{8\Gamma(\frac{13}{4})}$$

$$+ \frac{27e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} \log\left(-\sqrt[6]{xe^{\frac{5i\pi}{4}}} + 1\right)\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})}{8\Gamma(\frac{13}{4})} - \frac{27ie^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} \log\left(-\sqrt[6]{xe^{\frac{7i\pi}{4}}} + 1\right)\Gamma(\frac{9}{4})}{8\Gamma(\frac{13}{4})}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/2)/(1+x**(2/3)),x)`

output `27*x**(5/6)*gamma(9/4)/(10*gamma(13/4)) - 27*x**(1/6)*gamma(9/4)/(2*gamma(13/4)) - 27*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(-x**(1/6)*exp_polar(I*pi/4) + 1)*gamma(9/4)/(8*gamma(13/4)) + 27*I*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(-x**(1/6)*exp_polar(3*I*pi/4) + 1)*gamma(9/4)/(8*gamma(13/4)) + 27*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(-x**(1/6)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/4) + 1)*gamma(9/4)/(8*gamma(13/4)) - 27*I*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(-x**(1/6)*exp_polar(7*I*pi/4) + 1)*gamma(9/4)/(8*gamma(13/4))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2} + 2x^{1/6})\right)$$

$$+ \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2} \arctan\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2} - 2x^{1/6})\right) + \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{2} \log\left(\sqrt{2}x^{1/6} + x^{1/3} + 1\right)$$

$$- \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{2} \log\left(-\sqrt{2}x^{1/6} + x^{1/3} + 1\right) + \frac{6}{5} x^{5/6} - 6x^{1/6}$$

input `integrate(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
3/2*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2) + 2*x^(1/6))) + 3/2*sqrt(2)*arctan
(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2) - 2*x^(1/6))) + 3/4*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(2)*x^(1/6) + x
^(1/3) + 1) - 3/4*sqrt(2)*log(-sqrt(2)*x^(1/6) + x^(1/3) + 1) + 6/5*x^(5/6
) - 6*x^(1/6)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2} + 2x^{1/6}) \right) + \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{2} \arctan \left( -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2} - 2x^{1/6}) \right) + \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{2} \log \left( \sqrt{2} x^{1/6} + x^{1/3} + 1 \right) - \frac{3}{4} \sqrt{2} \log \left( -\sqrt{2} x^{1/6} + x^{1/3} + 1 \right) + \frac{6}{5} x^{5/6} - 6x^{1/6}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3/2*sqrt(2)*arctan(1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2) + 2*x^(1/6))) + 3/2*sqrt(2)*arctan
(-1/2*sqrt(2)*(sqrt(2) - 2*x^(1/6))) + 3/4*sqrt(2)*log(sqrt(2)*x^(1/6) + x
^(1/3) + 1) - 3/4*sqrt(2)*log(-sqrt(2)*x^(1/6) + x^(1/3) + 1) + 6/5*x^(5/6
) - 6*x^(1/6)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{6x^{5/6}}{5} - 6x^{1/6} + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan} \left( \sqrt{2} x^{1/6} \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i \right) \right) \left( \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2}i \right) + \sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan} \left( \sqrt{2} x^{1/6} \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i \right) \right) \left( \frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2}i \right)$$

input

```
int(x^(1/2)/(x^(2/3) + 1),x)
```

output

```
2^(1/2)*atan(2^(1/2)*x^(1/6)*(1/2 - 1i/2))*(3/2 + 3i/2) + 2^(1/2)*atan(2^(
1/2)*x^(1/6)*(1/2 + 1i/2))*(3/2 - 3i/2) - 6*x^(1/6) + (6*x^(5/6))/5
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1+x^{2/3}} dx = \frac{3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x^{1/6}-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2} + \frac{3\sqrt{2} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x^{1/6}+\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}{2} + \frac{6x^{5/6}}{5} - 6x^{1/6} - \frac{3\sqrt{2} \log\left(-x^{1/6}\sqrt{2} + x^{1/3} + 1\right)}{4} + \frac{3\sqrt{2} \log\left(x^{1/6}\sqrt{2} + x^{1/3} + 1\right)}{4}$$

input `int(x^(1/2)/(1+x^(2/3)),x)`output `(3*(10*sqrt(2)*atan((2*x**(1/6) - sqrt(2))/sqrt(2)) + 10*sqrt(2)*atan((2*x**(1/6) + sqrt(2))/sqrt(2)) + 8*x**(5/6) - 40*x**(1/6) - 5*sqrt(2)*log(-x**(1/6)*sqrt(2) + x**(1/3) + 1) + 5*sqrt(2)*log(x**(1/6)*sqrt(2) + x**(1/3) + 1)))/20`

**3.281**       $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1+x^{5/6}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . . 2038  
 Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . . 2039  
 Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . . 2039  
 Maple [A] (verified) . . . . . 2042  
 Fracas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2043  
 Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2044  
 Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2045  
 Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2046  
 Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . . 2047  
 Reduce [F] . . . . . 2047

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 188

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1+x^{5/6}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{5}\sqrt{10-2\sqrt{5}} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}+4\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{10+2\sqrt{5}}}\right) - \frac{3}{5}\sqrt{10+2\sqrt{5}} \arctan\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+4\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{10-2\sqrt{5}}}\right) + \frac{6}{5} \log(1-\sqrt[6]{x}) - \frac{3}{10}(1+\sqrt{5}) \log\left(2+(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2\sqrt[3]{x}\right) - \frac{3}{10}(1-\sqrt{5}) \log\left(2+(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2\sqrt[3]{x}\right)$$

output

```
2*x^(1/2)+3/5*(10-2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((1-5^(1/2)+4*x^(1/6))/(10+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))-3/5*(10+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan((1+5^(1/2)+4*x^(1/6))/(10-2*5^(1/2))^(1/2))+6/5*ln(1-x^(1/6))-3/10*(5^(1/2)+1)*ln(2+(-5^(1/2)+1)*x^(1/6)+2*x^(1/3))-3/10*(-5^(1/2)+1)*ln(2+(5^(1/2)+1)*x^(1/6)+2*x^(1/3))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1 + x^{5/6}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} + \frac{6}{5} \log(-1 + \sqrt[6]{x}) - \frac{6}{5} \text{RootSum} \left[ 1 + \#1 + \#1^2 + \#1^3 + \#1^4 \&, \frac{-\log(\sqrt[6]{x} - \#1) - 2\log(\sqrt[6]{x} - \#1)\#1 + 2\log(\sqrt[6]{x} - \#1)\#1^2 + \log(\sqrt[6]{x} - \#1)\#1^3}{1 + 2\#1 + 3\#1^2 + 4\#1^3} \& \right]$$

input `Integrate[x^(1/3)/(-1 + x^(5/6)),x]`

output `2*Sqrt[x] + (6*Log[-1 + x^(1/6)])/5 - (6*RootSum[1 + #1 + #1^2 + #1^3 + #1^4 & , (-Log[x^(1/6) - #1] - 2*Log[x^(1/6) - #1]*#1 + 2*Log[x^(1/6) - #1]*#1^2 + Log[x^(1/6) - #1]*#1^3)/(1 + 2*#1 + 3*#1^2 + 4*#1^3) & ])/5`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.667$ , Rules used = {864, 25, 843, 823, 16, 27, 1142, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{x^{5/6} - 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{864} \\ & 6 \int -\frac{x^{7/6}}{1 - x^{5/6}} d\sqrt[6]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\ & -6 \int \frac{x^{7/6}}{1 - x^{5/6}} d\sqrt[6]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \end{aligned}$$

$$6 \left( \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3} - \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{1-x^{5/6}} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right)$$

↓ 823

$$6 \left( -\frac{1}{5} \int \frac{1}{1-\sqrt[6]{x}} d\sqrt[6]{x} - \frac{2}{5} \int -\frac{-((1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x})+\sqrt{5}+1}{2(2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2)} d\sqrt[6]{x} - \frac{2}{5} \int -\frac{-((1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x})-\sqrt{5}+1}{2(2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2)} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \right.$$

↓ 16

$$6 \left( -\frac{2}{5} \int -\frac{-((1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x})+\sqrt{5}+1}{2(2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2)} d\sqrt[6]{x} - \frac{2}{5} \int -\frac{-((1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x})-\sqrt{5}+1}{2(2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2)} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3} + \frac{1}{5} \log(1-\sqrt[6]{x}) \right.$$

↓ 27

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{-((1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x})+\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{-((1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x})-\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} + \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3} + \frac{1}{5} \log(1-\sqrt[6]{x}) \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \sqrt{5} \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} - \frac{1}{4}(1+\sqrt{5}) \int \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) + \frac{1}{5} \left( -\sqrt{5} \int \frac{1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} - \frac{1}{4}(1-\sqrt{5}) \int \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) \right)$$

↓ 1083

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( -2\sqrt{5} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{x}-2(5+\sqrt{5})} d(4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1) - \frac{1}{4}(1+\sqrt{5}) \int \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) + \frac{1}{5} \left( 2\sqrt{5} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}-2(5-\sqrt{5})} d(4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1) - \frac{1}{4}(1-\sqrt{5}) \int \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) \right)$$

↓ 217

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \sqrt{\frac{10}{5+\sqrt{5}}} \arctan \left( \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{\sqrt{2}(5+\sqrt{5})} \right) - \frac{1}{4}(1+\sqrt{5}) \int \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} \right) + \frac{1}{5} \left( -\frac{1}{4}(1-\sqrt{5}) \int \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2} d\sqrt[6]{x} - \sqrt{\frac{10}{5-\sqrt{5}}} \arctan \left( \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{\sqrt{2}(5-\sqrt{5})} \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$6 \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \sqrt{\frac{10}{5+\sqrt{5}}} \arctan \left( \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{\sqrt{2}(5+\sqrt{5})} \right) - \frac{1}{4}(1+\sqrt{5}) \log(2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2) \right) + \frac{1}{5} \left( -\sqrt{\frac{10}{5-\sqrt{5}}} \arctan \left( \frac{4\sqrt[6]{x}-\sqrt{5}+1}{\sqrt{2}(5-\sqrt{5})} \right) - \frac{1}{4}(1-\sqrt{5}) \log(2\sqrt[3]{x}+(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[6]{x}+2) \right) \right)$$

input `Int[x^(1/3)/(-1 + x^(5/6)),x]`

output `6*(Sqrt[x]/3 + Log[1 - x^(1/6)]/5 + (Sqrt[10/(5 + Sqrt[5])]*ArcTan[(1 - Sqrt[5] + 4*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[2*(5 + Sqrt[5])]]) - ((1 + Sqrt[5])*Log[2 + (1 - Sqrt[5])*x^(1/6) + 2*x^(1/3)]/4)/5 + (-(Sqrt[10/(5 - Sqrt[5])]*ArcTan[(1 + Sqrt[5] + 4*x^(1/6))/Sqrt[2*(5 - Sqrt[5])]]) - ((1 - Sqrt[5])*Log[2 + (1 + Sqrt[5])*x^(1/6) + 2*x^(1/3)]/4)/5)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 823 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Module[{r = Numerator[Rt[-a/b, n]], s = Denominator[Rt[-a/b, n]], k, u}, Simp[u = Int[(r*cos[(2*k - 1)*m*(Pi/n)] + s*cos[(2*k - 1)*(m + 1)*(Pi/n)]*x)/(r^2 + 2*r*s*cos[(2*k - 1)*(Pi/n)]*x + s^2*x^2), x]; r^(m + 1)/(a*n*s^m) Int[1/(r - s*x), x] - 2*((-r)^(m + 1)/(a*n*s^m) Sum[u, {k, 1, (n - 1)/2}], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 1)/2, 0] && IGtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m, n - 1] && NegQ[a/b]`

```
rule 843 Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n
- 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[
a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*
p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

```
rule 864 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denomi
nator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k*(m + 1) - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x
^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

```
rule 1083 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[I
nt[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c},
x]
```

```
rule 1103 Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

```
rule 1142 Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

method	result
meijerg	$-\frac{6(-1)^{\frac{2}{5}} \left( \frac{5\sqrt{x}(-1)^{\frac{3}{5}}}{3} + (-1)^{\frac{3}{5}} \left( \ln(1-x^{\frac{1}{6}}) - \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) \ln\left(1-2\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)x^{\frac{1}{6}}+x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + 2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{1-\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)x^{\frac{1}{6}}}\right) \right)}{5}$
derivativedivides	$2\sqrt{x} + \frac{6\ln(x^{\frac{1}{6}}-1)}{5} + \frac{3(\sqrt{5}-1)\ln(\sqrt{5}x^{\frac{1}{6}}+2x^{\frac{1}{3}}+x^{\frac{1}{6}}+2)}{10} + \frac{12\left(-\sqrt{5}+1-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-1)(\sqrt{5}+1)}{4}\right)\arctan\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+4}{\sqrt{10-2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{5\sqrt{10-2\sqrt{5}}}$
default	$2\sqrt{x} + \frac{6\ln(x^{\frac{1}{6}}-1)}{5} + \frac{3(\sqrt{5}-1)\ln(\sqrt{5}x^{\frac{1}{6}}+2x^{\frac{1}{3}}+x^{\frac{1}{6}}+2)}{10} + \frac{12\left(-\sqrt{5}+1-\frac{(\sqrt{5}-1)(\sqrt{5}+1)}{4}\right)\arctan\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}+4}{\sqrt{10-2\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{5\sqrt{10-2\sqrt{5}}}$

input `int(x^(1/3)/(-1+x^(5/6)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-6/5*(-1)^(2/5)*(5/3*x^(1/2)*(-1)^(3/5)+(-1)^(3/5)*(ln(1-x^(1/6))-cos(1/5*Pi)*ln(1-2*cos(2/5*Pi)*x^(1/6)+x^(1/3))+2*sin(1/5*Pi)*arctan(sin(2/5*Pi)*x^(1/6)/(1-cos(2/5*Pi)*x^(1/6))))+cos(2/5*Pi)*ln(1+2*cos(1/5*Pi)*x^(1/6)+x^(1/3))-2*sin(2/5*Pi)*arctan(sin(1/5*Pi)*x^(1/6)/(1+cos(1/5*Pi)*x^(1/6))))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1+x^{5/6}} dx =$$

$$-\frac{6}{5} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{10} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} (4\sqrt{5}x^{1/6} + \sqrt{5} + 5) \sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{3}{10} (\sqrt{5}-1) \log\left(x^{1/6}(\sqrt{5}+1) + 2x^{1/3} + 2\right)$$

$$- \frac{3}{10} (\sqrt{5}+1) \log\left(-x^{1/6}(\sqrt{5}-1) + 2x^{1/3} + 2\right)$$

$$+ \frac{2}{5} \sqrt{-\frac{9}{2}\sqrt{5} + \frac{45}{2}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{30} (\sqrt{5}-5) \sqrt{-\frac{9}{2}\sqrt{5} + \frac{45}{2}}\right)$$

$$+ \frac{2}{15} \sqrt{5}x^{1/6} \sqrt{-\frac{9}{2}\sqrt{5} + \frac{45}{2}} + 2\sqrt{x} + \frac{6}{5} \log\left(x^{1/6} - 1\right)$$

input `integrate(x^(1/3)/(-1+x^(5/6)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-6/5*sqrt(1/2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5)*arctan(1/10*sqrt(1/2)*(4*sqrt(5)*x^(1/6) + sqrt(5) + 5)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5)) + 3/10*(sqrt(5) - 1)*log(x^(1/6)*(sqrt(5) + 1) + 2*x^(1/3) + 2) - 3/10*(sqrt(5) + 1)*log(-x^(1/6)*(sqrt(5) - 1) + 2*x^(1/3) + 2) + 2/5*sqrt(-9/2*sqrt(5) + 45/2)*arctan(1/30*(sqrt(5) - 5)*sqrt(-9/2*sqrt(5) + 45/2) + 2/15*sqrt(5)*x^(1/6)*sqrt(-9/2*sqrt(5) + 45/2)) + 2*sqrt(x) + 6/5*log(x^(1/6) - 1)`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 462 vs.  $2(170) = 340$ .

Time = 51.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 462, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1+x^{5/6}} dx &= 2\sqrt{x} + \frac{6 \log(\sqrt[6]{x}-1)}{5} \\
 &- \frac{3 \log(8\sqrt[6]{x} + 8\sqrt{5}\sqrt[6]{x} + 16\sqrt[3]{x} + 16)}{10} \\
 &+ \frac{3\sqrt{5} \log(8\sqrt[6]{x} + 8\sqrt{5}\sqrt[6]{x} + 16\sqrt[3]{x} + 16)}{10} \\
 &- \frac{3\sqrt{5} \log(-8\sqrt{5}\sqrt[6]{x} + 8\sqrt[6]{x} + 16\sqrt[3]{x} + 16)}{10} \\
 &- \frac{3 \log(-8\sqrt{5}\sqrt[6]{x} + 8\sqrt[6]{x} + 16\sqrt[3]{x} + 16)}{10} \\
 &- \frac{3\sqrt{10}\sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2\sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{10} \\
 &- \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2\sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}}}\right)}{10} \\
 &- \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5}} - \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5}}\right)}{10} \\
 &+ \frac{3\sqrt{10}\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[6]{x}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5}} - \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{5}+5}}\right)}{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**(1/3)/(-1+x**(5/6)),x)`

output

```

2*sqrt(x) + 6*log(x**(1/6) - 1)/5 - 3*log(8*x**(1/6) + 8*sqrt(5)*x**(1/6)
+ 16*x**(1/3) + 16)/10 + 3*sqrt(5)*log(8*x**(1/6) + 8*sqrt(5)*x**(1/6) + 1
6*x**(1/3) + 16)/10 - 3*sqrt(5)*log(-8*sqrt(5)*x**(1/6) + 8*x**(1/6) + 16*
x**(1/3) + 16)/10 - 3*log(-8*sqrt(5)*x**(1/6) + 8*x**(1/6) + 16*x**(1/3) +
16)/10 - 3*sqrt(10)*sqrt(5 - sqrt(5))*atan(2*sqrt(2)*x**(1/6)/sqrt(5 - sq
rt(5)) + sqrt(2)/(2*sqrt(5 - sqrt(5)))) + sqrt(10)/(2*sqrt(5 - sqrt(5))))/1
0 - 3*sqrt(2)*sqrt(5 - sqrt(5))*atan(2*sqrt(2)*x**(1/6)/sqrt(5 - sqrt(5))
+ sqrt(2)/(2*sqrt(5 - sqrt(5)))) + sqrt(10)/(2*sqrt(5 - sqrt(5))))/10 - 3*s
qrt(2)*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5)*atan(2*sqrt(2)*x**(1/6)/sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5) - sqrt(
10)/(2*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5)) + sqrt(2)/(2*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5))))/10 + 3*sqrt(10)
*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5)*atan(2*sqrt(2)*x**(1/6)/sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5) - sqrt(10)/(2
*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5)) + sqrt(2)/(2*sqrt(sqrt(5) + 5))))/10

```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 272 vs. 2(130) = 260.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 272, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1+x^{5/6}} dx &= -\frac{6}{5} (-1)^{\frac{3}{5}} \log \left( (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} + x^{\frac{1}{6}} \right) \\
&\quad - \frac{6\sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{3}{5}} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} + (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} \sqrt{2\sqrt{5}-10} + (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} - 4x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{\sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} - (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} \sqrt{2\sqrt{5}-10} + (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} - 4x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right)}{5\sqrt{2\sqrt{5}-10}} \\
&\quad + \frac{6\sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{3}{5}} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} - (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} \sqrt{-2\sqrt{5}-10} - (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} + 4x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{\sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} + (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} \sqrt{-2\sqrt{5}-10} - (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} + 4x^{\frac{1}{6}}} \right)}{5\sqrt{-2\sqrt{5}-10}} \\
&\quad + 2\sqrt{x} + \frac{6 \log \left( -x^{\frac{1}{6}} \left( \sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} + (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} \right) + 2(-1)^{\frac{2}{5}} + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{5 \left( \sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{2}{5}} + (-1)^{\frac{2}{5}} \right)} \\
&\quad - \frac{6 \log \left( x^{\frac{1}{6}} \left( \sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} - (-1)^{\frac{1}{5}} \right) + 2(-1)^{\frac{2}{5}} + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)}{5 \left( \sqrt{5}(-1)^{\frac{2}{5}} - (-1)^{\frac{2}{5}} \right)}
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/3)/(-1+x^(5/6)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-6/5*(-1)^(3/5)*log((-1)^(1/5) + x^(1/6)) - 6/5*sqrt(5)*(-1)^(3/5)*log((sqrt(5)*(-1)^(1/5) + (-1)^(1/5)*sqrt(2*sqrt(5) - 10) + (-1)^(1/5) - 4*x^(1/6)))/(sqrt(5)*(-1)^(1/5) - (-1)^(1/5)*sqrt(2*sqrt(5) - 10) + (-1)^(1/5) - 4*x^(1/6)))/sqrt(2*sqrt(5) - 10) + 6/5*sqrt(5)*(-1)^(3/5)*log((sqrt(5)*(-1)^(1/5) - (-1)^(1/5)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(5) - 10) - (-1)^(1/5) + 4*x^(1/6)))/(sqrt(5)*(-1)^(1/5) + (-1)^(1/5)*sqrt(-2*sqrt(5) - 10) - (-1)^(1/5) + 4*x^(1/6)))/sqrt(-2*sqrt(5) - 10) + 2*sqrt(x) + 6/5*log(-x^(1/6)*(sqrt(5)*(-1)^(1/5) + (-1)^(1/5)) + 2*(-1)^(2/5) + 2*x^(1/3))/(sqrt(5)*(-1)^(2/5) + (-1)^(2/5)) - 6/5*log(x^(1/6)*(sqrt(5)*(-1)^(1/5) - (-1)^(1/5)) + 2*(-1)^(2/5) + 2*x^(1/3))/(sqrt(5)*(-1)^(2/5) - (-1)^(2/5))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1 + x^{5/6}} dx = \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{-2\sqrt{5} + 10} \arctan\left(-\frac{\sqrt{5} - 4x^{1/6} - 1}{\sqrt{2\sqrt{5} + 10}}\right) - \frac{3}{5} \sqrt{2\sqrt{5} + 10} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{5} + 4x^{1/6} + 1}{\sqrt{-2\sqrt{5} + 10}}\right) + \frac{3}{10} \sqrt{5} \log\left(\frac{1}{2} x^{1/6} (\sqrt{5} + 1) + x^{1/3} + 1\right) - \frac{3}{10} \sqrt{5} \log\left(-\frac{1}{2} x^{1/6} (\sqrt{5} - 1) + x^{1/3} + 1\right) + 2\sqrt{x} - \frac{3}{10} \log\left(x^{2/3} + \sqrt{x} + x^{1/3} + x^{1/6} + 1\right) + \frac{6}{5} \log\left(|x^{1/6} - 1|\right)$$

input

```
integrate(x^(1/3)/(-1+x^(5/6)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3/5*sqrt(-2*sqrt(5) + 10)*arctan(-(sqrt(5) - 4*x^(1/6) - 1)/sqrt(2*sqrt(5) + 10)) - 3/5*sqrt(2*sqrt(5) + 10)*arctan((sqrt(5) + 4*x^(1/6) + 1)/sqrt(-2*sqrt(5) + 10)) + 3/10*sqrt(5)*log(1/2*x^(1/6)*(sqrt(5) + 1) + x^(1/3) + 1) - 3/10*sqrt(5)*log(-1/2*x^(1/6)*(sqrt(5) - 1) + x^(1/3) + 1) + 2*sqrt(x) - 3/10*log(x^(2/3) + sqrt(x) + x^(1/3) + x^(1/6) + 1) + 6/5*log(abs(x^(1/6) - 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1+x^{5/6}} dx = \frac{6 \ln(1296 x^{1/6} - 1296)}{5} - \ln \left( -750 x^{1/6} \left( \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-5}}{10} - \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{10} + \frac{3}{10} \right)^3 - 1296 \right) \left( \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{-\sqrt{5}-5}}{10} - \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{10} + \frac{3}{10} \right) + \ln \left( 750 \right)$$

input `int(x^(1/3)/(x^(5/6) - 1),x)`output `(6*log(1296*x^(1/6) - 1296))/5 - log(- 750*x^(1/6)*((3*2^(1/2)*(- 5^(1/2) - 5)^(1/2))/10 - (3*5^(1/2))/10 + 3/10)^3 - 1296)*((3*2^(1/2)*(- 5^(1/2) - 5)^(1/2))/10 - (3*5^(1/2))/10 + 3/10) + log(750*x^(1/6)*((3*2^(1/2)*(- 5^(1/2) - 5)^(1/2))/10 + (3*5^(1/2))/10 - 3/10)^3 - 1296)*((3*2^(1/2)*(- 5^(1/2) - 5)^(1/2))/10 + (3*5^(1/2))/10 - 3/10) - log(- 750*x^(1/6)*((3*5^(1/2))/10 - (3*2^(1/2)*(5^(1/2) - 5)^(1/2))/10 + 3/10)^3 - 1296)*((3*5^(1/2))/10 - (3*2^(1/2)*(5^(1/2) - 5)^(1/2))/10 + 3/10) - log(- 750*x^(1/6)*((3*5^(1/2))/10 + (3*2^(1/2)*(5^(1/2) - 5)^(1/2))/10 + 3/10)^3 - 1296)*((3*5^(1/2))/10 + (3*2^(1/2)*(5^(1/2) - 5)^(1/2))/10 + 3/10) + 2*x^(1/2)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{-1+x^{5/6}} dx = 2\sqrt{x} + \int \frac{1}{x^{4/3} - \sqrt{x}} dx$$

input `int(x^(1/3)/(-1+x^(5/6)),x)`output `2*sqrt(x) + int(1/(x**(1/3)*x - sqrt(x)),x)`

### 3.282 $\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	2048
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2048
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2049
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	2051
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2052
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2052
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2053
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2053
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2054
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2054

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx = -\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} x - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{6\sqrt{3}}$$

output

```
-1/6*(3-1/x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)+(3-1/x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x-1/18*arctanh(1/3*(3-1/x^(1/2))^(1/2)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{18} \left( -3 \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} (\sqrt{x} - 6x) - \sqrt{3} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{3\sqrt{x}}} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[3 - 1/Sqrt[x]], x]
```

output

```
(-3*Sqrt[3 - 1/Sqrt[x]]*(Sqrt[x] - 6*x) - Sqrt[3]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 - 1/(3*Sqrt[x])]])/18
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.462$ , Rules used = {774, 798, 51, 52, 73, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & 2 \int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{x} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & -2 \int \frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{x^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & -2 \left( -\frac{1}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} x} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{2x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{3\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{x}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{2x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{3-x} d\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{3\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{2x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 219
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-2 \left( \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{3\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{3\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}}{2x} \right)$$

input `Int[Sqrt[3 - 1/Sqrt[x]],x]`

output `-2*(-1/2*Sqrt[3 - 1/Sqrt[x]]/x + (Sqrt[3 - 1/Sqrt[x]]/(3*Sqrt[x]) + ArcTan  
h[Sqrt[3 - 1/Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[3]]/(3*Sqrt[3]))/4)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))  
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x  
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((  
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],  
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[  
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +  
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL  
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*  
ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (Gt  
Q[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

```
rule 774 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result	size
meijerg	$-\frac{i\sqrt{3}\sqrt{\text{signum}(3\sqrt{x}-1)}\left(-\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}x^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{3}(-18\sqrt{x}+3)\sqrt{-3\sqrt{x}+1}}{6}+\frac{i\sqrt{\pi}\arcsin\left(\sqrt{3}x^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2}\right)}{9\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{-\text{signum}(3\sqrt{x}-1)}}$	75
derivativedivides	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt{x}-1}{\sqrt{x}}}\sqrt{x}\left(\ln\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{3x-\sqrt{x}}\right)\sqrt{3}-36\sqrt{3x-\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}+6\sqrt{3x-\sqrt{x}}\right)}{36\sqrt{(3\sqrt{x}-1)\sqrt{x}}}$	91
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{3\sqrt{x}-1}{\sqrt{x}}}\sqrt{x}\left(\ln\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{6}+\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x}+\sqrt{3x-\sqrt{x}}\right)\sqrt{3}-36\sqrt{3x-\sqrt{x}}\sqrt{x}+6\sqrt{3x-\sqrt{x}}\right)}{36\sqrt{(3\sqrt{x}-1)\sqrt{x}}}$	91

```
input int((3-1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/9*I*3^(1/2)/Pi^(1/2)*signum(3*x^(1/2)-1)^(1/2)/(-signum(3*x^(1/2)-1))^(
1/2)*(-1/6*I*Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/4)*3^(1/2)*(-18*x^(1/2)+3)*(-3*x^(1/2)+1)^(1/2)
+1/2*I*Pi^(1/2)*arcsin(3^(1/2)*x^(1/4)))
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{6} (6x - \sqrt{x}) \sqrt{\frac{3x - \sqrt{x}}{x}} + \frac{1}{36} \sqrt{3} \log \left( 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{3x - \sqrt{x}}{x}} - 6\sqrt{x} + 1 \right)$$

input `integrate((3-1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(6*x - sqrt(x))*sqrt((3*x - sqrt(x))/x) + 1/36*sqrt(3)*log(2*sqrt(3)*sqrt(x)*sqrt((3*x - sqrt(x))/x) - 6*sqrt(x) + 1)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3x^{5/4}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x-1}} - \frac{3x^{3/4}}{2\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x-1}} + \frac{4\sqrt{x}}{6\sqrt{3}\sqrt{x-1}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{acosh}(\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{x})}{18} & \text{for } |\sqrt{x}| > \frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{3ix^{5/4}}{\sqrt{1-3\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{3ix^{3/4}}{2\sqrt{1-3\sqrt{x}}} - \frac{i^4\sqrt{x}}{6\sqrt{1-3\sqrt{x}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3i} \operatorname{asin}(\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{x})}{18} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((3-1/x**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((3*x**(5/4)/sqrt(3*sqrt(x) - 1) - 3*x**(3/4)/(2*sqrt(3*sqrt(x) - 1)) + x**(1/4)/(6*sqrt(3*sqrt(x) - 1)) - sqrt(3)*acosh(sqrt(3)*x**(1/4))/18, Abs(sqrt(x)) > 1/3), (-3*I*x**(5/4)/sqrt(1 - 3*sqrt(x)) + 3*I*x**(3/4)/(2*sqrt(1 - 3*sqrt(x))) - I*x**(1/4)/(6*sqrt(1 - 3*sqrt(x))) + sqrt(3)*I*asin(sqrt(3)*x**(1/4))/18, True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{36} \sqrt{3} \log \left( -\frac{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 3}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 3}} \right) + \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 3\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3\sqrt{-\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 3}}{6 \left( \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - 3\right)^2 + \frac{6}{\sqrt{x}} - 9 \right)}$$

input `integrate((3-1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/36*sqrt(3)*log(-(sqrt(3) - sqrt(-1/sqrt(x) + 3))/(sqrt(3) + sqrt(-1/sqrt(x) + 3))) + 1/6*((-1/sqrt(x) + 3)^(3/2) + 3*sqrt(-1/sqrt(x) + 3))/((1/sqrt(x) - 3)^2 + 6/sqrt(x) - 9)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{36} \left( 6 \sqrt{3x - \sqrt{x}} (6\sqrt{x} - 1) + \sqrt{3} \log \left( \left| -2\sqrt{3} \left( \sqrt{3}\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{3x - \sqrt{x}} \right) + 1 \right| \right) \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((3-1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/36*(6*sqrt(3*x - sqrt(x))*(6*sqrt(x) - 1) + sqrt(3)*log(abs(-2*sqrt(3)*(sqrt(3)*sqrt(x) - sqrt(3*x - sqrt(x))) + 1)))*sgn(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx = \frac{4x \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}; \frac{5}{2}; 3\sqrt{x}\right)}{3\sqrt{1 - 3\sqrt{x}}}$$

input `int((3 - 1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(4*x*(3 - 1/x^(1/2))^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 3/2], 5/2, 3*x^(1/2)))/(3*(1 - 3*x^(1/2))^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \sqrt{3 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} dx = x^{\frac{3}{4}} \sqrt{3\sqrt{x} - 1} - \frac{x^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{3\sqrt{x} - 1}}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \log\left(\sqrt{3\sqrt{x} - 1} + x^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{3}\right)}{18}$$

input `int((3-1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`output `(18*x**(3/4)*sqrt(3*sqrt(x) - 1) - 3*x**(1/4)*sqrt(3*sqrt(x) - 1) - sqrt(3)*log(sqrt(3*sqrt(x) - 1) + x**(1/4)*sqrt(3)))/18`

$$3.283 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx$$

Optimal result	2055
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2055
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2056
Maple [A] (verified)	2058
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2058
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2059
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2059
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2060
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2060
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2060

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx = -\frac{3}{2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} x + \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} \right)$$

output

```
-3/2*(1+1/x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x^(1/2)+(1+1/x^(1/2))^(1/2)*x+3/2*arctanh((1+1/x^(1/2))^(1/2))
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} (-3 + 2\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x} + 3 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} \right) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[1/Sqrt[1 + 1/Sqrt[x]],x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[1 + 1/Sqrt[x]]*(-3 + 2*Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[x] + 3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/Sqrt[x]]])/2
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {774, 798, 52, 52, 73, 220}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & 2 \int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} d\sqrt{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & -2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} x^{3/2}}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -2 \left( -\frac{3}{4} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} x}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}}{2x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & -2 \left( -\frac{3}{4} \left( -\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x}}} d\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}}{2x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & -2 \left( -\frac{3}{4} \left( - \int \frac{1}{x-1} d\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}}{2x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 220 \\
 & -2 \left( -\frac{3}{4} \left( \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}}{\sqrt{x}} \right) - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}}{2x} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[1 + 1/Sqrt[x]],x]`

output `-2*(-1/2*Sqrt[1 + 1/Sqrt[x]]/x - (3*(-(Sqrt[1 + 1/Sqrt[x]]/Sqrt[x]) + ArcTanh[Sqrt[1 + 1/Sqrt[x]]]))/4)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 220 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTanh[Rt[b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || GtQ[b, 0])`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
meijerg	$\frac{-\frac{\sqrt{\pi} x^{\frac{1}{4}} (-10\sqrt{x}+15)\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{10} + \frac{3\sqrt{\pi} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(x^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)}{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$	38
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{x} \left(4\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} - 6\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}} + 3\ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{(1+\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}}}$	65
derivativedivides	$\frac{(1+\sqrt{x}) \left(4\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}} \sqrt{x} - 6\sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}} + 3\ln\left(\frac{1}{2} + \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x+\sqrt{x}}\right)\right)}{4\sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}}} \sqrt{(1+\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}}}$	67

input `int(1/(1+1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2/Pi^(1/2)*(-1/20*Pi^(1/2)*x^(1/4)*(-10*x^(1/2)+15)*(1+x^(1/2))^(1/2)+3/4*Pi^(1/2)*arcsinh(x^(1/4)))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx = \frac{1}{2} (2x - 3\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{\frac{x + \sqrt{x}}{x}} + \frac{3}{4} \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{x + \sqrt{x}}{x}} + 1 \right) - \frac{3}{4} \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{x + \sqrt{x}}{x}} - 1 \right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(2*x - 3*sqrt(x))*sqrt((x + sqrt(x))/x) + 3/4*log(sqrt((x + sqrt(x))/x) + 1) - 3/4*log(sqrt((x + sqrt(x))/x) - 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx = \frac{x^{\frac{5}{4}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} - \frac{x^{\frac{3}{4}}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} - \frac{3\sqrt[4]{x}}{2\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}} + \frac{3 \operatorname{asinh}(\sqrt[4]{x})}{2}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+1/x**(1/2))**(1/2),x)`output `x**(5/4)/sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1) - x**(3/4)/(2*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)) - 3*x**(1/4)/(2*sqrt(sqrt(x) + 1)) + 3*asinh(x**(1/4))/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx = -\frac{3\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} - 5\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}}{2\left(\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1\right)^2 - \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} - 1\right)} + \frac{3}{4} \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1} + 1\right) - \frac{3}{4} \log\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1} - 1\right)$$

input `integrate(1/(1+1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/2*(3*(1/sqrt(x) + 1)^(3/2) - 5*sqrt(1/sqrt(x) + 1))/((1/sqrt(x) + 1)^2 - 2/sqrt(x) - 1) + 3/4*log(sqrt(1/sqrt(x) + 1) + 1) - 3/4*log(sqrt(1/sqrt(x) + 1) - 1)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}}(2\sqrt{x} - 3) - 3 \log(-2\sqrt{x + \sqrt{x}} + 2\sqrt{x} + 1)}{4 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(2*sqrt(x + sqrt(x))*(2*sqrt(x) - 3) - 3*log(-2*sqrt(x + sqrt(x)) + 2*sqrt(x) + 1))/sgn(x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx = \frac{4x\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}; \frac{7}{2}; -\sqrt{x}\right)}{5\sqrt{\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 1}}$$

input `int(1/(1/x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2),x)`

output `(4*x*(x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 5/2], 7/2, -x^(1/2)))/(5*(1/x^(1/2) + 1)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}}} dx = x^{\frac{3}{4}}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{4}}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1}}{2} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + x^{\frac{1}{4}})}{2}$$

input `int(1/(1+1/x^(1/2))^(1/2),x)`

output  $(2x^{3/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} - 3x^{1/4}\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + 3\log(\sqrt{\sqrt{x} + 1} + x^{1/4}))/2$

**3.284**  $\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx$

Optimal result	2062
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2063
Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2063
Maple [F]	2065
Fricas [F(-1)]	2065
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2066
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2066
Giac [F]	2067
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2067
Reduce [F]	2067

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx = \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} x - \frac{2b^{2/3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 + \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt[3]{a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \sqrt{x}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}} + b^{2/3} \log \left( \sqrt[3]{a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

output

```
(a+b/x^(3/2))^(2/3)*x-2/3*b^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)/(a+b/x^(3/2))^(1/3)/x^(1/2))*3^(1/2))+b^(2/3)*ln((a+b/x^(3/2))^(1/3)-b^(1/3)/x^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 280 vs.  $2(95) = 190$ .

Time = 6.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx =$$

$$\frac{\left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} \left( \sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{b + ax^{3/2}} \right) \left( b^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt[3]{b + ax^{3/2}} + (b + ax^{3/2})^{2/3} \right)^2 \left( 3(b + ax^{3/2})^{2/3} + 2\sqrt{3}b^{2/3} \right)}{3a\sqrt{x} \sqrt[3]{b + ax^{3/2}} (b + ax^{3/2})^{2/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^(3/2))^(2/3),x]
```

output

```
-1/3*((a + b/x^(3/2))^(2/3)*(b^(1/3) - (b + a*x^(3/2))^(1/3))*(b^(2/3) + b
^(1/3)*(b + a*x^(3/2))^(1/3) + (b + a*x^(3/2))^(2/3))^2*(3*(b + a*x^(3/2))
^(2/3) + 2*Sqrt[3]*b^(2/3)*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(b + a*x^(3/2))^(1/3))/b^(1/3))/
Sqrt[3]] + 2*b^(2/3)*Log[-b^(1/3) + (b + a*x^(3/2))^(1/3)] - b^(2/3)*Log[b
^(2/3) + b^(1/3)*(b + a*x^(3/2))^(1/3) + (b + a*x^(3/2))^(2/3)]))/(a*Sqrt[
x]*(b + a*x^(3/2))^(1/3)*(b + a*x^(3/2) + b^(2/3)*(b + a*x^(3/2))^(1/3) +
b^(1/3)*(b + a*x^(3/2))^(2/3)))
```

**Rubi [A] (warning: unable to verify)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {774, 858, 809, 769}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx$$

↓ 774

$$\begin{aligned}
& 2 \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} \sqrt{x} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{858} \\
& -2 \int \frac{(bx^{3/2} + a)^{2/3}}{x^{3/2}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{809} \\
& -2 \left( b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{3/2} + a}} d \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}{2x} \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{769} \\
& -2 \left( b \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt{x}} \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}} + 1}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3/2}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt{x}} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{(a + bx^{3/2})^{2/3}}{2x} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(3/2))^(2/3), x]`

output `-2*(-1/2*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(2/3)/x + b*(ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/3)))/(Sqrt[x]*(a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3))]/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)) - Log[-(b^(1/3)/Sqrt[x]) + (a + b*x^(3/2))^(1/3)]/(2*b^(1/3)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 769 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcTan[(1 + 2*Rt[b, 3]*(x/(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*Rt[b, 3]), x] - Simp[Log[(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) - Rt[b, 3]*x]/(2*Rt[b, 3]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 809

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(c^n*(m + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && !ILtQ[(m + n*p + n + 1)/n, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]
```

rule 858

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^(m + 2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[m]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Timed out
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.48

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx = -\frac{2a^{2/3} x \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{be^{i\pi}}{ax^{3/2}}\right)}{3\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(3/2))**(2/3),x)`

output `-2*a**(2/3)*x*gamma(-2/3)*hyper((-2/3, -2/3), (1/3,), b*exp_polar(I*pi)/(a*x**(3/2)))/(3*gamma(1/3))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\begin{aligned} \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx &= \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{3} b^{2/3} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{3} \left( 2 \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{1/3} \sqrt{x} + b^{1/3} \right)}{3 b^{1/3}} \right) \\ &+ \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} x - \frac{1}{3} b^{2/3} \log \left( \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} x + \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{1/3} b^{1/3} \sqrt{x} + b^{2/3} \right) \\ &+ \frac{2}{3} b^{2/3} \log \left( \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{1/3} \sqrt{x} - b^{1/3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*sqrt(3)*b^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(a + b/x^(3/2))^(1/3)*sqrt(x) + b^(1/3))/b^(1/3)) + (a + b/x^(3/2))^(2/3)*x - 1/3*b^(2/3)*log((a + b/x^(3/2))^(2/3)*x + (a + b/x^(3/2))^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*sqrt(x) + b^(2/3)) + 2/3*b^(2/3)*log((a + b/x^(3/2))^(1/3)*sqrt(x) - b^(1/3))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx = \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(3/2))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^(3/2))^(2/3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx = \frac{x \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} {}_2F_1 \left( -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}; \frac{1}{3}; -\frac{b}{ax^{3/2}} \right)}{\left( \frac{b}{ax^{3/2}} + 1 \right)^{2/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `(x*(a + b/x^(3/2))^(2/3)*hypergeom([-2/3, -2/3], 1/3, -b/(a*x^(3/2))))/(b/(a*x^(3/2)) + 1)^(2/3)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{3/2}} \right)^{2/3} dx = (\sqrt{x} ax + b)^{\frac{2}{3}} - \left( \int \frac{(\sqrt{x} ax + b)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^2 x^4 - b^2 x} dx \right) b^2 + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x} (\sqrt{x} ax + b)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^2 x^3 - b^2} dx \right) ab$$

input `int((a+b/x^(3/2))^(2/3),x)`



output

```
(sqrt(x)*a*x + b)**(2/3) - int((sqrt(x)*a*x + b)**(2/3)/(a**2*x**4 - b**2*x),x)*b**2 + int((sqrt(x)*(sqrt(x)*a*x + b)**(2/3))/(a**2*x**3 - b**2),x)*a*b
```

$$3.285 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^4 dx$$

Optimal result	2069
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2069
Rubi [A] (verified)	2070
Maple [A] (verified)	2071
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2071
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2072
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2072
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2072
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2073
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2073

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^4 dx = \frac{3}{14} b x^{14/3} + \frac{a x^5}{5}$$

output `3/14*b*x^(14/3)+1/5*a*x^5`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^4 dx = \frac{1}{70} (15b + 14a\sqrt[3]{x}) x^{14/3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))*x^4,x]`

output `((15*b + 14*a*x^(1/3))*x^(14/3))/70`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^4 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^4 + bx^{11/3}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{3}{14}bx^{14/3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))*x^4,x]
```

output

```
(3*b*x^(14/3))/14 + (a*x^5)/5
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{ax^5}{5}$	14
default	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{ax^5}{5}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^4+x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{5} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$	26
orering	$\frac{13x^5\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{35} - \frac{3x^2\left(-\frac{bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{3}+4\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^3\right)}{70}$	38

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3/14*b*x^(14/3)+1/5*a*x^5`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^4 dx = \frac{1}{5} ax^5 + \frac{3}{14} bx^{\frac{14}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*a*x^5 + 3/14*b*x^(14/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^4 dx = \frac{ax^5}{5} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))*x**4,x)`output `a*x**5/5 + 3*b*x**(14/3)/14`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^4 dx = \frac{1}{70} \left( 14a + \frac{15b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/70*(14*a + 15*b/x^(1/3))*x^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^4 dx = \frac{1}{5} ax^5 + \frac{3}{14} bx^{\frac{14}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*a*x^5 + 3/14*b*x^(14/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^4 dx = \frac{a x^5}{5} + \frac{3 b x^{14/3}}{14}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b/x^(1/3)),x)`

output `(a*x^5)/5 + (3*b*x^(14/3))/14`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^4 dx = \frac{x^4 (15x^{2/3}b + 14ax)}{70}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^4,x)`

output `(x**4*(15*x**(2/3)*b + 14*a*x))/70`

$$3.286 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^3 dx$$

Optimal result	2074
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2074
Rubi [A] (verified)	2075
Maple [A] (verified)	2076
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2076
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2077
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2077
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2077
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2078
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2078

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^3 dx = \frac{3}{11}bx^{11/3} + \frac{ax^4}{4}$$

output `3/11*b*x^(11/3)+1/4*a*x^4`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^3 dx = \frac{3}{11}bx^{11/3} + \frac{ax^4}{4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))*x^3,x]`

output `(3*b*x^(11/3))/11 + (a*x^4)/4`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^{8/3}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{3}{11}bx^{11/3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))*x^3,x]
```

output

```
(3*b*x^(11/3))/11 + (a*x^4)/4
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{ax^4}{4}$	14
default	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{ax^4}{4}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{4} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$	23
orering	$\frac{5\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^4}{11} - \frac{3x^2\left(-\frac{bx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{3} + 3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^2\right)}{44}$	38

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3/11*b*x^(11/3)+1/4*a*x^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4} ax^4 + \frac{3}{11} bx^{\frac{11}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*a*x^4 + 3/11*b*x^(11/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^3 dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))*x**3,x)`output `a*x**4/4 + 3*b*x**(11/3)/11`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^3 dx = \frac{1}{44} \left( 11a + \frac{12b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/44*(11*a + 12*b/x^(1/3))*x^4`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4} ax^4 + \frac{3}{11} bx^{\frac{11}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*a*x^4 + 3/11*b*x^(11/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^3 dx = \frac{a x^4}{4} + \frac{3 b x^{11/3}}{11}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/x^(1/3)),x)`

output `(a*x^4)/4 + (3*b*x^(11/3))/11`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^3 dx = \frac{x^3 (12x^{2/3}b + 11ax)}{44}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^3,x)`

output `(x**3*(12*x**(2/3)*b + 11*a*x))/44`

$$3.287 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^2 dx$$

Optimal result	2079
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2079
Rubi [A] (verified)	2080
Maple [A] (verified)	2081
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2081
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2082
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2082
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2082
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2083
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2083

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^2 dx = \frac{3}{8}bx^{8/3} + \frac{ax^3}{3}$$

output `3/8*b*x^(8/3)+1/3*a*x^3`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^2 dx = \frac{3}{8}bx^{8/3} + \frac{ax^3}{3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))*x^2,x]`

output `(3*b*x^(8/3))/8 + (a*x^3)/3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^2 + bx^{5/3}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{3}{8}bx^{8/3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))*x^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*b*x^(8/3))/8 + (a*x^3)/3
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{ax^3}{3}$	14
default	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{ax^3}{3}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8}$	20
orering	$\frac{7\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^3}{12} - \frac{x^2\left(-\frac{bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3}+2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x\right)}{8}$	36

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3/8*b*x^(8/3)+1/3*a*x^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} ax^3 + \frac{3}{8} bx^{\frac{8}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*a*x^3 + 3/8*b*x^(8/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^2 dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))*x**2,x)`output `a*x**3/3 + 3*b*x**(8/3)/8`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^2 dx = \frac{1}{24} \left( 8a + \frac{9b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/24*(8*a + 9*b/x^(1/3))*x^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} ax^3 + \frac{3}{8} bx^{\frac{8}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*a*x^3 + 3/8*b*x^(8/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^2 dx = \frac{a x^3}{3} + \frac{3 b x^{8/3}}{8}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/x^(1/3)),x)`output `(a*x^3)/3 + (3*b*x^(8/3))/8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x^2 dx = \frac{x^2 \left( 9x^{2/3} b + 8ax \right)}{24}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))*x^2,x)`output `(x**2*(9*x**(2/3)*b + 8*a*x))/24`



$$3.288 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x \, dx$$

Optimal result	2084
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2084
Rubi [A] (verified)	2085
Maple [A] (verified)	2086
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2086
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2087
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2087
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2087
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2088
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2088

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x \, dx = \frac{3}{5}bx^{5/3} + \frac{ax^2}{2}$$

output `3/5*b*x^(5/3)+1/2*a*x^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x \, dx = \frac{3}{5}bx^{5/3} + \frac{ax^2}{2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))*x,x]`

output `(3*b*x^(5/3))/5 + (a*x^2)/2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int (ax + bx^{2/3}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{3}{5}bx^{5/3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))*x,x]
```

output

```
(3*b*x^(5/3))/5 + (a*x^2)/2
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{ax^2}{2}$	14
default	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{ax^2}{2}$	14
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a(1+x)}{2} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	17
orering	$\frac{4\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^2}{5} - \frac{3x^2\left(\frac{2b}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + a\right)}{10}$	27

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))*x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3/5*b*x^(5/3)+1/2*a*x^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x dx = \frac{1}{2} ax^2 + \frac{3}{5} bx^{\frac{5}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*a*x^2 + 3/5*b*x^(5/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))*x,x)`output `a*x**2/2 + 3*b*x**(5/3)/5`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x dx = \frac{1}{10} \left( 5a + \frac{6b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} \right) x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/10*(5*a + 6*b/x^(1/3))*x^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x dx = \frac{1}{2} ax^2 + \frac{3}{5} bx^{\frac{5}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))*x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*a*x^2 + 3/5*b*x^(5/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x dx = \frac{a x^2}{2} + \frac{3 b x^{5/3}}{5}$$

input `int(x*(a + b/x^(1/3)),x)`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (3*b*x^(5/3))/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) x dx = \frac{x \left( 6x^{2/3} b + 5ax \right)}{10}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))*x,x)`

output `(x*(6*x**(2/3)*b + 5*a*x))/10`

$$3.289 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	2089
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2089
Rubi [A] (verified)	2090
Maple [A] (verified)	2091
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2091
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2092
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2092
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2092
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2093
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2093

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx = \frac{3}{2}bx^{2/3} + ax$$

output `3/2*b*x^(2/3)+a*x`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx = \frac{3}{2}bx^{2/3} + ax$$

input `Integrate[a + b/x^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*b*x^(2/3))/2 + a*x`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{3}{2}bx^{2/3}$$

input `Int[a + b/x^(1/3),x]`

output `(3*b*x^(2/3))/2 + a*x`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + ax$	11
default	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + ax$	11
risch	$\frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + ax$	11
trager	$a(-1 + x) + \frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2}$	13
orering	$\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x + \frac{bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2}$	17

input `int(a+b/x^(1/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3/2*b*x^(2/3)+a*x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx = ax + \frac{3}{2}bx^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

input `integrate(a+b/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `a*x + 3/2*b*x^(2/3)`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx = ax + \frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2}$$

input `integrate(a+b/x**(1/3),x)`

output `a*x + 3*b*x**(2/3)/2`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx = ax + \frac{3}{2} bx^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

input `integrate(a+b/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + 3/2*b*x^(2/3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx = ax + \frac{3}{2} bx^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

input `integrate(a+b/x^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x + 3/2*b*x^(2/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx = ax + \frac{3bx^{2/3}}{2}$$

input `int(a + b/x^(1/3), x)`

output `a*x + (3*b*x^(2/3))/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) dx = \frac{3x^{2/3}b}{2} + ax$$

input `int(a+b/x^(1/3), x)`

output `(3*x**(2/3)*b + 2*a*x)/2`

$$3.290 \quad \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2094
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2094
Rubi [A] (verified)	2095
Maple [A] (verified)	2096
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2096
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2096
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2097
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2097
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2097
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2098

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx = -\frac{3b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + a \log(x)$$

output `-3*b/x^(1/3)+a*ln(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx = -\frac{3b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + a \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))/x,x]`

output `(-3*b)/x^(1/3) + a*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{x^{4/3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a \log(x) - \frac{3b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))/x,x]`

output `(-3*b)/x^(1/3) + a*Log[x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + a \ln(x)$	12
default	$-\frac{3b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + a \ln(x)$	12
trager	$-\frac{3b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - a \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	15

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-3*b/x^(1/3)+a*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx = \frac{3 \left( ax \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - bx^{\frac{2}{3}} \right)}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3*(a*x*log(x^(1/3)) - b*x^(2/3))/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx = a \log(x) - \frac{3b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))/x,x)`

output `a*log(x) - 3*b/x**(1/3)`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 11, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx = a \log(x) - \frac{3b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*log(x) - 3*b/x^(1/3)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx = a \log(|x|) - \frac{3b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*log(abs(x)) - 3*b/x^(1/3)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx = 3a \ln(x^{1/3}) - \frac{3b}{x^{1/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))/x,x)`

output `3*a*log(x^(1/3)) - (3*b)/x^(1/3)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x} dx = \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log(x) a - 3b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x)`

output `(x**(1/3)*log(x)*a - 3*b)/x**(1/3)`

$$3.291 \quad \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2099
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2099
Rubi [A] (verified)	2100
Maple [A] (verified)	2101
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2101
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2102
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2102
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2102
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2103
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2103

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 17

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3b}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{a}{x}$$

output `-3/4*b/x^(4/3)-a/x`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3b}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{a}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x]`

output `(-3*b)/(4*x^(4/3)) - a/x`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^2} + \frac{b}{x^{7/3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{3b}{4x^{4/3}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x]`

output `(-3*b)/(4*x^(4/3)) - a/x`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{a}{x}$	14
default	$-\frac{3b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{a}{x}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{3b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$	16
orering	$-\frac{5\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{2x} - \frac{3\left(-\frac{b}{3x^{\frac{10}{3}}}-\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)x^2}{4}$	38

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-3/4*b/x^(4/3)-a/x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{4ax + 3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{4x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/4*(4*a*x + 3*b*x^(2/3))/x^2`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{3b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))/x**2,x)`

output `-a/x - 3*b/(4*x**(4/3))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 47 vs. 2(13) = 26.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4}{4 b^3} + \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3 a}{b^3} - \frac{3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 a^2}{2 b^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^4/b^3 + 2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*a/b^3 - 3/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*a^2/b^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{4ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-1/4*(4*a*x^{(1/3)} + 3*b)/x^{(4/3)}$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{3b}{4x^{4/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x)`

output  $- a/x - (3*b)/(4*x^{(4/3)})$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^2} dx = \frac{-4x^{\frac{1}{3}}a - 3b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x)`

output  $( - 4*x^{(1/3)}*a - 3*b)/(4*x^{(1/3)}*x)$

$$3.292 \quad \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2104
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2104
Rubi [A] (verified)	2105
Maple [A] (verified)	2106
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2106
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2107
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2107
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2108
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2108
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2108

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3b}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{a}{2x^2}$$

output `-3/7*b/x^(7/3)-1/2*a/x^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-6b - 7a\sqrt[3]{x}}{14x^{7/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x]`

output `(-6*b - 7*a*x^(1/3))/(14*x^(7/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^3} + \frac{b}{x^{10/3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{7x^{7/3}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x]`

output `(-3*b)/(7*x^(7/3)) - a/(2*x^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{a}{2x^2}$	14
default	$-\frac{3b}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{a}{2x^2}$	14
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a(1+x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$	20
orering	$-\frac{8\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{7x^2} - \frac{3x^2\left(-\frac{b}{3x^{\frac{13}{3}}}-\frac{3\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{x^4}\right)}{14}$	38

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-3/7*b/x^(7/3)-1/2*a/x^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{7ax + 6bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{14x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/14*(7*a*x + 6*b*x^(2/3))/x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{7x^{7/3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))/x**3,x)`

output `-a/(2*x**2) - 3*b/(7*x**(7/3))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(13) = 26.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.16

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^7}{7b^6} + \frac{5 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^6 a}{2b^6} - \frac{6 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^5 a^2}{b^6} \\ + \frac{15 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^4 a^3}{2b^6} - \frac{5 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^3 a^4}{b^6} + \frac{3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2 a^5}{2b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/7*(a + b/x^(1/3))^7/b^6 + 5/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^6*a/b^6 - 6*(a + b/x^(1/3))^5*a^2/b^6 + 15/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^4*a^3/b^6 - 5*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*a^4/b^6 + 3/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*a^5/b^6`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{7ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + 6b}{14x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/14*(7*a*x^(1/3) + 6*b)/x^(7/3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{3b}{7x^{7/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x)`output `- a/(2*x^2) - (3*b)/(7*x^(7/3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^3} dx = \frac{-7x^{\frac{1}{3}}a - 6b}{14x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x)`output `( - 7*x**(1/3)*a - 6*b)/(14*x**(1/3)*x**2)`

$$3.293 \quad \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2109
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2109
Rubi [A] (verified)	2110
Maple [A] (verified)	2111
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2111
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2112
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2112
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2113
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2113
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2113

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3b}{10x^{10/3}} - \frac{a}{3x^3}$$

output `-3/10*b/x^(10/3)-1/3*a/x^3`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-9b - 10a\sqrt[3]{x}}{30x^{10/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x]`

output `(-9*b - 10*a*x^(1/3))/(30*x^(10/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^4} + \frac{b}{x^{13/3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{10x^{10/3}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x]`

output `(-3*b)/(10*x^(10/3)) - a/(3*x^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{a}{3x^3}$	14
default	$-\frac{3b}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{a}{3x^3}$	14
trager	$\frac{a(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$	23
orering	$-\frac{11\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{15x^3} - \frac{x^2\left(-\frac{b}{3x^{\frac{16}{3}}}-\frac{4\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{x^5}\right)}{10}$	38

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-3/10*b/x^(10/3)-1/3*a/x^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{10ax + 9bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{30x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/30*(10*a*x + 9*b*x^(2/3))/x^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))/x**4,x)`

output `-a/(3*x**3) - 3*b/(10*x**(10/3))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs.  $2(13) = 26$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.84

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx = & -\frac{3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{10}}{10 b^9} + \frac{8 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^9 a}{3 b^9} - \frac{21 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^8 a^2}{2 b^9} \\ & + \frac{24 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^7 a^3}{b^9} - \frac{35 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^6 a^4}{b^9} + \frac{168 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5 a^5}{5 b^9} \\ & - \frac{21 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4 a^6}{b^9} + \frac{8 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3 a^7}{b^9} - \frac{3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 a^8}{2 b^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-3/10*(a + b/x^(1/3))^10/b^9 + 8/3*(a + b/x^(1/3))^9*a/b^9 - 21/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^8*a^2/b^9 + 24*(a + b/x^(1/3))^7*a^3/b^9 - 35*(a + b/x^(1/3))^6*a^4/b^9 + 168/5*(a + b/x^(1/3))^5*a^5/b^9 - 21*(a + b/x^(1/3))^4*a^6/b^9 + 8*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*a^7/b^9 - 3/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*a^8/b^9`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{10ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + 9b}{30x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/30*(10*a*x^(1/3) + 9*b)/x^(10/3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a}{3x^3} - \frac{3b}{10x^{10/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x)`output `- a/(3*x^3) - (3*b)/(10*x^(10/3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^4} dx = \frac{-10x^{\frac{1}{3}}a - 9b}{30x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x)`output `( - 10*x**(1/3)*a - 9*b)/(30*x**(1/3)*x**3)`

$$3.294 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^4 dx$$

Optimal result	2114
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2114
Rubi [A] (verified)	2115
Maple [A] (verified)	2116
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2117
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2117
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2117
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2118
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2118
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2118

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^4 dx = \frac{3}{13} b^2 x^{13/3} + \frac{3}{7} a b x^{14/3} + \frac{a^2 x^5}{5}$$

output `3/13*b^2*x^(13/3)+3/7*a*b*x^(14/3)+1/5*a^2*x^5`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{455} (105b^2 + 195ab\sqrt[3]{x} + 91a^2x^{2/3}) x^{13/3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x]`

output `((105*b^2 + 195*a*b*x^(1/3) + 91*a^2*x^(2/3))*x^(13/3))/455`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int x^{10/3} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2 x^4 d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( a^2 x^{14/3} + 2abx^{13/3} + b^2 x^4 \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{a^2 x^5}{15} + \frac{1}{7} abx^{14/3} + \frac{1}{13} b^2 x^{13/3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x]`

output `3*((b^2*x^(13/3))/13 + (a*b*x^(14/3))/7 + (a^2*x^5)/15)`



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3b^2x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{7} + \frac{a^2x^5}{5}$
default	$\frac{3b^2x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{7} + \frac{a^2x^5}{5}$
trager	$\frac{a^2(x^4+x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{5} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{7}$
oring	$\frac{47x^5\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{91} - \frac{99x^2\left(-\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^{\frac{8}{3}}b}{3}+4\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x^3\right)}{910} + \frac{9x^3\left(\frac{2x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^2}{9}-\frac{40\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^{\frac{5}{3}}b}{9}+12\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x^2\right)}{910}$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/13*b^2*x^(13/3)+3/7*a*b*x^(14/3)+1/5*a^2*x^5`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{5} a^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{7} abx^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{3}{13} b^2 x^{\frac{13}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/5*a^2*x^5 + 3/7*a*b*x^(14/3) + 3/13*b^2*x^(13/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^4 dx = \frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**2*x**4,x)`

output `a**2*x**5/5 + 3*a*b*x**(14/3)/7 + 3*b**2*x**(13/3)/13`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{455} \left( 91 a^2 + \frac{195 ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{105 b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right) x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/455*(91*a^2 + 195*a*b/x^(1/3) + 105*b^2/x^(2/3))*x^5`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{5} a^2 x^5 + \frac{3}{7} a b x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{3}{13} b^2 x^{\frac{13}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*a^2*x^5 + 3/7*a*b*x^(14/3) + 3/13*b^2*x^(13/3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^4 dx = \frac{a^2 x^5}{5} + \frac{3 b^2 x^{13/3}}{13} + \frac{3 a b x^{14/3}}{7}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`output `(a^2*x^5)/5 + (3*b^2*x^(13/3))/13 + (3*a*b*x^(14/3))/7`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^4 dx = \frac{x^4 \left( 195 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b + 105 x^{\frac{1}{3}} b^2 + 91 a^2 x \right)}{455}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^4,x)`output `(x**4*(195*x**(2/3)*a*b + 105*x**(1/3)*b**2 + 91*a**2*x))/455`

$$3.295 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^3 dx$$

Optimal result	2119
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2119
Rubi [A] (verified)	2120
Maple [A] (verified)	2121
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2122
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2122
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2122
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2123
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2123
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2123

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^3 dx = \frac{3}{10} b^2 x^{10/3} + \frac{6}{11} a b x^{11/3} + \frac{a^2 x^4}{4}$$

output `3/10*b^2*x^(10/3)+6/11*a*b*x^(11/3)+1/4*a^2*x^4`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{220} (66b^2 + 120ab\sqrt[3]{x} + 55a^2x^{2/3}) x^{10/3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x]`

output `((66*b^2 + 120*a*b*x^(1/3) + 55*a^2*x^(2/3))*x^(10/3))/220`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int x^{7/3} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2 x^3 d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( a^2 x^{11/3} + 2abx^{10/3} + b^2 x^3 \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{a^2 x^4}{12} + \frac{2}{11} abx^{11/3} + \frac{1}{10} b^2 x^{10/3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x]`

output `3*((b^2*x^(10/3))/10 + (2*a*b*x^(11/3))/11 + (a^2*x^4)/12)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$
- rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NegQ}[n]$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3b^2x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{a^2x^4}{4}$
default	$\frac{3b^2x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{a^2x^4}{4}$
trager	$\frac{a^2(x^3+x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{4} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$
oring	$\frac{34\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x^4}{55} - \frac{9x^2\left(-\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^{\frac{5}{3}}b}{3}+3\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x^2\right)}{55} + \frac{9x^3\left(\frac{2x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2}{9}-\frac{28\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^{\frac{2}{3}}b}{9}+6\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x\right)}{440}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^{(1/3)})^2*x^3,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$ output  $3/10*b^2*x^{(10/3)}+6/11*a*b*x^{(11/3)}+1/4*a^2*x^4$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4} a^2 x^4 + \frac{6}{11} abx^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{3}{10} b^2 x^{\frac{10}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*a^2*x^4 + 6/11*a*b*x^(11/3) + 3/10*b^2*x^(10/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^3 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**2*x**3,x)`

output `a**2*x**4/4 + 6*a*b*x**(11/3)/11 + 3*b**2*x**(10/3)/10`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{220} \left( 55 a^2 + \frac{120 ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{66 b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right) x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/220*(55*a^2 + 120*a*b/x^(1/3) + 66*b^2/x^(2/3))*x^4`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4} a^2 x^4 + \frac{6}{11} abx^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{3}{10} b^2 x^{\frac{10}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*a^2*x^4 + 6/11*a*b*x^(11/3) + 3/10*b^2*x^(10/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^3 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{3 b^2 x^{10/3}}{10} + \frac{6 a b x^{11/3}}{11}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^4)/4 + (3*b^2*x^(10/3))/10 + (6*a*b*x^(11/3))/11`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^3 dx = \frac{x^3 \left( 120x^{\frac{2}{3}} ab + 66x^{\frac{1}{3}} b^2 + 55a^2 x \right)}{220}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^3,x)`

output `(x**3*(120*x**(2/3)*a*b + 66*x**(1/3)*b**2 + 55*a**2*x))/220`



$$3.296 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^2 dx$$

Optimal result	2124
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2124
Rubi [A] (verified)	2125
Maple [A] (verified)	2126
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2127
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2127
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2127
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2128
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2128
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2128

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^2 dx = \frac{3}{7} b^2 x^{7/3} + \frac{3}{4} a b x^{8/3} + \frac{a^2 x^3}{3}$$

output  $3/7*b^2*x^(7/3)+3/4*a*b*x^(8/3)+1/3*a^2*x^3$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{84} (36b^2 + 63ab\sqrt[3]{x} + 28a^2x^{2/3}) x^{7/3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x]`

output  $((36*b^2 + 63*a*b*x^(1/3) + 28*a^2*x^(2/3))*x^(7/3))/84$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int x^{4/3} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2 x^2 d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( a^2 x^{8/3} + 2abx^{7/3} + b^2 x^2 \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{a^2 x^3}{9} + \frac{1}{4} abx^{8/3} + \frac{1}{7} b^2 x^{7/3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x]`

output `3*((b^2*x^(7/3))/7 + (a*b*x^(8/3))/4 + (a^2*x^3)/9)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

- rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`
  
- rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`
  
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
  
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{4} + \frac{a^2x^3}{3}$	25
default	$\frac{3b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{4} + \frac{a^2x^3}{3}$	25
trager	$\frac{a^2(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{4}$	31
oring	$\frac{16\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x^3}{21} - \frac{15x^2\left(-\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)x^{\frac{2}{3}}b}{3}+2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x\right)}{56} + \frac{3x^3\left(\frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{2}{3}}}-\frac{16\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b}{9x^{\frac{1}{3}}}-2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2\right)}{56}$	85

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/7*b^2*x^(7/3)+3/4*a*b*x^(8/3)+1/3*a^2*x^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{4} abx^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{3}{7} b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*a^2*x^3 + 3/4*a*b*x^(8/3) + 3/7*b^2*x^(7/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{4} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**2*x**2,x)`

output `a**2*x**3/3 + 3*a*b*x**(8/3)/4 + 3*b**2*x**(7/3)/7`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{84} \left( 28 a^2 + \frac{63 ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{36 b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right) x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/84*(28*a^2 + 63*a*b/x^(1/3) + 36*b^2/x^(2/3))*x^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} a^2 x^3 + \frac{3}{4} a b x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{3}{7} b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*a^2*x^3 + 3/4*a*b*x^(8/3) + 3/7*b^2*x^(7/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{3 b^2 x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{3 a b x^{8/3}}{4}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^3)/3 + (3*b^2*x^(7/3))/7 + (3*a*b*x^(8/3))/4`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x^2 dx = \frac{x^2 \left( 63 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b + 36 x^{\frac{1}{3}} b^2 + 28 a^2 x \right)}{84}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x^2,x)`

output `(x**2*(63*x**(2/3)*a*b + 36*x**(1/3)*b**2 + 28*a**2*x))/84`

$$3.297 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x dx$$

Optimal result	2129
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2129
Rubi [A] (verified)	2130
Maple [A] (verified)	2131
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2132
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2132
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2132
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2133
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2133
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2133

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x dx = \frac{3}{4} b^2 x^{4/3} + \frac{6}{5} a b x^{5/3} + \frac{a^2 x^2}{2}$$

output  $3/4*b^2*x^(4/3)+6/5*a*b*x^(5/3)+1/2*a^2*x^2$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x dx = \frac{1}{20} (15b^2 + 24ab\sqrt[3]{x} + 10a^2x^{2/3}) x^{4/3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x,x]`

output  $((15*b^2 + 24*a*b*x^(1/3) + 10*a^2*x^(2/3))*x^(4/3))/20$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \sqrt[3]{x} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int (\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^2 x d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( x^{5/3}a^2 + 2bx^{4/3}a + b^2x \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{a^2x^2}{6} + \frac{2}{5}abx^{5/3} + \frac{1}{4}b^2x^{4/3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x,x]`

output `3*((b^2*x^(4/3))/4 + (2*a*b*x^(5/3))/5 + (a^2*x^2)/6)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$
- rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NegQ}[n]$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^2}{4} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{a^2x^2}{2}$	25
default	$\frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^2}{4} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{a^2x^2}{2}$	25
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a^2(1+x)}{2} + \frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}b^2}{4} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$	28
oring	$\frac{19\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 x^2}{20} - \frac{9x^2 \left( -\frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 \right)}{20} + \frac{9x^3 \left( \frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{4\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b}{9x^{\frac{4}{3}}} \right)}{40}$	71

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^{(1/3)})^2*x, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$ output  $3/4*x^{(4/3)}*b^2+6/5*a*b*x^{(5/3)}+1/2*a^2*x^2$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x dx = \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2 + \frac{6}{5} abx^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{3}{4} b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*a^2*x^2 + 6/5*a*b*x^(5/3) + 3/4*b^2*x^(4/3)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**2*x,x)`

output `a**2*x**2/2 + 6*a*b*x**(5/3)/5 + 3*b**2*x**(4/3)/4`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x dx = \frac{1}{20} \left( 10 a^2 + \frac{24 ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{15 b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right) x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/20*(10*a^2 + 24*a*b/x^(1/3) + 15*b^2/x^(2/3))*x^2`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x dx = \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2 + \frac{6}{5} a b x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{3}{4} b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a^2*x^2 + 6/5*a*b*x^(5/3) + 3/4*b^2*x^(4/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{3 b^2 x^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{6 a b x^{5/3}}{5}$$

input `int(x*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^2)/2 + (3*b^2*x^(4/3))/4 + (6*a*b*x^(5/3))/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 x dx = \frac{x \left( 24 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b + 15 x^{\frac{1}{3}} b^2 + 10 a^2 x \right)}{20}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2*x,x)`

output `(x*(24*x**(2/3)*a*b + 15*x**(1/3)*b**2 + 10*a**2*x))/20`

$$3.298 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx$$

Optimal result	2134
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2134
Rubi [A] (verified)	2135
Maple [A] (verified)	2136
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2136
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2137
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2137
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2137
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2138
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2138

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx = \frac{(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^3}{a}$$

output `(b+a*x^(1/3))^3/a`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx = 3b^2\sqrt[3]{x} + 3abx^{2/3} + a^2x$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x]`

output `3*b^2*x^(1/3) + 3*a*b*x^(2/3) + a^2*x`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 746$$

$$\frac{x \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3}{a}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x]`

output `((a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x)/a`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{a}$	14
default	$\frac{(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^3}{a}$	14
trager	$a^2(-1+x) + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2 + 3x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab$	24
orering	$\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 x - 3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) x^{\frac{2}{3}}b + \frac{9x^3 \left(\frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{8\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b}{9x^{\frac{7}{3}}}\right)}{2}$	53

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(b+a*x^(1/3))^3/a`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 dx = a^2x + 3abx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `a^2*x + 3*a*b*x^(2/3) + 3*b^2*x^(1/3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 24 vs.  $2(10) = 20$ .

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx = a^2x + 3abx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3b^2\sqrt[3]{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**2,x)`

output `a**2*x + 3*a*b*x**(2/3) + 3*b**2*x**(1/3)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx = a^2x + 3abx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*x + 3*a*b*x^(2/3) + 3*b^2*x^(1/3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx = a^2x + 3abx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a^2*x + 3*a*b*x^(2/3) + 3*b^2*x^(1/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx = a^2 x + 3b^2 x^{1/3} + 3abx^{2/3}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`output `a^2*x + 3*b^2*x^(1/3) + 3*a*b*x^(2/3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2 dx = 3x^{2/3}ab + 3x^{1/3}b^2 + a^2x$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`output `3*x**(2/3)*a*b + 3*x**(1/3)*b**2 + a**2*x`

**3.299** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2139
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2139
Rubi [A] (verified)	2140
Maple [A] (verified)	2141
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2142
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2142
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2142
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2143
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2143
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2143

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx = -\frac{3b^2}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{6ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + a^2 \log(x)$$

output `-3/2*b^2/x^(2/3)-6*a*b/x^(1/3)+a^2*ln(x)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx = -\frac{3b(b + 4a\sqrt[3]{x})}{2x^{2/3}} + a^2 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x]`

output `(-3*b*(b + 4*a*x^(1/3)))/(2*x^(2/3)) + a^2*Log[x]`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \frac{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2}{x^{5/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^2}{x} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{2ba}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{b^2}{x} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( a^2 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{2ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{b^2}{2x^{2/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x]`

output `3*(-1/2*b^2/x^(2/3) - (2*a*b)/x^(1/3) + a^2*Log[x^(1/3)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*  
(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{6ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + a^2 \ln(x)$	23
default	$-\frac{3b^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{6ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + a^2 \ln(x)$	23
trager	$-\frac{3b^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{6ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - a^2 \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	26

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3/2*b^2/x^(2/3)-6*a*b/x^(1/3)+a^2*ln(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx = \frac{3 \left(2 a^2 x \log \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 4 a b x^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2 x}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3/2*(2*a^2*x*log(x^(1/3)) - 4*a*b*x^(2/3) - b^2*x^(1/3))/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx = a^2 \log(x) - \frac{6ab}{\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3b^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**2/x,x)`output `a**2*log(x) - 6*a*b/x**(1/3) - 3*b**2/(2*x**(2/3))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx = a^2 \log(x) - \frac{6ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*log(x) - 6*a*b/x^(1/3) - 3/2*b^2/x^(2/3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx = a^2 \log(|x|) - \frac{3\left(4abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^2\right)}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `a^2*log(abs(x)) - 3/2*(4*a*b*x^(1/3) + b^2)/x^(2/3)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx = 3a^2 \ln(x^{1/3}) - \frac{\frac{3b^2}{2} + 6abx^{1/3}}{x^{2/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x)`output `3*a^2*log(x^(1/3)) - ((3*b^2)/2 + 6*a*b*x^(1/3))/x^(2/3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x} dx = \frac{2x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log(x) a^2 - 12x^{\frac{1}{3}} ab - 3b^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x)`output `(2*x**(2/3)*log(x)*a**2 - 12*x**(1/3)*a*b - 3*b**2)/(2*x**(2/3))`

$$3.300 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2144
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2144
Rubi [A] (verified)	2145
Maple [A] (verified)	2146
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2147
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2147
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2147
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2148
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2148
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2149

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3b^2}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{3ab}{2x^{4/3}} - \frac{a^2}{x}$$

output

```
-3/5*b^2/x^(5/3)-3/2*a*b/x^(4/3)-a^2/x
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{-6b^2 - 15ab\sqrt[3]{x} - 10a^2x^{2/3}}{10x^{5/3}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(-6*b^2 - 15*a*b*x^(1/3) - 10*a^2*x^(2/3))/(10*x^(5/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \frac{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2}{x^{8/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^2}{x^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{2ba}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{b^2}{x^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{3x} - \frac{ab}{2x^{4/3}} - \frac{b^2}{5x^{5/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x]`

output `3*(-1/5*b^2/x^(5/3) - (a*b)/(2*x^(4/3)) - a^2/(3*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 795 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*
(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b^2}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{3ab}{2x^{4/3}} - \frac{a^2}{x}$	25
default	$-\frac{3b^2}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{3ab}{2x^{4/3}} - \frac{a^2}{x}$	25
trager	$\frac{a^2(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{3b^2}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{3ab}{2x^{4/3}}$	27
oring	$-\frac{23\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2}{5x} - \frac{63\left(-\frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)b}{3x^{10/3}} - \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2}{x^3}\right)x^2}{20} - \frac{9x^3\left(\frac{2b^2}{9x^{14/3}} + \frac{32\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)b}{9x^{13/3}} + \frac{6\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2}{x^4}\right)}{20}$	90

```
input int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3/5*b^2/x^(5/3)-3/2*a*b/x^(4/3)-a^2/x
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{10a^2x + 15abx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{10x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/10*(10*a^2*x + 15*a*b*x^(2/3) + 6*b^2*x^(1/3))/x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{3ab}{2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**2/x**2,x)`output `-a**2/x - 3*a*b/(2*x**(4/3)) - 3*b**2/(5*x**(5/3))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5}{5b^3} + \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4 a}{2b^3} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3 a^2}{b^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output 
$$-3/5*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^5/b^3 + 3/2*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^4*a/b^3 - (a + b/x^{(1/3)})^3*a^2/b^3$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{10 a^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 a b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 6 b^2}{10 x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/10*(10*a^2*x^{(2/3)} + 15*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 6*b^2)/x^{(5/3)}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{3 b^2}{5 x^{5/3}} - \frac{3 a b}{2 x^{4/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x)`

output 
$$- a^2/x - (3*b^2)/(5*x^{(5/3)}) - (3*a*b)/(2*x^{(4/3)})$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{-10x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2 - 15x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab - 6b^2}{10x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x)`

output `( - 10*x**(2/3)*a**2 - 15*x**(1/3)*a*b - 6*b**2)/(10*x**(2/3)*x)`

$$3.301 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2150
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2150
Rubi [A] (verified)	2151
Maple [A] (verified)	2152
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2153
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2153
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2153
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2154
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2154
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2155

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3b^2}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{6ab}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{a^2}{2x^2}$$

output  $-3/8*b^2/x^{(8/3)}-6/7*a*b/x^{(7/3)}-1/2*a^2/x^2$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{-21b^2 - 48ab\sqrt[3]{x} - 28a^2x^{2/3}}{56x^{8/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x]`

output  $(-21*b^2 - 48*a*b*x^{(1/3)} - 28*a^2*x^{(2/3)})/(56*x^{(8/3)})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \frac{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2}{x^{11/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^2}{x^3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{2ba}{x^{8/3}} + \frac{b^2}{x^3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{6x^2} - \frac{2ab}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{b^2}{8x^{8/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x]`

output `3*(-1/8*b^2/x^(8/3) - (2*a*b)/(7*x^(7/3)) - a^2/(6*x^2))`

Defintions of rubi rules used

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 795 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*
(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b^2}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{6ab}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{a^2}{2x^2}$	25
default	$-\frac{3b^2}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{6ab}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{a^2}{2x^2}$	25
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)a^2(1+x)}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^2}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{6ab}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$	31
oring	$-\frac{109\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{56x^2} - \frac{45x^2\left(-\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b}{3x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{3\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{x^4}\right)}{56} - \frac{9x^3\left(\frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{17}{3}}} + \frac{44\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b}{9x^{\frac{16}{3}}} + \frac{12\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{x^5}\right)}{112}$	90

```
input int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3/8*b^2/x^(8/3)-6/7*a*b/x^(7/3)-1/2*a^2/x^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{28a^2x + 48abx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 21b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{56x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/56*(28*a^2*x + 48*a*b*x^(2/3) + 21*b^2*x^(1/3))/x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{6ab}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**2/x**3,x)`

output `-a**2/(2*x**2) - 6*a*b/(7*x**(7/3)) - 3*b**2/(8*x**(8/3))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^8}{8b^6} + \frac{15\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^7 a}{7b^6} - \frac{5\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^6 a^2}{b^6} \\ + \frac{6\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5 a^3}{b^6} - \frac{15\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4 a^4}{4b^6} + \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3 a^5}{b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-3/8*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^8/b^6 + 15/7*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^7*a/b^6 - 5*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^6*a^2/b^6 + 6*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^5*a^3/b^6 - 15/4*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^4*a^4/b^6 + (a + b/x^{(1/3)})^3*a^5/b^6$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{28 a^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 48 a b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 21 b^2}{56 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/56*(28*a^2*x^{(2/3)} + 48*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 21*b^2)/x^{(8/3)}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{3b^2}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{6ab}{7x^{7/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x)`

output 
$$- a^2/(2*x^2) - (3*b^2)/(8*x^{(8/3)}) - (6*a*b)/(7*x^{(7/3)})$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{-28x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2 - 48x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab - 21b^2}{56x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x)`output `( - 28*x**(2/3)*a**2 - 48*x**(1/3)*a*b - 21*b**2)/(56*x**(2/3)*x**2)`



**3.302** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2156
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2156
Rubi [A] (verified)	2157
Maple [A] (verified)	2158
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2159
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2159
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2159
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2160
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2160
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2161

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{3b^2}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{3ab}{5x^{10/3}} - \frac{a^2}{3x^3}$$

output `-3/11*b^2/x^(11/3)-3/5*a*b/x^(10/3)-1/3*a^2/x^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{-45b^2 - 99ab\sqrt[3]{x} - 55a^2x^{2/3}}{165x^{11/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x]`

output `(-45*b^2 - 99*a*b*x^(1/3) - 55*a^2*x^(2/3))/(165*x^(11/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \frac{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2}{x^{14/3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^2}{x^4} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{2ba}{x^{11/3}} + \frac{b^2}{x^4} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2}{9x^3} - \frac{ab}{5x^{10/3}} - \frac{b^2}{11x^{11/3}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x]`

output `3*(-1/11*b^2/x^(11/3) - (a*b)/(5*x^(10/3)) - a^2/(9*x^3))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 795 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*
(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3b^2}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3ab}{5x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{a^2}{3x^3}$	25
default	$-\frac{3b^2}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3ab}{5x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{a^2}{3x^3}$	25
trager	$\frac{a^2(x^2+x+1)(-1+x)}{3x^3} - \frac{3b^2}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{3ab}{5x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$	34
oring	$-\frac{199\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{165x^3} - \frac{39x^2\left(-\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b}{3x^{\frac{3}{3}}} - \frac{4\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{x^5}\right)}{110} - \frac{3x^3\left(\frac{2b^2}{9x^{\frac{20}{3}}} + \frac{56\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b}{9x^{\frac{19}{3}}} + \frac{20\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{x^6}\right)}{110}$	90

```
input int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -3/11*b^2/x^(11/3)-3/5*a*b/x^(10/3)-1/3*a^2/x^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{55a^2x + 99abx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 45b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{165x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/165*(55*a^2*x + 99*a*b*x^(2/3) + 45*b^2*x^(1/3))/x^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2}{3x^3} - \frac{3ab}{5x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**2/x**4,x)`

output `-a**2/(3*x**3) - 3*a*b/(5*x**(10/3)) - 3*b**2/(11*x**(11/3))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.38

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx = & -\frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{11}}{11b^9} + \frac{12\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{10}a}{5b^9} - \frac{28\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^9a^2}{3b^9} \\ & + \frac{21\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^8a^3}{b^9} - \frac{30\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^7a^4}{b^9} + \frac{28\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^6a^5}{b^9} \\ & - \frac{84\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5a^6}{5b^9} + \frac{6\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4a^7}{b^9} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3a^8}{b^9} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-3/11*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^{11}/b^9 + 12/5*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^{10}*a/b^9 - 28/3*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^9*a^2/b^9 + 21*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^8*a^3/b^9 - 30*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^7*a^4/b^9 + 28*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^6*a^5/b^9 - 84/5*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^5*a^6/b^9 + 6*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^4*a^7/b^9 - (a + b/x^{(1/3)})^3*a^8/b^9$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{55 a^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 99 a b x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 45 b^2}{165 x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/165*(55*a^2*x^{(2/3)} + 99*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 45*b^2)/x^{(11/3)}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^2}{3 x^3} - \frac{3 b^2}{11 x^{11/3}} - \frac{3 a b}{5 x^{10/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x)`

output 
$$- a^2/(3*x^3) - (3*b^2)/(11*x^{(11/3)}) - (3*a*b)/(5*x^{(10/3)})$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2}{x^4} dx = \frac{-55x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2 - 99x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab - 45b^2}{165x^{\frac{11}{3}}}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x)`

output `( - 55*x**(2/3)*a**2 - 99*x**(1/3)*a*b - 45*b**2)/(165*x**(2/3)*x**3)`

**3.303**  $\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^4 dx$

Optimal result	2162
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2162
Rubi [A] (verified)	2163
Maple [A] (verified)	2164
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2165
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2165
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2165
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2166
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2166
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2166

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^4 dx = \frac{b^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{9}{13} ab^2 x^{13/3} + \frac{9}{14} a^2 b x^{14/3} + \frac{a^3 x^5}{5}$$

output `1/4*b^3*x^4+9/13*a*b^2*x^(13/3)+9/14*a^2*b*x^(14/3)+1/5*a^3*x^5`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^4 dx = \frac{455b^3x^4 + 1260ab^2x^{13/3} + 1170a^2bx^{14/3} + 364a^3x^5}{1820}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x]`

output `(455*b^3*x^4 + 1260*a*b^2*x^(13/3) + 1170*a^2*b*x^(14/3) + 364*a^3*x^5)/1820`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^4 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int x^3 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int (\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^3 x^{11/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( a^3 x^{14/3} + 3a^2 b x^{13/3} + 3ab^2 x^4 + b^3 x^{11/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{a^3 x^5}{15} + \frac{3}{14} a^2 b x^{14/3} + \frac{3}{13} a b^2 x^{13/3} + \frac{b^3 x^4}{12} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x]`

output `3*((b^3*x^4)/12 + (3*a*b^2*x^(13/3))/13 + (3*a^2*b*x^(14/3))/14 + (a^3*x^5)/15)`



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NegQ}[n]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^3x^4}{4} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{a^3x^5}{5}$
default	$\frac{b^3x^4}{4} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{a^3x^5}{5}$
trager	$\frac{(4a^3x^4+4a^3x^3+5b^3x^3+4a^3x^2+5b^3x^2+4a^3x+5b^3x+4a^3+5b^3)(-1+x)}{20} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14}$
oring	$\frac{x^5(188a^3x+199b^3)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{364a^3x+364b^3} - \frac{9x^2(22a^3x+25b^3)\left(-\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}b+4\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3x^3\right)}{1820(a^3x+b^3)} + \frac{9x^3(4a^3x+5b^3)}{\dots}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^{(1/3)})^3*x^4, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/4*b^3*x^4+9/13*a*b^2*x^{(13/3)}+9/14*a^2*b*x^{(14/3)}+1/5*a^3*x^5$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{5} a^3 x^5 + \frac{9}{14} a^2 b x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{9}{13} a b^2 x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/5*a^3*x^5 + 9/14*a^2*b*x^(14/3) + 9/13*a*b^2*x^(13/3) + 1/4*b^3*x^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^4 dx = \frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{\frac{14}{3}}}{14} + \frac{9a b^2 x^{\frac{13}{3}}}{13} + \frac{b^3 x^4}{4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**3*x**4,x)`output `a**3*x**5/5 + 9*a**2*b*x**(14/3)/14 + 9*a*b**2*x**(13/3)/13 + b**3*x**4/4`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{1820} \left( 364 a^3 + \frac{1170 a^2 b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{1260 a b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{455 b^3}{x} \right) x^5$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/1820*(364*a^3 + 1170*a^2*b/x^(1/3) + 1260*a*b^2/x^(2/3) + 455*b^3/x)*x^5`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^4 dx = \frac{1}{5} a^3 x^5 + \frac{9}{14} a^2 b x^{\frac{14}{3}} + \frac{9}{13} a b^2 x^{\frac{13}{3}} + \frac{1}{4} b^3 x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/5*a^3*x^5 + 9/14*a^2*b*x^(14/3) + 9/13*a*b^2*x^(13/3) + 1/4*b^3*x^4`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^4 dx = \frac{a^3 x^5}{5} + \frac{b^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{13/3}}{13} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{14/3}}{14}$$

input `int(x^4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^5)/5 + (b^3*x^4)/4 + (9*a*b^2*x^(13/3))/13 + (9*a^2*b*x^(14/3))/14`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^4 dx = \frac{x^4 \left( 1170 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b + 1260 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a b^2 + 364 a^3 x + 455 b^3 \right)}{1820}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^4,x)`output `(x**4*(1170*x**(2/3)*a**2*b + 1260*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 + 364*a**3*x + 455*b**3))/1820`

$$3.304 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^3 dx$$

Optimal result	2167
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2167
Rubi [A] (verified)	2168
Maple [A] (verified)	2169
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2170
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2170
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2170
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2171
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2171
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2171

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^3 dx = \frac{b^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{9}{10} a b^2 x^{10/3} + \frac{9}{11} a^2 b x^{11/3} + \frac{a^3 x^4}{4}$$

output `1/3*b^3*x^3+9/10*a*b^2*x^(10/3)+9/11*a^2*b*x^(11/3)+1/4*a^3*x^4`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{660} x^3 (220b^3 + 594ab^2 \sqrt[3]{x} + 540a^2 b x^{2/3} + 165a^3 x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x]`

output `(x^3*(220*b^3 + 594*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 540*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 165*a^3*x))/660`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^3 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int x^2 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int (\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^3 x^{8/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( a^3 x^{11/3} + 3a^2 b x^{10/3} + 3ab^2 x^3 + b^3 x^{8/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{a^3 x^4}{12} + \frac{3}{11} a^2 b x^{11/3} + \frac{3}{10} a b^2 x^{10/3} + \frac{b^3 x^3}{9} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x]`

output `3*((b^3*x^3)/9 + (3*a*b^2*x^(10/3))/10 + (3*a^2*b*x^(11/3))/11 + (a^3*x^4)/12)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NegQ}[n]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x}], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^3x^3}{3} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{a^3x^4}{4}$
default	$\frac{b^3x^3}{3} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{a^3x^4}{4}$
trager	$\frac{(3a^3x^3+3a^3x^2+4b^3x^2+3a^3x+4b^3x+3a^3+4b^3)(-1+x)}{12} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11}$
oring	$\frac{x^4(102a^3x+109b^3)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{165a^3x+165b^3} - \frac{3x^2(6a^3x+7b^3)\left(-\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}b+3\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3x^2\right)}{110(a^3x+b^3)} + \frac{3x^3(3a^3x+4b^3)}{\left(\frac{2(a+}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^{(1/3)})^3*x^3,x,\text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/3*b^3*x^3+9/10*a*b^2*x^{(10/3)}+9/11*a^2*b*x^{(11/3)}+1/4*a^3*x^4$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4} a^3 x^4 + \frac{9}{11} a^2 b x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{9}{10} a b^2 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*a^3*x^4 + 9/11*a^2*b*x^(11/3) + 9/10*a*b^2*x^(10/3) + 1/3*b^3*x^3`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10} + \frac{b^3 x^3}{3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**3*x**3,x)`output `a**3*x**4/4 + 9*a**2*b*x**(11/3)/11 + 9*a*b**2*x**(10/3)/10 + b**3*x**3/3`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{660} \left( 165 a^3 + \frac{540 a^2 b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{594 a b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{220 b^3}{x} \right) x^4$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/660*(165*a^3 + 540*a^2*b/x^(1/3) + 594*a*b^2/x^(2/3) + 220*b^3/x)*x^4`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^3 dx = \frac{1}{4} a^3 x^4 + \frac{9}{11} a^2 b x^{\frac{11}{3}} + \frac{9}{10} a b^2 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/4*a^3*x^4 + 9/11*a^2*b*x^(11/3) + 9/10*a*b^2*x^(10/3) + 1/3*b^3*x^3`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{10/3}}{10} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{11/3}}{11}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^4)/4 + (b^3*x^3)/3 + (9*a*b^2*x^(10/3))/10 + (9*a^2*b*x^(11/3))/11`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^3 dx = \frac{x^3 \left( 540 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b + 594 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a b^2 + 165 a^3 x + 220 b^3 \right)}{660}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^3,x)`output `(x**3*(540*x**(2/3)*a**2*b + 594*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 + 165*a**3*x + 220*b**3))/660`



$$3.305 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^2 dx$$

Optimal result	2172
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2172
Rubi [A] (verified)	2173
Maple [A] (verified)	2174
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2175
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2175
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2175
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2176
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2176
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2176

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^2 dx = \frac{b^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9}{7} a b^2 x^{7/3} + \frac{9}{8} a^2 b x^{8/3} + \frac{a^3 x^3}{3}$$

output  $1/2*b^3*x^2+9/7*a*b^2*x^(7/3)+9/8*a^2*b*x^(8/3)+1/3*a^3*x^3$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{168} (84b^3x^2 + 216ab^2x^{7/3} + 189a^2bx^{8/3} + 56a^3x^3)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x]`

output  $(84*b^3*x^2 + 216*a*b^2*x^(7/3) + 189*a^2*b*x^(8/3) + 56*a^3*x^3)/168$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int x (a \sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int (\sqrt[3]{x} a + b)^3 x^{5/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( x^{8/3} a^3 + 3bx^{7/3} a^2 + 3b^2 x^2 a + b^3 x^{5/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{a^3 x^3}{9} + \frac{3}{8} a^2 b x^{8/3} + \frac{3}{7} a b^2 x^{7/3} + \frac{b^3 x^2}{6} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x]`

output `3*((b^3*x^2)/6 + (3*a*b^2*x^(7/3))/7 + (3*a^2*b*x^(8/3))/8 + (a^3*x^3)/9)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^3x^2}{2} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{a^3x^3}{3}$
default	$\frac{b^3x^2}{2} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{a^3x^3}{3}$
trager	$\frac{(2a^3x^2+2a^3x+3b^3x+2a^3+3b^3)(-1+x)}{6} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8}$
orering	$\frac{x^3(64a^3x+69b^3)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{84a^3x+84b^3} - \frac{3x^2(5a^3x+6b^3)\left(-\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}b+2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3x\right)}{56(a^3x+b^3)} + \frac{3x^3(2a^3x+3b^3)\left(\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{1}$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*b^3*x^2+9/7*a*b^2*x^(7/3)+9/8*a^2*b*x^(8/3)+1/3*a^3*x^3`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3 + \frac{9}{8} a^2 b x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{9}{7} a b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} b^3 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*a^3*x^3 + 9/8*a^2*b*x^(8/3) + 9/7*a*b^2*x^(7/3) + 1/2*b^3*x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^2 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7} + \frac{b^3 x^2}{2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**3*x**2,x)`output `a**3*x**3/3 + 9*a**2*b*x**(8/3)/8 + 9*a*b**2*x**(7/3)/7 + b**3*x**2/2`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{168} \left( 56 a^3 + \frac{189 a^2 b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{216 a b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{84 b^3}{x} \right) x^3$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/168*(56*a^3 + 189*a^2*b/x^(1/3) + 216*a*b^2/x^(2/3) + 84*b^3/x)*x^3`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^2 dx = \frac{1}{3} a^3 x^3 + \frac{9}{8} a^2 b x^{\frac{8}{3}} + \frac{9}{7} a b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + \frac{1}{2} b^3 x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*a^3*x^3 + 9/8*a^2*b*x^(8/3) + 9/7*a*b^2*x^(7/3) + 1/2*b^3*x^2`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^2 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{7/3}}{7} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{8/3}}{8}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^3)/3 + (b^3*x^2)/2 + (9*a*b^2*x^(7/3))/7 + (9*a^2*b*x^(8/3))/8`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^2 dx = \frac{x^2 \left( 189 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b + 216 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a b^2 + 56 a^3 x + 84 b^3 \right)}{168}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x^2,x)`output `(x**2*(189*x**(2/3)*a**2*b + 216*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 + 56*a**3*x + 84*b**3))/168`

**3.306**  $\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2177
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2177
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2178
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x dx = b^3x + \frac{9}{4}ab^2x^{4/3} + \frac{9}{5}a^2bx^{5/3} + \frac{a^3x^2}{2}$$

output

```
b^3*x+9/4*a*b^2*x^(4/3)+9/5*a^2*b*x^(5/3)+1/2*a^3*x^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x dx = \frac{1}{20} (20b^3x + 45ab^2x^{4/3} + 36a^2bx^{5/3} + 10a^3x^2)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x,x]
```

output

```
(20*b^3*x + 45*a*b^2*x^(4/3) + 36*a^2*b*x^(5/3) + 10*a^3*x^2)/20
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {795, 774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & 3 \int (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^3 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( x^{5/3} a^3 + 3bx^{4/3} a^2 + 3b^2 xa + b^3 x^{2/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{a^3 x^2}{6} + \frac{3}{5} a^2 b x^{5/3} + \frac{3}{4} a b^2 x^{4/3} + \frac{b^3 x}{3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x,x]`

output `3*((b^3*x)/3 + (3*a*b^2*x^(4/3))/4 + (3*a^2*b*x^(5/3))/5 + (a^3*x^2)/6)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$
- rule 774  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n]$
- rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m+n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NegQ}[n]$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$b^3x + \frac{9x^{\frac{4}{3}}ab^2}{4} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{a^3x^2}{2}$
default	$b^3x + \frac{9x^{\frac{4}{3}}ab^2}{4} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{a^3x^2}{2}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(a^3x+a^3+2b^3)}{2} + \frac{9x^{\frac{4}{3}}ab^2}{4} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5}$
oring	$\frac{x^2(19a^3x+20b^3)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{20a^3x+20b^3} - \frac{9x^2\left(-\frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3\right)}{20} + \frac{9x^3(a^3x+2b^3)\left(\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b^2}{3x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}}\right)}{40(a^3x+b^3)}$

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^{(1/3)})^3*x, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$ output  $b^3*x+9/4*x^{(4/3)}*a*b^2+9/5*a^2*b*x^{(5/3)}+1/2*a^3*x^2$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x dx = \frac{1}{2} a^3 x^2 + \frac{9}{5} a^2 b x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9}{4} a b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + b^3 x$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*a^3*x^2 + 9/5*a^2*b*x^(5/3) + 9/4*a*b^2*x^(4/3) + b^3*x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x dx = \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + b^3 x$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**3*x,x)`output `a**3*x**2/2 + 9*a**2*b*x**(5/3)/5 + 9*a*b**2*x**(4/3)/4 + b**3*x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x dx = \frac{1}{20} \left( 10 a^3 + \frac{36 a^2 b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{45 a b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{20 b^3}{x} \right) x^2$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/20*(10*a^3 + 36*a^2*b/x^(1/3) + 45*a*b^2/x^(2/3) + 20*b^3/x)*x^2`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x dx = \frac{1}{2} a^3 x^2 + \frac{9}{5} a^2 b x^{\frac{5}{3}} + \frac{9}{4} a b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + b^3 x$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*a^3*x^2 + 9/5*a^2*b*x^(5/3) + 9/4*a*b^2*x^(4/3) + b^3*x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x dx = b^3 x + \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{4/3}}{4} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{5/3}}{5}$$

input `int(x*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output `b^3*x + (a^3*x^2)/2 + (9*a*b^2*x^(4/3))/4 + (9*a^2*b*x^(5/3))/5`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x dx = \frac{x \left( 36 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b + 45 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a b^2 + 10 a^3 x + 20 b^3 \right)}{20}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3*x,x)`

output `(x*(36*x**(2/3)*a**2*b + 45*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 + 10*a**3*x + 20*b**3))/20`

$$3.307 \quad \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx$$

Optimal result	2182
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2182
Rubi [A] (verified)	2183
Maple [A] (verified)	2184
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2185
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2185
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2185
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2186
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2186
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2186

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx = 9ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{9}{2}a^2bx^{2/3} + a^3x + b^3\log(x)$$

output `9*a*b^2*x^(1/3)+9/2*a^2*b*x^(2/3)+a^3*x+b^3*ln(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx = 9ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{9}{2}a^2bx^{2/3} + a^3x + b^3\log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x]`

output `9*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + (9*a^2*b*x^(2/3))/2 + a^3*x + b^3*Log[x]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {774, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & 3 \int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 x^{2/3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^3}{\sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( x^{2/3}a^3 + 3b\sqrt[3]{x}a^2 + 3b^2a + \frac{b^3}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{a^3x}{3} + \frac{3}{2}a^2bx^{2/3} + 3ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} + b^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x]`

output `3*(3*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + (3*a^2*b*x^(2/3))/2 + (a^3*x)/3 + b^3*Log[x^(1/3)])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$
- rule 774  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}]^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{k = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[k \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k-1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, p\}, x] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n]$
- rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m+n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NegQ}[n]$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$9ab^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + a^3x + b^3 \ln(x)$	31
default	$9ab^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + a^3x + b^3 \ln(x)$	31
trager	$a^3(-1 + x) + 9ab^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} - b^3 \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	36

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `9*a*b^2*x^(1/3)+9/2*a^2*b*x^(2/3)+a^3*x+b^3*ln(x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx = a^3 x + 3 b^3 \log \left( x^{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + \frac{9}{2} a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9 a b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `a^3*x + 3*b^3*log(x^(1/3)) + 9/2*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 9*a*b^2*x^(1/3)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx = a^3 x + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 9 a b^2 \sqrt[3]{x} + b^3 \log(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**3,x)`output `a**3*x + 9*a**2*b*x**(2/3)/2 + 9*a*b**2*x**(1/3) + b**3*log(x)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx = a^3 x + b^3 \log(x) + \frac{9}{2} a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9 a b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^3*x + b^3*log(x) + 9/2*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 9*a*b^2*x^(1/3)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx = a^3 x + b^3 \log(|x|) + \frac{9}{2} a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9 a b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a^3*x + b^3*log(abs(x)) + 9/2*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 9*a*b^2*x^(1/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx = 3 b^3 \ln(x^{1/3}) + a^3 x + 9 a b^2 x^{1/3} + \frac{9 a^2 b x^{2/3}}{2}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output `3*b^3*log(x^(1/3)) + a^3*x + 9*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + (9*a^2*b*x^(2/3))/2`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3 dx = \frac{9x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b}{2} + 9x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^2 + 3\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)b^3 + a^3x$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output `(9*x**(2/3)*a**2*b + 18*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 + 6*log(x**(1/3))*b**3 + 2*a**3*x)/2`

$$3.308 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2187
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2187
Rubi [A] (verified)	2188
Maple [A] (verified)	2189
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2190
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2190
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2190
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2191
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2191
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2191

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx = -\frac{b^3}{x} - \frac{9ab^2}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{9a^2b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + a^3 \log(x)$$

output `-b^3/x-9/2*a*b^2/x^(2/3)-9*a^2*b/x^(1/3)+a^3*ln(x)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx = -\frac{b(2b^2 + 9ab\sqrt[3]{x} + 18a^2x^{2/3})}{2x} + a^3 \log(x)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x]`

output `-1/2*(b*(2*b^2 + 9*a*b*x^(1/3) + 18*a^2*x^(2/3)))/x + a^3*Log[x]`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 795 \\
 & \int \frac{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^3}{x^{4/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{3b^2a}{x} + \frac{b^3}{x^{4/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 3 \left( a^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{3a^2b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3ab^2}{2x^{2/3}} - \frac{b^3}{3x} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x]`

output `3*(-1/3*b^3/x - (3*a*b^2)/(2*x^(2/3)) - (3*a^2*b)/x^(1/3) + a^3*Log[x^(1/3)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$  &&  $\text{IGtQ}[m, 0]$  &&  $\text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x]$  &&  $\text{IntegerQ}[p]$  &&  $\text{NegQ}[n]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x]$  &&  $\text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$   $\text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b^3}{x} - \frac{9ab^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + a^3 \ln(x)$	34
default	$-\frac{b^3}{x} - \frac{9ab^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + a^3 \ln(x)$	34
trager	$\frac{b^3(-1+x)}{x} - \frac{9ab^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - a^3 \ln\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$	39

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x^{(1/3)})^3/x, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $-b^3/x - 9/2*a*b^2/x^{(2/3)} - 9*a^2*b/x^{(1/3)} + a^3*\ln(x)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx = \frac{6a^3x \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 18a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}} - 9ab^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2b^3}{2x}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(6*a^3*x*log(x^(1/3)) - 18*a^2*b*x^(2/3) - 9*a*b^2*x^(1/3) - 2*b^3)/x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx = a^3 \log(x) - \frac{9a^2b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{9ab^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{b^3}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**3/x,x)`output `a**3*log(x) - 9*a**2*b/x**(1/3) - 9*a*b**2/(2*x**(2/3)) - b**3/x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx = a^3 \log(x) - \frac{9a^2b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{b^3}{x}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^3*log(x) - 9*a^2*b/x^(1/3) - 9/2*a*b^2/x^(2/3) - b^3/x`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx = a^3 \log(|x|) - \frac{18 a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 9 a b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 b^3}{2 x}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a^3*log(abs(x)) - 1/2*(18*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 9*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 2*b^3)/x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx = 3 a^3 \ln(x^{1/3}) - \frac{b^3 + \frac{9 a b^2 x^{1/3}}{2} + 9 a^2 b x^{2/3}}{x}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x)`

output `3*a^3*log(x^(1/3)) - (b^3 + (9*a*b^2*x^(1/3))/2 + 9*a^2*b*x^(2/3))/x`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x} dx = \frac{-18 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b - 9 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a b^2 + 2 \log(x) a^3 x - 2 b^3}{2 x}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x)`

output  $(-18x^{2/3}a^2b - 9x^{1/3}ab^2 + 2\log(x)a^3x - 2b^3)/(2x)$

$$3.309 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2193
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2193
Rubi [A] (verified)	2194
Maple [A] (verified)	2195
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2196
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2196
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2196
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2197
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2197
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2198

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{b^3}{2x^2} - \frac{9ab^2}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{9a^2b}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{a^3}{x}$$

output  $-1/2*b^3/x^2-9/5*a*b^2/x^(5/3)-9/4*a^2*b/x^(4/3)-a^3/x$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{-10b^3 - 36ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} - 45a^2bx^{2/3} - 20a^3x}{20x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x]`

output  $(-10*b^3 - 36*a*b^2*x^(1/3) - 45*a^2*b*x^(2/3) - 20*a^3*x)/(20*x^2)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \frac{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^3}{x^{7/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{4/3}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^2} + \frac{b^3}{x^{7/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^3}{3x} - \frac{3a^2b}{4x^{4/3}} - \frac{3ab^2}{5x^{5/3}} - \frac{b^3}{6x^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x]`

output `3*(-1/6*b^3/x^2 - (3*a*b^2)/(5*x^(5/3)) - (3*a^2*b)/(4*x^(4/3)) - a^3/(3*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 795 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*
(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b^3}{2x^2} - \frac{9ab^2}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{a^3}{x}$
default	$-\frac{b^3}{2x^2} - \frac{9ab^2}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{a^3}{x}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(2a^3x+b^3x+b^3)}{2x^2} - \frac{9ab^2}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(23a^3x+16b^3)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{5x(a^3x+b^3)} - \frac{9x^2(7a^3x+4b^3)}{20(a^3x+b^3)} - \frac{9\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 b^2 - 2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{x^{\frac{10}{3}} - x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{9(2a^3x+b^3)x^3}{40(a^3x+b^3)} \left(\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)b^2}{3x^{\frac{14}{3}}}\right)$

```
input int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*b^3/x^2-9/5*a*b^2/x^(5/3)-9/4*a^2*b/x^(4/3)-a^3/x
```



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{20a^3x + 45a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 36ab^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 10b^3}{20x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/20*(20*a^3*x + 45*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 36*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 10*b^3)/x^2`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{9a^2b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{b^3}{2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**3/x**2,x)`output `-a**3/x - 9*a**2*b/(4*x**(4/3)) - 9*a*b**2/(5*x**(5/3)) - b**3/(2*x**2)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^6}{2b^3} + \frac{6\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5 a}{5b^3} - \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4 a^2}{4b^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-1/2*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^6/b^3 + 6/5*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^5*a/b^3 - 3/4*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^4*a^2/b^3$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{20 a^3 x + 45 a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 36 a b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 10 b^3}{20 x^2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$-1/20*(20*a^3*x + 45*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 36*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 10*b^3)/x^2$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{20 a^3 x + 10 b^3 + 36 a b^2 x^{1/3} + 45 a^2 b x^{2/3}}{20 x^2}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x)
```

output

$$-(20*a^3*x + 10*b^3 + 36*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 45*a^2*b*x^(2/3))/(20*x^2)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{-45x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b - 36x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^2 - 20a^3x - 10b^3}{20x^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x)`output `( - 45*x**(2/3)*a**2*b - 36*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 - 20*a**3*x - 10*b**3)/(20*x**2)`

$$3.310 \quad \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2199
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2199
Rubi [A] (verified)	2200
Maple [A] (verified)	2201
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2202
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2202
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2202
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2203
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2203
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2204

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{b^3}{3x^3} - \frac{9ab^2}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{9a^2b}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{a^3}{2x^2}$$

output `-1/3*b^3/x^3-9/8*a*b^2/x^(8/3)-9/7*a^2*b/x^(7/3)-1/2*a^3/x^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{-56b^3 - 189ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} - 216a^2bx^{2/3} - 84a^3x}{168x^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x]`

output `(-56*b^3 - 189*a*b^2*x^(1/3) - 216*a^2*b*x^(2/3) - 84*a^3*x)/(168*x^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \frac{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^3}{x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^{8/3}} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^3} + \frac{b^3}{x^{10/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^3}{6x^2} - \frac{3a^2b}{7x^{7/3}} - \frac{3ab^2}{8x^{8/3}} - \frac{b^3}{9x^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x]
```

output

```
3*(-1/9*b^3/x^3 - (3*a*b^2)/(8*x^(8/3)) - (3*a^2*b)/(7*x^(7/3)) - a^3/(6*x^2))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 795 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*
(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b^3}{3x^3} - \frac{9ab^2}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{a^3}{2x^2}$
default	$-\frac{b^3}{3x^3} - \frac{9ab^2}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{a^3}{2x^2}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(3a^3x^2+2b^3x^2+3a^3x+2b^3x+2b^3)}{6x^3} - \frac{9ab^2}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$
oring	$-\frac{(327a^3x+272b^3)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{168x^2(a^3x+b^3)} - \frac{3x^2(15a^3x+11b^3)\left(-\frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{x^{\frac{13}{3}}}-\frac{3\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{x^4}\right)}{56(a^3x+b^3)} - \frac{3(3a^3x+2b^3)x^3\left(\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3x^{\frac{7}{3}}}\right)}{56(a^3x+b^3)}$

```
input int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*b^3/x^3-9/8*a*b^2/x^(8/3)-9/7*a^2*b/x^(7/3)-1/2*a^3/x^2
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{84 a^3 x + 216 a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 189 a b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 56 b^3}{168 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/168*(84*a^3*x + 216*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 189*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 56*b^3)/x^3`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^2b}{7x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{8x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{b^3}{3x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**3/x**3,x)`

output `-a**3/(2*x**2) - 9*a**2*b/(7*x**(7/3)) - 9*a*b**2/(8*x**(8/3)) - b**3/(3*x**3)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs. 2(35) = 70.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^9}{3b^6} + \frac{15\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^8 a}{8b^6} - \frac{30\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^7 a^2}{7b^6} + \frac{5\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^6 a^3}{b^6} - \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5 a^4}{b^6} + \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4 a^5}{4b^6}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-\frac{1}{3}(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^9/b^6 + \frac{15}{8}(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^8*a/b^6 - \frac{30}{7}(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^7*a^2/b^6 + 5*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^6*a^3/b^6 - 3*(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^5*a^4/b^6 + \frac{3}{4}(a + b/x^{(1/3)})^4*a^5/b^6$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{84 a^3 x + 216 a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 189 a b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 56 b^3}{168 x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/168*(84*a^3*x + 216*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 189*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 56*b^3)/x^3$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{84 a^3 x + 56 b^3 + 189 a b^2 x^{1/3} + 216 a^2 b x^{2/3}}{168 x^3}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x)`

output 
$$-(84*a^3*x + 56*b^3 + 189*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 216*a^2*b*x^(2/3))/(168*x^3)$$



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{-216x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b - 189x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^2 - 84a^3x - 56b^3}{168x^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x)`output `( - 216*x**(2/3)*a**2*b - 189*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 - 84*a**3*x - 56*b**3)/(168*x**3)`

**3.311** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2205
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2205
Rubi [A] (verified)	2206
Maple [A] (verified)	2207
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2208
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2208
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2208
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2209
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2210
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2210

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 47

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{b^3}{4x^4} - \frac{9ab^2}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{9a^2b}{10x^{10/3}} - \frac{a^3}{3x^3}$$

output

```
-1/4*b^3/x^4-9/11*a*b^2/x^(11/3)-9/10*a^2*b/x^(10/3)-1/3*a^3/x^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{-165b^3 - 540ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} - 594a^2bx^{2/3} - 220a^3x}{660x^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(-165*b^3 - 540*a*b^2*x^(1/3) - 594*a^2*b*x^(2/3) - 220*a^3*x)/(660*x^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \frac{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3}{x^5} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^3}{x^{13/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^{10/3}} + \frac{3ba^2}{x^{11/3}} + \frac{3b^2a}{x^4} + \frac{b^3}{x^{13/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{a^3}{9x^3} - \frac{3a^2b}{10x^{10/3}} - \frac{3ab^2}{11x^{11/3}} - \frac{b^3}{12x^4} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x]
```

output

```
3*(-1/12*b^3/x^4 - (3*a*b^2)/(11*x^(11/3)) - (3*a^2*b)/(10*x^(10/3)) - a^3/(9*x^3))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 795 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*
(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{b^3}{4x^4} - \frac{9ab^2}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{a^3}{3x^3}$
default	$-\frac{b^3}{4x^4} - \frac{9ab^2}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{a^3}{3x^3}$
trager	$\frac{(-1+x)(4a^3x^3+3b^3x^3+4a^3x^2+3b^3x^2+4a^3x+3b^3x+3b^3)}{12x^4} - \frac{9ab^2}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2b}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}}$
orering	$-\frac{(796a^3x+705b^3)\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{660x^3(a^3x+b^3)} - \frac{3x^2(26a^3x+21b^3)\left(-\frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2}{x^{\frac{16}{3}}}-\frac{4\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{x^5}\right)}{220(a^3x+b^3)} - \frac{3(4a^3x+3b^3)x^3\left(\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$

```
input int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*b^3/x^4-9/11*a*b^2/x^(11/3)-9/10*a^2*b/x^(10/3)-1/3*a^3/x^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{220 a^3 x + 594 a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 540 a b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 165 b^3}{660 x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/660*(220*a^3*x + 594*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 540*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 165*b^3)/x^4`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{a^3}{3x^3} - \frac{9a^2b}{10x^{\frac{10}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{11x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{b^3}{4x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**(1/3))**3/x**4,x)`

output `-a**3/(3*x**3) - 9*a**2*b/(10*x**(10/3)) - 9*a*b**2/(11*x**(11/3)) - b**3/(4*x**4)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs.  $2(35) = 70$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.17

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{12}}{4b^9} + \frac{24\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{11}a}{11b^9} - \frac{42\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^{10}a^2}{5b^9}$$

$$+ \frac{56\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^9a^3}{3b^9} - \frac{105\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^8a^4}{4b^9} + \frac{24\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^7a^5}{b^9}$$

$$- \frac{14\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^6a^6}{b^9} + \frac{24\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5a^7}{5b^9} - \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4a^8}{4b^9}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^12/b^9 + 24/11*(a + b/x^(1/3))^11*a/b^9 - 42/5*(a + b/x^(1/3))^10*a^2/b^9 + 56/3*(a + b/x^(1/3))^9*a^3/b^9 - 105/4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^8*a^4/b^9 + 24*(a + b/x^(1/3))^7*a^5/b^9 - 14*(a + b/x^(1/3))^6*a^6/b^9 + 24/5*(a + b/x^(1/3))^5*a^7/b^9 - 3/4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^4*a^8/b^9`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{220a^3x + 594a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 540ab^2x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 165b^3}{660x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/660*(220*a^3*x + 594*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 540*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 165*b^3)/x^4`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx = -\frac{220 a^3 x + 165 b^3 + 540 a b^2 x^{1/3} + 594 a^2 b x^{2/3}}{660 x^4}$$

input `int((a + b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x)`output `-(220*a^3*x + 165*b^3 + 540*a*b^2*x^(1/3) + 594*a^2*b*x^(2/3))/(660*x^4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3}{x^4} dx = \frac{-594x^{2/3}a^2b - 540x^{1/3}ab^2 - 220a^3x - 165b^3}{660x^4}$$

input `int((a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x)`output `( - 594*x**(2/3)*a**2*b - 540*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 - 220*a**3*x - 165*b**3)/(660*x**4)`

**3.312**  $\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	2211
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2211
Rubi [A] (verified)	2212
Maple [A] (verified)	2213
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2214
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2214
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2215
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2215
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2216
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2216

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{3b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^9} - \frac{3b^7 x^{2/3}}{2a^8} + \frac{b^6 x}{a^7} - \frac{3b^5 x^{4/3}}{4a^6} + \frac{3b^4 x^{5/3}}{5a^5} - \frac{b^3 x^2}{2a^4} + \frac{3b^2 x^{7/3}}{7a^3} - \frac{3bx^{8/3}}{8a^2} + \frac{x^3}{3a} - \frac{3b^9 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{10}}$$

output

```
3*b^8*x^(1/3)/a^9-3/2*b^7*x^(2/3)/a^8+b^6*x/a^7-3/4*b^5*x^(4/3)/a^6+3/5*b^4*x^(5/3)/a^5-1/2*b^3*x^2/a^4+3/7*b^2*x^(7/3)/a^3-3/8*b*x^(8/3)/a^2+1/3*x^3/a-3*b^9*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^10
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{2520b^8 \sqrt[3]{x} - 1260ab^7 x^{2/3} + 840a^2 b^6 x - 630a^3 b^5 x^{4/3} + 504a^4 b^4 x^{5/3} - 420a^5 b^3 x^2 + 360a^6 b^2 x^{7/3} - 315a^7 b x^3 - \frac{3b^9 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{10}}}{840a^9}$$



input `Integrate[x^2/(a + b/x^(1/3)),x]`

output  $(2520*b^8*x^{(1/3)} - 1260*a*b^7*x^{(2/3)} + 840*a^2*b^6*x - 630*a^3*b^5*x^{(4/3)} + 504*a^4*b^4*x^{(5/3)} - 420*a^5*b^3*x^2 + 360*a^6*b^2*x^{(7/3)} - 315*a^7*b*x^{(8/3)} + 280*a^8*x^3)/(840*a^9) - (3*b^9*Log[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])/a^{10}$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 795$$

$$\int \frac{x^{7/3}}{a\sqrt[3]{x} + b} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt[3]{xa} + b} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{b^9}{a^9(\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)} + \frac{b^8}{a^9} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}b^7}{a^8} + \frac{x^{2/3}b^6}{a^7} - \frac{xb^5}{a^6} + \frac{x^{4/3}b^4}{a^5} - \frac{x^{5/3}b^3}{a^4} + \frac{x^2b^2}{a^3} - \frac{x^{7/3}b}{a^2} + \frac{x^{8/3}}{a} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{b^9 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{a^{10}} + \frac{b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^9} - \frac{b^7 x^{2/3}}{2a^8} + \frac{b^6 x}{3a^7} - \frac{b^5 x^{4/3}}{4a^6} + \frac{b^4 x^{5/3}}{5a^5} - \frac{b^3 x^2}{6a^4} + \frac{b^2 x^{7/3}}{7a^3} - \frac{bx^{8/3}}{8a^2} + \frac{x^3}{9a} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b/x^(1/3)),x]`

output  $3*((b^8*x^{(1/3)})/a^9 - (b^7*x^{(2/3)})/(2*a^8) + (b^6*x)/(3*a^7) - (b^5*x^{(4/3)})/(4*a^6) + (b^4*x^{(5/3)})/(5*a^5) - (b^3*x^2)/(6*a^4) + (b^2*x^{(7/3)})/(7*a^3) - (b*x^{(8/3)})/(8*a^2) + x^3/(9*a) - (b^9*\text{Log}[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])/a^{10})$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^8 x^3}{3} - \frac{3b x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^7}{8} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^6}{7} - \frac{a^5 b^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4 b^4}{5} - \frac{3b^5 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{4} + a^2 b^6 x - \frac{3a b^7 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 3b^8 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{3b^9 \ln(b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{10}}$	110
default	$\frac{a^8 x^3}{3} - \frac{3b x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^7}{8} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^6}{7} - \frac{a^5 b^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4 b^4}{5} - \frac{3b^5 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{4} + a^2 b^6 x - \frac{3a b^7 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 3b^8 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{3b^9 \ln(b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{10}}$	110

input `int(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{3/a^9*(1/9*a^8*x^3-1/8*b*x^(8/3)*a^7+1/7*b^2*x^(7/3)*a^6-1/6*a^5*b^3*x^2+1/5*x^(5/3)*a^4*b^4-1/4*b^5*x^(4/3)*a^3+1/3*a^2*b^6*x-1/2*a*b^7*x^(2/3)+b^8*x^(1/3))-3*b^9*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^{10}}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{280 a^9 x^3 - 420 a^6 b^3 x^2 + 840 a^3 b^6 x - 2520 b^9 \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) - 63(5 a^8 b x^2 - 8 a^5 b^4 x + 20 a^2 b^7) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 90(4 a^7 b^2 x^2 - 7 a^4 b^5 x + 28 a b^8) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{840 a^{10}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{840}*(280*a^9*x^3 - 420*a^6*b^3*x^2 + 840*a^3*b^6*x - 2520*b^9*\log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 63*(5*a^8*b*x^2 - 8*a^5*b^4*x + 20*a^2*b^7)*x^(2/3) + 90*(4*a^7*b^2*x^2 - 7*a^4*b^5*x + 28*a*b^8)*x^(1/3))/a^{10}$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^3}{3a} - \frac{3bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8a^2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7a^3} - \frac{b^3x^2}{2a^4} + \frac{3b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5a^5} - \frac{3b^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4a^6} + \frac{b^6x}{a^7} - \frac{3b^7x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2a^8} + \frac{3b^8\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^9} - \frac{3b^9 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{a^{10}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{3x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{10b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(a+b/x**(1/3)),x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((x**3/(3*a) - 3*b*x**(8/3)/(8*a**2) + 3*b**2*x**(7/3)/(7*a**3) -
b**3*x**2/(2*a**4) + 3*b**4*x**(5/3)/(5*a**5) - 3*b**5*x**(4/3)/(4*a**6)
+ b**6*x/a**7 - 3*b**7*x**(2/3)/(2*a**8) + 3*b**8*x**(1/3)/a**9 - 3*b**9*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/a**10, Ne(a, 0)), (3*x**(10/3)/(10*b), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -\frac{3b^9 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{a^{10}} - \frac{b^9 \log(x)}{a^{10}} + \frac{\left(280a^8 - \frac{315a^7b}{x^{1/3}} + \frac{360a^6b^2}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{420a^5b^3}{x} + \frac{504a^4b^4}{x^{4/3}} - \frac{630a^3b^5}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{840a^2b^6}{x^2} - \frac{1260ab^7}{x^{7/3}} + \frac{2520b^8}{x^{8/3}}\right)x^3}{840a^9}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-3*b^9*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/a^10 - b^9*log(x)/a^10 + 1/840*(280*a^8 - 315*a^7*b/x^(1/3) + 360*a^6*b^2/x^(2/3) - 420*a^5*b^3/x + 504*a^4*b^4/x^(4/3) - 630*a^3*b^5/x^(5/3) + 840*a^2*b^6/x^2 - 1260*a*b^7/x^(7/3) + 2520*b^8/x^(8/3))*x^3/a^9
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -\frac{3b^9 \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{a^{10}} + \frac{280a^8x^3 - 315a^7bx^{8/3} + 360a^6b^2x^{7/3} - 420a^5b^3x^2 + 504a^4b^4x^{5/3} - 630a^3b^5x^{4/3} + 840a^2b^6x - 1260ab^7x^{2/3}}{840a^9}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-3*b^9*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/a^10 + 1/840*(280*a^8*x^3 - 315*a^7*b*x^(8/3) + 360*a^6*b^2*x^(7/3) - 420*a^5*b^3*x^2 + 504*a^4*b^4*x^(5/3) - 630*a^3*b^5*x^(4/3) + 840*a^2*b^6*x - 1260*a*b^7*x^(2/3) + 2520*b^8*x^(1/3))/a^9
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{x^3}{3a} - \frac{3bx^{8/3}}{8a^2} + \frac{b^6x}{a^7} - \frac{3b^9 \ln(b + ax^{1/3})}{a^{10}} - \frac{b^3x^2}{2a^4} + \frac{3b^2x^{7/3}}{7a^3} + \frac{3b^4x^{5/3}}{5a^5} - \frac{3b^5x^{4/3}}{4a^6} - \frac{3b^7x^{2/3}}{2a^8} + \frac{3b^8x^{1/3}}{a^9}$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a + b/x^(1/3)),x)
```

output

```
x^3/(3*a) - (3*b*x^(8/3))/(8*a^2) + (b^6*x)/a^7 - (3*b^9*log(b + a*x^(1/3)))/a^10 - (b^3*x^2)/(2*a^4) + (3*b^2*x^(7/3))/(7*a^3) + (3*b^4*x^(5/3))/(5*a^5) - (3*b^5*x^(4/3))/(4*a^6) - (3*b^7*x^(2/3))/(2*a^8) + (3*b^8*x^(1/3))/a^9
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^2}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{-315x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^8b + 504x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^4 - 1260x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b^7 + 360x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^7b^2 - 630x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^4b^5 + 2520x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^8 - 2520 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)b^9}{840a^{10}}$$

input

```
int(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x)
```

output

$$\left( -315x^{2/3}a^8b^2x^2 + 504x^{2/3}a^5b^4x - 1260x^{2/3}a^2b^7 + 360x^{1/3}a^7b^2x^2 - 630x^{1/3}a^4b^5x + 2520x^{1/3}ab^8 - 2520\log(x^{1/3}a + b)b^9 + 280a^9x^3 - 420a^6b^3x^2 + 840a^3b^6x \right) / (840a^{10})$$

**3.313**  $\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	2218
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2218
Rubi [A] (verified)	2219
Maple [A] (verified)	2220
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2221
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2221
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2222
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2222
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2223
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2223

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -\frac{3b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^6} + \frac{3b^4 x^{2/3}}{2a^5} - \frac{b^3 x}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2 x^{4/3}}{4a^3} - \frac{3bx^{5/3}}{5a^2} + \frac{x^2}{2a} + \frac{3b^6 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^7}$$

output

```
-3*b^5*x^(1/3)/a^6+3/2*b^4*x^(2/3)/a^5-b^3*x/a^4+3/4*b^2*x^(4/3)/a^3-3/5*b*x^(5/3)/a^2+1/2*x^2/a+3*b^6*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^7
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{-60ab^5 \sqrt[3]{x} + 30a^2 b^4 x^{2/3} - 20a^3 b^3 x + 15a^4 b^2 x^{4/3} - 12a^5 b x^{5/3} + 10a^6 x^2 + 60b^6 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{20a^7}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b/x^(1/3)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-60*a*b^5*x^{(1/3)} + 30*a^2*b^4*x^{(2/3)} - 20*a^3*b^3*x + 15*a^4*b^2*x^{(4/3)} - 12*a^5*b*x^{(5/3)} + 10*a^6*x^2 + 60*b^6*\text{Log}[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])}{(20*a^7)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 795 \\ & \int \frac{x^{4/3}}{a\sqrt[3]{x} + b} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt[3]{xa} + b} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{b^6}{a^6(\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)} - \frac{b^5}{a^6} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}b^4}{a^5} - \frac{x^{2/3}b^3}{a^4} + \frac{xb^2}{a^3} - \frac{x^{4/3}b}{a^2} + \frac{x^{5/3}}{a} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{b^6 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{a^7} - \frac{b^5\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^6} + \frac{b^4x^{2/3}}{2a^5} - \frac{b^3x}{3a^4} + \frac{b^2x^{4/3}}{4a^3} - \frac{bx^{5/3}}{5a^2} + \frac{x^2}{6a} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x/(a + b/x^(1/3)),x]
```

output

$$\frac{3*(-((b^5*x^{(1/3)})/a^6) + (b^4*x^{(2/3)})/(2*a^5) - (b^3*x)/(3*a^4) + (b^2*x^{(4/3)})/(4*a^3) - (b*x^{(5/3)})/(5*a^2) + x^2/(6*a) + (b^6*\text{Log}[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])/a^7)}$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NegQ}[n]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{3b x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4}{5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{4} - a^2 b^3 x + \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b^4}{2} - 3b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^6} + \frac{3b^6 \ln(b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^7}$	78
default	$\frac{\frac{a^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{3b x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4}{5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{4} - a^2 b^3 x + \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b^4}{2} - 3b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^6} + \frac{3b^6 \ln(b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^7}$	78

input  $\text{int}(x/(a+b/x^{(1/3)}), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $3/a^6*(1/6*a^5*x^2-1/5*b*x^{(5/3)}*a^4+1/4*b^2*x^{(4/3)}*a^3-1/3*a^2*b^3*x+1/2*x^{(2/3)}*a*b^4-b^5*x^{(1/3)})+3*b^6*\ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})/a^7$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{10 a^6 x^2 - 20 a^3 b^3 x + 60 b^6 \log(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b) - 6(2 a^5 b x - 5 a^2 b^4) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15(a^4 b^2 x - 4 a b^5) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{20 a^7}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/20*(10*a^6*x^2 - 20*a^3*b^3*x + 60*b^6*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 6*(2*a^5*b*x - 5*a^2*b^4)*x^(2/3) + 15*(a^4*b^2*x - 4*a*b^5)*x^(1/3))/a^7`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{x^2}{2a} - \frac{3bx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5a^2} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4a^3} - \frac{b^3x}{a^4} + \frac{3b^4x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2a^5} - \frac{3b^5\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^6} + \frac{3b^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a})}{a^7} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{3x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{7b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x**(1/3)),x)`output `Piecewise((x**2/(2*a) - 3*b*x**(5/3)/(5*a**2) + 3*b**2*x**(4/3)/(4*a**3) - b**3*x/a**4 + 3*b**4*x**(2/3)/(2*a**5) - 3*b**5*x**(1/3)/a**6 + 3*b**6*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/a**7, Ne(a, 0)), (3*x**(7/3)/(7*b), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{3b^6 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{a^7} + \frac{b^6 \log(x)}{a^7} + \frac{\left(10a^5 - \frac{12a^4b}{x^{1/3}} + \frac{15a^3b^2}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{20a^2b^3}{x} + \frac{30ab^4}{x^{4/3}} - \frac{60b^5}{x^{5/3}}\right)x^2}{20a^6}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3*b^6*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/a^7 + b^6*log(x)/a^7 + 1/20*(10*a^5 - 12*a^4*b/x^(1/3) + 15*a^3*b^2/x^(2/3) - 20*a^2*b^3/x + 30*a*b^4/x^(4/3) - 60*b^5/x^(5/3))*x^2/a^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{3b^6 \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{a^7} + \frac{10a^5x^2 - 12a^4bx^{5/3} + 15a^3b^2x^{4/3} - 20a^2b^3x + 30ab^4x^{2/3} - 60b^5x^{1/3}}{20a^6}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3*b^6*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/a^7 + 1/20*(10*a^5*x^2 - 12*a^4*b*x^(5/3) + 15*a^3*b^2*x^(4/3) - 20*a^2*b^3*x + 30*a*b^4*x^(2/3) - 60*b^5*x^(1/3))/a^6`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{x^2}{2a} - \frac{b^3 x}{a^4} - \frac{3bx^{5/3}}{5a^2} + \frac{3b^6 \ln(b + ax^{1/3})}{a^7} + \frac{3b^2 x^{4/3}}{4a^3} + \frac{3b^4 x^{2/3}}{2a^5} - \frac{3b^5 x^{1/3}}{a^6}$$

input `int(x/(a + b/x^(1/3)),x)`output `x^2/(2*a) - (b^3*x)/a^4 - (3*b*x^(5/3))/(5*a^2) + (3*b^6*log(b + a*x^(1/3)))/a^7 + (3*b^2*x^(4/3))/(4*a^3) + (3*b^4*x^(2/3))/(2*a^5) - (3*b^5*x^(1/3))/a^6`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{-12x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b + 30x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b^4 + 15x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^4b^2 - 60x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^5 + 60 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b)b^6 + 10a^6x^2 - 20a^3b^3x}{20a^7}$$

input `int(x/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x)`output `( - 12*x**(2/3)*a**5*b*x + 30*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**4 + 15*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**2*x - 60*x**(1/3)*a*b**5 + 60*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*b**6 + 10*a**6*x**2 - 20*a**3*b**3*x)/(20*a**7)`

**3.314**  $\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$

Optimal result	2224
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2224
Rubi [A] (verified)	2225
Maple [A] (verified)	2226
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2227
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2227
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2227
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2228
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2228
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2229

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{3b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^3} - \frac{3bx^{2/3}}{2a^2} + \frac{x}{a} - \frac{3b^3 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^4}$$

output `3*b^2*x^(1/3)/a^3-3/2*b*x^(2/3)/a^2+x/a-3*b^3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^4`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{6ab^2 \sqrt[3]{x} - 3a^2bx^{2/3} + 2a^3x - 6b^3 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{2a^4}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^-1, x]`

output `(6*a*b^2*x^(1/3) - 3*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 2*a^3*x - 6*b^3*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/(2*a^4)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {774, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 795 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{xa} + b} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 3 \int \left( -\frac{b^3}{a^3(\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)} + \frac{b^2}{a^3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}b}{a^2} + \frac{x^{2/3}}{a} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 3 \left( -\frac{b^3 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{a^4} + \frac{b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^3} - \frac{bx^{2/3}}{2a^2} + \frac{x}{3a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^-1,x]`

output `3*((b^2*x^(1/3))/a^3 - (b*x^(2/3))/(2*a^2) + x/(3*a) - (b^3*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^4)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]},  
Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; Fre  
eQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*  
(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2x - \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab}{2} + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2}{a^3} - \frac{3b^3 \ln(b + ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^4}$	44
default	$\frac{a^2x - \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab}{2} + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2}{a^3} - \frac{3b^3 \ln(b + ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^4}$	44

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3/a^3*(1/3*a^2*x-1/2*x^(2/3)*a*b+x^(1/3)*b^2)-3*b^3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^4`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{2a^3x - 6b^3 \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) - 3a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6ab^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2a^4}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(2*a^3*x - 6*b^3*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 3*a^2*b*x^(2/3) + 6*a*b^2*x^(1/3))/a^4`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{a} - \frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2a^2} + \frac{3b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^3} - \frac{3b^3 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{a^4} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{3x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3)),x)`output `Piecewise((x/a - 3*b*x**(2/3)/(2*a**2) + 3*b**2*x**(1/3)/a**3 - 3*b**3*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/a**4, Ne(a, 0)), (3*x**(4/3)/(4*b), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -\frac{3b^3 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^4} - \frac{b^3 \log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{\left(2a^2 - \frac{3ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{6b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)x}{2a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`



output  $-3b^3 \log(a + b/x^{1/3})/a^4 - b^3 \log(x)/a^4 + 1/2(2a^2 - 3ab/x^{1/3}) + 6b^2/x^{2/3}) * x/a^3$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -\frac{3b^3 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{a^4} + \frac{2a^2x - 3abx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2a^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $-3b^3 \log(\text{abs}(a*x^{1/3} + b))/a^4 + 1/2(2*a^2*x - 3*a*b*x^{2/3} + 6*b^2*x^{1/3})/a^3$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{x}{a} - \frac{3bx^{2/3}}{2a^2} - \frac{3b^3 \ln(b + ax^{1/3})}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2x^{1/3}}{a^3}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/x^(1/3)),x)`

output  $x/a - (3*b*x^{2/3})/(2*a^2) - (3*b^3*\log(b + a*x^{1/3}))/a^4 + (3*b^2*x^{1/3})/a^3$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = \frac{-3x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^2 - 6\log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b)b^3 + 2a^3x}{2a^4}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3)),x)`output `( - 3*x**(2/3)*a**2*b + 6*x**(1/3)*a*b**2 - 6*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*b**3 + 2*a**3*x)/(2*a**4)`

$$3.315 \quad \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x} dx$$

Optimal result	2230
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2230
Rubi [A] (verified)	2231
Maple [A] (verified)	2232
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2232
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2232
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2233
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2233
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2234
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2234

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x} dx = \frac{3 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a}$$

output `3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)x} dx = \frac{3 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))*x),x]`

output `(3*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {795, 792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{795}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{2/3} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{792}$$

$$\frac{3 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{a}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))*x),x]`

output `(3*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
default	$\frac{3 \ln(b + ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a}$	14
derivativedivides	$\frac{3 \ln\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a}$	21

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x} dx = \frac{3 \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3*log(a*x^(1/3) + b)/a`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{a} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{3 \sqrt[3]{x}}{b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/a, Ne(a, 0)), (3*x**(1/3)/b, True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x} dx = \frac{3 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a} + \frac{\log(x)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `3*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/a + log(x)/a`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x} dx = \frac{3 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `3*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/a`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x} dx = \frac{3 \ln(b + a x^{1/3})}{a}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/x^(1/3))),x)`output `(3*log(b + a*x^(1/3)))/a`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x} dx = \frac{3 \log(x^{1/3} a + b)}{a}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x,x)`output `(3*log(x**(1/3)*a + b))/a`

**3.316** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2235
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2235
Rubi [A] (verified)	2236
Maple [A] (verified)	2237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2238
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2238
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2239
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2239
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2239
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2240

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2} dx = -\frac{3}{2bx^{2/3}} + \frac{3a}{b^2\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3a^2 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^3}$$

output `-3/2/b/x^(2/3)+3*a/b^2/x^(1/3)-3*a^2*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2} dx = -\frac{3b(b-2a\sqrt[3]{x})}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{6a^2 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) - 2a^2 \log(x)}{2b^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))*x^2),x]`



output

$$-1/2*((3*b*(b - 2*a*x^(1/3)))/x^(2/3) + 6*a^2*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)] - 2*a^2*Log[x])/b^3$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\ & \int \frac{1}{x^{5/3} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b) x} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & 3 \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3 (\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)} + \frac{a^2}{b^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{a}{b^2 x^{2/3}} + \frac{1}{bx} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{a^2 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{b^3} + \frac{a^2 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3} + \frac{a}{b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{1}{2bx^{2/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))*x^2), x]$$

output

$$3*(-1/2*1/(b*x^(2/3)) + a/(b^2*x^(1/3)) - (a^2*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/b^3 + (a^2*Log[x^(1/3)])/b^3)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54  $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^{(m_+)}((c_+) + (d_+)(x_+)^{(n_+)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])

rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_+)^{(m_+)}((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^{(n_+)})^{(p_+)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m+n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_+)^{(m_+)}((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^{(n_+)})^{(p_+)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m+1)/n]]

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_+, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /;$  SumQ[u]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}b} + \frac{a^2 \ln(x)}{b^3} + \frac{3a}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2} - \frac{3a^2 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3}$	44
default	$-\frac{3}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}b} + \frac{a^2 \ln(x)}{b^3} + \frac{3a}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2} - \frac{3a^2 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3}$	44

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3/2/x^(2/3)/b+a^2/b^3*ln(x)+3*a/x^(1/3)/b^2-3*a^2/b^3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2} dx = -\frac{3 \left(2 a^2 x \log \left(a x^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) - 2 a^2 x \log \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 2 a b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2 b^3 x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-3/2*(2*a^2*x*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 2*a^2*x*log(x^(1/3)) - 2*a*b*x^(2/3) + b^2*x^(1/3))/(b^3*x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ -\frac{3}{2bx^{\frac{2}{3}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{ax} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{a^2 \log(x)}{b^3} - \frac{3a^2 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{3a}{b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3}{2bx^{\frac{2}{3}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))/x**2,x)`output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(2/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(2*b*x**(2/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(a*x), Eq(b, 0)), (a**2*log(x)/b**3 - 3*a**2*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/b**3 + 3*a/(b**2*x**(1/3)) - 3/(2*b*x**(2/3)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2} dx = -\frac{3a^2 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2}{2b^3} + \frac{6\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)a}{b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-3*a^2*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/b^3 - 3/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2/b^3 + 6*(a + b/x^(1/3))*a/b^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2} dx = -\frac{3a^2 \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{b^3} + \frac{a^2 \log(|x|)}{b^3} + \frac{3\left(2abx^{1/3} - b^2\right)}{2b^3 x^{2/3}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-3*a^2*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/b^3 + a^2*log(abs(x))/b^3 + 3/2*(2*a*b*x^(1/3) - b^2)/(b^3*x^(2/3))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2} dx = -\frac{\frac{3}{2b} - \frac{3ax^{1/3}}{b^2}}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{6a^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ax^{1/3}}{b} + 1\right)}{b^3}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/x^(1/3))),x)`

output `- (3/(2*b) - (3*a*x^(1/3))/b^2)/x^(2/3) - (6*a^2*atanh((2*a*x^(1/3))/b + 1))/b^3`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^2} dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^2 - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} a + b\right) a^2 + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} ab - \frac{3b^2}{2}}{x^{\frac{2}{3}} b^3}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^2,x)`

output `(3*(2*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**2 - 2*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b - b**2))/(2*x**(2/3)*b**3)`

**3.317** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2241
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2241
Rubi [A] (verified)	2242
Maple [A] (verified)	2243
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2244
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2244
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2245
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2245
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2246
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2246

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3} dx = -\frac{3}{5bx^{5/3}} + \frac{3a}{4b^2x^{4/3}} - \frac{a^2}{b^3x} + \frac{3a^3}{2b^4x^{2/3}} - \frac{3a^4}{b^5\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3a^5 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^6}$$

output `-3/5/b/x^(5/3)+3/4*a/b^2/x^(4/3)-a^2/b^3/x+3/2*a^3/b^4/x^(2/3)-3*a^4/b^5/x^(1/3)+3*a^5*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^6`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3} dx = \frac{b\left(-12b^4+15ab^3\sqrt[3]{x}-20a^2b^2x^{2/3}+30a^3bx-60a^4x^{4/3}\right)}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{60a^5 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) - 20a^5 \log(x)}{20b^6}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))*x^3),x]`

output  $((b*(-12*b^4 + 15*a*b^3*x^{(1/3)} - 20*a^2*b^2*x^{(2/3)} + 30*a^3*b*x - 60*a^4*x^{(4/3)}))/x^{(5/3)} + 60*a^5*\text{Log}[b + a*x^{(1/3)}] - 20*a^5*\text{Log}[x])/(20*b^6)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 795 \\ & \int \frac{1}{x^{8/3} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & 3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b) x^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 54 \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{a^6}{b^6 (\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)} - \frac{a^5}{b^6 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{a^4}{b^5 x^{2/3}} - \frac{a^3}{b^4 x} + \frac{a^2}{b^3 x^{4/3}} - \frac{a}{b^2 x^{5/3}} + \frac{1}{b x^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & 3 \left( \frac{a^5 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{b^6} - \frac{a^5 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6} - \frac{a^4}{b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{a^3}{2b^4 x^{2/3}} - \frac{a^2}{3b^3 x} + \frac{a}{4b^2 x^{4/3}} - \frac{1}{5b x^{5/3}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))*x^3),x]`

output  $3*(-1/5*1/(b*x^(5/3)) + a/(4*b^2*x^(4/3)) - a^2/(3*b^3*x) + a^3/(2*b^4*x^(2/3)) - a^4/(b^5*x^(1/3)) + (a^5*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)]/b^6 - (a^5*Log[x^(1/3)]/b^6)$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54  $Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x\_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]$

rule 795  $Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x\_Symbol] :> Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]$

rule 798  $Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x\_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]]$

rule 2009  $Int[u_, x\_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{3a^5 \ln(b+ax^{1/3})}{b^6} - \frac{3}{5bx^{5/3}} - \frac{a^2}{b^3x} - \frac{3a^4}{b^5x^{1/3}} + \frac{3a}{4b^2x^{4/3}} + \frac{3a^3}{2b^4x^{2/3}} - \frac{a^5 \ln(x)}{b^6}$	78
default	$\frac{3a^5 \ln(b+ax^{1/3})}{b^6} - \frac{3}{5bx^{5/3}} - \frac{a^2}{b^3x} - \frac{3a^4}{b^5x^{1/3}} + \frac{3a}{4b^2x^{4/3}} + \frac{3a^3}{2b^4x^{2/3}} - \frac{a^5 \ln(x)}{b^6}$	78

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $3*a^5/b^6*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))-3/5/b/x^(5/3)-a^2/b^3/x-3*a^4/b^5/x^(1/3)+3/4*a/b^2/x^(4/3)+3/2*a^3/b^4/x^(2/3)-a^5/b^6*\ln(x)$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 a^5 x^2 \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) - 60 a^5 x^2 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - 20 a^2 b^3 x - 15 (4 a^4 b x - a b^4) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6 (5 a^3 b^2 x - 2 b^5) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{20 b^6 x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/20*(60*a^5*x^2*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 60*a^5*x^2*log(x^(1/3)) - 20*a^2*b^3*x - 15*(4*a^4*b*x - a*b^4)*x^(2/3) + 6*(5*a^3*b^2*x - 2*b^5)*x^(1/3))/(b^6*x^2)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \\ -\frac{3}{5bx^{\frac{5}{3}}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2ax^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{a^5 \log(x)}{b^6} + \frac{3a^5 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{b^6} - \frac{3a^4}{b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3a^3}{2b^4 x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{a^2}{b^3 x} + \frac{3a}{4b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{3}{5bx^{\frac{5}{3}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))/x**3,x)`output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(5/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(5*b*x**(5/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(2*a*x**2), Eq(b, 0)), (-a**5*log(x)/b**6 + 3*a**5*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/b**6 - 3*a**4/(b**5*x**(1/3)) + 3*a**3/(2*b**4*x**(2/3)) - a**2/(b**3*x) + 3*a/(4*b**2*x**(4/3)) - 3/(5*b*x**(5/3)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3} dx = \frac{3a^5 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{b^6} - \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5}{5b^6} + \frac{15\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4 a}{4b^6}$$

$$- \frac{10\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3 a^2}{b^6} + \frac{15\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 a^3}{b^6} - \frac{15\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) a^4}{b^6}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3*a^5*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/b^6 - 3/5*(a + b/x^(1/3))^5/b^6 + 15/4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^4*a/b^6 - 10*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*a^2/b^6 + 15*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*a^3/b^6 - 15*(a + b/x^(1/3))*a^4/b^6`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3} dx = \frac{3a^5 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{b^6} - \frac{a^5 \log(|x|)}{b^6}$$

$$- \frac{60a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}} - 30a^3b^2x + 20a^2b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 15ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 12b^5}{20b^6x^{\frac{5}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3*a^5*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/b^6 - a^5*log(abs(x))/b^6 - 1/20*(60*a^4*b*x^(4/3) - 30*a^3*b^2*x + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(2/3) - 15*a*b^4*x^(1/3) + 12*b^5)/(b^6*x^(5/3))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3} dx = \frac{6 a^5 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2 a x^{1/3}}{b} + 1\right)}{b^6} - \frac{\frac{3}{5 b} - \frac{3 a x^{1/3}}{4 b^2} - \frac{3 a^3 x}{2 b^4} + \frac{a^2 x^{2/3}}{b^3} + \frac{3 a^4 x^{4/3}}{b^5}}{x^{5/3}}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/x^(1/3))),x)`output `(6*a^5*atanh((2*a*x^(1/3))/b + 1))/b^6 - (3/(5*b) - (3*a*x^(1/3))/(4*b^2) - (3*a^3*x)/(2*b^4) + (a^2*x^(2/3))/b^3 + (3*a^4*x^(4/3))/b^5)/x^(5/3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-60 x^{\frac{5}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^5 + 60 x^{\frac{5}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} a + b\right) a^5 - 20 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b^3 - 60 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^4 b + 15 x^{\frac{1}{3}} a b^4 + 30 a^3 b^2 x - 12 b^5}{20 x^{\frac{5}{3}} b^6}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^3,x)`output `( - 60*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**5*x + 60*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**5*x - 20*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**3 - 60*x**(1/3)*a**4*b*x + 15*x**(1/3)*a*b**4 + 30*a**3*b**2*x - 12*b**5)/(20*x**(2/3)*b**6*x)`

**3.318** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2247
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2248
Rubi [A] (verified)	2248
Maple [A] (verified)	2250
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2250
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2251
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2251
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2252
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2252
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2253

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4} dx = -\frac{3}{8bx^{8/3}} + \frac{3a}{7b^2x^{7/3}} - \frac{a^2}{2b^3x^2} + \frac{3a^3}{5b^4x^{5/3}} - \frac{3a^4}{4b^5x^{4/3}}$$

$$+ \frac{a^5}{b^6x} - \frac{3a^6}{2b^7x^{2/3}} + \frac{3a^7}{b^8\sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3a^8 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^9}$$

output

```
-3/8/b/x^(8/3)+3/7*a/b^2/x^(7/3)-1/2*a^2/b^3/x^2+3/5*a^3/b^4/x^(5/3)-3/4*a^4/b^5/x^(4/3)+a^5/b^6/x-3/2*a^6/b^7/x^(2/3)+3*a^7/b^8/x^(1/3)-3*a^8*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{b \left( -105b^7 + 120ab^6 \sqrt[3]{x} - 140a^2b^5x^{2/3} + 168a^3b^4x - 210a^4b^3x^{4/3} + 280a^5b^2x^{5/3} - 420a^6bx^2 + 840a^7x^{7/3} \right)}{x^{8/3}} - 840a^8 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) + 280b^9$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))*x^4), x]`output  $((b*(-105*b^7 + 120*a*b^6*x^{(1/3)} - 140*a^2*b^5*x^{(2/3)} + 168*a^3*b^4*x - 210*a^4*b^3*x^{(4/3)} + 280*a^5*b^2*x^{(5/3)} - 420*a^6*b*x^2 + 840*a^7*x^{(7/3)})))/x^{(8/3)} - 840*a^8*\text{Log}[b + a*x^{(1/3)}] + 280*a^8*\text{Log}[x])/(280*b^9)$ **Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 795$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{11/3} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xa} + b) x^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{a^9}{b^9 (\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)} + \frac{a^8}{b^9 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{a^7}{b^8 x^{2/3}} + \frac{a^6}{b^7 x} - \frac{a^5}{b^6 x^{4/3}} + \frac{a^4}{b^5 x^{5/3}} - \frac{a^3}{b^4 x^2} + \frac{a^2}{b^3 x^{7/3}} - \frac{a}{b^2 x^{8/3}} + \frac{1}{bx^3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{a^8 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{b^9} + \frac{a^8 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9} + \frac{a^7}{b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{a^6}{2b^7 x^{2/3}} + \frac{a^5}{3b^6 x} - \frac{a^4}{4b^5 x^{4/3}} + \frac{a^3}{5b^4 x^{5/3}} - \frac{a^2}{6b^3 x^2} + \frac{a}{7b^2 x^{7/3}} - \frac{1}{8bx^3} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))*x^4),x]`

output `3*(-1/8*1/(b*x^(8/3)) + a/(7*b^2*x^(7/3)) - a^2/(6*b^3*x^2) + a^3/(5*b^4*x^(5/3)) - a^4/(4*b^5*x^(4/3)) + a^5/(3*b^6*x) - a^6/(2*b^7*x^(2/3)) + a^7/(b^8*x^(1/3)) - (a^8*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/b^9 + (a^8*Log[x^(1/3)])/b^9)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3}{8bx^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{a^2}{2b^3x^2} - \frac{3a^4}{4b^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{3a^6}{2b^7x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{a^8 \ln(x)}{b^9} + \frac{3a}{7b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{3a^3}{5b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{a^5}{b^6x} + \frac{3a^7}{b^8x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{3a^8 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9}$
default	$-\frac{3}{8bx^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{a^2}{2b^3x^2} - \frac{3a^4}{4b^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{3a^6}{2b^7x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{a^8 \ln(x)}{b^9} + \frac{3a}{7b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{3a^3}{5b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{a^5}{b^6x} + \frac{3a^7}{b^8x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{3a^8 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9}$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-3/8/b/x^{(8/3)}-1/2*a^2/b^3/x^2-3/4*a^4/b^5/x^{(4/3)}-3/2*a^6/b^7/x^{(2/3)}+a^8/b^9*\ln(x)+3/7*a/b^2/x^{(7/3)}+3/5*a^3/b^4/x^{(5/3)}+a^5/b^6/x+3*a^7/b^8/x^{(1/3)}-3*a^8/b^9*\ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4} dx = \frac{840 a^8 x^3 \log(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b) - 840 a^8 x^3 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}) - 280 a^5 b^3 x^2 + 140 a^2 b^6 x - 30(28 a^7 b x^2 - 7 a^4 b^4 x + 4 a b)}{280 b^9 x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$-1/280*(840*a^8*x^3*\log(a*x^{(1/3)} + b) - 840*a^8*x^3*\log(x^{(1/3)}) - 280*a^5*b^3*x^2 + 140*a^2*b^6*x - 30*(28*a^7*b*x^2 - 7*a^4*b^4*x + 4*a*b^7))*x^{(2/3)} + 21*(20*a^6*b^2*x^2 - 8*a^3*b^5*x + 5*b^8)*x^{(1/3)})/(b^9*x^3)$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{8/3}} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b \\ -\frac{3}{8bx^{8/3}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{3ax^3} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{a^8 \log(x)}{b^9} - \frac{3a^8 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{b^9} + \frac{3a^7}{b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3a^6}{2b^7 x^{2/3}} + \frac{a^5}{b^6 x} - \frac{3a^4}{4b^5 x^{4/3}} + \frac{3a^3}{5b^4 x^{5/3}} - \frac{a^2}{2b^3 x^2} + \frac{3a}{7b^2 x^{7/3}} - \frac{3}{8bx^{8/3}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))/x**4,x)`output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(8/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(8*b*x**(8/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(3*a*x**3), Eq(b, 0)), (a**8*log(x)/b**9 - 3*a**8*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/b**9 + 3*a**7/(b**8*x**(1/3)) - 3*a**6/(2*b**7*x**(2/3)) + a**5/(b**6*x) - 3*a**4/(4*b**5*x**(4/3)) + 3*a**3/(5*b**4*x**(5/3)) - a**2/(2*b**3*x**2) + 3*a/(7*b**2*x**(7/3)) - 3/(8*b*x**(8/3)), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4} dx = -\frac{3a^8 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{b^9} - \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^8}{8b^9} + \frac{24\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^7 a}{7b^9} - \frac{14\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^6 a^2}{b^9} + \frac{168\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^5 a^3}{5b^9} - \frac{105\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^4 a^4}{2b^9} + \frac{56\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^3 a^5}{b^9} - \frac{42\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2 a^6}{b^9} + \frac{24\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right) a^7}{b^9}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

```
-3*a^8*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/b^9 - 3/8*(a + b/x^(1/3))^8/b^9 + 24/7*(a + b/x^(1/3))^7*a/b^9 - 14*(a + b/x^(1/3))^6*a^2/b^9 + 168/5*(a + b/x^(1/3))^5*a^3/b^9 - 105/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^4*a^4/b^9 + 56*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*a^5/b^9 - 42*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*a^6/b^9 + 24*(a + b/x^(1/3))*a^7/b^9
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4} dx = -\frac{3a^8 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{b^9} + \frac{a^8 \log(|x|)}{b^9} + \frac{840a^7bx^{\frac{7}{3}} - 420a^6b^2x^2 + 280a^5b^3x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 210a^4b^4x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 168a^3b^5x - 140a^2b^6x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 120ab^7x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 105b^8}{280b^9x^{\frac{8}{3}}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-3*a^8*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/b^9 + a^8*log(abs(x))/b^9 + 1/280*(840*a^7*b*x^(7/3) - 420*a^6*b^2*x^2 + 280*a^5*b^3*x^(5/3) - 210*a^4*b^4*x^(4/3) + 168*a^3*b^5*x - 140*a^2*b^6*x^(2/3) + 120*a*b^7*x^(1/3) - 105*b^8)/(b^9*x^(8/3))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4} dx = -\frac{\frac{3}{8b} - \frac{3ax^{1/3}}{7b^2} - \frac{3a^3x}{5b^4} + \frac{a^2x^{2/3}}{2b^3} + \frac{3a^6x^2}{2b^7} + \frac{3a^4x^{4/3}}{4b^5} - \frac{a^5x^{5/3}}{b^6} - \frac{3a^7x^{7/3}}{b^8}}{x^{8/3}} - \frac{6a^8 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ax^{1/3}}{b} + 1\right)}{b^9}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b/x^(1/3))),x)
```

output

$$- \frac{3}{8b} - \frac{3ax^{1/3}}{7b^2} - \frac{3a^3x}{5b^4} + \frac{a^2x^{2/3}}{2b^3} + \frac{3a^6x^2}{2b^7} + \frac{3a^4x^{4/3}}{4b^5} - \frac{a^5x^{5/3}}{b^6} - \frac{3a^7x^{7/3}}{b^8} / x^{8/3} - \frac{6a^8 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ax^{1/3}}{b+1}\right)}{b^9}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right) x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{840x^{\frac{8}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^8 - 840x^{\frac{8}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) a^8 + 280x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^5 b^3 - 140x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b^6 + 840x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^7 b - 210x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^4 b^4 + 120x^{\frac{1}{3}} a^6 b^2}{280x^{\frac{8}{3}} b^9}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))/x^4,x)
```

output

```
(840*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**8*x**2 - 840*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**8*x**2 + 280*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**3*x - 140*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**6 + 840*x**(1/3)*a**7*b*x**2 - 210*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**4*x + 120*x**(1/3)*a*b**7 - 420*a**6*b**2*x**2 + 168*a**3*b**5*x - 105*b**8)/(280*x**(2/3)*b**9*x**2)
```

**3.319** 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2254
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2255
Rubi [A] (verified)	2255
Maple [A] (verified)	2257
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2257
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2258
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2258
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2259
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2259
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2260

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = -\frac{3b^{10}}{a^{11} (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{27b^8\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^{10}} - \frac{12b^7x^{2/3}}{a^9} + \frac{7b^6x}{a^8} - \frac{9b^5x^{4/3}}{2a^7} + \frac{3b^4x^{5/3}}{a^6} - \frac{2b^3x^2}{a^5} + \frac{9b^2x^{7/3}}{7a^4} - \frac{3bx^{8/3}}{4a^3} + \frac{x^3}{3a^2} - \frac{30b^9 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{11}}$$

output

$$-3*b^{10}/a^{11}/(b+a*x^{(1/3)})+27*b^8*x^{(1/3)}/a^{10}-12*b^7*x^{(2/3)}/a^9+7*b^6*x/a^8-9/2*b^5*x^{(4/3)}/a^7+3*b^4*x^{(5/3)}/a^6-2*b^3*x^2/a^5+9/7*b^2*x^{(7/3)}/a^4-3/4*b*x^{(8/3)}/a^3+1/3*x^3/a^2-30*b^9*\ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})/a^{11}$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-252b^{10} + 2268ab^9\sqrt[3]{x} + 1260a^2b^8x^{2/3} - 420a^3b^7x + 210a^4b^6x^{4/3} - 126a^5b^5x^{5/3} + 84a^6b^4x^2 - 60a^7b^3x^{7/3}}{84a^{11}(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{30b^9 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{11}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x]
```

output

```
(-252*b^10 + 2268*a*b^9*x^(1/3) + 1260*a^2*b^8*x^(2/3) - 420*a^3*b^7*x + 210*a^4*b^6*x^(4/3) - 126*a^5*b^5*x^(5/3) + 84*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 60*a^7*b^3*x^(7/3) + 45*a^8*b^2*x^(8/3) - 35*a^9*b*x^3 + 28*a^10*x^(10/3))/(84*a^11*(b + a*x^(1/3))) - (30*b^9*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^11
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 795$$

$$\int \frac{x^{8/3}}{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^{10/3}}{(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 49

$$3 \int \left( \frac{b^{10}}{a^{10} (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} - \frac{10b^9}{a^{10} (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} + \frac{9b^8}{a^{10}} - \frac{8\sqrt[3]{xb^7}}{a^9} + \frac{7x^{2/3}b^6}{a^8} - \frac{6xb^5}{a^7} + \frac{5x^{4/3}b^4}{a^6} - \frac{4x^{5/3}b^3}{a^5} + \frac{3x^2b^2}{a^4} - \frac{2x^7}{a^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{b^{10}}{a^{11} (a\sqrt[3]{x+b})} - \frac{10b^9 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x+b})}{a^{11}} + \frac{9b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^{10}} - \frac{4b^7 x^{2/3}}{a^9} + \frac{7b^6 x}{3a^8} - \frac{3b^5 x^{4/3}}{2a^7} + \frac{b^4 x^{5/3}}{a^6} - \frac{2b^3 x^2}{3a^5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{7/3}}{7a^4} - \frac{2x^7}{7a^3} \right) dx$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x]`

output `3*(-(b^10/(a^11*(b + a*x^(1/3)))) + (9*b^8*x^(1/3))/a^10 - (4*b^7*x^(2/3))/a^9 + (7*b^6*x)/(3*a^8) - (3*b^5*x^(4/3))/(2*a^7) + (b^4*x^(5/3))/a^6 - (2*b^3*x^2)/(3*a^5) + (3*b^2*x^(7/3))/(7*a^4) - (b*x^(8/3))/(4*a^3) + x^3/(9*a^2) - (10*b^9*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^11)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^8 x^3}{3} - \frac{3b x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^7}{4} + \frac{9b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^6}{7} - 2a^5 b^3 x^2 + 3x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4 b^4 - \frac{9b^5 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{2} + 7a^2 b^6 x - 12a b^7 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 27b^8 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^{10}} - \frac{30b^9 \ln(b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{11}} - \frac{1}{a^{11}}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a^8 x^3}{3} - \frac{3b x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^7}{4} + \frac{9b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^6}{7} - 2a^5 b^3 x^2 + 3x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4 b^4 - \frac{9b^5 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{2} + 7a^2 b^6 x - 12a b^7 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 27b^8 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^{10}} - \frac{30b^9 \ln(b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^{11}} - \frac{1}{a^{11}}$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 3/a^10*(1/9*a^8*x^3-1/4*b*x^(8/3)*a^7+3/7*b^2*x^(7/3)*a^6-2/3*a^5*b^3*x^2+x^(5/3)*a^4*b^4-3/2*b^5*x^(4/3)*a^3+7/3*a^2*b^6*x-4*a*b^7*x^(2/3)+9*b^8*x^(1/3))-30*b^9*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^11-3*b^10/a^11/(b+a*x^(1/3))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{28 a^{12} x^4 - 140 a^9 b^3 x^3 + 420 a^6 b^6 x^2 + 588 a^3 b^9 x - 252 b^{12} - 2520 (a^3 b^9 x + b^{12}) \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) - 63 (a^{11} b^9 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3 a^8 b^{12} x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 12 a^5 b^7 x + 20 a^2 b^{10}) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 18 (6 a^{10} b^2 x^3 - 15 a^7 b^5 x^2 + 105 a^4 b^8 x + 140 a b^{11}) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{84 (a^{14} x + a^{11} b^3)}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/84*(28*a^12*x^4 - 140*a^9*b^3*x^3 + 420*a^6*b^6*x^2 + 588*a^3*b^9*x - 252*b^12 - 2520*(a^3*b^9*x + b^12)*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 63*(a^11*b^9*x^(1/3) + 3*a^8*b^12*x^(2/3) + 12*a^5*b^7*x + 20*a^2*b^10)*x^(2/3) + 18*(6*a^10*b^2*x^3 - 15*a^7*b^5*x^2 + 105*a^4*b^8*x + 140*a*b^11)*x^(1/3))/(a^14*x + a^11*b^3)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 367 vs.  $2(150) = 300$ .

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{28a^{10}x^{\frac{10}{3}}}{84a^{12}\sqrt[3]{x+84a^{11}b}} - \frac{35a^9bx^3}{84a^{12}\sqrt[3]{x+84a^{11}b}} + \frac{45a^8b^2x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{84a^{12}\sqrt[3]{x+84a^{11}b}} - \frac{60a^7b^3x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{84a^{12}\sqrt[3]{x+84a^{11}b}} + \frac{84a^6b^4x^2}{84a^{12}\sqrt[3]{x+84a^{11}b}} - \frac{126a^5b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{84a^{12}\sqrt[3]{x+84a^{11}b}} \\ \frac{3x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{11b^2} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**2/(a+b/x**(1/3))**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((28*a**10*x**(10/3)/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) - 35*a**9*b*x**3/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) + 45*a**8*b**2*x**(8/3)/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) - 60*a**7*b**3*x**(7/3)/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) + 84*a**6*b**4*x**2/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) - 126*a**5*b**5*x**(5/3)/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) + 210*a**4*b**6*x**(4/3)/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) - 420*a**3*b**7*x/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) + 1260*a**2*b**8*x**(2/3)/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) - 2520*a*b**9*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) - 2520*b**10*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b) - 2520*b**10/(84*a**12*x**(1/3) + 84*a**11*b), Ne(a, 0)), (3*x**(11/3)/(11*b**2), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{28a^9 - \frac{35a^8b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{45a^7b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{60a^6b^3}{x} + \frac{84a^5b^4}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{126a^4b^5}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{210a^3b^6}{x^2} - \frac{420a^2b^7}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{1260ab^8}{x^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{2520b^9}{x^3}}{84\left(\frac{a^{11}}{x^3} + \frac{a^{10}b}{x^{\frac{10}{3}}}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{30b^9 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^{11}} - \frac{10b^9 \log(x)}{a^{11}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{84}*(28*a^9 - 35*a^8*b/x^{(1/3)} + 45*a^7*b^2/x^{(2/3)} - 60*a^6*b^3/x + 84*a^5*b^4/x^{(4/3)} - 126*a^4*b^5/x^{(5/3)} + 210*a^3*b^6/x^2 - 420*a^2*b^7/x^{(7/3)} + 1260*a*b^8/x^{(8/3)} + 2520*b^9/x^3)/(a^{11}/x^3 + a^{10}*b/x^{(10/3)}) - 30*b^9*log(a + b/x^{(1/3)})/a^{11} - 10*b^9*log(x)/a^{11}$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = -\frac{30 b^9 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{a^{11}} - \frac{3 b^{10}}{\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)a^{11}} + \frac{28 a^{16} x^3 - 63 a^{15} b x^{\frac{8}{3}} + 108 a^{14} b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} - 168 a^{13} b^3 x^2 + 252 a^{12} b^4 x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 378 a^{11} b^5 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 588 a^{10} b^6 x - 1008 a^9 b^7}{84 a^{18}}$$

input `integrate(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-30*b^9*log(abs(a*x^{(1/3)} + b))/a^{11} - 3*b^{10}/((a*x^{(1/3)} + b)*a^{11}) + 1/84*(28*a^{16}*x^3 - 63*a^{15}*b*x^{(8/3)} + 108*a^{14}*b^2*x^{(7/3)} - 168*a^{13}*b^3*x^2 + 252*a^{12}*b^4*x^{(5/3)} - 378*a^{11}*b^5*x^{(4/3)} + 588*a^{10}*b^6*x - 1008*a^9*b^7*x^{(2/3)} + 2268*a^8*b^8*x^{(1/3)})/a^{18}$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = \frac{x^3}{3 a^2} - \frac{3 b^{10}}{a (a^{10} b + a^{11} x^{1/3})} - \frac{3 b x^{8/3}}{4 a^3} + \frac{7 b^6 x}{a^8} - \frac{30 b^9 \ln(b + a x^{1/3})}{a^{11}} - \frac{2 b^3 x^2}{a^5} + \frac{9 b^2 x^{7/3}}{7 a^4} + \frac{3 b^4 x^{5/3}}{a^6} - \frac{9 b^5 x^{4/3}}{2 a^7} - \frac{12 b^7 x^{2/3}}{a^9} + \frac{27 b^8 x^{1/3}}{a^{10}}$$



input `int(x^2/(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output 
$$\frac{x^3/(3a^2) - (3b^{10})/(a(a^{10}b + a^{11}x^{1/3})) - (3bx^{8/3})/(4a^3) + (7b^6x)/a^8 - (30b^9\log(b + ax^{1/3}))/a^{11} - (2b^3x^2)/a^5 + (9b^2x^{7/3})/(7a^4) + (3b^4x^{5/3})/a^6 - (9b^5x^{4/3})/(2a^7) - (12b^7x^{2/3})/a^9 + (27b^8x^{1/3})/a^{10}}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{45x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^8b^2 - 126x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^5 + 1260x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b^8 - 2520x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)a^9b + 28x^{\frac{10}{3}}a^{10} - 60x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^7b^3 + 210x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^4b^6 - 84a^{11}\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)}{84a^{11}\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(45x^{8/3}a^8b^2 - 126x^{5/3}a^5b^5 + 1260x^{2/3}a^2b^8 - 2520x^{1/3}a^9b + 28x^{10/3}a^{10} - 60x^{7/3}a^7b^3 + 210x^{4/3}a^4b^6 - 84a^{11}(x^{1/3}a + b) - 420a^3b^7x)/(84a^{11}(x^{1/3}a + b))$$

**3.320** 
$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2261
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2262
Rubi [A] (verified)	2262
Maple [A] (verified)	2264
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2264
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2265
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2265
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2266
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2266
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2267

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = \frac{3b^7}{a^8 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{18b^5\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^7} + \frac{15b^4x^{2/3}}{2a^6} - \frac{4b^3x}{a^5} + \frac{9b^2x^{4/3}}{4a^4} - \frac{6bx^{5/3}}{5a^3} + \frac{x^2}{2a^2} + \frac{21b^6 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^8}$$

output

```
3*b^7/a^8/(b+a*x^(1/3))-18*b^5*x^(1/3)/a^7+15/2*b^4*x^(2/3)/a^6-4*b^3*x/a^5+9/4*b^2*x^(4/3)/a^4-6/5*b*x^(5/3)/a^3+1/2*x^2/a^2+21*b^6*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^8
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{60b^7 - 360ab^6\sqrt[3]{x} - 210a^2b^5x^{2/3} + 70a^3b^4x - 35a^4b^3x^{4/3} + 21a^5b^2x^{5/3} - 14a^6bx^2 + 10a^7x^{7/3}}{20a^8(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{21b^6 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^8}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x]`

output `(60*b^7 - 360*a*b^6*x^(1/3) - 210*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3) + 70*a^3*b^4*x - 35*a^4*b^3*x^(4/3) + 21*a^5*b^2*x^(5/3) - 14*a^6*b*x^2 + 10*a^7*x^(7/3))/(20*a^8*(b + a*x^(1/3))) + (21*b^6*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^8`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{795}$$

$$\int \frac{x^{5/3}}{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{798}$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^{7/3}}{(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 49

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{b^7}{a^7 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} + \frac{7b^6}{a^7 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} - \frac{6b^5}{a^7} + \frac{5\sqrt[3]{xb^4}}{a^6} - \frac{4x^{2/3}b^3}{a^5} + \frac{3xb^2}{a^4} - \frac{2x^{4/3}b}{a^3} + \frac{x^{5/3}}{a^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{b^7}{a^8 (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)} + \frac{7b^6 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)}{a^8} - \frac{6b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^7} + \frac{5b^4 x^{2/3}}{2a^6} - \frac{4b^3 x}{3a^5} + \frac{3b^2 x^{4/3}}{4a^4} - \frac{2bx^{5/3}}{5a^3} + \frac{x^2}{6a^2} \right)$$

input `Int[x/(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x]`

output `3*(b^7/(a^8*(b + a*x^(1/3))) - (6*b^5*x^(1/3))/a^7 + (5*b^4*x^(2/3))/(2*a^6) - (4*b^3*x)/(3*a^5) + (3*b^2*x^(4/3))/(4*a^4) - (2*b*x^(5/3))/(5*a^3) + x^2/(6*a^2) + (7*b^6*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^8)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{6b x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4}{5} + \frac{9b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{4} - 4a^2 b^3 x + \frac{15x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b^4}{2} - 18b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^7} + \frac{3b^7}{a^8 (b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{21b^6 \ln(b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^8}$	95
default	$\frac{\frac{a^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{6b x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4}{5} + \frac{9b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{4} - 4a^2 b^3 x + \frac{15x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b^4}{2} - 18b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^7} + \frac{3b^7}{a^8 (b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{21b^6 \ln(b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^8}$	95

input `int(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3/a^7*(1/6*a^5*x^2-2/5*b*x^(5/3)*a^4+3/4*b^2*x^(4/3)*a^3-4/3*a^2*b^3*x+5/2*x^(2/3)*a*b^4-6*b^5*x^(1/3))+3*b^7/a^8/(b+a*x^(1/3))+21*b^6*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^8`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{10 a^9 x^3 - 70 a^6 b^3 x^2 - 80 a^3 b^6 x + 60 b^9 + 420 (a^3 b^6 x + b^9) \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) - 6 (4 a^8 b x^2 - 21 a^5 b^4 x - 35 a^2 b^7) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15 (3 a^7 b^2 x^2 - 21 a^4 b^5 x - 28 a b^8) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{20 (a^{11} x + a^8 b^3)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/20*(10*a^9*x^3 - 70*a^6*b^3*x^2 - 80*a^3*b^6*x + 60*b^9 + 420*(a^3*b^6*x + b^9)*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 6*(4*a^8*b*x^2 - 21*a^5*b^4*x - 35*a^2*b^7)*x^(2/3) + 15*(3*a^7*b^2*x^2 - 21*a^4*b^5*x - 28*a*b^8)*x^(1/3))/(a^11*x + a^8*b^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs.  $2(110) = 220$ .

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.45

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{10a^7x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{20a^9\sqrt[3]{x+20a^8b}} - \frac{14a^6bx^2}{20a^9\sqrt[3]{x+20a^8b}} + \frac{21a^5b^2x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{20a^9\sqrt[3]{x+20a^8b}} - \frac{35a^4b^3x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{20a^9\sqrt[3]{x+20a^8b}} + \frac{70a^3b^4x}{20a^9\sqrt[3]{x+20a^8b}} - \frac{210a^2b^5x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{20a^9\sqrt[3]{x+20a^8b}} + \frac{420ab^6}{20a^9\sqrt[3]{x+20a^8b}} \\ \frac{3x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8b^2} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x**(1/3))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((10*a**7*x**(7/3)/(20*a**9*x**(1/3) + 20*a**8*b) - 14*a**6*b*x**2/(20*a**9*x**(1/3) + 20*a**8*b) + 21*a**5*b**2*x**(5/3)/(20*a**9*x**(1/3) + 20*a**8*b) - 35*a**4*b**3*x**(4/3)/(20*a**9*x**(1/3) + 20*a**8*b) + 70*a**3*b**4*x/(20*a**9*x**(1/3) + 20*a**8*b) - 210*a**2*b**5*x**(2/3)/(20*a**9*x**(1/3) + 20*a**8*b) + 420*a*b**6*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(20*a**9*x**(1/3) + 20*a**8*b) + 420*b**7*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(20*a**9*x**(1/3) + 20*a**8*b) + 420*b**7/(20*a**9*x**(1/3) + 20*a**8*b), Ne(a, 0)), (3*x**(8/3)/(8*b**2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = \frac{10a^6 - \frac{14a^5b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{21a^4b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{35a^3b^3}{x} + \frac{70a^2b^4}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{210ab^5}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{420b^6}{x^2}}{20\left(\frac{a^8}{x^2} + \frac{a^7b}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{21b^6 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^8} + \frac{7b^6 \log(x)}{a^8}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/20*(10*a^6 - 14*a^5*b/x^(1/3) + 21*a^4*b^2/x^(2/3) - 35*a^3*b^3/x + 70*a^2*b^4/x^(4/3) - 210*a*b^5/x^(5/3) - 420*b^6/x^2)/(a^8/x^2 + a^7*b/x^(7/3)) + 21*b^6*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/a^8 + 7*b^6*log(x)/a^8
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{21 b^6 \log\left(\left|a x^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{a^8} + \frac{3 b^7}{\left(a x^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) a^8}$$

$$+ \frac{10 a^{10} x^2 - 24 a^9 b x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 45 a^8 b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 80 a^7 b^3 x + 150 a^6 b^4 x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 360 a^5 b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{20 a^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
21*b^6*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/a^8 + 3*b^7/((a*x^(1/3) + b)*a^8) + 1/20*(10*a^10*x^2 - 24*a^9*b*x^(5/3) + 45*a^8*b^2*x^(4/3) - 80*a^7*b^3*x + 150*a^6*b^4*x^(2/3) - 360*a^5*b^5*x^(1/3))/a^12
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = \frac{x^2}{2 a^2} + \frac{3 b^7}{a (a^7 b + a^8 x^{1/3})} - \frac{4 b^3 x}{a^5} - \frac{6 b x^{5/3}}{5 a^3}$$

$$+ \frac{21 b^6 \ln(b + a x^{1/3})}{a^8} + \frac{9 b^2 x^{4/3}}{4 a^4} + \frac{15 b^4 x^{2/3}}{2 a^6} - \frac{18 b^5 x^{1/3}}{a^7}$$

input

```
int(x/(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x)
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & x^2/(2*a^2) + (3*b^7)/(a*(a^7*b + a^8*x^(1/3))) - (4*b^3*x)/a^5 - (6*b*x^(5/3))/(5*a^3) + (21*b^6*log(b + a*x^(1/3)))/a^8 + (9*b^2*x^(4/3))/(4*a^4) \\ & + (15*b^4*x^(2/3))/(2*a^6) - (18*b^5*x^(1/3))/a^7 \end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{21x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^2 - 210x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b^5 + 420x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)ab^6 + 10x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^7 - 35x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^4b^3 - 420x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^6 + 420\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)}{20a^8\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)}$$

input

int(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x)

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (21*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**2*x - 210*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**5 + 420*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a*b**6 + 10*x**(1/3)*a**7*x**2 - 35*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**3*x - 420*x**(1/3)*a*b**6 + 420*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*b**7 - 14*a**6*b*x**2 + 70*a**3*b**4*x)/(20*a**8*(x**(1/3)*a + b)) \end{aligned}$$



**3.321**  $\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2268
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2268
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2269
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2270
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2271
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2271
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2272
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2272
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2272
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2273

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = -\frac{3b^4}{a^5(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{9b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^4} - \frac{3bx^{2/3}}{a^3} + \frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{12b^3 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^5}$$

output

```
-3*b^4/a^5/(b+a*x^(1/3))+9*b^2*x^(1/3)/a^4-3*b*x^(2/3)/a^3+x/a^2-12*b^3*ln
(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^5
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = \frac{-3b^4 + 9ab^3\sqrt[3]{x} + 6a^2b^2x^{2/3} - 2a^3bx + a^4x^{4/3}}{a^5(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{12b^3 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^5}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^-2,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-3b^4 + 9ab^3x^{1/3} + 6a^2b^2x^{2/3} - 2a^3bx + a^4x^{4/3}) / (a^5(b + ax^{1/3})) - (12b^3 \text{Log}[b + ax^{1/3}])}{a^5}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {774, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{4/3}}{(\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{b^4}{a^4 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2} - \frac{4b^3}{a^4 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4} - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{xb}}{a^3} + \frac{x^{2/3}}{a^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{b^4}{a^5 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} - \frac{4b^3 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{a^5} + \frac{3b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^4} - \frac{bx^{2/3}}{a^3} + \frac{x}{3a^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b/x^{1/3})^{-2}, x]$$

output  $3*(-(b^4/(a^5*(b + a*x^{(1/3)}))) + (3*b^2*x^{(1/3)})/a^4 - (b*x^{(2/3)})/a^3 + x/(3*a^2) - (4*b^3*Log[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])/a^5)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& IGtQ[m, 0] \&\& IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 774  $Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow With[\{k = Denominator[n]\}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^{(k - 1)}*(a + b*x^{(k*n)})^p, x], x, x^{(1/k)}], x] /; FreeQ[\{a, b, p\}, x] \&\& FractionQ[n]$

rule 795  $Int[(x_)^{(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Int[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& IntegerQ[p] \&\& NegQ[n]$

rule 2009  $Int[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab + 9x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2}{a^4} - \frac{12b^3 \ln(b + ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^5} - \frac{3b^4}{a^5(b + ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}$	62
default	$\frac{a^2x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab + 9x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2}{a^4} - \frac{12b^3 \ln(b + ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^5} - \frac{3b^4}{a^5(b + ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}$	62

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $3/a^4*(1/3*a^2*x - x^{(2/3)}*a*b + 3*x^{(1/3)}*b^2) - 12*b^3*ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})/a^5 - 3*b^4/a^5/(b+a*x^{(1/3)})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^6 x^2 + a^3 b^3 x - 3b^6 - 12(a^3 b^3 x + b^6) \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) - 3(a^5 b x + 2a^2 b^4) x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3(3a^4 b^2 x + 4ab^5) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^8 x + a^5 b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a^6*x^2 + a^3*b^3*x - 3*b^6 - 12*(a^3*b^3*x + b^6)*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 3*(a^5*b*x + 2*a^2*b^4)*x^(2/3) + 3*(3*a^4*b^2*x + 4*a*b^5)*x^(1/3))/(a^8*x + a^5*b^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 165 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{a^6 \sqrt[3]{x+a^5 b}} - \frac{2a^3 b x}{a^6 \sqrt[3]{x+a^5 b}} + \frac{6a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^6 \sqrt[3]{x+a^5 b}} - \frac{12ab^3 \sqrt[3]{x} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x+\frac{b}{a}}\right)}{a^6 \sqrt[3]{x+a^5 b}} - \frac{12b^4 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x+\frac{b}{a}}\right)}{a^6 \sqrt[3]{x+a^5 b}} - \frac{12b^4}{a^6 \sqrt[3]{x+a^5 b}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{5b^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**4*x**(4/3)/(a**6*x**(1/3) + a**5*b) - 2*a**3*b*x/(a**6*x**(1/3) + a**5*b) + 6*a**2*b**2*x**(2/3)/(a**6*x**(1/3) + a**5*b) - 12*a*b**3*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(a**6*x**(1/3) + a**5*b) - 12*b**4*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(a**6*x**(1/3) + a**5*b) - 12*b**4/(a**6*x**(1/3) + a**5*b), Ne(a, 0)), (3*x**(5/3)/(5*b**2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = \frac{a^3 - \frac{2a^2b}{x^{1/3}} + \frac{6ab^2}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{12b^3}{x}}{\frac{a^5}{x} + \frac{a^4b}{x^{4/3}}} - \frac{12b^3 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{a^5} - \frac{4b^3 \log(x)}{a^5}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(a^3 - 2*a^2*b/x^(1/3) + 6*a*b^2/x^(2/3) + 12*b^3/x)/(a^5/x + a^4*b/x^(4/3)) - 12*b^3*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/a^5 - 4*b^3*log(x)/a^5`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = -\frac{12b^3 \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{a^5} - \frac{3b^4}{\left(ax^{1/3} + b\right)a^5} + \frac{a^4x - 3a^3bx^{2/3} + 9a^2b^2x^{1/3}}{a^6}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-12*b^3*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/a^5 - 3*b^4/((a*x^(1/3) + b)*a^5) + (a^4*x - 3*a^3*b*x^(2/3) + 9*a^2*b^2*x^(1/3))/a^6`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx = \frac{x}{a^2} - \frac{3b^4}{a(a^4b + a^5x^{1/3})} - \frac{3bx^{2/3}}{a^3} - \frac{12b^3 \ln(b + ax^{1/3})}{a^5} + \frac{9b^2x^{1/3}}{a^4}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output `x/a^2 - (3*b^4)/(a*(a^4*b + a^5*x^(1/3))) - (3*b*x^(2/3))/a^3 - (12*b^3*log(b + a*x^(1/3)))/a^5 + (9*b^2*x^(1/3))/a^4`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b^2 - 12x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)ab^3 + x^{\frac{4}{3}}a^4 + 12x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab^3 - 12\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)b^4 - 2a^3bx}{a^5\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2,x)`

output `(6*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**2 - 12*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a*b**3 + x**(1/3)*a**4*x + 12*x**(1/3)*a*b**3 - 12*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*b**4 - 2*a**3*b*x)/(a**5*(x**(1/3)*a + b))`

**3.322** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx$$

Optimal result	2274
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2274
Rubi [A] (verified)	2275
Maple [A] (verified)	2276
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2277
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2277
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2278
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2278
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2278
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2279

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx = \frac{3b}{a^2 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{3 \log (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^2}$$

output `3*b/a^2/(b+a*x^(1/3))+3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^2`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx = \frac{3\left(\frac{b}{b+a\sqrt[3]{x}} + \log (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})\right)}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x),x]`

output  $(3*(b/(b + a*x^{(1/3)}) + \text{Log}[b + a*x^{(1/3)}]))/a^2$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x}}{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^2} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{1}{a(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)} - \frac{b}{a(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^2} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{b}{a^2(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} + \frac{\log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{a^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[1/((a + b/x^{(1/3)})^2*x), x]$

output  $3*(b/(a^2*(b + a*x^{(1/3)})) + \text{Log}[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])/a^2$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$
- rule 795  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p] \&\& \text{NegQ}[n]$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$
- rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
default	$\frac{3b}{a^2(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{3\ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^2}$	30
derivativedivides	$\frac{3\ln(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}})}{a^2} - \frac{3}{a(a+\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}})} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2}$	35

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*b/a^2/(b+a*x^(1/3))+3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^2`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx = \frac{3 \left( a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}} - a b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^3 + (a^3 x + b^3) \log \left( a x^{\frac{1}{3}} + b \right) \right)}{a^5 x + a^2 b^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3*(a^2*b*x^(2/3) - a*b^2*x^(1/3) + b^3 + (a^3*x + b^3)*log(a*x^(1/3) + b)) / (a^5*x + a^2*b^3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs. 2(29) = 58.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3ax \log \left( \sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a} \right)}{a^3 x + a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}} \log \left( \sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a} \right)}{a^3 x + a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{a^3 x + a^2 b x^{\frac{2}{3}}} & \text{for } a \neq 0 \\ \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2b^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**2/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((3*a*x*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(a**3*x + a**2*b*x**(2/3)) + 3*b*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(a**3*x + a**2*b*x**(2/3)) + 3*b*x**(2/3)/(a**3*x + a**2*b*x**(2/3)), Ne(a, 0)), (3*x**(2/3)/(2*b**2), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx = -\frac{3}{a^2 + \frac{ab}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}} + \frac{3 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^2} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-3/(a^2 + a*b/x^(1/3)) + 3*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/a^2 + log(x)/a^2`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx = \frac{3 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{a^2} + \frac{3b}{\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)a^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/a^2 + 3*b/((a*x^(1/3) + b)*a^2)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx = \frac{3 \ln(b + ax^{1/3})}{a^2} + \frac{3b}{a^2(b + ax^{1/3})}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2),x)`

output  $(3*\log(b + a*x^{(1/3)}))/a^2 + (3*b)/(a^2*(b + a*x^{(1/3)}))$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x} dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) a - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + 3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) b}{a^2 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x,x)`

output  $(3*(x^{(1/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)}*a + b)*a - x^{(1/3)}*a + \log(x^{(1/3)}*a + b)*b))/(a^{**2}*(x^{(1/3)}*a + b))$

**3.323** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx$$

Optimal result	2280
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2280
Rubi [A] (verified)	2281
Maple [A] (verified)	2282
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2283
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2283
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2284
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2284
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2285
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2285

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx = \frac{3a^2}{b^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)} - \frac{3}{b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{6a \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^3}$$

output `3*a^2/b^3/(a+b/x^(1/3))-3/b^2/x^(1/3)+6*a*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx = \frac{3 \left( -\frac{b \left(2a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b+a\sqrt[3]{x}} + 2a \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) - \frac{2}{3}a \log(x) \right)}{b^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^2),x]`

output `(3*(-((b*(2*a + b/x^(1/3)))/(b + a*x^(1/3))) + 2*a*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)] - (2*a*Log[x])/3))/b^3`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{x^{4/3} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2 x^{2/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\
 & 3 \int \left( \frac{2a^2}{b^3 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)} + \frac{a^2}{b^2 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2} - \frac{2a}{b^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{1}{b^2 x^{2/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{2a \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{b^3} - \frac{2a \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3} - \frac{a}{b^2 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} - \frac{1}{b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^2),x]`

output  $3*(-(a/(b^2*(b + a*x^{(1/3)}))) - 1/(b^2*x^{(1/3)}) + (2*a*Log[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])/b^3 - (2*a*Log[x^{(1/3)}])/b^3)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54  $Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& ILtQ[m, 0] \&\& IntegerQ[n] \&\& !(IGtQ[n, 0] \&\& LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])$

rule 795  $Int[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_))^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Int[x^{(m + n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& IntegerQ[p] \&\& NegQ[n]$

rule 798  $Int[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^{(n_))^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^{(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $Int[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3a}{b^2(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{6a \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3} - \frac{3}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2} - \frac{2a \ln(x)}{b^3}$	47
default	$-\frac{3a}{b^2(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{6a \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3} - \frac{3}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2} - \frac{2a \ln(x)}{b^3}$	47

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-3*a/b^2/(b+a*x^{(1/3)})+6/b^3*a*\ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})-3/x^{(1/3)}/b^2-2/b^3*a*\ln(x)$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 98 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3\left(a^2 b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} - ab^3 x + 2(a^4 x^2 + ab^3 x) \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) - 2(a^4 x^2 + ab^3 x) \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) - (2a^3 b x + b^4)x^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{a^3 b^3 x^2 + b^6 x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3*(a^2*b^2*x^(4/3) - a*b^3*x + 2*(a^4*x^2 + a*b^3*x)*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 2*(a^4*x^2 + a*b^3*x)*log(x^(1/3)) - (2*a^3*b*x + b^4)*x^(2/3))/(a^3*b^3*x^2 + b^6*x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs.  $2(42) = 84$ .

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.59

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{\sqrt[3]{x}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{3}{b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{1}{a^2 x} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2a^2 x^2 \log(x)}{ab^3 x^2 + b^4 x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{6a^2 x^2 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{ab^3 x^2 + b^4 x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{2abx^{\frac{5}{3}} \log(x)}{ab^3 x^2 + b^4 x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{6abx^{\frac{5}{3}} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{ab^3 x^2 + b^4 x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{6abx^{\frac{5}{3}}}{ab^3 x^2 + b^4 x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{3b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{ab^3 x^2 + b^4 x^{\frac{5}{3}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**2/x**2,x)`



output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**(1/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(b**2*x**(1/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(a**2*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-2*a**2*x**2*log(x)/(a*b**3*x**2 + b**4*x**(5/3)) + 6*a**2*x**2*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(a*b**3*x**2 + b**4*x**(5/3)) - 2*a*b*x**(5/3)*log(x)/(a*b**3*x**2 + b**4*x**(5/3)) + 6*a*b*x**(5/3)*log(x*(1/3) + b/a)/(a*b**3*x**2 + b**4*x**(5/3)) - 6*a*b*x**(5/3)/(a*b**3*x**2 + b**4*x**(5/3)) - 3*b**2*x**(4/3)/(a*b**3*x**2 + b**4*x**(5/3)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx = \frac{6a \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
6*a*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/b^3 - 3*(a + b/x^(1/3))/b^3 + 3*a^2/((a + b/x^(1/3))*b^3)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx = \frac{6a \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{b^3} - \frac{2a \log(|x|)}{b^3} - \frac{3\left(2ax^{1/3} + b\right)}{\left(ax^{2/3} + bx^{1/3}\right)b^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
6*a*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/b^3 - 2*a*log(abs(x))/b^3 - 3*(2*a*x^(1/3) + b)/((a*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3))*b^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^2} dx = \frac{12 a \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2 a x^{1/3}}{b} + 1\right)}{b^3} - \frac{\frac{3}{b} + \frac{6 a x^{1/3}}{b^2}}{a x^{2/3} + b x^{1/3}}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2),x)`output `(12*a*atanh((2*a*x^(1/3))/b + 1))/b^3 - (3/b + (6*a*x^(1/3))/b^2)/(a*x^(2/3) + b*x^(1/3))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^2 + 6x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} a + b\right) a^2 + 6x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a b + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} a + b\right) a b - 3b^2}{x^{\frac{1}{3}} b^3 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} a + b\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^2,x)`output `(3*(-2*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**2 + 2*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**2 + 2*x**(2/3)*a**2 - 2*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a*b + 2*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a*b - b**2))/(x**(1/3)*b**3*(x**(1/3)*a + b))`

**3.324** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2286
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2287
Rubi [A] (verified)	2287
Maple [A] (verified)	2289
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2289
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2290
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2290
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2291
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2291
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2292

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx = -\frac{3a^5}{b^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)} - \frac{3}{4b^2 x^{4/3}} + \frac{2a}{b^3 x} - \frac{9a^2}{2b^4 x^{2/3}} + \frac{12a^3}{b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{15a^4 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^6}$$

output

```
-3*a^5/b^6/(a+b/x^(1/3))-3/4/b^2/x^(4/3)+2*a/b^3/x-9/2*a^2/b^4/x^(2/3)+12*a^3/b^5/x^(1/3)-15*a^4*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^6
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b \left( -3b^4 + 5ab^3 \sqrt[3]{x} - 10a^2 b^2 x^{2/3} + 30a^3 b x + 60a^4 x^{4/3} \right)}{\left(b + a \sqrt[3]{x}\right) x^{4/3}} - 60a^4 \log(b + a \sqrt[3]{x}) + 20a^4 \log(x)$$

$$= \frac{\hspace{15em}}{4b^6}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^3),x]`

output `((b*(-3*b^4 + 5*a*b^3*x^(1/3) - 10*a^2*b^2*x^(2/3) + 30*a^3*b*x + 60*a^4*x^(4/3)))/(b + a*x^(1/3))*x^(4/3)) - 60*a^4*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)] + 20*a^4*Log[x])/(4*b^6)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{795}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{7/3} (a \sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{798}$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x} a + b)^2 x^{5/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{5a^5}{b^6 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} - \frac{a^5}{b^5 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} + \frac{5a^4}{b^6 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{4a^3}{b^5 x^{2/3}} + \frac{3a^2}{b^4 x} - \frac{2a}{b^3 x^{4/3}} + \frac{1}{b^2 x^{5/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( -\frac{5a^4 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)}{b^6} + \frac{5a^4 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6} + \frac{a^4}{b^5 (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)} + \frac{4a^3}{b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{3a^2}{2b^4 x^{2/3}} + \frac{2a}{3b^3 x} - \frac{1}{4b^2 x^{4/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^3),x]`

output `3*(a^4/(b^5*(b + a*x^(1/3))) - 1/(4*b^2*x^(4/3)) + (2*a)/(3*b^3*x) - (3*a^2)/(2*b^4*x^(2/3)) + (4*a^3)/(b^5*x^(1/3)) - (5*a^4*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/b^6 + (5*a^4*Log[x^(1/3)])/b^6)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3}{4b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2}{2b^4x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{5a^4 \ln(x)}{b^6} + \frac{12a^3}{b^5x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{2a}{b^3x} - \frac{15a^4 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^6} + \frac{3a^4}{b^5(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}$	84
default	$-\frac{3}{4b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2}{2b^4x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{5a^4 \ln(x)}{b^6} + \frac{12a^3}{b^5x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{2a}{b^3x} - \frac{15a^4 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^6} + \frac{3a^4}{b^5(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}$	84

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-3/4/b^2/x^{(4/3)}-9/2*a^2/b^4/x^{(2/3)}+5*a^4/b^6*\ln(x)+12*a^3/b^5/x^{(1/3)}+2*a/b^3/x-15*a^4/b^6*\ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})+3*a^4/b^5/(b+a*x^{(1/3)})$$
**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 148 vs. 2(73) = 146.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{20 a^4 b^3 x^2 + 8 a b^6 x - 60 (a^7 x^3 + a^4 b^3 x^2) \log(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b) + 60 (a^7 x^3 + a^4 b^3 x^2) \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}) + 3 (20 a^6 b x^2 + 15 a^4 b^3 x)}{4 (a^3 b^6 x^3 + b^9 x^2)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$1/4*(20*a^4*b^3*x^2 + 8*a*b^6*x - 60*(a^7*x^3 + a^4*b^3*x^2)*\log(a*x^{(1/3)} + b) + 60*(a^7*x^3 + a^4*b^3*x^2)*\log(x^{(1/3)}) + 3*(20*a^6*b*x^2 + 15*a^4*b^3*x - b^7)*x^{(2/3)} - 6*(5*a^5*b^2*x^2 + 3*a^2*b^5*x)*x^{(1/3)})/(a^3*b^6*x^3 + b^9*x^2)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 340 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 2.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 340, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{4/3}} \\ -\frac{3}{4b^2 x^{4/3}} \\ -\frac{1}{2a^2 x^2} \\ \frac{20a^5 x^3 \log(x)}{4ab^6 x^3 + 4b^7 x^{8/3}} - \frac{60a^5 x^3 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{4ab^6 x^3 + 4b^7 x^{8/3}} + \frac{20a^4 b x^{8/3} \log(x)}{4ab^6 x^3 + 4b^7 x^{8/3}} - \frac{60a^4 b x^{8/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{4ab^6 x^3 + 4b^7 x^{8/3}} + \frac{60a^4 b x^{8/3}}{4ab^6 x^3 + 4b^7 x^{8/3}} + \frac{30a^3 b^2 x^{7/3}}{4ab^6 x^3 + 4b^7 x^{8/3}} - \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{2/3}}{4ab^6 x^3 + 4b^7 x^{8/3}} + \frac{5a^2 b^4 x^{5/3}}{4ab^6 x^3 + 4b^7 x^{8/3}} - \frac{3b^5 x^{4/3}}{4ab^6 x^3 + 4b^7 x^{8/3}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**2/x**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(4/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(4*b**2*x**(4/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(2*a**2*x**2), Eq(b, 0)), (20*a**5*x**3*log(x)/(4*a*b**6*x**3 + 4*b**7*x**(8/3)) - 60*a**5*x**3*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(4*a*b**6*x**3 + 4*b**7*x**(8/3)) + 20*a**4*b*x**(8/3)*log(x)/(4*a*b**6*x**3 + 4*b**7*x**(8/3)) - 60*a**4*b*x**(8/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(4*a*b**6*x**3 + 4*b**7*x**(8/3)) + 60*a**4*b*x**(8/3)/(4*a*b**6*x**3 + 4*b**7*x**(8/3)) + 30*a**3*b**2*x*(7/3)/(4*a*b**6*x**3 + 4*b**7*x**(8/3)) - 10*a**2*b**3*x**2/(4*a*b**6*x**3 + 4*b**7*x**(8/3)) + 5*a*b**4*x**(5/3)/(4*a*b**6*x**3 + 4*b**7*x**(8/3)) - 3*b**5*x**(4/3)/(4*a*b**6*x**3 + 4*b**7*x**(8/3)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx = -\frac{15a^4 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{b^6} - \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^4}{4b^6} + \frac{5\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^3 a}{b^6}$$

$$- \frac{15\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2 a^2}{b^6} + \frac{30\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)a^3}{b^6} - \frac{3a^5}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)b^6}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-15a^4 \log(a + b/x^{1/3})/b^6 - 3/4(a + b/x^{1/3})^4/b^6 + 5(a + b/x^{1/3})^3 a/b^6 - 15(a + b/x^{1/3})^2 a^2/b^6 + 30(a + b/x^{1/3}) a^3/b^6 - 3a^5/((a + b/x^{1/3})b^6)$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx = -\frac{15a^4 \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{b^6} + \frac{5a^4 \log(|x|)}{b^6} + \frac{60a^4bx^{4/3} + 30a^3b^2x - 10a^2b^3x^{2/3} + 5ab^4x^{1/3} - 3b^5}{4\left(ax^{1/3} + b\right)b^6x^{4/3}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-15a^4 \log(\text{abs}(a*x^{1/3} + b))/b^6 + 5a^4 \log(\text{abs}(x))/b^6 + 1/4(60a^4*b*x^{4/3} + 30a^3*b^2*x - 10a^2*b^3*x^{2/3} + 5a*b^4*x^{1/3} - 3*b^5)/((a*x^{1/3} + b)*b^6*x^{4/3})$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx = \frac{\frac{5ax^{1/3}}{4b^2} - \frac{3}{4b} + \frac{15a^3x}{2b^4} - \frac{5a^2x^{2/3}}{2b^3} + \frac{15a^4x^{4/3}}{b^5}}{ax^{5/3} + bx^{4/3}} - \frac{30a^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ax^{1/3}}{b} + 1\right)}{b^6}$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2),x)`



output

$$\left( \frac{5ax^{1/3}}{4b^2} - \frac{3}{4b} + \frac{15a^3x}{2b^4} - \frac{5a^2x^{2/3}}{2b^3} + \frac{15a^4x^{4/3}}{b^5} \right) / (ax^{5/3} + bx^{4/3}) - \frac{30a^4 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ax^{1/3}}{b+1}\right)}{b^6}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{60x^{5/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}\right) a^5 - 60x^{5/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}a + b\right) a^5 - 60x^{5/3} a^5 - 10x^{2/3} a^2 b^3 + 60x^{4/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}\right) a^4 b - 60x^{4/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}a + b\right) a^4 b}{4x^{4/3} b^6 \left(x^{1/3}a + b\right)}$$

input

$$\operatorname{int}\left(\frac{1}{\left(a+b/x^{1/3}\right)^2/x^3}, x\right)$$

output

$$\frac{60x^{2/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}\right) a^5 x - 60x^{2/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}a + b\right) a^5 x - 60x^{2/3} a^5 x - 10x^{2/3} a^2 b^3 + 60x^{1/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}\right) a^4 b x - 60x^{1/3} \log\left(x^{1/3}a + b\right) a^4 b x + 5x^{1/3} a b^4 + 30a^3 b^2 x - 3b^5}{4x^{1/3} b^6 \left(x^{1/3}a + b\right)}$$

**3.325** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx$$

Optimal result	2293
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2294
Rubi [A] (verified)	2294
Maple [A] (verified)	2296
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2296
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2297
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2298
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2298
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2299
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2299

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx = \frac{3a^8}{b^9 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)} - \frac{3}{7b^2x^{7/3}} + \frac{a}{b^3x^2} - \frac{9a^2}{5b^4x^{5/3}} + \frac{3a^3}{b^5x^{4/3}} - \frac{5a^4}{b^6x} + \frac{9a^5}{b^7x^{2/3}} - \frac{21a^6}{b^8\sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{24a^7 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^9}$$

output

```
3*a^8/b^9/(a+b/x^(1/3))-3/7/b^2/x^(7/3)+a/b^3/x^2-9/5*a^2/b^4/x^(5/3)+3*a^3/b^5/x^(4/3)-5*a^4/b^6/x+9*a^5/b^7/x^(2/3)-21*a^6/b^8/x^(1/3)+24*a^7*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx = \frac{b \left(15b^7 - 20ab^6 \sqrt[3]{x} + 28a^2b^5x^{2/3} - 42a^3b^4x + 70a^4b^3x^{4/3} - 140a^5b^2x^{5/3} + 420a^6bx^2 + 840a^7x^{7/3}\right)}{\left(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}\right)x^{7/3}} - 840a^7 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) + 280a^7 \log(b) - \frac{280a^7}{35b^9}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^4),x]`

output `-1/35*((b*(15*b^7 - 20*a*b^6*x^(1/3) + 28*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3) - 42*a^3*b^4*x + 70*a^4*b^3*x^(4/3) - 140*a^5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 420*a^6*b*x^2 + 840*a^7*x^(7/3)))/((b + a*x^(1/3))*x^(7/3)) - 840*a^7*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)] + 280*a^7*Log[x])/b^9`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 795$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^{10/3} (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2 x^{8/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 54

$$3 \int \left( \frac{8a^8}{b^9 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} + \frac{a^8}{b^8 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} - \frac{8a^7}{b^9 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{7a^6}{b^8 x^{2/3}} - \frac{6a^5}{b^7 x} + \frac{5a^4}{b^6 x^{4/3}} - \frac{4a^3}{b^5 x^{5/3}} + \frac{3a^2}{b^4 x^2} - \frac{2a}{b^3 x^{7/3}} + \frac{1}{b^2 x^{8/3}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{8a^7 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)}{b^9} - \frac{8a^7 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9} - \frac{a^7}{b^8 (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)} - \frac{7a^6}{b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3a^5}{b^7 x^{2/3}} - \frac{5a^4}{3b^6 x} + \frac{a^3}{b^5 x^{4/3}} - \frac{3a^2}{5b^4 x^{5/3}} + \frac{a}{3b^3 x^2} \right) dx$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^2*x^4),x]`

output `3*(-(a^7/(b^8*(b + a*x^(1/3)))) - 1/(7*b^2*x^(7/3)) + a/(3*b^3*x^2) - (3*a^2)/(5*b^4*x^(5/3)) + a^3/(b^5*x^(4/3)) - (5*a^4)/(3*b^6*x) + (3*a^5)/(b^7*x^(2/3)) - (7*a^6)/(b^8*x^(1/3)) + (8*a^7*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/b^9 - (8*a^7*Log[x^(1/3)])/b^9)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3}{7b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2}{5b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{5a^4}{b^6x} - \frac{8a^7 \ln(x)}{b^9} - \frac{21a^6}{b^8x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{9a^5}{b^7x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{3a^3}{b^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{a}{b^3x^2} - \frac{3a^7}{b^8(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{24a^7 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9}$
default	$-\frac{3}{7b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}} - \frac{9a^2}{5b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{5a^4}{b^6x} - \frac{8a^7 \ln(x)}{b^9} - \frac{21a^6}{b^8x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{9a^5}{b^7x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{3a^3}{b^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{a}{b^3x^2} - \frac{3a^7}{b^8(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{24a^7 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9}$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$-3/7/b^2/x^{(7/3)}-9/5*a^2/b^4/x^{(5/3)}-5*a^4/b^6/x-8/b^9*a^7*\ln(x)-21*a^6/b^8/x^{(1/3)}+9*a^5/b^7/x^{(2/3)}+3*a^3/b^5/x^{(4/3)}+a/b^3/x^2-3*a^7/b^8/(b+a*x^{(1/3)})+24/b^9*a^7*\ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 179, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx = \frac{280 a^7 b^3 x^3 + 140 a^4 b^6 x^2 - 35 a b^9 x - 840 (a^{10} x^4 + a^7 b^3 x^3) \log(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b) + 840 (a^{10} x^4 + a^7 b^3 x^3) \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}})}{35 (a^3 b^9 x^4 + b^{12} x^3)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$-1/35*(280*a^7*b^3*x^3 + 140*a^4*b^6*x^2 - 35*a*b^9*x - 840*(a^{10}*x^4 + a^7*b^3*x^3)*\log(a*x^{(1/3)} + b) + 840*(a^{10}*x^4 + a^7*b^3*x^3)*\log(x^{(1/3)}) + 15*(56*a^9*b*x^3 + 42*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 6*a^3*b^7*x + b^{10})*x^{(2/3)} - 21*(20*a^8*b^2*x^3 + 12*a^5*b^5*x^2 - 3*a^2*b^8*x)*x^{(1/3)})/(a^3*b^9*x^4 + b^{12}*x^3)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 440 vs.  $2(121) = 242$ .

Time = 4.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 440, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.58

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} \\ -\frac{3}{7b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}}} \\ -\frac{1}{3a^2x^3} \\ -\frac{280a^8x^4 \log(x)}{35ab^9x^4+35b^{10}x^{\frac{11}{3}}} + \frac{840a^8x^4 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x+\frac{b}{a}}\right)}{35ab^9x^4+35b^{10}x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{280a^7bx^{\frac{11}{3}} \log(x)}{35ab^9x^4+35b^{10}x^{\frac{11}{3}}} + \frac{840a^7bx^{\frac{11}{3}} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x+\frac{b}{a}}\right)}{35ab^9x^4+35b^{10}x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{840a^7bx^{\frac{11}{3}}}{35ab^9x^4+35b^{10}x^{\frac{11}{3}}} - \frac{4}{35ab} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**2/x**4,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x**(7/3), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-3/(7*b**2*x**(7/3)), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(3*a**2*x**3), Eq(b, 0)), (-280*a**8*x**4*log(x)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) + 840*a**8*x**4*log(x**1/3 + b/a)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) - 280*a**7*b*x**(11/3)*log(x)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) + 840*a**7*b*x**(11/3)*log(x**1/3 + b/a)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) - 840*a**7*b*x**(11/3)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) - 420*a**6*b**2*x**(10/3)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) + 140*a**5*b**3*x**3/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) - 70*a**4*b**4*x**(8/3)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) + 42*a**3*b**5*x**(7/3)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) - 28*a**2*b**6*x**2/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) + 20*a*b**7*x**(5/3)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)) - 15*b**8*x**(4/3)/(35*a*b**9*x**4 + 35*b**10*x**(11/3)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx = \frac{24 a^7 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{b^9} - \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^7}{7 b^9} + \frac{4\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^6 a}{b^9}$$

$$- \frac{84\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5 a^2}{5 b^9} + \frac{42\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4 a^3}{b^9} - \frac{70\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3 a^4}{b^9}$$

$$+ \frac{84\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 a^5}{b^9} - \frac{84\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) a^6}{b^9} + \frac{3 a^8}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) b^9}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `24*a^7*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/b^9 - 3/7*(a + b/x^(1/3))^7/b^9 + 4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^6*a/b^9 - 84/5*(a + b/x^(1/3))^5*a^2/b^9 + 42*(a + b/x^(1/3))^4*a^3/b^9 - 70*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*a^4/b^9 + 84*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*a^5/b^9 - 84*(a + b/x^(1/3))*a^6/b^9 + 3*a^8/((a + b/x^(1/3))*b^9)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx = \frac{24 a^7 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{b^9} - \frac{8 a^7 \log(|x|)}{b^9}$$

$$- \frac{840 a^7 b x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 420 a^6 b^2 x^2 - 140 a^5 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 70 a^4 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 42 a^3 b^5 x + 28 a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 20 a b^7 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 15 b^8}{35 \left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) b^9 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
24*a^7*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/b^9 - 8*a^7*log(abs(x))/b^9 - 1/35*(840*a^7
*b*x^(7/3) + 420*a^6*b^2*x^2 - 140*a^5*b^3*x^(5/3) + 70*a^4*b^4*x^(4/3) -
42*a^3*b^5*x + 28*a^2*b^6*x^(2/3) - 20*a*b^7*x^(1/3) + 15*b^8)/((a*x^(1/3)
+ b)*b^9*x^(7/3))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2 x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{48 a^7 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2 a x^{1/3}}{b} + 1\right)}{b^9} - \frac{\frac{3}{7b} - \frac{4 a x^{1/3}}{7 b^2} - \frac{6 a^3 x}{5 b^4} + \frac{4 a^2 x^{2/3}}{5 b^3} + \frac{12 a^6 x^2}{b^7} + \frac{2 a^4 x^{4/3}}{b^5} - \frac{4 a^5 x^{5/3}}{b^6} + \frac{24 a^7 x^{7/3}}{b^8}}{a x^{8/3} + b x^{7/3}}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2),x)
```

output

```
(48*a^7*atanh((2*a*x^(1/3))/b + 1))/b^9 - (3/(7*b) - (4*a*x^(1/3))/(7*b^2)
- (6*a^3*x)/(5*b^4) + (4*a^2*x^(2/3))/(5*b^3) + (12*a^6*x^2)/b^7 + (2*a^4
*x^(4/3))/b^5 - (4*a^5*x^(5/3))/b^6 + (24*a^7*x^(7/3))/b^8)/(a*x^(8/3) + b
*x^(7/3))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-840 x^{\frac{8}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^8 + 840 x^{\frac{8}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} a + b\right) a^8 + 840 x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^8 + 140 x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^5 b^3 - 28 x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b^6 - 840 x^{\frac{7}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^7 b}{35 x^{\frac{7}{3}} b^9 \left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} a + b\right)}$$



input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2/x^4,x)`

output  $(-840x^{2/3}\log(x^{1/3})a^{**8}x^{**2} + 840x^{2/3}\log(x^{1/3})a + b)^{**8}x^{**2} + 840x^{2/3}a^{**8}x^{**2} + 140x^{2/3}a^{**5}b^{**3}x - 28x^{2/3}a^{**2}b^{**6} - 840x^{1/3}\log(x^{1/3})a^{**7}b^{**2} + 840x^{1/3}\log(x^{1/3})a + b)^{**7}b^{**2} - 70x^{1/3}a^{**4}b^{**4}x + 20x^{1/3}a^{**7} - 420a^{**6}b^{**2}x^{**2} + 42a^{**3}b^{**5}x - 15b^{**8}) / (35x^{1/3}b^{**9}x^{**2}(x^{1/3}a + b))$

**3.326** 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2301
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2302
Rubi [A] (verified)	2302
Maple [A] (verified)	2304
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2304
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2305
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2306
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2307
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2307
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2308

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 171

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{3b^{11}}{2a^{12} (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{33b^{10}}{a^{12} (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{135b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^{11}} - \frac{54b^7 x^{2/3}}{a^{10}} + \frac{28b^6 x}{a^9} - \frac{63b^5 x^{4/3}}{4a^8} + \frac{9b^4 x^{5/3}}{a^7} - \frac{5b^3 x^2}{a^6} + \frac{18b^2 x^{7/3}}{7a^5} - \frac{9bx^{8/3}}{8a^4} + \frac{x^3}{3a^3} - \frac{165b^9 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{12}}$$

output

```
3/2*b^11/a^12/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2-33*b^10/a^12/(b+a*x^(1/3))+135*b^8*x^(1/3)/a^11-54*b^7*x^(2/3)/a^10+28*b^6*x/a^9-63/4*b^5*x^(4/3)/a^8+9*b^4*x^(5/3)/a^7-5*b^3*x^2/a^6+18/7*b^2*x^(7/3)/a^5-9/8*b*x^(8/3)/a^4+1/3*x^3/a^3-165*b^9*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^12
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-5292b^{11} + 17136ab^{10}\sqrt[3]{x} + 36288a^2b^9x^{2/3} + 9240a^3b^8x - 2310a^4b^7x^{4/3} + 924a^5b^6x^{5/3} - 462a^6b^5x^2 + 264a^7b^4x^{7/3} - 165a^8b^3x^{8/3} + 110a^9b^2x^3 - 77a^{10}bx^{10/3} + 56a^{11}x^{11/3}}{168a^{12}(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{165b^9 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^{12}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^2/(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x]
```

output

```
(-5292*b^11 + 17136*a*b^10*x^(1/3) + 36288*a^2*b^9*x^(2/3) + 9240*a^3*b^8*x - 2310*a^4*b^7*x^(4/3) + 924*a^5*b^6*x^(5/3) - 462*a^6*b^5*x^2 + 264*a^7*b^4*x^(7/3) - 165*a^8*b^3*x^(8/3) + 110*a^9*b^2*x^3 - 77*a^10*b*x^(10/3) + 56*a^11*x^(11/3))/(168*a^12*(b + a*x^(1/3))^2) - (165*b^9*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^12
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 795$$

$$\int \frac{x^3}{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3} dx$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 798 \\ 3 \int \frac{x^{11/3}}{(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \end{array}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{b^{11}}{a^{11} (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3} + \frac{11b^{10}}{a^{11} (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} - \frac{55b^9}{a^{11} (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} + \frac{45b^8}{a^{11}} - \frac{36\sqrt[3]{x}b^7}{a^{10}} + \frac{28x^{2/3}b^6}{a^9} - \frac{21xb^5}{a^8} + \frac{15x^{4/3}b^4}{a^7} \right)$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$3 \left( \frac{b^{11}}{2a^{12} (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)^2} - \frac{11b^{10}}{a^{12} (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)} - \frac{55b^9 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)}{a^{12}} + \frac{45b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^{11}} - \frac{18b^7 x^{2/3}}{a^{10}} + \frac{28b^6 x}{3a^9} - \frac{21b^5 x^{4/3}}{4a^8} + \frac{3b^4 x}{a^7} \right)$$

input `Int[x^2/(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x]`

output `3*(b^11/(2*a^12*(b + a*x^(1/3))^2) - (11*b^10)/(a^12*(b + a*x^(1/3))) + (45*b^8*x^(1/3))/a^11 - (18*b^7*x^(2/3))/a^10 + (28*b^6*x)/(3*a^9) - (21*b^5*x^(4/3))/(4*a^8) + (3*b^4*x^(5/3))/a^7 - (5*b^3*x^2)/(3*a^6) + (6*b^2*x^(7/3))/(7*a^5) - (3*b*x^(8/3))/(8*a^4) + x^3/(9*a^3) - (55*b^9*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^12)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^8 x^3}{3} - \frac{9b x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^7}{8} + \frac{18b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^6}{7} - 5a^5 b^3 x^2 + 9x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4 b^4 - \frac{63b^5 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{4} + 28a^2 b^6 x - 54a b^7 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 135b^8 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^{11}} + \frac{3b^{11}}{2a^{12} (b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} -$
default	$\frac{\frac{a^8 x^3}{3} - \frac{9b x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^7}{8} + \frac{18b^2 x^{\frac{7}{3}} a^6}{7} - 5a^5 b^3 x^2 + 9x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4 b^4 - \frac{63b^5 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{4} + 28a^2 b^6 x - 54a b^7 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 135b^8 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^{11}} + \frac{3b^{11}}{2a^{12} (b + a x^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} -$

```
input int(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 3/a^11*(1/9*a^8*x^3-3/8*b*x^(8/3)*a^7+6/7*b^2*x^(7/3)*a^6-5/3*a^5*b^3*x^2+
3*x^(5/3)*a^4*b^4-21/4*b^5*x^(4/3)*a^3+28/3*a^2*b^6*x-18*a*b^7*x^(2/3)+45*
b^8*x^(1/3))+3/2*b^11/a^12/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2-33*b^10/a^12/(b+a*x^(1/3))-165*
b^9*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^12
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{56 a^{15} x^5 - 728 a^{12} b^3 x^4 + 3080 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 8568 a^6 b^9 x^2 - 1344 a^3 b^{12} x - 5292 b^{15} - 27720 (a^6 b^9 x^2 + 2 a^3 b^{12} x)}{27 (b + a \sqrt[3]{x})^3}$$

```
input integrate(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/168*(56*a^15*x^5 - 728*a^12*b^3*x^4 + 3080*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 8568*a^6*b^9*x^2 - 1344*a^3*b^12*x - 5292*b^15 - 27720*(a^6*b^9*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^12*x + b^15))*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 63*(3*a^14*b*x^4 - 18*a^11*b^4*x^3 + 99*a^8*b^7*x^2 + 352*a^5*b^10*x + 220*a^2*b^13)*x^(2/3) + 18*(24*a^13*b^2*x^4 - 99*a^10*b^5*x^3 + 990*a^7*b^8*x^2 + 2695*a^4*b^11*x + 1540*a*b^14)*x^(1/3)/(a^18*x^2 + 2*a^15*b^3*x + a^12*b^6)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 624 vs.  $2(170) = 340$ .

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 624, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.65

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{56a^{11}x^{\frac{11}{3}}}{168a^{14}x^{\frac{2}{3}}+336a^{13}b\sqrt[3]{x}+168a^{12}b^2} - \frac{77a^{10}bx^{\frac{10}{3}}}{168a^{14}x^{\frac{2}{3}}+336a^{13}b\sqrt[3]{x}+168a^{12}b^2} + \frac{110a^9b^2x^3}{168a^{14}x^{\frac{2}{3}}+336a^{13}b\sqrt[3]{x}+168a^{12}b^2} - \frac{165a^8}{168a^{14}x^{\frac{2}{3}}+336a^{13}b\sqrt[3]{x}+168a^{12}b^2} \\ \frac{x^4}{4b^3} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**2/(a+b/x**(1/3))**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((56*a**11*x**(11/3)/(168*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3) +
168*a**12*b**2) - 77*a**10*b*x**(10/3)/(168*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*
x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2) + 110*a**9*b**2*x**3/(168*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*
a**13*b*x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2) - 165*a**8*b**3*x**(8/3)/(168*a**14*x**
(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2) + 264*a**7*b**4*x**(7/3)/(1
68*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2) - 462*a**6*b**5
*x**2/(168*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2) + 924*a
**5*b**6*x**(5/3)/(168*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b
**2) - 2310*a**4*b**7*x**(4/3)/(168*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3)
+ 168*a**12*b**2) + 9240*a**3*b**8*x/(168*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**
(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2) - 27720*a**2*b**9*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(16
8*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2) - 55440*a*b**10*
x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(168*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3) +
168*a**12*b**2) - 55440*a*b**10*x**(1/3)/(168*a**14*x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b
*x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2) - 27720*b**11*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(168*a**14*x
**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2) - 41580*b**11/(168*a**14*
x**(2/3) + 336*a**13*b*x**(1/3) + 168*a**12*b**2), Ne(a, 0)), (x**4/(4*b**
3), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{56 a^{10} - \frac{77 a^9 b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{110 a^8 b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{165 a^7 b^3}{x} + \frac{264 a^6 b^4}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{462 a^5 b^5}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{924 a^4 b^6}{x^2} - \frac{2310 a^3 b^7}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{9240 a^2 b^8}{x^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{41580 a b^9}{x^3} + \frac{27720 b^{10}}{x^{\frac{10}{3}}}}{168 \left( \frac{a^{13}}{x^3} + \frac{2 a^{12} b}{x^{\frac{10}{3}}} + \frac{a^{11} b^2}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} \right)}$$

$$- \frac{165 b^9 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^{12}} - \frac{55 b^9 \log(x)}{a^{12}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{168} \cdot (56a^{10} - 77a^9b/x^{1/3} + 110a^8b^2/x^{2/3} - 165a^7b^3/x + 264a^6b^4/x^{4/3} - 462a^5b^5/x^{5/3} + 924a^4b^6/x^2 - 2310a^3b^7/x^{7/3} + 9240a^2b^8/x^{8/3} + 41580ab^9/x^3 + 27720b^{10}/x^{10/3}) / (a^{13}/x^3 + 2a^{12}b/x^{10/3} + a^{11}b^2/x^{11/3}) - 165b^9 \log(a + b/x^{1/3}) / a^{12} - 55b^9 \log(x) / a^{12}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = -\frac{165b^9 \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{a^{12}} - \frac{3\left(22ab^{10}x^{1/3} + 21b^{11}\right)}{2\left(ax^{1/3} + b\right)^2 a^{12}} + \frac{56a^{24}x^3 - 189a^{23}bx^{8/3} + 432a^{22}b^2x^{7/3} - 840a^{21}b^3x^2 + 1512a^{20}b^4x^{5/3} - 2646a^{19}b^5x^{4/3} + 4704a^{18}b^6x - 9072a^{17}b^7x^{2/3} + 22680a^{16}b^8x^{1/3}}{168a^{27}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-165b^9 \log(\text{abs}(ax^{1/3} + b))}{a^{12}} - \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{(22a^2b^{10}x^{1/3} + 21b^{11})}{(ax^{1/3} + b)^2 a^{12}} + \frac{1}{168} \cdot (56a^{24}x^3 - 189a^{23}bx^{8/3} + 432a^{22}b^2x^{7/3} - 840a^{21}b^3x^2 + 1512a^{20}b^4x^{5/3} - 2646a^{19}b^5x^{4/3} + 4704a^{18}b^6x - 9072a^{17}b^7x^{2/3} + 22680a^{16}b^8x^{1/3}) / a^{27}$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{x^3}{3a^3} - \frac{\frac{63b^{11}}{2a} + 33b^{10}x^{1/3}}{a^{11}b^2 + a^{13}x^{2/3} + 2a^{12}bx^{1/3}} - \frac{9bx^{8/3}}{8a^4} + \frac{28b^6x}{a^9} - \frac{165b^9 \ln(b + ax^{1/3})}{a^{12}} - \frac{5b^3x^2}{a^6} + \frac{18b^2x^{7/3}}{7a^5} + \frac{9b^4x^{5/3}}{a^7} - \frac{63b^5x^{4/3}}{4a^8} - \frac{54b^7x^{2/3}}{a^{10}} + \frac{135b^8x^{1/3}}{a^{11}}$$



input `int(x^2/(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output  $x^3/(3a^3) - ((63b^{11})/(2a) + 33b^{10}x^{(1/3)})/(a^{11}b^2 + a^{13}x^{(2/3)} + 2a^{12}bx^{(1/3)}) - (9bx^{(8/3)})/(8a^4) + (28b^6x)/a^9 - (165b^9 \log(b + ax^{(1/3)}))/a^{12} - (5b^3x^2)/a^6 + (18b^2x^{(7/3)})/(7a^5) + (9b^4x^{(5/3)})/a^7 - (63b^5x^{(4/3)})/(4a^8) - (54b^7x^{(2/3)})/a^{10} + (135b^8x^{(1/3)})/a^{11}$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-27720x^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)a^2b^9 + 56x^{\frac{11}{3}}a^{11} - 165x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^8b^3 + 924x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^6 + 27720x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b^9 - 55440x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)a^{11}b^2 + 2a^{12}bx^{(1/3)} - (9bx^{(8/3)})/(8a^4) + (28b^6x)/a^9 - (165b^9 \log(b + ax^{(1/3)}))/a^{12} - (5b^3x^2)/a^6 + (18b^2x^{(7/3)})/(7a^5) + (9b^4x^{(5/3)})/a^7 - (63b^5x^{(4/3)})/(4a^8) - (54b^7x^{(2/3)})/a^{10} + (135b^8x^{(1/3)})/a^{11}}{168a^{12}(x^{(2/3)}a^3 + 2x^{(1/3)}ab + b^2)}$$

input `int(x^2/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output  $(-27720x^{(2/3)}\log(x^{(1/3)}a + b)a^{11}b^2 + 56x^{(2/3)}a^{11}x^{(1/3)} - 165x^{(2/3)}a^{11}b^3x^{(2/3)} + 924x^{(2/3)}a^{11}b^6x + 27720x^{(2/3)}a^{11}b^9 - 55440x^{(1/3)}\log(x^{(1/3)}a + b)a^{11}b^2 - 77x^{(1/3)}a^{11}b^3x^{(1/3)} + 264x^{(1/3)}a^{11}b^4x^{(2/3)} - 2310x^{(1/3)}a^{11}b^7x - 27720\log(x^{(1/3)}a + b)a^{11}b^2x^{(2/3)} - 462a^{11}b^5x^{(2/3)} + 9240a^{11}b^8x - 13860b^{11})/(168a^{12}(x^{(2/3)}a^3 + 2x^{(1/3)}ab + b^2))$

**3.327** 
$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2309
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2310
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2310
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2312
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2312
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2313
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2313
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2314
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2314
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2315

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = -\frac{3b^8}{2a^9 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{24b^7}{a^9 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} - \frac{63b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^8} + \frac{45b^4 x^{2/3}}{2a^7} - \frac{10b^3 x}{a^6} + \frac{9b^2 x^{4/3}}{2a^5} - \frac{9bx^{5/3}}{5a^4} + \frac{x^2}{2a^3} + \frac{84b^6 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^9}$$

output

```
-3/2*b^8/a^9/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2+24*b^7/a^9/(b+a*x^(1/3))-63*b^5*x^(1/3)/a^8+45/2*b^4*x^(2/3)/a^7-10*b^3*x/a^6+9/2*b^2*x^(4/3)/a^5-9/5*b*x^(5/3)/a^4+1/2*x^2/a^3+84*b^6*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{225b^8 - 390ab^7\sqrt[3]{x} - 1035a^2b^6x^{2/3} - 280a^3b^5x + 70a^4b^4x^{4/3} - 28a^5b^3x^{5/3} + 14a^6b^2x^2 - 8a^7bx^{7/3} + 5a^8x^2}{10a^9(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{84b^6 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^9}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x]
```

output

```
(225*b^8 - 390*a*b^7*x^(1/3) - 1035*a^2*b^6*x^(2/3) - 280*a^3*b^5*x + 70*a^4*b^4*x^(4/3) - 28*a^5*b^3*x^(5/3) + 14*a^6*b^2*x^2 - 8*a^7*b*x^(7/3) + 5*a^8*x^(8/3))/(10*a^9*(b + a*x^(1/3))^2) + (84*b^6*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^9
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 795$$

$$\int \frac{x^2}{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{x^{8/3}}{(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 49

$$3 \int \left( \frac{b^8}{a^8 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3} - \frac{8b^7}{a^8 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} + \frac{28b^6}{a^8 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} - \frac{21b^5}{a^8} + \frac{15\sqrt[3]{xb^4}}{a^7} - \frac{10x^{2/3}b^3}{a^6} + \frac{6xb^2}{a^5} - \frac{3x^{4/3}b}{a^4} + \frac{x^{5/3}}{a^3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{b^8}{2a^9 (a\sqrt[3]{x+b})^2} + \frac{8b^7}{a^9 (a\sqrt[3]{x+b})} + \frac{28b^6 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x+b})}{a^9} - \frac{21b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^8} + \frac{15b^4 x^{2/3}}{2a^7} - \frac{10b^3 x}{3a^6} + \frac{3b^2 x^{4/3}}{2a^5} - \frac{3bx^{5/3}}{5a^4} \right)$$

input `Int[x/(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x]`

output `3*(-1/2*b^8/(a^9*(b + a*x^(1/3))^2) + (8*b^7)/(a^9*(b + a*x^(1/3))) - (21*b^5*x^(1/3))/a^8 + (15*b^4*x^(2/3))/(2*a^7) - (10*b^3*x)/(3*a^6) + (3*b^2*x^(4/3))/(2*a^5) - (3*b*x^(5/3))/(5*a^4) + x^2/(6*a^3) + (28*b^6*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^9)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{a^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{9b x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4}{5} + \frac{9b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{2} - 10a^2 b^3 x + \frac{45x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b^4}{2} - 63b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^8} + \frac{24b^7}{a^9 (b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{84b^6 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^9} - \frac{3b^8}{2a^9 (b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}$
default	$\frac{\frac{a^5 x^2}{2} - \frac{9b x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^4}{5} + \frac{9b^2 x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^3}{2} - 10a^2 b^3 x + \frac{45x^{\frac{2}{3}} a b^4}{2} - 63b^5 x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^8} + \frac{24b^7}{a^9 (b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{84b^6 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^9} - \frac{3b^8}{2a^9 (b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}$

input `int(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{3/a^8*(1/6*a^5*x^2-3/5*b*x^(5/3)*a^4+3/2*b^2*x^(4/3)*a^3-10/3*a^2*b^3*x+15/2*x^(2/3)*a*b^4-21*b^5*x^(1/3))+24*b^7/a^9/(b+a*x^(1/3))+84*b^6*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^9-3/2*b^8/a^9/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{5a^{12}x^4 - 90a^9b^3x^3 - 195a^6b^6x^2 + 170a^3b^9x + 225b^{12} + 840(a^6b^6x^2 + 2a^3b^9x + b^{12})\log(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b) - 3b^{12}}{10(a^{15}x^2 + 2a^9b^6)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$\frac{1/10*(5*a^12*x^4 - 90*a^9*b^3*x^3 - 195*a^6*b^6*x^2 + 170*a^3*b^9*x + 225*b^12 + 840*(a^6*b^6*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^9*x + b^12)*\log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 3*(6*a^11*b*x^3 - 63*a^8*b^4*x^2 - 224*a^5*b^7*x - 140*a^2*b^10)*x^(2/3) + 15*(3*a^10*b^2*x^3 - 36*a^7*b^5*x^2 - 98*a^4*b^8*x - 56*a*b^11)*x^(1/3))/(a^15*x^2 + 2*a^12*b^3*x + a^9*b^6)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 493 vs.  $2(131) = 262$ .

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.68

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{5a^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{10a^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 20a^{10}b\sqrt[3]{x} + 10a^9b^2} - \frac{8a^7bx^{\frac{7}{3}}}{10a^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 20a^{10}b\sqrt[3]{x} + 10a^9b^2} + \frac{14a^6b^2x^2}{10a^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 20a^{10}b\sqrt[3]{x} + 10a^9b^2} - \frac{28a^5b^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{10a^{11}x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 20a^{10}b\sqrt[3]{x} + 10a^9b^2} \\ \frac{x^3}{3b^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x**(1/3))**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((5*a**8*x**(8/3)/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) - 8*a**7*b*x**(7/3)/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) + 14*a**6*b**2*x**2/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) - 28*a**5*b**3*x**(5/3)/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) + 70*a**4*b**4*x**(4/3)/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) - 280*a**3*b**5*x/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) + 840*a**2*b**6*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) + 1680*a*b**7*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) + 1680*a*b**7*x**(1/3)/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) + 840*b**8*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2) + 1260*b**8/(10*a**11*x**(2/3) + 20*a**10*b*x**(1/3) + 10*a**9*b**2), Ne(a, 0)), (x**3/(3*b**3), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{5a^7 - \frac{8a^6b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{14a^5b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{28a^4b^3}{x} + \frac{70a^3b^4}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{280a^2b^5}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{1260ab^6}{x^2} - \frac{840b^7}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}}}{10\left(\frac{a^{10}}{x^2} + \frac{2a^9b}{x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{a^8b^2}{x^{\frac{8}{3}}}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{84b^6 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^9} + \frac{28b^6 \log(x)}{a^9}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{10}(5a^7 - 8a^6b/x^{1/3} + 14a^5b^2/x^{2/3} - 28a^4b^3/x + 70a^3b^4/x^{4/3} - 280a^2b^5/x^{5/3} - 1260ab^6/x^2 - 840b^7/x^{7/3})/(a^{10}/x^2 + 2a^9b/x^{7/3} + a^8b^2/x^{8/3}) + 84b^6 \log(a + b/x^{1/3})/a^9 + 28b^6 \log(x)/a^9$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{84b^6 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{a^9} + \frac{3\left(16ab^7x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 15b^8\right)}{2\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)^2 a^9} + \frac{5a^{15}x^2 - 18a^{14}bx^{\frac{5}{3}} + 45a^{13}b^2x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 100a^{12}b^3x + 225a^{11}b^4x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 630a^{10}b^5x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{10a^{18}}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$84b^6 \log(\text{abs}(ax^{1/3} + b))/a^9 + 3/2*(16*a*b^7*x^{1/3} + 15*b^8)/((a*x^{1/3} + b)^2*a^9) + 1/10*(5*a^15*x^2 - 18*a^14*b*x^{5/3} + 45*a^13*b^2*x^{4/3} - 100*a^12*b^3*x + 225*a^11*b^4*x^{2/3} - 630*a^10*b^5*x^{1/3})/a^18$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{45b^8}{2a} + 24b^7x^{1/3}}{a^8b^2 + a^{10}x^{2/3} + 2a^9bx^{1/3}} + \frac{x^2}{2a^3} - \frac{10b^3x}{a^6} - \frac{9bx^{5/3}}{5a^4} + \frac{84b^6 \ln(b + ax^{1/3})}{a^9} + \frac{9b^2x^{4/3}}{2a^5} + \frac{45b^4x^{2/3}}{2a^7} - \frac{63b^5x^{1/3}}{a^8}$$

input `int(x/(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output 
$$\left(\frac{45b^8}{2a} + 24b^7x^{1/3}\right)/(a^8b^2 + a^{10}x^{2/3} + 2a^9bx^{1/3}) + x^2/(2a^3) - (10b^3x)/a^6 - (9bx^{5/3})/(5a^4) + (84b^6\log(b + ax^{1/3}))/a^9 + (9b^2x^{4/3})/(2a^5) + (45b^4x^{2/3})/(2a^7) - (63b^5x^{1/3})/a^8$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{840x^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)a^2b^6 + 5x^{\frac{8}{3}}a^8 - 28x^{\frac{5}{3}}a^5b^3 - 840x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2b^6 + 1680x^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right)ab^7 - 8x^{\frac{7}{3}}a^7b + 70x}{10a^9\left(x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}}ab + b^2\right)}$$

input `int(x/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(840x^{2/3}\log(x^{1/3}a + b)a^2b^6 + 5x^{8/3}a^8 - 28x^{5/3}a^5b^3 - 840x^{2/3}a^2b^6 + 1680x^{1/3}\log(x^{1/3}a + b)ab^7 - 8x^{7/3}a^7b + 70x^{1/3}a^4b^4x + 840\log(x^{1/3}a + b)b^8 + 14a^6b^2x^2 - 280a^3b^5x + 420b^8)/(10a^9(x^{2/3}a^2 + 2x^{1/3}ab + b^2))$$



**3.328** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	2316
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2316
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2317
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2318
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2319
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2319
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2320
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2320
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2321
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2321

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{3b^5}{2a^6 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{15b^4}{a^6 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{18b^2\sqrt[3]{x}}{a^5} - \frac{9bx^{2/3}}{2a^4} + \frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{30b^3 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^6}$$

output

```
3/2*b^5/a^6/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2-15*b^4/a^6/(b+a*x^(1/3))+18*b^2*x^(1/3)/a^5-9/2*b*x^(2/3)/a^4+x/a^3-30*b^3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^6
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{-27b^5 + 6ab^4\sqrt[3]{x} + 63a^2b^3x^{2/3} + 20a^3b^2x - 5a^4bx^{4/3} + 2a^5x^{5/3}}{2a^6 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - \frac{30b^3 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^6}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^(1/3))^-3,x]`

output  $(-27*b^5 + 6*a*b^4*x^{1/3} + 63*a^2*b^3*x^{2/3} + 20*a^3*b^2*x - 5*a^4*b*x^{4/3} + 2*a^5*x^{5/3})/(2*a^6*(b + a*x^{1/3})^2) - (30*b^3*Log[b + a*x^{1/3}])/a^6$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {774, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 774 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 795 \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{5/3}}{(\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 49 \\
 & 3 \int \left( -\frac{b^5}{a^5 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^3} + \frac{5b^4}{a^5 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2} - \frac{10b^3}{a^5 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)} + \frac{6b^2}{a^5} - \frac{3\sqrt[3]{xb}}{a^4} + \frac{x^{2/3}}{a^3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{b^5}{2a^6 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2} - \frac{5b^4}{a^6 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} - \frac{10b^3 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{a^6} + \frac{6b^2 \sqrt[3]{x}}{a^5} - \frac{3bx^{2/3}}{2a^4} + \frac{x}{3a^3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^(1/3))^-3],x]`

output  $3*(b^5/(2*a^6*(b + a*x^(1/3))^2) - (5*b^4)/(a^6*(b + a*x^(1/3)))) + (6*b^2*x^(1/3))/a^5 - (3*b*x^(2/3))/(2*a^4) + x/(3*a^3) - (10*b^3*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/a^6$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{a^2x - \frac{9x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab}{2} + 18x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2}{a^5} - \frac{15b^4}{a^6(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{30b^3 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^6} + \frac{3b^5}{2a^6(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}$	79
default	$\frac{a^2x - \frac{9x^{\frac{2}{3}}ab}{2} + 18x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2}{a^5} - \frac{15b^4}{a^6(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{30b^3 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{a^6} + \frac{3b^5}{2a^6(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^2}$	79

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{3/a^5*(1/3*a^2*x-3/2*x^(2/3))*a*b+6*x^(1/3)*b^2-15*b^4/a^6/(b+a*x^(1/3))-3*0*b^3*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^6+3/2*b^5/a^6/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2}{2(a^{12}x^2+2a^9b^3x+a^6b^6)}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 159 vs. 2(76) = 152.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2a^9x^3 + 4a^6b^3x^2 - 34a^3b^6x - 27b^9 - 60(a^6b^3x^2 + 2a^3b^6x + b^9) \log(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b) - 3(3a^8bx^2 + 16a^5b^4x + 10a^2b^7)x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3(12a^7b^2x^2 + 35a^4b^5x + 20a*b^8)x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2(a^{12}x^2 + 2a^9b^3x + a^6b^6)}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1/2*(2*a^9*x^3 + 4*a^6*b^3*x^2 - 34*a^3*b^6*x - 27*b^9 - 60*(a^6*b^3*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^6*x + b^9)*\log(a*x^(1/3) + b) - 3*(3*a^8*b*x^2 + 16*a^5*b^4*x + 10*a^2*b^7)*x^(2/3) + 3*(12*a^7*b^2*x^2 + 35*a^4*b^5*x + 20*a*b^8)*x^(1/3)}{(a^{12}*x^2 + 2*a^9*b^3*x + a^6*b^6)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{2a^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{2a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}+4a^7b\sqrt[3]{x}+2a^6b^2} - \frac{5a^4bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{2a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}+4a^7b\sqrt[3]{x}+2a^6b^2} + \frac{20a^3b^2x}{2a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}+4a^7b\sqrt[3]{x}+2a^6b^2} - \frac{60a^2b^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}\log\left(\sqrt[3]{x+\frac{b}{a}}\right)}{2a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}+4a^7b\sqrt[3]{x}+2a^6b^2} - \frac{120ab^4\sqrt[3]{x}\log\left(\sqrt[3]{x+\frac{b}{a}}\right)}{2a^8x^{\frac{2}{3}}+4a^7b\sqrt[3]{x}+2a^6b^2} \\ \frac{x^2}{2b^3} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((2*a**5*x**(5/3)/(2*a**8*x**(2/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**(1/3) + 2*a**6*b**2) - 5*a**4*b*x**(4/3)/(2*a**8*x**(2/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**(1/3) + 2*a**6*b**2) + 20*a**3*b**2*x/(2*a**8*x**(2/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**(1/3) + 2*a**6*b**2) - 60*a**2*b**3*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**8*x**(2/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**(1/3) + 2*a**6*b**2) - 120*a*b**4*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**8*x**(2/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**(1/3) + 2*a**6*b**2) - 120*a*b**4*x**(1/3)/(2*a**8*x**(2/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**(1/3) + 2*a**6*b**2) - 60*b**5*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**8*x**(2/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**(1/3) + 2*a**6*b**2) - 90*b**5/(2*a**8*x**(2/3) + 4*a**7*b*x**(1/3) + 2*a**6*b**2), Ne(a, 0)), (x**2/(2*b**3), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{2a^4 - \frac{5a^3b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{20a^2b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{90ab^3}{x} + \frac{60b^4}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}}}{2\left(\frac{a^7}{x} + \frac{2a^6b}{x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{a^5b^2}{x^{\frac{5}{3}}}\right)} - \frac{30b^3 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^6} - \frac{10b^3 \log(x)}{a^6}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(2*a^4 - 5*a^3*b/x^(1/3) + 20*a^2*b^2/x^(2/3) + 90*a*b^3/x + 60*b^4/x^(4/3))/(a^7/x + 2*a^6*b/x^(4/3) + a^5*b^2/x^(5/3)) - 30*b^3*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/a^6 - 10*b^3*log(x)/a^6
```

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = -\frac{30b^3 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{a^6} - \frac{3\left(10ab^4x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 9b^5\right)}{2\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)^2 a^6} + \frac{2a^6x - 9a^5bx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 36a^4b^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2a^9}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-30b^3 \log(\text{abs}(ax^{1/3} + b))/a^6 - 3/2(10ab^4x^{1/3} + 9b^5)/((ax^{1/3} + b)^2a^6) + 1/2(2a^6x - 9a^5bx^{2/3} + 36a^4b^2x^{1/3})/a^9$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{x}{a^3} - \frac{\frac{27b^5}{2a} + 15b^4x^{1/3}}{a^5b^2 + a^7x^{2/3} + 2a^6bx^{1/3}} - \frac{9bx^{2/3}}{2a^4} - \frac{30b^3 \ln(b + ax^{1/3})}{a^6} + \frac{18b^2x^{1/3}}{a^5}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output 
$$x/a^3 - ((27*b^5)/(2*a) + 15*b^4*x^(1/3))/(a^5*b^2 + a^7*x^(2/3) + 2*a^6*b*x^(1/3)) - (9*b*x^(2/3))/(2*a^4) - (30*b^3*\log(b + a*x^(1/3)))/a^6 + (18*b^2*x^(1/3))/a^5$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx = \frac{-60x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) a^2 b^3 + 2x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^5 + 60x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b^3 - 120x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) a b^4 - 5x^{\frac{4}{3}} a^4 b - 60 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) b^5}{2a^6 \left(x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} ab + b^2\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3,x)`

output

```
( - 60*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**2*b**3 + 2*x**(2/3)*a**5*x + 60*x**  
(2/3)*a**2*b**3 - 120*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a*b**4 - 5*x**(1/3)*a**  
4*b*x - 60*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*b**5 + 20*a**3*b**2*x - 30*b**5)/(2*a**6*(x  
**(2/3)*a**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + b**2))
```

**3.329** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x} dx$$

Optimal result	2323
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2323
Rubi [A] (verified)	2324
Maple [A] (verified)	2325
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2326
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2326
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2327
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2327
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2328
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2328

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x} dx = -\frac{3b^2}{2a^3 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{6b}{a^3 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})} + \frac{3 \log (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^3}$$

output `-3/2*b^2/a^3/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2+6*b/a^3/(b+a*x^(1/3))+3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))/a^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x} dx = \frac{3b(3b + 4a\sqrt[3]{x})}{2a^3 (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})^2} + \frac{3 \log (b + a\sqrt[3]{x})}{a^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x),x]`



output

$$\frac{(3b(3b + 4ax^{1/3}))}{(2a^3(b + ax^{1/3})^2) + (3\text{Log}[b + ax^{1/3}])}{a^3}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 774, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x \left( a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} \right)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\ & \int \frac{1}{(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\ & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{(\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^3} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & 3 \int \left( \frac{b^2}{a^2 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^3} - \frac{2b}{a^2 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2} + \frac{1}{a^2 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{b^2}{2a^3 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2} + \frac{2b}{a^3 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} + \frac{\log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{a^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((a + b/x^{1/3})^{3*x}), x]$$

output

$$\frac{3*(-1/2*b^2/(a^3*(b + a*x^{1/3})^2) + (2*b)/(a^3*(b + a*x^{1/3})) + \text{Log}[b + a*x^{1/3}])}{a^3}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{3 \ln\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^3} - \frac{3}{a^2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)} - \frac{3}{2a\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a^3}$
default	$-\frac{b^6}{(a^3x+b^3)^2a^3} + \frac{2b^3}{a^3(a^3x+b^3)} + \frac{\ln(a^3x+b^3)}{a^3} - 3ab^5 \left( -\frac{-b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} + b^3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{b^4}{2a^2}}{\left(x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2 - abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^2\right)^2} + \frac{\ln\left(x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2 - abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^2\right)}{2a} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{b^{\frac{1}{3}}(x^{\frac{2}{3}}a^2 - abx^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a}\right)}{9a^2b^5} \right)$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $3/a^3 \ln(a+b/x^{(1/3)}) - 3/a^2/(a+b/x^{(1/3)}) - 3/2/a/(a+b/x^{(1/3)})^2 + \ln(x)/a^3$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left(6 a^3 b^3 x + 3 b^6 + 2 (a^6 x^2 + 2 a^3 b^3 x + b^6) \log \left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) + (4 a^5 b x + a^2 b^4) x^{\frac{2}{3}} - (5 a^4 b^2 x + 2 a b^5) x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2 (a^9 x^2 + 2 a^6 b^3 x + a^3 b^6)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $3/2*(6*a^3*b^3*x + 3*b^6 + 2*(a^6*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*x + b^6)*\log(a*x^{(1/3)} + b) + (4*a^5*b*x + a^2*b^4)*x^{(2/3)} - (5*a^4*b^2*x + 2*a*b^5)*x^{(1/3)})/(a^9*x^2 + 2*a^6*b^3*x + a^3*b^6)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 240 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 240, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{6a^2x^{\frac{4}{3}} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x+\frac{b}{a}}\right)}{2a^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}+4a^4bx+2a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{12abx \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x+\frac{b}{a}}\right)}{2a^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}+4a^4bx+2a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{12abx}{2a^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}+4a^4bx+2a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{6b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x+\frac{b}{a}}\right)}{2a^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}+4a^4bx+2a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{9b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2a^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}+4a^4bx+2a^3b^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \\ \frac{x}{b^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**3/x,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((6*a**2*x**(4/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**5*x**(4/3) + 4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(2/3)) + 12*a*b*x*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**5*x**(4/3) + 4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(2/3)) + 12*a*b*x/(2*a**5*x**(4/3) + 4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(2/3)) + 6*b**2*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**5*x**(4/3) + 4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(2/3)) + 9*b**2*x**(2/3)/(2*a**5*x**(4/3) + 4*a**4*b*x + 2*a**3*b**2*x**(2/3)), Ne(a, 0)), (x/b**3, True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x} dx = -\frac{3\left(3a + \frac{2b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{2\left(a^4 + \frac{2a^3b}{x^{1/3}} + \frac{a^2b^2}{x^{2/3}}\right)} + \frac{3\log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{a^3} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-3/2*(3*a + 2*b/x^(1/3))/(a^4 + 2*a^3*b/x^(1/3) + a^2*b^2/x^(2/3)) + 3*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/a^3 + log(x)/a^3
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x} dx = \frac{3\log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{a^3} + \frac{3\left(4bx^{1/3} + \frac{3b^2}{a}\right)}{2\left(ax^{1/3} + b\right)^2 a^2}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
3*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/a^3 + 3/2*(4*b*x^(1/3) + 3*b^2/a)/((a*x^(1/3) + b)^2*a^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x} dx = \frac{\frac{9b^2}{2a^3} + \frac{6bx^{1/3}}{a^2}}{b^2 + a^2 x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3}} + \frac{3 \ln(b + ax^{1/3})}{a^3}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3),x)`output `((9*b^2)/(2*a^3) + (6*b*x^(1/3))/a^2)/(b^2 + a^2*x^(2/3) + 2*a*b*x^(1/3)) + (3*log(b + a*x^(1/3)))/a^3`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) a^2 - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) ab + 3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) b^2 + \frac{3b^2}{2}}{a^3 \left(x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} ab + b^2\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x,x)`output `(3*(2*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**2 - 2*x**(2/3)*a**2 + 4*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a*b + 2*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*b**2 + b**2))/(2*a**3*(x**(2/3)*a**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + b**2))`

**3.330** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx = \frac{3a^2}{2b^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} - \frac{6a}{b^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)} - \frac{3 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^3}$$

output `3/2*a^2/b^3/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2-6*a/b^3/(a+b/x^(1/3))-3*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^3`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx = \frac{3 \left( \frac{b(3b+2a\sqrt[3]{x})}{(b+a\sqrt[3]{x})^2} - 2 \log(b + a\sqrt[3]{x}) + \frac{2 \log(x)}{3} \right)}{2b^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^2),x]`

output

$$\frac{(3*((b*(3*b + 2*a*x^{(1/3))))/(b + a*x^{(1/3)})^2 - 2*\text{Log}[b + a*x^{(1/3)}] + (2*\text{Log}[x])/3))/(2*b^3)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\ & \int \frac{1}{x (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & 3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & 3 \int \left( -\frac{a}{b^3 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)} - \frac{a}{b^2 (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^2} - \frac{a}{b (\sqrt[3]{xa} + b)^3} + \frac{1}{b^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -\frac{\log(a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)}{b^3} + \frac{1}{b^2 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)} + \frac{1}{2b (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^2} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((a + b/x^{(1/3)})^3*x^2), x]$$

output

$$\frac{3*(1/(2*b*(b + a*x^{(1/3)})^2) + 1/(b^2*(b + a*x^{(1/3)})) - \text{Log}[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])/b^3 + \text{Log}[x^{(1/3)}]/b^3}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3} + \frac{3}{b^2(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{3}{2b(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{b^3}$	49
default	$-\frac{3 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^3} + \frac{3}{b^2(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} + \frac{3}{2b(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} + \frac{\ln(x)}{b^3}$	49

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3/b^3*ln(b+a*x^(1/3))+3/b^2/(b+a*x^(1/3))+3/2/b/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2+1/b^3*ln(x)`



**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left(3b^6 - 2(a^6x^2 + 2a^3b^3x + b^6)\right) \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) + 2(a^6x^2 + 2a^3b^3x + b^6) \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + (2a^5bx + 5a^2b^4)x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2(a^6b^3x^2 + 2a^3b^6x + b^9)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `3/2*(3*b^6 - 2*(a^6*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*x + b^6)*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) + 2*(a^6*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^3*x + b^6)*log(x^(1/3)) + (2*a^5*b*x + 5*a^2*b^4)*x^(2/3) - (a^4*b^2*x + 4*a*b^5)*x^(1/3))/(a^6*b^3*x^2 + 2*a^3*b^6*x + b^9)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 406 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 406, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.52

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b^3} \\ -\frac{1}{a^3x} \\ \frac{2a^2x^{\frac{7}{3}} \log(x)}{2a^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 4ab^4x^2 + 2b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{6a^2x^{\frac{7}{3}} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{2a^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 4ab^4x^2 + 2b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{4abx^2 \log(x)}{2a^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 4ab^4x^2 + 2b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{12abx^2 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{b}{a}\right)}{2a^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 4ab^4x^2 + 2b^5x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{6abx^2}{2a^2b^3x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 4ab^4x^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**3/x**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/b**3, Eq(a, 0)), (-1/
(a**3*x), Eq(b, 0)), (2*a**2*x**(7/3)*log(x)/(2*a**2*b**3*x**(7/3) + 4*a*b
**4*x**2 + 2*b**5*x**(5/3)) - 6*a**2*x**(7/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**2*
b**3*x**(7/3) + 4*a*b**4*x**2 + 2*b**5*x**(5/3)) + 4*a*b*x**2*log(x)/(2*a*
**2*b**3*x**(7/3) + 4*a*b**4*x**2 + 2*b**5*x**(5/3)) - 12*a*b*x**2*log(x**(
1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**2*b**3*x**(7/3) + 4*a*b**4*x**2 + 2*b**5*x**(5/3)) + 6*a
*b*x**2/(2*a**2*b**3*x**(7/3) + 4*a*b**4*x**2 + 2*b**5*x**(5/3)) + 2*b**2*
x**(5/3)*log(x)/(2*a**2*b**3*x**(7/3) + 4*a*b**4*x**2 + 2*b**5*x**(5/3)) -
6*b**2*x**(5/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**2*b**3*x**(7/3) + 4*a*b**4*x**2
+ 2*b**5*x**(5/3)) + 9*b**2*x**(5/3)/(2*a**2*b**3*x**(7/3) + 4*a*b**4*x**
2 + 2*b**5*x**(5/3)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx = -\frac{3 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{b^3} - \frac{6a}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)b^3} + \frac{3a^2}{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-3*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/b^3 - 6*a/((a + b/x^(1/3))*b^3) + 3/2*a^2/((a + b/x^(
1/3))^2*b^3)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx = -\frac{3 \log\left(\left|ax^{1/3} + b\right|\right)}{b^3} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{b^3} + \frac{3\left(2abx^{1/3} + 3b^2\right)}{2\left(ax^{1/3} + b\right)^2 b^3}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output 
$$-3*\log(\text{abs}(a*x^{(1/3)} + b))/b^3 + \log(\text{abs}(x))/b^3 + 3/2*(2*a*b*x^{(1/3)} + 3*b^2)/((a*x^{(1/3)} + b)^2*b^3)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx = \frac{\frac{9}{2b} + \frac{3ax^{1/3}}{b^2}}{b^2 + a^2 x^{2/3} + 2abx^{1/3}} - \frac{6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ax^{1/3}}{b} + 1\right)}{b^3}$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3),x)`

output 
$$\frac{(9/(2*b) + (3*a*x^{(1/3)})/b^2)/(b^2 + a^2*x^{(2/3)} + 2*a*b*x^{(1/3)}) - (6*\operatorname{atanh}((2*a*x^{(1/3)})/b + 1))/b^3}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^2} dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^2 - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} a + b\right) a^2 - \frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2}{2} + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) ab - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} a + b\right) ab + 3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) b^2}{b^3 \left(x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 + 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} ab + b^2\right)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^2,x)`

output 
$$(3*(2*x^{(2/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)})*a^{**2} - 2*x^{(2/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)}*a + b)*a^{**2} - x^{(2/3)}*a^{**2} + 4*x^{(1/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)})*a*b - 4*x^{(1/3)}*\log(x^{(1/3)}*a + b)*a*b + 2*\log(x^{(1/3)})*b^{**2} - 2*\log(x^{(1/3)}*a + b)*b^{**2} + 2*b^{**2}))/ (2*b^{**3}*(x^{(2/3)}*a^{**2} + 2*x^{(1/3)}*a*b + b^{**2}))$$

**3.331** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	2335
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2336
Rubi [A] (verified)	2336
Maple [A] (verified)	2338
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2338
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2339
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2340
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2340
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2341
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2341

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3} dx = -\frac{3a^5}{2b^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} + \frac{15a^4}{b^6 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)} - \frac{1}{b^3 x} + \frac{9a}{2b^4 x^{2/3}} - \frac{18a^2}{b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{30a^3 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^6}$$

```
output -3/2*a^5/b^6/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2+15*a^4/b^6/(a+b/x^(1/3))-1/b^3/x+9/2*a/b^4/x^(2/3)-18*a^2/b^5/x^(1/3)+30*a^3*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^6
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{b \left(2b^4 - 5ab^3 \sqrt[3]{x} + 20a^2 b^2 x^{2/3} + 90a^3 b x + 60a^4 x^{4/3}\right)}{\left(b + a \sqrt[3]{x}\right)^2 x} - 60a^3 \log(b + a \sqrt[3]{x}) + 20a^3 \log(x)$$

$$= \frac{\dots}{2b^6}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^3),x]`

output `-1/2*((b*(2*b^4 - 5*a*b^3*x^(1/3) + 20*a^2*b^2*x^(2/3) + 90*a^3*b*x + 60*a^4*x^(4/3)))/(b + a*x^(1/3))^2*x) - 60*a^3*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)] + 20*a^3*Log[x])/b^6`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{795}$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a \sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{798}$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{x}a + b)^3 x^{4/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 54

$$3 \int \left( \frac{10a^4}{b^6 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} + \frac{4a^4}{b^5 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} + \frac{a^4}{b^4 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3} - \frac{10a^3}{b^6 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{6a^2}{b^5 x^{2/3}} - \frac{3a}{b^4 x} + \frac{1}{b^3 x^{4/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{10a^3 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)}{b^6} - \frac{10a^3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^6} - \frac{4a^3}{b^5 (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)} - \frac{a^3}{2b^4 (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)^2} - \frac{6a^2}{b^5 \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{3a}{2b^4 x^{2/3}} - \frac{1}{3b^3 x} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^3),x]`

output `3*(-1/2*a^3/(b^4*(b + a*x^(1/3))^2) - (4*a^3)/(b^5*(b + a*x^(1/3))) - 1/(3*b^3*x) + (3*a)/(2*b^4*x^(2/3)) - (6*a^2)/(b^5*x^(1/3)) + (10*a^3*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/b^6 - (10*a^3*Log[x^(1/3)])/b^6)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{3a^3}{2b^4(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} + \frac{30a^3 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^6} - \frac{12a^3}{b^5(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{b^3x} - \frac{10a^3 \ln(x)}{b^6} - \frac{18a^2}{b^5x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{9a}{2b^4x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	90
default	$-\frac{3a^3}{2b^4(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})^2} + \frac{30a^3 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^6} - \frac{12a^3}{b^5(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})} - \frac{1}{b^3x} - \frac{10a^3 \ln(x)}{b^6} - \frac{18a^2}{b^5x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{9a}{2b^4x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$	90

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-3/2*a^3/b^4/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2+30/b^6*a^3*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))-12/b^5*a^3/(b+a*x^(1/3))-1/b^3/x-10/b^6*a^3*\ln(x)-18*a^2/b^5/x^(1/3)+9/2*a/b^4/x^(2/3)$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 191 vs. 2(79) = 158.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3} dx = \frac{20 a^6 b^3 x^2 + 31 a^3 b^6 x + 2 b^9 - 60 (a^9 x^3 + 2 a^6 b^3 x^2 + a^3 b^6 x) \log\left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) + 60 (a^9 x^3 + 2 a^6 b^3 x^2 + a^3 b^6 x) \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}}) + 3(20 a^8 b x^2 + 35 a^5 b^4 x + 12 a^2 b^7) x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3(10 a^7 b^2 x^2 + 16 a^4 b^5 x + 3 a b^8) x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{2(a^6 b^6 x^3 + 2 a^3 b^9 x^2 + b^{12})}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/2*(20*a^6*b^3*x^2 + 31*a^3*b^6*x + 2*b^9 - 60*(a^9*x^3 + 2*a^6*b^3*x^2 + a^3*b^6*x)*\log(a*x^(1/3) + b) + 60*(a^9*x^3 + 2*a^6*b^3*x^2 + a^3*b^6*x)*\log(x^(1/3)) + 3*(20*a^8*b*x^2 + 35*a^5*b^4*x + 12*a^2*b^7)*x^(2/3) - 3*(10*a^7*b^2*x^2 + 16*a^4*b^5*x + 3*a*b^8)*x^(1/3))/(a^6*b^6*x^3 + 2*a^3*b^9*x^2 + b^12*x)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 561 vs.  $2(88) = 176$ .

Time = 4.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 561, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.03

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\infty}{x} \\ -\frac{1}{b^3 x} \\ -\frac{1}{2a^3 x^2} \\ -\frac{20a^5 x^{\frac{10}{3}} \log(x)}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{60a^5 x^{\frac{10}{3}} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x + \frac{b}{a}}\right)}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{40a^4 b x^3 \log(x)}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{120a^4 b x^3 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x + \frac{b}{a}}\right)}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{60a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} \log(x)}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{60a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{x + \frac{b}{a}}\right)}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{90a^3 b^2 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{20a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{7}{3}}}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{2b^2 b^5 x^{\frac{5}{3}}}{2a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 4ab^7 x^3 + 2b^8 x^{\frac{8}{3}}}, \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**3/x**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo/x, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(b**3*x), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(2*a**3*x**2), Eq(b, 0)), (-20*a**5*x**(10/3)*log(x)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) + 60*a**5*x**(10/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) - 40*a**4*b*x**3*log(x)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) + 120*a**4*b*x**3*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) - 60*a**4*b*x**3/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) - 20*a**3*b**2*x**(8/3)*log(x)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) + 60*a**3*b**2*x**(8/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) - 90*a**3*b**2*x**(8/3)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) - 20*a**2*b**3*x**(7/3)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) + 5*a**2*b**3*x**(7/3)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)) - 2*b**5*x**(5/3)/(2*a**2*b**6*x**(10/3) + 4*a*b**7*x**3 + 2*b**8*x**(8/3)), True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3} dx = \frac{30 a^3 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{b^6} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3}{b^6} + \frac{15 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 a}{2 b^6}$$

$$- \frac{30 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) a^2}{b^6} + \frac{15 a^4}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) b^6} - \frac{3 a^5}{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 b^6}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `30*a^3*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/b^6 - (a + b/x^(1/3))^3/b^6 + 15/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*a/b^6 - 30*(a + b/x^(1/3))*a^2/b^6 + 15*a^4/((a + b/x^(1/3))*b^6) - 3/2*a^5/((a + b/x^(1/3))^2*b^6)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^3} dx = \frac{30 a^3 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{b^6} - \frac{10 a^3 \log(|x|)}{b^6}$$

$$- \frac{60 a^4 b x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 90 a^3 b^2 x + 20 a^2 b^3 x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 5 a b^4 x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 2 b^5}{2 \left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)^2 b^6 x}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `30*a^3*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/b^6 - 10*a^3*log(abs(x))/b^6 - 1/2*(60*a^4*b*x^(4/3) + 90*a^3*b^2*x + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(2/3) - 5*a*b^4*x^(1/3) + 2*b^5)/(a*x^(1/3) + b)^2*b^6*x`



**3.332** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} x^4 dx$$

Optimal result	2342
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2343
Rubi [A] (verified)	2343
Maple [A] (verified)	2345
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2345
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2346
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2347
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2347
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2348
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2348

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} x^4 dx = \frac{3a^8}{2b^9 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} - \frac{24a^7}{b^9 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)} - \frac{1}{2b^3 x^2} + \frac{9a}{5b^4 x^{5/3}} - \frac{9a^2}{2b^5 x^{4/3}} + \frac{10a^3}{b^6 x} - \frac{45a^4}{2b^7 x^{2/3}} + \frac{63a^5}{b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{84a^6 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^9}$$

```
output 3/2*a^8/b^9/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2-24*a^7/b^9/(a+b/x^(1/3))-1/2/b^3/x^2+9/5*a/b^4/x^(5/3)-9/2*a^2/b^5/x^(4/3)+10*a^3/b^6/x-45/2*a^4/b^7/x^(2/3)+63*a^5/b^8/x^(1/3)-84*a^6*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^9
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{b \left( -5b^7 + 8ab^6 \sqrt[3]{x} - 14a^2 b^5 x^{2/3} + 28a^3 b^4 x - 70a^4 b^3 x^{4/3} + 280a^5 b^2 x^{5/3} + 1260a^6 b x^2 + 840a^7 x^{7/3} \right)}{\left(b + a \sqrt[3]{x}\right)^2 x^2} - 840a^6 \log(b + a \sqrt[3]{x}) + 280a^6 \log(x)}{10b^9}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^4),x]`

output `((b*(-5*b^7 + 8*a*b^6*x^(1/3) - 14*a^2*b^5*x^(2/3) + 28*a^3*b^4*x - 70*a^4*b^3*x^(4/3) + 280*a^5*b^2*x^(5/3) + 1260*a^6*b*x^2 + 840*a^7*x^(7/3)))/((b + a*x^(1/3))^2*x^2) - 840*a^6*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)] + 280*a^6*Log[x])/(10*b^9)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 795$$

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a \sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3 x^{7/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 54

$$3 \int \left( -\frac{28a^7}{b^9 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} - \frac{7a^7}{b^8 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} - \frac{a^7}{b^7 (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3} + \frac{28a^6}{b^9 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{21a^5}{b^8 x^{2/3}} + \frac{15a^4}{b^7 x} - \frac{10a^3}{b^6 x^{4/3}} + \frac{6a^2}{b^5 x^{5/3}} - \frac{3a}{b^4 x^2} + \dots \right)$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( -\frac{28a^6 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)}{b^9} + \frac{28a^6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^9} + \frac{7a^6}{b^8 (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)} + \frac{a^6}{2b^7 (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)^2} + \frac{21a^5}{b^8 \sqrt[3]{x}} - \frac{15a^4}{2b^7 x^{2/3}} + \frac{10a^3}{3b^6 x} - \frac{3a}{2b^5 x^2} + \dots \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^4),x]`

output `3*(a^6/(2*b^7*(b + a*x^(1/3))^2) + (7*a^6)/(b^8*(b + a*x^(1/3))) - 1/(6*b^3*x^2) + (3*a)/(5*b^4*x^(5/3)) - (3*a^2)/(2*b^5*x^(4/3)) + (10*a^3)/(3*b^6*x) - (15*a^4)/(2*b^7*x^(2/3)) + (21*a^5)/(b^8*x^(1/3)) - (28*a^6*Log[b + a*x^(1/3)])/b^9 + (28*a^6*Log[x^(1/3)])/b^9)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{2b^3x^2} + \frac{28a^6 \ln(x)}{b^9} + \frac{63a^5}{b^8x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{45a^4}{2b^7x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{10a^3}{b^6x} - \frac{9a^2}{2b^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{9a}{5b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{84a^6 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9} + \frac{21a^6}{b^8(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}$
default	$-\frac{1}{2b^3x^2} + \frac{28a^6 \ln(x)}{b^9} + \frac{63a^5}{b^8x^{\frac{1}{3}}} - \frac{45a^4}{2b^7x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{10a^3}{b^6x} - \frac{9a^2}{2b^5x^{\frac{4}{3}}} + \frac{9a}{5b^4x^{\frac{5}{3}}} - \frac{84a^6 \ln(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}{b^9} + \frac{21a^6}{b^8(b+ax^{\frac{1}{3}})}$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/2/b^3/x^2+28/b^9*a^6*\ln(x)+63*a^5/b^8/x^(1/3)-45/2*a^4/b^7/x^(2/3)+10*a^3/b^6/x-9/2*a^2/b^5/x^(4/3)+9/5*a/b^4/x^(5/3)-84/b^9*a^6*\ln(b+a*x^(1/3))+21/b^8*a^6/(b+a*x^(1/3))+3/2*a^6/b^7/(b+a*x^(1/3))^2$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs. 2(112) = 224.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{280 a^9 b^3 x^3 + 420 a^6 b^6 x^2 + 90 a^3 b^9 x - 5 b^{12} - 840 (a^{12} x^4 + 2 a^9 b^3 x^3 + a^6 b^6 x^2) \log(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b) + 840 (a^{12} x^4 + 2 a^9 b^3 x^3 + a^6 b^6 x^2)}{b^{12}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
1/10*(280*a^9*b^3*x^3 + 420*a^6*b^6*x^2 + 90*a^3*b^9*x - 5*b^12 - 840*(a^12*x^4 + 2*a^9*b^3*x^3 + a^6*b^6*x^2)*log(a*x^(1/3) + b) + 840*(a^12*x^4 + 2*a^9*b^3*x^3 + a^6*b^6*x^2)*log(x^(1/3)) + 15*(56*a^11*b*x^3 + 98*a^8*b^4*x^2 + 36*a^5*b^7*x - 3*a^2*b^10)*x^(2/3) - 3*(140*a^10*b^2*x^3 + 224*a^7*b^5*x^2 + 63*a^4*b^8*x - 6*a*b^11)*x^(1/3))/(a^6*b^9*x^4 + 2*a^3*b^12*x^3 + b^15*x^2)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 707 vs.  $2(133) = 266$ .

Time = 7.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 707, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.20

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^4} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**3/x**4,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**2, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*b**3*x**2), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(3*a**3*x**3), Eq(b, 0)), (280*a**8*x**(13/3)*log(x)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) - 840*a**8*x**(13/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) + 560*a**7*b*x**4*log(x)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) - 1680*a**7*b*x**4*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) + 840*a**7*b*x**4/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) + 280*a**6*b**2*x**(11/3)*log(x)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) - 840*a**6*b**2*x**(11/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) + 1260*a**6*b**2*x**(11/3)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) + 280*a**5*b**3*x**(10/3)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) - 70*a**4*b**4*x**3/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) + 28*a**3*b**5*x**(8/3)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) - 14*a**2*b**6*x**(7/3)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) + 8*a*b**7*x**2/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)) - 5*b**8*x**(5/3)/(10*a**2*b**9*x**(13/3) + 20*a*b**10*x**4 + 10*b**11*x**(11/3)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^4} dx = -\frac{84 a^6 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{b^9} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^6}{2 b^9} + \frac{24 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^5 a}{5 b^9}$$

$$- \frac{21 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^4 a^2}{b^9} + \frac{56 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^3 a^3}{b^9} - \frac{105 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 a^4}{b^9}$$

$$+ \frac{168 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) a^5}{b^9} - \frac{24 a^7}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) b^9} + \frac{3 a^8}{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)^2 b^9}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-84*a^6*log(a + b/x^(1/3))/b^9 - 1/2*(a + b/x^(1/3))^6/b^9 + 24/5*(a + b/x^(1/3))^5*a/b^9 - 21*(a + b/x^(1/3))^4*a^2/b^9 + 56*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3*a^3/b^9 - 105*(a + b/x^(1/3))^2*a^4/b^9 + 168*(a + b/x^(1/3))*a^5/b^9 - 24*a^7/((a + b/x^(1/3))*b^9) + 3/2*a^8/((a + b/x^(1/3))^2*b^9)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^4} dx = -\frac{84 a^6 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{b^9} + \frac{28 a^6 \log(|x|)}{b^9}$$

$$+ \frac{840 a^7 b x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 1260 a^6 b^2 x^2 + 280 a^5 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{3}} - 70 a^4 b^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}} + 28 a^3 b^5 x - 14 a^2 b^6 x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 8 a b^7 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 5 b^8}{10 \left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)^2 b^9 x^2}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
-84*a^6*log(abs(a*x^(1/3) + b))/b^9 + 28*a^6*log(abs(x))/b^9 + 1/10*(840*a
^7*b*x^(7/3) + 1260*a^6*b^2*x^2 + 280*a^5*b^3*x^(5/3) - 70*a^4*b^4*x^(4/3)
+ 28*a^3*b^5*x - 14*a^2*b^6*x^(2/3) + 8*a*b^7*x^(1/3) - 5*b^8)/((a*x^(1/3)
) + b)^2*b^9*x^2)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 125, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{\frac{4ax^{1/3}}{5b^2} - \frac{1}{2b} + \frac{14a^3x}{5b^4} - \frac{7a^2x^{2/3}}{5b^3} + \frac{126a^6x^2}{b^7} - \frac{7a^4x^{4/3}}{b^5} + \frac{28a^5x^{5/3}}{b^6} + \frac{84a^7x^{7/3}}{b^8}}{a^2x^{8/3} + b^2x^2 + 2abx^{7/3}} - \frac{168a^6 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ax^{1/3}}{b} + 1\right)}{b^9}$$

input

```
int(1/(x^4*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3),x)
```

output

```
((4*a*x^(1/3))/(5*b^2) - 1/(2*b) + (14*a^3*x)/(5*b^4) - (7*a^2*x^(2/3))/(5
*b^3) + (126*a^6*x^2)/b^7 - (7*a^4*x^(4/3))/b^5 + (28*a^5*x^(5/3))/b^6 + (
84*a^7*x^(7/3))/b^8)/(a^2*x^(8/3) + b^2*x^2 + 2*a*b*x^(7/3)) - (168*a^6*at
anh((2*a*x^(1/3))/b + 1))/b^9
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 196, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{840x^{\frac{8}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^8 - 840x^{\frac{8}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) a^8 - 420x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^8 + 280x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^5 b^3 - 14x^{\frac{2}{3}} a^2 b^6 + 1680x^{\frac{7}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^7 b - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^4,x)`

output `(840*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**8*x**2 - 840*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**8*x**2 - 420*x**(2/3)*a**8*x**2 + 280*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**3*x - 14*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**6 + 1680*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**7*b*x**2 - 1680*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**7*b*x**2 - 70*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**4*x + 8*x**(1/3)*a*b**7 + 840*log(x**(1/3))*a**6*b**2*x**2 - 840*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**6*b**2*x**2 + 840*a**6*b**2*x**2 + 28*a**3*b**5*x - 5*b**8)/(10*b**9*x**2*(x**(2/3)*a**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + b**2))`

**3.333** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx$$

Optimal result	2350
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2351
Rubi [A] (verified)	2351
Maple [A] (verified)	2353
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2353
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2354
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2355
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2356
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2357
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2357

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 173

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx = -\frac{3a^{11}}{2b^{12} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^2} + \frac{33a^{10}}{b^{12} \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)} - \frac{1}{3b^3 x^3} + \frac{9a}{8b^4 x^{8/3}} - \frac{18a^2}{7b^5 x^{7/3}} + \frac{5a^3}{b^6 x^2} - \frac{9a^4}{b^7 x^{5/3}} + \frac{63a^5}{4b^8 x^{4/3}} - \frac{28a^6}{b^9 x} + \frac{54a^7}{b^{10} x^{2/3}} - \frac{135a^8}{b^{11} \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{165a^9 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)}{b^{12}}$$

output `-3/2*a^11/b^12/(a+b/x^(1/3))^2+33*a^10/b^12/(a+b/x^(1/3))-1/3/b^3/x^3+9/8*a/b^4/x^(8/3)-18/7*a^2/b^5/x^(7/3)+5*a^3/b^6/x^2-9*a^4/b^7/x^(5/3)+63/4*a^5/b^8/x^(4/3)-28*a^6/b^9/x+54*a^7/b^10/x^(2/3)-135*a^8/b^11/x^(1/3)+165*a^9*ln(a+b/x^(1/3))/b^12`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx = \frac{b \left(56b^{10} - 77ab^9 \sqrt[3]{x} + 110a^2b^8x^{2/3} - 165a^3b^7x + 264a^4b^6x^{4/3} - 462a^5b^5x^{5/3} + 924a^6b^4x^2 - 2310a^7b^3x^{7/3} + 9240a^8b^2x^{8/3} + 41580a^9bx^3 + 27720a^{10}x^{10/3}\right)}{\left(b+a\sqrt[3]{x}\right)^2 x^3} + \frac{168b^{12}}{168b^{12}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^5),x]`

output 
$$\frac{-1/168*((b*(56*b^{10} - 77*a*b^9*x^{(1/3)} + 110*a^2*b^8*x^{(2/3)} - 165*a^3*b^7*x + 264*a^4*b^6*x^{(4/3)} - 462*a^5*b^5*x^{(5/3)} + 924*a^6*b^4*x^2 - 2310*a^7*b^3*x^{(7/3)} + 9240*a^8*b^2*x^{(8/3)} + 41580*a^9*b*x^3 + 27720*a^{10}*x^{(10/3)})))/((b + a*x^{(1/3)})^2*x^3) - 27720*a^9*Log[b + a*x^{(1/3)}] + 9240*a^9*Log[x])/b^{12}}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 193, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {795, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^5 \left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3} dx$$

↓ 795

$$\int \frac{1}{x^4 (a\sqrt[3]{x} + b)^3} dx$$

↓ 798

$$3 \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3 x^{10/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 54

$$3 \int \left( \frac{55a^{10}}{b^{12} (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})} + \frac{10a^{10}}{b^{11} (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^2} + \frac{a^{10}}{b^{10} (\sqrt[3]{xa+b})^3} - \frac{55a^9}{b^{12} \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{45a^8}{b^{11} x^{2/3}} - \frac{36a^7}{b^{10} x} + \frac{28a^6}{b^9 x^{4/3}} - \frac{21a^5}{b^8 x^{5/3}} + \frac{15a^4}{b^7 x^{2/3}} - \frac{6a^3}{b^6 x} + \frac{3a^2}{b^5 x^{4/3}} - \frac{2a}{b^4 x^{5/3}} + \frac{a}{b^3 x^{2/3}} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x}$$

↓ 2009

$$3 \left( \frac{55a^9 \log(a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)}{b^{12}} - \frac{55a^9 \log(\sqrt[3]{x})}{b^{12}} - \frac{10a^9}{b^{11} (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)} - \frac{a^9}{2b^{10} (a\sqrt[3]{x}+b)^2} - \frac{45a^8}{b^{11} \sqrt[3]{x}} + \frac{18a^7}{b^{10} x^{2/3}} - \frac{28a^6}{3b^9 x} + \frac{21a^5}{4b^8 x^{4/3}} - \frac{15a^4}{3b^7 x^{5/3}} + \frac{6a^3}{b^6 x^{2/3}} - \frac{3a^2}{b^5 x} + \frac{2a}{b^4 x^{4/3}} - \frac{a}{b^3 x^{5/3}} \right)$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x^(1/3))^3*x^5),x]`

output  $3*(-1/2*a^9/(b^{10}*(b + a*x^{(1/3)})^2) - (10*a^9)/(b^{11}*(b + a*x^{(1/3)})) - 1/(9*b^3*x^3) + (3*a)/(8*b^4*x^{(8/3)}) - (6*a^2)/(7*b^5*x^{(7/3)}) + (5*a^3)/(3*b^6*x^2) - (3*a^4)/(b^7*x^{(5/3)}) + (21*a^5)/(4*b^8*x^{(4/3)}) - (28*a^6)/(3*b^9*x) + (18*a^7)/(b^{10}*x^{(2/3)}) - (45*a^8)/(b^{11}*x^{(1/3)}) + (55*a^9*Log[b + a*x^{(1/3)}])/b^{12} - (55*a^9*Log[x^{(1/3)}])/b^{12}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
derivativedivides	$-\frac{1}{3b^3x^3} - \frac{55a^9 \ln(x)}{b^{12}} - \frac{135a^8}{b^{11}x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{54a^7}{b^{10}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{28a^6}{b^9x} + \frac{63a^5}{4b^8x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{9a^4}{b^7x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{5a^3}{b^6x^2} - \frac{18a^2}{7b^5x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{9a}{8b^4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{1}{2b^{10}}$
default	$-\frac{1}{3b^3x^3} - \frac{55a^9 \ln(x)}{b^{12}} - \frac{135a^8}{b^{11}x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + \frac{54a^7}{b^{10}x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{28a^6}{b^9x} + \frac{63a^5}{4b^8x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{9a^4}{b^7x^{\frac{5}{3}}} + \frac{5a^3}{b^6x^2} - \frac{18a^2}{7b^5x^{\frac{7}{3}}} + \frac{9a}{8b^4x^{\frac{8}{3}}} - \frac{1}{2b^{10}}$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/3/b^3/x^3-55/b^{12}*a^9*\ln(x)-135*a^8/b^{11}/x^{(1/3)}+54*a^7/b^{10}/x^{(2/3)}-28*a^6/b^9/x+63/4*a^5/b^8/x^{(4/3)}-9*a^4/b^7/x^{(5/3)}+5*a^3/b^6/x^2-18/7*a^2/b^5/x^{(7/3)}+9/8*a/b^4/x^{(8/3)}-3/2*a^9/b^{10}/(b+a*x^{(1/3)})^2+165/b^{12}*a^9*\ln(b+a*x^{(1/3)})-30/b^{11}*a^9/(b+a*x^{(1/3)})$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 263, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx =$$

$$\frac{9240 a^{12} b^3 x^4 + 13860 a^9 b^6 x^3 + 3080 a^6 b^9 x^2 - 728 a^3 b^{12} x + 56 b^{15} - 27720 (a^{15} x^5 + 2 a^{12} b^3 x^4 + a^9 b^6 x^3)}{\dots}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/168*(9240*a^12*b^3*x^4 + 13860*a^9*b^6*x^3 + 3080*a^6*b^9*x^2 - 728*a^3
*b^12*x + 56*b^15 - 27720*(a^15*x^5 + 2*a^12*b^3*x^4 + a^9*b^6*x^3)*log(a*
x^(1/3) + b) + 27720*(a^15*x^5 + 2*a^12*b^3*x^4 + a^9*b^6*x^3)*log(x^(1/3)
) + 18*(1540*a^14*b*x^4 + 2695*a^11*b^4*x^3 + 990*a^8*b^7*x^2 - 99*a^5*b^1
0*x + 24*a^2*b^13)*x^(2/3) - 63*(220*a^13*b^2*x^4 + 352*a^10*b^5*x^3 + 99*
a^7*b^8*x^2 - 18*a^4*b^11*x + 3*a*b^14)*x^(1/3))/(a^6*b^12*x^5 + 2*a^3*b^1
5*x^4 + b^18*x^3)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 848 vs.  $2(172) = 344$ .

Time = 18.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 848, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x**(1/3))**3/x**5,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo/x**3, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*b**3*x**3), Eq(a, 0)), (-1/(4*a**3*x**4), Eq(b, 0)), (-9240*a**11*x**(16/3)*log(x)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) + 27720*a**11*x**(16/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) - 18480*a**10*b*x**5*log(x)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) + 55440*a**10*b*x**5*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) - 27720*a**10*b*x**5/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) - 9240*a**9*b**2*x**(14/3)*log(x)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) + 27720*a**9*b**2*x**(14/3)*log(x**(1/3) + b/a)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) - 41580*a**9*b**2*x**(14/3)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) - 9240*a**8*b**3*x**(13/3)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) + 2310*a**7*b**4*x**4/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) - 924*a**6*b**5*x**(11/3)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) + 462*a**5*b**6*x**(10/3)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) - 264*a**4*b**7*x**3/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) + 165*a**3*b**8*x**(8/3)/(168*a**2*b**12*x**(16/3) + 336*a*b**13*x**5 + 168*b**14*x**(14/3)) - ...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx = \frac{165 a^9 \log\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)}{b^{12}} - \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^9}{3 b^{12}} + \frac{33 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^8 a}{8 b^{12}}$$

$$- \frac{165 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^7 a^2}{7 b^{12}} + \frac{165 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^6 a^3}{2 b^{12}} - \frac{198 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^5 a^4}{b^{12}}$$

$$+ \frac{693 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^4 a^5}{2 b^{12}} - \frac{462 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^3 a^6}{b^{12}} + \frac{495 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2 a^7}{b^{12}}$$

$$- \frac{495 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right) a^8}{b^{12}} + \frac{33 a^{10}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right) b^{12}} - \frac{3 a^{11}}{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x^{1/3}}\right)^2 b^{12}}$$



input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$165a^9 \log(a + b/x^{1/3})/b^{12} - 1/3(a + b/x^{1/3})^9/b^{12} + 33/8(a + b/x^{1/3})^8 a/b^{12} - 165/7(a + b/x^{1/3})^7 a^2/b^{12} + 165/2(a + b/x^{1/3})^6 a^3/b^{12} - 198(a + b/x^{1/3})^5 a^4/b^{12} + 693/2(a + b/x^{1/3})^4 a^5/b^{12} - 462(a + b/x^{1/3})^3 a^6/b^{12} + 495(a + b/x^{1/3})^2 a^7/b^{12} - 495(a + b/x^{1/3}) a^8/b^{12} + 33a^{10}/((a + b/x^{1/3})b^{12}) - 3/2a^{11}/((a + b/x^{1/3})^2 b^{12})$$

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx = \frac{165 a^9 \log\left(\left|ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right|\right)}{b^{12}} - \frac{55 a^9 \log(|x|)}{b^{12}} - \frac{27720 a^{10} b x^{\frac{10}{3}} + 41580 a^9 b^2 x^3 + 9240 a^8 b^3 x^{\frac{8}{3}} - 2310 a^7 b^4 x^{\frac{7}{3}} + 924 a^6 b^5 x^2 - 462 a^5 b^6 x^{\frac{5}{3}} + 264 a^4 b^7 x^{\frac{4}{3}} - 168 \left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)^2 b^{12} x^3}{168 \left(ax^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right)^2 b^{12} x^3}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$165a^9 \log(\text{abs}(a*x^{1/3} + b))/b^{12} - 55a^9 \log(\text{abs}(x))/b^{12} - 1/168*(27720*a^{10}*b*x^{10/3} + 41580*a^9*b^2*x^3 + 9240*a^8*b^3*x^{8/3} - 2310*a^7*b^4*x^{7/3} + 924*a^6*b^5*x^2 - 462*a^5*b^6*x^{5/3} + 264*a^4*b^7*x^{4/3} - 165*a^3*b^8*x + 110*a^2*b^9*x^{2/3} - 77*a*b^{10}*x^{1/3} + 56*b^{11})/((a*x^{1/3} + b)^2*b^{12}*x^3)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx = \frac{330 a^9 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{2ax^{1/3}}{b} + 1\right)}{b^{12}} - \frac{\frac{1}{3b} - \frac{11ax^{1/3}}{24b^2} - \frac{55a^3x}{56b^4} + \frac{55a^2x^{2/3}}{84b^3} + \frac{11a^6x^2}{2b^7} + \frac{11a^4x^{4/3}}{7b^5} - \frac{11a^5x^{5/3}}{4b^6} + \frac{495a^9x^3}{2b^{10}} - \frac{55a^7x^{7/3}}{4b^8} + \frac{55a^8x^{8/3}}{b^9} + \frac{165a^{10}x^{10/3}}{b^{11}}}{a^2x^{11/3} + b^2x^3 + 2abx^{10/3}}$$

input `int(1/(x^5*(a + b/x^(1/3))^3),x)`output  $(330*a^9*\operatorname{atanh}((2*a*x^{(1/3)})/b + 1))/b^{12} - (1/(3*b) - (11*a*x^{(1/3)})/(24*b^2) - (55*a^3*x)/(56*b^4) + (55*a^2*x^{(2/3)})/(84*b^3) + (11*a^6*x^2)/(2*b^7) + (11*a^4*x^{(4/3)})/(7*b^5) - (11*a^5*x^{(5/3)})/(4*b^6) + (495*a^9*x^3)/(2*b^{10}) - (55*a^7*x^{(7/3)})/(4*b^8) + (55*a^8*x^{(8/3)})/b^9 + (165*a^{10}*x^{(10/3)})/b^{11})/(a^2*x^{(11/3)} + b^2*x^3 + 2*a*b*x^{(10/3)})$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}\right)^3 x^5} dx = \frac{-27720x^{\frac{11}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) a^{11} + 27720x^{\frac{11}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}}a + b\right) a^{11} + 13860x^{\frac{11}{3}} a^{11} - 9240x^{\frac{8}{3}} a^8 b^3 + 462x^{\frac{5}{3}} a^5 b^6 - 110x^{11}}{a^2x^{11/3} + b^2x^3 + 2abx^{10/3}}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x^(1/3))^3/x^5,x)`

output

```
( - 27720*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3))*a**11*x**3 + 27720*x**(2/3)*log(x**(1/3)*
a + b)*a**11*x**3 + 13860*x**(2/3)*a**11*x**3 - 9240*x**(2/3)*a**8*b**3*x*
*2 + 462*x**(2/3)*a**5*b**6*x - 110*x**(2/3)*a**2*b**9 - 55440*x**(1/3)*lo
g(x**(1/3))*a**10*b*x**3 + 55440*x**(1/3)*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a**10*b*x**3
+ 2310*x**(1/3)*a**7*b**4*x**2 - 264*x**(1/3)*a**4*b**7*x + 77*x**(1/3)*a
*b**10 - 27720*log(x**(1/3))*a**9*b**2*x**3 + 27720*log(x**(1/3)*a + b)*a*
*9*b**2*x**3 - 27720*a**9*b**2*x**3 - 924*a**6*b**5*x**2 + 165*a**3*b**8*x
- 56*b**11)/(168*b**12*x**3*(x**(2/3)*a**2 + 2*x**(1/3)*a*b + b**2))
```

$$3.334 \quad \int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$$

Optimal result	2359
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2359
Rubi [A] (verified)	2360
Maple [A] (verified)	2361
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2362
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2362
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2362
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2363
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2363
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2363

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = 3b^2 \sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{3}{2}bx^{2/3} + x - 3b^3 \log(b + \sqrt[3]{x})$$

output `3*b^2*x^(1/3)-3/2*b*x^(2/3)+x-3*b^3*ln(b+x^(1/3))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = 3b^2 \sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{3}{2}bx^{2/3} + x - 3b^3 \log(b + \sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Integrate[(1 + b/x^(1/3))^-1, x]`

output `3*b^2*x^(1/3) - (3*b*x^(2/3))/2 + x - 3*b^3*Log[b + x^(1/3)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {774, 795, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{774} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{\frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 1} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{795} \\
 & 3 \int \frac{x}{b + \sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\
 & 3 \int \left( -\frac{b^3}{b + \sqrt[3]{x}} + b^2 - \sqrt[3]{x}b + x^{2/3} \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( b^3 (-\log(b + \sqrt[3]{x})) + b^2 \sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{1}{2} b x^{2/3} + \frac{x}{3} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

 $\text{Int}[(1 + b/x^{(1/3)})^{(-1)}, x]$ 

output

 $3*(b^2*x^{(1/3)} - (b*x^{(2/3)})/2 + x/3 - b^3*\text{Log}[b + x^{(1/3)}])$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`
- rule 774 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[n]}, Simp[k Subst[Int[x^(k - 1)*(a + b*x^(k*n))^p, x], x, x^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && FractionQ[n]`
- rule 795 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]`
- rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$3x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2 - \frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + x - 3b^3 \ln\left(b + x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$	28
default	$3x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2 - \frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + x - 3b^3 \ln\left(b + x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$	28

input `int(1/(1+b/x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*x^(1/3)*b^2-3/2*b*x^(2/3)+x-3*b^3*ln(b+x^(1/3))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -3b^3 \log\left(b + x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + 3b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{3}{2} b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + x$$

input `integrate(1/(1+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-3*b^3*log(b + x^(1/3)) + 3*b^2*x^(1/3) - 3/2*b*x^(2/3) + x`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -3b^3 \log\left(b + \sqrt[3]{x}\right) + 3b^2 \sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{3bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + x$$

input `integrate(1/(1+b/x**(1/3)),x)`output `-3*b**3*log(b + x**(1/3)) + 3*b**2*x**(1/3) - 3*b*x**(2/3)/2 + x`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -b^3 \log(x) - 3b^3 \log\left(\frac{b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 1\right) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{6b^2}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{3b}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} + 2\right)x$$

input `integrate(1/(1+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b^3*log(x) - 3*b^3*log(b/x^(1/3) + 1) + 1/2*(6*b^2/x^(2/3) - 3*b/x^(1/3) + 2)*x`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -3b^3 \log\left(\left|b + x^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right) + 3b^2 x^{\frac{1}{3}} - \frac{3}{2} b x^{\frac{2}{3}} + x$$

input `integrate(1/(1+b/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-3*b^3*log(abs(b + x^(1/3))) + 3*b^2*x^(1/3) - 3/2*b*x^(2/3) + x`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = x - 3b^3 \ln(b + x^{1/3}) - \frac{3bx^{2/3}}{2} + 3b^2 x^{1/3}$$

input `int(1/(b/x^(1/3) + 1),x)`

output `x - 3*b^3*log(b + x^(1/3)) - (3*b*x^(2/3))/2 + 3*b^2*x^(1/3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1}{1 + \frac{b}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -\frac{3x^{\frac{2}{3}}b}{2} + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}}b^2 - 3 \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + b\right) b^3 + x$$

input `int(1/(1+b/x^(1/3)),x)`

output `( - 3*x**(2/3)*b + 6*x**(1/3)*b**2 - 6*log(x**(1/3) + b)*b**3 + 2*x)/2`



### 3.335 $\int x^{2/3} (1 + x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx$

Optimal result	2364
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2364
Rubi [A] (verified)	2365
Maple [A] (verified)	2366
Fricas [F(-1)]	2366
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2366
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2367
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2367
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2368
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2368

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int x^{2/3} (1 + x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx = \frac{9}{25} (1 + x^{5/3})^{5/3}$$

output 9/25\*(1+x^(5/3))^(5/3)

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{2/3} (1 + x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx = \frac{9}{25} (1 + x^{5/3})^{5/3}$$

input Integrate[x^(2/3)\*(1 + x^(5/3))^(2/3),x]

output (9\*(1 + x^(5/3))^(5/3))/25

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{2/3} (x^{5/3} + 1)^{2/3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{9}{25} (x^{5/3} + 1)^{5/3}$$

input `Int[x^(2/3)*(1 + x^(5/3))^(2/3),x]`

output `(9*(1 + x^(5/3))^(5/3))/25`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{9(1+x^{\frac{5}{3}})^{\frac{5}{3}}}{25}$	10
default	$\frac{9(1+x^{\frac{5}{3}})^{\frac{5}{3}}}{25}$	10
meijerg	$\frac{3x^{\frac{5}{3}} \operatorname{hypergeom}\left(\left[-\frac{2}{3}, 1\right], [2], -x^{\frac{5}{3}}\right)}{5}$	17

input `int(x^(2/3)*(1+x^(5/3))^(2/3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `9/25*(1+x^(5/3))^(5/3)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{2/3}(1+x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^(2/3)*(1+x^(5/3))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int x^{2/3}(1+x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx = \frac{9x^{\frac{5}{3}}(x^{\frac{5}{3}}+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{25} + \frac{9(x^{\frac{5}{3}}+1)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{25}$$

input `integrate(x**(2/3)*(1+x**(5/3))**(2/3),x)`

output `9*x**(5/3)*(x**(5/3) + 1)**(2/3)/25 + 9*(x**(5/3) + 1)**(2/3)/25`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^{2/3}(1+x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx = \frac{9}{25} \left(x^{5/3} + 1\right)^{5/3}$$

input `integrate(x^(2/3)*(1+x^(5/3))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `9/25*(x^(5/3) + 1)^(5/3)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^{2/3}(1+x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx = \frac{9}{25} \left(x^{5/3} + 1\right)^{5/3}$$

input `integrate(x^(2/3)*(1+x^(5/3))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `9/25*(x^(5/3) + 1)^(5/3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^{2/3}(1+x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx = \frac{9(x^{5/3}+1)^{5/3}}{25}$$

input `int(x^(2/3)*(x^(5/3) + 1)^(2/3),x)`

output `(9*(x^(5/3) + 1)^(5/3))/25`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int x^{2/3}(1+x^{5/3})^{2/3} dx = \frac{9(x^{5/3}+1)^{5/3}}{25}$$

input `int(x^(2/3)*(1+x^(5/3))^(2/3),x)`

output `(9*(x**(2/3)*x + 1)**(2/3)*(x**(2/3)*x + 1))/25`

### 3.336 $\int x^{7/3} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx$

Optimal result	2369
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2369
Rubi [A] (verified)	2370
Maple [A] (verified)	2370
Fricas [F(-1)]	2371
Sympy [F(-1)]	2371
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2372
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2372
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2372
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2373

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int x^{7/3} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx = -\frac{21}{260} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{26/7}$$

output `-21/260*(a^(10/3)-x^(10/3))^(26/7)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{7/3} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx = -\frac{21}{260} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{26/7}$$

input `Integrate[x^(7/3)*(a^(10/3) - x^(10/3))^(19/7),x]`

output `(-21*(a^(10/3) - x^(10/3))^(26/7))/260`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{7/3} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$-\frac{21}{260} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{26/7}$$

input `Int[x^(7/3)*(a^(10/3) - x^(10/3))^(19/7),x]`

output `(-21*(a^(10/3) - x^(10/3))^(26/7))/260`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{21 \left( a^{\frac{10}{3}} - x^{\frac{10}{3}} \right)^{\frac{26}{7}}}{260}$	14
default	$-\frac{21 \left( a^{\frac{10}{3}} - x^{\frac{10}{3}} \right)^{\frac{26}{7}}}{260}$	14

input `int(x^(7/3)*(a^(10/3)-x^(10/3))^(19/7),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-21/260*(a^(10/3)-x^(10/3))^(26/7)`

### Fricas [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/3}(a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/3)*(a^(10/3)-x^(10/3))^(19/7),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{7/3}(a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(7/3)*(a**(10/3)-x**(10/3))**(19/7),x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{7/3}(a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx = -\frac{21}{260} \left(a^{10/3} - x^{10/3}\right)^{26/7}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/3)*(a^(10/3)-x^(10/3))^(19/7),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-21/260*(a^(10/3) - x^(10/3))^(26/7)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{7/3}(a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx = -\frac{21}{260} \left(a^{10/3} - x^{10/3}\right)^{26/7}$$

input `integrate(x^(7/3)*(a^(10/3)-x^(10/3))^(19/7),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-21/260*(a^(10/3) - x^(10/3))^(26/7)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{7/3}(a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx = -\frac{21(a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{26/7}}{260}$$

input `int(x^(7/3)*(a^(10/3) - x^(10/3))^(19/7),x)`output `-(21*(a^(10/3) - x^(10/3))^(26/7))/260`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int x^{7/3} (a^{10/3} - x^{10/3})^{19/7} dx = \frac{-\frac{63x^{20/3} a^{20/3}}{130} - \frac{21a^{40/3}}{260} + \frac{21a^{10/3} x^{10}}{65} + \frac{21x^{10/3} a^{10}}{65} - \frac{21x^{40/3}}{260}}{\left(a^{10/3} - x^{10/3}\right)^{2/7}}$$

input `int(x^(7/3)*(a^(10/3)-x^(10/3))^(19/7),x)`output `(21*(-6*x**(2/3)*a**(2/3)*a**6*x**6 - a**(1/3)*a**13 + 4*a**(1/3)*a**3*x**10 + 4*x**(1/3)*a**10*x**3 - x**(1/3)*x**13))/(260*(a**(1/3)*a**3 - x**(1/3)*x**3)**(2/7))`

$$3.337 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}} \sqrt[5]{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	2374
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2374
Rubi [A] (verified)	2375
Maple [A] (verified)	2376
Fricas [F(-1)]	2376
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2376
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2377
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2377
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2377
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2378

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}} \sqrt[5]{x}} dx = \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{1+x^{4/5}}$$

output  $5/2*(1+x^{(4/5)})^{(1/2)}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}} \sqrt[5]{x}} dx = \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{1+x^{4/5}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[1 + x^(4/5)]*x^(1/5)),x]`

output  $(5*\text{Sqrt}[1 + x^{(4/5)}])/2$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^{4/5} + 1}\sqrt[5]{x}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{5}{2} \sqrt{x^{4/5} + 1}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[1 + x^(4/5)]*x^(1/5)),x]`

output `(5*Sqrt[1 + x^(4/5)])/2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 10, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{5\sqrt{1+x^{\frac{4}{5}}}}{2}$	10
default	$\frac{5\sqrt{1+x^{\frac{4}{5}}}}{2}$	10
meijerg	$\frac{-\frac{5\sqrt{\pi}}{2} + \frac{5\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{1+x^{\frac{4}{5}}}}{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$	24

input `int(1/(1+x^(4/5))^(1/2)/x^(1/5),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `5/2*(1+x^(4/5))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}}\sqrt[5]{x}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(4/5))^(1/2)/x^(1/5),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Timed out`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 12, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}}\sqrt[5]{x}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{x^{\frac{4}{5}}+1}}{2}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x**(4/5))**(1/2)/x**(1/5),x)`

output `5*sqrt(x**(4/5) + 1)/2`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}}\sqrt[5]{x}} dx = \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{x^{4/5} + 1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(4/5))^(1/2)/x^(1/5),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `5/2*sqrt(x^(4/5) + 1)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}}\sqrt[5]{x}} dx = \frac{5}{2} \sqrt{x^{4/5} + 1}$$

input `integrate(1/(1+x^(4/5))^(1/2)/x^(1/5),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `5/2*sqrt(x^(4/5) + 1)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 9, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}}\sqrt[5]{x}} dx = \frac{5\sqrt{x^{4/5} + 1}}{2}$$

input `int(1/(x^(1/5)*(x^(4/5) + 1)^(1/2)),x)`

output  $(5*(x^{(4/5)} + 1)^{(1/2)})/2$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{4/5}}\sqrt[5]{x}} dx = \frac{5x^{2/5}\sqrt{x^{4/5}+1}+5x^{4/5}+5}{2\sqrt{x^{4/5}+1}+2x^{2/5}}$$

input `int(1/(1+x^(4/5))^(1/2)/x^(1/5),x)`

output  $(5*(x^{(2/5)}*\sqrt{x^{(4/5)} + 1} + x^{(4/5)} + 1))/(2*(\sqrt{x^{(4/5)} + 1} + x^{(2/5)}))$

### 3.338 $\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2379
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2379
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2380
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2381
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2381
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2381
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2382
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2382
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2383
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2383

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^{4+n}}{4+n}$$

output

```
1/4*a*x^4+b*x^(4+n)/(4+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^{4+n}}{4+n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(a*x^4)/4 + (b*x^(4 + n))/(4 + n)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^3 + bx^{n+3}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^{n+4}}{n+4}$$

input

```
Int[x^3*(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^4)/4 + (b*x^(4 + n))/(4 + n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{bx^4x^n}{4+n} + \frac{ax^4}{4}$	21
norman	$\frac{bx^4e^{n \ln(x)}}{4+n} + \frac{ax^4}{4}$	23
paralelrisch	$\frac{4x^4x^n b + x^4 an + 4a x^4}{4n+16}$	30
orering	$\frac{x^4(n+7)(a+bx^n)}{4n+16} - \frac{x^2(3x^2(a+bx^n)+x^2bx^n)}{4(4+n)}$	54

input `int(x^3*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `b/(4+n)*x^4*x^n+1/4*a*x^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{4bx^4x^n + (an + 4a)x^4}{4(n + 4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*(4*b*x^4*x^n + (a*n + 4*a)*x^4)/(n + 4)`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 51 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{anx^4}{4n+16} + \frac{4ax^4}{4n+16} + \frac{4bx^4x^n}{4n+16} & \text{for } n \neq -4 \\ \frac{ax^4}{4} + b \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*n*x**4/(4*n + 16) + 4*a*x**4/(4*n + 16) + 4*b*x**4*x**n/(4*n + 16), Ne(n, -4)), (a*x**4/4 + b*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{4}ax^4 + \frac{bx^{n+4}}{n+4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a*x^4 + b*x^(n + 4)/(n + 4)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{4bx^4x^n + anx^4 + 4ax^4}{4(n+4)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(4*b*x^4*x^n + a*n*x^4 + 4*a*x^4)/(n + 4)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^4}{4} + \frac{bx^n x^4}{n+4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(a*x^4)/4 + (b*x^n*x^4)/(n + 4)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^4(4x^n b + an + 4a)}{4n + 16}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**4*(4*x**n*b + a*n + 4*a))/(4*(n + 4))`

### 3.339 $\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2384
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2384
Rubi [A] (verified)	2385
Maple [A] (verified)	2386
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2386
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2386
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2387
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2387
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2388
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2388

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bx^{3+n}}{3+n}$$

output `1/3*a*x^3+b*x^(3+n)/(3+n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bx^{3+n}}{3+n}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(a*x^3)/3 + (b*x^(3 + n))/(3 + n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^2 + bx^{n+2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bx^{n+3}}{n+3}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^3)/3 + (b*x^(3 + n))/(3 + n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{bx^3x^n}{3+n} + \frac{ax^3}{3}$	21
norman	$\frac{bx^3e^{n \ln(x)}}{3+n} + \frac{ax^3}{3}$	23
parallelrisch	$\frac{3x^3x^n b + x^3 a n + 3a x^3}{9+3n}$	30
orering	$\frac{x^3(n+5)(a+bx^n)}{9+3n} - \frac{x^2(2x(a+bx^n)+xbx^n n)}{3(3+n)}$	50

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `b/(3+n)*x^3*x^n+1/3*a*x^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{3bx^3x^n + (an + 3a)x^3}{3(n + 3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(3*b*x^3*x^n + (a*n + 3*a)*x^3)/(n + 3)`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 51 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{anx^3}{3n+9} + \frac{3ax^3}{3n+9} + \frac{3bx^3x^n}{3n+9} & \text{for } n \neq -3 \\ \frac{ax^3}{3} + b \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*n*x**3/(3*n + 9) + 3*a*x**3/(3*n + 9) + 3*b*x**3*x**n/(3*n + 9), Ne(n, -3)), (a*x**3/3 + b*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{3}ax^3 + \frac{bx^{n+3}}{n+3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a*x^3 + b*x^(n + 3)/(n + 3)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{3bx^3x^n + anx^3 + 3ax^3}{3(n+3)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(3*b*x^3*x^n + a*n*x^3 + 3*a*x^3)/(n + 3)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^3}{3} + \frac{bx^n x^3}{n+3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(a*x^3)/3 + (b*x^n*x^3)/(n + 3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^3(3x^n b + an + 3a)}{3n + 9}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**3*(3*x**n*b + a*n + 3*a))/(3*(n + 3))`

### 3.340 $\int x(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2389
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2389
Rubi [A] (verified)	2390
Maple [A] (verified)	2391
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2391
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2391
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2392
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2392
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2393
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2393

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int x(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^{2+n}}{2+n}$$

output

```
1/2*a*x^2+b*x^(2+n)/(2+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^{2+n}}{2+n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^(2 + n))/(2 + n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax + bx^{n+1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^{n+2}}{n+2}$$

input

```
Int[x*(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^(2 + n))/(2 + n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{bx^2x^n}{2+n} + \frac{ax^2}{2}$	21
norman	$\frac{bx^2e^{n \ln(x)}}{2+n} + \frac{ax^2}{2}$	23
paralelrisch	$\frac{2x^2x^nb+x^2an+2ax^2}{4+2n}$	30
orering	$\frac{x^2(3+n)(a+bx^n)}{4+2n} - \frac{x^2(a+bx^n+bx^n n)}{2(2+n)}$	45

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b/(2+n)*x^2*x^n+1/2*a*x^2`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{2bx^2x^n + (an + 2a)x^2}{2(n + 2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b*x^2*x^n + (a*n + 2*a)*x^2)/(n + 2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 51 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int x(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{anx^2}{2n+4} + \frac{2ax^2}{2n+4} + \frac{2bx^2x^n}{2n+4} & \text{for } n \neq -2 \\ \frac{ax^2}{2} + b \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*n*x**2/(2*n + 4) + 2*a*x**2/(2*n + 4) + 2*b*x**2*x**n/(2*n + 4), Ne(n, -2)), (a*x**2/2 + b*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{1}{2} ax^2 + \frac{bx^{n+2}}{n+2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a*x^2 + b*x^(n + 2)/(n + 2)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{2bx^2x^n + anx^2 + 2ax^2}{2(n+2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*b*x^2*x^n + a*n*x^2 + 2*a*x^2)/(n + 2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + \frac{bx^{n+2}}{n+2}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(a*x^2)/2 + (b*x^(n+2))/(n + 2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^2(2x^n b + an + 2a)}{2n + 4}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**2*(2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a))/(2*(n + 2))`

### 3.341 $\int (a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2394
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2394
Rubi [A] (verified)	2395
Maple [A] (verified)	2396
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2396
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2397
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2397
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2397
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2398
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2398

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 7, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (a + bx^n) dx = ax + \frac{bx^{1+n}}{1+n}$$

output `a*x+b*x^(1+n)/(1+n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n) dx = ax + \frac{bx^{1+n}}{1+n}$$

input `Integrate[a + b*x^n,x]`

output `a*x + (b*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$ax + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `Int[a + b*x^n,x]`

output `a*x + (b*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
risch	$ax + \frac{bx x^n}{1+n}$	16
parallelrisch	$ax + \frac{bx x^n}{1+n}$	16
default	$ax + \frac{bx^{1+n}}{1+n}$	17
parts	$ax + \frac{bx^{1+n}}{1+n}$	17
norman	$ax + \frac{bx e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n}$	18
orering	$x(a + bx^n) - \frac{xbx^n n}{1+n}$	24

input `int(a+b*x^n,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*x+b/(1+n)*x*x^n`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bxx^n + (an + a)x}{n + 1}$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(b*x*x^n + (a*n + a)*x)/(n + 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + bx^n) dx = ax + b \left( \begin{cases} \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} & \text{for } n \neq -1 \\ \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate(a+b*x**n,x)`

output `a*x + b*Piecewise((x**(n + 1)/(n + 1), Ne(n, -1)), (log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n) dx = ax + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^n,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*x + b*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n) dx = ax + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate(a+b*x^n,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `a*x + b*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + bx^n) dx = ax + \frac{bx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `int(a + b*x^n,x)`

output `a*x + (b*x*x^n)/(n + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x(x^n b + an + a)}{n + 1}$$

input `int(a+b*x^n,x)`

output `(x*(x**n*b + a*n + a))/(n + 1)`

### 3.342 $\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2399
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2399
Rubi [A] (verified)	2400
Maple [A] (verified)	2401
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2401
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2402
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2402
Giac [F]	2402
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2403
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2403

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n}{n} + a \log(x)$$

output `b*x^n/n+a*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n}{n} + \frac{a \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)/x,x]`

output `(b*x^n)/n + (a*Log[x^n])/n`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x} + bx^{n-1} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a \log(x) + \frac{bx^n}{n}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)/x,x]`

output `(b*x^n)/n + a*Log[x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{bx^n}{n} + a \ln(x)$	14
norman	$a \ln(x) + \frac{be^{n \ln(x)}}{n}$	16
parallelrisch	$\frac{a \ln(x)n + bx^n}{n}$	16
derivativedivides	$\frac{bx^n + a \ln(x^n)}{n}$	17
default	$\frac{bx^n + a \ln(x^n)}{n}$	17

input `int((a+b*x^n)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `b*x^n/n+a*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{an \log(x) + bx^n}{n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a*n*log(x) + b*x^n)/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \begin{cases} a \log(x) + \frac{bx^n}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)/x,x)`output `Piecewise((a*log(x) + b*x**n/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n}{n} + \frac{a \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b*x^n/n + a*log(x^n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)/x, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = a \ln(x) + \frac{bx^n}{n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/x,x)`

output `a*log(x) + (b*x^n)/n`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{x^n b + \log(x) a n}{n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/x,x)`

output `(x**n*b + log(x)*a*n)/n`



### 3.343 $\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2404
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2404
Rubi [A] (verified)	2405
Maple [A] (verified)	2406
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2406
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2407
Maxima [F(-2)]	2407
Giac [F]	2408
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2408
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2408

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{bx^{-1+n}}{1-n}$$

output

```
-a/x-b*x^(-1+n)/(1-n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a}{x} - \frac{bx^{-1+n}}{1-n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)/x^2,x]
```

output

```
-(a/x) - (b*x^(-1 + n))/(1 - n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^2} + bx^{n-2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{x} - \frac{bx^{n-1}}{1-n}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)/x^2, x]
```

output

```
-(a/x) - (b*x^(-1 + n))/(1 - n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b e^{n \ln(x)} - a}{-1+n} x$	21
risch	$-\frac{a}{x} + \frac{b x^n}{(-1+n)x}$	21
parallelrisch	$\frac{b x^n - a n + a}{(-1+n)x}$	21
orering	$-\frac{(-3+n)(a+b x^n)}{x(-1+n)} + \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{b x^n n}{x^3} - \frac{2(a+b x^n)}{x^3} \right)}{-1+n}$	53

input `int((a+b*x^n)/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(b/(-1+n)*exp(n*ln(x))-a)/x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{a + b x^n}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a n - b x^n - a}{(n - 1)x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(a*n - b*x^n - a)/((n - 1)*x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^2} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{an}{nx-x} + \frac{a}{nx-x} + \frac{bx^n}{nx-x} & \text{for } n \neq 1 \\ -\frac{a}{x} + b \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a*n/(n*x - x) + a/(n*x - x) + b*x**n/(n*x - x), Ne(n, 1)), (-a/x + b*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^2} dx = \frac{bx^n}{x(n-1)} - \frac{a}{x}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/x^2,x)`

output `(b*x^n)/(x*(n - 1)) - a/x`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^2} dx = \frac{x^n b - an + a}{x(n-1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/x^2,x)`

output `(x**n*b - a*n + a)/(x*(n - 1))`

### 3.344 $\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2409
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2409
Rubi [A] (verified)	2410
Maple [A] (verified)	2411
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2411
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2412
Maxima [F(-2)]	2412
Giac [F]	2413
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2413
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2413

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{bx^{-2+n}}{2-n}$$

output

```
-1/2*a/x^2-b*x^(-2+n)/(2-n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a - \frac{2bx^n}{-2+n}}{2x^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a - (2*b*x^n)/(-2 + n))/x^2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x^3} + bx^{n-3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a}{2x^2} - \frac{bx^{n-2}}{2-n}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)/x^3, x]
```

output

```
-1/2*a/x^2 - (b*x^(-2 + n))/(2 - n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b e^{n \ln(x)} - \frac{a}{2}}{x^2}$	21
risch	$-\frac{a}{2x^2} + \frac{b x^n}{(n-2)x^2}$	21
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b x^n - an + 2a}{2(n-2)x^2}$	25
orering	$-\frac{(-5+n)(a+bx^n)}{2x^2(n-2)} + \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{bx^n n}{x^4} - \frac{3(a+bx^n)}{x^4} \right)}{-4+2n}$	54

input `int((a+b*x^n)/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(b/(n-2)*exp(n*ln(x))-1/2*a)/x^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^3} dx = -\frac{an - 2bx^n - 2a}{2(n-2)x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(a*n - 2*b*x^n - 2*a)/((n - 2)*x^2)`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^3} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{an}{2nx^2-4x^2} + \frac{2a}{2nx^2-4x^2} + \frac{2bx^n}{2nx^2-4x^2} & \text{for } n \neq 2 \\ -\frac{a}{2x^2} + b \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)/x**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a*n/(2*n*x**2 - 4*x**2) + 2*a/(2*n*x**2 - 4*x**2) + 2*b*x**n/(2*n*x**2 - 4*x**2), Ne(n, 2)), (-a/(2*x**2) + b*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-3>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^3} dx = \frac{bx^n}{x^2(n-2)} - \frac{a}{2x^2}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output `(b*x^n)/(x^2*(n - 2)) - a/(2*x^2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x^3} dx = \frac{2x^n b - an + 2a}{2x^2(n-2)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/x^3,x)`

output `(2*x**n*b - a*n + 2*a)/(2*x**2*(n - 2))`

### 3.345 $\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2414
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2414
Rubi [A] (verified)	2415
Maple [A] (verified)	2416
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2416
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2417
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2417
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2418
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2418
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2418

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^2 x^{2(2+n)}}{2(2+n)} + \frac{2abx^{4+n}}{4+n}$$

output

```
1/4*a^2*x^4+b^2*x^(4+2*n)/(4+2*n)+2*a*b*x^(4+n)/(4+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 \left( a^2 + \frac{8abx^n}{4+n} + \frac{2b^2x^{2n}}{2+n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x^4*(a^2 + (8*a*b*x^n)/(4 + n) + (2*b^2*x^(2*n))/(2 + n)))/4
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^2x^3 + 2abx^{n+3} + b^2x^{2n+3}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2x^4}{4} + \frac{2abx^{n+4}}{n+4} + \frac{b^2x^{2(n+2)}}{2(n+2)}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*x^4)/4 + (b^2*x^(2*(2 + n)))/(2*(2 + n)) + (2*a*b*x^(4 + n))/(4 + n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^2 x^4 x^{2n}}{4+2n} + \frac{2ab x^4 x^n}{4+n}$
norman	$\frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^2 x^4 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{4+2n} + \frac{2ab x^4 e^{n \ln(x)}}{4+n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x^4 x^{2n} b^2 n + 8b^2 x^4 x^{2n} + 8x^4 x^n abn + x^4 a^2 n^2 + 16x^4 x^n ab + 6x^4 a^2 n + 8a^2 x^4}{4(2+n)(4+n)}$
orering	$\frac{x^4 (2n^2 + 21n + 37)(a + bx^n)^2}{8(2+n)(4+n)} - \frac{3(3+n)x^2 (3x^2(a + bx^n)^2 + 2x^2(a + bx^n)bx^n n)}{8(2+n)(4+n)} + \frac{x^3 (6x(a + bx^n)^2 + 10x(a + bx^n)bx^n n + 8n^2 + 48n)}{8n^2 + 48n}$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4*a^2*x^4+1/2*b^2/(2+n)*x^4*(x^n)^2+2*a*b/(4+n)*x^4*x^n`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2(b^2 n + 4b^2)x^4 x^{2n} + 8(abn + 2ab)x^4 x^n + (a^2 n^2 + 6a^2 n + 8a^2)x^4}{4(n^2 + 6n + 8)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*(2*(b^2*n + 4*b^2)*x^4*x^(2*n) + 8*(a*b*n + 2*a*b)*x^4*x^n + (a^2*n^2 + 6*a^2*n + 8*a^2)*x^4)/(n^2 + 6*n + 8)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 202 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.59

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2x^4}{4} + 2ab \log(x) - \frac{b^2}{4x^4} & \text{for } n = -4 \\ \frac{a^2x^4}{4} + abx^2 + b^2 \log(x) & \text{for } n = -2 \\ \frac{a^2n^2x^4}{4n^2+24n+32} + \frac{6a^2nx^4}{4n^2+24n+32} + \frac{8a^2x^4}{4n^2+24n+32} + \frac{8abnx^4x^n}{4n^2+24n+32} + \frac{16abx^4x^n}{4n^2+24n+32} + \frac{2b^2nx^4x^{2n}}{4n^2+24n+32} + \frac{8b^2x^4x^{2n}}{4n^2+24n+32} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x**4/4 + 2*a*b*log(x) - b**2/(4*x**4), Eq(n, -4)), (a**2*x**4/4 + a*b*x**2 + b**2*log(x), Eq(n, -2)), (a**2*n**2*x**4/(4*n**2 + 24*n + 32) + 6*a**2*n*x**4/(4*n**2 + 24*n + 32) + 8*a**2*x**4/(4*n**2 + 24*n + 32) + 8*a*b*n*x**4*x**n/(4*n**2 + 24*n + 32) + 16*a*b*x**4*x**n/(4*n**2 + 24*n + 32) + 2*b**2*n*x**4*x**(2*n)/(4*n**2 + 24*n + 32) + 8*b**2*x**4*x**(2*n)/(4*n**2 + 24*n + 32), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^2x^4 + \frac{b^2x^{2n+4}}{2(n+2)} + \frac{2abx^{n+4}}{n+4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*a^2*x^4 + 1/2*b^2*x^(2*n + 4)/(n + 2) + 2*a*b*x^(n + 4)/(n + 4)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 88 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2b^2nx^4x^{2n} + 8abnx^4x^n + a^2n^2x^4 + 8b^2x^4x^{2n} + 16abx^4x^n + 6a^2nx^4 + 8a^2x^4}{4(n^2 + 6n + 8)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(2*b^2*n*x^4*x^(2*n) + 8*a*b*n*x^4*x^n + a^2*n^2*x^4 + 8*b^2*x^4*x^(2*n) + 16*a*b*x^4*x^n + 6*a^2*n*x^4 + 8*a^2*x^4)/(n^2 + 6*n + 8)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n} x^4}{2n + 4} + \frac{2 a b x^n x^4}{n + 4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(a^2*x^4)/4 + (b^2*x^(2*n)*x^4)/(2*n + 4) + (2*a*b*x^n*x^4)/(n + 4)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^4(2x^{2n}b^2n + 8x^{2n}b^2 + 8x^nabn + 16x^nab + a^2n^2 + 6a^2n + 8a^2)}{4n^2 + 24n + 32}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output  $(x^{4n+4}(2x^{2n})b^{2n} + 8x^{2n}b^2 + 8x^{2n}ab^n + 16x^{2n}ab + a^{2n+2} + 6a^{2n} + 8a^2)/(4(n^2 + 6n + 8))$



### 3.346 $\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2420
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2420
Rubi [A] (verified)	2421
Maple [A] (verified)	2422
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2422
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2423
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2423
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2424
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2424
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2424

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2x^3}{3} + \frac{2abx^{3+n}}{3+n} + \frac{b^2x^{3+2n}}{3+2n}$$

output  $1/3*a^2*x^3+2*a*b*x^{(3+n)}/(3+n)+b^2*x^{(3+2*n)}/(3+2*n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3 \left( a^2 + \frac{6abx^n}{3+n} + \frac{3b^2x^{2n}}{3+2n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output  $(x^3*(a^2 + (6*a*b*x^n)/(3 + n) + (3*b^2*x^{(2*n)})/(3 + 2*n)))/3$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^2x^2 + 2abx^{n+2} + b^2x^{2(n+1)}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2x^3}{3} + \frac{2abx^{n+3}}{n+3} + \frac{b^2x^{2n+3}}{2n+3}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*x^3)/3 + (2*a*b*x^(3 + n))/(3 + n) + (b^2*x^(3 + 2*n))/(3 + 2*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^2 x^3 x^{2n}}{2n+3} + \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{2ab x^3 x^n}{3+n}$
norman	$\frac{b^2 x^3 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n+3} + \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{2ab x^3 e^{n \ln(x)}}{3+n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3x^3 x^{2n} b^2 n + 9b^2 x^3 x^{2n} + 12x^3 x^n abn + 2x^3 a^2 n^2 + 18x^3 x^n ab + 9x^3 a^2 n + 9a^2 x^3}{3(2n+3)(3+n)}$
orering	$\frac{x^3 (2n^2 + 15n + 19)(a + b x^n)^2}{3(2n+3)(3+n)} - \frac{x^2 (2+n)(2x(a + b x^n)^2 + 2x(a + b x^n) b x^n n)}{(2n+3)(3+n)} + \frac{x^3 (2(a + b x^n)^2 + 6(a + b x^n) b x^n n + 2b^2 x^{2n} n)}{6n^2 + 27n + 27}$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `b^2/(2*n+3)*x^3*(x^n)^2+1/3*a^2*x^3+2*a*b/(3+n)*x^3*x^n`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int x^2 (a + b x^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3(b^2 n + 3b^2)x^3 x^{2n} + 6(2abn + 3ab)x^3 x^n + (2a^2 n^2 + 9a^2 n + 9a^2)x^3}{3(2n^2 + 9n + 9)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(3*(b^2*n + 3*b^2)*x^3*x^(2*n) + 6*(2*a*b*n + 3*a*b)*x^3*x^n + (2*a^2*n^2 + 9*a^2*n + 9*a^2)*x^3)/(2*n^2 + 9*n + 9)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.91

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^2x^3}{3} + 2ab \log(x) - \frac{b^2}{3x^3} & \text{for } n = -3 \\ \frac{a^2x^3}{3} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + b^2 \log(x) & \text{for } n = -\frac{3}{2} \\ \frac{2a^2n^2x^3}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{9a^2nx^3}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{9a^2x^3}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{12abnx^3x^n}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{18abx^3x^n}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{3b^2nx^3x^{2n}}{6n^2+27n+27} + \frac{9b^2x^3x^{2n}}{6n^2+27n+27} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x**3/3 + 2*a*b*log(x) - b**2/(3*x**3), Eq(n, -3)), (a**2*x**3/3 + 4*a*b*x**(3/2)/3 + b**2*log(x), Eq(n, -3/2)), (2*a**2*n**2*x**3/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 9*a**2*n*x**3/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 9*a**2*x**3/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 12*a*b*n*x**3*x**n/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 18*a*b*x**3*x**n/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 3*b**2*n*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27) + 9*b**2*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**2 + 27*n + 27), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{1}{3}a^2x^3 + \frac{b^2x^{2n+3}}{2n+3} + \frac{2abx^{n+3}}{n+3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a^2*x^3 + b^2*x^(2*n + 3)/(2*n + 3) + 2*a*b*x^(n + 3)/(n + 3)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 91 vs.  $2(41) = 82$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{3b^2nx^3x^{2n} + 12abnx^3x^n + 2a^2n^2x^3 + 9b^2x^3x^{2n} + 18abx^3x^n + 9a^2nx^3 + 9a^2x^3}{3(2n^2 + 9n + 9)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{3} * (3 * b^2 * n * x^3 * x^{(2 * n)} + 12 * a * b * n * x^3 * x^n + 2 * a^2 * n^2 * x^3 + 9 * b^2 * x^3 * x^{(2 * n)} + 18 * a * b * x^3 * x^n + 9 * a^2 * n * x^3 + 9 * a^2 * x^3) / (2 * n^2 + 9 * n + 9)$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n} x^3}{2n + 3} + \frac{2 a b x^n x^3}{n + 3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output  $(a^2 * x^3) / 3 + (b^2 * x^{(2 * n)} * x^3) / (2 * n + 3) + (2 * a * b * x^n * x^3) / (n + 3)$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^3(3x^{2n}b^2n + 9x^{2n}b^2 + 12x^nabn + 18x^nab + 2a^2n^2 + 9a^2n + 9a^2)}{6n^2 + 27n + 27}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output

$$\frac{x^{3n+3}(3x^{2n}b^{2n} + 9x^{2n}b^2 + 12x^nab^n + 18x^nab + 2a^{2n+2} + 9a^{2n} + 9a^2)}{3(2n^2 + 9n + 9)}$$

### 3.347 $\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2426
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2426
Rubi [A] (verified)	2427
Maple [A] (verified)	2428
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2428
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2429
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2429
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2430
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2430
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2430

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 x^{2(1+n)}}{2(1+n)} + \frac{2abx^{2+n}}{2+n}$$

output

```
1/2*a^2*x^2+b^2*x^(2+2*n)/(2+2*n)+2*a*b*x^(2+n)/(2+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \left( a^2 + \frac{4abx^n}{2+n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{1+n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(a^2 + (4*a*b*x^n)/(2 + n) + (b^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + n)))/2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^2x + 2abx^{n+1} + b^2x^{2n+1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \frac{2abx^{n+2}}{n+2} + \frac{b^2x^{2(n+1)}}{2(n+1)}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*x^2)/2 + (b^2*x^(2*(1 + n)))/(2*(1 + n)) + (2*a*b*x^(2 + n))/(2 + n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 x^2 x^{2n}}{2+2n} + \frac{2ab x^2 x^n}{2+n}$	43
norman	$\frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 x^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2+2n} + \frac{2ab x^2 e^{n \ln(x)}}{2+n}$	47
paralelrisch	$\frac{x^2 x^{2n} b^2 n + 2b^2 x^2 x^{2n} + 4x^2 x^n abn + x^2 a^2 n^2 + 4x^2 x^n ab + 3x^2 a^2 n + 2a^2 x^2}{2(1+n)(2+n)}$	88
orering	$\frac{x^2(2n+7)(a+bx^n)^2}{8+4n} - \frac{3x^2((a+bx^n)^2 + 2(a+bx^n)bx^n)}{4(2+n)} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{2(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x} + \frac{2b^2x^{2n}n^2}{x} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)bx^n n^2}{x}\right)}{4n^2+12n+8}$	128

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*a^2*x^2+1/2*b^2/(1+n)*x^2*(x^n)^2+2*a*b/(2+n)*x^2*x^n`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int x(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{(b^2n+2b^2)x^2x^{2n}+4(abn+ab)x^2x^n+(a^2n^2+3a^2n+2a^2)x^2}{2(n^2+3n+2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*((b^2*n+2*b^2)*x^2*x^(2*n)+4*(a*b*n+a*b)*x^2*x^n+(a^2*n^2+3*a^2*n+2*a^2)*x^2)/(n^2+3*n+2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 201 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.57

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2x^2}{2} + 2ab \log(x) - \frac{b^2}{2x^2} & \text{for } n = -2 \\ \frac{a^2x^2}{2} + 2abx + b^2 \log(x) & \text{for } n = -1 \\ \frac{a^2n^2x^2}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{3a^2nx^2}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{2a^2x^2}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{4abnx^2x^n}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{4abx^2x^n}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{b^2nx^2x^{2n}}{2n^2+6n+4} + \frac{2b^2x^2x^{2n}}{2n^2+6n+4} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x**2/2 + 2*a*b*log(x) - b**2/(2*x**2), Eq(n, -2)), (a**2*x**2/2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*log(x), Eq(n, -1)), (a**2*n**2*x**2/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 3*a**2*n*x**2/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 2*a**2*x**2/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 4*a*b*n*x**2*x**n/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 4*a*b*x**2*x**n/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + b**2*n*x**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4) + 2*b**2*x**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2 + 6*n + 4), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} a^2 x^2 + \frac{b^2 x^{2n+2}}{2(n+1)} + \frac{2abx^{n+2}}{n+2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a^2*x^2 + 1/2*b^2*x^(2*n + 2)/(n + 1) + 2*a*b*x^(n + 2)/(n + 2)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 n x^2 x^{2n} + 4 ab n x^2 x^n + a^2 n^2 x^2 + 2 b^2 x^2 x^{2n} + 4 ab x^2 x^n + 3 a^2 n x^2 + 2 a^2 x^2}{2(n^2 + 3n + 2)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1/2*(b^2*n*x^2*x^{(2*n)} + 4*a*b*n*x^2*x^n + a^2*n^2*x^2 + 2*b^2*x^2*x^{(2*n)} + 4*a*b*x^2*x^n + 3*a^2*n*x^2 + 2*a^2*x^2)/(n^2 + 3*n + 2)}$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n} x^2}{2n + 2} + \frac{2 a b x^n x^2}{n + 2}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output  $(a^2*x^2)/2 + (b^2*x^{(2*n)}*x^2)/(2*n + 2) + (2*a*b*x^n*x^2)/(n + 2)$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^2(x^{2n}b^2n + 2x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^nabn + 4x^nab + a^2n^2 + 3a^2n + 2a^2)}{2n^2 + 6n + 4}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(x^{2n+2}b^{2n} + 2x^{2n+1}b^2 + 4x^{2n}ab^n + 4x^{2n-1}a^2b + a^{2n+2} + 3a^{2n} + 2a^2)}{2(n^2 + 3n + 2)}$$

### 3.348 $\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2432
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2432
Rubi [A] (verified)	2433
Maple [A] (verified)	2434
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2434
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2435
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2435
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2436
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2436
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2436

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{2abx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{b^2x^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$$

output `a^2*x+2*a*b*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+b^2*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx = x \left( a^2 + \frac{2abx^n}{1+n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{1+2n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `x*(a^2 + (2*a*b*x^n)/(1 + n) + (b^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {775, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 775$$

$$\int (a^2 + 2abx^n + b^2x^{2n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2x + \frac{2abx^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{b^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
a^2*x + (2*a*b*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (b^2*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 775

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
risch	$a^2x + \frac{b^2x x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{2abx x^n}{1+n}$	37
norman	$a^2x + \frac{b^2x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{2abx e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n}$	41
parallelrisch	$\frac{x x^{2n} b^2 n + b^2 x x^{2n} + 4x x^n abn + 2x a^2 n^2 + 2x x^n ab + 3x a^2 n + a^2 x}{(1+2n)(1+n)}$	74
orering	$x(a + b x^n)^2 - \frac{6x n^2 (a + b x^n) b x^n}{2n^2 + 3n + 1} + \frac{x^3 \left( \frac{2b^2 x^{2n} n^2}{x^2} + \frac{2(a + b x^n) b x^n n^2}{x^2} - \frac{2(a + b x^n) b x^n n}{x^2} \right)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$	111

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2*x+b^2/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+2*a*b/(1+n)*x*x^n`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{(b^2n + b^2)xx^{2n} + 2(2abn + ab)xx^n + (2a^2n^2 + 3a^2n + a^2)x}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b^2*n + b^2)*x*x^(2*n) + 2*(2*a*b*n + a*b)*x*x^n + (2*a^2*n^2 + 3*a^2*n + a^2)*x)/(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 182 vs.  $2(32) = 64$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.79

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} a^2x + 2ab \log(x) - \frac{b^2}{x} & \text{for } n = -1 \\ a^2x + 4ab\sqrt{x} + b^2 \log(x) & \text{for } n = -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{2a^2n^2x}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{3a^2nx}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{a^2x}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{4abnxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{2abxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{b^2nxx^{2n}}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{b^2xx^{2n}}{2n^2+3n+1} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x + 2*a*b*log(x) - b**2/x, Eq(n, -1)), (a**2*x + 4*a*b*sqrt(x) + b**2*log(x), Eq(n, -1/2)), (2*a**2*n**2*x/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 3*a**2*n*x/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + a**2*x/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 4*a*b*n*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*a*b*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + b**2*n*x*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + b**2*x*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{b^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2abx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*x + b^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 2*a*b*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2a^2n^2x + b^2nxx^{2n} + 4abnxx^n + 3a^2nx + b^2xx^{2n} + 2abxx^n + a^2x}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*a^2*n^2*x + b^2*n*x*x^(2*n) + 4*a*b*n*x*x^n + 3*a^2*n*x + b^2*x*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x)/(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx = a^2x + \frac{b^2xx^{2n}}{2n+1} + \frac{2abxx^n}{n+1}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `a^2*x + (b^2*x*x^(2*n))/(2*n + 1) + (2*a*b*x*x^n)/(n + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x(x^{2n}b^2n + x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^nabn + 2x^nab + 2a^2n^2 + 3a^2n + a^2)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(x*(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + 2*a**2*n**2 + 3*a**2*n + a**2))/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1)`

### 3.349 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2437
Rubi [A] (verified)	2438
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2439
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2439
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2440
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2440
Giac [F]	2440
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2441
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2441

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{2abx^n}{n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{2n} + a^2 \log(x)$$

output `2*a*b*x^n/n+1/2*b^2*x^(2*n)/n+a^2*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n(4a + bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{a^2 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2/x,x]`

output `(b*x^n*(4*a + b*x^n))/(2*n) + (a^2*Log[x^n])/n`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^2 dx^n \\ \downarrow 49 \\ \int (a^2 x^{-n} + b^2 x^n + 2ab) dx^n \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{a^2 \log(x^n) + 2abx^n + \frac{1}{2}b^2 x^{2n}}{n} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^2/x,x]`

output `(2*a*b*x^n + (b^2*x^(2*n))/2 + a^2*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2 \ln(x^n)}{n}$	31
default	$\frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2 \ln(x^n)}{n}$	31
risch	$\frac{2abx^n}{n} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{2n} + a^2 \ln(x)$	31
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 2a^2 \ln(x)n + 4abx^n}{2n}$	31
norman	$a^2 \ln(x) + \frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{2ab e^{n \ln(x)}}{n}$	35

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/n*(1/2*b^2*(x^n)^2+2*a*b*x^n+a^2*ln(x^n))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{2a^2 n \log(x) + b^2 x^{2n} + 4abx^n}{2n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*a^2*n*log(x) + b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a*b*x^n)/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \begin{cases} a^2 \log(x) + \frac{2abx^n}{n} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2/x,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*log(x) + 2*a*b*x**n/n + b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{a^2 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 4abx^n}{2n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*log(x^n)/n + 1/2*(b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a*b*x^n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2/x, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 4abx^n + 2a^2 n \ln(x)}{2n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x,x)`output `(b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a*b*x^n + 2*a^2*n*log(x))/(2*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^na b + 2 \log(x) a^2n}{2n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x)`output `(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*a*b + 2*log(x)*a**2*n)/(2*n)`

### 3.350 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2442
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2442
Rubi [A] (verified)	2443
Maple [A] (verified)	2444
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2444
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2445
Maxima [F(-2)]	2445
Giac [F]	2446
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2446
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2446

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{2abx^{-1+n}}{1-n} - \frac{b^2x^{-1+2n}}{1-2n}$$

output `-a^2/x-2*a*b*x^(-1+n)/(1-n)-b^2*x^(-1+2*n)/(1-2*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{-a^2 + \frac{2abx^n}{-1+n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{-1+2n}}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2/x^2,x]`

output `(-a^2 + (2*a*b*x^n)/(-1 + n) + (b^2*x^(2*n))/(-1 + 2*n))/x`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^2} + 2abx^{n-2} + b^2x^{2(n-1)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{2abx^{n-1}}{1-n} - \frac{b^2x^{2n-1}}{1-2n}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^2/x^2,x]`

output `-(a^2/x) - (2*a*b*x^(-1 + n))/(1 - n) - (b^2*x^(-1 + 2*n))/(1 - 2*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)} - a^2 + 2ab e^{n \ln(x)}}{2n-1} \frac{x}{-1+n}$
risch	$-\frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{(2n-1)x} + \frac{2ab x^n}{(-1+n)x}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{b^2 n x^{2n} - b^2 x^{2n} + 4ab x^n n - 2a^2 n^2 - 2ab x^n + 3a^2 n - a^2}{x(2n-1)(-1+n)}$
orering	$-\frac{(2n-7)(a+bx^n)^2}{x(2n-1)} + \frac{3x^2(n-2) \left( \frac{2(a+bx^n)b x^n}{x^3} - \frac{2(a+bx^n)^2}{x^3} \right)}{2n^2-3n+1} - \frac{x^3 \left( \frac{2b^2 x^{2n} n^2}{x^4} - \frac{10(a+bx^n)b x^n n}{x^4} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)b x^n n^2}{x^4} \right)}{2n^2-3n+1}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(b^2/(2*n-1)*exp(n*ln(x))^2-a^2+2*a*b/(-1+n)*exp(n*ln(x)))/x`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx = -\frac{2a^2n^2 - 3a^2n + a^2 - (b^2n - b^2)x^{2n} - 2(2abn - ab)x^n}{(2n^2 - 3n + 1)x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(2*a^2*n^2 - 3*a^2*n + a^2 - (b^2*n - b^2)*x^(2*n) - 2*(2*a*b*n - a*b)*x^n)/((2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*x)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2}{x} - \frac{4ab}{\sqrt{x}} + b^2 \log(x) & \text{for } n \\ -\frac{a^2}{x} + 2ab \log(x) + b^2 x & \text{for } n \\ -\frac{2a^2 n^2}{2n^2 x - 3nx + x} + \frac{3a^2 n}{2n^2 x - 3nx + x} - \frac{a^2}{2n^2 x - 3nx + x} + \frac{4abnx^n}{2n^2 x - 3nx + x} - \frac{2abx^n}{2n^2 x - 3nx + x} + \frac{b^2 nx^{2n}}{2n^2 x - 3nx + x} - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{2n^2 x - 3nx + x} & \text{other} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**2/x - 4*a*b/sqrt(x) + b**2*log(x), Eq(n, 1/2)), (-a**2/x + 2*a*b*log(x) + b**2*x, Eq(n, 1)), (-2*a**2*n**2/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) + 3*a**2*n/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) - a**2/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) + 4*a*b*n*x**n/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) - 2*a*b*x**n/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x) - b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2*x - 3*n*x + x), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{x(2n-1)} - \frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{2abx^n}{x(n-1)}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x^2,x)`

output `(b^2*x^(2*n))/(x*(2*n - 1)) - a^2/x + (2*a*b*x^n)/(x*(n - 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^2} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2n - x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^nabn - 2x^nab - 2a^2n^2 + 3a^2n - a^2}{x(2n^2 - 3n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/x^2,x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*a*b*n - 2*x**n*a*b - 2*a**2*n**2 + 3*a**2*n - a**2)/(x*(2*n**2 - 3*n + 1))`

### 3.351 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	2447
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2447
Rubi [A] (verified)	2448
Maple [A] (verified)	2449
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2449
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2450
Maxima [F(-2)]	2450
Giac [F]	2451
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2451
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2451

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b^2x^{-2(1-n)}}{2(1-n)} - \frac{2abx^{-2+n}}{2-n}$$

output -1/2\*a^2/x^2-1/2\*b^2/(1-n)/(x^(2-2\*n))-2\*a\*b\*x^(-2+n)/(2-n)

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{-a^2 + \frac{4abx^n}{-2+n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{-1+n}}{2x^2}$$

input Integrate[(a + b\*x^n)^2/x^3,x]

output (-a^2 + (4\*a\*b\*x^n)/(-2 + n) + (b^2\*x^(2\*n))/(-1 + n))/(2\*x^2)

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a^2}{x^3} + 2abx^{n-3} + b^2x^{2n-3} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{2abx^{n-2}}{2-n} - \frac{b^2x^{-2(1-n)}}{2(1-n)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^2/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*a^2/x^2 - b^2/(2*(1 - n)*x^(2*(1 - n))) - (2*a*b*x^(-2 + n))/(2 - n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result
norman	$\frac{-\frac{a^2}{2} + \frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{-2+2n} + \frac{2ab e^{n \ln(x)}}{n-2}}{x^2}$
risch	$-\frac{a^2}{2x^2} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{2(-1+n)x^2} + \frac{2ab x^n}{(n-2)x^2}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{b^2 n x^{2n} - 2b^2 x^{2n} + 4ab x^n n - a^2 n^2 - 4ab x^n + 3a^2 n - 2a^2}{2x^2(-1+n)(n-2)}$
orering	$-\frac{(2n^2-15n+19)(a+bx^n)^2}{4x^2(n-2)(-1+n)} + \frac{3x^2(-3+n)\left(\frac{2(a+bx^n)b x^n n}{x^4} - \frac{3(a+bx^n)^2}{x^4}\right)}{4(n-2)(-1+n)} - \frac{x^3\left(\frac{2b^2 x^{2n} n^2}{x^5} - \frac{14(a+bx^n)b x^n n}{x^5} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)^2}{x^5}\right)}{4(n^2-3n+2)}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(-1/2*a^2+1/2*b^2/(-1+n)*exp(n*ln(x))^2+2*a*b/(n-2)*exp(n*ln(x)))/x^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2 n^2 - 3a^2 n + 2a^2 - (b^2 n - 2b^2)x^{2n} - 4(abn - ab)x^n}{2(n^2 - 3n + 2)x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(a^2*n^2 - 3*a^2*n + 2*a^2 - (b^2*n - 2*b^2)*x^(2*n) - 4*(a*b*n - a*b)*x^n)/((n^2 - 3*n + 2)*x^2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.90

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{2ab}{x} + b^2 \log(x) \\ -\frac{a^2}{2x^2} + 2ab \log(x) + \frac{b^2 x^2}{2} \\ -\frac{a^2 n^2}{2n^2 x^2 - 6nx^2 + 4x^2} + \frac{3a^2 n}{2n^2 x^2 - 6nx^2 + 4x^2} - \frac{2a^2}{2n^2 x^2 - 6nx^2 + 4x^2} + \frac{4abnx^n}{2n^2 x^2 - 6nx^2 + 4x^2} - \frac{4abx^n}{2n^2 x^2 - 6nx^2 + 4x^2} + \frac{b^2 nx^{2n}}{2n^2 x^2 - 6nx^2 + 4x^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2/x**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**2/(2*x**2) - 2*a*b/x + b**2*log(x), Eq(n, 1)), (-a**2/(2*x**2) + 2*a*b*log(x) + b**2*x**2/2, Eq(n, 2)), (-a**2*n**2/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) + 3*a**2*n/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) - 2*a**2/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) + 4*a*b*n*x**n/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) - 4*a*b*x**n/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2) - 2*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n**2*x**2 - 6*n*x**2 + 4*x**2), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-3>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{x^2 (2n - 2)} - \frac{a^2}{2x^2} + \frac{2abx^n}{x^2 (n - 2)}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x^3,x)`

output `(b^2*x^(2*n))/(x^2*(2*n - 2)) - a^2/(2*x^2) + (2*a*b*x^n)/(x^2*(n - 2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x^3} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2n - 2x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^nabn - 4x^nab - a^2n^2 + 3a^2n - 2a^2}{2x^2(n^2 - 3n + 2)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/x^3,x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b - a**2*n**2 + 3*a**2*n - 2*a**2)/(2*x**2*(n**2 - 3*n + 2))`



### 3.352 $\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2452
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2452
Rubi [A] (verified)	2453
Maple [A] (verified)	2454
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2454
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2455
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2456
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2456
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2457
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2457

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2(2+n)}}{2(2+n)} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{4+n}}{4+n} + \frac{b^3 x^{4+3n}}{4+3n}$$

output

```
1/4*a^3*x^4+3*a*b^2*x^(4+2*n)/(4+2*n)+3*a^2*b*x^(4+n)/(4+n)+b^3*x^(4+3*n)/(4+3*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}x^4 \left( a^3 + \frac{12a^2bx^n}{4+n} + \frac{6ab^2x^{2n}}{2+n} + \frac{4b^3x^{3n}}{4+3n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x^4*(a^3 + (12*a^2*b*x^n)/(4 + n) + (6*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/(2 + n) + (4*b^3*x^(3*n))/(4 + 3*n)))/4
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^3x^3 + 3a^2bx^{n+3} + 3ab^2x^{2n+3} + b^3x^{3(n+1)}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3x^4}{4} + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+4}}{n+4} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2(n+2)}}{2(n+2)} + \frac{b^3x^{3n+4}}{3n+4}$$

input `Int[x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(a^3*x^4)/4 + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*(2 + n)))/(2*(2 + n)) + (3*a^2*b*x^(4 + n))/(4 + n) + (b^3*x^(4 + 3*n))/(4 + 3*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^3 x^4 x^{3n}}{4+3n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^4 x^{2n}}{2(2+n)} + \frac{3a^2 b x^4 x^n}{4+n}$
parallelsch	$\frac{4x^4 x^{3n} b^3 n^2 + 24x^4 x^{3n} b^3 n + 18x^4 x^{2n} a b^2 n^2 + 32b^3 x^4 x^{3n} + 96x^4 x^{2n} a b^2 n + 36x^4 x^n a^2 b n^2 + 3x^4 a^3 n^3 + 96a b^2 x^4 x^{2n} + 120x^4 x^n a^2 b n}{4(4+3n)(2+n)(4+n)}$
orering	$\frac{x^4(6n^3+77n^2+222n+175)(a+bx^n)^3}{24n^3+176n^2+384n+256} - \frac{x^2(11n^2+54n+55)(3x^2(a+bx^n)^3+3x^2(a+bx^n)^2bx^n)}{8(3n^3+22n^2+48n+32)} + \frac{x^3(3n+5)(6x(a+bx^n)^2+3x^2(a+bx^n))}{8(3n^3+22n^2+48n+32)}$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4*a^3*x^4+b^3/(4+3*n)*x^4*(x^n)^3+3/2*a*b^2*x^4/(2+n)*(x^n)^2+3*a^2*b/(4+n)*x^4*x^n`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 145 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int x^3(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{4(b^3n^2+6b^3n+8b^3)x^4x^{3n}+6(3ab^2n^2+16ab^2n+16ab^2)x^4x^{2n}+12(3a^2bn^2+10a^2bn+8a^2b)x^4x^n}{4(3n^3+22n^2+48n+32)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/4*(4*(b^3*n^2+6*b^3*n+8*b^3)*x^4*x^(3*n)+6*(3*a*b^2*n^2+16*a*b^2*n+16*a*b^2)*x^4*x^(2*n)+12*(3*a^2*b*n^2+10*a^2*b*n+8*a^2*b)*x^4*x^n+(3*a^3*n^3+22*a^3*n^2+48*a^3*n+32*a^3)*x^4)/(3*n^3+22*n^2+48*n+32)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 507 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.80

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^3x^4}{4} + 3a^2b \log(x) - \frac{3ab^2}{4x^4} - \frac{b^3}{8x^8} \\ \frac{a^3x^4}{4} + \frac{3a^2bx^2}{2} + 3ab^2 \log(x) - \frac{b^3}{2x^2} \\ \frac{a^3x^4}{4} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{8}{3}}}{8} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + b^3 \log(x) \\ \frac{3a^3n^3x^4}{12n^3+88n^2+192n+128} + \frac{22a^3n^2x^4}{12n^3+88n^2+192n+128} + \frac{48a^3nx^4}{12n^3+88n^2+192n+128} + \frac{32a^3x^4}{12n^3+88n^2+192n+128} + \frac{36a^2bn^2x^4x^n}{12n^3+88n^2+192n+128} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**3*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x**4/4 + 3*a**2*b*log(x) - 3*a*b**2/(4*x**4) - b**3/(8*x**8), Eq(n, -4)), (a**3*x**4/4 + 3*a**2*b*x**2/2 + 3*a*b**2*log(x) - b**3/(2*x**2), Eq(n, -2)), (a**3*x**4/4 + 9*a**2*b*x**(8/3)/8 + 9*a*b**2*x**(4/3)/4 + b**3*log(x), Eq(n, -4/3)), (3*a**3*n**3*x**4/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 22*a**3*n**2*x**4/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 48*a**3*n*x**4/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 32*a**3*x**4/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 36*a**2*b*n**2*x**4*x**n/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 120*a**2*b*n*x**4*x**n/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 96*a**2*b*x**4*x**n/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 18*a*b**2*n**2*x**4*x**(2*n)/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 96*a*b**2*n*x**4*x**(2*n)/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 96*a*b**2*x**4*x**(2*n)/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 4*b**3*n**2*x**4*x**(3*n)/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 24*b**3*n*x**4*x**(3*n)/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128) + 32*b**3*x**4*x**(3*n)/(12*n**3 + 88*n**2 + 192*n + 128), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{1}{4}a^3x^4 + \frac{b^3x^{3n+4}}{3n+4} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n+4}}{2(n+2)} + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+4}}{n+4}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}a^3x^4 + b^3x^{(3n+4)}/(3n+4) + 3/2*a*b^2*x^{(2n+4)}/(n+2) + 3*a^2*b*x^{(n+4)}/(n+4)$

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{4b^3n^2x^4x^{3n} + 18ab^2n^2x^4x^{2n} + 36a^2bn^2x^4x^n + 3a^3n^3x^4 + 24b^3nx^4x^{3n} + 96ab^2nx^4x^{2n} + 120a^2bnx^4x^n}{4(3n^3 + 22n^2 + 48n + 32)}$$

input `integrate(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{4}*(4*b^3*n^2*x^4*x^{(3*n)} + 18*a*b^2*n^2*x^4*x^{(2*n)} + 36*a^2*b*n^2*x^4*x^n + 3*a^3*n^3*x^4 + 24*b^3*n*x^4*x^{(3*n)} + 96*a*b^2*n*x^4*x^{(2*n)} + 120*a^2*b*n*x^4*x^n + 22*a^3*n^2*x^4 + 32*b^3*x^4*x^{(3*n)} + 96*a*b^2*x^4*x^{(2*n)} + 96*a^2*b*x^4*x^n + 48*a^3*n*x^4 + 32*a^3*x^4)/(3*n^3 + 22*n^2 + 48*n + 32)$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^4}{4} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n} x^4}{3n + 4} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n} x^4}{2n + 4} + \frac{3a^2 b x^n x^4}{n + 4}$$

input `int(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^4)/4 + (b^3*x^(3*n)*x^4)/(3*n + 4) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n)*x^4)/(2*n + 4) + (3*a^2*b*x^n*x^4)/(n + 4)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int x^3(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^4(4x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 24x^{3n}b^3n + 32x^{3n}b^3 + 18x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 96x^{2n}ab^2n + 96x^{2n}ab^2 + 36x^na^2bn^2 + 120x^na^2bn - 12n^3 + 88n^2 + 192n + 128)}{12n^3 + 88n^2 + 192n + 128}$$

input `int(x^3*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(x**4*(4*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 24*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 32*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 18*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 96*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 96*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 36*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 120*x**n*a**2*b*n + 96*x**n*a**2*b + 3*a**3*n**3 + 22*a**3*n**2 + 48*a**3*n + 32*a**3))/(4*(3*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 48*n + 32))`

### 3.353 $\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2458
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2458
Rubi [A] (verified)	2459
Maple [A] (verified)	2460
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2460
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2461
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2462
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2462
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2463
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2463

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^3 x^{3(1+n)}}{3(1+n)} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{3+n}}{3+n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{3+2n}}{3+2n}$$

output

$$\frac{1}{3}a^3x^3 + \frac{b^3x^{3+3n}}{3(3+n)} + \frac{3a^2bx^{3+n}}{3+n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{3+2n}}{3+2n}$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3 \left( a^3 + \frac{9a^2bx^n}{3+n} + \frac{9ab^2x^{2n}}{3+2n} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{1+n} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^2(a + b*x^n)^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{x^3(a^3 + (9a^2bx^n)/(3+n) + (9ab^2x^{2n})/(3+2n) + (b^3x^{3n})/(1+n))}{3}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^3x^2 + 3a^2bx^{n+2} + 3ab^2x^{2(n+1)} + b^3x^{3n+2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3x^3}{3} + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+3}}{n+3} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n+3}}{2n+3} + \frac{b^3x^{3(n+1)}}{3(n+1)}$$

input `Int[x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(a^3*x^3)/3 + (b^3*x^(3*(1 + n)))/(3*(1 + n)) + (3*a^2*b*x^(3 + n))/(3 + n) + (3*a*b^2*x^(3 + 2*n))/(3 + 2*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^3 x^3 x^{3n}}{3+3n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^3 x^{2n}}{2n+3} + \frac{3a^2 b x^3 x^n}{3+n}$
norman	$\frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^3 x^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3+3n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^3 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n+3} + \frac{3a^2 b x^3 e^{n \ln(x)}}{3+n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x^3 x^{3n} b^3 n^2 + 9x^3 x^{3n} b^3 n + 9x^3 x^{2n} a b^2 n^2 + 9b^3 x^3 x^{3n} + 36x^3 x^{2n} a b^2 n + 18x^3 x^n a^2 b n^2 + 2x^3 a^3 n^3 + 27a b^2 x^3 x^{2n} + 45x^3 x^n a^2 b n + 2a^3 x^3}{3(1+n)(2n+3)(3+n)}$
orering	$\frac{x^3(6n^2+49n+65)(a+bx^n)^3}{18n^2+81n+81} - \frac{x^2(11n+25)(2x(a+bx^n)^3+3x(a+bx^n)^2bx^n)}{9(2n^2+9n+9)} + \frac{2x^3(2(a+bx^n)^3+9(a+bx^n)^2bx^n+6a^3)}{3(2n^2+9n+9)}$

```
input int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3*a^3*x^3+1/3*b^3/(1+n)*x^3*(x^n)^3+3*a*b^2/(2*n+3)*x^3*(x^n)^2+3*a^2*b/(3+n)*x^3*x^n
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{(2b^3n^2 + 9b^3n + 9b^3)x^3x^{3n} + 9(ab^2n^2 + 4ab^2n + 3ab^2)x^3x^{2n} + 9(2a^2bn^2 + 5a^2bn + 3a^2b)x^3x^n + (2a^3n^3 + 11a^3n^2 + 18a^3n + 9a^3)x^3}{3(2n^3 + 11n^2 + 18n + 9)}$$

```
input integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/3*((2*b^3*n^2 + 9*b^3*n + 9*b^3)*x^3*x^(3*n) + 9*(a*b^2*n^2 + 4*a*b^2*n + 3*a*b^2)*x^3*x^(2*n) + 9*(2*a^2*b*n^2 + 5*a^2*b*n + 3*a^2*b)*x^3*x^n + (2*a^3*n^3 + 11*a^3*n^2 + 18*a^3*n + 9*a^3)*x^3)/(2*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 18*n + 9)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 500 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.58

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^3x^3}{3} + 3a^2b \log(x) - \frac{ab^2}{x^3} - \frac{b^3}{6x^6} \\ \frac{a^3x^3}{3} + 2a^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}} + 3ab^2 \log(x) - \frac{2b^3}{3x^{\frac{3}{2}}} \\ \frac{a^3x^3}{3} + \frac{3a^2bx^2}{2} + 3ab^2x + b^3 \log(x) \\ \frac{2a^3n^3x^3}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{11a^3n^2x^3}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{18a^3nx^3}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{9a^3x^3}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{18a^2bn^2x^3x^n}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} + \frac{45a^2bnx^3x^n}{6n^3+33n^2+54n+27} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x**3/3 + 3*a**2*b*log(x) - a*b**2/x**3 - b**3/(6*x**6), Eq(n, -3)), (a**3*x**3/3 + 2*a**2*b*x**(3/2) + 3*a*b**2*log(x) - 2*b**3/(3*x**(3/2)), Eq(n, -3/2)), (a**3*x**3/3 + 3*a**2*b*x**2/2 + 3*a*b**2*x + b**3*log(x), Eq(n, -1)), (2*a**3*n**3*x**3/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 11*a**3*n**2*x**3/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 18*a**3*n*x**3/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 9*a**3*x**3/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 18*a**2*b*n**2*x**3*x**n/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 45*a**2*b*n*x**3*x**n/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 27*a**2*b*x**3*x**n/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 9*a*b**2*n**2*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 36*a*b**2*n*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 27*a*b**2*x**3*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 2*b**3*n**2*x**3*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 9*b**3*n*x**3*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27) + 9*b**3*x**3*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 33*n**2 + 54*n + 27), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{1}{3}a^3x^3 + \frac{b^3x^{3n+3}}{3(n+1)} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n+3}}{2n+3} + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+3}}{n+3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*a^3*x^3 + 1/3*b^3*x^(3*n + 3)/(n + 1) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n + 3)/(2*n + 3) + 3*a^2*b*x^(n + 3)/(n + 3)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(62) = 124.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.85

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{2b^3n^2x^3x^{3n} + 9ab^2n^2x^3x^{2n} + 18a^2bn^2x^3x^n + 2a^3n^3x^3 + 9b^3nx^3x^{3n} + 36ab^2nx^3x^{2n} + 45a^2bnx^3x^n + 18a^3nx^3}{3(2n^3 + 11n^2 + 18n + 9)}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(2*b^3*n^2*x^3*x^(3*n) + 9*a*b^2*n^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 18*a^2*b*n^2*x^3*x^n + 2*a^3*n^3*x^3 + 9*b^3*n*x^3*x^(3*n) + 36*a*b^2*n*x^3*x^(2*n) + 45*a^2*b*n*x^3*x^n + 11*a^3*n^2*x^3 + 9*b^3*x^3*x^(3*n) + 27*a*b^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 27*a^2*b*x^3*x^n + 18*a^3*n*x^3 + 9*a^3*x^3)/(2*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 18*n + 9)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^3}{3} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n} x^3}{3n + 3} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n} x^3}{2n + 3} + \frac{3a^2 b x^n x^3}{n + 3}$$

input `int(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^3)/3 + (b^3*x^(3*n)*x^3)/(3*n + 3) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n)*x^3)/(2*n + 3) + (3*a^2*b*x^n*x^3)/(n + 3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int x^2(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^3(2x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 9x^{3n}b^3n + 9x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 36x^{2n}ab^2n + 27x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 + 45x^na^2bn + 27a^2bn^2 + 18a^2bn + 9a^2b^3)}{6n^3 + 33n^2 + 54n + 27}$$

input `int(x^2*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(x**3*(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 9*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 9*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 36*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 27*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 45*x**n*a**2*b*n + 27*x**n*a**2*b + 2*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 + 18*a**3*n + 9*a**3))/(3*(2*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 18*n + 9))`

### 3.354 $\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2464
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2464
Rubi [A] (verified)	2465
Maple [A] (verified)	2466
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2466
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2467
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2468
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2468
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2469
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2469

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2(1+n)}}{2(1+n)} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{2+n}}{2+n} + \frac{b^3 x^{2+3n}}{2+3n}$$

output

```
1/2*a^3*x^2+3*a*b^2*x^(2+2*n)/(2+2*n)+3*a^2*b*x^(2+n)/(2+n)+b^3*x^(2+3*n)/(2+3*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{1}{2} x^2 \left( a^3 + \frac{6a^2 b x^n}{2+n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n}}{1+n} + \frac{2b^3 x^{3n}}{2+3n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(a^3 + (6*a^2*b*x^n)/(2 + n) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + n) + (2*b^3*x^(3*n))/(2 + 3*n)))/2
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int (a^3x + 3a^2bx^{n+1} + 3ab^2x^{2n+1} + b^3x^{3n+1}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^3x^2}{2} + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+2}}{n+2} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2(n+1)}}{2(n+1)} + \frac{b^3x^{3n+2}}{3n+2}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(a^3*x^2)/2 + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*(1 + n)))/(2*(1 + n)) + (3*a^2*b*x^(2 + n))/(2 + n) + (b^3*x^(2 + 3*n))/(2 + 3*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^3 x^2 x^{3n}}{2+3n} + \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{3a b^2 x^2 x^{2n}}{2(1+n)} + \frac{3a^2 b x^2 x^n}{2+n}$
norman	$\frac{b^3 x^2 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{2+3n} + \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{3a b^2 x^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2(1+n)} + \frac{3a^2 b x^2 e^{n \ln(x)}}{2+n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x^2 x^{3n} b^3 n^2 + 6x^2 x^{3n} b^3 n + 9x^2 x^{2n} a b^2 n^2 + 4b^3 x^2 x^{3n} + 24x^2 x^{2n} a b^2 n + 18x^2 x^n a^2 b n^2 + 3x^2 a^3 n^3 + 12a b^2 x^2 x^{2n} + 30x^2 x^n a^2 b n}{2(2+3n)(1+n)(2+n)}$
orering	$\frac{3x^2(2n^2+9n+5)(a+bx^n)^3}{4(3n^2+8n+4)} - \frac{(11n+7)x^2((a+bx^n)^3+3(a+bx^n)^2bx^n)}{4(3n^2+8n+4)} + \frac{x^3(1+3n)\left(\frac{3(a+bx^n)^2bx^n}{x} + \frac{6(a+bx^n)b^2x^2}{x}\right)}{6n^3+22n^2+24n+8}$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{b^3}{(2+3n)}x^{2n+3} + \frac{1}{2}a^3x^{2n+3} + \frac{3}{2}a^2bx^{2n+3} + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^{2n+3} + \frac{3}{2}a^2bx^{2n+3} + \frac{3}{2}ab^2x^{2n+3}$$
**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 145 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int x(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{2(b^3n^2+3b^3n+2b^3)x^2x^{3n}+3(3ab^2n^2+8ab^2n+4ab^2)x^2x^{2n}+6(3a^2bn^2+5a^2bn+2a^2b)x^2x^n+(3a^3n^3+11a^3n^2+12a^3n+4a^3)x^2}{2(3n^3+11n^2+12n+4)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(2(b^3n^2+3b^3n+2b^3)x^{2n+3} + 3(3a^2bn^2+5a^2bn+2a^2b)x^{2n+3} + 6(3a^2bn^2+5a^2bn+2a^2b)x^{2n+3} + 3(3a^3n^3+11a^3n^2+12a^3n+4a^3)x^{2n+3})}{(3n^3+11n^2+12n+4)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 500 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 500, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.69

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + 3a^2 b \log(x) - \frac{3ab^2}{2x^2} - \frac{b^3}{4x^4} \\ \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + 3a^2 bx + 3ab^2 \log(x) - \frac{b^3}{x} \\ \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{9a^2 bx^{\frac{4}{3}}}{4} + \frac{9ab^2 x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + b^3 \log(x) \\ \frac{3a^3 n^3 x^2}{6n^3 + 22n^2 + 24n + 8} + \frac{11a^3 n^2 x^2}{6n^3 + 22n^2 + 24n + 8} + \frac{12a^3 n x^2}{6n^3 + 22n^2 + 24n + 8} + \frac{4a^3 x^2}{6n^3 + 22n^2 + 24n + 8} + \frac{18a^2 b n^2 x^2 x^n}{6n^3 + 22n^2 + 24n + 8} + \frac{30a^2 b n x^2 x^n}{6n^3 + 22n^2 + 24n + 8} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x**2/2 + 3*a**2*b*log(x) - 3*a*b**2/(2*x**2) - b**3/(4*x**4), Eq(n, -2)), (a**3*x**2/2 + 3*a**2*b*x + 3*a*b**2*log(x) - b**3/x, Eq(n, -1)), (a**3*x**2/2 + 9*a**2*b*x**(4/3)/4 + 9*a*b**2*x**(2/3)/2 + b**3*log(x), Eq(n, -2/3)), (3*a**3*n**3*x**2/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 11*a**3*n**2*x**2/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 12*a**3*n*x**2/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 4*a**3*x**2/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 18*a**2*b*n**2*x**2*x**n/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 30*a**2*b*n*x**2*x**n/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 12*a**2*b*x**2*x**n/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 9*a*b**2*n**2*x**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 24*a*b**2*n*x**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 12*a*b**2*x**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 2*b**3*n**2*x**2*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 6*b**3*n*x**2*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8) + 4*b**3*x**2*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 22*n**2 + 24*n + 8), True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{1}{2}a^3x^2 + \frac{b^3x^{3n+2}}{3n+2} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n+2}}{2(n+1)} + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+2}}{n+2}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*a^3*x^2 + b^3*x^(3*n + 2)/(3*n + 2) + 3/2*a*b^2*x^(2*n + 2)/(n + 1) + 3*a^2*b*x^(n + 2)/(n + 2)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 188 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.89

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{2b^3n^2x^2x^{3n} + 9ab^2n^2x^2x^{2n} + 18a^2bn^2x^2x^n + 3a^3n^3x^2 + 6b^3nx^2x^{3n} + 24ab^2nx^2x^{2n} + 30a^2bnx^2x^n + 12a^3nx^2}{2(3n^3 + 11n^2 + 12n + 4)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(2*b^3*n^2*x^2*x^(3*n) + 9*a*b^2*n^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 18*a^2*b*n^2*x^2*x^n + 3*a^3*n^3*x^2 + 6*b^3*n*x^2*x^(3*n) + 24*a*b^2*n*x^2*x^(2*n) + 30*a^2*b*n*x^2*x^n + 11*a^3*n^2*x^2 + 4*b^3*x^2*x^(3*n) + 12*a*b^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 12*a^2*b*x^2*x^n + 12*a^3*n*x^2 + 4*a^3*x^2)/(3*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 12*n + 4)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^2}{2} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n} x^2}{3n + 2} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n} x^2}{2n + 2} + \frac{3a^2 b x^n x^2}{n + 2}$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^2)/2 + (b^3*x^(3*n)*x^2)/(3*n + 2) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n)*x^2)/(2*n + 2) + (3*a^2*b*x^n*x^2)/(n + 2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^2(2x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 6x^{3n}b^3n + 4x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 24x^{2n}ab^2n + 12x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 + 30x^na^2bn + 12x^na^2b + 3a^3n^3 + 11a^3n^2 + 12a^3n + 4a^3)}{6n^3 + 22n^2 + 24n + 8}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(x**2*(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 6*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 24*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 30*x**n*a**2*b*n + 12*x**n*a**2*b + 3*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 + 12*a**3*n + 4*a**3))/(2*(3*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 12*n + 4))`

### 3.355 $\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2470
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2470
Rubi [A] (verified)	2471
Maple [A] (verified)	2472
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2472
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2473
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2473
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2474
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2474
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2475

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{3a^2bx^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{b^3x^{1+3n}}{1+3n}$$

output

```
a^3*x+3*a^2*b*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+3*a*b^2*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+b^3*x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx = x \left( a^3 + \frac{3a^2bx^n}{1+n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{1+3n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
x*(a^3 + (3*a^2*b*x^n)/(1 + n) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (b^3*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {775, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 775$$

$$\int (a^3 + 3a^2bx^n + 3ab^2x^{2n} + b^3x^{3n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^3x + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{b^3x^{3n+1}}{3n+1}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^3, x]
```

output

```
a^3*x + (3*a^2*b*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (3*a*b^2*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (b^3*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 775

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$a^3x + \frac{b^3xx^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{3ab^2xx^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{3a^2bxx^n}{1+n}$
norman	$a^3x + \frac{b^3xe^{3n\ln(x)}}{1+3n} + \frac{3ab^2xe^{2n\ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{3a^2bxe^{n\ln(x)}}{1+n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2xx^{3n}b^3n^2+3xx^{3n}b^3n+9xx^{2n}ab^2n^2+b^3xx^{3n}+12xx^{2n}ab^2n+18xx^na^2bn^2+6xa^3n^3+3ab^2xx^{2n}+15xx^na^2bn+11xa^3n^2}{(1+3n)(1+2n)(1+n)}$
orering	$x(a+bx^n)^3 - \frac{3x(11n^2+1)(a+bx^n)^2bx^n}{(2n^2+3n+1)(1+3n)} + \frac{2x^3(-1+3n)\left(\frac{6(a+bx^n)b^2x^{2n}n^2}{x^2} + \frac{3(a+bx^n)^2bx^n n^2}{x^2} - \frac{3(a+bx^n)^2bx^n n}{x^2}\right)}{(2n^2+3n+1)(1+3n)}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^3*x+b^3/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3+3*a*b^2/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+3*a^2*b/(1+n)*x*x^n`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 130 vs.  $2(60) = 120$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{(2b^3n^2 + 3b^3n + b^3)xx^{3n} + 3(3ab^2n^2 + 4ab^2n + ab^2)xx^{2n} + 3(6a^2bn^2 + 5a^2bn + a^2b)xx^n + (6a^3n^3 + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1)}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((2*b^3*n^2 + 3*b^3*n + b^3)*x*x^(3*n) + 3*(3*a*b^2*n^2 + 4*a*b^2*n + a*b^2)*x*x^(2*n) + 3*(6*a^2*b*n^2 + 5*a^2*b*n + a^2*b)*x*x^n + (6*a^3*n^3 + 11*a^3*n^2 + 6*a^3*n + a^3)*x)/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 469 vs.  $2(53) = 106$ .

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.82

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^3x + 3a^2b \log(x) - \frac{3ab^2}{x} - \frac{b^3}{2x^2} \\ a^3x + 6a^2b\sqrt{x} + 3ab^2 \log(x) - \frac{2b^3}{\sqrt{x}} \\ a^3x + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 9ab^2\sqrt[3]{x} + b^3 \log(x) \\ \frac{6a^3n^3x}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{11a^3n^2x}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{6a^3nx}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{a^3x}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{18a^2bn^2xx^n}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{15a^2bnxx^n}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+1}}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{9ab^2n^2xx^{2n}}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{12ab^2n^2xx^{2n}}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{2b^3n^3n^2xx^{3n}}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{3b^3n^3n^2xx^{3n}}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{b^3x^3n^3}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x + 3*a**2*b*log(x) - 3*a*b**2/x - b**3/(2*x**2), Eq(n, -1)), (a**3*x + 6*a**2*b*sqrt(x) + 3*a*b**2*log(x) - 2*b**3/sqrt(x), Eq(n, -1/2)), (a**3*x + 9*a**2*b*x**(2/3)/2 + 9*a*b**2*x**(1/3) + b**3*log(x), Eq(n, -1/3)), (6*a**3*n**3*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 11*a**3*n**2*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 6*a**3*n*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + a**3*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 18*a**2*b*n**2*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 15*a**2*b*n*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 3*a**2*b*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 9*a*b**2*n**2*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 12*a*b**2*n*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 3*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 2*b**3*n**2*x*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 3*b**3*n*x*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + b**3*x*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{b^3x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{3a^2bx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$a^3x + b^3x^{(3n+1)/(3n+1)} + 3ab^2x^{(2n+1)/(2n+1)} + 3a^2b^2x^{(n+1)/(n+1)}$$

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 159 vs.  $2(60) = 120$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.65

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{6a^3n^3x + 2b^3n^2xx^{3n} + 9ab^2n^2xx^{2n} + 18a^2bn^2xx^n + 11a^3n^2x + 3b^3nxx^{3n} + 12ab^2nxx^{2n} + 15a^2bnxx^n}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{(6a^3n^3x + 2b^3n^2xx^{3n} + 9a^2b^2n^2xx^{2n} + 18a^2bn^2xx^n + 11a^3n^2x + 3b^3nxx^{3n} + 12ab^2nxx^{2n} + 15a^2bnxx^n + 6a^3n^2x + b^3n^2xx^{3n} + 3a^2bn^2xx^n + 3a^2bn^2xx^n + a^3x)/(6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1)}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx = a^3x + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{3n+1} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{2n+1} + \frac{3a^2bx^n}{n+1}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

$$a^3x + (b^3x^{3n})/(3n+1) + (3a^2b^2x^{2n})/(2n+1) + (3a^2b^2x^n)/(n+1)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.43

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(2x^{3n}b^3n^2 + 3x^{3n}b^3n + x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 + 12x^{2n}ab^2n + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 + 15x^na^2bn + 3x^na^2b^2n + a^3)}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(x*(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*a**2*b*n + 3*x**n*a**2*b + 6*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 + 6*a**3*n + a**3))/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1)`



### 3.356 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2476
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2476
Rubi [A] (verified)	2477
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2478
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2478
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2479
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2479
Giac [F]	2479
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2480
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2480

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{3a^2bx^n}{n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{3n} + a^3 \log(x)$$

output `3*a^2*b*x^n/n+3/2*a*b^2*x^(2*n)/n+1/3*b^3*x^(3*n)/n+a^3*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n(18a^2 + 9abx^n + 2b^2x^{2n})}{6n} + \frac{a^3 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^3/x,x]`

output `(b*x^n*(18*a^2 + 9*a*b*x^n + 2*b^2*x^(2*n)))/(6*n) + (a^3*Log[x^n])/n`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^3 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int (a^3 x^{-n} + 3ab^2 x^n + b^3 x^{2n} + 3a^2 b) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{a^3 \log(x^n) + 3a^2 b x^n + \frac{3}{2} ab^2 x^{2n} + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^{3n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^3/x,x]`

output `(3*a^2*b*x^n + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/2 + (b^3*x^(3*n))/3 + a^3*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^3 x^{3n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^{2n}}{2} + 3a^2 b x^n + a^3 \ln(x^n)}{n}$	44
default	$\frac{b^3 x^{3n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^{2n}}{2} + 3a^2 b x^n + a^3 \ln(x^n)}{n}$	44
parallelrisc	$\frac{2b^3 x^{3n} + 9a b^2 x^{2n} + 6a^3 \ln(x)n + 18a^2 b x^n}{6n}$	45
risc	$\frac{3a^2 b x^n}{n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + a^3 \ln(x)$	47
norman	$a^3 \ln(x) + \frac{b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n} + \frac{3a b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{3a^2 b e^{n \ln(x)}}{n}$	53

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/n*(1/3*b^3*(x^n)^3+3/2*a*b^2*(x^n)^2+3*a^2*b*x^n+a^3*ln(x^n))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{6 a^3 n \log(x) + 2 b^3 x^{3n} + 9 a b^2 x^{2n} + 18 a^2 b x^n}{6 n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(6*a^3*n*log(x) + 2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 9*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 18*a^2*b*x^n)/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \begin{cases} a^3 \log(x) + \frac{3a^2bx^n}{n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**3/x,x)`output `Piecewise((a**3*log(x) + 3*a**2*b*x**n/n + 3*a*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n) + b**3*x**(3*n)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{a^3 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{2b^3x^{3n} + 9ab^2x^{2n} + 18a^2bx^n}{6n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^3*log(x^n)/n + 1/6*(2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 9*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 18*a^2*b*x^n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^3/x, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = a^3 \ln(x) + \frac{b^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^n}{n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n}}{2n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x,x)`output `a^3*log(x) + (b^3*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (3*a^2*b*x^n)/n + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/(2*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{2x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2b + 6\log(x)a^3n}{6n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x)`output `(2*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b + 6*log(x)*a**3*n)/(6*n)`

### 3.357 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	2481
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2481
Rubi [A] (verified)	2482
Maple [A] (verified)	2483
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2483
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2484
Maxima [F(-2)]	2485
Giac [F]	2485
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2485
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2486

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{3a^2bx^{-1+n}}{1-n} - \frac{3ab^2x^{-1+2n}}{1-2n} - \frac{b^3x^{-1+3n}}{1-3n}$$

output `-a^3/x-3*a^2*b*x^(-1+n)/(1-n)-3*a*b^2*x^(-1+2*n)/(1-2*n)-b^3*x^(-1+3*n)/(1-3*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{-a^3 + \frac{3a^2bx^n}{-1+n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{-1+2n} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{-1+3n}}{x}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^3/x^2,x]`

output `(-a^3 + (3*a^2*b*x^n)/(-1 + n) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/(-1 + 2*n) + (b^3*x^(3*n))/(-1 + 3*n))/x`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^2} + 3a^2bx^{n-2} + 3ab^2x^{2(n-1)} + b^3x^{3n-2} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{3a^2bx^{n-1}}{1-n} - \frac{3ab^2x^{2n-1}}{1-2n} - \frac{b^3x^{3n-1}}{1-3n}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^3/x^2,x]`

output `-(a^3/x) - (3*a^2*b*x^(-1 + n))/(1 - n) - (3*a*b^2*x^(-1 + 2*n))/(1 - 2*n) - (b^3*x^(-1 + 3*n))/(1 - 3*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)} - a^3 + \frac{3a b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n-1} + \frac{3a^2 b e^{n \ln(x)}}{-1+n}}{x}$
risch	$-\frac{a^3}{x} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n}}{(-1+3n)x} + \frac{3a b^2 x^{2n}}{(2n-1)x} + \frac{3a^2 b x^n}{(-1+n)x}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x^{3n} b^3 n^2 - 3x^{3n} b^3 n + 9x^{2n} a b^2 n^2 + b^3 x^{3n} - 12x^{2n} a b^2 n + 18x^n a^2 b n^2 - 6a^3 n^3 + 3a b^2 x^{2n} - 15x^n a^2 b n + 11a^3 n^2 + 3a^2 b x^n - 6a^3 n}{x(-1+3n)(2n-1)(-1+n)}$
orering	$-\frac{3(2n^2-9n+5)(a+bx^n)^3}{x(-1+3n)(2n-1)} + \frac{(11n-25)x^2 \left( \frac{3(a+bx^n)^2 b x^n}{x^3} - \frac{2(a+bx^n)^3}{x^3} \right)}{6n^2-5n+1} - \frac{2x^3(-5+3n) \left( \frac{6b^2 x^{2n} n^2 (a+bx^n)}{x^4} + \frac{3(a+bx^n)^3}{6n^3-11n^2+6n-1} \right)}{6n^3-11n^2+6n-1}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output 
$$\frac{(b^3/(-1+3n)*\exp(n*\ln(x))^3-a^3+3*a*b^2/(2*n-1)*\exp(n*\ln(x))^2+3*a^2*b/(-1+n)*\exp(n*\ln(x)))}{x}$$
**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{6a^3n^3 - 11a^3n^2 + 6a^3n - a^3 - (2b^3n^2 - 3b^3n + b^3)x^{3n} - 3(3ab^2n^2 - 4ab^2n + ab^2)x^{2n} - 3(6a^2bn^2 - 5a^2bn + a^2b)x^n}{(6n^3 - 11n^2 + 6n - 1)x}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output 
$$\frac{-(6*a^3*n^3 - 11*a^3*n^2 + 6*a^3*n - a^3 - (2*b^3*n^2 - 3*b^3*n + b^3)*x^(3*n) - 3*(3*a*b^2*n^2 - 4*a*b^2*n + a*b^2)*x^(2*n) - 3*(6*a^2*b*n^2 - 5*a^2*b*n + a^2*b)*x^n)}{((6*n^3 - 11*n^2 + 6*n - 1)*x)}$$



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 508 vs.  $2(54) = 108$ .

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 508, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.70

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{9a^2b}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + b^3 \log(x) \\ -\frac{a^3}{x} - \frac{6a^2b}{\sqrt{x}} + 3ab^2 \log(x) + 2b^3 \sqrt{x} \\ -\frac{a^3}{x} + 3a^2b \log(x) + 3ab^2x + \frac{b^3x^2}{2} \\ -\frac{6a^3n^3}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} + \frac{11a^3n^2}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} - \frac{6a^3n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} + \frac{a^3}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} + \frac{18a^2bn^2x^n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} - \frac{15a^2bn^2x^n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} + \frac{3a^2bn^2x^n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} + \frac{9a^2bn^2x^n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} - \frac{12a^2bn^2x^n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} + \frac{3a^2bn^2x^n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} + \frac{2b^3n^2x^n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} - \frac{3b^3n^2x^n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} + \frac{b^3n^2x^n}{6n^3x-11n^2x+6nx-x} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**3/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**3/x - 9*a**2*b/(2*x**(2/3)) - 9*a*b**2/x**(1/3) + b**3*log(x), Eq(n, 1/3)), (-a**3/x - 6*a**2*b/sqrt(x) + 3*a*b**2*log(x) + 2*b**3*sqrt(x), Eq(n, 1/2)), (-a**3/x + 3*a**2*b*log(x) + 3*a*b**2*x + b**3*x**2/2, Eq(n, 1)), (-6*a**3*n**3/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 11*a**3*n**2/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 6*a**3*n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + a**3/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 18*a**2*b*n**2*x**n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 15*a**2*b*n*x**n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 3*a**2*b*x**n/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 9*a*b**2*n**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 12*a*b**2*n*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 3*a*b**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + 2*b**3*n**2*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) - 3*b**3*n*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x) + b**3*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3*x - 11*n**2*x + 6*n*x - x), True))`

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-2>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^3}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^3/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx = \frac{b^3 x^{3n}}{x(3n-1)} - \frac{a^3}{x} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n}}{x(2n-1)} + \frac{3a^2 bx^n}{x(n-1)}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x^2,x)`

output `(b^3*x^(3*n))/(x*(3*n - 1)) - a^3/x + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/(x*(2*n - 1)) + (3*a^2*b*x^n)/(x*(n - 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3n}b^3n^2 - 3x^{3n}b^3n + x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 - 12x^{2n}ab^2n + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 - 15x^na^2bn + 3x^na^2b - 6a^3n^3 + 11a^3n^2 - 6a^3n + a^3}{x(6n^3 - 11n^2 + 6n - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3/x^2,x)`output `(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 - 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 - 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 - 15*x**n*a**2*b*n + 3*x**n*a**2*b - 6*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 - 6*a**3*n + a**3)/(x*(6*n**3 - 11*n**2 + 6*n - 1))`

### 3.358 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2487
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2487
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2488
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2489
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2489
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2490
Maxima [F(-2)] . . . . .	2491
Giac [F] . . . . .	2491
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2491
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2492

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{3ab^2x^{-2(1-n)}}{2(1-n)} - \frac{3a^2bx^{-2+n}}{2-n} - \frac{b^3x^{-2+3n}}{2-3n}$$

output `-1/2*a^3/x^2-3/2*a*b^2/(1-n)/(x^(2-2*n))-3*a^2*b*x^(-2+n)/(2-n)-b^3*x^(-2+3*n)/(2-3*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{-a^3 + \frac{6a^2bx^n}{-2+n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{-1+n} + \frac{2b^3x^{3n}}{-2+3n}}{2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^3/x^3,x]`

output `(-a^3 + (6*a^2*b*x^n)/(-2 + n) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/(-1 + n) + (2*b^3*x^(3*n))/(-2 + 3*n))/(2*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a^3}{x^3} + 3a^2bx^{n-3} + 3ab^2x^{2n-3} + b^3x^{3(n-1)} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$-\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{3a^2bx^{n-2}}{2-n} - \frac{3ab^2x^{-2(1-n)}}{2(1-n)} - \frac{b^3x^{3n-2}}{2-3n}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^3/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*a^3/x^2 - (3*a*b^2)/(2*(1 - n)*x^(2*(1 - n))) - (3*a^2*b*x^(-2 + n))/(2 - n) - (b^3*x^(-2 + 3*n))/(2 - 3*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$-\frac{a^3}{2x^2} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{(-2+3n)x^2} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{2(-1+n)x^2} + \frac{3a^2bx^n}{(n-2)x^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x^{3n}b^3n^2-6x^{3n}b^3n+9x^{2n}ab^2n^2+4b^3x^{3n}-24x^{2n}ab^2n+18x^n a^2bn^2-3a^3n^3+12ab^2x^{2n}-30x^na^2bn+11a^3n^2+12a^2bx^n-12a^3n}{2x^2(-2+3n)(-1+n)(n-2)}$
orering	$-\frac{(6n^2-49n+65)(a+bx^n)^3}{4x^2(3n^2-8n+4)} + \frac{x^2(11n^2-54n+55)\left(\frac{3(a+bx^n)^2bx^n}{x^4} - \frac{3(a+bx^n)^3}{x^4}\right)}{12n^3-44n^2+48n-16} - \frac{x^3(-7+3n)\left(\frac{6b^2x^{2n}n^2(a+bx^n)}{x^5} + \dots\right)}{2}$

```
input int((a+b*x^n)^3/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*a^3/x^2+1/(-2+3*n)*b^3/x^2*(x^n)^3+3/2/(-1+n)*a*b^2/x^2*(x^n)^2+3/(n-2)*a^2*b/x^2*x^n
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{3a^3n^3 - 11a^3n^2 + 12a^3n - 4a^3 - 2(b^3n^2 - 3b^3n + 2b^3)x^{3n} - 3(3ab^2n^2 - 8ab^2n + 4ab^2)x^{2n} - 6(3a^2bn^2 - 5a^2bn + 2a^2b)x^n}{2(3n^3 - 11n^2 + 12n - 4)x^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/2*(3*a^3*n^3 - 11*a^3*n^2 + 12*a^3*n - 4*a^3 - 2*(b^3*n^2 - 3*b^3*n + 2*b^3)*x^(3*n) - 3*(3*a*b^2*n^2 - 8*a*b^2*n + 4*a*b^2)*x^(2*n) - 6*(3*a^2*b*n^2 - 5*a^2*b*n + 2*a^2*b)*x^n)/((3*n^3 - 11*n^2 + 12*n - 4)*x^2)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 627 vs.  $2(58) = 116$ .

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 627, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.71

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{9a^2b}{4x^{\frac{4}{3}}} - \frac{9ab^2}{2x^{\frac{2}{3}}} + b^3 \log(x) \\ -\frac{a^3}{2x^2} - \frac{3a^2b}{x} + 3ab^2 \log(x) + b^3x \\ -\frac{a^3}{2x^2} + 3a^2b \log(x) + \frac{3ab^2x^2}{2} + \frac{b^3x^4}{4} \\ -\frac{3a^3n^3}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} + \frac{11a^3n^2}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} - \frac{12a^3n}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} + \frac{4a^3}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} + \frac{12a^2bn}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} - \frac{30a^2b^2n}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} + \frac{12a^2b^2n^2}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} - \frac{24a^2b^2n^2x}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} - \frac{24a^2b^2n^2x^2}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} + \frac{12a^2b^2n^2x^2}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} - \frac{24a^2b^2n^2x^2}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} + \frac{12a^2b^2n^2x^2}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} - \frac{24a^2b^2n^2x^2}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} + \frac{2b^3n^2x^3}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} - \frac{6b^3n^2x^3}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} - \frac{6b^3n^2x^3}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} + \frac{4b^3n^2x^3}{6n^3x^2-22n^2x^2+24nx^2-8x^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**3/x**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-a**3/(2*x**2) - 9*a**2*b/(4*x**(4/3)) - 9*a*b**2/(2*x**(2/3))
+ b**3*log(x), Eq(n, 2/3)), (-a**3/(2*x**2) - 3*a**2*b/x + 3*a*b**2*log(x)
+ b**3*x, Eq(n, 1)), (-a**3/(2*x**2) + 3*a**2*b*log(x) + 3*a*b**2*x**2/2
+ b**3*x**4/4, Eq(n, 2)), (-3*a**3*n**3/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n
*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 11*a**3*n**2/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8
*x**2) - 12*a**3*n/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 4*a
**3/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 18*a**2*b*n**2*x**
n/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) - 30*a**2*b*n*x**n/(6*
n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 12*a**2*b*x**n/(6*n**3*x
**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 9*a*b**2*n**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x
**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) - 24*a*b**2*n*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x
**2 - 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 12*a*b**2*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3*x**2
- 22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 2*b**3*n**2*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3*x**2 -
22*n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) - 6*b**3*n*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*
n**2*x**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2) + 4*b**3*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3*x**2 - 22*n**2*x
**2 + 24*n*x**2 - 8*x**2), True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: ValueError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: ValueError >> Computation failed since Maxima requested additional constraints; using the 'assume' command before evaluation *may* help (example of legal syntax is 'assume(n-3>0)', see `assume?` for more details)Is`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^3}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^3/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx = \frac{b^3 x^{3n}}{x^2 (3n - 2)} - \frac{a^3}{2x^2} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n}}{x^2 (2n - 2)} + \frac{3a^2 bx^n}{x^2 (n - 2)}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x^3,x)`

output `(b^3*x^(3*n))/(x^2*(3*n - 2)) - a^3/(2*x^2) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/(x^2*(2*n - 2)) + (3*a^2*b*x^n)/(x^2*(n - 2))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.11

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3n}b^3n^2 - 6x^{3n}b^3n + 4x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2n^2 - 24x^{2n}ab^2n + 12x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2bn^2 - 30x^na^2bn + 12x^na^2b}{2x^2(3n^3 - 11n^2 + 12n - 4)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3/x^3,x)`output `(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 - 6*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n**2 - 24*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 - 30*x**n*a**2*b*n + 12*x**n*a**2*b - 3*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 - 12*a**3*n + 4*a**3)/(2*x**2*(3*n**3 - 11*n**2 + 12*n - 4))`

### 3.359 $\int \frac{x}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	2493
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2493
Rubi [A] (verified)	2494
Maple [F]	2494
Fricas [F]	2495
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2495
Maxima [F]	2495
Giac [F]	2496
Mupad [F(-1)]	2496
Reduce [F]	2496

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{x}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a}$$

output

```
1/2*x^2*hypergeom([1, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, 1 + \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a}$$

input

```
Integrate[x/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, 1 + 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2a^{\frac{2}{n}} a^{-1 - \frac{2}{n}} x^2 \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `2*a**(2/n)*a**(-1 - 2/n)*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.360 $\int \frac{1}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	2497
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2497
Rubi [A] (verified)	2498
Maple [F]	2498
Fricas [F]	2499
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2499
Maxima [F]	2499
Giac [F]	2500
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2500
Reduce [F]	2500

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a}$$

output

```
x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(-1), x]
```

output

```
(x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/a
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(-1), x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/a`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n), x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n), x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-1 - \frac{1}{n}} x \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-1 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(b*x^n + a), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x {}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{1}{n}; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/a`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.361 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2501
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2501
Rubi [A] (verified)	2502
Maple [A] (verified)	2503
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2504
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2504
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2505
Giac [F]	2505
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2505
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2506

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{an}$$

output

```
ln(x)/a-ln(a+b*x^n)/a/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x^n) - \log(an(a+bx^n))}{an}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(Log[x^n] - Log[a*n*(a + b*x^n)])/(a*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{bx^n+a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 47 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-n} dx^n}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{a} \\
 \downarrow 14 \\
 \frac{\log(x^n)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{a} \\
 \downarrow 16 \\
 \frac{\log(x^n)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a} \\
 n
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n]/a - Log[a + b*x^n]/a)/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 14  $\text{Int}[(a\_)/(x\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*\text{Log}[x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$
- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 47  $\text{Int}[1/(((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_))*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_))), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d*x), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x\_)^{(m\_)*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_))}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{n \ln(x) - \ln(a + b x^n)}{a n}$	23
norman	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a n}$	26
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a n}$	26
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n) - \ln(a + b x^n)}{a}}{n}$	27
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n) - \ln(a + b x^n)}{a}}{n}$	27

input  $\text{int}(1/x/(a+b*x^n), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $(n*\ln(x) - \ln(a + b*x^n))/a/n$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{n \log(x) - \log(bx^n + a)}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(n*log(x) - log(b*x^n + a))/(a*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \begin{cases} \infty \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-n}}{bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{an} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/a - log(a/b + x**n)/(a*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\log(bx^n+a)}{an} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-log(b*x^n + a)/(a*n) + log(x^n)/(a*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*x), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\ln(a+bx^n) - n \ln(x)}{an}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `-(log(a + b*x^n) - n*log(x))/(a*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{-\log(x^n b + a) + \log(x) n}{an}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - log(x**n*b + a) + log(x)*n)/(a*n)`

### 3.362 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2507
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2507
Rubi [A] (verified)	2508
Maple [F]	2508
Fricas [F]	2509
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2509
Maxima [F]	2509
Giac [F]	2510
Mupad [F(-1)]	2510
Reduce [F]	2510

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax}$$

output `-hypergeom([1, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, 1 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `-(Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), 1 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*x))`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `-(Hypergeometric2F1[1, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*x^2*x^n + a*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{-1+\frac{1}{n}} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 x \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `-a**(-1 + 1/n)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a**(1/n)*n**2*x*gamma(1 - 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n b x^2 + a x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**n*b*x**2 + a*x**2),x)`

### 3.363 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	2511
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2511
Rubi [A] (verified)	2512
Maple [F]	2512
Fricas [F]	2513
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2513
Maxima [F]	2513
Giac [F]	2514
Mupad [F(-1)]	2514
Reduce [F]	2514

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2}$$

output `-1/2*hypergeom([1, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, 1 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `-1/2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, 1 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `-1/2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*x^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*x^3*x^n + a*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{2a^{-\frac{2}{n}}a^{-1+\frac{2}{n}}\Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right)}{n^2 x^2 \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `-2*a**(-1 + 2/n)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a**(2/n)*n**2*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n b x^3 + a x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**n*b*x**3 + a*x**3),x)`

### 3.364 $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2515
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2515
Rubi [A] (verified)	2516
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Maxima [F]	2518
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Mupad [F(-1)]	2519
Reduce [F]	2519

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2}$$

output `1/2*x^2*hypergeom([2, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{2}{n}, 1 + \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 2/n, 1 + 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a^2)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 335, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.15

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = & \frac{2aa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{2}{n}}nx^2\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)+bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)} \\ & + \frac{2aa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{2}{n}}nx^2\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)+bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)} \\ & - \frac{4aa^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)+bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)} \\ & + \frac{2a^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{2}{n}}bnx^2x^n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)+bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)} \\ & - \frac{4a^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{2}{n}}bx^2x^n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)+bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
2*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*n*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 2*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) - 4*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 2*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*b*n*x**2*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n)) - 4*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-2 - 2/n)*b*x**2*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(n - 2)*integrate(x/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n), x) + x^2/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b x^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x}{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `int(x/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.365 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2520
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2520
Rubi [A] (verified)	2521
Maple [F]	2521
Fricas [F]	2522
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2522
Maxima [F]	2523
Giac [F]	2523
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2524
Reduce [F]	2524

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

output `x*hypergeom([2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(-2), x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]) / a^2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(-2), x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/a^2`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.25

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{aa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}nx\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{aa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}nx\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{aa^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}x\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}bnxx^n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}}a^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}bxx^n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^3\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + bn^3x^n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
a*a**(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*n*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*n*x*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - a*a**(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*b*n*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - a**(-1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*b*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(n - 1)*integrate(1/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n), x) + x/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^(-2), x)
```



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x {}_2F_1\left(2, \frac{1}{n}; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x*hypergeom([2, 1/n], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/a^2`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.366 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2525
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2525
Rubi [A] (verified)	2526
Maple [A] (verified)	2527
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2527
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2528
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2529
Giac [F]	2529
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2529
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2530

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{1}{an(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

output

`1/a/n/(a+b*x^n)+ln(x)/a^2-ln(a+b*x^n)/a^2/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{1}{an(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^2n} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2),x]`

output

`1/(a*n*(a + b*x^n)) + Log[x^n]/(a^2*n) - Log[a + b*x^n]/(a^2*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \int \left( \frac{x^{-n}}{a^2} - \frac{b}{a^2(bx^n+a)} - \frac{b}{a(bx^n+a)^2} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^2} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a(a+bx^n)}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2),x]`

output `(1/(a*(a + b*x^n)) + Log[x^n]/a^2 - Log[a + b*x^n]/a^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^2}}{n}$	40
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^2}}{n}$	40
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{an(a+bx^n)} - \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^2n}$	42
norman	$\frac{-\frac{be^n \ln(x)}{a^2n} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a} + \frac{b \ln(x)e^n \ln(x)}{a^2}}{a+be^n \ln(x)} - \frac{\ln(a+be^n \ln(x))}{a^2n}$	65
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(x)x^n b^2n + \ln(x)abn - \ln(a+bx^n)x^n b^2 - \ln(a+bx^n)ab + ab}{a^2bn(a+bx^n)}$	68

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/n*(-1/a^2*ln(a+b*x^n)+1/a/(a+b*x^n)+1/a^2*ln(x^n))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{bnx^n \log(x) + an \log(x) - (bx^n + a) \log(bx^n + a) + a}{a^2bnx^n + a^3n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(b^n x^n \log(x) + a^n \log(x) - (b x^n + a) \log(b x^n + a) + a) / (a^2 b^n x^n + a^3 n)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-2n}}{2b^2n} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } b = -ax^{-n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{an \log(x)}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} - \frac{a \log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} + \frac{a}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} + \frac{bnx^n \log(x)}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} - \frac{bx^n \log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*log(x), Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a+b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (a*n*log(x)/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n)-a*log(a/b+x**n)/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n)+a/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n)+b*n*x**n*log(x)/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n)-b*x**n*log(a/b+x**n)/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{1}{abnx^n + a^2n} - \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{a^2n} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^2n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n) - log(b*x^n + a)/(a^2*n) + log(x^n)/(a^2*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*x), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{an(a+bx^n)} - \frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`output `log(x)/a^2 + 1/(a*n*(a + b*x^n)) - log(a + b*x^n)/(a^2*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^n \log(x^n b + a) b + x^n \log(x) b n - x^n b - \log(x^n b + a) a + \log(x) a n}{a^2 n (x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `( - x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*b + x**n*log(x)*b*n - x**n*b - log(x**n*b + a)*a + log(x)*a*n)/(a**2*n*(x**n*b + a))`

### 3.367 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2531
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2531
Rubi [A] (verified)	2532
Maple [F]	2532
Fricas [F]	2533
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2533
Maxima [F]	2534
Giac [F]	2534
Mupad [F(-1)]	2535
Reduce [F]	2535

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2x}$$

output `-hypergeom([2, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/x`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{1}{n}, 1 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2x}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2),x]`

output `-(Hypergeometric2F1[2, -n^(-1), 1 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*x))`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2 x}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2),x]`

output `-(Hypergeometric2F1[2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^2*x^n + a^2*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 367, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.79

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{aa^{-2+\frac{1}{n}}n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{1}{n}}n^3x\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)+a^{\frac{1}{n}}bn^3xx^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)} - \frac{aa^{-2+\frac{1}{n}}n\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{1}{n}}n^3x\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)+a^{\frac{1}{n}}bn^3xx^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)} - \frac{aa^{-2+\frac{1}{n}}\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{1}{n}}n^3x\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)+a^{\frac{1}{n}}bn^3xx^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)} - \frac{a^{-2+\frac{1}{n}}bnx^n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{1}{n}}n^3x\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)+a^{\frac{1}{n}}bn^3xx^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)} - \frac{a^{-2+\frac{1}{n}}bx^n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{1}{n}}n^3x\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)+a^{\frac{1}{n}}bn^3xx^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
-a*a**(-2 + 1/n)*n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)
*gamma(-1/n)/(a*a**(1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**(1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n))
- a*a**(-2 + 1/n)*n*gamma(-1/n)/(a*a**(1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**(1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n))
- a*a**(-2 + 1/n)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a*a**(1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**(1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n))
- a**(-2 + 1/n)*b*n*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a*a**(1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**(1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n))
- a**(-2 + 1/n)*b*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a*a**(1/n)*n**3*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + a**(1/n)*b*n**3*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(n + 1)*integrate(1/(a*b*n*x^2*x^n + a^2*n*x^2), x) + 1/(a*b*n*x*x^n + a^2*n*x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*x^2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} b^2 x^2 + 2x^n a b x^2 + a^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**2 + a**2*x**2),x)`

### 3.368 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	2536
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2536
Rubi [A] (verified)	2537
Maple [F]	2537
Fricas [F]	2538
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2538
Maxima [F]	2539
Giac [F]	2539
Mupad [F(-1)]	2540
Reduce [F]	2540

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2x^2}$$

output `-1/2*hypergeom([2, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/x^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{2}{n}, 1 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2x^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2), x]`

output `-1/2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -2/n, 1 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2x^2}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2),x]`

output `-1/2*Hypergeometric2F1[2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*x^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^3*x^n + a^2*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.11

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{2aa^{-2+\frac{2}{n}}n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{2}{n}}n^3x^2\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right) + a^{\frac{2}{n}}bn^3x^2x^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right)} - \frac{2aa^{-2+\frac{2}{n}}n\Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{2}{n}}n^3x^2\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right) + a^{\frac{2}{n}}bn^3x^2x^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right)} - \frac{4aa^{-2+\frac{2}{n}}\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{2}{n}}n^3x^2\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right) + a^{\frac{2}{n}}bn^3x^2x^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right)} - \frac{2a^{-2+\frac{2}{n}}bnx^n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{2}{n}}n^3x^2\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right) + a^{\frac{2}{n}}bn^3x^2x^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right)} - \frac{4a^{-2+\frac{2}{n}}bx^n\Phi\left(\frac{bx^ne^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{2e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right)}{aa^{\frac{2}{n}}n^3x^2\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right) + a^{\frac{2}{n}}bn^3x^2x^n\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
-2*a*a**(-2 + 2/n)*n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a*a**(2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 2*a*a**(-2 + 2/n)*n*gamma(-2/n)/(a*a**(2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 4*a*a**(-2 + 2/n)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a*a**(2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 2*a**(-2 + 2/n)*b*n*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a*a**(2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 4*a**(-2 + 2/n)*b*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a*a**(2/n)*n**3*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*n**3*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(n + 2)*integrate(1/(a*b*n*x^3*x^n + a^2*n*x^3), x) + 1/(a*b*n*x^2*x^n + a^2*n*x^2)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*x^3), x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} b^2 x^3 + 2x^n a b x^3 + a^2 x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**3 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**3 + a**2*x**3),x)`

### 3.369 $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2541
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2541
Rubi [A] (verified)	2542
Maple [F]	2542
Fricas [F]	2543
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2543
Maxima [F]	2544
Giac [F]	2545
Mupad [F(-1)]	2545
Reduce [F]	2545

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3}$$

output `1/2*x^2*hypergeom([3, 2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{2}{n}, 1 + \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 2/n, 1 + 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[3, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a^3)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1210, normalized size of antiderivative = 36.67

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```

2*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*n**2*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a,
1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 +
2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 3*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*
n**2*x**2*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 +
2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) - 6*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)
*n*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*ga
mma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(
1 + 2/n)) - 2*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*ga
mma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1
+ 2/n)) + 4*a**2*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*x**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*p
i)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma
(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 4*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n
)*b*n**2*x**2*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(
a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**
(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) + 2*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*b*n**2*x**2*x**n*gamma(2
/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4
*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) - 12*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*b*n*x**2*x**n*lerc
hphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2/n)*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 2/n
) + 2*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 2/n) + b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)) -
2*a*a**(2/n)*a**(-3 - 2/n)*b*n*x**2*x**n*gamma(2/n)/(a**2*n**4*gamma(1 ...

```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

(n^2 - 3*n + 2)*integrate(x/(a^2*b*n^2*x^n + a^3*n^2), x) + 1/2*(2*b*(n -
1)*x^2*x^n + a*(3*n - 2)*x^2)/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n^2*x^n + a^4
*n^2)

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b x^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x}{x^{3n}b^3 + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 3x^na^2b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x/(x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

### 3.370 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2546
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2546
Rubi [A] (verified)	2547
Maple [F]	2547
Fricas [F]	2548
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2548
Maxima [F]	2549
Giac [F]	2550
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2550
Reduce [F]	2550

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3}$$

output `x*hypergeom([3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(-3), x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]) / a^3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.111$ , Rules used = {778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(-3), x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/a^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1226, normalized size of antiderivative = 51.08

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```

2*a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*n**2*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1,
1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/
n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 3*a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)
*n**2*x*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 +
1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - 3*a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/
n)*n*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*
gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gam
ma(1 + 1/n)) - a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*n*x*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gam
ma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(
1 + 1/n)) + a**2*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/
a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(
1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 4*a*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/
n)*b*n**2*x*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*
a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x*
*(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 2*a*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*b*n**2*x*x**n*gamma(1/
n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n
**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - 6*a*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*b*n*x*x**n*lerch
phi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/
n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n))
- a*a**(1/n)*a**(-3 - 1/n)*b*n*x*x**n*gamma(1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(1 ...

```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

(2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*integrate(1/2/(a^2*b*n^2*x^n + a^3*n^2), x) + 1/2*(b*(2*
n - 1)*x*x^n + a*(3*n - 1)*x)/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n^2*x^n + a^4
*n^2)

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(-3), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x {}_2F_1\left(3, \frac{1}{n}; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(x*hypergeom([3, 1/n], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/a^3`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n}b^3 + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 3x^na^2b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

### 3.371 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2551
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2551
Rubi [A] (verified)	2552
Maple [A] (verified)	2553
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2553
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2554
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2555
Giac [F]	2555
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2555
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2556

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{1}{2an(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{1}{a^2n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^3n}$$

output `1/2/a/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)+ln(x)/a^3-ln(a+b*x^n)/a^3/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{a(3a+2bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} + 2 \log(x^n) - 2 \log(a+bx^n)}{2a^3n}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^3),x]`

output `((a*(3*a + 2*b*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2 + 2*Log[x^n] - 2*Log[a + b*x^n])/(2*a^3*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 798

$$\int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx^n$$

↓ 54

$$\int \left( \frac{x^{-n}}{a^3} - \frac{b}{a^3(bx^n+a)} - \frac{b}{a^2(bx^n+a)^2} - \frac{b}{a(bx^n+a)^3} \right) dx^n$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{-\frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2(a+bx^n)} + \frac{1}{2a(a+bx^n)^2}}{n}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^3),x]`

output `(1/(2*a*(a + b*x^n)^2) + 1/(a^2*(a + b*x^n)) + Log[x^n]/a^3 - Log[a + b*x^n]/a^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a^3} + \frac{2bx^n + 3a}{2a^2n(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^3n}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2(a+bx^n)} + \frac{1}{2a(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^3}}{n}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2(a+bx^n)} + \frac{1}{2a(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^3}}{n}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x)}{a} + \frac{2b \ln(x)e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2} - \frac{2b e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2n} + \frac{b^2 \ln(x)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3} - \frac{3b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2a^3n}}{(a+be^{n \ln(x)})^2} - \frac{\ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{a^3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x^{2n} \ln(x)b^2n + 4x^n \ln(x)abn - 2 \ln(a+bx^n)x^{2n}b^2 + 2a^2 \ln(x)n - 4 \ln(a+bx^n)x^nab - 3b^2x^{2n} - 2 \ln(a+bx^n)a^2 - 4abx^n}{2a^3n(a+bx^n)^2}$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `ln(x)/a^3+1/2*(2*b*x^n+3*a)/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)^2-1/a^3/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^2nx^{2n} \log(x) + 2a^2n \log(x) + 3a^2 + 2(2abn \log(x) + ab)x^n - 2(b^2x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2) \log(bx^n + a)}{2(a^3b^2nx^{2n} + 2a^4bnx^n + a^5n)}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot (2b^{2n}x^{2n} \log(x) + 2a^{2n} \log(x) + 3a^2 + 2(2ab^n \log(x) + ab)x^n - 2(b^{2n}x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2) \log(bx^n + a)) / (a^3b^{2n}x^{2n} + 2a^4b^n x^n + a^{5n})$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 415 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.16

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a^3} \\ -\frac{x^{-3n}}{3b^{3n}} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^3} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{2a^{2n} \log(x)}{2a^5n+4a^4bnx^n+2a^3b^2nx^{2n}} - \frac{2a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{2a^5n+4a^4bnx^n+2a^3b^2nx^{2n}} + \frac{3a^2}{2a^5n+4a^4bnx^n+2a^3b^2nx^{2n}} + \frac{4abnx^n \log(x)}{2a^5n+4a^4bnx^n+2a^3b^2nx^{2n}} - \frac{4a}{2a^5n+4a^4bnx^n+2a^3b^2nx^{2n}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*b**3*n*x**(3*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*log(x), Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (2*a**2*n*log(x)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*a**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + 3*a**2/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + 4*a*b*n*x**n*log(x)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) - 4*a*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + 2*a*b*x**n/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + 2*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*log(x)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{2bx^n + 3a}{2(a^2b^2nx^{2n} + 2a^3bnx^n + a^4n)} - \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{a^3n} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^3n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(2*b*x^n + 3*a)/(a^2*b^2*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n*x^n + a^4*n) - log(b*x^n + a)/(a^3*n) + log(x^n)/(a^3*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^3*x), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\ln(x)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^3n} + \frac{1}{2an(a^2+b^2x^{2n}+2abx^n)}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`output `log(x)/a^3 + 1/(a^2*n*(a + b*x^n)) - log(a + b*x^n)/(a^3*n) + 1/(2*a*n*(a^2 + b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2x^{2n}\log(x^nb+a)b^2 + 2x^{2n}\log(x)b^{2n} - x^{2n}b^2 - 4x^n\log(x^nb+a)ab + 4x^n\log(x)abn - 2\log(x^nb+a)a^2}{2a^3n(x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `( - 2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*log(x)*b**2*n - x**(2*n)*b**2 - 4*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 4*x**n*log(x)*a*b*n - 2*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2 + 2*log(x)*a**2*n + 2*a**2)/(2*a**3*n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))`

### 3.372 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2557
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2557
Rubi [A] (verified)	2558
Maple [F]	2558
Fricas [F]	2559
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2559
Maxima [F]	2560
Giac [F]	2561
Mupad [F(-1)]	2561
Reduce [F]	2561

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3 x}$$

output `-hypergeom([3, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/x`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -\frac{1}{n}, 1 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3 x}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3),x]`

output `-(Hypergeometric2F1[3, -n^(-1), 1 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^3*x))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3 x}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3),x]`

output `-(Hypergeometric2F1[3, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^3*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^3*x^2*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^2*x^n + a^3*x^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1435, normalized size of antiderivative = 42.21

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```

-2*a**2*a**(-3 + 1/n)*n**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar
(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(2*a**2*a**(1/n)*n**4*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 4*a*a**(1/n
)*b*n**4*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 2*a**(1/n)*b**2*n**4*x*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 -
1/n)) - 3*a**2*a**(-3 + 1/n)*n**2*gamma(-1/n)/(2*a**2*a**(1/n)*n**4*x*gam
ma(1 - 1/n) + 4*a*a**(1/n)*b*n**4*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 2*a**(1/n)*b**2*
n**4*x*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - 3*a**2*a**(-3 + 1/n)*n*lerchphi(b*x**n*
exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(2*a**2*a**(1/n)*n**4*
x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 4*a*a**(1/n)*b*n**4*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 2*a**(1/n)*
b**2*n**4*x*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - a**2*a**(-3 + 1/n)*n*gamma(-1/n)/(2
*a**2*a**(1/n)*n**4*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 4*a*a**(1/n)*b*n**4*x*x**n*gamma(1
- 1/n) + 2*a**(1/n)*b**2*n**4*x*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - a**2*a**(-3 + 1
/n)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(
2*a**2*a**(1/n)*n**4*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 4*a*a**(1/n)*b*n**4*x*x**n*gamma(1
- 1/n) + 2*a**(1/n)*b**2*n**4*x*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - 4*a*a**(-3 + 1
/n)*b*n**2*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*g
amma(-1/n)/(2*a**2*a**(1/n)*n**4*x*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 4*a*a**(1/n)*b*n**4*x*
x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 2*a**(1/n)*b**2*n**4*x*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - 2*
a*a**(-3 + 1/n)*b*n**2*x**n*gamma(-1/n)/(2*a**2*a**(1/n)*n**4*x*gamma(1 -
1/n) + 4*a*a**(1/n)*b*n**4*x*x**n*gamma(1 - 1/n) + 2*a**(1/n)*b**2*n**4*x*
x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 1/n)) - 6*a*a**(-3 + 1/n)*b*n*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*e...

```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^3 x^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*integrate(1/2/(a^2*b*n^2*x^2*x^n + a^3*n^2*x^2), x) + 1/
2*(b*(2*n + 1)*x^n + a*(3*n + 1))/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n^2*x*x
^n + a^4*n^2*x)

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^3*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`

output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n} b^3 x^2 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 x^2 + 3x^n a^2 b x^2 + a^3 x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*b**3*x**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*x**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b*x**2 + a**3*x**2), x)`

### 3.373 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	2562
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2562
Rubi [A] (verified)	2563
Maple [F]	2563
Fricas [F]	2564
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	2564
Maxima [F]	2565
Giac [F]	2566
Mupad [F(-1)]	2566
Reduce [F]	2566

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3x^2}$$

output `-1/2*hypergeom([3, -2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/x^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -\frac{2}{n}, 1 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3x^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3), x]`

output `-1/2*Hypergeometric2F1[3, -2/n, 1 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^3*x^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^3 x^2}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3),x]`

output `-1/2*Hypergeometric2F1[3, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^3*x^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^3*x^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^3*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^3*x^n + a^3*x^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1479, normalized size of antiderivative = 41.08

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```

-2*a**2*a**(-3 + 2/n)*n**2*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_pol
ar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a**2*a**(2/n)*n**4*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + 2*a*a**(
2/n)*b*n**4*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b**2*n**4*x**2*x**(2*n)*ga
mma(1 - 2/n)) - 3*a**2*a**(-3 + 2/n)*n**2*gamma(-2/n)/(a**2*a**(2/n)*n**4*
x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + 2*a*a**(2/n)*b*n**4*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2
/n)*b**2*n**4*x**2*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 6*a**2*a**(-3 + 2/n)*n*lerch
phi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a**2*a*
*(2/n)*n**4*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + 2*a*a**(2/n)*b*n**4*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 -
2/n) + a**(2/n)*b**2*n**4*x**2*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 2*a**2*a**(-3 +
2/n)*n*gamma(-2/n)/(a**2*a**(2/n)*n**4*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + 2*a*a**(2/n)*
b*n**4*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b**2*n**4*x**2*x**(2*n)*gamma(1
- 2/n)) - 4*a**2*a**(-3 + 2/n)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*ex
p_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a**2*a**(2/n)*n**4*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + 2*a
*a**(2/n)*b*n**4*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b**2*n**4*x**2*x**(2
n)*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 4*a*a**(-3 + 2/n)*b*n**2*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_pol
ar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2*exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a**2*a**(2/n)*n**4*x**2*ga
mma(1 - 2/n) + 2*a*a**(2/n)*b*n**4*x**2*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b*
*2*n**4*x**2*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 2/n)) - 2*a*a**(-3 + 2/n)*b*n**2*x**n*gamma
a(-2/n)/(a**2*a**(2/n)*n**4*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n) + 2*a*a**(2/n)*b*n**4*x**2
*x**n*gamma(1 - 2/n) + a**(2/n)*b**2*n**4*x**2*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 - 2/n))...

```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^3 x^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

(n^2 + 3*n + 2)*integrate(1/(a^2*b*n^2*x^3*x^n + a^3*n^2*x^3), x) + 1/2*(2
*b*(n + 1)*x^n + a*(3*n + 2))/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n^2*x^2*x
^n + a^4*n^2*x^2)

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^3 x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^3*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`

output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n} b^3 x^3 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 x^3 + 3x^n a^2 b x^3 + a^3 x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*b**3*x**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*x**3 + 3*x**n*a**2*b*x**3 + a**3*x**3), x)`

### 3.374 $\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2567
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2567
Rubi [A] (verified)	2568
Maple [A] (verified)	2569
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2569
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2569
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2570
Giac [F]	2570
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2571
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2571

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{bx^{5n}}{5n}$$

output `1/4*a*x^(4*n)/n+1/5*b*x^(5*n)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{4n}(5a + 4bx^n)}{20n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x^(4*n)*(5*a + 4*b*x^n))/(20*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{4n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^{4n-1} + bx^{5n-1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{bx^{5n}}{5n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(a*x^(4*n))/(4*n) + (b*x^(5*n))/(5*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{ax^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{bx^{5n}}{5n}$	24
norman	$\frac{ae^{4n \ln(x)}}{4n} + \frac{be^{5n \ln(x)}}{5n}$	28
parallelrisch	$\frac{4x^n x^{-1+4n} b + 5x x^{-1+4n} a}{20n}$	32
orering	$\frac{x(-1+9n)x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)}{20n^2} - \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{x^{-1+4n}(-1+4n)(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-1+4n}bx^n}{x} \right)}{20n^2}$	75

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/4*a/n*(x^n)^4+1/5*b/n*(x^n)^5`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{4bx^{5n} + 5ax^{4n}}{20n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/20*(4*b*x^(5*n) + 5*a*x^(4*n))/n`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{axx^{4n-1}}{4n} + \frac{bxx^n x^{4n-1}}{5n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*n) + b*x*x**n*x**(4*n - 1)/(5*n), Ne(n, 0))  
, ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bx^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{ax^{4n}}{4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*b*x^(5*n)/n + 1/4*a*x^(4*n)/n`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n) dx = \int (bx^n + a)x^{4n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)*x^(4*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{4n}(5a + 4bx^n)}{20n}$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(x^(4*n)*(5*a + 4*b*x^n))/(20*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{4n}(4x^n b + 5a)}{20n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(4*n)*(4*x**n*b + 5*a))/(20*n)`



### 3.375 $\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2572
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2572
Rubi [A] (verified)	2573
Maple [A] (verified)	2574
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2574
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2574
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2575
Giac [F]	2575
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2576
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2576

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{bx^{4n}}{4n}$$

output `1/3*a*x^(3*n)/n+1/4*b*x^(4*n)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{3n}(4a + 3bx^n)}{12n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x^(3*n)*(4*a + 3*b*x^n))/(12*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^{3n-1} + bx^{4n-1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{bx^{4n}}{4n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(a*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (b*x^(4*n))/(4*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{ax^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{bx^{4n}}{4n}$	24
norman	$\frac{ae^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n} + \frac{be^{4n \ln(x)}}{4n}$	28
parallelrisch	$\frac{3x x^n x^{-1+3n} b + 4x x^{-1+3n} a}{12n}$	32
orering	$\frac{x(-1+7n)x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)}{12n^2} - \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{x^{-1+3n}(-1+3n)(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-1+3n}bx^n}{x} \right)}{12n^2}$	75

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/3*a/n*(x^n)^3+1/4*b/n*(x^n)^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{3bx^{4n} + 4ax^{3n}}{12n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/12*(3*b*x^(4*n) + 4*a*x^(3*n))/n`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{axx^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{bxx^n x^{3n-1}}{4n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*n) + b*x*x**n*x**(3*n - 1)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0))  
, ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bx^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{ax^{3n}}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*b*x^(4*n)/n + 1/3*a*x^(3*n)/n`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n) dx = \int (bx^n + a)x^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)*x^(3*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{3n}(4a + 3bx^n)}{12n}$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(x^(3*n)*(4*a + 3*b*x^n))/(12*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{3n}(3x^n b + 4a)}{12n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(3*n)*(3*x**n*b + 4*a))/(12*n)`

### 3.376 $\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2577
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2577
Rubi [A] (verified)	2578
Maple [A] (verified)	2579
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2579
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2579
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2580
Giac [F]	2580
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2581
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2581

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{bx^{3n}}{3n}$$

output  $1/2*a*x^{(2*n)}/n+1/3*b*x^{(3*n)}/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{2n}(3a + 2bx^n)}{6n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n), x]`

output  $(x^{(2*n)}*(3*a + 2*b*x^n))/(6*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{2n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^{2n-1} + bx^{3n-1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{bx^{3n}}{3n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(a*x^(2*n))/(2*n) + (b*x^(3*n))/(3*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{a x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b x^{3n}}{3n}$	24
norman	$\frac{a e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{b e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n}$	28
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x x^n x^{2n-1} b + 3x x^{2n-1} a}{6n}$	32
orering	$\frac{x(-1+5n)x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)}{6n^2} - \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{x^{2n-1}(2n-1)(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{2n-1}bx^n}{x} \right)}{6n^2}$	75

input `int(x^(2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/2*a/n*(x^n)^2+1/3*b/n*(x^n)^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{2bx^{3n} + 3ax^{2n}}{6n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6*(2*b*x^(3*n) + 3*a*x^(2*n))/n`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{ax^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{bx^n x^{2n-1}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*n) + b*x*x**n*x**(2*n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0))  
, ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bx^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{ax^{2n}}{2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*b*x^(3*n)/n + 1/2*a*x^(2*n)/n`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n) dx = \int (bx^n + a)x^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{2n}(3a + 2bx^n)}{6n}$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(x^(2*n)*(3*a + 2*b*x^n))/(6*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{2n}(2x^n b + 3a)}{6n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*(2*x**n*b + 3*a))/(6*n)`

### 3.377 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2582
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2582
Rubi [A] (verified)	2583
Maple [A] (verified)	2584
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2584
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2584
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2585
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2585
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2586
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2586

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{2bn}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b*x^n)^2/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{2bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^2/(2*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^{n-1} + bx^{2n-1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^n}{n} + \frac{bx^{2n}}{2n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^n)/n + (b*x^(2*n))/(2*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{ax^n}{n} + \frac{bx^{2n}}{2n}$	21
norman	$\frac{ae^{n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{be^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n}$	25
parallelrisch	$\frac{xx^n x^{-1+n} b + 2x x^{-1+n} a}{2n}$	27
orering	$\frac{x(-1+3n)x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)}{2n^2} - \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{x^{-1+n}(-1+n)(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-1+n}bx^n}{x} \right)}{2n^2}$	67

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a/n*x^n+1/2*b/n*(x^n)^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bx^{2n} + 2ax^n}{2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/2*(b*x^(2*n) + 2*a*x^n)/n`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{axx^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{bxx^n x^{n-1}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x*x**(n - 1)/n + b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{2bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(b*x^n + a)^2/(b*n)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bx^{2n} + 2ax^n}{2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b*x^(2*n) + 2*a*x^n)/n`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^n \left(a + \frac{bx^n}{2}\right)}{n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n),x)`output `(x^n*(a + (b*x^n)/2))/n`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^n(x^n b + 2a)}{2n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`output `(x**n*(x**n*b + 2*a))/(2*n)`

### 3.378 $\int \frac{a+bx^n}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2587
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2587
Rubi [A] (verified)	2588
Maple [A] (verified)	2589
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2589
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2590
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2590
Giac [F]	2590
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2591
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2591

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 13

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n}{n} + a \log(x)$$

output `b*x^n/n+a*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n}{n} + \frac{a \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)/x,x]`

output `(b*x^n)/n + (a*Log[x^n])/n`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int \left( \frac{a}{x} + bx^{n-1} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$a \log(x) + \frac{bx^n}{n}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)/x,x]`

output `(b*x^n)/n + a*Log[x]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{bx^n}{n} + a \ln(x)$	14
norman	$a \ln(x) + \frac{be^{n \ln(x)}}{n}$	16
parallelrisch	$\frac{a \ln(x)n + bx^n}{n}$	16
derivativedivides	$\frac{bx^n + a \ln(x^n)}{n}$	17
default	$\frac{bx^n + a \ln(x^n)}{n}$	17

input `int((a+b*x^n)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `b*x^n/n+a*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{an \log(x) + bx^n}{n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(a*n*log(x) + b*x^n)/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \begin{cases} a \log(x) + \frac{bx^n}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)/x,x)`output `Piecewise((a*log(x) + b*x**n/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n}{n} + \frac{a \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b*x^n/n + a*log(x^n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)/x, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = a \ln(x) + \frac{bx^n}{n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/x,x)`

output `a*log(x) + (b*x^n)/n`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{x} dx = \frac{x^n b + \log(x) a n}{n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/x,x)`

output `(x**n*b + log(x)*a*n)/n`

### 3.379 $\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2592
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2592
Rubi [A] (verified)	2593
Maple [A] (verified)	2594
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2594
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2594
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2595
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2595
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2595
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2596

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{ax^{-n}}{n} + b \log(x)$$

output

```
-a/n/(x^n)+b*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{ax^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-(a/(n*x^n)) + (b*Log[x^n])/n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( ax^{-n-1} + \frac{b}{x} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$b \log(x) - \frac{ax^{-n}}{n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 - n)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-(a/(n*x^n)) + b*Log[x]
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_)+(b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{ax^{-n}}{n} + b \ln(x)$	17
norman	$(b \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)} - \frac{a}{n}) e^{-n \ln(x)}$	25

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-a/n/(x^n)+b*ln(x)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bnx^n \log(x) - a}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(b*n*x^n*log(x) - a)/(n*x^n)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{ax^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b \log(x^n)}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((-a/(n*x**n) + b*log(x**n)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx = b \log(x) - \frac{a}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b*log(x) - a/(n*x^n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bnx^n \log(x) - a}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `(b*n*x^n*log(x) - a)/(n*x^n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \ln(x) (a + b) & \text{if } n = 0 \\ b \ln(x) - \frac{a}{nx^n} & \text{if } n \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/x^(n + 1),x)`output `piecewise(n == 0, log(x)*(a + b), n ~= 0, b*log(x) - a/(n*x^n))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^n \log(x) bn - a}{x^n n}$$

input `int(x-1-n*(a+b*xn),x)`

output `(xn*log(x)*b*n - a)/(xn*n)`

### 3.380 $\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2597
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2597
Rubi [A] (verified)	2598
Maple [A] (verified)	2599
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2599
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2600
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2600
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2600
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2601
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2601

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 25

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{ax^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{bx^{-n}}{n}$$

output

```
-1/2*a/n/(x^(2*n))-b/n/(x^n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-2n}(-a - 2bx^n)}{2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(-a - 2*b*x^n)/(2*n*x^(2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-2n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^{-2n-1} + bx^{-n-1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{ax^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{bx^{-n}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `-1/2*a/(n*x^(2*n)) - b/(n*x^n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{bx^{-n}}{n} - \frac{ax^{-2n}}{2n}$	24
norman	$\left(-\frac{a}{2n} - \frac{be^{n \ln(x)}}{n}\right) e^{-2n \ln(x)}$	27
parallelrisch	$\frac{-2xx^nx^{-2n-1}b-xx^{-2n-1}a}{2n}$	32
orering	$-\frac{x(1+3n)x^{-2n-1}(a+bx^n)}{2n^2} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{x^{-2n-1}(-2n-1)(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-2n-1}bx^n}{x}\right)}{2n^2}$	75

input `int(x^(-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-b/n/(x^n)-1/2*a/n/(x^n)^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{2bx^n + a}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(2*b*x^n + a)/(n*x^(2*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{axx^{-2n-1}}{2n} - \frac{bxx^n x^{-2n-1}}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((-a*x*x**(-2*n - 1)/(2*n) - b*x*x**n*x**(-2*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{a}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{b}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*a/(n*x^(2*n)) - b/(n*x^n)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{2bx^n + a}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(2*b*x^n + a)/(n*x^(2*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{a + 2bx^n}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/x^(2*n + 1),x)`

output `-(a + 2*b*x^n)/(2*n*x^(2*n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{-2x^n b - a}{2x^{2n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - 2*x**n*b - a)/(2*x**(2*n)*n)`

### 3.381 $\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2602
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2602
Rubi [A] (verified)	2603
Maple [A] (verified)	2604
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2604
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2605
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2605
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2605
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2606
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2606

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{ax^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{bx^{-2n}}{2n}$$

output

```
-1/3*a/n/(x^(3*n))-1/2*b/n/(x^(2*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-3n}(-2a - 3bx^n)}{6n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(-2*a - 3*b*x^n)/(6*n*x^(3*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-3n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^{-3n-1} + bx^{-2n-1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{ax^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{bx^{-2n}}{2n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `-1/3*a/(n*x^(3*n)) - b/(2*n*x^(2*n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{bx^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{ax^{-3n}}{3n}$	24
norman	$\left(-\frac{a}{3n} - \frac{be^{n \ln(x)}}{2n}\right) e^{-3n \ln(x)}$	27
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3xx^n x^{-1-3n}b + 2xx^{-1-3n}a}{6n}$	32
orering	$-\frac{x(5n+1)x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)}{6n^2} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{x^{-1-3n}(-1-3n)(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-1-3n}bx^n}{x}\right)}{6n^2}$	75

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/2*b/n/(x^n)^2-1/3*a/n/(x^n)^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3bx^n + 2a}{6nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/6*(3*b*x^n + 2*a)/(n*x^(3*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{axx^{-3n-1}}{3n} - \frac{bxx^n x^{-3n-1}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((-a*x*x**(-3*n - 1)/(3*n) - b*x*x**n*x**(-3*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{a}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{b}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*a/(n*x^(3*n)) - 1/2*b/(n*x^(2*n))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3bx^n + 2a}{6nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(3*b*x^n + 2*a)/(n*x^(3*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{2a + 3bx^n}{6nx^{3n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/x^(3*n + 1),x)`

output `-(2*a + 3*b*x^n)/(6*n*x^(3*n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{-3x^nb - 2a}{6x^{3n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - 3*x**n*b - 2*a)/(6*x**(3*n)*n)`

### 3.382 $\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2607
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2607
Rubi [A] (verified)	2608
Maple [A] (verified)	2609
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2609
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2610
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2610
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2610
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2611
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2611

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{ax^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{bx^{-3n}}{3n}$$

output `-1/4*a/n/(x^(4*n))-1/3*b/n/(x^(3*n))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-4n}(-3a - 4bx^n)}{12n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - 4*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(-3*a - 4*b*x^n)/(12*n*x^(4*n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-4n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^{-4n-1} + bx^{-3n-1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{ax^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{bx^{-3n}}{3n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 4*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `-1/4*a/(n*x^(4*n)) - b/(3*n*x^(3*n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{bx^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{ax^{-4n}}{4n}$	24
norman	$\left(-\frac{a}{4n} - \frac{be^{n \ln(x)}}{3n}\right) e^{-4n \ln(x)}$	27
parallelrisch	$-\frac{4xx^n x^{-4n-1}b+3xx^{-4n-1}a}{12n}$	32
orering	$-\frac{x(7n+1)x^{-4n-1}(a+bx^n)}{12n^2} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{x^{-4n-1}(-4n-1)(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-4n-1}bx^n}{x}\right)}{12n^2}$	75

input `int(x^(-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/3*b/n/(x^n)^3-1/4*a/n/(x^n)^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{4bx^n + 3a}{12nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/12*(4*b*x^n + 3*a)/(n*x^(4*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{axx^{-4n-1}}{4n} - \frac{bxx^n x^{-4n-1}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((-a*x*x**(-4*n - 1)/(4*n) - b*x*x**n*x**(-4*n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{a}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{b}{3nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*a/(n*x^(4*n)) - 1/3*b/(n*x^(3*n))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{4bx^n + 3a}{12nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/12*(4*b*x^n + 3*a)/(n*x^(4*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{3a + 4bx^n}{12nx^{4n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/x^(4*n + 1),x)`

output `-(3*a + 4*b*x^n)/(12*n*x^(4*n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{-4x^nb - 3a}{12x^{4n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - 4*x**n*b - 3*a)/(12*x**(4*n)*n)`



### 3.383 $\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	2612
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2612
Rubi [A] (verified)	2613
Maple [A] (verified)	2614
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2614
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2615
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2615
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2615
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2616
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2616

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{ax^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{bx^{-4n}}{4n}$$

output

```
-1/5*a/n/(x^(5*n))-1/4*b/n/(x^(4*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^{-5n}(-4a - 5bx^n)}{20n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 5*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(-4*a - 5*b*x^n)/(20*n*x^(5*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-5n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^{-5n-1} + bx^{-4n-1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$-\frac{ax^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{bx^{-4n}}{4n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 5*n)*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `-1/5*a/(n*x^(5*n)) - b/(4*n*x^(4*n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{bx^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{ax^{-5n}}{5n}$	24
norman	$\left(-\frac{a}{5n} - \frac{be^{n \ln(x)}}{4n}\right) e^{-5n \ln(x)}$	27
parallelrisch	$-\frac{5xx^n x^{-1-5n}b + 4xx^{-1-5n}a}{20n}$	32
orering	$-\frac{x(9n+1)x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)}{20n^2} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{x^{-1-5n}(-1-5n)(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-1-5n}bx^n}{x}\right)}{20n^2}$	75

input `int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/4*b/n/(x^n)^4-1/5*a/n/(x^n)^5`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{5bx^n + 4a}{20nx^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/20*(5*b*x^n + 4*a)/(n*x^(5*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{axx^{-5n-1}}{5n} - \frac{bxx^n x^{-5n-1}}{4n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((-a*x*x**(-5*n - 1)/(5*n) - b*x*x**n*x**(-5*n - 1)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{a}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{b}{4nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/5*a/(n*x^(5*n)) - 1/4*b/(n*x^(4*n))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{5bx^n + 4a}{20nx^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/20*(5*b*x^n + 4*a)/(n*x^(5*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx = -\frac{4a + 5bx^n}{20nx^{5n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/x^(5*n + 1),x)`

output `-(4*a + 5*b*x^n)/(20*n*x^(5*n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{-5x^nb - 4a}{20x^{5n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - 5*x**n*b - 4*a)/(20*x**(5*n)*n)`

### 3.384 $\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2617
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2617
Rubi [A] (verified)	2618
Maple [A] (verified)	2619
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2619
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2620
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2620
Giac [F]	2620
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2621
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2621

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{2abx^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{b^2 x^{6n}}{6n}$$

output

$$1/4*a^2*x^(4*n)/n+2/5*a*b*x^(5*n)/n+1/6*b^2*x^(6*n)/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{4n}(15a^2 + 24abx^n + 10b^2x^{2n})}{60n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

$$(x^{4*n}*(15*a^2 + 24*a*b*x^n + 10*b^2*x^{2*n}))/60*n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{4n-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{3n}(bx^n+a)^2 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int (a^2x^{3n}+2abx^{4n}+b^2x^{5n}) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}a^2x^{4n}+\frac{2}{5}abx^{5n}+\frac{1}{6}b^2x^{6n}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `((a^2*x^(4*n))/4 + (2*a*b*x^(5*n))/5 + (b^2*x^(6*n))/6)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{2abx^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{b^2 x^{6n}}{6n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{10x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1+4n} b^2 + 24x x^n x^{-1+4n} ab + 15x x^{-1+4n} a^2}{60n}$
orering	$\frac{x(74n^2 - 15n + 1)x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^2}{120n^3} - \frac{x^2(-1+5n)\left(\frac{x^{-1+4n}(-1+4n)(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{40n^3} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{x^{-1+4n}}{x}\right)}{40n^3}$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*b^2/n*(x^n)^6+2/5*a*b/n*(x^n)^5+1/4*a^2/n*(x^n)^4`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{10b^2x^{6n} + 24abx^{5n} + 15a^2x^{4n}}{60n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/60*(10*b^2*x^(6*n) + 24*a*b*x^(5*n) + 15*a^2*x^(4*n))/n`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2xx^{4n-1}}{4n} + \frac{2abxx^n x^{4n-1}}{5n} + \frac{b^2xx^{2n}x^{4n-1}}{6n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*x*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*n) + 2*a*b*x*x**n*x**(4*n - 1)/(5*n) + b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(6*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{2abx^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{a^2x^{4n}}{4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*b^2*x^(6*n)/n + 2/5*a*b*x^(5*n)/n + 1/4*a^2*x^(4*n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^2 x^{4n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2*x^(4*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{4n}(15a^2 + 10b^2x^{2n} + 24abx^n)}{60n}$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x^(4*n)*(15*a^2 + 10*b^2*x^(2*n) + 24*a*b*x^n))/(60*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{4n}(10x^{2n}b^2 + 24x^na b + 15a^2)}{60n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x**(4*n)*(10*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 24*x**n*a*b + 15*a**2))/(60*n)`

### 3.385 $\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2622
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2622
Rubi [A] (verified)	2623
Maple [A] (verified)	2624
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2624
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2625
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2625
Giac [F]	2625
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2626
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2626

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{abx^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{b^2 x^{5n}}{5n}$$

output

$$1/3*a^2*x^(3*n)/n+1/2*a*b*x^(4*n)/n+1/5*b^2*x^(5*n)/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{3n}(10a^2 + 15abx^n + 6b^2x^{2n})}{30n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

$$(x^{3*n}*(10*a^2 + 15*a*b*x^n + 6*b^2*x^{2*n}))/30*n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{2n}(bx^n+a)^2 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int (a^2x^{2n}+2abx^{3n}+b^2x^{4n}) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{3}a^2x^{3n}+\frac{1}{2}abx^{4n}+\frac{1}{5}b^2x^{5n}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `((a^2*x^(3*n))/3 + (a*b*x^(4*n))/2 + (b^2*x^(5*n))/5)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{abx^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{b^2 x^{5n}}{5n}$
norman	$\frac{a^2 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n} + \frac{b^2 e^{5n \ln(x)}}{5n} + \frac{ab e^{4n \ln(x)}}{2n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1+3n} b^2 + 15x x^n x^{-1+3n} ab + 10x x^{-1+3n} a^2}{30n}$
orering	$\frac{x(47n^2 - 12n + 1)x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{60n^3} - \frac{x^2(-1+4n)\left(\frac{x^{-1+3n}(-1+3n)(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{20n^3} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{x^{-1+3n}}{x}\right)}{20n^3}$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*a^2/n*(x^n)^3+1/5*b^2/n*(x^n)^5+1/2*a*b/n*(x^n)^4`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{6b^2x^{5n} + 15abx^{4n} + 10a^2x^{3n}}{30n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/30*(6*b^2*x^(5*n) + 15*a*b*x^(4*n) + 10*a^2*x^(3*n))/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2xx^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{abxx^n x^{3n-1}}{2n} + \frac{b^2xx^{2n}x^{3n-1}}{5n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*n) + a*b*x*x**n*x**(3*n - 1)/(2*n) + b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(5*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{abx^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{a^2x^{3n}}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/5*b^2*x^(5*n)/n + 1/2*a*b*x^(4*n)/n + 1/3*a^2*x^(3*n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^2 x^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2*x^(3*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{3n}(10a^2 + 6b^2x^{2n} + 15abx^n)}{30n}$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x^(3*n)*(10*a^2 + 6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 15*a*b*x^n))/(30*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{3n}(6x^{2n}b^2 + 15x^na b + 10a^2)}{30n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x**(3*n)*(6*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 15*x**n*a*b + 10*a**2))/(30*n)`

### 3.386 $\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2627
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2627
Rubi [A] (verified)	2628
Maple [A] (verified)	2629
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2629
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2630
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2630
Giac [F]	2630
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2631
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2631

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{2abx^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{b^2 x^{4n}}{4n}$$

output

$$1/2*a^2*x^(2*n)/n+2/3*a*b*x^(3*n)/n+1/4*b^2*x^(4*n)/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{2n}(6a^2 + 8abx^n + 3b^2x^{2n})}{12n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

$$(x^(2*n)*(6*a^2 + 8*a*b*x^n + 3*b^2*x^(2*n)))/(12*n)$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \int \frac{x^n(bx^n+a)^2 dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \int \frac{(a^2x^n+2abx^{2n}+b^2x^{3n}) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{2}a^2x^{2n} + \frac{2}{3}abx^{3n} + \frac{1}{4}b^2x^{4n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `((a^2*x^(2*n))/2 + (2*a*b*x^(3*n))/3 + (b^2*x^(4*n))/4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{2abx^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{b^2 x^{4n}}{4n}$
norman	$\frac{a^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{b^2 e^{4n \ln(x)}}{4n} + \frac{2ab e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3x^2 x^{2n} x^{2n-1} b^2 + 8x x^n x^{2n-1} ab + 6x x^{2n-1} a^2}{12n}$
orering	$\frac{x(26n^2 - 9n + 1)x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^2}{24n^3} - \frac{x^2(-1+3n)\left(\frac{x^{2n-1}(2n-1)(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{8n^3} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{x^{2n-1}(2n-1)^2(a+bx^n)^2}{x^2} + \frac{2x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{8n^3}$

input `int(x^(2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a^2/n*(x^n)^2+1/4*b^2/n*(x^n)^4+2/3*a*b/n*(x^n)^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{3b^2x^{4n} + 8abx^{3n} + 6a^2x^{2n}}{12n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*b^2*x^(4*n) + 8*a*b*x^(3*n) + 6*a^2*x^(2*n))/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2xx^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{2abxx^nx^{2n-1}}{3n} + \frac{b^2xx^{2n}x^{2n-1}}{4n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*n) + 2*a*b*x*x**n*x**(2*n - 1)/(3*n) + b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{2abx^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{a^2x^{2n}}{2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/4*b^2*x^(4*n)/n + 2/3*a*b*x^(3*n)/n + 1/2*a^2*x^(2*n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^2 x^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{2n}(6a^2 + 3b^2x^{2n} + 8abx^n)}{12n}$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x^(2*n)*(6*a^2 + 3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 8*a*b*x^n))/(12*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{2n}(3x^{2n}b^2 + 8x^na b + 6a^2)}{12n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x**(2*n)*(3*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 8*x**n*a*b + 6*a**2))/(12*n)`

### 3.387 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2632
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2632
Rubi [A] (verified)	2633
Maple [B] (verified)	2633
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2634
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2634
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2635
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2635
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2635
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2636

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{3bn}$$

output

```
1/3*(a+b*x^n)^3/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{3bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^3/(3*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{3bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(a + b*x^n)^3/(3*b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 35 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 x^n}{n} + \frac{ab x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{b^2 x^{3n}}{3n}$
norman	$\frac{a^2 e^{n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{ab e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{b^2 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x x^{2n} x^{-1+n} b^2 + 3x x^n x^{-1+n} ab + 3x x^{-1+n} a^2}{3n}$
orering	$\frac{x(11n^2 - 6n + 1)x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2}{6n^3} - \frac{x^2(2n-1)\left(\frac{x^{-1+n}(-1+n)(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{2n^3} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{x^{-1+n}(-1+n)^2}{x^2}\right)}{2n^3}$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2/n*x^n+a*b/n*(x^n)^2+1/3*b^2/n*(x^n)^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 x^{3n} + 3abx^{2n} + 3a^2 x^n}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(b^2*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*x^n)/n`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 53 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 x x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{ab x x^n x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{b^2 x x^{2n} x^{n-1}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x*x**(n - 1)/n + a*b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/n + b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^3}{3bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(b*x^n + a)^3/(b*n)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2x^{3n} + 3abx^{2n} + 3a^2x^n}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(b^2*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*x^n)/n`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^n \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{3} + abx^n \right)}{n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`



output  $(x^n(a^2 + (b^2x^{2n})/3 + a*b*x^n))/n$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^n(x^{2n}b^2 + 3x^na b + 3a^2)}{3n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output  $(x**n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 3*x**n*a*b + 3*a**2))/(3*n)$

$$3.388 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	2637
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2637
Rubi [A] (verified)	2638
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2639
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2639
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2640
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2640
Giac [F]	2640
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2641
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2641

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{2abx^n}{n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{2n} + a^2 \log(x)$$

output  $2*a*b*x^n/n+1/2*b^2*x^{(2*n)}/n+a^2*\ln(x)$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n(4a + bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{a^2 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[(a + b*x^n)^2/x, x]$

output  $(b*x^n*(4*a + b*x^n))/(2*n) + (a^2*\text{Log}[x^n])/n$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \int \frac{x^{-n}(bx^n + a)^2 dx^n}{n} \\ \downarrow 49 \\ \int \frac{(a^2x^{-n} + b^2x^n + 2ab) dx^n}{n} \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{a^2 \log(x^n) + 2abx^n + \frac{1}{2}b^2x^{2n}}{n} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^2/x,x]`

output `(2*a*b*x^n + (b^2*x^(2*n))/2 + a^2*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2 \ln(x^n)}{n}$	31
default	$\frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2 \ln(x^n)}{n}$	31
risch	$\frac{2abx^n}{n} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{2n} + a^2 \ln(x)$	31
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 2a^2 \ln(x)n + 4abx^n}{2n}$	31
norman	$a^2 \ln(x) + \frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{2ab e^{n \ln(x)}}{n}$	35

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/n*(1/2*b^2*(x^n)^2+2*a*b*x^n+a^2*ln(x^n))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{2a^2 n \log(x) + b^2 x^{2n} + 4abx^n}{2n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*a^2*n*log(x) + b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a*b*x^n)/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \begin{cases} a^2 \log(x) + \frac{2abx^n}{n} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2/x,x)`output `Piecewise((a**2*log(x) + 2*a*b*x**n/n + b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{a^2 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 4abx^n}{2n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*log(x^n)/n + 1/2*(b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a*b*x^n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2/x, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{b^2 x^{2n} + 4abx^n + 2a^2 n \ln(x)}{2n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x,x)`output `(b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a*b*x^n + 2*a^2*n*log(x))/(2*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{x} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^na b + 2 \log(x) a^2n}{2n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/x,x)`output `(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*a*b + 2*log(x)*a**2*n)/(2*n)`

### 3.389 $\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2642
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2642
Rubi [A] (verified)	2643
Maple [A] (verified)	2644
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2644
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2645
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2645
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2645
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2646
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2646

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b^2x^n}{n} + 2ab \log(x)$$

output

```
-a^2/n/(x^n)+b^2*x^n/n+2*a*b*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2x^{-n} - b^2x^n - 2ab \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
-((a^2/x^n - b^2*x^n - 2*a*b*Log[x^n])/n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-n-1}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-2n}(bx^n + a)^2 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int (a^2x^{-2n} + 2abx^{-n} + b^2) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-a^2x^{-n} + 2ab \log(x^n) + b^2x^n}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(-(a^2/x^n) + b^2*x^n + 2*a*b*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`



rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{a^2x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b^2x^n}{n} + 2ab \ln(x)$	31
norman	$\left(\frac{b^2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n} + 2ab \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^2}{n}\right) e^{-n \ln(x)}$	43

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-a^2/n/(x^n)+b^2*x^n/n+2*a*b*ln(x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2abnx^n \log(x) + b^2x^{2n} - a^2}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(2*a*b*n*x^n*log(x) + b^2*x^(2*n) - a^2)/(n*x^n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{2ab\log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{b^2x^n}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**2/(n*x**n) + 2*a*b*log(x**n)/n + b**2*x**n/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = 2ab\log(x) + \frac{b^2x^n}{n} - \frac{a^2}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*a*b*log(x) + b^2*x^n/n - a^2/(n*x^n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2abnx^n \log(x) + b^2x^{2n} - a^2}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(2*a*b*n*x^n*log(x) + b^2*x^(2*n) - a^2)/(n*x^n)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = 2ab \ln(x) + \frac{b^2 x^n}{n} - \frac{a^2}{n x^n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x^(n + 1),x)`output `2*a*b*log(x) + (b^2*x^n)/n - a^2/(n*x^n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^n \log(x) abn - a^2}{x^n n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*log(x)*a*b*n - a**2)/(x**n*n)`

### 3.390 $\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2647
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2647
Rubi [A] (verified)	2648
Maple [A] (verified)	2649
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2649
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2650
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2650
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2650
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2651
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2651

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{2abx^{-n}}{n} + b^2 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^2/n/(x^(2*n))-2*a*b/n/(x^n)+b^2*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{ax^{-2n}(a + 4bx^n)}{2n} + \frac{b^2 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(a*(a + 4*b*x^n))/(n*x^(2*n)) + (b^2*Log[x^n])/n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-2n-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\int x^{-3n}(bx^n+a)^2 dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{\int (a^2x^{-3n}+2abx^{-2n}+b^2x^{-n}) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}a^2x^{-2n}-2abx^{-n}+b^2\log(x^n)}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(-1/2*a^2/x^(2*n) - (2*a*b)/x^n + b^2*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
risch	$b^2 \ln(x) - \frac{2abx^{-n}}{n} - \frac{a^2x^{-2n}}{2n}$	33
norman	$\left(b^2 \ln(x) e^{2n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^2}{2n} - \frac{2abe^{n \ln(x)}}{n}\right) e^{-2n \ln(x)}$	43

input `int(x^(-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^2*ln(x)-2*a*b/n/(x^n)-1/2*a^2/n/(x^n)^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2b^2nx^{2n} \log(x) - 4abx^n - a^2}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) - 4*a*b*x^n - a^2)/(n*x^(2*n))`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{2abx^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b^2 \log(x^n)}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**2/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*a*b/(n*x**n) + b**2*log(x**n)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = b^2 \log(x) - \frac{a^2}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{2ab}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^2*log(x) - 1/2*a^2/(n*x^(2*n)) - 2*a*b/(n*x^n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2b^2nx^{2n} \log(x) - 4abx^n - a^2}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(2*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) - 4*a*b*x^n - a^2)/(n*x^(2*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = b^2 \ln(x) - \frac{a^2}{2n x^{2n}} - \frac{2ab}{n x^n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x^(2*n + 1),x)`output `b^2*log(x) - a^2/(2*n*x^(2*n)) - (2*a*b)/(n*x^n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2x^{2n}\log(x)b^2n - 4x^na b - a^2}{2x^{2n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(2*x**(2*n)*log(x)*b**2*n - 4*x**n*a*b - a**2)/(2*x**(2*n)*n)`



### 3.391 $\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2652
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2652
Rubi [A] (verified)	2653
Maple [A] (verified)	2654
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2654
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2655
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2655
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2655
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2656
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2656

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{x^{-3n}(a + bx^n)^3}{3an}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a+b*x^n)^3/a/n/(x^(3*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{-3n}(-a^2 - 3abx^n - 3b^2x^{2n})}{3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-a^2 - 3*a*b*x^n - 3*b^2*x^(2*n))/(3*n*x^(3*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-3n-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{x^{-3n}(a+bx^n)^3}{3an}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-1/3*(a + b*x^n)^3/(a*n*x^(3*n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^2 x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{ab x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{a^2 x^{-3n}}{3n}$
norman	$\left(-\frac{a^2}{3n} - \frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{ab e^{n \ln(x)}}{n}\right) e^{-3n \ln(x)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-3x x^{2n} x^{-1-3n} b^2 - 3x x^n x^{-1-3n} ab - x x^{-1-3n} a^2}{3n}$
orering	$-\frac{x(11n^2+6n+1)x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^2}{6n^3} - \frac{x^2(1+2n)\left(\frac{x^{-1-3n}(-1-3n)(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{2n^3} - x^3\left(\frac{x^{-1-3n}}{x}\right)$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-b^2/n/(x^n)-a*b/n/(x^n)^2-1/3*a^2/n/(x^n)^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{3b^2x^{2n} + 3abx^n + a^2}{3nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*(3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a*b*x^n + a^2)/(n*x^(3*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.71

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 x^{-3n-1}}{3n} - \frac{abx^n x^{-3n-1}}{n} - \frac{b^2 x^{2n} x^{-3n-1}}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**2*x*x**(-3*n - 1)/(3*n) - a*b*x*x**n*x**(-3*n - 1)/n - b**2*x*x**2*n*x**(-3*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{ab}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{b^2}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*a^2/(n*x^(3*n)) - a*b/(n*x^(2*n)) - b^2/(n*x^n)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{3b^2x^{2n} + 3abx^n + a^2}{3nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a*b*x^n + a^2)/(n*x^(3*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2 + 3b^2 x^{2n} + 3abx^n}{3nx^{3n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x^(3*n + 1),x)`output `-(a^2 + 3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a*b*x^n)/(3*n*x^(3*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{-3x^{2n}b^2 - 3x^nab - a^2}{3x^{3n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `( - 3*x**(2*n)*b**2 - 3*x**n*a*b - a**2)/(3*x**(3*n)*n)`

### 3.392 $\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2657
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2657
Rubi [A] (verified)	2658
Maple [A] (verified)	2659
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2659
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2660
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2660
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2660
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2661
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2661

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{2abx^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{b^2x^{-2n}}{2n}$$

output

```
-1/4*a^2/n/(x^(4*n))-2/3*a*b/n/(x^(3*n))-1/2*b^2/n/(x^(2*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{-4n}(-3a^2 - 8abx^n - 6b^2x^{2n})}{12n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-3*a^2 - 8*a*b*x^n - 6*b^2*x^(2*n))/(12*n*x^(4*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-4n-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-5n}(bx^n+a)^2 dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{\int (a^2x^{-5n}+2abx^{-4n}+b^2x^{-3n}) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{1}{4}a^2x^{-4n}-\frac{2}{3}abx^{-3n}-\frac{1}{2}b^2x^{-2n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(-1/4*a^2/x^(4*n) - (2*a*b)/(3*x^(3*n)) - b^2/(2*x^(2*n)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^2 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{2abx^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{a^2 x^{-4n}}{4n}$
norman	$\left(-\frac{a^2}{4n} - \frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} - \frac{2ab e^{n \ln(x)}}{3n}\right) e^{-4n \ln(x)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-6x^2 x^{2n} x^{-4n-1} b^2 - 8x x^n x^{-4n-1} ab - 3x x^{-4n-1} a^2}{12n}$
orering	$-\frac{x(26n^2+9n+1)x^{-4n-1}(a+bx^n)^2}{24n^3} - \frac{x^2(1+3n)\left(\frac{x^{-4n-1}(-4n-1)(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-4n-1}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{8n^3} - \frac{x^3\left(\frac{x^{-4n-1}}{x}\right)}{8n^3}$

input `int(x^(-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*b^2/n/(x^n)^2-2/3*a*b/n/(x^n)^3-1/4*a^2/n/(x^n)^4`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{6b^2x^{2n} + 8abx^n + 3a^2}{12nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/12*(6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 8*a*b*x^n + 3*a^2)/(n*x^(4*n))`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 x x^{-4n-1}}{4n} - \frac{2abx^n x^{-4n-1}}{3n} - \frac{b^2 x x^{2n} x^{-4n-1}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**2*x*x**(-4*n - 1)/(4*n) - 2*a*b*x*x**n*x**(-4*n - 1)/(3*n) - b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-4*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{2ab}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{b^2}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*a^2/(n*x^(4*n)) - 2/3*a*b/(n*x^(3*n)) - 1/2*b^2/(n*x^(2*n))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{6b^2x^{2n} + 8abx^n + 3a^2}{12nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/12*(6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 8*a*b*x^n + 3*a^2)/(n*x^(4*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{3a^2 + 6b^2 x^{2n} + 8abx^n}{12nx^{4n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x^(4*n + 1),x)`

output `-(3*a^2 + 6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 8*a*b*x^n)/(12*n*x^(4*n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{-6x^{2n}b^2 - 8x^nab - 3a^2}{12x^{4n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `( - 6*x**(2*n)*b**2 - 8*x**n*a*b - 3*a**2)/(12*x**(4*n)*n)`

### 3.393 $\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2662
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2662
Rubi [A] (verified)	2663
Maple [A] (verified)	2664
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2664
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2665
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2665
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2665
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2666
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2666

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{abx^{-4n}}{2n} - \frac{b^2 x^{-3n}}{3n}$$

output

```
-1/5*a^2/n/(x^(5*n))-1/2*a*b/n/(x^(4*n))-1/3*b^2/n/(x^(3*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{-5n}(-6a^2 - 15abx^n - 10b^2x^{2n})}{30n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 5*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-6*a^2 - 15*a*b*x^n - 10*b^2*x^(2*n))/(30*n*x^(5*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-5n-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-6n}(bx^n+a)^2 dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{\int (a^2x^{-6n}+2abx^{-5n}+b^2x^{-4n}) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{1}{5}a^2x^{-5n}-\frac{1}{2}abx^{-4n}-\frac{1}{3}b^2x^{-3n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 5*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(-1/5*a^2/x^(5*n) - (a*b)/(2*x^(4*n)) - b^2/(3*x^(3*n)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^2 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{ab x^{-4n}}{2n} - \frac{a^2 x^{-5n}}{5n}$
norman	$\left(-\frac{a^2}{5n} - \frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{3n} - \frac{ab e^{n \ln(x)}}{2n}\right) e^{-5n \ln(x)}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{10x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-5n} b^2 + 15x x^n x^{-1-5n} ab + 6x x^{-1-5n} a^2}{30n}$
orering	$-\frac{x(47n^2 + 12n + 1)x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^2}{60n^3} - \frac{x^2(1+4n)\left(\frac{x^{-1-5n}(-1-5n)(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{20n^3} - \frac{x^3\left(\frac{x^{-1-5n}}{x}\right)}{20n^3}$

input `int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*b^2/n/(x^n)^3-1/2*a*b/n/(x^n)^4-1/5*a^2/n/(x^n)^5`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{10b^2x^{2n} + 15abx^n + 6a^2}{30nx^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/30*(10*b^2*x^(2*n) + 15*a*b*x^n + 6*a^2)/(n*x^(5*n))`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 x^{-5n-1}}{5n} - \frac{abx^n x^{-5n-1}}{2n} - \frac{b^2 x^{2n} x^{-5n-1}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**2*x*x**(-5*n - 1)/(5*n) - a*b*x*x**n*x**(-5*n - 1)/(2*n) - b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-5*n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{ab}{2nx^{4n}} - \frac{b^2}{3nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5*a^2/(n*x^(5*n)) - 1/2*a*b/(n*x^(4*n)) - 1/3*b^2/(n*x^(3*n))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{10b^2x^{2n} + 15abx^n + 6a^2}{30nx^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/30*(10*b^2*x^(2*n) + 15*a*b*x^n + 6*a^2)/(n*x^(5*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{6a^2 + 10b^2x^{2n} + 15abx^n}{30nx^{5n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x^(5*n + 1),x)`output `-(6*a^2 + 10*b^2*x^(2*n) + 15*a*b*x^n)/(30*n*x^(5*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{-10x^{2n}b^2 - 15x^na b - 6a^2}{30x^{5n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `( - 10*x**(2*n)*b**2 - 15*x**n*a*b - 6*a**2)/(30*x**(5*n)*n)`

### 3.394 $\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	2667
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2667
Rubi [A] (verified)	2668
Maple [A] (verified)	2669
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2669
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2670
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2670
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2670
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2671
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2671

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2x^{-6n}}{6n} - \frac{2abx^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{b^2x^{-4n}}{4n}$$

output

```
-1/6*a^2/n/(x^(6*n))-2/5*a*b/n/(x^(5*n))-1/4*b^2/n/(x^(4*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^{-6n}(-10a^2 - 24abx^n - 15b^2x^{2n})}{60n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 6*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(-10*a^2 - 24*a*b*x^n - 15*b^2*x^(2*n))/(60*n*x^(6*n))
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-6n-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-7n}(bx^n+a)^2 dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{\int (a^2x^{-7n}+2abx^{-6n}+b^2x^{-5n}) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{1}{6}a^2x^{-6n}-\frac{2}{5}abx^{-5n}-\frac{1}{4}b^2x^{-4n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 6*n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(-1/6*a^2/x^(6*n) - (2*a*b)/(5*x^(5*n)) - b^2/(4*x^(4*n)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^2x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{2abx^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{a^2x^{-6n}}{6n}$
parallelrisc	$-\frac{15x^{2n}x^{-1-6n}b^2+24x^{2n}x^{-1-6n}ab+10x^{2n}x^{-1-6n}a^2}{60n}$
orering	$-\frac{x(74n^2+15n+1)x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^2}{120n^3} - \frac{x^2(5n+1)\left(\frac{x^{-1-6n}(-1-6n)(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{40n^3} - \frac{x^3\left(\frac{x^{-1-6n}}{x}\right)}{40n^3}$

input `int(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/4*b^2/n/(x^n)^4-2/5*a*b/n/(x^n)^5-1/6*a^2/n/(x^n)^6`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{15b^2x^{2n} + 24abx^n + 10a^2}{60nx^{6n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/60*(15*b^2*x^(2*n) + 24*a*b*x^n + 10*a^2)/(n*x^(6*n))`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^2 x x^{-6n-1}}{6n} - \frac{2abx^n x^{-6n-1}}{5n} - \frac{b^2 x x^{2n} x^{-6n-1}}{4n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**2*x*x**(-6*n - 1)/(6*n) - 2*a*b*x*x**n*x**(-6*n - 1)/(5*n) - b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-6*n - 1)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{a^2}{6nx^{6n}} - \frac{2ab}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{b^2}{4nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*a^2/(n*x^(6*n)) - 2/5*a*b/(n*x^(5*n)) - 1/4*b^2/(n*x^(4*n))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{15b^2x^{2n} + 24abx^n + 10a^2}{60nx^{6n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(15*b^2*x^(2*n) + 24*a*b*x^n + 10*a^2)/(n*x^(6*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = -\frac{10a^2 + 15b^2x^{2n} + 24abx^n}{60nx^{6n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/x^(6*n + 1),x)`output `-(10*a^2 + 15*b^2*x^(2*n) + 24*a*b*x^n)/(60*n*x^(6*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{-15x^{2n}b^2 - 24x^nab - 10a^2}{60x^{6n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `( - 15*x**(2*n)*b**2 - 24*x**n*a*b - 10*a**2)/(60*x**(6*n)*n)`

### 3.395 $\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2672
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2672
Rubi [A] (verified)	2673
Maple [A] (verified)	2674
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2674
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2675
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2675
Giac [F]	2675
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2676
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2676

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{3a^2bx^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{ab^2x^{6n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3x^{7n}}{7n}$$

output

$1/4*a^3*x^(4*n)/n+3/5*a^2*b*x^(5*n)/n+1/2*a*b^2*x^(6*n)/n+1/7*b^3*x^(7*n)/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{4n}(35a^3 + 84a^2bx^n + 70ab^2x^{2n} + 20b^3x^{3n})}{140n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output

$(x^{(4*n)}*(35*a^3 + 84*a^2*b*x^n + 70*a*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 20*b^3*x^{(3*n)}))/(140*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{4n-1}(a + bx^n)^3 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{3n}(bx^n + a)^3 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int (a^3x^{3n} + 3a^2bx^{4n} + 3ab^2x^{5n} + b^3x^{6n}) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{4}a^3x^{4n} + \frac{3}{5}a^2bx^{5n} + \frac{1}{2}ab^2x^{6n} + \frac{1}{7}b^3x^{7n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `((a^3*x^(4*n))/4 + (3*a^2*b*x^(5*n))/5 + (a*b^2*x^(6*n))/2 + (b^3*x^(7*n))/7)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^3 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{a b^2 x^{6n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3 x^{7n}}{7n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{20x x^{3n} x^{-1+4n} b^3 + 70x x^{2n} x^{-1+4n} a b^2 + 84x x^n x^{-1+4n} a^2 b + 35x x^{-1+4n} a^3}{140n}$
orering	$\frac{x(638n^3 - 179n^2 + 22n - 1)x^{-1+4n}(a + b x^n)^3}{840n^4} - \frac{x^2(179n^2 - 66n + 7) \left( \frac{x^{-1+4n}(-1+4n)(a + b x^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{-1+4n}(a + b x^n)^2 b x^n}{x} \right)}{840n^4}$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{7} b^3/n * (x^n)^7 + \frac{1}{2} a*b^2/n * (x^n)^6 + \frac{3}{5} a^2*b/n * (x^n)^5 + \frac{1}{4} a^3/n * (x^n)^4$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + b x^n)^3 dx = \frac{20 b^3 x^{7n} + 70 a b^2 x^{6n} + 84 a^2 b x^{5n} + 35 a^3 x^{4n}}{140 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{n} (1/140 * (20 * b^3 * x^{(7*n)} + 70 * a * b^2 * x^{(6*n)} + 84 * a^2 * b * x^{(5*n)} + 35 * a^3 * x^{(4*n)}))$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 x^{4n-1}}{4n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^n x^{4n-1}}{5n} + \frac{ab^2 x^{2n} x^{4n-1}}{2n} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n} x^{4n-1}}{7n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((a**3*x*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*n) + 3*a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(4*n - 1)/(5*n) + a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(2*n) + b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(7*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{b^3 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{ab^2 x^{6n}}{2n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{a^3 x^{4n}}{4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*b^3*x^(7*n)/n + 1/2*a*b^2*x^(6*n)/n + 3/5*a^2*b*x^(5*n)/n + 1/4*a^3*x^(4*n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^3 x^{4n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^3*x^(4*n - 1), x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{b^3 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{a b^2 x^{6n}}{2n}$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^(4*n))/(4*n) + (b^3*x^(7*n))/(7*n) + (3*a^2*b*x^(5*n))/(5*n) + (a*b^2*x^(6*n))/(2*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{4n}(20x^{3n}b^3 + 70x^{2n}ab^2 + 84x^na^2b + 35a^3)}{140n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(x**(4*n)*(20*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 70*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 84*x**n*a**2*b + 35*a**3))/(140*n)`

### 3.396 $\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2677
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2677
Rubi [A] (verified)	2678
Maple [A] (verified)	2679
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2679
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2680
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2680
Giac [F]	2681
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2681
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2681

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{3a^2bx^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{b^3x^{6n}}{6n}$$

output

$1/3*a^3*x^(3*n)/n+3/4*a^2*b*x^(4*n)/n+3/5*a*b^2*x^(5*n)/n+1/6*b^3*x^(6*n)/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{3n}(20a^3 + 45a^2bx^n + 36ab^2x^{2n} + 10b^3x^{3n})}{60n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output

$(x^{(3*n)}*(20*a^3 + 45*a^2*b*x^n + 36*a*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 10*b^3*x^{(3*n)}))/(60*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{3n-1}(a + bx^n)^3 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{2n}(bx^n + a)^3 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int (a^3x^{2n} + 3a^2bx^{3n} + 3ab^2x^{4n} + b^3x^{5n}) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{3}a^3x^{3n} + \frac{3}{4}a^2bx^{4n} + \frac{3}{5}ab^2x^{5n} + \frac{1}{6}b^3x^{6n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `((a^3*x^(3*n))/3 + (3*a^2*b*x^(4*n))/4 + (3*a*b^2*x^(5*n))/5 + (b^3*x^(6*n))/6)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{b^3 x^{6n}}{6n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{10x x^{3n} x^{-1+3n} b^3 + 36x x^{2n} x^{-1+3n} a b^2 + 45x x^n x^{-1+3n} a^2 b + 20x x^{-1+3n} a^3}{60n}$
orering	$\frac{x(342n^3 - 119n^2 + 18n - 1)x^{-1+3n}(a + b x^n)^3}{360n^4} - \frac{x^2(119n^2 - 54n + 7) \left( \frac{x^{-1+3n}(-1+3n)(a + b x^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{-1+3n}(a + b x^n)^2 b x^n}{x} \right)}{360n^4}$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{6}b^3/n*(x^n)^6 + \frac{3}{5}a*b^2/n*(x^n)^5 + \frac{3}{4}a^2*b/n*(x^n)^4 + \frac{1}{3}a^3/n*(x^n)^3$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + b x^n)^3 dx = \frac{10 b^3 x^{6n} + 36 a b^2 x^{5n} + 45 a^2 b x^{4n} + 20 a^3 x^{3n}}{60 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{60}*(10*b^3*x^(6*n) + 36*a*b^2*x^(5*n) + 45*a^2*b*x^(4*n) + 20*a^3*x^(3*n))/n$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 x^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{2n} x^{3n-1}}{4n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n} x^{3n-1}}{5n} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n} x^{3n-1}}{6n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((a**3*x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*n) + 3*a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(3*n - 1)/(4*n) + 3*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(5*n) + b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(6*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{b^3 x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{a^3 x^{3n}}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/6*b^3*x^(6*n)/n + 3/5*a*b^2*x^(5*n)/n + 3/4*a^2*b*x^(4*n)/n + 1/3*a^3*x^(3*n)/n`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \int (bx^n+a)^3 x^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^3*x^(3*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{b^3 x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{5n}}{5n}$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(a^3*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (b^3*x^(6*n))/(6*n) + (3*a^2*b*x^(4*n))/(4*n) + (3*a*b^2*x^(5*n))/(5*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{3n}(10x^{3n}b^3 + 36x^{2n}ab^2 + 45x^na^2b + 20a^3)}{60n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(x**(3*n)*(10*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 36*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 45*x**n*a**2*b + 20*a**3))/(60*n)`

### 3.397 $\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2682
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2682
Rubi [A] (verified)	2683
Maple [A] (verified)	2684
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2684
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2685
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2685
Giac [F]	2685
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2686
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2686

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a(a + bx^n)^4}{4b^2n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{5b^2n}$$

output

```
-1/4*a*(a+b*x^n)^4/b^2/n+1/5*(a+b*x^n)^5/b^2/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{2n}(10a^3 + 20a^2bx^n + 15ab^2x^{2n} + 4b^3x^{3n})}{20n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x^(2*n)*(10*a^3 + 20*a^2*b*x^n + 15*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*b^3*x^(3*n)))/(20*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{2n-1}(a + bx^n)^3 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^n(bx^n + a)^3 dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \frac{\int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^4}{b} - \frac{a(bx^n+a)^3}{b} \right) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{(a+bx^n)^5}{5b^2} - \frac{a(a+bx^n)^4}{4b^2}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-1/4*(a*(a + b*x^n)^4)/b^2 + (a + b*x^n)^5/(5*b^2))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`



rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 b x^{3n}}{n} + \frac{a^3 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{3 a b^2 x^{4n}}{4n}$
norman	$\frac{a^2 b e^{3n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{a^3 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{b^3 e^{5n \ln(x)}}{5n} + \frac{3 a b^2 e^{4n \ln(x)}}{4n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{4 x x^{3n} x^{2n-1} b^3 + 15 x x^{2n} x^{2n-1} a b^2 + 20 x x^n x^{2n-1} a^2 b + 10 x x^{2n-1} a^3}{20n}$
orering	$\frac{x(154n^3 - 71n^2 + 14n - 1)x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^3}{120n^4} - \frac{x^2(71n^2 - 42n + 7) \left( \frac{x^{2n-1}(2n-1)(a+bx^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^2 b x^n}{x} \right)}{120n^4} + \dots$

input `int(x^(2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*b/n*(x^n)^3+1/2*a^3/n*(x^n)^2+1/5*b^3/n*(x^n)^5+3/4*a*b^2/n*(x^n)^4`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{4b^3x^{5n} + 15ab^2x^{4n} + 20a^2bx^{3n} + 10a^3x^{2n}}{20n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/20*(4*b^3*x^(5*n) + 15*a*b^2*x^(4*n) + 20*a^2*b*x^(3*n) + 10*a^3*x^(2*n))  
) / n`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 85 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 x^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{a^2 b x^n x^{2n-1}}{n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n} x^{2n-1}}{4n} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n} x^{2n-1}}{5n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x**x**(2*n - 1)/(2*n) + a**2*b*x**x**n*x**(2*n - 1)/n + 3*a*b**2*x**x**(2*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(4*n) + b**3*x**x**(3*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(5*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{b^3 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{a^2 b x^{3n}}{n} + \frac{a^3 x^{2n}}{2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*b^3*x^(5*n)/n + 3/4*a*b^2*x^(4*n)/n + a^2*b*x^(3*n)/n + 1/2*a^3*x^(2*n)/n`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^3 x^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^3*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{a^2 b x^{3n}}{n} + \frac{3 a b^2 x^{4n}}{4n}$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(a^3*x^(2*n))/(2*n) + (b^3*x^(5*n))/(5*n) + (a^2*b*x^(3*n))/n + (3*a*b^2*x^(4*n))/(4*n)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{2n}(4x^{3n}b^3 + 15x^{2n}ab^2 + 20x^na^2b + 10a^3)}{20n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*(4*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 15*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 20*x**n*a**2*b + 10*a**3))/(20*n)`

### 3.398 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2687
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2687
Rubi [A] (verified)	2688
Maple [B] (verified)	2688
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2689
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2689
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2690
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2690
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2691
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2691

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^4}{4bn}$$

output

```
1/4*(a+b*x^n)^4/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^4}{4bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^4/(4*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^4}{4bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(a + b*x^n)^4/(4*b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 51 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^3 x^n}{n} + \frac{a b^2 x^{3n}}{n} + \frac{b^3 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{2n}}{2n}$
norman	$\frac{a^3 e^{n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{a b^2 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{b^3 e^{4n \ln(x)}}{4n} + \frac{3a^2 b e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{x x^{3n} x^{-1+n} b^3 + 4x x^{2n} x^{-1+n} a b^2 + 6x x^n x^{-1+n} a^2 b + 4x x^{-1+n} a^3}{4n}$
orering	$\frac{x(50n^3 - 35n^2 + 10n - 1)x^{-1+n}(a + b x^n)^3}{24n^4} - \frac{x^2(35n^2 - 30n + 7) \left( \frac{x^{-1+n}(-1+n)(a + b x^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{-1+n}(a + b x^n)^2 b x^n}{x} \right)}{24n^4} + \dots$

```
input int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a^3/n*x^n+a*b^2/n*(x^n)^3+1/4*b^3/n*(x^n)^4+3/2*a^2*b/n*(x^n)^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + b x^n)^3 dx = \frac{b^3 x^{4n} + 4 a b^2 x^{3n} + 6 a^2 b x^{2n} + 4 a^3 x^n}{4 n}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/4*(b^3*x^(4*n) + 4*a*b^2*x^(3*n) + 6*a^2*b*x^(2*n) + 4*a^3*x^n)/n
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + b x^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^3 x x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{3a^2 b x x^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{a b^2 x x^{2n-1}}{n} + \frac{b^3 x x^{3n-1}}{4n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**3*x*x**(n - 1)/n + 3*a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/(2*n) + a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(n - 1)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^4}{4bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(b*x^n + a)^4/(b*n)`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 45 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.37

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{b^3x^{4n} + 4ab^2x^{3n} + 6a^2bx^{2n} + 4a^3x^n}{4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(b^3*x^(4*n) + 4*a*b^2*x^(3*n) + 6*a^2*b*x^(2*n) + 4*a^3*x^n)/n`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^n}{n} + \frac{b^3 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{a b^2 x^{3n}}{n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(a^3*x^n)/n + (b^3*x^(4*n))/(4*n) + (3*a^2*b*x^(2*n))/(2*n) + (a*b^2*x^(3*n))/n`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^n(x^{3n}b^3 + 4x^{2n}ab^2 + 6x^na^2b + 4a^3)}{4n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(x**n*(x**(3*n)*b**3 + 4*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 6*x**n*a**2*b + 4*a**3))/(4*n)`



### 3.399 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2692
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2692
Rubi [A] (verified)	2693
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2694
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2694
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2695
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2695
Giac [F]	2695
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2696
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2696

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{3a^2bx^n}{n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{3n} + a^3 \log(x)$$

output `3*a^2*b*x^n/n+3/2*a*b^2*x^(2*n)/n+1/3*b^3*x^(3*n)/n+a^3*ln(x)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n(18a^2 + 9abx^n + 2b^2x^{2n})}{6n} + \frac{a^3 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^3/x,x]`

output `(b*x^n*(18*a^2 + 9*a*b*x^n + 2*b^2*x^(2*n)))/(6*n) + (a^3*Log[x^n])/n`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \int x^{-n} (bx^n + a)^3 dx^n \\ \downarrow 49 \\ \int (a^3 x^{-n} + 3ab^2 x^n + b^3 x^{2n} + 3a^2 b) dx^n \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{a^3 \log(x^n) + 3a^2 b x^n + \frac{3}{2} ab^2 x^{2n} + \frac{1}{3} b^3 x^{3n}}{n} \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^3/x,x]`

output `(3*a^2*b*x^n + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/2 + (b^3*x^(3*n))/3 + a^3*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^3 x^{3n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^{2n}}{2} + 3a^2 b x^n + a^3 \ln(x^n)}{n}$	44
default	$\frac{b^3 x^{3n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^{2n}}{2} + 3a^2 b x^n + a^3 \ln(x^n)}{n}$	44
parallelrisch	$\frac{2b^3 x^{3n} + 9a b^2 x^{2n} + 6a^3 \ln(x)n + 18a^2 b x^n}{6n}$	45
risch	$\frac{3a^2 b x^n}{n} + \frac{3a b^2 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + a^3 \ln(x)$	47
norman	$a^3 \ln(x) + \frac{b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n} + \frac{3a b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{3a^2 b e^{n \ln(x)}}{n}$	53

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/n*(1/3*b^3*(x^n)^3+3/2*a*b^2*(x^n)^2+3*a^2*b*x^n+a^3*ln(x^n))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{6 a^3 n \log(x) + 2 b^3 x^{3n} + 9 a b^2 x^{2n} + 18 a^2 b x^n}{6 n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(6*a^3*n*log(x) + 2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 9*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 18*a^2*b*x^n)/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \begin{cases} a^3 \log(x) + \frac{3a^2bx^n}{n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**3/x,x)`output `Piecewise((a**3*log(x) + 3*a**2*b*x**n/n + 3*a*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n) + b**3*x**(3*n)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{a^3 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{2b^3x^{3n} + 9ab^2x^{2n} + 18a^2bx^n}{6n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^3*log(x^n)/n + 1/6*(2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 9*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 18*a^2*b*x^n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^3}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^3/x, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = a^3 \ln(x) + \frac{b^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{3a^2 b x^n}{n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{2n}}{2n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x,x)`output `a^3*log(x) + (b^3*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (3*a^2*b*x^n)/n + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n))/(2*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{x} dx = \frac{2x^{3n}b^3 + 9x^{2n}ab^2 + 18x^na^2b + 6\log(x)a^3n}{6n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3/x,x)`output `(2*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b + 6*log(x)*a**3*n)/(6*n)`

### 3.400 $\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2697
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2697
Rubi [A] (verified)	2698
Maple [A] (verified)	2699
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2699
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2700
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2700
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2700
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2701
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2701

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{3ab^2x^n}{n} + \frac{b^3x^{2n}}{2n} + 3a^2b \log(x)$$

output

```
-a^3/n/(x^n)+3*a*b^2*x^n/n+1/2*b^3*x^(2*n)/n+3*a^2*b*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{2a^3x^{-n} - 6ab^2x^n - b^3x^{2n} - 6a^2b \log(x^n)}{2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((2*a^3)/x^n - 6*a*b^2*x^n - b^3*x^(2*n) - 6*a^2*b*Log[x^n])/n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-n-1}(a + bx^n)^3 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-2n}(bx^n + a)^3 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int (a^3x^{-2n} + 3a^2bx^{-n} + b^3x^n + 3ab^2) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-a^3x^{-n} + 3a^2b \log(x^n) + 3ab^2x^n + \frac{1}{2}b^3x^{2n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-(a^3/x^n) + 3*a*b^2*x^n + (b^3*x^(2*n))/2 + 3*a^2*b*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
risch	$3a^2b \ln(x) + \frac{b^3x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{3ab^2x^n}{n} - \frac{a^3x^{-n}}{n}$	48
norman	$\left(3a^2b \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^3}{n} + \frac{b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{3ab^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n}\right) e^{-n \ln(x)}$	62

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*a^2*b*ln(x)+1/2*b^3/n*(x^n)^2+3*a*b^2*x^n/n-a^3/n/(x^n)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{6a^2bnx^n \log(x) + b^3x^{3n} + 6ab^2x^{2n} - 2a^3}{2nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(6*a^2*b*n*x^n*log(x) + b^3*x^(3*n) + 6*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a^3)/(n*x^n)`



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{3a^2b \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{3ab^2x^n}{n} + \frac{b^3x^{2n}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**3/(n*x**n) + 3*a**2*b*log(x**n)/n + 3*a*b**2*x**n/n + b**3*x**2n)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = 3a^2b \log(x) + \frac{b^3x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{3ab^2x^n}{n} - \frac{a^3}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3*a^2*b*log(x) + 1/2*b^3*x^(2*n)/n + 3*a*b^2*x^n/n - a^3/(n*x^n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{6a^2bnx^n \log(x) + b^3x^{3n} + 6ab^2x^{2n} - 2a^3}{2nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(6*a^2*b*n*x^n*log(x) + b^3*x^(3*n) + 6*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a^3)/(n*x^n)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = 3a^2 b \ln(x) - \frac{a^3}{n x^n} + \frac{b^3 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{3ab^2 x^n}{n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x^(n + 1),x)`output `3*a^2*b*log(x) - a^3/(n*x^n) + (b^3*x^(2*n))/(2*n) + (3*a*b^2*x^n)/n`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{3n}b^3 + 6x^{2n}ab^2 + 6x^n \log(x) a^2bn - 2a^3}{2x^n n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(x**(3*n)*b**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 6*x**n*log(x)*a**2*b*n - 2*a**3)/(2*x**n*n)`

### 3.401 $\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2702
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2702
Rubi [A] (verified)	2703
Maple [A] (verified)	2704
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2704
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2705
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2705
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2705
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2706
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2706

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{3a^2bx^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b^3x^n}{n} + 3ab^2 \log(x)$$

output

$$-1/2*a^3/n/(x^(2*n))-3*a^2*b/n/(x^n)+b^3*x^n/n+3*a*b^2*\ln(x)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3x^{-2n} + 6a^2bx^{-n} - 2b^3x^n - 6ab^2 \log(x^n)}{2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/2*(a^3/x^(2*n) + (6*a^2*b)/x^n - 2*b^3*x^n - 6*a*b^2*\text{Log}[x^n])/n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-2n-1}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-3n}(bx^n+a)^3 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int (a^3x^{-3n} + 3a^2bx^{-2n} + 3ab^2x^{-n} + b^3) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}a^3x^{-2n} - 3a^2bx^{-n} + 3ab^2 \log(x^n) + b^3x^n}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*a^3/x^(2*n) - (3*a^2*b)/x^n + b^3*x^n + 3*a*b^2*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
risch	$3ab^2 \ln(x) + \frac{b^3 x^n}{n} - \frac{3a^2 b x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{a^3 x^{-2n}}{2n}$	47
norman	$\left( \frac{b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{n} + 3ab^2 \ln(x) e^{2n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^3}{2n} - \frac{3a^2 b e^{n \ln(x)}}{n} \right) e^{-2n \ln(x)}$	61

input `int(x^(-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `3*a*b^2*ln(x)+b^3*x^n/n-3*a^2*b/n/(x^n)-1/2*a^3/n/(x^n)^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{6ab^2nx^{2n}\log(x) + 2b^3x^{3n} - 6a^2bx^n - a^3}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(6*a*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) + 2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 6*a^2*b*x^n - a^3)/(n*x^(2*n))`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{3a^2bx^{-n}}{n} + \frac{3ab^2\log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{b^3x^n}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**3/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - 3*a**2*b/(n*x**n) + 3*a*b**2*log(x**n)/n + b**3*x**n/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = 3ab^2 \log(x) + \frac{b^3x^n}{n} - \frac{a^3}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{3a^2b}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3*a*b^2*log(x) + b^3*x^n/n - 1/2*a^3/(n*x^(2*n)) - 3*a^2*b/(n*x^n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{6ab^2nx^{2n}\log(x) + 2b^3x^{3n} - 6a^2bx^n - a^3}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/2*(6*a*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) + 2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 6*a^2*b*x^n - a^3)/(n*x^(2*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{b^3 x^n}{n} + 3ab^2 \ln(x) - \frac{a^3}{2n x^{2n}} - \frac{3a^2 b}{n x^n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x^(2*n + 1),x)`output `(b^3*x^n)/n + 3*a*b^2*log(x) - a^3/(2*n*x^(2*n)) - (3*a^2*b)/(n*x^n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{2x^{3n}b^3 + 6x^{2n}\log(x)ab^2n - 6x^na^2b - a^3}{2x^{2n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(2*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*log(x)*a*b**2*n - 6*x**n*a**2*b - a**3)/(2*x** (2*n)*n)`

### 3.402 $\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2707
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2707
Rubi [A] (verified)	2708
Maple [A] (verified)	2709
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2709
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2710
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2710
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2710
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2711
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2711

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{3a^2bx^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{3ab^2x^{-n}}{n} + b^3 \log(x)$$

output

$$-1/3*a^3/n/(x^(3*n))-3/2*a^2*b/n/(x^(2*n))-3*a*b^2/n/(x^n)+b^3*ln(x)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{ax^{-3n}(2a^2 + 9abx^n + 18b^2x^{2n})}{6n} + \frac{b^3 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

$$-1/6*(a*(2*a^2 + 9*a*b*x^n + 18*b^2*x^(2*n)))/(n*x^(3*n)) + (b^3*Log[x^n])/n$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-3n-1}(a+bx^n)^3 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-4n}(bx^n+a)^3 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int (a^3x^{-4n} + 3a^2bx^{-3n} + 3ab^2x^{-2n} + b^3x^{-n}) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{1}{3}a^3x^{-3n} - \frac{3}{2}a^2bx^{-2n} - 3ab^2x^{-n} + b^3 \log(x^n)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-1/3*a^3/x^(3*n) - (3*a^2*b)/(2*x^(2*n)) - (3*a*b^2)/x^n + b^3*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$b^3 \ln(x) - \frac{3ab^2x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{3a^2bx^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{a^3x^{-3n}}{3n}$	49
norman	$\left(b^3 \ln(x) e^{3n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^3}{3n} - \frac{3ab^2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{3a^2be^{n \ln(x)}}{2n}\right) e^{-3n \ln(x)}$	61

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^3*ln(x)-3*a*b^2/n/(x^n)-3/2*a^2*b/n/(x^n)^2-1/3*a^3/n/(x^n)^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{6b^3nx^{3n} \log(x) - 18ab^2x^{2n} - 9a^2bx^n - 2a^3}{6nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(6*b^3*n*x^(3*n)*log(x) - 18*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 9*a^2*b*x^n - 2*a^3)/(n*x  
^(3*n))`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{3a^2bx^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{3ab^2x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b^3\log(x^n)}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**3/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 3*a**2*b/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - 3*a*b**2/(n*x**n) + b**3*log(x**n)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = b^3 \log(x) - \frac{a^3}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{3a^2b}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{3ab^2}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^3*log(x) - 1/3*a^3/(n*x^(3*n)) - 3/2*a^2*b/(n*x^(2*n)) - 3*a*b^2/(n*x^n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{6b^3nx^{3n}\log(x) - 18ab^2x^{2n} - 9a^2bx^n - 2a^3}{6nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(6*b^3*n*x^(3*n)*log(x) - 18*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 9*a^2*b*x^n - 2*a^3)/(n*x^(3*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = b^3 \ln(x) - \frac{a^3}{3n x^{3n}} - \frac{3ab^2}{n x^n} - \frac{3a^2b}{2n x^{2n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x^(3*n + 1),x)`output `b^3*log(x) - a^3/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (3*a*b^2)/(n*x^n) - (3*a^2*b)/(2*n*x^(2*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{6x^{3n}\log(x)b^3n - 18x^{2n}ab^2 - 9x^na^2b - 2a^3}{6x^{3n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(6*x**(3*n)*log(x)*b**3*n - 18*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 - 9*x**n*a**2*b - 2*a**3)/(6*x**(3*n)*n)`

### 3.403 $\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2712
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2712
Rubi [A] (verified)	2713
Maple [B] (verified)	2713
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2714
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2714
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2715
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2715
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2716
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2716

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{x^{-4n}(a + bx^n)^4}{4an}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a+b*x^n)^4/a/n/(x^(4*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{-4n}(-a^3 - 4a^2bx^n - 6ab^2x^{2n} - 4b^3x^{3n})}{4n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-a^3 - 4*a^2*b*x^n - 6*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 4*b^3*x^(3*n))/(4*n*x^(4*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-4n-1}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{x^{-4n}(a+bx^n)^4}{4an}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `-1/4*(a + b*x^n)^4/(a*n*x^(4*n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^3 x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{3ab^2 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{a^2 b x^{-3n}}{n} - \frac{a^3 x^{-4n}}{4n}$
norman	$\left(-\frac{a^3}{4n} - \frac{b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{3ab^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n} - \frac{a^2 b e^{n \ln(x)}}{n}\right) e^{-4n \ln(x)}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-4ax^{3n}x^{-4n-1}b^3 - 6ax^{2n}x^{-4n-1}ab^2 - 4ax^n x^{-4n-1}a^2 b - ax^{-4n-1}a^3}{4n}$
orering	$-\frac{x(50n^3+35n^2+10n+1)x^{-4n-1}(a+bx^n)^3}{24n^4} - \frac{x^2(35n^2+30n+7)\left(\frac{x^{-4n-1}(-4n-1)(a+bx^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{-4n-1}(a+bx^n)^2bx^n}{x}\right)}{24n^4}$

```
input int(x^(-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -b^3/n/(x^n)-3/2*a*b^2/n/(x^n)^2-a^2*b/n/(x^n)^3-1/4*a^3/n/(x^n)^4
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{4b^3x^{3n} + 6ab^2x^{2n} + 4a^2bx^n + a^3}{4nx^{4n}}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/4*(4*b^3*x^(3*n) + 6*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a^2*b*x^n + a^3)/(n*x^(4*n))
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs. 2(19) = 38.

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3xx^{-4n-1}}{4n} - \frac{a^2bxx^n x^{-4n-1}}{n} - \frac{3ab^2xx^{2n}x^{-4n-1}}{2n} - \frac{b^3xx^{3n}x^{-4n-1}}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**3*x*x**(-4*n - 1)/(4*n) - a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(-4*n - 1)/n - 3*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-4*n - 1)/(2*n) - b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(-4*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{a^2b}{nx^{3n}} - \frac{3ab^2}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{b^3}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/4*a^3/(n*x^(4*n)) - a^2*b/(n*x^(3*n)) - 3/2*a*b^2/(n*x^(2*n)) - b^3/(n*x^n)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{4b^3x^{3n} + 6ab^2x^{2n} + 4a^2bx^n + a^3}{4nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/4*(4*b^3*x^(3*n) + 6*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a^2*b*x^n + a^3)/(n*x^(4*n))`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3}{4n x^{4n}} - \frac{b^3}{n x^n} - \frac{3ab^2}{2n x^{2n}} - \frac{a^2b}{n x^{3n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x^(4*n + 1),x)`output `- a^3/(4*n*x^(4*n)) - b^3/(n*x^n) - (3*a*b^2)/(2*n*x^(2*n)) - (a^2*b)/(n*x^(3*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{-4x^{3n}b^3 - 6x^{2n}ab^2 - 4x^na^2b - a^3}{4x^{4n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `( - 4*x**(3*n)*b**3 - 6*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 - 4*x**n*a**2*b - a**3)/(4*x**(4*n)*n)`

### 3.404 $\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2717
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2717
Rubi [A] (verified)	2718
Maple [A] (verified)	2719
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2720
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2720
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2721
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2721
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2721
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2722

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{x^{-5n}(a + bx^n)^4}{5an} + \frac{bx^{-4n}(a + bx^n)^4}{20a^2n}$$

output

```
-1/5*(a+b*x^n)^4/a/n/(x^(5*n))+1/20*b*(a+b*x^n)^4/a^2/n/(x^(4*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{-5n}(-4a^3 - 15a^2bx^n - 20ab^2x^{2n} - 10b^3x^{3n})}{20n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 5*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-4*a^3 - 15*a^2*b*x^n - 20*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 10*b^3*x^(3*n))/(20*n*x^(5*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-5n-1}(a+bx^n)^3 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-6n}(bx^n+a)^3 dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 \frac{-\frac{b \int x^{-5n}(bx^n+a)^3 dx^n}{5a} - \frac{x^{-5n}(a+bx^n)^4}{5a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 48 \\
 \frac{\frac{bx^{-4n}(a+bx^n)^4}{20a^2} - \frac{x^{-5n}(a+bx^n)^4}{5a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 5*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-1/5*(a + b*x^n)^4/(a*x^(5*n)) + (b*(a + b*x^n)^4)/(20*a^2*x^(4*n)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^3 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{a b^2 x^{-3n}}{n} - \frac{3a^2 b x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{a^3 x^{-5n}}{5n}$
norman	$\left(-\frac{a^3}{5n} - \frac{b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{2n} - \frac{a b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{3a^2 b e^{n \ln(x)}}{4n}\right) e^{-5n \ln(x)}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{10x x^{3n} x^{-1-5n} b^3 - 20x x^{2n} x^{-1-5n} a b^2 - 15x x^n x^{-1-5n} a^2 b - 4x x^{-1-5n} a^3}{20n}$
orering	$-\frac{x(154n^3 + 71n^2 + 14n + 1)x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^3}{120n^4} - \frac{x^2(71n^2 + 42n + 7)\left(\frac{x^{-1-5n}(-1-5n)(a+bx^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^2 b x^n}{x}\right)}{120n^4}$

input

```
int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*b^3/n/(x^n)^2-a*b^2/n/(x^n)^3-3/4*a^2*b/n/(x^n)^4-1/5*a^3/n/(x^n)^5
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{10b^3x^{3n} + 20ab^2x^{2n} + 15a^2bx^n + 4a^3}{20nx^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/20*(10*b^3*x^(3*n) + 20*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 15*a^2*b*x^n + 4*a^3)/(n*x^(5*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 94 vs. 2(39) = 78.

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3xx^{-5n-1}}{5n} - \frac{3a^2bxx^n x^{-5n-1}}{4n} - \frac{ab^2xx^{2n} x^{-5n-1}}{n} - \frac{b^3xx^{3n} x^{-5n-1}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**3*x*x**(-5*n - 1)/(5*n) - 3*a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(-5*n - 1)/(4*n) - a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-5*n - 1)/n - b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(-5*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{3a^2b}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{ab^2}{nx^{3n}} - \frac{b^3}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/5*a^3/(n*x^(5*n)) - 3/4*a^2*b/(n*x^(4*n)) - a*b^2/(n*x^(3*n)) - 1/2*b^3/(n*x^(2*n))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{10b^3x^{3n} + 20ab^2x^{2n} + 15a^2bx^n + 4a^3}{20nx^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/20*(10*b^3*x^(3*n) + 20*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 15*a^2*b*x^n + 4*a^3)/(n*x^(5*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{b^3}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{ab^2}{nx^{3n}} - \frac{3a^2b}{4nx^{4n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x^(5*n + 1),x)`output `- a^3/(5*n*x^(5*n)) - b^3/(2*n*x^(2*n)) - (a*b^2)/(n*x^(3*n)) - (3*a^2*b)/(4*n*x^(4*n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{-10x^{3n}b^3 - 20x^{2n}ab^2 - 15x^na^2b - 4a^3}{20x^{5n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `( - 10*x**(3*n)*b**3 - 20*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 - 15*x**n*a**2*b - 4*a**3)/(20*x** (5*n)*n)`

### 3.405 $\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2723
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2723
Rubi [A] (verified)	2724
Maple [A] (verified)	2725
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2725
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2726
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2726
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2727
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2727
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2727

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3 x^{-6n}}{6n} - \frac{3a^2 b x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{3ab^2 x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{b^3 x^{-3n}}{3n}$$

output

$-1/6*a^3/n/(x^(6*n))-3/5*a^2*b/n/(x^(5*n))-3/4*a*b^2/n/(x^(4*n))-1/3*b^3/n/(x^(3*n))$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{-6n}(-10a^3 - 36a^2bx^n - 45ab^2x^{2n} - 20b^3x^{3n})}{60n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 - 6*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output

$(-10*a^3 - 36*a^2*b*x^n - 45*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 20*b^3*x^(3*n))/(60*n*x^(6*n))$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-6n-1}(a+bx^n)^3 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-7n}(bx^n+a)^3 dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{\int (a^3x^{-7n} + 3a^2bx^{-6n} + 3ab^2x^{-5n} + b^3x^{-4n}) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{1}{6}a^3x^{-6n} - \frac{3}{5}a^2bx^{-5n} - \frac{3}{4}ab^2x^{-4n} - \frac{1}{3}b^3x^{-3n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 6*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-1/6*a^3/x^(6*n) - (3*a^2*b)/(5*x^(5*n)) - (3*a*b^2)/(4*x^(4*n)) - b^3/(3*x^(3*n)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^3 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{3a b^2 x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{3a^2 b x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{a^3 x^{-6n}}{6n}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{20x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-6n} b^3 - 45x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-6n} a b^2 - 36x x^n x^{-1-6n} a^2 b - 10x x^{-1-6n} a^3}{60n}$
orering	$-\frac{x(342n^3 + 119n^2 + 18n + 1)x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^3}{360n^4} - \frac{x^2(119n^2 + 54n + 7)\left(\frac{x^{-1-6n}(-1-6n)(a + bx^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^2 b x^n}{x}\right)}{360n^4}$

input `int(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-1/3*b^3/n/(x^n)^3 - 3/4*a*b^2/n/(x^n)^4 - 3/5*a^2*b/n/(x^n)^5 - 1/6*a^3/n/(x^n)^6$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{20b^3x^{3n} + 45ab^2x^{2n} + 36a^2bx^n + 10a^3}{60nx^{6n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/60*(20*b^3*x^(3*n) + 45*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 36*a^2*b*x^n + 10*a^3)/(n*x^(6*n))$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3 x^{-6n-1}}{6n} - \frac{3a^2 b x x^n x^{-6n-1}}{5n} - \frac{3ab^2 x x^{2n} x^{-6n-1}}{4n} - \frac{b^3 x x^{3n} x^{-6n-1}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**3*x*x**(-6*n - 1)/(6*n) - 3*a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(-6*n - 1)/(5*n) - 3*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-6*n - 1)/(4*n) - b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(-6*n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3}{6nx^{6n}} - \frac{3a^2b}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{b^3}{3nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/6*a^3/(n*x^(6*n)) - 3/5*a^2*b/(n*x^(5*n)) - 3/4*a*b^2/(n*x^(4*n)) - 1/3*b^3/(n*x^(3*n))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{20b^3x^{3n} + 45ab^2x^{2n} + 36a^2bx^n + 10a^3}{60nx^{6n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/60*(20*b^3*x^(3*n) + 45*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 36*a^2*b*x^n + 10*a^3)/(n*x^(6*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3}{6nx^{6n}} - \frac{b^3}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{3ab^2}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{3a^2b}{5nx^{5n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x^(6*n + 1),x)`output `- a^3/(6*n*x^(6*n)) - b^3/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (3*a*b^2)/(4*n*x^(4*n)) - (3*a^2*b)/(5*n*x^(5*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{-20x^{3n}b^3 - 45x^{2n}ab^2 - 36x^na^2b - 10a^3}{60x^{6n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `( - 20*x**(3*n)*b**3 - 45*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 - 36*x**n*a**2*b - 10*a**3)/(60*x**(6*n)*n)`

### 3.406 $\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	2728
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2728
Rubi [A] (verified)	2729
Maple [A] (verified)	2730
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2730
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2731
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2731
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2732
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2732
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2732

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{a^2bx^{-6n}}{2n} - \frac{3ab^2x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{b^3x^{-4n}}{4n}$$

output

```
-1/7*a^3/n/(x^(7*n))-1/2*a^2*b/n/(x^(6*n))-3/5*a*b^2/n/(x^(5*n))-1/4*b^3/n/(x^(4*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{x^{-7n}(-20a^3 - 70a^2bx^n - 84ab^2x^{2n} - 35b^3x^{3n})}{140n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 7*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(-20*a^3 - 70*a^2*b*x^n - 84*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 35*b^3*x^(3*n))/(140*n*x^(7*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-7n-1}(a+bx^n)^3 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-8n}(bx^n+a)^3 dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{\int (a^3x^{-8n} + 3a^2bx^{-7n} + 3ab^2x^{-6n} + b^3x^{-5n}) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{1}{7}a^3x^{-7n} - \frac{1}{2}a^2bx^{-6n} - \frac{3}{5}ab^2x^{-5n} - \frac{1}{4}b^3x^{-4n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 7*n)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-1/7*a^3/x^(7*n) - (a^2*b)/(2*x^(6*n)) - (3*a*b^2)/(5*x^(5*n)) - b^3/(4*x^(4*n)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^3 x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{3a b^2 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{a^2 b x^{-6n}}{2n} - \frac{a^3 x^{-7n}}{7n}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{35x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-7n} b^3 + 84x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-7n} a b^2 + 70x x^n x^{-1-7n} a^2 b + 20x x^{-1-7n} a^3}{140n}$
orering	$-\frac{x(638n^3 + 179n^2 + 22n + 1)x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^3}{840n^4} - \frac{x^2(179n^2 + 66n + 7)\left(\frac{x^{-1-7n}(-1-7n)(a + bx^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^2 b x^n}{x}\right)}{840n^4}$

input `int(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $-1/4*b^3/n/(x^n)^4 - 3/5*a*b^2/n/(x^n)^5 - 1/2*a^2*b/n/(x^n)^6 - 1/7*a^3/n/(x^n)^7$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{35b^3x^{3n} + 84ab^2x^{2n} + 70a^2bx^n + 20a^3}{140nx^{7n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-1/140*(35*b^3*x^(3*n) + 84*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 70*a^2*b*x^n + 20*a^3)/(n*x^(7*n))$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^3xx^{-7n-1}}{7n} - \frac{a^2bxx^n x^{-7n-1}}{2n} - \frac{3ab^2xx^{2n}x^{-7n-1}}{5n} - \frac{b^3xx^{3n}x^{-7n-1}}{4n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**3*x*x**(-7*n - 1)/(7*n) - a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(-7*n - 1)/(2*n) - 3*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-7*n - 1)/(5*n) - b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(-7*n - 1)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{a^2b}{2nx^{6n}} - \frac{3ab^2}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{b^3}{4nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/7*a^3/(n*x^(7*n)) - 1/2*a^2*b/(n*x^(6*n)) - 3/5*a*b^2/(n*x^(5*n)) - 1/4*b^3/(n*x^(4*n))`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{35b^3x^{3n} + 84ab^2x^{2n} + 70a^2bx^n + 20a^3}{140nx^{7n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/140*(35*b^3*x^(3*n) + 84*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 70*a^2*b*x^n + 20*a^3)/(n*x^(7*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = -\frac{a^3}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{b^3}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{3ab^2}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{a^2b}{2nx^{6n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/x^(7*n + 1),x)`output `- a^3/(7*n*x^(7*n)) - b^3/(4*n*x^(4*n)) - (3*a*b^2)/(5*n*x^(5*n)) - (a^2*b)/(2*n*x^(6*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{-35x^{3n}b^3 - 84x^{2n}ab^2 - 70x^na^2b - 20a^3}{140x^{7n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `( - 35*x**(3*n)*b**3 - 84*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 - 70*x**n*a**2*b - 20*a**3)/(140*x**(7*n)*n)`

### 3.407 $\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2733
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2733
Rubi [A] (verified)	2734
Maple [A] (verified)	2735
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2735
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2736
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2736
Giac [F]	2737
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2737
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2737

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^3(a + bx^n)^6}{6b^4n} + \frac{3a^2(a + bx^n)^7}{7b^4n} - \frac{3a(a + bx^n)^8}{8b^4n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^9}{9b^4n}$$

output

$$-1/6*a^3*(a+b*x^n)^6/b^4/n+3/7*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^7/b^4/n-3/8*a*(a+b*x^n)^8/b^4/n+1/9*(a+b*x^n)^9/b^4/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{4n}(126a^5 + 504a^4bx^n + 840a^3b^2x^{2n} + 720a^2b^3x^{3n} + 315ab^4x^{4n} + 56b^5x^{5n})}{504n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output

```
(x^(4*n)*(126*a^5 + 504*a^4*b*x^n + 840*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 720*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 315*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 56*b^5*x^(5*n)))/(504*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{4n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{3n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^8}{b^3} - \frac{3a(bx^n+a)^7}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(bx^n+a)^6}{b^3} - \frac{a^3(bx^n+a)^5}{b^3} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{a^3(a+bx^n)^6}{6b^4} + \frac{3a^2(a+bx^n)^7}{7b^4} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^9}{9b^4} - \frac{3a(a+bx^n)^8}{8b^4}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]`

output `(-1/6*(a^3*(a + b*x^n)^6)/b^4 + (3*a^2*(a + b*x^n)^7)/(7*b^4) - (3*a*(a + b*x^n)^8)/(8*b^4) + (a + b*x^n)^9/(9*b^4))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^5 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{8n}}{8n} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{a^4 b x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{a^5 x^{4n}}{4n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{56x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1+4n} b^5 + 315x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1+4n} a b^4 + 720x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1+4n} a^2 b^3 + 840x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1+4n} a^3 b^2 + 504x x^n x^{-1+4n} a^4 b + 126x x^{-1+4n} a^5}{504n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/9*b^5/n*(x^n)^9+5/8*a*b^4/n*(x^n)^8+10/7*a^2*b^3/n*(x^n)^7+5/3*a^3*b^2/n
*(x^n)^6+a^4*b/n*(x^n)^5+1/4*a^5/n*(x^n)^4
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{56 b^5 x^{9n} + 315 a b^4 x^{8n} + 720 a^2 b^3 x^{7n} + 840 a^3 b^2 x^{6n} + 504 a^4 b x^{5n} + 126 a^5 x^{4n}}{504 n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/504*(56*b^5*x^(9*n) + 315*a*b^4*x^(8*n) + 720*a^2*b^3*x^(7*n) + 840*a^3*
b^2*x^(6*n) + 504*a^4*b*x^(5*n) + 126*a^5*x^(4*n))/n
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^5 x^{4n-1}}{4n} + \frac{a^4 b x^{4n-1}}{n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{2n} x^{4n-1}}{3n} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{3n} x^{4n-1}}{7n} + \frac{5ab^4 x^{4n} x^{4n-1}}{8n} + \frac{b^5 x^{5n} x^{4n-1}}{9n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`output `Piecewise((a**5*x*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*n) + a**4*b*x*x**n*x**(4*n - 1)/n + 5*a*  
*3*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(3*n) + 10*a**2*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(4*n -  
1)/(7*n) + 5*a*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(8*n) + b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(4*  
n - 1)/(9*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{b^5 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{5ab^4 x^{8n}}{8n} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{a^4 b x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{a^5 x^{4n}}{4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/9*b^5*x^(9*n)/n + 5/8*a*b^4*x^(8*n)/n + 10/7*a^2*b^3*x^(7*n)/n + 5/3*a^3*  
*b^2*x^(6*n)/n + a^4*b*x^(5*n)/n + 1/4*a^5*x^(4*n)/n`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \int (bx^n+a)^5 x^{4n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^5*x^(4*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{a^5 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{b^5 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{a^4 b x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{8n}}{8n}$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x)`

output `(a^5*x^(4*n))/(4*n) + (b^5*x^(9*n))/(9*n) + (5*a^3*b^2*x^(6*n))/(3*n) + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(7*n))/(7*n) + (a^4*b*x^(5*n))/n + (5*a*b^4*x^(8*n))/(8*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\ = \frac{x^{4n}(56x^{5n}b^5 + 315x^{4n}ab^4 + 720x^{3n}a^2b^3 + 840x^{2n}a^3b^2 + 504x^na^4b + 126a^5)}{504n} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output `(x**(4*n)*(56*x**(5*n)*b**5 + 315*x**(4*n)*a*b**4 + 720*x**(3*n)*a**2*b**3 + 840*x**(2*n)*a**3*b**2 + 504*x**n*a**4*b + 126*a**5))/(504*n)`

### 3.408 $\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2738
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2738
Rubi [A] (verified)	2739
Maple [A] (verified)	2740
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2740
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2741
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2741
Giac [F]	2742
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2742
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2742

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{a^2(a + bx^n)^6}{6b^3n} - \frac{2a(a + bx^n)^7}{7b^3n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{8b^3n}$$

output

```
1/6*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^6/b^3/n-2/7*a*(a+b*x^n)^7/b^3/n+1/8*(a+b*x^n)^8/b^3/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{3n}(56a^5 + 210a^4bx^n + 336a^3b^2x^{2n} + 280a^2b^3x^{3n} + 120ab^4x^{4n} + 21b^5x^{5n})}{168n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output

```
(x^(3*n)*(56*a^5 + 210*a^4*b*x^n + 336*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 280*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 120*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 21*b^5*x^(5*n)))/(168*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{2n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^7}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^n+a)^6}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(bx^n+a)^5}{b^2} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{a^2(a+bx^n)^6}{6b^3} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^8}{8b^3} - \frac{2a(a+bx^n)^7}{7b^3}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]`

output `((a^2*(a + b*x^n)^6)/(6*b^3) - (2*a*(a + b*x^n)^7)/(7*b^3) + (a + b*x^n)^8/(8*b^3))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`



rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^5 x^{8n}}{8n} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{5a^4 b x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{a^5 x^{3n}}{3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{21x^5 x^{-1+3n} b^5 + 120x^4 x^{-1+3n} a b^4 + 280x^3 x^{-1+3n} a^2 b^3 + 336x^2 x^{-1+3n} a^3 b^2 + 210x x^{-1+3n} a^4 b + 56x^{-1+3n} a^5}{168n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/8*b^5/n*(x^n)^8+5/7*a*b^4/n*(x^n)^7+5/3*a^2*b^3/n*(x^n)^6+2*a^3*b^2/n*(x^n)^5+5/4*a^4*b/n*(x^n)^4+1/3*a^5/n*(x^n)^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{21 b^5 x^{8n} + 120 a b^4 x^{7n} + 280 a^2 b^3 x^{6n} + 336 a^3 b^2 x^{5n} + 210 a^4 b x^{4n} + 56 a^5 x^{3n}}{168 n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
1/168*(21*b^5*x^(8*n) + 120*a*b^4*x^(7*n) + 280*a^2*b^3*x^(6*n) + 336*a^3*
b^2*x^(5*n) + 210*a^4*b*x^(4*n) + 56*a^5*x^(3*n))/n
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs.  $2(51) = 102$ .

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^5 x x^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{5a^4 b x x^n x^{3n-1}}{4n} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{3n-1}}{n} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{5ab^4 x x^{4n} x^{3n-1}}{7n} + \frac{b^5 x x^{5n} x^{3n-1}}{8n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**5*x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*n) + 5*a**4*b*x*x**n*x**(3*n - 1)/(4*n) + 2*a**3*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/n + 5*a**2*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*n) + 5*a*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(7*n) + b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(8*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{b^5 x^{8n}}{8n} + \frac{5ab^4 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{5a^4 b x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{a^5 x^{3n}}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*b^5*x^(8*n)/n + 5/7*a*b^4*x^(7*n)/n + 5/3*a^2*b^3*x^(6*n)/n + 2*a^3*b^2*x^(5*n)/n + 5/4*a^4*b*x^(4*n)/n + 1/3*a^5*x^(3*n)/n`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \int (bx^n+a)^5 x^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^5*x^(3*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{a^5 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{b^5 x^{8n}}{8n} + \frac{2a^3 b^2 x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{5a^4 b x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{7n}}{7n}$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x)`

output `(a^5*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (b^5*x^(8*n))/(8*n) + (2*a^3*b^2*x^(5*n))/n + (5*a^2*b^3*x^(6*n))/(3*n) + (5*a^4*b*x^(4*n))/(4*n) + (5*a*b^4*x^(7*n))/(7*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{3n}(21x^{5n}b^5 + 120x^{4n}ab^4 + 280x^{3n}a^2b^3 + 336x^{2n}a^3b^2 + 210x^na^4b + 56a^5)}{168n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output

```
(x**(3*n)*(21*x**(5*n)*b**5 + 120*x**(4*n)*a*b**4 + 280*x**(3*n)*a**2*b**3  
+ 336*x**(2*n)*a**3*b**2 + 210*x**n*a**4*b + 56*a**5))/(168*n)
```

### 3.409 $\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2744
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2744
Rubi [A] (verified)	2745
Maple [B] (verified)	2746
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2746
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2747
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2747
Giac [F]	2748
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2748
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2748

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a(a + bx^n)^6}{6b^2n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^7}{7b^2n}$$

output

```
-1/6*a*(a+b*x^n)^6/b^2/n+1/7*(a+b*x^n)^7/b^2/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx \\ &= \frac{x^{2n}(21a^5 + 70a^4bx^n + 105a^3b^2x^{2n} + 84a^2b^3x^{3n} + 35ab^4x^{4n} + 6b^5x^{5n})}{42n} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output

```
(x^(2*n)*(21*a^5 + 70*a^4*b*x^n + 105*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 84*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 35*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 6*b^5*x^(5*n)))/(42*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^n (bx^n + a)^5 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^6}{b} - \frac{a(bx^n+a)^5}{b} \right) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{(a+bx^n)^7}{7b^2} - \frac{a(a+bx^n)^6}{6b^2}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]`

output `(-1/6*(a*(a + b*x^n)^6)/b^2 + (a + b*x^n)^7/(7*b^2))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.20

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{b^5 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{5a^4 b x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{a^5 x^{2n}}{2n}$	88
parallelrisch	$\frac{6x^5 x^{5n} x^{2n-1} b^5 + 35x^4 x^{4n} x^{2n-1} a b^4 + 84x^3 x^{3n} x^{2n-1} a^2 b^3 + 105x^2 x^{2n} x^{2n-1} a^3 b^2 + 70x x^n x^{2n-1} a^4 b + 21x x^{2n-1} a^5}{42n}$	116
orering	Expression too large to display	2807

input

```
int(x^(2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/7*b^5/n*(x^n)^7+5/6*a*b^4/n*(x^n)^6+2*a^2*b^3/n*(x^n)^5+5/2*a^3*b^2/n*(x^n)^4+5/3*a^4*b/n*(x^n)^3+1/2*a^5/n*(x^n)^2
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^5x^{7n} + 35ab^4x^{6n} + 84a^2b^3x^{5n} + 105a^3b^2x^{4n} + 70a^4bx^{3n} + 21a^5x^{2n}}{42n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output  $1/42*(6*b^5*x^{(7*n)} + 35*a*b^4*x^{(6*n)} + 84*a^2*b^3*x^{(5*n)} + 105*a^3*b^2*x^{(4*n)} + 70*a^4*b*x^{(3*n)} + 21*a^5*x^{(2*n)})/n$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 138 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^5 x x^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{5a^4 b x x^n x^{2n-1}}{3n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{2n-1}}{n} + \frac{5ab^4 x x^{4n} x^{2n-1}}{6n} + \frac{b^5 x x^{5n} x^{2n-1}}{7n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**5*x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*n) + 5*a**4*b*x*x**n*x**(2*n - 1)/(3*n) + 5*a**3*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*n) + 2*a**2*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/n + 5*a*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(6*n) + b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(7*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{b^5 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{5ab^4 x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{5a^4 b x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{a^5 x^{2n}}{2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/7*b^5*x^{(7*n)}/n + 5/6*a*b^4*x^{(6*n)}/n + 2*a^2*b^3*x^{(5*n)}/n + 5/2*a^3*b^2*x^{(4*n)}/n + 5/3*a^4*b*x^{(3*n)}/n + 1/2*a^5*x^{(2*n)}/n$



**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \int (bx^n+a)^5 x^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^5*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{a^5 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^5 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{2a^2 b^3 x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{5a^4 b x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{6n}}{6n}$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x)`

output `(a^5*x^(2*n))/(2*n) + (b^5*x^(7*n))/(7*n) + (5*a^3*b^2*x^(4*n))/(2*n) + (2*a^2*b^3*x^(5*n))/n + (5*a^4*b*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (5*a*b^4*x^(6*n))/(6*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{2n}(6x^{5n}b^5 + 35x^{4n}ab^4 + 84x^{3n}a^2b^3 + 105x^{2n}a^3b^2 + 70x^na^4b + 21a^5)}{42n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output

$$\frac{(x^{2n}(6x^{5n}b^5 + 35x^{4n}ab^4 + 84x^{3n}a^2b^3 + 105x^{2n}a^3b^2 + 70x^na^4b + 21a^5))}{(42n)}$$

### 3.410 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2750
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2750
Rubi [A] (verified)	2751
Maple [B] (verified)	2751
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2752
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2752
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2753
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2753
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2754
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2754

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^6}{6bn}$$

output

```
1/6*(a+b*x^n)^6/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^6}{6bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^6/(6*b*n)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^6}{6bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]`

output `(a + b*x^n)^6/(6*b*n)`

#### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 83 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 1.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{b^5 x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{a b^4 x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5a^4 b x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{a^5 x^n}{n}$	84
parallelrisch	$\frac{x x^{5n} x^{-1+n} b^5 + 6x x^{4n} x^{-1+n} a b^4 + 15x x^{3n} x^{-1+n} a^2 b^3 + 20x x^{2n} x^{-1+n} a^3 b^2 + 15x x^n x^{-1+n} a^4 b + 6x x^{-1+n} a^5}{6n}$	103
orering	Expression too large to display	2535

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{6}b^5/n*(x^n)^6+a*b^4/n*(x^n)^5+5/2*a^2*b^3/n*(x^n)^4+10/3*a^3*b^2/n*(x^n)^3+5/2*a^4*b/n*(x^n)^2+a^5/n*x^n$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{b^5x^{6n} + 6ab^4x^{5n} + 15a^2b^3x^{4n} + 20a^3b^2x^{3n} + 15a^4bx^{2n} + 6a^5x^n}{6n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{6}*(b^5*x^{(6*n)} + 6*a*b^4*x^{(5*n)} + 15*a^2*b^3*x^{(4*n)} + 20*a^3*b^2*x^{(3*n)} + 15*a^4*b*x^{(2*n)} + 6*a^5*x^n)/n$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.53

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^5xx^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{5a^4bxx^n x^{n-1}}{2n} + \frac{10a^3b^2xx^{2n} x^{n-1}}{3n} + \frac{5a^2b^3xx^{3n} x^{n-1}}{2n} + \frac{ab^4xx^{4n} x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{b^5xx^{5n} x^{n-1}}{6n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((a**5*x*x**(n - 1)/n + 5*a**4*b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/(2*n) + 10*a**3*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n - 1)/(3*n) + 5*a**2*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(n - 1)/(2*n) + a*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(n - 1)/(6*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^6}{6bn}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/6*(b*x^n + a)^6/(b*n)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.74

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{b^5 x^{6n} + 6ab^4 x^{5n} + 15a^2 b^3 x^{4n} + 20a^3 b^2 x^{3n} + 15a^4 b x^{2n} + 6a^5 x^n}{6n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/6*(b^5*x^(6*n) + 6*a*b^4*x^(5*n) + 15*a^2*b^3*x^(4*n) + 20*a^3*b^2*x^(3*n) + 15*a^4*b*x^(2*n) + 6*a^5*x^n)/n
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{a^5 x^n}{n} + \frac{b^5 x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{5a^4 b x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{a b^4 x^{5n}}{n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x)`output `(a^5*x^n)/n + (b^5*x^(6*n))/(6*n) + (10*a^3*b^2*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (5*a^2*b^3*x^(4*n))/(2*n) + (5*a^4*b*x^(2*n))/(2*n) + (a*b^4*x^(5*n))/n`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.63

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^n(x^{5n}b^5 + 6x^{4n}ab^4 + 15x^{3n}a^2b^3 + 20x^{2n}a^3b^2 + 15x^n a^4b + 6a^5)}{6n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`output `(x**n*(x**(5*n)*b**5 + 6*x**(4*n)*a*b**4 + 15*x**(3*n)*a**2*b**3 + 20*x**(2*n)*a**3*b**2 + 15*x**n*a**4*b + 6*a**5))/(6*n)`

### 3.411 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^5}{x} dx$

Optimal result	2755
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2755
Rubi [A] (verified)	2756
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)	2757
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2757
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2758
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2758
Giac [F]	2759
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2759
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2759

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{x} dx = \frac{5a^4bx^n}{n} + \frac{5a^3b^2x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5ab^4x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{b^5x^{5n}}{5n} + a^5 \log(x)$$

output

```
5*a^4*b*x^n/n+5*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n)/n+10/3*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n)/n+5/4*a*b^4*x^(4*n)/n+1/5*b^5*x^(5*n)/n+a^5*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n(300a^4 + 300a^3bx^n + 200a^2b^2x^{2n} + 75ab^3x^{3n} + 12b^4x^{4n})}{60n} + \frac{a^5 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^5/x,x]
```

output

```
(b*x^n*(300*a^4 + 300*a^3*b*x^n + 200*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) + 75*a*b^3*x^(3*n) + 12*b^4*x^(4*n)))/(60*n) + (a^5*Log[x^n])/n
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-n}(bx^n + a)^5 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int (a^5x^{-n} + 10a^3b^2x^n + 10a^2b^3x^{2n} + 5ab^4x^{3n} + b^5x^{4n} + 5a^4b) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{a^5 \log(x^n) + 5a^4bx^n + 5a^3b^2x^{2n} + \frac{10}{3}a^2b^3x^{3n} + \frac{5}{4}ab^4x^{4n} + \frac{1}{5}b^5x^{5n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^5/x, x]`

output `(5*a^4*b*x^n + 5*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n))/3 + (5*a*b^4*x^(4*n))/4 + (b^5*x^(5*n))/5 + a^5*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^5 x^{5n}}{5} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{4n}}{4} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{3n}}{3} + 5a^3 b^2 x^{2n} + 5a^4 b x^n + a^5 \ln(x^n)$	70
default	$\frac{b^5 x^{5n}}{5} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{4n}}{4} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{3n}}{3} + 5a^3 b^2 x^{2n} + 5a^4 b x^n + a^5 \ln(x^n)$	70
parallelrisc	$\frac{12b^5 x^{5n} + 75a b^4 x^{4n} + 200a^2 b^3 x^{3n} + 300a^3 b^2 x^{2n} + 60a^5 \ln(x)n + 300a^4 b x^n}{60n}$	71
risc	$\frac{5a^4 b x^n}{n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5a b^4 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{b^5 x^{5n}}{5n} + a^5 \ln(x)$	79
norman	$a^5 \ln(x) + \frac{b^5 e^{5n \ln(x)}}{5n} + \frac{5a b^4 e^{4n \ln(x)}}{4n} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{5a^4 b e^{n \ln(x)}}{n}$	89

input `int((a+b*x^n)^5/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{n} * ( \frac{1}{5} * b^5 * (x^n)^5 + 5/4 * a * b^4 * (x^n)^4 + 10/3 * a^2 * b^3 * (x^n)^3 + 5 * a^3 * b^2 * (x^n)^2 + 5 * a^4 * b * x^n + a^5 * \ln(x^n) )$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{60 a^5 n \log(x) + 12 b^5 x^{5n} + 75 a b^4 x^{4n} + 200 a^2 b^3 x^{3n} + 300 a^3 b^2 x^{2n} + 300 a^4 b x^n}{60 n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^5/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $1/60*(60*a^5*n*\log(x) + 12*b^5*x^(5*n) + 75*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 200*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 300*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 300*a^4*b*x^n)/n$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{x} dx = \begin{cases} a^5 \log(x) + \frac{5a^4bx^n}{n} + \frac{5a^3b^2x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5ab^4x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{b^5x^{5n}}{5n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**5/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**5*log(x) + 5*a**4*b*x**n/n + 5*a**3*b**2*x**(2*n)/n + 10*a**2*b**3*x**(3*n)/(3*n) + 5*a*b**4*x**(4*n)/(4*n) + b**5*x**(5*n)/(5*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{x} dx = \frac{a^5 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{12b^5x^{5n} + 75ab^4x^{4n} + 200a^2b^3x^{3n} + 300a^3b^2x^{2n} + 300a^4bx^n}{60n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^5/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $a^5*\log(x^n)/n + 1/60*(12*b^5*x^(5*n) + 75*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 200*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 300*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 300*a^4*b*x^n)/n$

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^5}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^5/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^5/x, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{x} dx = a^5 \ln(x) + \frac{b^5 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5a^4 b x^n}{n} + \frac{5ab^4 x^{4n}}{4n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x,x)`

output `a^5*log(x) + (b^5*x^(5*n))/(5*n) + (5*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n))/n + (10*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (5*a^4*b*x^n)/n + (5*a*b^4*x^(4*n))/(4*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^5}{x} dx = \frac{12x^{5n}b^5 + 75x^{4n}ab^4 + 200x^{3n}a^2b^3 + 300x^{2n}a^3b^2 + 300x^na^4b + 60\log(x)a^5n}{60n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^5/x,x)`

output `(12*x**(5*n)*b**5 + 75*x**(4*n)*a*b**4 + 200*x**(3*n)*a**2*b**3 + 300*x**(2*n)*a**3*b**2 + 300*x**n*a**4*b + 60*log(x)*a**5*n)/(60*n)`

### 3.412 $\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2760
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2760
Rubi [A] (verified)	2761
Maple [A] (verified)	2762
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2762
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2763
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2763
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2764
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2764
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2764

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 x^n}{n} + \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{5ab^4 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{b^5 x^{4n}}{4n} + 5a^4 b \log(x)$$

output

$$-a^5/n/(x^n)+10*a^3*b^2*x^n/n+5*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n)/n+5/3*a*b^4*x^(3*n)/n+1/4*b^5*x^(4*n)/n+5*a^4*b*ln(x)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{12a^5 x^{-n} - 120a^3 b^2 x^n - 60a^2 b^3 x^{2n} - 20ab^4 x^{3n} - 3b^5 x^{4n} - 60a^4 b \log(x^n)}{12n}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1 - n)}*(a + b*x^n)^5, x]$$

output

$$-1/12*((12*a^5)/x^n - 120*a^3*b^2*x^n - 60*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n) - 20*a*b^4*x^(3*n) - 3*b^5*x^(4*n) - 60*a^4*b*Log[x^n])/n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-n-1}(a + bx^n)^5 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-2n}(bx^n + a)^5 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int (a^5x^{-2n} + 5a^4bx^{-n} + 10a^2b^3x^n + 5ab^4x^{2n} + b^5x^{3n} + 10a^3b^2) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-a^5x^{-n} + 5a^4b \log(x^n) + 10a^3b^2x^n + 5a^2b^3x^{2n} + \frac{5}{3}ab^4x^{3n} + \frac{1}{4}b^5x^{4n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]`

output `((-a^5/x^n) + 10*a^3*b^2*x^n + 5*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n) + (5*a*b^4*x^(3*n))/3 + (b^5*x^(4*n))/4 + 5*a^4*b*Log[x^n])/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
risch	$5a^4b \ln(x) + \frac{b^5x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{5ab^4x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^n}{n} - \frac{a^5x^{-n}}{n}$	80
norman	$\left(5a^4b \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^5}{n} + \frac{b^5 e^{5n \ln(x)}}{4n} + \frac{5ab^4 e^{4n \ln(x)}}{3n} + \frac{5a^2b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{10a^3b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n}\right) e^{-n \ln(x)}$	98

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `5*a^4*b*ln(x)+1/4*b^5/n*(x^n)^4+5/3*a*b^4/n*(x^n)^3+5*a^2*b^3/n*(x^n)^2+10  
*a^3*b^2*x^n/n-a^5/n/(x^n)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{60 a^4 b n x^n \log(x) + 3 b^5 x^{5n} + 20 a b^4 x^{4n} + 60 a^2 b^3 x^{3n} + 120 a^3 b^2 x^{2n} - 12 a^5}{12 n x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(60*a^4*b*n*x^n*log(x) + 3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 20*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 60*a^2*b^3  
*x^(3*n) + 120*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 12*a^5)/(n*x^n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{5a^4b\log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^n}{n} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{5ab^4x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{b^5x^{4n}}{4n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**5/(n*x**n) + 5*a**4*b*log(x**n)/n + 10*a**3*b**2*x**n/n + 5*a**2*b**3*x**(2*n)/n + 5*a*b**4*x**(3*n)/(3*n) + b**5*x**(4*n)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = 5a^4b\log(x) + \frac{b^5x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{5ab^4x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5a^2b^3x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{10a^3b^2x^n}{n} - \frac{a^5}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `5*a^4*b*log(x) + 1/4*b^5*x^(4*n)/n + 5/3*a*b^4*x^(3*n)/n + 5*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n)/n + 10*a^3*b^2*x^n/n - a^5/(n*x^n)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{60 a^4 b n x^n \log(x) + 3 b^5 x^{5n} + 20 a b^4 x^{4n} + 60 a^2 b^3 x^{3n} + 120 a^3 b^2 x^{2n} - 12 a^5}{12 n x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*(60*a^4*b*n*x^n*log(x) + 3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 20*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 60*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 120*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 12*a^5)/(n*x^n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = 5 a^4 b \ln(x) - \frac{a^5}{n x^n} + \frac{b^5 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{5 a^2 b^3 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{5 a b^4 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{10 a^3 b^2 x^n}{n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(n + 1),x)`output `5*a^4*b*log(x) - a^5/(n*x^n) + (b^5*x^(4*n))/(4*n) + (5*a^2*b^3*x^(2*n))/n + (5*a*b^4*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (10*a^3*b^2*x^n)/n`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^{5n}b^5 + 20x^{4n}ab^4 + 60x^{3n}a^2b^3 + 120x^{2n}a^3b^2 + 60x^n \log(x) a^4bn - 12a^5}{12x^n n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output  $(3x^{5n}b^5 + 20x^{4n}ab^4 + 60x^{3n}a^2b^3 + 120x^{2n}a^3b^2 + 60x^n \log(x)a^4b^n - 12a^5)/(12x^n n)$

### 3.413 $\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2766
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2766
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2767
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2768
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2768
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2769
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2769
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2770
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2770
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2770

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-n}}{n} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^n}{n} + \frac{5ab^4x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^5x^{3n}}{3n} + 10a^3b^2 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/2*a^5/n/(x^(2*n))-5*a^4*b/n/(x^n)+10*a^2*b^3*x^n/n+5/2*a*b^4*x^(2*n)/n+1/3*b^5*x^(3*n)/n+10*a^3*b^2*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{-3a^5x^{-2n} - 30a^4bx^{-n} + 60a^2b^3x^n + 15ab^4x^{2n} + 2b^5x^{3n} + 60a^3b^2 \log(x^n)}{6n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output 
$$\frac{((-3*a^5)/x^{(2*n)} - (30*a^4*b)/x^n + 60*a^2*b^3*x^n + 15*a*b^4*x^{(2*n)} + 2*b^5*x^{(3*n)} + 60*a^3*b^2*\text{Log}[x^n])}{(6*n)}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-2n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\int x^{-3n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{\int (a^5x^{-3n} + 5a^4bx^{-2n} + 10a^3b^2x^{-n} + 5ab^4x^n + b^5x^{2n} + 10a^2b^3) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{2}a^5x^{-2n} - 5a^4bx^{-n} + 10a^3b^2\log(x^n) + 10a^2b^3x^n + \frac{5}{2}ab^4x^{2n} + \frac{1}{3}b^5x^{3n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[x^{(-1-2*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^5,x]$

output 
$$\frac{(-1/2*a^5/x^{(2*n)} - (5*a^4*b)/x^n + 10*a^2*b^3*x^n + (5*a*b^4*x^{(2*n)})/2 + (b^5*x^{(3*n)})/3 + 10*a^3*b^2*\text{Log}[x^n])/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$10a^3b^2 \ln(x) + \frac{b^5x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5ab^4x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{10a^2b^3x^n}{n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-n}}{n} - \frac{a^5x^{-2n}}{2n}$	80
norman	$\left(10a^3b^2 \ln(x) e^{2n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^5}{2n} + \frac{b^5 e^{5n \ln(x)}}{3n} + \frac{5ab^4 e^{4n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{10a^2b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{5a^4b e^{n \ln(x)}}{n}\right) e^{-2n \ln(x)}$	98

input `int(x^(-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $10a^3b^2 \ln(x) + 1/3b^5/n*(x^n)^3 + 5/2a*b^4/n*(x^n)^2 + 10a^2b^3*x^n/n - 5a^4*b/n/(x^n) - 1/2a^5/n/(x^n)^2$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{60 a^3 b^2 n x^{2n} \log(x) + 2 b^5 x^{5n} + 15 a b^4 x^{4n} + 60 a^2 b^3 x^{3n} - 30 a^4 b x^n - 3 a^5}{6 n x^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(60*a^3*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) + 2*b^5*x^(5*n) + 15*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 60*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 30*a^4*b*x^n - 3*a^5)/(n*x^(2*n))`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{10a^3 b^2 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^n}{n} + \frac{5ab^4 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^5 x^{3n}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**5/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - 5*a**4*b/(n*x**n) + 10*a**3*b**2*log(x**n)/n + 10*a**2*b**3*x**n/n + 5*a*b**4*x**(2*n)/(2*n) + b**5*x**(3*n)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = 10 a^3 b^2 \log(x) + \frac{b^5 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{5 a b^4 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{10 a^2 b^3 x^n}{n} - \frac{a^5}{2n x^{2n}} - \frac{5 a^4 b}{n x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `10*a^3*b^2*log(x) + 1/3*b^5*x^(3*n)/n + 5/2*a*b^4*x^(2*n)/n + 10*a^2*b^3*x^n/n - 1/2*a^5/(n*x^(2*n)) - 5*a^4*b/(n*x^n)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{60 a^3 b^2 n x^{2n} \log(x) + 2 b^5 x^{5n} + 15 a b^4 x^{4n} + 60 a^2 b^3 x^{3n} - 30 a^4 b x^n - 3 a^5}{6 n x^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(60*a^3*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) + 2*b^5*x^(5*n) + 15*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 60*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 30*a^4*b*x^n - 3*a^5)/(n*x^(2*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{b^5 x^{3n}}{3n} - \frac{a^5}{2n x^{2n}} + 10 a^3 b^2 \ln(x) - \frac{5 a^4 b}{n x^n} + \frac{5 a b^4 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{10 a^2 b^3 x^n}{n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(2*n + 1),x)`output `(b^5*x^(3*n))/(3*n) - a^5/(2*n*x^(2*n)) + 10*a^3*b^2*log(x) - (5*a^4*b)/(n*x^n) + (5*a*b^4*x^(2*n))/(2*n) + (10*a^2*b^3*x^n)/n`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{5n}b^5 + 15x^{4n}a b^4 + 60x^{3n}a^2 b^3 + 60x^{2n}\log(x) a^3 b^2 n - 30x^n a^4 b - 3a^5}{6x^{2n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output

$$(2x^{5n}b^5 + 15x^{4n}ab^4 + 60x^{3n}a^2b^3 + 60x^{2n})\log(x)a^3b^2n - 30x^na^4b - 3a^5)/(6x^{2n}n)$$



### 3.414 $\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2772
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2772
Rubi [A] (verified)	2773
Maple [A] (verified)	2774
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2774
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2775
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2775
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2776
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2776
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2776

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{10a^3b^2x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{5ab^4x^n}{n} + \frac{b^5x^{2n}}{2n} + 10a^2b^3 \log(x)$$

output -1/3\*a^5/n/(x^(3\*n))-5/2\*a^4\*b/n/(x^(2\*n))-10\*a^3\*b^2/n/(x^n)+5\*a\*b^4\*x^n/n+1/2\*b^5\*x^(2\*n)/n+10\*a^2\*b^3\*ln(x)

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{-3n}(-2a^5 - 15a^4bx^n - 60a^3b^2x^{2n} + 30ab^4x^{4n} + 3b^5x^{5n})}{6n} + \frac{10a^2b^3 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input Integrate[x^(-1 - 3\*n)\*(a + b\*x^n)^5,x]

output

$$\frac{(-2*a^5 - 15*a^4*b*x^n - 60*a^3*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 30*a*b^4*x^{(4*n)} + 3*b^5*x^{(5*n)})/(6*n*x^{(3*n)}) + (10*a^2*b^3*Log[x^n])/n}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-3n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\int x^{-4n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{\int (a^5x^{-4n} + 5a^4bx^{-3n} + 10a^3b^2x^{-2n} + 10a^2b^3x^{-n} + b^5x^n + 5ab^4) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{3}a^5x^{-3n} - \frac{5}{2}a^4bx^{-2n} - 10a^3b^2x^{-n} + 10a^2b^3\log(x^n) + 5ab^4x^n + \frac{1}{2}b^5x^{2n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-3*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^5,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/3*a^5/x^{(3*n)} - (5*a^4*b)/(2*x^{(2*n)}) - (10*a^3*b^2)/x^n + 5*a*b^4*x^n + (b^5*x^{(2*n)})/2 + 10*a^2*b^3*Log[x^n])/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$10a^2b^3 \ln(x) + \frac{b^5x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{5ab^4x^n}{n} - \frac{10a^3b^2x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{a^5x^{-3n}}{3n}$	80
norman	$\left(10a^2b^3 \ln(x) e^{3n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^5}{3n} + \frac{b^5e^{5n \ln(x)}}{2n} + \frac{5ab^4e^{4n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{10a^3b^2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{5a^4be^{n \ln(x)}}{2n}\right) e^{-3n \ln(x)}$	98

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $10*a^2*b^3*\ln(x)+1/2*b^5/n*(x^n)^2+5*a*b^4*x^n/n-10*a^3*b^2/n/(x^n)-5/2*a^4*b/n/(x^n)^2-1/3*a^5/n/(x^n)^3$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{60 a^2 b^3 n x^{3n} \log(x) + 3 b^5 x^{5n} + 30 a b^4 x^{4n} - 60 a^3 b^2 x^{2n} - 15 a^4 b x^n - 2 a^5}{6 n x^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(60*a^2*b^3*n*x^(3*n)*log(x) + 3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 30*a*b^4*x^(4*n) - 60*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 15*a^4*b*x^n - 2*a^5)/(n*x^(3*n))`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{10a^3b^2x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{10a^2b^3\log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{5ab^4x^n}{n} + \frac{b^5x^{2n}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**5/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 5*a**4*b/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - 10*a**3*b**2/(n*x**n) + 10*a**2*b**3*log(x**n)/n + 5*a*b**4*x**n/n + b**5*x**(2*n)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = 10a^2b^3\log(x) + \frac{b^5x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{5ab^4x^n}{n} - \frac{a^5}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `10*a^2*b^3*log(x) + 1/2*b^5*x^(2*n)/n + 5*a*b^4*x^n/n - 1/3*a^5/(n*x^(3*n)) - 5/2*a^4*b/(n*x^(2*n)) - 10*a^3*b^2/(n*x^n)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{60 a^2 b^3 n x^{3n} \log(x) + 3 b^5 x^{5n} + 30 a b^4 x^{4n} - 60 a^3 b^2 x^{2n} - 15 a^4 b x^n - 2 a^5}{6 n x^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/6*(60*a^2*b^3*n*x^(3*n)*log(x) + 3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 30*a*b^4*x^(4*n) - 60*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 15*a^4*b*x^n - 2*a^5)/(n*x^(3*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{b^5 x^{2n}}{2n} - \frac{a^5}{3n x^{3n}} + 10 a^2 b^3 \ln(x) - \frac{10 a^3 b^2}{n x^n} + \frac{5 a b^4 x^n}{n} - \frac{5 a^4 b}{2n x^{2n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(3*n + 1),x)`output `(b^5*x^(2*n))/(2*n) - a^5/(3*n*x^(3*n)) + 10*a^2*b^3*log(x) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(n*x^n) + (5*a*b^4*x^n)/n - (5*a^4*b)/(2*n*x^(2*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^{5n}b^5 + 30x^{4n}ab^4 + 60x^{3n}\log(x)a^2b^3n - 60x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 15x^na^4b - 2a^5}{6x^{3n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output

$$\frac{(3x^{5n}b^5 + 30x^{4n}ab^4 + 60x^{3n}\log(x)a^2b^3n - 60x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 15x^na^4b - 2a^5)}{(6x^{3n})^n}$$

### 3.415 $\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2778
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2778
Rubi [A] (verified)	2779
Maple [A] (verified)	2780
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2780
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2781
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2781
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2782
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2782
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2782

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^3b^2x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{10a^2b^3x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b^5x^n}{n} + 5ab^4 \log(x)$$

```
output -1/4*a^5/n/(x^(4*n))-5/3*a^4*b/n/(x^(3*n))-5*a^3*b^2/n/(x^(2*n))-10*a^2*b^3/n/(x^n)+b^5*x^n/n+5*a*b^4*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{-4n}(-3a^5 - 20a^4bx^n - 60a^3b^2x^{2n} - 120a^2b^3x^{3n} + 12b^5x^{5n})}{12n} + \frac{5ab^4 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-3a^5 - 20a^4bx^n - 60a^3b^2x^{2n}) - 120a^2b^3x^{3n} + 12b^5x^{5n}}{(12nx^{4n})} + (5ab^4 \text{Log}[x^n])/n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-4n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\int x^{-5n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{\int (a^5x^{-5n} + 5a^4bx^{-4n} + 10a^3b^2x^{-3n} + 10a^2b^3x^{-2n} + 5ab^4x^{-n} + b^5) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{4}a^5x^{-4n} - \frac{5}{3}a^4bx^{-3n} - 5a^3b^2x^{-2n} - 10a^2b^3x^{-n} + 5ab^4 \log(x^n) + b^5x^n}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-4n)}*(a+b*x^n)^5,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/4*a^5/x^{(4*n)} - (5*a^4*b)/(3*x^{(3*n)}) - (5*a^3*b^2)/x^{(2*n)} - (10*a^2*b^3)/x^n + b^5*x^n + 5*a*b^4*Log[x^n])/n}$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
risch	$5a b^4 \ln(x) + \frac{b^5 x^n}{n} - \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{a^5 x^{-4n}}{4n}$	79
norman	$\left( \frac{b^5 e^{5n \ln(x)}}{n} + 5a b^4 \ln(x) e^{4n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^5}{4n} - \frac{10a^2 b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{5a^3 b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{5a^4 b e^{n \ln(x)}}{3n} \right) e^{-4n \ln(x)}$	97

input `int(x^(-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $5*a*b^4*\ln(x)+b^5*x^n/n-10*a^2*b^3/n/(x^n)-5*a^3*b^2/n/(x^n)^2-5/3*a^4*b/n$   
 $/ (x^n)^3-1/4*a^5/n/(x^n)^4$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{60 ab^4 n x^{4n} \log(x) + 12 b^5 x^{5n} - 120 a^2 b^3 x^{3n} - 60 a^3 b^2 x^{2n} - 20 a^4 b x^n - 3 a^5}{12 n x^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{12}*(60*a*b^4*n*x^{(4*n)}*\log(x) + 12*b^5*x^{(5*n)} - 120*a^2*b^3*x^{(3*n)} - 60*a^3*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 20*a^4*b*x^n - 3*a^5)/(n*x^{(4*n)})$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 4.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5 x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{5ab^4 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{b^5 x^n}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**5/(4*n*x**(4*n)) - 5*a**4*b/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 5*a**3*b**2/(n*x**(2*n)) - 10*a**2*b**3/(n*x**n) + 5*a*b**4*log(x**n)/n + b**5*x**n/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = 5ab^4 \log(x) + \frac{b^5 x^n}{n} - \frac{a^5}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{5a^4 b}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{5a^3 b^2}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{10a^2 b^3}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $5*a*b^4*\log(x) + b^5*x^n/n - 1/4*a^5/(n*x^{(4*n)}) - 5/3*a^4*b/(n*x^{(3*n)}) - 5*a^3*b^2/(n*x^{(2*n)}) - 10*a^2*b^3/(n*x^n)$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{60ab^4nx^{4n}\log(x) + 12b^5x^{5n} - 120a^2b^3x^{3n} - 60a^3b^2x^{2n} - 20a^4bx^n - 3a^5}{12nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/12*(60*a*b^4*n*x^(4*n)*log(x) + 12*b^5*x^(5*n) - 120*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 60*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 20*a^4*b*x^n - 3*a^5)/(n*x^(4*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{b^5 x^n}{n} + 5ab^4 \ln(x) - \frac{a^5}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{nx^n} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{3nx^{3n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(4*n + 1),x)`output `(b^5*x^n)/n + 5*a*b^4*log(x) - a^5/(4*n*x^(4*n)) - (10*a^2*b^3)/(n*x^n) - (5*a^3*b^2)/(n*x^(2*n)) - (5*a^4*b)/(3*n*x^(3*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{12x^{5n}b^5 + 60x^{4n}\log(x)ab^4n - 120x^{3n}a^2b^3 - 60x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 20x^na^4b - 3a^5}{12x^{4n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(12x^{5n}b^5 + 60x^{4n}\log(x)ab^{4n} - 120x^{3n}a^2b^3 - 60x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 20x^na^4b - 3a^5)}{(12x^{4n})^n}$$

### 3.416 $\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2784
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2784
Rubi [A] (verified)	2785
Maple [A] (verified)	2786
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2786
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2787
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2787
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2788
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2788
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2788

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{10a^3 b^2 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{5ab^4 x^{-n}}{n} + b^5 \log(x)$$

output

$$-1/5*a^5/n/(x^(5*n))-5/4*a^4*b/n/(x^(4*n))-10/3*a^3*b^2/n/(x^(3*n))-5*a^2*b^3/n/(x^(2*n))-5*a*b^4/n/(x^n)+b^5*ln(x)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{ax^{-5n}(12a^4 + 75a^3bx^n + 200a^2b^2x^{2n} + 300ab^3x^{3n} + 300b^4x^{4n})}{60n} + \frac{b^5 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 5*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/60*(a*(12*a^4 + 75*a^3*b*x^n + 200*a^2*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 300*a*b^3*x^{(3*n)} + 300*b^4*x^{(4*n)}))/(n*x^{(5*n)}) + (b^5*Log[x^n])/n}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-5n-1}(a + bx^n)^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\int x^{-6n}(bx^n + a)^5 dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{\int (a^5 x^{-6n} + 5a^4 b x^{-5n} + 10a^3 b^2 x^{-4n} + 10a^2 b^3 x^{-3n} + 5ab^4 x^{-2n} + b^5 x^{-n}) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{5}a^5 x^{-5n} - \frac{5}{4}a^4 b x^{-4n} - \frac{10}{3}a^3 b^2 x^{-3n} - 5a^2 b^3 x^{-2n} - 5ab^4 x^{-n} + b^5 \log(x^n)}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 5*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^5, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/5*a^5/x^{(5*n)} - (5*a^4*b)/(4*x^{(4*n)}) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(3*x^{(3*n)}) - (5*a^2*b^3)/x^{(2*n)} - (5*a*b^4)/x^n + b^5*Log[x^n])/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result	size
risch	$b^5 \ln(x) - \frac{5ab^4x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{5a^2b^3x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{10a^3b^2x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{a^5x^{-5n}}{5n}$	81
norman	$\left(b^5 \ln(x) e^{5n \ln(x)} - \frac{a^5}{5n} - \frac{5ab^4e^{4n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{5a^2b^3e^{3n \ln(x)}}{n} - \frac{10a^3b^2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{3n} - \frac{5a^4be^{n \ln(x)}}{4n}\right) e^{-5n \ln(x)}$	97

input `int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b^5*ln(x)-5*a*b^4/n/(x^n)-5*a^2*b^3/n/(x^n)^2-10/3*a^3*b^2/n/(x^n)^3-5/4*a  
^4*b/n/(x^n)^4-1/5*a^5/n/(x^n)^5`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{60 b^5 n x^{5n} \log(x) - 300 a b^4 x^{4n} - 300 a^2 b^3 x^{3n} - 200 a^3 b^2 x^{2n} - 75 a^4 b x^n - 12 a^5}{60 n x^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/60*(60*b^5*n*x^(5*n)*log(x) - 300*a*b^4*x^(4*n) - 300*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 200*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 75*a^4*b*x^n - 12*a^5)/(n*x^(5*n))`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 7.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{10a^3b^2x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^2b^3x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{5ab^4x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b^5\log(x^n)}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5\log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**5/(5*n*x**(5*n)) - 5*a**4*b/(4*n*x**(4*n)) - 10*a**3*b**2/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 5*a**2*b**3/(n*x**(2*n)) - 5*a*b**4/(n*x**n) + b**5*log(x**n)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = b^5\log(x) - \frac{a^5}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{5ab^4}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^5*log(x) - 1/5*a^5/(n*x^(5*n)) - 5/4*a^4*b/(n*x^(4*n)) - 10/3*a^3*b^2/(n*x^(3*n)) - 5*a^2*b^3/(n*x^(2*n)) - 5*a*b^4/(n*x^n)`



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{60b^5nx^{5n}\log(x) - 300ab^4x^{4n} - 300a^2b^3x^{3n} - 200a^3b^2x^{2n} - 75a^4bx^n - 12a^5}{60nx^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/60*(60*b^5*n*x^(5*n)*log(x) - 300*a*b^4*x^(4*n) - 300*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 200*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 75*a^4*b*x^n - 12*a^5)/(n*x^(5*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = b^5 \ln(x) - \frac{a^5}{5n x^{5n}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{n x^{2n}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{3n x^{3n}} - \frac{5ab^4}{n x^n} - \frac{5a^4b}{4n x^{4n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(5*n + 1),x)`output `b^5*log(x) - a^5/(5*n*x^(5*n)) - (5*a^2*b^3)/(n*x^(2*n)) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (5*a*b^4)/(n*x^n) - (5*a^4*b)/(4*n*x^(4*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{60x^{5n}\log(x)b^5n - 300x^{4n}ab^4 - 300x^{3n}a^2b^3 - 200x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 75x^na^4b - 12a^5}{60x^{5n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output  $(60*x^{(5*n)}*\log(x)*b^{5*n} - 300*x^{(4*n)}*a*b^{4*n} - 300*x^{(3*n)}*a^{2*n}*b^{3*n} - 200*x^{(2*n)}*a^{3*n}*b^{2*n} - 75*x^{n}*a^{4*n}*b - 12*a^{5*n})/(60*x^{(5*n)}*n)$

### 3.417 $\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2790
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2790
Rubi [A] (verified)	2791
Maple [B] (verified)	2791
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2792
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2792
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2793
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2793
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2794
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2794

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{x^{-6n}(a + bx^n)^6}{6an}$$

output `-1/6*(a+b*x^n)^6/a/n/(x^(6*n))`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 74 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx \\ &= \frac{x^{-6n}(-a^5 - 6a^4bx^n - 15a^3b^2x^{2n} - 20a^2b^3x^{3n} - 15ab^4x^{4n} - 6b^5x^{5n})}{6n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - 6*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]`

output `(-a^5 - 6*a^4*b*x^n - 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 20*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 15*a*b^4*x^(4*n) - 6*b^5*x^(5*n))/(6*n*x^(6*n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-6n-1}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{x^{-6n}(a + bx^n)^6}{6an}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 6*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]`

output `-1/6*(a + b*x^n)^6/(a*n*x^(6*n))`

#### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{b^5 x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{5ab^4 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{-4n}}{2n} - \frac{a^4 b x^{-5n}}{n} - \frac{a^5 x^{-6n}}{6n}$	88
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1-6n} b^5 - 15x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1-6n} a b^4 - 20x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-6n} a^2 b^3 - 15x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-6n} a^3 b^2 - 6x x^n x^{-1-6n} a^4 b - x x^{-1-6n} a^5}{6n}$	11
orering	Expression too large to display	28

input `int(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-b^5/n/(x^n)-5/2*a*b^4/n/(x^n)^2-10/3*a^2*b^3/n/(x^n)^3-5/2*a^3*b^2/n/(x^n)^4-a^4*b/n/(x^n)^5-1/6*a^5/n/(x^n)^6$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{6b^5x^{5n} + 15ab^4x^{4n} + 20a^2b^3x^{3n} + 15a^3b^2x^{2n} + 6a^4bx^n + a^5}{6nx^{6n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/6*(6*b^5*x^(5*n) + 15*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 15*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 6*a^4*b*x^n + a^5)/(n*x^(6*n))$$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 146 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.08

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5x^{-6n-1}}{6n} - \frac{a^4bx^n x^{-6n-1}}{n} - \frac{5a^3b^2x^{2n} x^{-6n-1}}{2n} - \frac{10a^2b^3x^{3n} x^{-6n-1}}{3n} - \frac{5ab^4x^{4n} x^{-6n-1}}{2n} - \frac{b^5x^{5n} x^{-6n-1}}{n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((-a**5*x*x**(-6*n - 1)/(6*n) - a**4*b*x*x**n*x**(-6*n - 1)/n - 5
*a**3*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-6*n - 1)/(2*n) - 10*a**2*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(-6
*n - 1)/(3*n) - 5*a*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(-6*n - 1)/(2*n) - b**5*x*x**(5*n)*
x**(-6*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{6nx^{6n}} - \frac{a^4b}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{2nx^{4n}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{5ab^4}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{b^5}{nx^n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/6*a^5/(n*x^(6*n)) - a^4*b/(n*x^(5*n)) - 5/2*a^3*b^2/(n*x^(4*n)) - 10/3*
a^2*b^3/(n*x^(3*n)) - 5/2*a*b^4/(n*x^(2*n)) - b^5/(n*x^n)
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 72 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{6b^5x^{5n} + 15ab^4x^{4n} + 20a^2b^3x^{3n} + 15a^3b^2x^{2n} + 6a^4bx^n + a^5}{6nx^{6n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/6*(6*b^5*x^(5*n) + 15*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 20*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 15*a^3*b^2*x
^(2*n) + 6*a^4*b*x^n + a^5)/(n*x^(6*n))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{6n x^{6n}} - \frac{b^5}{n x^n} - \frac{10 a^2 b^3}{3n x^{3n}} - \frac{5 a^3 b^2}{2n x^{4n}} - \frac{5 a b^4}{2n x^{2n}} - \frac{a^4 b}{n x^{5n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(6*n + 1),x)`output `- a^5/(6*n*x^(6*n)) - b^5/(n*x^n) - (10*a^2*b^3)/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (5*a^3*b^2)/(2*n*x^(4*n)) - (5*a*b^4)/(2*n*x^(2*n)) - (a^4*b)/(n*x^(5*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.08

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{-6x^{5n}b^5 - 15x^{4n}a b^4 - 20x^{3n}a^2 b^3 - 15x^{2n}a^3 b^2 - 6x^n a^4 b - a^5}{6x^{6n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`output `( - 6*x**(5*n)*b**5 - 15*x**(4*n)*a*b**4 - 20*x**(3*n)*a**2*b**3 - 15*x**(2*n)*a**3*b**2 - 6*x**n*a**4*b - a**5)/(6*x**(6*n)*n)`

### 3.418 $\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2795
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2795
Rubi [A] (verified)	2796
Maple [A] (verified)	2797
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2797
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2798
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2798
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2799
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2799
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2799

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{x^{-7n}(a + bx^n)^6}{7an} + \frac{bx^{-6n}(a + bx^n)^6}{42a^2n}$$

output

```
-1/7*(a+b*x^n)^6/a/n/(x^(7*n))+1/42*b*(a+b*x^n)^6/a^2/n/(x^(6*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{-7n}(-6a^5 - 35a^4bx^n - 84a^3b^2x^{2n} - 105a^2b^3x^{3n} - 70ab^4x^{4n} - 21b^5x^{5n})}{42n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 7*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output

```
(-6*a^5 - 35*a^4*b*x^n - 84*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 105*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 70*a*b^4*x^(4*n) - 21*b^5*x^(5*n))/(42*n*x^(7*n))
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-7n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-8n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n \\
 \frac{\phantom{\int} \phantom{x^{-8n}} \phantom{(bx^n+a)^5} \phantom{dx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 \frac{-\frac{b \int x^{-7n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n}{7a} - \frac{x^{-7n}(a+bx^n)^6}{7a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 48 \\
 \frac{\frac{bx^{-6n}(a+bx^n)^6}{42a^2} - \frac{x^{-7n}(a+bx^n)^6}{7a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 7*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]`

output `(-1/7*(a + b*x^n)^6/(a*x^(7*n)) + (b*(a + b*x^n)^6)/(42*a^2*x^(6*n)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 48

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 55

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^5 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{5ab^4 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{-4n}}{2n} - \frac{2a^3 b^2 x^{-5n}}{n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-6n}}{6n} - \frac{a^5 x^{-7n}}{7n}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{-21x^5 x^{-1-7n} b^5 - 70x^4 x^{-1-7n} a b^4 - 105x^3 x^{-1-7n} a^2 b^3 - 84x^2 x^{-1-7n} a^3 b^2 - 35x x^{-1-7n} a^4 b - 6x x^{-1-7n} a^5}{42n}$
oring	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2*b^5/n/(x^n)^2-5/3*a*b^4/n/(x^n)^3-5/2*a^2*b^3/n/(x^n)^4-2*a^3*b^2/n/(
x^n)^5-5/6*a^4*b/n/(x^n)^6-1/7*a^5/n/(x^n)^7
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^{-1-7n} (a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= -\frac{21 b^5 x^{5n} + 70 a b^4 x^{4n} + 105 a^2 b^3 x^{3n} + 84 a^3 b^2 x^{2n} + 35 a^4 b x^n + 6 a^5}{42 n x^{7n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/42*(21*b^5*x^(5*n) + 70*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 105*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 84*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 35*a^4*b*x^n + 6*a^5)/(n*x^(7*n))$$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5 x^{-7n-1}}{7n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-7n-1}}{6n} - \frac{2a^3 b^2 x^{-7n-1}}{n} - \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{-7n-1}}{2n} - \frac{5ab^4 x^{-7n-1}}{3n} - \frac{b^5 x^{-7n-1}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**5*x*x**(-7*n - 1)/(7*n) - 5*a**4*b*x*x**n*x**(-7*n - 1)/(6*n) - 2*a**3*b**2*x*x**2*x**(-7*n - 1)/n - 5*a**2*b**3*x*x**3*x**(-7*n - 1)/(2*n) - 5*a*b**4*x*x**4*x**(-7*n - 1)/(3*n) - b**5*x*x**5*x**(-7*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{6nx^{6n}} - \frac{2a^3b^2}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{2nx^{4n}} - \frac{5ab^4}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{b^5}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$-1/7*a^5/(n*x^(7*n)) - 5/6*a^4*b/(n*x^(6*n)) - 2*a^3*b^2/(n*x^(5*n)) - 5/2*a^2*b^3/(n*x^(4*n)) - 5/3*a*b^4/(n*x^(3*n)) - 1/2*b^5/(n*x^(2*n))$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= -\frac{21b^5x^{5n} + 70ab^4x^{4n} + 105a^2b^3x^{3n} + 84a^3b^2x^{2n} + 35a^4bx^n + 6a^5}{42nx^{7n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/42*(21*b^5*x^(5*n) + 70*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 105*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 84*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 35*a^4*b*x^n + 6*a^5)/(n*x^(7*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.98

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{b^5}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{2nx^{4n}} - \frac{2a^3b^2}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{5ab^4}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{6nx^{6n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(7*n + 1),x)`output `- a^5/(7*n*x^(7*n)) - b^5/(2*n*x^(2*n)) - (5*a^2*b^3)/(2*n*x^(4*n)) - (2*a^3*b^2)/(n*x^(5*n)) - (5*a*b^4)/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (5*a^4*b)/(6*n*x^(6*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{-21x^{5n}b^5 - 70x^{4n}ab^4 - 105x^{3n}a^2b^3 - 84x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 35x^na^4b - 6a^5}{42x^{7n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output 
$$\frac{(-21x^{5n}b^5 - 70x^{4n}ab^4 - 105x^{3n}a^2b^3 - 84x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 35x^n a^4b - 6a^5)}{(42x^{7n}n)}$$

### 3.419 $\int x^{-1-8n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2801
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2801
Rubi [A] (verified)	2802
Maple [A] (verified)	2803
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2804
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2804
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2805
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2805
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2805
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2806

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{x^{-8n}(a + bx^n)^6}{8an} + \frac{bx^{-7n}(a + bx^n)^6}{28a^2n} - \frac{b^2x^{-6n}(a + bx^n)^6}{168a^3n}$$

output

$$-1/8*(a+b*x^n)^6/a/n/(x^(8*n))+1/28*b*(a+b*x^n)^6/a^2/n/(x^(7*n))-1/168*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^6/a^3/n/(x^(6*n))$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{-8n}(-21a^5 - 120a^4bx^n - 280a^3b^2x^{2n} - 336a^2b^3x^{3n} - 210ab^4x^{4n} - 56b^5x^{5n})}{168n}$$

input

Integrate[x^(-1 - 8\*n)\*(a + b\*x^n)^5,x]

output

$$(-21*a^5 - 120*a^4*b*x^n - 280*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 336*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 210*a*b^4*x^(4*n) - 56*b^5*x^(5*n))/(168*n*x^(8*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-8n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-9n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n \\
 \quad \quad \quad n \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 \frac{-\frac{b \int x^{-8n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n}{4a} - \frac{x^{-8n}(a+bx^n)^6}{8a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 \frac{b\left(-\frac{b \int x^{-7n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n}{7a} - \frac{x^{-7n}(a+bx^n)^6}{7a}\right) - \frac{x^{-8n}(a+bx^n)^6}{8a}}{4a} \\
 \quad \quad \quad n \\
 \downarrow 48 \\
 \frac{b\left(\frac{bx^{-6n}(a+bx^n)^6}{42a^2} - \frac{x^{-7n}(a+bx^n)^6}{7a}\right) - \frac{x^{-8n}(a+bx^n)^6}{8a}}{4a} \\
 \quad \quad \quad n
 \end{array}$$

input

 $\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 8*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^5, x]$ 

output

 $\frac{(-1/8*(a + b*x^n)^6/(a*x^(8*n)) - (b*(-1/7*(a + b*x^n)^6/(a*x^(7*n)) + (b*(a + b*x^n)^6)/(42*a^2*x^(6*n))))/(4*a))/n}$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 48  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 55  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{\text{Simplify}[m + 1]}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, m, n\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + n + 2], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] \ || \ !\text{SumSimplerQ}[n, 1])$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[m + 1]/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[m + 1]/n]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{b^5 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{5ab^4 x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{2a^2 b^3 x^{-5n}}{n} - \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{a^5 x^{-8n}}{8n}}{-56x^5 n x^{-1-8n} b^5 - 210x^4 n x^{-1-8n} a b^4 - 336x^3 n x^{-1-8n} a^2 b^3 - 280x^2 n x^{-1-8n} a^3 b^2 - 120x n x^{-1-8n} a^4 b - 21x x^{-1-8n} a^5}$
paralelrisch	
oring	Expression too large to display

input  $\text{int}(x^{(-1-8*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^5, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $-1/3*b^5/n/(x^n)^3 - 5/4*a*b^4/n/(x^n)^4 - 2*a^2*b^3/n/(x^n)^5 - 5/3*a^3*b^2/n/(x^n)^6 - 5/7*a^4*b/n/(x^n)^7 - 1/8*a^5/n/(x^n)^8$



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= -\frac{56b^5x^{5n} + 210ab^4x^{4n} + 336a^2b^3x^{3n} + 280a^3b^2x^{2n} + 120a^4bx^n + 21a^5}{168nx^{8n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/168*(56*b^5*x^(5*n) + 210*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 336*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 280*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 120*a^4*b*x^n + 21*a^5)/(n*x^(8*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 150 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5x^{-8n-1}}{8n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-8n-1}}{7n} - \frac{5a^3b^2x^{2n}x^{-8n-1}}{3n} - \frac{2a^2b^3x^{3n}x^{-8n-1}}{n} - \frac{5ab^4x^{4n}x^{-8n-1}}{4n} - \frac{b^5x^{5n}x^{-8n-1}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**5*x*x**(-8*n - 1)/(8*n) - 5*a**4*b*x*x**n*x**(-8*n - 1)/(7*n) - 5*a**3*b**2*x*x**2*n*x**(-8*n - 1)/(3*n) - 2*a**2*b**3*x*x**3*n*x**(-8*n - 1)/n - 5*a*b**4*x*x**4*n*x**(-8*n - 1)/(4*n) - b**5*x*x**5*n*x**(-8*n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{8nx^{8n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{2a^2b^3}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{5ab^4}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{b^5}{3nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/8*a^5/(n*x^(8*n)) - 5/7*a^4*b/(n*x^(7*n)) - 5/3*a^3*b^2/(n*x^(6*n)) - 2*a^2*b^3/(n*x^(5*n)) - 5/4*a*b^4/(n*x^(4*n)) - 1/3*b^5/(n*x^(3*n))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{56b^5x^{5n} + 210ab^4x^{4n} + 336a^2b^3x^{3n} + 280a^3b^2x^{2n} + 120a^4bx^n + 21a^5}{168nx^{8n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/168*(56*b^5*x^(5*n) + 210*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 336*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 280*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 120*a^4*b*x^n + 21*a^5)/(n*x^(8*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{8nx^{8n}} - \frac{b^5}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{2a^2b^3}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{5ab^4}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{7nx^{7n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(8*n + 1),x)`

output

$$- a^5/(8*n*x^(8*n)) - b^5/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (2*a^2*b^3)/(n*x^(5*n)) - (5*a^3*b^2)/(3*n*x^(6*n)) - (5*a*b^4)/(4*n*x^(4*n)) - (5*a^4*b)/(7*n*x^(7*n))$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{-56x^{5n}b^5 - 210x^{4n}ab^4 - 336x^{3n}a^2b^3 - 280x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 120x^na^4b - 21a^5}{168x^{8n}n}$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)
```

output

```
( - 56*x**(5*n)*b**5 - 210*x**(4*n)*a*b**4 - 336*x**(3*n)*a**2*b**3 - 280*x**(2*n)*a**3*b**2 - 120*x**n*a**4*b - 21*a**5)/(168*x**(8*n)*n)
```

### 3.420 $\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2807
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2807
Rubi [A] (verified)	2808
Maple [A] (verified)	2809
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2810
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2810
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2811
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2811
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2811
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2812

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5 x^{-9n}}{9n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-8n}}{8n} - \frac{10a^3 b^2 x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{ab^4 x^{-5n}}{n} - \frac{b^5 x^{-4n}}{4n}$$

```
output -1/9*a^5/n/(x^(9*n))-5/8*a^4*b/n/(x^(8*n))-10/7*a^3*b^2/n/(x^(7*n))-5/3*a^2*b^3/n/(x^(6*n))-a*b^4/n/(x^(5*n))-1/4*b^5/n/(x^(4*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{-9n}(-56a^5 - 315a^4bx^n - 720a^3b^2x^{2n} - 840a^2b^3x^{3n} - 504ab^4x^{4n} - 126b^5x^{5n})}{504n}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - 9*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output

$$(-56*a^5 - 315*a^4*b*x^n - 720*a^3*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 840*a^2*b^3*x^{(3*n)} - 504*a*b^4*x^{(4*n)} - 126*b^5*x^{(5*n)})/(504*n*x^{(9*n)})$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-9n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\int x^{-10n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 53 \\ & \frac{\int (a^5x^{-10n} + 5a^4bx^{-9n} + 10a^3b^2x^{-8n} + 10a^2b^3x^{-7n} + 5ab^4x^{-6n} + b^5x^{-5n}) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{9}a^5x^{-9n} - \frac{5}{8}a^4bx^{-8n} - \frac{10}{7}a^3b^2x^{-7n} - \frac{5}{3}a^2b^3x^{-6n} - ab^4x^{-5n} - \frac{1}{4}b^5x^{-4n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-9*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^5,x]$$

output

$$(-1/9*a^5/x^{(9*n)} - (5*a^4*b)/(8*x^{(8*n)}) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(7*x^{(7*n)}) - (5*a^2*b^3)/(3*x^{(6*n)}) - (a*b^4)/x^{(5*n)} - b^5/(4*x^{(4*n)}))/n$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 53 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^5 x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{a b^4 x^{-5n}}{n} - \frac{5a^2 b^3 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{10a^3 b^2 x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-8n}}{8n} - \frac{a^5 x^{-9n}}{9n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-126x^{5n}x^{-1-9n}b^5 - 504x^{4n}x^{-1-9n}ab^4 - 840x^{3n}x^{-1-9n}a^2b^3 - 720x^{2n}x^{-1-9n}a^3b^2 - 315x^n x^{-1-9n}a^4b - 56x^{-1-9n}a^5}{504n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/4*b^5/n/(x^n)^4-a*b^4/n/(x^n)^5-5/3*a^2*b^3/n/(x^n)^6-10/7*a^3*b^2/n/(x
^n)^7-5/8*a^4*b/n/(x^n)^8-1/9*a^5/n/(x^n)^9
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= -\frac{126b^5x^{5n} + 504ab^4x^{4n} + 840a^2b^3x^{3n} + 720a^3b^2x^{2n} + 315a^4bx^n + 56a^5}{504nx^{9n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/504*(126*b^5*x^(5*n) + 504*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 840*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 720*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 315*a^4*b*x^n + 56*a^5)/(n*x^(9*n))`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5x^{-9n-1}}{9n} - \frac{5a^4bxx^n x^{-9n-1}}{8n} - \frac{10a^3b^2xx^{2n} x^{-9n-1}}{7n} - \frac{5a^2b^3xx^{3n} x^{-9n-1}}{3n} - \frac{ab^4xx^{4n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{b^5xx^{5n} x^{-9n-1}}{4n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**5*x*x**(-9*n - 1)/(9*n) - 5*a**4*b*x*x**n*x**(-9*n - 1)/(8*n) - 10*a**3*b**2*x*x**2*n*x**(-9*n - 1)/(7*n) - 5*a**2*b**3*x*x**3*n*x**(-9*n - 1)/(3*n) - a*b**4*x*x**4*n*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - b**5*x*x**5*n*x**(-9*n - 1)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{8nx^{8n}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{ab^4}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{b^5}{4nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/9*a^5/(n*x^(9*n)) - 5/8*a^4*b/(n*x^(8*n)) - 10/7*a^3*b^2/(n*x^(7*n)) - 5/3*a^2*b^3/(n*x^(6*n)) - a*b^4/(n*x^(5*n)) - 1/4*b^5/(n*x^(4*n))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{126b^5x^{5n} + 504ab^4x^{4n} + 840a^2b^3x^{3n} + 720a^3b^2x^{2n} + 315a^4bx^n + 56a^5}{504nx^{9n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/504*(126*b^5*x^(5*n) + 504*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 840*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 720*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 315*a^4*b*x^n + 56*a^5)/(n*x^(9*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{b^5}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{5a^2b^3}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{10a^3b^2}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{ab^4}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{8nx^{8n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(9*n + 1),x)`



output  $- a^5/(9*n*x^(9*n)) - b^5/(4*n*x^(4*n)) - (5*a^2*b^3)/(3*n*x^(6*n)) - (10*a^3*b^2)/(7*n*x^(7*n)) - (a*b^4)/(n*x^(5*n)) - (5*a^4*b)/(8*n*x^(8*n))$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{-126x^{5n}b^5 - 504x^{4n}ab^4 - 840x^{3n}a^2b^3 - 720x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 315x^na^4b - 56a^5}{504x^{9n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)`

output  $( - 126*x**(5*n)*b**5 - 504*x**(4*n)*a*b**4 - 840*x**(3*n)*a**2*b**3 - 720*x**(2*n)*a**3*b**2 - 315*x**n*a**4*b - 56*a**5)/(504*x**(9*n)*n)$

### 3.421 $\int x^{-1-10n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx$

Optimal result	2813
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2813
Rubi [A] (verified)	2814
Maple [A] (verified)	2815
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2816
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2816
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2817
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2817
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2817
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2818

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5x^{-10n}}{10n} - \frac{5a^4bx^{-9n}}{9n} - \frac{5a^3b^2x^{-8n}}{4n} - \frac{10a^2b^3x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{5ab^4x^{-6n}}{6n} - \frac{b^5x^{-5n}}{5n}$$

```
output -1/10*a^5/n/(x^(10*n))-5/9*a^4*b/n/(x^(9*n))-5/4*a^3*b^2/n/(x^(8*n))-10/7*
a^2*b^3/n/(x^(7*n))-5/6*a*b^4/n/(x^(6*n))-1/5*b^5/n/(x^(5*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a + bx^n)^5 dx = \frac{x^{-10n}(-126a^5 - 700a^4bx^n - 1575a^3b^2x^{2n} - 1800a^2b^3x^{3n} - 1050ab^4x^{4n} - 252b^5x^{5n})}{1260n}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - 10*n)*(a + b*x^n)^5,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-126*a^5 - 700*a^4*b*x^n - 1575*a^3*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 1800*a^2*b^3*x^{(3*n)} - 1050*a*b^4*x^{(4*n)} - 252*b^5*x^{(5*n)})}{(1260*n*x^{(10*n)})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-10n-1}(a+bx^n)^5 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{\int x^{-11n}(bx^n+a)^5 dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{53} \\ & \frac{\int (a^5x^{-11n} + 5a^4bx^{-10n} + 10a^3b^2x^{-9n} + 10a^2b^3x^{-8n} + 5ab^4x^{-7n} + b^5x^{-6n}) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{10}a^5x^{-10n} - \frac{5}{9}a^4bx^{-9n} - \frac{5}{4}a^3b^2x^{-8n} - \frac{10}{7}a^2b^3x^{-7n} - \frac{5}{6}ab^4x^{-6n} - \frac{1}{5}b^5x^{-5n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-10*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^5,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/10*a^5/x^{(10*n)} - (5*a^4*b)/(9*x^{(9*n)}) - (5*a^3*b^2)/(4*x^{(8*n)}) - (10*a^2*b^3)/(7*x^{(7*n)}) - (5*a*b^4)/(6*x^{(6*n)}) - b^5/(5*x^{(5*n)}))/n}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^5 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{5ab^4 x^{-6n}}{6n} - \frac{10a^2 b^3 x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{5a^3 b^2 x^{-8n}}{4n} - \frac{5a^4 b x^{-9n}}{9n} - \frac{a^5 x^{-10n}}{10n}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{252x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1-10n} b^5 - 1050x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1-10n} a b^4 - 1800x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-10n} a^2 b^3 - 1575x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-10n} a^3 b^2 - 700x x^n x^{-1-10n} a^4 b - 100a^5 x^{-10n}}{1260n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/5*b^5/n/(x^n)^5-5/6*a*b^4/n/(x^n)^6-10/7*a^2*b^3/n/(x^n)^7-5/4*a^3*b^2/n/(x^n)^8-5/9*a^4*b/n/(x^n)^9-1/10*a^5/n/(x^n)^10`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= -\frac{252b^5x^{5n} + 1050ab^4x^{4n} + 1800a^2b^3x^{3n} + 1575a^3b^2x^{2n} + 700a^4bx^n + 126a^5}{1260nx^{10n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/1260*(252*b^5*x^(5*n) + 1050*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 1800*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 1575*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 700*a^4*b*x^n + 126*a^5)/(n*x^(10*n))`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{a^5x^{-10n-1}}{10n} - \frac{5a^4bx^n x^{-10n-1}}{9n} - \frac{5a^3b^2x^{2n} x^{-10n-1}}{4n} - \frac{10a^2b^3x^{3n} x^{-10n-1}}{7n} - \frac{5ab^4x^{4n} x^{-10n-1}}{6n} - \frac{b^5x^{5n} x^{-10n-1}}{5n} \\ (a+b)^5 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x**n)**5,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**5*x*x**(-10*n - 1)/(10*n) - 5*a**4*b*x*x**n*x**(-10*n - 1)/(9*n) - 5*a**3*b**2*x*x**2*x**(-10*n - 1)/(4*n) - 10*a**2*b**3*x*x**3*x**(-10*n - 1)/(7*n) - 5*a*b**4*x*x**4*x**(-10*n - 1)/(6*n) - b**5*x*x**5*x**(-10*n - 1)/(5*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**5*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{10nx^{10n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{4nx^{8n}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{5ab^4}{6nx^{6n}} - \frac{b^5}{5nx^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/10*a^5/(n*x^(10*n)) - 5/9*a^4*b/(n*x^(9*n)) - 5/4*a^3*b^2/(n*x^(8*n)) - 10/7*a^2*b^3/(n*x^(7*n)) - 5/6*a*b^4/(n*x^(6*n)) - 1/5*b^5/(n*x^(5*n))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{252b^5x^{5n} + 1050ab^4x^{4n} + 1800a^2b^3x^{3n} + 1575a^3b^2x^{2n} + 700a^4bx^n + 126a^5}{1260nx^{10n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/1260*(252*b^5*x^(5*n) + 1050*a*b^4*x^(4*n) + 1800*a^2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 1575*a^3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 700*a^4*b*x^n + 126*a^5)/(n*x^(10*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx = -\frac{a^5}{10nx^{10n}} - \frac{b^5}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{10a^2b^3}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{5a^3b^2}{4nx^{8n}} - \frac{5ab^4}{6nx^{6n}} - \frac{5a^4b}{9nx^{9n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^5/x^(10*n + 1),x)`

output

```
- a^5/(10*n*x^(10*n)) - b^5/(5*n*x^(5*n)) - (10*a^2*b^3)/(7*n*x^(7*n)) - (
5*a^3*b^2)/(4*n*x^(8*n)) - (5*a*b^4)/(6*n*x^(6*n)) - (5*a^4*b)/(9*n*x^(9*n
))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^5 dx$$

$$= \frac{-252x^{5n}b^5 - 1050x^{4n}ab^4 - 1800x^{3n}a^2b^3 - 1575x^{2n}a^3b^2 - 700x^na^4b - 126a^5}{1260x^{10n}n}$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^5,x)
```

output

```
( - 252*x**(5*n)*b**5 - 1050*x**(4*n)*a*b**4 - 1800*x**(3*n)*a**2*b**3 - 1
575*x**(2*n)*a**3*b**2 - 700*x**n*a**4*b - 126*a**5)/(1260*x**(10*n)*n)
```

### 3.422 $\int x^{-1+9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2819
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2819
Rubi [A] (verified)	2820
Maple [A] (verified)	2821
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2822
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2822
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2823
Giac [F]	2823
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2823
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2824

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int x^{-1+9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{4a^7 b x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{14a^5 b^3 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{4a^3 b^5 x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{ab^7 x^{16n}}{2n} + \frac{b^8 x^{17n}}{17n}$$

output

```
1/9*a^8*x^(9*n)/n+4/5*a^7*b*x^(10*n)/n+28/11*a^6*b^2*x^(11*n)/n+14/3*a^5*b^3*x^(12*n)/n+70/13*a^4*b^4*x^(13*n)/n+4*a^3*b^5*x^(14*n)/n+28/15*a^2*b^6*x^(15*n)/n+1/2*a*b^7*x^(16*n)/n+1/17*b^8*x^(17*n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1+9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{9n}(24310a^8 + 175032a^7bx^n + 556920a^6b^2x^{2n} + 1021020a^5b^3x^{3n} + 1178100a^4b^4x^{4n} + 875160a^3b^5x^{5n} + 420420a^2b^6x^{6n} + 126120ab^7x^{7n} + 218790b^8x^{8n})}{218790n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 9*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```



output

$$\frac{(x^{(9*n)}*(24310*a^8 + 175032*a^7*b*x^n + 556920*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 1021020*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} + 1178100*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} + 875160*a^3*b^5*x^{(5*n)} + 408408*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} + 109395*a*b^7*x^{(7*n)} + 12870*b^8*x^{(8*n)}))/(218790*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{9n-1}(a + bx^n)^8 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \int x^{8n}(bx^n + a)^8 dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{\int (a^8 x^{8n} + 8a^7 b x^{9n} + 28a^6 b^2 x^{10n} + 56a^5 b^3 x^{11n} + 70a^4 b^4 x^{12n} + 56a^3 b^5 x^{13n} + 28a^2 b^6 x^{14n} + 8ab^7 x^{15n} + b^8 x^{16n})}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{9}a^8 x^{9n} + \frac{4}{5}a^7 b x^{10n} + \frac{28}{11}a^6 b^2 x^{11n} + \frac{14}{3}a^5 b^3 x^{12n} + \frac{70}{13}a^4 b^4 x^{13n} + 4a^3 b^5 x^{14n} + \frac{28}{15}a^2 b^6 x^{15n} + \frac{1}{2}ab^7 x^{16n} + \frac{1}{17}b^8 x^{17n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 9*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(a^8 x^{(9*n)})}{9} + \frac{(4*a^7*b*x^{(10*n)})}{5} + \frac{(28*a^6*b^2*x^{(11*n)})}{11} + \frac{(14*a^5*b^3*x^{(12*n)})}{3} + \frac{(70*a^4*b^4*x^{(13*n)})}{13} + 4*a^3*b^5*x^{(14*n)} + \frac{(28*a^2*b^6*x^{(15*n)})}{15} + \frac{(a*b^7*x^{(16*n)})}{2} + \frac{(b^8*x^{(17*n)})}{17}/n$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 8.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^8 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{4a^7 b x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{14a^5 b^3 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{4a^3 b^5 x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{a b^7 x^{16n}}{2n} + \frac{b^8 x^{17n}}{17n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{12870 x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1+9n} b^8 + 109395 x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1+9n} a b^7 + 408408 x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1+9n} a^2 b^6 + 875160 x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1+9n} a^3 b^5 + 1178100 x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1+9n} a^4 b^4 + 109395 x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1+9n} a^5 b^3 + 28700 x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1+9n} a^6 b^2 + 2870 x x^{n} x^{-1+9n} a^7 b + 12870 x^0 x^{0n} x^{-1+9n} a^8}{218790n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1+9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/17*b^8/n*(x^n)^17+1/2*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^16+28/15*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^15+4*a^3*b^5/n*(x^n)^14+70/13*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^13+14/3*a^5*b^3/n*(x^n)^12+28/11*a^6*b^2/n*(x^n)^11+4/5*a^7*b/n*(x^n)^10+1/9*a^8/n*(x^n)^9`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1+9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{12870 b^8 x^{17n} + 109395 ab^7 x^{16n} + 408408 a^2 b^6 x^{15n} + 875160 a^3 b^5 x^{14n} + 1178100 a^4 b^4 x^{13n} + 1021020 a^5 b^3 x^{12n} + 556920 a^6 b^2 x^{11n} + 175032 a^7 b x^{10n} + 24310 a^8 x^9}{218790 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/218790*(12870*b^8*x^(17*n) + 109395*a*b^7*x^(16*n) + 408408*a^2*b^6*x^(15*n) + 875160*a^3*b^5*x^(14*n) + 1178100*a^4*b^4*x^(13*n) + 1021020*a^5*b^3*x^(12*n) + 556920*a^6*b^2*x^(11*n) + 175032*a^7*b*x^(10*n) + 24310*a^8*x^(9*n))/n`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int x^{-1+9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^8 x x^{9n-1}}{9n} + \frac{4a^7 b x x^n x^{9n-1}}{5n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{9n-1}}{11n} + \frac{14a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{9n-1}}{3n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{9n-1}}{13n} + \frac{4a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{9n-1}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x x^{6n} x^{9n-1}}{15n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+9*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`output `Piecewise((a**8*x*x**(9*n - 1)/(9*n) + 4*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(9*n - 1)/(5*n) + 28*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(9*n - 1)/(11*n) + 14*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(9*n - 1)/(3*n) + 70*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(9*n - 1)/(13*n) + 4*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(9*n - 1)/n + 28*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(9*n - 1)/(15*n) + a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(9*n - 1)/(2*n) + b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(9*n - 1)/(17*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{17n}}{17n} + \frac{ab^7 x^{16n}}{2n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{4a^3 b^5 x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{13n}}{13n} \\ + \frac{14a^5 b^3 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{4a^7 b x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{a^8 x^{9n}}{9n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/17*b^8*x^(17*n)/n + 1/2*a*b^7*x^(16*n)/n + 28/15*a^2*b^6*x^(15*n)/n + 4*a^3*b^5*x^(14*n)/n + 70/13*a^4*b^4*x^(13*n)/n + 14/3*a^5*b^3*x^(12*n)/n + 28/11*a^6*b^2*x^(11*n)/n + 4/5*a^7*b*x^(10*n)/n + 1/9*a^8*x^(9*n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^8 x^{9n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^8*x^(9*n - 1), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{b^8 x^{17n}}{17n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{14a^5 b^3 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{13n}}{13n} \\ + \frac{4a^3 b^5 x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{4a^7 b x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{a b^7 x^{16n}}{2n}$$

input `int(x^(9*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x)`

output

```
(a^8*x^(9*n))/(9*n) + (b^8*x^(17*n))/(17*n) + (28*a^6*b^2*x^(11*n))/(11*n)
+ (14*a^5*b^3*x^(12*n))/(3*n) + (70*a^4*b^4*x^(13*n))/(13*n) + (4*a^3*b^5
*x^(14*n))/n + (28*a^2*b^6*x^(15*n))/(15*n) + (4*a^7*b*x^(10*n))/(5*n) + (
a*b^7*x^(16*n))/(2*n)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int x^{-1+9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{9n}(12870x^{8n}b^8 + 109395x^{7n}ab^7 + 408408x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 875160x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 1178100x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 1021020x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 556920x^{2n}a^6b^2 + 175032x^n a^7b + 24310a^8)}{218790n}$$

input

```
int(x^(-1+9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)
```

output

```
(x**(9*n)*(12870*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 109395*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 408408*x**(6*n)*
a**2*b**6 + 875160*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 1178100*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 10210
20*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 + 556920*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 + 175032*x**n*a**7*b + 2
4310*a**8))/(218790*n)
```

### 3.423 $\int x^{-1+8n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2825
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2825
Rubi [A] (verified)	2826
Maple [A] (verified)	2827
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2828
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2828
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2829
Giac [F]	2829
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2829
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2830

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int x^{-1+8n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{8n}}{8n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{12n}}{6n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{2a^2 b^6 x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{b^8 x^{16n}}{16n}$$

output  $\frac{1}{8}a^8x^{(8n)}/n+8/9a^7b*x^{(9n)}/n+14/5a^6*b^2*x^{(10n)}/n+56/11a^5*b^3*x^{(11n)}/n+35/6a^4*b^4*x^{(12n)}/n+56/13a^3*b^5*x^{(13n)}/n+2a^2*b^6*x^{(14n)}/n+8/15a*b^7*x^{(15n)}/n+1/16*b^8*x^{(16n)}/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1+8n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{8n}(12870a^8 + 91520a^7bx^n + 288288a^6b^2x^{2n} + 524160a^5b^3x^{3n} + 600600a^4b^4x^{4n} + 443520a^3b^5x^{5n} + 205120a^2b^6x^{6n} + 56000ab^7x^{7n} + b^8x^{8n})}{102960n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 8*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output

$$\frac{(x^{(8*n)}*(12870*a^8 + 91520*a^7*b*x^n + 288288*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 524160*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} + 600600*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} + 443520*a^3*b^5*x^{(5*n)} + 205920*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} + 54912*a*b^7*x^{(7*n)} + 6435*b^8*x^{(8*n)}))/(102960*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{8n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \int x^{7n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{\int (a^8 x^{7n} + 8a^7 b x^{8n} + 28a^6 b^2 x^{9n} + 56a^5 b^3 x^{10n} + 70a^4 b^4 x^{11n} + 56a^3 b^5 x^{12n} + 28a^2 b^6 x^{13n} + 8ab^7 x^{14n} + b^8 x^{15n}) dx}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\frac{1}{8}a^8 x^{8n} + \frac{8}{9}a^7 b x^{9n} + \frac{14}{5}a^6 b^2 x^{10n} + \frac{56}{11}a^5 b^3 x^{11n} + \frac{35}{6}a^4 b^4 x^{12n} + \frac{56}{13}a^3 b^5 x^{13n} + 2a^2 b^6 x^{14n} + \frac{8}{15}ab^7 x^{15n} + \frac{1}{16}b^8 x^{16n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 8*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((a^8*x^{(8*n)})/8 + (8*a^7*b*x^{(9*n)})/9 + (14*a^6*b^2*x^{(10*n)})/5 + (56*a^5*b^3*x^{(11*n)})/11 + (35*a^4*b^4*x^{(12*n)})/6 + (56*a^3*b^5*x^{(13*n)})/13 + 2*a^2*b^6*x^{(14*n)} + (8*a*b^7*x^{(15*n)})/15 + (b^8*x^{(16*n)})/16)/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^8 x^{8n}}{8n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{12n}}{6n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{2a^2 b^6 x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{8a b^7 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{b^8 x^{16n}}{16n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{6435x^{8n}x^{-1+8n}b^8+54912xx^{7n}x^{-1+8n}ab^7+205920xx^{6n}x^{-1+8n}a^2b^6+443520xx^{5n}x^{-1+8n}a^3b^5+600600xx^{4n}x^{-1+8n}a^4b^4+443520xx^{3n}x^{-1+8n}a^5b^3+205920xx^{2n}x^{-1+8n}a^6b^2+54912xx^{n}x^{-1+8n}a^7b+6435x^8x^{-1+8n}a^8}{102960n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1+8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/16*b^8/n*(x^n)^16+8/15*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^15+2*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^14+56/13*a^3*b  
^5/n*(x^n)^13+35/6*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^12+56/11*a^5*b^3/n*(x^n)^11+14/5*a^6*b^2/n*(x^n)^10+8/9*a^7*b/n*(x^n)^9+1/8*a^8/n*(x^n)^8`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1+8n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{6435 b^8 x^{16n} + 54912 ab^7 x^{15n} + 205920 a^2 b^6 x^{14n} + 443520 a^3 b^5 x^{13n} + 600600 a^4 b^4 x^{12n} + 524160 a^5 b^3 x^{11n} + 288288 a^6 b^2 x^{10n} + 91520 a^7 b x^9 + 12870 a^8 x^8}{102960 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/102960*(6435*b^8*x^(16*n) + 54912*a*b^7*x^(15*n) + 205920*a^2*b^6*x^(14*n) + 443520*a^3*b^5*x^(13*n) + 600600*a^4*b^4*x^(12*n) + 524160*a^5*b^3*x^(11*n) + 288288*a^6*b^2*x^(10*n) + 91520*a^7*b*x^(9*n) + 12870*a^8*x^(8*n))/n`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int x^{-1+8n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^8 x x^{8n-1}}{8n} + \frac{8a^7 b x x^n x^{8n-1}}{9n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{8n-1}}{5n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{8n-1}}{11n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{8n-1}}{6n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{8n-1}}{13n} + \frac{2a^2 b^6 x x^{6n} x^{8n-1}}{n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+8*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`output `Piecewise((a**8*x*x**(8*n - 1)/(8*n) + 8*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(8*n - 1)/(9*n) + 14*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(8*n - 1)/(5*n) + 56*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(8*n - 1)/(11*n) + 35*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(8*n - 1)/(6*n) + 56*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(8*n - 1)/(13*n) + 2*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(8*n - 1)/n + 8*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(8*n - 1)/(15*n) + b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(8*n - 1)/(16*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+8n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{16n}}{16n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{2a^2 b^6 x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{12n}}{6n} \\ + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^9}{9n} + \frac{a^8 x^{8n}}{8n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/16*b^8*x^(16*n)/n + 8/15*a*b^7*x^(15*n)/n + 2*a^2*b^6*x^(14*n)/n + 56/13  
*a^3*b^5*x^(13*n)/n + 35/6*a^4*b^4*x^(12*n)/n + 56/11*a^5*b^3*x^(11*n)/n +  
14/5*a^6*b^2*x^(10*n)/n + 8/9*a^7*b*x^(9*n)/n + 1/8*a^8*x^(8*n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+8n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^8 x^{8n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^8*x^(8*n - 1), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+8n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{8n}}{8n} + \frac{b^8 x^{16n}}{16n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{12n}}{6n} \\ + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{2a^2 b^6 x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^9}{9n} + \frac{8a b^7 x^{15n}}{15n}$$

input `int(x^(8*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^8 x^{8n})/(8n) + (b^8 x^{16n})/(16n) + (14 a^6 b^2 x^{10n})/(5n) \\ & + (56 a^5 b^3 x^{11n})/(11n) + (35 a^4 b^4 x^{12n})/(6n) + (56 a^3 b^5 \\ & * x^{13n})/(13n) + (2 a^2 b^6 x^{14n})/n + (8 a^7 b x^{9n})/(9n) + (8 \\ & a b^7 x^{15n})/(15n) \end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-1+8n} (a + b x^n)^8 dx \\ & = \frac{x^{8n} (6435 x^{8n} b^8 + 54912 x^{7n} a b^7 + 205920 x^{6n} a^2 b^6 + 443520 x^{5n} a^3 b^5 + 600600 x^{4n} a^4 b^4 + 524160 x^{3n} a^5 b^3 + 288288 x^{2n} a^6 b^2 + 91520 x^n a^7 b + 12870 a^8)}{102960n} \end{aligned}$$

input

int(x^(-1+8\*n)\*(a+b\*x^n)^8,x)

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x^{8n} (6435 x^{8n} b^8 + 54912 x^{7n} a b^7 + 205920 x^{6n} a^2 b^6 + 443520 x^{5n} a^3 b^5 + 600600 x^{4n} a^4 b^4 + 524160 x^{3n} a^5 b^3 + 288288 x^{2n} a^6 b^2 + 91520 x^n a^7 b + 12870 a^8)) / (102960 n) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.424 $\int x^{-1+7n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2831
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2831
Rubi [A] (verified)	2832
Maple [A] (verified)	2833
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2834
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2834
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2835
Giac [F]	2835
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2835
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2836

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 150

$$\int x^{-1+7n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^6(a + bx^n)^9}{9b^7n} - \frac{3a^5(a + bx^n)^{10}}{5b^7n} + \frac{15a^4(a + bx^n)^{11}}{11b^7n} - \frac{5a^3(a + bx^n)^{12}}{3b^7n} + \frac{15a^2(a + bx^n)^{13}}{13b^7n} - \frac{3a(a + bx^n)^{14}}{7b^7n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{15}}{15b^7n}$$

output

```
1/9*a^6*(a+b*x^n)^9/b^7/n-3/5*a^5*(a+b*x^n)^10/b^7/n+15/11*a^4*(a+b*x^n)^11/b^7/n-5/3*a^3*(a+b*x^n)^12/b^7/n+15/13*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^13/b^7/n-3/7*a*(a+b*x^n)^14/b^7/n+1/15*(a+b*x^n)^15/b^7/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1+7n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{7n}(6435a^8 + 45045a^7bx^n + 140140a^6b^2x^{2n} + 252252a^5b^3x^{3n} + 286650a^4b^4x^{4n} + 210210a^3b^5x^{5n} + 97020a^2b^6x^{6n} + 25225a^2b^7x^{7n} + 1575a^3b^8x^{8n})}{45045n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 7*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output  $(x^{(7n)}*(6435*a^8 + 45045*a^7*b*x^n + 140140*a^6*b^2*x^{(2n)} + 252252*a^5*b^3*x^{(3n)} + 286650*a^4*b^4*x^{(4n)} + 210210*a^3*b^5*x^{(5n)} + 97020*a^2*b^6*x^{(6n)} + 25740*a*b^7*x^{(7n)} + 3003*b^8*x^{(8n)}))/(45045*n)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{7n-1}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{6n}(bx^n + a)^8 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^{14}}{b^6} - \frac{6a(bx^n+a)^{13}}{b^6} + \frac{15a^2(bx^n+a)^{12}}{b^6} - \frac{20a^3(bx^n+a)^{11}}{b^6} + \frac{15a^4(bx^n+a)^{10}}{b^6} - \frac{6a^5(bx^n+a)^9}{b^6} + \frac{a^6(bx^n+a)^8}{b^6} \right) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^6(a+bx^n)^9}{9b^7} - \frac{3a^5(a+bx^n)^{10}}{5b^7} + \frac{15a^4(a+bx^n)^{11}}{11b^7} - \frac{5a^3(a+bx^n)^{12}}{3b^7} + \frac{15a^2(a+bx^n)^{13}}{13b^7} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{15}}{15b^7} - \frac{3a(a+bx^n)^{14}}{7b^7}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 7*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output

$$\frac{((a^6*(a + b*x^n)^9)/(9*b^7) - (3*a^5*(a + b*x^n)^10)/(5*b^7) + (15*a^4*(a + b*x^n)^11)/(11*b^7) - (5*a^3*(a + b*x^n)^12)/(3*b^7) + (15*a^2*(a + b*x^n)^13)/(13*b^7) - (3*a*(a + b*x^n)^14)/(7*b^7) + (a + b*x^n)^15/(15*b^7))}{n}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{4a b^7 x^{14n}}{7n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{14a^3 b^5 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{a^7 b x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{a^8 x^{7n}}{7n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{3003x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1+7n} b^8 + 25740x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1+7n} a b^7 + 97020x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1+7n} a^2 b^6 + 210210x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1+7n} a^3 b^5 + 286650x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1+7n} a^4 b^4 + 25740x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1+7n} a^5 b^3 + 9702x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1+7n} a^6 b^2 + 2574x x^{1n} x^{-1+7n} a^7 b + 2574x^0 x^{0n} x^{-1+7n} a^8}{45045n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^(-1+7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/15*b^8/n*(x^n)^15+4/7*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^14+28/13*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^13+14/3*a^3
*b^5/n*(x^n)^12+70/11*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^11+28/5*a^5*b^3/n*(x^n)^10+28/9*a^6*
b^2/n*(x^n)^9+a^7*b/n*(x^n)^8+1/7*a^8/n*(x^n)^7
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1+7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{3003 b^8 x^{15n} + 25740 ab^7 x^{14n} + 97020 a^2 b^6 x^{13n} + 210210 a^3 b^5 x^{12n} + 286650 a^4 b^4 x^{11n} + 252252 a^5 b^3 x^{10n} + 140140 a^6 b^2 x^9 + 45045 a^7 b x^8 + 6435 a^8 x^7}{45045 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/45045*(3003*b^8*x^(15*n) + 25740*a*b^7*x^(14*n) + 97020*a^2*b^6*x^(13*n) + 210210*a^3*b^5*x^(12*n) + 286650*a^4*b^4*x^(11*n) + 252252*a^5*b^3*x^(10*n) + 140140*a^6*b^2*x^(9*n) + 45045*a^7*b*x^(8*n) + 6435*a^8*x^(7*n))/n`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int x^{-1+7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^8 x x^{7n-1}}{7n} + \frac{a^7 b x x^n x^{7n-1}}{n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{7n-1}}{9n} + \frac{28a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{7n-1}}{5n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{7n-1}}{11n} + \frac{14a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{7n-1}}{3n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x x^{6n} x^{7n-1}}{13n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+7*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`output `Piecewise((a**8*x*x**(7*n - 1)/(7*n) + a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(7*n - 1)/n + 28*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(7*n - 1)/(9*n) + 28*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(7*n - 1)/(5*n) + 70*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(7*n - 1)/(11*n) + 14*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(7*n - 1)/(3*n) + 28*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(7*n - 1)/(13*n) + 4*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(7*n - 1)/(7*n) + b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(7*n - 1)/(15*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{4ab^7 x^{14n}}{7n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{14a^3 b^5 x^{12n}}{3n} \\ + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{a^7 b x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{a^8 x^{7n}}{7n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/15*b^8*x^(15*n)/n + 4/7*a*b^7*x^(14*n)/n + 28/13*a^2*b^6*x^(13*n)/n + 14/3*a^3*b^5*x^(12*n)/n + 70/11*a^4*b^4*x^(11*n)/n + 28/5*a^5*b^3*x^(10*n)/n + 28/9*a^6*b^2*x^(9*n)/n + a^7*b*x^(8*n)/n + 1/7*a^8*x^(7*n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^8 x^{7n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^8*x^(7*n - 1), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{b^8 x^{15n}}{15n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{11n}}{11n} \\ + \frac{14a^3 b^5 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{a^7 b x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{4a b^7 x^{14n}}{7n}$$

input `int(x^(7*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x)`



output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^8 x^{7n})/(7n) + (b^8 x^{15n})/(15n) + (28 a^6 b^2 x^{9n})/(9n) + \\ & (28 a^5 b^3 x^{10n})/(5n) + (70 a^4 b^4 x^{11n})/(11n) + (14 a^3 b^5 x^{12n})/(3n) + \\ & (28 a^2 b^6 x^{13n})/(13n) + (a^7 b x^{8n})/n + (4 a b^7 x^{14n})/(7n) \end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-1+7n} (a + b x^n)^8 dx \\ & = \frac{x^{7n} (3003 x^{8n} b^8 + 25740 x^{7n} a b^7 + 97020 x^{6n} a^2 b^6 + 210210 x^{5n} a^3 b^5 + 286650 x^{4n} a^4 b^4 + 252252 x^{3n} a^5 b^3 + 140140 x^{2n} a^6 b^2 + 45045 x^n a^7 b + 6435 a^8)}{45045n} \end{aligned}$$

input

int(x^(-1+7\*n)\*(a+b\*x^n)^8,x)

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (x^{7n} (3003 x^{8n} b^8 + 25740 x^{7n} a b^7 + 97020 x^{6n} a^2 b^6 + 210210 x^{5n} a^3 b^5 + 286650 x^{4n} a^4 b^4 + 252252 x^{3n} a^5 b^3 + \\ & 140140 x^{2n} a^6 b^2 + 45045 x^n a^7 b + 6435 a^8)) / (45045 n) \end{aligned}$$

### 3.425 $\int x^{-1+6n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2837
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2837
Rubi [A] (verified)	2838
Maple [A] (verified)	2839
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2840
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2840
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2841
Giac [F]	2841
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2841
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2842

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 128

$$\int x^{-1+6n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^5(a + bx^n)^9}{9b^6n} + \frac{a^4(a + bx^n)^{10}}{2b^6n} - \frac{10a^3(a + bx^n)^{11}}{11b^6n} + \frac{5a^2(a + bx^n)^{12}}{6b^6n} - \frac{5a(a + bx^n)^{13}}{13b^6n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{14}}{14b^6n}$$

output

$$-1/9*a^5*(a+b*x^n)^9/b^6/n+1/2*a^4*(a+b*x^n)^10/b^6/n-10/11*a^3*(a+b*x^n)^11/b^6/n+5/6*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^12/b^6/n-5/13*a*(a+b*x^n)^13/b^6/n+1/14*(a+b*x^n)^14/b^6/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+6n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{6n}(3003a^8 + 20592a^7bx^n + 63063a^6b^2x^{2n} + 112112a^5b^3x^{3n} + 126126a^4b^4x^{4n} + 91728a^3b^5x^{5n} + 42042a^2b^6x^{6n} + 10514a^2b^6x^{6n})}{18018n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 6*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^{6n})*(3003*a^8 + 20592*a^7*b*x^n + 63063*a^6*b^2*x^{2n} + 112112*a^5*b^3*x^{3n} + 126126*a^4*b^4*x^{4n} + 91728*a^3*b^5*x^{5n} + 42042*a^2*b^6*x^{6n} + 11088*a*b^7*x^{7n} + 1287*b^8*x^{8n}))}{(18018*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{6n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \int x^{5n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^{13}}{b^5} - \frac{5a(bx^n+a)^{12}}{b^5} + \frac{10a^2(bx^n+a)^{11}}{b^5} - \frac{10a^3(bx^n+a)^{10}}{b^5} + \frac{5a^4(bx^n+a)^9}{b^5} - \frac{a^5(bx^n+a)^8}{b^5} \right) dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-\frac{a^5(a+bx^n)^9}{9b^6} + \frac{a^4(a+bx^n)^{10}}{2b^6} - \frac{10a^3(a+bx^n)^{11}}{11b^6} + \frac{5a^2(a+bx^n)^{12}}{6b^6} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{14}}{14b^6} - \frac{5a(a+bx^n)^{13}}{13b^6}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1+6*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^8,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/9*(a^5*(a+b*x^n)^9)/b^6 + (a^4*(a+b*x^n)^{10})/(2*b^6) - (10*a^3*(a+b*x^n)^{11})/(11*b^6) + (5*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^{12})/(6*b^6) - (5*a*(a+b*x^n)^{13})/(13*b^6) + (a+b*x^n)^{14}/(14*b^6))/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{14n}}{14n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{7a^4 b^4 x^{10n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{8n}}{2n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{a^8 x^{6n}}{6n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{1287x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1+6n} b^8 + 11088x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1+6n} a b^7 + 42042x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1+6n} a^2 b^6 + 91728x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1+6n} a^3 b^5 + 126126x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1+6n} a^4 b^4}{18018n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1+6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/14*b^8/n*(x^n)^14+8/13*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^13+7/3*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^12+56/11*a^3  
*b^5/n*(x^n)^11+7*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^10+56/9*a^5*b^3/n*(x^n)^9+7/2*a^6*b^2/n*  
(x^n)^8+8/7*a^7*b/n*(x^n)^7+1/6*a^8/n*(x^n)^6`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{1287b^8x^{14n} + 11088ab^7x^{13n} + 42042a^2b^6x^{12n} + 91728a^3b^5x^{11n} + 126126a^4b^4x^{10n} + 112112a^5b^3x^{9n} + 63063a^6b^2x^{8n} + 20592a^7bx^{7n} + 3003a^8x^{6n}}{18018n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/18018*(1287*b^8*x^(14*n) + 11088*a*b^7*x^(13*n) + 42042*a^2*b^6*x^(12*n) + 91728*a^3*b^5*x^(11*n) + 126126*a^4*b^4*x^(10*n) + 112112*a^5*b^3*x^(9*n) + 63063*a^6*b^2*x^(8*n) + 20592*a^7*b*x^(7*n) + 3003*a^8*x^(6*n))/n`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int x^{-1+6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^8xx^{6n-1}}{6n} + \frac{8a^7bxx^n x^{6n-1}}{7n} + \frac{7a^6b^2xx^{2n} x^{6n-1}}{2n} + \frac{56a^5b^3xx^{3n} x^{6n-1}}{9n} + \frac{7a^4b^4xx^{4n} x^{6n-1}}{n} + \frac{56a^3b^5xx^{5n} x^{6n-1}}{11n} + \frac{7a^2b^6xx^{6n} x^{6n-1}}{3n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+6*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`output `Piecewise((a**8*x*x**(6*n - 1)/(6*n) + 8*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(6*n - 1)/(7*n) + 7*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(6*n - 1)/(2*n) + 56*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(6*n - 1)/(9*n) + 7*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(6*n - 1)/n + 56*a**3*b**5*x*x***(5*n)*x**(6*n - 1)/(11*n) + 7*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(6*n - 1)/(3*n) + 8*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(6*n - 1)/(13*n) + b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(6*n - 1)/(14*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{-1+6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{14n}}{14n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{7a^4 b^4 x^{10n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{8n}}{2n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{a^8 x^{6n}}{6n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/14*b^8*x^(14*n)/n + 8/13*a*b^7*x^(13*n)/n + 7/3*a^2*b^6*x^(12*n)/n + 56/11*a^3*b^5*x^(11*n)/n + 7*a^4*b^4*x^(10*n)/n + 56/9*a^5*b^3*x^(9*n)/n + 7/2*a^6*b^2*x^(8*n)/n + 8/7*a^7*b*x^(7*n)/n + 1/6*a^8*x^(6*n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^8 x^{6n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^8*x^(6*n - 1), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{-1+6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{b^8 x^{14n}}{14n} + \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{8n}}{2n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{7a^4 b^4 x^{10n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{8a b^7 x^{13n}}{13n}$$

input `int(x^(6*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x)`

output

```
(a^8*x^(6*n))/(6*n) + (b^8*x^(14*n))/(14*n) + (7*a^6*b^2*x^(8*n))/(2*n) +
(56*a^5*b^3*x^(9*n))/(9*n) + (7*a^4*b^4*x^(10*n))/n + (56*a^3*b^5*x^(11*n))
)/(11*n) + (7*a^2*b^6*x^(12*n))/(3*n) + (8*a^7*b*x^(7*n))/(7*n) + (8*a*b^7
*x^(13*n))/(13*n)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{6n}(1287x^{8n}b^8 + 11088x^{7n}ab^7 + 42042x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 91728x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 126126x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 112112x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 63063x^{2n}a^6b^2 + 20592x^n a^7b + 3003a^8)}{18018n}$$

input

```
int(x^(-1+6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)
```

output

```
(x**(6*n)*(1287*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 11088*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 42042*x**(6*n)*a**
2*b**6 + 91728*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 126126*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 112112*x**
(3*n)*a**5*b**3 + 63063*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 + 20592*x**n*a**7*b + 3003*a**8
))/(18018*n)
```

### 3.426 $\int x^{-1+5n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2843
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2843
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2844
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	2845
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2846
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2846
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2847
Giac [F] . . . . .	2847
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2847
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2848

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int x^{-1+5n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^4(a + bx^n)^9}{9b^5n} - \frac{2a^3(a + bx^n)^{10}}{5b^5n} + \frac{6a^2(a + bx^n)^{11}}{11b^5n} - \frac{a(a + bx^n)^{12}}{3b^5n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{13}}{13b^5n}$$

output

```
1/9*a^4*(a+b*x^n)^9/b^5/n-2/5*a^3*(a+b*x^n)^10/b^5/n+6/11*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^11/b^5/n-1/3*a*(a+b*x^n)^12/b^5/n+1/13*(a+b*x^n)^13/b^5/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x^{-1+5n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{5n}(1287a^8 + 8580a^7bx^n + 25740a^6b^2x^{2n} + 45045a^5b^3x^{3n} + 50050a^4b^4x^{4n} + 36036a^3b^5x^{5n} + 16380a^2b^6x^{6n} + 4284ab^7x^{7n} + b^8x^{8n})}{6435n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 5*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```



output

$$\frac{(x^{(5*n)}*(1287*a^8 + 8580*a^7*b*x^n + 25740*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 45045*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} + 50050*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} + 36036*a^3*b^5*x^{(5*n)} + 16380*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} + 4290*a*b^7*x^{(7*n)} + 495*b^8*x^{(8*n)}))/(6435*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{5n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \int x^{4n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^{12}}{b^4} - \frac{4a(bx^n+a)^{11}}{b^4} + \frac{6a^2(bx^n+a)^{10}}{b^4} - \frac{4a^3(bx^n+a)^9}{b^4} + \frac{a^4(bx^n+a)^8}{b^4} \right) dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{\frac{a^4(a+bx^n)^9}{9b^5} - \frac{2a^3(a+bx^n)^{10}}{5b^5} + \frac{6a^2(a+bx^n)^{11}}{11b^5} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{13}}{13b^5} - \frac{a(a+bx^n)^{12}}{3b^5}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 5*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\left( \frac{a^4*(a + b*x^n)^9}{(9*b^5)} - \frac{(2*a^3*(a + b*x^n)^{10})}{(5*b^5)} + \frac{(6*a^2*(a + b*x^n)^{11})}{(11*b^5)} - \frac{(a*(a + b*x^n)^{12})}{(3*b^5)} + \frac{(a + b*x^n)^{13}}{(13*b^5)} \right) / n$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[\text{ExpandIntegrand}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, x\} \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m, 0] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[m + n + 2, 0]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p, x\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

rule 2009  $\text{Int}[u_, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{IntSum}[u, x], x] /; \text{SumQ}[u]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 8.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{2a b^7 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{7a^5 b^3 x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{4a^6 b^2 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{4a^7 b x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{a^8 x^{5n}}{5n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{495x^{8n}x^{-1+5n}b^8+4290x^{7n}x^{-1+5n}ab^7+16380x^{6n}x^{-1+5n}a^2b^6+36036x^{5n}x^{-1+5n}a^3b^5+50050x^{4n}x^{-1+5n}a^4b^4+44444x^{3n}x^{-1+5n}a^5b^3+33333x^{2n}x^{-1+5n}a^6b^2+22222x^{n}x^{-1+5n}a^7b}{6435n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input  $\text{int}(x^{(-1+5*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^8, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $\frac{1}{13}b^8/n*(x^n)^{13}+2/3*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^{12}+28/11*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^{11}+28/5*a^3*b^5/n*(x^n)^{10}+70/9*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^9+7*a^5*b^3/n*(x^n)^8+4*a^6*b^2/n*(x^n)^7+4/3*a^7*b/n*(x^n)^6+1/5*a^8/n*(x^n)^5$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int x^{-1+5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{495 b^8 x^{13n} + 4290 ab^7 x^{12n} + 16380 a^2 b^6 x^{11n} + 36036 a^3 b^5 x^{10n} + 50050 a^4 b^4 x^{9n} + 45045 a^5 b^3 x^{8n} + 25740 a^6 b^2 x^{7n} + 8580 a^7 b x^{6n} + 1287 a^8 x^{5n}}{6435 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/6435*(495*b^8*x^(13*n) + 4290*a*b^7*x^(12*n) + 16380*a^2*b^6*x^(11*n) + 36036*a^3*b^5*x^(10*n) + 50050*a^4*b^4*x^(9*n) + 45045*a^5*b^3*x^(8*n) + 25740*a^6*b^2*x^(7*n) + 8580*a^7*b*x^(6*n) + 1287*a^8*x^(5*n))/n`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 2.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int x^{-1+5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^8 x x^{5n-1}}{5n} + \frac{4a^7 b x x^n x^{5n-1}}{3n} + \frac{4a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{5n-1}}{n} + \frac{7a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{5n-1}}{n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{5n-1}}{9n} + \frac{28a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{5n-1}}{5n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x x^{6n} x^{5n-1}}{11n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+5*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`output `Piecewise((a**8*x*x**(5*n - 1)/(5*n) + 4*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(5*n - 1)/(3*n) + 4*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(5*n - 1)/n + 7*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(5*n - 1)/n + 70*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(5*n - 1)/(9*n) + 28*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(5*n - 1)/(5*n) + 28*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(5*n - 1)/(11*n) + 2*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(5*n - 1)/(3*n) + b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(5*n - 1)/(13*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{-1+5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{2ab^7 x^{12n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{7a^5 b^3 x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{4a^6 b^2 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{4a^7 b x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{a^8 x^{5n}}{5n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/13*b^8*x^(13*n)/n + 2/3*a*b^7*x^(12*n)/n + 28/11*a^2*b^6*x^(11*n)/n + 28/5*a^3*b^5*x^(10*n)/n + 70/9*a^4*b^4*x^(9*n)/n + 7*a^5*b^3*x^(8*n)/n + 4*a^6*b^2*x^(7*n)/n + 4/3*a^7*b*x^(6*n)/n + 1/5*a^8*x^(5*n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^8 x^{5n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^8*x^(5*n - 1), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{-1+5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{b^8 x^{13n}}{13n} + \frac{4a^6 b^2 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{7a^5 b^3 x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{4a^7 b x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{2a b^7 x^{12n}}{3n}$$

input `int(x^(5*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x)`

output

```
(a^8*x^(5*n))/(5*n) + (b^8*x^(13*n))/(13*n) + (4*a^6*b^2*x^(7*n))/n + (7*a^5*b^3*x^(8*n))/n + (70*a^4*b^4*x^(9*n))/(9*n) + (28*a^3*b^5*x^(10*n))/(5*n) + (28*a^2*b^6*x^(11*n))/(11*n) + (4*a^7*b*x^(6*n))/(3*n) + (2*a*b^7*x^(12*n))/(3*n)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{-1+5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{5n}(495x^{8n}b^8 + 4290x^{7n}ab^7 + 16380x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 36036x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 50050x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 45045x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 25740x^{2n}a^6b^2 + 8580x^n a^7b + 1287a^8)}{6435n}$$

input

```
int(x^(-1+5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)
```

output

```
(x**(5*n)*(495*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 4290*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 16380*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 36036*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 50050*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 45045*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 + 25740*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 + 8580*x**n*a**7*b + 1287*a**8))/(6435*n)
```

### 3.427 $\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2849
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2849
Rubi [A] (verified)	2850
Maple [A] (verified)	2851
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2851
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2852
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2852
Giac [F]	2853
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2853
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2854

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^3(a + bx^n)^9}{9b^4n} + \frac{3a^2(a + bx^n)^{10}}{10b^4n} - \frac{3a(a + bx^n)^{11}}{11b^4n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{12}}{12b^4n}$$

output

```
-1/9*a^3*(a+b*x^n)^9/b^4/n+3/10*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^10/b^4/n-3/11*a*(a+b*x^n)^11/b^4/n+1/12*(a+b*x^n)^12/b^4/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{4n}(495a^8 + 3168a^7bx^n + 9240a^6b^2x^{2n} + 15840a^5b^3x^{3n} + 17325a^4b^4x^{4n} + 12320a^3b^5x^{5n} + 5544a^2b^6x^{6n} + 1440ab^7x^{7n} + 165b^8x^{8n})}{1980n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

```
(x^(4*n)*(495*a^8 + 3168*a^7*b*x^n + 9240*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 15840*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 17325*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 12320*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 5544*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 1440*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 165*b^8*x^(8*n)))/(1980*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{4n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{3n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^{11}}{b^3} - \frac{3a(bx^n+a)^{10}}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(bx^n+a)^9}{b^3} - \frac{a^3(bx^n+a)^8}{b^3} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{a^3(a+bx^n)^9}{9b^4} + \frac{3a^2(a+bx^n)^{10}}{10b^4} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{12}}{12b^4} - \frac{3a(a+bx^n)^{11}}{11b^4}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output `(-1/9*(a^3*(a + b*x^n)^9)/b^4 + (3*a^2*(a + b*x^n)^10)/(10*b^4) - (3*a*(a + b*x^n)^11)/(11*b^4) + (a + b*x^n)^12/(12*b^4))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 8.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{12n}}{12n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{14a^2 b^6 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{8n}}{4n} + \frac{8a^5 b^3 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{a^8 x^{4n}}{4n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{165x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1+4n} b^8 + 1440x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1+4n} a b^7 + 5544x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1+4n} a^2 b^6 + 12320x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1+4n} a^3 b^5 + 17325x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1+4n} a^4 b^4 + 15840x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1+4n} a^5 b^3 + 9240x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1+4n} a^6 b^2 + 1980x x^{n} x^{-1+4n} a^7 b + a^8 x^{4n}}{1980n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/12*b^8/n*(x^n)^12+8/11*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^11+14/5*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^10+56/9*a^3
*b^5/n*(x^n)^9+35/4*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^8+8*a^5*b^3/n*(x^n)^7+14/3*a^6*b^2/n*(
x^n)^6+8/5*a^7*b/n*(x^n)^5+1/4*a^8/n*(x^n)^4
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int x^{-1+4n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{165 b^8 x^{12n} + 1440 a b^7 x^{11n} + 5544 a^2 b^6 x^{10n} + 12320 a^3 b^5 x^{9n} + 17325 a^4 b^4 x^{8n} + 15840 a^5 b^3 x^{7n} + 9240 a^6 b^2 x^{6n} + 1980 a^7 b x^{5n} + a^8 x^{4n}}{1980 n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```
1/1980*(165*b^8*x^(12*n) + 1440*a*b^7*x^(11*n) + 5544*a^2*b^6*x^(10*n) + 1
2320*a^3*b^5*x^(9*n) + 17325*a^4*b^4*x^(8*n) + 15840*a^5*b^3*x^(7*n) + 924
0*a^6*b^2*x^(6*n) + 3168*a^7*b*x^(5*n) + 495*a^8*x^(4*n))/n
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs.  $2(71) = 142$ .

Time = 2.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.55

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^8 x^{4n-1}}{4n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{4n-1}}{5n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{4n-1}}{3n} + \frac{8a^5 b^3 x^{4n-1}}{n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{4n-1}}{4n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{4n-1}}{9n} + \frac{14a^2 b^6 x^{4n-1}}{5n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((a**8*x*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*n) + 8*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(4*n - 1)/(5*n)
+ 14*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(3*n) + 8*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(
4*n - 1)/n + 35*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*n) + 56*a**3*b**5*x*x
**(5*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(9*n) + 14*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(5*n) +
8*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(11*n) + b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(4*n - 1)/(12
*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{12n}}{12n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{14a^2 b^6 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{9n}}{9n}$$

$$+ \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{8n}}{4n} + \frac{8a^5 b^3 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{a^8 x^{4n}}{4n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/12*b^8*x^(12*n)/n + 8/11*a*b^7*x^(11*n)/n + 14/5*a^2*b^6*x^(10*n)/n + 56
/9*a^3*b^5*x^(9*n)/n + 35/4*a^4*b^4*x^(8*n)/n + 8*a^5*b^3*x^(7*n)/n + 14/3
*a^6*b^2*x^(6*n)/n + 8/5*a^7*b*x^(5*n)/n + 1/4*a^8*x^(4*n)/n
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \int (bx^n+a)^8 x^{4n-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^8*x^(4*n - 1), x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{b^8 x^{12n}}{12n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{8a^5 b^3 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{8n}}{4n} \\ + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{14a^2 b^6 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{8a b^7 x^{11n}}{11n}$$

input

```
int(x^(4*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x)
```

output

```
(a^8*x^(4*n))/(4*n) + (b^8*x^(12*n))/(12*n) + (14*a^6*b^2*x^(6*n))/(3*n) +
(8*a^5*b^3*x^(7*n))/n + (35*a^4*b^4*x^(8*n))/(4*n) + (56*a^3*b^5*x^(9*n))
/(9*n) + (14*a^2*b^6*x^(10*n))/(5*n) + (8*a^7*b*x^(5*n))/(5*n) + (8*a*b^7*
x^(11*n))/(11*n)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{4n}(165x^{8n}b^8 + 1440x^{7n}ab^7 + 5544x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 12320x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 17325x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 15840x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 9240x^{2n}a^6b^2 + 3168x^n a^7b + 495a^8)}{1980n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(x**(4*n)*(165*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 1440*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 5544*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 12320*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 17325*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 15840*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 + 9240*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 + 3168*x**n*a**7*b + 495*a**8))/(1980*n)`

### 3.428 $\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2855
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2855
Rubi [A] (verified)	2856
Maple [B] (verified)	2857
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2857
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2858
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2858
Giac [F]	2859
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2859
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2860

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^2(a + bx^n)^9}{9b^3n} - \frac{a(a + bx^n)^{10}}{5b^3n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{11}}{11b^3n}$$

output  $1/9*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^9/b^3/n-1/5*a*(a+b*x^n)^10/b^3/n+1/11*(a+b*x^n)^11/b^3/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{3n}(165a^8 + 990a^7bx^n + 2772a^6b^2x^{2n} + 4620a^5b^3x^{3n} + 4950a^4b^4x^{4n} + 3465a^3b^5x^{5n} + 1540a^2b^6x^{6n} + 396ab^7x^{7n} + 45b^8x^{8n})}{495n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output  $(x^{(3*n)}*(165*a^8 + 990*a^7*b*x^n + 2772*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 4620*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} + 4950*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} + 3465*a^3*b^5*x^{(5*n)} + 1540*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} + 396*a*b^7*x^{(7*n)} + 45*b^8*x^{(8*n)}))/(495*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{2n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^{10}}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^n+a)^9}{b^2} + \frac{a^2(bx^n+a)^8}{b^2} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{a^2(a+bx^n)^9}{9b^3} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{11}}{11b^3} - \frac{a(a+bx^n)^{10}}{5b^3}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output `((a^2*(a + b*x^n)^9)/(9*b^3) - (a*(a + b*x^n)^10)/(5*b^3) + (a + b*x^n)^11/(11*b^3))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 8.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{4ab^7 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{7a^3 b^5 x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{10a^4 b^4 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{2a^7 b x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{a^8 x^{3n}}{3n}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{45x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1+3n} b^8 + 396x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1+3n} a b^7 + 1540x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1+3n} a^2 b^6 + 3465x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1+3n} a^3 b^5 + 4950x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1+3n} a^4 b^4 + 4620x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1+3n} a^5 b^3 + 2772x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1+3n} a^6 b^2 + 462x x^{1n} x^{-1+3n} a^7 b + 11x^0 x^{0n} x^{-1+3n} a^8}{495n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{11} * b^8 / n * (x^n)^{11} + 4/5 * a * b^7 / n * (x^n)^{10} + 28/9 * a^2 * b^6 / n * (x^n)^9 + 7 * a^3 * b^5 / n * (x^n)^8 + 10 * a^4 * b^4 / n * (x^n)^7 + 28/3 * a^5 * b^3 / n * (x^n)^6 + 28/5 * a^6 * b^2 / n * (x^n)^5 + 2 * a^7 * b / n * (x^n)^4 + 1/3 * a^8 / n * (x^n)^3$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int x^{-1+3n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{45 b^8 x^{11n} + 396 a b^7 x^{10n} + 1540 a^2 b^6 x^{9n} + 3465 a^3 b^5 x^{8n} + 4950 a^4 b^4 x^{7n} + 4620 a^5 b^3 x^{6n} + 2772 a^6 b^2 x^{5n} + 462 a^7 b x^{4n} + 11 a^8 x^{3n}}{495 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

$$\frac{1}{495} \cdot (45 \cdot b^8 \cdot x^{11n} + 396 \cdot a \cdot b^7 \cdot x^{10n} + 1540 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^{9n} + 3465 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{8n} + 4950 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^{7n} + 4620 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^{6n} + 2772 \cdot a^6 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{5n} + 990 \cdot a^7 \cdot b \cdot x^{4n} + 165 \cdot a^8 \cdot x^{3n}) / n$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 211 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 2.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 211, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int x^{-1+3n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^8 x x^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{2a^7 b x x^n x^{3n-1}}{n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{3n-1}}{5n} + \frac{28a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{3n-1}}{3n} + \frac{10a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{3n-1}}{n} + \frac{7a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{3n-1}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x x^{6n} x^{3n-1}}{9n} \\ (a + b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((a**8*x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*n) + 2*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(3*n - 1)/n + 28*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(5*n) + 28*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*n) + 10*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/n + 7*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/n + 28*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(9*n) + 4*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(5*n) + b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(3*n - 1)/(11*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^{-1+3n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{4ab^7 x^{10n}}{5n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{7a^3 b^5 x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{10a^4 b^4 x^{7n}}{n}$$

$$+ \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{2a^7 b x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{a^8 x^{3n}}{3n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/11*b^8*x^(11*n)/n + 4/5*a*b^7*x^(10*n)/n + 28/9*a^2*b^6*x^(9*n)/n + 7*a^3*b^5*x^(8*n)/n + 10*a^4*b^4*x^(7*n)/n + 28/3*a^5*b^3*x^(6*n)/n + 28/5*a^6*b^2*x^(5*n)/n + 2*a^7*b*x^(4*n)/n + 1/3*a^8*x^(3*n)/n
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \int (bx^n+a)^8 x^{3n-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^8*x^(3*n - 1), x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{b^8 x^{11n}}{11n} + \frac{28 a^6 b^2 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{28 a^5 b^3 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{10 a^4 b^4 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{7 a^3 b^5 x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{28 a^2 b^6 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{2 a^7 b x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{4 a b^7 x^{10n}}{5n}$$

input

```
int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x)
```

output

```
(a^8*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (b^8*x^(11*n))/(11*n) + (28*a^6*b^2*x^(5*n))/(5*n) + (28*a^5*b^3*x^(6*n))/(3*n) + (10*a^4*b^4*x^(7*n))/n + (7*a^3*b^5*x^(8*n))/n + (28*a^2*b^6*x^(9*n))/(9*n) + (2*a^7*b*x^(4*n))/n + (4*a*b^7*x^(10*n))/(5*n)
```



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{3n}(45x^{8n}b^8 + 396x^{7n}ab^7 + 1540x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 3465x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 4950x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 4620x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 2772x^{2n}a^6b^2 + 990x^n a^7b + 165a^8)}{495n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(x**(3*n)*(45*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 396*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 1540*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 3465*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 4950*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 4620*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 + 2772*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 + 990*x**n*a**7*b + 165*a**8))/(495*n)`

### 3.429 $\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2861
Mathematica [B] (verified) . . . . .	2861
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2862
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	2863
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2864
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2864
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2865
Giac [F] . . . . .	2865
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2865
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2866

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a(a + bx^n)^9}{9b^2n} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{10}}{10b^2n}$$

output

```
-1/9*a*(a+b*x^n)^9/b^2/n+1/10*(a+b*x^n)^10/b^2/n
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. 2(40) = 80.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{2n}(45a^8 + 240a^7bx^n + 630a^6b^2x^{2n} + 1008a^5b^3x^{3n} + 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} + 720a^3b^5x^{5n} + 315a^2b^6x^{6n} + 80ab^7x^{7n})}{90n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(x^{(2n)}*(45*a^8 + 240*a^7*b*x^n + 630*a^6*b^2*x^{(2n)} + 1008*a^5*b^3*x^{(3n)} + 1050*a^4*b^4*x^{(4n)} + 720*a^3*b^5*x^{(5n)} + 315*a^2*b^6*x^{(6n)} + 80*a*b^7*x^{(7n)} + 9*b^8*x^{(8n)}))/(90*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int x^{2n-1}(a + bx^n)^8 dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \int x^n(bx^n + a)^8 dx^n \\ \downarrow 49 \\ \int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^9}{b} - \frac{a(bx^n+a)^8}{b} \right) dx^n \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{\frac{(a+bx^n)^{10}}{10b^2} - \frac{a(a+bx^n)^9}{9b^2}}{n} \end{array}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + 2*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/9*(a*(a + b*x^n)^9)/b^2 + (a + b*x^n)^10/(10*b^2))/n}{n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 7.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{10n}}{10n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{8n}}{2n} + \frac{8a^3 b^5 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{a^8 x^{2n}}{2n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{9x^8 x^{8n} x^{2n-1} b^8 + 80x^{7n} x^{2n-1} a b^7 + 315x^{6n} x^{2n-1} a^2 b^6 + 720x^{5n} x^{2n-1} a^3 b^5 + 1050x^{4n} x^{2n-1} a^4 b^4 + 1008x^{3n} x^{2n-1} a^5 b^3 + 720x^{2n} x^{2n-1} a^6 b^2 + 252x^{n+1} a^7 b + 10a^8 x^{2n}}{90n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/10*b^8/n*(x^n)^10+8/9*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^9+7/2*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^8+8*a^3*b^5/n*  
(x^n)^7+35/3*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^6+56/5*a^5*b^3/n*(x^n)^5+7*a^6*b^2/n*(x^n)^4+  
8/3*a^7*b/n*(x^n)^3+1/2*a^8/n*(x^n)^2`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{9b^8x^{10n} + 80ab^7x^{9n} + 315a^2b^6x^{8n} + 720a^3b^5x^{7n} + 1050a^4b^4x^{6n} + 1008a^5b^3x^{5n} + 630a^6b^2x^{4n} + 240a^7b^1x^{3n} + 45a^8x^{2n}}{90n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/90*(9*b^8*x^(10*n) + 80*a*b^7*x^(9*n) + 315*a^2*b^6*x^(8*n) + 720*a^3*b^5*x^(7*n) + 1050*a^4*b^4*x^(6*n) + 1008*a^5*b^3*x^(5*n) + 630*a^6*b^2*x^(4*n) + 240*a^7*b*x^(3*n) + 45*a^8*x^(2*n))/n`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 212 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.30

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^8xx^{2n-1}}{2n} + \frac{8a^7bxx^n x^{2n-1}}{3n} + \frac{7a^6b^2xx^{2n} x^{2n-1}}{n} + \frac{56a^5b^3xx^{3n} x^{2n-1}}{5n} + \frac{35a^4b^4xx^{4n} x^{2n-1}}{3n} + \frac{8a^3b^5xx^{5n} x^{2n-1}}{n} + \frac{7a^2b^6xx^{6n} x^{2n-1}}{2n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**8*x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*n) + 8*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(2*n - 1)/(3*n) + 7*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/n + 56*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(3*n) + 8*a**3*b**5*x*x***(5*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/n + 7*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*n) + 8*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(9*n) + b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(2*n - 1)/(10*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{10n}}{10n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{8n}}{2n} + \frac{8a^3 b^5 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{6n}}{3n} \\ + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{a^8 x^{2n}}{2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/10*b^8*x^(10*n)/n + 8/9*a*b^7*x^(9*n)/n + 7/2*a^2*b^6*x^(8*n)/n + 8*a^3*b^5*x^(7*n)/n + 35/3*a^4*b^4*x^(6*n)/n + 56/5*a^5*b^3*x^(5*n)/n + 7*a^6*b^2*x^(4*n)/n + 8/3*a^7*b*x^(3*n)/n + 1/2*a^8*x^(2*n)/n`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^8 x^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^8*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{b^8 x^{10n}}{10n} + \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{6n}}{3n} \\ + \frac{8a^3 b^5 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{8n}}{2n} + \frac{8a^7 b x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{8a b^7 x^{9n}}{9n}$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x)`

output `(a^8*x^(2*n))/(2*n) + (b^8*x^(10*n))/(10*n) + (7*a^6*b^2*x^(4*n))/n + (56*a^5*b^3*x^(5*n))/(5*n) + (35*a^4*b^4*x^(6*n))/(3*n) + (8*a^3*b^5*x^(7*n))/n + (7*a^2*b^6*x^(8*n))/(2*n) + (8*a^7*b*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (8*a*b^7*x^(9*n))/(9*n)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{2n}(9x^{8n}b^8 + 80x^{7n}ab^7 + 315x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 720x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 1050x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 1008x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 630x^{2n}a^6b^2 + 240x^{n}a^7b + 45a^8)}{90n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*(9*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 80*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 315*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 720*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 1050*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 1008*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 + 630*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 + 240*x**n*a**7*b + 45*a**8))/(90*n)`

### 3.430 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2867
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2867
Rubi [A] (verified)	2868
Maple [B] (verified)	2868
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2869
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2869
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2870
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2870
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2871
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2871

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^9}{9bn}$$

output

```
1/9*(a+b*x^n)^9/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^9}{9bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^9/(9*b*n)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^9}{9bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output `(a + b*x^n)^9/(9*b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 8.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.95

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{a b^7 x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{4a^2 b^6 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{14a^4 b^4 x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{14a^5 b^3 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{4a^7 b x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{a^8 x^n}{n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x x^{8n} x^{-1+n} b^8 + 9x x^{7n} x^{-1+n} a b^7 + 36x x^{6n} x^{-1+n} a^2 b^6 + 84x x^{5n} x^{-1+n} a^3 b^5 + 126x x^{4n} x^{-1+n} a^4 b^4 + 126x x^{3n} x^{-1+n} a^5 b^3 + 84x x^{2n} x^{-1+n} a^6 b^2 + 36x x^{1+n} a^7 b + a^8 x^n}{9n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{9}b^8/n*(x^n)^9+a*b^7/n*(x^n)^8+4*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^7+28/3*a^3*b^5/n*(x^n)^6+14*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^5+14*a^5*b^3/n*(x^n)^4+28/3*a^6*b^2/n*(x^n)^3+4*a^7*b/n*(x^n)^2+a^8/n*x^n$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{9n} + 9ab^7 x^{8n} + 36a^2b^6 x^{7n} + 84a^3b^5 x^{6n} + 126a^4b^4 x^{5n} + 126a^5b^3 x^{4n} + 84a^6b^2 x^{3n} + 36a^7bx^{2n} + 9a^8}{9n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{9}*(b^8*x^{(9*n)} + 9*a*b^7*x^{(8*n)} + 36*a^2*b^6*x^{(7*n)} + 84*a^3*b^5*x^{(6*n)} + 126*a^4*b^4*x^{(5*n)} + 126*a^5*b^3*x^{(4*n)} + 84*a^6*b^2*x^{(3*n)} + 36*a^7*b*x^{(2*n)} + 9*a^8*x^n)/n$$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 189 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.95

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^8 x x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{4a^7 b x x^n x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{n-1}}{3n} + \frac{14a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{14a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{28a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{n-1}}{3n} + \frac{4a^2 b^6 x x^{6n} x^{n-1}}{n} + \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((a**8*x*x**(n - 1)/n + 4*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/n + 28*a**6*b*
*2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n - 1)/(3*n) + 14*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 14
*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 28*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(n - 1)/(3
*n) + 4*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(n - 1)/n
+ b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(n - 1)/(9*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^9}{9bn}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/9*(b*x^n + a)^9/(b*n)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 110 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{9n} + 9ab^7 x^{8n} + 36a^2 b^6 x^{7n} + 84a^3 b^5 x^{6n} + 126a^4 b^4 x^{5n} + 126a^5 b^3 x^{4n} + 84a^6 b^2 x^{3n} + 36a^7 b x^{2n} + 9a^8 x^n}{9n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
1/9*(b^8*x^(9*n) + 9*a*b^7*x^(8*n) + 36*a^2*b^6*x^(7*n) + 84*a^3*b^5*x^(6*
n) + 126*a^4*b^4*x^(5*n) + 126*a^5*b^3*x^(4*n) + 84*a^6*b^2*x^(3*n) + 36*a
^7*b*x^(2*n) + 9*a^8*x^n)/n
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{a^8 x^n}{n} + \frac{b^8 x^{9n}}{9n} + \frac{28 a^6 b^2 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{14 a^5 b^3 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{14 a^4 b^4 x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{28 a^3 b^5 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{4 a^2 b^6 x^{7n}}{n} + \frac{4 a^7 b x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{a b^7 x^{8n}}{n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(a^8*x^n)/n + (b^8*x^(9*n))/(9*n) + (28*a^6*b^2*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (14*a^5*b^3*x^(4*n))/n + (14*a^4*b^4*x^(5*n))/n + (28*a^3*b^5*x^(6*n))/(3*n) + (4*a^2*b^6*x^(7*n))/n + (4*a^7*b*x^(2*n))/n + (a*b^7*x^(8*n))/n`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.68

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^n(x^{8n}b^8 + 9x^{7n}ab^7 + 36x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 84x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 126x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 126x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 84x^{2n}a^6b^2 + 36x^na^7b + 9a^8)}{9n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(x**n*(x**(8*n)*b**8 + 9*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 36*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 84*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 126*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 126*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 + 84*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 + 36*x**n*a**7*b + 9*a**8))/(9*n)`

### 3.431 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^8}{x} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	2872
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	2872
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	2873
Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify) . . . . .	2874
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2875
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2875
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2876
Giac [F] . . . . .	2876
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2876
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	2877

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{x} dx = \frac{8a^7bx^n}{n} + \frac{14a^6b^2x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5b^3x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{35a^4b^4x^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{56a^3b^5x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{14a^2b^6x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{8ab^7x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{b^8x^{8n}}{8n} + a^8 \log(x)$$

output

```
8*a^7*b*x^n/n+14*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n)/n+56/3*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n)/n+35/2*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n)/n+56/5*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n)/n+14/3*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n)/n+8/7*a*b^7*x^(7*n)/n+1/8*b^8*x^(8*n)/n+a^8*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{x} dx = \frac{bx^n(6720a^7 + 11760a^6bx^n + 15680a^5b^2x^{2n} + 14700a^4b^3x^{3n} + 9408a^3b^4x^{4n} + 3920a^2b^5x^{5n} + 960ab^6x^{6n} + a^8 \log(x^n))}{840n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^8/x,x]`

output  $(b*x^n*(6720*a^7 + 11760*a^6*b*x^n + 15680*a^5*b^2*x^{2n}) + 14700*a^4*b^3*x^{3n} + 9408*a^3*b^4*x^{4n} + 3920*a^2*b^5*x^{5n} + 960*a*b^6*x^{6n} + 105*b^7*x^{7n}))/((840*n) + (a^8*\text{Log}[x^n])/n)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{x} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-n}(bx^n + a)^8 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int (a^8 x^{-n} + 28a^6 b^2 x^n + 56a^5 b^3 x^{2n} + 70a^4 b^4 x^{3n} + 56a^3 b^5 x^{4n} + 28a^2 b^6 x^{5n} + 8ab^7 x^{6n} + b^8 x^{7n} + 8a^7 b) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^8 \log(x^n) + 8a^7 b x^n + 14a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + \frac{56}{3} a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + \frac{35}{2} a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + \frac{56}{5} a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + \frac{14}{3} a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + \frac{8}{7} a b^7 x^{7n} + \frac{1}{8} b^8 x^{8n}}{n}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^8/x,x]`

output  $(8*a^7*b*x^n + 14*a^6*b^2*x^{2n}) + (56*a^5*b^3*x^{3n}))/3 + (35*a^4*b^4*x^{4n}))/2 + (56*a^3*b^5*x^{5n}))/5 + (14*a^2*b^6*x^{6n}))/3 + (8*a*b^7*x^{7n}))/7 + (b^8*x^{8n}))/8 + a^8*\text{Log}[x^n])/n$

Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

Maple [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 1.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
derivativedivides	$\frac{b^8 x^{8n} + 8a b^7 x^{7n} + 14a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 56a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 35a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 56a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 14a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + 8a^7 b x^n + a^8 \ln(x^n)}{n}$
default	$\frac{b^8 x^{8n} + 8a b^7 x^{7n} + 14a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 56a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 35a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 56a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 14a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + 8a^7 b x^n + a^8 \ln(x^n)}{n}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{105b^8 x^{8n} + 960a b^7 x^{7n} + 3920a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 9408a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 14700a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 15680a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 11760a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + 840a^8 \ln(x) + 840n}{840n}$
risc	$\frac{8a^7 b x^n}{n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{14a^2 b^6 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{8a b^7 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{b^8 x^{8n}}{8n} + a^8 \ln(x^n)$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^8/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/n*(1/8*b^8*(x^n)^8+8/7*a*b^7*(x^n)^7+14/3*a^2*b^6*(x^n)^6+56/5*a^3*b^5*(x^n)^5+35/2*a^4*b^4*(x^n)^4+56/3*a^5*b^3*(x^n)^3+14*a^6*b^2*(x^n)^2+8*a^7*b*x^n+a^8*ln(x^n))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{840 a^8 n \log(x) + 105 b^8 x^{8n} + 960 ab^7 x^{7n} + 3920 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 9408 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 14700 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 15680 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 11760 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + 6720 a^7 b x^n}{840 n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^8/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/840*(840*a^8*n*log(x) + 105*b^8*x^(8*n) + 960*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 3920*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 9408*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 14700*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 15680*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 11760*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 6720*a^7*b*x^n)/n`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{x} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^8 \log(x) + \frac{8a^7 b x^n}{n} + \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{14a^2 b^6 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{b^8 x^{8n}}{8n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^8 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**8/x,x)`output `Piecewise((a**8*log(x) + 8*a**7*b*x**n/n + 14*a**6*b**2*x**(2*n)/n + 56*a**5*b**3*x**(3*n)/(3*n) + 35*a**4*b**4*x**(4*n)/(2*n) + 56*a**3*b**5*x**(5*n)/(5*n) + 14*a**2*b**6*x**(6*n)/(3*n) + 8*a*b**7*x**(7*n)/(7*n) + b**8*x**8/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{x} dx = \frac{a^8 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{105 b^8 x^{8n} + 960 ab^7 x^{7n} + 3920 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 9408 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 14700 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 15680 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 11760 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + 6720 a^7 b x^n}{840 n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^8/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^8*log(x^n)/n + 1/840*(105*b^8*x^(8*n) + 960*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 3920*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 9408*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 14700*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 15680*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 11760*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 6720*a^7*b*x^n)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^8}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^8/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^8/x, x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{x} dx = a^8 \ln(x) + \frac{b^8 x^{8n}}{8n} + \frac{14 a^6 b^2 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56 a^5 b^3 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{35 a^4 b^4 x^{4n}}{2n} + \frac{56 a^3 b^5 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{14 a^2 b^6 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{8 a^7 b x^n}{n} + \frac{8 a b^7 x^{7n}}{7n}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^8/x,x)`

output

$$a^8 \log(x) + (b^8 x^{(8n)}) / (8n) + (14 a^6 b^2 x^{(2n)}) / n + (56 a^5 b^3 x^{(3n)}) / (3n) + (35 a^4 b^4 x^{(4n)}) / (2n) + (56 a^3 b^5 x^{(5n)}) / (5n) + (14 a^2 b^6 x^{(6n)}) / (3n) + (8 a^7 b x^n) / n + (8 a b^7 x^{(7n)}) / (7n)$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^8}{x} dx$$

$$= \frac{105x^{8n}b^8 + 960x^{7n}ab^7 + 3920x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 9408x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 14700x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 15680x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 11760x^{2n}a^6b^2 + 840n \log(x) a^8}{840n}$$

input

`int((a+b*x^n)^8/x,x)`

output

$$(105*x^{(8*n)}*b^{**8} + 960*x^{(7*n)}*a*b^{**7} + 3920*x^{(6*n)}*a^{**2}*b^{**6} + 9408*x^{(5*n)}*a^{**3}*b^{**5} + 14700*x^{(4*n)}*a^{**4}*b^{**4} + 15680*x^{(3*n)}*a^{**5}*b^{**3} + 11760*x^{(2*n)}*a^{**6}*b^{**2} + 6720*x^{*n}*a^{**7}*b + 840*\log(x)*a^{**8*n}) / (840*n)$$

### 3.432 $\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2878
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2878
Rubi [A] (verified)	2879
Maple [A] (verified)	2880
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2880
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2881
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2881
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2882
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2882
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2883

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^n}{n} + \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{14a^3 b^5 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{4ab^7 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{b^8 x^{7n}}{7n} + 8a^7 b \log(x)$$

output

$$-a^8/n/(x^n)+28*a^6*b^2*x^n/n+28*a^5*b^3*x^(2*n)/n+70/3*a^4*b^4*x^(3*n)/n+14*a^3*b^5*x^(4*n)/n+28/5*a^2*b^6*x^(5*n)/n+4/3*a*b^7*x^(6*n)/n+1/7*b^8*x^(7*n)/n+8*a^7*b*ln(x)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{-105a^8 x^{-n} + 2940a^6 b^2 x^n + 2940a^5 b^3 x^{2n} + 2450a^4 b^4 x^{3n} + 1470a^3 b^5 x^{4n} + 588a^2 b^6 x^{5n} + 140ab^7 x^{6n} + 15b^8 x^{7n}}{105n}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1 - n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-105*a^8)/x^n + 2940*a^6*b^2*x^n + 2940*a^5*b^3*x^{(2*n)} + 2450*a^4*b^4*x^{(3*n)} + 1470*a^3*b^5*x^{(4*n)} + 588*a^2*b^6*x^{(5*n)} + 140*a*b^7*x^{(6*n)} + 15*b^8*x^{(7*n)} + 840*a^7*b*\text{Log}[x^n])}{(105*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \int x^{-2n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \frac{\int (a^8x^{-2n} + 8a^7bx^{-n} + 56a^5b^3x^n + 70a^4b^4x^{2n} + 56a^3b^5x^{3n} + 28a^2b^6x^{4n} + 8ab^7x^{5n} + b^8x^{6n} + 28a^6b^2) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-a^8x^{-n} + 8a^7b \log(x^n) + 28a^6b^2x^n + 28a^5b^3x^{2n} + \frac{70}{3}a^4b^4x^{3n} + 14a^3b^5x^{4n} + \frac{28}{5}a^2b^6x^{5n} + \frac{4}{3}ab^7x^{6n} + \frac{1}{7}b^8x^{7n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-n)}*(a+b*x^n)^8,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-a^8/x^n) + 28*a^6*b^2*x^n + 28*a^5*b^3*x^{(2*n)} + (70*a^4*b^4*x^{(3*n)})/3 + 14*a^3*b^5*x^{(4*n)} + (28*a^2*b^6*x^{(5*n)})/5 + (4*a*b^7*x^{(6*n)})/3 + (b^8*x^{(7*n)})/7 + 8*a^7*b*\text{Log}[x^n]}{n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	S
risch	$8a^7b \ln(x) + \frac{b^8x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{4ab^7x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^2b^6x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{14a^3b^5x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4b^4x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^5b^3x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{28a^6b^2x^n}{n} - \frac{a^8x^{-n}}{n}$	1

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $8*a^7*b*\ln(x)+1/7*b^8/n*(x^n)^7+4/3*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^6+28/5*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^5$   
 $+14*a^3*b^5/n*(x^n)^4+70/3*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^3+28*a^5*b^3/n*(x^n)^2+28*a^6*b$   
 $^2*x^n/n-a^8/n/(x^n)$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{840 a^7 b n x^n \log(x) + 15 b^8 x^{8n} + 140 a b^7 x^{7n} + 588 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 1470 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 2450 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 2940 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 2520 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + 280 a^7 b x^n - a^8}{105 n x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{105}*(840*a^7*b*n*x^n*\log(x) + 15*b^8*x^{(8*n)} + 140*a*b^7*x^{(7*n)} + 588*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} + 1470*a^3*b^5*x^{(5*n)} + 2450*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} + 2940*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} + 2940*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 105*a^8)/(n*x^n)$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{8a^7 b \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^n}{n} + \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{14a^3 b^5 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{4ab^7 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{b^8 x^{7n}}{7n} & \text{for } n \neq \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) & \text{otherw} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8/(n*x**n) + 8*a**7*b*log(x**n)/n + 28*a**6*b**2*x**n/n + 28*a**5*b**3*x**(2*n)/n + 70*a**4*b**4*x**(3*n)/(3*n) + 14*a**3*b**5*x**(4*n)/n + 28*a**2*b**6*x**(5*n)/(5*n) + 4*a*b**7*x**(6*n)/(3*n) + b**8*x**(7*n)/(7*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = 8a^7b \log(x) + \frac{b^8 x^{7n}}{7n} + \frac{4ab^7 x^{6n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{14a^3 b^5 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^n}{n} - \frac{a^8}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$8*a^7*b*\log(x) + 1/7*b^8*x^(7*n)/n + 4/3*a*b^7*x^(6*n)/n + 28/5*a^2*b^6*x^(5*n)/n + 14*a^3*b^5*x^(4*n)/n + 70/3*a^4*b^4*x^(3*n)/n + 28*a^5*b^3*x^(2*n)/n + 28*a^6*b^2*x^n/n - a^8/(n*x^n)$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{840 a^7 b n x^n \log(x) + 15 b^8 x^{8n} + 140 a b^7 x^{7n} + 588 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 1470 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 2450 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 2940 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 2940 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 105 a^8}{105 n x^n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/105*(840*a^7*b*n*x^n*\log(x) + 15*b^8*x^(8*n) + 140*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 588*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 1470*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 2450*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 2940*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 2940*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) - 105*a^8)/(n*x^n)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = 8 a^7 b \ln(x) - \frac{a^8}{n x^n} + \frac{b^8 x^{7n}}{7 n} + \frac{28 a^5 b^3 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{70 a^4 b^4 x^{3n}}{3 n} + \frac{14 a^3 b^5 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{28 a^2 b^6 x^{5n}}{5 n} + \frac{4 a b^7 x^{6n}}{3 n} + \frac{28 a^6 b^2 x^n}{n}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(n + 1),x)
```

output

$$8*a^7*b*\log(x) - a^8/(n*x^n) + (b^8*x^(7*n))/(7*n) + (28*a^5*b^3*x^(2*n))/n + (70*a^4*b^4*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (14*a^3*b^5*x^(4*n))/n + (28*a^2*b^6*x^(5*n))/(5*n) + (4*a*b^7*x^(6*n))/(3*n) + (28*a^6*b^2*x^n)/n$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{-1-n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{15x^{8n}b^8 + 140x^{7n}ab^7 + 588x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 1470x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 2450x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 2940x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 2940x^{2n}a^6b^2 + 840x^{n}a^7b + 105x^n a^8}{105x^n n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(15*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 140*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 588*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 1470*x**  
*(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 2450*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 2940*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 + 294  
0*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 + 840*x**n*log(x)*a**7*b*n - 105*a**8)/(105*x**n*n)`



### 3.433 $\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2884
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2884
Rubi [A] (verified)	2885
Maple [A] (verified)	2886
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2886
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2887
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2887
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2888
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2888
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2889

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{8a^7 b x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^n}{n} + \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{b^8 x^{6n}}{6n} + 28a^6 b^2 \log(x)$$

output

$$-1/2*a^8/n/(x^(2*n))-8*a^7*b/n/(x^n)+56*a^5*b^3*x^n/n+35*a^4*b^4*x^(2*n)/n+56/3*a^3*b^5*x^(3*n)/n+7*a^2*b^6*x^(4*n)/n+8/5*a*b^7*x^(5*n)/n+1/6*b^8*x^(6*n)/n+28*a^6*b^2*ln(x)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{-15a^8 x^{-2n} - 240a^7 b x^{-n} + 1680a^5 b^3 x^n + 1050a^4 b^4 x^{2n} + 560a^3 b^5 x^{3n} + 210a^2 b^6 x^{4n} + 48ab^7 x^{5n} + 5b^8 x^{6n}}{30n}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1 - 2*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{((-15a^8)/x^{(2*n)} - (240a^7*b)/x^n + 1680a^5*b^3*x^n + 1050a^4*b^4*x^{(2*n)} + 560a^3*b^5*x^{(3*n)} + 210a^2*b^6*x^{(4*n)} + 48a*b^7*x^{(5*n)} + 5b^8*x^{(6*n)} + 840a^6*b^2*\text{Log}[x^n])}{(30*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-2n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\int x^{-3n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int (a^8x^{-3n} + 8a^7bx^{-2n} + 28a^6b^2x^{-n} + 70a^4b^4x^n + 56a^3b^5x^{2n} + 28a^2b^6x^{3n} + 8ab^7x^{4n} + b^8x^{5n} + 56a^5b^3) dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}a^8x^{-2n} - 8a^7bx^{-n} + 28a^6b^2 \log(x^n) + 56a^5b^3x^n + 35a^4b^4x^{2n} + \frac{56}{3}a^3b^5x^{3n} + 7a^2b^6x^{4n} + \frac{8}{5}ab^7x^{5n} + \frac{1}{6}b^8x^{6n}}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 2*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/2*a^8/x^{(2*n)} - (8*a^7*b)/x^n + 56*a^5*b^3*x^n + 35*a^4*b^4*x^{(2*n)} + (56*a^3*b^5*x^{(3*n)})/3 + 7*a^2*b^6*x^{(4*n)} + (8*a*b^7*x^{(5*n)})/5 + (b^8*x^{(6*n)})/6 + 28*a^6*b^2*\text{Log}[x^n])/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
risch	$28a^6b^2 \ln(x) + \frac{b^8x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{8ab^7x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{7a^2b^6x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3b^5x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{35a^4b^4x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5b^3x^n}{n} - \frac{8a^7bx^{-n}}{n} - \frac{a^8x^{-2n}}{2n}$

input `int(x^(-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $28*a^6*b^2*\ln(x)+1/6*b^8/n*(x^n)^6+8/5*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^5+7*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^4$   
 $+56/3*a^3*b^5/n*(x^n)^3+35*a^4*b^4/n*(x^n)^2+56*a^5*b^3*x^n/n-8*a^7*b/n/(x$   
 $^n)-1/2*a^8/n/(x^n)^2$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{840 a^6 b^2 n x^{2n} \log(x) + 5 b^8 x^{8n} + 48 a b^7 x^{7n} + 210 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 560 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 1050 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 1680 a^5 b^3 x^{3n}}{30 n x^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{30}(840a^6b^2x^{2n}\log(x) + 5b^8x^{8n} + 48ab^7x^{7n} + 210a^2b^6x^{6n} + 560a^3b^5x^{5n} + 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} + 1680a^5b^3x^{3n} - 240a^7bx^n - 15a^8)/(nx^{2n})$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 6.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{8a^7bx^{-n}}{n} + \frac{28a^6b^2\log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{56a^5b^3x^n}{n} + \frac{35a^4b^4x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3b^5x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{7a^2b^6x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{8ab^7x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{b^8x^{6n}}{6n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - 8*a**7*b/(n*x**n) + 28*a**6*b**2*log(x**n)/n + 56*a**5*b**3*x**n/n + 35*a**4*b**4*x**(2*n)/n + 56*a**3*b**5*x**(3*n)/(3*n) + 7*a**2*b**6*x**(4*n)/n + 8*a*b**7*x**(5*n)/(5*n) + b**8*x**(6*n)/(6*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = 28a^6b^2\log(x) + \frac{b^8x^{6n}}{6n} + \frac{8ab^7x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{7a^2b^6x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3b^5x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{35a^4b^4x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5b^3x^n}{n} - \frac{a^8}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$28*a^6*b^2*\log(x) + 1/6*b^8*x^(6*n)/n + 8/5*a*b^7*x^(5*n)/n + 7*a^2*b^6*x^(4*n)/n + 56/3*a^3*b^5*x^(3*n)/n + 35*a^4*b^4*x^(2*n)/n + 56*a^5*b^3*x^n/n - 1/2*a^8/(n*x^(2*n)) - 8*a^7*b/(n*x^n)$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{840 a^6 b^2 n x^{2n} \log(x) + 5 b^8 x^{8n} + 48 a b^7 x^{7n} + 210 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 560 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 1050 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 1680 a^5 b^3 x^{3n}}{30 n x^{2n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/30*(840*a^6*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*\log(x) + 5*b^8*x^(8*n) + 48*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 210*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 560*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 1050*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 1680*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) - 240*a^7*b*x^n - 15*a^8)/(n*x^(2*n))$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{6n}}{6n} - \frac{a^8}{2n x^{2n}} + 28 a^6 b^2 \ln(x) + \frac{35 a^4 b^4 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56 a^3 b^5 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{7 a^2 b^6 x^{4n}}{n} - \frac{8 a^7 b}{n x^n} + \frac{8 a b^7 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{56 a^5 b^3 x^n}{n}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(2*n + 1),x)
```

output

$$(b^8*x^(6*n))/(6*n) - a^8/(2*n*x^(2*n)) + 28*a^6*b^2*\log(x) + (35*a^4*b^4*x^(2*n))/n + (56*a^3*b^5*x^(3*n))/(3*n) + (7*a^2*b^6*x^(4*n))/n - (8*a^7*b)/(n*x^n) + (8*a*b^7*x^(5*n))/(5*n) + (56*a^5*b^3*x^n)/n$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-2n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{5x^{8n}b^8 + 48x^{7n}ab^7 + 210x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 560x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 1050x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 1680x^{3n}a^5b^3 + 840x^{2n}\log(x)a^6b^2n - 240x^{2n}a^7b - 15a^8}{30x^{2n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(5*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 48*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 210*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 560*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 1050*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 1680*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 + 840*x***(2*n)*log(x)*a**6*b**2*n - 240*x**n*a**7*b - 15*a**8)/(30*x**(2*n)*n)`

### 3.434 $\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2890
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2890
Rubi [A] (verified)	2891
Maple [A] (verified)	2892
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2892
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2893
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2893
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2894
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2894
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2895

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{4a^7 b x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^n}{n} + \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{2ab^7 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{b^8 x^{5n}}{5n} + 56a^5 b^3 \log(x)$$

```
output -1/3*a^8/n/(x^(3*n))-4*a^7*b/n/(x^(2*n))-28*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)+70*a^4*b^4*x^n/n+28*a^3*b^5*x^(2*n)/n+28/3*a^2*b^6*x^(3*n)/n+2*a*b^7*x^(4*n)/n+1/5*b^8*x^(5*n)/n+56*a^5*b^3*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-3n}(-5a^8 - 60a^7bx^n - 420a^6b^2x^{2n} + 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} + 420a^3b^5x^{5n} + 140a^2b^6x^{6n} + 30ab^7x^{7n} + 3b^8x^{8n})}{15n} + \frac{56a^5b^3 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-5a^8 - 60a^7bx^n - 420a^6b^2x^{2n} + 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} + 420a^3b^5x^{5n} + 140a^2b^6x^{6n} + 30ab^7x^{7n} + 3b^8x^{8n})}{(15nx^{3n})} + (56a^5b^3\text{Log}[x^n])/n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-3n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-4n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int (a^8x^{-4n} + 8a^7bx^{-3n} + 28a^6b^2x^{-2n} + 56a^5b^3x^{-n} + 56a^3b^5x^n + 28a^2b^6x^{2n} + 8ab^7x^{3n} + b^8x^{4n} + 70a^4b^4) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{3}a^8x^{-3n} - 4a^7bx^{-2n} - 28a^6b^2x^{-n} + 56a^5b^3\log(x^n) + 70a^4b^4x^n + 28a^3b^5x^{2n} + \frac{28}{3}a^2b^6x^{3n} + 2ab^7x^{4n} + \frac{1}{5}b^8x^{5n}}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-3n)}*(a+b*x^n)^8,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/3*a^8/x^{(3*n)} - (4*a^7*b)/x^{(2*n)} - (28*a^6*b^2)/x^n + 70*a^4*b^4*x^n + 28*a^3*b^5*x^{(2*n)} + (28*a^2*b^6*x^{(3*n)})/3 + 2*a*b^7*x^{(4*n)} + (b^8*x^{(5*n)})/5 + 56*a^5*b^3*\text{Log}[x^n])/n}$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
risch	$56a^5b^3 \ln(x) + \frac{b^8x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{2ab^7x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2b^6x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^3b^5x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4b^4x^n}{n} - \frac{28a^6b^2x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{4a^7bx^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{a^8x^{-3n}}{3n}$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $56*a^5*b^3*\ln(x)+1/5*b^8/n*(x^n)^5+2*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^4+28/3*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^3+28*a^3*b^5/n*(x^n)^2+70*a^4*b^4*x^n/n-28*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)-4*a^7*b/n/(x^n)^2-1/3*a^8/n/(x^n)^3$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{840 a^5 b^3 n x^{3n} \log(x) + 3 b^8 x^{8n} + 30 a b^7 x^{7n} + 140 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 420 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 1050 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} - 420 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 4 a^7 b x^{-2n} - a^8 x^{-3n}}{15 n x^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{15} \cdot (840 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^3 \cdot n \cdot x^{(3 \cdot n)} \cdot \log(x) + 3 \cdot b^8 \cdot x^{(8 \cdot n)} + 30 \cdot a \cdot b^7 \cdot x^{(7 \cdot n)} + 140 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^{(6 \cdot n)} + 420 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{(5 \cdot n)} + 1050 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^{(4 \cdot n)} - 420 \cdot a^6 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{(2 \cdot n)} - 60 \cdot a^7 \cdot b \cdot x^n - 5 \cdot a^8) / (n \cdot x^{(3 \cdot n)})$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 8.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-3n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{4a^7 b x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{56a^5 b^3 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^n}{n} + \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{2ab^7 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{b^8 x^{5n}}{5n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^8 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 4*a**7*b/(n*x**(2*n)) - 28*a**6*b**2/(n*x**n) + 56*a**5*b**3*log(x**n)/n + 70*a**4*b**4*x**n/n + 28*a**3*b**5*x**(2*n)/n + 28*a**2*b**6*x**(3*n)/(3*n) + 2*a*b**7*x**(4*n)/n + b**8*x**(5*n)/(5*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-3n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx = 56 a^5 b^3 \log(x) + \frac{b^8 x^{5n}}{5n} + \frac{2ab^7 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^n}{n} - \frac{a^8}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{4a^7 b}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{28a^6 b^2}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$56a^5b^3\log(x) + 1/5b^8x^{(5n)}/n + 2ab^7x^{(4n)}/n + 28/3a^2b^6x^{(3n)}/n + 28a^3b^5x^{(2n)}/n + 70a^4b^4x^n/n - 1/3a^8/(nx^{(3n)}) - 4a^7b/(nx^{(2n)}) - 28a^6b^2/(nx^n)$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{840 a^5 b^3 n x^{3n} \log(x) + 3 b^8 x^{8n} + 30 a b^7 x^{7n} + 140 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 420 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 1050 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} - 420 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 56 a^5 b^3 \log(x)}{15 n x^{3n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/15*(840a^5b^3nx^{(3n)}\log(x) + 3b^8x^{(8n)} + 30ab^7x^{(7n)} + 140a^2b^6x^{(6n)} + 420a^3b^5x^{(5n)} + 1050a^4b^4x^{(4n)} - 420a^6b^2x^{(2n)} - 60a^7b*x^n - 5a^8)/(nx^{(3n)})$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{5n}}{5n} - \frac{a^8}{3n x^{3n}} + 56 a^5 b^3 \ln(x) - \frac{28 a^6 b^2}{n x^n} + \frac{28 a^3 b^5 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{28 a^2 b^6 x^{3n}}{3n} - \frac{4 a^7 b}{n x^{2n}} + \frac{2 a b^7 x^{4n}}{n} + \frac{70 a^4 b^4 x^n}{n}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(3*n + 1),x)
```

output

$$(b^8x^{(5n)})/(5n) - a^8/(3n*x^{(3n)}) + 56a^5b^3\log(x) - (28a^6b^2)/(nx^n) + (28a^3b^5x^{(2n)})/n + (28a^2b^6x^{(3n)})/(3n) - (4a^7b)/(nx^{(2n)}) + (2ab^7x^{(4n)})/n + (70a^4b^4x^n)/n$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-3n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^{8n}b^8 + 30x^{7n}ab^7 + 140x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 420x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 1050x^{4n}a^4b^4 + 840x^{3n}\log(x)a^5b^3n - 420x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 60a^7n}{15x^{3n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(3*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 30*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 140*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 420*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 1050*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 + 840*x**(3*n)*log(x)*a**5*b**3*n - 420*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 60*x**n*a**7*b - 5*a**8)/(15*x**(3*n)*n)`

### 3.435 $\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2896
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2896
Rubi [A] (verified)	2897
Maple [A] (verified)	2898
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2898
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2899
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2899
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2900
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2900
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2901

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{8a^7bx^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{14a^6b^2x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{56a^5b^3x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3b^5x^n}{n} + \frac{14a^2b^6x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{8ab^7x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{b^8x^{4n}}{4n} + 70a^4b^4 \log(x)$$

output

```
-1/4*a^8/n/(x^(4*n))-8/3*a^7*b/n/(x^(3*n))-14*a^6*b^2/n/(x^(2*n))-56*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)+56*a^3*b^5*x^n/n+14*a^2*b^6*x^(2*n)/n+8/3*a*b^7*x^(3*n)/n+1/4*b^8*x^(4*n)/n+70*a^4*b^4*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-4n}(-3a^8 - 32a^7bx^n - 168a^6b^2x^{2n} - 672a^5b^3x^{3n} + 672a^3b^5x^{5n} + 168a^2b^6x^{6n} + 32ab^7x^{7n} + 3b^8x^{8n})}{12n} + \frac{70a^4b^4 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-3a^8 - 32a^7bx^n - 168a^6b^2x^{2n} - 672a^5b^3x^{3n} + 672a^3b^5x^{5n} + 168a^2b^6x^{6n} + 32ab^7x^{7n} + 3b^8x^{8n})/(12nx^{4n}) + (70a^4b^4\text{Log}[x^n])/n}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{-4n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \int x^{-5n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow 49 \\ & \int \frac{(a^8x^{-5n} + 8a^7bx^{-4n} + 28a^6b^2x^{-3n} + 56a^5b^3x^{-2n} + 70a^4b^4x^{-n} + 28a^2b^6x^n + 8ab^7x^{2n} + b^8x^{3n} + 56a^3b^5) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 2009 \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{4}a^8x^{-4n} - \frac{8}{3}a^7bx^{-3n} - 14a^6b^2x^{-2n} - 56a^5b^3x^{-n} + 70a^4b^4\log(x^n) + 56a^3b^5x^n + 14a^2b^6x^{2n} + \frac{8}{3}ab^7x^{3n} + \frac{1}{4}b^8x^{4n}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-4*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^8,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/4*a^8/x^{(4*n)} - (8*a^7*b)/(3*x^{(3*n)}) - (14*a^6*b^2)/x^{(2*n)} - (56*a^5*b^3)/x^n + 56*a^3*b^5*x^n + 14*a^2*b^6*x^{(2*n)} + (8*a*b^7*x^{(3*n)})/3 + (b^8*x^{(4*n)})/4 + 70*a^4*b^4*Log[x^n])/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
risch	$70a^4b^4 \ln(x) + \frac{b^8x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{8ab^7x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{14a^2b^6x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3b^5x^n}{n} - \frac{56a^5b^3x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{14a^6b^2x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{8a^7bx^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{a^8x^{-4n}}{4n}$

input `int(x^(-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $70*a^4*b^4*\ln(x)+1/4*b^8/n*(x^n)^4+8/3*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^3+14*a^2*b^6/n*(x^n)^2+56*a^3*b^5*x^n/n-56*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)-14*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^2-8/3*a^7*b/n/(x^n)^3-1/4*a^8/n/(x^n)^4$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{840 a^4 b^4 n x^{4n} \log(x) + 3 b^8 x^{8n} + 32 a b^7 x^{7n} + 168 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 672 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} - 672 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} - 168 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 84 a^7 b x^n + a^8}{12 n x^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\frac{1}{12}(840a^4b^4n^4x^{4n}\log(x) + 3b^8x^{8n} + 32ab^7x^{7n} + 168a^2b^6x^{6n} + 672a^3b^5x^{5n} - 672a^5b^3x^{3n} - 168a^6b^2x^{2n} - 32a^7b^2x^n - 3a^8)/(nx^{4n})$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 10.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{8a^7bx^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{14a^6b^2x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{56a^5b^3x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{70a^4b^4\log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{56a^3b^5x^n}{n} + \frac{14a^2b^6x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{8ab^7x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{b^8x^{4n}}{4n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases} \text{ for } n \neq 0$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8/(4*n*x**(4*n)) - 8*a**7*b/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 14*a**6*b**2/(n*x**(2*n)) - 56*a**5*b**3/(n*x**n) + 70*a**4*b**4*log(x**n)/n + 56*a**3*b**5*x**n/n + 14*a**2*b**6*x**(2*n)/n + 8*a*b**7*x**(3*n)/(3*n) + b**8*x**(4*n)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = 70a^4b^4\log(x) + \frac{b^8x^{4n}}{4n} + \frac{8ab^7x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{14a^2b^6x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3b^5x^n}{n} - \frac{a^8}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{14a^6b^2}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{56a^5b^3}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

$$70*a^4*b^4*\log(x) + 1/4*b^8*x^(4*n)/n + 8/3*a*b^7*x^(3*n)/n + 14*a^2*b^6*x^(2*n)/n + 56*a^3*b^5*x^n/n - 1/4*a^8/(n*x^(4*n)) - 8/3*a^7*b/(n*x^(3*n)) - 14*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(2*n)) - 56*a^5*b^3/(n*x^n)$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{840 a^4 b^4 n x^{4n} \log(x) + 3 b^8 x^{8n} + 32 a b^7 x^{7n} + 168 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 672 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} - 672 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} - 168 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 56 a^7 b}{12 n x^{4n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/12*(840*a^4*b^4*n*x^(4*n)*\log(x) + 3*b^8*x^(8*n) + 32*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 16*8*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 672*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) - 672*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) - 168*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) - 32*a^7*b*x^n - 3*a^8)/(n*x^(4*n))$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{4n}}{4n} - \frac{a^8}{4n x^{4n}} + 70 a^4 b^4 \ln(x) - \frac{56 a^5 b^3}{n x^n} + \frac{14 a^2 b^6 x^{2n}}{n} - \frac{14 a^6 b^2}{n x^{2n}} + \frac{8 a b^7 x^{3n}}{3n} - \frac{8 a^7 b}{3n x^{3n}} + \frac{56 a^3 b^5 x^n}{n}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(4*n + 1),x)
```

output

$$(b^8*x^(4*n))/(4*n) - a^8/(4*n*x^(4*n)) + 70*a^4*b^4*\log(x) - (56*a^5*b^3)/(n*x^n) + (14*a^2*b^6*x^(2*n))/n - (14*a^6*b^2)/(n*x^(2*n)) + (8*a*b^7*x^(3*n))/(3*n) - (8*a^7*b)/(3*n*x^(3*n)) + (56*a^3*b^5*x^n)/n$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-4n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^{8n}b^8 + 32x^{7n}ab^7 + 168x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 672x^{5n}a^3b^5 + 840x^{4n}\log(x)a^4b^4n - 672x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 168x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 32x^{n}a^7b - 3a^8}{12x^{4n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(3*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 32*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 168*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 672*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 + 840*x**(4*n)*log(x)*a**4*b**4*n - 672*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 168*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 32*x**n*a**7*b - 3*a**8)/(12*x**(4*n)*n)`

### 3.436 $\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2902
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2902
Rubi [A] (verified)	2903
Maple [A] (verified)	2904
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2904
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2905
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2905
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2906
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2906
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2907

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 133

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{2a^7bx^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{28a^6b^2x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{28a^5b^3x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{70a^4b^4x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2b^6x^n}{n} + \frac{4ab^7x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{b^8x^{3n}}{3n} + 56a^3b^5 \log(x)$$

```
output -1/5*a^8/n/(x^(5*n))-2*a^7*b/n/(x^(4*n))-28/3*a^6*b^2/n/(x^(3*n))-28*a^5*b^3/n/(x^(2*n))-70*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)+28*a^2*b^6*x^n/n+4*a*b^7*x^(2*n)/n+1/3*b^8*x^(3*n)/n+56*a^3*b^5*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-5n}(-3a^8 - 30a^7bx^n - 140a^6b^2x^{2n} - 420a^5b^3x^{3n} - 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} + 420a^2b^6x^{6n} + 60ab^7x^{7n} + 5b^8x^{8n})}{15n} + \frac{56a^3b^5 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - 5*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-3*a^8 - 30*a^7*b*x^n - 140*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 420*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} - 1050*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} + 420*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} + 60*a*b^7*x^{(7*n)} + 5*b^8*x^{(8*n)})}{(15*n*x^{(5*n)})} + (56*a^3*b^5*\text{Log}[x^n])/n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-5n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-6n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int (a^8 x^{-6n} + 8a^7 b x^{-5n} + 28a^6 b^2 x^{-4n} + 56a^5 b^3 x^{-3n} + 70a^4 b^4 x^{-2n} + 56a^3 b^5 x^{-n} + 8ab^7 x^n + b^8 x^{2n} + 28a^2 b^6) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{5}a^8 x^{-5n} - 2a^7 b x^{-4n} - \frac{28}{3}a^6 b^2 x^{-3n} - 28a^5 b^3 x^{-2n} - 70a^4 b^4 x^{-n} + 56a^3 b^5 \log(x^n) + 28a^2 b^6 x^n + 4ab^7 x^{2n} + \frac{1}{3}b^8 x^{3n}}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-5*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^8,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/5*a^8/x^{(5*n)} - (2*a^7*b)/x^{(4*n)} - (28*a^6*b^2)/(3*x^{(3*n)}) - (28*a^5*b^3)/x^{(2*n)} - (70*a^4*b^4)/x^n + 28*a^2*b^6*x^n + 4*a*b^7*x^{(2*n)} + (b^8*x^{(3*n)})/3 + 56*a^3*b^5*\text{Log}[x^n])/n}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
risch	$56a^3b^5 \ln(x) + \frac{b^8x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{4ab^7x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2b^6x^n}{n} - \frac{70a^4b^4x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{28a^5b^3x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{28a^6b^2x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{2a^7bx^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{a^8x^{-5n}}{5n}$

input `int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $56*a^3*b^5*\ln(x)+1/3*b^8/n*(x^n)^3+4*a*b^7/n*(x^n)^2+28*a^2*b^6*x^n/n-70*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)-28*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^2-28/3*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^3-2*a^7*b/n/(x^n)^4-1/5*a^8/n/(x^n)^5$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{840 a^3 b^5 n x^{5n} \log(x) + 5 b^8 x^{8n} + 60 a b^7 x^{7n} + 420 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} - 1050 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} - 420 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} - 140 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 28 a^7 b x^n - a^8}{15 n x^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{15} \cdot (840 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5 \cdot n \cdot x^{(5 \cdot n)} \cdot \log(x) + 5 \cdot b^8 \cdot x^{(8 \cdot n)} + 60 \cdot a \cdot b^7 \cdot x^{(7 \cdot n)} + 420 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^{(6 \cdot n)} - 1050 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^{(4 \cdot n)} - 420 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^{(3 \cdot n)} - 140 \cdot a^6 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{(2 \cdot n)} - 30 \cdot a^7 \cdot b \cdot x^n - 3 \cdot a^8) / (n \cdot x^{(5 \cdot n)})$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 13.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-5n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{2a^7 b x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{56a^3 b^5 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^n}{n} + \frac{4ab^7 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{b^8 x^{3n}}{3n} \\ (a + b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases} \quad \text{for } n \neq 0$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8/(5*n*x**(5*n)) - 2*a**7*b/(n*x**(4*n)) - 28*a**6*b**2/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 28*a**5*b**3/(n*x**(2*n)) - 70*a**4*b**4/(n*x**n) + 56*a**3*b**5*log(x**n)/n + 28*a**2*b**6*x**n/n + 4*a*b**7*x**(2*n)/n + b**8*x**(3*n)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-5n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx = 56 a^3 b^5 \log(x) + \frac{b^8 x^{3n}}{3n} + \frac{4ab^7 x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^n}{n} - \frac{a^8}{5n x^{5n}} - \frac{2a^7 b}{n x^{4n}} - \frac{28a^6 b^2}{3n x^{3n}} - \frac{28a^5 b^3}{n x^{2n}} - \frac{70a^4 b^4}{n x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$56a^3b^5\log(x) + \frac{1}{3}b^8x^{(3n)}/n + \frac{4a^7b}{n} + \frac{28a^2b^6x^n}{n} - \frac{1}{5}a^8/(nx^{(5n)}) - \frac{2a^7b}{(nx^{(4n)})} - \frac{28}{3}a^6b^2/(nx^{(3n)}) - \frac{28a^5b^3}{(nx^{(2n)})} - \frac{70a^4b^4}{(nx^n)}$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{840 a^3 b^5 n x^{5n} \log(x) + 5 b^8 x^{8n} + 60 a b^7 x^{7n} + 420 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} - 1050 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} - 420 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} - 140 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 70 a^7 b x^n - 3 a^8}{15 n x^{5n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{15} * (840 a^3 b^5 n x^{(5n)} \log(x) + 5 b^8 x^{(8n)} + 60 a b^7 x^{(7n)} + 420 a^2 b^6 x^{(6n)} - 1050 a^4 b^4 x^{(4n)} - 420 a^5 b^3 x^{(3n)} - 140 a^6 b^2 x^{(2n)} - 70 a^7 b x^n - 3 a^8) / (n x^{(5n)})$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^{3n}}{3n} - \frac{a^8}{5n x^{5n}} + 56 a^3 b^5 \ln(x) - \frac{70 a^4 b^4}{n x^n} - \frac{28 a^5 b^3}{n x^{2n}} - \frac{28 a^6 b^2}{3n x^{3n}} + \frac{4 a b^7 x^{2n}}{n} - \frac{2 a^7 b}{n x^{4n}} + \frac{28 a^2 b^6 x^n}{n}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(5*n + 1),x)
```

output

$$\frac{(b^8 x^{(3n)})}{(3n)} - \frac{a^8}{(5n x^{(5n)})} + 56 a^3 b^5 \log(x) - \frac{(70 a^4 b^4)}{(n x^n)} - \frac{(28 a^5 b^3)}{(n x^{2n})} - \frac{(28 a^6 b^2)}{(3n x^{(3n)})} + \frac{(4 a b^7 x^{(2n)})}{n} - \frac{(2 a^7 b)}{(n x^{(4n)})} + \frac{(28 a^2 b^6 x^n)}{n}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-5n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{5x^{8n}b^8 + 60x^{7n}ab^7 + 420x^{6n}a^2b^6 + 840x^{5n}\log(x)a^3b^5n - 1050x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 420x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 140x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 30x^{n}a^7b - 3a^8}{15x^{5n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-5*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(5*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 60*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 420*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 + 840*x**(5*n)*log(x)*a**3*b**5*n - 1050*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 420*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 140*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 30*x**n*a**7*b - 3*a**8)/(15*x**(5*n)*n)`



### 3.437 $\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2908
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2908
Rubi [A] (verified)	2909
Maple [A] (verified)	2910
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2910
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2911
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2911
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2912
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2912
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2913

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 135

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8 x^{-6n}}{6n} - \frac{8a^7 b x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^n}{n} + \frac{b^8 x^{2n}}{2n} + 28a^2 b^6 \log(x)$$

```
output -1/6*a^8/n/(x^(6*n))-8/5*a^7*b/n/(x^(5*n))-7*a^6*b^2/n/(x^(4*n))-56/3*a^5*
b^3/n/(x^(3*n))-35*a^4*b^4/n/(x^(2*n))-56*a^3*b^5/n/(x^n)+8*a*b^7*x^n/n+1/
2*b^8*x^(2*n)/n+28*a^2*b^6*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-6n}(-5a^8 - 48a^7bx^n - 210a^6b^2x^{2n} - 560a^5b^3x^{3n} - 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} - 1680a^3b^5x^{5n} + 240ab^7x^{7n} + 15b^8x^{8n})}{30n} + \frac{28a^2b^6 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - 6*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-5a^8 - 48a^7bx^n - 210a^6b^2x^{2n} - 560a^5b^3x^{3n} - 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} - 1680a^3b^5x^{5n} + 240ab^7x^{7n} + 15b^8x^{8n})}{(30nx^{6n})} + (28a^2b^6\text{Log}[x^n])/n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-6n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-7n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int (a^8x^{-7n} + 8a^7bx^{-6n} + 28a^6b^2x^{-5n} + 56a^5b^3x^{-4n} + 70a^4b^4x^{-3n} + 56a^3b^5x^{-2n} + 28a^2b^6x^{-n} + b^8x^n + 8ab^7) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{6}a^8x^{-6n} - \frac{8}{5}a^7bx^{-5n} - 7a^6b^2x^{-4n} - \frac{56}{3}a^5b^3x^{-3n} - 35a^4b^4x^{-2n} - 56a^3b^5x^{-n} + 28a^2b^6 \log(x^n) + 8ab^7x^n + \frac{1}{2}b^8x^{n+1}}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1-6*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^8,x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/6*a^8/x^{(6*n)} - (8*a^7*b)/(5*x^{(5*n)}) - (7*a^6*b^2)/x^{(4*n)} - (56*a^5*b^3)/(3*x^{(3*n)}) - (35*a^4*b^4)/x^{(2*n)} - (56*a^3*b^5)/x^n + 8*a*b^7*x^n + (b^8*x^{(2*n)})/2 + 28*a^2*b^6*\text{Log}[x^n])/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
risch	$28a^2b^6 \ln(x) + \frac{b^8x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{8ab^7x^n}{n} - \frac{56a^3b^5x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{35a^4b^4x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{56a^5b^3x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{7a^6b^2x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{8a^7bx^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{a^8x^{-6n}}{6n}$

input `int(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $28*a^2*b^6*\ln(x)+1/2*b^8/n*(x^n)^2+8*a*b^7*x^n/n-56*a^3*b^5/n/(x^n)-35*a^4$   
 $*b^4/n/(x^n)^2-56/3*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^3-7*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^4-8/5*a^7*b/n/(x^n$   
 $)^5-1/6*a^8/n/(x^n)^6$

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{840 a^2 b^6 n x^{6n} \log(x) + 15 b^8 x^{8n} + 240 a b^7 x^{7n} - 1680 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} - 1050 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} - 560 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} - 210 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 84 a^7 b x^{n} - a^8}{30 n x^{6n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/30*(840*a^2*b^6*n*x^(6*n)*log(x) + 15*b^8*x^(8*n) + 240*a*b^7*x^(7*n) - 1680*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) - 1050*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) - 560*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) - 210*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) - 48*a^7*b*x^n - 5*a^8)/(n*x^(6*n))`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8 x^{-6n}}{6n} - \frac{8a^7 b x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{-n}}{n} + 28a^2 b^6 \log(x) + \frac{8ab^7 x^n}{n} + \frac{b^8 x^{2n}}{2n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8/(6*n*x**(6*n)) - 8*a**7*b/(5*n*x**(5*n)) - 7*a**6*b**2/(n*x**(4*n)) - 56*a**5*b**3/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 35*a**4*b**4/(n*x**(2*n)) - 56*a**3*b**5/(n*x**n) + 28*a**2*b**6*log(x) + 8*a*b**7*x**n/n + b**8*x**(2*n)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = 28a^2b^6 \log(x) + \frac{b^8 x^{2n}}{2n} + \frac{8ab^7 x^n}{n} - \frac{a^8}{6nx^{6n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{7a^6b^2}{nx^{4n}} - \frac{56a^5b^3}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{35a^4b^4}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{56a^3b^5}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$28a^2b^6\log(x) + \frac{1}{2}b^8x^{(2n)}/n + \frac{8ab^7x^n}{n} - \frac{1}{6}a^8/(nx^{(6n)}) - \frac{8}{5}a^7b/(nx^{(5n)}) - \frac{7a^6b^2}{(nx^{(4n)})} - \frac{56}{3}a^5b^3/(nx^{(3n)}) - \frac{35a^4b^4}{(nx^{(2n)})} - \frac{56a^3b^5}{(nx^n)}$$
**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{840a^2b^6nx^{6n}\log(x) + 15b^8x^{8n} + 240ab^7x^{7n} - 1680a^3b^5x^{5n} - 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} - 560a^5b^3x^{3n} - 210a^6b^2x^{2n} - 48a^7bx^n - 5a^8}{30nx^{6n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{30}*(840a^2b^6nx^{(6n)}\log(x) + 15b^8x^{(8n)} + 240a^2b^7x^{(7n)} - 1680a^3b^5x^{(5n)} - 1050a^4b^4x^{(4n)} - 560a^5b^3x^{(3n)} - 210a^6b^2x^{(2n)} - 48a^7bx^n - 5a^8)/(nx^{(6n)})$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 137, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8x^{2n}}{2n} - \frac{a^8}{6nx^{6n}} + 28a^2b^6\ln(x) - \frac{56a^3b^5}{nx^n} - \frac{35a^4b^4}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{56a^5b^3}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{7a^6b^2}{nx^{4n}} + \frac{8ab^7x^n}{n} - \frac{8a^7b}{5nx^{5n}}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(6*n + 1),x)
```

output

$$\frac{(b^8x^{(2n)})}{(2n)} - \frac{a^8}{(6n*x^{(6n)})} + 28a^2b^6\log(x) - \frac{(56a^3b^5)}{(n*x^n)} - \frac{(35a^4b^4)}{(n*x^{(2n)})} - \frac{(56a^5b^3)}{(3n*x^{(3n)})} - \frac{(7a^6b^2)}{(n*x^{(4n)})} + \frac{(8a*b^7*x^n)}{n} - \frac{(8a^7*b)}{(5n*x^{(5n)})}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-6n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{15x^{8n}b^8 + 240x^{7n}ab^7 + 840x^{6n}\log(x)a^2b^6n - 1680x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 1050x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 560x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 210x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 48x^{n}a^7b - 5a^8}{30x^{6n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-6*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(15*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 240*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 + 840*x**(6*n)*log(x)*a**2*b**6*n - 1680*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 1050*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 560*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 210*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 48*x**n*a**7*b - 5*a**8)/(30*x**(6*n)*n)`

### 3.438 $\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2914
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2914
Rubi [A] (verified)	2915
Maple [A] (verified)	2916
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2916
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2917
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2917
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2918
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2918
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2919

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8 x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{4a^7 b x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{14a^5 b^3 x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b^8 x^n}{n} + 8ab^7 \log(x)$$

```
output -1/7*a^8/n/(x^(7*n))-4/3*a^7*b/n/(x^(6*n))-28/5*a^6*b^2/n/(x^(5*n))-14*a^5
*b^3/n/(x^(4*n))-70/3*a^4*b^4/n/(x^(3*n))-28*a^3*b^5/n/(x^(2*n))-28*a^2*b^
6/n/(x^n)+b^8*x^n/n+8*a*b^7*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-7n}(-15a^8 - 140a^7bx^n - 588a^6b^2x^{2n} - 1470a^5b^3x^{3n} - 2450a^4b^4x^{4n} - 2940a^3b^5x^{5n} - 2940a^2b^6x^{6n} + 105n)}{105n} + \frac{8ab^7 \log(x^n)}{n}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - 7*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-15a^8 - 140a^7bx^n - 588a^6b^2x^{2n} - 1470a^5b^3x^{3n} - 2450a^4b^4x^{4n} - 2940a^3b^5x^{5n} - 2940a^2b^6x^{6n} + 105b^8x^{8n})}{(105nx^{7n})} + (8ab^7 \text{Log}[x^n])/n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-7n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\int x^{-8n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \frac{(a^8x^{-8n} + 8a^7bx^{-7n} + 28a^6b^2x^{-6n} + 56a^5b^3x^{-5n} + 70a^4b^4x^{-4n} + 56a^3b^5x^{-3n} + 28a^2b^6x^{-2n} + 8ab^7x^{-n} + b^8)}{n} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{7}a^8x^{-7n} - \frac{4}{3}a^7bx^{-6n} - \frac{28}{5}a^6b^2x^{-5n} - 14a^5b^3x^{-4n} - \frac{70}{3}a^4b^4x^{-3n} - 28a^3b^5x^{-2n} - 28a^2b^6x^{-n} + 8ab^7 \log(x^n) + b^8}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 7*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/7*a^8/x^{(7*n)} - (4*a^7*b)/(3*x^{(6*n)}) - (28*a^6*b^2)/(5*x^{(5*n)}) - (14*a^5*b^3)/x^{(4*n)} - (70*a^4*b^4)/(3*x^{(3*n)}) - (28*a^3*b^5)/x^{(2*n)} - (28*a^2*b^6)/x^n + b^8*x^n + 8*a*b^7*Log[x^n])/n$$



### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
risch	$8a b^7 \ln(x) + \frac{b^8 x^n}{n} - \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{14a^5 b^3 x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{4a^7 b x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{a^8}{n}$

input `int(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `8*a*b^7*ln(x)+b^8*x^n/n-28*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)-28*a^3*b^5/n/(x^n)^2-70/3*a^4*b  
^4/n/(x^n)^3-14*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^4-28/5*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^5-4/3*a^7*b/n/(x^n)  
^6-1/7*a^8/n/(x^n)^7`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{840 ab^7 n x^{7n} \log(x) + 105 b^8 x^{8n} - 2940 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} - 2940 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} - 2450 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} - 1470 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} - 588 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 147 a^7 b x^n - a^8}{105 n x^{7n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{105}*(840*a*b^7*n*x^{(7*n)}*\log(x) + 105*b^8*x^{(8*n)} - 2940*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} - 2940*a^3*b^5*x^{(5*n)} - 2450*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} - 1470*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} - 588*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 140*a^7*b*x^n - 15*a^8)/(n*x^{(7*n)})$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 22.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8 x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{4a^7 b x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{14a^5 b^3 x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{8ab^7 \log(x^n)}{n} + \frac{b^8 x^n}{n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8/(7*n*x**(7*n)) - 4*a**7*b/(3*n*x**(6*n)) - 28*a**6*b**2/(5*n*x**(5*n)) - 14*a**5*b**3/(n*x**(4*n)) - 70*a**4*b**4/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 28*a**3*b**5/(n*x**(2*n)) - 28*a**2*b**6/(n*x**n) + 8*a*b**7*log(x**n)/n + b**8*x**n/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = 8ab^7 \log(x) + \frac{b^8 x^n}{n} - \frac{a^8}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{4a^7 b}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{28a^6 b^2}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{14a^5 b^3}{nx^{4n}} - \frac{70a^4 b^4}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{28a^3 b^5}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{28a^2 b^6}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$8*a*b^7*\log(x) + b^8*x^n/n - 1/7*a^8/(n*x^(7*n)) - 4/3*a^7*b/(n*x^(6*n)) - 28/5*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(5*n)) - 14*a^5*b^3/(n*x^(4*n)) - 70/3*a^4*b^4/(n*x^(3*n)) - 28*a^3*b^5/(n*x^(2*n)) - 28*a^2*b^6/(n*x^n)$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{840 ab^7 n x^{7n} \log(x) + 105 b^8 x^{8n} - 2940 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} - 2940 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} - 2450 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} - 1470 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} - 588 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 140 a^7 b x^n - 15 a^8}{105 n x^{7n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$1/105*(840*a*b^7*n*x^(7*n)*\log(x) + 105*b^8*x^(8*n) - 2940*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) - 2940*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) - 2450*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) - 1470*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) - 588*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) - 140*a^7*b*x^n - 15*a^8)/(n*x^(7*n))$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{b^8 x^n}{n} + 8 a b^7 \ln(x) - \frac{a^8}{7 n x^{7n}} - \frac{28 a^2 b^6}{n x^n} - \frac{28 a^3 b^5}{n x^{2n}} - \frac{70 a^4 b^4}{3 n x^{3n}} - \frac{14 a^5 b^3}{n x^{4n}} - \frac{28 a^6 b^2}{5 n x^{5n}} - \frac{4 a^7 b}{3 n x^{6n}}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(7*n + 1),x)
```

output

$$(b^8*x^n)/n + 8*a*b^7*\log(x) - a^8/(7*n*x^(7*n)) - (28*a^2*b^6)/(n*x^n) - (28*a^3*b^5)/(n*x^(2*n)) - (70*a^4*b^4)/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (14*a^5*b^3)/(n*x^(4*n)) - (28*a^6*b^2)/(5*n*x^(5*n)) - (4*a^7*b)/(3*n*x^(6*n))$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-7n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{105x^{8n}b^8 + 840x^{7n}\log(x)ab^7n - 2940x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 2940x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 2450x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 1470x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 588x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 140x^n a^7b - 15a^8}{105x^{7n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-7*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(105*x**(8*n)*b**8 + 840*x**(7*n)*log(x)*a*b**7*n - 2940*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 2940*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 2450*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 1470*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 588*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 140*x**n*a**7*b - 15*a**8)/(105*x**(7*n)*n)`

### 3.439 $\int x^{-1-8n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2920
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2920
Rubi [A] (verified)	2921
Maple [A] (verified)	2922
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2922
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2923
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2923
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2924
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2924
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2925

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 140

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8 x^{-8n}}{8n} - \frac{8a^7 b x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{-4n}}{2n} - \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{14a^2 b^6 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{8ab^7 x^{-n}}{n} + b^8 \log(x)$$

```
output -1/8*a^8/n/(x^(8*n))-8/7*a^7*b/n/(x^(7*n))-14/3*a^6*b^2/n/(x^(6*n))-56/5*a^5*b^3/n/(x^(5*n))-35/2*a^4*b^4/n/(x^(4*n))-56/3*a^3*b^5/n/(x^(3*n))-14*a^2*b^6/n/(x^(2*n))-8*a*b^7/n/(x^n)+b^8*ln(x)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{ax^{-8n}(105a^7 + 960a^6bx^n + 3920a^5b^2x^{2n} + 9408a^4b^3x^{3n} + 14700a^3b^4x^{4n} + 15680a^2b^5x^{5n} + 11760ab^6x^{6n}) + b^8 \log(x^n)}{840n}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - 8*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{-1/840*(a*(105*a^7 + 960*a^6*b*x^n + 3920*a^5*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 9408*a^4*b^3*x^{(3*n)} + 14700*a^3*b^4*x^{(4*n)} + 15680*a^2*b^5*x^{(5*n)} + 11760*a*b^6*x^{(6*n)} + 6720*b^7*x^{(7*n)}))/(n*x^{(8*n)}) + (b^8*\text{Log}[x^n])/n}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-8n-1}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-9n}(bx^n + a)^8 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\frac{\int (a^8 x^{-9n} + 8a^7 b x^{-8n} + 28a^6 b^2 x^{-7n} + 56a^5 b^3 x^{-6n} + 70a^4 b^4 x^{-5n} + 56a^3 b^5 x^{-4n} + 28a^2 b^6 x^{-3n} + 8ab^7 x^{-2n} + b^8)}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{8}a^8 x^{-8n} - \frac{8}{7}a^7 b x^{-7n} - \frac{14}{3}a^6 b^2 x^{-6n} - \frac{56}{5}a^5 b^3 x^{-5n} - \frac{35}{2}a^4 b^4 x^{-4n} - \frac{56}{3}a^3 b^5 x^{-3n} - 14a^2 b^6 x^{-2n} - 8ab^7 x^{-n} + b^8}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 8*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-1/8*a^8/x^{(8*n)} - (8*a^7*b)/(7*x^{(7*n)}) - (14*a^6*b^2)/(3*x^{(6*n)}) - (56 \\ & *a^5*b^3)/(5*x^{(5*n)}) - (35*a^4*b^4)/(2*x^{(4*n)}) - (56*a^3*b^5)/(3*x^{(3*n)}) \\ & ) - (14*a^2*b^6)/x^{(2*n)} - (8*a*b^7)/x^n + b^8*\text{Log}[x^n])/n \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
risch	$b^8 \ln(x) - \frac{8ab^7x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{14a^2b^6x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{56a^3b^5x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{35a^4b^4x^{-4n}}{2n} - \frac{56a^5b^3x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{14a^6b^2x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{8a^7bx^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{a^8}{n}$

input `int(x^(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $b^8 \ln(x) - 8*a*b^7/n/(x^n) - 14*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)^2 - 56/3*a^3*b^5/n/(x^n)^3 - 35/2$   
 $*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)^4 - 56/5*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^5 - 14/3*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^6 - 8/7*a^7*b$   
 $/n/(x^n)^7 - 1/8*a^8/n/(x^n)^8$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{840 b^8 n x^{8n} \log(x) - 6720 a b^7 x^{7n} - 11760 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} - 15680 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} - 14700 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} - 9408 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} - 3500 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 840 a^7 b x^n - a^8}{840 n x^{8n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{840} \cdot (840 \cdot b^8 \cdot n \cdot x^{(8 \cdot n)} \cdot \log(x) - 6720 \cdot a \cdot b^7 \cdot x^{(7 \cdot n)} - 11760 \cdot a^2 \cdot b^6 \cdot x^{(6 \cdot n)} - 15680 \cdot a^3 \cdot b^5 \cdot x^{(5 \cdot n)} - 14700 \cdot a^4 \cdot b^4 \cdot x^{(4 \cdot n)} - 9408 \cdot a^5 \cdot b^3 \cdot x^{(3 \cdot n)} - 3920 \cdot a^6 \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{(2 \cdot n)} - 960 \cdot a^7 \cdot b \cdot x^n - 105 \cdot a^8) / (n \cdot x^{(8 \cdot n)})$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 35.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{-1-8n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8 x^{-8n}}{8n} - \frac{8a^7 b x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{-4n}}{2n} - \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{14a^2 b^6 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{8ab^7 x^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b^8 \log(x^n)}{n} \\ (a + b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8/(8*n*x**(8*n)) - 8*a**7*b/(7*n*x**(7*n)) - 14*a**6*b**2/(3*n*x**(6*n)) - 56*a**5*b**3/(5*n*x**(5*n)) - 35*a**4*b**4/(2*n*x**(4*n)) - 56*a**3*b**5/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 14*a**2*b**6/(n*x**(2*n)) - 8*a*b**7/(n*x**n) + b**8*log(x**n)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-8n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx = b^8 \log(x) - \frac{a^8}{8nx^{8n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{14a^6b^2}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{56a^5b^3}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{35a^4b^4}{2nx^{4n}} - \frac{56a^3b^5}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{14a^2b^6}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{8ab^7}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

$$b^8 \log(x) - \frac{1}{8} a^8 / (n x^{(8n)}) - \frac{8}{7} a^7 b / (n x^{(7n)}) - \frac{14}{3} a^6 b^2 / (n x^{(6n)}) - \frac{56}{5} a^5 b^3 / (n x^{(5n)}) - \frac{35}{2} a^4 b^4 / (n x^{(4n)}) - \frac{56}{3} a^3 b^5 / (n x^{(3n)}) - \frac{14}{1} a^2 b^6 / (n x^{(2n)}) - \frac{8}{1} a b^7 / (n x^{(n)})$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1-8n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{840 b^8 n x^{8n} \log(x) - 6720 a b^7 x^{7n} - 11760 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} - 15680 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} - 14700 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} - 9408 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} - 3920 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} - 960 a^7 b x^n - 105 a^8}{840 n x^{8n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{840} * (840 * b^8 * n * x^{(8n)} * \log(x) - 6720 * a * b^7 * x^{(7n)} - 11760 * a^2 * b^6 * x^{(6n)} - 15680 * a^3 * b^5 * x^{(5n)} - 14700 * a^4 * b^4 * x^{(4n)} - 9408 * a^5 * b^3 * x^{(3n)} - 3920 * a^6 * b^2 * x^{(2n)} - 960 * a^7 * b * x^n - 105 * a^8) / (n * x^{(8n)})$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-8n} (a + bx^n)^8 dx = b^8 \ln(x) - \frac{a^8}{8 n x^{8n}} - \frac{14 a^2 b^6}{n x^{2n}} - \frac{56 a^3 b^5}{3 n x^{3n}} - \frac{35 a^4 b^4}{2 n x^{4n}} - \frac{56 a^5 b^3}{5 n x^{5n}} - \frac{14 a^6 b^2}{3 n x^{6n}} - \frac{8 a b^7}{n x^n} - \frac{8 a^7 b}{7 n x^{7n}}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(8*n + 1),x)
```

output

$$b^8 \log(x) - \frac{a^8}{(8n * x^{(8n)})} - \frac{(14 * a^2 * b^6)}{(n * x^{(2n)})} - \frac{(56 * a^3 * b^5)}{(3 * n * x^{(3n)})} - \frac{(35 * a^4 * b^4)}{(2 * n * x^{(4n)})} - \frac{(56 * a^5 * b^3)}{(5 * n * x^{(5n)})} - \frac{(14 * a^6 * b^2)}{(3 * n * x^{(6n)})} - \frac{(8 * a * b^7)}{(n * x^{(n)})} - \frac{(8 * a^7 * b)}{(7 * n * x^{(7n)})}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1-8n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{840x^{8n}\log(x)b^{8n} - 6720x^{7n}ab^7 - 11760x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 15680x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 14700x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 9408x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 3920x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 960x^n a^7b - 105a^8}{840x^{8n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-8*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `(840*x**(8*n)*log(x)*b**8*n - 6720*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 - 11760*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 15680*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 14700*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 9408*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 3920*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 960*x**n*a**7*b - 105*a**8)/(840*x**(8*n)*n)`

### 3.440 $\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2926
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2926
Rubi [A] (verified)	2927
Maple [B] (verified)	2928
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2928
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2929
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2929
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2930
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2930
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2931

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{x^{-9n}(a + bx^n)^9}{9an}$$

output

```
-1/9*(a+b*x^n)^9/a/n/(x^(9*n))
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-9n}(-a^8 - 9a^7bx^n - 36a^6b^2x^{2n} - 84a^5b^3x^{3n} - 126a^4b^4x^{4n} - 126a^3b^5x^{5n} - 84a^2b^6x^{6n} - 36ab^7x^{7n} - 9b^8x^{8n})}{9n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 9*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-a^8 - 9a^7bx^n - 36a^6b^2x^{2n}) - 84a^5b^3x^{3n} - 126a^4b^4x^{4n} - 126a^3b^5x^{5n} - 84a^2b^6x^{6n} - 36ab^7x^{7n} - 9b^8x^{8n}}{9nx^{9n}}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-9n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{x^{-9n}(a+bx^n)^9}{9an}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 - 9*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/9*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*n*x^(9*n))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 7.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.67

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{4ab^7 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{14a^3 b^5 x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{14a^4 b^4 x^{-5n}}{n} - \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{4a^6 b^2 x^{-7n}}{n} - \frac{a^7 b x^{-8n}}{n}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{-9x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1-9n} b^8 - 36x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1-9n} a b^7 - 84x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1-9n} a^2 b^6 - 126x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1-9n} a^3 b^5 - 126x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1-9n} a^4 b^4 - 84x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-9n} a^5 b^3 - 36x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-9n} a^6 b^2 - 9x x^{1n} x^{-1-9n} a^7 b}{9n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -b^8/n/(x^n)-4*a*b^7/n/(x^n)^2-28/3*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)^3-14*a^3*b^5/n/(x^n)^4-14*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)^5-28/3*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^6-4*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^7-a^7*b/n/(x^n)^8-1/9*a^8/n/(x^n)^9
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.62

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{9b^8x^{8n} + 36ab^7x^{7n} + 84a^2b^6x^{6n} + 126a^3b^5x^{5n} + 126a^4b^4x^{4n} + 84a^5b^3x^{3n} + 36a^6b^2x^{2n} + 9a^7bx^n + a^8}{9nx^{9n}}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/9*(9*b^8*x^(8*n) + 36*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 84*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 126*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 126*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 84*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 36*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 9*a^7*b*x^n + a^8)/(n*x^(9*n))
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.21

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{a^8 x x^{-9n-1}}{9n} - \frac{a^7 b x x^n x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{4a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{28a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{-9n-1}}{3n} - \frac{14a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{14a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{28a^2 b^6 x x^{6n} x^{-9n-1}}{3n} - \frac{4ab^7 x x^{7n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{b^8 x x^{8n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8*x*x**(-9*n - 1)/(9*n) - a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - 4*a**6*b**2*x*x**2*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - 28*a**5*b**3*x*x**3*x**(-9*n - 1)/(3*n) - 14*a**4*b**4*x*x**4*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - 14*a**3*b**5*x*x**5*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - 28*a**2*b**6*x*x**6*x**(-9*n - 1)/(3*n) - 4*a*b**7*x*x**7*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - b**8*x*x**8*x**(-9*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.29

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{a^7b}{nx^{8n}} - \frac{4a^6b^2}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{28a^5b^3}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{14a^4b^4}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{14a^3b^5}{nx^{4n}} - \frac{28a^2b^6}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{4ab^7}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{b^8}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*a^8/(n*x^(9*n)) - a^7*b/(n*x^(8*n)) - 4*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(7*n)) - 28/3*a^5*b^3/(n*x^(6*n)) - 14*a^4*b^4/(n*x^(5*n)) - 14*a^3*b^5/(n*x^(4*n)) - 28/3*a^2*b^6/(n*x^(3*n)) - 4*a*b^7/(n*x^(2*n)) - b^8/(n*x^n)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.62

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{9b^8x^{8n} + 36ab^7x^{7n} + 84a^2b^6x^{6n} + 126a^3b^5x^{5n} + 126a^4b^4x^{4n} + 84a^5b^3x^{3n} + 36a^6b^2x^{2n} + 9a^7bx^n + a^8}{9nx^{9n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/9*(9*b^8*x^(8*n) + 36*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 84*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 126*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 126*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 84*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 36*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 9*a^7*b*x^n + a^8)/(n*x^(9*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.29

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{b^8}{nx^n} - \frac{28a^2b^6}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{14a^3b^5}{nx^{4n}} - \frac{14a^4b^4}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{28a^5b^3}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{4a^6b^2}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{4ab^7}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{a^7b}{nx^{8n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(9*n + 1),x)`

output `- a^8/(9*n*x^(9*n)) - b^8/(n*x^n) - (28*a^2*b^6)/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (14*a^3*b^5)/(n*x^(4*n)) - (14*a^4*b^4)/(n*x^(5*n)) - (28*a^5*b^3)/(3*n*x^(6*n)) - (4*a^6*b^2)/(n*x^(7*n)) - (4*a*b^7)/(n*x^(2*n)) - (a^7*b)/(n*x^(8*n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{-9x^{8n}b^8 - 36x^{7n}ab^7 - 84x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 126x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 126x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 84x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 36x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 9x^na^7b - a^8}{9x^{9n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `( - 9*x**(8*n)*b**8 - 36*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 - 84*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 126*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 126*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 84*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 36*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 9*x**n*a**7*b - a**8)/(9*x**(9*n)*n)`



### 3.441 $\int x^{-1-10n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2932
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2932
Rubi [A] (verified)	2933
Maple [B] (verified)	2934
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2935
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2935
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	2936
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2936
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2937
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2937

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{x^{-10n}(a + bx^n)^9}{10an} + \frac{bx^{-9n}(a + bx^n)^9}{90a^2n}$$

output

```
-1/10*(a+b*x^n)^9/a/n/(x^(10*n))+1/90*b*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^2/n/(x^(9*n))
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-10n}(-9a^8 - 80a^7bx^n - 315a^6b^2x^{2n} - 720a^5b^3x^{3n} - 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} - 1008a^3b^5x^{5n} - 630a^2b^6x^{6n} - 240ab^7x^{7n})}{90n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 10*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-9a^8 - 80a^7bx^n - 315a^6b^2x^{2n} - 720a^5b^3x^{3n} - 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} - 1008a^3b^5x^{5n} - 630a^2b^6x^{6n} - 240ab^7x^{7n} - 45b^8x^{8n})}{(90nx^{10n})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int x^{-10n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \int x^{-11n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n \\ \downarrow 55 \\ \frac{b \int x^{-10n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{10a} - \frac{x^{-10n}(a+bx^n)^9}{10a} \\ \downarrow 48 \\ \frac{bx^{-9n}(a+bx^n)^9}{90a^2} - \frac{x^{-10n}(a+bx^n)^9}{10a} \\ n \end{array}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 10*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/10*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^{(10*n)}) + (b*(a + b*x^n)^9)/(90*a^2*x^{(9*n)}))/n}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 7.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.72

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{-2n}}{2n} - \frac{8ab^7 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{8a^5 b^3 x^{-7n}}{n} - \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{-8n}}{2n} - \frac{8a^7 b x^{-9n}}{9n}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{-45x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1-10n} b^8 - 240x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1-10n} a b^7 - 630x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1-10n} a^2 b^6 - 1008x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1-10n} a^3 b^5 - 1050x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1-10n} a^4 b^4 - 720x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-10n} a^5 b^3 - 504x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-10n} a^6 b^2 - 280x x^{n} x^{-1-10n} a^7 b - 140x^0 x^{0n} x^{-1-10n} a^8}{90n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/2*b^8/n/(x^n)^2-8/3*a*b^7/n/(x^n)^3-7*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)^4-56/5*a^3*b^5/n/
(x^n)^5-35/3*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)^6-8*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^7-7/2*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^8-8
/9*a^7*b/n/(x^n)^9-1/10*a^8/n/(x^n)^10
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs.  $2(50) = 100$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{45b^8x^{8n} + 240ab^7x^{7n} + 630a^2b^6x^{6n} + 1008a^3b^5x^{5n} + 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} + 720a^5b^3x^{3n} + 315a^6b^2x^{2n} + 80a^7bx^{2n} + 9a^8}{90nx^{10n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/90*(45*b^8*x^(8*n) + 240*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 630*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 1008*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 1050*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 720*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 315*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 80*a^7*b*x^n + 9*a^8)/(n*x^(10*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 2.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8x^{-10n-1}}{10n} - \frac{8a^7bx^{-10n-1}}{9n} - \frac{7a^6b^2x^{2n}x^{-10n-1}}{2n} - \frac{8a^5b^3x^{3n}x^{-10n-1}}{n} - \frac{35a^4b^4x^{4n}x^{-10n-1}}{3n} - \frac{56a^3b^5x^{5n}x^{-10n-1}}{5n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8*x*x**(-10*n - 1)/(10*n) - 8*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(-10*n - 1)/(9*n) - 7*a**6*b**2*x*x**2*x**(-10*n - 1)/(2*n) - 8*a**5*b**3*x*x**3*x**(-10*n - 1)/n - 35*a**4*b**4*x*x**4*x**(-10*n - 1)/(3*n) - 56*a**3*b**5*x*x**5*x**(-10*n - 1)/(5*n) - 7*a**2*b**6*x*x**6*x**(-10*n - 1)/n - 8*a*b**7*x*x**7*x**(-10*n - 1)/(3*n) - b**8*x*x**8*x**(-10*n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 153 vs.  $2(50) = 100$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{10nx^{10n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{7a^6b^2}{2nx^{8n}} - \frac{8a^5b^3}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{35a^4b^4}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{56a^3b^5}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{7a^2b^6}{nx^{4n}} - \frac{8ab^7}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{b^8}{2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/10*a^8/(n*x^(10*n)) - 8/9*a^7*b/(n*x^(9*n)) - 7/2*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(8*n)) - 8*a^5*b^3/(n*x^(7*n)) - 35/3*a^4*b^4/(n*x^(6*n)) - 56/5*a^3*b^5/(n*x^(5*n)) - 7*a^2*b^6/(n*x^(4*n)) - 8/3*a*b^7/(n*x^(3*n)) - 1/2*b^8/(n*x^(2*n))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs.  $2(50) = 100$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{45b^8x^{8n} + 240ab^7x^{7n} + 630a^2b^6x^{6n} + 1008a^3b^5x^{5n} + 1050a^4b^4x^{4n} + 720a^5b^3x^{3n} + 315a^6b^2x^{2n} + 8a^7bx^{1n} + a^8}{90nx^{10n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/90*(45*b^8*x^(8*n) + 240*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 630*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 1008*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 1050*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 720*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 315*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 80*a^7*b*x^n + 9*a^8)/(n*x^(10*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{10nx^{10n}} - \frac{b^8}{2nx^{2n}} - \frac{7a^2b^6}{nx^{4n}} - \frac{56a^3b^5}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{35a^4b^4}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{8a^5b^3}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{7a^6b^2}{2nx^{8n}} - \frac{8ab^7}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{9nx^{9n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(10*n + 1),x)`output `- a^8/(10*n*x^(10*n)) - b^8/(2*n*x^(2*n)) - (7*a^2*b^6)/(n*x^(4*n)) - (56*a^3*b^5)/(5*n*x^(5*n)) - (35*a^4*b^4)/(3*n*x^(6*n)) - (8*a^5*b^3)/(n*x^(7*n)) - (7*a^6*b^2)/(2*n*x^(8*n)) - (8*a*b^7)/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (8*a^7*b)/(9*n*x^(9*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int x^{-1-10n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{-45x^{8n}b^8 - 240x^{7n}ab^7 - 630x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 1008x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 1050x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 720x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 315x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 80x^na^7b}{90x^{10n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-10*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `( - 45*x**(8*n)*b**8 - 240*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 - 630*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 1008*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 1050*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 720*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 315*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 80*x**n*a**7*b - 9*a**8)/(90*x**(10*n)*n)`

### 3.442 $\int x^{-1-11n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2938
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2938
Rubi [A] (verified)	2939
Maple [A] (verified)	2940
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2941
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2941
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2942
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2942
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2943
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2943

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int x^{-1-11n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{x^{-11n}(a + bx^n)^9}{11an} + \frac{bx^{-10n}(a + bx^n)^9}{55a^2n} - \frac{b^2x^{-9n}(a + bx^n)^9}{495a^3n}$$

output `-1/11*(a+b*x^n)^9/a/n/(x^(11*n))+1/55*b*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^2/n/(x^(10*n))-1/495*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^3/n/(x^(9*n))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^{-1-11n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-11n}(-45a^8 - 396a^7bx^n - 1540a^6b^2x^{2n} - 3465a^5b^3x^{3n} - 4950a^4b^4x^{4n} - 4620a^3b^5x^{5n} - 2772a^2b^6x^{6n} - 990ab^7x^{7n} - 165b^8x^{8n})}{495n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - 11*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output `(-45*a^8 - 396*a^7*b*x^n - 1540*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) - 3465*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) - 4950*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) - 4620*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) - 2772*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) - 990*a*b^7*x^(7*n) - 165*b^8*x^(8*n))/(495*n*x^(11*n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-11n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-12n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n \\
 \quad \quad \quad n \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 \frac{-\frac{2b \int x^{-11n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{11a} - \frac{x^{-11n}(a+bx^n)^9}{11a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 55 \\
 \frac{2b \left( -\frac{b \int x^{-10n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{10a} - \frac{x^{-10n}(a+bx^n)^9}{10a} \right)}{11a} - \frac{x^{-11n}(a+bx^n)^9}{11a} \\
 \quad \quad \quad n \\
 \downarrow 48 \\
 \frac{2b \left( \frac{bx^{-9n}(a+bx^n)^9}{90a^2} - \frac{x^{-10n}(a+bx^n)^9}{10a} \right)}{11a} - \frac{x^{-11n}(a+bx^n)^9}{11a} \\
 \quad \quad \quad n
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 - 11*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

```
(-1/11*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^(11*n)) - (2*b*(-1/10*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^(10*n))
+ (b*(a + b*x^n)^9)/(90*a^2*x^(9*n))))/(11*a)/n
```



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 48 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp
[[a + b*x]^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{
a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

```
rule 55 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(S
implify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(
c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n +
2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[
c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimp
lerQ[n, 1])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

method	result
risch	$\frac{-\frac{b^8 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{2ab^7 x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{10a^4 b^4 x^{-7n}}{n} - \frac{7a^5 b^3 x^{-8n}}{n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{-9n}}{9n} - \frac{4a^7 b x^{-10n}}{5n} - \frac{165x^{8n} x^{-1-11n} b^8 - 990x^7 x^{-1-11n} a b^7 - 2772x^6 x^{-1-11n} a^2 b^6 - 4620x^5 x^{-1-11n} a^3 b^5 - 4950x^4 x^{-1-11n} a^4 b^4 - 495n}{495n}$
parallelrisch	
orering	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^(-1-11*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/3*b^8/n/(x^n)^3-2*a*b^7/n/(x^n)^4-28/5*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)^5-28/3*a^3*b^5/n
/(x^n)^6-10*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)^7-7*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^8-28/9*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^9-4
/5*a^7*b/n/(x^n)^10-1/11*a^8/n/(x^n)^11
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^{-1-11n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{165b^8x^{8n} + 990ab^7x^{7n} + 2772a^2b^6x^{6n} + 4620a^3b^5x^{5n} + 4950a^4b^4x^{4n} + 3465a^5b^3x^{3n} + 1540a^6b^2x^2}{495nx^{11n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-11*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/495*(165*b^8*x^(8*n) + 990*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 2772*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 4620*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 4950*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 3465*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 1540*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 396*a^7*b*x^n + 45*a^8)/(n*x^(11*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. 2(63) = 126.

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int x^{-1-11n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8x^{-11n-1}}{11n} - \frac{4a^7bxx^{-11n-1}}{5n} - \frac{28a^6b^2xx^{2n}x^{-11n-1}}{9n} - \frac{7a^5b^3xx^{3n}x^{-11n-1}}{n} - \frac{10a^4b^4xx^{4n}x^{-11n-1}}{n} - \frac{28a^3b^5xx^{5n}x^{-11n-1}}{3n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-11*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8*x*x**(-11*n - 1)/(11*n) - 4*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(-11*n - 1)/(5*n) - 28*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-11*n - 1)/(9*n) - 7*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(-11*n - 1)/n - 10*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(-11*n - 1)/n - 28*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(-11*n - 1)/(3*n) - 28*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(-11*n - 1)/(5*n) - 2*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(-11*n - 1)/n - b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(-11*n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int x^{-1-11n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{11nx^{11n}} - \frac{4a^7b}{5nx^{10n}} - \frac{28a^6b^2}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{7a^5b^3}{nx^{8n}} - \frac{10a^4b^4}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{28a^3b^5}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{28a^2b^6}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{2ab^7}{nx^{4n}} - \frac{b^8}{3nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-11*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/11*a^8/(n*x^(11*n)) - 4/5*a^7*b/(n*x^(10*n)) - 28/9*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(9*n)) - 7*a^5*b^3/(n*x^(8*n)) - 10*a^4*b^4/(n*x^(7*n)) - 28/3*a^3*b^5/(n*x^(6*n)) - 28/5*a^2*b^6/(n*x^(5*n)) - 2*a*b^7/(n*x^(4*n)) - 1/3*b^8/(n*x^(3*n))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^{-1-11n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{165b^8x^{8n} + 990ab^7x^{7n} + 2772a^2b^6x^{6n} + 4620a^3b^5x^{5n} + 4950a^4b^4x^{4n} + 3465a^5b^3x^{3n} + 1540a^6b^2x^{2n} + 396a^7bx^{n} + 45a^8}{495nx^{11n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-11*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/495*(165*b^8*x^(8*n) + 990*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 2772*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 4620*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 4950*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 3465*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 1540*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 396*a^7*b*x^n + 45*a^8)/(n*x^(11*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int x^{-1-11n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{11n x^{11n}} - \frac{b^8}{3n x^{3n}} - \frac{28a^2b^6}{5n x^{5n}} - \frac{28a^3b^5}{3n x^{6n}} - \frac{10a^4b^4}{n x^{7n}} - \frac{7a^5b^3}{n x^{8n}} - \frac{28a^6b^2}{9n x^{9n}} - \frac{2ab^7}{n x^{4n}} - \frac{4a^7b}{5n x^{10n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(11*n + 1),x)`output `- a^8/(11*n*x^(11*n)) - b^8/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (28*a^2*b^6)/(5*n*x^(5*n)) - (28*a^3*b^5)/(3*n*x^(6*n)) - (10*a^4*b^4)/(n*x^(7*n)) - (7*a^5*b^3)/(n*x^(8*n)) - (28*a^6*b^2)/(9*n*x^(9*n)) - (2*a*b^7)/(n*x^(4*n)) - (4*a^7*b)/(5*n*x^(10*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^{-1-11n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{-165x^{8n}b^8 - 990x^{7n}ab^7 - 2772x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 4620x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 4950x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 3465x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 1540x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 396x^{n}a^7b - 45a^{*8}}{495x^{11n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-11*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `( - 165*x**(8*n)*b**8 - 990*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 - 2772*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 4620*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 4950*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 3465*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 1540*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 396*x**n*a**7*b - 45*a**8)/(495*x**(11*n)*n)`

### 3.443 $\int x^{-1-12n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2944
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2944
Rubi [A] (verified)	2945
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2948
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2949
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2949

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int x^{-1-12n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{x^{-12n}(a + bx^n)^9}{12an} + \frac{bx^{-11n}(a + bx^n)^9}{44a^2n} - \frac{b^2x^{-10n}(a + bx^n)^9}{220a^3n} + \frac{b^3x^{-9n}(a + bx^n)^9}{1980a^4n}$$

output

```
-1/12*(a+b*x^n)^9/a/n/(x^(12*n))+1/44*b*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^2/n/(x^(11*n))-1/220
*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^3/n/(x^(10*n))+1/1980*b^3*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^4/n/(x^(9*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^{-1-12n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-12n}(-165a^8 - 1440a^7bx^n - 5544a^6b^2x^{2n} - 12320a^5b^3x^{3n} - 17325a^4b^4x^{4n} - 15840a^3b^5x^{5n} - 9240a^2b^6x^{6n})}{1980n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 12*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-165*a^8 - 1440*a^7*b*x^n - 5544*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 12320*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} - 17325*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} - 15840*a^3*b^5*x^{(5*n)} - 9240*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} - 3168*a*b^7*x^{(7*n)} - 495*b^8*x^{(8*n)})}{(1980*n*x^{(12*n)})}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-12n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\int x^{-13n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{-\frac{b \int x^{-12n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{4a} - \frac{x^{-12n}(a+bx^n)^9}{12a}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{b\left(-\frac{2b \int x^{-11n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{11a} - \frac{x^{-11n}(a+bx^n)^9}{11a}\right) - \frac{x^{-12n}(a+bx^n)^9}{12a}}{4a}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{b\left(-\frac{2b\left(-\frac{b \int x^{-10n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{10a} - \frac{x^{-10n}(a+bx^n)^9}{10a}\right) - \frac{x^{-11n}(a+bx^n)^9}{11a}}{11a} - \frac{x^{-12n}(a+bx^n)^9}{12a}\right)}{4a}$$

$$\downarrow 48$$

$$\frac{b\left(-\frac{2b\left(\frac{bx^{-9n}(a+bx^n)^9}{90a^2} - \frac{x^{-10n}(a+bx^n)^9}{10a}\right) - \frac{x^{-11n}(a+bx^n)^9}{11a}}{11a} - \frac{x^{-12n}(a+bx^n)^9}{12a}\right)}{4a}$$

$$n$$

input `Int [x^(-1 - 12*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(-1/12*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^(12*n)) - (b*(-1/11*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^(11*n)) - (2*b*(-1/10*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^(10*n)) + (b*(a + b*x^n)^9)/(90*a^2*x^(9*n))))/(11*a)))/(4*a))/n$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp [(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 7.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^8 x^{-4n}}{4n} - \frac{8ab^7 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{14a^2 b^6 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{8a^3 b^5 x^{-7n}}{n} - \frac{35a^4 b^4 x^{-8n}}{4n} - \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{-9n}}{9n} - \frac{14a^6 b^2 x^{-10n}}{5n} - \frac{8a^7 b x^{-11n}}{11n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-495x^{8n}x^{-1-12n}b^8 - 3168xx^{7n}x^{-1-12n}ab^7 - 9240x^{6n}x^{-1-12n}a^2b^6 - 15840x^{5n}x^{-1-12n}a^3b^5 - 17325x^{4n}x^{-1-12n}a^4}{1980n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1-12*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/4*b^8/n/(x^n)^4 - 8/5*a*b^7/n/(x^n)^5 - 14/3*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)^6 - 8*a^3*b^5/n/ \\ & (x^n)^7 - 35/4*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)^8 - 56/9*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^9 - 14/5*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n) \\ & ^{10} - 8/11*a^7*b/n/(x^n)^{11} - 1/12*a^8/n/(x^n)^{12} \end{aligned}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^{-1-12n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{495b^8x^{8n} + 3168ab^7x^{7n} + 9240a^2b^6x^{6n} + 15840a^3b^5x^{5n} + 17325a^4b^4x^{4n} + 12320a^5b^3x^{3n} + 5544a^6b^2x^{2n} + 1440a^7bx^n + 165a^8}{1980nx^{12n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-12*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/1980*(495*b^8*x^(8*n) + 3168*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 9240*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 158 \\ & 40*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 17325*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 12320*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 5544* \\ & a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 1440*a^7*b*x^n + 165*a^8)/(n*x^(12*n)) \end{aligned}$$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. 2(87) = 174.

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int x^{-1-12n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8x^{-12n-1}}{12n} - \frac{8a^7bx^n x^{-12n-1}}{11n} - \frac{14a^6b^2x^{2n} x^{-12n-1}}{5n} - \frac{56a^5b^3x^{3n} x^{-12n-1}}{9n} - \frac{35a^4b^4x^{4n} x^{-12n-1}}{4n} - \frac{8a^3b^5x^{5n} x^{-12n-1}}{n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-12*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`



output

```
Piecewise((-a**8*x*x**(-12*n - 1)/(12*n) - 8*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(-12*n - 1)/
(11*n) - 14*a**6*b**2*x*x**2*x*x**(-12*n - 1)/(5*n) - 56*a**5*b**3*x*x**
(3*n)*x**(-12*n - 1)/(9*n) - 35*a**4*b**4*x*x**4*x*x**(-12*n - 1)/(4*n)
- 8*a**3*b**5*x*x**5*x*x**(-12*n - 1)/n - 14*a**2*b**6*x*x**6*x*x**(-1
2*n - 1)/(3*n) - 8*a*b**7*x*x**7*x*x**(-12*n - 1)/(5*n) - b**8*x*x**8*x
*x**(-12*n - 1)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^{-1-12n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{12nx^{12n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{11nx^{11n}} - \frac{14a^6b^2}{5nx^{10n}} - \frac{56a^5b^3}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{35a^4b^4}{4nx^{8n}} - \frac{8a^3b^5}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{14a^2b^6}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{8ab^7}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{b^8}{4nx^{4n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-12*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/12*a^8/(n*x^(12*n)) - 8/11*a^7*b/(n*x^(11*n)) - 14/5*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(10*n))
- 56/9*a^5*b^3/(n*x^(9*n)) - 35/4*a^4*b^4/(n*x^(8*n)) - 8*a^3*b^5/(n*x^(7*n))
- 14/3*a^2*b^6/(n*x^(6*n)) - 8/5*a*b^7/(n*x^(5*n)) - 1/4*b^8/(n*x^(4*n))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^{-1-12n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{495b^8x^{8n} + 3168ab^7x^{7n} + 9240a^2b^6x^{6n} + 15840a^3b^5x^{5n} + 17325a^4b^4x^{4n} + 12320a^5b^3x^{3n} + 5544a^6b^2x^{2n} + 1320a^7bx^{n} + 11a^8}{1980nx^{12n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-12*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/1980*(495*b^8*x^(8*n) + 3168*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 9240*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 15840*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 17325*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 12320*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 5544*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 1440*a^7*b*x^n + 165*a^8)/(n*x^(12*n))}{n}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int x^{-1-12n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{12nx^{12n}} - \frac{b^8}{4nx^{4n}} - \frac{14a^2b^6}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{8a^3b^5}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{35a^4b^4}{4nx^{8n}} - \frac{56a^5b^3}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{14a^6b^2}{5nx^{10n}} - \frac{8ab^7}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{11nx^{11n}}$$

input

int((a + b\*x^n)^8/x^(12\*n + 1),x)

output

$$- \frac{a^8}{12*n*x^(12*n)} - \frac{b^8}{4*n*x^(4*n)} - \frac{14*a^2*b^6}{3*n*x^(6*n)} - \frac{8*a^3*b^5}{n*x^(7*n)} - \frac{35*a^4*b^4}{4*n*x^(8*n)} - \frac{56*a^5*b^3}{9*n*x^(9*n)} - \frac{14*a^6*b^2}{5*n*x^(10*n)} - \frac{8*a*b^7}{5*n*x^(5*n)} - \frac{8*a^7*b}{11*n*x^(11*n)}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int x^{-1-12n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{-495x^{8n}b^8 - 3168x^{7n}ab^7 - 9240x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 15840x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 17325x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 12320x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 5544x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 1440x^n a^7b - 165a^8}{1980x^{12n}}$$

input

int(x^(-1-12\*n)\*(a+b\*x^n)^8,x)

output

$$\frac{(-495*x**(8*n)*b**8 - 3168*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 - 9240*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 15840*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 17325*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 12320*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 5544*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 1440*x**n*a**7*b - 165*a**8)/(1980*x**(12*n)*n)}$$

### 3.444 $\int x^{-1-13n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2950
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2950
Rubi [A] (verified)	2951
Maple [A] (verified)	2953
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2953
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2954
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2954
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2955
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2955
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2956

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 131

$$\int x^{-1-13n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{x^{-13n}(a + bx^n)^9}{13an} + \frac{bx^{-12n}(a + bx^n)^9}{39a^2n} - \frac{b^2x^{-11n}(a + bx^n)^9}{143a^3n} + \frac{b^3x^{-10n}(a + bx^n)^9}{715a^4n} - \frac{b^4x^{-9n}(a + bx^n)^9}{6435a^5n}$$

output

$$-1/13*(a+b*x^n)^9/a/n/(x^(13*n))+1/39*b*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^2/n/(x^(12*n))-1/143*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^3/n/(x^(11*n))+1/715*b^3*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^4/n/(x^(10*n))-1/6435*b^4*(a+b*x^n)^9/a^5/n/(x^(9*n))$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-13n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-13n}(-495a^8 - 4290a^7bx^n - 16380a^6b^2x^{2n} - 36036a^5b^3x^{3n} - 50050a^4b^4x^{4n} - 45045a^3b^5x^{5n} - 25740a^2b^6x^{6n} - 10010ab^7x^{7n} - b^8x^{8n})}{6435n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 - 13*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output

$$(-495*a^8 - 4290*a^7*b*x^n - 16380*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) - 36036*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) - 50050*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) - 45045*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) - 25740*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) - 8580*a*b^7*x^(7*n) - 1287*b^8*x^(8*n))/(6435*n*x^(13*n))$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.353$ , Rules used = {798, 55, 55, 55, 55, 48}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-13n-1}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\int x^{-14n}(bx^n + a)^8 dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{-\frac{4b \int x^{-13n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{13a} - \frac{x^{-13n}(a+bx^n)^9}{13a}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{4b \left( -\frac{b \int x^{-12n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{4a} - \frac{x^{-12n}(a+bx^n)^9}{12a} \right) - \frac{x^{-13n}(a+bx^n)^9}{13a}}{13a}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\frac{4b \left( -\frac{b \left( -\frac{2b \int x^{-11n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{11a} - \frac{x^{-11n}(a+bx^n)^9}{11a} \right) - \frac{x^{-12n}(a+bx^n)^9}{12a}}{4a} \right) - \frac{x^{-13n}(a+bx^n)^9}{13a}}{13a}$$

$$\downarrow 55$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{4b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{-b \int x^{-10n} (bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{10a} - \frac{x^{-10n} (a+bx^n)^9}{10a} \right)}{11a} - \frac{x^{-11n} (a+bx^n)^9}{11a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-12n} (a+bx^n)^9}{12a} \right)}{13a} - \frac{x^{-13n} (a+bx^n)^9}{13a} \\
 \downarrow 48 \\
 \frac{4b \left( \frac{b \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{bx^{-9n} (a+bx^n)^9}{90a^2} - \frac{x^{-10n} (a+bx^n)^9}{10a} \right)}{11a} - \frac{x^{-11n} (a+bx^n)^9}{11a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-12n} (a+bx^n)^9}{12a} \right)}{13a} - \frac{x^{-13n} (a+bx^n)^9}{13a} \\
 n
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 13*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]`

output `(-1/13*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^(13*n)) - (4*b*(-1/12*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^(12*n)) - (b*(-1/11*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^(11*n)) - (2*b*(-1/10*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*x^(10*n)) + (b*(a + b*x^n)^9)/(90*a^2*x^(9*n))))/(11*a)))/(4*a)))/(13*a))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 48 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 55 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(Simplify[m + n + 2]/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^Simplify[m + 1]*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, m, n}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[m + n + 2], 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[m, -1] && LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[n, 1])`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{-5n}}{5n} - \frac{4ab^7 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{4a^2 b^6 x^{-7n}}{n} - \frac{7a^3 b^5 x^{-8n}}{n} - \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{-9n}}{9n} - \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{-10n}}{5n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{-11n}}{11n} - \frac{2a^7 b x^{-12n}}{3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-1287x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1-13n} b^8 - 8580x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1-13n} a b^7 - 25740x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1-13n} a^2 b^6 - 45045x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1-13n} a^3 b^5 - 50050x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1-13n} a^4 b^4 - 36036x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-13n} a^5 b^3 - 16380x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-13n} a^6 b^2 - 4290x x^{n} x^{-1-13n} a^7 b - 495x^0 x^{0n} x^{-1-13n} a^8}{6435n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(x^(-1-13*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/5*b^8/n/(x^n)^5-4/3*a*b^7/n/(x^n)^6-4*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)^7-7*a^3*b^5/n/(x^n)^8-70/9*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)^9-28/5*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^10-28/11*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^11-2/3*a^7*b/n/(x^n)^12-1/13*a^8/n/(x^n)^13
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-13n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{1287 b^8 x^{8n} + 8580 a b^7 x^{7n} + 25740 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 45045 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 50050 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 36036 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 16380 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + 4290 a^7 b x^n + 495 a^8}{6435 n x^{13n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-13*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6435*(1287*b^8*x^(8*n) + 8580*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 25740*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 45045*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 50050*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 36036*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 16380*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 4290*a^7*b*x^n + 495*a^8)/(n*x^(13*n))
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 230 vs.  $2(110) = 220$ .

Time = 2.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int x^{-1-13n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{a^8 x x^{-13n-1}}{13n} - \frac{2a^7 b x x^n x^{-13n-1}}{3n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{-13n-1}}{11n} - \frac{28a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{-13n-1}}{5n} - \frac{70a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{-13n-1}}{9n} - \frac{7a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{-13n-1}}{n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-13*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8*x*x**(-13*n - 1)/(13*n) - 2*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(-13*n - 1)/(3*n) - 28*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-13*n - 1)/(11*n) - 28*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(-13*n - 1)/(5*n) - 70*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(-13*n - 1)/(9*n) - 7*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(-13*n - 1)/n - 4*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(-13*n - 1)/n - 4*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(-13*n - 1)/(3*n) - b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(-13*n - 1)/(5*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^{-1-13n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{13nx^{13n}} - \frac{2a^7b}{3nx^{12n}} - \frac{28a^6b^2}{11nx^{11n}} - \frac{28a^5b^3}{5nx^{10n}}$$

$$- \frac{70a^4b^4}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{7a^3b^5}{nx^{8n}} - \frac{4a^2b^6}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{4ab^7}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{b^8}{5nx^{5n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-13*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/13*a^8/(n*x^(13*n)) - 2/3*a^7*b/(n*x^(12*n)) - 28/11*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(11*n)) - 28/5*a^5*b^3/(n*x^(10*n)) - 70/9*a^4*b^4/(n*x^(9*n)) - 7*a^3*b^5/(n*x^(8*n)) - 4*a^2*b^6/(n*x^(7*n)) - 4/3*a*b^7/(n*x^(6*n)) - 1/5*b^8/(n*x^(5*n))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-13n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{1287b^8x^{8n} + 8580ab^7x^{7n} + 25740a^2b^6x^{6n} + 45045a^3b^5x^{5n} + 50050a^4b^4x^{4n} + 36036a^5b^3x^{3n} + 16380a^6b^2x^{2n} + 4290a^7bx^n + 495a^8}{6435nx^{13n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-13*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/6435*(1287*b^8*x^(8*n) + 8580*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 25740*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 45045*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 50050*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 36036*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 16380*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 4290*a^7*b*x^n + 495*a^8)/(n*x^(13*n))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^{-1-13n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{13nx^{13n}} - \frac{b^8}{5nx^{5n}} - \frac{4a^2b^6}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{7a^3b^5}{nx^{8n}} - \frac{70a^4b^4}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{28a^5b^3}{5nx^{10n}} - \frac{28a^6b^2}{11nx^{11n}} - \frac{4ab^7}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{2a^7b}{3nx^{12n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(13*n + 1),x)`output `- a^8/(13*n*x^(13*n)) - b^8/(5*n*x^(5*n)) - (4*a^2*b^6)/(n*x^(7*n)) - (7*a^3*b^5)/(n*x^(8*n)) - (70*a^4*b^4)/(9*n*x^(9*n)) - (28*a^5*b^3)/(5*n*x^(10*n)) - (28*a^6*b^2)/(11*n*x^(11*n)) - (4*a*b^7)/(3*n*x^(6*n)) - (2*a^7*b)/(3*n*x^(12*n))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1-13n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{-1287x^{8n}b^8 - 8580x^{7n}ab^7 - 25740x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 45045x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 50050x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 36036x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 16380x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 4290x^n a^7b - 495a^8}{6435x^{13n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-13*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `( - 1287*x**(8*n)*b**8 - 8580*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 - 25740*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 45045*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 50050*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 36036*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 16380*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 4290*x**n*a**7*b - 495*a**8)/(6435*x**(13*n)*n)`

### 3.445 $\int x^{-1-14n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	2957
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2957
Rubi [A] (verified)	2958
Maple [A] (verified)	2959
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	2960
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	2960
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2961
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2961
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2962
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2962

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int x^{-1-14n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8 x^{-14n}}{14n} - \frac{8a^7 b x^{-13n}}{13n} - \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{-12n}}{3n} - \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{-11n}}{11n} - \frac{7a^4 b^4 x^{-10n}}{n} - \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{-9n}}{9n} - \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{-8n}}{2n} - \frac{8ab^7 x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{b^8 x^{-6n}}{6n}$$

```
output -1/14*a^8/n/(x^(14*n))-8/13*a^7*b/n/(x^(13*n))-7/3*a^6*b^2/n/(x^(12*n))-56
/11*a^5*b^3/n/(x^(11*n))-7*a^4*b^4/n/(x^(10*n))-56/9*a^3*b^5/n/(x^(9*n))-7
/2*a^2*b^6/n/(x^(8*n))-8/7*a*b^7/n/(x^(7*n))-1/6*b^8/n/(x^(6*n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-14n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-14n}(-1287a^8 - 11088a^7bx^n - 42042a^6b^2x^{2n} - 91728a^5b^3x^{3n} - 126126a^4b^4x^{4n} - 112112a^3b^5x^{5n} - 63000a^2b^6x^{6n} - 8400ab^7x^{7n} - b^8x^{8n})}{18018n}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(-1 - 14*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-1287*a^8 - 11088*a^7*b*x^n - 42042*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 91728*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} - 126126*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} - 112112*a^3*b^5*x^{(5*n)} - 63063*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} - 20592*a*b^7*x^{(7*n)} - 3003*b^8*x^{(8*n)})}{(18018*n*x^{(14*n)})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-14n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\int x^{-15n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\int \frac{(a^8 x^{-15n} + 8a^7 b x^{-14n} + 28a^6 b^2 x^{-13n} + 56a^5 b^3 x^{-12n} + 70a^4 b^4 x^{-11n} + 56a^3 b^5 x^{-10n} + 28a^2 b^6 x^{-9n} + 8ab^7 x^{-8n})}{n} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{14}a^8 x^{-14n} - \frac{8}{13}a^7 b x^{-13n} - \frac{7}{3}a^6 b^2 x^{-12n} - \frac{56}{11}a^5 b^3 x^{-11n} - 7a^4 b^4 x^{-10n} - \frac{56}{9}a^3 b^5 x^{-9n} - \frac{7}{2}a^2 b^6 x^{-8n} - \frac{8}{7}ab^7 x^{-7n}}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 14*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/14*a^8/x^{(14*n)} - (8*a^7*b)/(13*x^{(13*n)}) - (7*a^6*b^2)/(3*x^{(12*n)}) - (56*a^5*b^3)/(11*x^{(11*n)}) - (7*a^4*b^4)/x^{(10*n)} - (56*a^3*b^5)/(9*x^{(9*n)}) - (7*a^2*b^6)/(2*x^{(8*n)}) - (8*a*b^7)/(7*x^{(7*n)}) - b^8/(6*x^{(6*n)}))/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^8 x^{-6n}}{6n} - \frac{8ab^7 x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{7a^2 b^6 x^{-8n}}{2n} - \frac{56a^3 b^5 x^{-9n}}{9n} - \frac{7a^4 b^4 x^{-10n}}{n} - \frac{56a^5 b^3 x^{-11n}}{11n} - \frac{7a^6 b^2 x^{-12n}}{3n} - \frac{8a^7 b x^{-13n}}{13n}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{3003x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1-14n} b^8 - 20592x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1-14n} a b^7 - 63063x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1-14n} a^2 b^6 - 112112x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1-14n} a^3 b^5 - 126126x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1-14n} a^4 b^4 - 112112x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-14n} a^5 b^3 - 56112x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-14n} a^6 b^2 - 18018x x^{n} x^{-1-14n} a^7 b - 18018a^8 x^{-1-14n}}{18018n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1-14*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/6*b^8/n/(x^n)^6-8/7*a*b^7/n/(x^n)^7-7/2*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)^8-56/9*a^3*b^5/  
n/(x^n)^9-7*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)^10-56/11*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^11-7/3*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)  
)^12-8/13*a^7*b/n/(x^n)^13-1/14*a^8/n/(x^n)^14`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-14n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{3003 b^8 x^{8n} + 20592 ab^7 x^{7n} + 63063 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 112112 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 126126 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 91728 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 42042 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + 11088 a^7 b x^n + 1287 a^8}{18018 n x^{14n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-14*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/18018*(3003*b^8*x^(8*n) + 20592*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 63063*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 112112*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 126126*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 91728*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 42042*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 11088*a^7*b*x^n + 1287*a^8)/(n*x^(14*n))`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^{-1-14n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8 x x^{-14n-1}}{14n} - \frac{8a^7 b x x^n x^{-14n-1}}{13n} - \frac{7a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{-14n-1}}{3n} - \frac{56a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{-14n-1}}{11n} - \frac{7a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{-14n-1}}{n} - \frac{56a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{-14n-1}}{9n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-14*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**8*x*x**(-14*n - 1)/(14*n) - 8*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(-14*n - 1)/(13*n) - 7*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-14*n - 1)/(3*n) - 56*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(-14*n - 1)/(11*n) - 7*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(-14*n - 1)/n - 56*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(-14*n - 1)/(9*n) - 7*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(-14*n - 1)/(2*n) - 8*a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(-14*n - 1)/(7*n) - b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(-14*n - 1)/(6*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-14n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{14nx^{14n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{13nx^{13n}} - \frac{7a^6b^2}{3nx^{12n}} - \frac{56a^5b^3}{11nx^{11n}} - \frac{7a^4b^4}{nx^{10n}} - \frac{56a^3b^5}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{7a^2b^6}{2nx^{8n}} - \frac{8ab^7}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{b^8}{6nx^{6n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-14*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/14*a^8/(n*x^(14*n)) - 8/13*a^7*b/(n*x^(13*n)) - 7/3*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(12*n)) - 56/11*a^5*b^3/(n*x^(11*n)) - 7*a^4*b^4/(n*x^(10*n)) - 56/9*a^3*b^5/(n*x^(9*n)) - 7/2*a^2*b^6/(n*x^(8*n)) - 8/7*a*b^7/(n*x^(7*n)) - 1/6*b^8/(n*x^(6*n))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-14n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{3003b^8x^{8n} + 20592ab^7x^{7n} + 63063a^2b^6x^{6n} + 112112a^3b^5x^{5n} + 126126a^4b^4x^{4n} + 91728a^5b^3x^{3n} + 42042a^6b^2x^{2n} + 11088a^7bx^n + 1287a^8}{18018nx^{14n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-14*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/18018*(3003*b^8*x^(8*n) + 20592*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 63063*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 112112*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 126126*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 91728*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 42042*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 11088*a^7*b*x^n + 1287*a^8)/(n*x^(14*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-14n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{14nx^{14n}} - \frac{b^8}{6nx^{6n}} - \frac{7a^2b^6}{2nx^{8n}} - \frac{56a^3b^5}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{7a^4b^4}{nx^{10n}} - \frac{56a^5b^3}{11nx^{11n}} - \frac{7a^6b^2}{3nx^{12n}} - \frac{8ab^7}{7nx^{7n}} - \frac{8a^7b}{13nx^{13n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(14*n + 1),x)`output `- a^8/(14*n*x^(14*n)) - b^8/(6*n*x^(6*n)) - (7*a^2*b^6)/(2*n*x^(8*n)) - (56*a^3*b^5)/(9*n*x^(9*n)) - (7*a^4*b^4)/(n*x^(10*n)) - (56*a^5*b^3)/(11*n*x^(11*n)) - (7*a^6*b^2)/(3*n*x^(12*n)) - (8*a*b^7)/(7*n*x^(7*n)) - (8*a^7*b)/(13*n*x^(13*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-14n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{-3003x^{8n}b^8 - 20592x^{7n}ab^7 - 63063x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 112112x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 126126x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 91728x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 42042x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 11088x^{7n}a^7b - 1287a^8}{18018x^{14n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-14*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `( - 3003*x**(8*n)*b**8 - 20592*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 - 63063*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 112112*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 126126*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 91728*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 42042*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 11088*x**7*a**7*b - 1287*a**8)/(18018*x**(14*n)*n)`

### 3.446 $\int x^{-1-15n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 151

$$\int x^{-1-15n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8 x^{-15n}}{15n} - \frac{4a^7 b x^{-14n}}{7n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x^{-13n}}{13n} - \frac{14a^5 b^3 x^{-12n}}{11n} - \frac{70a^4 b^4 x^{-11n}}{9n} - \frac{28a^3 b^5 x^{-10n}}{7n} - \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{-9n}}{5n} - \frac{ab^7 x^{-8n}}{3n} - \frac{b^8 x^{-7n}}{7n}$$

output

$$-1/15*a^8/n/(x^(15*n))-4/7*a^7*b/n/(x^(14*n))-28/13*a^6*b^2/n/(x^(13*n))-14/11*a^5*b^3/n/(x^(12*n))-70/9*a^4*b^4/n/(x^(11*n))-28/7*a^3*b^5/n/(x^(10*n))-28/5*a^2*b^6/n/(x^(9*n))-a*b^7/n/(x^(8*n))-1/7*b^8/n/(x^(7*n))$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-15n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-15n}(-3003a^8 - 25740a^7bx^n - 97020a^6b^2x^{2n} - 210210a^5b^3x^{3n} - 286650a^4b^4x^{4n} - 252252a^3b^5x^{5n} - 144450a^2b^6x^{6n} - 45045ab^7x^{7n} - 45045b^8x^{8n})}{45045n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 15*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```



output

$$\frac{(-3003*a^8 - 25740*a^7*b*x^n - 97020*a^6*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 210210*a^5*b^3*x^{(3*n)} - 286650*a^4*b^4*x^{(4*n)} - 252252*a^3*b^5*x^{(5*n)} - 140140*a^2*b^6*x^{(6*n)} - 45045*a*b^7*x^{(7*n)} - 6435*b^8*x^{(8*n)})}{(45045*n*x^{(15*n)})}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-15n-1}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int x^{-16n}(bx^n+a)^8 dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\frac{\int (a^8x^{-16n} + 8a^7bx^{-15n} + 28a^6b^2x^{-14n} + 56a^5b^3x^{-13n} + 70a^4b^4x^{-12n} + 56a^3b^5x^{-11n} + 28a^2b^6x^{-10n} + 8ab^7x^{-9n}) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{15}a^8x^{-15n} - \frac{4}{7}a^7bx^{-14n} - \frac{28}{13}a^6b^2x^{-13n} - \frac{14}{3}a^5b^3x^{-12n} - \frac{70}{11}a^4b^4x^{-11n} - \frac{28}{5}a^3b^5x^{-10n} - \frac{28}{9}a^2b^6x^{-9n} - ab^7x^{-8n}}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 15*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^8, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/15*a^8/x^{(15*n)} - (4*a^7*b)/(7*x^{(14*n)}) - (28*a^6*b^2)/(13*x^{(13*n)}) - (14*a^5*b^3)/(3*x^{(12*n)}) - (70*a^4*b^4)/(11*x^{(11*n)}) - (28*a^3*b^5)/(5*x^{(10*n)}) - (28*a^2*b^6)/(9*x^{(9*n)}) - (a*b^7)/x^{(8*n)} - b^8/(7*x^{(7*n)}))}{/n}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 7.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^8 x^{-7n}}{7n} - \frac{a b^7 x^{-8n}}{n} - \frac{28 a^2 b^6 x^{-9n}}{9n} - \frac{28 a^3 b^5 x^{-10n}}{5n} - \frac{70 a^4 b^4 x^{-11n}}{11n} - \frac{14 a^5 b^3 x^{-12n}}{3n} - \frac{28 a^6 b^2 x^{-13n}}{13n} - \frac{4 a^7 b x^{-14n}}{14n} - \frac{a^8 x^{-15n}}{15n}$
parallelrisch	$-\frac{6435 x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1-15n} b^8 - 45045 x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1-15n} a b^7 - 140140 x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1-15n} a^2 b^6 - 252252 x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1-15n} a^3 b^5 - 286650 x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1-15n} a^4 b^4 - 252252 x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-15n} a^5 b^3 - 140140 x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-15n} a^6 b^2 - 45045 x x^{1n} x^{-1-15n} a^7 b - 6435 x^0 x^{0n} x^{-1-15n} a^8}{45045n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(-1-15*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/7*b^8/n/(x^n)^7-a*b^7/n/(x^n)^8-28/9*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)^9-28/5*a^3*b^5/n/(  
x^n)^10-70/11*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)^11-14/3*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^12-28/13*a^6*b^2/n/(  
x^n)^13-4/7*a^7*b/n/(x^n)^14-1/15*a^8/n/(x^n)^15`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-15n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{6435 b^8 x^{8n} + 45045 ab^7 x^{7n} + 140140 a^2 b^6 x^{6n} + 252252 a^3 b^5 x^{5n} + 286650 a^4 b^4 x^{4n} + 210210 a^5 b^3 x^{3n} + 97020 a^6 b^2 x^{2n} + 25740 a^7 b x^n + 3003 a^8}{45045 n x^{15n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-15*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/45045*(6435*b^8*x^(8*n) + 45045*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 140140*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 252252*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 286650*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 210210*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 97020*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 25740*a^7*b*x^n + 3003*a^8)/(n*x^(15*n))`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int x^{-1-15n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{a^8 x x^{-15n-1}}{15n} - \frac{4a^7 b x x^n x^{-15n-1}}{7n} - \frac{28a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{-15n-1}}{13n} - \frac{14a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{-15n-1}}{3n} - \frac{70a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{-15n-1}}{11n} - \frac{28a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{-15n-1}}{5n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-15*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`output `Piecewise((-a**8*x*x**(-15*n - 1)/(15*n) - 4*a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(-15*n - 1)/(7*n) - 28*a**6*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(-15*n - 1)/(13*n) - 14*a**5*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(-15*n - 1)/(3*n) - 70*a**4*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(-15*n - 1)/(11*n) - 28*a**3*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(-15*n - 1)/(5*n) - 28*a**2*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(-15*n - 1)/(9*n) - a*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(-15*n - 1)/n - b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(-15*n - 1)/(7*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-15n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{15nx^{15n}} - \frac{4a^7b}{7nx^{14n}} - \frac{28a^6b^2}{13nx^{13n}} - \frac{14a^5b^3}{3nx^{12n}} - \frac{70a^4b^4}{11nx^{11n}} - \frac{28a^3b^5}{5nx^{10n}} - \frac{28a^2b^6}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{ab^7}{nx^{8n}} - \frac{b^8}{7nx^{7n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-15*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/15*a^8/(n*x^(15*n)) - 4/7*a^7*b/(n*x^(14*n)) - 28/13*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(13*n)) - 14/3*a^5*b^3/(n*x^(12*n)) - 70/11*a^4*b^4/(n*x^(11*n)) - 28/5*a^3*b^5/(n*x^(10*n)) - 28/9*a^2*b^6/(n*x^(9*n)) - a*b^7/(n*x^(8*n)) - 1/7*b^8/(n*x^(7*n))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-15n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{6435b^8x^{8n} + 45045ab^7x^{7n} + 140140a^2b^6x^{6n} + 252252a^3b^5x^{5n} + 286650a^4b^4x^{4n} + 210210a^5b^3x^{3n} + 97020a^6b^2x^{2n} + 25740a^7bx^{1n} + 3003a^8}{45045nx^{15n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-15*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/45045*(6435*b^8*x^(8*n) + 45045*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 140140*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 252252*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 286650*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 210210*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 97020*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 25740*a^7*b*x^n + 3003*a^8)/(n*x^(15*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^{-1-15n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{15 n x^{15n}} - \frac{b^8}{7 n x^{7n}} - \frac{28 a^2 b^6}{9 n x^{9n}} - \frac{28 a^3 b^5}{5 n x^{10n}} \\ - \frac{70 a^4 b^4}{11 n x^{11n}} - \frac{14 a^5 b^3}{3 n x^{12n}} - \frac{28 a^6 b^2}{13 n x^{13n}} - \frac{a b^7}{n x^{8n}} - \frac{4 a^7 b}{7 n x^{14n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(15*n + 1),x)`output `- a^8/(15*n*x^(15*n)) - b^8/(7*n*x^(7*n)) - (28*a^2*b^6)/(9*n*x^(9*n)) - (28*a^3*b^5)/(5*n*x^(10*n)) - (70*a^4*b^4)/(11*n*x^(11*n)) - (14*a^5*b^3)/(3*n*x^(12*n)) - (28*a^6*b^2)/(13*n*x^(13*n)) - (a*b^7)/(n*x^(8*n)) - (4*a^7*b)/(7*n*x^(14*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1-15n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx \\ = \frac{-6435x^{8n}b^8 - 45045x^{7n}ab^7 - 140140x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 252252x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 286650x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 210210x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 97020x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 25740x^{1n}a^7b - 3003a^8}{45045x^{15n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-15*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `( - 6435*x**(8*n)*b**8 - 45045*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 - 140140*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 252252*x**(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 286650*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 210210*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 97020*x**(2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 25740*x**n*a**7*b - 3003*a**8)/(45045*x**(15*n)*n)`

### 3.447 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{16} dx$

Optimal result	2969
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2969
Rubi [A] (verified)	2970
Maple [B] (verified)	2970
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2971
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2972
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2972
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	2973
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2973
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2974

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{16} dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{17}}{17bn}$$

output

```
1/17*(a+b*x^n)^17/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{16} dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{17}}{17bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^16,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^17/(17*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^{16} dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^{17}}{17bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^16,x]`

output `(a + b*x^n)^17/(17*b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 259 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 381.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.68

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^{16}x^{17n}}{17n} + \frac{b^{15}ax^{16n}}{n} + \frac{8b^{14}a^2x^{15n}}{n} + \frac{40b^{13}a^3x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{140b^{12}a^4x^{13n}}{n} + \frac{364b^{11}a^5x^{12n}}{n} + \frac{728b^{10}a^6x^{11n}}{n} + \frac{1144b^9a^7x^{10n}}{n} + \frac{19448a^8b^7x^9n}{n} + \frac{24310a^9b^8x^8n}{n} + \frac{24310a^{10}b^9x^7n}{n} + \frac{19448a^{11}b^{10}x^6n}{n} + \frac{1144a^{12}b^{11}x^5n}{n} + \frac{728a^{13}b^{12}x^4n}{n} + \frac{364a^{14}b^{13}x^3n}{n} + \frac{140a^{15}b^{14}x^2n}{n} + \frac{40a^{16}b^{15}x^1n}{n} + \frac{17a^{16}b^{16}x^0n}{n}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{b^{16}x^{-1+n}x^{16n}x+17ab^{15}x^{-1+n}x^{15n}x+136a^2b^{14}x^{-1+n}x^{14n}x+680a^3b^{13}x^{-1+n}x^{13n}x+2380a^4b^{12}x^{-1+n}x^{12n}x+6188a^5b^{11}x^{-1+n}x^{11n}x+12376a^6b^{10}x^{-1+n}x^{10n}x+19448a^7b^9x^{-1+n}x^9n+24310a^8b^8x^{-1+n}x^8n+24310a^9b^7x^{-1+n}x^7n+19448a^{10}b^6x^{-1+n}x^6n+1144a^{11}b^5x^{-1+n}x^5n+728a^{12}b^4x^{-1+n}x^4n+364a^{13}b^3x^{-1+n}x^3n+140a^{14}b^2x^{-1+n}x^2n+40a^{15}b^1x^{-1+n}x^1n+17a^{16}b^0x^{-1+n}x^0n}{n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^16,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/17*b^16/n*(x^n)^17+b^15*a/n*(x^n)^16+8*b^14*a^2/n*(x^n)^15+40*b^13*a^3/n*(x^n)^14+140*b^12*a^4/n*(x^n)^13+364*b^11*a^5/n*(x^n)^12+728*b^10*a^6/n*(x^n)^11+1144*b^9*a^7/n*(x^n)^10+1430*a^8*b^8/n*(x^n)^9+1430*a^9*b^7/n*(x^n)^8+1144*a^10*b^6/n*(x^n)^7+728*a^11*b^5/n*(x^n)^6+364*a^12*b^4/n*(x^n)^5+140*a^13*b^3/n*(x^n)^4+40*a^14*b^2/n*(x^n)^3+8*a^15*b/n*(x^n)^2+a^16/n*x^n
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.26

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{16} dx = \frac{b^{16}x^{17n} + 17ab^{15}x^{16n} + 136a^2b^{14}x^{15n} + 680a^3b^{13}x^{14n} + 2380a^4b^{12}x^{13n} + 6188a^5b^{11}x^{12n} + 12376a^6b^{10}x^{11n} + 19448a^7b^9x^{10n} + 24310a^8b^8x^9n + 24310a^9b^7x^8n + 19448a^{10}b^6x^7n + 1144a^{11}b^5x^6n + 728a^{12}b^4x^5n + 364a^{13}b^3x^4n + 140a^{14}b^2x^3n + 40a^{15}b^1x^2n + 17a^{16}b^0x^1n}{n}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^16,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/17*(b^16*x^(17*n) + 17*a*b^15*x^(16*n) + 136*a^2*b^14*x^(15*n) + 680*a^3*b^13*x^(14*n) + 2380*a^4*b^12*x^(13*n) + 6188*a^5*b^11*x^(12*n) + 12376*a^6*b^10*x^(11*n) + 19448*a^7*b^9*x^(10*n) + 24310*a^8*b^8*x^(9*n) + 24310*a^9*b^7*x^(8*n) + 19448*a^10*b^6*x^(7*n) + 12376*a^11*b^5*x^(6*n) + 6188*a^12*b^4*x^(5*n) + 2380*a^13*b^3*x^(4*n) + 680*a^14*b^2*x^(3*n) + 136*a^15*b*x^(2*n) + 17*a^16*x^n)/n
```



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 26.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.05

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{16} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^{16}x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{8a^{15}bx^{2n-1}}{n} + \frac{40a^{14}b^2x^{3n-1}}{n} + \frac{140a^{13}b^3x^{4n-1}}{n} + \frac{364a^{12}b^4x^{5n-1}}{n} + \frac{728a^{11}b^5x^{6n-1}}{n} + \frac{1144a^{10}b^6x^{7n-1}}{n} + \dots \\ (a + b)^{16} \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**16,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**16*x*x**(n - 1)/n + 8*a**15*b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/n + 40*a**14*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 140*a**13*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 364*a**12*b**4*x*x**(4*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 728*a**11*b**5*x*x**(5*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 1144*a**10*b**6*x*x**(6*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 1430*a**9*b**7*x*x**(7*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 1430*a**8*b**8*x*x**(8*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 1144*a**7*b**9*x*x**(9*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 728*a**6*b**10*x*x**(10*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 364*a**5*b**11*x*x**(11*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 140*a**4*b**12*x*x**(12*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 40*a**3*b**13*x*x**(13*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + 8*a**2*b**14*x*x**(14*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + a*b**15*x*x**(15*n)*x**(n - 1)/n + b**16*x*x**(16*n)*x**(n - 1)/(17*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**16*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{16} dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^{17}}{17bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^16,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/17*(b*x^n + a)^17/(b*n)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 214 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.26

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{16} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^{16}x^{17n} + 17ab^{15}x^{16n} + 136a^2b^{14}x^{15n} + 680a^3b^{13}x^{14n} + 2380a^4b^{12}x^{13n} + 6188a^5b^{11}x^{12n} + 12376a^6b^{10}x^{11n} + 19448a^7b^9x^{10n} + 24310a^8b^8x^9n + 24310a^9b^7x^8n + 19448a^{10}b^6x^7n + 12376a^{11}b^5x^6n + 6188a^{12}b^4x^5n + 2380a^{13}b^3x^4n + 680a^{14}b^2x^3n + 136a^{15}bx^2n + 17a^{16}x^1n}{n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^16,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $\frac{1}{17}(b^{16}x^{17n} + 17a*b^{15}x^{16n} + 136a^2*b^{14}x^{15n} + 680a^3*b^{13}x^{14n} + 2380a^4*b^{12}x^{13n} + 6188a^5*b^{11}x^{12n} + 12376a^6*b^{10}x^{11n} + 19448a^7*b^9x^{10n} + 24310a^8*b^8x^9n + 24310a^9*b^7x^8n + 19448a^{10}*b^6x^7n + 12376a^{11}*b^5x^6n + 6188a^{12}*b^4x^5n + 2380a^{13}*b^3x^4n + 680a^{14}*b^2x^3n + 136a^{15}*bx^2n + 17a^{16}x^1n)/n$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.63

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{16} dx = \frac{a^{16}x^n}{n} + \frac{b^{16}x^{17n}}{17n} + \frac{40a^{14}b^2x^{3n}}{n} + \frac{140a^{13}b^3x^{4n}}{n}$$

$$+ \frac{364a^{12}b^4x^{5n}}{n} + \frac{728a^{11}b^5x^{6n}}{n} + \frac{1144a^{10}b^6x^{7n}}{n}$$

$$+ \frac{1430a^9b^7x^{8n}}{n} + \frac{1430a^8b^8x^{9n}}{n} + \frac{1144a^7b^9x^{10n}}{n}$$

$$+ \frac{728a^6b^{10}x^{11n}}{n} + \frac{364a^5b^{11}x^{12n}}{n} + \frac{140a^4b^{12}x^{13n}}{n}$$

$$+ \frac{40a^3b^{13}x^{14n}}{n} + \frac{8a^2b^{14}x^{15n}}{n} + \frac{8a^{15}bx^{2n}}{n} + \frac{ab^{15}x^{16n}}{n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^16,x)`

output

```
(a^16*x^n)/n + (b^16*x^(17*n))/(17*n) + (40*a^14*b^2*x^(3*n))/n + (140*a^13*b^3*x^(4*n))/n + (364*a^12*b^4*x^(5*n))/n + (728*a^11*b^5*x^(6*n))/n + (1144*a^10*b^6*x^(7*n))/n + (1430*a^9*b^7*x^(8*n))/n + (1430*a^8*b^8*x^(9*n))/n + (1144*a^7*b^9*x^(10*n))/n + (728*a^6*b^10*x^(11*n))/n + (364*a^5*b^11*x^(12*n))/n + (140*a^4*b^12*x^(13*n))/n + (40*a^3*b^13*x^(14*n))/n + (8*a^2*b^14*x^(15*n))/n + (8*a^15*b*x^(2*n))/n + (a*b^15*x^(16*n))/n
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.16

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{16} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^n(x^{16n}b^{16} + 17x^{15n}ab^{15} + 136x^{14n}a^2b^{14} + 680x^{13n}a^3b^{13} + 2380x^{12n}a^4b^{12} + 6188x^{11n}a^5b^{11} + 12376x^{10n}a^6b^{10} + 19448x^{9n}a^7b^9 + 24310x^{8n}a^8b^8 + 24310x^{7n}a^9b^7 + 19448x^{6n}a^{10}b^6 + 12376x^{5n}a^{11}b^5 + 6188x^{4n}a^{12}b^4 + 2380x^{3n}a^{13}b^3 + 680x^{2n}a^{14}b^2 + 136x^{1n}a^{15}b + 17a^{16})}{(17*n)}$$

input

```
int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^16,x)
```

output

```
(x**n*(x**(16*n)*b**16 + 17*x**(15*n)*a*b**15 + 136*x**(14*n)*a**2*b**14 + 680*x**(13*n)*a**3*b**13 + 2380*x**(12*n)*a**4*b**12 + 6188*x**(11*n)*a**5*b**11 + 12376*x**(10*n)*a**6*b**10 + 19448*x**(9*n)*a**7*b**9 + 24310*x***(8*n)*a**8*b**8 + 24310*x**(7*n)*a**9*b**7 + 19448*x**(6*n)*a**10*b**6 + 12376*x**(5*n)*a**11*b**5 + 6188*x**(4*n)*a**12*b**4 + 2380*x**(3*n)*a**13*b**3 + 680*x**(2*n)*a**14*b**2 + 136*x**n*a**15*b + 17*a**16))/(17*n)
```

### 3.448 $\int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx$

Optimal result	2975
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2975
Rubi [A] (verified)	2976
Maple [A] (verified)	2977
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2977
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2978
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2978
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2979
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2979
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2979

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx = \frac{(a + bx^{13})^{13}}{169b}$$

output `1/169*(b*x^13+a)^13/b`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. 2(16) = 32.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.00

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx = & \frac{a^{12}x^{13}}{13} + \frac{6}{13}a^{11}bx^{26} + \frac{22}{13}a^{10}b^2x^{39} + \frac{55}{13}a^9b^3x^{52} + \frac{99}{13}a^8b^4x^{65} \\ & + \frac{132}{13}a^7b^5x^{78} + \frac{132}{13}a^6b^6x^{91} + \frac{99}{13}a^5b^7x^{104} + \frac{55}{13}a^4b^8x^{117} \\ & + \frac{22}{13}a^3b^9x^{130} + \frac{6}{13}a^2b^{10}x^{143} + \frac{1}{13}ab^{11}x^{156} + \frac{b^{12}x^{169}}{169} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^12*(a + b*x^13)^12,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^{12}x^{13})/13 + (6a^{11}bx^{26})/13 + (22a^{10}b^2x^{39})/13 + (55a^9b^3x^{52})/13 \\ & + (99a^8b^4x^{65})/13 + (132a^7b^5x^{78})/13 + (132a^6b^6x^{91})/13 + (99a^5b^7x^{104})/13 \\ & + (55a^4b^8x^{117})/13 + (22a^3b^9x^{130})/13 + (6a^2b^{10}x^{143})/13 + (ab^{11}x^{156})/13 + (b^{12}x^{169})/169 \end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{793} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^{13})^{13}}{169b} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{12}(a + b*x^{13})^{12}, x]$$

output

$$(a + b*x^{13})^{13}/(169*b)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793

$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \text{ :> Simp}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[m, n - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$\frac{(bx^{13}+a)^{13}}{169b}$
gospers	$\frac{22}{13}a^3b^9x^{130} + \frac{1}{13}ab^{11}x^{156} + \frac{55}{13}a^9b^3x^{52} + \frac{1}{169}b^{12}x^{169} + \frac{22}{13}a^{10}b^2x^{39} + \frac{55}{13}a^4b^8x^{117} + \frac{132}{13}a^7b^5x^{78}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{22}{13}a^3b^9x^{130} + \frac{1}{13}ab^{11}x^{156} + \frac{55}{13}a^9b^3x^{52} + \frac{1}{169}b^{12}x^{169} + \frac{22}{13}a^{10}b^2x^{39} + \frac{55}{13}a^4b^8x^{117} + \frac{132}{13}a^7b^5x^{78}$
oring	$x^{13}(b^{12}x^{156}+13ab^{11}x^{143}+78a^2b^{10}x^{130}+286a^3b^9x^{117}+715a^4b^8x^{104}+1287a^5b^7x^{91}+1716a^6b^6x^{78}+1716a^7b^5x^{65}+1287a^8b^4x^{52}+55a^9b^3x^{39}+22a^{10}b^2x^{26}+a^{11}bx^{13}+a^{12})$
risch	$\frac{b^{12}x^{169}}{169} + \frac{ab^{11}x^{156}}{13} + \frac{6a^2b^{10}x^{143}}{13} + \frac{22a^3b^9x^{130}}{13} + \frac{55a^4b^8x^{117}}{13} + \frac{99a^5b^7x^{104}}{13} + \frac{132a^6b^6x^{91}}{13} + \frac{132a^7b^5x^{78}}{13} + \frac{99a^8b^4x^{65}}{13} + \frac{55a^9b^3x^{52}}{13} + \frac{22a^{10}b^2x^{39}}{13} + \frac{6a^{11}bx^{26}}{13} + \frac{a^{12}}{13}$

input `int(x^12*(b*x^13+a)^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/169*(b*x^13+a)^13/b`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.38

$$\int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx = \frac{1}{169}b^{12}x^{169} + \frac{1}{13}ab^{11}x^{156} + \frac{6}{13}a^2b^{10}x^{143} + \frac{22}{13}a^3b^9x^{130} + \frac{55}{13}a^4b^8x^{117} + \frac{99}{13}a^5b^7x^{104} + \frac{132}{13}a^6b^6x^{91} + \frac{132}{13}a^7b^5x^{78} + \frac{99}{13}a^8b^4x^{65} + \frac{55}{13}a^9b^3x^{52} + \frac{22}{13}a^{10}b^2x^{39} + \frac{6}{13}a^{11}bx^{26} + \frac{1}{13}a^{12}x^{13}$$

input `integrate(x^12*(b*x^13+a)^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/169*b^12*x^169 + 1/13*a*b^11*x^156 + 6/13*a^2*b^10*x^143 + 22/13*a^3*b^9*x^130 + 55/13*a^4*b^8*x^117 + 99/13*a^5*b^7*x^104 + 132/13*a^6*b^6*x^91 + 132/13*a^7*b^5*x^78 + 99/13*a^8*b^4*x^65 + 55/13*a^9*b^3*x^52 + 22/13*a^10*b^2*x^39 + 6/13*a^11*b*x^26 + 1/13*a^12*x^13`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs.  $2(10) = 20$ .

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.00

$$\int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx = \frac{a^{12}x^{13}}{13} + \frac{6a^{11}bx^{26}}{13} + \frac{22a^{10}b^2x^{39}}{13} + \frac{55a^9b^3x^{52}}{13} + \frac{99a^8b^4x^{65}}{13} \\ + \frac{132a^7b^5x^{78}}{13} + \frac{132a^6b^6x^{91}}{13} + \frac{99a^5b^7x^{104}}{13} + \frac{55a^4b^8x^{117}}{13} \\ + \frac{22a^3b^9x^{130}}{13} + \frac{6a^2b^{10}x^{143}}{13} + \frac{ab^{11}x^{156}}{13} + \frac{b^{12}x^{169}}{169}$$

input `integrate(x**12*(b*x**13+a)**12,x)`

output `a**12*x**13/13 + 6*a**11*b*x**26/13 + 22*a**10*b**2*x**39/13 + 55*a**9*b**3*x**52/13 + 99*a**8*b**4*x**65/13 + 132*a**7*b**5*x**78/13 + 132*a**6*b**6*x**91/13 + 99*a**5*b**7*x**104/13 + 55*a**4*b**8*x**117/13 + 22*a**3*b**9*x**130/13 + 6*a**2*b**10*x**143/13 + a*b**11*x**156/13 + b**12*x**169/169`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{13} + a)^{13}}{169b}$$

input `integrate(x^12*(b*x^13+a)^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/169*(b*x^13 + a)^13/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{13} + a)^{13}}{169b}$$

input `integrate(x^12*(b*x^13+a)^12,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/169*(b*x^13 + a)^13/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{13} + a)^{13}}{169b}$$

input `int(x^12*(a + b*x^13)^12,x)`output `(a + b*x^13)^13/(169*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.44

$$\int x^{12}(a + bx^{13})^{12} dx = \frac{x^{13}(b^{12}x^{156} + 13ab^{11}x^{143} + 78a^2b^{10}x^{130} + 286a^3b^9x^{117} + 715a^4b^8x^{104} + 1287a^5b^7x^{91} + 1716a^6b^6x^{78} + 1716a^7b^5x^{65} + 1287a^8b^4x^{52} + 715a^9b^3x^{39} + 286a^{10}b^2x^{26} + 13a^{11}b x^{13} + a^{12})}{169}$$

input `int(x^12*(b*x^13+a)^12,x)`



output

```
(x**13*(13*a**12 + 78*a**11*b*x**13 + 286*a**10*b**2*x**26 + 715*a**9*b**3
*x**39 + 1287*a**8*b**4*x**52 + 1716*a**7*b**5*x**65 + 1716*a**6*b**6*x**7
8 + 1287*a**5*b**7*x**91 + 715*a**4*b**8*x**104 + 286*a**3*b**9*x**117 + 7
8*a**2*b**10*x**130 + 13*a*b**11*x**143 + b**12*x**156))/169
```

### 3.449 $\int x^{24}(a + bx^{25})^{12} dx$

Optimal result	2981
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2981
Rubi [A] (verified)	2982
Maple [A] (verified)	2983
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2983
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2984
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2984
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2985
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2985
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2985

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int x^{24}(a + bx^{25})^{12} dx = \frac{(a + bx^{25})^{13}}{325b}$$

output `1/325*(b*x^25+a)^13/b`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs.  $2(16) = 32$ .

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.00

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{24}(a + bx^{25})^{12} dx = & \frac{a^{12}x^{25}}{25} + \frac{6}{25}a^{11}bx^{50} + \frac{22}{25}a^{10}b^2x^{75} + \frac{11}{5}a^9b^3x^{100} + \frac{99}{25}a^8b^4x^{125} \\ & + \frac{132}{25}a^7b^5x^{150} + \frac{132}{25}a^6b^6x^{175} + \frac{99}{25}a^5b^7x^{200} + \frac{11}{5}a^4b^8x^{225} \\ & + \frac{22}{25}a^3b^9x^{250} + \frac{6}{25}a^2b^{10}x^{275} + \frac{1}{25}ab^{11}x^{300} + \frac{b^{12}x^{325}}{325} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^24*(a + b*x^25)^12,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^{12}x^{25})/25 + (6a^{11}b^4x^{50})/25 + (22a^{10}b^2x^{75})/25 + (11a^9b^3x^{100})/5 \\ & + (99a^8b^4x^{125})/25 + (132a^7b^5x^{150})/25 + (132a^6b^6x^{175})/25 \\ & + (99a^5b^7x^{200})/25 + (11a^4b^8x^{225})/5 + (22a^3b^9x^{250})/25 \\ & + (6a^2b^{10}x^{275})/25 + (ab^{11}x^{300})/25 + (b^{12}x^{325})/325 \end{aligned}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^{24}(a + bx^{25})^{12} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{793} \\ & \frac{(a + bx^{25})^{13}}{325b} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[x^24*(a + b*x^25)^12,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^25)^13/(325*b)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

method	result
default	$\frac{(bx^{25}+a)^{13}}{325b}$
gospers	$\frac{1}{25}ab^{11}x^{300} + \frac{1}{25}a^{12}x^{25} + \frac{6}{25}a^{11}bx^{50} + \frac{132}{25}a^7b^5x^{150} + \frac{99}{25}a^8b^4x^{125} + \frac{132}{25}a^6b^6x^{175} + \frac{11}{5}a^4b^8x^{225}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{1}{25}ab^{11}x^{300} + \frac{1}{25}a^{12}x^{25} + \frac{6}{25}a^{11}bx^{50} + \frac{132}{25}a^7b^5x^{150} + \frac{99}{25}a^8b^4x^{125} + \frac{132}{25}a^6b^6x^{175} + \frac{11}{5}a^4b^8x^{225}$
orering	$x^{25}(b^{12}x^{300}+13ab^{11}x^{275}+78a^2b^{10}x^{250}+286a^3b^9x^{225}+715a^4b^8x^{200}+1287a^5b^7x^{175}+1716a^6b^6x^{150}+1716a^7b^5x^{125}+1287a^8b^4x^{100}+99a^9b^3x^{75}+22a^{10}b^2x^{50}+6a^{11}bx^{25}+a^{12}x^0)$
risch	$\frac{b^{12}x^{325}}{325} + \frac{ab^{11}x^{300}}{25} + \frac{6a^2b^{10}x^{275}}{25} + \frac{22a^3b^9x^{250}}{25} + \frac{11a^4b^8x^{225}}{5} + \frac{99a^5b^7x^{200}}{25} + \frac{132a^6b^6x^{175}}{25} + \frac{132a^7b^5x^{150}}{25} + \frac{11a^8b^4x^{125}}{25} + \frac{11a^9b^3x^{100}}{25} + \frac{22a^{10}b^2x^{75}}{25} + \frac{6a^{11}bx^{50}}{25} + \frac{a^{12}x^{25}}{25}$

input `int(x^24*(b*x^25+a)^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/325*(b*x^25+a)^13/b`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 134 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.38

$$\int x^{24}(a + bx^{25})^{12} dx = \frac{1}{325} b^{12}x^{325} + \frac{1}{25} ab^{11}x^{300} + \frac{6}{25} a^2b^{10}x^{275} + \frac{22}{25} a^3b^9x^{250} + \frac{11}{5} a^4b^8x^{225} + \frac{99}{25} a^5b^7x^{200} + \frac{132}{25} a^6b^6x^{175} + \frac{132}{25} a^7b^5x^{150} + \frac{99}{25} a^8b^4x^{125} + \frac{11}{5} a^9b^3x^{100} + \frac{22}{25} a^{10}b^2x^{75} + \frac{6}{25} a^{11}bx^{50} + \frac{1}{25} a^{12}x^{25}$$

input `integrate(x^24*(b*x^25+a)^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/325*b^12*x^325 + 1/25*a*b^11*x^300 + 6/25*a^2*b^10*x^275 + 22/25*a^3*b^9*x^250 + 11/5*a^4*b^8*x^225 + 99/25*a^5*b^7*x^200 + 132/25*a^6*b^6*x^175 + 132/25*a^7*b^5*x^150 + 99/25*a^8*b^4*x^125 + 11/5*a^9*b^3*x^100 + 22/25*a^10*b^2*x^75 + 6/25*a^11*b*x^50 + 1/25*a^12*x^25`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs.  $2(10) = 20$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.00

$$\int x^{24}(a + bx^{25})^{12} dx = \frac{a^{12}x^{25}}{25} + \frac{6a^{11}bx^{50}}{25} + \frac{22a^{10}b^2x^{75}}{25} + \frac{11a^9b^3x^{100}}{5} + \frac{99a^8b^4x^{125}}{25} \\ + \frac{132a^7b^5x^{150}}{25} + \frac{132a^6b^6x^{175}}{25} + \frac{99a^5b^7x^{200}}{25} + \frac{11a^4b^8x^{225}}{5} \\ + \frac{22a^3b^9x^{250}}{25} + \frac{6a^2b^{10}x^{275}}{25} + \frac{ab^{11}x^{300}}{25} + \frac{b^{12}x^{325}}{325}$$

input `integrate(x**24*(b*x**25+a)**12,x)`

output `a**12*x**25/25 + 6*a**11*b*x**50/25 + 22*a**10*b**2*x**75/25 + 11*a**9*b**3*x**100/5 + 99*a**8*b**4*x**125/25 + 132*a**7*b**5*x**150/25 + 132*a**6*b**6*x**175/25 + 99*a**5*b**7*x**200/25 + 11*a**4*b**8*x**225/5 + 22*a**3*b**9*x**250/25 + 6*a**2*b**10*x**275/25 + a*b**11*x**300/25 + b**12*x**325/325`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{24}(a + bx^{25})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{25} + a)^{13}}{325b}$$

input `integrate(x^24*(b*x^25+a)^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/325*(b*x^25 + a)^13/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{24} (a + bx^{25})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{25} + a)^{13}}{325b}$$

input `integrate(x^24*(b*x^25+a)^12,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/325*(b*x^25 + a)^13/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{24} (a + bx^{25})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{25} + a)^{13}}{325b}$$

input `int(x^24*(a + b*x^25)^12,x)`output `(a + b*x^25)^13/(325*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.44

$$\int x^{24} (a + bx^{25})^{12} dx = \frac{x^{25} (b^{12} x^{300} + 13a b^{11} x^{275} + 78a^2 b^{10} x^{250} + 286a^3 b^9 x^{225} + 715a^4 b^8 x^{200} + 1287a^5 b^7 x^{175} + 1716a^6 b^6 x^{150} + 1287a^7 b^5 x^{125} + 546a^8 b^4 x^{100} + 143a^9 b^3 x^{75} + 22a^{10} b^2 x^{50} + 11a^{11} b x^{25} + a^{12})}{325}$$

input `int(x^24*(b*x^25+a)^12,x)`

output

```
(x**25*(13*a**12 + 78*a**11*b*x**25 + 286*a**10*b**2*x**50 + 715*a**9*b**3
*x**75 + 1287*a**8*b**4*x**100 + 1716*a**7*b**5*x**125 + 1716*a**6*b**6*x*
*150 + 1287*a**5*b**7*x**175 + 715*a**4*b**8*x**200 + 286*a**3*b**9*x**225
+ 78*a**2*b**10*x**250 + 13*a*b**11*x**275 + b**12*x**300))/325
```

### 3.450 $\int x^{36}(a + bx^{37})^{12} dx$

Optimal result	2987
Mathematica [B] (verified)	2987
Rubi [A] (verified)	2988
Maple [A] (verified)	2989
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2989
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2990
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2990
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2991
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2991
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2991

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int x^{36}(a + bx^{37})^{12} dx = \frac{(a + bx^{37})^{13}}{481b}$$

output `1/481*(b*x^37+a)^13/b`

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs. 2(16) = 32.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.00

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{36}(a + bx^{37})^{12} dx = & \frac{a^{12}x^{37}}{37} + \frac{6}{37}a^{11}bx^{74} + \frac{22}{37}a^{10}b^2x^{111} + \frac{55}{37}a^9b^3x^{148} + \frac{99}{37}a^8b^4x^{185} \\ & + \frac{132}{37}a^7b^5x^{222} + \frac{132}{37}a^6b^6x^{259} + \frac{99}{37}a^5b^7x^{296} + \frac{55}{37}a^4b^8x^{333} \\ & + \frac{22}{37}a^3b^9x^{370} + \frac{6}{37}a^2b^{10}x^{407} + \frac{1}{37}ab^{11}x^{444} + \frac{b^{12}x^{481}}{481} \end{aligned}$$

input `Integrate[x^36*(a + b*x^37)^12,x]`



output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^{12}x^{37})/37 + (6a^{11}bx^{74})/37 + (22a^{10}b^2x^{111})/37 + (55a^9b^3 \\ & *x^{148})/37 + (99a^8b^4x^{185})/37 + (132a^7b^5x^{222})/37 + (132a^6b^6 \\ & *x^{259})/37 + (99a^5b^7x^{296})/37 + (55a^4b^8x^{333})/37 + (22a^3b^9x \\ & ^{370})/37 + (6a^2b^{10}x^{407})/37 + (ab^{11}x^{444})/37 + (b^{12}x^{481})/481 \end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{36}(a + bx^{37})^{12} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{(a + bx^{37})^{13}}{481b}$$

input

`Int[x^36*(a + b*x^37)^12,x]`

output

$$(a + b*x^{37})^{13}/(481*b)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]
```



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs.  $2(10) = 20$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.00

$$\int x^{36} (a + bx^{37})^{12} dx = \frac{a^{12}x^{37}}{37} + \frac{6a^{11}bx^{74}}{37} + \frac{22a^{10}b^2x^{111}}{37} + \frac{55a^9b^3x^{148}}{37} + \frac{99a^8b^4x^{185}}{37} + \frac{132a^7b^5x^{222}}{37} + \frac{132a^6b^6x^{259}}{37} + \frac{99a^5b^7x^{296}}{37} + \frac{55a^4b^8x^{333}}{37} + \frac{22a^3b^9x^{370}}{37} + \frac{6a^2b^{10}x^{407}}{37} + \frac{ab^{11}x^{444}}{37} + \frac{b^{12}x^{481}}{481}$$

input `integrate(x**36*(b*x**37+a)**12,x)`

output `a**12*x**37/37 + 6*a**11*b*x**74/37 + 22*a**10*b**2*x**111/37 + 55*a**9*b**3*x**148/37 + 99*a**8*b**4*x**185/37 + 132*a**7*b**5*x**222/37 + 132*a**6*b**6*x**259/37 + 99*a**5*b**7*x**296/37 + 55*a**4*b**8*x**333/37 + 22*a**3*b**9*x**370/37 + 6*a**2*b**10*x**407/37 + a*b**11*x**444/37 + b**12*x**481/481`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{36} (a + bx^{37})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{37} + a)^{13}}{481 b}$$

input `integrate(x^36*(b*x^37+a)^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/481*(b*x^37 + a)^13/b`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{36} (a + bx^{37})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{37} + a)^{13}}{481 b}$$

input `integrate(x^36*(b*x^37+a)^12,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/481*(b*x^37 + a)^13/b`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{36} (a + bx^{37})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{37} + a)^{13}}{481 b}$$

input `int(x^36*(a + b*x^37)^12,x)`output `(a + b*x^37)^13/(481*b)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.44

$$\int x^{36} (a + bx^{37})^{12} dx = \frac{x^{37} (b^{12} x^{444} + 13a b^{11} x^{407} + 78a^2 b^{10} x^{370} + 286a^3 b^9 x^{333} + 715a^4 b^8 x^{296} + 1287a^5 b^7 x^{259} + 1716a^6 b^6 x^{222} + 1287a^7 b^5 x^{185} + 546a^8 b^4 x^{148} + 102a^9 b^3 x^{111} + 9a^{10} b^2 x^{74} + a^{11} b x^{37} + a^{12})}{481}$$

input `int(x^36*(b*x^37+a)^12,x)`

output

```
(x**37*(13*a**12 + 78*a**11*b*x**37 + 286*a**10*b**2*x**74 + 715*a**9*b**3
*x**111 + 1287*a**8*b**4*x**148 + 1716*a**7*b**5*x**185 + 1716*a**6*b**6*x
**222 + 1287*a**5*b**7*x**259 + 715*a**4*b**8*x**296 + 286*a**3*b**9*x**33
3 + 78*a**2*b**10*x**370 + 13*a*b**11*x**407 + b**12*x**444))/481
```

### 3.451 $\int x^{12m}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$

Optimal result	2993
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2993
Rubi [A] (verified)	2994
Maple [B] (verified)	2994
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	2995
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	2996
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	2996
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	2997
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	2997
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	2998

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{12m}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{(a + bx^{1+12m})^{13}}{13b(1 + 12m)}$$

output  $1/13*(a+b*x^{(1+12*m)})^{13}/b/(1+12*m)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{12m}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{(a + bx^{1+12m})^{13}}{13b + 156bm}$$

input `Integrate[x^(12*m)*(a + b*x^(1 + 12*m))^12,x]`

output  $(a + b*x^{(1 + 12*m)})^{13}/(13*b + 156*b*m)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{12m} (a + bx^{12m+1})^{12} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{(a + bx^{12m+1})^{13}}{13b(12m + 1)}$$

input `Int[x^(12*m)*(a + b*x^(1 + 12*m))^12,x]`

output `(a + b*x^(1 + 12*m))^13/(13*b*(1 + 12*m))`

#### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. 2(25) = 50.

Time = 84.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.67

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{b^{12}x^{12+144m}x^{12m}x+13ab^{11}x^{11+132m}x^{12m}x+78a^2b^{10}x^{10+120m}x^{12m}x+286a^3b^9x^9+108m^2x^{12m}x+715a^4b^8x^8+96m^3x^{12m}x+132a^5b^7x^7+96m^4x^{12m}x+132a^6b^6x^6+96m^5x^{12m}x+132a^7b^5x^5+96m^6x^{12m}x+132a^8b^4x^4+96m^7x^{12m}x+132a^9b^3x^3+96m^8x^{12m}x+132a^{10}b^2x^2+96m^9x^{12m}x+96m^{10}x^{12m}x+96m^{11}x^{12m}x+96m^{12}x^{12m}x}{13+156m}$
risc	$\frac{b^{12}x^{13}x^{156m}}{13+156m} + \frac{ab^{11}x^{12}x^{144m}}{1+12m} + \frac{6a^2b^{10}x^{11}x^{132m}}{1+12m} + \frac{22a^3b^9x^{10}x^{120m}}{1+12m} + \frac{55a^4b^8x^9x^{108m}}{1+12m} + \frac{99a^5b^7x^8x^{96m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^6b^6x^7x^{84m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^7b^5x^6x^{72m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^8b^4x^5x^{60m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^9b^3x^4x^{48m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^{10}b^2x^3x^{36m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^{11}b^1x^2x^{24m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^{12}x^{12m}x}{1+12m}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{13}(b^{12}x^{156m+13} + 13ab^{11}x^{144m+12} + 78a^2b^{10}x^{132m+11} + 286a^3b^9x^{120m+10} + 715a^4b^8x^{108m+9} + 1287a^5b^7x^{96m+8} + 1716a^6b^6x^{84m+7} + 1716a^7b^5x^{72m+6} + 1287a^8b^4x^{60m+5} + 715a^9b^3x^{48m+4} + 286a^{10}b^2x^{36m+3} + 78a^{11}bx^{24m+2} + 13a^{12}x^{12m+1})/(12m+1)$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs.  $2(25) = 50$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.19

$$\int x^{12m} (a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{b^{12}x^{156m+13} + 13ab^{11}x^{144m+12} + 78a^2b^{10}x^{132m+11} + 286a^3b^9x^{120m+10} + 715a^4b^8x^{108m+9} + 1287a^5b^7x^{96m+8} + 1716a^6b^6x^{84m+7} + 1716a^7b^5x^{72m+6} + 1287a^8b^4x^{60m+5} + 715a^9b^3x^{48m+4} + 286a^{10}b^2x^{36m+3} + 78a^{11}bx^{24m+2} + 13a^{12}x^{12m+1}}{(12m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{13}(b^{12}x^{156m+13} + 13ab^{11}x^{144m+12} + 78a^2b^{10}x^{132m+11} + 286a^3b^9x^{120m+10} + 715a^4b^8x^{108m+9} + 1287a^5b^7x^{96m+8} + 1716a^6b^6x^{84m+7} + 1716a^7b^5x^{72m+6} + 1287a^8b^4x^{60m+5} + 715a^9b^3x^{48m+4} + 286a^{10}b^2x^{36m+3} + 78a^{11}bx^{24m+2} + 13a^{12}x^{12m+1})/(12m+1)$$



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 7.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.78

$$\int x^{12m} (a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{13a^{12}xx^{12m}}{156m+13} + \frac{78a^{11}bxx^{12m}x^{12m+1}}{156m+13} + \frac{286a^{10}b^2xx^{12m}x^{24m+2}}{156m+13} + \frac{715a^9b^3xx^{12m}x^{36m+3}}{156m+13} + \frac{1287a^8b^4xx^{12m}x^{48m+4}}{156m+13} + \frac{1716a^7b^5xx^{12m}x^{60m+5}}{156m+13} + \frac{1716a^6b^6xx^{12m}x^{72m+6}}{156m+13} + \frac{1287a^5b^7xx^{12m}x^{84m+7}}{156m+13} + \frac{715a^4b^8xx^{12m}x^{96m+8}}{156m+13} + \frac{286a^3b^9xx^{12m}x^{108m+9}}{156m+13} + \frac{78a^2b^{10}xx^{12m}x^{120m+10}}{156m+13} + \frac{13ab^{11}xx^{12m}x^{132m+11}}{156m+13} + \frac{b^{12}xx^{12m}x^{144m+12}}{156m+13} \\ (a + b)^{12} \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(12*m)*(a+b*x**(1+12*m))**12,x)`

output `Piecewise((13*a**12*x*x**(12*m)/(156*m + 13) + 78*a**11*b*x*x**(12*m)*x**(12*m + 1)/(156*m + 13) + 286*a**10*b**2*x*x**(12*m)*x**(24*m + 2)/(156*m + 13) + 715*a**9*b**3*x*x**(12*m)*x**(36*m + 3)/(156*m + 13) + 1287*a**8*b**4*x*x**(12*m)*x**(48*m + 4)/(156*m + 13) + 1716*a**7*b**5*x*x**(12*m)*x**(60*m + 5)/(156*m + 13) + 1716*a**6*b**6*x*x**(12*m)*x**(72*m + 6)/(156*m + 13) + 1287*a**5*b**7*x*x**(12*m)*x**(84*m + 7)/(156*m + 13) + 715*a**4*b**8*x*x**(12*m)*x**(96*m + 8)/(156*m + 13) + 286*a**3*b**9*x*x**(12*m)*x**(108*m + 9)/(156*m + 13) + 78*a**2*b**10*x*x**(12*m)*x**(120*m + 10)/(156*m + 13) + 13*a*b**11*x*x**(12*m)*x**(132*m + 11)/(156*m + 13) + b**12*x*x**(12*m)*x**(144*m + 12)/(156*m + 13), Ne(m, -1/12)), ((a + b)**12*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{12m} (a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{12m+1} + a)^{13}}{13b(12m + 1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*(b*x^(12*m + 1) + a)^13/(b*(12*m + 1))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{12m} (a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{12m+1} + a)^{13}}{13b(12m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/13*(b*x^(12*m + 1) + a)^13/(b*(12*m + 1))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.56

$$\int x^{12m} (a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{b^{12} x^{156m} x^{13}}{156m + 13} + \frac{a^{12} x x^{12m}}{12m + 1} + \frac{6 a^{11} b x^{24m} x^2}{12m + 1} + \frac{a b^{11} x^{144m} x^{12}}{12m + 1}$$

$$+ \frac{22 a^{10} b^2 x^{36m} x^3}{12m + 1} + \frac{55 a^9 b^3 x^{48m} x^4}{12m + 1} + \frac{99 a^8 b^4 x^{60m} x^5}{12m + 1}$$

$$+ \frac{132 a^7 b^5 x^{72m} x^6}{12m + 1} + \frac{132 a^6 b^6 x^{84m} x^7}{12m + 1} + \frac{99 a^5 b^7 x^{96m} x^8}{12m + 1}$$

$$+ \frac{55 a^4 b^8 x^{108m} x^9}{12m + 1} + \frac{22 a^3 b^9 x^{120m} x^{10}}{12m + 1} + \frac{6 a^2 b^{10} x^{132m} x^{11}}{12m + 1}$$

input `int(x^(12*m)*(a + b*x^(12*m + 1))^12,x)`output `(b^12*x^(156*m)*x^13)/(156*m + 13) + (a^12*x*x^(12*m))/(12*m + 1) + (6*a^11*b*x^(24*m)*x^2)/(12*m + 1) + (a*b^11*x^(144*m)*x^12)/(12*m + 1) + (22*a^10*b^2*x^(36*m)*x^3)/(12*m + 1) + (55*a^9*b^3*x^(48*m)*x^4)/(12*m + 1) + (99*a^8*b^4*x^(60*m)*x^5)/(12*m + 1) + (132*a^7*b^5*x^(72*m)*x^6)/(12*m + 1) + (132*a^6*b^6*x^(84*m)*x^7)/(12*m + 1) + (99*a^5*b^7*x^(96*m)*x^8)/(12*m + 1) + (55*a^4*b^8*x^(108*m)*x^9)/(12*m + 1) + (22*a^3*b^9*x^(120*m)*x^10)/(12*m + 1) + (6*a^2*b^10*x^(132*m)*x^11)/(12*m + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.48

$$\int x^{12m} (a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{12m} (x^{144m} b^{12} x^{12} + 13x^{132m} a b^{11} x^{11} + 78x^{120m} a^2 b^{10} x^{10} + 286x^{108m} a^3 b^9 x^9 + 715x^{96m} a^4 b^8 x^8 + 1287x^{84m} a^5 b^7 x^7 + 1716x^{72m} a^6 b^6 x^6 + 1716x^{60m} a^7 b^5 x^5 + 1287x^{48m} a^8 b^4 x^4 + 715x^{36m} a^9 b^3 x^3 + 286x^{24m} a^{10} b^2 x^2 + 78x^{12m} a^{11} b x + 13a^{12})}{13(12m + 1)}$$

input `int(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x)`output `(x**(12*m)*x*(x**(144*m)*b**12*x**12 + 13*x**(132*m)*a*b**11*x**11 + 78*x**  
*(120*m)*a**2*b**10*x**10 + 286*x**(108*m)*a**3*b**9*x**9 + 715*x**(96*m)*  
a**4*b**8*x**8 + 1287*x**(84*m)*a**5*b**7*x**7 + 1716*x**(72*m)*a**6*b**6*  
x**6 + 1716*x**(60*m)*a**7*b**5*x**5 + 1287*x**(48*m)*a**8*b**4*x**4 + 715  
*x**(36*m)*a**9*b**3*x**3 + 286*x**(24*m)*a**10*b**2*x**2 + 78*x**(12*m)*a  
**11*b*x + 13*a**12))/(13*(12*m + 1))`

$$3.452 \quad \int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$$

Optimal result	2999
Mathematica [A] (verified)	2999
Rubi [A] (verified)	3000
Maple [B] (verified)	3000
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3001
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3002
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3002
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3003
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3003
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3004

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{(a + bx^{1+12m})^{13}}{13b(1 + 12m)}$$

output  $1/13*(a+b*x^{(1+12*m)})^{13}/b/(1+12*m)$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{(a + bx^{1+12m})^{13}}{13b + 156bm}$$

input `Integrate[x^(12 + 12*(-1 + m))*(a + b*x^(1 + 12*m))^12,x]`

output  $(a + b*x^{(1 + 12*m)})^{13}/(13*b + 156*b*m)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{12(m-1)+12} (a + bx^{12m+1})^{12} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{(a + bx^{12m+1})^{13}}{13b(12m + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[x^(12 + 12*(-1 + m))*(a + b*x^(1 + 12*m))^12,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^(1 + 12*m))^13/(13*b*(1 + 12*m))
```

#### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 793

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 287 vs. 2(25) = 50.

Time = 85.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 288, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.67

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{b^{12}x^{12+144m}x^{12m}x+13ab^{11}x^{11+132m}x^{12m}x+78a^2b^{10}x^{10+120m}x^{12m}x+286a^3b^9x^9+108m^2x^{12m}x+715a^4b^8x^8+96m^3x^{12m}x+132a^5b^7x^7+96m^4x^{12m}x+132a^6b^6x^6+96m^5x^{12m}x+132a^7b^5x^5+96m^6x^{12m}x+132a^8b^4x^4+96m^7x^{12m}x+132a^9b^3x^3+96m^8x^{12m}x+132a^{10}b^2x^2+96m^9x^{12m}x+132a^{11}b^1x^1+132a^{12}b^0x^0}{13+156m}$
risc	$\frac{b^{12}x^{13}x^{156m}}{13+156m} + \frac{ab^{11}x^{12}x^{144m}}{1+12m} + \frac{6a^2b^{10}x^{11}x^{132m}}{1+12m} + \frac{22a^3b^9x^{10}x^{120m}}{1+12m} + \frac{55a^4b^8x^9x^{108m}}{1+12m} + \frac{99a^5b^7x^8x^{96m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^6b^6x^7x^{84m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^7b^5x^6x^{72m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^8b^4x^5x^{60m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^9b^3x^4x^{48m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^{10}b^2x^3x^{36m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^{11}b^1x^2x^{24m}}{1+12m} + \frac{132a^{12}b^0x^1x^{12m}}{1+12m}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{13}(b^{12}x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 13ab^{11}x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 78a^2b^{10}x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 286a^3b^9x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 715a^4b^8x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 1287a^5b^7x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 1716a^6b^6x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 1716a^7b^5x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 1287a^8b^4x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 715a^9b^3x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 286a^{10}b^2x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 78a^{11}bx^{(1+12m)}x^{12m} + 13a^{12}x^{(1+12m)}x^{12m}) / (1+12m)$$

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 194 vs.  $2(25) = 50$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.19

$$\int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a+bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$$

$$= \frac{b^{12}x^{156m+13} + 13ab^{11}x^{144m+12} + 78a^2b^{10}x^{132m+11} + 286a^3b^9x^{120m+10} + 715a^4b^8x^{108m+9} + 1287a^5b^7x^{96m+8} + 1716a^6b^6x^{84m+7} + 1716a^7b^5x^{72m+6} + 1287a^8b^4x^{60m+5} + 715a^9b^3x^{48m+4} + 286a^{10}b^2x^{36m+3} + 78a^{11}bx^{24m+2} + 13a^{12}x^{12m+1}}{(12m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\frac{1}{13}(b^{12}x^{(156m+13)} + 13ab^{11}x^{(144m+12)} + 78a^2b^{10}x^{(132m+11)} + 286a^3b^9x^{(120m+10)} + 715a^4b^8x^{(108m+9)} + 1287a^5b^7x^{(96m+8)} + 1716a^6b^6x^{(84m+7)} + 1716a^7b^5x^{(72m+6)} + 1287a^8b^4x^{(60m+5)} + 715a^9b^3x^{(48m+4)} + 286a^{10}b^2x^{(36m+3)} + 78a^{11}bx^{(24m+2)} + 13a^{12}x^{(12m+1)}) / (12m+1)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 7.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.78

$$\int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{13a^{12}xx^{12m}}{156m+13} + \frac{78a^{11}bxx^{12m}x^{12m+1}}{156m+13} + \frac{286a^{10}b^2xx^{12m}x^{24m+2}}{156m+13} + \frac{715a^9b^3xx^{12m}x^{36m+3}}{156m+13} + \frac{1287a^8b^4xx^{12m}x^{48m+4}}{156m+13} + \frac{1716a^7b^5xx^{12m}x^{60m+5}}{156m+13} + \frac{1716a^6b^6xx^{12m}x^{72m+6}}{156m+13} + \frac{1287a^5b^7xx^{12m}x^{84m+7}}{156m+13} + \frac{715a^4b^8xx^{12m}x^{96m+8}}{156m+13} + \frac{286a^3b^9xx^{12m}x^{108m+9}}{156m+13} + \frac{78a^2b^{10}xx^{12m}x^{120m+10}}{156m+13} + \frac{13ab^{11}xx^{12m}x^{132m+11}}{156m+13} + \frac{b^{12}xx^{12m}x^{144m+12}}{156m+13} \\ (a + b)^{12} \log(x) \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(12*m)*(a+b*x**(1+12*m))**12,x)`

output `Piecewise((13*a**12*x*x**(12*m)/(156*m + 13) + 78*a**11*b*x*x**(12*m)*x**(12*m + 1)/(156*m + 13) + 286*a**10*b**2*x*x**(12*m)*x**(24*m + 2)/(156*m + 13) + 715*a**9*b**3*x*x**(12*m)*x**(36*m + 3)/(156*m + 13) + 1287*a**8*b**4*x*x**(12*m)*x**(48*m + 4)/(156*m + 13) + 1716*a**7*b**5*x*x**(12*m)*x**(60*m + 5)/(156*m + 13) + 1716*a**6*b**6*x*x**(12*m)*x**(72*m + 6)/(156*m + 13) + 1287*a**5*b**7*x*x**(12*m)*x**(84*m + 7)/(156*m + 13) + 715*a**4*b**8*x*x**(12*m)*x**(96*m + 8)/(156*m + 13) + 286*a**3*b**9*x*x**(12*m)*x**(108*m + 9)/(156*m + 13) + 78*a**2*b**10*x*x**(12*m)*x**(120*m + 10)/(156*m + 13) + 13*a*b**11*x*x**(12*m)*x**(132*m + 11)/(156*m + 13) + b**12*x*x**(12*m)*x**(144*m + 12)/(156*m + 13), Ne(m, -1/12)), ((a + b)**12*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{12m+1} + a)^{13}}{13b(12m + 1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/13*(b*x^(12*m + 1) + a)^13/(b*(12*m + 1))`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = \frac{(bx^{12m+1} + a)^{13}}{13b(12m + 1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/13*(b*x^(12*m + 1) + a)^13/(b*(12*m + 1))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 285, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.56

$$\begin{aligned} \int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx = & \frac{b^{12} x^{156m} x^{13}}{156m + 13} + \frac{a^{12} x x^{12m}}{12m + 1} + \frac{6 a^{11} b x^{24m} x^2}{12m + 1} \\ & + \frac{a b^{11} x^{144m} x^{12}}{12m + 1} + \frac{22 a^{10} b^2 x^{36m} x^3}{12m + 1} \\ & + \frac{55 a^9 b^3 x^{48m} x^4}{12m + 1} + \frac{99 a^8 b^4 x^{60m} x^5}{12m + 1} \\ & + \frac{132 a^7 b^5 x^{72m} x^6}{12m + 1} + \frac{132 a^6 b^6 x^{84m} x^7}{12m + 1} \\ & + \frac{99 a^5 b^7 x^{96m} x^8}{12m + 1} + \frac{55 a^4 b^8 x^{108m} x^9}{12m + 1} \\ & + \frac{22 a^3 b^9 x^{120m} x^{10}}{12m + 1} + \frac{6 a^2 b^{10} x^{132m} x^{11}}{12m + 1} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^(12*m)*(a + b*x^(12*m + 1))^12,x)`output `(b^12*x^(156*m)*x^13)/(156*m + 13) + (a^12*x*x^(12*m))/(12*m + 1) + (6*a^11*b*x^(24*m)*x^2)/(12*m + 1) + (a*b^11*x^(144*m)*x^12)/(12*m + 1) + (22*a^10*b^2*x^(36*m)*x^3)/(12*m + 1) + (55*a^9*b^3*x^(48*m)*x^4)/(12*m + 1) + (99*a^8*b^4*x^(60*m)*x^5)/(12*m + 1) + (132*a^7*b^5*x^(72*m)*x^6)/(12*m + 1) + (132*a^6*b^6*x^(84*m)*x^7)/(12*m + 1) + (99*a^5*b^7*x^(96*m)*x^8)/(12*m + 1) + (55*a^4*b^8*x^(108*m)*x^9)/(12*m + 1) + (22*a^3*b^9*x^(120*m)*x^10)/(12*m + 1) + (6*a^2*b^10*x^(132*m)*x^11)/(12*m + 1)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 202, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.48

$$\int x^{12+12(-1+m)}(a + bx^{1+12m})^{12} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{12m}x(x^{144m}b^{12}x^{12} + 13x^{132m}ab^{11}x^{11} + 78x^{120m}a^2b^{10}x^{10} + 286x^{108m}a^3b^9x^9 + 715x^{96m}a^4b^8x^8 + 1287x^{84m}$$

input `int(x^(12*m)*(a+b*x^(1+12*m))^12,x)`output `(x**(12*m)*x*(x**(144*m)*b**12*x**12 + 13*x**(132*m)*a*b**11*x**11 + 78*x**  
*(120*m)*a**2*b**10*x**10 + 286*x**(108*m)*a**3*b**9*x**9 + 715*x**(96*m)*  
a**4*b**8*x**8 + 1287*x**(84*m)*a**5*b**7*x**7 + 1716*x**(72*m)*a**6*b**6*  
x**6 + 1716*x**(60*m)*a**7*b**5*x**5 + 1287*x**(48*m)*a**8*b**4*x**4 + 715  
*x**(36*m)*a**9*b**3*x**3 + 286*x**(24*m)*a**10*b**2*x**2 + 78*x**(12*m)*a  
**11*b*x + 13*a**12))/(13*(12*m + 1))`

### 3.453 $\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3005
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3005
Rubi [A] (verified)	3006
Maple [A] (verified)	3007
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3007
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3008
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3008
Giac [F]	3009
Mupad [F(-1)]	3009
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3009

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{a^3 x^n}{b^4 n} + \frac{a^2 x^{2n}}{2b^3 n} - \frac{ax^{3n}}{3b^2 n} + \frac{x^{4n}}{4bn} + \frac{a^4 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^5 n}$$

output

```
-a^3*x^n/b^4/n+1/2*a^2*x^(2*n)/b^3/n-1/3*a*x^(3*n)/b^2/n+1/4*x^(4*n)/b/n+a^4*ln(a+b*x^n)/b^5/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n(-12a^3 + 6a^2bx^n - 4ab^2x^{2n} + 3b^3x^{3n}) + 12a^4 \log(a+bx^n)}{12b^5n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 5*n)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(b*x^n*(-12*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*x^n - 4*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*b^3*x^(3*n)) + 12*a^4*Log[a + b*x^n])/(12*b^5*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{5n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{4n}}{bx^n + a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( \frac{a^2 x^n}{b^3} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{b^2} + \frac{x^{3n}}{b} + \frac{a^4}{b^4(bx^n + a)} - \frac{a^3}{b^4} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{a^4 \log(ax^n + a)}{b^5} - \frac{a^3 x^n}{b^4} + \frac{a^2 x^{2n}}{2b^3} - \frac{ax^{3n}}{3b^2} + \frac{x^{4n}}{4b}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 5*n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `((-(a^3*x^n)/b^4) + (a^2*x^(2*n))/(2*b^3) - (a*x^(3*n))/(3*b^2) + x^(4*n)/(4*b) + (a^4*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^5)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{4n}}{4bn} - \frac{ax^{3n}}{3b^2n} + \frac{a^2x^{2n}}{2b^3n} - \frac{a^3x^n}{b^4n} + \frac{a^4 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^5n}$	79
norman	$\frac{e^{4n \ln(x)}}{4bn} - \frac{ae^{3n \ln(x)}}{3b^2n} + \frac{a^2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2b^3n} - \frac{a^3e^{n \ln(x)}}{b^4n} + \frac{a^4 \ln(a + be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^5n}$	87

input `int(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/b/n*(x^n)^4-1/3*a/b^2/n*(x^n)^3+1/2*a^2/b^3/n*(x^n)^2-a^3*x^n/b^4/n+a^4/b^5/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{3b^4x^{4n} - 4ab^3x^{3n} + 6a^2b^2x^{2n} - 12a^3bx^n + 12a^4 \log(bx^n + a)}{12b^5n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*b^4*x^(4*n) - 4*a*b^3*x^(3*n) + 6*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) - 12*a^3*b*x^n +  
12*a^4*log(b*x^n + a))/(b^5*n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{5n-1}}{5an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{a^4 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{b^5 n} - \frac{a^3 x^n}{b^4 n} + \frac{a^2 x^{2n}}{2b^3 n} - \frac{ax^{3n}}{3b^2 n} + \frac{x^{4n}}{4bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(5*n - 1)/(5*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (a**4*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**5*n) - a**3*x**n/(b**4*n) + a**2*x**(2*n)/(2*b**3*n) - a*x**(3*n)/(3*b**2*n) + x**(4*n)/(4*b*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^4 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^5 n} + \frac{3b^3 x^{4n} - 4ab^2 x^{3n} + 6a^2 b x^{2n} - 12a^3 x^n}{12b^4 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^4*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^5*n) + 1/12*(3*b^3*x^(4*n) - 4*a*b^2*x^(3*n) + 6*a^2*b*x^(2*n) - 12*a^3*x^n)/(b^4*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{5n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(5*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{5n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(5*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(5*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{3x^{4n}b^4 - 4x^{3n}ab^3 + 6x^{2n}a^2b^2 - 12x^na^3b + 12 \log(x^nb + a) a^4}{12b^5n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(3*x**(4*n)*b**4 - 4*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 - 12*x**n*a**3*b + 12*log(x**n*b + a)*a**4)/(12*b**5*n)`

### 3.454 $\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3010
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3010
Rubi [A] (verified)	3011
Maple [A] (verified)	3012
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3012
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3013
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3013
Giac [F]	3014
Mupad [F(-1)]	3014
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3014

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^2 x^n}{b^3 n} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{2b^2 n} + \frac{x^{3n}}{3bn} - \frac{a^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^4 n}$$

output

$a^2 x^n / b^3 n - 1/2 a x^{2n} / b^2 n + 1/3 x^{3n} / b n - a^3 \ln(a + b x^n) / b^4 n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n(6a^2 - 3abx^n + 2b^2x^{2n}) - 6a^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{6b^4 n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output

$(b x^n (6 a^2 - 3 a b x^n + 2 b^2 x^{2 n}) - 6 a^3 \text{Log}[a + b x^n]) / (6 b^4 n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{3n}}{bx^n+a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( -\frac{ax^n}{b^2} + \frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a^3}{b^3(bx^n+a)} + \frac{a^2}{b^3} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{a^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^4} + \frac{a^2 x^n}{b^3} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{2b^2} + \frac{x^{3n}}{3b}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `((a^2*x^n)/b^3 - (a*x^(2*n))/(2*b^2) + x^(3*n)/(3*b) - (a^3*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`



rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{3n}}{3bn} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{2b^2n} + \frac{a^2x^n}{b^3n} - \frac{a^3 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^4n}$	63
norman	$\frac{a^2 e^{n \ln(x)}}{b^3 n} + \frac{e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3bn} - \frac{a e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2b^2 n} - \frac{a^3 \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{b^4 n}$	69

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/b/n*(x^n)^3-1/2*a/b^2/n*(x^n)^2+a^2*x^n/b^3/n-a^3/b^4/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2b^3x^{3n} - 3ab^2x^{2n} + 6a^2bx^n - 6a^3 \log(bx^n + a)}{6b^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 6*a^2*b*x^n - 6*a^3*log(b*x^n + a))  
/(b^4*n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{4n-1}}{4an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{a^3 \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{b^4n} + \frac{a^2x^n}{b^3n} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{2b^2n} + \frac{x^{3n}}{3bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-a**3*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**4*n) + a**2*x**n/(b**3*n) - a*x**(2*n)/(2*b**2*n) + x**(3*n)/(3*b*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{a^3 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^4n} + \frac{2b^2x^{3n} - 3abx^{2n} + 6a^2x^n}{6b^3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-a^3*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^4*n) + 1/6*(2*b^2*x^(3*n) - 3*a*b*x^(2*n) + 6*a^2*x^n)/(b^3*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2x^{3n}b^3 - 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 6x^na^2b - 6\log(x^nb + a)a^3}{6b^4n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(2*x**(3*n)*b**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 6*x**n*a**2*b - 6*log(x**n*b + a)*a**3)/(6*b**4*n)`

### 3.455 $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3015
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3015
Rubi [A] (verified)	3016
Maple [A] (verified)	3017
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3017
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3018
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3018
Giac [F]	3019
Mupad [F(-1)]	3019
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3019

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^n}{b^2n} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} + \frac{a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^3n}$$

output

```
-a*x^n/b^2/n+1/2*x^(2*n)/b/n+a^2*ln(a+b*x^n)/b^3/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n(-2a+bx^n) + 2a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{2b^3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(b*x^n*(-2*a + b*x^n) + 2*a^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/(2*b^3*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\int \frac{x^{2n}}{bx^n + a} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left( \frac{x^n}{b} + \frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^n + a)} - \frac{a}{b^2} \right) dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^3} - \frac{ax^n}{b^2} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2b}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `((-(a*x^n)/b^2) + x^(2*n)/(2*b) + (a^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} - \frac{ax^n}{b^2n} + \frac{a^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^3n}$	47
norman	$\frac{e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2bn} - \frac{ae^{n \ln(x)}}{b^2n} + \frac{a^2 \ln(a + be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^3n}$	51

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/b/n*(x^n)^2-a*x^n/b^2/n+a^2/b^3/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{b^2 x^{2n} - 2 abx^n + 2 a^2 \log(bx^n + a)}{2 b^3 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a*b*x^n + 2*a^2*log(b*x^n + a))/(b^3*n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{3n-1}}{3an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{b^3n} - \frac{ax^n}{b^2n} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (a**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**3*n) - a*x**n/(b**2*n) + x**(2*n)/(2*b*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^3n} + \frac{bx^{2n} - 2ax^n}{2b^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^3*n) + 1/2*(b*x^(2*n) - 2*a*x^n)/(b^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2 - 2x^na b + 2 \log(x^n b + a) a^2}{2b^3n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*x**n*a*b + 2*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2)/(2*b**3*n)`



### 3.456 $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3020
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3020
Rubi [A] (verified)	3021
Maple [A] (verified)	3022
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3022
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3023
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3023
Giac [F]	3024
Mupad [F(-1)]	3024
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3024

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{a \log(a+bx^n)}{b^2n}$$

output

```
x^n/b/n-a*ln(a+b*x^n)/b^2/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n - a \log(bn(a+bx^n))}{b^2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(b*x^n - a*Log[b*n*(a + b*x^n)])/(b^2*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \int \frac{x^n}{bx^n + a} dx \\ \downarrow 49 \\ \int \left( \frac{1}{b} - \frac{a}{b(bx^n + a)} \right) dx \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{x^n}{b} - \frac{a \log(a + bx^n)}{b^2} \\ n \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x^n/b - (a*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{a \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^2 n}$	31
norman	$\frac{e^{n \ln(x)}}{bn} - \frac{a \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{b^2 n}$	33

input `int(x^(2*n-1)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x^n/b/n-a/b^2/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n - a \log(bx^n + a)}{b^2 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*x^n - a*log(b*x^n + a))/(b^2*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 44 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{2n-1}}{2an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{a \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{b^2n} + \frac{x^n}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-a*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**2*n) + x**n/(b*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{a \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^n/(b*n) - a*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n b - \log(x^n b + a) a}{b^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*b - log(x**n*b + a)*a)/(b**2*n)`

### 3.457 $\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3025
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3025
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3026
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3026
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3027
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3027
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3028
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3028
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3028
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3029

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{bn}$$

output

```
ln(a+b*x^n)/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
Log[a + b*x^n]/(b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 792

$$\frac{\log(a + bx^n)}{bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `Log[a + b*x^n]/(b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{\ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{bn}$	18
risch	$\frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{bn}$	18

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/n*ln(a+b*exp(n*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `log(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)/(a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (log(a/b + x**n)/(b*n), True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `log(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(|bx^n + a|)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `log(abs(b*x^n + a))/(b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\ln(a + bx^n)}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`output `log(a + b*x^n)/(b*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(x^n b + a)}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `log(x**n*b + a)/(b*n)`

### 3.458 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3030
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3030
Rubi [A] (verified)	3031
Maple [A] (verified)	3032
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3033
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3033
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3034
Giac [F]	3034
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3034
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3035

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{an}$$

output `ln(x)/a-ln(a+b*x^n)/a/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x^n) - \log(an(a+bx^n))}{an}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n] - Log[a*n*(a + b*x^n)])/(a*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 47 \\
 \frac{\frac{\int x^{-n} dx^n}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 14 \\
 \frac{\frac{\log(x^n)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 16 \\
 \frac{\frac{\log(x^n)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n]/a - Log[a + b*x^n]/a)/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 14  $\text{Int}[(a\_)/(x\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*\text{Log}[x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x]$
- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 47  $\text{Int}[1/(((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_))*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_))), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d*x), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x\_)^{(m\_)*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_))}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{n \ln(x) - \ln(a + b x^n)}{a n}$	23
norman	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a n}$	26
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a n}$	26
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n)}{a} - \frac{\ln(a + b x^n)}{a}}{n}$	27
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n)}{a} - \frac{\ln(a + b x^n)}{a}}{n}$	27

input  $\text{int}(1/x/(a+b*x^n), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $(n*\ln(x) - \ln(a + b*x^n))/a/n$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{n \log(x) - \log(bx^n + a)}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(n*log(x) - log(b*x^n + a))/(a*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \begin{cases} \infty \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-n}}{bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{an} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/a - log(a/b + x**n)/(a*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\log(bx^n+a)}{an} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-log(b*x^n + a)/(a*n) + log(x^n)/(a*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*x), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\ln(a+bx^n) - n \ln(x)}{an}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `-(log(a + b*x^n) - n*log(x))/(a*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{-\log(x^n b + a) + \log(x) n}{an}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - log(x**n*b + a) + log(x)*n)/(a*n)`



### 3.459 $\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3036
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3036
Rubi [A] (verified)	3037
Maple [A] (verified)	3038
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3038
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3039
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3039
Giac [F]	3040
Mupad [F(-1)]	3040
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3040

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-n}}{an} - \frac{b \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

output

```
-1/a/n/(x^n)-b*ln(x)/a^2+b*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^2/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-n} + b \log(x^n) - b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-((a/x^n + b*Log[x^n] - b*Log[a + b*x^n])/(a^2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-2n}}{bx^n + a} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \frac{\int \left( \frac{x^{-2n}}{a} - \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^2(bx^n + a)} \right) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{b \log(x^n)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log(a + bx^n)}{a^2} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-(1/(a*x^n)) - (b*Log[x^n])/a^2 + (b*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{x^{-n}}{an} - \frac{b \ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^2 n}$	41
norman	$\left(-\frac{1}{an} - \frac{b \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2}\right) e^{-n \ln(x)} + \frac{b \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a^2 n}$	50

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/a/n/(x^n)-b*ln(x)/a^2+b/a^2/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{bnx^n \log(x) - bx^n \log(bx^n + a) + a}{a^2 n x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b*n*x^n*log(x) - b*x^n*log(b*x^n + a) + a)/(a^2*n*x^n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n}x^{-n-1}}{2bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n-1}}{an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-n}}{an} - \frac{b \log(x^n)}{a^2n} + \frac{b \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{a^2n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(2*b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(a*n*x**n) - b*log(x**n)/(a**2*n) + b*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**2*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{b \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^2n} - \frac{1}{anx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*log(x)/a^2 + b*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^2*n) - 1/(a*n*x^n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+1} (a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n \log(x^n b + a) b - x^n \log(x) b n - a}{x^n a^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*b - x**n*log(x)*b*n - a)/(x**n*a**2*n)`

### 3.460 $\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3041
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3041
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3042
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3043
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3043
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3044
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3044
Giac [F] . . . . .	3045
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3045
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3045

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n}}{2an} + \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2n} + \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^3n}$$

output

```
-1/2/a/n/(x^(2*n))+b/a^2/n/(x^n)+b^2*ln(x)/a^3-b^2*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^3/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-2n}(a-2bx^n) - 2b^2 \log(x^n) + 2b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{2a^3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((a*(a - 2*b*x^n))/x^(2*n) - 2*b^2*Log[x^n] + 2*b^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^3*n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-3n}}{bx^n + a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \int \left( \frac{x^{-3n}}{a} - \frac{bx^{-2n}}{a^2} + \frac{b^2x^{-n}}{a^3} - \frac{b^3}{a^3(bx^n + a)} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{b^2 \log(x^n)}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{2a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 2*n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-1/2*1/(a*x^(2*n)) + b/(a^2*x^n) + (b^2*Log[x^n])/a^3 - (b^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2n} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{2an} + \frac{b^2 \ln(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^3n}$	58
norman	$\left( \frac{be^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2n} - \frac{1}{2an} + \frac{b^2 \ln(x)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3} \right) e^{-2n \ln(x)} - \frac{b^2 \ln(a + be^{n \ln(x)})}{a^3n}$	69

input `int(x^(-2*n-1)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b/a^2/n/(x^n)-1/2/a/n/(x^n)^2+b^2*ln(x)/a^3-b^2/a^3/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2b^2nx^{2n} \log(x) - 2b^2x^{2n} \log(bx^n + a) + 2abx^n - a^2}{2a^3nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) - 2*b^2*x^(2*n)*log(b*x^n + a) + 2*a*b*x^n - a  
^2)/(a^3*n*x^(2*n))`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 3.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n}x^{-2n-1}}{3bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n-1}}{2an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-2n}}{2an} + \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2n} + \frac{b^2 \log(x^n)}{a^3n} - \frac{b^2 \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{a^3n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-2*n - 1)/(3*b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (-x*x**(-2*n - 1)/(2*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(2*a*n*x**(2*n)) + b/(a**2*n*x**n) + b**2*log(x**n)/(a**3*n) - b**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**3*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^3n} + \frac{2bx^n - a}{2a^2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*log(x)/a^3 - b^2*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^3*n) + 1/2*(2*b*x^n - a)/(a^2*n*x^(2*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+1} (a + b x^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{-2x^{2n}\log(x^n b + a)b^2 + 2x^{2n}\log(x)b^{2n} + 2x^n ab - a^2}{2x^{2n}a^3n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - 2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*log(x)*b**2*n + 2*x**n*a*b - a**2)/(2*x**(2*n)*a**3*n)`

### 3.461 $\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3046
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3046
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3047
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3048
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3048
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3049
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3049
Giac [F] . . . . .	3050
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3050
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3050

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-3n}}{3an} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{2a^2n} - \frac{b^2x^{-n}}{a^3n} - \frac{b^3 \log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^4n}$$

output

```
-1/3/a/n/(x^(3*n))+1/2*b/a^2/n/(x^(2*n))-b^2/a^3/n/(x^n)-b^3*ln(x)/a^4+b^3
*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^4/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-3n}(2a^2 - 3abx^n + 6b^2x^{2n}) + 6b^3 \log(x^n) - 6b^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{6a^4n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 3*n)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
-1/6*((a*(2*a^2 - 3*a*b*x^n + 6*b^2*x^(2*n)))/x^(3*n) + 6*b^3*Log[x^n] - 6
*b^3*Log[a + b*x^n])/(a^4*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-4n}}{bx^n + a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \int \left( \frac{x^{-4n}}{a} - \frac{bx^{-3n}}{a^2} + \frac{b^2x^{-2n}}{a^3} - \frac{b^3x^{-n}}{a^4} + \frac{b^4}{a^4(bx^n + a)} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{b^3 \log(x^n)}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \log(ax^n)}{a^4} - \frac{b^2x^{-n}}{a^3} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{2a^2} - \frac{x^{-3n}}{3a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 3*n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-1/3*1/(a*x^(3*n)) + b/(2*a^2*x^(2*n)) - b^2/(a^3*x^n) - (b^3*Log[x^n])/a^4 + (b^3*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{b^2 x^{-n}}{a^3 n} + \frac{b x^{-2n}}{2a^2 n} - \frac{x^{-3n}}{3an} - \frac{b^3 \ln(x)}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^4 n}$	75
norman	$\left(-\frac{1}{3an} + \frac{b e^{n \ln(x)}}{2a^2 n} - \frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3 n} - \frac{b^3 \ln(x) e^{3n \ln(x)}}{a^4}\right) e^{-3n \ln(x)} + \frac{b^3 \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a^4 n}$	88

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-b^2/a^3/n/(x^n)+1/2*b/a^2/n/(x^n)^2-1/3/a/n/(x^n)^3-b^3*ln(x)/a^4+b^3/a^4  
/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{6b^3 n x^{3n} \log(x) - 6b^3 x^{3n} \log(bx^n + a) + 6ab^2 x^{2n} - 3a^2 b x^n + 2a^3}{6a^4 n x^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/6*(6*b^3*n*x^(3*n)*log(x) - 6*b^3*x^(3*n)*log(b*x^n + a) + 6*a*b^2*x^(2  
*n) - 3*a^2*b*x^n + 2*a^3)/(a^4*n*x^(3*n))`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 7.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n}x^{-3n-1}}{4bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-3n-1}}{3an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-3n}}{3an} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{2a^2n} - \frac{b^2x^{-n}}{a^3n} - \frac{b^3 \log(x^n)}{a^4n} + \frac{b^3 \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{a^4n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-3*n - 1)/(4*b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (-x*x**(-3*n - 1)/(3*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(3*a*n*x**(3*n)) + b/(2*a**2*n*x**(2*n)) - b**2/(a**3*n*x**n) - b**3*log(x**n)/(a**4*n) + b**3*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**4*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{b^3 \log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \log(\frac{bx^n+a}{b})}{a^4n} - \frac{6b^2x^{2n} - 3abx^n + 2a^2}{6a^3nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b^3*log(x)/a^4 + b^3*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^4*n) - 1/6*(6*b^2*x^(2*n) - 3*a*b*x^n + 2*a^2)/(a^3*n*x^(3*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n+1} (a + b x^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{6x^{3n}\log(x^n b + a) b^3 - 6x^{3n}\log(x) b^3 n - 6x^{2n} a b^2 + 3x^n a^2 b - 2a^3}{6x^{3n} a^4 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(6*x**(3*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**3 - 6*x**(3*n)*log(x)*b**3*n - 6*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b - 2*a**3)/(6*x**(3*n)*a**4*n)`

### 3.462 $\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3051
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3051
Rubi [A] (verified)	3052
Maple [A] (verified)	3053
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3053
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3054
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3054
Giac [F]	3055
Mupad [F(-1)]	3055
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3055

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 82

$$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{a^3x^n}{b^4n} + \frac{a^2x^{2n}}{2b^3n} - \frac{ax^{3n}}{3b^2n} + \frac{x^{4n}}{4bn} + \frac{a^4 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^5n}$$

output

$$-a^3x^n/b^4/n+1/2*a^2*x^(2*n)/b^3/n-1/3*a*x^(3*n)/b^2/n+1/4*x^(4*n)/b/n+a^4*ln(a+b*x^n)/b^5/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n(-12a^3 + 6a^2bx^n - 4ab^2x^{2n} + 3b^3x^{3n}) + 12a^4 \log(a+bx^n)}{12b^5n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(4 + 5*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

$$(b*x^n*(-12*a^3 + 6*a^2*b*x^n - 4*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*b^3*x^(3*n)) + 12*a^4*Log[a + b*x^n])/(12*b^5*n)$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{5(n-1)+4}}{a+bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{4n}}{bx^n+a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( \frac{a^2 x^n}{b^3} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{b^2} + \frac{x^{3n}}{b} + \frac{a^4}{b^4(bx^n+a)} - \frac{a^3}{b^4} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{a^4 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^5} - \frac{a^3 x^n}{b^4} + \frac{a^2 x^{2n}}{2b^3} - \frac{ax^{3n}}{3b^2} + \frac{x^{4n}}{4b}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(4 + 5*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `((-(a^3*x^n)/b^4) + (a^2*x^(2*n))/(2*b^3) - (a*x^(3*n))/(3*b^2) + x^(4*n)/(4*b) + (a^4*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^5)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{4n}}{4bn} - \frac{ax^{3n}}{3b^2n} + \frac{a^2x^{2n}}{2b^3n} - \frac{a^3x^n}{b^4n} + \frac{a^4 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^5n}$	79
norman	$\frac{e^{4n \ln(x)}}{4bn} - \frac{ae^{3n \ln(x)}}{3b^2n} + \frac{a^2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2b^3n} - \frac{a^3e^{n \ln(x)}}{b^4n} + \frac{a^4 \ln(a + be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^5n}$	87

input `int(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4/b/n*(x^n)^4-1/3*a/b^2/n*(x^n)^3+1/2*a^2/b^3/n*(x^n)^2-a^3*x^n/b^4/n+a^4/b^5/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{3b^4x^{4n} - 4ab^3x^{3n} + 6a^2b^2x^{2n} - 12a^3bx^n + 12a^4 \log(bx^n + a)}{12b^5n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/12*(3*b^4*x^(4*n) - 4*a*b^3*x^(3*n) + 6*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) - 12*a^3*b*x^n +  
12*a^4*log(b*x^n + a))/(b^5*n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{5n-1}}{5an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{a^4 \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{b^5 n} - \frac{a^3 x^n}{b^4 n} + \frac{a^2 x^{2n}}{2b^3 n} - \frac{ax^{3n}}{3b^2 n} + \frac{x^{4n}}{4bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(5*n - 1)/(5*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (a**4*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**5*n) - a**3*x**n/(b**4*n) + a**2*x**(2*n)/(2*b**3*n) - a*x**(3*n)/(3*b**2*n) + x**(4*n)/(4*b*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^4 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^5 n} + \frac{3b^3 x^{4n} - 4ab^2 x^{3n} + 6a^2 b x^{2n} - 12a^3 x^n}{12b^4 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^4*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^5*n) + 1/12*(3*b^3*x^(4*n) - 4*a*b^2*x^(3*n) + 6*a^2*b*x^(2*n) - 12*a^3*x^n)/(b^4*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{5n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(5*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{5n-1}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(5*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(5*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{4+5(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{3x^{4n}b^4 - 4x^{3n}ab^3 + 6x^{2n}a^2b^2 - 12x^na^3b + 12\log(x^nb+a)a^4}{12b^5n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+5*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(3*x**(4*n)*b**4 - 4*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 - 12*x**n*a**3*b + 12*log(x**n*b + a)*a**4)/(12*b**5*n)`

### 3.463 $\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3056
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3056
Rubi [A] (verified)	3057
Maple [A] (verified)	3058
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3058
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3059
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3059
Giac [F]	3060
Mupad [F(-1)]	3060
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3060

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^2 x^n}{b^3 n} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{2b^2 n} + \frac{x^{3n}}{3bn} - \frac{a^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^4 n}$$

output  $a^2 x^n / b^3 n - 1/2 a x^{2n} / b^2 n + 1/3 x^{3n} / b n - a^3 \ln(a + b x^n) / b^4 n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n(6a^2 - 3abx^n + 2b^2x^{2n}) - 6a^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{6b^4 n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(3 + 4*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output  $(b x^n (6 a^2 - 3 a b x^n + 2 b^2 x^{2 n}) - 6 a^3 \text{Log}[a + b x^n]) / (6 b^4 n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{4(n-1)+3}}{a+bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{3n}}{bx^n+a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( -\frac{ax^n}{b^2} + \frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a^3}{b^3(bx^n+a)} + \frac{a^2}{b^3} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{a^3 \log(ax^n)}{b^4} + \frac{a^2 x^n}{b^3} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{2b^2} + \frac{x^{3n}}{3b}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(3 + 4*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `((a^2*x^n)/b^3 - (a*x^(2*n))/(2*b^2) + x^(3*n)/(3*b) - (a^3*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{3n}}{3bn} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{2b^2n} + \frac{a^2x^n}{b^3n} - \frac{a^3 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^4n}$	63
norman	$\frac{a^2e^{n \ln(x)}}{b^3n} + \frac{e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3bn} - \frac{ae^{2n \ln(x)}}{2b^2n} - \frac{a^3 \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^4n}$	69

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3/b/n*(x^n)^3-1/2*a/b^2/n*(x^n)^2+a^2*x^n/b^3/n-a^3/b^4/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2b^3x^{3n} - 3ab^2x^{2n} + 6a^2bx^n - 6a^3 \log(bx^n + a)}{6b^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/6*(2*b^3*x^(3*n) - 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 6*a^2*b*x^n - 6*a^3*log(b*x^n + a))  
/(b^4*n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{4n-1}}{4an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{a^3 \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{b^4n} + \frac{a^2x^n}{b^3n} - \frac{ax^{2n}}{2b^2n} + \frac{x^{3n}}{3bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-a**3*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**4*n) + a**2*x**n/(b**3*n) - a*x**(2*n)/(2*b**2*n) + x**(3*n)/(3*b*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{a^3 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^4n} + \frac{2b^2x^{3n} - 3abx^{2n} + 6a^2x^n}{6b^3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-a^3*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^4*n) + 1/6*(2*b^2*x^(3*n) - 3*a*b*x^(2*n) + 6*a^2*x^n)/(b^3*n)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{3+4(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2x^{3n}b^3 - 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 6x^na^2b - 6\log(x^nb + a)a^3}{6b^4n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(2*x**(3*n)*b**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 6*x**n*a**2*b - 6*log(x**n*b + a)*a**3)/(6*b**4*n)`

### 3.464 $\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3061
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3061
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3062
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3063
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3063
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3064
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3064
Giac [F] . . . . .	3065
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3065
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3065

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^n}{b^2n} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} + \frac{a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^3n}$$

output

```
-a*x^n/b^2/n+1/2*x^(2*n)/b/n+a^2*ln(a+b*x^n)/b^3/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n(-2a+bx^n)+2a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{2b^3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(2+3*(-1+n))/(a+b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(b*x^n*(-2*a+b*x^n)+2*a^2*Log[a+b*x^n])/(2*b^3*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{3(n-1)+2}}{a+bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{2n}}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \frac{\int \left( \frac{x^n}{b} + \frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^n+a)} - \frac{a}{b^2} \right) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^3} - \frac{ax^n}{b^2} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2b}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(2 + 3*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `((-(a*x^n)/b^2) + x^(2*n)/(2*b) + (a^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} - \frac{ax^n}{b^2n} + \frac{a^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^3n}$	47
norman	$\frac{e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2bn} - \frac{ae^{n \ln(x)}}{b^2n} + \frac{a^2 \ln(a + be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^3n}$	51

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/b/n*(x^n)^2-a*x^n/b^2/n+a^2/b^3/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{b^2 x^{2n} - 2 abx^n + 2 a^2 \log(bx^n + a)}{2 b^3 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a*b*x^n + 2*a^2*log(b*x^n + a))/(b^3*n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{3n-1}}{3an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{b^3 n} - \frac{ax^n}{b^2 n} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (a**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**3*n) - a*x**n/(b**2*n) + x**(2*n)/(2*b*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^3 n} + \frac{bx^{2n} - 2ax^n}{2b^2 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^2*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^3*n) + 1/2*(b*x^(2*n) - 2*a*x^n)/(b^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{2+3(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2 - 2x^nab + 2 \log(x^n b + a) a^2}{2b^3n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*x**n*a*b + 2*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2)/(2*b**3*n)`

### 3.465 $\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3066
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3066
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3067
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3068
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3068
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3069
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3069
Giac [F] . . . . .	3070
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3070
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3070

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{a \log(a+bx^n)}{b^2n}$$

output

$$x^n/b/n - a*\ln(a+b*x^n)/b^2/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n - a \log(bn(a+bx^n))}{b^2n}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(1 + 2*(-1 + n))}/(a + b*x^n), x]$$

output

$$(b*x^n - a*\text{Log}[b*n*(a + b*x^n)])/(b^2*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{x^{2(n-1)+1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \int \frac{x^n}{bx^n+a} dx^n \\ \downarrow 49 \\ \int \left( \frac{1}{b} - \frac{a}{b(bx^n+a)} \right) dx^n \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{x^n}{b} - \frac{a \log(a+bx^n)}{b^2} \\ n \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(1 + 2*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(x^n/b - (a*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`



rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{a \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^2 n}$	31
norman	$\frac{e^{n \ln(x)}}{bn} - \frac{a \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{b^2 n}$	33

input `int(x^(2*n-1)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x^n/b/n-a/b^2/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n - a \log(bx^n + a)}{b^2 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*x^n - a*log(b*x^n + a))/(b^2*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 44 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.57

$$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{2n-1}}{2an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{a \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{b^2n} + \frac{x^n}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-a*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**2*n) + x**n/(b*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{a \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^n/(b*n) - a*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{1+2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n b - \log(x^n b + a) a}{b^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*b - log(x**n*b + a)*a)/(b**2*n)`

### 3.466 $\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3071
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3071
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3072
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3072
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3073
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3073
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3074
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3074
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3074
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3075

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{bn}$$

output

```
ln(a+b*x^n)/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
Log[a + b*x^n]/(b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 792

$$\frac{\log(a + bx^n)}{bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `Log[a + b*x^n]/(b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{\ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{bn}$	18
risch	$\frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{bn}$	18

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/n*ln(a+b*exp(n*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `log(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)/(a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (log(a/b + x**n)/(b*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `log(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(|bx^n + a|)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `log(abs(b*x^n + a))/(b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\ln(a + bx^n)}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`output `log(a + b*x^n)/(b*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(x^n b + a)}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `log(x**n*b + a)/(b*n)`



$$3.467 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$$

Optimal result	3076
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3078
Rubi [A] (verified)	3077
Maple [A] (verified)	3078
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3079
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3079
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3080
Giac [F]	3080
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3080
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3081

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{an}$$

output

```
ln(x)/a-ln(a+b*x^n)/a/n
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x^n) - \log(an(a+bx^n))}{an}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(Log[x^n] - Log[a*n*(a + b*x^n)])/(a*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 47 \\
 \frac{\frac{\int x^{-n} dx^n}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 14 \\
 \frac{\frac{\log(x^n)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 16 \\
 \frac{\frac{\log(x^n)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n]/a - Log[a + b*x^n]/a)/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 47 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{n \ln(x) - \ln(a + b x^n)}{a n}$	23
norman	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a n}$	26
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a n}$	26
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n) - \ln(a + b x^n)}{a}}{n}$	27
default	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x^n) - \ln(a + b x^n)}{a}}{n}$	27

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(n*ln(x)-ln(a+b*x^n))/a/n`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{n \log(x) - \log(bx^n + a)}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(n*log(x) - log(b*x^n + a))/(a*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \begin{cases} \infty \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-n}}{bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{an} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/a - log(a/b + x**n)/(a*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\log(bx^n+a)}{an} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-log(b*x^n + a)/(a*n) + log(x^n)/(a*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*x), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\ln(a+bx^n) - n \ln(x)}{an}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `-(log(a + b*x^n) - n*log(x))/(a*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{-\log(x^n b + a) + \log(x) n}{an}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - log(x**n*b + a) + log(x)*n)/(a*n)`

### 3.468 $\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3082
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3082
Rubi [A] (verified)	3083
Maple [A] (verified)	3084
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3084
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3085
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3085
Giac [F]	3086
Mupad [F(-1)]	3086
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3086

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-n}}{an} - \frac{b \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

output

```
-1/a/n/(x^n)-b*ln(x)/a^2+b*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^2/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-n} + b \log(x^n) - b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-((a/x^n + b*Log[x^n] - b*Log[a + b*x^n])/(a^2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-2n}}{bx^n + a} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \frac{\int \left( \frac{x^{-2n}}{a} - \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^2(bx^n + a)} \right) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{b \log(x^n)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log(a + bx^n)}{a^2} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-(1/(a*x^n)) - (b*Log[x^n])/a^2 + (b*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`



rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{x^{-n}}{an} - \frac{b \ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^2 n}$	41
norman	$\left(-\frac{1}{an} - \frac{b \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2}\right) e^{-n \ln(x)} + \frac{b \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a^2 n}$	50

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/a/n/(x^n)-b*ln(x)/a^2+b/a^2/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{bnx^n \log(x) - bx^n \log(bx^n + a) + a}{a^2 n x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b*n*x^n*log(x) - b*x^n*log(b*x^n + a) + a)/(a^2*n*x^n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n}x^{-n-1}}{2bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n-1}}{an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-n}}{an} - \frac{b \log(x^n)}{a^2n} + \frac{b \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{a^2n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(2*b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(a*n*x**n) - b*log(x**n)/(a**2*n) + b*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**2*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{b \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^2n} - \frac{1}{anx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*log(x)/a^2 + b*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^2*n) - 1/(a*n*x^n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+1} (a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n \log(x^n b + a) b - x^n \log(x) b n - a}{x^n a^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*b - x**n*log(x)*b*n - a)/(x**n*a**2*n)`

**3.469**       $\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3087
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3087
Rubi [A] (verified)	3088
Maple [A] (verified)	3089
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3089
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3090
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3090
Giac [F]	3091
Mupad [F(-1)]	3091
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3091

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n}}{2an} + \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2n} + \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^3n}$$

output

```
-1/2/a/n/(x^(2*n))+b/a^2/n/(x^n)+b^2*ln(x)/a^3-b^2*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^3/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-2n}(a-2bx^n) - 2b^2 \log(x^n) + 2b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{2a^3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-3 - 2*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((a*(a - 2*b*x^n))/x^(2*n) - 2*b^2*Log[x^n] + 2*b^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^3*n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-2(n-1)-3}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^{-3n}}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$\frac{\int \left( \frac{x^{-3n}}{a} - \frac{bx^{-2n}}{a^2} + \frac{b^2x^{-n}}{a^3} - \frac{b^3}{a^3(bx^n+a)} \right) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{b^2 \log(x^n)}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{2a}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-3 - 2*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-1/2*1/(a*x^(2*n)) + b/(a^2*x^n) + (b^2*Log[x^n])/a^3 - (b^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2n} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{2an} + \frac{b^2 \ln(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^3n}$	58
norman	$\left( \frac{be^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2n} - \frac{1}{2an} + \frac{b^2 \ln(x)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3} \right) e^{-2n \ln(x)} - \frac{b^2 \ln(a + be^{n \ln(x)})}{a^3n}$	69

input `int(x^(-2*n-1)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `b/a^2/n/(x^n)-1/2/a/n/(x^n)^2+b^2*ln(x)/a^3-b^2/a^3/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2b^2nx^{2n} \log(x) - 2b^2x^{2n} \log(bx^n + a) + 2abx^n - a^2}{2a^3nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) - 2*b^2*x^(2*n)*log(b*x^n + a) + 2*a*b*x^n - a  
^2)/(a^3*n*x^(2*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 3.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \infty \log(x) & \text{for } a=0 \wedge b=0 \wedge n=0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n}x^{-2n-1}}{3bn} & \text{for } a=0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n-1}}{2an} & \text{for } b=0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n=0 \\ -\frac{x^{-2n}}{2an} + \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2n} + \frac{b^2 \log(x^n)}{a^3n} - \frac{b^2 \log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{a^3n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-2*n - 1)/(3*b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (-x*x**(-2*n - 1)/(2*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(2*a*n*x**(2*n)) + b/(a**2*n*x**n) + b**2*log(x**n)/(a**3*n) - b**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**3*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{b^2 \log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b^2 \log(\frac{bx^n+a}{b})}{a^3n} + \frac{2bx^n - a}{2a^2nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*log(x)/a^3 - b^2*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^3*n) + 1/2*(2*b*x^n - a)/(a^2*n*x^(2*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+1} (a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^{-3-2(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{-2x^{2n}\log(x^n b + a) b^2 + 2x^{2n}\log(x) b^2 n + 2x^n a b - a^2}{2x^{2n} a^3 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - 2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*log(x)*b**2*n + 2*x**n*a*b - a**2)/(2*x**(2*n)*a**3*n)`



### 3.470 $\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3092
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3092
Rubi [A] (verified)	3093
Maple [A] (verified)	3094
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3094
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3095
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3095
Giac [F]	3096
Mupad [F(-1)]	3096
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3096

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-3n}}{3an} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{2a^2n} - \frac{b^2x^{-n}}{a^3n} - \frac{b^3 \log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^4n}$$

output

```
-1/3/a/n/(x^(3*n))+1/2*b/a^2/n/(x^(2*n))-b^2/a^3/n/(x^n)-b^3*ln(x)/a^4+b^3
*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^4/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-3n}(2a^2 - 3abx^n + 6b^2x^{2n}) + 6b^3 \log(x^n) - 6b^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{6a^4n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-4 - 3*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
-1/6*((a*(2*a^2 - 3*a*b*x^n + 6*b^2*x^(2*n)))/x^(3*n) + 6*b^3*Log[x^n] - 6
*b^3*Log[a + b*x^n])/(a^4*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-3(n-1)-4}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-4n}}{bx^n + a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \int \left( \frac{x^{-4n}}{a} - \frac{bx^{-3n}}{a^2} + \frac{b^2x^{-2n}}{a^3} - \frac{b^3x^{-n}}{a^4} + \frac{b^4}{a^4(bx^n+a)} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{b^3 \log(x^n)}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^4} - \frac{b^2x^{-n}}{a^3} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{2a^2} - \frac{x^{-3n}}{3a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-4 - 3*(-1 + n))/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(-1/3*1/(a*x^(3*n)) + b/(2*a^2*x^(2*n)) - b^2/(a^3*x^n) - (b^3*Log[x^n])/a^4 + (b^3*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^4)/n
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{b^2 x^{-n}}{a^3 n} + \frac{b x^{-2n}}{2a^2 n} - \frac{x^{-3n}}{3an} - \frac{b^3 \ln(x)}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^4 n}$	75
norman	$\left(-\frac{1}{3an} + \frac{b e^{n \ln(x)}}{2a^2 n} - \frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3 n} - \frac{b^3 \ln(x) e^{3n \ln(x)}}{a^4}\right) e^{-3n \ln(x)} + \frac{b^3 \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a^4 n}$	88

input

```
int(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-b^2/a^3/n/(x^n)+1/2*b/a^2/n/(x^n)^2-1/3/a/n/(x^n)^3-b^3*ln(x)/a^4+b^3/a^4/n*ln(x^n+a/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= -\frac{6b^3 n x^{3n} \log(x) - 6b^3 x^{3n} \log(bx^n + a) + 6ab^2 x^{2n} - 3a^2 b x^n + 2a^3}{6a^4 n x^{3n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/6*(6*b^3*n*x^(3*n)*log(x) - 6*b^3*x^(3*n)*log(b*x^n + a) + 6*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 3*a^2*b*x^n + 2*a^3)/(a^4*n*x^(3*n))
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n}x^{-3n-1}}{4bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-3n-1}}{3an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-3n}}{3an} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{2a^2n} - \frac{b^2x^{-n}}{a^3n} - \frac{b^3 \log(x^n)}{a^4n} + \frac{b^3 \log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{a^4n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-3*n - 1)/(4*b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (-x*x**(-3*n - 1)/(3*a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(3*a*n*x**(3*n)) + b/(2*a**2*n*x**(2*n)) - b**2/(a**3*n*x**n) - b**3*log(x**n)/(a**4*n) + b**3*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**4*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{b^3 \log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{b^3 \log(\frac{bx^n+a}{b})}{a^4n} - \frac{6b^2x^{2n} - 3abx^n + 2a^2}{6a^3nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-b^3*log(x)/a^4 + b^3*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^4*n) - 1/6*(6*b^2*x^(2*n) - 3*a*b*x^n + 2*a^2)/(a^3*n*x^(3*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n+1}(a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^{-4-3(-1+n)}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{6x^{3n}\log(x^n b + a) b^3 - 6x^{3n}\log(x) b^3 n - 6x^{2n} a b^2 + 3x^n a^2 b - 2a^3}{6x^{3n} a^4 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(6*x**(3*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**3 - 6*x**(3*n)*log(x)*b**3*n - 6*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b - 2*a**3)/(6*x**(3*n)*a**4*n)`

### 3.471 $\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3097
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3097
Rubi [A] (verified)	3098
Maple [A] (verified)	3099
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3099
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3100
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3100
Giac [F]	3101
Mupad [F(-1)]	3101
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3101

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{8x^n}{b^4n} + \frac{2x^{2n}}{b^3n} - \frac{2x^{3n}}{3b^2n} + \frac{x^{4n}}{4bn} + \frac{16 \log(2+bx^n)}{b^5n}$$

output

$$-8*x^n/b^4/n+2*x^(2*n)/b^3/n-2/3*x^(3*n)/b^2/n+1/4*x^(4*n)/b/n+16*\ln(2+b*x^n)/b^5/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n(-96+24bx^n-8b^2x^{2n}+3b^3x^{3n})+192 \log(2+bx^n)}{12b^5n}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1+5*n)/(2+bx^n)}, x]$$

output

$$(b*x^n*(-96+24*b*x^n-8*b^2*x^(2*n)+3*b^3*x^(3*n))+192*\text{Log}[2+bx^n])/(12*b^5*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{5n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{4n}}{bx^n + 2} dx \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( \frac{4x^n}{b^3} - \frac{2x^{2n}}{b^2} + \frac{x^{3n}}{b} + \frac{16}{b^4(bx^n+2)} - \frac{8}{b^4} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{16 \log(bx^n+2)}{b^5} - \frac{8x^n}{b^4} + \frac{2x^{2n}}{b^3} - \frac{2x^{3n}}{3b^2} + \frac{x^{4n}}{4b}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 5*n)/(2 + b*x^n), x]`

output `((-8*x^n)/b^4 + (2*x^(2*n))/b^3 - (2*x^(3*n))/(3*b^2) + x^(4*n)/(4*b) + (16*Log[2 + b*x^n])/b^5)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^{4n}}{4bn} - \frac{2x^{3n}}{3b^2n} + \frac{2x^{2n}}{b^3n} - \frac{8x^n}{b^4n} + \frac{16 \ln(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{b^5n}$
norman	$-\frac{8e^{n \ln(x)}}{b^4n} + \frac{2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{b^3n} - \frac{2e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3b^2n} + \frac{e^{4n \ln(x)}}{4bn} + \frac{16 \ln(2+be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^5n}$
meijerg	$16i(-1)^{-\frac{5 \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2} - \frac{5 \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} + \frac{5 \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2}} \left( \frac{ix^n b(-1)^{\frac{5 \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2} + \frac{5 \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} - \frac{5 \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2}}}{-15ix^{3n}b^3(-1)^{\frac{3 \operatorname{csgn}(a)}{2}}} \right)$

```
input int(x^(-1+5*n)/(2+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/4/b/n*(x^n)^4-2/3/b^2/n*(x^n)^3+2/b^3/n*(x^n)^2-8*x^n/b^4/n+16/b^5/n*ln(x^n+2/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \frac{3b^4x^{4n} - 8b^3x^{3n} + 24b^2x^{2n} - 96bx^n + 192 \log(bx^n + 2)}{12b^5n}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1+5*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output  $1/12*(3*b^4*x^(4*n) - 8*b^3*x^(3*n) + 24*b^2*x^(2*n) - 96*b*x^n + 192*log(b*x^n + 2))/(b^5*n)$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{5n-1}}{10n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b+2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{x^{4n}}{4bn} - \frac{2x^{3n}}{3b^2n} + \frac{2x^{2n}}{b^3n} - \frac{8x^n}{b^4n} + \frac{16 \log(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{b^5n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+5*n)/(2+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(5*n - 1)/(10*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(b + 2), Eq(n, 0)), (x**(4*n)/(4*b*n) - 2*x**(3*n)/(3*b**2*n) + 2*x**(2*n)/(b**3*n) - 8*x**n/(b**4*n) + 16*log(x**n + 2/b)/(b**5*n), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{3b^3x^{4n} - 8b^2x^{3n} + 24bx^{2n} - 96x^n}{12b^4n} + \frac{16 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+2}{b}\right)}{b^5n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $1/12*(3*b^3*x^(4*n) - 8*b^2*x^(3*n) + 24*b*x^(2*n) - 96*x^n)/(b^4*n) + 16*log((b*x^n + 2)/b)/(b^5*n)$

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{5n-1}}{bx^n+2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(5*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{5n-1}}{bx^n+2} dx$$

input `int(x^(5*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2),x)`

output `int(x^(5*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+5n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{3x^{4n}b^4 - 8x^{3n}b^3 + 24x^{2n}b^2 - 96x^n b + 192 \log(x^n b + 2)}{12b^5 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+5*n)/(2+b*x^n),x)`

output `(3*x**(4*n)*b**4 - 8*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 24*x**(2*n)*b**2 - 96*x**n*b + 192*log(x**n*b + 2))/(12*b**5*n)`

### 3.472 $\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3102
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3102
Rubi [A] (verified)	3103
Maple [A] (verified)	3104
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3104
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3105
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3105
Giac [F]	3106
Mupad [F(-1)]	3106
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3106

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{4x^n}{b^3n} - \frac{x^{2n}}{b^2n} + \frac{x^{3n}}{3bn} - \frac{8 \log(2+bx^n)}{b^4n}$$

output  $4*x^n/b^3/n-x^{(2*n)}/b^2/n+1/3*x^{(3*n)}/b/n-8*\ln(2+b*x^n)/b^4/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n(12-3bx^n+b^2x^{2n})-24 \log(2+bx^n)}{3b^4n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)/(2 + b*x^n),x]`

output  $(b*x^n*(12 - 3*b*x^n + b^2*x^{(2*n)}) - 24*\text{Log}[2 + b*x^n])/(3*b^4*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{3n}}{bx^n + 2} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \frac{\int \left( -\frac{2x^n}{b^2} + \frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{8}{b^3(bx^n + 2)} + \frac{4}{b^3} \right) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{8 \log(bx^n + 2)}{b^4} + \frac{4x^n}{b^3} - \frac{x^{2n}}{b^2} + \frac{x^{3n}}{3b}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)/(2 + b*x^n), x]`

output `((4*x^n)/b^3 - x^(2*n)/b^2 + x^(3*n)/(3*b) - (8*Log[2 + b*x^n])/b^4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^{3n}}{3bn} - \frac{x^{2n}}{b^2n} + \frac{4x^n}{b^3n} - \frac{8 \ln(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{b^4n}$
norman	$\frac{4e^{n \ln(x)}}{b^3n} - \frac{e^{2n \ln(x)}}{b^2n} + \frac{e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3bn} - \frac{8 \ln(2+be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^4n}$
meijerg	$-\frac{ix^n b \left( -(-1)^{\text{csgn}(ib)+\text{csgn}(ix^n)+\text{csgn}(ix^n) \text{csgn}(ib)} x^{2nb^2+3ix^n b(-1)^{\frac{\text{csgn}(ib)}{2} + \frac{\text{csgn}(ix^n)}{2}} - \frac{\text{csgn}(ix^n) \text{csgn}(ib)}{2} + 12 \right) (-1)^{-\frac{3 \text{csgn}(ib)}{2} - \frac{3 \text{csgn}(ix^n)}{2}}}{3 b^4n}$

```
input int(x^(-1+4*n)/(2+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/3/b/n*(x^n)^3-1/b^2/n*(x^n)^2+4*x^n/b^3/n-8/b^4/n*ln(x^n+2/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \frac{b^3 x^{3n} - 3 b^2 x^{2n} + 12 bx^n - 24 \log(bx^n + 2)}{3 b^4 n}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/3*(b^3*x^(3*n) - 3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 12*b*x^n - 24*log(b*x^n + 2))/(b^4*n)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{4n-1}}{8n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b+2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{x^{3n}}{3bn} - \frac{x^{2n}}{b^2n} + \frac{4x^n}{b^3n} - \frac{8 \log(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{b^4n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)/(2+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(4*n - 1)/(8*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(b + 2), Eq(n, 0)), (x**(3*n)/(3*b*n) - x**(2*n)/(b**2*n) + 4*x**n/(b**3*n) - 8*log(x**n + 2/b)/(b**4*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{b^2x^{3n} - 3bx^{2n} + 12x^n}{3b^3n} - \frac{8 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+2}{b}\right)}{b^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*(b^2*x^(3*n) - 3*b*x^(2*n) + 12*x^n)/(b^3*n) - 8*log((b*x^n + 2)/b)/(b^4*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{bx^n+2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{bx^n+2} dx$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2),x)`

output `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{3n}b^3 - 3x^{2n}b^2 + 12x^n b - 24 \log(x^n b + 2)}{3b^4 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(2+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(3*n)*b**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 12*x**n*b - 24*log(x**n*b + 2))/(3*b**4*n)`

### 3.473 $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3107
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3107
Rubi [A] (verified)	3108
Maple [A] (verified)	3109
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3109
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3110
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3110
Giac [F]	3111
Mupad [F(-1)]	3111
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3111

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^n}{b^2n} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} + \frac{4 \log(2+bx^n)}{b^3n}$$

output

```
-2*x^n/b^2/n+1/2*x^(2*n)/b/n+4*ln(2+b*x^n)/b^3/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n(-4+bx^n)+8 \log(2+bx^n)}{2b^3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)/(2 + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(b*x^n*(-4 + b*x^n) + 8*Log[2 + b*x^n])/(2*b^3*n)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^{2n}}{bx^n + 2} dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{49} \\ & \frac{\int \left( \frac{x^n}{b} + \frac{4}{b^2(bx^n + 2)} - \frac{2}{b^2} \right) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{4 \log(bx^n + 2)}{b^3} - \frac{2x^n}{b^2} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2b}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)/(2 + b*x^n), x]`

output `((-2*x^n)/b^2 + x^(2*n)/(2*b) + (4*Log[2 + b*x^n])/b^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} - \frac{2x^n}{b^2n} + \frac{4 \ln(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{b^3n}$
norman	$-\frac{2e^{n \ln(x)}}{b^2n} + \frac{e^{2n \ln(x)}}{2bn} + \frac{4 \ln(2 + be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^3n}$
meijerg	$4i(-1)^{-\frac{3 \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2} - \frac{3 \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} + \frac{3 \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2}} \frac{\left( ix^n b(-1)^{\frac{5 \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2} + \frac{5 \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2}} \left( \frac{3ix^n b(-1)^{\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2} + \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{csgn}(ib) \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} \right) \right)}{12 b^3n}$

```
input int(x^(-1+3*n)/(2+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/2/b/n*(x^n)^2-2*x^n/b^2/n+4/b^3/n*ln(x^n+2/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \frac{b^2 x^{2n} - 4bx^n + 8 \log(bx^n + 2)}{2b^3n}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output 1/2*(b^2*x^(2*n) - 4*b*x^n + 8*log(b*x^n + 2))/(b^3*n)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{3n-1}}{6n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b+2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} - \frac{2x^n}{b^2n} + \frac{4 \log(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{b^3n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(2+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(3*n - 1)/(6*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(b + 2), Eq(n, 0)), (x**(2*n)/(2*b*n) - 2*x**n/(b**2*n) + 4*log(x**n + 2/b)/(b**3*n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^{2n} - 4x^n}{2b^2n} + \frac{4 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+2}{b}\right)}{b^3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(b*x^(2*n) - 4*x^n)/(b^2*n) + 4*log((b*x^n + 2)/b)/(b^3*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{bx^n+2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{bx^n+2} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2),x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2 - 4x^n b + 8 \log(x^n b + 2)}{2b^3 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(2+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b**2 - 4*x**n*b + 8*log(x**n*b + 2))/(2*b**3*n)`

### 3.474 $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3112
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3112
Rubi [A] (verified)	3113
Maple [A] (verified)	3114
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3114
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3115
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3115
Giac [F]	3116
Mupad [F(-1)]	3116
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3116

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{2 \log(2+bx^n)}{b^2n}$$

output

$x^n/b/n-2*\ln(2+b*x^n)/b^2/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n - 2 \log(bn(2+bx^n))}{b^2n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)/(2 + b*x^n),x]`

output

$(b*x^n - 2*\text{Log}[b*n*(2 + b*x^n)])/(b^2*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \int \frac{x^n}{bx^n + 2} dx \\ \downarrow 49 \\ \int \left( \frac{1}{b} - \frac{2}{b(bx^n + 2)} \right) dx \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{x^n}{b} - \frac{2 \log(bx^n + 2)}{b^2} \\ n \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)/(2 + b*x^n), x]`

output `(x^n/b - (2*Log[2 + b*x^n])/b^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int [ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result
risch	$\frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{2 \ln(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{b^2 n}$
norman	$\frac{e^{n \ln(x)}}{bn} - \frac{2 \ln(2 + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{b^2 n}$
meijerg	$-\frac{2(-1)^{\text{csgn}(ib) + \text{csgn}(ix^n) + \text{csgn}(ix^n) \text{csgn}(ib)} \left( -\frac{ix^n b(-1)^{\frac{\text{csgn}(ib)}{2} + \frac{\text{csgn}(ix^n)}{2}} + \frac{3 \text{csgn}(ix^n) \text{csgn}(ib)}{2} - (-1)^2 \text{csgn}(ib) (-1)^2 \text{csgn}(ix^n) \right)}{b^2 n}$

input

```
int(x^(2*n-1)/(2+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
x^n/b/n-2/b^2/n*ln(x^n+2/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \frac{bx^n - 2 \log(bx^n + 2)}{b^2 n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(2+b*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(b*x^n - 2*log(b*x^n + 2))/(b^2*n)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 42 vs.  $2(20) = 40$ .

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{2n-1}}{4n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b+2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{2 \log(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{b^2n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(2+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n - 1)/(4*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(b + 2), Eq(n, 0)), (x**n/(b*n) - 2*log(x**n + 2/b)/(b**2*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n}{bn} - \frac{2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+2}{b}\right)}{b^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^n/(b*n) - 2*log((b*x^n + 2)/b)/(b^2*n)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{bx^n+2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{bx^n+2} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n b - 2 \log(x^n b + 2)}{b^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(2+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*b - 2*log(x**n*b + 2))/(b**2*n)`

### 3.475 $\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3117
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3117
Rubi [A] (verified)	3118
Maple [A] (verified)	3118
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3119
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3119
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3120
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3120
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3120
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3121

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(2+bx^n)}{bn}$$

output

```
ln(2+b*x^n)/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(2+bx^n)}{bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(2 + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
Log[2 + b*x^n]/(b*n)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx$$

↓ 792

$$\frac{\log(bx^n + 2)}{bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(2 + b*x^n), x]`

output `Log[2 + b*x^n]/(b*n)`

#### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{\ln(2+be^{n \ln(x)})}{bn}$	18
risch	$\frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{bn}$	18
meijerg	$-\frac{i(-1)^{-\frac{\text{csgn}(ib)}{2}} - \frac{\text{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} + \frac{\text{csgn}(ix^n) \text{csgn}(ib)}{2} - \frac{-1+n}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \ln\left(1 - \frac{ix^n b(-1)^{\frac{\text{csgn}(ib)}{2}} + \frac{\text{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} - \frac{\text{csgn}(ix^n) \text{csgn}(ib)}{2}\right)}{bn}$	99

input `int(x-1+n/(2+b*xn),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/n*ln(2+b*exp(n*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(bx^n + 2)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x-1+n/(2+b*xn),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `log(b*xn + 2)/(b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{2n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b+2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(2+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)/(2*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(b + 2), Eq(n, 0)), (log(x**n + 2/b)/(b*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(bx^n + 2)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `log(b*x^n + 2)/(b*n)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(|bx^n + 2|)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `log(abs(b*x^n + 2))/(b*n)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{\ln(bx^n + 2)}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2),x)`

output `log(b*x^n + 2)/(b*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(x^n b + 2)}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(2+b*x^n),x)`

output `log(x**n*b + 2)/(b*n)`

### 3.476 $\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	3122
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3122
Rubi [A] (verified)	3123
Maple [A] (verified)	3124
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3125
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3125
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3126
Giac [F]	3126
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3126
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3127

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{2} - \frac{\log(2+bx^n)}{2n}$$

output `1/2*ln(x)-1/2*ln(2+b*x^n)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x^n) - \log(n(2+bx^n))}{2n}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(2 + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n] - Log[n*(2 + b*x^n)])/(2*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x(bx^n + 2)} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}}{bx^n + 2} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 47 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n} dx^n}{2} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{1}{bx^n + 2} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 14 \\
 \frac{\frac{\log(x^n)}{2} - \frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{1}{bx^n + 2} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 16 \\
 \frac{\frac{\log(x^n)}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log(bx^n + 2)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(2 + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n]/2 - Log[2 + b*x^n]/2)/n`



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 47 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
norman	$\frac{\ln(x)}{2} - \frac{\ln(2+be^{n \ln(x)})}{2n}$
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{2} - \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{2n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{n \ln(x) - \ln(2+bx^n)}{2n}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(2+bx^n)}{2} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{2}}{n}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(2+bx^n)}{2} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{2}}{n}$
meijerg	$\frac{n \ln(x) - \ln(2) + \ln(b) + i \left( \frac{\operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2} + \frac{\operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \right) \pi - \ln \left( 1 - \frac{ix^n b(-1)^{\frac{\operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2}} + \frac{\operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} - \frac{\operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2}}{2} \right)}{2n}$

input `int(1/x/(2+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*ln(x)-1/2/n*ln(2+b*exp(n*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx = \frac{n \log(x) - \log(bx^n + 2)}{2n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(n*log(x) - log(b*x^n + 2))/n`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge (b = 0 \vee n = 0) \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b+2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{2} - \frac{\log(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{2n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(2+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/2, Eq(b, 0) & (Eq(b, 0) | Eq(n, 0))), (log(x)/(b + 2), Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/2 - log(x**n + 2/b)/(2*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\log(bx^n+2)}{2n} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{2n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*log(b*x^n + 2)/n + 1/2*log(x^n)/n`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+2)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + 2)*x), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\ln(x)}{2} - \frac{\ln(bx^n+2)}{2n}$$

input `int(1/(x*(b*x^n + 2)),x)`

output `log(x)/2 - log(b*x^n + 2)/(2*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{x(2+bx^n)} dx = \frac{-\log(x^n b + 2) + \log(x) n}{2n}$$

input `int(1/x/(2+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - log(x**n*b + 2) + log(x)*n)/(2*n)`

### 3.477 $\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3128
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3128
Rubi [A] (verified)	3129
Maple [A] (verified)	3130
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3130
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3131
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3131
Giac [F]	3132
Mupad [F(-1)]	3132
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3132

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-n}}{2n} - \frac{1}{4}b \log(x) + \frac{b \log(2+bx^n)}{4n}$$

output

```
-1/2/n/(x^n)-1/4*b*ln(x)+1/4*b*ln(2+b*x^n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-n} + b \log(x^n) - b \log(n(2+bx^n))}{4n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n)/(2 + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(2/x^n + b*Log[x^n] - b*Log[n*(2 + b*x^n)])/n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{x^{-2n}}{bx^n + 2} dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & \frac{\int \left( \frac{x^{-2n}}{2} - \frac{bx^{-n}}{4} + \frac{b^2}{4(bx^n + 2)} \right) dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{-\frac{1}{4}b \log(x^n) + \frac{1}{4}b \log(bx^n + 2) - \frac{x^{-n}}{2}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)/(2 + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-1/2*1/x^n - (b*Log[x^n])/4 + (b*Log[2 + b*x^n])/4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

method	result
risch	$-\frac{x^{-n}}{2n} - \frac{b \ln(x)}{4} + \frac{b \ln(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{4n}$
norman	$\left(-\frac{b \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)}}{4} - \frac{1}{2n}\right) e^{-n \ln(x)} + \frac{b \ln(2 + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{4n}$
meijerg	$ib(-1)^{\frac{\text{csgn}(ib)}{2} + \frac{\text{csgn}(ix^n)}{2}} - \frac{\text{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} \text{csgn}(ib) \left( (-1)^{\frac{(-1-n+\frac{1}{n})}{2} \text{csgn}(ib)} + \frac{(-1-n+\frac{1}{n})}{2} \text{csgn}(ix^n) - \frac{(-1-n+\frac{1}{n})}{2} \text{csgn}(ix^n) \text{csgn}(ib) \right)$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n)/(2+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/2/n/(x^n)-1/4*b*ln(x)+1/4*b/n*ln(x^n+2/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = -\frac{bnx^n \log(x) - bx^n \log(bx^n + 2) + 2}{4nx^n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n)/(2+b*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/4*(b*n*x^n*log(x) - b*x^n*log(b*x^n + 2) + 2)/(n*x^n)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n-1}}{2n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b+2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{b \log(x^n)}{4n} + \frac{b \log(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{4n} - \frac{x^{-n}}{2n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)/(2+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(2*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(b + 2), Eq(n, 0)), (-b*log(x**n)/(4*n) + b*log(x**n + 2/b)/(4*n) - 1/(2*n*x**n), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{1}{4} b \log(x) + \frac{b \log\left(\frac{bx^n+2}{b}\right)}{4n} - \frac{1}{2nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/4*b*log(x) + 1/4*b*log((b*x^n + 2)/b)/n - 1/2/(n*x^n)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+1} (bx^n + 2)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(b*x^n + 2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(b*x^n + 2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n \log(x^n b + 2) b - x^n \log(x) b n - 2}{4x^n n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(2+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*log(x**n*b + 2)*b - x**n*log(x)*b*n - 2)/(4*x**n*n)`

### 3.478 $\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3133
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3133
Rubi [A] (verified)	3134
Maple [A] (verified)	3135
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3135
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3136
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3136
Giac [F]	3137
Mupad [F(-1)]	3137
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3137

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} + \frac{bx^{-n}}{4n} + \frac{1}{8}b^2 \log(x) - \frac{b^2 \log(2+bx^n)}{8n}$$

output

```
-1/4/n/(x^(2*n))+1/4*b/n/(x^n)+1/8*b^2*ln(x)-1/8*b^2*ln(2+b*x^n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n}(2-2bx^n) - b^2 \log(x^n) + b^2 \log(n(2+bx^n))}{8n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)/(2 + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-1/8*((2 - 2*b*x^n)/x^(2*n) - b^2*Log[x^n] + b^2*Log[n*(2 + b*x^n)])/n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{x^{-3n}}{bx^n + 2} dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$\frac{\int \left( \frac{x^{-3n}}{2} - \frac{1}{4}bx^{-2n} + \frac{1}{8}b^2x^{-n} - \frac{b^3}{8(bx^n + 2)} \right) dx^n}{n}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{8}b^2 \log(x^n) - \frac{1}{8}b^2 \log(bx^n + 2) + \frac{bx^{-n}}{4} - \frac{1}{4}x^{-2n}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 2*n)/(2 + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-1/4*1/x^(2*n) + b/(4*x^n) + (b^2*Log[x^n])/8 - (b^2*Log[2 + b*x^n])/8)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
risch	$\frac{bx^{-n}}{4n} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} + \frac{b^2 \ln(x)}{8} - \frac{b^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{8n}$
norman	$\left( \frac{b^2 \ln(x)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{8} - \frac{1}{4n} + \frac{be^{n \ln(x)}}{4n} \right) e^{-2n \ln(x)} - \frac{b^2 \ln(2+be^{n \ln(x)})}{8n}$
meijerg	$(-1)^{\text{csgn}(ib) + \text{csgn}(ix^n) + \text{csgn}(ix^n)} \text{csgn}(ib) b^2 \left( -(-1)^{\frac{(-2n-1) + \frac{1}{n}}{2}} \text{csgn}(ib) + \frac{(-2n-1) + \frac{1}{n}}{2} \text{csgn}(ix^n) - \frac{(-2n-1) + \frac{1}{n}}{2} \text{csgn}(ix^n) \text{csgn}(ix^n) \right)$

input `int(x^(-2*n-1)/(2+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*b/n/(x^n)-1/4/n/(x^n)^2+1/8*b^2*ln(x)-1/8*b^2/n*ln(x^n+2/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{b^2 n x^{2n} \log(x) - b^2 x^{2n} \log(bx^n + 2) + 2bx^n - 2}{8nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(2+b*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/8*(b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) - b^2*x^(2*n)*log(b*x^n + 2) + 2*b*x^n - 2)/(n*x  
^(2*n))`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n-1}}{4n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b+2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{b^2 \log(x^n)}{8n} - \frac{b^2 \log(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{8n} + \frac{bx^{-n}}{4n} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{4n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)/(2+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-2*n - 1)/(4*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(b + 2), Eq(n, 0)), (b**2*log(x**n)/(8*n) - b**2*log(x**n + 2/b)/(8*n) + b/(4*n*x**n) - 1/(4*n*x**(2*n))), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{1}{8} b^2 \log(x) - \frac{b^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+2}{b}\right)}{8n} + \frac{bx^n - 1}{4nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/8*b^2*log(x) - 1/8*b^2*log((b*x^n + 2)/b)/n + 1/4*(b*x^n - 1)/(n*x^(2*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+1} (bx^n + 2)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(b*x^n + 2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(b*x^n + 2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{2 + bx^n} dx = \frac{-x^{2n} \log(x^n b + 2) b^2 + x^{2n} \log(x) b^2 n + 2x^n b - 2}{8x^{2n} n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)/(2+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + 2)*b**2 + x**(2*n)*log(x)*b**2*n + 2*x**n*b - 2) / (8*x**(2*n)*n)`

### 3.479 $\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3138
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3138
Rubi [A] (verified)	3139
Maple [A] (verified)	3140
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3140
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3141
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3141
Giac [F]	3142
Mupad [F(-1)]	3142
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3142

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-3n}}{6n} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{8n} - \frac{b^2x^{-n}}{8n} - \frac{1}{16}b^3 \log(x) + \frac{b^3 \log(2+bx^n)}{16n}$$

output

```
-1/6/n/(x^(3*n))+1/8*b/n/(x^(2*n))-1/8*b^2/n/(x^n)-1/16*b^3*ln(x)+1/16*b^3*ln(2+b*x^n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-3n}(8-6bx^n+6b^2x^{2n})+3b^3 \log(x^n)-3b^3 \log(n(2+bx^n))}{48n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1-3*n)/(2+b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-1/48*((8-6*b*x^n+6*b^2*x^(2*n))/x^(3*n)+3*b^3*Log[x^n]-3*b^3*Log[n*(2+b*x^n)])/n
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{bx^n + 2} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-4n}}{bx^n + 2} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \frac{\int \left( \frac{x^{-4n}}{2} - \frac{1}{4}bx^{-3n} + \frac{1}{8}b^2x^{-2n} - \frac{1}{16}b^3x^{-n} + \frac{b^4}{16(bx^n+2)} \right) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{1}{16}b^3 \log(x^n) + \frac{1}{16}b^3 \log(bx^n + 2) - \frac{1}{8}b^2x^{-n} + \frac{1}{8}bx^{-2n} - \frac{1}{6}x^{-3n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 3*n)/(2 + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-1/6*1/x^(3*n) + b/(8*x^(2*n)) - b^2/(8*x^n) - (b^3*Log[x^n])/16 + (b^3*Log[2 + b*x^n])/16)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`



rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$-\frac{b^2 x^{-n}}{8n} + \frac{b x^{-2n}}{8n} - \frac{x^{-3n}}{6n} - \frac{b^3 \ln(x)}{16} + \frac{b^3 \ln(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{16n}$
norman	$\left(-\frac{b^3 \ln(x) e^{3n \ln(x)}}{16} - \frac{1}{6n} + \frac{b e^{n \ln(x)}}{8n} - \frac{b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{8n}\right) e^{-3n \ln(x)} + \frac{b^3 \ln(2 + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{16n}$
meijerg	$i b^3 (-1)^{\frac{3 \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2} + \frac{3 \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2}} - \frac{3 \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n) \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2} \left( -(-1)^{\frac{(-1-3n+\frac{1}{n}) \operatorname{csgn}(ib)}{2}} + \frac{(-1-3n+\frac{1}{n}) \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} - \frac{(-1-3n+\frac{1}{n}) \operatorname{csgn}(ix^n)}{2} \right)$

input

```
int(x^(-1-3*n)/(2+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/8*b^2/n/(x^n)+1/8*b/n/(x^n)^2-1/6/n/(x^n)^3-1/16*b^3*ln(x)+1/16*b^3/n*1
n(x^n+2/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3b^3 n x^{3n} \log(x) - 3b^3 x^{3n} \log(bx^n + 2) + 6b^2 x^{2n} - 6bx^n + 8}{48 n x^{3n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(2+b*x^n), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/48*(3*b^3*n*x^(3*n)*log(x) - 3*b^3*x^(3*n)*log(b*x^n + 2) + 6*b^2*x^(2*
n) - 6*b*x^n + 8)/(n*x^(3*n))
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-3n-1}}{6n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{b+2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{b^3 \log(x^n)}{16n} + \frac{b^3 \log(x^n + \frac{2}{b})}{16n} - \frac{b^2 x^{-n}}{8n} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{8n} - \frac{x^{-3n}}{6n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3*n)/(2+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((log(x)/2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-3*n - 1)/(6*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(b + 2), Eq(n, 0)), (-b**3*log(x**n)/(16*n) + b**3*log(x**n + 2/b)/(16*n) - b**2/(8*n*x**n) + b/(8*n*x**(2*n)) - 1/(6*n*x**(3*n)), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = -\frac{1}{16} b^3 \log(x) + \frac{b^3 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+2}{b}\right)}{16n} - \frac{3b^2x^{2n} - 3bx^n + 4}{24nx^{3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/16*b^3*log(x) + 1/16*b^3*log((b*x^n + 2)/b)/n - 1/24*(3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 3*b*x^n + 4)/(n*x^(3*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{bx^n+2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(2+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + 2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n+1}(bx^n+2)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(b*x^n + 2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(b*x^n + 2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{2+bx^n} dx = \frac{3x^{3n}\log(x^n b + 2)b^3 - 3x^{3n}\log(x)b^3 n - 6x^{2n}b^2 + 6x^n b - 8}{48x^{3n}n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)/(2+b*x^n),x)`

output `(3*x**(3*n)*log(x**n*b + 2)*b**3 - 3*x**(3*n)*log(x)*b**3*n - 6*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 6*x**n*b - 8)/(48*x**(3*n)*n)`

**3.480**       $\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3143
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3143
Rubi [A] (verified)	3144
Maple [A] (verified)	3145
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3145
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3146
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3146
Giac [F]	3147
Mupad [F(-1)]	3147
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3147

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{2ax^n}{b^3n} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2b^2n} + \frac{a^3}{b^4n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{3a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^4n}$$

output -2\*a\*x^n/b^3/n+1/2\*x^(2\*n)/b^2/n+a^3/b^4/n/(a+b\*x^n)+3\*a^2\*ln(a+b\*x^n)/b^4/n

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{2a^3 - 4a^2bx^n - 3ab^2x^{2n} + b^3x^{3n}}{2b^4n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{3a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^4n}$$

input Integrate[x^(-1 + 4\*n)/(a + b\*x^n)^2,x]

output (2\*a^3 - 4\*a^2\*b\*x^n - 3\*a\*b^2\*x^(2\*n) + b^3\*x^(3\*n))/(2\*b^4\*n\*(a + b\*x^n)) + (3\*a^2\*Log[a + b\*x^n])/(b^4\*n)

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\int \frac{x^{3n}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 49$$

$$\int \left( \frac{x^n}{b^2} + \frac{3a^2}{b^3(bx^n+a)} - \frac{a^3}{b^3(bx^n+a)^2} - \frac{2a}{b^3} \right) dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{\frac{a^3}{b^4(a+bx^n)} + \frac{3a^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{b^4} - \frac{2ax^n}{b^3} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2b^2}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `((-2*a*x^n)/b^3 + x^(2*n)/(2*b^2) + a^3/(b^4*(a + b*x^n)) + (3*a^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{2n}}{2b^2n} - \frac{2ax^n}{b^3n} + \frac{a^3}{b^4n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{3a^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^4n}$	67
norman	$\frac{3a^3}{b^4n} + \frac{e^{3n \ln(x)}}{2bn} - \frac{3ae^{2n \ln(x)}}{2b^2n} + \frac{3a^2 \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^4n}$	78

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2/b^2/n*(x^n)^2-2*a*x^n/b^3/n+a^3/b^4/n/(a+b*x^n)+3*a^2/b^4/n*ln(x^n+a/b  
)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{b^3x^{3n} - 3ab^2x^{2n} - 4a^2bx^n + 2a^3 + 6(a^2bx^n + a^3) \log(bx^n + a)}{2(b^5nx^n + ab^4n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b^3*x^(3*n) - 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 4*a^2*b*x^n + 2*a^3 + 6*(a^2*b*x^n +  
a^3)*log(b*x^n + a))/(b^5*n*x^n + a*b^4*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 178 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 11.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.70

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{4n-1}}{4a^2n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{6a^3 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{2ab^{4n} + 2b^5nx^n} + \frac{6a^3}{2ab^{4n} + 2b^5nx^n} + \frac{6a^2bx^n \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{2ab^{4n} + 2b^5nx^n} - \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{2ab^{4n} + 2b^5nx^n} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{2ab^{4n} + 2b^5nx^n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*a**2*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (6*a**3*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a*b**4*n + 2*b**5*n*x**n) + 6*a**3/(2*a*b**4*n + 2*b**5*n*x**n) + 6*a**2*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a*b**4*n + 2*b**5*n*x**n) - 3*a*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*a*b**4*n + 2*b**5*n*x**n) + b**3*x**(3*n)/(2*a*b**4*n + 2*b**5*n*x**n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{b^3x^{3n} - 3ab^2x^{2n} - 4a^2bx^n + 2a^3}{2(b^5nx^n + ab^{4n})} + \frac{3a^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(b^3*x^(3*n) - 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 4*a^2*b*x^n + 2*a^3)/(b^5*n*x^n + a*b^4*n) + 3*a^2*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^4*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{3n}b^3 - 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 6x^n \log(x^n b + a) a^2 b - 6x^n a^2 b + 6 \log(x^n b + a) a^3}{2b^{4n} (x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(x**(3*n)*b**3 - 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 6*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b - 6*x**n*a**2*b + 6*log(x**n*b + a)*a**3)/(2*b**4*n*(x**n*b + a))`



### 3.481 $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3148
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3148
Rubi [A] (verified)	3149
Maple [A] (verified)	3150
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3150
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3151
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3151
Giac [F]	3152
Mupad [F(-1)]	3152
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3152

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^n}{b^2n} - \frac{a^2}{b^3n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{2a \log(a+bx^n)}{b^3n}$$

output `x^n/b^2/n-a^2/b^3/n/(a+b*x^n)-2*a*ln(a+b*x^n)/b^3/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{-a^2 + abx^n + b^2x^{2n}}{b^3n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{2a \log(a+bx^n)}{b^3n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(-a^2 + a*b*x^n + b^2*x^(2*n))/(b^3*n*(a + b*x^n)) - (2*a*Log[a + b*x^n])/ (b^3*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^n+a)^2} - \frac{2a}{b^2(bx^n+a)} + \frac{1}{b^2} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{a^2}{b^3(a+bx^n)} - \frac{2a \log(a+bx^n)}{b^3} + \frac{x^n}{b^2}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x^n/b^2 - a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^n)) - (2*a*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^n}{b^2 n} - \frac{a^2}{b^3 n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{2a \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^3 n}$	51
norman	$\frac{\frac{e^{2n \ln(x)}}{bn} - \frac{2a^2}{b^3 n}}{a+be^{n \ln(x)}} - \frac{2a \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^3 n}$	59

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x^n/b^2/n-a^2/b^3/n/(a+b*x^n)-2*a/b^3/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{b^2 x^{2n} + abx^n - a^2 - 2(abx^n + a^2) \log(bx^n + a)}{b^4 n x^n + ab^3 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*x^n - a^2 - 2*(a*b*x^n + a^2)*log(b*x^n + a))/(b^4*n*x^n + a*b^3*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 133 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.77

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} & \text{for } b=0 \wedge n=0 \\ \frac{xx^{3n-1}}{3a^2n} & \text{for } b=0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} & \text{for } n=0 \\ -\frac{2a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{ab^3n+b^4nx^n} - \frac{2a^2}{ab^3n+b^4nx^n} - \frac{2abx^n \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{ab^3n+b^4nx^n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{ab^3n+b^4nx^n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*a**2*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (-2*a**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(a*b**3*n + b**4*n*x**n) - 2*a**2/(a*b**3*n + b**4*n*x**n) - 2*a*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(a*b**3*n + b**4*n*x**n) + b**2*x**(2*n)/(a*b**3*n + b**4*n*x**n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{b^2x^{2n} + abx^n - a^2}{b^4nx^n + ab^3n} - \frac{2a \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*x^n - a^2)/(b^4*n*x^n + a*b^3*n) - 2*a*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^3*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{2n}b^2 - 2x^n \log(x^n b + a) ab + 2x^n ab - 2 \log(x^n b + a) a^2}{b^3 n (x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 2*x**n*a*b - 2*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2)/(b**3*n*(x**n*b + a))`

### 3.482 $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3153
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3153
Rubi [A] (verified)	3154
Maple [A] (verified)	3155
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3155
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3156
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3156
Giac [F]	3157
Mupad [F(-1)]	3157
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3157

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{a}{b^2n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{b^2n}$$

output `a/b^2/n/(a+b*x^n)+ln(a+b*x^n)/b^2/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{a}{b^2n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(abn+b^2nx^n)}{b^2n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `a/(b^2*n*(a + b*x^n)) + Log[a*b*n + b^2*n*x^n]/(b^2*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{798}$$

$$\int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow \text{49}$$

$$\int \left( \frac{1}{b(bx^n+a)} - \frac{a}{b(bx^n+a)^2} \right) dx^n$$

$$\downarrow \text{2009}$$

$$\frac{a}{b^2(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{b^2}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(a/(b^2*(a + b*x^n)) + Log[a + b*x^n]/b^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] :> Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]  
&& IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{a}{b^2 n (a + b x^n)} + \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^2 n}$	36
norman	$\frac{a}{b^2 n (a + b e^{n \ln(x)})} + \frac{\ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{b^2 n}$	38

input `int(x^(2*n-1)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/b^2/n/(a+b*x^n)+1/b^2/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(bx^n + a) \log(bx^n + a) + a}{b^3 n x^n + ab^2 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((b*x^n + a)*log(b*x^n + a) + a)/(b^3*n*x^n + a*b^2*n)`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 99 vs.  $2(26) = 52$ .

Time = 6.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{2n-1}}{2a^{2n}} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{a \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{ab^2n+b^3nx^n} + \frac{a}{ab^2n+b^3nx^n} + \frac{bx^n \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{ab^2n+b^3nx^n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*a**2*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (a*log(a/b + x**n)/(a*b**2*n + b**3*n*x**n) + a/(a*b**2*n + b**3*n*x**n) + b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(a*b**2*n + b**3*n*x**n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{a}{b^3nx^n + ab^2n} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a/(b^3*n*x^n + a*b^2*n) + log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^n \log(x^n b + a) b - x^n b + \log(x^n b + a) a}{b^2 n (x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `(x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*b - x**n*b + log(x**n*b + a)*a)/(b**2*n*(x**n*b + a)`  
`)`

$$3.483 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3158
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3158
Rubi [A] (verified)	3159
Maple [A] (verified)	3159
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3160
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3160
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3161
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3161
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3161
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3162

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 17

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{bn(a+bx^n)}$$

output `-1/b/n/(a+b*x^n)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{bn(a+bx^n)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(1/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 793

$$-\frac{1}{bn(a + bx^n)}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(1/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{bn(a+bx^n)}$	18
parallelrisch	$\frac{xx^{-1+n}}{an(a+bx^n)}$	23
norman	$\frac{e^{n \ln(x)}}{an(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}$	24

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/b/n/(a+b*x^n)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b^2nx^n + abn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/(b^2*n*x^n + a*b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.82

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n}x^{n-1}}{b^2n} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\tilde{\infty}xx^{n-1}}{n} & \text{for } b = -ax^{-n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{a^2n+abnx^n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(n - 1)/(b*  
*2*n*x**(2*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*x**(n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(  
a + b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)/(a**2*n + a*b*n*x**n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{(bx^n + a)bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/((b*x^n + a)*b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{(bx^n + a)bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/((b*x^n + a)*b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{a}{b(a^2 n + a b n x^n)}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `-a/(b*(a^2*n + a*b*n*x^n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^n}{an(x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `x**n/(a*n*(x**n*b + a))`

### 3.484 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3163
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3163
Rubi [A] (verified)	3164
Maple [A] (verified)	3165
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3165
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3166
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3167
Giac [F]	3167
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3167
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3168

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{1}{an(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

output

$1/a/n/(a+b*x^n)+\ln(x)/a^2-\ln(a+b*x^n)/a^2/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{1}{an(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^2n} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

input

`Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2),x]`

output

$1/(a*n*(a + b*x^n)) + \text{Log}[x^n]/(a^2*n) - \text{Log}[a + b*x^n]/(a^2*n)$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$\int \left( \frac{x^{-n}}{a^2} - \frac{b}{a^2(bx^n+a)} - \frac{b}{a(bx^n+a)^2} \right) dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^2} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a(a+bx^n)}}{n}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2),x]`

output `(1/(a*(a + b*x^n)) + Log[x^n]/a^2 - Log[a + b*x^n]/a^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^2}}{n}$	40
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^2}}{n}$	40
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{an(a+bx^n)} - \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^2n}$	42
norman	$\frac{-\frac{be^n \ln(x)}{a^2n} + \frac{\ln(x)}{a} + \frac{b \ln(x)e^n \ln(x)}{a^2}}{a+be^n \ln(x)} - \frac{\ln(a+be^n \ln(x))}{a^2n}$	65
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(x)x^n b^2n + \ln(x)abn - \ln(a+bx^n)x^n b^2 - \ln(a+bx^n)ab + ab}{a^2bn(a+bx^n)}$	68

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/n*(-1/a^2*ln(a+b*x^n)+1/a/(a+b*x^n)+1/a^2*ln(x^n))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{bnx^n \log(x) + an \log(x) - (bx^n + a) \log(bx^n + a) + a}{a^2bnx^n + a^3n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(b^n x^n \log(x) + a^n \log(x) - (b x^n + a) \log(b x^n + a) + a) / (a^2 b^n x^n + a^3 n)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 160 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a^2} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-2n}}{2b^2n} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } b = -ax^{-n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{an \log(x)}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} - \frac{a \log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} + \frac{a}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} + \frac{bnx^n \log(x)}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} - \frac{bx^n \log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{a^3n+a^2bnx^n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/a**2, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(2*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*log(x), Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a+b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (a*n*log(x)/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n)-a*log(a/b+x**n)/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n)+a/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n)+b*n*x**n*log(x)/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n)-b*x**n*log(a/b+x**n)/(a**3*n+a**2*b*n*x**n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{1}{abnx^n + a^2n} - \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{a^2n} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^2n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n) - log(b*x^n + a)/(a^2*n) + log(x^n)/(a^2*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*x), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{\ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{1}{an(a+bx^n)} - \frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`output `log(x)/a^2 + 1/(a*n*(a + b*x^n)) - log(a + b*x^n)/(a^2*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^n \log(x^n b + a) b + x^n \log(x) b n - x^n b - \log(x^n b + a) a + \log(x) a n}{a^2 n (x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `( - x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*b + x**n*log(x)*b*n - x**n*b - log(x**n*b + a)*a + log(x)*a*n)/(a**2*n*(x**n*b + a))`

### 3.485 $\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3169
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3169
Rubi [A] (verified)	3170
Maple [A] (verified)	3171
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3171
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3172
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3172
Giac [F]	3173
Mupad [F(-1)]	3173
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3173

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{x^{-n}}{a^2n} - \frac{b}{a^2n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{2b \log(x)}{a^3} + \frac{2b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^3n}$$

output `-1/a^2/n/(x^n)-b/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)-2*b*ln(x)/a^3+2*b*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^3/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{\frac{a(-2b-ax^{-n})}{a+bx^n} - 2b \log(x^n) + 2b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^3n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `((a*(-2*b - a/x^n))/(a + b*x^n) - 2*b*Log[x^n] + 2*b*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^3*n`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \int \left( \frac{x^{-2n}}{a^2} - \frac{2bx^{-n}}{a^3} + \frac{2b^2}{a^3(bx^n+a)} + \frac{b^2}{a^2(bx^n+a)^2} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{2b \log(x^n)}{a^3} + \frac{2b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^3} - \frac{b}{a^2(a+bx^n)} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a^2}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(-(1/(a^2*x^n)) - b/(a^2*(a + b*x^n)) - (2*b*Log[x^n])/a^3 + (2*b*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{x^{-n}}{a^2 n} - \frac{2b \ln(x)}{a^3} - \frac{b}{a^2 n(a + b x^n)} + \frac{2b \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^3 n}$	60
norman	$\frac{\left(\frac{2b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3 n} - \frac{1}{an} - \frac{2b \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2} - \frac{2b^2 \ln(x) e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3}\right) e^{-n \ln(x)}}{a + b e^{n \ln(x)}} + \frac{2b \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a^3 n}$	97

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/a^2/n/(x^n)-2*b*ln(x)/a^3-b/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)+2*b/a^3/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{2b^2 n x^{2n} \log(x) + a^2 + 2(abn \log(x) + ab)x^n - 2(b^2 x^{2n} + abx^n) \log(bx^n + a)}{a^3 b n x^{2n} + a^4 n x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(2*b^2*n*x^(2*n)*log(x) + a^2 + 2*(a*b*n*log(x) + a*b)*x^n - 2*(b^2*x^(2*  
n) + a*b*x^n)*log(b*x^n + a))/(a^3*b*n*x^(2*n) + a^4*n*x^n)`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 262 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 8.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 262, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.60

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ -\frac{xx^{-n-1}}{a^2n} \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n}x^{-n-1}}{3b^2n} \\ \frac{\tilde{\infty}xx^{-n-1}}{n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} \\ -\frac{a^2}{a^4nx^n+a^3bnx^{2n}} - \frac{2abx^n \log(x^n)}{a^4nx^n+a^3bnx^{2n}} + \frac{2abx^n \log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{a^4nx^n+a^3bnx^{2n}} - \frac{2abx^n}{a^4nx^n+a^3bnx^{2n}} - \frac{2b^2x^{2n} \log(x^n)}{a^4nx^n+a^3bnx^{2n}} + \frac{2b^2x^{2n} \log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{a^4nx^n+a^3bnx^{2n}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(a**2*n), Eq(b, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*x**(-n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a + b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (-a**2/(a**4*n*x**n + a**3*b*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*a*b*x**n*log(x**n)/(a**4*n*x**n + a**3*b*n*x**(2*n)) + 2*a*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**4*n*x**n + a**3*b*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*a*b*x**n/(a**4*n*x**n + a**3*b*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n)/(a**4*n*x**n + a**3*b*n*x**(2*n)) + 2*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**4*n*x**n + a**3*b*n*x**(2*n)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{2bx^n+a}{a^2bnx^{2n}+a^3nx^n} - \frac{2b \log(x)}{a^3} + \frac{2b \log(\frac{bx^n+a}{b})}{a^3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$-(2bx^n + a)/(a^2bnx^{2n} + a^3nx^n) - 2b\log(x)/a^3 + 2b\log((bx^n + a)/b)/(a^3n)$$
**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^(-n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+1}(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^{2n}\log(x^n b + a) b^2 - 2x^{2n}\log(x) b^2 n + 2x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n \log(x^n b + a) ab - 2x^n \log(x) abn - a^2}{x^n a^3 n (x^n b + a)}$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
(2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*log(x)*b**2*n + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b - 2*x**n*log(x)*a*b*n - a**2)/(x**n*a**3*n*(x**n*b + a))
```

### 3.486 $\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3175
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3175
Rubi [A] (verified)	3176
Maple [A] (verified)	3177
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3177
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3178
Maxima [F(-2)]	3179
Giac [F]	3179
Mupad [F(-1)]	3179
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3180

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 78

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n}}{2a^2n} + \frac{2bx^{-n}}{a^3n} + \frac{b^2}{a^3n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{3b^2 \log(x)}{a^4} - \frac{3b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^4n}$$

output

$-1/2/a^2/n/(x^{(2*n)})+2*b/a^3/n/(x^n)+b^2/a^3/n/(a+b*x^n)+3*b^2*\ln(x)/a^4-3*b^2*\ln(a+b*x^n)/a^4/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{6ab^2-a^3x^{-2n}+3a^2bx^{-n}}{a+bx^n} + \frac{6b^2 \log(x^n) - 6b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{2a^4n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output

$((6*a*b^2 - a^3/x^{(2*n)} + (3*a^2*b)/x^n)/(a + b*x^n) + 6*b^2*Log[x^n] - 6*b^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/(2*a^4*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 798

$$\int \frac{x^{-3n}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^n$$

↓ 54

$$\int \left( \frac{x^{-3n}}{a^2} - \frac{2bx^{-2n}}{a^3} + \frac{3b^2x^{-n}}{a^4} - \frac{3b^3}{a^4(bx^n+a)} - \frac{b^3}{a^3(bx^n+a)^2} \right) dx^n$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{\frac{3b^2 \log(x^n)}{a^4} - \frac{3b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^4} + \frac{b^2}{a^3(a+bx^n)} + \frac{2bx^{-n}}{a^3} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{2a^2}}{n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(-1/2*1/(a^2*x^(2*n)) + (2*b)/(a^3*x^n) + b^2/(a^3*(a + b*x^n)) + (3*b^2*Log[x^n])/a^4 - (3*b^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2bx^{-n}}{a^3n} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{2a^2n} + \frac{3b^2 \ln(x)}{a^4} + \frac{b^2}{a^3n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{3b^2 \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^4n}$	79
norman	$\frac{\left(-\frac{3b^3e^{3n \ln(x)}}{a^4n} - \frac{1}{2an} + \frac{3be^{n \ln(x)}}{2a^2n} + \frac{3b^2 \ln(x)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3} + \frac{3b^3 \ln(x)e^{3n \ln(x)}}{a^4}\right)e^{-2n \ln(x)}}{a+be^{n \ln(x)}} - \frac{3b^2 \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{a^4n}$	117

input

```
int(x^(-2*n-1)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2*b/a^3/n/(x^n)-1/2/a^2/n/(x^n)^2+3*b^2*ln(x)/a^4+b^2/a^3/n/(a+b*x^n)-3*b^
2/a^4/n*ln(x^n+a/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{6b^3nx^{3n} \log(x) + 3a^2bx^n - a^3 + 6(ab^2n \log(x) + ab^2)x^{2n} - 6(b^3x^{3n} + ab^2x^{2n}) \log(bx^n + a)}{2(a^4bnx^{3n} + a^5nx^{2n})}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1/2*(6*b^3*n*x^(3*n)*\log(x) + 3*a^2*b*x^n - a^3 + 6*(a*b^2*n*\log(x) + a*b^2)*x^(2*n) - 6*(b^3*x^(3*n) + a*b^2*x^(2*n))*\log(b*x^n + a))/(a^4*b*n*x^(3*n) + a^5*n*x^(2*n))$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 345 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 22.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 345, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n-1}}{2a^{2n}} \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n}x^{-2n-1}}{4b^{2n}} \\ \frac{\tilde{\infty}xx^{-2n-1}}{n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} \\ -\frac{a^3}{2a^5nx^{2n}+2a^4bnx^{3n}} + \frac{3a^2bx^n}{2a^5nx^{2n}+2a^4bnx^{3n}} + \frac{6ab^2x^{2n}\log(x^n)}{2a^5nx^{2n}+2a^4bnx^{3n}} - \frac{6ab^2x^{2n}\log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{2a^5nx^{2n}+2a^4bnx^{3n}} + \frac{6ab^2x^{2n}}{2a^5nx^{2n}+2a^4bnx^{3n}} + \frac{6b^3x^{3n}\log(x)}{2a^5nx^{2n}+2a^4bnx^{3n}} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-2*n - 1)/(2*a**2*n), Eq(b, 0)), (-x*x**(-2*n - 1)/(4*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*x**(-2*n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a + b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (-a**3/(2*a**5*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b*n*x**(3*n)) + 3*a**2*b*x**n/(2*a**5*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b*n*x**(3*n)) + 6*a*b**2*x**n*log(x**n)/(2*a**5*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b*n*x**(3*n)) - 6*a*b**2*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b*n*x**(3*n)) + 6*a*b**2*x**n/(2*a**5*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b*n*x**(3*n)) + 6*b**3*x**n*log(x**n)/(2*a**5*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b*n*x**(3*n)) - 6*b**3*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b*n*x**(3*n))), True))
```

**Maxima [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: RuntimeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `Exception raised: RuntimeError >> ECL says: THROW: The catch RAT-ERR is un defined.`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+1}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-6x^{3n}\log(x^n b + a) b^3 + 6x^{3n}\log(x) b^3 n - 6x^{3n} b^3 - 6x^{2n}\log(x^n b + a) a b^2 + 6x^{2n}\log(x) a b^2 n + 3x^n a^2 b - 3x^n a^2}{2x^{2n} a^4 n (x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `( - 6*x**(3*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**3 + 6*x**(3*n)*log(x)*b**3*n - 6*x**(3*n)*b**3 - 6*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2 + 6*x**(2*n)*log(x)*a*b**2*n + 3*x**n*a**2*b - a**3)/(2*x**(2*n)*a**4*n*(x**n*b + a))`

**3.487**       $\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3181
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3181
Rubi [A] (verified)	3182
Maple [A] (verified)	3183
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3183
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3184
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3185
Giac [F]	3185
Mupad [F(-1)]	3185
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3186

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{x^{-3n}}{3a^2n} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{a^3n} - \frac{3b^2x^{-n}}{a^4n} - \frac{b^3}{a^4n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{4b^3 \log(x)}{a^5} + \frac{4b^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^5n}$$

output

$-1/3/a^2/n/(x^{(3*n)})+b/a^3/n/(x^{(2*n)})-3*b^2/a^4/n/(x^n)-b^3/a^4/n/(a+b*x^n)-4*b^3*\ln(x)/a^5+4*b^3*\ln(a+b*x^n)/a^5/n$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{ax^{-3n}(a^3-2a^2bx^n+6ab^2x^{2n}+12b^3x^{3n})}{a+bx^n} + \frac{12b^3 \log(x^n) - 12b^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{3a^5n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 - 3*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output

$-1/3*((a*(a^3 - 2*a^2*b*x^n + 6*a*b^2*x^{(2*n)} + 12*b^3*x^{(3*n)}))/(x^{(3*n)}*(a + b*x^n)) + 12*b^3*Log[x^n] - 12*b^3*Log[a + b*x^n])/(a^5*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-4n}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \int \left( \frac{x^{-4n}}{a^2} - \frac{2bx^{-3n}}{a^3} + \frac{3b^2x^{-2n}}{a^4} - \frac{4b^3x^{-n}}{a^5} + \frac{4b^4}{a^5(bx^n+a)} + \frac{b^4}{a^4(bx^n+a)^2} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{4b^3 \log(x^n)}{a^5} + \frac{4b^3 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^5} - \frac{b^3}{a^4(a+bx^n)} - \frac{3b^2x^{-n}}{a^4} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{a^3} - \frac{x^{-3n}}{3a^2}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 3*n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(-1/3*1/(a^2*x^(3*n)) + b/(a^3*x^(2*n)) - (3*b^2)/(a^4*x^n) - b^3/(a^4*(a + b*x^n)) - (4*b^3*Log[x^n])/a^5 + (4*b^3*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^5)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{3b^2x^{-n}}{a^4n} + \frac{bx^{-2n}}{a^3n} - \frac{x^{-3n}}{3a^2n} - \frac{4b^3\ln(x)}{a^5} - \frac{b^3}{a^4n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{4b^3\ln(x^n+\frac{a}{b})}{a^5n}$	95
norman	$\frac{\left(\frac{4b^4e^{4n\ln(x)}}{a^5n} - \frac{1}{3an} + \frac{2be^{n\ln(x)}}{3a^2n} - \frac{2b^2e^{2n\ln(x)}}{a^3n} - \frac{4b^3\ln(x)e^{3n\ln(x)}}{a^4} - \frac{4b^4\ln(x)e^{4n\ln(x)}}{a^5}\right)e^{-3n\ln(x)}}{a+be^{n\ln(x)}} + \frac{4b^3\ln(a+be^{n\ln(x)})}{a^5n}$	135

input

```
int(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-3*b^2/a^4/n/(x^n)+b/a^3/n/(x^n)^2-1/3/a^2/n/(x^n)^3-4*b^3*ln(x)/a^5-b^3/a^4/n/(a+b*x^n)+4*b^3/a^5/n*ln(x^n+a/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{12b^4nx^{4n}\log(x) + 6a^2b^2x^{2n} - 2a^3bx^n + a^4 + 12(ab^3n\log(x) + ab^3)x^{3n} - 12(b^4x^{4n} + ab^3x^{3n})\log(x)}{3(a^5bnx^{4n} + a^6nx^{3n})}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{-1/3*(12*b^4*n*x^(4*n)*\log(x) + 6*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a^3*b*x^n + a^4 + 12*(a*b^3*n*\log(x) + a*b^3)*x^(3*n) - 12*(b^4*x^(4*n) + a*b^3*x^(3*n))*\log(b*x^n + a))/(a^5*b*n*x^(4*n) + a^6*n*x^(3*n))$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 384 vs.  $2(83) = 166$ .

Time = 46.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 384, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.09

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ -\frac{xx^{-3n-1}}{3a^{2n}} \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n}x^{-3n-1}}{5b^{2n}} \\ \frac{\tilde{\infty}xx^{-3n-1}}{n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} \\ -\frac{a^4}{3a^6nx^{3n}+3a^5bnx^{4n}} + \frac{2a^3bx^n}{3a^6nx^{3n}+3a^5bnx^{4n}} - \frac{6a^2b^2x^{2n}}{3a^6nx^{3n}+3a^5bnx^{4n}} - \frac{12ab^3x^{3n}\log(x^n)}{3a^6nx^{3n}+3a^5bnx^{4n}} + \frac{12ab^3x^{3n}\log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{3a^6nx^{3n}+3a^5bnx^{4n}} - \frac{12ab^3x^{3n}\log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{3a^6nx^{3n}+3a^5bnx^{4n}} \end{cases}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-3*n - 1)/(3*a**2*n), Eq(b, 0)), (-x*x**(-3*n - 1)/(5*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*x**(-3*n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a + b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (-a**4/(3*a**6*n*x**(3*n) + 3*a**5*b*n*x**(4*n)) + 2*a**3*b*x**n/(3*a**6*n*x**(3*n) + 3*a**5*b*n*x**(4*n)) - 6*a**2*b**2*x**(2*n)/(3*a**6*n*x**(3*n) + 3*a**5*b*n*x**(4*n)) - 12*a*b**3*x**(3*n)*log(x**n)/(3*a**6*n*x**(3*n) + 3*a**5*b*n*x**(4*n)) + 12*a*b**3*x**(3*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(3*a**6*n*x**(3*n) + 3*a**5*b*n*x**(4*n)) - 12*a*b**3*x**(3*n)/(3*a**6*n*x**(3*n) + 3*a**5*b*n*x**(4*n)) - 12*b**4*x**(4*n)*log(x**n)/(3*a**6*n*x**(3*n) + 3*a**5*b*n*x**(4*n)) + 12*b**4*x**(4*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(3*a**6*n*x**(3*n) + 3*a**5*b*n*x**(4*n)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{12b^3x^{3n} + 6ab^2x^{2n} - 2a^2bx^n + a^3}{3(a^4bnx^{4n} + a^5nx^{3n})} - \frac{4b^3 \log(x)}{a^5} + \frac{4b^3 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^5n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(12*b^3*x^(3*n) + 6*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a^2*b*x^n + a^3)/(a^4*b*n*x^(4*n) + a^5*n*x^(3*n)) - 4*b^3*log(x)/a^5 + 4*b^3*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^5*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^(-3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n+1}(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2),x)`output `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{12x^{4n}\log(x^n b + a) b^4 - 12x^{4n}\log(x) b^4 n + 12x^{4n} b^4 + 12x^{3n}\log(x^n b + a) a b^3 - 12x^{3n}\log(x) a b^3 n - 6x^{2n} a^2 b^2 + 2x^{2n} a^2 b^2 + 2x^{2n} a^2 b^2 - a^2}{3x^{3n} a^5 n (x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(12*x**(4*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**4 - 12*x**(4*n)*log(x)*b**4*n + 12*x**(4*n)*b**4 + 12*x**(3*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b**3 - 12*x**(3*n)*log(x)*a*b**3*n - 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 2*x**n*a**3*b - a**4)/(3*x**(3*n)*a**5*n*(x**n*b + a))`

### 3.488 $\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3187
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3187
Rubi [A] (verified)	3188
Maple [A] (verified)	3189
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3189
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3190
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3190
Giac [F]	3191
Mupad [F(-1)]	3191
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3191

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^n}{b^3n} + \frac{a^3}{2b^4n(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{3a^2}{b^4n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{3a \log(a+bx^n)}{b^4n}$$

output  $x^n/b^3/n+1/2*a^3/b^4/n/(a+b*x^n)^2-3*a^2/b^4/n/(a+b*x^n)-3*a*\ln(a+b*x^n)/b^4/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{-5a^3-4a^2bx^n+4ab^2x^{2n}+2b^3x^{3n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} - 6a \log(a+bx^n)}{2b^4n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output  $((-5*a^3 - 4*a^2*b*x^n + 4*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*b^3*x^(3*n))/(a + b*x^n)^2 - 6*a*\text{Log}[a + b*x^n])/(2*b^4*n)$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{3n}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3(bx^n+a)^3} + \frac{3a^2}{b^3(bx^n+a)^2} - \frac{3a}{b^3(bx^n+a)} + \frac{1}{b^3} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{a^3}{2b^4(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{3a^2}{b^4(a+bx^n)} - \frac{3a \log(a+bx^n)}{b^4} + \frac{x^n}{b^3}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(x^n/b^3 + a^3/(2*b^4*(a + b*x^n)^2) - (3*a^2)/(b^4*(a + b*x^n)) - (3*a*Log[a + b*x^n])/b^4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^n}{b^3 n} - \frac{a^2(6bx^n+5a)}{2b^4n(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{3a \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{b^4 n}$	61
norman	$\frac{\frac{e^{3n \ln(x)}}{bn} - \frac{9a^3}{2b^4n} - \frac{6a^2 e^{n \ln(x)}}{b^3 n}}{(a+be^{n \ln(x)})^2} - \frac{3a \ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^4 n}$	75

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x^n/b^3/n-1/2*a^2*(6*b*x^n+5*a)/b^4/n/(a+b*x^n)^2-3*a/b^4/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2b^3x^{3n} + 4ab^2x^{2n} - 4a^2bx^n - 5a^3 - 6(ab^2x^{2n} + 2a^2bx^n + a^3) \log(bx^n + a)}{2(b^6nx^{2n} + 2ab^5nx^n + a^2b^4n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 4*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 4*a^2*b*x^n - 5*a^3 - 6*(a*b^2*x^(2  
*n) + 2*a^2*b*x^n + a^3)*log(b*x^n + a))/(b^6*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^5*n*x^n +  
a^2*b^4*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 309 vs.  $2(60) = 120$ .

Time = 19.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.41

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a^3} \\ \frac{xx^{4n-1}}{4a^{3n}} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^3} \\ -\frac{6a^3 \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{2a^2b^4n+4ab^5nx^n+2b^6nx^{2n}} - \frac{9a^3}{2a^2b^4n+4ab^5nx^n+2b^6nx^{2n}} - \frac{12a^2bx^n \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{2a^2b^4n+4ab^5nx^n+2b^6nx^{2n}} - \frac{12a^2bx^n}{2a^2b^4n+4ab^5nx^n+2b^6nx^{2n}} - \frac{6a}{2a^2b^4n+4ab^5nx^n+2b^6nx^{2n}} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a**3, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(4*n - 1)/(4*a**3*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (-6*a**3*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**2*b**4*n + 4*a*b**5*n*x**n + 2*b**6*n*x**(2*n)) - 9*a**3/(2*a**2*b**4*n + 4*a*b**5*n*x**n + 2*b**6*n*x**(2*n)) - 12*a**2*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**2*b**4*n + 4*a*b**5*n*x**n + 2*b**6*n*x**(2*n)) - 12*a**2*b*x**n/(2*a**2*b**4*n + 4*a*b**5*n*x**n + 2*b**6*n*x**(2*n)) - 6*a*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**2*b**4*n + 4*a*b**5*n*x**n + 2*b**6*n*x**(2*n)) + 2*b**3*x**(3*n)/(2*a**2*b**4*n + 4*a*b**5*n*x**n + 2*b**6*n*x**(2*n)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{2b^3x^{3n} + 4ab^2x^{2n} - 4a^2bx^n - 5a^3}{2(b^6nx^{2n} + 2ab^5nx^n + a^2b^4n)} - \frac{3a \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*b^3*x^(3*n) + 4*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 4*a^2*b*x^n - 5*a^3)/(b^6*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^5*n*x^n + a^2*b^4*n) - 3*a*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^4*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{2x^{3n}b^3 - 6x^{2n}\log(x^n b + a) a b^2 + 6x^{2n} a b^2 - 12x^n \log(x^n b + a) a^2 b - 6 \log(x^n b + a) a^3 - 3a^3}{2b^4 n (x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(2*x**(3*n)*b**3 - 6*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2 + 6*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 - 12*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b - 6*log(x**n*b + a)*a**3 - 3*a**3)/(2*b**4*n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))`

**3.489**       $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3192
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3192
Rubi [A] (verified)	3193
Maple [A] (verified)	3194
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3194
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3195
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3195
Giac [F]	3196
Mupad [F(-1)]	3196
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3196

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{a^2}{2b^3n(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{2a}{b^3n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{b^3n}$$

output `-1/2*a^2/b^3/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+2*a/b^3/n/(a+b*x^n)+ln(a+b*x^n)/b^3/n`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{a(3a+4bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} + 2 \log(b^2n(a+bx^n))}{2b^3n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `((a*(3*a + 4*b*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2 + 2*Log[b^2*n*(a + b*x^n)])/(2*b^3*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 49, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 49 \\
 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2(bx^n+a)^3} - \frac{2a}{b^2(bx^n+a)^2} + \frac{1}{b^2(bx^n+a)} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{a^2}{2b^3(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{2a}{b^3(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{b^3}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-1/2*a^2/(b^3*(a + b*x^n)^2) + (2*a)/(b^3*(a + b*x^n)) + Log[a + b*x^n]/b^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 49 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && IGtQ[m + n + 2, 0]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{a(4bx^n+3a)}{2b^3n(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{\ln(x^n+\frac{a}{b})}{b^3n}$	47
norman	$\frac{\frac{3a^2}{2b^3n} + \frac{2ae^{n \ln(x)}}{b^2n}}{(a+be^{n \ln(x)})^2} + \frac{\ln(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}{b^3n}$	57

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/2*a*(4*b*x^n+3*a)/b^3/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/b^3/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{4abx^n + 3a^2 + 2(b^2x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2) \log(bx^n + a)}{2(b^5nx^{2n} + 2ab^4nx^n + a^2b^3n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(4*a*b*x^n + 3*a^2 + 2*(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2)*log(b*x^n + a))  
/(b^5*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^4*n*x^n + a^2*b^3*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 260 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 17.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.64

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a^3} \\ \frac{xx^{3n-1}}{3a^{3n}} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^3} \end{cases} + \frac{2a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{2a^2b^3n+4ab^4nx^n+2b^5nx^{2n}} + \frac{3a^2}{2a^2b^3n+4ab^4nx^n+2b^5nx^{2n}} + \frac{4abx^n \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{2a^2b^3n+4ab^4nx^n+2b^5nx^{2n}} + \frac{4abx^n}{2a^2b^3n+4ab^4nx^n+2b^5nx^{2n}} + \frac{2b^2x}{2a^2b^3n+4ab^4nx^n+2b^5nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a**3, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*a**3*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (2*a**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)) + 3*a**2/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)) + 4*a*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)) + 4*a*b*x**n/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)) + 2*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{4abx^n + 3a^2}{2(b^5nx^{2n} + 2ab^4nx^n + a^2b^3n)} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{b^3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(4*a*b*x^n + 3*a^2)/(b^5*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^4*n*x^n + a^2*b^3*n) + log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b^3*n)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx \\ &= \frac{2x^{2n}\log(x^n b + a) b^2 - 2x^{2n}b^2 + 4x^n \log(x^n b + a) ab + 2\log(x^n b + a) a^2 + a^2}{2b^3n(x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^n ab + a^2)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 4*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 2*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2 + a**2)/(2*b**3*n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))`

### 3.490

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3197
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3197
Rubi [A] (verified)	3198
Maple [A] (verified)	3198
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3199
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3199
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3200
Giac [F]	3200
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3200
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3201

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{2n}}{2an(a+bx^n)^2}$$

output `1/2*x^(2*n)/a/n/(a+b*x^n)^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{-a-2bx^n}{2b^2n(a+bx^n)^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-a - 2*b*x^n)/(2*b^2*n*(a + b*x^n)^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{x^{2n}}{2an(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `x^(2*n)/(2*a*n*(a + b*x^n)^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2bx^n+a}{2b^2n(a+bx^n)^2}$	26
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^{2n-1}x}{2an(a+bx^n)^2}$	26
norman	$\frac{-\frac{e^{n \ln(x)}}{bn} - \frac{a}{2b^2n}}{(a+be^{n \ln(x)})^2}$	36

input `int(x^(2*n-1)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*(2*b*x^n+a)/b^2/n/(a+b*x^n)^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{2bx^n+a}{2(b^4nx^{2n}+2ab^3nx^n+a^2b^2n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*b*x^n + a)/(b^4*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^3*n*x^n + a^2*b^2*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 88 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.67

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \begin{cases} \infty \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-3n}x^{2n-1}}{b^3n} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\infty xx^{2n-1}}{n} & \text{for } b = -ax^{-n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^3} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{2n-1}}{2a^3n+4a^2bnx^n+2ab^2nx^{2n}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(2*n - 1)/(b**3*n*x**(3*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*x**(2*n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*a**3*n + 4*a**2*b*n*x**n + 2*a*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{2bx^n + a}{2(b^4nx^{2n} + 2ab^3nx^n + a^2b^2n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/2*(2*b*x^n + a)/(b^4*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^3*n*x^n + a^2*b^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{2n}}{2(a^3n + 2a^2bnx^n + ab^2nx^{2n})}$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `x^(2*n)/(2*(a^3*n + 2*a^2*b*n*x^n + a*b^2*n*x^(2*n)))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{2n}}{2an(x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `x**(2*n)/(2*a*n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))`

$$3.491 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3202
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3202
Rubi [A] (verified)	3203
Maple [A] (verified)	3203
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3204
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3204
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3205
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3205
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3206
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3206

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2bn(a+bx^n)^2}$$

output `-1/2/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2bn(a+bx^n)^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*1/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 793

$$-\frac{1}{2bn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*1/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{2bn(a+bx^n)^2}$	18
norman	$-\frac{1}{2bn(a+be^{n \ln(x)})^2}$	20
parallelrisc	$\frac{bx^{-1+n}x^n+2x^{-1+n}ax}{2a^2n(a+bx^n)^2}$	39



input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(b^3nx^{2n} + 2ab^2nx^n + a^2bn)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2/(b^3*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.16

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-3n}x^{n-1}}{2b^3n} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\tilde{\infty}xx^{n-1}}{n} & \text{for } b = -ax^{-n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^3} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{2axx^{n-1}}{2a^4n+4a^3bnx^n+2a^2b^2nx^{2n}} + \frac{bxx^n x^{n-1}}{2a^4n+4a^3bnx^n+2a^2b^2nx^{2n}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(n - 1)/(2*
b**3*n*x**(3*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*x**(n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)
/(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (2*a*x*x**(n - 1)/(2*a**4*n + 4*a**3*b*n*x**n + 2*
a**2*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/(2*a**4*n + 4*a**3*b*n*x**n +
2*a**2*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(bx^n + a)^2bn}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2/((b*x^n + a)^2*b*n)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(bx^n + a)^2bn}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2/((b*x^n + a)^2*b*n)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2b^3 n x^{2n} + 2a^2 b n + 4ab^2 n x^n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `-1/(2*b^3*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a^2*b*n + 4*a*b^2*n*x^n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2bn(x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `( - 1)/(2*b*n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))`

### 3.492 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3207
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3207
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3208
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3209
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3209
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3210
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3211
Giac [F] . . . . .	3211
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3211
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3212

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{1}{2an(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{1}{a^2n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\log(x)}{a^3} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^3n}$$

output `1/2/a/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+1/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)+ln(x)/a^3-ln(a+b*x^n)/a^3/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\frac{a(3a+2bx^n)}{(a+bx^n)^2} + 2 \log(x^n) - 2 \log(a+bx^n)}{2a^3n}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^3),x]`

output `((a*(3*a + 2*b*x^n))/(a + b*x^n)^2 + 2*Log[x^n] - 2*Log[a + b*x^n])/(2*a^3*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.231$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 798$$

$$\int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 54$$

$$\int \left( \frac{x^{-n}}{a^3} - \frac{b}{a^3(bx^n+a)} - \frac{b}{a^2(bx^n+a)^2} - \frac{b}{a(bx^n+a)^3} \right) dx^n$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{-\frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2(a+bx^n)} + \frac{1}{2a(a+bx^n)^2}}{n}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^3),x]`

output `(1/(2*a*(a + b*x^n)^2) + 1/(a^2*(a + b*x^n)) + Log[x^n]/a^3 - Log[a + b*x^n]/a^3)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a^3} + \frac{2bx^n+3a}{2a^2n(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{\ln(x^n+\frac{a}{b})}{a^3n}$
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2(a+bx^n)} + \frac{1}{2a(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^3}}{n}$
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2(a+bx^n)} + \frac{1}{2a(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a^3}}{n}$
norman	$\frac{\frac{\ln(x)}{a} + \frac{2b \ln(x)e^n \ln(x)}{a^2} - \frac{2b e^n \ln(x)}{a^2n} + \frac{b^2 \ln(x)e^{2n} \ln(x)}{a^3} - \frac{3b^2 e^{2n} \ln(x)}{2a^3n}}{(a+be^n \ln(x))^2} - \frac{\ln(a+be^n \ln(x))}{a^3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x^{2n} \ln(x)b^2n+4x^n \ln(x)abn-2\ln(a+bx^n)x^{2n}b^2+2a^2 \ln(x)n-4\ln(a+bx^n)x^nab-3b^2x^{2n}-2\ln(a+bx^n)a^2-4abx^n}{2a^3n(a+bx^n)^2}$

```
input int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ln(x)/a^3+1/2*(2*b*x^n+3*a)/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)^2-1/a^3/n*ln(x^n+a/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{2b^2nx^{2n} \log(x) + 2a^2n \log(x) + 3a^2 + 2(2abn \log(x) + ab)x^n - 2(b^2x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2) \log(bx^n + a)}{2(a^3b^2nx^{2n} + 2a^4bnx^n + a^5n)}$$

```
input integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(2b^2 n x^{2n} \log(x) + 2a^2 n \log(x) + 3a^2 + 2(2abn \log(x) + ab)x^n - 2(b^2 x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2) \log(bx^n + a))}{(a^3 b^2 n x^{2n} + 2a^4 b n x^n + a^5 n)}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 415 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 415, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.16

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a^3} \\ -\frac{x^{-3n}}{3b^3 n} \end{cases}$$

$$= \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^3} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{2a^2 n \log(x)}{2a^5 n + 4a^4 b n x^n + 2a^3 b^2 n x^{2n}} - \frac{2a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{2a^5 n + 4a^4 b n x^n + 2a^3 b^2 n x^{2n}} + \frac{3a^2}{2a^5 n + 4a^4 b n x^n + 2a^3 b^2 n x^{2n}} + \frac{4abn x^n \log(x)}{2a^5 n + 4a^4 b n x^n + 2a^3 b^2 n x^{2n}} - \frac{4a}{2a^5 n + 4a^4 b n x^n + 2a^3 b^2 n x^{2n}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/a**3, Eq(b, 0)), (-1/(3*b**3*n*x**(3*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*log(x), Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (2*a**2*n*log(x)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*a**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + 3*a**2/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + 4*a*b*n*x**n*log(x)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) - 4*a*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + 2*a*b*x**n/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + 2*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*log(x)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**5*n + 4*a**4*b*n*x**n + 2*a**3*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{2bx^n + 3a}{2(a^2b^2nx^{2n} + 2a^3bnx^n + a^4n)} - \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{a^3n} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{a^3n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/2*(2*b*x^n + 3*a)/(a^2*b^2*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n*x^n + a^4*n) - log(b*x^n + a)/(a^3*n) + log(x^n)/(a^3*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^3 x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^3*x), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{\ln(x)}{a^3} + \frac{1}{a^2n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{\ln(a+bx^n)}{a^3n} + \frac{1}{2an(a^2 + b^2x^{2n} + 2abx^n)}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^3),x)`output `log(x)/a^3 + 1/(a^2*n*(a + b*x^n)) - log(a + b*x^n)/(a^3*n) + 1/(2*a*n*(a^2 + b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2x^{2n}\log(x^nb+a)b^2 + 2x^{2n}\log(x)b^{2n} - x^{2n}b^2 - 4x^n\log(x^nb+a)ab + 4x^n\log(x)abn - 2\log(x^nb+a)a^2}{2a^3n(x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na^2 + a^2)}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `( - 2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*log(x)*b**2*n - x**(2*n)*b**2 - 4*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 4*x**n*log(x)*a*b*n - 2*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2 + 2*log(x)*a**2*n + 2*a**2)/(2*a**3*n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))`

### 3.493 $\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3213
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3213
Rubi [A] (verified)	3214
Maple [A] (verified)	3215
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3215
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3216
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3217
Giac [F]	3217
Mupad [F(-1)]	3218
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3218

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 77

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{x^{-n}}{a^3n} - \frac{b}{2a^2n(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{2b}{a^3n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{3b \log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{3b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^4n}$$

output

$-1/a^3n/(x^n) - 1/2*b/a^2n/(a+b*x^n)^2 - 2*b/a^3n/(a+b*x^n) - 3*b*\ln(x)/a^4 + 3*b*\ln(a+b*x^n)/a^4/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{\frac{ax^{-n}(2a^2+9abx^n+6b^2x^{2n})}{(a+bx^n)^2} + 6b \log(x^n) - 6b \log(a+bx^n)}{2a^4n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n)^3, x]`

output

$-1/2*((a*(2*a^2 + 9*a*b*x^n + 6*b^2*x^(2*n)))/(x^n*(a + b*x^n)^2) + 6*b*Log[x^n] - 6*b*Log[a + b*x^n])/(a^4*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \int \left( \frac{x^{-2n}}{a^3} - \frac{3bx^{-n}}{a^4} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4(bx^n+a)} + \frac{2b^2}{a^3(bx^n+a)^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^2(bx^n+a)^3} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 -\frac{3b \log(x^n)}{a^4} + \frac{3b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^4} - \frac{2b}{a^3(a+bx^n)} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a^3} - \frac{b}{2a^2(a+bx^n)^2}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(-(1/(a^3*x^n)) - b/(2*a^2*(a + b*x^n)^2) - (2*b)/(a^3*(a + b*x^n)) - (3*b*Log[x^n])/a^4 + (3*b*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^4)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{x^{-n}}{a^3 n} - \frac{3b \ln(x)}{a^4} - \frac{b(4b x^n + 5a)}{2a^3 n(a + b x^n)^2} + \frac{3b \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^4 n}$	70
norman	$\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{an} - \frac{3b \ln(x)e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2} - \frac{6b^2 \ln(x)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3} + \frac{6b^2 e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3 n} - \frac{3b^3 \ln(x)e^{3n \ln(x)}}{a^4} + \frac{9b^3 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{2a^4 n}\right)e^{-n \ln(x)}}{(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})^2} + \frac{3b \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a^4 n}$	132

```
input int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -1/a^3/n/(x^n)-3*b*ln(x)/a^4-1/2*b*(4*b*x^n+5*a)/a^3/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+3*b/a^4/n*ln(x^n+a/b)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{6 b^3 n x^{3n} \log(x) + 2 a^3 + 6 (2 a b^2 n \log(x) + a b^2) x^{2n} + 3 (2 a^2 b n \log(x) + 3 a^2 b) x^n - 6 (b^3 x^{3n} + 2 a b^2 x^n)}{2 (a^4 b^2 n x^{3n} + 2 a^5 b n x^{2n} + a^6 n x^n)}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(6*b^3*n*x^(3*n)*log(x) + 2*a^3 + 6*(2*a*b^2*n*log(x) + a*b^2)*x^(2*n)
) + 3*(2*a^2*b*n*log(x) + 3*a^2*b)*x^n - 6*(b^3*x^(3*n) + 2*a*b^2*x^(2*n)
+ a^2*b*x^n)*log(b*x^n + a)/(a^4*b^2*n*x^(3*n) + 2*a^5*b*n*x^(2*n) + a^6*
n*x^n)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 547 vs. 2(68) = 136.

Time = 26.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 547, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.10

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ -\frac{xx^{-n-1}}{a^3n} \\ -\frac{xx^{-3n}x^{-n-1}}{4b^3n} \\ \frac{\tilde{\infty}xx^{-n-1}}{n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^3} \end{array} \right.$$

$$-\frac{2a^3}{2a^6nx^n+4a^5bnx^{2n}+2a^4b^2nx^{3n}} - \frac{6a^2bx^n \log(x^n)}{2a^6nx^n+4a^5bnx^{2n}+2a^4b^2nx^{3n}} + \frac{6a^2bx^n \log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{2a^6nx^n+4a^5bnx^{2n}+2a^4b^2nx^{3n}} - \frac{9a^2bx^n}{2a^6nx^n+4a^5bnx^{2n}+2a^4b^2nx^{3n}}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1-n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(a
**3*n), Eq(b, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(4*b**3*n*x**(3*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*
x**(-n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (-2*a**3/(2
*a**6*n*x**n + 4*a**5*b*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b**2*n*x**(3*n)) - 6*a**2*b*x*
*n*log(x**n)/(2*a**6*n*x**n + 4*a**5*b*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b**2*n*x**(3*n)
) + 6*a**2*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**6*n*x**n + 4*a**5*b*n*x**(2*n) + 2
*a**4*b**2*n*x**(3*n)) - 9*a**2*b*x**n/(2*a**6*n*x**n + 4*a**5*b*n*x**(2*n)
) + 2*a**4*b**2*n*x**(3*n)) - 12*a*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n)/(2*a**6*n*x**n
+ 4*a**5*b*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b**2*n*x**(3*n)) + 12*a*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(a
/b + x**n)/(2*a**6*n*x**n + 4*a**5*b*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b**2*n*x**(3*n))
- 6*a*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*a**6*n*x**n + 4*a**5*b*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b**2*n*x
**(3*n)) - 6*b**3*x**(3*n)*log(x**n)/(2*a**6*n*x**n + 4*a**5*b*n*x**(2*n)
+ 2*a**4*b**2*n*x**(3*n)) + 6*b**3*x**(3*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**6*n*x**n
+ 4*a**5*b*n*x**(2*n) + 2*a**4*b**2*n*x**(3*n)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{6b^2x^{2n} + 9abx^n + 2a^2}{2(a^3b^2nx^{3n} + 2a^4bnx^{2n} + a^5nx^n)} - \frac{3b \log(x)}{a^4} + \frac{3b \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^4n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2*(6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 9*a*b*x^n + 2*a^2)/(a^3*b^2*n*x^(3*n) + 2*a^4*b*n*x^
(2*n) + a^5*n*x^n) - 3*b*log(x)/a^4 + 3*b*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^4*n)
```

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate(x^(-n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+1} (a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

output `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{6x^{3n}\log(x^n b + a) b^3 - 6x^{3n}\log(x) b^3 n + 3x^{3n} b^3 + 12x^{2n}\log(x^n b + a) a b^2 - 12x^{2n}\log(x) a b^2 n + 6x^n \log(x) a^2 b^2 - 6x^n \log(x) a^2 b n + 3x^n a^2 b + 3a^3}{2x^n a^4 n (x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(6*x**(3*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**3 - 6*x**(3*n)*log(x)*b**3*n + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 12*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2 - 12*x**(2*n)*log(x)*a*b**2*n + 6*x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b - 6*x**n*log(x)*a**2*b*n - 6*x**n*a**2*b - 2*a**3)/(2*x**n*a**4*n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))`

### 3.494 $\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3219
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3219
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3220
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3221
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3222
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3222
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3223
Giac [F] . . . . .	3224
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3224
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3224

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 101

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n}}{2a^3n} + \frac{3bx^{-n}}{a^4n} + \frac{b^2}{2a^3n(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{6b^2 \log(x)}{a^5} - \frac{6b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^5n}$$

output

$-1/2/a^3/n/(x^{(2*n)})+3*b/a^4/n/(x^n)+1/2*b^2/a^3/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+3*b^2/a^4/n/(a+b*x^n)+6*b^2*ln(x)/a^5-6*b^2*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^5/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{ax^{-2n}(-a^3+4a^2bx^n+18ab^2x^{2n}+12b^3x^{3n})}{(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{12b^2 \log(x^n) - 12b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{2a^5n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`



output

$$\frac{((a*(-a^3 + 4*a^2*b*x^n + 18*a*b^2*x^{2*n}) + 12*b^3*x^{3*n}))/((x^{2*n})*(a + b*x^n)^2) + 12*b^2*Log[x^n] - 12*b^2*Log[a + b*x^n])}{(2*a^5*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \int \frac{x^{-3n}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{54} \\ & \int \left( \frac{x^{-3n}}{a^3} - \frac{3bx^{-2n}}{a^4} + \frac{6b^2x^{-n}}{a^5} - \frac{6b^3}{a^5(bx^n+a)} - \frac{3b^3}{a^4(bx^n+a)^2} - \frac{b^3}{a^3(bx^n+a)^3} \right) dx^n \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & \frac{\frac{6b^2 \log(x^n)}{a^5} - \frac{6b^2 \log(a+bx^n)}{a^5} + \frac{3b^2}{a^4(a+bx^n)} + \frac{3bx^{-n}}{a^4} + \frac{b^2}{2a^3(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{2a^3}}{n} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 2*n)}/(a + b*x^n)^3, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-1/2*1/(a^3*x^{2*n}) + (3*b)/(a^4*x^n) + b^2/(2*a^3*(a + b*x^n)^2) + (3*b^2)/(a^4*(a + b*x^n)) + (6*b^2*Log[x^n])/a^5 - (6*b^2*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^5)/n}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 54 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

```
rule 798 Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

```
rule 2009 Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

method	result
risch	$\frac{3bx^{-n}}{a^4n} - \frac{x^{-2n}}{2a^3n} + \frac{6b^2 \ln(x)}{a^5} + \frac{b^2(6bx^n+7a)}{2a^4n(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{6b^2 \ln(x^n+\frac{a}{b})}{a^5n}$
norman	$\frac{\left(\frac{9b^2e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3n} - \frac{1}{2an} + \frac{6b^2 \ln(x)e^{2n \ln(x)}}{a^3} + \frac{2be^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2n} + \frac{12b^3 \ln(x)e^{3n \ln(x)}}{a^4} + \frac{6b^4 \ln(x)e^{4n \ln(x)}}{a^5} + \frac{6b^3e^{3n \ln(x)}}{a^4n}\right)e^{-2n \ln(x)}}{(a+be^{n \ln(x)})^2} - \frac{6b^2 \ln(a+b)}{a^5n}$

```
input int(x^(-2*n-1)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 3*b/a^4/n/(x^n)-1/2/a^3/n/(x^n)^2+6*b^2*ln(x)/a^5+1/2*b^2*(6*b*x^n+7*a)/a^4/n/(a+b*x^n)^2-6*b^2/a^5/n*ln(x^n+a/b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{12b^4nx^{4n} \log(x) + 4a^3bx^n - a^4 + 12(2ab^3n \log(x) + ab^3)x^{3n} + 6(2a^2b^2n \log(x) + 3a^2b^2)x^{2n} - 12(b^4x^{4n} + 2a^2b^2nx^{2n} + a^4)}{2(a^5b^2nx^{4n} + 2a^6bnx^{3n} + a^7nx^{2n})}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(12*b^4*n*x^(4*n)*log(x) + 4*a^3*b*x^n - a^4 + 12*(2*a*b^3*n*log(x) + a*b^3)*x^(3*n) + 6*(2*a^2*b^2*n*log(x) + 3*a^2*b^2)*x^(2*n) - 12*(b^4*x^(4*n) + 2*a*b^3*x^(3*n) + a^2*b^2*x^(2*n))*log(b*x^n + a))/(a^5*b^2*n*x^(4*n) + 2*a^6*b*n*x^(3*n) + a^7*n*x^(2*n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 629 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 48.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 629, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n-1}}{2a^3n} \\ -\frac{xx^{-3n}x^{-2n-1}}{5b^3n} \\ \frac{\tilde{\infty}xx^{-2n-1}}{n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^3} \\ -\frac{a^4}{2a^7nx^{2n}+4a^6bnx^{3n}+2a^5b^2nx^{4n}} + \frac{4a^3bx^n}{2a^7nx^{2n}+4a^6bnx^{3n}+2a^5b^2nx^{4n}} + \frac{12a^2b^2x^{2n} \log(x^n)}{2a^7nx^{2n}+4a^6bnx^{3n}+2a^5b^2nx^{4n}} - \frac{12a^2b^2x^{2n} \log(\frac{a}{b} + \frac{bx^n}{a})}{2a^7nx^{2n}+4a^6bnx^{3n}+2a^5b^2nx^{4n}} \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x**(-2*n - 1)/
(2*a**3*n), Eq(b, 0)), (-x**(-2*n - 1)/(5*b**3*n*x**(3*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (
zoo*x**(-2*n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (-a
**4/(2*a**7*n*x**(2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x**(3*n) + 2*a**5*b**2*n*x**(4*n)) + 4
*a**3*b*x**n/(2*a**7*n*x**(2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x**(3*n) + 2*a**5*b**2*n*x**(
4*n)) + 12*a**2*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(x**n)/(2*a**7*n*x**(2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x*
*(3*n) + 2*a**5*b**2*n*x**(4*n)) - 12*a**2*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(
2*a**7*n*x**(2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x**(3*n) + 2*a**5*b**2*n*x**(4*n)) + 18*a**
2*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*a**7*n*x**(2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x**(3*n) + 2*a**5*b**2*n*x
**(4*n)) + 24*a*b**3*x**(3*n)*log(x**n)/(2*a**7*n*x**(2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x*
*(3*n) + 2*a**5*b**2*n*x**(4*n)) - 24*a*b**3*x**(3*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a
**7*n*x**(2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x**(3*n) + 2*a**5*b**2*n*x**(4*n)) + 12*a*b**3
*x**(3*n)/(2*a**7*n*x**(2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x**(3*n) + 2*a**5*b**2*n*x**(4*n
)) + 12*b**4*x**(4*n)*log(x**n)/(2*a**7*n*x**(2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x**(3*n) +
2*a**5*b**2*n*x**(4*n)) - 12*b**4*x**(4*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**7*n*x**(
2*n) + 4*a**6*b*n*x**(3*n) + 2*a**5*b**2*n*x**(4*n)), True))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{12b^3x^{3n} + 18ab^2x^{2n} + 4a^2bx^n - a^3}{2(a^4b^2nx^{4n} + 2a^5bnx^{3n} + a^6nx^{2n})} + \frac{6b^2 \log(x)}{a^5} - \frac{6b^2 \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^5n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*(12*b^3*x^(3*n) + 18*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a^2*b*x^n - a^3)/(a^4*b^2*n*x^(
4*n) + 2*a^5*b*n*x^(3*n) + a^6*n*x^(2*n)) + 6*b^2*log(x)/a^5 - 6*b^2*log((
b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^5*n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+1}(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

output `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{-12x^{4n}\log(x^n b + a) b^4 + 12x^{4n}\log(x) b^4 n - 6x^{4n} b^4 - 24x^{3n}\log(x^n b + a) a b^3 + 24x^{3n}\log(x) a b^3 n - 12x^{2n} a^5 n (x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2)}{2x^{2n} a^5 n (x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output

```
( - 12*x**(4*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*b**4 + 12*x**(4*n)*log(x)*b**4*n - 6*x**(4
*n)*b**4 - 24*x**(3*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*a*b**3 + 24*x**(3*n)*log(x)*a*b**3*
n - 12*x**(2*n)*log(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*log(x)*a**2*b**2*n
+ 12*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 4*x**n*a**3*b - a**4)/(2*x**(2*n)*a**5*n*(x**(2
*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))
```

### 3.495 $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3226
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3226
Rubi [A] (verified)	3227
Maple [A] (verified)	3228
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3229
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3229
Maxima [F]	3230
Giac [F]	3230
Mupad [F(-1)]	3230
Reduce [F]	3231

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-n/2}}{an} + \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n}$$

output `-2/a/n/(x^(1/2*n))+2*b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(x^(1/2*n)))/a^(3/2)/n`

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-n/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{an}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n/2)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*n*x^(n/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {868, 772, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 868 \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 772 \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 262 \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{a} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n/2)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(-2*(1/(a*x^(n/2)) - (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))])/a^(3/2)))/n`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 772 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{an} + \frac{\sqrt{-ab} \ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab}}{b}\right)}{a^2n} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab} \ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ab}}{b}\right)}{a^2n}$	79

input `int(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/a/n/(x^(1/2*n))+1/a^2*(-a*b)^(1/2)/n*ln(x^(1/2*n)-1/b*(-a*b)^(1/2))-1/a^2*(-a*b)^(1/2)/n*ln(x^(1/2*n)+1/b*(-a*b)^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \left[ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2xx^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{ax^2x^{-n-2} + 2axx^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - b}{ax^2x^{-n-2} + b}\right)}{an}, \\ \frac{2\left(xx^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1} - \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\frac{axx^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}}{b}\right)\right)}{an} \end{array} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-(2*x*x^(-1/2*n - 1) - sqrt(-b/a)*log((a*x^2*x^(-n - 2) + 2*a*x*x^(-1/2*n - 1)*sqrt(-b/a) - b)/(a*x^2*x^(-n - 2) + b)))/(a*n), -2*(x*x^(-1/2*n - 1) - sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*x*x^(-1/2*n - 1)*sqrt(b/a)/b))/(a*n)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{an} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `-2/(a*n*x**(n/2)) - 2*sqrt(b)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(a**(3/2)*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*integrate(x^(1/2*n)/(a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x), x) - 2/(a*n*x^(1/2*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-1/2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{n}{2}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(n/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3n}{2}}bx + x^{\frac{n}{2}}ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**((3*n)/2)*b*x + x**(n/2)*a*x),x)`

**3.496**  $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3232
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3232
Rubi [A] (verified)	3233
Maple [C] (verified)	3237
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3237
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3238
Maxima [F]	3238
Giac [F]	3239
Mupad [F(-1)]	3239
Reduce [F]	3239

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 160

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} + \frac{\sqrt{3}b^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{a^{5/3}n} - \frac{b^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{a^{5/3}n} + \frac{b^{2/3} \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}\right)}{2a^{5/3}n}$$

output

```
-3/2/a/n/(x^(2/3*n))+3^(1/2)*b^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))/a^(5/3)/n-b^(2/3)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))/a^(5/3)/n+1/2*b^(2/3)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)+b^(2/3)*x^(2/3*n))/a^(5/3)/n
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.21

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3x^{-2n/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2an}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - (2*n)/3)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(-3*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1, 1/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a*n*x^((2*n)/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {886, 868, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{-\frac{2n}{3}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 886 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{x^{\frac{n-3}{3}}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 868 \\
 & \frac{3b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/3}}{an} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+\sqrt[3]{a}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{an} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{an} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1142
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{-2n/3} \frac{an}{2an}}$$

↓ 25

$$3b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{-2n/3} \frac{an}{2an}}$$

↓ 27

$$3b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{-2n/3} \frac{an}{2an}}$$

↓ 1082

$$3b \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{2n/3-3}} d \left( 1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{-2n/3} \frac{an}{2an}}$$

↓ 217

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left( \frac{3b \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{an}{3x^{-2n/3}} \\
 \frac{2an}{2an} \\
 \downarrow 1103 \\
 \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{an}{an} \qquad \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - (2*n)/3)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `-3/(2*a*n*x^((2*n)/3)) - (3*b*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^(n/3)]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x^(n/3))/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]))/b^(1/3)) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^(n/3) + b^(2/3)*x^((2*n)/3)]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(2/3)))/(a*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`



- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1} \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 750  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 868  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m + 1) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)])^p], x], x, x^{(m + 1)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)]] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n]$
- rule 886  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)} / ((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)} / (a*(m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b/a \text{Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[m + n]} / (a + b*x^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]] \ \&\& \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, n]$
- rule 1082  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)) / ((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_)) / ((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.34

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{3x^{-\frac{2n}{3}}}{2an} + \left( \sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(a^5n^3-Z^3+b^2)} -R \ln \left( x^{\frac{n}{3}} - \frac{a^2nR}{b} \right) \right)$	54

input `int(x^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3/2/a/n/(x^(1/3*n))^2+sum(_R*ln(x^(1/3*n)-a^2*n/b*_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^5*n^3+b^2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{3xx^{-\frac{2}{3}n-1} - 2\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}a\sqrt{x}^{-\frac{1}{3}n-\frac{1}{2}}\left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}+\sqrt{3}b}{3b}\right) + \left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(-\frac{a\sqrt{x}^{-\frac{1}{3}n-\frac{1}{2}}\left(-\frac{b^2}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}-b}{x}\right)}{2an}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(3*x*x^(-2/3*n - 1) - 2*sqrt(3)*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*a*sqrt(x)*x^(-1/3*n - 1/2)*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3) + sqrt(3)*b)/b) + (-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*log(-(a*sqrt(x)*x^(-1/3*n - 1/2)*(-b^2/a^2)^(2/3) - b*x*x^(-2/3*n - 1) + b*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3))/x) - 2*(-b^2/a^2)^(1/3)*log((b*x*x^(-1/3*n - 1/2) + a*sqrt(x)*(-b^2/a^2)^(2/3))/x))/(a*n)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{-\frac{2n}{3}} \Gamma(-\frac{2}{3})}{an \Gamma(\frac{1}{3})} - \frac{2b^{\frac{2}{3}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}} e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{2}{3})}{3a^{\frac{5}{3}} n \Gamma(\frac{1}{3})}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^{\frac{2}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}} e^{i\pi}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{2}{3})}{3a^{\frac{5}{3}} n \Gamma(\frac{1}{3})} - \frac{2b^{\frac{2}{3}} e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}} e^{\frac{5i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{2}{3})}{3a^{\frac{5}{3}} n \Gamma(\frac{1}{3})}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x**n), x)`

output `gamma(-2/3)/(a*n*x**(2*n/3)*gamma(1/3)) - 2*b**(2/3)*exp(-I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-2/3)/(3*a**(5/3)*n*gamma(1/3)) + 2*b**(2/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-2/3)/(3*a**(5/3)*n*gamma(1/3)) - 2*b**(2/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-2/3)/(3*a**(5/3)*n*gamma(1/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{2}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*integrate(x^(1/3*n)/(a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x), x) - 3/2/(a*n*x^(2/3*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{2}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-2/3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{2n}{3}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^((2*n)/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^((2*n)/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{5n}{3}}bx + x^{\frac{2n}{3}}ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**((5*n)/3)*b*x + x**((2*n)/3)*a*x),x)`

**3.497**       $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3240
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3241
Rubi [A] (verified)	3241
Maple [C] (verified)	3245
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3246
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3246
Maxima [F]	3247
Giac [F]	3248
Mupad [F(-1)]	3248
Reduce [F]	3248

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 175

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} + \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{a^{7/4}n} - \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4} \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{a^{7/4}n} - \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}\right)}{a^{7/4}n}$$

output

```
-4/3/a/n/(x^(3/4*n))-2^(1/2)*b^(3/4)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x^(1/4*n)/a^(1/4))/a^(7/4)/n-2^(1/2)*b^(3/4)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x^(1/4*n)/a^(1/4))/a^(7/4)/n-2^(1/2)*b^(3/4)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x^(1/4*n)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x^(1/2*n)))/a^(7/4)/n
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4x^{-3n/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, 1, \frac{1}{4}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3an}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - (3*n)/4)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-4*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1, 1/4, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(3*a*n*x^((3*n)/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {886, 868, 755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3n}{4}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{886} \\ & -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{\frac{n-4}{4}}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\ & -\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/4}}{an} - \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{755} \\ & -\frac{4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}+a}}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{an} - \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1476 \\
 4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{-\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{ax^{n/4}} + x^{n/2} + \sqrt{a}} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{ax^{n/4}} + x^{n/2} + \sqrt{a}} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{bx^n + a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1082 \\
 4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{n/2} - 1} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{n/2} - 1} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{bx^n + a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 217 \\
 4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{bx^n + a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1479 \\
 4b \left( \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(-\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{ax^{n/4}} + x^{n/2} + \sqrt{a}\right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}} + \sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{ax^{n/4}} + x^{n/2} + \sqrt{a}\right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt{a}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an}
 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an}$$

$\downarrow 25$

$$4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + x^{n/2} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + x^{n/2} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \quad an$$

↓ 27

$$4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} - 2 \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left( -\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + x^{n/2} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b} \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + x^{n/2} + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)} dx^{n/4}}{2 \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \quad an$$

↓ 1103

$$4b \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\log \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} x^{n/2} \right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\log \left( -\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{n/4} + \sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b} x^{n/2} \right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right)$$

$$\frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \quad an$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 - (3*n)/4)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```



output

```
-4/(3*a*n*x^((3*n)/4)) - (4*b*((-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[a]) + (-1/2*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x^(n/4) + Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x^(n/4) + Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[a]))/(a*n)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 217

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 755

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numerator[Rt[a/b, 2]], s = Denominator[Rt[a/b, 2]]}, Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r - s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r + s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && (GtQ[a/b, 0] || (PosQ[a/b] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, a]] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, b]]))
```

rule 868

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 886

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)/(a*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b/a Int[x^Simplify[m + n]/(a + b*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && FractionQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && SumSimplerQ[m, n]
```

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1476 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.31

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{4x^{-\frac{3n}{4}}}{3an} + \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^7n^4Z^4+b^3)} -R \ln \left( x^{\frac{n}{4}} - \frac{a^2nR}{b} \right) \right)$	54

input `int(x^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/3/a/n/(x^(1/4*n))^3+sum(_R*ln(x^(1/4*n)-a^2*n/b*_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*a^7*n^4+b^3))`

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{3an\left(-\frac{b^3}{a^7n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(\frac{a^5n^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}\left(-\frac{b^3}{a^7n^4}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}+b^2xx^{-\frac{1}{4}n-\frac{1}{3}}}{x}\right) - 3an\left(-\frac{b^3}{a^7n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(-\frac{a^5n^3x^{\frac{2}{3}}\left(-\frac{b^3}{a^7n^4}\right)^{\frac{3}{4}}-b^2xx^{-\frac{1}{4}n-\frac{1}{3}}}{x}\right)}{}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(3*a*n*(-b^3/(a^7*n^4))^(1/4)*log((a^5*n^3*x^(2/3)*(-b^3/(a^7*n^4))^(3/4) + b^2*x*x^(-1/4*n - 1/3))/x) - 3*a*n*(-b^3/(a^7*n^4))^(1/4)*log(-(a^5*n^3*x^(2/3)*(-b^3/(a^7*n^4))^(3/4) - b^2*x*x^(-1/4*n - 1/3))/x) - 3*I*a*n*(-b^3/(a^7*n^4))^(1/4)*log((I*a^5*n^3*x^(2/3)*(-b^3/(a^7*n^4))^(3/4) + b^2*x*x^(-1/4*n - 1/3))/x) + 3*I*a*n*(-b^3/(a^7*n^4))^(1/4)*log((-I*a^5*n^3*x^(2/3)*(-b^3/(a^7*n^4))^(3/4) + b^2*x*x^(-1/4*n - 1/3))/x) - 4*x*x^(-3/4*n - 1))/(a*n)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{-\frac{3n}{4}} \Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{an \Gamma(\frac{1}{4})} - \frac{3b^{\frac{3}{4}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}} e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{4a^{\frac{7}{4}} n \Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}$$

$$+ \frac{3ib^{\frac{3}{4}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}} e^{\frac{3i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{4a^{\frac{7}{4}} n \Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^{\frac{3}{4}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}} e^{\frac{5i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{4a^{\frac{7}{4}} n \Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}$$

$$- \frac{3ib^{\frac{3}{4}} e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}} e^{\frac{7i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{4a^{\frac{7}{4}} n \Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x**n), x)`

output `gamma(-3/4)/(a*n*x**(3*n/4)*gamma(1/4)) - 3*b**(3/4)*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-3/4)/(4*a**(7/4)*n*gamma(1/4)) + 3*I*b**(3/4)*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(3*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-3/4)/(4*a**(7/4)*n*gamma(1/4)) + 3*b**(3/4)*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-3/4)/(4*a**(7/4)*n*gamma(1/4)) - 3*I*b**(3/4)*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(7*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-3/4)/(4*a**(7/4)*n*gamma(1/4))`

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*integrate(x^(1/4*n)/(a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x), x) - 4/3/(a*n*x^(3/4*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-3/4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3n}{4}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^((3*n)/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^((3*n)/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{7n}{4}}bx + x^{\frac{3n}{4}}ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**((7*n)/4)*b*x + x**((3*n)/4)*a*x),x)`

### 3.498 $\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3249
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3249
Rubi [A] (verified)	3250
Maple [A] (verified)	3251
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3251
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3252
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3252
Giac [F]	3253
Mupad [F(-1)]	3253
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3253

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-n}}{an} - \frac{b \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

output

```
-1/a/n/(x^n)-b*ln(x)/a^2+b*ln(a+b*x^n)/a^2/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-n} + b \log(x^n) - b \log(a+bx^n)}{a^2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
-((a/x^n + b*Log[x^n] - b*Log[a + b*x^n])/(a^2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-2n}}{bx^n + a} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \frac{\int \left( \frac{x^{-2n}}{a} - \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^2(bx^n + a)} \right) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{b \log(x^n)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log(a + bx^n)}{a^2} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-(1/(a*x^n)) - (b*Log[x^n])/a^2 + (b*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^2)/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{x^{-n}}{an} - \frac{b \ln(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{a^2 n}$	41
norman	$\left(-\frac{1}{an} - \frac{b \ln(x) e^{n \ln(x)}}{a^2}\right) e^{-n \ln(x)} + \frac{b \ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{a^2 n}$	50

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/a/n/(x^n)-b*ln(x)/a^2+b/a^2/n*ln(x^n+a/b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{bnx^n \log(x) - bx^n \log(bx^n + a) + a}{a^2 n x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(b*n*x^n*log(x) - b*x^n*log(b*x^n + a) + a)/(a^2*n*x^n)`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 1.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n}x^{-n-1}}{2bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-n-1}}{an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-n}}{an} - \frac{b \log(x^n)}{a^2n} + \frac{b \log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{a^2n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(2*b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (-x*x**(-n - 1)/(a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(a*n*x**n) - b*log(x**n)/(a**2*n) + b*log(a/b + x**n)/(a**2*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{b \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^2n} - \frac{1}{anx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*log(x)/a^2 + b*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^2*n) - 1/(a*n*x^n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+1} (a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n \log(x^n b + a) b - x^n \log(x) b n - a}{x^n a^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*b - x**n*log(x)*b*n - a)/(x**n*a**2*n)`

### 3.499 $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3254
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3254
Rubi [A] (verified)	3255
Maple [A] (verified)	3256
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3257
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3257
Maxima [F]	3258
Giac [F]	3258
Mupad [F(-1)]	3258
Reduce [F]	3259

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-n/2}}{an} + \frac{2\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n}$$

output `-2/a/n/(x^(1/2*n))+2*b^(1/2)*arctan(a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(x^(1/2*n)))/a^(3/2)/n`

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.64

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-n/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{an}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n/2)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-2*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*n*x^(n/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {868, 772, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{868} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{772} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{262} \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{a} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{218} \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n/2)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(-2*(1/(a*x^(n/2)) - (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))])/a^(3/2)))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) * \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 262  $\text{Int}[(c_+)(x_+)^m * ((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c * (c * x)^{m-1} * ((a + b * x^2)^{p+1} / (b * (m + 2 * p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a * c^2 * ((m - 1) / (b * (m + 2 * p + 1))) \text{Int}[(c * x)^{m-2} * (a + b * x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 * p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 772  $\text{Int}[(a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{n * p} * (b + a / x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 868  $\text{Int}[(x_+)^m * ((a_+) + (b_+)(x_+)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1 / (m + 1) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b * x^{\text{Simplify}[n / (m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^{(m + 1)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n / (m + 1)]] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{an} + \frac{\sqrt{-ab} \ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab}}{b}\right)}{a^2n} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab} \ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ab}}{b}\right)}{a^2n}$	79

input  $\text{int}(x^{(-1-1/2*n)} / (a+b*x^n), x, \text{method} = \_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $-2/a/n/(x^{(1/2*n)}) + 1/a^2 * (-a*b)^{(1/2)} / n * \ln(x^{(1/2*n)} - 1/b * (-a*b)^{(1/2)}) - 1/a^2 * (-a*b)^{(1/2)} / n * \ln(x^{(1/2*n)} + 1/b * (-a*b)^{(1/2)})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \left[ \begin{array}{l} \frac{2xx^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1} - \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(\frac{ax^2x^{-n-2} + 2axx^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - b}{ax^2x^{-n-2} + b}\right)}{an}, \\ -\frac{2\left(xx^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1} - \sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\frac{axx^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}}{b}\right)\right)}{an} \end{array} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[-(2*x*x^(-1/2*n - 1) - sqrt(-b/a)*log((a*x^2*x^(-n - 2) + 2*a*x*x^(-1/2*n - 1)*sqrt(-b/a) - b)/(a*x^2*x^(-n - 2) + b)))/(a*n), -2*(x*x^(-1/2*n - 1) - sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*x*x^(-1/2*n - 1)*sqrt(b/a)/b))/(a*n)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{an} - \frac{2\sqrt{b} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`output `-2/(a*n*x**(n/2)) - 2*sqrt(b)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(a**(3/2)*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*integrate(x^(1/2*n)/(a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x), x) - 2/(a*n*x^(1/2*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-1/2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{n}{2}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(n/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3n}{2}}bx + x^{\frac{n}{2}}ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**((3*n)/2)*b*x + x**(n/2)*a*x),x)`



### 3.500 $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3260
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3260
Rubi [A] (verified)	3261
Maple [C] (verified)	3266
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3267
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3267
Maxima [F]	3268
Giac [F]	3268
Mupad [F(-1)]	3269
Reduce [F]	3269

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3x^{-n/3}}{an} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{a^{4/3}n} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b} + \sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}\right)}{a^{4/3}n} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} \log\left(b^{2/3} + a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{-n/3}}\right)}{2a^{4/3}n}$$

output

```
-3/a/n/(x^(1/3*n))-3^(1/2)*b^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(b^(1/3)-2*a^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))
)*3^(1/2)/b^(1/3)/a^(4/3)/n+b^(1/3)*ln(b^(1/3)+a^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))/a^(
4/3)/n-1/2*b^(1/3)*ln(b^(2/3)+a^(2/3)/(x^(2/3*n))-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*
n)))/a^(4/3)/n
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.20

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3x^{-n/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{an}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n/3)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(-3*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1, 2/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*n*x^(n/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 156, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {868, 772, 843, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{3}-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/3}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{772} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/3}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/3}}{a} \right)}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} \right)}{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 16$$

$$3 \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$n$

$\downarrow 1142$

$$3 \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{3\sqrt[3]{b}}{2} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{b} - 2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3})}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$n$

$\downarrow 25$

$$3 \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} (\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3})}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b})}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b})}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 1082

$$3 \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{-2n/3} - 3} d \left( 1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b})}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 217

$$\left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}} \right)$$

$n$

1103

$$\left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{\log\left(a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} dx^{-n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{a}b^{2/3}} \right)$$

$n$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n/3)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (-3*(1/(a*x^{(n/3)}) - (b*(\text{Log}[b^{(1/3)} + a^{(1/3)}/x^{(n/3)}]/(3*a^{(1/3)*b^{(2/3)}} \\ & ) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*a^{(1/3)})/(b^{(1/3)*x^{(n/3)}))/\text{Sqrt}[3]]])/a^{(1/3)} \\ & ) - \text{Log}[b^{(2/3)} + a^{(2/3)}/x^{((2*n)/3)} - (a^{(1/3)*b^{(1/3)})}/x^{(n/3)}]/(2*a^{(1/3)} \\ & ))/(3*b^{(2/3)})))/a)/n \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b\_)*(Gx\_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 750 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 772 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 843 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-n+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*(m+n*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^n*((m-n+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))) \quad \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, n-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$$

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{3x^{-\frac{n}{3}}}{an} + \left( \sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(a^4n^3_Z^3-b)} \_R \ln \left( x^{\frac{n}{3}} + \frac{a^3n^2\_R^2}{b} \right) \right)$	57

input `int(x^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-3/a/n/(x^(1/3*n))+sum(_R*ln(x^(1/3*n)+a^3*n^2/b*_R^2),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^4*n^3-b))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{6xx^{-\frac{1}{3}n-1} - 2\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}axx^{-\frac{1}{3}n-1}\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt{3}b}{3b}\right) - 2\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\frac{xx^{-\frac{1}{3}n-1} + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x}\right) + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\frac{xx^{-\frac{1}{3}n-1} - \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x}\right)}{2an}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(6*x*x^(-1/3*n - 1) - 2*sqrt(3)*(b/a)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*a*x*x^(-1/3*n - 1)*(b/a)^(2/3) - sqrt(3)*b)/b) - 2*(b/a)^(1/3)*log((x*x^(-1/3*n - 1) + (b/a)^(1/3))/x) + (b/a)^(1/3)*log((x^2*x^(-2/3*n - 2) - x*x^(-1/3*n - 1)*(b/a)^(1/3) + (b/a)^(2/3))/x^2))/(a*n)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{3}}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)}{an\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}e^{-\frac{2i\pi}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{4}{3}}n\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{i\pi}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{4}{3}}n\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}e^{\frac{2i\pi}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}x^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{4}{3}}n\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`



output

```
gamma(-1/3)/(a*n*x**(n/3)*gamma(2/3)) - b**(1/3)*exp(-2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b*
*(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-1/3)/(3*a**(4/3)*n*gamma
a(2/3)) - b**(1/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gam
ma(-1/3)/(3*a**(4/3)*n*gamma(2/3)) - b**(1/3)*exp(2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/
3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-1/3)/(3*a**(4/3)*n*gamma(
2/3))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-b*integrate(x^(2/3*n)/(a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x), x) - 3/(a*n*x^(1/3*n))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^(-1/3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{n}{3}+1} (a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`output `int(1/(x^(n/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{4n}{3}} bx + x^{\frac{n}{3}} ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`output `int(1/(x**((4*n)/3)*b*x + x**(n/3)*a*x), x)`

### 3.501 $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3270
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3270
Rubi [A] (verified)	3271
Maple [C] (verified)	3276
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3277
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3277
Maxima [F]	3278
Giac [F]	3278
Mupad [F(-1)]	3279
Reduce [F]	3279

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4x^{-n/4}}{an} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{a^{5/4}n} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b} \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{a^{5/4}n} + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt{b+\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}}\right)}{a^{5/4}n}$$

output

```
-4/a/n/(x^(1/4*n))-2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*arctan(1-2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n)))/a^(5/4)/n+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n)))/a^(5/4)/n+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n))/(b^(1/2)+a^(1/2)/(x^(1/2*n))))/a^(5/4)/n
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4x^{-n/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{an}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n/4)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(-4*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1, 3/4, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*n*x^(n/4))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {868, 772, 843, 755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\
 & -\frac{4 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/4}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{772} \\
 & -\frac{4 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \\
 & -\frac{4 \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{a} \right)}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{755} \\
 & -\frac{4 \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}+\sqrt{b}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{a} \right)}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1476}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4 \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{-n/2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt{b}} dx^{-n/4}}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{-n/2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt{b}} dx^{-n/4}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 1082

$$4 \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{-n/2}-1} d\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{-n/2}-1} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 217

$$4 \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 1479

$$\left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}-2\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(x^{-n/2}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)} dx^{-n/4} - \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt[4]{b}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(x^{-n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)} dx^{-n/4} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \right) \frac{1}{a}$$

$n$

↓ 25

$$\left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}-2\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(x^{-n/2}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)} dx^{-n/4} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt[4]{b}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(x^{-n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)} dx^{-n/4} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \right) \frac{1}{a}$$

$n$

↓ 27

$$4 \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}-2\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{x^{-n/2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt[4]{a}} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt[4]{b}}{x^{-n/2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt[4]{a}} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{a}$$

n

1103

$$4 \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/2}+\sqrt[4]{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/2}+\sqrt[4]{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{a}$$

n

```
input Int [x^(-1 - n/4)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

```
output (-4*(1/(a*x^(n/4)) - (b*((-(ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)))/(b^(1/4)*x^(n/4)))]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))/(b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (-1/2*Log[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]/x^(n/2) - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/x^(n/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]/x^(n/2) + (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/x^(n/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]))/a)/n
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 755 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numerator[Rt[a/b, 2]], s = Denominator[Rt[a/b, 2]]}, Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r - s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r + s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && (GtQ[a/b, 0] || (PosQ[a/b] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, a]] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, b]]))`
- rule 772 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`
- rule 843 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`
- rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`



rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])]; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1476 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.33

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{4x^{-\frac{n}{4}}}{an} + \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^5n^4\_Z^4+b)} -R \ln \left( x^{\frac{n}{4}} - \frac{a^4n^3R^3}{b} \right) \right)$	56

input `int(x^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-4/a/n/(x^(1/4*n))+sum(_R*ln(x^(1/4*n)-a^4*n^3/b*_R^3),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*a^5*n^4+b))`

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{an\left(-\frac{b}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(\frac{an\left(-\frac{b}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+xx^{-\frac{1}{4}n-1}}{x}\right) - an\left(-\frac{b}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(-\frac{an\left(-\frac{b}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-xx^{-\frac{1}{4}n-1}}{x}\right) + ian\left(-\frac{b}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(\frac{an\left(-\frac{b}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}+xx^{-\frac{1}{4}n-1}}{x}\right) - ian\left(-\frac{b}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(-\frac{an\left(-\frac{b}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}}-xx^{-\frac{1}{4}n-1}}{x}\right)}{an}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(a^n*(-b/(a^5*n^4))^{1/4}*\log((a^n*(-b/(a^5*n^4))^{1/4} + x*x^{(-1/4*n - 1)})/x) - a^n*(-b/(a^5*n^4))^{1/4}*\log(-(a^n*(-b/(a^5*n^4))^{1/4} - x*x^{(-1/4*n - 1)})/x) + I*a^n*(-b/(a^5*n^4))^{1/4}*\log((I*a^n*(-b/(a^5*n^4))^{1/4} + x*x^{(-1/4*n - 1)})/x) - I*a^n*(-b/(a^5*n^4))^{1/4}*\log((-I*a^n*(-b/(a^5*n^4))^{1/4} + x*x^{(-1/4*n - 1)})/x) - 4*x*x^{(-1/4*n - 1)})/(a^n)$

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 265, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{4}}\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)}{an\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{be^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{4}}n\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{i\sqrt[4]{be^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{3i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{4}}n\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{be^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{4}}n\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{i\sqrt[4]{be^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{7i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{4}}n\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `gamma(-1/4)/(a*n*x**(n/4)*gamma(3/4)) - b**(1/4)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**  
 *(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-1/4)/(4*a**(5/4)*n*gamma  
 a(3/4)) - I*b**(1/4)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(3*I  
 I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-1/4)/(4*a**(5/4)*n*gamma(3/4)) + b**(1/4)*exp(-3*I  
 I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-1/4  
 )/(4*a**(5/4)*n*gamma(3/4)) + I*b**(1/4)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x  
 **  
 (n/4)*exp_polar(7*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-1/4)/(4*a**(5/4)*n*gamma(3/4)  
 )`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*integrate(x^(3/4*n)/(a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x), x) - 4/(a*n*x^(1/4*n))`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-1/4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{n}{4}+1} (a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`output `int(1/(x^(n/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{5n}{4}} bx + x^{\frac{n}{4}} ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`output `int(1/(x**((5*n)/4)*b*x + x**(n/4)*a*x), x)`

**3.502**       $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3280
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3280
Rubi [A] (verified)	3281
Maple [A] (verified)	3282
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3283
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3284
Maxima [F]	3284
Giac [F]	3284
Mupad [F(-1)]	3285
Reduce [F]	3285

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} + \frac{2bx^{-n/2}}{a^2n} - \frac{2b^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{5/2}n}$$

output -2/3/a/n/(x^(3/2\*n))+2\*b/a^2/n/(x^(1/2\*n))-2\*b^(3/2)\*arctan(a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(x^(1/2\*n)))/a^(5/2)/n

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-3n/2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3an}$$

input Integrate[x^(-1 - (3\*n)/2)/(a + b\*x^n), x]

output (-2\*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 1, -1/2, -((b\*x^n)/a)]/(3\*a\*n\*x^((3\*n)/2)))

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {886, 868, 772, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{886} \\
 & -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/2}}{an} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{772} \\
 & \frac{2b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{an} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{2b \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{an} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - (3*n)/2)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `-2/(3*a*n*x^((3*n)/2)) + (2*b*(1/(a*x^(n/2)) - (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))])/a^(3/2)))/(a*n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 262  $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot x)^m \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[a \cdot c^2 \cdot (m - 1) / (b \cdot (m + 2 \cdot p + 1)) \cdot \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 2 - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 772  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{n \cdot p} \cdot (b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 868  $\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m + 1) \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^{m+1}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)]] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n]$

rule 886  $\text{Int}[x^m / (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{m+1} / (a \cdot (m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b/a \cdot \text{Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[m + n]} / (a + b \cdot x^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]] \ \&\& \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, n]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2bx^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{a^2n} - \frac{2x^{-\frac{3n}{2}}}{3an} + \frac{\sqrt{-ab}b \ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} + \frac{\sqrt{-ab}}{b}\right)}{a^3n} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab}b \ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} - \frac{\sqrt{-ab}}{b}\right)}{a^3n}$	97

input  $\text{int}(x^{-1-3/2*n}/(a+b*x^n), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
2*b/a^2/n/(x^(1/2*n))-2/3/a/n/(x^(1/2*n))^3+1/a^3*(-a*b)^(1/2)*b/n*ln(x^(1/2*n)+1/b*(-a*b)^(1/2))-1/a^3*(-a*b)^(1/2)*b/n*ln(x^(1/2*n)-1/b*(-a*b)^(1/2))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 253, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2axx^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1} - 3b\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} \log\left(-\frac{2a^3x^{\frac{5}{3}}x^{-\frac{5}{2}n-\frac{5}{3}}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} - a^3x^2x^{-3n-2} - 2a^2bxx^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} + 2a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}}x^{-2n-\frac{4}{3}} + 2ab^2x^{\frac{1}{3}}x^{-\frac{1}{2}n}\right)}{a^3x^2x^{-3n-2}+b^3}}{3a^2n} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2\left(axx^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1} + 3b\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}} \arctan\left(\frac{ax^{\frac{1}{3}}x^{-\frac{1}{2}n-\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{\frac{b}{a}}}{b}\right) - 3bx^{\frac{1}{3}}x^{-\frac{1}{2}n-\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3a^2n} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/3*(2*a*x*x^(-3/2*n - 1) - 3*b*sqrt(-b/a)*log(-(2*a^3*x^(5/3)*x^(-5/2*n - 5/3)*sqrt(-b/a) - a^3*x^2*x^(-3*n - 2) - 2*a^2*b*x*x^(-3/2*n - 1)*sqrt(-b/a) + 2*a^2*b*x^(4/3)*x^(-2*n - 4/3) + 2*a*b^2*x^(1/3)*x^(-1/2*n - 1/3)*sqrt(-b/a) - 2*a*b^2*x^(2/3)*x^(-n - 2/3) + b^3)/(a^3*x^2*x^(-3*n - 2) + b^3)) - 6*b*x^(1/3)*x^(-1/2*n - 1/3))/(a^2*n), -2/3*(a*x*x^(-3/2*n - 1) + 3*b*sqrt(b/a)*arctan(a*x^(1/3)*x^(-1/2*n - 1/3)*sqrt(b/a)/b) - 3*b*x^(1/3)*x^(-1/2*n - 1/3))/(a^2*n)]
```



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x^{-\frac{3n}{2}}}{3an} + \frac{2bx^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{a^2n} + \frac{2b^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x**n), x)`output `-2/(3*a*n*x**(3*n/2)) + 2*b/(a**2*n*x**(n/2)) + 2*b**(3/2)*atan(sqrt(b)*x*(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(a**(5/2)*n)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `b^2*integrate(x^(1/2*n)/(a^2*b*x*x^n + a^3*x), x) + 2/3*(3*b*x^n - a)/(a^2*n*x^(3/2*n))`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^(-3/2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3n}{2}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^((3*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`output `int(1/(x^((3*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{5n}{2}} bx + x^{\frac{3n}{2}} ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`output `int(1/(x**((5*n)/2)*b*x + x**((3*n)/2)*a*x), x)`

### 3.503 $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3286
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3287
Rubi [A] (verified)	3287
Maple [C] (verified)	3293
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3294
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3294
Maxima [F]	3295
Giac [F]	3295
Mupad [F(-1)]	3296
Reduce [F]	3296

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 176

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} + \frac{3bx^{-n/3}}{a^2n} + \frac{\sqrt{3}b^{4/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{a^{7/3}n}$$

$$- \frac{b^{4/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b} + \sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}\right)}{a^{7/3}n}$$

$$+ \frac{b^{4/3} \log\left(b^{2/3} + a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{-n/3}}\right)}{2a^{7/3}n}$$

output

```
-3/4/a/n/(x^(4/3*n))+3*b/a^2/n/(x^(1/3*n))+3^(1/2)*b^(4/3)*arctan(1/3*(b^(1/3)-2*a^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))*3^(1/2)/b^(1/3))/a^(7/3)/n-b^(4/3)*ln(b^(1/3)+a^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))/a^(7/3)/n+1/2*b^(4/3)*ln(b^(2/3)+a^(2/3)/(x^(2/3*n))-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))/a^(7/3)/n
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3x^{-4n/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, 1, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{4an}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - (4*n)/3)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-3*Hypergeometric2F1[-4/3, 1, -1/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(4*a*n*x^((4*n)/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {886, 868, 772, 843, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{-\frac{4n}{3}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{886} \\ & -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{3}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\ & \frac{3b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/3}}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{772} \\ & \frac{3b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/3}}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/3}}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an}$$

750

$$\frac{3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} \right)}{an}}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an}$$

16

$$\frac{3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)}{an}}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an}$$

1142

$$\frac{3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{b} - 2\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}})}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)}{an}}{an}$$

$$\frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \quad an$$

↓ 25

$$3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} (\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3})}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b})}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \quad an$$

↓ 27

$$3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b})}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \quad an$$

↓ 1082

$$3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3}+b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{{}^3\int \frac{1}{-x^{-2n/3}-3} d \left( 1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{-4n/3} \frac{an}{4an}}{4an} \downarrow 217$$

$$3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3}+b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{-4n/3} \frac{an}{4an}}{4an} \downarrow 1103$$

$$\left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\log\left(a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \Bigg/ \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - (4*n)/3)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `-3/(4*a*n*x^((4*n)/3)) + (3*b*(1/(a*x^(n/3)) - (b*(Log[b^(1/3) + a^(1/3)/x^(n/3)]/(3*a^(1/3)*b^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*a^(1/3))]/(b^(1/3)*x^(n/3)))/Sqrt[3]))/a^(1/3)) - Log[b^(2/3) + a^(2/3)/x^((2*n)/3) - (a^(1/3)*b^(1/3))/x^(n/3)]/(2*a^(1/3)))/(3*b^(2/3)))/a)/(a*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`



- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 750  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 772  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)}])^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$
- rule 843  $\text{Int}[(c_*)(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)}])^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-n+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)})/(b*(m+n*p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^n*((m-n+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))) \text{ Int}[(c*x)^{(m-n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, n-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$
- rule 868  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)}*((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)}])^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m+1) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m+1)])^p, x], x, x^{(m+1)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n/(m+1)]] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n]$
- rule 886  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_)} / ((a_*) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)} / (a*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b/a \text{ Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[m+n]} / (a + b*x^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{Simplify}[m+1/n]] \ \&\& \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, n]$

rule 1082

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*S
implify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b
)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 1103

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

rule 1142

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.41

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{3bx^{-\frac{n}{3}}}{a^2n} - \frac{3x^{-\frac{4n}{3}}}{4an} + \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(a^7n^3Z^3+b^4)} -R \ln \left( x^{\frac{n}{3}} + \frac{a^5n^2R^2}{b^3} \right) \right)$	73

input

```
int(x^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
3*b/a^2/n/(x^(1/3*n))-3/4/a/n/(x^(1/3*n))^4+sum(_R*ln(x^(1/3*n)+a^5*n^2/b^
3*_R^2),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^7*n^3+b^4))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{3axx^{-\frac{4}{3}n-1} - 4\sqrt{3}b\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}ax^{\frac{1}{4}}x^{-\frac{1}{3}n-\frac{1}{4}}\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} - \sqrt{3}b}{3b}\right) + 2b\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\frac{x^{\frac{3}{4}}x^{-\frac{1}{3}n-\frac{1}{4}}\left(-\frac{b}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + xx^{-\frac{1}{3}n-\frac{1}{4}}}{x}\right)}{4a^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/4*(3*a*x*x^(-4/3*n - 1) - 4*sqrt(3)*b*(-b/a)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*a*x^(1/4)*x^(-1/3*n - 1/4)*(-b/a)^(2/3) - sqrt(3)*b)/b) + 2*b*(-b/a)^(1/3)*log((x^(3/4)*x^(-1/3*n - 1/4)*(-b/a)^(1/3) + x*x^(-2/3*n - 1/2) + sqrt(x)*(-b/a)^(2/3))/x) - 4*b*(-b/a)^(1/3)*log((x*x^(-1/3*n - 1/4) - x^(3/4)*(-b/a)^(1/3))/x) - 12*b*x^(1/4)*x^(-1/3*n - 1/4))/(a^2*n)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 230, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{-\frac{4n}{3}}\Gamma\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)}{an\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)} - \frac{4bx^{-\frac{n}{3}}\Gamma\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)}{a^2n\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)} + \frac{4b^{\frac{4}{3}}e^{-\frac{2i\pi}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{7}{3}}n\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)} + \frac{4b^{\frac{4}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{i\pi}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{7}{3}}n\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)} + \frac{4b^{\frac{4}{3}}e^{\frac{2i\pi}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{4}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{7}{3}}n\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output

```
gamma(-4/3)/(a*n*x**(4*n/3)*gamma(-1/3)) - 4*b*gamma(-4/3)/(a**2*n*x**(n/3)
)*gamma(-1/3) + 4*b**(4/3)*exp(-2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_p
olar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-4/3)/(3*a**(7/3)*n*gamma(-1/3)) + 4*b**(4/3)
*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-4/3)/(3*a**(7/
3)*n*gamma(-1/3)) + 4*b**(4/3)*exp(2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp
_polar(5*I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-4/3)/(3*a**(7/3)*n*gamma(-1/3))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{4}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b^2*integrate(x^(2/3*n)/(a^2*b*x*x^n + a^3*x), x) + 3/4*(4*b*x^n - a)/(a^2
*n*x^(4/3*n))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{4}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^(-4/3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{4n}{3}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^((4*n)/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`output `int(1/(x^((4*n)/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{7n}{3}} bx + x^{\frac{4n}{3}} ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`output `int(1/(x**((7*n)/3)*b*x + x**((4*n)/3)*a*x), x)`

### 3.504 $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3297
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3298
Rubi [A] (verified)	3298
Maple [C] (verified)	3304
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	3304
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3305
Maxima [F]	3306
Giac [F]	3306
Mupad [F(-1)]	3307
Reduce [F]	3307

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 191

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} + \frac{4bx^{-n/4}}{a^2n} + \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{5/4} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{a^{9/4}n} - \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{5/4} \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{a^{9/4}n} - \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{5/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}\right)}{a^{9/4}n}$$

output

```
-4/5/a/n/(x^(5/4*n))+4*b/a^2/n/(x^(1/4*n))+2^(1/2)*b^(5/4)*arctan(1-2^(1/2)
)*a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n)))/a^(9/4)/n-2^(1/2)*b^(5/4)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*
a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n)))/a^(9/4)/n-2^(1/2)*b^(5/4)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(
1/4)*b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n))/(b^(1/2)+a^(1/2)/(x^(1/2*n))))/a^(9/4)/n
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4x^{-5n/4} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, 1, -\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5an}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - (5*n)/4)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-4*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1, -1/4, -(b*x^n)/a])/(5*a*n*x^((5*n)/4))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {886, 868, 772, 843, 755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{-\frac{5n}{4}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{886} \\ & -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\ & \frac{4b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/4}}{an} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{772} \\ & \frac{4b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{an} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4b \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an}$$

↓ 755

$$\frac{4b \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}+\sqrt{b}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an}$$

↓ 1476

$$4b \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^{-n/2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{1}{x^{-n/2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt{b}}}{2\sqrt{a}} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an}$$

↓ 1082

$$4b \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{-n/2}-1} d \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{-n/2}-1} d \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 217 \\
 4b \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{a} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1479 \\
 4b \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}-2\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(x^{-n/2}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt[4]{b}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(x^{-n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{a} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an}
 \end{array}$$

\downarrow 25

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} - 2 \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a} \left( x^{-n/2} - \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)} dx^{-n/4} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{b} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{a} \left( x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)} dx^{-n/4} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \\
 \hline
 \frac{b}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{b}}
 \end{array} \right\} \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a}$$

$$\frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \quad an$$

↓ 27

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} - 2 \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{x^{-n/2} - \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} dx^{-n/4} + \int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{b}}{x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} dx^{-n/4} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \\
 \hline
 \frac{b}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{b}}
 \end{array} \right\} \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a}$$

$$\frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \quad an$$

↓ 1103

$$4b \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4} + \sqrt{a}x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4} + \sqrt{a}x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{a} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \qquad an$$

```
input Int[x^(-1 - (5*n)/4)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

```
output -4/(5*a*n*x^((5*n)/4)) + (4*b*(1/(a*x^(n/4)) - (b*((-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))/(b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))/(b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (-1/2*Log[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]/x^(n/2) - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/x^(n/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]/x^(n/2) + (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/x^(n/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]))/a)/(a*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 217 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 755  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^4)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2*r) \text{Int}[(r - s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*r) \text{Int}[(r + s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a/b, 0] \|\| (\text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, a]] \&\& \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, b]]))$

rule 772  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^{(n_ )})^{(p_ )}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[p]$

rule 843  $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot)(x_ )^{(m_ )}*(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^{(n_ )})^{(p_ )}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-n+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1})/(b*(m+n*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^n*((m-n+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{GtQ}[m, n-1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[m+n*p+1, 0] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 868  $\text{Int}[(x_ )^{(m_ )}*(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^{(n_ )})^{(p_ )}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m+1) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m+1)])^p, x], x, x^{(m+1)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n/(m+1)]] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[n]$

rule 886  $\text{Int}[(x_ )^{(m_ )}/((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^{(n_ )}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m+1)}/(a*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b/a \text{Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[m+n]}/(a + b*x^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]] \&\& \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, n]$

rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \|\| \text{!RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot)(x_ ))/((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1476

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x] + Simp[
e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]
```

rule 1479

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x],
x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]
```

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{4bx^{-\frac{n}{4}}}{a^2n} - \frac{4x^{-\frac{5n}{4}}}{5an} + \left( \sum_{-R=\text{RootOf}(a^9n^4-Z^4+b^5)} -R \ln \left( x^{\frac{n}{4}} + \frac{a^7n^3R^3}{b^4} \right) \right)$	73

input

```
int(x^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
4*b/a^2/n/(x^(1/4*n))-4/5/a/n/(x^(1/4*n))^5+sum(_R*ln(x^(1/4*n)+a^7*n^3/b^
4*_R^3),_R=RootOf(_Z^4*a^9*n^4+b^5))
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 261, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx =$$

$$5a^2n \left( -\frac{b^5}{a^9n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left( \frac{a^2nx^{\frac{4}{5}} \left( -\frac{b^5}{a^9n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + bxx^{-\frac{1}{4}n-\frac{1}{5}}}{x} \right) - 5a^2n \left( -\frac{b^5}{a^9n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left( -\frac{a^2nx^{\frac{4}{5}} \left( -\frac{b^5}{a^9n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - bxx^{-\frac{1}{4}n-\frac{1}{5}}}{x} \right) +$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & -1/5*(5*a^2*n*(-b^5/(a^9*n^4))^{1/4}*\log((a^2*n*x^{4/5})*(-b^5/(a^9*n^4))^{1/4} \\ & + b*x*x^{(-1/4*n - 1/5)}/x) - 5*a^2*n*(-b^5/(a^9*n^4))^{1/4}*\log(-(a^2 \\ & *n*x^{4/5})*(-b^5/(a^9*n^4))^{1/4} - b*x*x^{(-1/4*n - 1/5)}/x) + 5*I*a^2*n*( \\ & -b^5/(a^9*n^4))^{1/4}*\log((I*a^2*n*x^{4/5})*(-b^5/(a^9*n^4))^{1/4} + b*x*x^{ \\ & (-1/4*n - 1/5)}/x) - 5*I*a^2*n*(-b^5/(a^9*n^4))^{1/4}*\log((-I*a^2*n*x^{4/5} \\ & )*(-b^5/(a^9*n^4))^{1/4} + b*x*x^{(-1/4*n - 1/5)}/x) + 4*a*x*x^{(-5/4*n - 1) \\ & - 20*b*x^{1/5}*x^{(-1/4*n - 1/5)})/(a^2*n) \end{aligned}$$

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 309, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx &= \frac{x^{-\frac{5n}{4}} \Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{an \Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})} - \frac{5bx^{-\frac{n}{4}} \Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{a^2n \Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})} + \frac{5b^{\frac{5}{4}} e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}} e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{4a^{\frac{9}{4}}n \Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})} \\ &+ \frac{5ib^{\frac{5}{4}} e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}} e^{\frac{3i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{4a^{\frac{9}{4}}n \Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})} \\ &- \frac{5b^{\frac{5}{4}} e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}} e^{\frac{5i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{4a^{\frac{9}{4}}n \Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})} \\ &- \frac{5ib^{\frac{5}{4}} e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}} e^{\frac{7i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right) \Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{4a^{\frac{9}{4}}n \Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output

```
gamma(-5/4)/(a*n*x**(5*n/4)*gamma(-1/4)) - 5*b*gamma(-5/4)/(a**2*n*x**(n/4)
)*gamma(-1/4) + 5*b**(5/4)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_p
olar(I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-5/4)/(4*a**(9/4)*n*gamma(-1/4)) + 5*I*b**(5/
4)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(3*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*
gamma(-5/4)/(4*a**(9/4)*n*gamma(-1/4)) - 5*b**(5/4)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 -
b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-5/4)/(4*a**(9/4)*n
*gamma(-1/4)) - 5*I*b**(5/4)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_
polar(7*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-5/4)/(4*a**(9/4)*n*gamma(-1/4))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{5}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b^2*integrate(x^(3/4*n)/(a^2*b*x*x^n + a^3*x), x) + 4/5*(5*b*x^n - a)/(a^2
*n*x^(5/4*n))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{5}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^(-5/4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{5n}{4}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^((5*n)/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`output `int(1/(x^((5*n)/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{9n}{4}} bx + x^{\frac{5n}{4}} ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`output `int(1/(x**((9*n)/4)*b*x + x**((5*n)/4)*a*x), x)`



### 3.505 $\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3308
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3308
Rubi [A] (verified)	3309
Maple [F]	3310
Fricas [F(-2)]	3310
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3310
Maxima [F]	3311
Giac [F]	3311
Mupad [F(-1)]	3312
Reduce [F]	3312

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a}$$

output `1/2*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*hypergeom([1, 3/2+2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, 1 + \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 2/n, 1 + 2/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/ (2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \int x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}}$$

input `Int[x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

## Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n}dx = \frac{a^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{n}}x^2\Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \\ 1+\frac{2}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n\Gamma\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(2/n)*a**(1/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n+ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n+ax} dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^2 + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^n b n + 4x^n b + a n + 4a} dx \right) a n^2 + 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^n b n + 4x^n b + a n + 4a} dx \right) a n}{n + 4}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**2 + int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n + 4*a),x)*a*n**2 + 4*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + a*n + 4*a),x)*a*n)/(n + 4)`

### 3.506 $\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3313
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3313
Rubi [A] (verified)	3314
Maple [F]	3315
Fricas [F(-2)]	3315
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3315
Maxima [F]	3316
Giac [F]	3316
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3317
Reduce [F]	3317

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a}$$

output `x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*hypergeom([1, 3/2+1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x
^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !LtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$



input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(1/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n  
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{a + bx^n} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/n], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/((b*x^n)/a + 1)^(1/2)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} x + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n + 2x^n b + a n + 2a} dx \right) a n^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n + 2x^n b + a n + 2a} dx \right) a n}{n + 2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a), x)*a*n**2 + 2*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a), x)*a*n)/(n + 2)`

### 3.507 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	3318
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3318
Rubi [A] (verified)	3319
Maple [A] (verified)	3320
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3321
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3321
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3322
Giac [F]	3322
Mupad [F(-1)]	3322
Reduce [F]	3323

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$$

output  $2*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/n-2*a^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{a+bx^n} - \sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x,x]`

output  $(2*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]]))/n$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 60 \\
 \frac{a \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{2a \int \frac{\frac{1}{x^{2n}} - \frac{a}{b}}{b} d\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{n} + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	36
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	36
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{n} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	42

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/n*(2*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}-2*a^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}))$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{n}, \frac{2\left(\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + \sqrt{bx^n+a}\right)}{n} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\log((b*x^n - 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a))/n, 2*(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)/\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a)) + \operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a))/n]$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{n} + \frac{2ax^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{bn}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output  $-2*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{asinh}(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)/(\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*x^{(n/2)}))/n + 2*a/(\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*n*x^{(n/2)}*\operatorname{sqrt}(a/(b*x^{**n}) + 1)) + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*x^{(n/2)}/(n*\operatorname{sqrt}(a/(b*x^{**n}) + 1))$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/n + 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x, x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^n}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) a n}{n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a*n)/n`



### 3.508 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3324
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3324
Rubi [A] (verified)	3325
Maple [F]	3326
Fricas [F(-2)]	3326
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3326
Maxima [F]	3327
Giac [F]	3327
Mupad [F(-1)]	3328
Reduce [F]	3328

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax}$$

```
output -(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*hypergeom([1, 3/2-1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, 1 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
input Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x^2,x]
```

```
output -((Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -n^(-1), 1 - n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x^2,x]`

output `-((Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \\ 1 - \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/x**2,x)`

output `a**(1/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((-1/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^2, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^n}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^2 - 2x^n b x^2 + a n x^2 - 2a x^2} dx \right) a n^2 x - 2 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^2 - 2x^n b x^2 + a n x^2 - 2a x^2} dx \right) a n x}{x(n - 2)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^2,x)`output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*x**2 + a*n*x**2 - 2*a*x**2),x)*a*n**2*x - 2*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**2 - 2*x**n*b*x**2 + a*n*x**2 - 2*a*x**2),x)*a*n*x)/(x*(n - 2))`

### 3.509 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	3329
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3329
Rubi [A] (verified)	3330
Maple [F]	3331
Fricas [F(-2)]	3331
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3331
Maxima [F]	3332
Giac [F]	3332
Mupad [F(-1)]	3333
Reduce [F]	3333

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*hypergeom([1, 3/2-2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, 1 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -2/n, 1 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^3} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \\ 1 - \frac{2}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$



input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/x**3,x)`

output `a**(1/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((-1/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^3, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^n}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^3 - 4x^n b x^3 + a n x^3 - 4a x^3} dx \right) a n^2 x^2 - 4 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n x^3 - 4x^n b x^3 + a n x^3 - 4a x^3} dx \right) a n x^2}{x^2 (n - 4)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^3,x)`output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**3 - 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n*x**3 - 4*a*x**3),x)*a*n**2*x**2 - 4*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n*x**3 - 4*x**n*b*x**3 + a*n*x**3 - 4*a*x**3),x)*a*n*x**2)/(x**2*(n - 4))`

### 3.510 $\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3334
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3334
Rubi [A] (verified)	3335
Maple [F]	3336
Fricas [F(-2)]	3336
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3336
Maxima [F]	3337
Giac [F]	3337
Mupad [F(-1)]	3338
Reduce [F]	3338

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2} + \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a}$$

output

```
1/2*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/2+2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, 1 + \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 2/n, 1 + 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int x\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/ (2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{2}{n}} a^{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} x^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \\ 1 + \frac{2}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(2/n)*a**(3/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((-3/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`output `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n x^2 + 8x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b x^2 + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n x^2 + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a x^2 + 9 \left( \int \frac{1}{3x^n b n^2 + a} dx \right)}{3x^n b n^2 + a}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x**2 + 8*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x**2 + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x**2 + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x**2 + 9*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 16*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 16*a*n + 16*a), x)*a**2*n**4 + 48*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 16*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 16*a*n + 16*a), x)*a**2*n**3 + 48*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 16*x**n*b*n + 16*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 16*a*n + 16*a), x)*a**2*n**2)/(3*n**2 + 16*n + 16)`

### 3.511 $\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3339
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3339
Rubi [A] (verified)	3340
Maple [F]	3341
Fricas [F(-2)]	3341
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3341
Maxima [F]	3342
Giac [F]	3342
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3343
Reduce [F]	3343

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/2+1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ax\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]) / Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{ax\sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]`

output `(a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x
^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !LtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \\ 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(3/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-3/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n  
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/n], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/((b*x^n)/a + 1)^(3/2)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n x + 4x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b x + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n x + 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a x + 9 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{3x^n b n^2 + 8x^n b n} dx \right)}{3x^n b n^2 + 8x^n b n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x + 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x + 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x + 9*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a), x)*a**2*n**4 + 24*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a), x)*a**2*n**3 + 12*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a), x)*a**2*n**2)/(3*n**2 + 8*n + 4)`

### 3.512 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	3344
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3344
Rubi [A] (verified)	3345
Maple [A] (verified)	3346
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3347
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3347
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3348
Giac [F]	3348
Mupad [F(-1)]	3348
Reduce [F]	3349

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2a\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} + \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3n} - \frac{2a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$$

output

$2*a*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/n+2/3*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/n-2*a^(3/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx^n}(4a + bx^n) - 6a^{3/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{3n}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x,x]`

output

$(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(4*a + b*x^n) - 6*a^(3/2)*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]])/(3*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {798, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-n}(bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 60 \\
 \frac{a \int x^{-n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 60 \\
 \frac{a \left( a \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{a \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{x^{-2n} - \frac{a}{b}}{b} d\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{a \left( 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x,x]`

output `((2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]]))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2a^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	48
default	$\frac{\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2a^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	48
risch	$\frac{2(b e^{n \ln(x)} + 4a)\sqrt{a + b e^{n \ln(x)}}}{3n} - \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + b e^{n \ln(x)}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	53

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
1/n*(2/3*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+2*a*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-2*a^(3/2)*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \left[ \frac{3 a^{\frac{3}{2}} \log \left( \frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n} \right) + 2 (bx^n + 4a)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{3n}, \frac{2 \left( 3\sqrt{-a}a \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} \right) \right)}{3n} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/3*(3*a^(3/2)*log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*(b*x^n + 4*a)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/n, 2/3*(3*sqrt(-a)*a*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + (b*x^n + 4*a)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/n]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{8a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}{3n} + \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}}\log\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n} - \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}\log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1\right)}{n} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}bx^n\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}{3n}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)/x,x)
```

output

```
8*a**(3/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(3*n) + a**(3/2)*log(b*x**n/a)/n - 2*a**(3/2)*log(sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a) + 1)/n + 2*sqrt(a)*b*x**n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(3*n)
```



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{a^{3/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n} + \frac{2\left((bx^n+a)^{3/2} + 3\sqrt{bx^n+aa}\right)}{3n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^(3/2)*log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/n + 2/3*((b*x^n + a)^(3/2) + 3*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x, x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + b x^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 3 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) a^2 n}{3n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x,x)`

output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 3*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a**2*n)/(3*n)`

### 3.513 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3350
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3350
Rubi [A] (verified)	3351
Maple [F]	3352
Fricas [F(-2)]	3352
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3353
Maxima [F]	3353
Giac [F]	3353
Mupad [F(-1)]	3354
Reduce [F]	3354

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax}$$

```
output -(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/2-1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, 1 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2,x]
```

```
output -((a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -n^(-1), 1 - n^(-1), -(b*x^n/a)])/a))/(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-((a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -(b*x^n/a)])/(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)/x**2,x)`

output `a**(3/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((-3/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b x^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n - 4x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n - 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 9 \left( \int \frac{1}{3x^n b n^2 x^2 - 8x} \right)}{1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^2,x)`output `(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n - 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n - 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 9*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*n*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*x**2 + 3*a*n**2*x**2 - 8*a*n*x**2 + 4*a*x**2),x)*a**2*n**4*x - 24*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*n*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*x**2 + 3*a*n**2*x**2 - 8*a*n*x**2 + 4*a*x**2),x)*a**2*n**3*x + 12*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*n*x**2 + 4*x**n*b*x**2 + 3*a*n**2*x**2 - 8*a*n*x**2 + 4*a*x**2),x)*a**2*n**2*x)/(x*(3*n**2 - 8*n + 4))`

### 3.514 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result	3355
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3355
Rubi [A] (verified)	3356
Maple [F]	3357
Fricas [F(-2)]	3357
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3358
Maxima [F]	3358
Giac [F]	3358
Mupad [F(-1)]	3359
Reduce [F]	3359

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2} - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2}$$

```
output -1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/2-2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, 1 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3,x]
```

```
output -1/2*(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -2/n, 1 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$-\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -(b*x^n/a)])/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{2}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma(1 - \frac{2}{n})}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(3/2)/x**3,x)`

output `a**(3/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((-3/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n - 8x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b + 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n - 8\sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 9 \left( \int \frac{1}{3x^n b n^2 x^3 - 16} \right)}{x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n - 8*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n - 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 9*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 16*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 16*x**n*b*x**3 + 3*a*n**2*x**3 - 16*a*n*x**3 + 16*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**4*x**2 - 48*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 16*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 16*x**n*b*x**3 + 3*a*n**2*x**3 - 16*a*n*x**3 + 16*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**3*x**2 + 48*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 - 16*x**n*b*n*x**3 + 16*x**n*b*x**3 + 3*a*n**2*x**3 - 16*a*n*x**3 + 16*a*x**3),x)*a**2*n**2*x**2)/(x**2*(3*n**2 - 16*n + 16))
```

### 3.515 $\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	3360
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3360
Rubi [A] (verified)	3361
Maple [F]	3362
Fricas [F(-2)]	3362
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3362
Maxima [F]	3363
Giac [F]	3363
Mupad [F(-1)]	3364
Reduce [F]	3364

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x^2(a + bx^n)^{7/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{7}{2} + \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a}$$

output `1/2*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)*hypergeom([1, 7/2+2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, 1 + \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]`

output `(a^2*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 2/n, 1 + 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \int x \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{a^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x]`

output `(a^2*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{2}{n}} a^{\frac{5}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} x^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `a**(2/n)*a**(5/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((-5/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x dx$$

input `integrate(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx$$

input `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`output `int(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x(a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n^2 x^2 + 32x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 n x^2 + 32x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 x^2 + 22x^n\sqrt{x^n b + a} a b n^2}{\dots}$$

input `int(x*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

output

```
(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2*x**2 + 32*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)
*b**2*n*x**2 + 32*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*x**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*
b + a)*a*b*n**2*x**2 + 104*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n*x**2 + 64*x**n*sqrt
(x**n*b + a)*a*b*x**2 + 46*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2*x**2 + 72*sqrt(x**n*
b + a)*a**2*n*x**2 + 32*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*x**2 + 225*int((sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)*x)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 92*x**n*b*n**2 + 144*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 15*a
*n**3 + 92*a*n**2 + 144*a*n + 64*a), x)*a**3*n**6 + 1380*int((sqrt(x**n*b +
a)*x)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 92*x**n*b*n**2 + 144*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 15*a*
n**3 + 92*a*n**2 + 144*a*n + 64*a), x)*a**3*n**5 + 2160*int((sqrt(x**n*b +
a)*x)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 92*x**n*b*n**2 + 144*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 15*a*n
**3 + 92*a*n**2 + 144*a*n + 64*a), x)*a**3*n**4 + 960*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)
*x)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 92*x**n*b*n**2 + 144*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 15*a*n**
3 + 92*a*n**2 + 144*a*n + 64*a), x)*a**3*n**3)/(15*n**3 + 92*n**2 + 144*n +
64)
```

### 3.516 $\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	3365
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3365
Rubi [A] (verified)	3366
Maple [F]	3367
Fricas [F(-2)]	3367
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3367
Maxima [F]	3368
Giac [F]	3368
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3369
Reduce [F]	3369

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^{7/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{7}{2} + \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)*hypergeom([1, 7/2+1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(a^2*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{a^2 x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]`

output `(a^2*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 779

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x
^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !LtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \\ 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(5/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-5/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n  
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`



### 3.517 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	3370
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3370
Rubi [A] (verified)	3371
Maple [A] (verified)	3373
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3373
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3374
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3374
Giac [F]	3375
Mupad [F(-1)]	3375
Reduce [F]	3375

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} + \frac{2a(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3n} + \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5n} - \frac{2a^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$$

output

$2*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/n+2/3*a*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/n+2/5*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/n-2*a^(5/2)*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx^n}(23a^2 + 11abx^n + 3b^2x^{2n}) - 30a^{5/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{15n}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x,x]`

output

$$(2\sqrt{a + bx^n}*(23a^2 + 11a*bx^n + 3b^2x^{(2*n)}) - 30a^{(5/2)}*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + bx^n}/\sqrt{a}])/(15*n)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {798, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 798 \\ & \frac{\int x^{-n}(bx^n + a)^{5/2} dx^n}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{a \int x^{-n}(bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx^n + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{a \left( a \int x^{-n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 60 \\ & \frac{a \left( a \left( a \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{a \left( a \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{a \left( a \left( 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5}(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{n} \end{aligned}$$



input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x,x]`

output `((2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/5 + a*((2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])))/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2a^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	62
default	$\frac{\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{5} + \frac{2a(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3} + 2a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2a^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	62
risch	$\frac{2(3b^2e^{2n \ln(x)} + 11ab e^{n \ln(x)} + 23a^2)\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{15n} - \frac{2a^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	69

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/n*(2/5*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)+2/3*a*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+2*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-2*a^(5/2)*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \left[ \frac{15 a^{\frac{5}{2}} \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2(3b^2x^{2n} + 11abx^n + 23a^2)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{15n}, \frac{2(15\sqrt{-a}}{15n} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/15*(15*a^(5/2)*log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*(3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 11*a*b*x^n + 23*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/n, 2/15*(15*sqrt(-a)*a^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + (3*b^2*x^(2*n) + 11*a*b*x^n + 23*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/n]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{46a^{5/2} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}{15n} + \frac{a^{5/2} \log\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n}$$

$$- \frac{2a^{5/2} \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1\right)}{n} + \frac{22a^{3/2} bx^n \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}{15n} + \frac{2\sqrt{ab^2 x^{2n}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}{5n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(5/2)/x,x)`output `46*a**(5/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(15*n) + a**(5/2)*log(b*x**n/a)/n - 2*a**(5/2)*log(sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a) + 1)/n + 22*a**(3/2)*b*x**n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(15*n) + 2*sqrt(a)*b**2*x**(2*n)*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(5*n)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{a^{5/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$$

$$+ \frac{2\left(3(bx^n + a)^{5/2} + 5(bx^n + a)^{3/2}a + 15\sqrt{bx^n + aa^2}\right)}{15n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `a^(5/2)*log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/n + 2/15*(3*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2) + 5*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*a + 15*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a^2)/n`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x} dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 + 22x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} ab + 46\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 + 15 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) a^3 n}{15n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x,x)`

output `(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 46*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2 + 15*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a**3*n)/(15*n)`

**3.518**  $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	3376
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3376
Rubi [A] (verified)	3377
Maple [F]	3378
Fricas [F(-2)]	3378
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3379
Maxima [F]	3379
Giac [F]	3379
Mupad [F(-1)]	3380
Reduce [F]	3380

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^n)^{7/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{7}{2} - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax}$$

output `-(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)*hypergeom([1, 7/2-1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = -\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, 1 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, -n^(-1), 1 - n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a]))/(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$-\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2,x]`

output `-((a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2,x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma(-\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(5/2)/x**2,x)`

output `a**(5/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((-5/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^2, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^2} dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a}b^2n^2 - 16x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a}b^2n + 8x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a}b^2 + 22x^n\sqrt{x^n b + a}abn^2 - \dots}{x^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^2,x)`

output

```
(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2 - 16*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2
*n + 8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2
- 52*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n + 16*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 46*sqrt(
x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2 - 36*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*
*2 + 225*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 +
36*x**n*b*n*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 - 46*a*n**2*x**2 + 36*a
*n*x**2 - 8*a*x**2),x)*a**3*n**6*x - 690*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n
**3*x**2 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 36*x**n*b*n*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n
**3*x**2 - 46*a*n**2*x**2 + 36*a*n*x**2 - 8*a*x**2),x)*a**3*n**5*x + 540*i
nt(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 - 46*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 36*x**n*b
*n*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 - 46*a*n**2*x**2 + 36*a*n*x**2 -
8*a*x**2),x)*a**3*n**4*x - 120*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**2 -
46*x**n*b*n**2*x**2 + 36*x**n*b*n*x**2 - 8*x**n*b*x**2 + 15*a*n**3*x**2 -
46*a*n**2*x**2 + 36*a*n*x**2 - 8*a*x**2),x)*a**3*n**3*x)/(x*(15*n**3 - 46
*n**2 + 36*n - 8))
```

$$3.519 \quad \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3381
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3381
Rubi [A] (verified)	3382
Maple [F]	3383
Fricas [F(-2)]	3383
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3384
Maxima [F]	3384
Giac [F]	3384
Mupad [F(-1)]	3385
Reduce [F]	3385

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(a+bx^n)^{7/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{7}{2} - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2}$$

output `-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)*hypergeom([1, 7/2-2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = -\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, 1 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, -2/n, 1 - 2/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(x^2*sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$-\frac{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3,x]`

output `-1/2*(a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3,x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{\frac{5}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \\ 1 - \frac{2}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(5/2)/x**3,x)`

output `a**(5/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((-5/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{x^3} dx = \frac{6x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + ab^2n^2} - 32x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + ab^2n} + 32x^{2n}\sqrt{x^nb + ab^2} + 22x^n\sqrt{x^nb + abn^2}}{x^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/x^3,x)`

output

```
(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*n**2 - 32*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2
*n + 32*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 22*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n**2
- 104*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*n + 64*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b + 46*sqrt
(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n**2 - 72*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*n + 32*sqrt(x**n*b + a)
*a**2 + 225*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 92*x**n*b*n**2*x**
3 + 144*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 64*x**n*b*x**3 + 15*a*n**3*x**3 - 92*a*n**2*x**3 +
144*a*n*x**3 - 64*a*x**3),x)*a**3*n**6*x**2 - 1380*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(
15*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 92*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 + 144*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 64*x**n*b*
x**3 + 15*a*n**3*x**3 - 92*a*n**2*x**3 + 144*a*n*x**3 - 64*a*x**3),x)*a**3
*n**5*x**2 + 2160*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 92*x**n*b*n*
**2*x**3 + 144*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 64*x**n*b*x**3 + 15*a*n**3*x**3 - 92*a*n**2*
x**3 + 144*a*n*x**3 - 64*a*x**3),x)*a**3*n**4*x**2 - 960*int(sqrt(x**n*b +
a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3*x**3 - 92*x**n*b*n**2*x**3 + 144*x**n*b*n*x**3 - 64*x*
*n*b*x**3 + 15*a*n**3*x**3 - 92*a*n**2*x**3 + 144*a*n*x**3 - 64*a*x**3),x)
*a**3*n**3*x**2)/(x**2*(15*n**3 - 92*n**2 + 144*n - 64))
```

### 3.520 $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3386
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3386
Rubi [A] (verified)	3387
Maple [F]	3388
Fricas [F(-2)]	3388
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3388
Maxima [F]	3389
Giac [F]	3389
Mupad [F(-1)]	3390
Reduce [F]	3390

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a}$$

output

$1/2*x^2*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}*hypergeom([1, 1/2+2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, 1 + \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

`Integrate[x/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output

$(x^2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 2/n, 1 + 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```



rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{2}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} x^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(2/n)*a**(-1/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((1/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.521 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3391
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3391
Rubi [A] (verified)	3392
Maple [F]	3393
Fricas [F(-2)]	3393
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3393
Maxima [F]	3394
Giac [F]	3394
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3395
Reduce [F]	3395

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a}$$

output `x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, 1/2+1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/Sqrt[a + b*x^n]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{779}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^n]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !LtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 779

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x
^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !LtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n  
*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(x*((b*x^n)/a + 1)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/n], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b + a),x)`



### 3.522 $\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3396
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3396
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3397
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3398
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3398
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3399
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3399
Giac [F] . . . . .	3399
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3400
Reduce [F] . . . . .	3400

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

output `-2*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{bn} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}n}$	23
default	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}n}$	23

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/n`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \left[ \frac{\log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x^n}\right)}{\sqrt{a}n}, \frac{2\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right)}{an} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n)/(sqrt(a)*n), 2*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a*n)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`output `-2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(sqrt(a)*n)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/(sqrt(a)*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+ax}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)`

### 3.523 $\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3401
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3401
Rubi [A] (verified)	3402
Maple [F]	3403
Fricas [F(-2)]	3403
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3403
Maxima [F]	3404
Giac [F]	3404
Mupad [F(-1)]	3405
Reduce [F]	3405

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax}$$

output `-(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, 1/2-1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, 1 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x \sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -n^(-1), 1 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{x \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{b x^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n x \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$



input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(-1/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((1/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+ax^2}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x^2 + a x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x**2 + a*x**2),x)`

### 3.524 $\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3406
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3406
Rubi [A] (verified)	3407
Maple [F]	3408
Fricas [F(-2)]	3408
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3408
Maxima [F]	3409
Giac [F]	3409
Mupad [F(-1)]	3410
Reduce [F]	3410

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2}$$

output `-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, 1/2-2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x^2`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, 1 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -2/n, 1 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -2/n, -((2 - n)/n), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{b x^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n x^2 \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(-1/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((1/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^3), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + ax^3}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 \sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x^3 + a x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x**3 + a*x**3),x)`

### 3.525 $\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3411
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3411
Rubi [A] (verified)	3412
Maple [F]	3413
Fricas [F(-2)]	3413
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3414
Maxima [F]	3414
Giac [F]	3414
Mupad [F(-1)]	3415
Reduce [F]	3415

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `1/2*x^2*hypergeom([1, -1/2+2/n], [(2+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, 1 + \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 2/n, 1 + 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/ (2*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(2*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{2}{n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{2}{n}} x^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(2/n)*a**(-3/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((3/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`output `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.526 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3416
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3416
Rubi [A] (verified)	3417
Maple [F]	3418
Fricas [F(-2)]	3418
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3419
Maxima [F]	3419
Giac [F]	3419
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3420
Reduce [F]	3420

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `x*hypergeom([1, -1/2+1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(-3/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(-3/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x
^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !LtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((3/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(-3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(-3/2), x)`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`output `(x*((b*x^n)/a + 1)^(3/2)*hypergeom([3/2, 1/n], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.527 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3421
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3421
Rubi [A] (verified)	3422
Maple [A] (verified)	3423
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3424
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3424
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3425
Giac [F]	3425
Mupad [F(-1)]	3425
Reduce [F]	3426

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{an\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n}$$

output

```
2/a/n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-2*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2}{an\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]
```

output

```
2/(a*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(3/2)*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 61 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \\
 n
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]`

output `(2/(a*sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{n}$	39
default	$\frac{\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{n}$	39

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/n*(2/a/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}-2/a^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}))$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.94

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{\left(\sqrt{abx^n+a^{\frac{3}{2}}}\right) \log\left(\frac{bx^n-2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^n+aa}}{a^2bnx^n+a^3n}, \frac{2\left(\left(\sqrt{-abx^n}+\sqrt{-aa}\right) a}{a^2bnx^n+a^3n}\right) \operatorname{arctan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{-abx^n}+\sqrt{-aa}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + \sqrt{bx^n+a}a}{a^2bnx^n+a^3n} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[((\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*b*x^n + a^{(3/2)})*\log((b*x^n - 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a)*a)/(a^2*b*n*x^n + a^3*n), 2*((\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*b*x^n + \operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*a)*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)/\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a)) + \operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a)*a)/(a^2*b*n*x^n + a^3*n)]$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 184 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 184, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.83

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2a^3\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}{a^{\frac{9}{2}}n+a^{\frac{7}{2}}bnx^n} + \frac{a^3\log\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^{\frac{9}{2}}n+a^{\frac{7}{2}}bnx^n} - \frac{2a^3\log\left(\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}+1\right)}{a^{\frac{9}{2}}n+a^{\frac{7}{2}}bnx^n} + \frac{a^2bx^n\log\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^{\frac{9}{2}}n+a^{\frac{7}{2}}bnx^n} - \frac{2a^2bx^n\log\left(\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}+1\right)}{a^{\frac{9}{2}}n+a^{\frac{7}{2}}bnx^n}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output  $2*a**3*\operatorname{sqrt}(1+b*x**n/a)/(a**(9/2)*n+a**(7/2)*b*n*x**n)+a**3*\log(b*x**n/a)/(a**(9/2)*n+a**(7/2)*b*n*x**n)-2*a**3*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(1+b*x**n/a)+1)/(a**(9/2)*n+a**(7/2)*b*n*x**n)+a**2*b*x**n*\log(b*x**n/a)/(a**(9/2)*n+a**(7/2)*b*n*x**n)-2*a**2*b*x**n*\log(\operatorname{sqrt}(1+b*x**n/a)+1)/(a**(9/2)*n+a**(7/2)*b*n*x**n)$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{bx^n+an}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(3/2)*n) + 2/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 x + 2x^n a b x + a^2 x} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*x + a**2*x),x)`

**3.528**  $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3427
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3427
Rubi [A] (verified)	3428
Maple [F]	3429
Fricas [F(-2)]	3429
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3430
Maxima [F]	3430
Giac [F]	3430
Mupad [F(-1)]	3431
Reduce [F]	3431

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `-hypergeom([1, -1/2-1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, 1-\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -n^(-1), 1 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(-3/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((3/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 x^2 + 2x^n a b x^2 + a^2 x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**2 + a**2*x**2),x)`

**3.529**  $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3432
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3432
Rubi [A] (verified)	3433
Maple [F]	3434
Fricas [F(-2)]	3434
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3435
Maxima [F]	3435
Giac [F]	3435
Mupad [F(-1)]	3436
Reduce [F]	3436

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `-1/2*hypergeom([1, -1/2-2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, 1 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -2/n, 1 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, -2/n, -(2 - n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(-3/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((3/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^3), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 x^3 + 2x^n a b x^3 + a^2 x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x**3 + 2*x**n*a*b*x**3 + a**2*x**3),x)`

$$3.530 \quad \int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3437
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3437
Rubi [A] (verified)	3438
Maple [F]	3439
Fricas [F(-2)]	3439
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3440
Maxima [F]	3440
Giac [F]	3440
Mupad [F(-1)]	3441
Reduce [F]	3441

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 48

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{n}, \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

output `1/2*x^2*hypergeom([1, -3/2+2/n],[ (2+n)/n ],-b*x^n/a)/a/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{x}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, 1 + \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 2/n, 1 + 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/ (2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n}, \frac{n+2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^2*sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, 2/n, (2 + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(2*a^2*sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{2}{n}} a^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{2}{n}} x^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{2}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `a**(2/n)*a**(-5/2 - 2/n)*x**2*gamma(2/n)*hyper((5/2, 2/n), (1 + 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x}{(a + b x^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`output `int(x/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x}{x^{3n} b^3 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 + 3x^n a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`output `int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x)/(x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

### 3.531 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3442
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3442
Rubi [A] (verified)	3443
Maple [F]	3444
Fricas [F(-2)]	3444
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3445
Maxima [F]	3445
Giac [F]	3445
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3446
Reduce [F]	3446

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

output `x*hypergeom([1, -3/2+1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(-5/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(-5/2), x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`



rule 779

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x
^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x]
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !LtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-5/2 - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((5/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(-5/2), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{n}; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`output `(x*((b*x^n)/a + 1)^(5/2)*hypergeom([5/2, 1/n], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b^3 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 + 3x^n a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3), x)`

### 3.532 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3447
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3447
Rubi [A] (verified)	3448
Maple [A] (verified)	3449
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3450
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3450
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3451
Giac [F]	3452
Mupad [F(-1)]	3452
Reduce [F]	3452

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2}{3an(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{a^2n\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}n}$$

output

```
2/3/a/n/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+2/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-2*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/
a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(a+3(a+bx^n))}{3a^2n(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}n}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + 3*(a + b*x^n)))/(3*a^2*n*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a +
b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(5/2)*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {798, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{798} \\
 \int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)^{5/2}} dx^n \\
 \downarrow \text{61} \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}} dx^n}{a} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{61} \\
 \frac{\frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}}}{a} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{73} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 \downarrow \text{221} \\
 \frac{\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{a} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \\
 n
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]
```

output  $(2/(3*a*(a + b*x^n)^{(3/2)}) + (2/(a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/a^{(3/2)})/a)/n$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2}{a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	53
default	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2}{a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}} + \frac{2}{3a(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	53

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{n} \cdot \left( -\frac{2}{a^{5/2}} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{(a+b*x^n)^{1/2}}{a^{1/2}}\right) + \frac{2}{a^2} \cdot \frac{1}{(a+b*x^n)^{1/2}} + \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{a} \cdot \frac{1}{(a+b*x^n)^{3/2}} \right)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{3 \left( \sqrt{ab^2x^{2n} + 2a^{3/2}bx^n + a^{5/2}} \right) \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2(3abx^n + 4a^2)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{3(a^3b^2nx^{2n} + 2a^4bnx^n + a^5n)} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $\left[ \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left( 3 \cdot \left( \sqrt{a} \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{2n} + 2 \cdot a^{3/2} \cdot b \cdot x^n + a^{5/2} \right) \cdot \log\left(\frac{b \cdot x^n - 2 \cdot \sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x^n + a}}{x^n}\right) + 2 \cdot \left( 3 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x^n + 4 \cdot a^2 \right) \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x^n + a} \right) / \left( a^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot n \cdot x^{2n} + 2 \cdot a^4 \cdot b \cdot n \cdot x^n + a^5 \cdot n \right), \frac{2}{3} \cdot \left( 3 \cdot \left( \sqrt{-a} \cdot b^2 \cdot x^{2n} + 2 \cdot \sqrt{-a} \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x^n + \sqrt{-a} \cdot a^2 \right) \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{b \cdot x^n + a}}\right) + \left( 3 \cdot a \cdot b \cdot x^n + 4 \cdot a^2 \right) \cdot \sqrt{b \cdot x^n + a} \right) / \left( a^3 \cdot b^2 \cdot n \cdot x^{2n} + 2 \cdot a^4 \cdot b \cdot n \cdot x^n + a^5 \cdot n \right) \right]$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 860 vs. 2(58) = 116.

Time = 2.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 860, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.46

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output

```

8*a**7*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) + 3*a**7*log(b*x**n/a)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) - 6*a**7*log(sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a) + 1)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) + 14*a**6*b*x**n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) + 9*a**6*b*x**n*log(b*x**n/a)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) - 18*a**6*b*x**n*log(sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a) + 1)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) + 6*a**5*b**2*x**(2*n)*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) + 9*a**5*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(b*x**n/a)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) - 18*a**5*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a) + 1)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) + 3*a**4*b**3*x**(3*n)*log(b*x**n/a)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3*a**(13/2)*b**3*n*x**(3*n)) - 6*a**4*b**3*x**(3*n)*log(sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a) + 1)/(3*a**(19/2)*n + 9*a**(17/2)*b*n*x**n + 9*a**(15/2)*b**2*n*x**(2*n) + 3...

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}n} + \frac{2(3bx^n+4a)}{3(bx^n+a)^{3/2}a^2n}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/(a^(5/2)*n) + 2/3*(3*b*x^n + 4*a)/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*a^2*n)
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{5}{2}}x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b^3 x + 3x^{2n} a b^2 x + 3x^n a^2 b x + a^3 x} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(3*n)*b**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*b*x + a**3*x),x)`

### 3.533 $\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3453
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3453
Rubi [A] (verified)	3454
Maple [F]	3455
Fricas [F(-2)]	3455
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3456
Maxima [F]	3456
Giac [F]	3456
Mupad [F(-1)]	3457
Reduce [F]	3457

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ax(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

output `-hypergeom([1, -3/2-1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, 1-\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2x\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -n^(-1), 1 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(a^2*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2 x \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -n^(-1), -((1 - n)/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/(a^2*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

### Fricas **[F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + b x^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**2/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `a**(-5/2 + 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)*hyper((5/2, -1/n), (1 - 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/n)*n*x*gamma(1 - 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b^3 x^2 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 x^2 + 3x^n a^2 b x^2 + a^3 x^2} dx$$

input `int(1/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(3*n)*b**3*x**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*x**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b*x**2 + a**3*x**2),x)`

### 3.534 $\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3458
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3458
Rubi [A] (verified)	3459
Maple [F]	3460
Fricas [F(-2)]	3460
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3461
Maxima [F]	3461
Giac [F]	3461
Mupad [F(-1)]	3462
Reduce [F]	3462

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{2} - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2ax^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

output `-1/2*hypergeom([1, -3/2-2/n], [-(2-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/x^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, 1 - \frac{2}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2x^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -2/n, 1 - 2/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{x^3 \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n}, -\frac{2-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a^2 x^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x]`

output `-1/2*(Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, -2/n, -(2 - n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(a^2*x^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`



rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + b x^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{2}{n}} a^{-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{2}{n}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{2}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{nx^2 \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/x**3/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `a**(-5/2 + 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)*hyper((5/2, -2/n), (1 - 2/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(2/n)*n*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(5/2)*x^3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x^3*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 (a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b^3 x^3 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 x^3 + 3x^n a^2 b x^3 + a^3 x^3} dx$$

input `int(1/x^3/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(3*n)*b**3*x**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*x**3 + 3*x**n*a**2*b*x**3 + a**3*x**3),x)`

### 3.535 $\int x^{-1+4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3463
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3463
Rubi [A] (verified)	3464
Maple [A] (verified)	3465
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3465
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3466
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3467
Giac [F]	3467
Mupad [F(-1)]	3467
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3468

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 92

$$\int x^{-1+4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{2a^3(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^4n} + \frac{6a^2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^4n} - \frac{6a(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b^4n} + \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{9/2}}{9b^4n}$$

output

$$-2/3*a^3*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b^4/n+6/5*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b^4/n-6/7*a*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)/b^4/n+2/9*(a+b*x^n)^(9/2)/b^4/n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int x^{-1+4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (-16a^3 + 24a^2bx^n - 30ab^2x^{2n} + 35b^3x^{3n})}{315b^4n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output

$$(2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(-16*a^3 + 24*a^2*b*x^n - 30*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 35*b^3*x^(3*n)))/(315*b^4*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{4n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{3n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^{7/2}}{b^3} - \frac{3a(bx^n+a)^{5/2}}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{b^3} - \frac{a^3 \sqrt{bx^n+a}}{b^3} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{2a^3(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^4} + \frac{6a^2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^4} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)^{9/2}}{9b^4} - \frac{6a(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b^4}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `((-2*a^3*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b^4) + (6*a^2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(5*b^4) - (6*a*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2))/(7*b^4) + (2*(a + b*x^n)^(9/2))/(9*b^4))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-35x^{4n}b^4 - 5ax^{3n}b^3 + 6a^2x^{2n}b^2 - 8a^3x^nb + 16a^4)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{315b^4n}$	67

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/315*(-35*(x^n)^4*b^4-5*a*(x^n)^3*b^3+6*a^2*(x^n)^2*b^2-8*a^3*x^n*b+16*a^4)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^4/n$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^{-1+4n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2(35b^4x^{4n} + 5ab^3x^{3n} - 6a^2b^2x^{2n} + 8a^3bx^n - 16a^4)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{315b^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$2/315*(35*b^4*x^(4*n) + 5*a*b^3*x^(3*n) - 6*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) + 8*a^3*b*x^n - 16*a^4)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^4*n)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2572 vs.  $2(82) = 164$ .

Time = 5.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2572, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.96

$$\int x^{-1+4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
-32*a**(29/2)*b**(23/2)*x**(23*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(315*a**(21/2)*b*
*15*n*x**(11*n) + 1890*a**(19/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 4725*a**(17/2)*b**17*
n*x**(13*n) + 6300*a**(15/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 4725*a**(13/2)*b**19*n*x*
*(15*n) + 1890*a**(11/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**21*n*x**(17*n
)) - 176*a**(27/2)*b**(25/2)*x**(25*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(315*a**(21/
2)*b**15*n*x**(11*n) + 1890*a**(19/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 4725*a**(17/2)*b
**17*n*x**(13*n) + 6300*a**(15/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 4725*a**(13/2)*b**19
*n*x**(15*n) + 1890*a**(11/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**21*n*x**
(17*n)) - 396*a**(25/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(315*a*
*(21/2)*b**15*n*x**(11*n) + 1890*a**(19/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 4725*a**(17
/2)*b**17*n*x**(13*n) + 6300*a**(15/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 4725*a**(13/2)*
b**19*n*x**(15*n) + 1890*a**(11/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**21*
n*x**(17*n)) - 462*a**(23/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(3
15*a**(21/2)*b**15*n*x**(11*n) + 1890*a**(19/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 4725*a
**(17/2)*b**17*n*x**(13*n) + 6300*a**(15/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 4725*a**(1
3/2)*b**19*n*x**(15*n) + 1890*a**(11/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b
**21*n*x**(17*n)) - 210*a**(21/2)*b**(31/2)*x**(31*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) +
1)/(315*a**(21/2)*b**15*n*x**(11*n) + 1890*a**(19/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 4
725*a**(17/2)*b**17*n*x**(13*n) + 6300*a**(15/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 4725*
a**(13/2)*b**19*n*x**(15*n) + 1890*a**(11/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 315*a*...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^{-1+4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2(35b^4x^{4n} + 5ab^3x^{3n} - 6a^2b^2x^{2n} + 8a^3bx^n - 16a^4)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{315b^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/315*(35*b^4*x^(4*n) + 5*a*b^3*x^(3*n) - 6*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) + 8*a^3*b*x^n - 16*a^4)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^4*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n+ax^{4n-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(4*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \int x^{4n-1} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(4*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int x^{-1+4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} (35x^{4n} b^4 + 5x^{3n} a b^3 - 6x^{2n} a^2 b^2 + 8x^n a^3 b - 16a^4)}{315b^4 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(35*x**(4*n)*b**4 + 5*x**(3*n)*a*b**3 - 6*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 8*x**n*a**3*b - 16*a**4))/(315*b**4*n)`

### 3.536 $\int x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3469
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3469
Rubi [A] (verified)	3470
Maple [A] (verified)	3471
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3471
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3472
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3473
Giac [F]	3473
Mupad [F(-1)]	3473
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3474

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 68

$$\int x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2a^2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^3n} - \frac{4a(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^3n} + \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b^3n}$$

output

$$\frac{2}{3}a^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}/b^3n - 4/5*a*(a+bx^n)^{5/2}/b^3n + 2/7*(a+bx^n)^{7/2}/b^3n$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (8a^2 - 12abx^n + 15b^2x^{2n})}{105b^3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

$$(2*(a + b*x^n)^{3/2}*(8*a^2 - 12*a*b*x^n + 15*b^2*x^{2*n}))/105*b^3*n$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{3n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{2n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^{5/2}}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{b^2} + \frac{a^2 \sqrt{bx^n+a}}{b^2} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{2a^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^3} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b^3} - \frac{4a(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^3}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `((2*a^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b^3) - (4*a*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(5*b^3) + (2*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2))/(7*b^3))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(15b^3x^{3n}+3ab^2x^{2n}-4a^2bx^n+8a^3)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{105b^3n}$	54

input

```
int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/105*(15*(x^n)^3*b^3+3*a*(x^n)^2*b^2-4*a^2*b*x^n+8*a^3)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b
^3/n
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1+3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2(15b^3x^{3n} + 3ab^2x^{2n} - 4a^2bx^n + 8a^3)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{105b^3n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/105*(15*b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 4*a^2*b*x^n + 8*a^3)*sqrt(b*x^n
+ a)/(b^3*n)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1015 vs.  $2(60) = 120$ .

Time = 3.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1015, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.93

$$\int x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output

```

16*a**(19/2)*b**(9/2)*x**(9*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*
n*x**(4*n) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n)
+ 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 40*a**(17/2)*b**(11/2)*x**(11*n/2)*sqrt
(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*n*x**(4*n) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*n*x**
(5*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 30
*a**(15/2)*b**(13/2)*x**(13*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*
n*x**(4*n) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n)
+ 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 40*a**(13/2)*b**(15/2)*x**(15*n/2)*sqrt
(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*n*x**(4*n) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*n*x**
(5*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 10
0*a**(11/2)*b**(17/2)*x**(17*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7
*n*x**(4*n) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n)
+ 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 96*a**(9/2)*b**(19/2)*x**(19*n/2)*sqrt
(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*n*x**(4*n) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*n*x**
(5*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 30
*a**(7/2)*b**(21/2)*x**(21*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*
n*x**(4*n) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n) +
105*a**(7/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) - 16*a**10*b**4*x**(4*n)/(105*a**(13/2)*b*
**7*n*x**(4*n) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*
n) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) - 48*a**9*b**5*x**(5*n)/(105*a**(13...

```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2(15b^3x^{3n} + 3ab^2x^{2n} - 4a^2bx^n + 8a^3)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{105b^3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/105*(15*b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 4*a^2*b*x^n + 8*a^3)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^3*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + ax^{3n-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(3*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int x^{3n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} (15x^{3n} b^3 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 - 4x^n a^2 b + 8a^3)}{105b^3 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(15*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 - 4*x**n*a**2*b + 8*a**3))/(105*b**3*n)`

### 3.537 $\int x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3475
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3475
Rubi [A] (verified)	3476
Maple [A] (verified)	3477
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3477
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3478
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3478
Giac [F]	3479
Mupad [F(-1)]	3479
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3479

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{2a(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^2n} + \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^2n}$$

output

```
-2/3*a*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b^2/n+2/5*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b^2/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (-2a + 3bx^n)}{15b^2n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(-2*a + 3*b*x^n))/(15*b^2*n)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int x^{2n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \frac{\int x^n \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx}{n} \\ \downarrow 53 \\ \frac{\int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{b} - \frac{a\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{b} \right) dx}{n} \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{2a(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^2}}{n} \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `((-2*a*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b^2) + (2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(5*b^2))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])
```

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-3b^2x^{2n}-abx^n+2a^2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{15b^2n}$	41

input

```
int(x^(2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-2/15*(-3*b^2*(x^n)^2-a*b*x^n+2*a^2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/n
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2(3b^2x^{2n}+abx^n-2a^2)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{15b^2n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/15*(3*b^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*x^n - 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^2*n)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 338 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 1.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 338, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.68

$$\int x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4a^{\frac{11}{2}} b^{\frac{3}{2}} x^{\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 n x^n + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 n x^{2n}} - \frac{2a^{\frac{9}{2}} b^{\frac{5}{2}} x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 n x^n + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 n x^{2n}}$$

$$+ \frac{8a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^{\frac{7}{2}} x^{\frac{7n}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 n x^n + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 n x^{2n}} + \frac{6a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^{\frac{9}{2}} x^{\frac{9n}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 n x^n + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 n x^{2n}}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^6 b x^n}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 n x^n + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 n x^{2n}} + \frac{4a^5 b^2 x^{2n}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 n x^n + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 n x^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `-4*a**(11/2)*b**(3/2)*x**(3*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*n*x**n + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*a**(9/2)*b**(5/2)*x**(5*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*n*x**n + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n)) + 8*a**(7/2)*b**(7/2)*x**(7*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*n*x**n + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n)) + 6*a**(5/2)*b**(9/2)*x**(9*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*n*x**n + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n)) + 4*a**6*b*x**n/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*n*x**n + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n)) + 4*a**5*b**2*x**(2*n)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*n*x**n + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2(3b^2x^{2n} + abx^n - 2a^2)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{15b^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(3*b^2*x^(2*n) + a*b*x^n - 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + ax^{2n-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int x^{2n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int x^{-1+2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} (3x^{2n} b^2 + x^n a b - 2a^2)}{15b^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(3*x**(2*n)*b**2 + x**n*a*b - 2*a**2))/(15*b**2*n)`

### 3.538 $\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3480
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3480
Rubi [A] (verified)	3481
Maple [A] (verified)	3481
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3482
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3482
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3483
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3483
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3483
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3484

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3bn}$$

output

```
2/3*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]
```

output

```
(2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bn}$	18

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2/3*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}/b/n$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2 (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $2/3*(b*x^n + a)^{(3/2)}/(b*n)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 48 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}{3bn} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}x^n \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output  $2*a^{(3/2)}*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(3*b*n) + 2*sqrt(a)*x**n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(3*n)$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2 (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/(b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2 (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/(b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2 (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3bn}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b*n)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} (x^n b + a)}{3bn}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(x**n*b + a))/(3*b*n)`

### 3.539 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	3485
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3485
Rubi [A] (verified)	3486
Maple [A] (verified)	3487
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3488
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3488
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3489
Giac [F]	3489
Mupad [F(-1)]	3489
Reduce [F]	3490

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 45

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$$

output  $2*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/n-2*a^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{2\left(\sqrt{a+bx^n} - \sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{n}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x,x]`

output  $(2*(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n] - \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]]))/n$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.267$ , Rules used = {798, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^{-n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 60 \\
 \frac{a \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{2a \int \frac{\frac{1}{x^{2n} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{\frac{b}{b}}}{n} + 2\sqrt{a + bx^n} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{2\sqrt{a + bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x,x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	36
default	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	36
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{n} - \frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+be^{n \ln(x)}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n}$	42

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/n*(2*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}-2*a^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}))$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{n}, \frac{2\left(\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + \sqrt{bx^n+a}\right)}{n} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\log((b*x^n - 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a))/n, 2*(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)*\operatorname{arctan}(\operatorname{sqrt}(-a)/\operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a)) + \operatorname{sqrt}(b*x^n + a))/n]$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 76 vs. 2(37) = 74.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{n} + \frac{2ax^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{bn}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/x,x)`

output  $-2*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\operatorname{asinh}(\operatorname{sqrt}(a)/(\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*x^{(n/2)}))/n + 2*a/(\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*n*x^{(n/2)}*\operatorname{sqrt}(a/(b*x^{**n}) + 1)) + 2*\operatorname{sqrt}(b)*x^{(n/2)}/(n*\operatorname{sqrt}(a/(b*x^{**n}) + 1))$

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{n} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/n + 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/n`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{x} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/x, x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^n}}{x} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) a n}{n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/x,x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a*n)/n`

### 3.540 $\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3491
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3491
Rubi [A] (verified)	3492
Maple [F]	3493
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3494
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3494
Maxima [F]	3495
Giac [F]	3495
Mupad [F(-1)]	3495
Reduce [F]	3496

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} - \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

output `-(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/n/(x^n)-b*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} + \frac{\operatorname{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `-((Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x^n + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/n)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {798, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-2n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 51 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{2} b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n - x^{-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n + a} - x^{-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{x^{-n} (-\sqrt{a + bx^n}) - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `((-Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x^n) - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]  
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]  
&& ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^n)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + b x^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{ab} x^n \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x^n}\right) - 2\sqrt{bx^n+aa}}{2anx^n}, \frac{\sqrt{-ab} x^n \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) - \sqrt{bx^n+aa}}{anx^n} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(sqrt(a)*b*x^n*log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a)/(a*n*x^n), (sqrt(-a)*b*x^n*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) - sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a)/(a*n*x^n)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{b} x^{-\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}}{n} - \frac{b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`output `-sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(n*x**(n/2)) - b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(sqrt(a)*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a} x^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(-n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a} x^{-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(-n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^{n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^(n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^(n + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x^n b + a} + x^n \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) b n}{2x^n n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) + x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*b*n )/(2*x**n*n)`

### 3.541 $\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3497
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3497
Rubi [A] (verified)	3498
Maple [F]	3500
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3500
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3500
Maxima [F]	3501
Giac [F]	3501
Mupad [F(-1)]	3502
Reduce [F]	3502

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{2n} - \frac{bx^{-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{4an} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}n}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/n/(x^(2*n))-1/4*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^n)+1/4*b^2*a
rctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (2a + bx^n)}{4an} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{3/2}n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

```
-1/4*(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(2*a + b*x^n))/(a*n*x^(2*n)) + (b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a +
b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(3/2)*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {798, 51, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{-2n-1} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{-3n} \sqrt{bx^n+ad} x^n \\
 \downarrow 51 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{4} b \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n - \frac{1}{2} x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 52 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{4} b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{2a} - \frac{x^{-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{4} b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^{2n}} - \frac{a}{b}}{a} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{a} - \frac{x^{-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{4} b \left( \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{x^{-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right) - \frac{1}{2} x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 2*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output  $(-1/2\sqrt{a + b*x^n}/x^{(2*n)} + (b*(-\sqrt{a + b*x^n}/(a*x^n)) + (b*\text{ArcTan}[\sqrt{a + b*x^n}/\sqrt{a}])/a^{(3/2)}))/4)/n$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]$   
 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]  
 ] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]

rule 52  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))$   
 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]



**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-2n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.79

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{ab^2} x^{2n} \log\left(\frac{bx^n + 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) - 2(abx^n + 2a^2)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{8a^2nx^{2n}}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-ab^2} x^{2n} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + (abx^n + 2a^2)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{4a^2nx^{2n}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(sqrt(a)*b^2*x^(2*n))*log((b*x^n + 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) - 2*(a*b*x^n + 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(a^2*n*x^(2*n)), -1/4*(sqrt(-a)*b^2*x^(2*n)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + (a*b*x^n + 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a^2*n*x^(2*n))]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-\frac{5n}{2}}}{2\sqrt{bn}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}} - \frac{3\sqrt{bx^{-\frac{3n}{2}}}}{4n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}} \\ - \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{4an\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}} + \frac{b^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{3}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `-a/(2*sqrt(b)*n*x**(5*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - 3*sqrt(b)/(4*n*x**(3*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - b**(3/2)/(4*a*n*x**(n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(4*a**(3/2)*n)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + ax^{-2n-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(-2*n - 1), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + ax^{-2n-1}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(-2*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^{2n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^(2*n + 1),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^(2*n + 1), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{-2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b - 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a - x^{2n} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) b^2 n}{8x^{2n} a n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `( - 2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b - 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a - x**(2*n)*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*b**2*n)/(8*x**(2*n)*a*n)`

### 3.542 $\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3503
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3503
Rubi [A] (verified)	3504
Maple [F]	3506
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3506
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3507
Maxima [F]	3507
Giac [F]	3508
Mupad [F(-1)]	3508
Reduce [F]	3508

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 113

$$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{3n} - \frac{bx^{-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{12an} + \frac{b^2 x^{-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{8a^2 n} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2} n}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/n/(x^(3*n))-1/12*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^(2*n))+1/8*
b^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/n/(x^n)-1/8*b^3*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a
^(5/2)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a} x^{-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (-8a^2 - 2abx^n + 3b^2 x^{2n}) - 3b^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^{5/2} n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 3*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

```
output ((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(-8*a^2 - 2*a*b*x^n + 3*b^2*x^(2*n)))/x^(3*n) -
3*b^3*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(24*a^(5/2)*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {798, 51, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-3n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \int \frac{x^{-4n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} b \int \frac{x^{-3n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n - \frac{1}{3} x^{-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^{-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{\frac{1}{6} b \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{2a} - \frac{x^{-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right) - \frac{1}{3} x^{-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{6}b \left( -\frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{2n} - \frac{a}{b}} dx \sqrt{bx^n + a} - x^{-n} \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{n} - \frac{1}{3}x^{-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\frac{1}{6}b \left( -\frac{3b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - x^{-n} \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{n} - \frac{1}{3}x^{-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

221

input `Int[x^(-1 - 3*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-1/3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x^(3*n) + (b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^(2*n)) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^n)) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/6)/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))*Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)))*Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[  
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +  
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL  
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
 [Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
 b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3\sqrt{ab^3}x^{3n} \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n + a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x^n}\right) + 2(3ab^2x^{2n} - 2a^2bx^n - 8a^3)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{48a^3nx^{3n}}, \frac{3\sqrt{-ab^3}x^{3n} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{48a^3nx^{3n}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/48*(3*sqrt(a)*b^3*x^(3*n)*log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*(3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a^2*b*x^n - 8*a^3)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(a^3*n*x^(3*n)), 1/24*(3*sqrt(-a)*b^3*x^(3*n)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + (3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a^2*b*x^n - 8*a^3)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(a^3*n*x^(3*n))]
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 17.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-\frac{7n}{2}}}{3\sqrt{bn}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}} - \frac{5\sqrt{b}x^{-\frac{5n}{2}}}{12n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}} + \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{-\frac{3n}{2}}}{24an\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}} + \frac{b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{8a^2n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1}} - \frac{b^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{5}{2}}n}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-a/(3*sqrt(b)*n*x**(7*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - 5*sqrt(b)/(12*n*x**(5*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + b**(3/2)/(24*a*n*x**(3*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + b**(5/2)/(8*a**2*n*x**(n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(8*a**(5/2)*n)
```

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a} x^{-3n-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(-3*n - 1), x)
```



**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a} x^{-3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(-3*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^{3n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^(3*n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^(3*n + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{6x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 - 4x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} a b - 16 \sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 + 3x^{3n} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) b^3 n}{48x^{3n} a^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 - 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b - 16*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*b**3*n)/(48*x**(3*n)*a**2*n)`

### 3.543 $\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3509
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3509
Rubi [A] (verified)	3510
Maple [F]	3512
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3513
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3513
Maxima [F]	3514
Giac [F]	3514
Mupad [F(-1)]	3515
Reduce [F]	3515

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 142

$$\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{x^{-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{4n} - \frac{bx^{-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{24an} + \frac{5b^2 x^{-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{96a^2n} - \frac{5b^3 x^{-n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{64a^3n} + \frac{5b^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{7/2}n}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/n/(x^(4*n))-1/24*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^(3*n))+5/96
*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/n/(x^(2*n))-5/64*b^3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^3/n/(x^n)+
5/64*b^4*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{a} x^{-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} (48a^3 + 8a^2 bx^n - 10ab^2 x^{2n} + 15b^3 x^{3n}) + 15b^4 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{192a^{7/2}n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 4*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(-((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(48*a^3 + 8*a^2*b*x^n - 10*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 15*
b^3*x^(3*n)))/x^(4*n)) + 15*b^4*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(192*a^(
7/2)*n)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {798, 51, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-4n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\
 & \int x^{-5n} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx^n \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} b \int \frac{x^{-4n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n - \frac{1}{4} x^{-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} b \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{x^{-3n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{3a} \right) - \frac{1}{4} x^{-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{1}{8} b \left( -\frac{5b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx^n}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{3a} \right) - \frac{1}{4} x^{-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{1}{8}b \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n - x^{-n} \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x^{-4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{1}{8}b \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{2n}} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{4a} - \frac{x^{-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x^{-4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{1}{8}b \left( \frac{5b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - x^{-n} \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \right) - \frac{1}{4}x^{-4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 4*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-1/4*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/x^(4*n) + (b*(-1/3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^(3*n)) - (5*b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^(2*n)) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^n)) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]))/(4*a)))/(6*a)))/8)/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))  
Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x  
] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[  
(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((  
m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x],  
x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[  
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +  
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL  
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^{-4n-1} \sqrt{a + b x^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{15 \sqrt{ab^4} x^{4n} \log\left(\frac{bx^n+2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) - 2(15ab^3x^{3n} - 10a^2b^2x^{2n} + 8a^3bx^n + 48a^4)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{384a^4nx^{4n}}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{15\sqrt{-ab^4}x^{4n} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + (15ab^3x^{3n} - 10a^2b^2x^{2n} + 8a^3bx^n + 48a^4)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{192a^4nx^{4n}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/384*(15*sqrt(a)*b^4*x^(4*n)*log((b*x^n + 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) - 2*(15*a*b^3*x^(3*n) - 10*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) + 8*a^3*b*x^n + 48*a^4)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a^4*n*x^(4*n)), -1/192*(15*sqrt(-a)*b^4*x^(4*n)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + (15*a*b^3*x^(3*n) - 10*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) + 8*a^3*b*x^n + 48*a^4)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a^4*n*x^(4*n))]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 54.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 178, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{ax^{-\frac{9n}{2}}}{4\sqrt{bn}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} - \frac{7\sqrt{b}x^{-\frac{7n}{2}}}{24n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} + \frac{b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{-\frac{5n}{2}}}{96an\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} \\ - \frac{5b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{-\frac{3n}{2}}}{192a^2n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} - \frac{5b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{64a^3n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} + \frac{5b^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{7}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
-a/(4*sqrt(b)*n*x**(9*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - 7*sqrt(b)/(24*n*x**(7*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + b**(3/2)/(96*a*n*x**(5*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - 5*b**(5/2)/(192*a**2*n*x**(3*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - 5*b**(7/2)/(64*a**3*n*x**(n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + 5*b**4*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(64*a**(7/2)*n)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + ax^{-4n-1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(-4*n - 1), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + ax^{-4n-1}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^(-4*n - 1), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{x^{4n+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^(4*n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/x^(4*n + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-4n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{-30x^{3n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} b^3 + 20x^{2n} \sqrt{x^n b + a} a b^2 - 16x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 b - 96 \sqrt{x^n b + a} a^3 - 15x^{4n} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right)}{384x^{4n} a^3 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 30*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3 + 20*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**  
2 - 16*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b - 96*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3 - 15*x**(4*  
n)*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*b**4*n)/(384*x**(4*n)*a**3*n)`



### 3.544 $\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3516
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3516
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3517
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3518
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3518
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3519
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3520
Giac [F] . . . . .	3520
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3520
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3521

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2a^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b^4n} + \frac{2a^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{b^4n} - \frac{6a(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^4n} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b^4n}$$

output `-2*a^3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^4/n+2*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b^4/n-6/5*a*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b^4/n+2/7*(a+b*x^n)^(7/2)/b^4/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}(-16a^3 + 8a^2bx^n - 6ab^2x^{2n} + 5b^3x^{3n})}{35b^4n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 4*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(-16*a^3 + 8*a^2*b*x^n - 6*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 5*b^3*x^(3*n)))/(35*b^4*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{3n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \int \left( -\frac{a^3}{b^3\sqrt{bx^n+a}} + \frac{3\sqrt{bx^n+aa^2}}{b^3} - \frac{3(bx^n+a)^{3/2}a}{b^3} + \frac{(bx^n+a)^{5/2}}{b^3} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{2a^3\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b^4} + \frac{2a^2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{b^4} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{7b^4} - \frac{6a(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^4}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `((-2*a^3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/b^4 + (2*a^2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/b^4 - (6*a*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(5*b^4) + (2*(a + b*x^n)^(7/2))/(7*b^4))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0]) || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-5b^3x^{3n}+6ab^2x^{2n}-8a^2bx^n+16a^3)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{35b^4n}$	54

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-2/35*(-5*(x^n)^3*b^3+6*a*(x^n)^2*b^2-8*a^2*b*x^n+16*a^3)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^4/n$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2(5b^3x^{3n} - 6ab^2x^{2n} + 8a^2bx^n - 16a^3)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{35b^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$2/35*(5*b^3*x^(3*n) - 6*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 8*a^2*b*x^n - 16*a^3)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^4*n)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2422 vs.  $2(78) = 156$ .

Time = 3.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2422, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.52

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
-32*a**(25/2)*b**(23/2)*x**(23*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**(19/2)*b**
15*n*x**(11*n) + 210*a**(17/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 525*a**(15/2)*b**17*n*x
**(13*n) + 700*a**(13/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 525*a**(11/2)*b**19*n*x**(15*
n) + 210*a**(9/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 35*a**(7/2)*b**21*n*x**(17*n)) - 176
*a**(23/2)*b**(25/2)*x**(25*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**(19/2)*b**15*
n*x**(11*n) + 210*a**(17/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 525*a**(15/2)*b**17*n*x**(
13*n) + 700*a**(13/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 525*a**(11/2)*b**19*n*x**(15*n)
+ 210*a**(9/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 35*a**(7/2)*b**21*n*x**(17*n)) - 396*a*
*(21/2)*b**(27/2)*x**(27*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**(19/2)*b**15*n*x
**(11*n) + 210*a**(17/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 525*a**(15/2)*b**17*n*x**(13*
n) + 700*a**(13/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 525*a**(11/2)*b**19*n*x**(15*n) + 2
10*a**(9/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 35*a**(7/2)*b**21*n*x**(17*n)) - 462*a**(1
9/2)*b**(29/2)*x**(29*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**(19/2)*b**15*n*x**(
11*n) + 210*a**(17/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 525*a**(15/2)*b**17*n*x**(13*n)
+ 700*a**(13/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 525*a**(11/2)*b**19*n*x**(15*n) + 210*
a**(9/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 35*a**(7/2)*b**21*n*x**(17*n)) - 280*a**(17/2
)*b**(31/2)*x**(31*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**(19/2)*b**15*n*x**(11*
n) + 210*a**(17/2)*b**16*n*x**(12*n) + 525*a**(15/2)*b**17*n*x**(13*n) + 7
00*a**(13/2)*b**18*n*x**(14*n) + 525*a**(11/2)*b**19*n*x**(15*n) + 210*a**
(9/2)*b**20*n*x**(16*n) + 35*a**(7/2)*b**21*n*x**(17*n)) - 42*a**(15/2)...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2(5b^4x^{4n} - ab^3x^{3n} + 2a^2b^2x^{2n} - 8a^3bx^n - 16a^4)}{35\sqrt{bx^n+ab^4n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/35*(5*b^4*x^(4*n) - a*b^3*x^(3*n) + 2*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) - 8*a^3*b*x^n - 16*a^4)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b^4*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^(4*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{4n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^(4*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} (5x^{3n} b^3 - 6x^{2n} a b^2 + 8x^n a^2 b - 16a^3)}{35b^4 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(5*x**(3*n)*b**3 - 6*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 8*x**n*a**2*b - 16*a**3))/(35*b**4*n)`

### 3.545 $\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3522
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3522
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3523
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3524
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3524
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3525
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3526
Giac [F] . . . . .	3526
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3526
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3527

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b^3n} - \frac{4a(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^3n} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^3n}$$

output `2*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^3/n-4/3*a*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b^3/n+2/5*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)/b^3/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}(8a^2 - 4abx^n + 3b^2x^{2n})}{15b^3n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(8*a^2 - 4*a*b*x^n + 3*b^2*x^(2*n)))/(15*b^3*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \int \left( \frac{a^2}{b^2\sqrt{bx^n+a}} - \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}a}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^n+a)^{3/2}}{b^2} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{2a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b^3} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5b^3} - \frac{4a(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^3}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `((2*a^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/b^3 - (4*a*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b^3) + (2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(5*b^3))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`



rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(3b^2x^{2n} - 4abx^n + 8a^2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{15b^3n}$	41

input

```
int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/15*(3*b^2*(x^n)^2-4*a*b*x^n+8*a^2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^3/n
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2(3b^2x^{2n} - 4abx^n + 8a^2)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{15b^3n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
2/15*(3*b^2*x^(2*n) - 4*a*b*x^n + 8*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^3*n)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 916 vs.  $2(58) = 116$ .

Time = 2.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 916, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
16*a**(15/2)*b**(9/2)*x**(9*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**(11/2)*b**7*n
*x**(4*n) + 45*a**(9/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 45*a**(7/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n) + 15
*a**(5/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 40*a**(13/2)*b**(11/2)*x**(11*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b
*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**(11/2)*b**7*n*x**(4*n) + 45*a**(9/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) +
45*a**(7/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 30*a**(11/2)
*b**(13/2)*x**(13*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**(11/2)*b**7*n*x**(4*n)
+ 45*a**(9/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 45*a**(7/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n) + 15*a**(5/2)*
b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 10*a**(9/2)*b**(15/2)*x**(15*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)
/(15*a**(11/2)*b**7*n*x**(4*n) + 45*a**(9/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 45*a**(7/2)
*b**9*n*x**(6*n) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) + 10*a**(7/2)*b**(17/2)*x
**(17*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**(11/2)*b**7*n*x**(4*n) + 45*a**(9/2)
*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 45*a**(7/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**10*n*x**(7
*n)) + 6*a**(5/2)*b**(19/2)*x**(19*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**(11/2)
*b**7*n*x**(4*n) + 45*a**(9/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 45*a**(7/2)*b**9*n*x**(6
*n) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) - 16*a**8*b**4*x**(4*n)/(15*a**(11/2)*
b**7*n*x**(4*n) + 45*a**(9/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 45*a**(7/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n
) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) - 48*a**7*b**5*x**(5*n)/(15*a**(11/2)*b
**7*n*x**(4*n) + 45*a**(9/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 45*a**(7/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n)
+ 15*a**(5/2)*b**10*n*x**(7*n)) - 48*a**6*b**6*x**(6*n)/(15*a**(11/2)*b**7
*n*x**(4*n) + 45*a**(9/2)*b**8*n*x**(5*n) + 45*a**(7/2)*b**9*n*x**(6*n))...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2(3b^3x^{3n} - ab^2x^{2n} + 4a^2bx^n + 8a^3)}{15\sqrt{bx^n + ab^3n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/15*(3*b^3*x^(3*n) - a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a^2*b*x^n + 8*a^3)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b^3*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(3*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a}(3x^{2n}b^2 - 4x^n ab + 8a^2)}{15b^3n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(3*x**(2*n)*b**2 - 4*x**n*a*b + 8*a**2))/(15*b**3*n)`

### 3.546 $\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3528
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3528
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3529
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3530
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3530
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3531
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3531
Giac [F] . . . . .	3532
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3532
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3532

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2a\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b^2n} + \frac{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^2n}$$

output `-2*a*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/n+2/3*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b^2/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2(-2a+bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3b^2n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(2*(-2*a + b*x^n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(3*b^2*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\ \downarrow 798 \\ \int \frac{x^n}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n \\ \downarrow 53 \\ \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{b} - \frac{a}{b\sqrt{bx^n+a}} \right) dx^n \\ \downarrow 2009 \\ \frac{\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{2a\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b^2}}{n} \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `((-2*a*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/b^2 + (2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b^2))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{2(-bx^n+2a)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3b^2n}$	28

input `int(x^(2*n-1)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2/3*(-b*x^n+2*a)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/n`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}(bx^n-2a)}{3b^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(b*x^n - 2*a)/(b^2*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 275 vs.  $2(36) = 72$ .

Time = 1.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.55

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{4a^{\frac{7}{2}}b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{\frac{3n}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3nx^n+3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4nx^{2n}} - \frac{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{\frac{5n}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3nx^n+3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4nx^{2n}}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^{\frac{7n}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3nx^n+3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4nx^{2n}} + \frac{4a^4bx^n}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3nx^n+3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4nx^{2n}}$$

$$+ \frac{4a^3b^2x^{2n}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3nx^n+3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4nx^{2n}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `-4*a**(7/2)*b**(3/2)*x**(3*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n)+1)/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*n*x**n+3*a**(3/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n))-2*a**(5/2)*b**(5/2)*x**(5*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n)+1)/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*n*x**n+3*a**(3/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n))+2*a**(3/2)*b**(7/2)*x**(7*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n)+1)/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*n*x**n+3*a**(3/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n))+4*a**4*b*x**n/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*n*x**n+3*a**(3/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n))+4*a**3*b**2*x**(2*n)/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*n*x**n+3*a**(3/2)*b**4*n*x**(2*n))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2(b^2x^{2n} - abx^n - 2a^2)}{3\sqrt{bx^n + a}b^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/3*(b^2*x^(2*n) - a*b*x^n - 2*a^2)/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b^2*n)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a}(x^n b - 2a)}{3b^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(x**n*b - 2*a))/(3*b**2*n)`

$$3.547 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	3533
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3533
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3534
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3534
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3535
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3535
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3536
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3536
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3536
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3537

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$$

output `2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/n`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$	18

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b/n$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $2*\text{sqrt}(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 44 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{\sqrt{an}} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{\sqrt{a+b}} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/sqrt(a), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x**x**(n - 1)/(sqrt(a)*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/sqrt(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (2*sqrt(a + b*x**n)/(b*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(b*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(b*n)`

### 3.548

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

Optimal result	3538
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3538
Rubi [A] (verified)	3539
Maple [A] (verified)	3540
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3540
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3541
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3541
Giac [F]	3541
Mupad [F(-1)]	3542
Reduce [F]	3542

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

output `-2*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/n`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {798, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{798} \\ & \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{bn} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\ & -\frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]),x]`

output `(-2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`



rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}n}$	23
default	$-\frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}n}$	23

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-2*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/n`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \left[ \frac{\log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x^n}\right)}{\sqrt{a}n}, \frac{2\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right)}{an} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n)/(sqrt(a)*n), 2*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a*n)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`output `-2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(sqrt(a)*n)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}-\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}+\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{an}}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `log((sqrt(b*x^n + a) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b*x^n + a) + sqrt(a)))/(sqrt(a)*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+ax}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`output `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)`

### 3.549 $\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3543
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3543
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3544
Maple [F] . . . . .	3545
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3546
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3546
Maxima [F] . . . . .	3547
Giac [F] . . . . .	3547
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3547
Reduce [F] . . . . .	3548

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{an} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n}$$

output `-(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^n)+b*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{an} + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `-(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*n*x^n)) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(a^(3/2)*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {798, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n \\
 \downarrow 52 \\
 \frac{b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{x^{2n}}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n+a} - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^n)) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \left[ \frac{\sqrt{abx^n} \log\left(\frac{bx^n+2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) - 2\sqrt{bx^n+aa}}{2a^2nx^n}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{\sqrt{-abx^n} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + \sqrt{bx^n+aa}}{a^2nx^n} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(sqrt(a)*b*x^n*log((b*x^n + 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a)/(a^2*n*x^n), -(sqrt(-a)*b*x^n*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a)/(a^2*n*x^n)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{bx^{-\frac{n}{2}}}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{an} + \frac{b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`output `-sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(a*n*x**(n/2)) + b*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(a**(3/2)*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(-n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{n+1} \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x^n b + a} - x^n \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) b n}{2x^n a n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a) - x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*b*n )/(2*x**n*a*n)`

### 3.550 $\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3549
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3549
Rubi [A] (verified)	3550
Maple [F]	3551
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3552
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3552
Maxima [F]	3553
Giac [F]	3553
Mupad [F(-1)]	3553
Reduce [F]	3554

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 87

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2an} + \frac{3bx^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4a^2n} - \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}n}$$

output `-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^(2*n))+3/4*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/n/(x^n)-3/4*b^2*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(-2a+3bx^n) - 3b^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `((Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(-2*a + 3*b*x^n))/x^(2*n) - 3*b^2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/(4*a^(5/2)*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {798, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{798} \\
 \int \frac{x^{-3n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n \\
 \downarrow \text{52} \\
 \frac{3b \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n - \frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{52} \\
 \frac{3b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{2a} - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \\
 \downarrow \text{73} \\
 \frac{3b \left( -\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{2n} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{4a} - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \\
 \downarrow \text{221} \\
 \frac{3b \left( \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \\
 n
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output  $(-1/2\sqrt{a + b*x^n}/(a*x^{(2*n)}) - (3*b*(-(\sqrt{a + b*x^n}/(a*x^n)) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b*x^n}/\sqrt{a}])/a^{(3/2)}))/(4*a)/n$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x$  &&  $\text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$  &&  $\text{FractionQ}[n]$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x$  &&  $\text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0]$  &&  $\text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0]$  &&  $\text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]]$  &&  $\text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x$  &&  $\text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x$  &&  $\text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{\sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx$$

input  $\text{int}(x^{(-2*n-1)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}, x)$

output  $\text{int}(x^{(-2*n-1)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}, x)$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3\sqrt{ab^2}x^{2n} \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a} + 2a}{x^n}\right) + 2(3abx^n - 2a^2)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{8a^3nx^{2n}}, \frac{3\sqrt{-ab^2}x^{2n} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + (3abx^n - 2a^2)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{4a^3nx^{2n}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/8*(3*sqrt(a)*b^2*x^(2*n)*log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*(3*a*b*x^n - 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a^3*n*x^(2*n)), 1/4*(3*sqrt(-a)*b^2*x^(2*n)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + (3*a*b*x^n - 2*a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a^3*n*x^(2*n))]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{-\frac{5n}{2}}}{2\sqrt{bn}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx}^{-\frac{3n}{2}}}{4an\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}$$

$$+ \frac{3b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{4a^2n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} - \frac{3b^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{4a^{\frac{5}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`output `-1/(2*sqrt(b)*n*x**(5*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + sqrt(b)/(4*a*n*x**(3*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + 3*b**(3/2)/(4*a**2*n*x**(n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - 3*b**2*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(4*a**(5/2)*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-2n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+1}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(2*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{6x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b - 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a + 3x^{2n} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) b^2 n}{8x^{2n} a^2 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(6*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b - 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a + 3*x**(2*n)*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*b**2*n)/(8*x**(2*n)*a**2*n)`

### 3.551 $\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3555
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3555
Rubi [A] (verified)	3556
Maple [F]	3558
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3558
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3559
Maxima [F]	3559
Giac [F]	3560
Mupad [F(-1)]	3560
Reduce [F]	3560

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 116

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3an} + \frac{5bx^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{12a^2n} - \frac{5b^2x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{8a^3n} + \frac{5b^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{7/2}n}$$

output

```
-1/3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^(3*n))+5/12*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/n/(x^(2*n))-5/8*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^3/n/(x^n)+5/8*b^3*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}x^{-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(-8a^2+10abx^n-15b^2x^{2n})+15b^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{24a^{7/2}n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 3*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]
```



output  $((\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(-8*a^2 + 10*a*b*x^n - 15*b^2*x^(2*n)))/x^(3*n) + 15*b^3*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(24*a^(7/2)*n)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {798, 52, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 798

$$\int \frac{x^{-4n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n$$

↓ 52

$$-\frac{5b \int \frac{x^{-3n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a}$$

↓ 52

$$5b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right) - \frac{x^{-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a}$$

↓ 52

$$5b \left( -\frac{3b \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{2a} - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right) - \frac{x^{-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a}$$

↓ 73

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{5b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{2n} - \frac{a}{b}} dx \sqrt{bx^n + a} - \frac{x^{-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \\
 \frac{n}{\downarrow} \quad 221 \\
 \frac{5b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{x^{-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \\
 \frac{n}{\downarrow}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 3*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-1/3*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^(3*n)) - (5*b*(-1/2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^(2*n)) - (3*b*(-(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^n)) + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(4*a)))/(6*a))/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{15 \sqrt{ab^3} x^{3n} \log\left(\frac{bx^n + 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) - 2(15ab^2x^{2n} - 10a^2bx^n + 8a^3)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{48a^4nx^{3n}}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{15\sqrt{-a}b^3x^{3n} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}\right) + (15ab^2x^{2n} - 10a^2bx^n + 8a^3)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{24a^4nx^{3n}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/48*(15*sqrt(a)*b^3*x^(3*n)*log((b*x^n + 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a
)/x^n) - 2*(15*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 10*a^2*b*x^n + 8*a^3)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a^4
*n*x^(3*n)), -1/24*(15*sqrt(-a)*b^3*x^(3*n)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a
)) + (15*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 10*a^2*b*x^n + 8*a^3)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a^4*n*x^(
3*n))]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 29.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{-\frac{7n}{2}}}{3\sqrt{bn}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx}^{-\frac{5n}{2}}}{12an\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} - \frac{5b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{-\frac{3n}{2}}}{24a^2n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} - \frac{5b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{8a^3n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} + \frac{5b^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{8a^{\frac{7}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`output `-1/(3*sqrt(b)*n*x**(7*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n)+1))+sqrt(b)/(12*a*n*x**(5*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n)+1))-5*b**(3/2)/(24*a**2*n*x**(3*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n)+1))-5*b**(5/2)/(8*a**3*n*x**(n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n)+1))+5*b**3*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(8*a**(7/2)*n)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(x^(-3*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-3n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-3*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n+1} \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(3*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-3n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-30x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b^2 + 20x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} a b - 16\sqrt{x^n b + a} a^2 - 15x^{3n} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) b^3 n}{48x^{3n} a^3 n}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 30*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2 + 20*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b - 16*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2 - 15*x**(3*n)*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x), x)*b**3*n)/(48*x**(3*n)*a**3*n)`

### 3.552 $\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3561
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3561
Rubi [A] (verified)	3562
Maple [F]	3564
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3565
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3565
Maxima [F]	3566
Giac [F]	3566
Mupad [F(-1)]	3566
Reduce [F]	3567

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{-4n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4an} + \frac{7bx^{-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{24a^2n} - \frac{35b^2x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{96a^3n} + \frac{35b^3x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{64a^4n} - \frac{35b^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{64a^{9/2}n}$$

output

```
-1/4*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^(4*n))+7/24*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/n/(x^(3*n))-
35/96*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^3/n/(x^(2*n))+35/64*b^3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^4/n/
(x^n)-35/64*b^4*arctanh((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(9/2)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}x^{-4n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(-48a^3 + 56a^2bx^n - 70ab^2x^{2n} + 105b^3x^{3n}) - 105b^4\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{192a^{9/2}n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 4*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

$$\left( (\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^n] * (-48 * a^3 + 56 * a^2 * b * x^n - 70 * a * b^2 * x^{2n}) + 105 * b^3 * x^{3n}) \right) / x^{4n} - 105 * b^4 * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b * x^n] / \text{Sqrt}[a]] / (192 * a^{(9/2) * n})$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {798, 52, 52, 52, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-4n-1}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 798

$$\int \frac{x^{-5n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n$$

↓ 52

$$\frac{7b \int \frac{x^{-4n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{8a} - \frac{x^{-4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4a}$$

↓ 52

$$\frac{7b \left( -\frac{5b \int \frac{x^{-3n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \right)}{8a} - \frac{x^{-4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4a}$$

↓ 52

$$\frac{7b \left( -\frac{5b \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \right)}{8a} - \frac{x^{-4n} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4a}$$

↓ 52

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left( \begin{array}{c}
 5b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^n}{2a} - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \\
 \hline
 8a
 \end{array} \right) - \frac{x^{-4n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4a} \\
 \downarrow n \\
 \text{73} \\
 \left( \begin{array}{c}
 5b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{2n} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{4a} - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \\
 \hline
 8a
 \end{array} \right) - \frac{x^{-4n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4a} \\
 \downarrow n \\
 \text{221} \\
 \left( \begin{array}{c}
 5b \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{x^{-n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{a} \right)}{4a} - \frac{x^{-2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2a} \right)}{6a} - \frac{x^{-3n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a} \\
 \hline
 8a
 \end{array} \right) - \frac{x^{-4n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4a} \\
 \downarrow n
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - 4*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`



output 
$$\frac{(-1/4*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^{4*n}) - (7*b*(-1/3*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^{3*n})) - (5*b*(-1/2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^{2*n})) - (3*b*(-(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/(a*x^n))) + (b*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{(3/2)}))/(4*a)))/(6*a)))/(8*a))/n$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 
$$\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x\} \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[n] \&\& \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$$

rule 73 
$$\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.))^{(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.))^{(n_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{n}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 221 
$$\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$$

rule 798 
$$\text{Int}[(x_.)^{(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^n)^{(p_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n] - 1)}*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-4n-1}}{\sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}(x^{(-4*n-1)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}, x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}(x^{(-4*n-1)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}, x)$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{105 \sqrt{ab^4} x^{4n} \log\left(\frac{bx^n - 2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{a+2a}}{x^n}\right) + 2(105 ab^3 x^{3n} - 70 a^2 b^2 x^{2n} + 56 a^3 b x^n - 48 a^4) \sqrt{bx^n+a}}{384 a^5 n x^{4n}}, 105 \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/384*(105*sqrt(a)*b^4*x^(4*n)*log((b*x^n - 2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(a) + 2*a)/x^n) + 2*(105*a*b^3*x^(3*n) - 70*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) + 56*a^3*b*x^n - 48*a^4)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a^5*n*x^(4*n)), 1/192*(105*sqrt(-a)*b^4*x^(4*n)*arctan(sqrt(-a)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)) + (105*a*b^3*x^(3*n) - 70*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) + 56*a^3*b*x^n - 48*a^4)*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(a^5*n*x^(4*n))]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 95.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{-\frac{9n}{2}}}{4\sqrt{bn}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} + \frac{\sqrt{bx}^{-\frac{7n}{2}}}{24an\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} - \frac{7b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{-\frac{5n}{2}}}{96a^2n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}$$

$$+ \frac{35b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{-\frac{3n}{2}}}{192a^3n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} + \frac{35b^{\frac{7}{2}}x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{64a^4n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}} - \frac{35b^4 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{64a^{\frac{9}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-4*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `-1/(4*sqrt(b)*n*x**(9*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + sqrt(b)/(24*a*n*x**(7*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - 7*b**(3/2)/(96*a**2*n*x**(5*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + 35*b**(5/2)/(192*a**3*n*x**(3*n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) + 35*b**(7/2)/(64*a**4*n*x**(n/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)) - 35*b**4*asinh(sqrt(a)/(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)))/(64*a**(9/2)*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-4n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(-4*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-4n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-4*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{4n+1}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^(4*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^(4*n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-4n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{210x^{3n}\sqrt{x^n b+a} b^3 - 140x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b+a} a b^2 + 112x^n\sqrt{x^n b+a} a^2 b - 96\sqrt{x^n b+a} a^3 + 105x^{4n} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b+a}}{x^n b x+a x} dx \right)}{384x^{4n} a^{4n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-4*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(210*x**(3*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**3 - 140*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b**2 + 112*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*b - 96*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**3 + 105*x**(4*n)*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*b**4*n)/(384*x**(4*n)*a**4*n)`

**3.553**  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{x} dx$

Optimal result	3568
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3568
Rubi [A] (verified)	3569
Maple [A] (verified)	3571
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3572
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3573
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3573
Giac [F]	3574
Mupad [F(-1)]	3574
Reduce [F]	3575

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{3\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{n} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+2}\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{n} - \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \log(x) + \frac{3\sqrt[3]{a} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}\right)}{2n}$$

output

```
3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/n-3^(1/2)*a^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)+2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/3))
*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))/n-1/2*a^(1/3)*ln(x)+3/2*a^(1/3)*ln(a^(1/3)-(a+b*x^n)^(1/
3))/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{6\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} - 2\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1+2\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) + 2\sqrt[3]{a} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}\right) - \sqrt[3]{a} \log\left(a^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}\right)}{2n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/x,x]`

output  $(6*(a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)} - 2*\text{Sqrt}[3]*a^{(1/3)}*\text{ArcTan}[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)})/a^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]] + 2*a^{(1/3)}*\text{Log}[a^{(1/3)} - (a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)}] - a^{(1/3)}*\text{Log}[a^{(2/3)} + a^{(1/3)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)} + (a + b*x^n)^{(2/3)}])/(2*n)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.400$ , Rules used = {798, 60, 69, 16, 1082, 217}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{x} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & \int x^{-n} \sqrt[3]{bx^n + a} dx^n \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{a \int \frac{x^{-n}}{(bx^n+a)^{2/3}} dx^n + 3\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 69 \\
 & \frac{a \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx^n}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+a^{2/3}} + \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx^n}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\log(x^n)}{2a^{2/3}} \right) + 3\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{a \left( -\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{x^{2n+a^{2/3}} + \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx^n}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} + \frac{3 \log(\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n})}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x^n)}{2a^{2/3}} \right) + 3\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 1082 \\
 a \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{2n-3}} d \left( \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{bx^n + a} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{a^{2/3}} + \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \right)}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x^n)}{2a^{2/3}} \right) + 3 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \\
 \hline
 n \\
 \downarrow 217 \\
 a \left( - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} + 1}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{a^{2/3}} + \frac{3 \log \left( \sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \right)}{2a^{2/3}} - \frac{\log(x^n)}{2a^{2/3}} \right) + 3 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \\
 \hline
 n
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/x,x]`

output `(3*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3) + a*(-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + (2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3))]/a^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]))/a^(2/3)) - Log[x^n]/(2*a^(2/3)) + (3*Log[a^(1/3) - (a + b*x^n)^(1/3)])/(2*a^(2/3)))/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

- rule 69 `Int[1/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^(2/3)), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[(b*c - a*d)/b, 3]}, Simp[-Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/(2*b*q^2), x] + (-Simp[3/(2*b*q) Subst[Int[1/(q^2 + q*x + x^2), x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/3)], x] - Simp[3/(2*b*q^2) Subst[Int[1/(q - x), x], x, (c + d*x)^(1/3)], x])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[(b*c - a*d)/b]`
- rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`
- rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`
- rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98



method	result
derivativdivides	$\frac{3(a+bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}+3}{n} \left( \frac{\ln\left(\frac{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}-a^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right) - \ln\left(\frac{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{2}{3}}+a^{\frac{1}{3}}(a+bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^{\frac{2}{3}}}{6a^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right) - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}+1}\right)}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right) a$
default	$\frac{3(a+bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}+3}{n} \left( \frac{\ln\left(\frac{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}-a^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right) - \ln\left(\frac{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{2}{3}}+a^{\frac{1}{3}}(a+bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^{\frac{2}{3}}}{6a^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right) - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{a^{\frac{1}{3}}+1}\right)}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right) a$

```
input int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/n*(3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)+3*(1/3/a^(2/3)*ln((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)-a^(1/3))-1/6/a^(2/3)*ln((a+b*x^n)^(2/3)+a^(1/3)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)+a^(2/3))-1/3/a^(2/3)*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/2)*(2/a^(1/3)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)+1)))*a)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{3}a^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{2}{3}}+\sqrt{3}a}{3a}\right) + a^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left((bx^n+a)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) - 2a^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left((bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}} - a^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2n}$$

```
input integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/x,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-1/2*(2*sqrt(3)*a^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*(b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*a^(2/3) +
sqrt(3)*a)/a) + a^(1/3)*log((b*x^n + a)^(2/3) + (b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*a^(1/3)
+ a^(2/3)) - 2*a^(1/3)*log((b*x^n + a)^(1/3) - a^(1/3)) - 6*(b*x^n + a)^(1
/3))/n
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = -\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^n} \Gamma(-\frac{1}{3}) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{3} \middle| \frac{ax^{-n} e^{i\pi}}{b}\right)}{n \Gamma(\frac{2}{3})}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/3)/x,x)
```

output

```
-b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*gamma(-1/3)*hyper((-1/3, -1/3), (2/3,), a*exp_polar(I*pi)
/(b*x**n))/(n*gamma(2/3))
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} a^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(2(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}+a^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3a^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{n} - \frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left((bx^n+a)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}} a^{\frac{1}{3}} + a^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{2n} + \frac{a^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left((bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}} - a^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{n} + \frac{3(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{n}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/x,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-sqrt(3)*a^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(b*x^n + a)^(1/3) + a^(1/3))/a^(1/3))
)/n - 1/2*a^(1/3)*log((b*x^n + a)^(2/3) + (b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*a^(1/3) + a^(
2/3))/n + a^(1/3)*log((b*x^n + a)^(1/3) - a^(1/3))/n + 3*(b*x^n + a)^(1/3)
/n
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/x,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)/x, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{x} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1/3}}{x} dx$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/x,x)
```

output

```
int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/x, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{x} dx = \frac{3(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^n b x + a x} dx \right) a n}{n}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/x,x)`

output `(3*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3) + int((x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)*a*n)/n`

### 3.554 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3576
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3576
Rubi [A] (verified)	3577
Maple [B] (verified)	3577
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3578
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3578
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3579
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3579
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3579
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3580

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{3bn}$$

output

```
1/3*(a+b*x^n)^3/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{3bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^3/(3*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{3bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(a + b*x^n)^3/(3*b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 35 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 x^n}{n} + \frac{ab x^{2n}}{n} + \frac{b^2 x^{3n}}{3n}$
norman	$\frac{a^2 e^{n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{ab e^{2n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{b^2 e^{3n \ln(x)}}{3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x x^{2n} x^{-1+n} b^2 + 3x x^n x^{-1+n} ab + 3x x^{-1+n} a^2}{3n}$
orering	$\frac{x(11n^2 - 6n + 1)x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2}{6n^3} - \frac{x^2(2n-1)\left(\frac{x^{-1+n}(-1+n)(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{2n^3} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{x^{-1+n}(-1+n)^2}{x^2}\right)}{2n^3}$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2/n*x^n+a*b/n*(x^n)^2+1/3*b^2/n*(x^n)^3`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 x^{3n} + 3abx^{2n} + 3a^2 x^n}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(b^2*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*x^n)/n`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 53 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 x x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{ab x^n x^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{b^2 x x^{2n} x^{n-1}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**2*x*x**(n - 1)/n + a*b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/n + b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^3}{3bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*(b*x^n + a)^3/(b*n)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.68

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2x^{3n} + 3abx^{2n} + 3a^2x^n}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/3*(b^2*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*x^n)/n`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^n \left( a^2 + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{3} + abx^n \right)}{n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`



output  $(x^n(a^2 + (b^2x^{2n})/3 + a*b*x^n))/n$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^n(x^{2n}b^2 + 3x^na b + 3a^2)}{3n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output  $(x^n*(x^{2n}*b^2 + 3*x^n*a*b + 3*a^2))/(3*n)$

### 3.555 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3581
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3581
Rubi [A] (verified)	3582
Maple [A] (verified)	3583
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3583
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3583
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3584
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3584
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3585
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3585

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{2bn}$$

output

```
1/2*(a+b*x^n)^2/b/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{2bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^2/(2*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^{n-1} + bx^{2n-1}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^n}{n} + \frac{bx^{2n}}{2n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^n)/n + (b*x^(2*n))/(2*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{ax^n}{n} + \frac{bx^{2n}}{2n}$	21
norman	$\frac{ae^{n \ln(x)}}{n} + \frac{be^{2n \ln(x)}}{2n}$	25
parallelrisch	$\frac{bx^{-1+n}x^n + 2x^{-1+n}ax}{2n}$	27
orering	$\frac{x(-1+3n)x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)}{2n^2} - \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{x^{-1+n}(-1+n)(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-1+n}bx^n}{x} \right)}{2n^2}$	67

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a/n*x^n+1/2*b/n*(x^n)^2`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bx^{2n} + 2ax^n}{2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/2*(b*x^(2*n) + 2*a*x^n)/n`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{axx^{n-1}}{n} + \frac{bxx^n x^{n-1}}{2n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a + b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*x*x**(n - 1)/n + b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/(2*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{2bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(b*x^n + a)^2/(b*n)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bx^{2n} + 2ax^n}{2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/2*(b*x^(2*n) + 2*a*x^n)/n`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^n \left(a + \frac{bx^n}{2}\right)}{n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n),x)`output `(x^n*(a + (b*x^n)/2))/n`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^n(x^n b + 2a)}{2n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`output `(x**n*(x**n*b + 2*a))/(2*n)`

### 3.556 $\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3586
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3586
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3587
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3587
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3588
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3588
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3589
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3589
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3589
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3590

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{bn}$$

output `ln(a+b*x^n)/b/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{bn}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `Log[a + b*x^n]/(b*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 792

$$\frac{\log(a + bx^n)}{bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `Log[a + b*x^n]/(b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{\ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{bn}$	18
risch	$\frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{bn}$	18

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output `1/b/n*ln(a+b*exp(n*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `log(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 31 vs. 2(10) = 20.

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{an} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)/(a*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (log(a/b + x**n)/(b*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(bx^n + a)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `log(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(|bx^n + a|)}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `log(abs(b*x^n + a))/(b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\ln(a + bx^n)}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`output `log(a + b*x^n)/(b*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{\log(x^n b + a)}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `log(x**n*b + a)/(b*n)`

$$3.557 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3591
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3591
Rubi [A] (verified)	3592
Maple [A] (verified)	3592
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3593
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3593
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3594
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3594
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3594
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3595

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 17

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{bn(a+bx^n)}$$

output `-1/b/n/(a+b*x^n)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{bn(a+bx^n)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(1/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 793

$$-\frac{1}{bn(a + bx^n)}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(1/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{bn(a+bx^n)}$	18
parallelrisch	$\frac{xx^{-1+n}}{an(a+bx^n)}$	23
norman	$\frac{e^{n \ln(x)}}{an(a+be^{n \ln(x)})}$	24

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/b/n/(a+b*x^n)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{b^2nx^n + abn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/(b^2*n*x^n + a*b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 65 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.82

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n}x^{n-1}}{b^2n} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\tilde{\infty}xx^{n-1}}{n} & \text{for } b = -ax^{-n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{a^2n+abnx^n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(n - 1)/(b*  
*2*n*x**(2*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*x**(n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(  
a + b)**2, Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)/(a**2*n + a*b*n*x**n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{(bx^n+a)bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/((b*x^n + a)*b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{1}{(bx^n+a)bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/((b*x^n + a)*b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{a}{b(a^2n+abnx^n)}$$

input `int(x^(n-1)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `-a/(b*(a^2*n + a*b*n*x^n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^n}{an(x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `x**n/(a*n*(x**n*b + a))`



$$3.558 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3596
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3596
Rubi [A] (verified)	3597
Maple [A] (verified)	3597
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3598
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3598
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3599
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3599
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3600
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3600

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2bn(a+bx^n)^2}$$

output `-1/2/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2bn(a+bx^n)^2}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*1/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 793

$$-\frac{1}{2bn(a + bx^n)^2}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `-1/2*1/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)^2)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{1}{2bn(a+bx^n)^2}$	18
norman	$-\frac{1}{2bn(a+be^{n \ln(x)})^2}$	20
parallelrisc	$\frac{bx^{-1+n}xx^n+2x^{-1+n}ax}{2a^2n(a+bx^n)^2}$	39

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(b^3nx^{2n} + 2ab^2nx^n + a^2bn)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2/(b^3*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 136 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 1.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.16

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-3n}x^{n-1}}{2b^3n} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\tilde{\infty}xx^{n-1}}{n} & \text{for } b = -ax^{-n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^3} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{2axx^{n-1}}{2a^4n+4a^3bnx^n+2a^2b^2nx^{2n}} + \frac{bxx^n x^{n-1}}{2a^4n+4a^3bnx^n+2a^2b^2nx^{2n}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*x**(n - 1)/(2*
b**3*n*x**(3*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*x**(n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)
/(a + b)**3, Eq(n, 0)), (2*a*x*x**(n - 1)/(2*a**4*n + 4*a**3*b*n*x**n + 2*
a**2*b**2*n*x**(2*n)) + b*x*x**n*x**(n - 1)/(2*a**4*n + 4*a**3*b*n*x**n +
2*a**2*b**2*n*x**(2*n)), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(bx^n + a)^2bn}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-1/2/((b*x^n + a)^2*b*n)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2(bx^n + a)^2bn}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2/((b*x^n + a)^2*b*n)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2b^3 n x^{2n} + 2a^2 b n + 4ab^2 n x^n}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `-1/(2*b^3*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a^2*b*n + 4*a*b^2*n*x^n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{1}{2bn(x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `( - 1)/(2*b*n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))`

### 3.559 $\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	3601
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3601
Rubi [A] (verified)	3602
Maple [A] (verified)	3603
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3603
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3604
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3604
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3605
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3605
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3605

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{2a^3x^{n/2}}{n} + \frac{2a^2bx^{3n/2}}{n} + \frac{6ab^2x^{5n/2}}{5n} + \frac{2b^3x^{7n/2}}{7n}$$

output

```
2*a^3*x^(1/2*n)/n+2*a^2*b*x^(3/2*n)/n+6/5*a*b^2*x^(5/2*n)/n+2/7*b^3*x^(7/2
*n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{2x^{n/2}(35a^3 + 35a^2bx^n + 21ab^2x^{2n} + 5b^3x^{3n})}{35n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(n/2)*(35*a^3 + 35*a^2*b*x^n + 21*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 5*b^3*x^(3*n)))/(35
*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( a^3 x^{\frac{n-2}{2}} + 3a^2 b x^{\frac{3n}{2}-1} + 3ab^2 x^{\frac{5n}{2}-1} + b^3 x^{\frac{7n}{2}-1} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2a^3 x^{n/2}}{n} + \frac{2a^2 b x^{3n/2}}{n} + \frac{6ab^2 x^{5n/2}}{5n} + \frac{2b^3 x^{7n/2}}{7n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + n/2)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(2*a^3*x^(n/2))/n + (2*a^2*b*x^((3*n)/2))/n + (6*a*b^2*x^((5*n)/2))/(5*n) + (2*b^3*x^((7*n)/2))/(7*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

method	result
risch	$\frac{2a^3x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{n} + \frac{2a^2bx^{\frac{3n}{2}}}{n} + \frac{6ab^2x^{\frac{5n}{2}}}{5n} + \frac{2b^3x^{\frac{7n}{2}}}{7n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{10xx^{3n}x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}b^3+42xx^{2n}x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}ab^2+70xx^n x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}a^2b+70xx^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}a^3}{35n}$
orering	$\frac{8x(44n^3-43n^2+16n-2)x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^3}{105n^4} - \frac{8x^2(43n^2-48n+14)\left(\frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(-1+\frac{n}{2})(a+bx^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2bx^n}{x}\right)}{105n^4}$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $\frac{2}{7}b^3/n*(x^{(1/2*n)})^7+6/5*a*b^2/n*(x^{(1/2*n)})^5+2*a^2*b/n*(x^{(1/2*n)})^3+2*a^3*x^{(1/2*n)}/n$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{2\left(5b^3x^7x^{\frac{7}{2}n-7} + 21ab^2x^5x^{\frac{5}{2}n-5} + 35a^2bx^3x^{\frac{3}{2}n-3} + 35a^3xx^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}\right)}{35n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $\frac{2}{35}*(5*b^3*x^7*x^{(7/2*n - 7)} + 21*a*b^2*x^5*x^{(5/2*n - 5)} + 35*a^2*b*x^3*x^{(3/2*n - 3)} + 35*a^3*x*x^{(1/2*n - 1)})/n$



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a^3xx^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{n} + \frac{2a^2bxx^n x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{n} + \frac{6ab^2xx^{2n}x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{5n} + \frac{2b^3xx^{3n}x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{7n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((2*a**3*x*x**(n/2 - 1)/n + 2*a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(n/2 - 1)/n + 6*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n/2 - 1)/(5*n) + 2*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(n/2 - 1)/(7*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{2b^3x^{\frac{7}{2}n}}{7n} + \frac{6ab^2x^{\frac{5}{2}n}}{5n} + \frac{2a^2bx^{\frac{3}{2}n}}{n} + \frac{2a^3x^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/7*b^3*x^(7/2*n)/n + 6/5*a*b^2*x^(5/2*n)/n + 2*a^2*b*x^(3/2*n)/n + 2*a^3*x^(1/2*n)/n`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{2\left(5b^3x^{3n}x^{\frac{1}{2}n} + 21ab^2x^{2n}x^{\frac{1}{2}n} + 35a^2bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}x^n + 35a^3\sqrt{x^n}\right)}{35n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/35*(5*b^3*x^(3*n)*x^(1/2*n) + 21*a*b^2*x^(2*n)*x^(1/2*n) + 35*a^2*b*x^(1/2*n)*x^n + 35*a^3*sqrt(x^n))/n`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = x^{\frac{n}{2}-1} \left( \frac{2a^3x}{n} + \frac{2b^3xx^{3n}}{7n} + \frac{2a^2bxx^n}{n} + \frac{6ab^2xx^{2n}}{5n} \right)$$

input `int(x^(n/2 - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `x^(n/2 - 1)*((2*a^3*x)/n + (2*b^3*x*x^(3*n))/(7*n) + (2*a^2*b*x*x^n)/n + (6*a*b^2*x*x^(2*n))/(5*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{2x^{\frac{n}{2}}(5x^{3n}b^3 + 21x^{2n}ab^2 + 35x^na^2b + 35a^3)}{35n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`output `(2*x**(n/2)*(5*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 21*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 35*x**n*a**2*b + 35*a**3))/(35*n)`

### 3.560 $\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3606
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3606
Rubi [A] (verified)	3607
Maple [A] (verified)	3608
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3608
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3609
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3609
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3609
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3610
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3610

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2a^2x^{n/2}}{n} + \frac{4abx^{3n/2}}{3n} + \frac{2b^2x^{5n/2}}{5n}$$

output

```
2*a^2*x^(1/2*n)/n+4/3*a*b*x^(3/2*n)/n+2/5*b^2*x^(5/2*n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2x^{n/2}(15a^2 + 10abx^n + 3b^2x^{2n})}{15n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(n/2)*(15*a^2 + 10*a*b*x^n + 3*b^2*x^(2*n)))/(15*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( a^2 x^{\frac{n-2}{2}} + 2abx^{\frac{3n}{2}-1} + b^2 x^{\frac{5n}{2}-1} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2a^2 x^{n/2}}{n} + \frac{4abx^{3n/2}}{3n} + \frac{2b^2 x^{5n/2}}{5n}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n/2)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(2*a^2*x^(n/2))/n + (4*a*b*x^((3*n)/2))/(3*n) + (2*b^2*x^((5*n)/2))/(5*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{2a^2x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{n} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3n}{2}}}{3n} + \frac{2b^2x^{\frac{5n}{2}}}{5n}$
norman	$\frac{2a^2e^{\frac{n \ln(x)}{2}}}{n} + \frac{2b^2e^{\frac{5n \ln(x)}{2}}}{5n} + \frac{4abe^{\frac{3n \ln(x)}{2}}}{3n}$
paralelrisch	$\frac{6x^2x^{2n}x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}b^2+20x^2x^n x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}ab+30x^2x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}a^2}{15n}$
orering	$\frac{2x(23n^2-18n+4)x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2}{15n^3} - \frac{4x^2(-2+3n)\left(\frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(-1+\frac{n}{2})(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{5n^3} + \frac{8x^3\left(\frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{x}\right)}{5n^3}$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2*a^2*x^(1/2*n)/n+2/5*b^2/n*(x^(1/2*n))^5+4/3*a*b/n*(x^(1/2*n))^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2\left(3b^2x^5x^{\frac{5}{2}n-5} + 10abx^3x^{\frac{3}{2}n-3} + 15a^2xx^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}\right)}{15n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/15*(3*b^2*x^5*x^(5/2*n - 5) + 10*a*b*x^3*x^(3/2*n - 3) + 15*a^2*x*x^(1/2*n - 1))/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a^2xx^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{n} + \frac{4abxx^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{3n} + \frac{2b^2xx^{2n}x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{5n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((2*a**2*x*x**(n/2 - 1)/n + 4*a*b*x*x**n*x**(n/2 - 1)/(3*n) + 2*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n/2 - 1)/(5*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2b^2x^{\frac{5}{2}n}}{5n} + \frac{4abx^{\frac{3}{2}n}}{3n} + \frac{2a^2x^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/5*b^2*x^(5/2*n)/n + 4/3*a*b*x^(3/2*n)/n + 2*a^2*x^(1/2*n)/n`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2 \left( 3b^2x^{2n}x^{\frac{1}{2}n} + 10abx^{\frac{1}{2}n}x^n + 15a^2\sqrt{x^n} \right)}{15n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/15*(3*b^2*x^(2*n)*x^(1/2*n) + 10*a*b*x^(1/2*n)*x^n + 15*a^2*sqrt(x^n))/n`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = x^{\frac{n}{2}-1} \left( \frac{2a^2x}{n} + \frac{2b^2xx^{2n}}{5n} + \frac{4abxx^n}{3n} \right)$$

input `int(x^(n/2 - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `x^(n/2 - 1)*((2*a^2*x)/n + (2*b^2*x*x^(2*n))/(5*n) + (4*a*b*x*x^n)/(3*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{2x^{\frac{n}{2}}(3x^{2n}b^2 + 10x^na b + 15a^2)}{15n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(2*x**(n/2)*(3*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 10*x**n*a*b + 15*a**2))/(15*n)`

### 3.561 $\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3611
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3611
Rubi [A] (verified)	3612
Maple [A] (verified)	3613
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3613
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3614
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3614
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3614
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3615
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3615

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{2ax^{n/2}}{n} + \frac{2bx^{3n/2}}{3n}$$

output

```
2*a*x^(1/2*n)/n+2/3*b*x^(3/2*n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{2x^{n/2}(3a + bx^n)}{3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n/2)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*x^(n/2)*(3*a + b*x^n))/(3*n)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( ax^{\frac{n-2}{2}} + bx^{\frac{3n}{2}-1} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{2ax^{n/2}}{n} + \frac{2bx^{3n/2}}{3n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + n/2)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*a*x^(n/2))/n + (2*b*x^((3*n)/2))/(3*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2ax^{\frac{n}{2}}}{n} + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3n}{2}}}{3n}$	26
norman	$\frac{2ae^{\frac{n \ln(x)}{2}}}{n} + \frac{2be^{\frac{3n \ln(x)}{2}}}{3n}$	28
parallelrisc	$\frac{2xx^n x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}b+6xx^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}a}{3n}$	32
orering	$\frac{4x(2n-1)x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n)}{3n^2} - \frac{4x^2 \left( \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(-1+\frac{n}{2})(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}bx^n}{x} \right)}{3n^2}$	75

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `2*a*x^(1/2*n)/n+2/3*b/n*(x^(1/2*n))^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{2 \left( bx^3 x^{\frac{3}{2}n-3} + 3axx^{\frac{1}{2}n-1} \right)}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `2/3*(b*x^3*x^(3/2*n - 3) + 3*a*x*x^(1/2*n - 1))/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2axx^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{n} + \frac{2bx^n x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{3n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)\log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((2*a*x*x**(n/2 - 1)/n + 2*b*x*x**n*x**(n/2 - 1)/(3*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}n}}{3n} + \frac{2ax^{\frac{1}{2}n}}{n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*b*x^(3/2*n)/n + 2*a*x^(1/2*n)/n`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{2\left(bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}x^n + 3a\sqrt{x^n}\right)}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*(b*x^(1/2*n)*x^n + 3*a*sqrt(x^n))/n`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{2x^{n/2}(3a+bx^n)}{3n}$$

input `int(x^(n/2 - 1)*(a + b*x^n),x)`output `(2*x^(n/2)*(3*a + b*x^n))/(3*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{2x^{\frac{n}{2}}(x^n b + 3a)}{3n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)*(a+b*x^n),x)`output `(2*x**(n/2)*(x**n*b + 3*a))/(3*n)`

### 3.562 $\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3616
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3616
Rubi [A] (verified)	3617
Maple [B] (verified)	3618
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3618
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3619
Maxima [F]	3619
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3619
Mupad [F(-1)]	3620
Reduce [F]	3620

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bn}}$$

output `2*arctan(1/a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2*n))/a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bn}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n/2)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {868, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{868}$$

$$\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/2}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow \text{218}$$

$$\frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bn}}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n/2)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(2*ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 53 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} - \frac{a}{\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}n} + \frac{\ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} + \frac{a}{\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{-ab}n}$	54

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/(-a*b)^{(1/2)}/n*\ln(x^{(1/2)*n}-1/(-a*b)^{(1/2)*a})+1/(-a*b)^{(1/2)}/n*\ln(x^{(1/2)*n}+1/(-a*b)^{(1/2)*a})$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx^2x^{n-2}-2\sqrt{-ab}xx^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}-a}{bx^2x^{n-2}+a}\right)}{abn}, \frac{2\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}xx^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{a}\right)}{abn} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$[-\sqrt{-a*b}*\log((b*x^2*x^{(n-2)}-2*\sqrt{-a*b}*x*x^{(1/2)*n-1}-a)/(b*x^2*x^{(n-2)}+a))/(a*b*n), 2*\sqrt{a*b}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*b}*x*x^{(1/2)*n-1}/a)/(a*b*n)]$$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{bn}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n), x)`output `2*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a)*sqrt(b)*n)`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(x^(1/2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x^n}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{abn}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*arctan(b*sqrt(x^n)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*n)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`output `int(x^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{x^n b x + a x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`output `int(x**(n/2)/(x**n*b*x + a*x), x)`

### 3.563 $\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3621
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3621
Rubi [A] (verified)	3622
Maple [A] (verified)	3623
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3624
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3624
Maxima [F]	3625
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3625
Mupad [F(-1)]	3625
Reduce [F]	3626

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{n/2}}{an(a+bx^n)} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}\sqrt{bn}}$$

output  $x^{(1/2*n)}/a/n/(a+b*x^n)+\arctan(1/a^{(1/2)}*b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2*n)})/a^{(3/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{ax^{n/2}}{a+bx^n} + \frac{\sqrt{a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^2n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n/2)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output  $((a*x^{(n/2)})/(a + b*x^n) + (\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(n/2)})/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/\text{Sqrt}[b])/(a^2*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {868, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx \\
 \downarrow 868 \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^{n/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 215 \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/2}}{2a} + \frac{x^{n/2}}{2a(a+bx^n)} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{x^{n/2}}{2a(a+bx^n)} \right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n/2)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(2*(x^(n/2)/(2*a*(a + b*x^n)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b]))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1) / (2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{an(a+bx^n)} - \frac{\ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} - \frac{a}{\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab}na} + \frac{\ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} + \frac{a}{\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab}na}$	86

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a/n*x^(1/2*n)/(a+b*(x^(1/2*n))^2)-1/2/(-a*b)^(1/2)/n/a*ln(x^(1/2*n)-1/(-a*b)^(1/2)*a)+1/2/(-a*b)^(1/2)/n/a*ln(x^(1/2*n)+1/(-a*b)^(1/2)*a)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2abxx^{\frac{1}{2}n-1} - (\sqrt{-abbx^2x^{n-2}} + \sqrt{-aba}) \log\left(\frac{bx^2x^{n-2} - 2\sqrt{-abbx^2x^{\frac{1}{2}n-1} - a}}{bx^2x^{n-2} + a}\right)}{2(a^2b^2nx^2x^{n-2} + a^3bn)}, \frac{abxx^{\frac{1}{2}n-1} + (\sqrt{abbx^2x^{n-2}} + \sqrt{aba})}{a^2b^2nx^2x^{n-2}} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*a*b*x*x^(1/2*n - 1) - (sqrt(-a*b)*b*x^2*x^(n - 2) + sqrt(-a*b)*a)*log((b*x^2*x^(n - 2) - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*x*x^(1/2*n - 1) - a)/(b*x^2*x^(n - 2) + a))/(a^2*b^2*n*x^2*x^(n - 2) + a^3*b*n), (a*b*x*x^(1/2*n - 1) + (sqrt(a*b)*b*x^2*x^(n - 2) + sqrt(a*b)*a)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)*x*x^(1/2*n - 1)/a))/(a^2*b^2*n*x^2*x^(n - 2) + a^3*b*n)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 163 vs. 2(42) = 84.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.86

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{\frac{n}{2}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + a^2b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{ab}x^{\frac{3n}{2}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^3\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + a^2b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}}} + \frac{a\sqrt{bx}^n}{a^3\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + a^2b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `a**(3/2)*x**(n/2)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(a**3*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + a**2*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2)) + sqrt(a)*b*x**(3*n/2)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(a**3*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + a**2*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2)) + a*sqrt(b)*x**n/(a**3*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + a**2*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^(1/2*n)/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n) + integrate(1/2*x^(1/2*n)/(a*b*x*x^n + a^2*x), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x^n}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right)}{\sqrt{aba}} + \frac{\sqrt{x^n}}{(bx^n+a)a}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(arctan(b*sqrt(x^n)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a) + sqrt(x^n)/((b*x^n + a)*a))/n`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{x^{2n}b^2x + 2x^nabx + a^2x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x**(n/2)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*x + a**2*x),x)`

**3.564**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3627
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3627
Rubi [A] (verified)	3628
Maple [A] (verified)	3629
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3630
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3630
Maxima [F]	3632
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3632
Mupad [F(-1)]	3632
Reduce [F]	3633

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{n/2}}{2an(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{3x^{n/2}}{4a^2n(a+bx^n)} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^{5/2}\sqrt{bn}}$$

output

$1/2*x^{(1/2*n)}/a/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+3/4*x^{(1/2*n)}/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)+3/4*arctan(1/a^{(1/2)*b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2*n)})/a^{(5/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/n$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{2x^{n/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + n/2)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output

$(2*x^{(n/2)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3, 3/2, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^3*n)$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {868, 215, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{868} \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx^{n/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{215} \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^{n/2}}{4a} + \frac{x^{n/2}}{4a(a+bx^n)^2} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{215} \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/2}}{2a} + \frac{x^{n/2}}{2a(a+bx^n)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x^{n/2}}{4a(a+bx^n)^2} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{218} \\
 \frac{2 \left( \frac{3 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{x^{n/2}}{2a(a+bx^n)} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x^{n/2}}{4a(a+bx^n)^2} \right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n/2)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(2*(x^(n/2)/(4*a*(a + b*x^n)^2) + (3*(x^(n/2)/(2*a*(a + b*x^n)) + ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a]]/(2*a^(3/2)*Sqrt[b])))/(4*a))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 215 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1) / (2*a*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(2*p + 3)/(2*a*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}}(3bx^n + 5a)}{4a^2n(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{3\ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} - \frac{a}{\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-ab}na^2} + \frac{3\ln\left(x^{\frac{n}{2}} + \frac{a}{\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{8\sqrt{-ab}na^2}$	101

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/4*x^(1/2*n)*(3*b*(x^(1/2*n))^2+5*a)/a^2/n/(a+b*(x^(1/2*n))^2)^2-3/8/(-a*b)^(1/2)/n/a^2*ln(x^(1/2*n)-1/(-a*b)^(1/2)*a)+3/8/(-a*b)^(1/2)/n/a^2*ln(x^(1/2*n)+1/(-a*b)^(1/2)*a)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 143 vs.  $2(69) = 138$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.57

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{6ab^2x^3x^{\frac{3}{2}n-3} + 10a^2bxx^{\frac{1}{2}n-1} - 3(\sqrt{-abb^2x^4x^{2n-4}} + 2\sqrt{-ababx^2x^{n-2}} + \sqrt{-aba^2}) \log\left(\frac{bx^2x^{n-2}-2\sqrt{-ab}}{bx^2x^{n-2}}\right)}{8(a^3b^3nx^4x^{2n-4} + 2a^4b^2nx^2x^{n-2} + a^5bn)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/8*(6*a*b^2*x^3*x^(3/2*n - 3) + 10*a^2*b*x*x^(1/2*n - 1) - 3*(sqrt(-a*b)*b^2*x^4*x^(2*n - 4) + 2*sqrt(-a*b)*a*b*x^2*x^(n - 2) + sqrt(-a*b)*a^2)*log((b*x^2*x^(n - 2) - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*x*x^(1/2*n - 1) - a)/(b*x^2*x^(n - 2) + a)))/(a^3*b^3*n*x^4*x^(2*n - 4) + 2*a^4*b^2*n*x^2*x^(n - 2) + a^5*b*n), 1/4*(3*a*b^2*x^3*x^(3/2*n - 3) + 5*a^2*b*x*x^(1/2*n - 1) + 3*(sqrt(a*b)*b^2*x^4*x^(2*n - 4) + 2*sqrt(a*b)*a*b*x^2*x^(n - 2) + sqrt(a*b)*a^2)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)*x*x^(1/2*n - 1)/a))/(a^3*b^3*n*x^4*x^(2*n - 4) + 2*a^4*b^2*n*x^2*x^(n - 2) + a^5*b*n)]`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 683 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 3.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 683, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.67

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{3a^{\frac{11}{2}}x^{\frac{n}{2}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^8\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + 12a^7b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}} + 12a^6b^{\frac{5}{2}}nx^{\frac{5n}{2}} + 4a^5b^{\frac{7}{2}}nx^{\frac{7n}{2}}} + \frac{9a^{\frac{9}{2}}bx^{\frac{3n}{2}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^8\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + 12a^7b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}} + 12a^6b^{\frac{5}{2}}nx^{\frac{5n}{2}} + 4a^5b^{\frac{7}{2}}nx^{\frac{7n}{2}}} + \frac{9a^{\frac{7}{2}}b^2x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^8\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + 12a^7b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}} + 12a^6b^{\frac{5}{2}}nx^{\frac{5n}{2}} + 4a^5b^{\frac{7}{2}}nx^{\frac{7n}{2}}} + \frac{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3x^{\frac{7n}{2}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4a^8\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + 12a^7b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}} + 12a^6b^{\frac{5}{2}}nx^{\frac{5n}{2}} + 4a^5b^{\frac{7}{2}}nx^{\frac{7n}{2}}} + \frac{5a^5\sqrt{bx}^n}{4a^8\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + 12a^7b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}} + 12a^6b^{\frac{5}{2}}nx^{\frac{5n}{2}} + 4a^5b^{\frac{7}{2}}nx^{\frac{7n}{2}}} + \frac{8a^4b^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{2n}}{4a^8\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + 12a^7b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}} + 12a^6b^{\frac{5}{2}}nx^{\frac{5n}{2}} + 4a^5b^{\frac{7}{2}}nx^{\frac{7n}{2}}} + \frac{3a^3b^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{3n}}{4a^8\sqrt{bn}x^{\frac{n}{2}} + 12a^7b^{\frac{3}{2}}nx^{\frac{3n}{2}} + 12a^6b^{\frac{5}{2}}nx^{\frac{5n}{2}} + 4a^5b^{\frac{7}{2}}nx^{\frac{7n}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `3*a**(11/2)*x**(n/2)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(4*a**8*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + 12*a**7*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2) + 12*a**6*b**(5/2)*n*x**(5*n/2) + 4*a**5*b**(7/2)*n*x**(7*n/2)) + 9*a**(9/2)*b*x**(3*n/2)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(4*a**8*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + 12*a**7*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2) + 12*a**6*b**(5/2)*n*x**(5*n/2) + 4*a**5*b**(7/2)*n*x**(7*n/2)) + 9*a**(7/2)*b**2*x**(5*n/2)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(4*a**8*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + 12*a**7*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2) + 12*a**6*b**(5/2)*n*x**(5*n/2) + 4*a**5*b**(7/2)*n*x**(7*n/2)) + 3*a**(5/2)*b**3*x**(7*n/2)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(4*a**8*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + 12*a**7*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2) + 12*a**6*b**(5/2)*n*x**(5*n/2) + 4*a**5*b**(7/2)*n*x**(7*n/2)) + 5*a**5*sqrt(b)*x**n/(4*a**8*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + 12*a**7*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2) + 12*a**6*b**(5/2)*n*x**(5*n/2) + 4*a**5*b**(7/2)*n*x**(7*n/2)) + 8*a**4*b**(3/2)*x**(2*n)/(4*a**8*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + 12*a**7*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2) + 12*a**6*b**(5/2)*n*x**(5*n/2) + 4*a**5*b**(7/2)*n*x**(7*n/2)) + 3*a**3*b**(5/2)*x**(3*n)/(4*a**8*sqrt(b)*n*x**(n/2) + 12*a**7*b**(3/2)*n*x**(3*n/2) + 12*a**6*b**(5/2)*n*x**(5*n/2) + 4*a**5*b**(7/2)*n*x**(7*n/2))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*(3*b*x^(3/2*n) + 5*a*x^(1/2*n))/(a^2*b^2*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n*x^n + a^4*n) + 3*integrate(1/8*x^(1/2*n)/(a^2*b*x*x^n + a^3*x), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{b\sqrt{x^n}}{\sqrt{ab}}\right) + \frac{3bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}x^n + 5a\sqrt{x^n}}{(bx^n+a)^2a^2}}{4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/4*(3*arctan(b*sqrt(x^n)/sqrt(a*b))/(sqrt(a*b)*a^2) + (3*b*x^(1/2*n)*x^n + 5*a*sqrt(x^n))/((b*x^n + a)^2*a^2))/n`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{x^{3n}b^3x + 3x^{2n}ab^2x + 3x^na^2bx + a^3x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x**(n/2)/(x**(3*n)*b**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*b*x + a**3*x),x)`

### 3.565 $\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	3634
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3634
Rubi [A] (verified)	3635
Maple [A] (verified)	3636
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3636
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3637
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3637
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3638
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3638
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3638

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{3a^3x^{n/3}}{n} + \frac{9a^2bx^{4n/3}}{4n} + \frac{9ab^2x^{7n/3}}{7n} + \frac{3b^3x^{10n/3}}{10n}$$

output

```
3*a^3*x^(1/3*n)/n+9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3*n)/n+9/7*a*b^2*x^(7/3*n)/n+3/10*b^3*x^(10/3*n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{3x^{n/3}(140a^3 + 105a^2bx^n + 60ab^2x^{2n} + 14b^3x^{3n})}{140n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n/3)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(3*x^(n/3)*(140*a^3 + 105*a^2*b*x^n + 60*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 14*b^3*x^(3*n)))/(140*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( a^3 x^{\frac{n-3}{3}} + 3a^2 b x^{\frac{4n}{3}-1} + 3ab^2 x^{\frac{7n}{3}-1} + b^3 x^{\frac{10n}{3}-1} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3a^3 x^{n/3}}{n} + \frac{9a^2 b x^{4n/3}}{4n} + \frac{9ab^2 x^{7n/3}}{7n} + \frac{3b^3 x^{10n/3}}{10n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + n/3)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(3*a^3*x^(n/3))/n + (9*a^2*b*x^((4*n)/3))/(4*n) + (9*a*b^2*x^((7*n)/3))/(7*n) + (3*b^3*x^((10*n)/3))/(10*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{3a^3x^{\frac{n}{3}}}{n} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{4n}{3}}}{4n} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{7n}{3}}}{7n} + \frac{3b^3x^{\frac{10n}{3}}}{10n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{42x^3x^{3n}x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}b^3+180x^{2n}x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}ab^2+315x^n x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}a^2b+420x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}a^3}{140n}$
orering	$\frac{3x(418n^3-477n^2+198n-27)x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^3}{280n^4} - \frac{27x^2(53n^2-66n+21)}{280n^4} \left( \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(-1+\frac{n}{3})(a+bx^n)^3}{x} + \frac{3x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^2b}{x} \right)$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $\frac{3}{10}b^3/n*(x^{(1/3*n)})^{10}+9/7*a*b^2/n*(x^{(1/3*n)})^7+9/4*a^2*b/n*(x^{(1/3*n)})^4+3*a^3*x^{(1/3*n)}/n$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( 14b^3x^{10}x^{\frac{10}{3}n-10} + 60ab^2x^7x^{\frac{7}{3}n-7} + 105a^2bx^4x^{\frac{4}{3}n-4} + 140a^3xx^{\frac{1}{3}n-1} \right)}{140n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $\frac{3}{140}*(14*b^3*x^{10}*x^{(10/3*n - 10)} + 60*a*b^2*x^7*x^{(7/3*n - 7)} + 105*a^2*b*x^4*x^{(4/3*n - 4)} + 140*a^3*x*x^{(1/3*n - 1)})/n$

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{3a^3xx^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{n} + \frac{9a^2bxx^n x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{4n} + \frac{9ab^2xx^{2n}x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{7n} + \frac{3b^3xx^{3n}x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{10n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`output `Piecewise((3*a**3*x*x**(n/3 - 1)/n + 9*a**2*b*x*x**n*x**(n/3 - 1)/(4*n) + 9*a*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n/3 - 1)/(7*n) + 3*b**3*x*x**(3*n)*x**(n/3 - 1)/(10*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{3b^3x^{\frac{10}{3}n}}{10n} + \frac{9ab^2x^{\frac{7}{3}n}}{7n} + \frac{9a^2bx^{\frac{4}{3}n}}{4n} + \frac{3a^3x^{\frac{1}{3}n}}{n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/10*b^3*x^(10/3*n)/n + 9/7*a*b^2*x^(7/3*n)/n + 9/4*a^2*b*x^(4/3*n)/n + 3*a^3*x^(1/3*n)/n`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{3 \left( 14b^3x^{3n}(x^n)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 60ab^2x^{2n}(x^n)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 105a^2b(x^n)^{\frac{4}{3}} + 140a^3x^{\frac{1}{3}n} \right)}{140n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/140*(14*b^3*x^(3*n)*(x^n)^(1/3) + 60*a*b^2*x^(2*n)*(x^n)^(1/3) + 105*a^2*b*(x^n)^(4/3) + 140*a^3*x^(1/3*n))/n`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = x^{\frac{n}{3}-1} \left( \frac{3a^3x}{n} + \frac{3b^3xx^{3n}}{10n} + \frac{9a^2bxx^n}{4n} + \frac{9ab^2xx^{2n}}{7n} \right)$$

input `int(x^(n/3 - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`output `x^(n/3 - 1)*((3*a^3*x)/n + (3*b^3*x*x^(3*n))/(10*n) + (9*a^2*b*x*x^n)/(4*n) + (9*a*b^2*x*x^(2*n))/(7*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{n}{3}}(14x^{3n}b^3 + 60x^{2n}ab^2 + 105x^na^2b + 140a^3)}{140n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output  $(3*x^{n/3}*(14*x^{3*n}*b^3 + 60*x^{2*n}*a*b^2 + 105*x^n*a^2*b + 140*a^3))/(140*n)$

### 3.566 $\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3640
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3640
Rubi [A] (verified)	3641
Maple [A] (verified)	3642
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3642
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3643
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3643
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3643
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3644
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3644

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{3a^2x^{n/3}}{n} + \frac{3abx^{4n/3}}{2n} + \frac{3b^2x^{7n/3}}{7n}$$

output

```
3*a^2*x^(1/3*n)/n+3/2*a*b*x^(4/3*n)/n+3/7*b^2*x^(7/3*n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{3x^{n/3}(14a^2 + 7abx^n + 2b^2x^{2n})}{14n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n/3)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*x^(n/3)*(14*a^2 + 7*a*b*x^n + 2*b^2*x^(2*n)))/(14*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}(a+bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( a^2 x^{\frac{n-3}{3}} + 2abx^{\frac{4n}{3}-1} + b^2 x^{\frac{7n}{3}-1} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3a^2 x^{n/3}}{n} + \frac{3abx^{4n/3}}{2n} + \frac{3b^2 x^{7n/3}}{7n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + n/3)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*a^2*x^(n/3))/n + (3*a*b*x^((4*n)/3))/(2*n) + (3*b^2*x^((7*n)/3))/(7*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result
risch	$\frac{3a^2x^{\frac{n}{3}}}{n} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4n}{3}}}{2n} + \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{7n}{3}}}{7n}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{6x^{2n}x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}b^2+21x^n x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}ab+42x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}a^2}{14n}$
orering	$\frac{9x(13n^2-12n+3)x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^2}{28n^3} - \frac{27x^2(4n-3)\left(\frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(-1+\frac{n}{3})(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{28n^3} + \frac{27x^3\left(\frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(-1+\frac{n}{3})(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{28n^3}$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3/7*b^2/n*(x^(1/3*n))^7+3/2*a*b/n*(x^(1/3*n))^4+3*a^2*x^(1/3*n)/n`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{3\left(2b^2x^7x^{\frac{7}{3}n-7} + 7abx^4x^{\frac{4}{3}n-4} + 14a^2xx^{\frac{1}{3}n-1}\right)}{14n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3/14*(2*b^2*x^7*x^(7/3*n - 7) + 7*a*b*x^4*x^(4/3*n - 4) + 14*a^2*x*x^(1/3*n - 1))/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3a^2xx^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{n} + \frac{3abxx^n x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{2n} + \frac{3b^2xx^{2n}x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{7n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`output `Piecewise((3*a**2*x*x**(n/3 - 1)/n + 3*a*b*x*x**n*x**(n/3 - 1)/(2*n) + 3*b**2*x*x**(2*n)*x**(n/3 - 1)/(7*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{3b^2x^{\frac{7}{3}n}}{7n} + \frac{3abx^{\frac{4}{3}n}}{2n} + \frac{3a^2x^{\frac{1}{3}n}}{n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/7*b^2*x^(7/3*n)/n + 3/2*a*b*x^(4/3*n)/n + 3*a^2*x^(1/3*n)/n`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{3 \left( 2b^2x^{2n}(x^n)^{\frac{1}{3}} + 7ab(x^n)^{\frac{4}{3}} + 14a^2x^{\frac{1}{3}n} \right)}{14n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/14*(2*b^2*x^(2*n)*(x^n)^(1/3) + 7*a*b*(x^n)^(4/3) + 14*a^2*x^(1/3*n))/n`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = x^{\frac{n}{3}-1} \left( \frac{3a^2x}{n} + \frac{3b^2xx^{2n}}{7n} + \frac{3abxx^n}{2n} \right)$$

input `int(x^(n/3 - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `x^(n/3 - 1)*((3*a^2*x)/n + (3*b^2*x*x^(2*n))/(7*n) + (3*a*b*x*x^n)/(2*n))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{n}{3}}(2x^{2n}b^2 + 7x^nab + 14a^2)}{14n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(3*x**(n/3)*(2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 7*x**n*a*b + 14*a**2))/(14*n)`

### 3.567 $\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3645
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3645
Rubi [A] (verified)	3646
Maple [A] (verified)	3647
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3647
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3648
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3648
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3648
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3649
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3649

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{3ax^{n/3}}{n} + \frac{3bx^{4n/3}}{4n}$$

output

```
3*a*x^(1/3*n)/n+3/4*b*x^(4/3*n)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{3x^{n/3}(4a + bx^n)}{4n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n/3)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(3*x^(n/3)*(4*a + b*x^n))/(4*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( ax^{\frac{n-3}{3}} + bx^{\frac{4n}{3}-1} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{3ax^{n/3}}{n} + \frac{3bx^{4n/3}}{4n}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 + n/3)*(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(3*a*x^(n/3))/n + (3*b*x^((4*n)/3))/(4*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{3ax^{\frac{n}{3}}}{n} + \frac{3bx^{\frac{4n}{3}}}{4n}$	26
norman	$\frac{3ae^{\frac{n \ln(x)}{3}}}{n} + \frac{3be^{\frac{4n \ln(x)}{3}}}{4n}$	28
parallelrisch	$\frac{3xx^n x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}b+12xx^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}a}{4n}$	32
orering	$\frac{3x(-3+5n)x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n)}{4n^2} - \frac{9x^2 \left( \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(-1+\frac{n}{3})(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}bx^n n}{x} \right)}{4n^2}$	75

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `3*a*x^(1/3*n)/n+3/4*b/n*(x^(1/3*n))^4`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{3 \left( bx^4 x^{\frac{4}{3}n-4} + 4 ax x^{\frac{1}{3}n-1} \right)}{4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `3/4*(b*x^4*x^(4/3*n - 4) + 4*a*x*x^(1/3*n - 1))/n`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3axx^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{n} + \frac{3bxx^n x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{4n} & \text{for } n \neq 0 \\ (a+b)\log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x**n),x)`output `Piecewise((3*a*x*x**(n/3 - 1)/n + 3*b*x*x**n*x**(n/3 - 1)/(4*n), Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{3bx^{\frac{4}{3}n}}{4n} + \frac{3ax^{\frac{1}{3}n}}{n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `3/4*b*x^(4/3*n)/n + 3*a*x^(1/3*n)/n`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.72

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{3\left(b(x^n)^{\frac{4}{3}} + 4ax^{\frac{1}{3}n}\right)}{4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `3/4*(b*(x^n)^(4/3) + 4*a*x^(1/3*n))/n`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{3x^{n/3}(4a+bx^n)}{4n}$$

input `int(x^(n/3 - 1)*(a + b*x^n), x)`output `(3*x^(n/3)*(4*a + b*x^n))/(4*n)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.66

$$\int x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}(a+bx^n) dx = \frac{3x^{\frac{n}{3}}(x^n b + 4a)}{4n}$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)*(a+b*x^n), x)`output `(3*x**(n/3)*(x**n*b + 4*a))/(4*n)`

### 3.568 $\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3650
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3650
Rubi [A] (verified)	3651
Maple [C] (verified)	3655
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3655
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3656
Maxima [F]	3657
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3657
Mupad [F(-1)]	3658
Reduce [F]	3658

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 143

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{bn}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{bn}} - \frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}\right)}{2a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{bn}}$$

output

```
-3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))/a^(2/3)
/b^(1/3)/n+ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))/a^(2/3)/b^(1/3)/n-1/2*ln(a^(2/3)-
a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)+b^(2/3)*x^(2/3*n))/a^(2/3)/b^(1/3)/n
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{3x^{n/3} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{an}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n/3)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output  $(3*x^{(n/3)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1, 4/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*n)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 138, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.474$ , Rules used = {868, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 868 \\
 \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/3}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 750 \\
 \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+\sqrt[3]{a}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow 16 \\
 \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow 1142
 \end{array}$$



$$3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3+a^{2/3}}}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}})}{-3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3+a^{2/3}}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 25

$$3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3+a^{2/3}}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}})}{-3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3+a^{2/3}}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3+a^{2/3}}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}}{-3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3+a^{2/3}}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 1082

$$3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}}{-3\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3+a^{2/3}}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{2n/3-3}} d\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 217

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 \hline
 n \\
 \downarrow \text{1103} \\
 \left( \frac{-\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 \hline
 n
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n/3)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(3*(Log[a^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*x^(n/3)]/(3*a^(2/3)*b^(1/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*b^(1/3)*x^(n/3))/a^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/b^(1/3)) - Log[a^(2/3) - a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^(n/3) + b^(2/3)*x^((2*n)/3)]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(3*a^(2/3))))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 750  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 868  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m_.)}*((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m + 1) \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)])^p], x], x, x^{(m + 1)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)]] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n]$
- rule 1082  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 1103  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))/((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$
- rule 1142  $\text{Int}[((d_) + (e_*)(x_))/((a_) + (b_*)(x_) + (c_*)(x_)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.22

method	result	size
risch	$\sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(a^2bn^3-Z^3-1)} \_R \ln(an\_R + x^{\frac{n}{3}})$	31

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `sum(_R*ln(a*n*_R+x^(1/3*n)),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*a^2*b*n^3-1))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}ab\sqrt{-\frac{(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b}} \log\left(\frac{2abx^3x^{n-3}-3(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}axx^{\frac{1}{3}n-1}-a^2+\sqrt{3}\left(2abx^2x^{\frac{2}{3}n-2}+(a^2b)^{\frac{2}{3}}xx^{\frac{1}{3}n-1}-(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}a\right)\sqrt{-\frac{(a^2b)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{b}}}{bx^3x^{n-3}+a}\right)+2(\dots)}{2a^2bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(sqrt(3)*a*b*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3*x^(n-3) - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x*x^(1/3*n-1) - a^2 + sqrt(3)*(2*a*b*x^2*x^(2/3*n-2) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n-1) - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3*x^(n-3) + a) + 2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log((a*b*x*x^(1/3*n-1) + (a^2*b)^(2/3))/x) - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*log((a*b*x^2*x^(2/3*n-2) - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n-1) + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)/x^2))/(a^2*b*n), 1/2*(2*sqrt(3)*a*b*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n-1) - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)/a^2) + 2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*log((a*b*x*x^(1/3*n-1) + (a^2*b)^(2/3))/x) - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*log((a*b*x^2*x^(2/3*n-2) - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n-1) + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)/x^2))/(a^2*b*n)]
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{e^{-\frac{i\pi}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}} e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{bn} \Gamma\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)} + \frac{\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}} e^{i\pi}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{bn} \Gamma\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)} - \frac{e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}} \log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}} e^{\frac{5i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}} \sqrt[3]{bn} \Gamma\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)}$$

input

```
integrate(x**(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x**n), x)
```

output

```
-exp(-I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(3*a**(2/3)*b**(1/3)*n*gamma(4/3)) + log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(3*a**(2/3)*b**(1/3)*n*gamma(4/3)) - exp(I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(3*a**(2/3)*b**(1/3)*n*gamma(4/3))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(1/3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x^{\frac{1}{3}n} - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{a} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}\left(-ab^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x^{\frac{1}{3}n} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{ab} - \frac{\left(-ab^2\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}n} \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + (x^n)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{ab}$$

$2n$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(2*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x^(1/3*n) - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/a - 2*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^(1/3*n) + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a*b) - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*log(x^(1/3*n)*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (x^n)^(2/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/(a*b))/n`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^(n/3 - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`output `int(x^(n/3 - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}}}{x^n bx + ax} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`output `int(x**(n/3)/(x**n*b*x + a*x), x)`

**3.569**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	3659
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3660
Rubi [A] (verified)	3660
Maple [C] (verified)	3665
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3666
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3666
Maxima [F]	3667
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3668
Mupad [F(-1)]	3668
Reduce [F]	3669

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 169

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{n/3}}{an(a+bx^n)} - \frac{2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}a^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{bn}} + \frac{2 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{3a^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{bn}} - \frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}\right)}{3a^{5/3}\sqrt[3]{bn}}$$

output

```
x^(1/3*n)/a/n/(a+b*x^n)-2/3*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(5/3)/b^(1/3)/n+2/3*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))/a^(5/3)/b^(1/3)/n-1/3*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)+b^(2/3)*x^(2/3*n))/a^(5/3)/b^(1/3)/n
```



**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{3x^{n/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, 2, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2 n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n/3)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(3*x^(n/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 2, 4/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.526$ , Rules used = {868, 749, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx \\ \downarrow 868 \\ \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^{n/3}}{n} \\ \downarrow 749 \\ \frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/3}}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)}{n} \\ \downarrow 750 \end{array}$$

$$3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + \sqrt[3]{a}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 16

$$3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 1142

$$3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 25

$$\left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}(\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{2\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 27

$$\left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 1082

$$\left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{2n/3}-3} d\left(1-2\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 217

$$\left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)}$$

$n$   
↓ 1103

$$\left( \frac{\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n/3)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(3*(x^{(n/3)})/(3*a*(a + b*x^n)) + (2*(\text{Log}[a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)}]/(3*a^{(2/3)}*b^{(1/3)})) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)})/a^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]])/b^{(1/3)}) - \text{Log}[a^{(2/3)} - a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)} + b^{(2/3)}*x^{((2*n)/3)}]/(2*b^{(1/3)})))/(3*a^{(2/3)})))/(3*a))/n$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$
- rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$
- rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b\_)*(Gx\_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$
- rule 217 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$
- rule 749 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^n)^{p\_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^{p+1}/(a*n*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n*(p+1)+1)/(a*n*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \parallel \text{Denominator}[p+1/n] < \text{Denominator}[p])$$
- rule 750 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$
- rule 868 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m\_)*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^n)^{p\_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m+1) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m+1)])^p, x], x, x^{(m+1)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n/(m+1)]] \&\& \text{!IntegerQ}[n]$$

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])]; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

### Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}}}{an(a+bx^n)} + \left( \sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(27a^5bn^3-Z^3-8)} -R \ln \left( x^{\frac{n}{3}} + \frac{3a^2n}{2}R \right) \right)$	61

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a/n*x^(1/3*n)/((x^(1/3*n))^3*b+a)+sum(_R*ln(x^(1/3*n)+3/2*a^2*n*_R),_R=RootOf(27*_Z^3*a^5*b*n^3-8))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 255 vs.  $2(124) = 248$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 575, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/3*(3*a^2*b*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^2*x^3*x^(n - 3) + a^2*b)*
sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3*x^(n - 3) - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x*x^(1
/3*n - 1) - a^2 + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*a*b*x^2*x^(2/3*n - 2) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x
^(1/3*n - 1) - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3*x^(n - 3) +
a) + 2*((a^2*b)^(2/3)*b*x^3*x^(n - 3) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*a)*log((a*b*x*x^(1
/3*n - 1) + (a^2*b)^(2/3))/x) - ((a^2*b)^(2/3)*b*x^3*x^(n - 3) + (a^2*b)^(
2/3)*a)*log((a*b*x^2*x^(2/3*n - 2) - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) + (a^2*
b)^(1/3)*a)/x^2))/(a^3*b^2*n*x^3*x^(n - 3) + a^4*b*n), 1/3*(3*a^2*b*x*x^(1
/3*n - 1) + 6*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^2*x^3*x^(n - 3) + a^2*b)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b
)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sq
rt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)/a^2) + 2*((a^2*b)^(2/3)*b*x^3*x^(n - 3) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)
*a)*log((a*b*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) + (a^2*b)^(2/3))/x) - ((a^2*b)^(2/3)*b*x^3*x
^(n - 3) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*a)*log((a*b*x^2*x^(2/3*n - 2) - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x
^(1/3*n - 1) + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)/x^2))/(a^3*b^2*n*x^3*x^(n - 3) + a^4*b*n)]
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 751, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.44

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```

-2*a**(4/3)*x**(2*n/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))
)*gamma(1/3)/(9*a**3*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 9*a**
2*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3)) + 2*a**(4/3)*x**(2*n/3)*ex
p(I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(
9*a**3*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 9*a**2*b**(4/3)*n*x*
*(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3)) - 2*a**(4/3)*x**(2*n/3)*exp(2*I*pi/3)*log
(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(9*a**3*b*
*(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 9*a**2*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*
exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3)) - 2*a**(1/3)*b*x**(5*n/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)
)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(9*a**3*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp
(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 9*a**2*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3))
+ 2*a**(1/3)*b*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar
(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(9*a**3*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamm
a(4/3) + 9*a**2*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3)) - 2*a**(1/3)
*b*x**(5*n/3)*exp(2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3)/
a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(9*a**3*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3)
+ 9*a**2*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3)) + 3*a*b**(1/3)*x**n
*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(1/3)/(9*a**3*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/
3) + 9*a**2*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3))

```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
x^(1/3*n)/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n) + 2*integrate(1/3*x^(1/3*n)/(a*b*x*x^n + a^2
*x), x)
```



**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx =$$

$$\frac{2\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x^{\frac{1}{3}n} - \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{a^2} - \frac{3x^{\frac{1}{3}n}}{(bx^n+a)a} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x^{\frac{1}{3}n} + \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^2b} - \frac{(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}n} \left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + (x^n)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \dots\right)}{a^2b}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*(2*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x^(1/3*n) - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/a^2 - 3*x^(1/3*n)/((b*x^n + a)*a) - 2*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^(1/3*n) + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^2*b) - (-a*b^2)^(1/3)*log(x^(1/3*n)*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (x^n)^(2/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/(a^2*b))/n`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^(n/3 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^(n/3 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}}}{x^{2n}b^2x + 2x^nabx + a^2x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x**(n/3)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*x + 2*x**n*a*b*x + a**2*x),x)`

**3.570**       $\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	3670
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3671
Rubi [A] (verified)	3671
Maple [C] (verified)	3679
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3680
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3680
Maxima [F]	3681
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3682
Mupad [F(-1)]	3682
Reduce [F]	3683

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 200

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{n/3}}{2an(a+bx^n)^2} + \frac{5x^{n/3}}{6a^2n(a+bx^n)} - \frac{5 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{3\sqrt{3}a^{8/3}\sqrt[3]{bn}}$$

$$+ \frac{5 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{9a^{8/3}\sqrt[3]{bn}} - \frac{5 \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}\right)}{18a^{8/3}\sqrt[3]{bn}}$$

output

```
1/2*x^(1/3*n)/a/n/(a+b*x^n)^2+5/6*x^(1/3*n)/a^2/n/(a+b*x^n)-5/9*arctan(1/3
*(a^(1/3)-2*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/a^(8/3)/b^(1/3)/n+
5/9*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))/a^(8/3)/b^(1/3)/n-5/18*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3
)*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)+b^(2/3)*x^(2/3*n))/a^(8/3)/b^(1/3)/n
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{3x^{n/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, 3, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3 n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n/3)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(3*x^(n/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 3, 4/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^3*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.579$ , Rules used = {868, 749, 749, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\ & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx^{n/3}}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \\ & \frac{3 \left( \frac{5 \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^2} dx^{n/3}}{6a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{6a(a+bx^n)^2} \right)}{n} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{749} \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/3} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)}}{3a} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{6a(a+bx^n)^2} \right)$$

$n$

750

$$3 \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b} x^{n/3}}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + \sqrt[3]{a}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)}}{6a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{6a(a+bx^n)^2} \right)$$

$n$

16

$$3 \left( \frac{5 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\int \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a} - \sqrt[3]{b} x^{n/3}}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)}}{6a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{6a(a+bx^n)^2} \right)$$

$n$

1142

$$\left( \left( \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a} \right) + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right) \right)$$

6a

n

$$\left( \left( \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a} - 2 \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right) \right) + \frac{x^{n/3}}{6a}$$

$n$

$$\left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)}{6a}$$

$n$

↓ 1082

$$\left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{2n/3}-3} d \left( 1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)$$


---


$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{2n/3}-3} d \left( 1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)} \right)}{6a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{6a(a+bx^n)^2}$$

$n$

↓ 217



$$\left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)$$

$$\frac{\left( \dots \right)}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)}$$

$$\frac{\left( \dots \right)}{6a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{6a(a+bx^n)^2}$$

$n$

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{3a(a+bx^n)}}{6a} + \frac{x^{n/3}}{6a(a+bx^n)^2}$$

input

`Int [x^(-1 + n/3)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output 
$$\frac{(3*(x^{(n/3)})/(6*a*(a + b*x^n)^2) + (5*(x^{(n/3)})/(3*a*(a + b*x^n)) + (2*(\text{Log}[a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)})/(3*a^{(2/3)}*b^{(1/3)}) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)})/a^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3]])/b^{(1/3)}) - \text{Log}[a^{(2/3)} - a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)} + b^{(2/3)}*x^{((2*n)/3)]/(2*b^{(1/3)})/(3*a^{(2/3)})))/(3*a)))/(6*a)))/n$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \&\& !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b\_)*(Gx\_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2]))^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \parallel \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 749 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^n)^{p\_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^{p+1})/(a*n*(p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(n*(p+1)+1)/(a*n*(p+1)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[2*p] \parallel \text{Denominator}[p+1/n] < \text{Denominator}[p])$$

rule 750 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

## Maple [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.91 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.38

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}}(5bx^n + 8a)}{6a^2n(a+bx^n)^2} + \left( \sum_{_R=\text{RootOf}(729a^8bn^3_Z^3-125)} \_R \ln \left( x^{\frac{n}{3}} + \frac{9a^3n\_R}{5} \right) \right)$	76

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/6*x^(1/3*n)*(5*(x^(1/3*n))^3*b+8*a)/a^2/n/((x^(1/3*n))^3*b+a)^2+sum(_R*1n(x^(1/3*n)+9/5*a^3*n*_R),_R=RootOf(729*_Z^3*a^8*b*n^3-125))`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 360 vs.  $2(147) = 294$ .

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 785, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.92

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/18*(15*a^2*b^2*x^4*x^(4/3*n - 4) + 24*a^3*b*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) + 15*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6*x^(2*n - 6) + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3*x^(n - 3) + a^3*b)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*log((2*a*b*x^3*x^(n - 3) - 3*(a^2*b)^(1/3)*a*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) - a^2 + 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*a*b*x^2*x^(2/3*n - 2) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt(-(a^2*b)^(1/3)/b))/(b*x^3*x^(n - 3) + a) + 10*((a^2*b)^(2/3)*b^2*x^6*x^(2*n - 6) + 2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*a*b*x^3*x^(n - 3) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*a^2)*log((a*b*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) + (a^2*b)^(2/3))/x) - 5*((a^2*b)^(2/3)*b^2*x^6*x^(2*n - 6) + 2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*a*b*x^3*x^(n - 3) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*a^2)*log((a*b*x^2*x^(2/3*n - 2) - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)/x^2))/(a^4*b^3*n*x^6*x^(2*n - 6) + 2*a^5*b^2*n*x^3*x^(n - 3) + a^6*b*n), 1/18*(15*a^2*b^2*x^4*x^(4/3*n - 4) + 24*a^3*b*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) + 30*sqrt(1/3)*(a*b^3*x^6*x^(2*n - 6) + 2*a^2*b^2*x^3*x^(n - 3) + a^3*b)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) - (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)*sqrt((a^2*b)^(1/3)/b)/a^2) + 10*((a^2*b)^(2/3)*b^2*x^6*x^(2*n - 6) + 2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*a*b*x^3*x^(n - 3) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*a^2)*log((a*b*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) + (a^2*b)^(2/3))/x) - 5*((a^2*b)^(2/3)*b^2*x^6*x^(2*n - 6) + 2*(a^2*b)^(2/3)*a*b*x^3*x^(n - 3) + (a^2*b)^(2/3)*a^2)*log((a*b*x^2*x^(2/3*n - 2) - (a^2*b)^(2/3)*x*x^(1/3*n - 1) + (a^2*b)^(1/3)*a)/x^2))/(a^4*b^3*n*x^6*x^(2*n - 6) + 2*a^5*b^2*n*x^3*x^(n - 3) + a^6*b*n)]
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2531, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.66

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
-10*a**(13/3)*x**(2*n/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(54*a**7*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 162*a**6*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 162*a**5*b**(7/3)*n*x**(8*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 54*a**4*b**(10/3)*n*x**(11*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 10*a**(13/3)*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(54*a**7*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 162*a**6*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 162*a**5*b**(7/3)*n*x**(8*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 54*a**4*b**(10/3)*n*x**(11*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3)) - 10*a**(13/3)*x**(2*n/3)*exp(2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(54*a**7*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 162*a**6*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 162*a**5*b**(7/3)*n*x**(8*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 54*a**4*b**(10/3)*n*x**(11*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3)) - 30*a**(10/3)*b*x**(5*n/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(54*a**7*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 162*a**6*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 162*a**5*b**(7/3)*n*x**(8*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 54*a**4*b**(10/3)*n*x**(11*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 30*a**(10/3)*b*x**(5*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(1/3)/(54*a**7*b**(1/3)*n*x**(2*n/3)*exp(I*pi/3)*gamma(4/3) + 162*a**6*b**(4/3)*n*x**(5*n/3)*...
```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*(5*b*x^(4/3*n) + 8*a*x^(1/3*n))/(a^2*b^2*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n*x^n + a^4*n) + 5*integrate(1/9*x^(1/3*n)/(a^2*b*x*x^n + a^3*x), x)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{10\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x^{\frac{1}{3}n}-\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{a^3} - \frac{10\sqrt{3}(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x^{\frac{1}{3}n}+\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{a^3b} - \frac{5(-ab^2)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(x^{\frac{1}{3}n}\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}+(x^n)^{\frac{2}{3}}+\left(-\frac{a}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{a^3b}$$

$18n$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/18*(10*(-a/b)^(1/3)*log(abs(x^(1/3*n) - (-a/b)^(1/3)))/a^3 - 10*sqrt(3)*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x^(1/3*n) + (-a/b)^(1/3))/(-a/b)^(1/3))/(a^3*b) - 5*(-a*b^2)^(1/3)*log(x^(1/3*n)*(-a/b)^(1/3) + (x^n)^(2/3) + (-a/b)^(2/3))/(a^3*b) - 3*(5*b*(x^n)^(4/3) + 8*a*x^(1/3*n))/((b*x^n + a)^2*a^2))/n`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^(n/3 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^(n/3 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}}}{x^{3n}b^3x + 3x^{2n}ab^2x + 3x^na^2bx + a^3x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x**(n/3)/(x**(3*n)*b**3*x + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*x + 3*x**n*a**2*b*x + a**3*x),x)`



### 3.571 $\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^{1+m}} dx$

Optimal result	3684
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3684
Rubi [A] (verified)	3685
Maple [A] (verified)	3685
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3686
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3686
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3687
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3687
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3687
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3688

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^{1+m}} dx = \frac{\log(a+bx^{1+m})}{b(1+m)}$$

output

```
ln(a+b*x^(1+m))/b/(1+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^{1+m}} dx = \frac{\log((b+bm)(a+bx^{1+m}))}{b(1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^(1 + m)),x]
```

output

```
Log[(b + b*m)*(a + b*x^(1 + m))]/(b*(1 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{m+1}} dx$$

↓ 792

$$\frac{\log(a + bx^{m+1})}{b(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^(1 + m)),x]`

output `Log[a + b*x^(1 + m)]/(b*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{\ln(a+bx e^{m \ln(x)})}{b(1+m)}$	21
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{b} - \frac{m \ln(x)}{b(1+m)} + \frac{\ln(x^m + \frac{a}{xb})}{b(1+m)}$	43

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(1+m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/(1+m)*ln(a+b*x*exp(m*ln(x)))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{1+m}} dx = \frac{\log(bx^{m+1} + a)}{bm + b}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(1+m)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `log(b*x^(m + 1) + a)/(b*m + b)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{1+m}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge m = -1 \\ \frac{xx^m}{a(m+1)} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } m = -1 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{bm+b} + \frac{\log(\frac{a}{bx} + x^m)}{bm+b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(1+m)),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(m, -1)), (x*x**m/(a*(m + 1)), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(m, -1)), (log(x)/(b*m + b) + log(a/(b*x) + x**m)/(b*m + b), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{1+m}} dx = \frac{\log(bx^{m+1} + a)}{b(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(1+m)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `log(b*x^(m + 1) + a)/(b*(m + 1))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{1+m}} dx = \frac{\log(|bx^{m+1} + a|)}{bm + b}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(1+m)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `log(abs(b*x^(m + 1) + a))/(b*m + b)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{1+m}} dx = \frac{\ln(a + bx^{m+1})}{b(m+1)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(m + 1)),x)`output `log(a + b*x^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{1+m}} dx = \frac{\log(x^m bx + a)}{b(m + 1)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(1+m)),x)`

output `log(x**m*b*x + a)/(b*(m + 1))`

### 3.572 $\int x^m (a + bx^{1+m})^n dx$

Optimal result	3689
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3689
Rubi [A] (verified)	3690
Maple [A] (verified)	3690
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3691
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3691
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3692
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3692
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3693
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3693

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{1+m})^n dx = \frac{(a + bx^{1+m})^{1+n}}{b(1+m)(1+n)}$$

output  $(a+bx^{(1+m)})^{(1+n)}/b/(1+m)/(1+n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{1+m})^n dx = \frac{(a + bx^{1+m})^{1+n}}{b(1+m)(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^(1 + m))^n,x]`

output  $(a + b*x^{(1 + m)})^{(1 + n)}/(b*(1 + m)*(1 + n))$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{m+1})^n dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^{m+1})^{n+1}}{b(m+1)(n+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*x^(1 + m))^n,x]`

output `(a + b*x^(1 + m))^(1 + n)/(b*(1 + m)*(1 + n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(x^m bx+a)(x^m bx+a)^n}{b(mn+m+n+1)}$	32
norman	$\frac{a e^{n \ln(a+bx e^m \ln(x))}}{b(mn+m+n+1)} + \frac{x e^{m \ln(x)} e^{n \ln(a+bx e^m \ln(x))}}{mn+m+n+1}$	60

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(1+m))^n,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(x^m*b*x+a)/b/(m*n+m+n+1)*(x^m*b*x+a)^n`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{1+m})^n dx = \frac{(bx^{m+1} + a)(bx^{m+1} + a)^n}{bm + (bm + b)n + b}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(1+m))^n,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*x^(m + 1) + a)*(b*x^(m + 1) + a)^n/(b*m + (b*m + b)*n + b)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs. 2(19) = 38.

Time = 10.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.04

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{1+m})^n dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge m = -1 \wedge n = -1 \\ \frac{a^n x x^m}{m+1} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ (a + b)^n \log(x) & \text{for } m = -1 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{bm+b} + \frac{\log(\frac{a}{bx} + x^m)}{bm+b} & \text{for } n = -1 \\ \frac{a(a+bx^{m+1})^n}{bmn+bm+bn+b} + \frac{bx x^m (a+bx^{m+1})^n}{bmn+bm+bn+b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**(1+m))**n,x)`



output

```
Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(m, -1) & Eq(n, -1)), (a**n*x**m/(m + 1), Eq(b, 0)), ((a + b)**n*log(x), Eq(m, -1)), (log(x)/(b*m + b) + log(a/(b*x) + x**m)/(b*m + b), Eq(n, -1)), (a*(a + b*x**(m + 1))**n/(b*m*n + b*m + b*n + b) + b*x*x**m*(a + b*x**(m + 1))**n/(b*m*n + b*m + b*n + b), True)
)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{1+m})^n dx = \frac{(bx^{m+1} + a)^{n+1}}{b(m+1)(n+1)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(1+m))^n,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(b*x^(m + 1) + a)^(n + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(n + 1))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{1+m})^n dx = \frac{(bx^{m+1} + a)^{n+1}}{(bm + b)(n + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(1+m))^n,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
(b*x^(m + 1) + a)^(n + 1)/((b*m + b)*(n + 1))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{1+m})^n dx = \frac{(a + bx^{m+1})^{n+1}}{b(m+1)(n+1)}$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(m + 1))^n,x)`output `(a + b*x^(m + 1))^(n + 1)/(b*(m + 1)*(n + 1))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{1+m})^n dx = \frac{(x^m bx + a)^n (x^m bx + a)}{b(mn + m + n + 1)}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(1+m))^n,x)`output `((x**m*b*x + a)**n*(x**m*b*x + a))/(b*(m*n + m + n + 1))`

### 3.573 $\int x^m(a + bx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	3694
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3694
Rubi [A] (verified)	3695
Maple [A] (verified)	3696
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3696
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3697
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3698
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3699
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3699
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3700

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{3a^2bx^{1+m+n}}{1+m+n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{1+m+2n}}{1+m+2n} + \frac{b^3x^{1+m+3n}}{1+m+3n}$$

output

$$a^3x^{(1+m)}/(1+m)+3*a^2*b*x^{(1+m+n)}/(1+m+n)+3*a*b^2*x^{(1+m+2*n)}/(1+m+2*n)+b^3*x^{(1+m+3*n)}/(1+m+3*n)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^3 dx = x^{1+m} \left( \frac{a^3}{1+m} + \frac{3a^2bx^n}{1+m+n} + \frac{3ab^2x^{2n}}{1+m+2n} + \frac{b^3x^{3n}}{1+m+3n} \right)$$

input

`Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output

$$x^{(1+m)}*(a^3/(1+m) + (3*a^2*b*x^n)/(1+m+n) + (3*a*b^2*x^{(2*n)})/(1+m+2*n) + (b^3*x^{(3*n)})/(1+m+3*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^3 x^m + 3a^2 b x^{m+n} + 3ab^2 x^{m+2n} + b^3 x^{m+3n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3 x^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{m+n+1}}{m+n+1} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{m+2n+1}}{m+2n+1} + \frac{b^3 x^{m+3n+1}}{m+3n+1}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(a^3*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (3*a^2*b*x^(1 + m + n))/(1 + m + n) + (3*a*b^2*x^(1 + m + 2*n))/(1 + m + 2*n) + (b^3*x^(1 + m + 3*n))/(1 + m + 3*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^3 x x^m}{1+m} + \frac{b^3 x x^m x^{3n}}{1+m+3n} + \frac{3a b^2 x x^m x^{2n}}{1+m+2n} + \frac{3a^2 b x x^m x^n}{1+n+m}$
norman	$\frac{a^3 x e^{m \ln(x)}}{1+m} + \frac{b^3 x e^{m \ln(x)} e^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+m+3n} + \frac{3a b^2 x e^{m \ln(x)} e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+m+2n} + \frac{3a^2 b x e^{m \ln(x)} e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n+m}$
parallelrisch	$b^3 x x^m x^{3n} + x x^m a^3 m^3 + 6x x^m a^3 n^3 + 3x x^m a^3 m^2 + 12x x^m x^{2n} a b^2 m^2 n + 9x x^m x^{2n} a b^2 m n^2 + 24x x^m x^{2n} a b^2 m n + 3x x^m x^n$
orering	$\frac{x(4m^3+18m^2n+22m^2n^2+6n^3+6m^2+18mn+11n^2+4m+6n+1)x^m(a+bx^n)^3}{m^4+6m^3n+11m^2n^2+6m^2n^3+4m^3+18m^2n+22m^2n^2+6n^3+6m^2+18mn+11n^2+4m+6n+1} - \frac{x^2(6m^2+18m^2n+11m^2n^2+6m^2n^3)}{m^4+6m^3n+11m^2n^2+6m^2n^3}$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^3/(1+m)*x*x^m+b^3/(1+m+3*n)*x*x^m*(x^n)^3+3*a*b^2/(1+m+2*n)*x*x^m*(x^n)^2+3*a^2*b/(1+n+m)*x*x^m*x^n`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 362 vs. 2(75) = 150.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 362, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.83

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^3 m^3 + 3 b^3 m^2 + 3 b^3 m + b^3 + 2(b^3 m + b^3)n^2 + 3(b^3 m^2 + 2 b^3 m + b^3)n) x x^m x^{3n} + 3(ab^2 m^3 + 3 ab^2 m^2$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
((b^3*m^3 + 3*b^3*m^2 + 3*b^3*m + b^3 + 2*(b^3*m + b^3)*n^2 + 3*(b^3*m^2 +
2*b^3*m + b^3)*n)*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 3*(a*b^2*m^3 + 3*a*b^2*m^2 + 3*a*b^2*m
+ a*b^2 + 3*(a*b^2*m + a*b^2)*n^2 + 4*(a*b^2*m^2 + 2*a*b^2*m + a*b^2)*n)*x
*x^m*x^(2*n) + 3*(a^2*b*m^3 + 3*a^2*b*m^2 + 3*a^2*b*m + a^2*b + 6*(a^2*b*m
+ a^2*b)*n^2 + 5*(a^2*b*m^2 + 2*a^2*b*m + a^2*b)*n)*x*x^m*x^n + (a^3*m^3
+ 6*a^3*n^3 + 3*a^3*m^2 + 3*a^3*m + a^3 + 11*(a^3*m + a^3)*n^2 + 6*(a^3*m^
2 + 2*a^3*m + a^3)*n)*x*x^m)/(m^4 + 6*(m + 1)*n^3 + 4*m^3 + 11*(m^2 + 2*m
+ 1)*n^2 + 6*m^2 + 6*(m^3 + 3*m^2 + 3*m + 1)*n + 4*m + 1)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3546 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 3.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3546, normalized size of antiderivative = 47.28

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**n)**3,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise(((a + b)**3*log(x), Eq(m, -1) & Eq(n, 0)), (a**3*log(x) + 3*a**2
*b*x**n/n + 3*a*b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n) + b**3*x**(3*n)/(3*n), Eq(m, -1)), (-a
**3/(3*n*x**(3*n)) - 3*a**2*b/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - 3*a*b**2/(n*x**n) + b**3*lo
g(x**n)/n, Eq(m, -3*n - 1)), (-a**3/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - 3*a**2*b/(n*x**n) + 3
*a*b**2*log(x**n)/n + b**3*x**n/n, Eq(m, -2*n - 1)), (-a**3/(n*x**n) + 3*a
**2*b*log(x**n)/n + 3*a*b**2*x**n/n + b**3*x**(2*n)/(2*n), Eq(m, -n - 1)),
(a**3*m**3*x*x**m/(m**4 + 6*m**3*n + 4*m**3 + 11*m**2*n**2 + 18*m**2*n +
6*m**2 + 6*m*n**3 + 22*m*n**2 + 18*m*n + 4*m + 6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1)
+ 6*a**3*m**2*n*x*x**m/(m**4 + 6*m**3*n + 4*m**3 + 11*m**2*n**2 + 18*m**2
*n + 6*m**2 + 6*m*n**3 + 22*m*n**2 + 18*m*n + 4*m + 6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n
+ 1) + 3*a**3*m**2*x*x**m/(m**4 + 6*m**3*n + 4*m**3 + 11*m**2*n**2 + 18*m
**2*n + 6*m**2 + 6*m*n**3 + 22*m*n**2 + 18*m*n + 4*m + 6*n**3 + 11*n**2 +
6*n + 1) + 11*a**3*m*n**2*x*x**m/(m**4 + 6*m**3*n + 4*m**3 + 11*m**2*n**2
+ 18*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 6*m*n**3 + 22*m*n**2 + 18*m*n + 4*m + 6*n**3 + 11*n
**2 + 6*n + 1) + 12*a**3*m*n*x*x**m/(m**4 + 6*m**3*n + 4*m**3 + 11*m**2*n*
*2 + 18*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 6*m*n**3 + 22*m*n**2 + 18*m*n + 4*m + 6*n**3 + 1
1*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 3*a**3*m*x*x**m/(m**4 + 6*m**3*n + 4*m**3 + 11*m**2*n*
*2 + 18*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 6*m*n**3 + 22*m*n**2 + 18*m*n + 4*m + 6*n**3 + 1
1*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 6*a**3*n**3*x*x**m/(m**4 + 6*m**3*n + 4*m**3 + 11*m**2
*n**2 + 18*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 6*m*n**3 + 22*m*n**2 + 18*m*n + 4*m + 6*n*...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{b^3 x^{m+3n+1}}{m+3n+1} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{m+2n+1}}{m+2n+1} + \frac{3a^2 b x^{m+n+1}}{m+n+1} + \frac{a^3 x^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input

```
integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
b^3*x^(m + 3*n + 1)/(m + 3*n + 1) + 3*a*b^2*x^(m + 2*n + 1)/(m + 2*n + 1)
+ 3*a^2*b*x^(m + n + 1)/(m + n + 1) + a^3*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 622 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 622, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.29

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{b^3 m^3 x x^m x^{3n} + 3 b^3 m^2 n x x^m x^{3n} + 2 b^3 m n^2 x x^m x^{3n} + 3 a b^2 m^3 x x^m x^{2n} + 12 a b^2 m^2 n x x^m x^{2n} + 9 a b^2 m n^2 x$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(b^3*m^3*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 3*b^3*m^2*n*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 2*b^3*m*n^2*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*m^3*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 12*a*b^2*m^2*n*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 9*a*b^2*m*n^2*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*m^3*x*x^m*x^n + 15*a^2*b*m^2*n*x*x^m*x^n + 18*a^2*b*m*n^2*x*x^m*x^n + a^3*m^3*x*x^m + 6*a^3*m^2*n*x*x^m + 11*a^3*m*n^2*x*x^m + 6*a^3*n^3*x*x^m + 3*b^3*m^2*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 6*b^3*m*n*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 2*b^3*n^2*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 9*a*b^2*m^2*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 24*a*b^2*m*n*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 9*a*b^2*n^2*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 9*a^2*b*m^2*x*x^m*x^n + 30*a^2*b*m*n*x*x^m*x^n + 18*a^2*b*n^2*x*x^m*x^n + 3*a^3*m^2*x*x^m + 12*a^3*m*n*x*x^m + 11*a^3*n^2*x*x^m + 3*b^3*m*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 3*b^3*n*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 9*a*b^2*m*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 12*a*b^2*n*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 9*a^2*b*m*x*x^m*x^n + 15*a^2*b*n*x*x^m*x^n + 3*a^3*m*x*x^m + 6*a^3*n*x*x^m + b^3*x*x^m*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x*x^m*x^n + a^3*x*x^m)/(m^4 + 6*m^3*n + 11*m^2*n^2 + 6*m*n^3 + 4*m^3 + 18*m^2*n + 22*m*n^2 + 6*n^3 + 6*m^2 + 18*m*n + 11*n^2 + 4*m + 6*n + 1)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x x^m}{m+1} + \frac{b^3 x x^m x^{3n}}{m+3n+1} + \frac{3 a^2 b x x^m x^n}{m+n+1} + \frac{3 a b^2 x x^m x^{2n}}{m+2n+1}$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`



output

$$(a^3 x^{m+1}) / (m+1) + (b^3 x^{m+3n+1}) / (m+3n+1) + (3a^2 b x^{m+n+1}) / (m+n+1) + (3a b^2 x^{m+2n+1}) / (m+2n+1)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.36

$$\int x^m (a + b x^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m x (a^3 + 2x^{3n} b^3 n^2 + 3x^{3n} b^3 n + 3x^{2n} a b^2 + 3x^n a^2 b + 9x^{2n} a b^2 n^2 + 12x^{2n} a b^2 n + 18x^n a^2 b n^2 + 15x^n a^2 b n)}{m+1}$$

input

```
int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
(x**m*x*(x**(3*n)*b**3*m**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*m**2*n + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*m**2
+ 2*x**(3*n)*b**3*m*n**2 + 6*x**(3*n)*b**3*m*n + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*m + 2*x
**(3*n)*b**3*n**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*n + x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*
m**3 + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*m**2*n + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*m**2 + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b
**2*m*n**2 + 24*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*m*n + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*m + 9*x**(2*n)*a*b
**2*n**2 + 12*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b*m**3 +
15*x**n*a**2*b*m**2*n + 9*x**n*a**2*b*m**2 + 18*x**n*a**2*b*m*n**2 + 30*x
**n*a**2*b*m*n + 9*x**n*a**2*b*m + 18*x**n*a**2*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*a**2*b*n
+ 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3*m**3 + 6*a**3*m**2*n + 3*a**3*m**2 + 11*a**3*m*n**2
+ 12*a**3*m*n + 3*a**3*m + 6*a**3*n**3 + 11*a**3*n**2 + 6*a**3*n + a**3))
/(m**4 + 6*m**3*n + 4*m**3 + 11*m**2*n**2 + 18*m**2*n + 6*m**2 + 6*m*n**3
+ 22*m*n**2 + 18*m*n + 4*m + 6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1)
```

### 3.574 $\int x^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	3701
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3701
Rubi [A] (verified)	3702
Maple [A] (verified)	3703
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3703
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3704
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3705
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3705
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3706
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3706

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{2abx^{1+m+n}}{1+m+n} + \frac{b^2 x^{1+m+2n}}{1+m+2n}$$

output

```
a^2*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+2*a*b*x^(1+m+n)/(1+m+n)+b^2*x^(1+m+2*n)/(1+m+2*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = x^{1+m} \left( \frac{a^2}{1+m} + \frac{2abx^n}{1+m+n} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{1+m+2n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
x^(1 + m)*(a^2/(1 + m) + (2*a*b*x^n)/(1 + m + n) + (b^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + m + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^2 x^m + 2abx^{m+n} + b^2 x^{m+2n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 x^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{2abx^{m+n+1}}{m+n+1} + \frac{b^2 x^{m+2n+1}}{m+2n+1}$$

input

```
Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a^2*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (2*a*b*x^(1 + m + n))/(1 + m + n) + (b^2*x^(1 + m + 2*n))/(1 + m + 2*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 x x^m}{1+m} + \frac{b^2 x x^m x^{2n}}{1+m+2n} + \frac{2abx x^m x^n}{1+n+m}$
norman	$\frac{a^2 x e^{m \ln(x)}}{1+m} + \frac{b^2 x e^{m \ln(x)} e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+m+2n} + \frac{2abx e^{m \ln(x)} e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n+m}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{b^2 x x^m x^{2n} + x x^m a^2 m^2 + 2x x^m a^2 n^2 + x x^m x^{2n} b^2 m n + 2x x^m x^n a b m^2 + 2x x^m a^2 m + 3x x^m a^2 n + x x^m x^{2n} b^2 m^2 + 2x x^m x^{2n} b^2 m n}{(1+m)(1+m+2n)(1+n+m)}$
orering	$\frac{x(3m^2+6mn+2n^2+3m+3n+1)x^m(a+bx^n)^2}{(m^2+2mn+2m+2n+1)(1+n+m)} - \frac{3x^2(m+n)\left(\frac{x^m m(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2x^m(a+bx^n)b x^n n}{x}\right)}{(m^2+2mn+2m+2n+1)(1+n+m)} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{x^m m^2(a+bx^n)}{x^2}\right)}{(m^2+2mn+2m+2n+1)(1+n+m)}$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2/(1+m)*x*x^m+b^2/(1+m+2*n)*x*x^m*(x^n)^2+2*a*b/(1+n+m)*x*x^m*x^n`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.96

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(b^2 m^2 + 2b^2 m + b^2 + (b^2 m + b^2)n) x x^m x^{2n} + 2(abm^2 + 2abm + ab + 2(abm + ab)n) x x^m x^n + (a^2 m^2 + 2a^2 m + a^2 + 3(a^2 m + a^2)n) x x^m}{m^3 + 2(m+1)n^2 + 3m^2 + 3(m^2 + 2m + 1)n + 3m + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b^2*m^2 + 2*b^2*m + b^2 + (b^2*m + b^2)*n)*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b*m^2 + 2*a*b*m + a*b + 2*(a*b*m + a*b)*n)*x*x^m*x^n + (a^2*m^2 + 2*a^2*m + a^2 + 3*(a^2*m + a^2)*n)*x*x^m)/(m^3 + 2*(m + 1)*n^2 + 3*m^2 + 3*(m^2 + 2*m + 1)*n + 3*m + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 988 vs.  $2(46) = 92$ .

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 988, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.37

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise(((a + b)**2*log(x), Eq(m, -1) & Eq(n, 0)), (a**2*log(x) + 2*a*b*
x**n/n + b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n), Eq(m, -1)), (-a**2/(2*n*x**(2*n)) - 2*a*b/(n
*x**n) + b**2*log(x**n)/n, Eq(m, -2*n - 1)), (-a**2/(n*x**n) + 2*a*b*log(x
**n)/n + b**2*x**n/n, Eq(m, -n - 1)), (a**2*m**2*x*x**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n +
3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 3*a**2*m*n*x*x**m/(
m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*
a**2*m*x*x**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2
+ 3*n + 1) + 2*a**2*n**2*x*x**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*
m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 3*a**2*n*x*x**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 +
2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + a**2*x*x**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n
+ 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*a*b*m**2*x*x**m
*x**n/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n +
1) + 4*a*b*m*n*x*x**m*x**n/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n +
3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 4*a*b*m*x*x**m*x**n/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 +
2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 4*a*b*n*x*x**m*x**n/(m**3 + 3
*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*a*b*x*x*
*m*x**n/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n
+ 1) + b**2*m**2*x*x**m*x**(2*n)/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*
m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + b**2*m*n*x*x**m*x**(2*n)/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n
+ 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*b**2*m*x*x**m...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 x^{m+2n+1}}{m+2n+1} + \frac{2abx^{m+n+1}}{m+n+1} + \frac{a^2 x^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*x^(m+2*n+1)/(m+2*n+1) + 2*a*b*x^(m+n+1)/(m+n+1) + a^2*x^(m+1)/(m+1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 238 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.67

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 m^2 x^m x^{2n} + b^2 m n x^m x^{2n} + 2 a b m^2 x^m x^n + 4 a b m n x^m x^n + a^2 m^2 x^m + 3 a^2 m n x^m + 2 a^2 n^2 x^m}{m^3 + 3 m^2 n + 2 m n^2}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b^2*m^2*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + b^2*m*n*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*m^2*x*x^m*x^n + 4*a*b*m*n*x*x^m*x^n + a^2*m^2*x*x^m + 3*a^2*m*n*x*x^m + 2*a^2*n^2*x*x^m + 2*b^2*m*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + b^2*n*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 4*a*b*m*x*x^m*x^n + 4*a*b*n*x*x^m*x^n + 2*a^2*m*x*x^m + 3*a^2*n*x*x^m + b^2*x*x^m*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x*x^m*x^n + a^2*x*x^m)/(m^3 + 3*m^2*n + 2*m*n^2 + 3*m^2 + 6*m*n + 2*n^2 + 3*m + 3*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x x^m}{m+1} + \frac{b^2 x x^m x^{2n}}{m+2n+1} + \frac{2 a b x x^m x^n}{m+n+1}$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(a^2*x*x^m)/(m + 1) + (b^2*x*x^m*x^(2*n))/(m + 2*n + 1) + (2*a*b*x*x^m*x^n)/(m + n + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.47

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{x^m x (x^{2n} b^2 m^2 + x^{2n} b^2 m n + 2 x^{2n} b^2 m + x^{2n} b^2 n + x^{2n} b^2 + 2 x^n a b m^2 + 4 x^n a b m n + 4 x^n a b m + 4 x^n a b n + 2 x^n a^2 m^2 + 3 a^2 m^2 n + a^2 m^2)}{m^3 + 3 m^2 n + 2 m n^2 + 3 m^2 + 6 m n + 2 n^2 + 3 m + 3 n}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x**m*x*(x**(2*n)*b**2*m**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*m*n + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*m + x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*m**2 + 4*x**n*a*b*m*n + 4*x**n*a*b*m + 4*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*m**2 + 3*a**2*m*n + 2*a**2*m + 2*a**2*n**2 + 3*a**2*n + a**2))/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1)`

### 3.575 $\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx$

Optimal result	3707
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3707
Rubi [A] (verified)	3708
Maple [A] (verified)	3709
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3709
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3709
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3710
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3711
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3711
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3711

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{bx^{1+m+n}}{1+m+n}$$

output `a*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+b*x^(1+m+n)/(1+m+n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{ax^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{bx^{1+m+n}}{1+m+n}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(a*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (b*x^(1 + m + n))/(1 + m + n)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^m + bx^{m+n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{bx^{m+n+1}}{m+n+1}$$

input

```
Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(a*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (b*x^(1 + m + n))/(1 + m + n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp
andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] &&
IGtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{ax x^m}{1+m} + \frac{bx x^m x^n}{1+n+m}$	28
norman	$\frac{ax e^{m \ln(x)}}{1+m} + \frac{bx e^{m \ln(x)} e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n+m}$	34
parallelrisch	$\frac{x x^m x^n bm + x x^m x^n b + x x^m am + x x^m an + x x^m a}{(1+m)(1+n+m)}$	53
orering	$\frac{x(2m+n+1)x^m(a+bx^n)}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} - \frac{x^2\left(\frac{x^m m(a+bx^n)}{x} + \frac{x^m b x^n n}{x}\right)}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1}$	81

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a/(1+m)*x*x^m+b/(1+n+m)*x*x^m*x^n`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{(bm + b)xx^m x^n + (am + an + a)xx^m}{m^2 + (m + 1)n + 2m + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b*m + b)*x*x^m*x^n + (a*m + a*n + a)*x*x^m)/(m^2 + (m + 1)*n + 2*m + 1)`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs. 2(22) = 44.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.59

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx = \begin{cases} (a + b) \log(x) & \text{for } m = -1 \\ a \log(x) + \frac{bx^n}{n} & \text{for } m = -1 \\ -\frac{ax^{-n}}{n} + \frac{b \log(x^n)}{n} & \text{for } m = -n \\ \frac{amx^{m+1}}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} + \frac{anxx^m}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} + \frac{axx^m}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} + \frac{bmxx^m x^n}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} + \frac{bxx^m x^n}{m^2+mn+2m+n+1} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise(((a + b)*log(x), Eq(m, -1) & Eq(n, 0)), (a*log(x) + b*x**n/n, Eq(m, -1)), (-a/(n*x**n) + b*log(x**n)/n, Eq(m, -n - 1)), (a*m*x*x**m/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1) + a*n*x*x**m/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1) + a*x*x**m/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1) + b*m*x*x**m*x**n/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1) + b*x*x**m*x**n/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bx^{m+n+1}}{m+n+1} + \frac{ax^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b*x^(m + n + 1)/(m + n + 1) + a*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 55 vs.  $2(27) = 54$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.04

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{bmxx^m x^n + amxx^m + anxx^m + bxx^m x^n + axx^m}{m^2 + mn + 2m + n + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b*m*x*x^m*x^n + a*m*x*x^m + a*n*x*x^m + b*x*x^m*x^n + a*x*x^m)/(m^2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{a x x^m}{m + 1} + \frac{b x x^m x^n}{m + n + 1}$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `(a*x*x^m)/(m + 1) + (b*x*x^m*x^n)/(m + n + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n) dx = \frac{x^m x(x^n b m + x^n b + a m + a n + a)}{m^2 + m n + 2 m + n + 1}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**m*x*(x**n*b*m + x**n*b + a*m + a*n + a))/(m**2 + m*n + 2*m + n + 1)`

### 3.576 $\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3712
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3712
Rubi [A] (verified)	3713
Maple [F]	3713
Fricas [F]	3714
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3714
Maxima [F]	3715
Giac [F]	3715
Mupad [F(-1)]	3715
Reduce [F]	3716

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)}$$

output `x^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1+m}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, 1 + (1 + m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(1 + m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/ (a*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n), x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^m/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.32

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - 1 - \frac{1}{n}} m x^{m+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - 1 - \frac{1}{n}} x^{m+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 1 - 1/n)*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 1 - 1/n)*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{x^{nb} + a} dx$$

input `int(xm/(a+b*xn),x)`

output `int(xm/(xn*b + a),x)`

$$3.577 \quad \int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	3717
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3717
Rubi [A] (verified)	3718
Maple [F]	3718
Fricas [F]	3719
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3719
Maxima [F]	3720
Giac [F]	3721
Mupad [F(-1)]	3721
Reduce [F]	3721

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(1+m)}$$

output `x^(1+m)*hypergeom([2, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/(1+m)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1+m}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x^(1+m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (1+m)/n, 1 + (1+m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*(1+m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/ (a^2*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^m/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1068, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.70

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```

-a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*m**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_
polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)
+ b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)
)*m*n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/
n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))
+ a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*m*n*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*
n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) - 2*a*a**(m/
n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*m*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/
a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x*
*n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*n*x**(m +
1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n*
**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(m/n +
1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*n*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n +
1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) - a*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n
- 2 - 1/n)*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gam
ma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1
/n)) - a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 2 - 1/n)*b*m**2*x**n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(
b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(m/n
+ 1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n
- 2 - 1/n)*b*m*n*x**n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, ...

```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-(m - n + 1)*integrate(x^m/(a*b*n*x^n + a^2*n), x) + x*x^m/(a*b*n*x^n + a^
2*n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(a + b x^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^na b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x**m/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

$$3.578 \quad \int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	3722
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3722
Rubi [A] (verified)	3723
Maple [F]	3723
Fricas [F]	3724
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3724
Maxima [F]	3725
Giac [F]	3726
Mupad [F(-1)]	3726
Reduce [F]	3726

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3(1+m)}$$

output `x^(1+m)*hypergeom([3, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^3/(1+m)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1+m}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(x^(1+m)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (1+m)/n, 1+(1+m)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/ (a^3*(1+m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^3(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[3, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/ (a^3*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`



output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^m/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4539, normalized size of antiderivative = 113.48

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```

a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*m**3*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) - 3*a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*m**2*n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) - a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*m**2*n*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + 3*a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*m**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + 2*a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*m*n**2*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) + 3*a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*m*n**2*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)/(2*a**2*n**4*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 4*a*b*n**4*x**n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n) + 2*b**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)) - 6*a**2*a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3 - 1/n)*m*n*x**(m + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, m/n + 1/n)*g...

```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

(m^2 - m*(3*n - 2) + 2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*integrate(1/2*x^m/(a^2*b*n^2*x^n + a^3*n^2), x) - 1/2*(a*(m - 3*n + 1)*x*x^m + b*(m - 2*n + 1)*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x)))/(a^2*b^2*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a^3*b*n^2*x^n + a^4*n^2)

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(a + b x^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{x^{3n}b^3 + 3x^{2n}ab^2 + 3x^na^2b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(x**m/(x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

### 3.579 $\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^{10}} dx$

Optimal result	3727
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3727
Rubi [A] (verified)	3728
Maple [F]	3728
Fricas [F]	3729
Sympy [F(-1)]	3729
Maxima [F]	3729
Giac [F]	3730
Mupad [F(-1)]	3731
Reduce [F]	3731

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(10, \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^{10}(1+m)}$$

output `x^(1+m)*hypergeom([10, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^10/(1+m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(10, \frac{1+m}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^{10}(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^10,x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[10, (1 + m)/n, 1 + (1 + m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^10*(1 + m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(10, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^{10}(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^10,x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Hypergeometric2F1[10, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^10*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^10,x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^10,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^10,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(x^m/(b^10*x^(10*n) + 10*a*b^9*x^(9*n) + 45*a^2*b^8*x^(8*n) + 120*a^3*b^7*x^(7*n) + 210*a^4*b^6*x^(6*n) + 252*a^5*b^5*x^(5*n) + 210*a^6*b^4*x^(4*n) + 120*a^7*b^3*x^(3*n) + 45*a^8*b^2*x^(2*n) + 10*a^9*b*x^n + a^10), x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**n)**10,x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^{10}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^10,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```

-(m^9 - 9*m^8*(5*n - 1) - 362880*n^9 + 6*(145*n^2 - 60*n + 6)*m^7 + 102657
6*n^8 - 42*(225*n^3 - 145*n^2 + 30*n - 2)*m^6 - 1172700*n^7 + 21*(3013*n^4
- 2700*n^3 + 870*n^2 - 120*n + 6)*m^5 + 723680*n^6 - 21*(12825*n^5 - 1506
5*n^4 + 6750*n^3 - 1450*n^2 + 150*n - 6)*m^4 - 269325*n^5 + 2*(361840*n^6
- 538650*n^5 + 316365*n^4 - 94500*n^3 + 15225*n^2 - 1260*n + 42)*m^3 + 632
73*n^4 - 6*(195450*n^7 - 361840*n^6 + 269325*n^5 - 105455*n^4 + 23625*n^3
- 3045*n^2 + 210*n - 6)*m^2 - 9450*n^3 + 3*(342192*n^8 - 781800*n^7 + 7236
80*n^6 - 359100*n^5 + 105455*n^4 - 18900*n^3 + 2030*n^2 - 120*n + 3)*m + 8
70*n^2 - 45*n + 1)*integrate(1/362880*x^m/(a^9*b*n^9*x^n + a^10*n^9), x) +
1/362880*((m^8 - m^7*(45*n - 8) + 1026576*n^8 + (870*n^2 - 315*n + 28)*m^
6 - 1172700*n^7 - (9450*n^3 - 5220*n^2 + 945*n - 56)*m^5 + 723680*n^6 + (6
3273*n^4 - 47250*n^3 + 13050*n^2 - 1575*n + 70)*m^4 - 269325*n^5 - (269325
*n^5 - 253092*n^4 + 94500*n^3 - 17400*n^2 + 1575*n - 56)*m^3 + 63273*n^4 +
(723680*n^6 - 807975*n^5 + 379638*n^4 - 94500*n^3 + 13050*n^2 - 945*n + 2
8)*m^2 - 9450*n^3 - (1172700*n^7 - 1447360*n^6 + 807975*n^5 - 253092*n^4 +
47250*n^3 - 5220*n^2 + 315*n - 8)*m + 870*n^2 - 45*n + 1)*a^8*x*x^m + (m^
8 - 4*m^7*(11*n - 2) + 362880*n^8 + 14*(59*n^2 - 22*n + 2)*m^6 - 663696*n^
7 - 28*(308*n^3 - 177*n^2 + 33*n - 2)*m^5 + 509004*n^6 + 7*(7807*n^4 - 616
0*n^3 + 1770*n^2 - 220*n + 10)*m^4 - 214676*n^5 - 28*(7667*n^5 - 7807*n^4
+ 3080*n^3 - 590*n^2 + 55*n - 2)*m^3 + 54649*n^4 + 2*(254502*n^6 - 3220...

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^{10}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^10,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^m/(b*x^n + a)^10, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(a + b x^n)^{10}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^10,x)`output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^10, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{10}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{x^m}{x^{10n}b^{10} + 10x^{9n}ab^9 + 45x^{8n}a^2b^8 + 120x^{7n}a^3b^7 + 210x^{6n}a^4b^6 + 252x^{5n}a^5b^5 + 210x^{4n}a^6b^4 + 120x^{3n}a^7b^3 + 45x^{2n}a^8b^2 + 10x^n a^9b + a^{10}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^10,x)`output `int(x**m/(x**(10*n)*b**10 + 10*x**(9*n)*a*b**9 + 45*x**(8*n)*a**2*b**8 + 120*x**(7*n)*a**3*b**7 + 210*x**(6*n)*a**4*b**6 + 252*x**(5*n)*a**5*b**5 + 210*x**(4*n)*a**6*b**4 + 120*x**(3*n)*a**7*b**3 + 45*x**(2*n)*a**8*b**2 + 10*x**n*a**9*b + a**10),x)`



### 3.580 $\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx$

Optimal result	3732
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3732
Rubi [A] (verified)	3733
Maple [A] (verified)	3734
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3734
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3735
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3735
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3736
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3736
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3736

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{a^2 b x^{3(1+m)}}{1+m} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{5(1+m)}}{5(1+m)} + \frac{b^3 x^{7(1+m)}}{7(1+m)}$$

output

```
a^3*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+a^2*b*x^(3+3*m)/(1+m)+3*a*b^2*x^(5+5*m)/(5+5*m)+b^3*x^(7+7*m)/(7+7*m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx = \frac{35a^3 x^{1+m} + 35a^2 b x^{3+3m} + 21ab^2 x^{5+5m} + 5b^3 x^{7+7m}}{35 + 35m}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^3,x]
```

output

```
(35*a^3*x^(1 + m) + 35*a^2*b*x^(3 + 3*m) + 21*a*b^2*x^(5 + 5*m) + 5*b^3*x^(7 + 7*m))/(35 + 35*m)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2m+2})^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^3 x^m + 3a^2 b x^{3m+2} + 3ab^2 x^{5m+4} + b^3 x^{7m+6}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^3 x^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{a^2 b x^{3(m+1)}}{m+1} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{5(m+1)}}{5(m+1)} + \frac{b^3 x^{7(m+1)}}{7(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^3,x]`

output `(a^3*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (a^2*b*x^(3*(1 + m)))/(1 + m) + (3*a*b^2*x^(5*(1 + m)))/(5*(1 + m)) + (b^3*x^(7*(1 + m)))/(7*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.81 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^3 x^7 x^{7m}}{7+7m} + \frac{3ab^2 x^5 x^{5m}}{5(1+m)} + \frac{a^2 b x^3 x^{3m}}{1+m} + \frac{a^3 x x^m}{1+m}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{5x x^m x^{6+6m} b^3 + 21x x^m x^{4+4m} a b^2 + 35x x^m x^{2+2m} a^2 b + 35x x^m a^3}{35+35m}$
orering	$\frac{x(176m^3+442m^2+372m+105)x^m(a+bx^{2+2m})^3}{105m^4+420m^3+630m^2+420m+105} - \frac{x^2(86m^2+124m+45)}{105(m^4+4m^3+6m^2+4m+1)} \left( \frac{x^m m (a+bx^{2+2m})^3}{x} + \frac{3x^m (a+bx^{2+2m})^2 b x^{2+2m}}{x} \right)$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/7*b^3*x^7/(1+m)*(x^m)^7+3/5*a*b^2*x^5/(1+m)*(x^m)^5+a^2*b*x^3/(1+m)*(x^m)^3+a^3/(1+m)*x*x^m`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx = \frac{5b^3 x^7 x^{7m} + 21ab^2 x^5 x^{5m} + 35a^2 b x^3 x^{3m} + 35a^3 x x^m}{35(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/35*(5*b^3*x^7*x^(7*m) + 21*a*b^2*x^5*x^(5*m) + 35*a^2*b*x^3*x^(3*m) + 35*a^3*x*x^m)/(m + 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{35a^3 x^m}{35m+35} + \frac{35a^2 b x^m x^{2m+2}}{35m+35} + \frac{21ab^2 x^m x^{4m+4}}{35m+35} + \frac{5b^3 x^m x^{6m+6}}{35m+35} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ (a + b)^3 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**3,x)`output `Piecewise((35*a**3*x*x**m/(35*m + 35) + 35*a**2*b*x*x**m*x**(2*m + 2)/(35*m + 35) + 21*a*b**2*x*x**m*x**(4*m + 4)/(35*m + 35) + 5*b**3*x*x**m*x**(6*m + 6)/(35*m + 35), Ne(m, -1)), ((a + b)**3*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx = \frac{b^3 x^{7m+7}}{7(m+1)} + \frac{3ab^2 x^{5m+5}}{5(m+1)} + \frac{a^2 b x^{3m+3}}{m+1} + \frac{a^3 x^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/7*b^3*x^(7*m + 7)/(m + 1) + 3/5*a*b^2*x^(5*m + 5)/(m + 1) + a^2*b*x^(3*m + 3)/(m + 1) + a^3*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx = \frac{5b^3x^7x^{7m} + 21ab^2x^5x^{5m} + 35a^2bx^3x^{3m} + 35a^3xx^m}{35(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/35*(5*b^3*x^7*x^(7*m) + 21*a*b^2*x^5*x^(5*m) + 35*a^2*b*x^3*x^(3*m) + 35*a^3*x*x^m)/(m + 1)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx = \frac{a^3 x x^m}{m+1} + \frac{b^3 x^7 x^7}{7m+7} + \frac{a^2 b x^3 x^3}{m+1} + \frac{3 a b^2 x^5 x^5}{5m+5}$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^3,x)`output `(a^3*x*x^m)/(m + 1) + (b^3*x^(7*m)*x^7)/(7*m + 7) + (a^2*b*x^(3*m)*x^3)/(m + 1) + (3*a*b^2*x^(5*m)*x^5)/(5*m + 5)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^3 dx = \frac{x^m x (5x^{6m} b^3 x^6 + 21x^{4m} a b^2 x^4 + 35x^{2m} a^2 b x^2 + 35a^3)}{35m + 35}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^3,x)`output `(x**m*x*(5*x**(6*m)*b**3*x**6 + 21*x**(4*m)*a*b**2*x**4 + 35*x**(2*m)*a**2*b*x**2 + 35*a**3))/(35*(m + 1))`

### 3.581 $\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx$

Optimal result	3737
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3737
Rubi [A] (verified)	3738
Maple [A] (verified)	3739
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3739
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3739
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3740
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3740
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3741
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3741

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx = \frac{a^2 x^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{2abx^{3(1+m)}}{3(1+m)} + \frac{b^2 x^{5(1+m)}}{5(1+m)}$$

output `a^2*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+2*a*b*x^(3+3*m)/(3+3*m)+b^2*x^(5+5*m)/(5+5*m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx = \frac{15a^2 x^{1+m} + 10abx^{3+3m} + 3b^2 x^{5+5m}}{15 + 15m}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^2,x]`

output `(15*a^2*x^(1 + m) + 10*a*b*x^(3 + 3*m) + 3*b^2*x^(5 + 5*m))/(15 + 15*m)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2m+2})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^2 x^m + 2abx^{3m+2} + b^2 x^{5m+4}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 x^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{2abx^{3(m+1)}}{3(m+1)} + \frac{b^2 x^{5(m+1)}}{5(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^2,x]`

output `(a^2*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (2*a*b*x^(3*(1 + m)))/(3*(1 + m)) + (b^2*x^(5*(1 + m)))/(5*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^2 x^5 x^{5m}}{5+5m} + \frac{2ab x^3 x^{3m}}{3(1+m)} + \frac{a^2 x x^m}{1+m}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{3x x^m x^{4+4m} b^2 + 10x x^m x^{2+2m} ab + 15x x^m a^2}{15+15m}$
orering	$\frac{x(23m^2+37m+15)x^m(a+bx^{2+2m})^2}{15(m^2+2m+1)(1+m)} - \frac{x^2(3m+2)\left(\frac{x^m m(a+bx^{2+2m})^2}{x} + \frac{2x^m(a+bx^{2+2m})bx^{2+2m}(2+2m)}{x}\right)}{5(m^2+2m+1)(1+m)} + x^3\left(\frac{x^m}{x}\right)$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/5*b^2*x^5/(1+m)*(x^m)^5+2/3*a*b*x^3/(1+m)*(x^m)^3+a^2/(1+m)*x*x^m`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx = \frac{3b^2 x^5 x^{5m} + 10abx^3 x^{3m} + 15a^2 x x^m}{15(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/15*(3*b^2*x^5*x^(5*m) + 10*a*b*x^3*x^(3*m) + 15*a^2*x*x^m)/(m + 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx = \begin{cases} \frac{15a^2 x x^m}{15m+15} + \frac{10abx x^m x^{2m+2}}{15m+15} + \frac{3b^2 x x^m x^{4m+4}}{15m+15} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ (a + b)^2 \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**2,x)`



output `Piecewise((15*a**2*x*x**m/(15*m + 15) + 10*a*b*x*x**m*x**(2*m + 2)/(15*m + 15) + 3*b**2*x*x**m*x**(4*m + 4)/(15*m + 15), Ne(m, -1)), ((a + b)**2*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx = \frac{b^2 x^{5m+5}}{5(m+1)} + \frac{2abx^{3m+3}}{3(m+1)} + \frac{a^2 x^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*b^2*x^(5*m + 5)/(m + 1) + 2/3*a*b*x^(3*m + 3)/(m + 1) + a^2*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx = \frac{3b^2 x^5 x^{5m} + 10abx^3 x^{3m} + 15a^2 x x^m}{15(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `1/15*(3*b^2*x^5*x^(5*m) + 10*a*b*x^3*x^(3*m) + 15*a^2*x*x^m)/(m + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx = \frac{x^{m+1} \left( \frac{b^2 x^{4m+4}}{5} + a^2 + \frac{2abx^{2m+2}}{3} \right)}{m+1}$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^2,x)`output `(x^(m + 1)*((b^2*x^(4*m + 4))/5 + a^2 + (2*a*b*x^(2*m + 2))/3))/(m + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^2 dx = \frac{x^m x (3x^{4m} b^2 x^4 + 10x^{2m} ab x^2 + 15a^2)}{15m + 15}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x)`output `(x**m*x*(3*x**(4*m)*b**2*x**4 + 10*x**(2*m)*a*b*x**2 + 15*a**2))/(15*(m + 1))`

### 3.582 $\int x^m(a + bx^{2+2m}) dx$

Optimal result	3742
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3742
Rubi [A] (verified)	3743
Maple [A] (verified)	3744
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3744
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3745
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3745
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3745
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3746
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3746

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int x^m(a + bx^{2+2m}) dx = \frac{ax^{1+m}}{1+m} + \frac{bx^{3(1+m)}}{3(1+m)}$$

output

```
a*x^(1+m)/(1+m)+b*x^(3+3*m)/(3+3*m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^m(a + bx^{2+2m}) dx = \frac{3ax^{1+m} + bx^{3+3m}}{3 + 3m}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)),x]
```

output

```
(3*a*x^(1 + m) + b*x^(3 + 3*m))/(3 + 3*m)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2m+2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (ax^m + bx^{3m+2}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{ax^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{bx^{3(m+1)}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)),x]`

output `(a*x^(1 + m))/(1 + m) + (b*x^(3*(1 + m)))/(3*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{axx^m}{1+m} + \frac{bx^3x^{3m}}{3+3m}$	29
parallelrisch	$\frac{xx^m x^{2+2m} b + 3xx^m a}{3+3m}$	29
norman	$\frac{ax e^{m \ln(x)}}{1+m} + \frac{bx^3 e^{3m \ln(x)}}{3+3m}$	33
orering	$\frac{x(4m+3)x^m(a+bx^{2+2m})}{3m^2+6m+3} - \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{x^m m(a+bx^{2+2m})}{x} + \frac{x^m b x^{2+2m}(2+2m)}{x} \right)}{3(m^2+2m+1)}$	89

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a/(1+m)*x*x^m+1/3*b/(1+m)*x^3*(x^m)^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m}) dx = \frac{bx^3x^{3m} + 3axx^m}{3(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `1/3*(b*x^3*x^(3*m) + 3*a*x*x^m)/(m + 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m}) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{3axx^m}{3m+3} + \frac{bx^m x^{2m+2}}{3m+3} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ (a+b) \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**(2+2*m)),x)`output `Piecewise((3*a*x*x**m/(3*m + 3) + b*x*x**m*x**(2*m + 2)/(3*m + 3), Ne(m, -1)), ((a + b)*log(x), True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m}) dx = \frac{bx^{3m+3}}{3(m+1)} + \frac{ax^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `1/3*b*x^(3*m + 3)/(m + 1) + a*x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m}) dx = \frac{bx^3 x^{3m} + 3axx^m}{3(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `1/3*(b*x^3*x^(3*m) + 3*a*x*x^m)/(m + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m}) dx = \frac{x^{m+1} \left( a + \frac{bx^{2m+2}}{3} \right)}{m+1}$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2)),x)`output `(x^(m + 1)*(a + (b*x^(2*m + 2))/3))/(m + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m}) dx = \frac{x^m x (x^{2m} b x^2 + 3a)}{3m + 3}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x)`output `(x**m*x*(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + 3*a))/(3*(m + 1))`

### 3.583 $\int \frac{x^m}{a+bx^{2+2m}} dx$

Optimal result	3747
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3747
Rubi [A] (verified)	3748
Maple [B] (verified)	3749
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3749
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3750
Maxima [F]	3750
Giac [F]	3751
Mupad [F(-1)]	3751
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3751

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 33

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{1+m}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(1+m)}$$

output `arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1+m)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(1+m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{1+m}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)),x]`

output `ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*x^(1 + m))/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*(1 + m))`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {868, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2m+2}} dx$$

↓ 868

$$\int \frac{1}{bx^{2m+2} + a} dx^{m+1}$$

$m + 1$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{m+1}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)),x]`

output `ArcTan[(Sqrt[b]*x^(1 + m))/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[b]*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 60 vs.  $2(25) = 50$ .

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{\ln\left(x^m - \frac{a}{x\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab}(1+m)} + \frac{\ln\left(x^m + \frac{a}{x\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{2\sqrt{-ab}(1+m)}$	61

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/2/(-a*b)^{(1/2)/(1+m)}*\ln(x^m-a/x/(-a*b)^{(1/2)})+1/2/(-a*b)^{(1/2)/(1+m)}*\ln(x^m+a/x/(-a*b)^{(1/2)})$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.76

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \left[ -\frac{\sqrt{-ab} \log\left(\frac{bx^2x^{2m}-2\sqrt{-ab}xx^m-a}{bx^2x^{2m}+a}\right)}{2(abm+ab)}, \frac{\sqrt{ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ab}xx^m}{a}\right)}{abm+ab} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$[-1/2*\sqrt{-a*b}*\log((b*x^2*x^(2*m) - 2*\sqrt{-a*b}*x*x^m - a)/(b*x^2*x^(2*m) + a))/(a*b*m + a*b), \sqrt{a*b}*\arctan(\sqrt{a*b}*x*x^m/a)/(a*b*m + a*b)]$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 124 vs.  $2(29) = 58$ .

Time = 6.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 124, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.76

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge m = -1 \\ \frac{xx^m}{a(m+1)} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^m x^{-2m-2}}{b(m+1)} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } m = -1 \\ \frac{\log\left(x^m - \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}/x\right)}{2bm\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + 2b\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} - \frac{\log\left(x^m + \sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}/x\right)}{2bm\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}} + 2b\sqrt{-\frac{a}{b}}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(2+2*m)),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(m, -1)), (x*x**m/(a*(m + 1)), Eq(b, 0)), (-x*x**m*x**(-2*m - 2)/(b*(m + 1)), Eq(a, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(m, -1)), (log(x**m - sqrt(-a/b)/x)/(2*b*m*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b*sqrt(-a/b)) - log(x**m + sqrt(-a/b)/x)/(2*b*m*sqrt(-a/b) + 2*b*sqrt(-a/b)), True))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{bx^{2m+2} + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{bx^{2m+2} + a} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2m+2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2)),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^m}{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x^m b x}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right)}{ab(m+1)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m)),x)`

output `(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((x**m*b*x)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))/(a*b*(m + 1))`

**3.584**  $\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^2} dx$

Optimal result	3752
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3752
Rubi [A] (verified)	3753
Maple [A] (verified)	3754
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3755
Sympy [F(-1)]	3755
Maxima [F]	3756
Giac [F]	3756
Mupad [F(-1)]	3756
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3757

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^2} dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{2a(1+m)(a + bx^{2(1+m)})} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x^{1+m}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}(1+m)}$$

output

$1/2*x^{(1+m)}/a/(1+m)/(a+b*x^{(2+2*m)})+1/2*arctan(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1+m)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(3/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/(1+m)$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^2} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1+m}{2+2m}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{2+2m}, -\frac{bx^{2+2m}}{a}\right)}{a^2(1+m)}$$

input

`Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^2,x]`

output  $(x^{(1+m)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, (1+m)/(2+2m), 1+(1+m)/(2+2m), -((b*x^{(2+2m)})/a)])/(a^{2*(1+m)})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {868, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2m+2})^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(bx^{2m+2}+a)^2} dx^{m+1}}{m+1} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{1}{bx^{2m+2}+a} dx^{m+1}}{m+1} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2a(a+bx^{2m+2})} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\ & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x^{m+1}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2a(a+bx^{2m+2})} \\ & \quad \downarrow \\ & \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x^{m+1}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2a(a+bx^{2m+2})} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[x^m/(a + b*x^{(2 + 2*m)})^2, x]$

output  $(x^{(1+m)}/(2*a*(a + b*x^{(2 + 2*m)})) + \text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(1+m)})/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/(2*a^{(3/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[b]))/(1+m)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 215  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{p_ }, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x) \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot p + 3) / (2 \cdot a \cdot (p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (IntegerQ[4\*p] || IntegerQ[6\*p])

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]

rule 868  $\text{Int}[(x_ )^{m_ } \cdot ((a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^n)^{p_ }), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m+1) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m+1)])^p], x], x, x^{(m+1)}], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m+1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x x^m}{2(1+m)a(a+b x^2 x^{2m})} - \frac{\ln\left(x^m - \frac{a}{x\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab}(1+m)a} + \frac{\ln\left(x^m + \frac{a}{x\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{4\sqrt{-ab}(1+m)a}$	95

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/2 \cdot x / (1+m) / a \cdot x^m / (a + b \cdot x^2 \cdot (x^m)^2) - 1/4 / (-a \cdot b)^{(1/2)} / (1+m) / a \cdot \ln(x^m - a/x / (-a \cdot b)^{(1/2)}) + 1/4 / (-a \cdot b)^{(1/2)} / (1+m) / a \cdot \ln(x^m + a/x / (-a \cdot b)^{(1/2)})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 207, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.09

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^2} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 abxx^m - (\sqrt{-abbx^2x^{2m}} + \sqrt{-aba}) \log\left(\frac{bx^2x^{2m} - 2\sqrt{-abbx^2x^{2m}} - a}{bx^2x^{2m} + a}\right)}{4(a^3bm + a^3b + (a^2b^2m + a^2b^2)x^2x^{2m})}, \frac{abxx^m + (\sqrt{abbx^2x^{2m}} + \sqrt{aba}) \arctan\left(\frac{bx^2x^{2m} - 2\sqrt{-abbx^2x^{2m}} - a}{bx^2x^{2m} + a}\right)}{2(a^3bm + a^3b + (a^2b^2m + a^2b^2)x^2x^{2m})} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(2*a*b*x*x^m - (sqrt(-a*b)*b*x^2*x^(2*m) + sqrt(-a*b)*a)*log((b*x^2*x^(2*m) - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*x*x^m - a)/(b*x^2*x^(2*m) + a)))/(a^3*b*m + a^3*b + (a^2*b^2*m + a^2*b^2)*x^2*x^(2*m)), 1/2*(a*b*x*x^m + (sqrt(a*b)*b*x^2*x^(2*m) + sqrt(a*b)*a)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)*x*x^m/a))/(a^3*b*m + a^3*b + (a^2*b^2*m + a^2*b^2)*x^2*x^(2*m))]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^2} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**2,x)`

output `Timed out`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*x*x^m/(a*b*(m + 1)*x^2*x^(2*m) + a^2*(m + 1)) + integrate(1/2*x^m/(a*b*x^2*x^(2*m) + a^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^2} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2m+2})^2} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^2,x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^2, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^2} dx = \frac{x^{2m} \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x^m bx}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a}}\right) b x^2 + \sqrt{b} \sqrt{a} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x^m bx}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{a}}\right) a + x^m abx}{2a^2 b (x^{2m} b m x^2 + x^{2m} b x^2 + a m + a)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2,x)`output `(x**(2*m)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((x**m*b*x)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b*x**2 + sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((x**m*b*x)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a + x**m*a*b*x)/(2*a**2*b*(x**(2*m)*b*m*x**2 + x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a*m + a))`

**3.585**       $\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^3} dx$

Optimal result	3758
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3758
Rubi [A] (verified)	3759
Maple [A] (verified)	3760
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3761
Sympy [F(-1)]	3761
Maxima [F]	3762
Giac [F]	3762
Mupad [F(-1)]	3762
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3763

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^3} dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{4a(1+m)(a + bx^{2(1+m)})^2} + \frac{3x^{1+m}}{8a^2(1+m)(a + bx^{2(1+m)})} + \frac{3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{1+m}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8a^{5/2}\sqrt{b}(1+m)}$$

output

```
1/4*x^(1+m)/a/(1+m)/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^2+3/8*x^(1+m)/a^2/(1+m)/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))
+3/8*arctan(b^(1/2)*x^(1+m)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/b^(1/2)/(1+m)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.36

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^3} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 3, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{bx^{2+2m}}{a}\right)}{a^3(1+m)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^3,x]
```

output  $(x^{(1 + m)*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 3, 3/2, -((b*x^{(2 + 2*m))}/a)]/(a^3*(1 + m))$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {868, 215, 215, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2m+2})^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{(bx^{2m+2}+a)^3} dx^{m+1}}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{(bx^{2m+2}+a)^2} dx^{m+1}}{4a} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{4a(a+bx^{2m+2})^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{215} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{bx^{2m+2}+a} dx^{m+1}}{2a} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2a(a+bx^{2m+2})} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{4a(a+bx^{2m+2})^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{3 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{m+1}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{3/2}\sqrt{b}} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{2a(a+bx^{2m+2})} \right)}{4a} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{4a(a+bx^{2m+2})^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[x^m/(a + b*x^{(2 + 2*m)})^3, x]$

output

$$\frac{x^{1+m}}{4a(a+bx^{2+2m})^2} + \frac{3x^{1+m}}{2a(a+bx^{2+2m})} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}[\frac{\sqrt{b}x^{1+m}}{\sqrt{a}}] / (2a^{3/2}\sqrt{b})}{(4a)^{1+m}}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 215

$$\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{p_+}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)((a + bx^2)^{p+1} / (2a(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(2p+3)/(2a(p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + bx^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}\{p, -1\} \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}\{4p\} \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}\{6p\})$$

rule 218

$$\text{Int}[(a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}\{a/b\}$$

rule 868

$$\text{Int}(x_+)^{m_+}((a_+ + (b_+)(x_+)^n)^{p_+}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m+1) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + bx^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m+1)])^p, x], x, x^{m+1}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n/(m+1)]] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n]$$
**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{x x^m (3b x^2 x^{2m} + 5a)}{8(1+m)a^2(a+bx^2x^{2m})^2} - \frac{3 \ln\left(x^m - \frac{a}{x\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-ab}(1+m)a^2} + \frac{3 \ln\left(x^m + \frac{a}{x\sqrt{-ab}}\right)}{16\sqrt{-ab}(1+m)a^2}$	110

input

$$\text{int}(x^m/(a+bx^{2+2m})^3, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

$$\frac{1}{8} x x^m (3 b x^2 (x^m)^2 + 5 a) / (1+m) / a^2 / (a + b x^2 (x^m)^2)^2 - 3 / 16 / (-a b)^{(1/2)} / (1+m) / a^2 \ln(x^m - a/x / (-a b)^{(1/2)}) + 3 / 16 / (-a b)^{(1/2)} / (1+m) / a^2 \ln(x^{m+a/x} / (-a b)^{(1/2)})$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.46

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^3} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{6ab^2x^3x^{3m} + 10a^2bxx^m - 3(\sqrt{-abb^2x^4x^{4m}} + 2\sqrt{-ababx^2x^{2m}} + \sqrt{-aba^2}) \log\left(\frac{bx^2x^{2m} - 2\sqrt{-ab}xx^m - a}{bx^2x^{2m} + a}\right)}{16(a^5bm + a^5b + (a^3b^3m + a^3b^3)x^4x^{4m} + 2(a^4b^2m + a^4b^2)x^2x^{2m})} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/16*(6*a*b^2*x^3*x^(3*m) + 10*a^2*b*x*x^m - 3*(sqrt(-a*b)*b^2*x^4*x^(4*m) + 2*sqrt(-a*b)*a*b*x^2*x^(2*m) + sqrt(-a*b)*a^2)*log((b*x^2*x^(2*m) - 2*sqrt(-a*b)*x*x^m - a)/(b*x^2*x^(2*m) + a)))/(a^5*b*m + a^5*b + (a^3*b^3*m + a^3*b^3)*x^4*x^(4*m) + 2*(a^4*b^2*m + a^4*b^2)*x^2*x^(2*m)), 1/8*(3*a*b^2*x^3*x^(3*m) + 5*a^2*b*x*x^m + 3*(sqrt(a*b)*b^2*x^4*x^(4*m) + 2*sqrt(a*b)*a*b*x^2*x^(2*m) + sqrt(a*b)*a^2)*arctan(sqrt(a*b)*x*x^m/a))/(a^5*b*m + a^5*b + (a^3*b^3*m + a^3*b^3)*x^4*x^(4*m) + 2*(a^4*b^2*m + a^4*b^2)*x^2*x^(2*m))]`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^3} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/8*(3*b*x^3*x^(3*m) + 5*a*x*x^m)/(a^2*b^2*(m + 1)*x^4*x^(4*m) + 2*a^3*b*(m + 1)*x^2*x^(2*m) + a^4*(m + 1)) + 3*integrate(1/8*x^m/(a^2*b*x^2*x^(2*m) + a^3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^3} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^3} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(a + b x^{2m+2})^3} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^3,x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^3, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.87

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{3x^{4m}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x^m b x}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) b^2 x^4 + 6x^{2m}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x^m b x}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) ab x^2 + 3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x^m b x}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 + 3x^{3m} a b^2 x^3}{8a^3 b (x^{4m} b^2 m x^4 + x^{4m} b^2 x^4 + 2x^{2m} ab m x^2 + 2x^{2m} ab x^2 + a^2 m + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^3,x)`output `(3*x**(4*m)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((x**m*b*x)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*b**2*x**4 + 6*x**(2*m)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((x**m*b*x)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a*b*x**2 + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)*atan((x**m*b*x)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a)))*a**2 + 3*x**(3*m)*a*b**2*x**3 + 5*x**m*a**2*b*x)/(8*a**3*b*(x**(4*m)*b**2*m*x**4 + x**(4*m)*b**2*x**4 + 2*x**(2*m)*a*b*m*x**2 + 2*x**(2*m)*a*b*x**2 + a**2*m + a**2))`



### 3.586 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3764
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3764
Rubi [A] (verified)	3765
Maple [B] (verified)	3765
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3766
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3766
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3767
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3767
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3767
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3768

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5bn}$$

output  $2/5*(a+b*x^n)^{(5/2)}/b/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5bn}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]`

output  $(2*(a + b*x^n)^{(5/2)})/(5*b*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{2(a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{5bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2))/(5*b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 37 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(a^2 + 2abx^n + b^2x^{2n})\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5bn}$	38

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/5*(a^2+2*a*b*x^n+b^2*(x^n)^2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/n`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 37 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(b^2x^{2n} + 2abx^n + a^2)\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{5bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/5*(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2)*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 92 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 11.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.38

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \begin{cases} a^{\frac{3}{2}} \log(x) & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}} x x^{n-1}}{n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ (a+b)^{\frac{3}{2}} \log(x) & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{2a^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5bn} + \frac{4ax^n\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5n} + \frac{2bx^{2n}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((a**(3/2)*log(x), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (a**(3/2)*x*x**(n - 1)/n, Eq(b, 0)), ((a + b)**(3/2)*log(x), Eq(n, 0)), (2*a**2*sqrt(a + b*x**n)/(5*b*n) + 4*a*x**n*sqrt(a + b*x**n)/(5*n) + 2*b*x**(2*n)*sqrt(a + b*x**n)/(5*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(bx^n+a)^{5/2}}{5bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2/5*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2)/(b*n)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.38

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2 \left( 3(bx^n+a)^{5/2} - 10(bx^n+a)^{3/2}a + 30\sqrt{bx^n+aa^2} + 10 \left( (bx^n+a)^{3/2} - 3\sqrt{bx^n+aa} \right) a \right)}{15bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `2/15*(3*(b*x^n + a)^(5/2) - 10*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*a + 30*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a^2 + 10*((b*x^n + a)^(3/2) - 3*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*a)*a)/(b*n)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2(a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5bn}$$

input `int(x^(n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output  $(2*(a + b*x^n)^{(5/2)})/(5*b*n)$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a}(x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2)}{5bn}$$

input  $\text{int}(x^{(-1+n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)},x)$

output  $(2*\text{sqrt}(x**n*b + a)*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))/(5*b*n)$

### 3.587 $\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3769
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3769
Rubi [A] (verified)	3770
Maple [A] (verified)	3770
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3771
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3771
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3772
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3772
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3772
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3773

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3bn}$$

output  $2/3*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}/b/n$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3bn}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output  $(2*(a + b*x^n)^{(3/2)})/(3*b*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bn}$	18

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $2/3*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}/b/n$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2 (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $2/3*(b*x^n + a)^{(3/2)}/(b*n)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 48 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.29

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}{3bn} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}x^n \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}{3n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output  $2*a^{(3/2)}*\sqrt{1 + b*x**n/a}/(3*b*n) + 2*\sqrt{a}*x**n*\sqrt{1 + b*x**n/a}/(3*n)$



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2 (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/(b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2 (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*(b*x^n + a)^(3/2)/(b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2 (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3bn}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*b*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int x^{-1+n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} (x^n b + a)}{3bn}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(x**n*b + a))/(3*b*n)`

$$3.588 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	3774
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3774
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3775
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	3775
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3776
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3776
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3777
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3777
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3777
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3778

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$$

output `2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/n`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$	18

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/n`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 44 vs.  $2(14) = 28$ .

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{\sqrt{an}} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{\sqrt{a+b}} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/sqrt(a), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)/(sqrt(a)*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/sqrt(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (2*sqrt(a + b*x**n)/(b*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(b*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{bn}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(b*n)`

$$3.589 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3779
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3779
Rubi [A] (verified)	3780
Maple [F]	3780
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3781
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3781
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3782
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3782
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3782
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3783

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{bn\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `-2/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{bn\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]`

output `-2/(b*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$-\frac{2}{bn\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]`

output `-2/(b*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

output `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{b^2nx^n+abn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^2*n*x^n + a*b*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 2.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a^{3/2}} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{a^{3/2}n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^{3/2}} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{2}{bn\sqrt{a+bx^n}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a**(3/2), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)/(a**(3/2)*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b)**(3/2), Eq(n, 0)), (-2/(b*n*sqrt(a + b*x**n)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{bx^n + abn}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{bx^n + abn}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{bn \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`output `-2/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{bn(x^n b + a)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(b*n*(x**n*b + a))`

$$3.590 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3784
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3784
Rubi [A] (verified)	3785
Maple [F]	3785
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	3786
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3786
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3787
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3787
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3787
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3788

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3bn(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

output `-2/3/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3bn(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]`

output `-2/(3*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$-\frac{2}{3bn(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]`

output `-2/(3*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

output `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 40 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{3(b^3nx^{2n}+2ab^2nx^n+a^2bn)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-2/3*sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^3*n*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 70 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 19.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.33

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a^{5/2}} & \text{for } b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{xx^{n-1}}{a^{5/2}n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{(a+b)^{5/2}} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ -\frac{2}{3abn\sqrt{a+bx^n}+3b^2nx^n\sqrt{a+bx^n}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a**(5/2), Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x*x**(n - 1)/(a**(5/2)*n), Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b)**(5/2), Eq(n, 0)), (-2/(3*a*b*n*sqrt(a + b*x**n) + 3*b**2*n*x**n*sqrt(a + b*x**n)), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-2/3/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*b*n)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3(bx^n+a)^{\frac{3}{2}}bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-2/3/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*b*n)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2}{3bn(a+bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`output `-2/(3*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{3bn(x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^n ab + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(3*b*n*(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2))`

### 3.591 $\int x^m(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3789
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3789
Rubi [A] (verified)	3790
Maple [F]	3791
Fricas [F(-2)]	3791
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3791
Maxima [F]	3792
Giac [F]	3792
Mupad [F(-1)]	3793
Reduce [F]	3793

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{x^{1+m}(a + bx^n)^{5/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5}{2} + \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)}$$

output

```
x^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^(5/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/2+(1+m)/n],[(1+m+n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{ax^{1+m}\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]
```

output

```
(a*x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (1 + m)/n, 1 + (1 + m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/((1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{a\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int x^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{ax^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(m+1)\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

## Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + 3/2 - 1/n)*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-3/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^m, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*x^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int x^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^m*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^m*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4x^{m+n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b m x + 2x^{m+n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b n x + 4x^{m+n}\sqrt{x^n b + a} b x + 4x^m\sqrt{x^n b + a} a m x + 8x^m\sqrt{x^n b + a} a x + 4x^m\sqrt{x^n b + a} a}{(2n+3)}$$

input

```
int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```

(4*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*m*x + 2*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x
+ 4*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x + 4*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*m*x + 8*x
**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x + 4*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x + 12*int((x**m*sq
rt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n**2
+ 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n +
4*a),x)*a**2*m**2*n**2 + 24*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 +
8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m
**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*m*n**3 + 24*int((x
**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b
n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8
a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*m*n**2 + 9*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 +
8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m
**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**4 + 24*int((x**
m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b
n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a
*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**3 + 12*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8
*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**
2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*n**2)/(4*m**2 + 8*m*
n + 8*m + 3*n**2 + 8*n + 4)

```

### 3.592 $\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	3795
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3795
Rubi [A] (verified)	3796
Maple [F]	3797
Fricas [F(-2)]	3797
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3797
Maxima [F]	3798
Giac [F]	3798
Mupad [F(-1)]	3799
Reduce [F]	3799

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)}$$

output

$x^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, 3/2+(1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output

$(x^{(1+m)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, (1+m)/n, 1 + (1+m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(1+m)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int x^m \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(m+1) \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[x^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/((1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + b x^n} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + b x^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + b x^n} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{-1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{b x^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + 1/2 - 1/n)*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + ax^m} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^m, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + ax^m} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*x^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^m*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a} x + 2 \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{2x^n b m + x^n b n + 2x^n b + 2a m + a n + 2a} dx \right) a m n + \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{2x^n b m + x^n b n + 2x^n b + 2a m + a n + 2a} dx \right) a n^2 + 2}{2m + n + 2}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x + 2*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*m*n + int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*n**2 + 2*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*n)/(2*m + n + 2)`

### 3.593 $\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3800
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3800
Rubi [A] (verified)	3801
Maple [F]	3802
Fricas [F(-2)]	3802
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3802
Maxima [F]	3803
Giac [F]	3803
Mupad [F(-1)]	3804
Reduce [F]	3804

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)}$$

output  $x^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, 1/2+(1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output  $(x^{(1+m)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1+m)/n, 1 + (1+m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1+m)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 1/2 - 1/n)*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b + a} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b + a),x)`

### 3.594 $\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3805
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3805
Rubi [A] (verified)	3806
Maple [F]	3807
Fricas [F(-2)]	3807
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3808
Maxima [F]	3808
Giac [F]	3808
Mupad [F(-1)]	3809
Reduce [F]	3809

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output `x^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, -1/2+(1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (1 + m)/n, 1 + (1 + m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x^m}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2}} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^I
ntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)
^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0
] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 3/2 - 1/n)*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((3/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b + a^2} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2),x)`

### 3.595 $\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3810
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3810
Rubi [A] (verified)	3811
Maple [F]	3812
Fricas [F(-2)]	3812
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3813
Maxima [F]	3813
Giac [F]	3813
Mupad [F(-1)]	3814
Reduce [F]	3814

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{1+m}{n}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m)(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}$$

```
output x^(1+m)*hypergeom([1, -3/2+(1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(1+m)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

```
input Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x]
```

```
output (x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (1 + m)/n, 1 + (1 + m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x^m}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{5/2}} dx}{a^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m+1}{n}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[5/2, (1 + m)/n, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`



rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 9.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**n)**(5/2),x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n - 5/2 - 1/n)*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((5/2, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^n + a)^(5/2), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(5/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^n)^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b^3 + 3x^{2n} a b^2 + 3x^n a^2 b + a^3} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(5/2),x)`

output `int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(3*n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*a**2*b + a**3),x)`

### 3.596 $\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3815
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3815
Rubi [A] (verified)	3816
Maple [F]	3817
Fricas [F(-2)]	3817
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3817
Maxima [F]	3818
Giac [F]	3818
Mupad [F(-1)]	3819
Reduce [F]	3819

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{2(2+n)}\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(5 + \frac{8}{n}\right), 3 + \frac{4}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(2+n)}$$

output  $\frac{1}{2}x^{(4+2*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{hypergeom}([1, 5/2+4/n], [3+4/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(2+n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{4+2n}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{4}{n}, 3 + \frac{4}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2(2+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(3 + 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output  $(x^{(4 + 2*n)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, 2 + 4/n, 3 + 4/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*(2 + n)*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{2n+3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \int \frac{x^{2n+3}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^{2(n+2)} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right), 3+\frac{4}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2(n+2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^(3 + 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x^(2*(2 + n))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 2*(1 + 2/n), 3 + 4/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*(2 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{2n+3}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n+3)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(2*n+3)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(3+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{4}{n}} a^{2+\frac{4}{n}} x^{2n+4} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{4}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{4}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{4}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(3+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(-5/2 - 4/n)*a**(2 + 4/n)*x**(2*n + 4)*gamma(2 + 4/n)*hyper((1/2, 2 + 4/n), (3 + 4/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 4/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n+3}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n + 3)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n+3}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(2*n + 3)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{2n+3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n + 3)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^(2*n + 3)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n x^4 + 16x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b x^4 - 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n x^4 - 16\sqrt{x^n b + a} a x^4 + 48 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n}}{3x^n b n^2 + 32x^n b n + 64} dx \right)}{3x^n b n^2 + 32x^n b n + 64}$$

input `int(x^(3+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*(x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x**4 + 8*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x**4 - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x**4 - 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x**4 + 24*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 32*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 32*a*n + 64*a), x)*a**2*n**3 + 352*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 32*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 32*a*n + 64*a), x)*a**2*n**2 + 1536*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 32*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 32*a*n + 64*a), x)*a**2*n + 2048*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 32*x**n*b*n + 64*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 32*a*n + 64*a), x)*a**2))/(b**2*(3*n**2 + 32*n + 64))`



# 3.597 $\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3820
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3820
Rubi [A] (verified)	3821
Maple [F]	3822
Fricas [F(-2)]	3822
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3822
Maxima [F]	3823
Giac [F]	3823
Mupad [F(-1)]	3824
Reduce [F]	3824

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{4+n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(3 + \frac{8}{n}\right), 2\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(4+n)}$$

output `x^(4+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, 3/2+4/n], [2+4/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(4+n)`

## Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{4+n} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4+n}{n}, 1 + \frac{4+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(4+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(3+n)/Sqrt[a+b*x^n],x]`

output `(x^(4+n)*Sqrt[1+(b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4+n)/n, 1+(4+n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((4+n)*Sqrt[a+b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{n+3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \int \frac{x^{n+3}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{n+4} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{n+4}{n}, 2\left(1+\frac{2}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(n+4)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^(3 + n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x^(4 + n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (4 + n)/n, 2*(1 + 2/n), -(b*x^n)/a])/((4 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{4}{n}} a^{1+\frac{4}{n}} x^{n+4} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{4}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{4}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{4}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(3+n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(-3/2 - 4/n)*a**(1 + 4/n)*x**(n + 4)*gamma(1 + 4/n)*hyper((1/2, 1 + 4/n), (2 + 4/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 4/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{n+3}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(n + 3)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{n+3}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(n + 3)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{n+3}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(n + 3)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^(n + 3)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^4 - 8 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^3}{x^n b n + 8 x^n b + a n + 8 a} dx \right) a n - 64 \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^3}{x^n b n + 8 x^n b + a n + 8 a} dx \right) a}{b(n+8)}$$

input `int(x^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `(2*(sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**4 - 4*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + a*n + 8*a), x)*a*n - 32*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + a*n + 8*a), x)*a))/(b*(n + 8))`

# 3.598 $\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3825
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3825
Rubi [A] (verified)	3826
Maple [F]	3827
Fricas [F(-2)]	3827
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3827
Maxima [F]	3828
Giac [F]	3828
Mupad [F(-1)]	3829
Reduce [F]	3829

## Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{4-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(-1 + \frac{8}{n}\right), \frac{4}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(4-n)}$$

output `x^(4-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, -1/2+4/n], [4/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(4-n)`

## Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{4-n} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -1 + \frac{4}{n}, \frac{4}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(-4+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(3 - n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `-((x^(4 - n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -1 + 4/n, 4/n, -(b*x^n/a)])/((-4 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{4-n} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{4}{n}-1, \frac{4}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(4-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^(3 - n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x^(4 - n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -1 + 4/n, 4/n, -(b*x^n/a)])/((4 - n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a)^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(3-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(3-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(3-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-1+\frac{4}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2}-\frac{4}{n}} b^{-1+\frac{4}{n}} b^{1-\frac{4}{n}} x^{4-n} \Gamma\left(-1 + \frac{4}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -1 + \frac{4}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{4}{n}\right)}$$



input `integrate(x**(3-n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(-1 + 4/n)*a**(1/2 - 4/n)*b**(-1 + 4/n)*b**(1 - 4/n)*x**(4 - n)*gamma(-1 + 4/n)*hyper((1/2, -1 + 4/n), (4/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n+3}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(-n + 3)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-n+3}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-n + 3)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(3 - n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^(3 - n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^4 - x^n \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^3}{x^n b n - 4x^n b + a n - 4a} dx \right) b n^2 + 12x^n \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^3}{x^n b n - 4x^n b + a n - 4a} dx \right) b n - 32x^n \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} x^3}{x^n b n - 4x^n b + a n - 4a} dx \right)}{2x^n a (n - 4)}$$

input `int(x^(3-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**4 - x**n*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n - 4*x**n*b + a*n - 4*a), x)*b*n**2 + 12*x**n*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n - 4*x**n*b + a*n - 4*a), x)*b*n - 32*x**n*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n - 4*x**n*b + a*n - 4*a), x)*b)/(2*x**n*a*(n - 4))`

### 3.599 $\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3830
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3830
Rubi [A] (verified)	3831
Maple [F]	3832
Fricas [F(-2)]	3832
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3832
Maxima [F]	3833
Giac [F]	3833
Mupad [F(-1)]	3834
Reduce [F]	3834

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{4-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2}\left(-3 + \frac{8}{n}\right), -1 + \frac{4}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(2-n)}$$

output  $\frac{1}{2}x^{4-2n}(a+bx^n)^{1/2}\operatorname{hypergeom}\left([1, -3/2+4/n], [-1+4/n], -bx^n/a\right)/a/(2-n)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{x^{4-2n} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2 + \frac{4}{n}, -1 + \frac{4}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2(-2+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(3 - 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output  $-1/2*(x^{4-2n}*\sqrt{1+(b*x^n)/a}*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, -2+4/n, -1+4/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((-2+n)*\sqrt{a+bx^n})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{4-2n} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right), \frac{4}{n}-1, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2(2-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^(3 - 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(x^(4 - 2*n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -2*(1 - 2/n), -1 + 4/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*(2 - n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(3-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(3-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(3-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-2+\frac{4}{n}} a^{\frac{3}{2}-\frac{4}{n}} b^{-2+\frac{4}{n}} b^{\frac{2}{2}-\frac{4}{n}} x^{4-2n} \Gamma(-2+\frac{4}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -2+\frac{4}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(-1+\frac{4}{n})}$$

input `integrate(x**(3-2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(-2 + 4/n)*a**(3/2 - 4/n)*b**(-2 + 4/n)*b**(2 - 4/n)*x**(4 - 2*n)*gamma(-2 + 4/n)*hyper((1/2, -2 + 4/n), (-1 + 4/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(-1 + 4/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-2n+3}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(-2*n + 3)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-2n+3}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(3-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-2*n + 3)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(3 - 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^(3 - 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{3-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b n x^4 - 16x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b x^4 - 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a n x^4 + 16\sqrt{x^n b + a} a x^4 + 3x^{2n} \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n^2 - 6x^n b n + 8x^n b + a n^2 - 6a n + 8a} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int(x^(3-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `(6*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*x**4 - 16*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x**4 - 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x**4 + 16*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x**4 + 3*x**(2*n)*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n**2 - 6*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + a*n**2 - 6*a*n + 8*a), x)*b**2*n**4 - 50*x**(2*n)*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n**2 - 6*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + a*n**2 - 6*a*n + 8*a), x)*b**2*n**3 + 280*x**(2*n)*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n**2 - 6*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + a*n**2 - 6*a*n + 8*a), x)*b**2*n**2 - 640*x**(2*n)*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n**2 - 6*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + a*n**2 - 6*a*n + 8*a), x)*b**2*n + 512*x**(2*n)*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*x**3)/(x**n*b*n**2 - 6*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + a*n**2 - 6*a*n + 8*a), x)*b**2)/(8*x**(2*n)*a**2*(n**2 - 6*n + 8))`

### 3.600 $\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3835
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3835
Rubi [A] (verified)	3836
Maple [F]	3837
Fricas [F(-2)]	3837
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3838
Maxima [F]	3838
Giac [F]	3838
Mupad [F(-1)]	3839
Reduce [F]	3839

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m+2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} \left(5 + \frac{2(1+m)}{n}\right), \frac{1+m+3n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m+2n)}$$

output `x^(1+m+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, 5/2+(1+m)/n],[(1+m+3*n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m+2*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m+2n} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m+2n}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m+2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(1+m+2n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(m + 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`



output  $(x^{(1+m+2n)}\sqrt{1+(bx^n)/a}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1+m+2n)/n, 1+(1+m+2n)/n, -(bx^n)/a])/((1+m+2n)\sqrt{a+bx^n})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^{m+2n+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+2n+1}{n}, \frac{m+3n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(m+2n+1)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input  $\text{Int}[x^{(m+2n)}/\text{Sqrt}[a+bx^n], x]$

output  $(x^{(1+m+2n)}\sqrt{1+(bx^n)/a}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1+m+2n)/n, (1+m+3n)/n, -(bx^n)/a])/((1+m+2n)\sqrt{a+bx^n})$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(m+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(m+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(m+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{m}{n}-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n}+2+\frac{1}{n}} x^{m+2n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}+2+\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n}+2+\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{m}{n}+3+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}+3+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(m+2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `a**(-m/n - 5/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 2 + 1/n)*x**(m + 2*n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, m/n + 2 + 1/n), (m/n + 3 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 3 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(m + 2*n)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m + 2*n)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(m + 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(x^(m + 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{m+2n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(x^(m+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output

```

(2*(2*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*m*x + x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*n*
x + 2*x**(m + n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*x - 2*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*m*x - 2*
x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*n*x - 2*x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*x + 8*int((x**m*sq
rt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n**2
+ 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n +
4*a),x)*a**2*m**4 + 24*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8*x**
n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**2 +
8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*m**3*n + 32*int((x**m*sq
rt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n**2
+ 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n +
4*a),x)*a**2*m**3 + 22*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8*x**
n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**2 +
8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*m**2*n**2 + 72*int((x**m
*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n
**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*
n + 4*a),x)*a**2*m**2*n + 48*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 +
8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m*
**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*m**2 + 6*int((x**m*
sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(4*x**n*b*m**2 + 8*x**n*b*m*n + 8*x**n*b*m + 3*x**n*b*n*
**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 4*a*m**2 + 8*a*m*n + 8*a*m + 3*a*n**2 + 8*...

```

### 3.601 $\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3841
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3841
Rubi [A] (verified)	3842
Maple [F]	3843
Fricas [F(-2)]	3843
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3843
Maxima [F]	3844
Giac [F]	3844
Mupad [F(-1)]	3845
Reduce [F]	3845

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m+n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1+m+n}{n}, \frac{1+m+2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m+n)}$$

```
output x^(1+m+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, 1/2+(1+m+n)/n],[(1+m+2*n)/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m+n} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(1+m+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(m+n)/Sqrt[a+b*x^n],x]
```

```
output (x^(1+m+n)*Sqrt[1+(b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,(1+m+n)/n,1+(1+m+n)/n,-((b*x^n)/a)]/((1+m+n)*Sqrt[a+b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 889

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{x^{m+n+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, \frac{m+2n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(m+n+1)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Int[x^(m+n)/Sqrt[a+b*x^n],x]`

output `(x^(1+m+n)*Sqrt[1+(b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2,(1+m+n)/n,(1+m+2*n)/n,-((b*x^n)/a)])/((1+m+n)*Sqrt[a+b*x^n])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m+1)/(c*(m+1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m+1)/n, (m+1)/n+1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}} x^{m+n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$



input `integrate(x**(m+n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(-m/n - 3/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*x**(m + n + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, m/n + 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 2 + 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(m + n)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m + n)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int(x^(m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{m+n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a} x - 4 \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{2x^n b m + x^n b n + 2x^n b + 2a m + a n + 2a} dx \right) a m^2 - 2 \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{2x^n b m + x^n b n + 2x^n b + 2a m + a n + 2a} dx \right) a m n - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int(x^(m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))*x - 2*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*m**2 - int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*m*n - 4*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*m - int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a*n - 2*int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(2*x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + 2*a*m + a*n + 2*a),x)*a))/(b*(2*m + n + 2))`

### 3.602 $\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3846
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3846
Rubi [A] (verified)	3847
Maple [F]	3848
Fricas [F(-2)]	3848
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3849
Maxima [F]	3849
Giac [F]	3849
Mupad [F(-1)]	3850
Reduce [F]	3850

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m-n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} \left(-1 + \frac{2(1+m)}{n}\right), \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m-n)}$$

output `x^(1+m-n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, -1/2+(1+m)/n], [(1+m)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m-n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m-n} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m-n}{n}, \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(1+m-n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(m-n)/Sqrt[a+b*x^n],x]`

output

```
(x^(1 + m - n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m - n)/n, (1 + m)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/((1 + m - n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{m-n+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m-n+1}{n}, \frac{m+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(m-n+1)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[x^(m - n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(x^(1 + m - n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m - n)/n, (1 + m)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/((1 + m - n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(m-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(m-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(m-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{m}{n}+\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n}} x^{m-n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n}-1+\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{m}{n}+\frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}+\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(m-n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `a**(-m/n + 1/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n - 1 + 1/n)*x**(m - n + 1)*gamma(m/n - 1 + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, m/n - 1 + 1/n), (m/n + 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(m - n)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - n)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(m - n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^(m - n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{m-n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b + x^n a} dx$$

input `int(x^(m-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a), x)`

### 3.603 $\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3851
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3851
Rubi [A] (verified)	3852
Maple [F]	3853
Fricas [F(-2)]	3853
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3854
Maxima [F]	3854
Giac [F]	3854
Mupad [F(-1)]	3855
Reduce [F]	3855

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m-2n} \sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2} \left(-3 + \frac{2(1+m)}{n}\right), \frac{1+m-n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+m-2n)}$$

```
output x^(1+m-2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1, -3/2+(1+m)/n], [(1+m-n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(1+m-2*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m-2n} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m-2n}{n}, 1 + \frac{1+m-2n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(1+m-2n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

```
input Integrate[x^(m - 2*n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```



output  $(x^{(1+m-2n)} \sqrt{1+(bx^n)/a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1+m-2n)/n, 1+(1+m-2n)/n, -(bx^n)/a]) / ((1+m-2n) \sqrt{a+bx^n})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^{m-2n+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m-2n+1}{n}, \frac{m-n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{(m-2n+1)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input  $\operatorname{Int}[x^{(m-2n)}/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+bx^n], x]$

output  $(x^{(1+m-2n)} \sqrt{1+(bx^n)/a} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, (1+m-2n)/n, (1+m-n)/n, -(bx^n)/a]) / ((1+m-2n) \sqrt{a+bx^n})$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(m-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(m-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(m-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{-\frac{m}{n} + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{m}{n} - 2 + \frac{1}{n}} x^{m-2n+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} - 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} - 2 + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} - 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(m-2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `a**(-m/n + 3/2 - 1/n)*a**(m/n - 2 + 1/n)*x**(m - 2*n + 1)*gamma(m/n - 2 + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, m/n - 2 + 1/n), (m/n - 1 + 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n - 1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 2*n)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(m-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(m - 2*n)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(m - 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output `int(x^(m - 2*n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{m-2n}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b + x^{2n} a} dx$$

input `int(x^(m-2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(3*n)*b + x**(2*n)*a), x)`

**3.604**  $\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx$

Optimal result	3856
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3856
Rubi [C] (verified)	3857
Maple [F]	3858
Fricas [F(-2)]	3858
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3859
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3859
Giac [F]	3860
Mupad [F(-1)]	3860
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3860

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 42, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.40

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{x^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (2a(m+n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n}, \frac{m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + b(2m-n)x^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n}, \frac{m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right))}{2a(m+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[-1/2*(b*n*x^(-1+m+n))/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2) + (m*x^(-1+m))/Sqrt[a+b*x^n],x]`

output

```
(x^m*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(2*a*(m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, m/n, (m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + b*(2*m - n)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (m + n)/n, 2 + m/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a*(m + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.40, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.024$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( \frac{mx^{m-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{bnx^{m+n-1}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{x^m \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n}, \frac{m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{bnx^{m+n} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+n}{n}, \frac{m}{n} + 2, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(m+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[-1/2*(b*n*x^(-1 + m + n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2) + (m*x^(-1 + m))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(x^m*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, m/n, (m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - (b*n*x^(m + n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (m + n)/n, 2 + m/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a*(m + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{mx^{m-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx$$

input `int(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(m-1)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(m-1)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(-1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.60

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}-\frac{1}{2}} mx^m \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1\right)} - \frac{a^{-\frac{m}{n}-\frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{m}{n}+1} bx^{m+n} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2\right)}$$

input `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x**(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)+m*x**(-1+m)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(m/n)*a**(-m/n - 1/2)*m*x**m*gamma(m/n)*hyper((1/2, m/n), (m/n + 1, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1)) - a**(-m/n - 5/2)*a**(m/n + 1)*b*x**(m + n)*gamma(m/n + 1)*hyper((3/2, m/n + 1), (m/n + 2, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/n + 2))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}$$

input `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(-1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^m/sqrt(b*x^n + a)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{bnx^{m+n-1}}{2(bx^n+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{m-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(-1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x^(m+n-1)/(b*x^n+a)^(3/2)+m*x^(m-1)/sqrt(b*x^n+a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \int \frac{mx^{m-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{bnx^{m+n-1}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((m*x^(m-1))/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2) - (b*n*x^(m+n-1))/(2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

output `int((m*x^(m-1))/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2) - (b*n*x^(m+n-1))/(2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b + a}$$

input `int(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(-1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output  $(x^{**m}*\text{sqrt}(x^{**n}*b + a))/(x^{**n}*b + a)$

**3.605**       $\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3862
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3862
Rubi [A] (verified)	3863
Maple [A] (verified)	3865
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3866
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3866
Maxima [F]	3867
Giac [F]	3867
Mupad [F(-1)]	3867
Reduce [F]	3868

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 129

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{5a^2x^{n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{8b^3n} - \frac{5ax^{3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{12b^2n} + \frac{x^{5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3bn} - \frac{5a^3\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{8b^{7/2}n}$$

output

$5/8*a^2*x^{(1/2*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b^3/n-5/12*a*x^{(3/2*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b^2/n+1/3*x^{(5/2*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b^n-5/8*a^3*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2*n)})/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b^{(7/2)}/n$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left( \sqrt{bx^{n/2}}(15a^2 - 10abx^n + 8b^2x^{2n}) - \frac{15a^{5/2}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} \right)}{24b^{7/2}n}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + (7*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output

$(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(n/2)}*(15*a^2 - 10*a*b*x^n + 8*b^2*x^{(2*n)}) - (15*a^{(5/2)}*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(n/2)})/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]))/(24*b^{(7/2)*n})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {880, 252, 252, 252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{\frac{7n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{880} \\
 & \frac{2a^3 \int \frac{x^{3n}}{(bx^n+a)^3 \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^4} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{2a^3 \left( \frac{x^{5n/2}}{6b(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^3} - \frac{5 \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^2 \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^3} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{6b} \right)}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{2a^3 \left( \frac{x^{5n/2}}{6b(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^3} - \frac{5 \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a) \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^2} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2a^3 \left( \frac{x^{5n/2}}{6b(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^3} - \frac{5 \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}} - d \frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)$$

$n$

↓ 219

$$2a^3 \left( \frac{x^{5n/2}}{6b(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^3} - \frac{5 \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)$$

$n$

input `Int[x^(-1 + (7*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(2*a^3*(x^((5*n)/2))/(6*b*(a + b*x^n)^(5/2)*(1 - (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n))^3) - (5*(x^((3*n)/2))/(4*b*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(1 - (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n))^2) - (3*(x^(n/2)/(2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(1 - (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n))) - ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n]]/(2*b^(3/2))))/(4*b))/(6*b))/n`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])] \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 252  $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot x)^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^2)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1} / (2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[c^2 \cdot (m-1) / (2 \cdot b \cdot (p+1))] \cdot \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-2} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[m + 2 \cdot p + 3, 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$

rule 880  $\text{Int}[x^{m_} \cdot (a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^n)^{p_}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[k \cdot (a^{p + \text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]} / n) \cdot \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{k \cdot \text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n - 1]} / (1 - b \cdot x^k)^{p + \text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + 1]}, x], x, x^{(n/k)} / (a + b \cdot x^n)^{1/k}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p + \text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, p, 0]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{e^{\frac{n \ln(x)}{2}} (8 e^{2n \ln(x)} b^2 - 10 a b e^{n \ln(x)} + 15 a^2) \sqrt{a + b e^{n \ln(x)}}}{24 b^3 n} - \frac{5 a^3 \ln\left(\sqrt{b} e^{\frac{n \ln(x)}{2}} + \sqrt{a + b e^{n \ln(x)}}\right)}{8 b^{\frac{7}{2}} n}$	98

input  $\text{int}(x^{-1+7/2 \cdot n} / (a + b \cdot x^n)^{1/2}, x, \text{method} = \_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $1/24 \cdot \exp(1/2 \cdot n \cdot \ln(x)) \cdot (8 \cdot \exp(1/2 \cdot n \cdot \ln(x))^4 \cdot b^2 - 10 \cdot a \cdot \exp(1/2 \cdot n \cdot \ln(x))^2 \cdot b + 15 \cdot a^2) \cdot (a + b \cdot \exp(1/2 \cdot n \cdot \ln(x))^2)^{1/2} / b^3 / n - 5/8 \cdot a^3 / b^{7/2} / n \cdot \ln(b^{1/2} \cdot \exp(1/2 \cdot n \cdot \ln(x)) + (a + b \cdot \exp(1/2 \cdot n \cdot \ln(x))^2)^{1/2})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 15 a^3 \sqrt{b} \log \left( 2 \sqrt{bx^n + a} \sqrt{bx^{\frac{1}{2}n} - 2bx^n - a} \right) + 2 \left( 8 b^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}n} - 10 ab^2 x^{\frac{3}{2}n} + 15 a^2 bx^{\frac{1}{2}n} \right) \sqrt{bx^n + a} \right] 15 a^3}{48 b^4 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/48*(15*a^3*sqrt(b)*log(2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(b)*x^(1/2*n) - 2*b*x^n - a) + 2*(8*b^3*x^(5/2*n) - 10*a*b^2*x^(3/2*n) + 15*a^2*b*x^(1/2*n))*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b^4*n), 1/24*(15*a^3*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(-b)/(b*x^(1/2*n))) + (8*b^3*x^(5/2*n) - 10*a*b^2*x^(3/2*n) + 15*a^2*b*x^(1/2*n))*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b^4*n)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 10.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 148, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{5a^{\frac{5}{2}}x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{8b^3n\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} + \frac{5a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{\frac{3n}{2}}}{24b^2n\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}x^{\frac{5n}{2}}}{12bn\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

$$- \frac{5a^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{7}{2}}n} + \frac{x^{\frac{7n}{2}}}{3\sqrt{an}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`output `5*a**(5/2)*x**(n/2)/(8*b**3*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) + 5*a**(3/2)*x**(3*n/2)/(24*b**2*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) - sqrt(a)*x**(5*n/2)/(12*b*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) - 5*a**3*asinh(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(8*b**(7/2)*n) + x**(7*n/2)/(3*sqrt(a)*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{7}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(7/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{7}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(7/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{7}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^((7*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^((7*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{7n}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x**((7*n)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)`

**3.606**       $\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3869
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3869
Rubi [A] (verified)	3870
Maple [A] (verified)	3872
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3872
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3873
Maxima [F]	3873
Giac [F]	3873
Mupad [F(-1)]	3874
Reduce [F]	3874

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 98

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{3ax^{n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4b^2n} + \frac{x^{3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2bn} + \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}n}$$

output

$$-3/4*a*x^{(1/2*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b^2/n+1/2*x^{(3/2*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b/n+3/4*a^2*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2*n)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)})/b^{(5/2)}/n$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}(-3a^2 - abx^n + 2b^2x^{2n}) + 3a^{5/2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}n\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + (5*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2)*(-3*a^2 - a*b*x^n + 2*b^2*x^(2*n)) + 3*a^(5/2)*Sqrt[1 + (
b*x^n)/a]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a]])/(4*b^(5/2)*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]
)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 139, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {880, 252, 252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{\frac{5n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{880} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^2 \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^3} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a) \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^2} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} \right)}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{252} \\
 & \frac{2a^2 \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$2a^2 \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)$$

$n$

input `Int[x^(-1 + (5*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(2*a^2*(x^((3*n)/2)/(4*b*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(1 - (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n))^2) - (3*(x^(n/2)/(2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(1 - (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)))) - ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n]]/(2*b^(3/2)))/(4*b))/n`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 252 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^2*(m - 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 880 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[p]}, Simp[k*(a^(p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n])/n) Subst[Int[x^(k*Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)/(1 - b*x^k)^(p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n] + 1), x], x, x^(n/k)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && LtQ[-1, p, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{e^{\frac{n \ln(x)}{2}} (-2b e^{n \ln(x)} + 3a) \sqrt{a + b e^{n \ln(x)}}}{4b^2 n} + \frac{3a^2 \ln\left(\sqrt{b} e^{\frac{n \ln(x)}{2}} + \sqrt{a + b e^{n \ln(x)}}\right)}{4b^{\frac{5}{2}} n}$	82

input `int(x^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `-1/4*exp(1/2*n*ln(x))*(-2*b*exp(1/2*n*ln(x))^2+3*a)*(a+b*exp(1/2*n*ln(x))^2)^(1/2)/b^2/n+3/4*a^2/b^(5/2)/n*ln(b^(1/2)*exp(1/2*n*ln(x))+a+b*exp(1/2*n*ln(x))^2)^(1/2)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3a^2\sqrt{b} \log\left(-2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}} - 2bx^n - a\right) + 2\left(2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}n} - 3abx^{\frac{1}{2}n}\right)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{8b^3n}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3a^2\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{-b}}{bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}}\right) - \left(2b^2x^{\frac{3}{2}n} - 3abx^{\frac{1}{2}n}\right)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{4b^3n} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/8*(3*a^2*sqrt(b)*log(-2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(b)*x^(1/2*n) - 2*b*x^n - a) + 2*(2*b^2*x^(3/2*n) - 3*a*b*x^(1/2*n))*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b^3*n), -1/4*(3*a^2*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(-b)/(b*x^(1/2*n))) - (2*b^2*x^(3/2*n) - 3*a*b*x^(1/2*n))*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b^3*n)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{3a^{\frac{3}{2}}x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{4b^2n\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} - \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{\frac{3n}{2}}}{4bn\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} + \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx}^{\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{\frac{5}{2}}n} + \frac{x^{\frac{5n}{2}}}{2\sqrt{an}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`output `-3*a**(3/2)*x**(n/2)/(4*b**2*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) - sqrt(a)*x**(3*n/2)/(4*b*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) + 3*a**2*asinh(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(4*b**(5/2)*n) + x**(5*n/2)/(2*sqrt(a)*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate(x^(5/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(x^(5/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{5n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^((5*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^((5*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x**((5*n)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x + a*x), x)`

$$3.607 \quad \int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

Optimal result	3875
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3875
Rubi [A] (verified)	3876
Maple [A] (verified)	3877
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3878
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3878
Maxima [F]	3879
Giac [F]	3879
Mupad [F(-1)]	3879
Reduce [F]	3880

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bn} - \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{b^{3/2}n}$$

output

$$x^{(1/2*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}/b/n-a*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2*n)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)})/b^{(3/2)}/n$$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}(a+bx^n) - a^{3/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{3/2}n\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[x^{(-1+(3*n)/2)}/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x^n],x]$$

output

$$(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(n/2)}*(a+b*x^n) - a^{(3/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1+(b*x^n)/a]*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(n/2)})/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]])/(b^{(3/2)}*n*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a+b*x^n])$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {880, 252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{880} \\
 \frac{2a \int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a)\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^2} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{252} \\
 \frac{2a \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{2b} \right)}{n} \\
 \downarrow \text{219} \\
 \frac{2a \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} \right)}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + (3*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(2*a*(x^(n/2)/(2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(1 - (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n))) - ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n]]/(2*b^(3/2))))/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 252 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^2*((m - 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 880 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^n)^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[p]}, Simp[k*(a^(p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n])/n) Subst[Int[x^(k*Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)/(1 - b*x^k)^(p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n] + 1), x], x, x^(n/k)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && LtQ[-1, p, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{e^{\frac{n \ln(x)}{2}} \sqrt{a + b e^{n \ln(x)}}}{bn} - \frac{a \ln\left(\sqrt{b} e^{\frac{n \ln(x)}{2}} + \sqrt{a + b e^{n \ln(x)}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}} n}$	64

input `int(x^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/b/n*exp(1/2*n*ln(x))*(a+b*exp(1/2*n*ln(x))^2)^(1/2)-a/b^(3/2)/n*ln(b^(1/2)*exp(1/2*n*ln(x)))+(a+b*exp(1/2*n*ln(x))^2)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+abx^{\frac{1}{2}n}} + a\sqrt{b} \log\left(2\sqrt{bx^n+abx^{\frac{1}{2}n}} - 2bx^n - a\right)}{2b^2n}, \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+abx^{\frac{1}{2}n}} + a\sqrt{-b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+abx^{\frac{1}{2}n}}}{bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}}\right)}{b^2n} \right]$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b*x^(1/2*n) + a*sqrt(b)*log(2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(b)*x^(1/2*n) - 2*b*x^n - a))/(b^2*n), (sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b*x^(1/2*n) + a*sqrt(-b)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(-b)/(b*x^(1/2*n))))/(b^2*n)]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}x^{\frac{n}{2}}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}{bn} - \frac{a \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`output `sqrt(a)*x**(n/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(b*n) - a*asinh(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(b**(3/2)*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(3/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(3/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^((3*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^((3*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x**((3*n)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x)`

### 3.608 $\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3881
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3881
Rubi [A] (verified)	3882
Maple [F]	3883
Fricas [F(-2)]	3883
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3883
Maxima [F]	3884
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	3884
Mupad [F(-1)]	3885
Reduce [F]	3885

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 35

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{\sqrt{bn}}$$

output

```
2*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/n
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{bn}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(2*Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[b]*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {868, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow 868 \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^{n/2}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 224 \\
 \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{1-bx^n} d \frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{\sqrt{bn}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(2*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n]])/(Sqrt[b]*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1)  
Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[  
{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte  
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{bn}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`



output `2*asinh(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b)*n)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(1/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 89 vs.  $2(27) = 54$ .

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{a \log\left(\sqrt{-2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{b}|x|^{\frac{1}{2}n}} \cos\left(-\frac{1}{4}\pi n \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{1}{4}\pi n - \pi\left[-\frac{1}{4}n \operatorname{sgn}(x) + \frac{1}{4}n + \frac{1}{2}\right]\right) + bx^n + b|x|^n + a\right)}{\sqrt{b}} - \sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{x^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-(a*log(sqrt(-2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(b)*abs(x)^(1/2*n)*cos(-1/4*pi*n*sgn(x) + 1/4*pi*n - pi*floor(-1/4*n*sgn(x) + 1/4*n + 1/2))) + b*x^n + b*abs(x)^n + a))/sqrt(b) - sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(x^n)/n`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b x + a x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int((x**(n/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x + a*x), x)`

**3.609**       $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3886
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3886
Rubi [A] (verified)	3887
Maple [F]	3887
Fricas [F(-2)]	3888
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3888
Maxima [F]	3888
Giac [F]	3889
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3889
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3889

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{an}$$

output `-2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^(1/2*n))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{an}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(a*n*x^(n/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 796

$$-\frac{2x^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{an}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(a*n*x^(n/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{an}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `-2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(a*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(-1/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-1/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{anx^{n/2}}$$

input `int(1/(x^(n/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(a*n*x^(n/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^n b+a}}{x^{\frac{n}{2}} an}$$

input `int(x^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(n/2)*a*n)`

**3.610**       $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3890
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3890
Rubi [A] (verified)	3891
Maple [F]	3892
Fricas [F(-2)]	3892
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	3892
Maxima [F]	3893
Giac [F]	3893
Mupad [F(-1)]	3893
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3894

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3an} + \frac{4bx^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a^2n}$$

output `-2/3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^(3/2*n))+4/3*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/n/(x^(1/2*n))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x^{-3n/2}(a-2bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a^2n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - (3*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-2*(a - 2*b*x^n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(3*a^2*n*x^((3*n)/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 803

$$-\frac{2b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3an}$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{4bx^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a^2n} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3an}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - (3*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(3*a*n*x^((3*n)/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(3*a^2*n*x^(n/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{b}x^{-n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{3an} + \frac{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{3a^2n}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `-2*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(3*a*n*x**n) + 4*b**(3/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(3*a**2*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(-3/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-3/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3n}{2}+1}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^((3*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^((3*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a}(2x^n b - a)}{3x^{\frac{3n}{2}} a^{2n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(2*x**n*b - a))/(3*x**((3*n)/2)*a**2*n)`

**3.611**  $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3895
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3895
Rubi [A] (verified)	3896
Maple [F]	3897
Fricas [F(-2)]	3897
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3898
Maxima [F]	3899
Giac [F]	3899
Mupad [F(-1)]	3899
Reduce [F]	3900

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5an} + \frac{8bx^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{15a^2n} - \frac{16b^2x^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{15a^3n}$$

output

$$-2/5*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^(5/2*n))+8/15*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/n/(x^(3/2*n))-16/15*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^3/n/(x^(1/2*n))$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(3a^2-4abx^n+8b^2x^{2n})}{15a^3n}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1 - (5*n)/2)}/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n], x]$$

output

$$(-2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(3*a^2 - 4*a*b*x^n + 8*b^2*x^(2*n)))/(15*a^3*n*x^((5*n)/2))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 803 \\
 & -\frac{4b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2x^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 803 \\
 & -\frac{4b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3an} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2x^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5an} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 796 \\
 & -\frac{4b \left( \frac{4bx^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a^2n} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3an} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2x^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5an}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - (5*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(5*a*n*x^((5*n)/2)) - (4*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(3*a*n*x^((3*n)/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(3*a^2*n*x^(n/2))))/(5*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 354 vs.  $2(76) = 152$ .

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 354, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.98

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{6a^4b^{\frac{9}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}} - \frac{4a^3b^{\frac{11}{2}}x^n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}} - \frac{6a^2b^{\frac{13}{2}}x^{2n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}} - \frac{24ab^{\frac{15}{2}}x^{3n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}} - \frac{16b^{\frac{17}{2}}x^{4n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `-6*a**4*b**(9/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n)) - 4*a**3*b**(11/2)*x**n*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n)) - 6*a**2*b**(13/2)*x**(2*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n)) - 24*a*b**(15/2)*x**(3*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n)) - 16*b**(17/2)*x**(4*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{5}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(-5/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{5}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(-5/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{5n}{2}+1}\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^((5*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/(x^((5*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{\frac{7n}{2}} b x + x^{\frac{5n}{2}} a x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**((7*n)/2)*b*x + x**((5*n)/2)*a*x),x)`

**3.612**  $\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	3901
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3901
Rubi [A] (verified)	3902
Maple [F]	3903
Fricas [F(-2)]	3904
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3904
Maxima [F]	3905
Giac [F]	3905
Mupad [F(-1)]	3906
Reduce [F]	3906

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{7an} + \frac{12bx^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{35a^2n} - \frac{16b^2x^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{35a^3n} + \frac{32b^3x^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{35a^4n}$$

output `-2/7*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/n/(x^(7/2*n))+12/35*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/n/(x^(5/2*n))-16/35*b^2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^3/n/(x^(3/2*n))+32/35*b^3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^4/n/(x^(1/2*n))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.53

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(5a^3 - 6a^2bx^n + 8ab^2x^{2n} - 16b^3x^{3n})}{35a^4n}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - (7*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{a + bx^n} * (5a^3 - 6a^2bx^n + 8ab^2x^{2n}) - 16b^3x^{3n})}{(35a^4n * x^{(7n)/2})}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.190$ , Rules used = {803, 803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 803 \\ & -\frac{6b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{7a} - \frac{2x^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{7an} \\ & \quad \downarrow 803 \\ & -\frac{6b \left( -\frac{4b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{5a} - \frac{2x^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5an} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2x^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{7an} \\ & \quad \downarrow 803 \\ & -\frac{6b \left( -\frac{4b \left( -\frac{2b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{3a} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3an} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2x^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5an} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2x^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{7an} \\ & \quad \downarrow 796 \\ & -\frac{6b \left( -\frac{4b \left( \frac{4bx^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a^2n} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3an} \right)}{5a} - \frac{2x^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5an} \right)}{7a} - \frac{2x^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{7an} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - (7*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(7*a*n*x^((7*n)/2)) - (6*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(5*a*n*x^((5*n)/2)) - (4*b*((-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(3*a*n*x^((3*n)/2)) + (4*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(3*a^2*n*x^(n/2)))))/(5*a))/(7*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_)^(m_.))*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && ! LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 605 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 1.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 605, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{10a^6b^{\frac{19}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}} - \frac{18a^5b^{\frac{21}{2}}x^n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}} - \frac{10a^4b^{\frac{23}{2}}x^{2n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}} + \frac{10a^3b^{\frac{25}{2}}x^{3n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}} + \frac{60a^2b^{\frac{27}{2}}x^{4n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}} + \frac{80ab^{\frac{29}{2}}x^{5n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}} + \frac{32b^{\frac{31}{2}}x^{6n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
-10*a**6*b**(19/2)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) - 18*a**5*b**(21/2)*x**n*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) - 10*a**4*b**(23/2)*x**(2*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) + 10*a**3*b**(25/2)*x**(3*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) + 60*a**2*b**(27/2)*x**(4*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) + 80*a*b**(29/2)*x**(5*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) + 32*b**(31/2)*x**(6*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{7}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^(-7/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{-\frac{7}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^(-7/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{7n}{2}+1} \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/(x^((7*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`output `int(1/(x^((7*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{\frac{9n}{2}} b x + x^{\frac{7n}{2}} a x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**((9*n)/2)*b*x + x**((7*n)/2)*a*x), x)`

### 3.613 $\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx$

Optimal result	3907
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3907
Rubi [A] (verified)	3908
Maple [F]	3910
Fricas [F(-2)]	3910
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3910
Maxima [F]	3911
Giac [F]	3911
Mupad [F(-1)]	3911
Reduce [F]	3912

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 136

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx = \frac{5a^2 x^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^{2(1+m)}}}{16(1+m)} + \frac{5ax^{1+m} (a + bx^{2(1+m)})^{3/2}}{24(1+m)} + \frac{x^{1+m} (a + bx^{2(1+m)})^{5/2}}{6(1+m)} + \frac{5a^3 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{1+m}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2(1+m)}}}\right)}{16\sqrt{b}(1+m)}$$

output

```
5*a^2*x^(1+m)*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2)/(16+16*m)+5*a*x^(1+m)*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2)/(24+24*m)+x^(1+m)*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2)/(6+6*m)+5/16*a^3*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1+m)/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(1+m)
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.65

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx = \frac{a^2 x^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2+2m}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{2+2m}, -\frac{bx^{2+2m}}{a}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^{2+2m}}{a}}}$$



input `Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(5/2),x]`

output `(a^2*x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)]*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/2, (1 + m)/(2 + 2*m), 1 + (1 + m)/(2 + 2*m), -(b*x^(2 + 2*m))/a])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(2 + 2*m))/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {868, 211, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^m (a + bx^{2m+2})^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 868 \\
 & \frac{\int (bx^{2m+2} + a)^{5/2} dx^{m+1}}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5}{6}a \int (bx^{2m+2} + a)^{3/2} dx^{m+1} + \frac{1}{6}x^{m+1}(a + bx^{2m+2})^{5/2}}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a} dx^{m+1} + \frac{1}{4}x^{m+1}(a + bx^{2m+2})^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^{m+1}(a + bx^{2m+2})^{5/2}}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 211 \\
 & \frac{\frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a}} dx^{m+1} + \frac{1}{2}x^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{m+1}(a + bx^{2m+2})^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^{m+1}(a + bx^{2m+2})^{5/2}}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 224
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1-bx^{2m+2}} dx \frac{x^{m+1}}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2}+a}} + \frac{1}{2}x^{m+1}\sqrt{a+bx^{2m+2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{m+1}(a+bx^{2m+2})^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^{m+1}(a+bx^{2m+2})^{5/2}}{m+1}$$

↓ 219

$$\frac{\frac{5}{6}a \left( \frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{m+1}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2m+2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x^{m+1}\sqrt{a+bx^{2m+2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{m+1}(a+bx^{2m+2})^{3/2} \right) + \frac{1}{6}x^{m+1}(a+bx^{2m+2})^{5/2}}{m+1}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(5/2),x]`

output `((x^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(5/2))/6 + (5*a*((x^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)]))/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(1 + m))/Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)]])/(2*Sqrt[b])))/4)/6)/(1 + m)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + b x^{2+2m})^{\frac{5}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^m (a + b x^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 53.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int x^m (a + b x^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a} a^{-\frac{m}{2m+2} + \frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{2m+2}} x^{m+1} {}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{b x^{2m+2} e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{2m \Gamma \left( \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \right) + 2 \Gamma \left( \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**(5/2),x)`

output

```
sqrt(pi)*sqrt(a)*a**(-m/(2*m + 2) + 5/2 - 1/(2*m + 2))*x**(m + 1)*hyper((-
5/2, 1/2), (m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)), b*x**(2*m + 2)*exp_polar(I*pi
)/a)/(2*m*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)) + 2*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 +
1/(2*m + 2)))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^{2m+2} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^m dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(5/2)*x^m, x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx = \int (bx^{2m+2} + a)^{\frac{5}{2}} x^m dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(5/2)*x^m, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx = \int x^m (a + bx^{2m+2})^{5/2} dx$$

input

```
int(x^m*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(5/2),x)
```

output

```
int(x^m*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(5/2), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2} dx = \frac{8x^{5m} \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} b^2 x^5 + 26x^{3m} \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} a b x^3 + 33x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} a^2 x + 15 \left( \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a}} dx \right)}{48m + 48}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x)`

output `(8*x**(5*m)*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a)*b**2*x**5 + 26*x**(3*m)*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a)*a*b*x**3 + 33*x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a)*a**2*x + 15*int((x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a))/(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a),x)*a**3*m + 15*int((x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a))/(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a),x)*a**3)/(48*(m + 1))`

### 3.614 $\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	3913
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3913
Rubi [A] (verified)	3914
Maple [F]	3916
Fricas [F(-2)]	3916
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3916
Maxima [F]	3917
Giac [F]	3917
Mupad [F(-1)]	3917
Reduce [F]	3918

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx = \frac{3ax^{1+m}\sqrt{a + bx^{2(1+m)}}}{8(1+m)} + \frac{x^{1+m}(a + bx^{2(1+m)})^{3/2}}{4(1+m)} + \frac{3a^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{1+m}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2(1+m)}}}\right)}{8\sqrt{b}(1+m)}$$

output

$3*a*x^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^{(2+2*m)})^{(1/2)}/(8+8*m)+x^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^{(2+2*m)})^{(3/2)}/(4+4*m)+3/8*a^2*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1+m)}/(a+b*x^{(2+2*m)})^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)/(1+m)}$

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx = \frac{ax^{1+m}\sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2+2m}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{2+2m}, -\frac{bx^{2+2m}}{a}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^{2+2m}}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(3/2),x]`

output `(a*x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)]*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/2, (1 + m)/(2 + 2*m), 1 + (1 + m)/(2 + 2*m), -(b*x^(2 + 2*m))/a])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(2 + 2*m))/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {868, 211, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^m (a + bx^{2m+2})^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\
 & \frac{\int (bx^{2m+2} + a)^{3/2} dx^{m+1}}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{4}a \int \sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a} dx^{m+1} + \frac{1}{4}x^{m+1}(a + bx^{2m+2})^{3/2}}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{211} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a}} dx^{m+1} + \frac{1}{2}x^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{m+1}(a + bx^{2m+2})^{3/2}}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\
 & \frac{\frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1-bx^{2m+2}} d\frac{x^{m+1}}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{m+1}(a + bx^{2m+2})^{3/2}}{m+1} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3}{4}a \left( \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{m+1}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2m+2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x^{m+1}\sqrt{a+bx^{2m+2}} \right) + \frac{1}{4}x^{m+1}(a+bx^{2m+2})^{3/2}}{m+1}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(3/2),x]`

output `((x^(1 + m)*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(3/2))/4 + (3*a*((x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)]))/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(1 + m))/Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)]])/(2*Sqrt[b]))/4)/(1 + m)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + b x^{2+2m})^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^m (a + b x^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int x^m (a + b x^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a} a^{-\frac{m}{2m+2} + \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2m+2}} x^{m+1} {}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{b x^{2m+2} e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{2m \Gamma \left( \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \right) + 2 \Gamma \left( \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**(3/2),x)`

output `sqrt(pi)*sqrt(a)*a**(-m/(2*m + 2) + 3/2 - 1/(2*m + 2))*x**(m + 1)*hyper((-3/2, 1/2), (m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)), b*x**(2*m + 2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*m*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)) + 2*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^{2m+2} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(3/2)*x^m, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^{2m+2} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(3/2)*x^m, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx = \int x^m (a + bx^{2m+2})^{3/2} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2} dx = \frac{2x^{3m} \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} b x^3 + 5x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} a x + 3 \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a}}{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} dx \right) a^2 m + 3 \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a}}{x^{2m}} dx \right)}{8m + 8}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*x**(3*m)*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a)*b*x**3 + 5*x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a)*a*x + 3*int((x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a))/(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a),x)*a**2*m + 3*int((x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a))/(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a),x)*a**2)/(8*(m + 1))`

### 3.615 $\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx$

Optimal result	3919
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3919
Rubi [A] (verified)	3920
Maple [F]	3921
Fricas [F(-2)]	3921
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3922
Maxima [F]	3922
Giac [F]	3923
Mupad [F(-1)]	3923
Reduce [F]	3923

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^{2(1+m)}}}{2(1+m)} + \frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{1+m}}}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2(1+m)}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}(1+m)}$$

output

$x^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^{(2+2*m)})^{(1/2)}/(2+2*m)+1/2*a*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1+m)}/(a+b*x^{(2+2*m)})^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)}/(1+m)$

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2+2m}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{2+2m}, -\frac{bx^{2+2m}}{a}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^{2+2m}}{a}}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)],x]`

output

```
(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, (1 + m)/(2 + 2*
m), 1 + (1 + m)/(2 + 2*m), -((b*x^(2 + 2*m))/a)]/((1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(
2 + 2*m))/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {868, 211, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}} dx \\
 \downarrow 868 \\
 \frac{\int \sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a} dx^{m+1}}{m+1} \\
 \downarrow 211 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a}} dx^{m+1} + \frac{1}{2}x^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}}}{m+1} \\
 \downarrow 224 \\
 \frac{\frac{1}{2}a \int \frac{1}{1-bx^{2m+2}} d\frac{x^{m+1}}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a}} + \frac{1}{2}x^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}}}{m+1} \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 \frac{\frac{a \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{b}x^{m+1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2m+2}}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{1}{2}x^{m+1}\sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}}}{m+1}
 \end{array}$$

input

```
Int[x^m*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)], x]
```

output

```
((x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)])/2 + (a*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(1 + m))/Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)]])/(2*Sqrt[b]))/(1 + m)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 211 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^2)^p/(2*p + 1)), x] + Simp[2*a*(p/(2*p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegerQ[4*p] || IntegerQ[6*p])`

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + b x^{2+2m}} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + b x^{2+2m}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a} a^{-\frac{m}{2m+2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2m+2}} x^{m+1} {}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^{2m+2} e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{2m\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2}\right) + 2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(pi)*sqrt(a)*a**(-m/(2*m + 2) + 1/2 - 1/(2*m + 2))*x**(m + 1)*hyper((-1/2, 1/2), (m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)), b*x**(2*m + 2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*m*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)) + 2*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + ax^m} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)*x^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + ax^m} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)*x^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx = \int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int x^m \sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}} dx \\ &= \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} x + \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a}}{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} dx \right) am + \left( \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a}}{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} dx \right) a}{2m + 2} \end{aligned}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x)`

output `(x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a)*x + int((x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a))/(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a),x)*a*m + int((x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a))/(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a),x)*a)/(2*(m + 1))`



### 3.616 $\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2+2m}}} dx$

Optimal result	3924
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3924
Rubi [A] (verified)	3925
Maple [F]	3926
Fricas [F(-2)]	3926
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3926
Maxima [F]	3927
Giac [F]	3927
Mupad [F(-1)]	3928
Reduce [F]	3928

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2+2m}}} dx = \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{1+m}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2(1+m)}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(1+m)}$$

output `arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1+m)/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2))/b^(1/2)/(1+m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2+2m}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^{2+2m}}{a}}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{1+m}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{2+2m}}}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(2 + 2*m))/a]*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(1 + m))/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[b]*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {868, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\ & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a}} dx^{m+1} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{224} \\ & \int \frac{1}{1 - bx^{2m+2}} d \frac{x^{m+1}}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\ & \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{m+1}}}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}}}\right)}{\sqrt{b}(m+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)],x]`

output `ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(1 + m))/Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)]]/(Sqrt[b]*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 868

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1)
  Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[
  {a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.82

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a} a^{-\frac{m}{2m+2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2m+2}} x^{m+1} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^{2m+2} e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2m\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2}\right) + 2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(pi)*sqrt(a)*a**(-m/(2*m + 2) - 1/2 - 1/(2*m + 2))*x**(m + 1)*hyper((1/2, 1/2), (m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)), b*x**(2*m + 2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*m*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)) + 2*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/sqrt(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^{2m+2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/sqrt(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(1/2), x)`output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2+2m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a}}{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2), x)`output `int((x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a))/(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a), x)`

$$3.617 \quad \int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	3929
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3929
Rubi [A] (verified)	3930
Maple [F]	3930
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3931
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3931
Maxima [F]	3932
Giac [F]	3932
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3932
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3933

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 29

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{a(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{2(1+m)}}}$$

output `x^(1+m)/a/(1+m)/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{a(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{2+2m}}}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(3/2), x]`

output `x^(1 + m)/(a*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 + 2*m)])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.053$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2m+2})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{x^{m+1}}{a(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^{2(m+1)}}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(3/2),x]`

output `x^(1 + m)/(a*(1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2*(1 + m))]`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{bx^2x^{2m} + axx^m}}{(abm + ab)x^2x^{2m} + a^2m + a^2}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `sqrt(b*x^2*x^(2*m) + a)*x*x^m/((a*b*m + a*b)*x^2*x^(2*m) + a^2*m + a^2)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a}a^{-\frac{m}{2m+2}-\frac{3}{2}-\frac{1}{2m+2}}x^{m+1}{}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{bx^{2m+2}e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2m\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2}\right) + 2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**(3/2),x)`

output `sqrt(pi)*sqrt(a)*a**(-m/(2*m + 2) - 3/2 - 1/(2*m + 2))*x**(m + 1)*hyper((3/2, 1/2), (m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2),), b*x**(2*m + 2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*m*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)) + 2*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^{m+1}}{a \sqrt{a + bx^{2m+2}} (m + 1)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(3/2),x)`

output `x^(m + 1)/(a*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(1/2)*(m + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.69

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} x}{a (x^{2m} b m x^2 + x^{2m} b x^2 + a m + a)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2),x)`

output `(x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a)*x)/(a*(x**(2*m)*b*m*x**2 + x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a*m + a))`

**3.618**       $\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3934
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3934
Rubi [A] (verified)	3935
Maple [F]	3936
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3936
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3936
Maxima [F]	3937
Giac [F]	3937
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3937
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3938

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 65

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{3a(1+m)(a + bx^{2(1+m)})^{3/2}} + \frac{2x^{1+m}}{3a^2(1+m)\sqrt{a + bx^{2(1+m)}}}$$

output

$1/3*x^{(1+m)}/a/(1+m)/(a+b*x^{(2+2*m)})^{(3/2)}+2/3*x^{(1+m)}/a^2/(1+m)/(a+b*x^{(2+2*m)})^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m}(3a + 2bx^{2+2m})}{3a^2(1+m)(a + bx^{2+2m})^{3/2}}$$

input

`Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(5/2), x]`

output

$(x^{(1+m)}*(3*a + 2*b*x^{(2+2*m)}))/(3*a^2*(1+m)*(a + b*x^{(2+2*m)})^{(3/2)})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2m+2})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 803

$$\frac{2b \int \frac{x^{3m+2}}{(bx^{2(m+1)}+a)^{5/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{a(m+1)(a+bx^{2(m+1)})^{3/2}}$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{2bx^{3(m+1)}}{3a^2(m+1)(a+bx^{2(m+1)})^{3/2}} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{a(m+1)(a+bx^{2(m+1)})^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(5/2),x]`

output `x^(1 + m)/(a*(1 + m)*(a + b*x^(2*(1 + m)))^(3/2)) + (2*b*x^(3*(1 + m)))/(3*a^2*(1 + m)*(a + b*x^(2*(1 + m)))^(3/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{(2bx^3x^{3m} + 3axx^m)\sqrt{bx^2x^{2m} + a}}{3((a^2b^2m + a^2b^2)x^4x^{4m} + a^4m + a^4 + 2(a^3bm + a^3b)x^2x^{2m})}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/3*(2*b*x^3*x^(3*m) + 3*a*x*x^m)*sqrt(b*x^2*x^(2*m) + a)/((a^2*b^2*m + a^2*b^2)*x^4*x^(4*m) + a^4*m + a^4 + 2*(a^3*b*m + a^3*b)*x^2*x^(2*m))`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}\sqrt{a}a^{-\frac{m}{2m+2}-\frac{5}{2}-\frac{1}{2m+2}}x^{m+1}{}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \mid \frac{bx^{2m+2}e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2m\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2}\right) + 2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**(5/2),x)`

output

```
sqrt(pi)*sqrt(a)*a**(-m/(2*m + 2) - 5/2 - 1/(2*m + 2))*x**(m + 1)*hyper((5
/2, 1/2), (m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2),), b*x**(2*m + 2)*exp_polar(I*pi)
/a)/(2*m*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)) + 2*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 +
1/(2*m + 2)))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(5/2), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^{5/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(5/2), x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.60

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^{m+1} \left( a + \frac{2bx^{2m+2}}{3} \right)}{a^2 (a + bx^{2m+2})^{3/2} (m + 1)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(5/2),x)`

output `(x^(m + 1)*(a + (2*b*x^(2*m + 2))/3))/(a^2*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(3/2)*(m + 1))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} x (2x^{2m} b x^2 + 3a)}{3a^2 (x^{4m} b^2 m x^4 + x^{4m} b^2 x^4 + 2x^{2m} a b m x^2 + 2x^{2m} a b x^2 + a^2 m + a^2)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2),x)`

output `(x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a)*x*(2*x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + 3*a))/(3*a**2*(x**(4*m)*b**2*m*x**4 + x**(4*m)*b**2*x**4 + 2*x**(2*m)*a*b*m*x**2 + 2*x**(2*m)*a*b*x**2 + a**2*m + a**2))`

**3.619**  $\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3939
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3939
Rubi [A] (verified)	3940
Maple [F]	3941
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3941
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3942
Maxima [F]	3942
Giac [F]	3943
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3943
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3943

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m}}{5a(1+m)(a+bx^{2(1+m)})^{5/2}} + \frac{4x^{1+m}}{15a^2(1+m)(a+bx^{2(1+m)})^{3/2}} + \frac{8x^{1+m}}{15a^3(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{2(1+m)}}}$$

output

```
1/5*x^(1+m)/a/(1+m)/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(5/2)+4/15*x^(1+m)/a^2/(1+m)/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(3/2)+8/15*x^(1+m)/a^3/(1+m)/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a+bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m}(15a^2+20abx^{2+2m}+8b^2x^{4+4m})}{15a^3(1+m)(a+bx^{2+2m})^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(7/2),x]
```



```
output (x^(1 + m)*(15*a^2 + 20*a*b*x^(2 + 2*m) + 8*b^2*x^(4 + 4*m)))/(15*a^3*(1 + m)*(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(5/2))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {803, 803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2m+2})^{7/2}} dx$$

↓ 803

$$\frac{4b \int \frac{x^{3m+2}}{(bx^{2(m+1)}+a)^{7/2}} dx}{a} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{a(m+1)(a + bx^{2(m+1)})^{5/2}}$$

↓ 803

$$\frac{4b \left( \frac{2b \int \frac{x^{5m+4}}{(bx^{2(m+1)}+a)^{7/2}} dx}{3a} + \frac{x^{3(m+1)}}{3a(m+1)(a+bx^{2(m+1)})^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{a(m+1)(a + bx^{2(m+1)})^{5/2}}$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{4b \left( \frac{2bx^{5(m+1)}}{15a^2(m+1)(a+bx^{2(m+1)})^{5/2}} + \frac{x^{3(m+1)}}{3a(m+1)(a+bx^{2(m+1)})^{5/2}} \right)}{a} + \frac{x^{m+1}}{a(m+1)(a + bx^{2(m+1)})^{5/2}}$$

```
input Int[x^m/(a + b*x^(2 + 2*m))^(7/2), x]
```

```
output x^(1 + m)/(a*(1 + m)*(a + b*x^(2*(1 + m)))^(5/2)) + (4*b*(x^(3*(1 + m)))/(3*a*(1 + m)*(a + b*x^(2*(1 + m)))^(5/2)) + (2*b*x^(5*(1 + m)))/(15*a^2*(1 + m)*(a + b*x^(2*(1 + m)))^(5/2)))/a
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && ! LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(7/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(7/2),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx = \frac{(8b^2x^5x^{5m} + 20abx^3x^{3m} + 15a^2xx^m)\sqrt{bx^2x^{2m} + a}}{15((a^3b^3m + a^3b^3)x^6x^{6m} + a^6m + a^6 + 3(a^4b^2m + a^4b^2)x^4x^{4m} + 3(a^5bm + a^5b))}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(7/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/15*(8*b^2*x^5*x^(5*m) + 20*a*b*x^3*x^(3*m) + 15*a^2*x*x^m)*sqrt(b*x^2*x^(2*m) + a)/((a^3*b^3*m + a^3*b^3)*x^6*x^(6*m) + a^6*m + a^6 + 3*(a^4*b^2*m + a^4*b^2)*x^4*x^(4*m) + 3*(a^5*b*m + a^5*b)*x^2*x^(2*m))`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 57.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi} \sqrt{a} a^{-\frac{m}{2m+2} - \frac{7}{2} - \frac{1}{2m+2}} x^{m+1} {}_2F_1 \left( \begin{matrix} \frac{7}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^{2m+2} e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{2m\Gamma \left( \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \right) + 2\Gamma \left( \frac{m}{2m+2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2m+2} \right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(2+2*m))**(7/2), x)`

output `sqrt(pi)*sqrt(a)*a**(-m/(2*m + 2) - 7/2 - 1/(2*m + 2))*x**(m + 1)*hyper((7/2, 1/2), (m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)), b*x**(2*m + 2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*m*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)) + 2*gamma(m/(2*m + 2) + 1 + 1/(2*m + 2)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(7/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{2m+2} + a)^{7/2}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(7/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(2*m + 2) + a)^(7/2), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^{m+1} \left( \frac{8b^2 x^{4m+4}}{15} + a^2 + \frac{4abx^{2m+2}}{3} \right)}{a^3 (a + bx^{2m+2})^{5/2} (m + 1)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(7/2),x)`

output `(x^(m + 1)*((8*b^2*x^(4*m + 4))/15 + a^2 + (4*a*b*x^(2*m + 2))/3))/(a^3*(a + b*x^(2*m + 2))^(5/2)*(m + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{2+2m})^{7/2}} dx = \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^{2m} b x^2 + a} x (8x^{4m} b^2 x^4 + 20x^{2m} a b x^2 + 15a^2)}{15a^3 (x^{6m} b^3 m x^6 + x^{6m} b^3 x^6 + 3x^{4m} a b^2 m x^4 + 3x^{4m} a b^2 x^4 + 3x^{2m} a^2 b m x^2 + 3x^{2m} a^2 b x^2 + 15a^2)}$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2+2*m))^(7/2),x)`

output

```
(x**m*sqrt(x**(2*m)*b*x**2 + a)*x*(8*x**(4*m)*b**2*x**4 + 20*x**(2*m)*a*b*
x**2 + 15*a**2))/(15*a**3*(x**(6*m)*b**3*m*x**6 + x**(6*m)*b**3*x**6 + 3*x
**(4*m)*a*b**2*m*x**4 + 3*x**(4*m)*a*b**2*x**4 + 3*x**(2*m)*a**2*b*m*x**2
+ 3*x**(2*m)*a**2*b*x**2 + a**3*m + a**3)
```

### 3.620 $\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx$

Optimal result	3945
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3945
Rubi [A] (verified)	3946
Maple [A] (verified)	3946
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3947
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3947
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3948
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3948
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3948
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3949

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(1 + x^{1+m})^{3/2}}{3(1 + m)}$$

output `2*(1+x^(1+m))^(3/2)/(3+3*m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(1 + x^{1+m})^{3/2}}{3(1 + m)}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*Sqrt[1 + x^(1 + m)],x]`

output `(2*(1 + x^(1 + m))^(3/2))/(3*(1 + m))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m \sqrt{x^{m+1} + 1} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{2(x^{m+1} + 1)^{3/2}}{3(m + 1)}$$

input `Int[x^m*Sqrt[1 + x^(1 + m)],x]`

output `(2*(1 + x^(1 + m))^(3/2))/(3*(1 + m))`

#### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(1+x x^m)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(1+m)}$	17
meijerg	$-\frac{2(-1)^{-\frac{m}{1+m}-\frac{1}{1+m}} \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{m}{1+m}-\frac{1}{1+m})}{3\Gamma(2-\frac{m}{1+m}-\frac{1}{1+m})} - \frac{(-1)^{-\frac{m}{1+m}-\frac{1}{1+m}} \Gamma(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{m}{1+m}-\frac{1}{1+m}) (2+2x^{1+m}) \sqrt{1+x^{1+m}}}{3\Gamma(2-\frac{m}{1+m}-\frac{1}{1+m})}$	146

input `int(x^m*(1+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(1+x*x^m)^(3/2)/(1+m)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(x^{m+1} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(1+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(x^(m + 1) + 1)^(3/2)/(m + 1)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 48 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2x^{m+1}\sqrt{x^{m+1}+1}}{3m+3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x^{m+1}+1}}{3m+3} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ \sqrt{2} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(1+x**(1+m))**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*x**(m + 1)*sqrt(x**(m + 1) + 1)/(3*m + 3) + 2*sqrt(x**(m + 1) + 1)/(3*m + 3), Ne(m, -1)), (sqrt(2)*log(x), True))`



**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(x^{m+1} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(1+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(x^(m + 1) + 1)^(3/2)/(m + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(x^{m+1} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(1+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*(x^(m + 1) + 1)^(3/2)/(m + 1)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(x^{m+1} + 1)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `int(x^m*(x^(m + 1) + 1)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(x^(m + 1) + 1)^(3/2))/(3*(m + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^m \sqrt{1 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^m x + 1} (x^m x + 1)}{3m + 3}$$

input `int(x^m*(1+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**m*x + 1)*(x**m*x + 1))/(3*(m + 1))`

### 3.621 $\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx$

Optimal result	3950
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3950
Rubi [A] (verified)	3951
Maple [A] (verified)	3951
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3952
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	3952
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3953
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	3953
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3953
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3954

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(a^2 + x^{1+m})^{3/2}}{3(1+m)}$$

output `2*(a^2+x^(1+m))^(3/2)/(3+3*m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(a^2 + x^{1+m})^{3/2}}{3(1+m)}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*Sqrt[a^2 + x^(1 + m)],x]`

output `(2*(a^2 + x^(1 + m))^(3/2))/(3*(1 + m))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{m+1}} dx$$

↓ 793

$$\frac{2(a^2 + x^{m+1})^{3/2}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `Int[x^m*Sqrt[a^2 + x^(1 + m)],x]`

output `(2*(a^2 + x^(1 + m))^(3/2))/(3*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2(a^2 + x x^m)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(1+m)}$	19

input `int(x^m*(a^2+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2/3*(a^2+x*x^m)^(3/2)/(1+m)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(a^2 + x^{m+1})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a^2+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `2/3*(a^2 + x^(m + 1))^(3/2)/(m + 1)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 58 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a^2 \sqrt{a^2 + x^{m+1}}}{3m+3} + \frac{2x^{m+1} \sqrt{a^2 + x^{m+1}}}{3m+3} & \text{for } m \neq -1 \\ \sqrt{a^2 + 1} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a**2+x**(1+m))**(1/2),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*a**2*sqrt(a**2 + x**(m + 1)))/(3*m + 3) + 2*x**(m + 1)*sqrt(a**2 + x**(m + 1))/(3*m + 3), Ne(m, -1)), (sqrt(a**2 + 1)*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(a^2 + x^{m+1})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a^2+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `2/3*(a^2 + x^(m + 1))^(3/2)/(m + 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(a^2 + x^{m+1})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a^2+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `2/3*(a^2 + x^(m + 1))^(3/2)/(m + 1)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2(x^{m+1} + a^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3(m+1)}$$

input `int(x^m*(x^(m + 1) + a^2)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*(x^(m + 1) + a^2)^(3/2))/(3*(m + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^m \sqrt{a^2 + x^{1+m}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^m x + a^2} (x^m x + a^2)}{3m + 3}$$

input `int(x^m*(a^2+x^(1+m))^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*sqrt(x**m*x + a**2)*(x**m*x + a**2))/(3*(m + 1))`

### 3.622 $\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	3955
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	3955
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	3956
Maple [F] . . . . .	3957
Fricas [F(-2)] . . . . .	3957
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	3958
Maxima [F] . . . . .	3958
Giac [F] . . . . .	3959
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	3959
Reduce [F] . . . . .	3959

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 80

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^{-2+m}}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1+m}{2-m}, \frac{1-2m}{2-m}, -\frac{bx^{-2+m}}{a} \right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}}$$

```
output x^(1+m)*(1+b*x^(-2+m)/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, -(1+m)/(2-m)], [(1-2*m)/(2-m)], -b*x^(-2+m)/a)/(1+m)/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^{-2+m}}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{-2+m}, 1 + \frac{1+m}{-2+m}, -\frac{bx^{-2+m}}{a} \right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}}$$

```
input Integrate[x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^(-2 + m)], x]
```



output

```
(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(-2 + m))/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/(-2 + m), 1 + (1 + m)/(-2 + m), -((b*x^(-2 + m))/a)])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(-2 + m)])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{m-2}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^{m-2}}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^{m-2}}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^{m-2}}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^{m-2}}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m+1}{2-m}, 1 - \frac{m+1}{2-m}, -\frac{bx^{m-2}}{a}\right)}{(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^{m-2}}}$$

input

```
Int[x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^(-2 + m)],x]
```

output

```
(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(-2 + m))/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -((1 + m)/(2 - m)), 1 - (1 + m)/(2 - m), -((b*x^(-2 + m))/a)])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(-2 + m)])
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + b x^{-2+m}}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + b x^{-2+m}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{-2+m}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{\frac{m}{m-2} + \frac{1}{m-2}} a^{-\frac{m}{m-2} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{m-2}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{m-2} + \frac{1}{m-2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{m-2} + \frac{1}{m-2} \middle| \frac{bx^{m-2} e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{m \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{m-2} + 1 + \frac{1}{m-2}\right) - 2 \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{m-2} + 1 + \frac{1}{m-2}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(-2+m))**(1/2), x)`

output `a**(m/(m - 2) + 1/(m - 2))*a**(-m/(m - 2) - 1/2 - 1/(m - 2))*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/(m - 2) + 1/(m - 2))*hyper((1/2, m/(m - 2) + 1/(m - 2)), (m/(m - 2) + 1 + 1/(m - 2)), b*x**(m - 2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(m*gamma(m/(m - 2) + 1 + 1/(m - 2)) - 2*gamma(m/(m - 2) + 1 + 1/(m - 2)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{-2+m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^{m-2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/sqrt(b*x^(m - 2) + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{-2+m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^{m-2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/sqrt(b*x^(m - 2) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{-2+m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{m-2}}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(m - 2))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(m - 2))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{-2+m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^m b + a x^2} x}{x^m b + a x^2} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x)`

output `int((x**m*sqrt(x**m*b + a*x**2)*x)/(x**m*b + a*x**2),x)`

### 3.623 $\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2-m}}} dx$

Optimal result	3960
Mathematica [A] (verified)	3960
Rubi [A] (verified)	3961
Maple [F]	3962
Fricas [F(-2)]	3962
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3962
Maxima [F]	3963
Giac [F]	3964
Mupad [F(-1)]	3964
Reduce [F]	3964

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2-m}}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^{2-m}}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2-m}, \frac{3}{2-m}, -\frac{bx^{2-m}}{a}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{2-m}}}$$

output `x^(1+m)*(1+b*x^(2-m)/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, (1+m)/(2-m)], [3/(2-m)], -b*x^(2-m)/a)/(1+m)/(a+b*x^(2-m))^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{2-m}}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^{2-m}}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1+m}{2-m}, -\frac{3}{-2+m}, -\frac{bx^{2-m}}{a}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{2-m}}}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 - m)], x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(2 - m))/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/(2 - m), -3/(-2 + m), -((b*x^(2 - m))/a)])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 - m)])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{889}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^{2-m}}{a} + 1} \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^{2-m}}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{888}$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^{2-m}}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m+1}{2-m}, \frac{3}{2-m}, -\frac{bx^{2-m}}{a}\right)}{(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}}$$

input `Int[x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 - m)],x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(2 - m))/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/(2 - m), 3/(2 - m), -((b*x^(2 - m))/a)])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(2 - m)])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1))]*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2-m))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2-m))^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2-m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{a^{-\frac{m}{2-m} - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2-m}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{m-2} - \frac{1}{m-2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m}{m-2} - \frac{1}{m-2} \mid \frac{bx^{2-m} e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{a^{\frac{m}{m-2} + \frac{1}{m-2}} m \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{m-2} + 1 - \frac{1}{m-2}\right) - 2a^{\frac{m}{m-2} + \frac{1}{m-2}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{m}{m-2} + 1 - \frac{1}{m-2}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(2-m))**(1/2),x)`

output `-a**(-m/(2 - m) - 1/2 - 1/(2 - m))*x**(m + 1)*gamma(-m/(m - 2) - 1/(m - 2))*hyper((1/2, -m/(m - 2) - 1/(m - 2)), (-m/(m - 2) + 1 - 1/(m - 2)), b*x**  
*(2 - m)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(m/(m - 2) + 1/(m - 2))*m*gamma(-m/(m - 2) + 1 - 1/(m - 2)) - 2*a**(m/(m - 2) + 1/(m - 2))*gamma(-m/(m - 2) + 1 - 1/(m - 2)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^{-m+2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2-m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/sqrt(b*x^(-m + 2) + a), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^{-m+2} + a}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(2-m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/sqrt(b*x^(-m + 2) + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + b x^{2-m}}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2 - m))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(2 - m))^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{2-m}}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{3m}{2}}}{\sqrt{x^m a + b x^2}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(2-m))^(1/2),x)`

output `int(x**((3*m)/2)/sqrt(x**m*a + b*x**2),x)`

**3.624** 
$$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	3965
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3965
Rubi [C] (verified)	3966
Maple [A] (verified)	3967
Fricas [F(-2)]	3967
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3968
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3968
Giac [F]	3969
Mupad [F(-1)]	3969
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3970

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 45, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx = \frac{2x^3\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}}{b(4+m)}$$

output `2*x^3*(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2)/b/(4+m)`

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.92

$$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^{-2+m}}{a}} \left( 2a(1+m)x^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{-2+m}, \frac{1+m}{-2+m}, -\frac{bx^{-2+m}}{a} \right) + b(4+m)x^m \text{Hypergeom} \right)}{b(1+m)(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}}$$

input `Integrate[(6*a*x^2)/(b*(4+m)*Sqrt[a+b*x^(-2+m)]) + x^m/Sqrt[a+b*x^(-2+m)],x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(-2 + m))/a]*(2*a*(1 + m)*x^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, 3/(-2 + m), (1 + m)/(-2 + m), -((b*x^(-2 + m))/a)] + b*(4 + m)*x^m*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, (1 + m)/(-2 + m), (-1 + 2*m)/(-2 + m), -((b*x^(-2 + m))/a)]))/
(b*(1 + m)*(4 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(-2 + m)])
```

### Rubi [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.15, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.022$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^{m-2}}} + \frac{6ax^2}{b(m+4)\sqrt{a + bx^{m-2}}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{x^{m+1} \sqrt{\frac{bx^{m-2}}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{m+1}{2-m}, \frac{1-2m}{2-m}, -\frac{bx^{m-2}}{a} \right)}{(m+1)\sqrt{a + bx^{m-2}}} +$$

$$\frac{2ax^3 \sqrt{\frac{bx^{m-2}}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2-m}, -\frac{m+1}{2-m}, -\frac{bx^{m-2}}{a} \right)}{b(m+4)\sqrt{a + bx^{m-2}}}$$

input

```
Int[(6*a*x^2)/(b*(4 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(-2 + m)]) + x^m/Sqrt[a + b*x^(-2 + m)], x]
```

output

```
(2*a*x^3*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(-2 + m))/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -3/(2 - m), -((1 + m)/(2 - m)), -((b*x^(-2 + m))/a)]/(b*(4 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(-2 + m)]) + (x^(1 + m)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^(-2 + m))/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, -((1 + m)/(2 - m)), (1 - 2*m)/(2 - m), -((b*x^(-2 + m))/a)])/((1 + m)*Sqrt[a + b*x^(-2 + m)]))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{2x(ax^2+bx^m)}{b(4+m)\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+bx^m}{x^2}}}$	40

input `int(6*a*x^2/b/(4+m)/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2)+x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x,method =_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `2*x*(a*x^2+b*x^m)/b/(4+m)/((a*x^2+b*x^m)/x^2)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(6*a*x^2/b/(4+m)/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2)+x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.46

$$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{6aa^{-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{3}{m-2}}a^{\frac{3}{m-2}}x^3\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{m-2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{m-2} \middle| \frac{bx^{m-2}e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{b(m+4)\left(m\Gamma\left(1+\frac{3}{m-2}\right)-2\Gamma\left(1+\frac{3}{m-2}\right)\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{\frac{m}{m-2}+\frac{1}{m-2}}a^{-\frac{m}{m-2}-\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{m-2}}x^{m+1}\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{m-2}+\frac{1}{m-2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{m-2}+\frac{1}{m-2} \middle| \frac{bx^{m-2}e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{m\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{m-2}+1+\frac{1}{m-2}\right)-2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{m-2}+1+\frac{1}{m-2}\right)}$$

input `integrate(6*a*x**2/b/(4+m)/(a+b*x**(-2+m))**(1/2)+x**m/(a+b*x**(-2+m))**(1/2),x)`

output `6*a*a**(-1/2 - 3/(m - 2))*a**(3/(m - 2))*x**3*gamma(3/(m - 2))*hyper((1/2, 3/(m - 2)), (1 + 3/(m - 2)), b*x**(m - 2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(b*(m + 4)*(m*gamma(1 + 3/(m - 2)) - 2*gamma(1 + 3/(m - 2)))) + a**(m/(m - 2) + 1/(m - 2))*a**(-m/(m - 2) - 1/2 - 1/(m - 2))*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/(m - 2) + 1/(m - 2))*hyper((1/2, m/(m - 2) + 1/(m - 2)), (m/(m - 2) + 1 + 1/(m - 2)), b*x**(m - 2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(m*gamma(m/(m - 2) + 1 + 1/(m - 2)) - 2*gamma(m/(m - 2) + 1 + 1/(m - 2)))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx = \frac{2(ax^4 + bx^2x^m)}{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx^mb(m+4)}}$$

input `integrate(6*a*x^2/b/(4+m)/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2)+x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*(a*x^4 + b*x^2*x^m)/(sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x^m)*b*(m + 4))`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^{m-2}+a}} + \frac{6ax^2}{\sqrt{bx^{m-2}+a}b(m+4)} dx$$

input `integrate(6*a*x^2/b/(4+m)/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2)+x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x,  
algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/sqrt(b*x^(m - 2) + a) + 6*a*x^2/(sqrt(b*x^(m - 2) + a)*b*(m  
+ 4)), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx$$

$$= \int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{m-2}}} + \frac{6ax^2}{b\sqrt{a+bx^{m-2}}(m+4)} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(m - 2))^(1/2) + (6*a*x^2)/(b*(a + b*x^(m - 2))^(1/2)*(m  
+ 4)),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(m - 2))^(1/2) + (6*a*x^2)/(b*(a + b*x^(m - 2))^(1/2)*(m  
+ 4)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \left( \frac{6ax^2}{b(4+m)\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} + \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^{-2+m}}} \right) dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^m b + a x^2} x^2}{b(m+4)}$$

input

```
int(6*a*x^2/b/(4+m)/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2)+x^m/(a+b*x^(-2+m))^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*sqrt(x**m*b + a*x**2)*x**2)/(b*(m + 4))
```

**3.625**  $\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am+b(2m-n)x^n)}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	3971
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3971
Rubi [A] (verified)	3972
Maple [F]	3973
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	3973
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3974
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3974
Giac [F]	3975
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	3975
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3975

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 37, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

$x^m/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.40

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (2a(m + n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n}, \frac{m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) + b(2m - n) \sqrt{a + bx^n})}{2a(m + n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

`Integrate[(x^(-1 + m)*(2*a*m + b*(2*m - n)*x^n))/(2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x]`



output

$$\frac{(x^m \sqrt{1 + (b x^n)/a}) * (2 a (m + n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, m/n, (m + n)/n, -((b x^n)/a)] + b (2 m - n) x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, (m + n)/n, 2 + m/n, -((b x^n)/a)])}{2 a (m + n) \sqrt{a + b x^n}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.054$ , Rules used = {27, 951}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{m-1} (2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{x^{m-1} (b(2m - n)x^n + 2am)}{(bx^n + a)^{3/2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{951}$$

$$\frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(x^{(-1 + m)} * (2 * a * m + b * (2 * m - n) * x^n)) / (2 * (a + b * x^n)^{(3/2))}, x]$$

output

$$x^m / \sqrt{a + b * x^n}$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 951 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(e*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*e*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[a*d*(m + 1) - b*c*(m + n*(p + 1) + 1), 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{m-1}(2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int(1/2*x^(m-1)*(2*a*m+b*(2*m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int(1/2*x^(m-1)*(2*a*m+b*(2*m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{xx^{m-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}$$

input `integrate(1/2*x^(-1+m)*(2*a*m+b*(2*m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `x*x^(m - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.13

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{aa^{\frac{m}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{3}{2}} mx^m \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{m}{n} - \frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{m}{n} + 1} bx^{m+n} (2m - n) \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2\right)}$$

input `integrate(1/2*x**(-1+m)*(2*a*m+b*(2*m-n)*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a*a**(m/n)*a**(-m/n - 3/2)*m*x**m*gamma(m/n)*hyper((3/2, m/n), (m/n + 1, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1)) + a**(-m/n - 5/2)*a**(m/n + 1)*b*x**(m + n)*(2*m - n)*gamma(m/n + 1)*hyper((3/2, m/n + 1), (m/n + 2, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*n*gamma(m/n + 2))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}$$

input `integrate(1/2*x^(-1+m)*(2*a*m+b*(2*m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^m/sqrt(b*x^n + a)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(b(2m - n)x^n + 2am)x^{m-1}}{2(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/2*x^(-1+m)*(2*a*m+b*(2*m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/2*(b*(2*m - n)*x^n + 2*a*m)*x^(m - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `int((x^(m - 1)*(2*a*m + b*x^n*(2*m - n)))/(2*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)),x)`

output `x^m/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+m}(2am + b(2m - n)x^n)}{2(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b + a}$$

input `int(1/2*x^(-1+m)*(2*a*m+b*(2*m-n)*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `(x**m*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b + a)`

**3.626** 
$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx$$

Optimal result	3976
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3976
Rubi [C] (verified)	3977
Maple [F]	3978
Fricas [F(-2)]	3978
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3979
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	3979
Giac [F]	3980
Mupad [F(-1)]	3980
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	3980

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 42, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `x^m/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.40

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{x^m \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} (2a(m+n) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n}, \frac{m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) + b(2m-n)x^n \text{Hyper}}{2a(m+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[-1/2*(b*n*x^(-1+m+n))/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2) + (m*x^(-1+m))/Sqrt[a+b*x^n],x]`

output

```
(x^m*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(2*a*(m + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, m/n, (m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)] + b*(2*m - n)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (m + n)/n, 2 + m/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a*(m + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.40, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.024$ , Rules used = {2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( \frac{mx^{m-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{bnx^{m+n-1}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} \right) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{x^m \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n}, \frac{m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{bnx^{m+n} \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m+n}{n}, \frac{m}{n} + 2, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2a(m+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[-1/2*(b*n*x^(-1 + m + n))/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2) + (m*x^(-1 + m))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output

```
(x^m*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, m/n, (m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - (b*n*x^(m + n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[3/2, (m + n)/n, 2 + m/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(2*a*(m + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{mx^{m-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx$$

input `int(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(m-1)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(m-1)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(-1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.60

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n}-\frac{1}{2}} mx^m \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{m}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1\right)} - \frac{a^{-\frac{m}{n}-\frac{5}{2}} a^{\frac{m}{n}+1} bx^{m+n} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{m}{n} + 1 \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{2\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 2\right)}$$

input `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x**(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)+m*x**(-1+m)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(m/n)*a**(-m/n - 1/2)*m*x**m*gamma(m/n)*hyper((1/2, m/n), (m/n + 1, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1)) - a**(-m/n - 5/2)*a**(m/n + 1)*b*x**(m + n)*gamma(m/n + 1)*hyper((3/2, m/n + 1), (m/n + 2, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(2*gamma(m/n + 2))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{x^m}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}$$

input `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(-1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `x^m/sqrt(b*x^n + a)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \int -\frac{bnx^{m+n-1}}{2(bx^n+a)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{m-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(-1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/2*b*n*x^(m+n-1)/(b*x^n+a)^(3/2)+m*x^(m-1)/sqrt(b*x^n+a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \int \frac{mx^{m-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - \frac{bnx^{m+n-1}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((m*x^(m-1))/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2) - (b*n*x^(m+n-1))/(2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

output `int((m*x^(m-1))/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2) - (b*n*x^(m+n-1))/(2*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \left( -\frac{bnx^{-1+m+n}}{2(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} + \frac{mx^{-1+m}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right) dx = \frac{x^m \sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b + a}$$

input `int(-1/2*b*n*x^(-1+m+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)+m*x^(-1+m)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output  $(x^{**m}*\text{sqrt}(x^{**n}*b + a))/(x^{**n}*b + a)$

**3.627**  $\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx$

Optimal result	3982
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3982
Rubi [A] (verified)	3983
Maple [F]	3984
Fricas [F(-2)]	3984
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3985
Maxima [F]	3985
Giac [F]	3986
Mupad [F(-1)]	3986
Reduce [F]	3986

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 97

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx = \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1 + \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{1+m}}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}(1+m)} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{b}x^{1+m} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}(1+m)}$$

```
output 1/3*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)*x^(1+m)/(a+b*x^(3+3*m))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)
)/b^(1/3)/(1+m)-1/2*ln(b^(1/3)*x^(1+m)-(a+b*x^(3+3*m))^(1/3))/b^(1/3)/(1+m)
)
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.  
 Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^{3+3m}}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^{3+3m}}{a}\right)}{(1+m)\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3+3m}}}$$

input `Integrate[x^m/(a + b*x^(3*(1 + m)))^(1/3),x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^(3 + 3*m))/a)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/3, 4/3, -((b*x^(3 + 3*m))/a)]/((1 + m)*(a + b*x^(3 + 3*m))^(1/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {868, 769}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(m+1)}}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 868$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{3m+3} + a}} dx^{m+1}}{m+1}$$

$$\downarrow 769$$

$$\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx^{m+1}}}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3m+3}} + 1}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3m+3}} - \sqrt[3]{bx^{m+1}}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}}}{m+1}$$

input `Int[x^m/(a + b*x^(3*(1 + m)))^(1/3),x]`

output `(ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/3)*x^(1 + m))/(a + b*x^(3 + 3*m)))^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/(Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)) - Log[-(b^(1/3)*x^(1 + m)) + (a + b*x^(3 + 3*m))^(1/3)]/(2*b^(1/3))/(1 + m)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 769

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcTan[(1 + 2*Rt[b, 3]*
(x/(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*Rt[b, 3]), x] - Simp[Log[(a + b*x^
3)^(1/3) - Rt[b, 3]*x]/(2*Rt[b, 3]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 868

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1)
Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{(a + b x^{3+3m})^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^m/(a+b*x^(3+3*m))^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int(x^m/(a+b*x^(3+3*m))^(1/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + b x^{3(1+m)}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(3+3*m))^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt[3]{aa^{-\frac{m}{3m+3} - \frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3m+3}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \left| \frac{bx^{3m+3} e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{3m\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{3m+3} + 1 + \frac{1}{3m+3}\right) + 3\Gamma\left(\frac{m}{3m+3} + 1 + \frac{1}{3m+3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m/(a+b*x**(3+3*m))**(1/3), x)`

output `a**(1/3)*a**(-m/(3*m + 3) - 1/3 - 1/(3*m + 3))*x**(m + 1)*gamma(1/3)*hyper((1/3, 1/3), (m/(3*m + 3) + 1 + 1/(3*m + 3)), b*x**(3*m + 3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(3*m*gamma(m/(3*m + 3) + 1 + 1/(3*m + 3)) + 3*gamma(m/(3*m + 3) + 1 + 1/(3*m + 3)))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{3m+3} + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(3+3*m))^(1/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(3*m + 3) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(bx^{3m+3} + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^m/(a+b*x^(3+3*m))^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^m/(b*x^(3*m + 3) + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(a + bx^{3m+3})^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(3*m + 3))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(x^m/(a + b*x^(3*m + 3))^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^m}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{3(1+m)}}} dx = \int \frac{x^m}{(x^{3m}bx^3 + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(x^m/(a+b*x^(3+3*m))^(1/3),x)`

output `int(x**m/(x**(3*m)*b*x**3 + a)**(1/3),x)`

**3.628**      $\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx$

Optimal result	3987
Mathematica [B] (verified)	3988
Rubi [A] (verified)	3988
Maple [F]	3990
Fricas [F(-2)]	3990
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3991
Maxima [F]	3991
Giac [F]	3992
Mupad [F(-1)]	3992
Reduce [F]	3992

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx = \frac{x^{1+m} \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3}}{1+m} - \frac{2b^{2/3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 + \frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)}}}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)}}}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}(1+m)} + \frac{b^{2/3} \log \left( \sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)}} - \sqrt[3]{a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)}} \right)}{1+m}$$

```
output x^(1+m)*(a+b/(x^(3/2+3/2*m)))^(2/3)/(1+m)-2/3*b^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)*x^(-1/2-1/2*m)/(a+b/(x^(3/2+3/2*m)))^(1/3))*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)/(1+m)+b^(2/3)*ln(b^(1/3)*x^(-1/2-1/2*m)-(a+b/(x^(3/2+3/2*m)))^(1/3))/(1+m)
```



**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 347 vs.  $2(139) = 278$ .

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 347, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx =$$

$$x^{\frac{1}{2}(-1-m)} \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} \left( \sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{b + ax^{\frac{3(1+m)}{2}}} \right) \left( b^{2/3} + \sqrt[3]{b} \sqrt[3]{b + ax^{\frac{3(1+m)}{2}}} + \left( b + ax^{\frac{3(1+m)}{2}} \right)^{2/3} \right)^2$$


---


$$3a(1+m)\sqrt[3]{b}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(a + b/x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(2/3),x]`

output

```
-1/3*(x^((-1 - m)/2)*(a + b/x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(2/3)*(b^(1/3) - (b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(1/3))*
(b^(2/3) + b^(1/3)*(b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(1/3)
+ (b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(2/3))^2*(3*(b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(2/3) +
2*Sqrt[3]*b^(2/3)*ArcTan[(b^(1/3) + 2*(b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(1/3))/(Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3))]
+ 2*b^(2/3)*Log[b^(1/3) - (b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(1/3)]
- b^(2/3)*Log[b^(2/3) + b^(1/3)*(b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(1/3) + (b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(2/3])])
)/(a*(1 + m)*(b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(1/3)*(b
+ a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2) + b^(2/3)*(b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(1/3) + b^(1/3)*
(b + a*x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(2/3)))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 143, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {872, 868, 769}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(m+1)} \right)^{2/3} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 872 \\
 & b \int \frac{x^{m-\frac{3(m+1)}{2}}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(m+1)}+a}} dx + \frac{x^{m+1} \left(a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(m+1)}\right)^{2/3}}{m+1} \\
 & \downarrow 868 \\
 & \frac{x^{m+1} \left(a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(m+1)}\right)^{2/3}}{m+1} - \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{3}{2}(-m-1)}+a}} dx^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}}{m+1} \\
 & \downarrow 769 \\
 & \frac{x^{m+1} \left(a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(m+1)}\right)^{2/3}}{m+1} - \\
 & 2b \left( \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}(-m-1)}}+1}}{\sqrt{3}} \right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[3]{a+bx^{\frac{3}{2}(-m-1)}} - \sqrt[3]{b}x^{\frac{1}{2}(-m-1)} \right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{m+1}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^m*(a + b/x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(2/3),x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*(a + b/x^((3*(1 + m))/2))^(2/3))/(1 + m) - (2*b*(ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/3)*x^((-1 - m)/2))/(a + b*x^((3*(-1 - m))/2))^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)) - Log[-(b^(1/3)*x^((-1 - m)/2)) + (a + b*x^((3*(-1 - m))/2))^(1/3)]/(2*b^(1/3)))/(1 + m)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 769 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcTan[(1 + 2*Rt[b, 3]*  
(x/(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*Rt[b, 3]), x] - Simp[Log[(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) - Rt[b, 3]*x]/(2*Rt[b, 3]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1)  
Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[  
{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 872 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*  
(a + b*x^n)^p/(m + 1), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p, 0] && Gt  
Q[p, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^m \left( a + b x^{-\frac{3m}{2} - \frac{3}{2}} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b/(x^(3/2+3/2*m)))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a+b/(x^(3/2+3/2*m)))^(2/3),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int x^m \left( a + b x^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b/(x^(3/2+3/2*m)))^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx =$$

$$\frac{2a^{\frac{2m}{3m+3} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3m+3}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3} \\ -\frac{2m}{3m+3} + 1 - \frac{2}{3m+3} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^{-\frac{3m}{2} - \frac{3}{2}} e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{3a^{\frac{2}{3}} m \Gamma\left(-\frac{2m}{3m+3} + 1 - \frac{2}{3m+3}\right) + 3a^{\frac{2}{3}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{2m}{3m+3} + 1 - \frac{2}{3m+3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b/(x**(3/2+3/2*m)))**(2/3),x)`

output `-2*a**(2*m/(3*m + 3) + 2/3 + 2/(3*m + 3))*x**(m + 1)*gamma(-2/3)*hyper((-2/3, -2/3), (-2*m/(3*m + 3) + 1 - 2/(3*m + 3)), b*x**(-3*m/2 - 3/2)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(3*a**(2/3)*m*gamma(-2*m/(3*m + 3) + 1 - 2/(3*m + 3)) + 3*a**(2/3)*gamma(-2*m/(3*m + 3) + 1 - 2/(3*m + 3)))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx = \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}m + \frac{3}{2}}} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b/(x^(3/2+3/2*m)))^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^(-3/2*m - 3/2) + a)^(2/3)*x^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx = \int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}m + \frac{3}{2}}} \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b/(x^(3/2+3/2*m)))^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^(3/2*m + 3/2))^(2/3)*x^m, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx = \int x^m \left( a + \frac{b}{x^{\frac{3}{2}m + \frac{3}{2}}} \right)^{2/3} dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a + b/x^((3*m)/2 + 3/2))^(2/3),x)`

output `int(x^m*(a + b/x^((3*m)/2 + 3/2))^(2/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^m \left( a + bx^{-\frac{3}{2}(1+m)} \right)^{2/3} dx = \frac{\left( x^{\frac{3m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} ax + b \right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left( \int \frac{\left( x^{\frac{3m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} ax + b \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x^{\frac{3m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} a x^2 + bx} dx \right) bm + \left( \int \frac{\left( x^{\frac{3m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} ax + b \right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x^{\frac{3m}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} a x^2 + bx} dx \right) b}{m + 1}$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b/(x^(3/2+3/2*m)))^(2/3),x)`

output

```
((x**((3*m + 1)/2)*a*x + b)**(2/3) + int((x**((3*m + 1)/2)*a*x + b)**(2/3)
/(x**((3*m + 1)/2)*a*x**2 + b*x),x)*b*m + int((x**((3*m + 1)/2)*a*x + b)**
(2/3)/(x**((3*m + 1)/2)*a*x**2 + b*x),x)*b)/(m + 1)
```

**3.629** 
$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx$$

Optimal result	3994
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3994
Rubi [A] (verified)	3995
Maple [F]	3996
Fricas [F(-2)]	3996
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	3997
Maxima [F]	3997
Giac [F]	3997
Mupad [F(-1)]	3998
Reduce [F]	3998

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{bn}} - \frac{3 \log\left(\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}} - \sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{bn}}$$

output `3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/b^(1/3)/n-3/2*ln(b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)-(a+b*x^n)^(1/3))/b^(1/3)/n`

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{3x^{n/3} \sqrt[3]{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n \sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 + n/3)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3), x]`

output

$$(3*x^{(n/3)}*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^{(1/3)}*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, 1/3, 4/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(n*(a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {868, 769}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{868}$$

$$\frac{3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^n+a}} dx^{n/3}}{n}$$

$$\downarrow \text{769}$$

$$\frac{3 \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n} - \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{n}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 + n/3)}/(a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)}, x]$$

output

$$(3*(\text{ArcTan}[(1 + (2*b^{(1/3)})*x^{(n/3)})/(a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)})/\text{Sqrt}[3])/(\text{Sqrt}[3]*b^{(1/3)}) - \text{Log}[-(b^{(1/3)})*x^{(n/3)} + (a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)}]/(2*b^{(1/3)})))/n$$



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 769 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcTan[(1 + 2*Rt[b, 3]*  
(x/(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*Rt[b, 3]), x] - Simp[Log[(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) - Rt[b, 3]*x]/(2*Rt[b, 3]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1)  
Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{(a+bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.44

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{3} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{an} \Gamma\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/3), x)`

output `x**(n/3)*gamma(1/3)*hyper((1/3, 1/3), (4/3,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(a**(1/3)*n*gamma(4/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(x^(1/3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}n-1}}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(x^(1/3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}-1}}{(a+bx^n)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int(x^(n/3 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3), x)`output `int(x^(n/3 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{x^{-1+\frac{n}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \left( \int \frac{x^{\frac{4n}{3}}}{x^n (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} bx + (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} ax} dx \right) b + \left( \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{3}}}{x^n (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} bx + (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} ax} dx \right) a$$

input `int(x^(-1+1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3), x)`output `int(x**((4*n)/3)/(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*x + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*x), x)*b + int(x**(n/3)/(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*x + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*x), x)*a`

### 3.630 $\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^{2/3} dx$

Optimal result	3999
Mathematica [C] (verified)	3999
Rubi [A] (verified)	4000
Maple [F]	4001
Fricas [F(-2)]	4002
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4002
Maxima [F]	4003
Giac [F]	4003
Mupad [F(-1)]	4003
Reduce [F]	4004

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 114

$$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^{2/3} dx = -\frac{3x^{-2n/3}(a+bx^n)^{2/3}}{2n} + \frac{\sqrt{3}b^{2/3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+\frac{2}{3}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{\sqrt{3}}}\right)}{n} - \frac{3b^{2/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}} - \sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}\right)}{2n}$$

output

```
-3/2*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3)/n/(x^(2/3*n))+3^(1/2)*b^(2/3)*arctan(1/3*(1+2*b^(1/3)
*x^(1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3))*3^(1/2))/n-3/2*b^(2/3)*ln(b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)-(a
+b*x^n)^(1/3))/n
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.51

$$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^{2/3} dx = -\frac{3x^{-2n/3}(a+bx^n)^{2/3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2n\left(1+\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - (2*n)/3)*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3),x]`

output `(-3*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, -2/3, 1/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*n*x^((2*n)/3)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(2/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {872, 868, 769}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int x^{-\frac{2n}{3}-1}(a + bx^n)^{2/3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 872 \\
 & b \int \frac{x^{\frac{n-3}{3}}}{\sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}(a + bx^n)^{2/3}}{2n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 868 \\
 & \frac{3b \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx^{n/3}}{n} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}(a + bx^n)^{2/3}}{2n} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 769 \\
 & \frac{3b \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} + 1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} - \sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{n} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}(a + bx^n)^{2/3}}{2n}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - (2*n)/3)*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3),x]`

output

```
(-3*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3))/(2*n*x^((2*n)/3)) + (3*b*(ArcTan[(1 + (2*b^(1/3)*x^(n/3)))/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*b^(1/3)) - Log[-(b^(1/3)*x^(n/3)) + (a + b*x^n)^(1/3)]/(2*b^(1/3)))/n
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 769

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^3)^(-1/3), x_Symbol] := Simp[ArcTan[(1 + 2*Rt[b, 3]*(x/(a + b*x^3)^(1/3)))/Sqrt[3]]/(Sqrt[3]*Rt[b, 3]), x] - Simp[Log[(a + b*x^3)^(1/3) - Rt[b, 3]*x]/(2*Rt[b, 3]), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]
```

rule 868

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 872

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p/(m + 1), x] - Simp[b*n*(p/(m + 1)) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(p - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p, 0] && GtQ[p, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}} (a + b x^n)^{\frac{2}{3}} dx$$

input

```
int(x^(-1-2/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3),x)
```

output

```
int(x^(-1-2/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3),x)
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}} (a + bx^n)^{2/3} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.40

$$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}} (a + bx^n)^{2/3} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{-\frac{2n}{3}} \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2/3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**(2/3),x)`

output `a**(2/3)*gamma(-2/3)*hyper((-2/3, -2/3), (1/3,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*x**(2*n/3)*gamma(1/3))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^{2/3} dx = \int (bx^n+a)^{\frac{2}{3}}x^{-\frac{2}{3}n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(2/3)*x^(-2/3*n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^{2/3} dx = \int (bx^n+a)^{\frac{2}{3}}x^{-\frac{2}{3}n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(2/3)*x^(-2/3*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}(a+bx^n)^{2/3} dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^{2/3}}{x^{\frac{2n}{3}+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(2/3)/x^((2*n)/3 + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(2/3)/x^((2*n)/3 + 1), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}} (a + bx^n)^{2/3} dx = \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x^{\frac{2n}{3}} x} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-2/3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3),x)`

output `int((x**n*b + a)**(2/3)/(x**((2*n)/3)*x),x)`

### 3.631 $\int x^m(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4005
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4005
Rubi [A] (verified)	4006
Maple [F]	4007
Fricas [F]	4007
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4008
Maxima [F]	4008
Giac [F]	4008
Mupad [F(-1)]	4009
Reduce [F]	4009

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{1+m}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1+m}$$

output

```
x^(1+m)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1+m)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int x^m(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{1+m}(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1+m}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output  $(x^{(1+m)}(a+bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m)/n, -p, 1+(1+m)/n, -(bx^n/a)]) / ((1+m)(1+(bx^n/a)^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int x^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{m+1}$$

input  $\text{Int}[x^m(a+bx^n)^p, x]$

output  $(x^{(1+m)}(a+bx^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[(1+m)/n, -p, (1+m+n)/n, -(bx^n/a)]) / ((1+m)(1+(bx^n/a)^p)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int x^m (a + b x^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int x^m (a + b x^n)^p dx = \int (b x^n + a)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*x^m, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + p - \frac{1}{n}} x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1/n)*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^m dx$$

input `integrate(x^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^m, x)`



### 3.632 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4010
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4010
Rubi [A] (verified)	4011
Maple [A] (verified)	4011
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4012
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4012
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4013
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4013
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4013
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4014

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bn(1+p)}$$

output

```
(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n/(p+1)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bn(1+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(b*n*(1 + p))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(b*n*(1 + p))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(a+bx^n)(a+bx^n)^p}{b(p+1)n}$	29

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`



output  $(a+b*x^n)/b/(p+1)/n*(a+b*x^n)^p$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(bx^n+a)(bx^n+a)^p}{bnp+bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(b*x^n+a)*(b*x^n+a)^p/(b*n*p+b*n)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 78 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 11.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b=0 \wedge n=0 \wedge p=-1 \\ \frac{a^p x x^{n-1}}{n} & \text{for } b=0 \\ (a+b)^p \log(x) & \text{for } n=0 \\ \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{bn} & \text{for } p=-1 \\ \frac{a(a+bx^n)^p}{bnp+bn} + \frac{bx^n(a+bx^n)^p}{bnp+bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0) & Eq(p, -1)), (a**p*x*x**(n-1)/n, Eq(b, 0)), ((a+b)**p*log(x), Eq(n, 0)), (log(a/b+x**n)/(b*n), Eq(p, -1)), (a*(a+b*x**n)**p/(b*n*p+b*n)+b*x**n*(a+b*x**n)**p/(b*n*p+b*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b*x^n + a)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(b*x^n + a)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`output `(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b + a)}{bn(p + 1)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b + a))/(b*n*(p + 1))`

### 3.633 $\int x^m (bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4015
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4015
Rubi [A] (verified)	4016
Maple [A] (verified)	4017
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4017
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4017
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4018
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4018
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4019
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4019

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 21

$$\int x^m (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{1+m} (bx^n)^p}{1+m+np}$$

output  $x^{(1+m)} \cdot (b \cdot x^n)^p / (n \cdot p + m + 1)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{1+m} (bx^n)^p}{1+m+np}$$

input `Integrate[x^m*(b*x^n)^p,x]`

output  $(x^{(1+m)} \cdot (b \cdot x^n)^p) / (1+m+n \cdot p)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {23, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^m (bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 23$$

$$x^{-np} (bx^n)^p \int x^{m+np} dx$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$\frac{x^{m+1} (bx^n)^p}{m + np + 1}$$

input `Int [x^m*(b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x^(1 + m)*(b*x^n)^p)/(1 + m + n*p)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1))/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 23 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^n)^p/x^(n*p) Int[x^(m + n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n, p}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{x x^m (b x^n)^p}{np+m+1}$	21
orering	$\frac{x x^m (b x^n)^p}{np+m+1}$	21
gospers	$\frac{x^{1+m} (b x^n)^p}{np+m+1}$	22

input `int(x^m*(b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x/(n*p+m+1)*x^m*(b*x^n)^p`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^m (b x^n)^p dx = \frac{x x^m e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{np + m + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `x*x^m*e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p + m + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 42 vs. 2(17) = 34.

Time = 1.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

$$\int x^m (b x^n)^p dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x x^m (b x^n)^p}{m+np+1} & \text{for } m \neq -np - 1 \\ x x^{-np-1} (b x^n)^p \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**m*(b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**m*(b*x**n)**p/(m + n*p + 1), Ne(m, -n*p - 1)), (x**m*(-n*p - 1)*(b*x**n)**p*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^m (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{b^p x e^{(m \log(x) + p \log(x^n))}}{np + m + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^p*x*e^(m*log(x) + p*log(x^n))/(n*p + m + 1)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int x^m (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{xx^m e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{np + m + 1}$$

input `integrate(x^m*(b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x*x^m*e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p + m + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^m (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{m+1} (bx^n)^p}{m + np + 1}$$

input `int(x^m*(b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x^(m + 1)*(b*x^n)^p)/(m + n*p + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int x^m (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{np+m} b^p x}{np + m + 1}$$

input `int(x^m*(b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x**(m + n*p)*b**p*x)/(m + n*p + 1)`



### 3.634 $\int x^2 (bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4020
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4020
Rubi [A] (verified)	4021
Maple [A] (verified)	4022
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4022
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4022
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4023
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4023
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4024
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4024

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int x^2 (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^3 (bx^n)^p}{3 + np}$$

output `x^3*(b*x^n)^p/(n*p+3)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^3 (bx^n)^p}{3 + np}$$

input `Integrate[x^2*(b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x^3*(b*x^n)^p)/(3 + n*p)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {23, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^2 (bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 23$$

$$x^{-np} (bx^n)^p \int x^{np+2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$\frac{x^3 (bx^n)^p}{np + 3}$$

input

```
Int[x^2*(b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x^3*(b*x^n)^p)/(3 + n*p)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15

```
Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1))/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[
{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 23

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^n)^p/x^(n*p)
Int[x^(m + n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n, p}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^3(bx^n)^p}{np+3}$	19
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3(bx^n)^p}{np+3}$	19
orering	$\frac{x^3(bx^n)^p}{np+3}$	19

input `int(x^2*(b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x^3*(b*x^n)^p/(n*p+3)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^2(bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^3 e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{np + 3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `x^3*e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p + 3)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int x^2(bx^n)^p dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3(bx^n)^p}{np+3} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{3}{p} \\ x^3 \left( bx^{-\frac{3}{p}} \right)^p \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**2*(b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**3*(b*x**n)**p/(n*p + 3), Ne(n, -3/p)), (x**3*(b/x**(3/p))**p*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^2 (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{b^p x^3 (x^n)^p}{np + 3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^p*x^3*(x^n)^p/(n*p + 3)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^2 (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^3 e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{np + 3}$$

input `integrate(x^2*(b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x^3*e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p + 3)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^2 (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^3 (bx^n)^p}{np + 3}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x^3*(b*x^n)^p)/(n*p + 3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x^2 (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{np} b^p x^3}{np + 3}$$

input `int(x^2*(b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x**(n*p)*b**p*x**3)/(n*p + 3)`

### 3.635 $\int x(bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4025
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4025
Rubi [A] (verified)	4026
Maple [A] (verified)	4027
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4027
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4027
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4028
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4028
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4029
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4029

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int x(bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^2(bx^n)^p}{2 + np}$$

output `x^2*(b*x^n)^p/(n*p+2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^2(bx^n)^p}{2 + np}$$

input `Integrate[x*(b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x^2*(b*x^n)^p)/(2 + n*p)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {23, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x(bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 23$$

$$x^{-np}(bx^n)^p \int x^{np+1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$\frac{x^2(bx^n)^p}{np+2}$$

input

```
Int[x*(b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x^2*(b*x^n)^p)/(2 + n*p)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15

```
Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1))/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[
{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 23

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^n)^p/x^(n*p)
Int[x^(m + n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n, p}, x]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x^2(bx^n)^p}{np+2}$	19
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^2(bx^n)^p}{np+2}$	19
orering	$\frac{x^2(bx^n)^p}{np+2}$	19

input `int(x*(b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x^2*(b*x^n)^p/(n*p+2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x(bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^2 e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{np + 2}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `x^2*e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p + 2)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs. 2(14) = 28.

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int x(bx^n)^p dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2(bx^n)^p}{np+2} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{2}{p} \\ x^2 \left( bx^{-\frac{2}{p}} \right)^p \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



input `integrate(x*(b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((x**2*(b*x**n)**p/(n*p + 2), Ne(n, -2/p)), (x**2*(b/x**(2/p))**p*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x(bx^n)^p dx = \frac{b^p x^2 (x^n)^p}{np + 2}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^p*x^2*(x^n)^p/(n*p + 2)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x(bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^2 e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{np + 2}$$

input `integrate(x*(b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x^2*e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p + 2)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x(bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^2 (bx^n)^p}{np + 2}$$

input `int(x*(b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x^2*(b*x^n)^p)/(n*p + 2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int x(bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{np} b^p x^2}{np + 2}$$

input `int(x*(b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x**(n*p)*b**p*x**2)/(n*p + 2)`

### 3.636 $\int (bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4030
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4030
Rubi [A] (verified)	4031
Maple [A] (verified)	4032
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4032
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4033
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4033
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4033
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4034
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4034

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 7, antiderivative size = 16

$$\int (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x(bx^n)^p}{1 + np}$$

output `x*(b*x^n)^p/(n*p+1)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x(bx^n)^p}{1 + np}$$

input `Integrate[(b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x*(b*x^n)^p)/(1 + n*p)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {20, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 20$$

$$x^{-np}(bx^n)^p \int x^{np} dx$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$\frac{x(bx^n)^p}{np + 1}$$

input `Int[(b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x*(b*x^n)^p)/(1 + n*p)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1))/(m + 1), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 20 `Int[((a_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^n)^p/x^(n*p) Int[x^(n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, n, p}, x] && !IntegerQ[p]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{x(bx^n)^p}{np+1}$	17
paralelrisch	$\frac{x(bx^n)^p}{np+1}$	17
orering	$\frac{x(bx^n)^p}{np+1}$	17
norman	$\frac{x e^{p \ln(b e^{n \ln(x)})}}{np+1}$	21

input `int((b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x*(b*x^n)^p/(n*p+1)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{np + 1}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `x*e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 29 vs.  $2(12) = 24$ .

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.81

$$\int (bx^n)^p dx = \begin{cases} \frac{x(bx^n)^p}{np+1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{p} \\ x \left(bx^{-\frac{1}{p}}\right)^p \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((x*(b*x**n)**p/(n*p + 1), Ne(n, -1/p)), (x*(b/x**(1/p))**p*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{b^p x (x^n)^p}{np + 1}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^p*x*(x^n)^p/(n*p + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{np + 1}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `x*e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p + 1)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x (bx^n)^p}{np + 1}$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x*(b*x^n)^p)/(n*p + 1)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{np} b^p x}{np + 1}$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x**(n*p)*b**p*x)/(n*p + 1)`

### 3.637

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx$$

Optimal result	4035
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4035
Rubi [A] (verified)	4036
Maple [A] (verified)	4037
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4037
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4038
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4038
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4039
Mupad [F(-1)]	4039
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4039

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 14

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \frac{(bx^n)^p}{np}$$

output

$(b*x^n)^{p/n/p}$

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \frac{(bx^n)^p}{np}$$

input

`Integrate[(b*x^n)^p/x,x]`

output

$(b*x^n)^{p/(n*p)}$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {21, 17}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx$$

↓ 21

$$\frac{b \int (bx^n)^{p-1} dx^n}{n}$$

↓ 17

$$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{np}$$

input `Int[(b*x^n)^p/x,x]`

output `(b*x^n)^p/(n*p)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 17 `Int[(c_.)*((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c*((a + b*x)^(m + 1))/(b*(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 21 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[1/(n*a^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)) Subst[Int[(a*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] + p - 1), x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
gosper	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{np}$	15
derivativedivides	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{np}$	15
default	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{np}$	15
parallelrisc	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{np}$	15
orering	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{np}$	15

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $(bx^n)^p/n/p$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \frac{e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{np}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $e^{(n*p*\log(x) + p*\log(b))/(n*p)}$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 20 vs.  $2(8) = 16$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \begin{cases} \log(x) & \text{for } n = 0 \wedge p = 0 \\ b^p \log(x) & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \log(x) & \text{for } p = 0 \\ \frac{(bx^n)^p}{np} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x**n)**p/x,x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x), Eq(n, 0) & Eq(p, 0)), (b**p*log(x), Eq(n, 0)), (log(x), Eq(p, 0)), ((b*x**n)**p/(n*p), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \frac{b^p(x^n)^p}{np}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^p*(x^n)^p/(n*p)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 14, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \frac{(bx^n)^p}{np}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(b*x^n)^p/(n*p)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x,x)`

output `int((b*x^n)^p/x, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x} dx = \frac{x^{np}b^p}{np}$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x,x)`

output `(x**(n*p)*b**p)/(n*p)`

### 3.638 $\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$

Optimal result	4040
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4040
Rubi [A] (verified)	4041
Maple [A] (verified)	4042
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4042
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4042
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4043
Giac [F]	4043
Mupad [F(-1)]	4043
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4044

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = -\frac{(bx^n)^p}{(1-np)x}$$

output

```
-(b*x^n)^p/(-n*p+1)/x
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{(bx^n)^p}{(-1+np)x}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*x^n)^p/x^2,x]
```

output

```
(b*x^n)^p/((-1+n*p)*x)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {23, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 23$$

$$x^{-np}(bx^n)^p \int x^{np-2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 15$$

$$-\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x(1-np)}$$

input `Int[(b*x^n)^p/x^2,x]`

output `-((b*x^n)^p/((1 - n*p)*x))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 23 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^n)^p/x^(n*p) Int[x^(m + n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n, p}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x(np-1)}$	19
parallelrisc	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x(np-1)}$	19
orering	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x(np-1)}$	19

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `1/x/(n*p-1)*(b*x^n)^p`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{(np - 1)x}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/((n*p - 1)*x)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(bx^n)^p}{npx-x} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{1}{p} \\ \frac{(bx^{\frac{1}{p}})^p \log(x)}{x} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x**n)**p/x**2,x)`

output `Piecewise(((b*x**n)**p/(n*p*x - x), Ne(n, 1/p)), ((b*x**(1/p))**p*log(x)/x, True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{b^p(x^n)^p}{(np-1)x}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^p*(x^n)^p/((n*p - 1)*x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^2, x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x^2,x)`

output `int((b*x^n)^p/x^2, x)`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2} dx = \frac{x^{np}b^p}{x(np-1)}$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x^2,x)`

output `(x**(n*p)*b**p)/(x*(n*p - 1))`

### 3.639 $\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	4045
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4045
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4046
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	4047
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4047
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4047
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4048
Giac [F] . . . . .	4048
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4049
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4049

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx = -\frac{(bx^n)^p}{(2 - np)x^2}$$

output -(b\*x^n)^p/(-n\*p+2)/x^2

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{(bx^n)^p}{(-2 + np)x^2}$$

input Integrate[(b\*x^n)^p/x^3,x]

output (b\*x^n)^p/((-2 + n\*p)\*x^2)

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {23, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx$$

↓ 23

$$x^{-np}(bx^n)^p \int x^{np-3} dx$$

↓ 15

$$-\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2(2-np)}$$

input `Int[(b*x^n)^p/x^3,x]`

output `-((b*x^n)^p/((2 - n*p)*x^2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m + 1)/(m + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 23 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^n)^p/x^(n*p) Int[x^(m + n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n, p}, x]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2(np-2)}$	19
paralelrisch	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2(np-2)}$	19
orering	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^2(np-2)}$	19

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/x^2/(n*p-2)*(b*x^n)^p`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{(np - 2)x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p - 2)*x^2`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 34 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(bx^n)^p}{np x^2 - 2x^2} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{2}{p} \\ \frac{\left(bx^{\frac{2}{p}}\right)^p \log(x)}{x^2} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x**n)**p/x**3,x)`

output `Piecewise(((b*x**n)**p/(n*p*x**2 - 2*x**2), Ne(n, 2/p)), ((b*x**(2/p))**p*log(x)/x**2, True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{b^p(x^n)^p}{(np - 2)x^2}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^p*(x^n)^p/((n*p - 2)*x^2)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x^3,x)`output `int((b*x^n)^p/x^3, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3} dx = \frac{x^{np}b^p}{x^2(np-2)}$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x^3,x)`output `(x**(n*p)*b**p)/(x**2*(n*p - 2))`

### 3.640 $\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	4050
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4050
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4051
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	4052
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4052
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4052
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4053
Giac [F] . . . . .	4053
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	4054
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4054

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 20

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx = -\frac{(bx^n)^p}{(3 - np)x^3}$$

output

```
-(b*x^n)^p/(-n*p+3)/x^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{(bx^n)^p}{(-3 + np)x^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(b*x^n)^p/x^4,x]
```

output

```
(b*x^n)^p/((-3 + n*p)*x^3)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.182$ , Rules used = {23, 15}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx$$

↓ 23

$$x^{-np}(bx^n)^p \int x^{np-4} dx$$

↓ 15

$$-\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3(3-np)}$$

input `Int[(b*x^n)^p/x^4,x]`

output `-((b*x^n)^p/((3-n*p)*x^3))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 15 `Int[(a_.)*(x_)^(m_.), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*(x^(m+1)/(m+1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, m}, x] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 23 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^p, x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*x^n)^p/x^(n*p) Int[x^(m+n*p), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, m, n, p}, x]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3(np-3)}$	19
paralelrisch	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3(np-3)}$	19
orering	$\frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^3(np-3)}$	19

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/x^3/(n*p-3)*(b*x^n)^p`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{e^{(np \log(x) + p \log(b))}}{(np - 3)x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `e^(n*p*log(x) + p*log(b))/(n*p - 3)*x^3`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 34 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(bx^n)^p}{np x^3 - 3x^3} & \text{for } n \neq \frac{3}{p} \\ \frac{(bx^{\frac{3}{p}})^p \log(x)}{x^3} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((b*x**n)**p/x**4,x)`

output `Piecewise(((b*x**n)**p/(n*p*x**3 - 3*x**3), Ne(n, 3/p)), ((b*x**(3/p))**p*log(x)/x**3, True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{b^p(x^n)^p}{(np-3)x^3}$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^p*(x^n)^p/((n*p - 3)*x^3)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n)^p/x^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x^4,x)`output `int((b*x^n)^p/x^4, x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{(bx^n)^p}{x^4} dx = \frac{x^{np}b^p}{x^3(np-3)}$$

input `int((b*x^n)^p/x^4,x)`output `(x**(n*p)*b**p)/(x**3*(n*p - 3))`

### 3.641 $\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4055
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4055
Rubi [A] (verified)	4056
Maple [A] (verified)	4056
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4057
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4057
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4058
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4058
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4058
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4059

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bn(1+p)}$$

output

```
(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/n/(p+1)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bn(1+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(b*n*(1 + p))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n-1}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn(p + 1)}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(b*n*(1 + p))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(a+bx^n)(a+bx^n)^p}{b(p+1)n}$	29

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $(a+b*x^n)/b/(p+1)/n*(a+b*x^n)^p$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(bx^n+a)(bx^n+a)^p}{bnp+bn}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $(b*x^n+a)*(b*x^n+a)^p/(b*n*p+b*n)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 78 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 11.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.39

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b=0 \wedge n=0 \wedge p=-1 \\ \frac{a^p x x^{n-1}}{n} & \text{for } b=0 \\ (a+b)^p \log(x) & \text{for } n=0 \\ \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b}+x^n)}{bn} & \text{for } p=-1 \\ \frac{a(a+bx^n)^p}{bnp+bn} + \frac{bx^n(a+bx^n)^p}{bnp+bn} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0) & Eq(p, -1)), (a**p*x*x**(n-1)/n, Eq(b, 0)), ((a+b)**p*log(x), Eq(n, 0)), (log(a/b+x**n)/(b*n), Eq(p, -1)), (a*(a+b*x**n)**p/(b*n*p+b*n)+b*x**n*(a+b*x**n)**p/(b*n*p+b*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b*x^n + a)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(bx^n + a)^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `(b*x^n + a)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bn(p+1)}$$

input `int(x^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`output `(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^{-1+n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b + a)}{bn(p + 1)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b + a))/(b*n*(p + 1))`



### 3.642 $\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4060
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4060
Rubi [A] (verified)	4061
Maple [A] (verified)	4062
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4062
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4063
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4063
Giac [F]	4064
Mupad [F(-1)]	4064
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4064

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{a(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b^2n(1+p)} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{2+p}}{b^2n(2+p)}$$

output

```
-a*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b^2/n/(p+1)+(a+b*x^n)^(2+p)/b^2/n/(2+p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p}(-a + b(1+p)x^n)}{b^2n(1+p)(2+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(-a + b*(1 + p)*x^n))/(b^2*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int x^n(bx^n+a)^p dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \frac{\int \left( \frac{(bx^n+a)^{p+1}}{b} - \frac{a(bx^n+a)^p}{b} \right) dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+2}}{b^2(p+2)} - \frac{a(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b^2(p+1)}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `((-(a*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b^2*(1 + p))) + (a + b*x^n)^(2 + p)/(b^2*(2 + p)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result	size
risch	$-\frac{(-b^2 p x^{2n} - a p x^n b - b^2 x^{2n} + a^2)(a + b x^n)^p}{(p+1)(2+p)n b^2}$	61

input `int(x^(2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-(-b^2 p (x^n)^2 - a p x^n b - b^2 (x^n)^2 + a^2) / (p+1) / (2+p) / n / b^2 * (a+b*x^n)^p$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int x^{-1+2n} (a + b x^n)^p dx = \frac{(a b p x^n - a^2 + (b^2 p + b^2) x^{2n}) (b x^n + a)^p}{b^2 n p^2 + 3 b^2 n p + 2 b^2 n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$(a*b*p*x^n - a^2 + (b^2*p + b^2)*x^{(2*n)})*(b*x^n + a)^p / (b^2*n*p^2 + 3*b^2*n*p + 2*b^2*n)$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 274 vs.  $2(37) = 74$ .

Time = 31.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.59

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^p x x^{2n-1}}{2n} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ (a+b)^p \log(x) & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{a \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{ab^2n + b^3nx^n} + \frac{a}{ab^2n + b^3nx^n} + \frac{bx^n \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{ab^2n + b^3nx^n} & \text{for } p = -2 \\ -\frac{a \log\left(\frac{a}{b} + x^n\right)}{b^2n} + \frac{x^n}{bn} & \text{for } p = -1 \\ -\frac{a^2(a+bx^n)^p}{b^2np^2 + 3b^2np + 2b^2n} + \frac{abpx^n(a+bx^n)^p}{b^2np^2 + 3b^2np + 2b^2n} + \frac{b^2px^{2n}(a+bx^n)^p}{b^2np^2 + 3b^2np + 2b^2n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}(a+bx^n)^p}{b^2np^2 + 3b^2np + 2b^2n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**p*x*x**(2*n - 1)/(2*n), Eq(b, 0)), ((a + b)**p*log(x), Eq(n, 0)), (a*log(a/b + x**n)/(a*b**2*n + b**3*n*x**n) + a/(a*b**2*n + b**3*n*x**n) + b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(a*b**2*n + b**3*n*x**n), Eq(p, -2)), (-a*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**2*n) + x**n/(b*n), Eq(p, -1)), (-a**2*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**2*n*p**2 + 3*b**2*n*p + 2*b**2*n) + a*b*p*x**n*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**2*n*p**2 + 3*b**2*n*p + 2*b**2*n) + b**2*p*x**(2*n)*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**2*n*p**2 + 3*b**2*n*p + 2*b**2*n) + b**2*x**(2*n)*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**2*n*p**2 + 3*b**2*n*p + 2*b**2*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(b^2(p+1)x^{2n} + abpx^n - a^2)(bx^n + a)^p}{(p^2 + 3p + 2)b^2n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $(b^2(p+1)x^{2n} + a^2bx^n - a^2)(bx^n + a)^p / ((p^2 + 3p + 2)b^2n)$

### Giac [F]

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p x^{2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(2*n - 1), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int x^{2n-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^(2*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int x^{-1+2n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^{2n} b^2 p + x^{2n} b^2 + x^n a b p - a^2)}{b^2 n (p^2 + 3p + 2)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**(2*n)*b**2*p + x**(2*n)*b**2 + x**n*a*b*p - a**2))/(b**2*n*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))`

### 3.643 $\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4065
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4065
Rubi [A] (verified)	4066
Maple [A] (verified)	4067
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4067
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4068
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4069
Giac [F]	4069
Mupad [F(-1)]	4069
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4070

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 75

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^2(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b^3n(1+p)} - \frac{2a(a + bx^n)^{2+p}}{b^3n(2+p)} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{3+p}}{b^3n(3+p)}$$

output

$$a^2*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b^3/n/(p+1)-2*a*(a+b*x^n)^(2+p)/b^3/n/(2+p)+(a+b*x^n)^(3+p)/b^3/n/(3+p)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (2a^2 - 2ab(1+p)x^n + b^2(2+3p+p^2)x^{2n})}{b^3n(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)}$$

input

`Integrate[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output

$$((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(2*a^2 - 2*a*b*(1 + p)*x^n + b^2*(2 + 3*p + p^2)*x^(2 * n)))/(b^3*n*(1 + p)*(2 + p)*(3 + p))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{2n}(bx^n+a)^p dx^n \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \int \left( \frac{a^2(bx^n+a)^p}{b^2} - \frac{2a(bx^n+a)^{p+1}}{b^2} + \frac{(bx^n+a)^{p+2}}{b^2} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{\frac{a^2(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b^3(p+1)} - \frac{2a(a+bx^n)^{p+2}}{b^3(p+2)} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+3}}{b^3(p+3)}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `((a^2*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b^3*(1 + p)) - (2*a*(a + b*x^n)^(2 + p))/(b^3*(2 + p)) + (a + b*x^n)^(3 + p)/(b^3*(3 + p)))/n`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(b^3 p^2 x^{3n} + a b^2 p^2 x^{2n} + 3 b^3 p x^{3n} + a p x^{2n} b^2 + 2 b^3 x^{3n} - 2 a^2 p x^n b + 2 a^3)(a + b x^n)^p}{(2+p)(3+p)(p+1)n b^3}$	105

input

```
int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(b^3*p^2*(x^n)^3+a*b^2*p^2*(x^n)^2+3*b^3*p*(x^n)^3+a*p*(x^n)^2*b^2+2*(x^n)^3*b^3-2*a^2*p*x^n*b+2*a^3)/(2+p)/(3+p)/(p+1)/n/b^3*(a+b*x^n)^p
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= -\frac{(2 a^2 b p x^n - 2 a^3 - (b^3 p^2 + 3 b^3 p + 2 b^3) x^{3n} - (a b^2 p^2 + a b^2 p) x^{2n})(b x^n + a)^p}{b^3 n p^3 + 6 b^3 n p^2 + 11 b^3 n p + 6 b^3 n}$$

input

```
integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(2*a^2*b*p*x^n - 2*a^3 - (b^3*p^2 + 3*b^3*p + 2*b^3)*x^(3*n) - (a*b^2*p^2 + a*b^2*p)*x^(2*n))*(b*x^n + a)^p/(b^3*n*p^3 + 6*b^3*n*p^2 + 11*b^3*n*p + 6*b^3*n)
```



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 770 vs.  $2(61) = 122$ .

Time = 95.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 770, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.27

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^p x x^{3n-1}}{3n} \\ (a+b)^p \log(x) \\ \frac{2a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{2a^2 b^3 n+4ab^4 n x^n+2b^5 n x^{2n}} + \frac{3a^2}{2a^2 b^3 n+4ab^4 n x^n+2b^5 n x^{2n}} + \frac{4abx^n \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{2a^2 b^3 n+4ab^4 n x^n+2b^5 n x^{2n}} + \frac{4aba^n}{2a^2 b^3 n+4ab^4 n x^n+2b^5 n x^{2n}} + \frac{2b^2 x^{2n}}{2a^2 b^3 n+4ab^4 n x^n+2b^5 n x^{2n}} \\ - \frac{2a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{ab^3 n+b^4 n x^n} - \frac{2a^2}{ab^3 n+b^4 n x^n} - \frac{2abx^n \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{ab^3 n+b^4 n x^n} + \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{ab^3 n+b^4 n x^n} \\ \frac{a^2 \log\left(\frac{a}{b}+x^n\right)}{b^3 n} - \frac{ax^n}{b^2 n} + \frac{x^{2n}}{2bn} \\ \frac{2a^3(a+bx^n)^p}{b^3 n p^3+6b^3 n p^2+11b^3 n p+6b^3 n} - \frac{2a^2 b p x^n (a+bx^n)^p}{b^3 n p^3+6b^3 n p^2+11b^3 n p+6b^3 n} + \frac{ab^2 p^2 x^{2n} (a+bx^n)^p}{b^3 n p^3+6b^3 n p^2+11b^3 n p+6b^3 n} + \frac{ab^2 p x^{2n} (a+bx^n)^p}{b^3 n p^3+6b^3 n p^2+11b^3 n p+6b^3 n} + \dots \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**p*x*x**(3*n - 1)/(3*n), Eq(b, 0)), ((a + b)**p*log(x), Eq(n, 0)), (2*a**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)) + 3*a**2/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)) + 4*a*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)) + 4*a*b*x**n/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)) + 2*b**2*x**(2*n)*log(a/b + x**n)/(2*a**2*b**3*n + 4*a*b**4*n*x**n + 2*b**5*n*x**(2*n)), Eq(p, -3)), (-2*a**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(a*b**3*n + b**4*n*x**n) - 2*a**2/(a*b**3*n + b**4*n*x**n) - 2*a*b*x**n*log(a/b + x**n)/(a*b**3*n + b**4*n*x**n) + b**2*x**(2*n)/(a*b**3*n + b**4*n*x**n), Eq(p, -2)), (a**2*log(a/b + x**n)/(b**3*n) - a*x**n/(b**2*n) + x**(2*n)/(2*b*n), Eq(p, -1)), (2*a**3*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**3*n*p**3 + 6*b**3*n*p**2 + 11*b**3*n*p + 6*b**3*n) - 2*a**2*b*p*x**n*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**3*n*p**3 + 6*b**3*n*p**2 + 11*b**3*n*p + 6*b**3*n) + a*b**2*p**2*x**(2*n)*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**3*n*p**3 + 6*b**3*n*p**2 + 11*b**3*n*p + 6*b**3*n) + a*b**2*p*x**(2*n)*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**3*n*p**3 + 6*b**3*n*p**2 + 11*b**3*n*p + 6*b**3*n) + b**3*p**2*x**(3*n)*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**3*n*p**3 + 6*b**3*n*p**2 + 11*b**3*n*p + 6*b**3*n) + 3*b**3*p*x**(3*n)*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**3*n*p**3 + 6*b**3*n*p**2 + 11*b**3*n*p + 6*b**3*n) + 2*b**3*x**(3*n)*(a + b*x**n)**p/(b**3*n*p**3 + 6*b**3*n*p**2 + 11*b**3*n*p + 6*b**3*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{((p^2 + 3p + 2)b^3x^{3n} + (p^2 + p)ab^2x^{2n} - 2a^2bpx^n + 2a^3)(bx^n + a)^p}{(p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)b^3n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `((p^2 + 3*p + 2)*b^3*x^(3*n) + (p^2 + p)*a*b^2*x^(2*n) - 2*a^2*b*p*x^n + 2*a^3)*(b*x^n + a)^p/((p^3 + 6*p^2 + 11*p + 6)*b^3*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p x^{3n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(3*n - 1), x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int x^{3n-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`output `int(x^(3*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.39

$$\int x^{-1+3n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^{3n} b^3 p^2 + 3x^{3n} b^3 p + 2x^{3n} b^3 + x^{2n} a b^2 p^2 + x^{2n} a b^2 p - 2x^n a^2 b p + 2a^3)}{b^3 n (p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**(3*n)*b**3*p**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*p + 2*x**(3*n)*b**3 + x**(2*n)*a*b**2*p**2 + x**(2*n)*a*b**2*p - 2*x**n*a**2*b*p + 2*a**3))/(b**3*n*(p**3 + 6*p**2 + 11*p + 6))`

### 3.644 $\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4071
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4071
Rubi [A] (verified)	4072
Maple [A] (verified)	4073
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4074
Sympy [F(-1)]	4074
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4074
Giac [F]	4075
Mupad [F(-1)]	4075
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4075

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{a^3(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b^4n(1 + p)} + \frac{3a^2(a + bx^n)^{2+p}}{b^4n(2 + p)} - \frac{3a(a + bx^n)^{3+p}}{b^4n(3 + p)} + \frac{(a + bx^n)^{4+p}}{b^4n(4 + p)}$$

output

$$-a^3*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b^4/n/(p+1)+3*a^2*(a+b*x^n)^(2+p)/b^4/n/(2+p)-3*a*(a+b*x^n)^(3+p)/b^4/n/(3+p)+(a+b*x^n)^(4+p)/b^4/n/(4+p)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1+p} \left( -\frac{a^3}{1+p} + \frac{3a^2(a+bx^n)}{2+p} - \frac{3a(a+bx^n)^2}{3+p} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^3}{4+p} \right)}{b^4n}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[x^{(-1 + 4*n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x]$$

output

$$((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(-a^3/(1 + p)) + (3*a^2*(a + b*x^n))/(2 + p) - (3*a*(a + b*x^n)^2)/(3 + p) + (a + b*x^n)^3/(4 + p))/(b^4*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.41 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {798, 53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int x^{4n-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \int x^{3n}(bx^n+a)^p dx^n \\
 \downarrow 53 \\
 \int \left( -\frac{a^3(bx^n+a)^p}{b^3} + \frac{3a^2(bx^n+a)^{p+1}}{b^3} - \frac{3a(bx^n+a)^{p+2}}{b^3} + \frac{(bx^n+a)^{p+3}}{b^3} \right) dx^n \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{-\frac{a^3(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{b^4(p+1)} + \frac{3a^2(a+bx^n)^{p+2}}{b^4(p+2)} - \frac{3a(a+bx^n)^{p+3}}{b^4(p+3)} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^{p+4}}{b^4(p+4)}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 + 4*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output  $\frac{-((a^3(a + bx^n)^{(1 + p)})/(b^4(1 + p))) + (3a^2(a + bx^n)^{(2 + p)})/(b^4(2 + p)) - (3a(a + bx^n)^{(3 + p)})/(b^4(3 + p)) + (a + bx^n)^{(4 + p)}/(b^4(4 + p))}{n}$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int  
[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n},  
x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && ( !IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0])  
|| LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst  
[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-b^4 p^3 x^{4n} - a b^3 p^3 x^{3n} - 6b^4 p^2 x^{4n} - 3a b^3 p^2 x^{3n} - 11b^4 p x^{4n} + 3a^2 b^2 p^2 x^{2n} - 2ap x^3 n b^3 - 6x^{4n} b^4 + 3a^2 p x^{2n} b^2 - 6a^3 p x^n b + 6a^4)(a + (3+p)(4+p)(2+p)(p+1)n b^4)}{(3+p)(4+p)(2+p)(p+1)n b^4}$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(-b^4*p^3*(x^n)^4-a*b^3*p^3*(x^n)^3-6*b^4*p^2*(x^n)^4-3*a*b^3*p^2*(x^n)^3  
-11*b^4*p*(x^n)^4+3*a^2*b^2*p^2*(x^n)^2-2*a*p*(x^n)^3*b^3-6*(x^n)^4*b^4+3*  
a^2*p*(x^n)^2*b^2-6*a^3*p*x^n*b+6*a^4)/(3+p)/(4+p)/(2+p)/(p+1)/n/b^4*(a+b*  
x^n)^p`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(6a^3bpx^n - 6a^4 + (b^4p^3 + 6b^4p^2 + 11b^4p + 6b^4)x^{4n} + (ab^3p^3 + 3ab^3p^2 + 2ab^3p)x^{3n} - 3(a^2b^2p^2 + a^2b^2p)x^{2n})(bx^n + a)^p}{b^4np^4 + 10b^4np^3 + 35b^4np^2 + 50b^4np + 24b^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `(6*a^3*b*p*x^n - 6*a^4 + (b^4*p^3 + 6*b^4*p^2 + 11*b^4*p + 6*b^4)*x^(4*n) + (a*b^3*p^3 + 3*a*b^3*p^2 + 2*a*b^3*p)*x^(3*n) - 3*(a^2*b^2*p^2 + a^2*b^2*p)*x^(2*n))*(b*x^n + a)^p/(b^4*n*p^4 + 10*b^4*n*p^3 + 35*b^4*n*p^2 + 50*b^4*n*p + 24*b^4*n)`**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`output `Timed out`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{((p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)b^4x^{4n} + (p^3 + 3p^2 + 2p)ab^3x^{3n} - 3(p^2 + p)a^2b^2x^{2n} + 6a^3bpx^n - 6a^4)(bx^n + a)^p}{(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)b^4n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output 
$$\frac{((p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)b^4x^{4n} + (p^3 + 3p^2 + 2p)ab^3x^{3n} - 3(p^2 + p)a^2b^2x^{2n} + 6a^3bpx^n - 6a^4)(bx^n + a)^p}{(p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)b^4x^n}$$

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p x^{4n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(4*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int x^{4n-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int(x^(4*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int(x^(4*n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 167, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int x^{-1+4n}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^{4n} b^4 p^3 + 6x^{4n} b^4 p^2 + 11x^{4n} b^4 p + 6x^{4n} b^4 + x^{3n} a b^3 p^3 + 3x^{3n} a b^3 p^2 + 2x^{3n} a b^3 p - 3x^{2n} a^2 b^2 p^2)}{b^{4n} (p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)}$$

input `int(x^(-1+4*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`



output

```
((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**(4*n)*b**4*p**3 + 6*x**(4*n)*b**4*p**2 + 11*x**(4*n)*
b**4*p + 6*x**(4*n)*b**4 + x**(3*n)*a*b**3*p**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*p**2 +
2*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*p - 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*p**2 - 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*p
+ 6*x**n*a**3*b*p - 6*a**4))/(b**4*n*(p**4 + 10*p**3 + 35*p**2 + 50*p + 24
))
```

### 3.645 $\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4077
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4077
Rubi [A] (verified)	4078
Maple [B] (verified)	4078
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4079
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4079
Maxima [F]	4080
Giac [F]	4080
Mupad [F(-1)]	4080
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4081

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 32

$$\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)}$$

output `-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/n/(p+1)/(x^(n*(p+1)))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-n(1+p)}(a+bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)}$$

input `Integrate[x^(-1 - n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{n(-p)-n-1}(a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$-\frac{x^{-n(p+1)}(a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{an(p+1)}$$

input `Int[x^(-1 - n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*n*(1 + p)*x^(n*(1 + p))))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 69 vs.  $2(33) = 66$ .

Time = 0.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.19

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{x x^n x^{-np-n-1}(a+bx^n)^p b^2 + x x^{-np-n-1}(a+bx^n)^p ab}{bn(p+1)a}$	70

input `int(x^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-(x*x^n*x^{(-n*p-n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*b^2+x*x^{(-n*p-n-1)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*a*b)/b/n/(p+1)/a$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.66

$$\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(bxx^{-np-n-1}x^n + axx^{-np-n-1})(bx^n + a)^p}{anp + an}$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-(b*x*x^{(-n*p - n - 1)}*x^n + a*x*x^{(-n*p - n - 1)})*(b*x^n + a)^p/(a*n*p + a*n)$$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^p a^{-p-1} b^{p+1} \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-1)}{n\Gamma(-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output 
$$a**p*a**(-p - 1)*b**(p + 1)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 1)/(n*gamma(-p))$$

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n+a)^p x^{-np-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*x^(-n*p - n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{x^{n+np+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n + n*p + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/x^(n + n*p + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

$$\int x^{-1-n-np}(a+bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b + a)}{x^{np+n} a n (p+1)}$$

input `int(x^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `( - (x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b + a))/(x**(n*p + n)*a*n*(p + 1))`

### 3.646 $\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$

Optimal result	4082
Mathematica [B] (verified)	4082
Rubi [A] (verified)	4083
Maple [B] (verified)	4084
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4084
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4085
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	4085
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4086
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4086
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4087

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{x^{-9n}(a + bx^n)^9}{9an}$$

output

```
-1/9*(a+b*x^n)^9/a/n/(x^(9*n))
```

#### Mathematica [B] (verified)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 113 vs. 2(24) = 48.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{x^{-9n}(-a^8 - 9a^7bx^n - 36a^6b^2x^{2n} - 84a^5b^3x^{3n} - 126a^4b^4x^{4n} - 126a^3b^5x^{5n} - 84a^2b^6x^{6n} - 36ab^7x^{7n} - 9b^8x^{8n})}{9n}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 9*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(-a^8 - 9a^7bx^n - 36a^6b^2x^{2n}) - 84a^5b^3x^{3n} - 126a^4b^4x^{4n} - 126a^3b^5x^{5n} - 84a^2b^6x^{6n} - 36ab^7x^{7n} - 9b^8x^{8n}}{9nx^{9n}}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-9n-1}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{x^{-9n}(a + bx^n)^9}{9an}$$

input

```
Int[x^(-1 - 9*n)*(a + b*x^n)^8,x]
```

output

```
-1/9*(a + b*x^n)^9/(a*n*x^(9*n))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 7.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.67

method	result
risch	$\frac{b^8 x^{-n}}{n} - \frac{4ab^7 x^{-2n}}{n} - \frac{28a^2 b^6 x^{-3n}}{3n} - \frac{14a^3 b^5 x^{-4n}}{n} - \frac{14a^4 b^4 x^{-5n}}{n} - \frac{28a^5 b^3 x^{-6n}}{3n} - \frac{4a^6 b^2 x^{-7n}}{n} - \frac{a^7 b x^{-8n}}{n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{-9x^8 x^{8n} x^{-1-9n} b^8 - 36x^7 x^{7n} x^{-1-9n} a b^7 - 84x^6 x^{6n} x^{-1-9n} a^2 b^6 - 126x^5 x^{5n} x^{-1-9n} a^3 b^5 - 126x^4 x^{4n} x^{-1-9n} a^4 b^4 - 84x^3 x^{3n} x^{-1-9n} a^5 b^3 - 36x^2 x^{2n} x^{-1-9n} a^6 b^2 - 9x x^{1n} x^{-1-9n} a^7 b}{9n}$
orering	Expression too large to display

```
input int(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output -b^8/n/(x^n)-4*a*b^7/n/(x^n)^2-28/3*a^2*b^6/n/(x^n)^3-14*a^3*b^5/n/(x^n)^4
-14*a^4*b^4/n/(x^n)^5-28/3*a^5*b^3/n/(x^n)^6-4*a^6*b^2/n/(x^n)^7-a^7*b/n/(
x^n)^8-1/9*a^8/n/(x^n)^9
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.62

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{9b^8x^{8n} + 36ab^7x^{7n} + 84a^2b^6x^{6n} + 126a^3b^5x^{5n} + 126a^4b^4x^{4n} + 84a^5b^3x^{3n} + 36a^6b^2x^{2n} + 9a^7bx^n + a^8}{9nx^{9n}}$$

```
input integrate(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output -1/9*(9*b^8*x^(8*n) + 36*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 84*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 126*a^3*b^5*
x^(5*n) + 126*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 84*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 36*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) +
9*a^7*b*x^n + a^8)/(n*x^(9*n))
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 221 vs.  $2(19) = 38$ .

Time = 2.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 221, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.21

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{a^8 x x^{-9n-1}}{9n} - \frac{a^7 b x x^n x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{4a^6 b^2 x x^{2n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{28a^5 b^3 x x^{3n} x^{-9n-1}}{3n} - \frac{14a^4 b^4 x x^{4n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{14a^3 b^5 x x^{5n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{28a^2 b^6 x x^{6n} x^{-9n-1}}{3n} - \frac{4ab^7 x x^{7n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} - \frac{b^8 x x^{8n} x^{-9n-1}}{n} \\ (a+b)^8 \log(x) \end{array} \right.$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x**n)**8,x)`

output `Piecewise((-a**8*x*x**(-9*n - 1)/(9*n) - a**7*b*x*x**n*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - 4*a**6*b**2*x*x**2*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - 28*a**5*b**3*x*x**3*x**(-9*n - 1)/(3*n) - 14*a**4*b**4*x*x**4*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - 14*a**3*b**5*x*x**5*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - 28*a**2*b**6*x*x**6*x**(-9*n - 1)/(3*n) - 4*a*b**7*x*x**7*x**(-9*n - 1)/n - b**8*x*x**8*x**(-9*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), ((a + b)**8*log(x), True))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 151 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.29

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{a^7b}{nx^{8n}} - \frac{4a^6b^2}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{28a^5b^3}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{14a^4b^4}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{14a^3b^5}{nx^{4n}} - \frac{28a^2b^6}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{4ab^7}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{b^8}{nx^n}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/9*a^8/(n*x^(9*n)) - a^7*b/(n*x^(8*n)) - 4*a^6*b^2/(n*x^(7*n)) - 28/3*a^5*b^3/(n*x^(6*n)) - 14*a^4*b^4/(n*x^(5*n)) - 14*a^3*b^5/(n*x^(4*n)) - 28/3*a^2*b^6/(n*x^(3*n)) - 4*a*b^7/(n*x^(2*n)) - b^8/(n*x^n)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 111 vs.  $2(24) = 48$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 111, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.62

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = \frac{9b^8x^{8n} + 36ab^7x^{7n} + 84a^2b^6x^{6n} + 126a^3b^5x^{5n} + 126a^4b^4x^{4n} + 84a^5b^3x^{3n} + 36a^6b^2x^{2n} + 9a^7bx^n + a^8}{9nx^{9n}}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/9*(9*b^8*x^(8*n) + 36*a*b^7*x^(7*n) + 84*a^2*b^6*x^(6*n) + 126*a^3*b^5*x^(5*n) + 126*a^4*b^4*x^(4*n) + 84*a^5*b^3*x^(3*n) + 36*a^6*b^2*x^(2*n) + 9*a^7*b*x^n + a^8)/(n*x^(9*n))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 151, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.29

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a+bx^n)^8 dx = -\frac{a^8}{9nx^{9n}} - \frac{b^8}{nx^n} - \frac{28a^2b^6}{3nx^{3n}} - \frac{14a^3b^5}{nx^{4n}} - \frac{14a^4b^4}{nx^{5n}} - \frac{28a^5b^3}{3nx^{6n}} - \frac{4a^6b^2}{nx^{7n}} - \frac{4ab^7}{nx^{2n}} - \frac{a^7b}{nx^{8n}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^8/x^(9*n + 1),x)`

output `- a^8/(9*n*x^(9*n)) - b^8/(n*x^n) - (28*a^2*b^6)/(3*n*x^(3*n)) - (14*a^3*b^5)/(n*x^(4*n)) - (14*a^4*b^4)/(n*x^(5*n)) - (28*a^5*b^3)/(3*n*x^(6*n)) - (4*a^6*b^2)/(n*x^(7*n)) - (4*a*b^7)/(n*x^(2*n)) - (a^7*b)/(n*x^(8*n))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.71

$$\int x^{-1-9n}(a + bx^n)^8 dx$$

$$= \frac{-9x^{8n}b^8 - 36x^{7n}ab^7 - 84x^{6n}a^2b^6 - 126x^{5n}a^3b^5 - 126x^{4n}a^4b^4 - 84x^{3n}a^5b^3 - 36x^{2n}a^6b^2 - 9x^na^7b - a^8}{9x^{9n}}$$

input `int(x^(-1-9*n)*(a+b*x^n)^8,x)`output `( - 9*x**(8*n)*b**8 - 36*x**(7*n)*a*b**7 - 84*x**(6*n)*a**2*b**6 - 126*x**  
(5*n)*a**3*b**5 - 126*x**(4*n)*a**4*b**4 - 84*x**(3*n)*a**5*b**3 - 36*x**(  
2*n)*a**6*b**2 - 9*x**n*a**7*b - a**8)/(9*x**(9*n)*n)`

### 3.647 $\int x^{-4-3p}(a + bx^3)^p dx$

Optimal result	4088
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4088
Rubi [A] (verified)	4089
Maple [A] (verified)	4089
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4090
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4090
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4091
Giac [F]	4091
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4091
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4092

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int x^{-4-3p}(a + bx^3)^p dx = -\frac{x^{-3(1+p)}(a + bx^3)^{1+p}}{3a(1+p)}$$

output

```
-1/3*(b*x^3+a)^(p+1)/a/(p+1)/(x^(3*p+3))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int x^{-4-3p}(a + bx^3)^p dx = \frac{x^{-3-3p}(a + bx^3)^{1+p}}{a(-3 - 3p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-4 - 3*p)*(a + b*x^3)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x^(-3 - 3*p)*(a + b*x^3)^(1 + p))/(a*(-3 - 3*p))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-3p-4} (a + bx^3)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$-\frac{x^{-3(p+1)} (a + bx^3)^{p+1}}{3a(p+1)}$$

input `Int[x^(-4 - 3*p)*(a + b*x^3)^p,x]`

output `-1/3*(a + b*x^3)^(1 + p)/(a*(1 + p)*x^(3*(1 + p)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result	size
gospers	$-\frac{x^{-3-3p}(bx^3+a)^{p+1}}{3a(p+1)}$	29
orering	$-\frac{x(bx^3+a)x^{-4-3p}(bx^3+a)^p}{3a(p+1)}$	35

input `int(x^(-4-3*p)*(b*x^3+a)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/3*x^(-3-3*p)/a/(p+1)*(b*x^3+a)^(p+1)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int x^{-4-3p}(a+bx^3)^p dx = -\frac{(bx^4+ax)(bx^3+a)^p x^{-3p-4}}{3(ap+a)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-4-3*p)*(b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/3*(b*x^4 + a*x)*(b*x^3 + a)^p*x^(-3*p - 4)/(a*p + a)`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 110.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^{-4-3p}(a+bx^3)^p dx = \frac{a^p x^{-3p-3} \left(1 + \frac{bx^3}{a}\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-1)}{3\Gamma(-p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-4-3*p)*(b*x**3+a)**p,x)`

output `a**p*x**(-3*p - 3)*(1 + b*x**3/a)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 1)/(3*gamma(-p))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int x^{-4-3p}(a+bx^3)^p dx = -\frac{(bx^3+a)e^{(p\log(bx^3+a)-3p\log(x))}}{3a(p+1)x^3}$$

input `integrate(x^(-4-3*p)*(b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*(b*x^3 + a)*e^(p*log(b*x^3 + a) - 3*p*log(x))/(a*(p + 1)*x^3)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-4-3p}(a+bx^3)^p dx = \int (bx^3+a)^p x^{-3p-4} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-4-3*p)*(b*x^3+a)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^3 + a)^p*x^(-3*p - 4), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int x^{-4-3p}(a+bx^3)^p dx = -(bx^3+a)^p \left( \frac{x}{3x^{3p+4}(p+1)} + \frac{bx^4}{3ax^{3p+4}(p+1)} \right)$$

input `int((a + b*x^3)^p/x^(3*p + 4),x)`output `-(a + b*x^3)^p*(x/(3*x^(3*p + 4)*(p + 1)) + (b*x^4)/(3*a*x^(3*p + 4)*(p + 1)))`



**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int x^{-4-3p}(a+bx^3)^p dx = -\frac{(bx^3+a)^p(bx^3+a)}{3x^{3p}ax^3(p+1)}$$

input `int(x^(-4-3*p)*(b*x^3+a)^p,x)`

output `( - (a + b*x**3)**p*(a + b*x**3))/(3*x**(3*p)*a*x**3*(p + 1))`

**3.648**       $\int \frac{(a+bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx$

Optimal result	4093
Mathematica [B] (verified)	4093
Rubi [A] (verified)	4094
Maple [B] (verified)	4095
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4095
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4096
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	4096
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4097
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4097
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4098

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 19

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx = -\frac{(a + bx^3)^9}{27ax^{27}}$$

output -1/27\*(b\*x^3+a)^9/a/x^27

**Mathematica [B] (verified)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 108 vs. 2(19) = 38.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.68

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx = -\frac{a^8}{27x^{27}} - \frac{a^7b}{3x^{24}} - \frac{4a^6b^2}{3x^{21}} - \frac{28a^5b^3}{9x^{18}} - \frac{14a^4b^4}{3x^{15}} - \frac{14a^3b^5}{3x^{12}} - \frac{28a^2b^6}{9x^9} - \frac{4ab^7}{3x^6} - \frac{b^8}{3x^3}$$

input Integrate[(a + b\*x^3)^8/x^28,x]

output

$$-1/27*a^8/x^27 - (a^7*b)/(3*x^24) - (4*a^6*b^2)/(3*x^21) - (28*a^5*b^3)/(9*x^18) - (14*a^4*b^4)/(3*x^15) - (14*a^3*b^5)/(3*x^12) - (28*a^2*b^6)/(9*x^9) - (4*a*b^7)/(3*x^6) - b^8/(3*x^3)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 19, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.077$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx$$

↓ 796

$$-\frac{(a + bx^3)^9}{27ax^{27}}$$

input

`Int[(a + b*x^3)^8/x^28,x]`

output

`-1/27*(a + b*x^3)^9/(a*x^27)`
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796

`Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.79

method	result	size
gospers	$\frac{-9b^8x^{24}+36ab^7x^{21}+84a^2b^6x^{18}+126a^3b^5x^{15}+126a^4b^4x^{12}+84a^5b^3x^9+36a^6b^2x^6+9a^7bx^3+a^8}{27x^{27}}$	91
default	$-\frac{b^8}{3x^3} - \frac{4a^6b^2}{3x^{21}} - \frac{14a^4b^4}{3x^{15}} - \frac{a^7b}{3x^{24}} - \frac{a^8}{27x^{27}} - \frac{4ab^7}{3x^6} - \frac{28a^5b^3}{9x^{18}} - \frac{28a^2b^6}{9x^9} - \frac{14a^3b^5}{3x^{12}}$	91
orering	$\frac{-9b^8x^{24}+36ab^7x^{21}+84a^2b^6x^{18}+126a^3b^5x^{15}+126a^4b^4x^{12}+84a^5b^3x^9+36a^6b^2x^6+9a^7bx^3+a^8}{27x^{27}}$	91
norman	$\frac{-\frac{1}{27}a^8 - \frac{4}{3}ab^7x^{21} - \frac{4}{3}a^6b^2x^6 - \frac{1}{3}a^7bx^3 - \frac{1}{3}b^8x^{24} - \frac{28}{9}a^5b^3x^9 - \frac{14}{3}a^4b^4x^{12} - \frac{28}{9}a^2b^6x^{18} - \frac{14}{3}a^3b^5x^{15}}{x^{27}}$	92
risch	$\frac{-\frac{1}{27}a^8 - \frac{4}{3}ab^7x^{21} - \frac{4}{3}a^6b^2x^6 - \frac{1}{3}a^7bx^3 - \frac{1}{3}b^8x^{24} - \frac{28}{9}a^5b^3x^9 - \frac{14}{3}a^4b^4x^{12} - \frac{28}{9}a^2b^6x^{18} - \frac{14}{3}a^3b^5x^{15}}{x^{27}}$	92
parallelrisch	$\frac{-9b^8x^{24}-36ab^7x^{21}-84a^2b^6x^{18}-126a^3b^5x^{15}-126a^4b^4x^{12}-84a^5b^3x^9-36a^6b^2x^6-9a^7bx^3-a^8}{27x^{27}}$	93

input `int((b*x^3+a)^8/x^28,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$-1/27*(9*b^8*x^24+36*a*b^7*x^21+84*a^2*b^6*x^18+126*a^3*b^5*x^15+126*a^4*b^4*x^12+84*a^5*b^3*x^9+36*a^6*b^2*x^6+9*a^7*b*x^3+a^8)/x^27$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx = \frac{-9b^8x^{24} + 36ab^7x^{21} + 84a^2b^6x^{18} + 126a^3b^5x^{15} + 126a^4b^4x^{12} + 84a^5b^3x^9 + 36a^6b^2x^6 + 9a^7bx^3 + a^8}{27x^{27}}$$

input `integrate((b*x^3+a)^8/x^28,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$-1/27*(9*b^8*x^24 + 36*a*b^7*x^21 + 84*a^2*b^6*x^18 + 126*a^3*b^5*x^15 + 126*a^4*b^4*x^12 + 84*a^5*b^3*x^9 + 36*a^6*b^2*x^6 + 9*a^7*b*x^3 + a^8)/x^27$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 97 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.11

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx = \frac{-a^8 - 9a^7bx^3 - 36a^6b^2x^6 - 84a^5b^3x^9 - 126a^4b^4x^{12} - 126a^3b^5x^{15} - 84a^2b^6x^{18} - 36ab^7x^{21} - 9b^8x^{24}}{27x^{27}}$$

input `integrate((b*x**3+a)**8/x**28,x)`

output `(-a**8 - 9*a**7*b*x**3 - 36*a**6*b**2*x**6 - 84*a**5*b**3*x**9 - 126*a**4*b**4*x**12 - 126*a**3*b**5*x**15 - 84*a**2*b**6*x**18 - 36*a*b**7*x**21 - 9*b**8*x**24)/(27*x**27)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx = \frac{9b^8x^{24} + 36ab^7x^{21} + 84a^2b^6x^{18} + 126a^3b^5x^{15} + 126a^4b^4x^{12} + 84a^5b^3x^9 + 36a^6b^2x^6 + 9a^7bx^3 + a^8}{27x^{27}}$$

input `integrate((b*x^3+a)^8/x^28,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/27*(9*b^8*x^24 + 36*a*b^7*x^21 + 84*a^2*b^6*x^18 + 126*a^3*b^5*x^15 + 126*a^4*b^4*x^12 + 84*a^5*b^3*x^9 + 36*a^6*b^2*x^6 + 9*a^7*b*x^3 + a^8)/x^27`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 90 vs.  $2(17) = 34$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx = \frac{9b^8x^{24} + 36ab^7x^{21} + 84a^2b^6x^{18} + 126a^3b^5x^{15} + 126a^4b^4x^{12} + 84a^5b^3x^9 + 36a^6b^2x^6 + 9a^7bx^3 + a^8}{27x^{27}}$$

input `integrate((b*x^3+a)^8/x^28,x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/27*(9*b^8*x^24 + 36*a*b^7*x^21 + 84*a^2*b^6*x^18 + 126*a^3*b^5*x^15 + 126*a^4*b^4*x^12 + 84*a^5*b^3*x^9 + 36*a^6*b^2*x^6 + 9*a^7*b*x^3 + a^8)/x^27$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.84

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx = \frac{\frac{a^8}{27} + \frac{a^7bx^3}{3} + \frac{4a^6b^2x^6}{3} + \frac{28a^5b^3x^9}{9} + \frac{14a^4b^4x^{12}}{3} + \frac{14a^3b^5x^{15}}{3} + \frac{28a^2b^6x^{18}}{9} + \frac{4ab^7x^{21}}{3} + \frac{b^8x^{24}}{3}}{x^{27}}$$

input `int((a + b*x^3)^8/x^28,x)`

output 
$$-(a^8/27 + (b^8*x^24)/3 + (a^7*b*x^3)/3 + (4*a*b^7*x^21)/3 + (4*a^6*b^2*x^6)/3 + (28*a^5*b^3*x^9)/9 + (14*a^4*b^4*x^12)/3 + (14*a^3*b^5*x^15)/3 + (28*a^2*b^6*x^18)/9)/x^27$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.84

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^3)^8}{x^{28}} dx$$

$$= \frac{-9b^8x^{24} - 36ab^7x^{21} - 84a^2b^6x^{18} - 126a^3b^5x^{15} - 126a^4b^4x^{12} - 84a^5b^3x^9 - 36a^6b^2x^6 - 9a^7bx^3 - a^8}{27x^{27}}$$

input `int((b*x^3+a)^8/x^28,x)`output `( - a**8 - 9*a**7*b*x**3 - 36*a**6*b**2*x**6 - 84*a**5*b**3*x**9 - 126*a**4*b**4*x**12 - 126*a**3*b**5*x**15 - 84*a**2*b**6*x**18 - 36*a*b**7*x**21 - 9*b**8*x**24)/(27*x**27)`

$$3.649 \quad \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	4099
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	4099
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	4100
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	4101
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4102
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4102
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4103
Giac [F] . . . . .	4103
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4103
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	4104

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 23

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{an}$$

output `ln(x)/a-ln(a+b*x^n)/a/n`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{\log(x^n) - \log(an(a+bx^n))}{an}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n] - Log[a*n*(a + b*x^n)])/(a*n)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{\int \frac{x^{-n}}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{n} \\
 \downarrow 47 \\
 \frac{\frac{\int x^{-n} dx^n}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 14 \\
 \frac{\frac{\log(x^n)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^n}{a}}{n} \\
 \downarrow 16 \\
 \frac{\frac{\log(x^n)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^n)}{a}}{n}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x]`

output `(Log[x^n]/a - Log[a + b*x^n]/a)/n`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 14  $\text{Int}[(a\_)/(x\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a*\text{Log}[x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[a, x]$
- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 47  $\text{Int}[1/(((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_))*((c\_)+(d\_)*(x\_))), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[d/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[1/(c + d*x), x], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x]$
- rule 798  $\text{Int}[(x\_)^{(m\_)*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_))}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/n \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n) - 1)*(a + b*x)^p}, x], x, x^n], x] \text{ /; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{n \ln(x) - \ln(a + b x^n)}{an}$	23
norman	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(a + b e^{n \ln(x)})}{an}$	26
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}{an}$	26
derivativedivides	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a + b x^n)}{a} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a}}{n}$	27
default	$\frac{-\frac{\ln(a + b x^n)}{a} + \frac{\ln(x^n)}{a}}{n}$	27

input  $\text{int}(1/x/(a+b*x^n), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output  $(n*\ln(x) - \ln(a + b*x^n))/a/n$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{n \log(x) - \log(bx^n + a)}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(n*log(x) - log(b*x^n + a))/(a*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 41 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.78

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \begin{cases} \infty \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{x^{-n}}{bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^n)}{an} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-1/(b*n*x**n), Eq(a, 0)), (log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/a - log(a/b + x**n)/(a*n), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\log(bx^n+a)}{an} + \frac{\log(x^n)}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-log(b*x^n + a)/(a*n) + log(x^n)/(a*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*x), x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = -\frac{\ln(a+bx^n) - n \ln(x)}{an}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `-(log(a + b*x^n) - n*log(x))/(a*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^n)} dx = \frac{-\log(x^n b + a) + \log(x) n}{an}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - log(x**n*b + a) + log(x)*n)/(a*n)`

### 3.650

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx$$

Optimal result	4105
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4105
Rubi [A] (verified)	4106
Maple [A] (verified)	4107
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4108
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4108
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4108
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	4109
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4109
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4109

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 22

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^3)}{3a}$$

output `ln(x)/a-1/3*ln(b*x^3+a)/a`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^3)}{3a}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b*x^3)),x]`

output `Log[x]/a - Log[a + b*x^3]/(3*a)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.308$ , Rules used = {798, 47, 14, 16}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 798 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{x^3(bx^3+a)} dx^3 \\
 & \quad \downarrow 47 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^3} dx^3}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx^3}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 14 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\log(x^3)}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^3+a} dx^3}{a} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{\log(x^3)}{a} - \frac{\log(a+bx^3)}{a} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(x*(a + b*x^3)),x]`

output `(Log[x^3]/a - Log[a + b*x^3]/a)/3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 14 `Int[(a_.)/(x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a*Log[x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x]`

rule 16 `Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 47 `Int[1/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x]`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(bx^3+a)}{3a}$	21
norman	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(bx^3+a)}{3a}$	21
risch	$\frac{\ln(x)}{a} - \frac{\ln(bx^3+a)}{3a}$	21
parallelrisch	$\frac{3\ln(x) - \ln(bx^3+a)}{3a}$	21

input `int(1/x/(b*x^3+a),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `ln(x)/a-1/3*ln(b*x^3+a)/a`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx = -\frac{\log(bx^3+a) - 3\log(x)}{3a}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*(log(b*x^3 + a) - 3*log(x))/a`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx = \frac{\log(x)}{a} - \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^3)}{3a}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x**3+a),x)`output `log(x)/a - log(a/b + x**3)/(3*a)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx = -\frac{\log(bx^3+a)}{3a} + \frac{\log(x^3)}{3a}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-1/3*log(b*x^3 + a)/a + 1/3*log(x^3)/a`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx = -\frac{\log(|bx^3+a|)}{3a} + \frac{\log(|x|)}{a}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(b*x^3+a),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/3*log(abs(b*x^3 + a))/a + log(abs(x))/a`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx = -\frac{\ln(bx^3+a) - 3\ln(x)}{3a}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b*x^3)),x)`output `-(log(a + b*x^3) - 3*log(x))/(3*a)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^3)} dx = \frac{-\log\left(a^{\frac{2}{3}} - b^{\frac{1}{3}}a^{\frac{1}{3}}x + b^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2\right) - \log\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}} + b^{\frac{1}{3}}x\right) + 3\log(x)}{3a}$$

input `int(1/x/(b*x^3+a),x)`output `( - log(a**(2/3) - b**(1/3)*a**(1/3)*x + b**(2/3)*x**2) - log(a**(1/3) + b  
**(1/3)*x) + 3*log(x))/(3*a)`

### 3.651 $\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{-n})} dx$

Optimal result	4110
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4110
Rubi [A] (verified)	4111
Maple [A] (verified)	4112
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4112
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4113
Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	4113
Giac [F]	4114
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4114
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4114

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 15

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{-n})} dx = \frac{\log(b+ax^n)}{an}$$

output `ln(b+a*x^n)/a/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{-n})} dx = \frac{\log(b+ax^n)}{an}$$

input `Integrate[1/(x*(a + b/x^n)),x]`

output `Log[b + a*x^n]/(a*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {795, 792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^{-n})} dx$$

↓ 795

$$\int \frac{x^{n-1}}{ax^n + b} dx$$

↓ 792

$$\frac{\log(ax^n + b)}{an}$$

input

```
Int[1/(x*(a + b/x^n)),x]
```

output

```
Log[b + a*x^n]/(a*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]
```

rule 795

```
Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(m + n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && NegQ[n]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 16, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{\ln(b+ax^n)}{an}$	16
default	$\frac{\ln(b+ax^n)}{an}$	16
parallelrisch	$\frac{\ln(b+ax^n)}{an}$	16
norman	$\frac{\ln(ae^{n \ln(x)}+b)}{an}$	18
risch	$\frac{\ln\left(x^n+\frac{b}{a}\right)}{an}$	18

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(x^n)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `ln(b+a*x^n)/a/n`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a+bx^{-n})} dx = \frac{\log(ax^n + b)}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(x^n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `log(a*x^n + b)/(a*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 39 vs.  $2(10) = 20$ .

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.60

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^{-n})} dx = \begin{cases} \tilde{\infty} \log(x) & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ \frac{x^n}{bn} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a+b} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{\log(x)}{a} + \frac{\log(\frac{a}{b} + x^{-n})}{an} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(x**n)),x)`

output `Piecewise((zoo*log(x), Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (x**n/(b*n), Eq(a, 0)), (log(x)/a, Eq(b, 0)), (log(x)/(a + b), Eq(n, 0)), (log(x)/a + log(a/b + x**(-n))/(a*n), True))`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 32 vs.  $2(15) = 30$ .

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^{-n})} dx = \frac{\log(a + \frac{b}{x^n})}{an} - \frac{\log(\frac{1}{x^n})}{an}$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(x^n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `log(a + b/x^n)/(a*n) - log(1/(x^n))/(a*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^{-n})} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^n}\right)x} dx$$

input `integrate(1/x/(a+b/(x^n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/x^n)*x), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^{-n})} dx = \frac{\ln\left(a + \frac{b}{x^n}\right) + n \ln(x)}{an}$$

input `int(1/(x*(a + b/x^n)),x)`

output `(log(a + b/x^n) + n*log(x))/(a*n)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 15, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{x(a + bx^{-n})} dx = \frac{\log(x^n a + b)}{an}$$

input `int(1/x/(a+b/(x^n)),x)`

output `log(x**n*a + b)/(a*n)`

### 3.652 $\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	4115
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4115
Rubi [A] (verified)	4116
Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)	4117
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	4117
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4118
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4119
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4119
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4120
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4121

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^2(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)} + \frac{2abx^n(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+n)} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m+2n)}$$

output

$$a^2*(c*x)^{(1+m)}/c/(1+m)+2*a*b*x^n*(c*x)^{(1+m)}/c/(1+m+n)+b^2*x^{(2*n)}*(c*x)^{(1+m)}/c/(1+m+2*n)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = x(cx)^m \left( \frac{a^2}{1+m} + \frac{2abx^n}{1+m+n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{1+m+2n} \right)$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]$$

output

$$x*(c*x)^m*(a^2/(1+m) + (2*a*b*x^n)/(1+m+n) + (b^2*x^{(2*n)})/(1+m+2*n))$$



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int (a^2(cx)^m + 2abx^n(cx)^m + b^2x^{2n}(cx)^m) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2(cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} + \frac{2abx^{n+1}(cx)^m}{m+n+1} + \frac{b^2x^{2n+1}(cx)^m}{m+2n+1}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(2*a*b*x^(1 + n)*(c*x)^m)/(1 + m + n) + (b^2*x^(1 + 2*n)*(c*x)^m)/(1 + m + 2*n) + (a^2*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(c*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

method	result
risch	$\frac{x(b^2m^2x^{2n}+mn b^2x^{2n}+2abx^nm^2+4x^n abmn+2m b^2x^{2n}+b^2x^{2n}n+a^2m^2+3a^2mn+2a^2n^2+4abm x^n+4abx^nn+b^2x^{2n}+2m^2n^2)}{(1+m)(1+n+m)(1+m+2n)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{4x x^n (cx)^m abmn+x x^{2n} (cx)^m b^2+x (cx)^m a^2m^2+2x (cx)^m a^2n^2+2x (cx)^m a^2m+3x (cx)^m a^2n+x x^{2n} (cx)^m b^2mn+2x x^n (cx)^m}{(1+m)}$
orering	$\frac{x(3m^2+6mn+2n^2+3m+3n+1)(cx)^m(a+bx^n)^2}{(m^2+2mn+2m+2n+1)(1+n+m)} - \frac{3x^2(m+n)\left(\frac{(cx)^m m(a+bx^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2(cx)^m(a+bx^n)bx^n}{x}\right)}{(m^2+2mn+2m+2n+1)(1+n+m)} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{(cx)^m}{x}\right)}{(m^2+2mn+2m+2n+1)(1+n+m)}$

```
input int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output x*(b^2*m^2*(x^n)^2+m*n*b^2*(x^n)^2+2*a*b*x^n*m^2+4*x^n*a*b*m*n+2*m*b^2*(x^n)^2+b^2*(x^n)^2*n+a^2*m^2+3*a^2*m*n+2*a^2*n^2+4*a*b*m*x^n+4*a*b*x^n*n+b^2*(x^n)^2+2*m*a^2+3*a^2*n+2*a*b*x^n+a^2)/(1+m)/(1+n+m)/(1+m+2*n)*x^m*c^m*exp(1/2*I*csgn(I*c*x)*Pi*m*(csgn(I*c*x)-csgn(I*x))*(-csgn(I*c*x)+csgn(I*c)))
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{(b^2m^2 + 2b^2m + b^2 + (b^2m + b^2)n)xx^{2n}e^{(m \log(c)+m \log(x))} + 2(abm^2 + 2abm + ab + 2(abm + ab)n)xx^n e^{(m \log(c)+m \log(x))}}{m^3 + 2(m + 1)n^2 + 3m^2 + 3(m^2 + 2mn + 2m + 2n + 1)}$$

```
input integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((b^2*m^2 + 2*b^2*m + b^2 + (b^2*m + b^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*(a*b*m^2 + 2*a*b*m + a*b + 2*(a*b*m + a*b)*n)*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + (a^2*m^2 + 2*a^2*n^2 + 2*a^2*m + a^2 + 3*(a^2*m + a^2)*n)*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)))/(m^3 + 2*(m + 1)*n^2 + 3*m^2 + 3*(m^2 + 2*m + 1)*n + 3*m + 1)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1148 vs.  $2(60) = 120$ .

Time = 1.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1148, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.40

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**2,x)
```

output

```
Piecewise(((a + b)**2*log(x)/c, Eq(m, -1) & Eq(n, 0)), ((a**2*log(x) + 2*a*b*x**n/n + b**2*x**(2*n)/(2*n))/c, Eq(m, -1)), (a**2*Piecewise((0**(-2*n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(2*n*(c*x)**(2*n)), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + 2*a*b*Piecewise((-x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**n*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x), True)) + b**2*x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-2*n - 1)*log(x), Eq(m, -2*n - 1)), (a**2*Piecewise((0**(-n - 1)*x, Eq(c, 0)), (Piecewise((-1/(n*(c*x)**n), Ne(n, 0)), (log(c*x), True))/c, True)) + 2*a*b*x*x**n*(c*x)**(-n - 1)*log(x) + b**2*Piecewise((x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-n - 1)/n, Ne(n, 0)), (x*x**(2*n)*(c*x)**(-n - 1)*log(x), True)), Eq(m, -n - 1)), (a**2*m**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 3*a**2*m*n*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*a**2*m*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*a**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 3*a**2*n*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + a**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*a*b*m**2*x*x**n*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 4*a*b*m*n*x*x**n*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 4*a*b*m*x*x**n*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 c^m x e^{(m \log(x) + 2n \log(x))}}{m + 2n + 1} + \frac{2abc^m x e^{(m \log(x) + n \log(x))}}{m + n + 1} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} a^2}{c(m + 1)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + 2*n*log(x))/(m + 2*n + 1) + 2*a*b*c^m*x*e^(m*log(x) + n*log(x))/(m + n + 1) + (c*x)^(m + 1)*a^2/(c*(m + 1))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 613 vs.  $2(70) = 140$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 613, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.76

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(b^2*m^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + b^2*m*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c)
+ m*log(x)) + 2*a*b*m^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + b^2*m^2*x*x^n*e^(
m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 4*a*b*m*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + b^2*m*n*x
*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + a^2*m^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*a*b*m
^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + b^2*m^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*a^2*m
*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 4*a*b*m*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + b^2*m
*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*a^2*n^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*b^2
*m*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + b^2*n*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log
(x)) + 4*a*b*m*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*b^2*m*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) +
m*log(x)) + 4*a*b*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + b^2*n*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c)
+ m*log(x)) + 2*a^2*m*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 4*a*b*m*x*e^(m*log(c)
+ m*log(x)) + 2*b^2*m*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 3*a^2*n*x*e^(m*log(c) +
m*log(x)) + 4*a*b*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + b^2*n*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log
(x)) + b^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + 2*a*b*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) +
m*log(x)) + b^2*x*x^n*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + a^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log
(x)) + 2*a*b*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)) + b^2*x*e^(m*log(c) + m*log(x)))/(m
^3 + 3*m^2*n + 2*m*n^2 + 3*m^2 + 6*m*n + 2*n^2 + 3*m + 3*n + 1)
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx = (cx)^m \left( \frac{a^2 x}{m+1} + \frac{b^2 x x^{2n} (m+n+1)}{m^2 + 3mn + 2m + 2n^2 + 3n + 1} + \frac{2abx x^n (m+2n+1)}{m^2 + 3mn + 2m + 2n^2 + 3n + 1} \right)$$

input

```
int((c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
(c*x)^m*((a^2*x)/(m + 1) + (b^2*x*x^(2*n)*(m + n + 1))/(2*m + 3*n + 3*m*n
+ m^2 + 2*n^2 + 1) + (2*a*b*x*x^n*(m + 2*n + 1))/(2*m + 3*n + 3*m*n + m^2
+ 2*n^2 + 1))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m c^m x (x^{2n} b^2 m^2 + x^{2n} b^2 mn + 2x^{2n} b^2 m + x^{2n} b^2 n + x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n ab m^2 + 4x^n abmn + 4x^n abm + 4x^n abn)}{m^3 + 3m^2 n + 2m n^2 + 3m^2 + 6mn + 2n^2 + 3m + 3}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x**m*c**m*x*(x**(2*n)*b**2*m**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*m*n + 2*x**(2*n)*b**2*m + x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*m**2 + 4*x**n*a*b*m*n + 4*x**n*a*b*m + 4*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*m**2 + 3*a**2*m*n + 2*a**2*m + 2*a**2*n**2 + 3*a**2*n + a**2))/(m**3 + 3*m**2*n + 3*m**2 + 2*m*n**2 + 6*m*n + 3*m + 2*n**2 + 3*n + 1)`

### 3.653 $\int (cx)^m (a + bx^3)^2 dx$

Optimal result	4122
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4122
Rubi [A] (verified)	4123
Maple [A] (verified)	4124
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4124
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4125
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4125
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4126
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4126
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4127

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^3)^2 dx = \frac{a^2(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)} + \frac{2ab(cx)^{4+m}}{c^4(4+m)} + \frac{b^2(cx)^{7+m}}{c^7(7+m)}$$

output

```
a^2*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m)+2*a*b*(c*x)^(4+m)/c^4/(4+m)+b^2*(c*x)^(7+m)/c^7/(7+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^3)^2 dx = x(cx)^m \left( \frac{a^2}{1+m} + \frac{2abx^3}{4+m} + \frac{b^2x^6}{7+m} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^3)^2,x]
```

output

```
x*(c*x)^m*(a^2/(1+m) + (2*a*b*x^3)/(4+m) + (b^2*x^6)/(7+m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^3)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 802$$

$$\int \left( a^2 (cx)^m + \frac{2ab(cx)^{m+3}}{c^3} + \frac{b^2 (cx)^{m+6}}{c^6} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 (cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} + \frac{2ab(cx)^{m+4}}{c^4(m+4)} + \frac{b^2 (cx)^{m+7}}{c^7(m+7)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^3)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(c*(1 + m)) + (2*a*b*(c*x)^(4 + m))/(c^4*(4 + m)) + (b^2*(c*x)^(7 + m))/(c^7*(7 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Exp andIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`



**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^2 x e^{m \ln(cx)}}{1+m} + \frac{b^2 x^7 e^{m \ln(cx)}}{7+m} + \frac{2ab x^4 e^{m \ln(cx)}}{4+m}$
gospers	$\frac{x(b^2 m^2 x^6 + 5m x^6 b^2 + 4b^2 x^6 + 2ab m^2 x^3 + 16m x^3 ab + 14ab x^3 + a^2 m^2 + 11m a^2 + 28a^2)(cx)^m}{(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)}$
risch	$\frac{x(b^2 m^2 x^6 + 5m x^6 b^2 + 4b^2 x^6 + 2ab m^2 x^3 + 16m x^3 ab + 14ab x^3 + a^2 m^2 + 11m a^2 + 28a^2)(cx)^m}{(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)}$
orering	$\frac{x(b^2 m^2 x^6 + 5m x^6 b^2 + 4b^2 x^6 + 2ab m^2 x^3 + 16m x^3 ab + 14ab x^3 + a^2 m^2 + 11m a^2 + 28a^2)(cx)^m}{(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^7 (cx)^m b^2 m^2 + 5x^7 (cx)^m b^2 m + 4x^7 (cx)^m b^2 + 2x^4 (cx)^m ab m^2 + 16x^4 (cx)^m ab m + 14x^4 (cx)^m ab + x (cx)^m a^2 m^2 + 11x (cx)^m a^2 m}{(7+m)(4+m)(1+m)}$

input `int((c*x)^m*(b*x^3+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(c*x))+b^2/(7+m)*x^7*exp(m*ln(c*x))+2*a*b/(4+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(c*x))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^3)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((b^2 m^2 + 5b^2 m + 4b^2)x^7 + 2(abm^2 + 8abm + 7ab)x^4 + (a^2 m^2 + 11a^2 m + 28a^2)x)(cx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(b*x^3+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b^2*m^2 + 5*b^2*m + 4*b^2)*x^7 + 2*(a*b*m^2 + 8*a*b*m + 7*a*b)*x^4 + (a^2*m^2 + 11*a^2*m + 28*a^2)*x)*(c*x)^m/(m^3 + 12*m^2 + 39*m + 28)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 337 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 337, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.81

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^3)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{-\frac{a^2}{6x^6} - \frac{2ab}{3x^3} + b^2 \log(x)}{c^7} \\ \frac{-\frac{a^2}{3x^3} + 2ab \log(x) + \frac{b^2 x^3}{3}}{c^4} \\ \frac{a^2 \log(x) + \frac{2abx^3}{3} + \frac{b^2 x^6}{6}}{c} \\ \frac{a^2 m^2 x (cx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{11a^2 m x (cx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{28a^2 x (cx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{2abm^2 x^4 (cx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{16abmx^4 (cx)^m}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28} + \frac{14abx^4}{m^3 + 12m^2} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(b*x**3+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((( -a**2/(6*x**6) - 2*a*b/(3*x**3) + b**2*log(x))/c**7, Eq(m, -7)), (( -a**2/(3*x**3) + 2*a*b*log(x) + b**2*x**3/3)/c**4, Eq(m, -4)), ((a**2*log(x) + 2*a*b*x**3/3 + b**2*x**6/6)/c, Eq(m, -1)), (a**2*m**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 11*a**2*m*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 28*a**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 2*a*b*m**2*x**4*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 16*a*b*m*x**4*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 14*a*b*x**4*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + b**2*m**2*x**7*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 5*b**2*m*x**7*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28) + 4*b**2*x**7*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^3)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 c^m x^7 x^m}{m+7} + \frac{2abc^m x^4 x^m}{m+4} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} a^2}{c(m+1)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(b*x^3+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $b^2 c^m x^{7m} / (m + 7) + 2 a b c^m x^{4m} / (m + 4) + (c x)^{m+1} a^2 / (c (m + 1))$

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs.  $2(58) = 116$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (c x)^m (a + b x^3)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(c x)^m b^2 m^2 x^7 + 5 (c x)^m b^2 m x^7 + 4 (c x)^m b^2 x^7 + 2 (c x)^m a b m^2 x^4 + 16 (c x)^m a b m x^4 + 14 (c x)^m a b x^4 + (c x)^m a^2 m^2 x + 11 (c x)^m a^2 m x + 28 (c x)^m a^2 x}{m^3 + 12 m^2 + 39 m + 28}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(b*x^3+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $((c x)^m b^2 m^2 x^7 + 5 (c x)^m b^2 m x^7 + 4 (c x)^m b^2 x^7 + 2 (c x)^m a b m^2 x^4 + 16 (c x)^m a b m x^4 + 14 (c x)^m a b x^4 + (c x)^m a^2 m^2 x + 11 (c x)^m a^2 m x + 28 (c x)^m a^2 x) / (m^3 + 12 m^2 + 39 m + 28)$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c x)^m (a + b x^3)^2 dx = (c x)^m \left( \frac{a^2 x (m^2 + 11 m + 28)}{m^3 + 12 m^2 + 39 m + 28} + \frac{b^2 x^7 (m^2 + 5 m + 4)}{m^3 + 12 m^2 + 39 m + 28} + \frac{2 a b x^4 (m^2 + 8 m + 7)}{m^3 + 12 m^2 + 39 m + 28} \right)$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a + b*x^3)^2,x)`

output  $(c x)^m ((a^2 x (11 m + m^2 + 28)) / (39 m + 12 m^2 + m^3 + 28) + (b^2 x^7 (5 m + m^2 + 4)) / (39 m + 12 m^2 + m^3 + 28) + (2 a b x^4 (8 m + m^2 + 7)) / (39 m + 12 m^2 + m^3 + 28))$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^3)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m c^m x (b^2 m^2 x^6 + 5b^2 m x^6 + 4b^2 x^6 + 2ab m^2 x^3 + 16abm x^3 + 14ab x^3 + a^2 m^2 + 11a^2 m + 28a^2)}{m^3 + 12m^2 + 39m + 28}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(b*x^3+a)^2,x)`output `(x**m*c**m*x*(a**2*m**2 + 11*a**2*m + 28*a**2 + 2*a*b*m**2*x**3 + 16*a*b*m*x**3 + 14*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m**2*x**6 + 5*b**2*m*x**6 + 4*b**2*x**6))/(m**3 + 12*m**2 + 39*m + 28)`

### 3.654 $\int (cx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx$

Optimal result	4128
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4128
Rubi [A] (verified)	4129
Maple [A] (verified)	4130
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4130
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4131
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4131
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4132
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4132
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4133

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx = \frac{a^2(cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)} + \frac{2ab(cx)^{3+m}}{c^3(3+m)} + \frac{b^2(cx)^{5+m}}{c^5(5+m)}$$

output

```
a^2*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m)+2*a*b*(c*x)^(3+m)/c^3/(3+m)+b^2*(c*x)^(5+m)/c^5/(5+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx = x(cx)^m \left( \frac{a^2}{1+m} + \frac{2abx^2}{3+m} + \frac{b^2x^4}{5+m} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^2,x]
```

output

```
x*(c*x)^m*(a^2/(1+m) + (2*a*b*x^2)/(3+m) + (b^2*x^4)/(5+m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {244, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^2)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 244$$

$$\int \left( a^2 (cx)^m + \frac{2ab(cx)^{m+2}}{c^2} + \frac{b^2 (cx)^{m+4}}{c^4} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 (cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} + \frac{2ab(cx)^{m+3}}{c^3(m+3)} + \frac{b^2 (cx)^{m+5}}{c^5(m+5)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(c*(1 + m)) + (2*a*b*(c*x)^(3 + m))/(c^3*(3 + m)) + (b^2*(c*x)^(5 + m))/(c^5*(5 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 244 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[Expand Integrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^2 x e^{m \ln(cx)}}{1+m} + \frac{b^2 x^5 e^{m \ln(cx)}}{5+m} + \frac{2ab x^3 e^{m \ln(cx)}}{3+m}$
gospers	$\frac{x(b^2 m^2 x^4 + 4m x^4 b^2 + 2ab m^2 x^2 + 3b^2 x^4 + 12m x^2 ab + a^2 m^2 + 10ab x^2 + 8m a^2 + 15a^2)(cx)^m}{(5+m)(3+m)(1+m)}$
risch	$\frac{x(b^2 m^2 x^4 + 4m x^4 b^2 + 2ab m^2 x^2 + 3b^2 x^4 + 12m x^2 ab + a^2 m^2 + 10ab x^2 + 8m a^2 + 15a^2)(cx)^m}{(5+m)(3+m)(1+m)}$
orering	$\frac{x(b^2 m^2 x^4 + 4m x^4 b^2 + 2ab m^2 x^2 + 3b^2 x^4 + 12m x^2 ab + a^2 m^2 + 10ab x^2 + 8m a^2 + 15a^2)(cx)^m}{(5+m)(3+m)(1+m)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^5 (cx)^m b^2 m^2 + 4x^5 (cx)^m b^2 m + 3x^5 (cx)^m b^2 + 2x^3 (cx)^m ab m^2 + 12x^3 (cx)^m ab m + 10x^3 (cx)^m ab + x (cx)^m a^2 m^2 + 8x (cx)^m a^2 m}{(5+m)(3+m)(1+m)}$

input `int((c*x)^m*(b*x^2+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(c*x))+b^2/(5+m)*x^5*exp(m*ln(c*x))+2*a*b/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(c*x))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((b^2 m^2 + 4b^2 m + 3b^2)x^5 + 2(abm^2 + 6abm + 5ab)x^3 + (a^2 m^2 + 8a^2 m + 15a^2)x)(cx)^m}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b^2*m^2 + 4*b^2*m + 3*b^2)*x^5 + 2*(a*b*m^2 + 6*a*b*m + 5*a*b)*x^3 + (a^2*m^2 + 8*a^2*m + 15*a^2)*x)*(c*x)^m/(m^3 + 9*m^2 + 23*m + 15)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 330 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 330, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.69

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} -\frac{\frac{a^2}{4x^4} - \frac{ab}{x^2} + b^2 \log(x)}{c^5} \\ -\frac{\frac{a^2}{2x^2} + 2ab \log(x) + \frac{b^2 x^2}{2}}{c^3} \\ \frac{a^2 \log(x) + abx^2 + \frac{b^2 x^4}{4}}{c} \\ \frac{a^2 m^2 x (cx)^m}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15} + \frac{8a^2 m x (cx)^m}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15} + \frac{15a^2 x (cx)^m}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15} + \frac{2abm^2 x^3 (cx)^m}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15} + \frac{12abm x^3 (cx)^m}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15} + \frac{10abx^3 (cx)^m}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(b*x**2+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((( -a**2/(4*x**4) - a*b/x**2 + b**2*log(x))/c**5, Eq(m, -5)), (( -a**2/(2*x**2) + 2*a*b*log(x) + b**2*x**2/2)/c**3, Eq(m, -3)), ((a**2*log(x) + a*b*x**2 + b**2*x**4/4)/c, Eq(m, -1)), (a**2*m**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15) + 8*a**2*m*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15) + 15*a**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15) + 2*a*b*m**2*x**3*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15) + 12*a*b*m*x**3*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15) + 10*a*b*x**3*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15) + b**2*m**2*x**5*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15) + 4*b**2*m*x**5*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15) + 3*b**2*x**5*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 c^m x^5 x^m}{m+5} + \frac{2abc^m x^3 x^m}{m+3} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} a^2}{c(m+1)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`



output

$$b^2 c^m x^5 x^m / (m + 5) + 2 a b c^m x^3 x^m / (m + 3) + (c x)^{m+1} a^2 / (c (m + 1))$$

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs.  $2(58) = 116$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (c x)^m (a + b x^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(c x)^m b^2 m^2 x^5 + 4 (c x)^m b^2 m x^5 + 2 (c x)^m a b m^2 x^3 + 3 (c x)^m b^2 x^5 + 12 (c x)^m a b m x^3 + (c x)^m a^2 m^2 x + 10}{m^3 + 9 m^2 + 23 m + 15}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^m*(b*x^2+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{((c x)^m b^2 m^2 x^5 + 4 (c x)^m b^2 m x^5 + 2 (c x)^m a b m^2 x^3 + 3 (c x)^m b^2 x^5 + 12 (c x)^m a b m x^3 + (c x)^m a^2 m^2 x + 10 (c x)^m a b x^3 + 8 (c x)^m a^2 m x + 15 (c x)^m a^2 x) / (m^3 + 9 m^2 + 23 m + 15)}$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c x)^m (a + b x^2)^2 dx = (c x)^m \left( \frac{a^2 x (m^2 + 8 m + 15)}{m^3 + 9 m^2 + 23 m + 15} + \frac{b^2 x^5 (m^2 + 4 m + 3)}{m^3 + 9 m^2 + 23 m + 15} + \frac{2 a b x^3 (m^2 + 6 m + 5)}{m^3 + 9 m^2 + 23 m + 15} \right)$$

input

```
int((c*x)^m*(a + b*x^2)^2,x)
```

output

$$(c x)^m \left( \frac{a^2 x (8 m + m^2 + 15)}{23 m + 9 m^2 + m^3 + 15} + \frac{b^2 x^5 (4 m + m^2 + 3)}{23 m + 9 m^2 + m^3 + 15} + \frac{2 a b x^3 (6 m + m^2 + 5)}{23 m + 9 m^2 + m^3 + 15} \right)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^2)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m c^m x (b^2 m^2 x^4 + 4b^2 m x^4 + 2ab m^2 x^2 + 3b^2 x^4 + 12abm x^2 + a^2 m^2 + 10ab x^2 + 8a^2 m + 15a^2)}{m^3 + 9m^2 + 23m + 15}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(b*x^2+a)^2,x)`output `(x**m*c**m*x*(a**2*m**2 + 8*a**2*m + 15*a**2 + 2*a*b*m**2*x**2 + 12*a*b*m*x**2 + 10*a*b*x**2 + b**2*m**2*x**4 + 4*b**2*m*x**4 + 3*b**2*x**4))/(m**3 + 9*m**2 + 23*m + 15)`

### 3.655 $\int (cx)^m (a + bx)^2 dx$

Optimal result	4134
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4134
Rubi [A] (verified)	4135
Maple [A] (verified)	4136
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4136
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4137
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4137
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	4138
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4138
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4139

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 58

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{a^2 (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)} + \frac{2ab(cx)^{2+m}}{c^2(2+m)} + \frac{b^2 (cx)^{3+m}}{c^3(3+m)}$$

output

```
a^2*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m)+2*a*b*(c*x)^(2+m)/c^2/(2+m)+b^2*(c*x)^(3+m)/c^3/(3+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx)^2 dx = x(cx)^m \left( \frac{a^2}{1+m} + \frac{2abx}{2+m} + \frac{b^2 x^2}{3+m} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x)^2,x]
```

output

```
x*(c*x)^m*(a^2/(1 + m) + (2*a*b*x)/(2 + m) + (b^2*x^2)/(3 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.154$ , Rules used = {53, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

$$\downarrow 53$$

$$\int \left( a^2 (cx)^m + \frac{2ab(cx)^{m+1}}{c} + \frac{b^2 (cx)^{m+2}}{c^2} \right) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{a^2 (cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} + \frac{2ab(cx)^{m+2}}{c^2(m+2)} + \frac{b^2 (cx)^{m+3}}{c^3(m+3)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x)^2,x]`

output `(a^2*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(c*(1 + m)) + (2*a*b*(c*x)^(2 + m))/(c^2*(2 + m)) + (b^2*(c*x)^(3 + m))/(c^3*(3 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 53 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[c, 0] && LeQ[7*m + 4*n + 4, 0]) || LtQ[9*m + 5*(n + 1), 0] || GtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
norman	$\frac{a^2 x e^{m \ln(cx)}}{1+m} + \frac{b^2 x^3 e^{m \ln(cx)}}{3+m} + \frac{2ab x^2 e^{m \ln(cx)}}{2+m}$
gospers	$\frac{x(b^2 m^2 x^2 + 2ab m^2 x + 3b^2 m x^2 + a^2 m^2 + 8m x a b + 2b^2 x^2 + 5m a^2 + 6abx + 6a^2)(cx)^m}{(3+m)(2+m)(1+m)}$
risch	$\frac{x(b^2 m^2 x^2 + 2ab m^2 x + 3b^2 m x^2 + a^2 m^2 + 8m x a b + 2b^2 x^2 + 5m a^2 + 6abx + 6a^2)(cx)^m}{(3+m)(2+m)(1+m)}$
orering	$\frac{x(b^2 m^2 x^2 + 2ab m^2 x + 3b^2 m x^2 + a^2 m^2 + 8m x a b + 2b^2 x^2 + 5m a^2 + 6abx + 6a^2)(cx)^m}{(3+m)(2+m)(1+m)}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^3 (cx)^m b^2 m^2 + 3x^3 (cx)^m b^2 m + 2x^2 (cx)^m a b m^2 + 2x^3 (cx)^m b^2 + 8x^2 (cx)^m a b m + x (cx)^m a^2 m^2 + 6x^2 (cx)^m a b + 5x (cx)^m a^2 m + 6a^2}{(3+m)(2+m)(1+m)}$

input `int((c*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2/(1+m)*x*exp(m*ln(c*x))+b^2/(3+m)*x^3*exp(m*ln(c*x))+2*a*b/(2+m)*x^2*exp(m*ln(c*x))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{((b^2 m^2 + 3b^2 m + 2b^2)x^3 + 2(abm^2 + 4abm + 3ab)x^2 + (a^2 m^2 + 5a^2 m + 6a^2)x)(cx)^m}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b^2*m^2 + 3*b^2*m + 2*b^2)*x^3 + 2*(a*b*m^2 + 4*a*b*m + 3*a*b)*x^2 + (a^2*m^2 + 5*a^2*m + 6*a^2)*x)*(c*x)^m/(m^3 + 6*m^2 + 11*m + 6)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 323 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 323, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.57

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{-\frac{a^2}{2x^2} - \frac{2ab}{x} + b^2 \log(x)}{c^3} \\ \frac{-\frac{a^2}{x} + 2ab \log(x) + b^2 x}{c^2} \\ \frac{a^2 \log(x) + 2abx + \frac{b^2 x^2}{2}}{c} \\ \frac{a^2 m^2 x (cx)^m}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} + \frac{5a^2 m x (cx)^m}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} + \frac{6a^2 x (cx)^m}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} + \frac{2abm^2 x^2 (cx)^m}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} + \frac{8abmx^2 (cx)^m}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} + \frac{6abx^2 (cx)^m}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6} + \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(b*x+a)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((( -a**2/(2*x**2) - 2*a*b/x + b**2*log(x))/c**3, Eq(m, -3)), (( -a**2/x + 2*a*b*log(x) + b**2*x)/c**2, Eq(m, -2)), ((a**2*log(x) + 2*a*b*x + b**2*x**2/2)/c, Eq(m, -1)), (a**2*m**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 5*a**2*m*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 6*a**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 2*a*b*m**2*x**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 8*a*b*m*x**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 6*a*b*x**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + b**2*m**2*x**3*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 3*b**2*m*x**3*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6) + 2*b**2*x**3*(c*x)**m/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx)^2 dx = \frac{b^2 c^m x^3 x^m}{m + 3} + \frac{2abc^m x^2 x^m}{m + 2} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} a^2}{c(m + 1)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$b^2 c^m x^3 x^m / (m + 3) + 2 a b c^m x^2 x^m / (m + 2) + (c x)^{m+1} a^2 / (c^{m+1})$$
**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 135 vs.  $2(58) = 116$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 135, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (c x)^m (a + b x)^2 dx = \frac{(c x)^m b^2 m^2 x^3 + 2 (c x)^m a b m^2 x^2 + 3 (c x)^m b^2 m x^3 + (c x)^m a^2 m^2 x + 8 (c x)^m a b m x^2 + 2 (c x)^m b^2 x^3 + 5 (c x)^m a^2}{m^3 + 6 m^2 + 11 m + 6}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$\frac{((c x)^m b^2 m^2 x^3 + 2 (c x)^m a b m^2 x^2 + 3 (c x)^m b^2 m x^3 + (c x)^m a^2 m^2 x + 8 (c x)^m a b m x^2 + 2 (c x)^m b^2 x^3 + 5 (c x)^m a^2 m x + 6 (c x)^m a b x^2 + 6 (c x)^m a^2 x) / (m^3 + 6 m^2 + 11 m + 6)}$$
**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (c x)^m (a + b x)^2 dx = (c x)^m \left( \frac{a^2 x (m^2 + 5 m + 6)}{m^3 + 6 m^2 + 11 m + 6} + \frac{b^2 x^3 (m^2 + 3 m + 2)}{m^3 + 6 m^2 + 11 m + 6} + \frac{2 a b x^2 (m^2 + 4 m + 3)}{m^3 + 6 m^2 + 11 m + 6} \right)$$

input

```
int((c*x)^m*(a + b*x)^2,x)
```

output

$$(c x)^m \left( \frac{a^2 x (5 m + m^2 + 6)}{11 m + 6 m^2 + m^3 + 6} + \frac{b^2 x^3 (3 m + m^2 + 2)}{11 m + 6 m^2 + m^3 + 6} + \frac{2 a b x^2 (4 m + m^2 + 3)}{11 m + 6 m^2 + m^3 + 6} \right)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m c^m x (b^2 m^2 x^2 + 2ab m^2 x + 3b^2 m x^2 + a^2 m^2 + 8abmx + 2b^2 x^2 + 5a^2 m + 6abx + 6a^2)}{m^3 + 6m^2 + 11m + 6}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(b*x+a)^2,x)`output `(x**m*c**m*x*(a**2*m**2 + 5*a**2*m + 6*a**2 + 2*a*b*m**2*x + 8*a*b*m*x + 6*a*b*x + b**2*m**2*x**2 + 3*b**2*m*x**2 + 2*b**2*x**2))/(m**3 + 6*m**2 + 11*m + 6)`



### 3.656 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$

Optimal result	4140
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4140
Rubi [A] (verified)	4141
Maple [A] (verified)	4142
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4142
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4143
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4143
Giac [F]	4144
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4144
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4144

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = -\frac{b^2 c (cx)^{-1+m}}{1-m} + \frac{2ab (cx)^m}{m} + \frac{a^2 (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)}$$

output

```
-b^2*c*(c*x)^(-1+m)/(1-m)+2*a*b*(c*x)^m/m+a^2*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.69

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = (cx)^m \left(\frac{2ab}{m} + \frac{b^2}{(-1+m)x} + \frac{a^2 x}{1+m}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x)^2*(c*x)^m,x]
```

output

```
(c*x)^m*((2*a*b)/m + b^2/((-1 + m)*x) + (a^2*x)/(1 + m))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int (a^2(cx)^m + 2abc(cx)^{m-1} + b^2c^2(cx)^{m-2}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2(cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} + \frac{2ab(cx)^m}{m} - \frac{b^2c(cx)^{m-1}}{1-m}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^2*(c*x)^m,x]`

output `-((b^2*c*(c*x)^(-1 + m))/(1 - m)) + (2*a*b*(c*x)^m)/m + (a^2*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(c*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b^2 e^{m \ln(cx)} + a^2 x^2 e^{m \ln(cx)} + 2abx e^{m \ln(cx)}}{m-1} + \frac{a^2 x^2 e^{m \ln(cx)}}{1+m} + \frac{2abx e^{m \ln(cx)}}{m}$	56
gospers	$\frac{(cx)^m (a^2 x^2 m^2 - a^2 x^2 m + 2ab m^2 x + b^2 m^2 - 2abx + b^2 m)}{x(1+m)m(m-1)}$	68
risch	$\frac{(cx)^m (a^2 x^2 m^2 - a^2 x^2 m + 2ab m^2 x + b^2 m^2 - 2abx + b^2 m)}{x(1+m)m(m-1)}$	68
orering	$\frac{(a^2 x^2 m^2 - a^2 x^2 m + 2ab m^2 x + b^2 m^2 - 2abx + b^2 m) x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m}{(1+m)m(m-1)(ax+b)^2}$	82
parallelrisc	$\frac{x^2 (cx)^m a^2 m^2 - x^2 (cx)^m a^2 m + 2x (cx)^m ab m^2 + (cx)^m b^2 m^2 - 2x (cx)^m ab + (cx)^m b^2 m}{x(1+m)m(m-1)}$	93

input `int((a+b/x)^2*(c*x)^m,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $(b^2/(m-1)*\exp(m*\ln(c*x))+a^2/(1+m)*x^2*\exp(m*\ln(c*x))+2*a*b/m*x*\exp(m*\ln(c*x)))/x$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{(b^2 m^2 + b^2 m + (a^2 m^2 - a^2 m)x^2 + 2(abm^2 - ab)x)(cx)^m}{(m^3 - m)x}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^2*(c*x)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $(b^2*m^2 + b^2*m + (a^2*m^2 - a^2*m)*x^2 + 2*(a*b*m^2 - a*b)*x)*(c*x)^m/((m^3 - m)*x)$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 192 vs.  $2(41) = 82$ .

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 192, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.69

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 \log(x) - \frac{2ab}{x} - \frac{b^2}{2x^2}}{c} & \text{for } m = -1 \\ a^2x + 2ab \log(x) - \frac{b^2}{x} & \text{for } m = 0 \\ c \left( \frac{a^2x^2}{2} + 2abx + b^2 \log(x) \right) & \text{for } m = 1 \\ \frac{a^2m^2x^2(cx)^m}{m^3x-mx} - \frac{a^2mx^2(cx)^m}{m^3x-mx} + \frac{2abm^2x(cx)^m}{m^3x-mx} - \frac{2abx(cx)^m}{m^3x-mx} + \frac{b^2m^2(cx)^m}{m^3x-mx} + \frac{b^2m(cx)^m}{m^3x-mx} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**2*(c*x)**m,x)`

output `Piecewise(((a**2*log(x) - 2*a*b/x - b**2/(2*x**2))/c, Eq(m, -1)), (a**2*x + 2*a*b*log(x) - b**2/x, Eq(m, 0)), (c*(a**2*x**2/2 + 2*a*b*x + b**2*log(x)), Eq(m, 1)), (a**2*m**2*x**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x - m*x) - a**2*m*x**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x - m*x) + 2*a*b*m**2*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x - m*x) - 2*a*b*x*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x - m*x) + b**2*m**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x - m*x) + b**2*m*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x - m*x), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{2abc^m x^m}{m} + \frac{b^2 c^m x^m}{(m-1)x} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} a^2}{c(m+1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^2*(c*x)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `2*a*b*c^m*x^m/m + b^2*c^m*x^m/((m - 1)*x) + (c*x)^(m + 1)*a^2/(c*(m + 1))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \int (cx)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^2*(c*x)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^m*(a + b/x)^2, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{b^2 (cx)^m}{x (m-1)} + \frac{a (cx)^m (2b + 2bm + amx)}{m (m+1)}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a + b/x)^2,x)`

output `(b^2*(c*x)^m)/(x*(m - 1)) + (a*(c*x)^m*(2*b + 2*b*m + a*m*x))/(m*(m + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{x^m c^m (a^2 m^2 x^2 - a^2 m x^2 + 2ab m^2 x + b^2 m^2 - 2abx + b^2 m)}{mx (m^2 - 1)}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^2*(c*x)^m,x)`

output `(x**m*c**m*(a**2*m**2*x**2 - a**2*m*x**2 + 2*a*b*m**2*x - 2*a*b*x + b**2*m**2 + b**2*m))/(m*x*(m**2 - 1))`

### 3.657 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$

Optimal result	4145
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4145
Rubi [A] (verified)	4146
Maple [A] (verified)	4147
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4147
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4148
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4148
Giac [F]	4149
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4149
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4150

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = -\frac{b^2 c^3 (cx)^{-3+m}}{3-m} - \frac{2abc(cx)^{-1+m}}{1-m} + \frac{a^2 (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)}$$

output

`-b^2*c^3*(c*x)^(-3+m)/(3-m)-2*a*b*c*(c*x)^(-1+m)/(1-m)+a^2*(c*x)^(1+m)/c/(1+m)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{(cx)^m (b^2(-1+m^2) + 2ab(-3-2m+m^2)x^2 + a^2(3-4m+m^2)x^4)}{(-3+m)(-1+m)(1+m)x^3}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b/x^2)^2*(c*x)^m,x]`

output

`((c*x)^m*(b^2*(-1+m^2) + 2*a*b*(-3-2*m+m^2)*x^2 + a^2*(3-4*m+m^2)*x^4))/((-3+m)*(-1+m)*(1+m)*x^3)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int (a^2(cx)^m + 2abc^2(cx)^{m-2} + b^2c^4(cx)^{m-4}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2(cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} - \frac{2abc(cx)^{m-1}}{1-m} - \frac{b^2c^3(cx)^{m-3}}{3-m}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)^2*(c*x)^m,x]`

output `-((b^2*c^3*(c*x)^(-3 + m))/(3 - m)) - (2*a*b*c*(c*x)^(-1 + m))/(1 - m) + (a^2*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(c*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
norman	$\frac{b^2 e^{m \ln(cx)} + a^2 x^4 e^{m \ln(cx)} + 2ab x^2 e^{m \ln(cx)}}{x^3 (-3+m) (1+m) (m-1)}$	60
gospers	$\frac{(cx)^m (a^2 m^2 x^4 - 4a^2 m x^4 + 3a^2 x^4 + 2ab m^2 x^2 - 4m x^2 ab - 6ab x^2 + b^2 m^2 - b^2)}{x^3 (1+m)(m-1)(-3+m)}$	90
risch	$\frac{(cx)^m (a^2 m^2 x^4 - 4a^2 m x^4 + 3a^2 x^4 + 2ab m^2 x^2 - 4m x^2 ab - 6ab x^2 + b^2 m^2 - b^2)}{x^3 (1+m)(m-1)(-3+m)}$	90
orering	$\frac{(a^2 m^2 x^4 - 4a^2 m x^4 + 3a^2 x^4 + 2ab m^2 x^2 - 4m x^2 ab - 6ab x^2 + b^2 m^2 - b^2) x \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m}{(1+m)(m-1)(-3+m)(a x^2 + b)^2}$	106
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^4 (cx)^m a^2 m^2 - 4x^4 (cx)^m a^2 m + 3x^4 (cx)^m a^2 + 2x^2 (cx)^m ab m^2 - 4x^2 (cx)^m ab m - 6x^2 (cx)^m ab + (cx)^m b^2 m^2 - b^2 (cx)^m}{x^3 (1+m)(m-1)(-3+m)}$	125

input `int((a+b/x^2)^2*(c*x)^m,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(b^2/(-3+m)*exp(m*ln(c*x))+a^2/(1+m)*x^4*exp(m*ln(c*x))+2*a*b/(m-1)*x^2*exp(m*ln(c*x)))/x^3`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{((a^2 m^2 - 4a^2 m + 3a^2)x^4 + b^2 m^2 + 2(abm^2 - 2abm - 3ab)x^2 - b^2)(cx)^m}{(m^3 - 3m^2 - m + 3)x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^2*(c*x)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((a^2*m^2 - 4*a^2*m + 3*a^2)*x^4 + b^2*m^2 + 2*(a*b*m^2 - 2*a*b*m - 3*a*b)*x^2 - b^2)*(c*x)^m/((m^3 - 3*m^2 - m + 3)*x^3)`



**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 388 vs.  $2(48) = 96$ .

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 388, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.36

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 \log(x) - \frac{ab}{x^2} - \frac{b^2}{4x^4}}{c} \\ c \left( \frac{a^2 x^2}{2} + 2ab \log(x) - \frac{b^2}{2x^2} \right) \\ c^3 \left( \frac{a^2 x^4}{4} + abx^2 + b^2 \log(x) \right) \\ \frac{a^2 m^2 x^4 (cx)^m}{m^3 x^3 - 3m^2 x^3 - mx^3 + 3x^3} - \frac{4a^2 m x^4 (cx)^m}{m^3 x^3 - 3m^2 x^3 - mx^3 + 3x^3} + \frac{3a^2 x^4 (cx)^m}{m^3 x^3 - 3m^2 x^3 - mx^3 + 3x^3} + \frac{2abm^2 x^2 (cx)^m}{m^3 x^3 - 3m^2 x^3 - mx^3 + 3x^3} - \frac{4abmx^2 (cx)^m}{m^3 x^3 - 3m^2 x^3 - mx^3 + 3x^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**2*(c*x)**m,x)`

output `Piecewise(((a**2*log(x) - a*b/x**2 - b**2/(4*x**4))/c, Eq(m, -1)), (c*(a**2*x**2/2 + 2*a*b*log(x) - b**2/(2*x**2)), Eq(m, 1)), (c**3*(a**2*x**4/4 + a*b*x**2 + b**2*log(x)), Eq(m, 3)), (a**2*m**2*x**4*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**3 - 3*m**2*x**3 - m*x**3 + 3*x**3) - 4*a**2*m*x**4*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**3 - 3*m**2*x**3 - m*x**3 + 3*x**3) + 3*a**2*x**4*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**3 - 3*m**2*x**3 - m*x**3 + 3*x**3) + 2*a*b*m**2*x**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**3 - 3*m**2*x**3 - m*x**3 + 3*x**3) - 4*a*b*m*x**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**3 - 3*m**2*x**3 - m*x**3 + 3*x**3) - 6*a*b*x**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**3 - 3*m**2*x**3 - m*x**3 + 3*x**3) + b**2*m**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**3 - 3*m**2*x**3 - m*x**3 + 3*x**3) - b**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**3 - 3*m**2*x**3 - m*x**3 + 3*x**3), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^2} \right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{2abc^m x^m}{(m-1)x} + \frac{(cx)^{m+1} a^2}{c(m+1)} + \frac{b^2 c^m x^m}{(m-3)x^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^2*(c*x)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $2*a*b*c^m*x^m/((m - 1)*x) + (c*x)^(m + 1)*a^2/(c*(m + 1)) + b^2*c^m*x^m/((m - 3)*x^3)$

### Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \int (cx)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^2*(c*x)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^m*(a + b/x^2)^2, x)`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.46

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{(cx)^m (-a^2 m^2 x^4 + 4 a^2 m x^4 - 3 a^2 x^4 - 2 a b m^2 x^2 + 4 a b m x^2 + 6 a b x^2 - b^2 m^2 + b^2)}{x^3 (-m^3 + 3 m^2 + m - 3)}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a + b/x^2)^2,x)`

output  $((c*x)^m*(b^2 - b^2*m^2 - 3*a^2*x^4 + 4*a^2*m*x^4 - a^2*m^2*x^4 + 6*a*b*x^2 + 4*a*b*m*x^2 - 2*a*b*m^2*x^2))/(x^3*(m + 3*m^2 - m^3 - 3))$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m c^m (a^2 m^2 x^4 - 4a^2 m x^4 + 3a^2 x^4 + 2ab m^2 x^2 - 4abm x^2 - 6ab x^2 + b^2 m^2 - b^2)}{x^3 (m^3 - 3m^2 - m + 3)}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^2*(c*x)^m,x)`output `(x**m*c**m*(a**2*m**2*x**4 - 4*a**2*m*x**4 + 3*a**2*x**4 + 2*a*b*m**2*x**2 - 4*a*b*m*x**2 - 6*a*b*x**2 + b**2*m**2 - b**2))/(x**3*(m**3 - 3*m**2 - m + 3))`

### 3.658 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$

Optimal result	4151
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4151
Rubi [A] (verified)	4152
Maple [A] (verified)	4153
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4153
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4154
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4155
Giac [F]	4155
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4155
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4156

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = -\frac{b^2 c^5 (cx)^{-5+m}}{5-m} - \frac{2abc^2 (cx)^{-2+m}}{2-m} + \frac{a^2 (cx)^{1+m}}{c(1+m)}$$

output

$$-b^2 c^5 (c*x)^{-5+m} / (5-m) - 2*a*b*c^2 (c*x)^{-2+m} / (2-m) + a^2 (c*x)^{1+m} / c / (1+m)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{(cx)^m (b^2(-2-m+m^2) + 2ab(-5-4m+m^2)x^3 + a^2(10-7m+m^2)x^6)}{(-5+m)(-2+m)(1+m)x^5}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(a + b/x^3)^2 (c*x)^m, x]$$

output

$$((c*x)^m (b^2*(-2-m+m^2) + 2*a*b*(-5-4*m+m^2)*x^3 + a^2*(10-7*m+m^2)*x^6)) / ((-5+m)*(-2+m)*(1+m)*x^5)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {802, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^3} \right)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

↓ 802

$$\int (a^2(cx)^m + 2abc^3(cx)^{m-3} + b^2c^6(cx)^{m-6}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{a^2(cx)^{m+1}}{c(m+1)} - \frac{2abc^2(cx)^{m-2}}{2-m} - \frac{b^2c^5(cx)^{m-5}}{5-m}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^3)^2*(c*x)^m,x]`

output `-((b^2*c^5*(c*x)^(-5 + m))/(5 - m)) - (2*a*b*c^2*(c*x)^(-2 + m))/(2 - m) + (a^2*(c*x)^(1 + m))/(c*(1 + m))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 802 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

method	result
norman	$\frac{b^2 e^{m \ln(cx)} + a^2 x^6 e^{m \ln(cx)} + 2ab x^3 e^{m \ln(cx)}}{x^5}$
gospers	$\frac{(cx)^m (a^2 m^2 x^6 - 7a^2 m x^6 + 10a^2 x^6 + 2ab m^2 x^3 - 8m x^3 ab - 10ab x^3 + b^2 m^2 - b^2 m - 2b^2)}{x^5 (1+m)(-2+m)(-5+m)}$
risch	$\frac{(cx)^m (a^2 m^2 x^6 - 7a^2 m x^6 + 10a^2 x^6 + 2ab m^2 x^3 - 8m x^3 ab - 10ab x^3 + b^2 m^2 - b^2 m - 2b^2)}{x^5 (1+m)(-2+m)(-5+m)}$
orering	$\frac{(a^2 m^2 x^6 - 7a^2 m x^6 + 10a^2 x^6 + 2ab m^2 x^3 - 8m x^3 ab - 10ab x^3 + b^2 m^2 - b^2 m - 2b^2) x \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m}{(1+m)(-2+m)(-5+m)(ax^3+b)^2}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{x^6 (cx)^m a^2 m^2 - 7x^6 (cx)^m a^2 m + 10x^6 (cx)^m a^2 + 2x^3 (cx)^m ab m^2 - 8x^3 (cx)^m ab m - 10x^3 (cx)^m ab + (cx)^m b^2 m^2 - (cx)^m b^2 m - 2b^2}{x^5 (1+m)(-2+m)(-5+m)}$

input `int((a+b/x^3)^2*(c*x)^m,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output  $(b^2/(-5+m)*\exp(m*\ln(c*x))+a^2/(1+m)*x^6*\exp(m*\ln(c*x))+2*a*b/(-2+m)*x^3*\exp(m*\ln(c*x)))/x^5$ **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{((a^2 m^2 - 7a^2 m + 10a^2)x^6 + b^2 m^2 + 2(abm^2 - 4abm - 5ab)x^3 - b^2 m - 2b^2)(cx)^m}{(m^3 - 6m^2 + 3m + 10)x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^3)^2*(c*x)^m,x, algorithm="fricas")`output  $((a^2*m^2 - 7*a^2*m + 10*a^2)*x^6 + b^2*m^2 + 2*(a*b*m^2 - 4*a*b*m - 5*a*b)*x^3 - b^2*m - 2*b^2)*(c*x)^m/((m^3 - 6*m^2 + 3*m + 10)*x^5)$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 449 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 449, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.13

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x^3} \right)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{a^2 \log(x) - \frac{2ab}{3x^3} - \frac{b^2}{6x^6}}{c} \\ c^2 \left( \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + 2ab \log(x) - \frac{b^2}{3x^3} \right) \\ c^5 \left( \frac{a^2 x^6}{6} + \frac{2abx^3}{3} + b^2 \log(x) \right) \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{a^2 m^2 x^6 (cx)^m}{m^3 x^5 - 6m^2 x^5 + 3m x^5 + 10x^5} - \frac{7a^2 m x^6 (cx)^m}{m^3 x^5 - 6m^2 x^5 + 3m x^5 + 10x^5} + \frac{10a^2 x^6 (cx)^m}{m^3 x^5 - 6m^2 x^5 + 3m x^5 + 10x^5} + \frac{2abm^2 x^3 (cx)^m}{m^3 x^5 - 6m^2 x^5 + 3m x^5 + 10x^5} - \frac{b^2 m^2}{m^3 x^5 - 6m^2 x^5 + 3m x^5 + 10x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**3)**2*(c*x)**m,x)`

output `Piecewise(((a**2*log(x) - 2*a*b/(3*x**3) - b**2/(6*x**6))/c, Eq(m, -1)), (c**2*(a**2*x**3/3 + 2*a*b*log(x) - b**2/(3*x**3)), Eq(m, 2)), (c**5*(a**2*x**6/6 + 2*a*b*x**3/3 + b**2*log(x)), Eq(m, 5)), (a**2*m**2*x**6*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**5 - 6*m**2*x**5 + 3*m*x**5 + 10*x**5) - 7*a**2*m*x**6*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**5 - 6*m**2*x**5 + 3*m*x**5 + 10*x**5) + 10*a**2*x**6*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**5 - 6*m**2*x**5 + 3*m*x**5 + 10*x**5) + 2*a*b*m**2*x**3*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**5 - 6*m**2*x**5 + 3*m*x**5 + 10*x**5) - 8*a*b*m*x**3*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**5 - 6*m**2*x**5 + 3*m*x**5 + 10*x**5) - 10*a*b*x**3*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**5 - 6*m**2*x**5 + 3*m*x**5 + 10*x**5) + b**2*m**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**5 - 6*m**2*x**5 + 3*m*x**5 + 10*x**5) - b**2*m*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**5 - 6*m**2*x**5 + 3*m*x**5 + 10*x**5) - 2*b**2*(c*x)**m/(m**3*x**5 - 6*m**2*x**5 + 3*m*x**5 + 10*x**5), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{(cx)^{m+1} a^2}{c(m+1)} + \frac{2abc^m x^m}{(m-2)x^2} + \frac{b^2 c^m x^m}{(m-5)x^5}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^3)^2*(c*x)^m,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(c*x)^(m + 1)*a^2/(c*(m + 1)) + 2*a*b*c^m*x^m/((m - 2)*x^2) + b^2*c^m*x^m/((m - 5)*x^5)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \int (cx)^m \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^3)^2*(c*x)^m,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x)^m*(a + b/x^3)^2, x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.54

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx = \frac{(cx)^m (-a^2 m^2 x^6 + 7a^2 m x^6 - 10a^2 x^6 - 2abm^2 x^3 + 8abm x^3 + 10abx^3 - b^2 m^2 + b^2 m + 2b^2)}{x^5 (m^3 - 6m^2 + 3m + 10)}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a + b/x^3)^2,x)`



output

```
-((c*x)^m*(b^2*m + 2*b^2 - b^2*m^2 - 10*a^2*x^6 + 7*a^2*m*x^6 - a^2*m^2*x^6 + 10*a*b*x^3 + 8*a*b*m*x^3 - 2*a*b*m^2*x^3))/(x^5*(3*m - 6*m^2 + m^3 + 10))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.52

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^3}\right)^2 (cx)^m dx$$

$$= \frac{x^m c^m (a^2 m^2 x^6 - 7a^2 m x^6 + 10a^2 x^6 + 2ab m^2 x^3 - 8ab m x^3 - 10ab x^3 + b^2 m^2 - b^2 m - 2b^2)}{x^5 (m^3 - 6m^2 + 3m + 10)}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x^3)^2*(c*x)^m,x)
```

output

```
(x**m*c**m*(a**2*m**2*x**6 - 7*a**2*m*x**6 + 10*a**2*x**6 + 2*a*b*m**2*x**3 - 8*a*b*m*x**3 - 10*a*b*x**3 + b**2*m**2 - b**2*m - 2*b**2))/(x**5*(m**3 - 6*m**2 + 3*m + 10))
```

**3.659**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4157
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4158
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 222

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3(cx)^{-2n/3}}{2acn} + \frac{\sqrt{3}b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{a^{5/3}cn}$$

$$- \frac{b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{a^{5/3}cn}$$

$$+ \frac{b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \log\left(a^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}} + b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}\right)}{2a^{5/3}cn}$$

output

```
-3/2/a/c/n/((c*x)^(2/3*n))+3^(1/2)*b^(2/3)*x^(2/3*n)*arctan(1/3*(a^(1/3)-2
*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))*3^(1/2)/a^(1/3))/a^(5/3)/c/n/((c*x)^(2/3*n))-b^(2/3)*x
^(2/3*n)*ln(a^(1/3)+b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n))/a^(5/3)/c/n/((c*x)^(2/3*n))+1/2*b^(
2/3)*x^(2/3*n)*ln(a^(2/3)-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)+b^(2/3)*x^(2/3*n))/a^(
5/3)/c/n/((c*x)^(2/3*n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.18

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3x(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{2}{3}, 1, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2an}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - (2*n)/3)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-3*x*(c*x)^(-1 - (2*n)/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2/3, 1, 1/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(2*a*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {887, 886, 868, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{2n}{3}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\ \downarrow \text{887} \\ \frac{x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \int \frac{x^{-\frac{2n}{3}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{c} \\ \downarrow \text{886} \\ \frac{x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{\frac{n-3}{3}}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \right)}{c} \\ \downarrow \text{868} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \left( -\frac{3b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/3}}{an} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750} \\
 & \frac{x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+\sqrt[3]{a}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} \right)}{an} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \frac{x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{a}-\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{an} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1142} \\
 & \frac{x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b}\left(\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}\right)}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a+\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{an} \right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} (\sqrt[3]{a-2} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{2 \sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{an} \right)$$

c

↓ 27

$$x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{a} \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{an} \right)$$

c

↓ 1082

$$x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3} \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a-2} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{-\sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3} + b^{2/3} x^{2n/3} + a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{2n/3} - 3} d \left( 1 - 2 \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a} + \sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}})}{3a^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{an} - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \right)$$

c

↓ 217

$$\left( \frac{x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3}}{an} \left( \frac{3b}{3a^{2/3}} \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}-2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}+a^{2/3}}} dx^{n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \right)$$

c

↓ 1103

$$\left( \frac{x^{2n/3}(cx)^{-2n/3}}{an} \left( \frac{3b}{3a^{2/3}} \frac{\log\left(a^{2/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}+b^{2/3}x^{2n/3}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{b}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{3a^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{a}+\sqrt[3]{b}x^{n/3}\right)}{3a^{2/3}\sqrt[3]{b}} \right) - \frac{3x^{-2n/3}}{2an} \right)$$

c

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - (2*n)/3)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(x^{((2n)/3)}(-3/(2*a*n*x^{((2n)/3)}) - (3*b*(\text{Log}[a^{(1/3)} + b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)}])/(3*a^{(2/3)}*b^{(1/3)}) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)})/a^{(1/3)}])/(\text{Sqrt}[3]))/b^{(1/3)}) - \text{Log}[a^{(2/3)} - a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)} + b^{(2/3)}*x^{((2n)/3)]/(2*b^{(1/3)})/(3*a^{(2/3)})))/(a*n)))/(c*(c*x)^{((2n)/3)})$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b\_)*(Gx\_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217 
$$\text{Int}[((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 750 
$$\text{Int}[((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 868 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m + 1) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b*x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^{(m + 1)}], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)]] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[n]$$

rule 886 
$$\text{Int}[(x_)^{(m\_)}((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)}/(a*(m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b/a \quad \text{Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[m + n]}/(a + b*x^n), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]] \ \&\& \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, n]$$

rule 887 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m/(a + b*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && FractionQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (SumSimplerQ[m, n] || SumSimplerQ[m, -n])`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

## Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 329, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx =$$

$$3xe^{(-\frac{1}{3}(2n+3)\log(c)-\frac{1}{3}(2n+3)\log(x))} - 2\sqrt{3}\left(-\frac{b^2c^{-2n-3}}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}a\left(-\frac{b^2c^{-2n-3}}{a^2}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{xe^{(-\frac{1}{6}(2n+3)\log(c)-\frac{1}{6}(2n+3)\log(x))}}}{3bc^{-n-\frac{3}{2}}}\right)$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/2*(3*x*e^(-1/3*(2*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/3*(2*n + 3)*log(x)) - 2*sqrt(3)*(-b
^2*c^(-2*n - 3)/a^2)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*a*(-b^2*c^(-2*n - 3)/a^2)
^(1/3)*sqrt(x)*e^(-1/6*(2*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/6*(2*n + 3)*log(x)) + sqrt(3)*
b*c^(-n - 3/2))/(b*c^(-n - 3/2))) - 2*(-b^2*c^(-2*n - 3)/a^2)^(1/3)*log((b
*c^(-n - 3/2)*x*e^(-1/6*(2*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/6*(2*n + 3)*log(x)) + a*(-b^2
*c^(-2*n - 3)/a^2)^(2/3)*sqrt(x))/x) + (-b^2*c^(-2*n - 3)/a^2)^(1/3)*log((
b*c^(-n - 3/2)*x*e^(-1/3*(2*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/3*(2*n + 3)*log(x)) - a*(-b^
2*c^(-2*n - 3)/a^2)^(2/3)*sqrt(x)*e^(-1/6*(2*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/6*(2*n + 3)
*log(x)) - b*c^(-n - 3/2)*(-b^2*c^(-2*n - 3)/a^2)^(1/3))/x))/(a*n)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^{-\frac{2n}{3}-1}x^{-\frac{2n}{3}}\Gamma(-\frac{2}{3})}{an\Gamma(\frac{1}{3})} - \frac{2b^{\frac{2}{3}}c^{-\frac{2n}{3}-1}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{3}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{2}{3})}{3a^{\frac{5}{3}}n\Gamma(\frac{1}{3})}$$

$$+ \frac{2b^{\frac{2}{3}}c^{-\frac{2n}{3}-1}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{i\pi}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{2}{3})}{3a^{\frac{5}{3}}n\Gamma(\frac{1}{3})}$$

$$- \frac{2b^{\frac{2}{3}}c^{-\frac{2n}{3}-1}e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{2}{3})}{3a^{\frac{5}{3}}n\Gamma(\frac{1}{3})}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `c**(-2*n/3 - 1)*gamma(-2/3)/(a*n*x**(2*n/3)*gamma(1/3)) - 2*b**(2/3)*c**(-2*n/3 - 1)*exp(-I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-2/3)/(3*a**(5/3)*n*gamma(1/3)) + 2*b**(2/3)*c**(-2*n/3 - 1)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-2/3)/(3*a**(5/3)*n*gamma(1/3)) - 2*b**(2/3)*c**(-2*n/3 - 1)*exp(I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-2/3)/(3*a**(5/3)*n*gamma(1/3))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{2}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*integrate(x^(1/3*n)/(a*b*c^(2/3*n + 1)*x*x^n + a^2*c^(2/3*n + 1)*x), x) - 3/2*c^(-2/3*n - 1)/(a*n*x^(2/3*n))`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{2}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-2/3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{2n}{3}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^((2*n)/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`output `int(1/((c*x)^((2*n)/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{2n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{5n}{3}} bx+x^{\frac{2n}{3}} ax} dx}{c^{\frac{2n}{3}} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-2/3*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`output `int(1/(x**((5*n)/3)*b*x + x**((2*n)/3)*a*x), x)/(c**((2*n)/3)*c)`

**3.660**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4167
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4168
Rubi [A] (verified)	4168
Maple [F]	4174
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4174
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4175
Maxima [F]	4176
Giac [F]	4176
Mupad [F(-1)]	4177
Reduce [F]	4177

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4(cx)^{-3n/4}}{3acn} + \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{a^{7/4}cn}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{a^{7/4}cn}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{3/4}x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt{a+\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}}}\right)}{a^{7/4}cn}$$

output

```
-4/3/a/c/n/((c*x)^(3/4*n))-2^(1/2)*b^(3/4)*x^(3/4*n)*arctan(-1+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x^(1/4*n)/a^(1/4))/a^(7/4)/c/n/((c*x)^(3/4*n))-2^(1/2)*b^(3/4)*x^(3/4*n)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x^(1/4*n)/a^(1/4))/a^(7/4)/c/n/((c*x)^(3/4*n))-2^(1/2)*b^(3/4)*x^(3/4*n)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x^(1/4*n)/(a^(1/2)+b^(1/2)*x^(1/2*n)))/a^(7/4)/c/n/((c*x)^(3/4*n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4x(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}, 1, \frac{1}{4}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3an}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - (3*n)/4)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-4*x*(c*x)^(-1 - (3*n)/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-3/4, 1, 1/4, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(3*a*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 279, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {887, 886, 868, 755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{3n}{4}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{887} \\ & \frac{x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3n}{4}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{886} \\ & \frac{x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{\frac{n-4}{4}}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \right)}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \end{aligned}$$

$$x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \left( -\frac{4b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/4}}{an} - \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \right)$$

c  
↓ 755

$$x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \left( -\frac{4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}+\sqrt{a}}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{an} - \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \right)$$

c  
↓ 1476

$$x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{-\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a}x^{n/4} + x^{n/2} + \sqrt{a}} dx^{n/4}}{\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a}x^{n/4} + x^{n/2} + \sqrt{a}} dx^{n/4}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{an} - \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \right)$$

c  
↓ 1082

$$x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{n/2}-1} d \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{n/2}-1} d \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{an} - \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \right)$$

c  
↓ 217

$$x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a}-\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}}{bx^n+a} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right) - \arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{an} - \frac{4x^{-3n/4}}{3an} \right)$$

c  
↓ 1479

$$x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+x^{n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+x^{n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{an} \right)$$

c  
↓ 25

$$\begin{array}{l}
 x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \\
 \left. \begin{array}{l}
 4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax^{n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+x^{n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}+\sqrt[4]{a}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax^{n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+x^{n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax^{n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) \\
 \hline
 an
 \end{array} \right\}
 \end{array}$$

c

↓ 27

$$\begin{array}{l}
 x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \\
 \left. \begin{array}{l}
 4b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}-2\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax^{n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+x^{n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}+\sqrt[4]{a}}{\sqrt[4]{b}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax^{n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+x^{n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)} dx^{n/4}}{2\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \\
 \hline
 an
 \end{array} \right\}
 \end{array}$$

c

↓ 1103



$$x^{3n/4}(cx)^{-3n/4} \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{n/4}+\sqrt{a}+\sqrt{b}x^{n/2}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \frac{1}{an}$$

c

```
input Int[(c*x)^(-1 - (3*n)/4)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

```
output (x^((3*n)/4)*(-4/(3*a*n*x^((3*n)/4)) - (4*b*((-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))/a^(1/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[a]) + (-1/2*Log[Sqrt[a] - Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x^(n/4) + Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[a] + Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)*x^(n/4) + Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[a]))/(a*n))/(c*(c*x)^((3*n)/4))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 217 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 755  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x)^4)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot r) \text{Int}[(r - s \cdot x^2)/(a + b \cdot x^4), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(2 \cdot r) \text{Int}[(r + s \cdot x^2)/(a + b \cdot x^4), x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[a/b, 0] \parallel (\text{PosQ}[a/b] \&\& \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, a]] \&\& \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, b]]))$

rule 868  $\text{Int}[(x_ )^{(m_ )} \cdot ((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot x)^{n_ })^{(p_ )}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m + 1) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)])^p], x], x, x^{(m + 1)}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)]] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[n]$

rule 886  $\text{Int}[(x_ )^{(m_ )}/((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot x)^{n_ }), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(m + 1)}/(a \cdot (m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b/a \text{Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[m + n]}/(a + b \cdot x^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]] \&\& \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, n]$

rule 887  $\text{Int}[(c_ \cdot (x_ ))^{(m_ )}/((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot x)^{n_ }), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[m]} \cdot ((c \cdot x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]}/x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \text{Int}[x^m/(a + b \cdot x^n), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n\}, x] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m + 1)/n]] \&\& (\text{SumSimplerQ}[m, n] \parallel \text{SumSimplerQ}[m, -n])$

rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a_ ) + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \&\& (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \parallel !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d_ ) + (e_ \cdot x)/((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x)^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1476  $\text{Int}[(d_ ) + (e_ \cdot x)^2)/((a_ ) + (c_ \cdot x)^4), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = \text{Rt}[2 \cdot (d/e), 2]\}, \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e + q \cdot x + x^2, x], x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[d/e - q \cdot x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, c, d, e\}, x] \&\& \text{EqQ}[c \cdot d^2 - a \cdot e^2, 0] \&\& \text{PosQ}[d \cdot e]$

rule 1479

```
Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((c*x)^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.70

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{3an \left( -\frac{b^3 c^{-3n-4}}{a^7 n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left( \frac{a^5 n^3 x^{\frac{2}{3}} \left( -\frac{b^3 c^{-3n-4}}{a^7 n^4} \right)^{\frac{3}{4}} + b^2 c^{-2n-\frac{8}{3}} x e^{\left( -\frac{1}{12} (3n+4) \log(c) - \frac{1}{12} (3n+4) \log(x) \right)}}{x}}{x} \right) - 3an \left( -\frac{b^3 c^{-3n-4}}{a^7 n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}}{1}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

1/3*(3*a*n*(-b^3*c^(-3*n - 4)/(a^7*n^4))^(1/4)*log((a^5*n^3*x^(2/3)*(-b^3*
c^(-3*n - 4)/(a^7*n^4))^(3/4) + b^2*c^(-2*n - 8/3)*x*e^(-1/12*(3*n + 4)*lo
g(c) - 1/12*(3*n + 4)*log(x)))/x) - 3*a*n*(-b^3*c^(-3*n - 4)/(a^7*n^4))^(1
/4)*log(-(a^5*n^3*x^(2/3)*(-b^3*c^(-3*n - 4)/(a^7*n^4))^(3/4) - b^2*c^(-2*
n - 8/3)*x*e^(-1/12*(3*n + 4)*log(c) - 1/12*(3*n + 4)*log(x)))/x) - 3*I*a*
n*(-b^3*c^(-3*n - 4)/(a^7*n^4))^(1/4)*log((I*a^5*n^3*x^(2/3)*(-b^3*c^(-3*n
- 4)/(a^7*n^4))^(3/4) + b^2*c^(-2*n - 8/3)*x*e^(-1/12*(3*n + 4)*log(c) -
1/12*(3*n + 4)*log(x)))/x) + 3*I*a*n*(-b^3*c^(-3*n - 4)/(a^7*n^4))^(1/4)*l
og((-I*a^5*n^3*x^(2/3)*(-b^3*c^(-3*n - 4)/(a^7*n^4))^(3/4) + b^2*c^(-2*n -
8/3)*x*e^(-1/12*(3*n + 4)*log(c) - 1/12*(3*n + 4)*log(x)))/x) - 4*x*e^(-1
/4*(3*n + 4)*log(c) - 1/4*(3*n + 4)*log(x))/(a*n)

```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 318, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx &= \frac{c^{-\frac{3n}{4}-1}x^{-\frac{3n}{4}}\Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{an\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})} - \frac{3b^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{-\frac{3n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{4a^{\frac{7}{4}}n\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})} \\
 &+ \frac{3ib^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{-\frac{3n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{3i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{4a^{\frac{7}{4}}n\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})} \\
 &+ \frac{3b^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{-\frac{3n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{4a^{\frac{7}{4}}n\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})} \\
 &- \frac{3ib^{\frac{3}{4}}c^{-\frac{3n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{7i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{3}{4})}{4a^{\frac{7}{4}}n\Gamma(\frac{1}{4})}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)
```

output

```
c**(-3*n/4 - 1)*gamma(-3/4)/(a*n*x**(3*n/4)*gamma(1/4)) - 3*b**(3/4)*c**(-3*n/4 - 1)*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-3/4)/(4*a**(7/4)*n*gamma(1/4)) + 3*I*b**(3/4)*c**(-3*n/4 - 1)*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(3*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-3/4)/(4*a**(7/4)*n*gamma(1/4)) + 3*b**(3/4)*c**(-3*n/4 - 1)*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-3/4)/(4*a**(7/4)*n*gamma(1/4)) - 3*I*b**(3/4)*c**(-3*n/4 - 1)*exp(-I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(7*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-3/4)/(4*a**(7/4)*n*gamma(1/4))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{3}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-b*integrate(x^(1/4*n)/(a*b*c^(3/4*n + 1)*x*x^n + a^2*c^(3/4*n + 1)*x), x) - 4/3*c^(-3/4*n - 1)/(a*n*x^(3/4*n))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{3}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x)^(-3/4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{3n}{4}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^((3*n)/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`output `int(1/((c*x)^((3*n)/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{7n}{4}} bx+x^{\frac{3n}{4}} ax} dx}{c^{\frac{3n}{4}} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-3/4*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`output `int(1/(x**((7*n)/4)*b*x + x**((3*n)/4)*a*x), x)/(c**((3*n)/4)*c)`

### 3.661 $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4178
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4178
Rubi [A] (verified)	4179
Maple [F]	4180
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4180
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4181
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4181
Giac [F]	4182
Mupad [F(-1)]	4182
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4182

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 69

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-n}}{acn} - \frac{bx^n(cx)^{-n} \log(x)}{a^2c} + \frac{bx^n(cx)^{-n} \log(a+bx^n)}{a^2cn}$$

output

$$-1/a/c/n/((c*x)^n)-b*x^n*\ln(x)/a^2/c/((c*x)^n)+b*x^n*\ln(a+b*x^n)/a^2/c/n/((c*x)^n)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-n} (a+bx^n \log(x^n) - bx^n \log(a+bx^n))}{a^2cn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

$$-((a + b*x^n*\Log[x^n] - b*x^n*\Log[a + b*x^n])/(a^2*c*n*(c*x)^n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {800, 798, 54, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(cx)^{-n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 800 \\
 \frac{x^n (cx)^{-n} \int \frac{x^{-n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx}{c} \\
 \downarrow 798 \\
 \frac{x^n (cx)^{-n} \int \frac{x^{-2n}}{bx^n + a} dx^n}{cn} \\
 \downarrow 54 \\
 \frac{x^n (cx)^{-n} \int \left( \frac{x^{-2n}}{a} - \frac{bx^{-n}}{a^2} + \frac{b^2}{a^2(bx^n + a)} \right) dx^n}{cn} \\
 \downarrow 2009 \\
 \frac{x^n (cx)^{-n} \left( -\frac{b \log(x^n)}{a^2} + \frac{b \log(a + bx^n)}{a^2} - \frac{x^{-n}}{a} \right)}{cn}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x^n*(-(1/(a*x^n)) - (b*Log[x^n])/a^2 + (b*Log[a + b*x^n])/a^2))/(c*n*(c*x)^n)`



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 54 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && ILtQ[m, 0] && IntegerQ[n] && !(IGtQ[n, 0] && LtQ[m + n + 2, 0])`

rule 798 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/n Subst[Int[x^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)*(a + b*x)^p, x], x, x^n], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 800 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{bc^{-n-1}nx^n \log(x) - bc^{-n-1}x^n \log(bx^n + a) + ac^{-n-1}}{a^2nx^n}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $-(b*c^{(-n - 1)*n*x^n*\log(x) - b*c^{(-n - 1)*x^n*\log(b*x^n + a) + a*c^{(-n - 1)})/(a^2*n*x^n)$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.52

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{c^{-n-1}x^{-n}}{an} + \frac{bc^{-n-1} \log\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)}{a^2n}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1-n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output  $-c^{**(-n - 1)/(a*n*x**n) + b*c^{**(-n - 1)*\log(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(a**2*n)$

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{bc^{-n-1} \log(x)}{a^2} + \frac{bc^{-n-1} \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{a^2n} - \frac{c^{-n-1}}{anx^n}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output  $-b*c^{(-n - 1)*\log(x)/a^2 + b*c^{(-n - 1)*\log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(a^2*n) - c^{(-n - 1)/(a*n*x^n)$

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{n+1} (a + bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/((c*x)^(n + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x^n \log(x^n b + a) b - x^n \log(x) b n - a}{x^n c^n a^2 c n}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(x**n*log(x**n*b + a)*b - x**n*log(x)*b*n - a)/(x**n*c**n*a**2*c*n)`

**3.662**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4183
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4183
Rubi [A] (verified)	4184
Maple [F]	4185
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4186
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4186
Maxima [F]	4187
Giac [F]	4187
Mupad [F(-1)]	4187
Reduce [F]	4188

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2(cx)^{-n/2}}{acn} + \frac{2\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}(cx)^{-n/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}cn}$$

output

```
-2/a/c/n/((c*x)^(1/2*n))+2*b^(1/2)*x^(1/2*n)*arctan(a^(1/2)/b^(1/2)/(x^(1/2*n)))/a^(3/2)/c/n/((c*x)^(1/2*n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{an}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - n/2)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(-2*x*(c*x)^(-1 - n/2)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, 1, 1/2, -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {870, 868, 772, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow 870 \\
 \frac{x^{n/2}(cx)^{-n/2} \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{c} \\
 \downarrow 868 \\
 -\frac{2x^{n/2}(cx)^{-n/2} \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/2}}{cn} \\
 \downarrow 772 \\
 -\frac{2x^{n/2}(cx)^{-n/2} \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{cn} \\
 \downarrow 262 \\
 -\frac{2x^{n/2}(cx)^{-n/2} \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{a} \right)}{cn} \\
 \downarrow 218 \\
 -\frac{2x^{n/2}(cx)^{-n/2} \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{cn}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - n/2)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(-2*x^(n/2)*(1/(a*x^(n/2)) - (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))])/a^(3/2)))/(c*n*(c*x)^(n/2))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 772 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 870 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 237, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.20

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{2xe^{(-\frac{1}{2}(n+2)\log(c)-\frac{1}{2}(n+2)\log(x))} - \sqrt{-\frac{bc^{-n-2}}{a}} \log\left(\frac{ax^2e^{-(n+2)\log(c)-(n+2)\log(x)} + 2a\sqrt{-\frac{bc^{-n-2}}{a}}xe^{(-\frac{1}{2}(n+2)\log(c)-\frac{1}{2}(n+2)\log(x))}}{ax^2e^{-(n+2)\log(c)-(n+2)\log(x)} + bc^{-n-2}}\right)}{an} - \frac{2\left(xe^{(-\frac{1}{2}(n+2)\log(c)-\frac{1}{2}(n+2)\log(x))} - \sqrt{\frac{bc^{-n-2}}{a}} \arctan\left(\frac{a\sqrt{\frac{bc^{-n-2}}{a}}xe^{(-\frac{1}{2}(n+2)\log(c)-\frac{1}{2}(n+2)\log(x))}}{bc^{-n-2}}\right)\right)}{an}$$

```
input integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

```
output [-(2*x*e^(-1/2*(n+2)*log(c)-1/2*(n+2)*log(x)) - sqrt(-b*c^(-n-2)/a)
*log((a*x^2*e^(-(n+2)*log(c)-(n+2)*log(x)) + 2*a*sqrt(-b*c^(-n-2)/a)
*x*e^(-1/2*(n+2)*log(c)-1/2*(n+2)*log(x)) - b*c^(-n-2))/(a*x^2*
e^(-(n+2)*log(c)-(n+2)*log(x)) + b*c^(-n-2)))/(a*n), -2*(x*e^(-1/
2*(n+2)*log(c)-1/2*(n+2)*log(x)) - sqrt(b*c^(-n-2)/a)*arctan(a*sqrt
(b*c^(-n-2)/a)*x*e^(-1/2*(n+2)*log(c)-1/2*(n+2)*log(x))/(b*c^(-n
-2)))/(a*n)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2c^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{an} - \frac{2\sqrt{bc^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}n}$$

```
input integrate((c*x)**(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)
```

output `-2*c**(-n/2 - 1)/(a*n*x**(n/2)) - 2*sqrt(b)*c**(-n/2 - 1)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(a**(3/2)*n)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*integrate(x^(1/2*n)/(a*b*c^(1/2*n + 1)*x*x^n + a^2*c^(1/2*n + 1)*x), x) - 2*c^(-1/2*n - 1)/(a*n*x^(1/2*n))`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-1/2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{n}{2}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^(n/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/((c*x)^(n/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{3n}{2}} bx+x^{\frac{n}{2}} ax} dx}{c^{\frac{n}{2}} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**((3*n)/2)*b*x + x**(n/2)*a*x),x)/(c**(n/2)*c)`

**3.663**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4189
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4190
Rubi [A] (verified)	4190
Maple [F]	4195
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4196
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4196
Maxima [F]	4197
Giac [F]	4197
Mupad [F(-1)]	4198
Reduce [F]	4198

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 220

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3(cx)^{-n/3}}{acn} - \frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}(cx)^{-n/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{a^{4/3}cn} + \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}(cx)^{-n/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b} + \sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}\right)}{a^{4/3}cn} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{n/3}}(cx)^{-n/3} \log\left(b^{2/3} + a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{-n/3}}\right)}{2a^{4/3}cn}$$

output

```
-3/a/c/n/((c*x)^(1/3*n))-3^(1/2)*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)*arctan(1/3*(b^(1/3)-2*a^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))*3^(1/2)/b^(1/3))/a^(4/3)/c/n/((c*x)^(1/3*n))+b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)*ln(b^(1/3)+a^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))/a^(4/3)/c/n/((c*x)^(1/3*n))-1/2*b^(1/3)*x^(1/3*n)*ln(b^(2/3)+a^(2/3)/(x^(2/3*n))-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))/a^(4/3)/c/n/((c*x)^(1/3*n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.17

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3x(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, 1, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{an}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - n/3)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-3*x*(c*x)^(-1 - n/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, 1, 2/3, -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {870, 868, 772, 843, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{n}{3}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{870} \\ & \frac{x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{3}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{868} \\ & -\frac{3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/3}}{cn} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{772} \\ & -\frac{3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/3}}{cn} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/3}}{a} \right)}{cn}$$

↓ 750

$$3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)}{cn}$$

↓ 16

$$3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

$$\frac{3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{b} - 2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3})}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} + \log(\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)}{cn}$$

↓ 1142

$$3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2}\sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}(\sqrt[3]{b} - 2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3})}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} + \log(\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b})}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

cn

↓ 25

$$3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} (\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3})}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{2 \sqrt[3]{a}} + \log \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

*cn*

↓ 27

$$3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \log \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) \right)}{a} \right)$$

*cn*

↓ 1082

$$3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3} \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{-2n/3} - 3} d \left( 1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}} + \log \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log \left( \frac{\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

*cn*

↓ 217

$$\left( \frac{3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b}{a} \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b-2}\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{-n/3}+b^{2/3}}} dx^{-n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}+\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \right)$$

cn

↓ 1103

$$\left( \frac{3x^{n/3}(cx)^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b}{a} \left( \frac{\frac{\log\left(a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{-n/3}+b^{2/3}}\right)}{2\sqrt[3]{a}} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1-2\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}+\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \right)$$

cn

input

```
Int[(c*x)^(-1 - n/3)/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output 
$$\begin{aligned} & (-3*x^{(n/3)}*(1/(a*x^{(n/3)})) - (b*(\text{Log}[b^{(1/3)} + a^{(1/3)}/x^{(n/3)}]/(3*a^{(1/3)} \\ & *b^{(2/3)}) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*a^{(1/3)})/(b^{(1/3)}*x^{(n/3)})]/\text{Sqrt}[3] \\ & ])/a^{(1/3)})) - \text{Log}[b^{(2/3)} + a^{(2/3)}/x^{((2*n)/3)} - (a^{(1/3)}*b^{(1/3)})/x^{(n/3)} \\ & ])/(2*a^{(1/3)})))/(3*b^{(2/3)})))/a)/(c*n*(c*x)^{(n/3)}) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$$

rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$$

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b\_)*(Gx\_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 217 
$$\text{Int}[((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1}) * \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 750 
$$\text{Int}[((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \quad \text{Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$$

rule 772 
$$\text{Int}[((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p]$$

rule 843 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)}*(c*x)^{(m-n+1)}*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*(m+n*p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^n*((m-n+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1))) \quad \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-n)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, n-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$$

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 870 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_.) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`



**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 255, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx =$$

$$6xe^{(-\frac{1}{3}(n+3)\log(c)-\frac{1}{3}(n+3)\log(x))} - 2\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{bc^{-n-3}}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}a\left(\frac{bc^{-n-3}}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}xe^{(-\frac{1}{3}(n+3)\log(c)-\frac{1}{3}(n+3)\log(x))}-\sqrt{3}bc}{3bc^{-n-3}}\right)$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/2*(6*x*e^(-1/3*(n+3)*log(c)-1/3*(n+3)*log(x))-2*sqrt(3)*(b*c^(-n-3)/a)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*a*(b*c^(-n-3)/a)^(2/3)*x*e^(-1/3*(n+3)*log(c)-1/3*(n+3)*log(x))-sqrt(3)*b*c^(-n-3))/(b*c^(-n-3)))-2*(b*c^(-n-3)/a)^(1/3)*log((x*e^(-1/3*(n+3)*log(c)-1/3*(n+3)*log(x))+(b*c^(-n-3)/a)^(1/3))/x)+(b*c^(-n-3)/a)^(1/3)*log((x^2*e^(-2/3*(n+3)*log(c)-2/3*(n+3)*log(x))-(b*c^(-n-3)/a)^(1/3)*x*e^(-1/3*(n+3)*log(c)-1/3*(n+3)*log(x))+(b*c^(-n-3)/a)^(2/3))/x^2))/(a*n)`**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 223, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^{-\frac{n}{3}-1}x^{-\frac{n}{3}}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3})}{an\Gamma(\frac{2}{3})} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bc^{-\frac{n}{3}-1}}e^{-\frac{2i\pi}{3}}\log\left(1-\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3})}{3a^{\frac{4}{3}}n\Gamma(\frac{2}{3})}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[3]{bc^{-\frac{n}{3}-1}}\log\left(1-\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{i\pi}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3})}{3a^{\frac{4}{3}}n\Gamma(\frac{2}{3})}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt[3]{bc^{-\frac{n}{3}-1}}e^{\frac{2i\pi}{3}}\log\left(1-\frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3})}{3a^{\frac{4}{3}}n\Gamma(\frac{2}{3})}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `c**(-n/3 - 1)*gamma(-1/3)/(a*n*x**(n/3)*gamma(2/3)) - b**(1/3)*c**(-n/3 - 1)*exp(-2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-1/3)/(3*a**(4/3)*n*gamma(2/3)) - b**(1/3)*c**(-n/3 - 1)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-1/3)/(3*a**(4/3)*n*gamma(2/3)) - b**(1/3)*c**(-n/3 - 1)*exp(2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-1/3)/(3*a**(4/3)*n*gamma(2/3))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{1}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-b*integrate(x^(2/3*n)/(a*b*c^(1/3*n + 1)*x*x^n + a^2*c^(1/3*n + 1)*x), x) - 3*c^(-1/3*n - 1)/(a*n*x^(1/3*n))`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{1}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-1/3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{n}{3}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^(n/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/((c*x)^(n/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{4n}{3}} bx+x^{\frac{n}{3}} ax} dx}{c^{\frac{n}{3}} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-1/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `int(1/(x**((4*n)/3)*b*x + x**(n/3)*a*x),x)/(c**(n/3)*c)`

**3.664**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4199
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4200
Rubi [A] (verified)	4200
Maple [F]	4206
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4206
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4207
Maxima [F]	4208
Giac [F]	4208
Mupad [F(-1)]	4209
Reduce [F]	4209

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4(cx)^{-n/4}}{acn} - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}(cx)^{-n/4} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax^{-n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{a^{5/4}cn}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}(cx)^{-n/4} \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax^{-n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{a^{5/4}cn}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{bx^{n/4}}(cx)^{-n/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{bx^{-n/4}}}{\sqrt{b} + \sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}\right)}{a^{5/4}cn}$$

output

```
-4/a/c/n/((c*x)^(1/4*n))-2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x^(1/4*n)*arctan(1-2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)
)/b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n)))/a^(5/4)/c/n/((c*x)^(1/4*n))+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x^(1/4*
n)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n)))/a^(5/4)/c/n/((c*x)^(1/4*n
))+2^(1/2)*b^(1/4)*x^(1/4*n)*arctanh(2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n))/(
b^(1/2)+a^(1/2)/(x^(1/2*n))))/a^(5/4)/c/n/((c*x)^(1/4*n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4x(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{4}, 1, \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{an}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - n/4)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-4*x*(c*x)^(-1 - n/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/4, 1, 3/4, -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 274, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {870, 868, 772, 843, 755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 870 \\ & \frac{x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 868 \\ & -\frac{4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/4}}{cn} \\ & \quad \downarrow 772 \\ & -\frac{4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{cn} \\ & \quad \downarrow 843 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{a} \right)}{cn}$$

755

$$4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}+\sqrt{b}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

1476

$$4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^{-n/2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^{-n/2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

cn

1082

$$4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{-n/2}-1} d \left( 1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{-n/2}-1} d \left( \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

cn

217

$$4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{a} \right)$$

*cn*  
↓ 1479

$$4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}-2\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(x^{-n/2}-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt[4]{b}\right)}{\sqrt[4]{a}\left(x^{-n/2}+\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}+\frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}+1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{a} \right)$$

*cn*  
↓ 25

$$4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} - 2 \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a} \left( x^{-n/2} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a} \right)} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{b} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{a} \left( x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a} \right)} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) - a$$

*cn*

↓ 27

$$4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} - 2 \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{x^{-n/2} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a}} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{b}}{x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a}} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1 \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) - a$$

*cn*

↓ 1103



$$4x^{n/4}(cx)^{-n/4} \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4} + \sqrt{a}x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4} + \sqrt{a}x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}}}{a} \right)$$

*cn*

```
input Int[(c*x)^(-1 - n/4)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

```
output (-4*x^(n/4)*(1/(a*x^(n/4)) - (b*((-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))/(b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))/(b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (-1/2*Log[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]/x^(n/2) - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/x^(n/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]/x^(n/2) + (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/x^(n/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]))/a)/(c*n*(c*x)^(n/4))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

```
rule 25 Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

```
rule 27 Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

```
rule 217 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 755 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^4)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{r = Numerator[Rt[a/b, 2]], s = Denominator[Rt[a/b, 2]]}, Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r - s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x] + Simp[1/(2*r) Int[(r + s*x^2)/(a + b*x^4), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && (GtQ[a/b, 0] || (PosQ[a/b] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, a]] && AtomQ[SplitProduct[SumBaseQ, b]]))`

rule 772 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 843 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^(n - 1)*(c*x)^(m - n + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^n*((m - n + 1)/(b*(m + n*p + 1))) Int[(c*x)^(m - n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 870 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_) + (c_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1476

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[
e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x]
&& EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]
```

rule 1479

```
Int[((d_) + (e_.)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_.)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[
-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x],
x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; F
reeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((c*x)^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)
```

### Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{an\left(-\frac{bc^{-n-4}}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(\frac{an\left(-\frac{bc^{-n-4}}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + xe\left(-\frac{1}{4}(n+4)\log(c) - \frac{1}{4}(n+4)\log(x)\right)}{x}\right) - an\left(-\frac{bc^{-n-4}}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log\left(-\frac{an\left(-\frac{bc^{-n-4}}{a^5n^4}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} - xe\left(-\frac{1}{4}(n+4)\log(c) - \frac{1}{4}(n+4)\log(x)\right)}{x}\right)}{1}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(a*n*(-b*c^(-n - 4)/(a^5*n^4))^(1/4)*log((a*n*(-b*c^(-n - 4)/(a^5*n^4))^(1/4) + x*e^(-1/4*(n + 4)*log(c) - 1/4*(n + 4)*log(x)))/x) - a*n*(-b*c^(-n - 4)/(a^5*n^4))^(1/4)*log(-(a*n*(-b*c^(-n - 4)/(a^5*n^4))^(1/4) - x*e^(-1/4*(n + 4)*log(c) - 1/4*(n + 4)*log(x)))/x) + I*a*n*(-b*c^(-n - 4)/(a^5*n^4))^(1/4)*log((I*a*n*(-b*c^(-n - 4)/(a^5*n^4))^(1/4) + x*e^(-1/4*(n + 4)*log(c) - 1/4*(n + 4)*log(x)))/x) - I*a*n*(-b*c^(-n - 4)/(a^5*n^4))^(1/4)*log((-I*a*n*(-b*c^(-n - 4)/(a^5*n^4))^(1/4) + x*e^(-1/4*(n + 4)*log(c) - 1/4*(n + 4)*log(x)))/x) - 4*x*e^(-1/4*(n + 4)*log(c) - 1/4*(n + 4)*log(x))/(a*n)
```

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 308, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}x^{-\frac{n}{4}}\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}{an\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bc}^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}{4a^{\frac{5}{4}}n\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})}$$

$$- \frac{i\sqrt[4]{bc}^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{3i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}{4a^{\frac{5}{4}}n\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt[4]{bc}^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}{4a^{\frac{5}{4}}n\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})}$$

$$+ \frac{i\sqrt[4]{bc}^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{7i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}{4a^{\frac{5}{4}}n\Gamma(\frac{3}{4})}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)
```

output

```
c**(-n/4 - 1)*gamma(-1/4)/(a*n*x**(n/4)*gamma(3/4)) - b**(1/4)*c**(-n/4 - 1)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-1/4)/(4*a**(5/4)*n*gamma(3/4)) - I*b**(1/4)*c**(-n/4 - 1)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(3*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-1/4)/(4*a**(5/4)*n*gamma(3/4)) + b**(1/4)*c**(-n/4 - 1)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-1/4)/(4*a**(5/4)*n*gamma(3/4)) + I*b**(1/4)*c**(-n/4 - 1)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(7*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-1/4)/(4*a**(5/4)*n*gamma(3/4))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{1}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-b*integrate(x^(3/4*n)/(a*b*c^(1/4*n + 1)*x*x^n + a^2*c^(1/4*n + 1)*x), x) - 4*c^(-1/4*n - 1)/(a*n*x^(1/4*n))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{1}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1/4*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{n}{4}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^(n/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/((c*x)^(n/4 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{5n}{4}} bx+x^{\frac{n}{4}} ax} dx}{c^{\frac{n}{4}} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-1/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `int(1/(x**((5*n)/4)*b*x + x**(n/4)*a*x),x)/(c**(n/4)*c)`

**3.665**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4210
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4210
Rubi [A] (verified)	4211
Maple [F]	4213
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4213
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4214
Maxima [F]	4214
Giac [F]	4215
Mupad [F(-1)]	4215
Reduce [F]	4215

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 100

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2(cx)^{-3n/2}}{3acn} + \frac{2bx^n(cx)^{-3n/2}}{a^2cn} - \frac{2b^{3/2}x^{3n/2}(cx)^{-3n/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{5/2}cn}$$

output

$$-2/3/a/c/n/((c*x)^{(3/2*n)})+2*b*x^n/a^2/c/n/((c*x)^{(3/2*n)})-2*b^{(3/2)}*x^{(3/2*n)}*arctan(a^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/(x^{(1/2*n)}))/a^{(5/2)}/c/n/((c*x)^{(3/2*n)})$$

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.39

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2x(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 1, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{3an}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Integrate}[(c*x)^{-1-(3*n)/2}/(a+b*x^n),x]$$

output

$$(-2*x*(c*x)^{-1-(3*n)/2}*\operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 1, -1/2, -(b*x^n)/a])/ (3*a*n)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {887, 886, 868, 772, 262, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{887} \\
 \frac{x^{3n/2}(cx)^{-3n/2} \int \frac{x^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{c} \\
 \downarrow \text{886} \\
 \frac{x^{3n/2}(cx)^{-3n/2} \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} \right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow \text{868} \\
 \frac{x^{3n/2}(cx)^{-3n/2} \left( \frac{2b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/2}}{an} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} \right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow \text{772} \\
 \frac{x^{3n/2}(cx)^{-3n/2} \left( \frac{2b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{an} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} \right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow \text{262} \\
 \frac{x^{3n/2}(cx)^{-3n/2} \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/2}}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} \right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow \text{218}
 \end{array}$$



$$\frac{x^{3n/2}(cx)^{-3n/2} \left( \frac{2b \left( \frac{x^{-n/2}}{a} - \frac{\sqrt{b} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{an} - \frac{2x^{-3n/2}}{3an} \right)}{c}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - (3*n)/2)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x^((3*n)/2)*(-2/(3*a*n*x^((3*n)/2)) + (2*b*(1/(a*x^(n/2)) - (Sqrt[b]*ArcTan[Sqrt[a]/(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))])/a^(3/2)))/(a*n)))/(c*(c*x)^((3*n)/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 262 `Int[((c_)*(x_)^(m_))*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1))), x] - Simp[a*c^2*((m - 1)/(b*(m + 2*p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 2 - 1] && NeQ[m + 2*p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 772 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(n*p)*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && IntegerQ[p]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 886 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[x^(m + 1)/(a*(m + 1)), x] - Simp[b/a Int[x^Simplify[m + n]/(a + b*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && FractionQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && SumSimplerQ[m, n]`

rule 887

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[
m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m/(a + b*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && FractionQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (SumSimplerQ[m, n
] || SumSimplerQ[m, -n])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 504, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.04

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/3*(3*b*c^(-n - 2/3)*sqrt(-b*c^(-n - 2/3)/a)*log(-(2*a^2*b*c^(-n - 2/3)*
x^(4/3)*e^(-2/3*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 2/3*(3*n + 2)*log(x)) - a^3*x^2*e^(-(3*
n + 2)*log(c) - (3*n + 2)*log(x)) - 2*a*b^2*c^(-2*n - 4/3)*x^(2/3)*e^(-1/3
*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 1/3*(3*n + 2)*log(x)) + b^3*c^(-3*n - 2) - 2*(a^2*b*c^
(-n - 2/3)*x*e^(-1/2*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 1/2*(3*n + 2)*log(x)) - a^3*x^(5/3
)*e^(-5/6*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 5/6*(3*n + 2)*log(x)) - a*b^2*c^(-2*n - 4/3)*
x^(1/3)*e^(-1/6*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 1/6*(3*n + 2)*log(x)))*sqrt(-b*c^(-n -
2/3)/a))/(a^3*x^2*e^(-(3*n + 2)*log(c) - (3*n + 2)*log(x)) + b^3*c^(-3*n -
2)) + 6*b*c^(-n - 2/3)*x^(1/3)*e^(-1/6*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 1/6*(3*n + 2)*
log(x)) - 2*a*x*e^(-1/2*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 1/2*(3*n + 2)*log(x)))/(a^2*n),
-2/3*(3*b*c^(-n - 2/3)*sqrt(b*c^(-n - 2/3)/a)*arctan(a*sqrt(b*c^(-n - 2/3
)/a)*x^(1/3)*e^(-1/6*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 1/6*(3*n + 2)*log(x)))/(b*c^(-n - 2
/3))) - 3*b*c^(-n - 2/3)*x^(1/3)*e^(-1/6*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 1/6*(3*n + 2)*
log(x)) + a*x*e^(-1/2*(3*n + 2)*log(c) - 1/2*(3*n + 2)*log(x)))/(a^2*n)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{2c^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}x^{-\frac{3n}{2}}}{3an} + \frac{2bc^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}x^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{a^2n} + \frac{2b^{\frac{3}{2}}c^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}n}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)
```

output

```
-2*c**(-3*n/2 - 1)/(3*a*n*x**(3*n/2)) + 2*b*c**(-3*n/2 - 1)/(a**2*n*x**(n/
2)) + 2*b**(3/2)*c**(-3*n/2 - 1)*atan(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(a**(5/2)*
n)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output `b^2*integrate(x^(1/2*n)/(a^2*b*c^(3/2*n + 1)*x*x^n + a^3*c^(3/2*n + 1)*x), x) + 2/3*(3*b*x^n - a)*c^(-3/2*n - 1)/(a^2*n*x^(3/2*n))`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-3/2*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{3n}{2}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^((3*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/((c*x)^((3*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{5n}{2}} bx+x^{\frac{3n}{2}} ax} dx}{c^{\frac{3n}{2}} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**((5*n)/2)*b*x + x**((3*n)/2)*a*x),x)/(c**((3*n)/2)*c)`

### 3.666 $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4216
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4217
Rubi [A] (verified)	4217
Maple [F]	4227
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4227
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4228
Maxima [F]	4228
Giac [F]	4229
Mupad [F(-1)]	4229
Reduce [F]	4229

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 246

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3(cx)^{-4n/3}}{4acn} + \frac{3bx^n(cx)^{-4n/3}}{a^2cn}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{3}b^{4/3}x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{b}-2\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{a^{7/3}cn}$$

$$- \frac{b^{4/3}x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \log\left(\sqrt[3]{b} + \sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3}}\right)}{a^{7/3}cn}$$

$$+ \frac{b^{4/3}x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \log\left(b^{2/3} + a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{bx^{-n/3}}\right)}{2a^{7/3}cn}$$

output

```
-3/4/a/c/n/((c*x)^(4/3*n))+3*b*x^n/a^2/c/n/((c*x)^(4/3*n))+3^(1/2)*b^(4/3)
*x^(4/3*n)*arctan(1/3*(b^(1/3)-2*a^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))*3^(1/2)/b^(1/3))/a^(
7/3)/c/n/((c*x)^(4/3*n))-b^(4/3)*x^(4/3*n)*ln(b^(1/3)+a^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))
/a^(7/3)/c/n/((c*x)^(4/3*n))+1/2*b^(4/3)*x^(4/3*n)*ln(b^(2/3)+a^(2/3)/(x^(
2/3*n))-a^(1/3)*b^(1/3)/(x^(1/3*n)))/a^(7/3)/c/n/((c*x)^(4/3*n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.16

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{3x(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{4}{3}, 1, -\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{4an}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - (4*n)/3)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-3*x*(c*x)^(-1 - (4*n)/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-4/3, 1, -1/3, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(4*a*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 198, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {887, 886, 868, 772, 843, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{4n}{3}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\ \downarrow \text{887} \\ \frac{x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \int \frac{x^{-\frac{4n}{3}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{c} \\ \downarrow \text{886} \\ \frac{x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{3}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \right)}{c} \\ \downarrow \text{868} \end{array}$$

$$\frac{x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \left( \frac{3b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/3}}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \right)}{c}$$

↓ 772

$$\frac{x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \left( \frac{3b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/3}}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \right)}{c}$$

↓ 843

$$\frac{x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/3}}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \right)}{c}$$

↓ 750

$$\frac{x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \left( \frac{3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b}-\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3}-\sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3}+b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}+\sqrt[3]{b}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} \right)}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \right)}{c}$$

↓ 16

$$\left( \frac{x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3}}{3b \left( \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{\left( \int \frac{2\sqrt[3]{b} - \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[3]{ax^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}}\right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right)}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{3x^{-4n/3}}{4an} \right)$$

c

↓ 1142







$$\begin{array}{l}
 x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \\
 \left. \begin{array}{l}
 3b \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \left( \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{\frac{3}{2} \sqrt[3]{b} \int \frac{1}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3}}{3b^{2/3}} + \log \left( \sqrt[3]{\frac{a}{b}} \right) \right) \\
 \hline
 an
 \end{array} \right\} c
 \end{array}$$

↓ 1082

$$\begin{array}{l}
 x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3} \\
 \left. \begin{array}{l}
 3b \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \left( \frac{b}{a} \int \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2 \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3} x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a} \sqrt[3]{b} x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} + \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-x^{-2n/3} - 3} d \left( 1 - \frac{2 \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}}}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[3]{a} x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b} \right)}{3 \sqrt[3]{a} b^{2/3}} \right) \\
 \hline
 an
 \end{array} \right\} c
 \end{array}$$

↓ 217

$$\left( \frac{x^{4n/3} (cx)^{-4n/3}}{3b \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{b} - 2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}} dx^{-n/3} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a} \arctan \left( \frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}} + \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b} \right)}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}} \right) \frac{1}{an}$$

$$\frac{x^{4n/3}(cx)^{-4n/3}}{c} \left( \frac{3b \frac{x^{-n/3}}{a}}{a} \left( \frac{\log\left(\frac{a^{2/3}x^{-2n/3} - \sqrt[3]{a}\sqrt[3]{b}x^{-n/3} + b^{2/3}}{2\sqrt[3]{a}}\right) - \sqrt[3]{a} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3}}{\sqrt[3]{b}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)}{3b^{2/3}} + \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{a}x^{-n/3} + \sqrt[3]{b}}{3\sqrt[3]{ab^{2/3}}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - (4*n)/3)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(x^{(4n)/3}*(-3/(4*a*n*x^{(4n)/3}) + (3*b*(1/(a*x^{(n/3)}) - (b*(\text{Log}[b^{(1/3)} + a^{(1/3)}/x^{(n/3)})]/(3*a^{(1/3)*b^{(2/3)}) + (-((\text{Sqrt}[3]*\text{ArcTan}[(1 - (2*a^{(1/3)})/(b^{(1/3)*x^{(n/3)})])/\text{Sqrt}[3])]/a^{(1/3)}) - \text{Log}[b^{(2/3)} + a^{(2/3)}/x^{(2*n/3)} - (a^{(1/3)*b^{(1/3)})}/x^{(n/3)})/(2*a^{(1/3)})/(3*b^{(2/3))})/a)/(a*n)))/(c*(c*x)^{(4n)/3})$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 16 
$$\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$$
- rule 25 
$$\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$$
- rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)*(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, x\} \&\& \text{!MatchQ}[Fx, (b\_)*(Gx\_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{b, x\}]$$
- rule 217 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}\{a/b\} \&\& (\text{LtQ}\{a, 0\} \text{ || } \text{LtQ}\{b, 0\})$$
- rule 750 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x]$$
- rule 772 
$$\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(n*p)}*(b + a/x^n)^p, x] \text{ ; FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{ILtQ}\{n, 0\} \&\& \text{IntegerQ}\{p\}$$

rule 843  $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{m-n+1} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1} / (b \cdot (m + n \cdot p + 1))], x] - \text{Simp}[a \cdot c^n \cdot (m - n + 1) / (b \cdot (m + n \cdot p + 1)) \text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^{m-n} \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, p}, x] && IGtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[m + n \cdot p + 1, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]

rule 868  $\text{Int}[x^m \cdot (a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(m + 1) \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^{\text{Simplify}[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^{(m + 1)}], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]

rule 886  $\text{Int}[x^m / (a + b \cdot x^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{m+1} / (a \cdot (m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[b/a \text{Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[m + n]} / (a + b \cdot x^n), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && FractionQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && SumSimplerQ[m, n]

rule 887  $\text{Int}[(c \cdot x)^m / (a + b \cdot x^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[m]} \cdot (c \cdot x)^{\text{FracPart}[m]} / x^{\text{FracPart}[m]} \text{Int}[x^m / (a + b \cdot x^n), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && FractionQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (SumSimplerQ[m, n] || SumSimplerQ[m, -n])

rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4 \cdot \text{Simplify}[a \cdot (c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2 \cdot c \cdot (x/b)], x] /;$  RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c]) /;

 FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]] / b), x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[(d + e \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e) / (2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[1 / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e / (2 \cdot c) \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x) / (a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 351, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

$$4\sqrt{3}bc^{-n-\frac{3}{4}}\left(-\frac{bc^{-n-\frac{3}{4}}}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}a\left(-\frac{bc^{-n-\frac{3}{4}}}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}x^{\frac{1}{4}}e^{\left(-\frac{1}{12}(4n+3)\log(c)-\frac{1}{12}(4n+3)\log(x)\right)}-\sqrt{3}bc^{-n-\frac{3}{4}}}{3bc^{-n-\frac{3}{4}}}\right)-2bc^{-n-\frac{3}{4}}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `1/4*(4*sqrt(3)*b*c^(-n - 3/4)*(-b*c^(-n - 3/4)/a)^(1/3)*arctan(1/3*(2*sqrt(3)*a*(-b*c^(-n - 3/4)/a)^(2/3)*x^(1/4)*e^(-1/12*(4*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/12*(4*n + 3)*log(x)) - sqrt(3)*b*c^(-n - 3/4))/(b*c^(-n - 3/4))) - 2*b*c^(-n - 3/4)*(-b*c^(-n - 3/4)/a)^(1/3)*log(((b*c^(-n - 3/4)/a)^(1/3)*x^(3/4)*e^(-1/12*(4*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/12*(4*n + 3)*log(x)) + x*e^(-1/6*(4*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/6*(4*n + 3)*log(x)) + (-b*c^(-n - 3/4)/a)^(2/3)*sqrt(x))/x) + 4*b*c^(-n - 3/4)*(-b*c^(-n - 3/4)/a)^(1/3)*log((x*e^(-1/12*(4*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/12*(4*n + 3)*log(x)) - (-b*c^(-n - 3/4)/a)^(1/3)*x^(3/4))/x) + 12*b*c^(-n - 3/4)*x^(1/4)*e^(-1/12*(4*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/12*(4*n + 3)*log(x)) - 3*a*x*e^(-1/3*(4*n + 3)*log(c) - 1/3*(4*n + 3)*log(x)))/(a^2*n)`



**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^{-\frac{4n}{3}-1}x^{-\frac{4n}{3}}\Gamma(-\frac{4}{3})}{an\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3})} - \frac{4bc^{-\frac{4n}{3}-1}x^{-\frac{n}{3}}\Gamma(-\frac{4}{3})}{a^2n\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3})}$$

$$+ \frac{4b^{\frac{4}{3}}c^{-\frac{4n}{3}-1}e^{-\frac{2i\pi}{3}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{4}{3})}{3a^{\frac{7}{3}}n\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3})}$$

$$+ \frac{4b^{\frac{4}{3}}c^{-\frac{4n}{3}-1}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{i\pi}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{4}{3})}{3a^{\frac{7}{3}}n\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3})}$$

$$+ \frac{4b^{\frac{4}{3}}c^{-\frac{4n}{3}-1}e^{\frac{2i\pi}{3}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[3]{bx^{\frac{n}{3}}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{3}}}}{\sqrt[3]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{4}{3})}{3a^{\frac{7}{3}}n\Gamma(-\frac{1}{3})}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output

```
c**(-4*n/3 - 1)*gamma(-4/3)/(a*n*x**(4*n/3)*gamma(-1/3)) - 4*b*c**(-4*n/3 - 1)*gamma(-4/3)/(a**2*n*x**(n/3)*gamma(-1/3)) + 4*b**(4/3)*c**(-4*n/3 - 1)*exp(-2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-4/3)/(3*a**(7/3)*n*gamma(-1/3)) + 4*b**(4/3)*c**(-4*n/3 - 1)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(I*pi)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-4/3)/(3*a**(7/3)*n*gamma(-1/3)) + 4*b**(4/3)*c**(-4*n/3 - 1)*exp(2*I*pi/3)*log(1 - b**(1/3)*x**(n/3)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/3)/a**(1/3))*gamma(-4/3)/(3*a**(7/3)*n*gamma(-1/3))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{4}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*integrate(x^(2/3*n)/(a^2*b*c^(4/3*n + 1)*x*x^n + a^3*c^(4/3*n + 1)*x), x) + 3/4*(4*b*x^n - a)*c^(-4/3*n - 1)/(a^2*n*x^(4/3*n))`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{4}{3}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-4/3*n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{4n}{3}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^((4*n)/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/((c*x)^((4*n)/3 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{4n}{3}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{7n}{3}}bx+x^{\frac{4n}{3}}ax} dx}{c^{\frac{4n}{3}}c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-4/3*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**((7*n)/3)*b*x + x**((4*n)/3)*a*x),x)/(c**((4*n)/3)*c)`

**3.667**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4230
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4231
Rubi [A] (verified)	4231
Maple [F]	4241
Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)	4242
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4243
Maxima [F]	4244
Giac [F]	4244
Mupad [F(-1)]	4244
Reduce [F]	4245

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 261

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4(cx)^{-5n/4}}{5acn} + \frac{4bx^n(cx)^{-5n/4}}{a^2cn}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{5/4}x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{a^{9/4}cn}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{5/4}x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \arctan\left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{a^{9/4}cn}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{2}b^{5/4}x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt{b+\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}}\right)}{a^{9/4}cn}$$

output

```
-4/5/a/c/n/((c*x)^(5/4*n))+4*b*x^n/a^2/c/n/((c*x)^(5/4*n))+2^(1/2)*b^(5/4)
*x^(5/4*n)*arctan(1-2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n)))/a^(9/4)/c/n/((c*x)
)^(5/4*n))-2^(1/2)*b^(5/4)*x^(5/4*n)*arctan(1+2^(1/2)*a^(1/4)/b^(1/4)/(x(
1/4*n)))/a^(9/4)/c/n/((c*x)^(5/4*n))-2^(1/2)*b^(5/4)*x^(5/4*n)*arctanh(2^(
1/2)*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)/(x^(1/4*n))/(b^(1/2)+a^(1/2)/(x^(1/2*n))))/a^(9/4)/c/
n/((c*x)^(5/4*n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.15

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{4x(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{5}{4}, 1, -\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{5an}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - (5*n)/4)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(-4*x*(c*x)^(-1 - (5*n)/4)*Hypergeometric2F1[-5/4, 1, -1/4, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(5*a*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {887, 886, 868, 772, 843, 755, 1476, 1082, 217, 1479, 25, 27, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c} \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{5n}{4}-1}}{a+bx^n} dx \\ \downarrow \text{887} \\ \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \int \frac{x^{-\frac{5n}{4}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{c} \\ \downarrow \text{886} \\ \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \left( -\frac{b \int \frac{x^{-\frac{n}{4}-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{a} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \right)}{c} \\ \downarrow \text{868} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \left( \frac{4b \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx^{-n/4}}{an} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow 772 \\
 \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \left( \frac{4b \int \frac{x^{-n}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{an} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow 843 \\
 \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \int \frac{1}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow 755 \\
 \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \left( \frac{4b \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}+\sqrt{b}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right)}{a} \right)}{an} - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \right)}{c} \\
 \downarrow 1476
 \end{array}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l}
 x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4} \\
 4b \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} \\
 b \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{-n/2}-\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt{b}} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{-n/2}+\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{b}x^{-n/4}+\sqrt{b}} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) \\
 a \\
 an
 \end{array} \right\} c$$

↓ 1082

$$\left( \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4}}{4b} \left( \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{-n/2}-1} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax^{-n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{-x^{-n/2}-1} d\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax^{-n/4}}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{ax^{-n/2}}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) \right)$$

c

$$\left( \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4}}{an} \left( \frac{4b}{a} \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b}{a} \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{b}-\sqrt{ax}^{-n/2}}{ax^{-n}+b} dx^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax}^{-n/4}+1}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1-\frac{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{ax}^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2}\sqrt[4]{a}\sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \right) - \frac{4x^{-5n/4}}{5an} \right)$$

c

↓ 1479



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \int - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} - 2 \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a} \left( x^{-n/2} - \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)} dx^{-n/4} - \int - \frac{\sqrt{2} \left( \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{b} \right)}{\sqrt[4]{a} \left( x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)} dx^{-n/4} + \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{b}}{\sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{a}} + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}}} \right) \right) \\
 & - \frac{b}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{2\sqrt{b}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \dots \\
 & 4b \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \dots \\
 & x^{5n/4} (cx)^{-5n/4} \dots \\
 & \dots \\
 & \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

c

$$\int \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4}}{4b \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} - 2 \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} (\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{b})}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} (x^{-n/2} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a})}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} (x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a})}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{\arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} + \sqrt[4]{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} - 2 \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{x^{-n/2} - \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a}} dx^{-n/4} \right) + \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{b}}{x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt[4]{a}} dx^{-n/4} \right) + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4} + 1}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \\
 & \frac{b}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{b}} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} + \frac{b}{2\sqrt{2}\sqrt{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \\
 & \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} \\
 & x^{5n/4} (cx)^{-5n/4} \\
 & \frac{an}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left( \frac{x^{5n/4}(cx)^{-5n/4}}{4b \frac{x^{-n/4}}{a} - \frac{b}{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \left( \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}} + 1\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} - \frac{\arctan\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} x^{-n/4}}{\sqrt[4]{b}}\right)}{2\sqrt{b}} \right) + \frac{\log\left(\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt{a} x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} - \frac{\log\left(-\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b} x^{-n/4} + \sqrt{a} x^{-n/2} + \sqrt{b}\right)}{2\sqrt{2} \sqrt[4]{a} \sqrt[4]{b}} \right) \\
 & \frac{c}{an}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - (5*n)/4)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(x^((5*n)/4)*(-4/(5*a*n*x^((5*n)/4)) + (4*b*(1/(a*x^(n/4)) - (b*((-ArcTan[1 - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))/(b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))) + ArcTan[1 + (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4))/(b^(1/4)*x^(n/4))]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]) + (-1/2*Log[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]/x^(n/2) - (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/x^(n/4)]/(Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)) + Log[Sqrt[b] + Sqrt[a]/x^(n/2) + (Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4))/x^(n/4)]/(2*Sqrt[2]*a^(1/4)*b^(1/4)))/(2*Sqrt[b]))/a)/(a*n))/(c*(c*x)^((5*n)/4))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-\text{a}, 2]*\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])^{-1})*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2]*(\text{x}/\text{Rt}[-\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 755  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^4)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{r} = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]], \text{s} = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 2]]\}, \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{r}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{r} - \text{s}*x^2)/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4), \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(2*\text{r}) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{r} + \text{s}*x^2)/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^4), \text{x}], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}, 0] \ || \ (\text{PosQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \ \&\& \ \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, \text{a}]] \ \&\& \ \text{AtomQ}[\text{SplitProduct}[\text{SumBaseQ}, \text{b}]])$
- rule 772  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{n}_)}])^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(\text{n}*p)}*(\text{b} + \text{a}/x^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{p}]$
- rule 843  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{m}_)})*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{n}_)}])^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c}^{(\text{n} - 1)}*(\text{c}*x)^{(\text{m} - \text{n} + 1)}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^{\text{n}})^{(\text{p} + 1)}/(\text{b}*(\text{m} + \text{n}*p + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{a}*c^{(\text{n} - 1)}*(\text{m} - \text{n} + 1)/(\text{b}*(\text{m} + \text{n}*p + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c}*x)^{(\text{m} - \text{n})}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^{\text{n}})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[\text{n}, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, \text{n} - 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + \text{n}*p + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{n}, \text{m}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$
- rule 868  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(\text{m}_)})*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{n}_)}])^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(\text{m} + 1) \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^{\text{Simplify}[\text{n}/(\text{m} + 1)]})^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, x^{(\text{m} + 1)}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{n}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[\text{n}/(\text{m} + 1)]] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[\text{n}]$
- rule 886  $\text{Int}[(x_)^{(\text{m}_)}]/((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{n}_)}), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x^{(\text{m} + 1)}/(\text{a}*(\text{m} + 1)), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{b}/\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[x^{\text{Simplify}[\text{m} + \text{n}]}]/(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^{\text{n}}), \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{m}, \text{n}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[\text{Simplify}[(\text{m} + 1)/\text{n}]] \ \&\& \ \text{SumSimplerQ}[\text{m}, \text{n}]$

rule 887 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m/(a + b*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n}, x] && FractionQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && (SumSimplerQ[m, n] || SumSimplerQ[m, -n])`

rule 1082 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := With[{q = 1 - 4*Simplify[a*(c/b^2)]}, Simp[-2/b Subst[Int[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; RationalQ[q] && (EqQ[q^2, 1] || !RationalQ[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1476 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e + q*x + x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[1/Simp[d/e - q*x + x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && PosQ[d*e]`

rule 1479 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_)^2)/((a_) + (c_)*(x_)^4), x_Symbol] := With[{q = Rt[-2*(d/e), 2]}, Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q - 2*x)/Simp[d/e + q*x - x^2, x], x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c*q) Int[(q + 2*x)/Simp[d/e - q*x - x^2, x], x], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[c*d^2 - a*e^2, 0] && NegQ[d*e]`

## Maple **[F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`

**Fricas [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 430, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx =$$

$$\frac{5 a^2 n \left( -\frac{b^5 c^{-5n-4}}{a^9 n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \log \left( \frac{a^2 n x^{\frac{4}{5}} \left( -\frac{b^5 c^{-5n-4}}{a^9 n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + b c^{-n-\frac{4}{5}} x e^{\left( -\frac{1}{20} (5n+4) \log(c) - \frac{1}{20} (5n+4) \log(x) \right)}}{x} \right)}{5 a^2 n \left( -\frac{b^5 c^{-5n-4}}{a^9 n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}} - 5 a^2 n \left( -\frac{b^5 c^{-5n-4}}{a^9 n^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
-1/5*(5*a^2*n*(-b^5*c^(-5*n - 4)/(a^9*n^4))^(1/4)*log((a^2*n*x^(4/5)*(-b^5*c^(-5*n - 4)/(a^9*n^4))^(1/4) + b*c^(-n - 4/5)*x*e^(-1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(c) - 1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(x)))/x) - 5*a^2*n*(-b^5*c^(-5*n - 4)/(a^9*n^4))^(1/4)*log(-a^2*n*x^(4/5)*(-b^5*c^(-5*n - 4)/(a^9*n^4))^(1/4) - b*c^(-n - 4/5)*x*e^(-1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(c) - 1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(x)))/x) + 5*I*a^2*n*(-b^5*c^(-5*n - 4)/(a^9*n^4))^(1/4)*log((I*a^2*n*x^(4/5)*(-b^5*c^(-5*n - 4)/(a^9*n^4))^(1/4) + b*c^(-n - 4/5)*x*e^(-1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(c) - 1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(x)))/x) - 5*I*a^2*n*(-b^5*c^(-5*n - 4)/(a^9*n^4))^(1/4)*log((-I*a^2*n*x^(4/5)*(-b^5*c^(-5*n - 4)/(a^9*n^4))^(1/4) + b*c^(-n - 4/5)*x*e^(-1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(c) - 1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(x)))/x) - 20*b*c^(-n - 4/5)*x^(1/5)*e^(-1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(c) - 1/20*(5*n + 4)*log(x)) + 4*a*x*e^(-1/4*(5*n + 4)*log(c) - 1/4*(5*n + 4)*log(x))/(a^2*n)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 371, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^{-\frac{5n}{4}-1}x^{-\frac{5n}{4}}\Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{an\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})} - \frac{5bc^{-\frac{5n}{4}-1}x^{-\frac{n}{4}}\Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{a^2n\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}$$

$$+ \frac{5b^{\frac{5}{4}}c^{-\frac{5n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{4a^{\frac{9}{4}}n\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}$$

$$+ \frac{5ib^{\frac{5}{4}}c^{-\frac{5n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{3i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{4a^{\frac{9}{4}}n\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}$$

$$- \frac{5b^{\frac{5}{4}}c^{-\frac{5n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{5i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{4a^{\frac{9}{4}}n\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}$$

$$- \frac{5ib^{\frac{5}{4}}c^{-\frac{5n}{4}-1}e^{-\frac{3i\pi}{4}}\log\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{bx^{\frac{n}{4}}e^{\frac{7i\pi}{4}}}}{\sqrt[4]{a}}\right)\Gamma(-\frac{5}{4})}{4a^{\frac{9}{4}}n\Gamma(-\frac{1}{4})}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x**n), x)`

output `c**(-5*n/4 - 1)*gamma(-5/4)/(a*n*x**(5*n/4)*gamma(-1/4)) - 5*b*c**(-5*n/4 - 1)*gamma(-5/4)/(a**2*n*x**(n/4)*gamma(-1/4)) + 5*b**(5/4)*c**(-5*n/4 - 1)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-5/4)/(4*a**(9/4)*n*gamma(-1/4)) + 5*I*b**(5/4)*c**(-5*n/4 - 1)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(3*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-5/4)/(4*a**(9/4)*n*gamma(-1/4)) - 5*b**(5/4)*c**(-5*n/4 - 1)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(5*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-5/4)/(4*a**(9/4)*n*gamma(-1/4)) - 5*I*b**(5/4)*c**(-5*n/4 - 1)*exp(-3*I*pi/4)*log(1 - b**(1/4)*x**(n/4)*exp_polar(7*I*pi/4)/a**(1/4))*gamma(-5/4)/(4*a**(9/4)*n*gamma(-1/4))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{5}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*integrate(x^(3/4*n)/(a^2*b*c^(5/4*n+1)*x*x^n+a^3*c^(5/4*n+1)*x),  
x) + 4/5*(5*b*x^n-a)*c^(-5/4*n-1)/(a^2*n*x^(5/4*n))`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{5}{4}n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-5/4*n-1)/(b*x^n+a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{5n}{4}+1} (a+bx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^((5*n)/4+1)*(a+b*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/((c*x)^((5*n)/4+1)*(a+b*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{4}}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{\frac{9n}{4}} bx+x^{\frac{5n}{4}} ax} dx}{c^{\frac{5n}{4}} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-5/4*n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**((9*n)/4)*b*x + x**((5*n)/4)*a*x),x)/(c**((5*n)/4)*c)`

### 3.668 $\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4246
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4246
Rubi [A] (verified)	4247
Maple [F]	4247
Fricas [F]	4248
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4248
Maxima [F]	4249
Giac [F]	4249
Mupad [F(-1)]	4249
Reduce [F]	4250

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{(cx)^{5+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5+n}{n}, 2 + \frac{5}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(5+n)}$$

output `(c*x)^(5+n)*hypergeom([1, (5+n)/n], [2+5/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/c/(5+n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x(cx)^{4+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{5+n}{n}, 1 + \frac{5+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(5+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(4+n)/(a+b*x^n),x]`

output `(x*(c*x)^(4+n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (5+n)/n, 1+(5+n)/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/a*(5+n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{n+4}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{(cx)^{n+5} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{n+5}{n}, 2 + \frac{5}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(n+5)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(4 + n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `((c*x)^(5 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (5 + n)/n, 2 + 5/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*c*(5 + n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(4+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(4+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+4}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(4+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x)^(n+4)/(b*x^n+a),x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^{-2-\frac{5}{n}} a^{1+\frac{5}{n}} c^{n+4} x^{n+5} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{5}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{5}{n}\right)} + \frac{5 a^{-2-\frac{5}{n}} a^{1+\frac{5}{n}} c^{n+4} x^{n+5} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{5}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{5}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{5}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(4+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `a**(-2 - 5/n)*a**(1 + 5/n)*c**(n + 4)*x**(n + 5)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 5/n)*gamma(1 + 5/n)/(n*gamma(2 + 5/n)) + 5*a**(-2 - 5/n)*a**(1 + 5/n)*c**(n + 4)*x**(n + 5)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 5/n)*gamma(1 + 5/n)/(n**2*gamma(2 + 5/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+4}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(4+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/5*c^(n + 4)*x^5/b - a*c^(n + 4)*integrate(x^4/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+4}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(4+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(n + 4)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+4}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n + 4)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(n + 4)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{4+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^n c^4 \left( -5 \left( \int \frac{x^4}{x^n b + a} dx \right) a + x^5 \right)}{5b}$$

input `int((c*x)^(4+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(c**n*c**4*( - 5*int(x**4/(x**n*b + a),x)*a + x**5))/(5*b)`

### 3.669 $\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4251
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4251
Rubi [A] (verified)	4252
Maple [F]	4252
Fricas [F]	4253
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4253
Maxima [F]	4254
Giac [F]	4254
Mupad [F(-1)]	4254
Reduce [F]	4255

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{(cx)^{4+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{4+n}{n}, 2\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(4+n)}$$

output

```
(c*x)^(4+n)*hypergeom([1, (4+n)/n], [2+4/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/c/(4+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x(cx)^{3+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{4+n}{n}, 1 + \frac{4+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(4+n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(3 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(x*(c*x)^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (4 + n)/n, 1 + (4 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(4 + n))
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{n+3}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{(cx)^{n+4} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{n+4}{n}, 2\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(n+4)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(3 + n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `((c*x)^(4 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (4 + n)/n, 2*(1 + 2/n), -(b*x^n)/a]) / (a*c*(4 + n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+3}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x)^(n+3)/(b*x^n+a),x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.54

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^{-2-\frac{4}{n}} a^{1+\frac{4}{n}} c^{n+3} x^{n+4} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{4}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{4}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{4}{n}\right)} + \frac{4 a^{-2-\frac{4}{n}} a^{1+\frac{4}{n}} c^{n+3} x^{n+4} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{4}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{4}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{4}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(3+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `a**(-2 - 4/n)*a**(1 + 4/n)*c**(n + 3)*x**(n + 4)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 4/n)*gamma(1 + 4/n)/(n*gamma(2 + 4/n)) + 4*a**(-2 - 4/n)*a**(1 + 4/n)*c**(n + 3)*x**(n + 4)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 4/n)*gamma(1 + 4/n)/(n**2*gamma(2 + 4/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+3}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/4*c^(n + 3)*x^4/b - a*c^(n + 3)*integrate(x^3/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+3}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(n + 3)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+3}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n + 3)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(n + 3)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^n c^3 \left( -4 \left( \int \frac{x^3}{x^n b + a} dx \right) a + x^4 \right)}{4b}$$

input `int((c*x)^(3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(c**n*c**3*( - 4*int(x**3/(x**n*b + a),x)*a + x**4))/(4*b)`

### 3.670 $\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4256
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4256
Rubi [A] (verified)	4257
Maple [F]	4257
Fricas [F]	4258
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4258
Maxima [F]	4259
Giac [F]	4259
Mupad [F(-1)]	4259
Reduce [F]	4260

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{(cx)^{3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3+n}{n}, 2 + \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(3+n)}$$

output

```
(c*x)^(3+n)*hypergeom([1, (3+n)/n], [2+3/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/c/(3+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x(cx)^{2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{3+n}{n}, 1 + \frac{3+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(3+n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(2 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(x*(c*x)^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (3 + n)/n, 1 + (3 + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(3 + n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{n+2}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{(cx)^{n+3} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{n+3}{n}, 2 + \frac{3}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(n+3)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(2 + n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `((c*x)^(3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (3 + n)/n, 2 + 3/n, -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*c*(3 + n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+2}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x)^(n+2)/(b*x^n+a),x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^{-2-\frac{3}{n}} a^{1+\frac{3}{n}} c^{n+2} x^{n+3} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)} + \frac{3 a^{-2-\frac{3}{n}} a^{1+\frac{3}{n}} c^{n+2} x^{n+3} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{3}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{3}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(2+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `a**(-2 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*c**(n + 2)*x**(n + 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)/(n*gamma(2 + 3/n)) + 3*a**(-2 - 3/n)*a**(1 + 3/n)*c**(n + 2)*x**(n + 3)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 3/n)*gamma(1 + 3/n)/(n**2*gamma(2 + 3/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+2}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/3*c^(n + 2)*x^3/b - a*c^(n + 2)*integrate(x^2/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+2}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(n + 2)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+2}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n + 2)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(n + 2)/(a + b*x^n), x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^n c^2 \left( -3 \left( \int \frac{x^2}{x^n b + a} dx \right) a + x^3 \right)}{3b}$$

input `int((c*x)^(2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(c**n*c**2*( - 3*int(x**2/(x**n*b + a),x)*a + x**3))/(3*b)`

### 3.671 $\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4261
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4261
Rubi [A] (verified)	4262
Maple [F]	4262
Fricas [F]	4263
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4263
Maxima [F]	4264
Giac [F]	4264
Mupad [F(-1)]	4264
Reduce [F]	4265

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 44

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{(cx)^{2+n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2+n}{n}, 2\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(2+n)}$$

output

```
(c*x)^(2+n)*hypergeom([1, (2+n)/n], [2+2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/c/(2+n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 45, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{cx^2(cx)^n \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{2+n}{n}, 1 + \frac{2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(2+n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(c*x^2*(c*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (2+n)/n, 1+(2+n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/a*(2+n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{n+1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{(cx)^{n+2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{n+2}{n}, 2\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(n+2)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(1 + n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `((c*x)^(2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (2 + n)/n, 2*(1 + n^(-1)), -(b*x^n)/a])/ (a*c*(2 + n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+1}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x)^(n + 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.66

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^{-2-\frac{2}{n}} a^{1+\frac{2}{n}} c^{n+1} x^{n+2} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)} + \frac{2a^{-2-\frac{2}{n}} a^{1+\frac{2}{n}} c^{n+1} x^{n+2} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{2}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(1+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `a**(-2 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*c**(n + 1)*x**(n + 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 2/n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)/(n*gamma(2 + 2/n)) + 2*a**(-2 - 2/n)*a**(1 + 2/n)*c**(n + 1)*x**(n + 2)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 2/n)*gamma(1 + 2/n)/(n**2*gamma(2 + 2/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-a*c^(n + 1)*integrate(x/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x) + 1/2*c^(n + 1)*x^2/b`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(n + 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n+1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n + 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(n + 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^n c \left( -2 \left( \int \frac{x}{x^n b + a} dx \right) a + x^2 \right)}{2b}$$

input `int((c*x)^(1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(c**n*c*( - 2*int(x/(x**n*b + a),x)*a + x**2))/(2*b)`

### 3.672 $\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4266
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4266
Rubi [A] (verified)	4267
Maple [F]	4267
Fricas [F]	4268
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4268
Maxima [F]	4269
Giac [F]	4269
Mupad [F(-1)]	4269
Reduce [F]	4270

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{(cx)^{1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(1+n)}$$

output `(c*x)^(1+n)*hypergeom([1, 1+1/n], [2+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/c/(1+n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x(cx)^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^n/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(x*(c*x)^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n^(-1), 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(1 + n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 888

$$\frac{(cx)^{n+1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(n+1)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^n/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `((c*x)^(1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1 + n^(-1), 2 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a]) / (a*c*(1 + n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p
*((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1
, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILt
Q[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^n/(a+b*x^n),x)`



output `int((c*x)^n/(a+b*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^n}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^n/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x)^n/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{1+\frac{1}{n}} b^{\frac{1}{n}} b^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} c^n x \Phi\left(\frac{ax^{-n} e^{i\pi}}{b}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**n/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `-a**(1 + 1/n)*b**(1/n)*b**(-1 - 1/n)*c**n*x*lerchphi(a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**n), 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*a**(1/n)*n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^n}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^n/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-a*c^n*integrate(1/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x) + c^n*x/b`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^n}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^n/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^n/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^n}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^n/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^n/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{c^n \left( - \int \frac{1}{x^n b + a} dx \right) a + x}{b}$$

input `int((c*x)^n/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(c**n*( - int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a + x))/b`

### 3.673 $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4271
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4271
Rubi [A] (verified)	4272
Maple [F]	4273
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4273
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4273
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4274
Giac [F]	4274
Mupad [F(-1)]	4274
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4275

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 28

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{-n}(cx)^n \log(a+bx^n)}{bcn}$$

output `(c*x)^n*ln(a+b*x^n)/b/c/n/(x^n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x^{1-n}(cx)^{-1+n} \log(a+bx^n)}{bn}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(x^(1 - n)*(c*x)^(-1 + n)*Log[a + b*x^n])/(b*n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {800, 792}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{800}$$

$$\frac{x^{-n}(cx)^n \int \frac{x^{n-1}}{bx^n+a} dx}{c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{792}$$

$$\frac{x^{-n}(cx)^n \log(a + bx^n)}{bcn}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `((c*x)^n*Log[a + b*x^n])/(b*c*n*x^n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 792 `Int[(x_)^(m_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x^n, x]]/(b*n), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1]`

rule 800 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^{n-1} \log(bx^n + a)}{bn}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `c^(n - 1)*log(b*x^n + a)/(b*n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^{n-1} \log\left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{bn}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `c**(n - 1)*log(1 + b*x**n/a)/(b*n)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{c^{n-1} \log\left(\frac{bx^n+a}{b}\right)}{bn}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `c^(n - 1)*log((b*x^n + a)/b)/(b*n)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((c*x)^(n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n),x)`output `int((c*x)^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{c^n \log(x^n b + a)}{bcn}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(c**n*log(x**n*b + a))/(b*c*n)`



### 3.674 $\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4276
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4276
Rubi [A] (verified)	4277
Maple [F]	4277
Fricas [F]	4278
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4278
Maxima [F]	4279
Giac [F]	4279
Mupad [F(-1)]	4279
Reduce [F]	4280

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-1+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1-n}{n}, 2 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(1-n)}$$

output `-(c*x)^(-1+n)*hypergeom([1, -(1-n)/n], [2-1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/c/(1-n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x(cx)^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{-1+n}{n}, 1 + \frac{-1+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(-1+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-2 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(x*(c*x)^(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-1 + n)/n, 1 + (-1 + n)/n, -(b*x^n/a)])/(a*(-1 + n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{n-2}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{(cx)^{n-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1-n}{n}, 2 - \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(1-n)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-2 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `-(((c*x)^(-1 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -((1 - n)/n), 2 - n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*c*(1 - n)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{n-2}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n-2)/(a+b*x^n), x)`

output `int((c*x)^(n-2)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-2}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x)^(n - 2)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{1-\frac{1}{n}} b^{-\frac{1}{n}} b^{-1+\frac{1}{n}} c^{n-2} \Phi\left(\frac{ax^{-n}e^{i\pi}}{b}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^2x\Gamma\left(1-\frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-2+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(1 - 1/n)*b**(-1 + 1/n)*c**(n - 2)*lerchphi(a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**n), 1, 1/n)*gamma(-1/n)/(a*b**(1/n)*n**2*x*gamma(1 - 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-2}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-a*c^n*integrate(1/(b^2*c^2*x^2*x^n + a*b*c^2*x^2), x) - c^(n - 2)/(b*x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-2}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(n - 2)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-2}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n - 2)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(n - 2)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-2+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{c^n \left( \int \frac{1}{x^n b x^2 + a x^2} dx \right) ax + 1}{b c^2 x}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-2+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - c**n*(int(1/(x**n*b*x**2 + a*x**2),x)*a*x + 1))/(b*c**2*x)`

### 3.675 $\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	4281
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4281
Rubi [A] (verified)	4282
Maple [F]	4282
Fricas [F]	4283
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4283
Maxima [F]	4284
Giac [F]	4284
Mupad [F(-1)]	4284
Reduce [F]	4285

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 52

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-2+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2-n}{n}, 2\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(2-n)}$$

output `-(c*x)^(-2+n)*hypergeom([1, -(2-n)/n], [2-2/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/c/(2-n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{x(cx)^{-3+n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{-2+n}{n}, 1 + \frac{-2+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(-2+n)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-3 + n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x*(c*x)^(-3 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, (-2 + n)/n, 1 + (-2 + n)/n, -(b*x^n/a)])/(a*(-2 + n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{n-3}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 888

$$-\frac{(cx)^{n-2} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{2-n}{n}, 2\left(1 - \frac{1}{n}\right), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ac(2-n)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-3 + n)/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `-(((c*x)^(-2 + n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, -((2 - n)/n), 2*(1 - n^(-1)), -(b*x^n/a)])/(a*c*(2 - n)))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-3+n)/(a+b*x^n), x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-3}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((c*x)^(n - 3)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{2a^{\frac{2}{n}}a^{1-\frac{2}{n}}b^{-\frac{2}{n}}b^{-1+\frac{2}{n}}c^{n-3}\Phi\left(\frac{ax^{-n}e^{i\pi}}{b}, 1, \frac{2}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{n}\right)}{an^2x^2\Gamma\left(1-\frac{2}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-3+n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `2*a**(2/n)*a**(1 - 2/n)*b**(-1 + 2/n)*c**(n - 3)*lerchphi(a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**n), 1, 2/n)*gamma(-2/n)/(a*b**(2/n)*n**2*x**2*gamma(1 - 2/n))`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-3}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-a*c^n*integrate(1/(b^2*c^3*x^3*x^n + a*b*c^3*x^3), x) - 1/2*c^(n - 3)/(b*x^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-3}}{bx^n+a} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(n - 3)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-3}}{a+bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n - 3)/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(n - 3)/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-3+n}}{a+bx^n} dx = \frac{c^n(-2(\int \frac{1}{x^n b x^3 + a x^3} dx) a x^2 - 1)}{2b c^3 x^2}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-3+n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `(c**n*( - 2*int(1/(x**n*b*x**3 + a*x**3),x)*a*x**2 - 1))/(2*b*c**3*x**2)`

$$3.676 \quad \int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	4286
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4286
Rubi [A] (verified)	4287
Maple [A] (verified)	4287
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4288
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4288
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4289
Giac [F]	4289
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4290
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4290

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 24

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{(cx)^n}{acn(a+bx^n)}$$

output `(c*x)^n/a/c/n/(a+b*x^n)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.29

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{x^{1-n}(cx)^{-1+n}}{bn(a+bx^n)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-((x^(1 - n)*(c*x)^(-1 + n))/(b*n*(a + b*x^n)))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.059$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{n-1}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{(cx)^n}{acn(a + bx^n)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 + n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(c*x)^n/(a*c*n*(a + b*x^n))`

#### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$\frac{x(cx)^{-1+n}}{an(a+bx^n)}$	25
risch	$\frac{x e^{\frac{(-1+n)(-i \operatorname{csgn}(icx)^3 \pi + i \operatorname{csgn}(icx)^2 \operatorname{csgn}(ic) \pi + i \operatorname{csgn}(icx)^2 \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \pi - i \operatorname{csgn}(icx) \operatorname{csgn}(ic) \operatorname{csgn}(ix) \pi + 2 \ln(x) + 2 \ln(c)}{2}}}{an(a+bx^n)}}$	99

input `int((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x*(c*x)^(-1+n)/a/n/(a+b*x^n)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{c^{n-1}}{b^2nx^n + abn}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-c^(n - 1)/(b^2*n*x^n + a*b*n)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 73 vs. 2(15) = 30.

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.04

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\infty \log(x)}{c} & \text{for } a = 0 \wedge b = 0 \wedge n = 0 \\ -\frac{xx^{-2n}(cx)^{n-1}}{b^2n} & \text{for } a = 0 \\ \frac{\infty x(cx)^{n-1}}{n} & \text{for } b = -ax^{-n} \\ \frac{\log(x)}{c(a+b)^2} & \text{for } n = 0 \\ \frac{x(cx)^{n-1}}{a^2n+abnx^n} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1+n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((zoo*log(x)/c, Eq(a, 0) & Eq(b, 0) & Eq(n, 0)), (-x*(c*x)**(n - 1)/(b**2*n*x**(2*n)), Eq(a, 0)), (zoo*x*(c*x)**(n - 1)/n, Eq(b, -a/x**n)), (log(x)/(c*(a + b)**2), Eq(n, 0)), (x*(c*x)**(n - 1)/(a**2*n + a*b*n*x**n), True))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{c^n}{b^2cnx^n + abc n}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-c^n/(b^2*c*n*x^n + a*b*c*n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{n-1}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x)^(n - 1)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x(cx)^{n-1}}{abn(x^n + \frac{a}{b})}$$

input `int((c*x)^(n - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x*(c*x)^(n - 1))/(a*b*n*(x^n + a/b))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 25, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x^n c^n}{acn(x^n b + a)}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`output `(x**n*c**n)/(a*c*n*(x**n*b + a))`

**3.677**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	4291
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4291
Rubi [A] (verified)	4292
Maple [F]	4295
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4295
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4296
Maxima [F]	4296
Giac [F]	4297
Mupad [F(-1)]	4297
Reduce [F]	4297

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{5a^2x^{-3n}(cx)^{7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{8b^3cn} - \frac{5ax^{-2n}(cx)^{7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{12b^2cn} + \frac{x^{-n}(cx)^{7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3bcn} - \frac{5a^3x^{-7n/2}(cx)^{7n/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{8b^{7/2}cn}$$

output

```
5/8*a^2*(c*x)^(7/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^3/c/n/(x^(3*n))-5/12*a*(c*x)^(7/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/c/n/(x^(2*n))+1/3*(c*x)^(7/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/c/n/(x^n)-5/8*a^3*(c*x)^(7/2*n)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(7/2)/c/n/(x^(7/2*n))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{-7n/2}(cx)^{7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}(15a^2-10abx^n+8b^2x^{2n})-15a^{5/2}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{24b^{7/2}cn\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$



input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 + (7*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `((c*x)^((7*n)/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(15*a^2 - 10*a*b*x^n + 8*b^2*x^(2*n)) - 15*a^(5/2)*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a]])/(24*b^(7/2)*c*n*x^((7*n)/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.261$ , Rules used = {883, 880, 252, 252, 252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{7n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{883} \\
 \frac{x^{-7n/2}(cx)^{7n/2} \int \frac{x^{\frac{7n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{c} \\
 \downarrow \text{880} \\
 \frac{2a^3x^{-7n/2}(cx)^{7n/2} \int \frac{x^{3n}}{(bx^n+a)^3 \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^4} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{cn} \\
 \downarrow \text{252} \\
 \frac{2a^3x^{-7n/2}(cx)^{7n/2} \left( \frac{x^{5n/2}}{6b(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^3} - \frac{5 \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^2 \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^3} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{6b} \right)}{cn} \\
 \downarrow \text{252}
 \end{array}$$

$$2a^3x^{-7n/2}(cx)^{7n/2} \left( \frac{x^{5n/2}}{6b(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^3} - \frac{5 \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a) \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2 d \sqrt{\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}} {4b} \right)}{6b} \right)$$

*cn*

252

$$2a^3x^{-7n/2}(cx)^{7n/2} \left( \frac{x^{5n/2}}{6b(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^3} - \frac{5 \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}} d \sqrt{\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)$$

*cn*

219

$$2a^3x^{-7n/2}(cx)^{7n/2} \left( \frac{x^{5n/2}}{6b(a+bx^n)^{5/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^3} - \frac{5 \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{bx^n/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \right)}{2b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right)}{6b} \right)$$

*cn*

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 + (7*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (2a^3(cx)^{(7n)/2} * (x^{(5n)/2} / (6b * (a + bx^n)^{5/2} * (1 - (bx^n)/(a + bx^n))^3) - (5 * (x^{(3n)/2} / (4b * (a + bx^n)^{3/2} * (1 - (bx^n)/(a + bx^n))^2) - (3 * (x^{n/2} / (2b * \sqrt{a + bx^n}) * (1 - (bx^n)/(a + bx^n))) - \text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{b} * x^{n/2} / \sqrt{a + bx^n}] / (2b^{3/2})) / (4b)) / (6b)) / (c * n * x^{(7n)/2}) \end{aligned}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 219

$$\text{Int}[(a + b * x^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1 / (\text{Rt}[a, 2] * \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x / \text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$$

rule 252

$$\text{Int}[(c * x)^m * (a + b * x^2)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c * (cx)^{m-1} * (a + bx^2)^{p+1} / (2b * (p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[c^2 * (m-1) / (2b * (p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(cx)^{m-2} * (a + bx^2)^{p+1}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 1] \ \&\& \ !\text{LtQ}[(m + 2p + 3)/2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]$$

rule 880

$$\text{Int}[x^m * (a + b * x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{k = \text{Denominator}[p]\}, \text{Simp}[k * (a^{(p + \text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n])/n} \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(k * \text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] - 1) / (1 - bx^k)^{(p + \text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n] + 1)}, x], x, x^{(n/k)} / (a + bx^n)^{(1/k)}, x]]] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, m, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[p + \text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n]] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, p, 0]$$

rule 883

$$\text{Int}[(c * x)^m * (a + b * x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{\text{IntPart}[m]} * ((cx)^{\text{FracPart}[m]} / x^{\text{FracPart}[m]}) \ \text{Int}[x^m * (a + bx^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, m, n, p, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n + p]]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left[ 15 a^3 \sqrt{bc^{\frac{7}{2}n-1}} \log \left( 2 \sqrt{bx^n + a} \sqrt{bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}} - 2bx^n - a \right) + 2 \left( 8b^3 c^{\frac{7}{2}n-1} x^{\frac{5}{2}n} - 10ab^2 c^{\frac{7}{2}n-1} x^{\frac{3}{2}n} + 15a^2 bc^{\frac{7}{2}n} \right) \right]}{48 b^4 n}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/48*(15*a^3*sqrt(b)*c^(7/2*n - 1)*log(2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(b)*x^(1/2*n) - 2*b*x^n - a) + 2*(8*b^3*c^(7/2*n - 1)*x^(5/2*n) - 10*a*b^2*c^(7/2*n - 1)*x^(3/2*n) + 15*a^2*b*c^(7/2*n - 1)*x^(1/2*n))*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b^4*n), 1/24*(15*a^3*sqrt(-b)*c^(7/2*n - 1)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(-b)/(b*x^(1/2*n))) + (8*b^3*c^(7/2*n - 1)*x^(5/2*n) - 10*a*b^2*c^(7/2*n - 1)*x^(3/2*n) + 15*a^2*b*c^(7/2*n - 1)*x^(1/2*n))*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b^4*n)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 9.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{5a^{\frac{5}{2}}c^{\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{8b^3n\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} + \frac{5a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^{\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^{\frac{3n}{2}}}{24b^2n\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}c^{\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^{\frac{5n}{2}}}{12bn\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} - \frac{5a^3c^{\frac{7n}{2}-1}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{8b^{\frac{7}{2}}n} + \frac{c^{\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^{\frac{7n}{2}}}{3\sqrt{an}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`output `5*a**(5/2)*c**(7*n/2 - 1)*x**(n/2)/(8*b**3*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) + 5*a**(3/2)*c**(7*n/2 - 1)*x**(3*n/2)/(24*b**2*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) - sqrt(a)*c**(7*n/2 - 1)*x**(5*n/2)/(12*b*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) - 5*a**3*c**(7*n/2 - 1)*asinh(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(8*b**(7/2)*n) + c**(7*n/2 - 1)*x**(7*n/2)/(3*sqrt(a)*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a))`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{7}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((c*x)^(7/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{7}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(7/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{7n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^((7*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*x)^((7*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{c^{\frac{7n}{2}} \left( \int \frac{x^{\frac{7n}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b+a}}{x^n b+a} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(c**((7*n)/2)*int((x**((7*n)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x))/c`

**3.678**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	4298
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4298
Rubi [A] (verified)	4299
Maple [F]	4301
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4301
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4302
Maxima [F]	4302
Giac [F]	4303
Mupad [F(-1)]	4303
Reduce [F]	4303

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 137

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{3ax^{-2n}(cx)^{5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{4b^2cn} + \frac{x^{-n}(cx)^{5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{2bcn} + \frac{3a^2x^{-5n/2}(cx)^{5n/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{4b^{5/2}cn}$$

output

```
-3/4*a*(c*x)^(5/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/c/n/(x^(2*n))+1/2*(c*x)^(5/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/c/n/(x^n)+3/4*a^2*(c*x)^(5/2*n)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*x^(1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(5/2)/c/n/(x^(5/2*n))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{ax^{-5n/2}(cx)^{5n/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}\left(\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}(-3a+2bx^n)\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}+3a^{3/2}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{4b^{5/2}cn\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 + (5*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(a*(c*x)^((5*n)/2)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2)*(-3*a + 2*b*x^n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a] + 3*a^(3/2)*ArcSinh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a]])/(4*b^(5/2)*c*n*x^((5*n)/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {883, 880, 252, 252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{5n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{883} \\
 \frac{x^{-5n/2}(cx)^{5n/2} \int \frac{x^{\frac{5n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{c} \\
 \downarrow \text{880} \\
 \frac{2a^2x^{-5n/2}(cx)^{5n/2} \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(bx^n+a)^2 \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^3} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{cn} \\
 \downarrow \text{252} \\
 \frac{2a^2x^{-5n/2}(cx)^{5n/2} \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a) \left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^2} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{4b} \right)}{cn} \\
 \downarrow \text{252}
 \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{c}
 2a^2 x^{-5n/2} (cx)^{5n/2} \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}} d \frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}}{2b} \right)}{4b} \right) \\
 \hline
 cn \\
 \downarrow 219 \\
 2a^2 x^{-5n/2} (cx)^{5n/2} \left( \frac{x^{3n/2}}{4b(a+bx^n)^{3/2} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^2} - \frac{3 \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left(1 - \frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} \right)}{4b} \right) \\
 \hline
 cn
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 + (5*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(2*a^2*(c*x)^((5*n)/2)*(x^((3*n)/2)/(4*b*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(1 - (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n))^2) - (3*(x^(n/2)/(2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(1 - (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n))) - ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n]]/(2*b^(3/2)))/(4*b)))/(c*n*x^((5*n)/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 252 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^2*((m - 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]`

rule 880 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[p]}, Simp[k*(a^(p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n])/n) Subst[Int[x^(k*Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)/(1 - b*x^k)^(p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n] + 1), x], x, x^(n/k)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/k)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && LtQ[-1, p, 0]`

rule 883 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n] + p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3a^2\sqrt{bc^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}} \log\left(-2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}} - 2bx^n - a\right) + 2\left(2b^2c^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}x^{\frac{3}{2}n} - 3abc^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}x^{\frac{1}{2}n}\right)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{8b^3n}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{3a^2\sqrt{-bc^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{-b}}{bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}}\right) - \left(2b^2c^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}x^{\frac{3}{2}n} - 3abc^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}x^{\frac{1}{2}n}\right)\sqrt{bx^n+a}}{4b^3n} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/8*(3*a^2*sqrt(b)*c^(5/2*n - 1)*log(-2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(b)*x^(1/2*n)
- 2*b*x^n - a) + 2*(2*b^2*c^(5/2*n - 1)*x^(3/2*n) - 3*a*b*c^(5/2*n - 1)*x
^(1/2*n))*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b^3*n), -1/4*(3*a^2*sqrt(-b)*c^(5/2*n - 1)*arc
tan(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(-b)/(b*x^(1/2*n))) - (2*b^2*c^(5/2*n - 1)*x^(3/2*
n) - 3*a*b*c^(5/2*n - 1)*x^(1/2*n))*sqrt(b*x^n + a))/(b^3*n)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 150, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{3a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^{\frac{5n}{2}-1}x^{\frac{n}{2}}}{4b^2n\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} - \frac{\sqrt{ac}c^{\frac{5n}{2}-1}x^{\frac{3n}{2}}}{4bn\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}} + \frac{3a^2c^{\frac{5n}{2}-1}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{4b^{\frac{5}{2}}n} + \frac{c^{\frac{5n}{2}-1}x^{\frac{5n}{2}}}{2\sqrt{an}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-3*a**(3/2)*c**(5*n/2 - 1)*x**(n/2)/(4*b**2*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) - sqrt(a)
*c**(5*n/2 - 1)*x**(3*n/2)/(4*b*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)) + 3*a**2*c**(5*n/2
- 1)*asinh(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(4*b**(5/2)*n) + c**(5*n/2 - 1)*x**(5
*n/2)/(2*sqrt(a)*n*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(5/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x)^(5/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(5/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{5}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^((5*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((c*x)^((5*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{c^{\frac{5n}{2}} \left( \int \frac{x^{\frac{5n}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b+a}}{x^n b+a} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output `(c**((5*n)/2)*int((x**((5*n)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x + a*x), x))/c`

**3.679**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	4304
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4304
Rubi [A] (verified)	4305
Maple [F]	4306
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4307
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4307
Maxima [F]	4308
Giac [F]	4308
Mupad [F(-1)]	4308
Reduce [F]	4309

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 91

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x^{-n}(cx)^{3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{bcn} - \frac{ax^{-3n/2}(cx)^{3n/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{b^{3/2}cn}$$

output

```
(c*x)^(3/2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/c/n/(x^n)-a*(c*x)^(3/2*n)*arctanh(b^(1/2)*
x^(1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2))/b^(3/2)/c/n/(x^(3/2*n))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{ax^{1-\frac{3n}{2}}(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}\left(\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}\sqrt{\frac{a+bx^n}{a}}-\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{b^{3/2}n\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(-1+(3*n)/2)/Sqrt[a+b*x^n],x]
```

output

$$(a*x^{(1 - (3*n)/2)}*(c*x)^{(-1 + (3*n)/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(n/2)}*\text{Sqrt}[(a + b*x^n)/a] - \text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{ArcSinh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(n/2)})/\text{Sqrt}[a]]))/b^{(3/2)*n*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {883, 880, 252, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{883}$$

$$\frac{x^{-3n/2}(cx)^{3n/2} \int \frac{x^{\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{880}$$

$$\frac{2ax^{-3n/2}(cx)^{3n/2} \int \frac{x^n}{(bx^n+a)\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^2} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{cn}$$

$$\downarrow \text{252}$$

$$\frac{2ax^{-3n/2}(cx)^{3n/2} \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{2b} \right)}{cn}$$

$$\downarrow \text{219}$$

$$\frac{2ax^{-3n/2}(cx)^{3n/2} \left( \frac{x^{n/2}}{2b\sqrt{a+bx^n}\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{a+bx^n}\right)} - \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^n/2}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{2b^{3/2}} \right)}{cn}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c*x)^{(-1 + (3*n)/2)}/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n], x]$$

output

```
(2*a*(c*x)^((3*n)/2)*(x^(n/2)/(2*b*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(1 - (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n))) - ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n]]/(2*b^(3/2)))/(c*n*x^((3*n)/2))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 252

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(c*x)^(m - 1)*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(2*b*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c^2*(m - 1)/(2*b*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^(m - 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[m, 1] && !ILtQ[(m + 2*p + 3)/2, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, 2, m, p, x]
```

rule 880

```
Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := With[{k = Denominator[p]}, Simp[k*(a^(p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n])/n) Subst[Int[x^(k*Simplify[(m + 1)/n] - 1)/(1 - b*x^k)^(p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n] + 1), x], x, x^(n/k)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/k)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[p + Simplify[(m + 1)/n]] && LtQ[-1, p, 0]
```

rule 883

```
Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)
```

output `int((c*x)^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.62

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \left[ \frac{2\sqrt{bx^n+abc^{\frac{3}{2}n-1}}x^{\frac{1}{2}n} + a\sqrt{bc^{\frac{3}{2}n-1}} \log\left(2\sqrt{bx^n+a}\sqrt{bx^{\frac{1}{2}n}-2bx^n-a}\right)}{2b^2n}, \frac{\sqrt{bx^n+abc^{\frac{3}{2}n-1}}x^{\frac{1}{2}n} + a\sqrt{bc^{\frac{3}{2}n-1}}}{b^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b*c^(3/2*n - 1)*x^(1/2*n) + a*sqrt(b)*c^(3/2*n - 1)*log(2*sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(b)*x^(1/2*n) - 2*b*x^n - a)/(b^2*n), (sqrt(b*x^n + a)*b*c^(3/2*n - 1)*x^(1/2*n) + a*sqrt(-b)*c^(3/2*n - 1)*arctan(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(-b)/(b*x^(1/2*n)))/(b^2*n)]`

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ac^{\frac{3n}{2}-1}}x^{\frac{n}{2}}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}}{bn} - \frac{ac^{\frac{3n}{2}-1}\operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{b^{\frac{3}{2}}n}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*c**(3*n/2 - 1)*x**(n/2)*sqrt(1 + b*x**n/a)/(b*n) - a*c**(3*n/2 - 1)*asinh(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(b**(3/2)*n)`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(3/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(3/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^((3*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*x)^((3*n)/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{c^{\frac{3n}{2}} \left( \int \frac{x^{\frac{3n}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b+a}}{x^n b+a} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(c**((3*n)/2)*int((x**((3*n)/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x))/c`

**3.680**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	4310
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4310
Rubi [A] (verified)	4311
Maple [F]	4312
Fricas [F(-2)]	4313
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4313
Maxima [F]	4313
Giac [F]	4314
Mupad [F(-1)]	4314
Reduce [F]	4314

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2x^{-n/2}(cx)^{n/2}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcn}}$$

output

$2*(c*x)^{(1/2*n)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(b^{(1/2)}*x^{(1/2*n)}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)})/b^{(1/2)}/c/n/(x^{(1/2*n)})$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{a}x^{-n/2}(cx)^{n/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}}\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcn}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

`Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 + n/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output

$(2*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]*(c*x)^{(n/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\operatorname{ArcSinh}[(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*x^{(n/2)})/\operatorname{Sqrt}[a]])/(\operatorname{Sqrt}[b]*c*n*x^{(n/2)}*\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {870, 868, 224, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx \\
 \downarrow \text{870} \\
 \frac{x^{-n/2}(cx)^{n/2} \int \frac{x^{\frac{n-2}{2}}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{c} \\
 \downarrow \text{868} \\
 \frac{2x^{-n/2}(cx)^{n/2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx^{n/2}}{cn} \\
 \downarrow \text{224} \\
 \frac{2x^{-n/2}(cx)^{n/2} \int \frac{1}{1-bx^n} d\frac{x^{n/2}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}}}{cn} \\
 \downarrow \text{219} \\
 \frac{2x^{-n/2}(cx)^{n/2} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{n/2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcn}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 + n/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(2*(c*x)^(n/2)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[b]*x^(n/2))/Sqrt[a + b*x^n]])/(Sqrt[b]*c*n*x^(n/2))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 219 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(1/(Rt[a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2]))*ArcTanh[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 224 `Int[1/Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Subst[Int[1/(1 - b*x^2), x], x, x/Sqrt[a + b*x^2]] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && !GtQ[a, 0]`

rule 868 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(m + 1) Subst[Int[(a + b*x^Simplify[n/(m + 1)])^p, x], x, x^(m + 1)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

rule 870 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[n/(m + 1)]] && !IntegerQ[n]`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2c^{\frac{n}{2}-1} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{bx^{\frac{n}{2}}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{bn}}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `2*c**(n/2 - 1)*asinh(sqrt(b)*x**(n/2)/sqrt(a))/(sqrt(b)*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(1/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(1/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{\frac{n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(n/2 - 1)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1+\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{c^{\frac{n}{2}} \left( \int \frac{x^{\frac{n}{2}} \sqrt{x^n b+a}}{x^n b x+a x} dx \right)}{c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `(c**(n/2)*int((x**(n/2)*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**n*b*x + a*x),x))/c`

$$3.681 \quad \int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

Optimal result	4315
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4315
Rubi [A] (verified)	4316
Maple [F]	4316
Fricas [F(-2)]	4317
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4317
Maxima [F]	4317
Giac [F]	4318
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4318
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4318

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 31

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2(cx)^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{acn}$$

output `-2*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/c/n/((c*x)^(1/2*n))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{an}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - n/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(-2*x*(c*x)^(-1 - n/2)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(a*n)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 796

$$-\frac{2(cx)^{-n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{acn}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - n/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(a*c*n*(c*x)^(n/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bc}^{-\frac{n}{2}-1}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{an}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `-2*sqrt(b)*c**(-n/2 - 1)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(a*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-1/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{1}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-1/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2x\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{an(cx)^{\frac{n}{2}+1}}$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^(n/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `-(2*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2))/(a*n*(c*x)^(n/2 + 1))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{\frac{n}{2}} c^{\frac{n}{2}} a c n}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-1/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `( - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a))/(x**(n/2)*c**(n/2)*a*c*n)`

**3.682**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	4319
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4319
Rubi [A] (verified)	4320
Maple [F]	4321
Fricas [F(-2)]	4321
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4321
Maxima [F]	4322
Giac [F]	4322
Mupad [F(-1)]	4322
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4323

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2(cx)^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3acn} + \frac{4bx^n(cx)^{-3n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a^2cn}$$

output `-2/3*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/c/n/((c*x)^(3/2*n))+4/3*b*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/c/n/((c*x)^(3/2*n))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 41, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.58

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2(cx)^{-3n/2}(a-2bx^n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{3a^2cn}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - (3*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-2*(a - 2*b*x^n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(3*a^2*c*n*(c*x)^((3*n)/2))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 65, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {805, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 805$$

$$\frac{2 \int (cx)^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1} \sqrt{bx^n+ax} dx}{a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-3n/2} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{acn}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{4(cx)^{-3n/2} (a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3a^2cn} - \frac{2(cx)^{-3n/2} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{acn}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - (3*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output `(-2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(a*c*n*(c*x)^((3*n)/2)) + (4*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(3*a^2*c*n*(c*x)^((3*n)/2))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 805 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2), x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2\sqrt{bc}^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}x^{-n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{3an} + \frac{4b^{\frac{3}{2}}c^{-\frac{3n}{2}-1}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{3a^2n}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `-2*sqrt(b)*c**(-3*n/2 - 1)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(3*a*n*x**n) + 4*b**(3/2)*c**(-3*n/2 - 1)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(3*a**2*n)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-3/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{3}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-3/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{3n}{2}+1} \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^((3*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((c*x)^((3*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.61

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{3n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} (2x^n b - a)}{3x^{\frac{3n}{2}} c^{\frac{3n}{2}} a^2 cn}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-3/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*(2*x**n*b - a))/(3*x**((3*n)/2)*c**((3*n)/2)*a**2*c*n)`



**3.683**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	4324
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4324
Rubi [A] (verified)	4325
Maple [F]	4326
Fricas [F(-2)]	4326
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4327
Maxima [F]	4328
Giac [F]	4328
Mupad [F(-1)]	4328
Reduce [F]	4329

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2(cx)^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{5acn} + \frac{8bx^n(cx)^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{15a^2cn} - \frac{16b^2x^{2n}(cx)^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{15a^3cn}$$

output

`-2/5*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/c/n/((c*x)^(5/2*n))+8/15*b*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/c/n/((c*x)^(5/2*n))-16/15*b^2*x^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^3/c/n/((c*x)^(5/2*n))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2(cx)^{-5n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(3a^2-4abx^n+8b^2x^{2n})}{15a^3cn}$$

input

`Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - (5*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output

$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{a + bx^n})(3a^2 - 4abx^n + 8b^2x^{2n})}{(15a^3cn)(cx)^{\frac{5n}{2}}}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {805, 805, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 805

$$\frac{4 \int (cx)^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1} \sqrt{bx^n + a} dx}{a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-5n/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{acn}$$

↓ 805

$$\frac{4 \left( -\frac{2 \int (cx)^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1} (bx^n + a)^{3/2} dx}{3a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-5n/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3acn} \right)}{a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-5n/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{acn}$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{4 \left( \frac{4(cx)^{-5n/2} (a + bx^n)^{5/2}}{15a^2cn} - \frac{2(cx)^{-5n/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{3acn} \right)}{a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-5n/2} \sqrt{a + bx^n}}{acn}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(cx)^{-1 - (5n)/2}/\text{Sqrt}[a + bx^n], x]$$

output

$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{a + bx^n})/(a*cn*(cx)^{\frac{5n}{2}}) - (4*((-2*(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}})/(3*a*cn*(cx)^{\frac{5n}{2}}) + (4*(a + bx^n)^{\frac{5}{2}})/(15*a^2*cn*(cx)^{\frac{5n}{2}}))}{a}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 805 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 405 vs.  $2(97) = 194$ .

Time = 0.98 (sec) , antiderivative size = 405, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.62

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{6a^4b^{\frac{9}{2}}c^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}} - \frac{4a^3b^{\frac{11}{2}}c^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1}x^n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}} - \frac{6a^2b^{\frac{13}{2}}c^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1}x^{2n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}} - \frac{24ab^{\frac{15}{2}}c^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1}x^{3n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}} - \frac{16b^{\frac{17}{2}}c^{-\frac{5n}{2}-1}x^{4n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{15a^5b^4nx^{2n}+30a^4b^5nx^{3n}+15a^3b^6nx^{4n}}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2), x)`

output `-6*a**4*b**(9/2)*c**(-5*n/2 - 1)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n)) - 4*a**3*b**(11/2)*c**(-5*n/2 - 1)*x**n*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n)) - 6*a**2*b**(13/2)*c**(-5*n/2 - 1)*x**(2*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n)) - 24*a*b**(15/2)*c**(-5*n/2 - 1)*x**(3*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n)) - 16*b**(17/2)*c**(-5*n/2 - 1)*x**(4*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(15*a**5*b**4*n*x**(2*n) + 30*a**4*b**5*n*x**(3*n) + 15*a**3*b**6*n*x**(4*n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{5}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-5/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{5}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((c*x)^(-5/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{5n}{2}+1} \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^((5*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((c*x)^((5*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{5n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b+a}}{x^{\frac{7n}{2}} bx+x^{\frac{5n}{2}} ax} dx}{c^{\frac{5n}{2}} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-5/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**((7*n)/2)*b*x + x**((5*n)/2)*a*x),x)/(c**((5*n)/2)*c)`

**3.684**  $\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	4330
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4330
Rubi [A] (verified)	4331
Maple [F]	4332
Fricas [F(-2)]	4332
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4333
Maxima [F]	4334
Giac [F]	4334
Mupad [F(-1)]	4335
Reduce [F]	4335

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 153

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{7acn} + \frac{12bx^n(cx)^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{35a^2cn} - \frac{16b^2x^{2n}(cx)^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{35a^3cn} + \frac{32b^3x^{3n}(cx)^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{35a^4cn}$$

output

```
-2/7*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/c/n/((c*x)^(7/2*n))+12/35*b*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^2/c/n/((c*x)^(7/2*n))-16/35*b^2*x^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^3/c/n/((c*x)^(7/2*n))+32/35*b^3*x^(3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a^4/c/n/((c*x)^(7/2*n))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.45

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2}\sqrt{a+bx^n}(5a^3 - 6a^2bx^n + 8ab^2x^{2n} - 16b^3x^{3n})}{35a^4cn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - (7*n)/2)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```

output  $(-2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(5*a^3 - 6*a^2*b*x^n + 8*a*b^2*x^{(2*n)} - 16*b^3*x^{(3*n)})) / (35*a^4*c*n*(c*x)^{((7*n)/2)})$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {805, 805, 805, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

↓ 805

$$\frac{6 \int (cx)^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1} \sqrt{bx^n+adx} dx}{a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{acn}$$

↓ 805

$$\frac{6 \left( -\frac{4 \int (cx)^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1} (bx^n+a)^{3/2} dx}{3a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2} (a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3acn} \right)}{a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{acn}$$

↓ 805

$$\frac{6 \left( -\frac{4 \left( -\frac{2 \int (cx)^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1} (bx^n+a)^{5/2} dx}{5a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2} (a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5acn} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2} (a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3acn} \right)}{a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{acn}$$

↓ 796

$$\frac{6 \left( -\frac{4 \left( \frac{4(cx)^{-7n/2} (a+bx^n)^{7/2}}{35a^2cn} - \frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2} (a+bx^n)^{5/2}}{5acn} \right)}{3a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2} (a+bx^n)^{3/2}}{3acn} \right)}{a} - \frac{2(cx)^{-7n/2} \sqrt{a+bx^n}}{acn}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(c*x)^{-1 - (7*n)/2}/\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n], x]$



output 
$$\frac{(-2\sqrt{a + bx^n})/(ac^n(cx)^{(7n/2}) - 6((-2(a + bx^n)^{3/2})/(3ac^n(cx)^{(7n/2}) - 4((-2(a + bx^n)^{5/2})/(5ac^n(cx)^{(7n/2}) + 4(a + bx^n)^{7/2})/(35a^2c^n(cx)^{(7n/2}))))/(3a))}{a}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_.)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)})^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+bx^n)^{(p+1})/(a*c*(m+1))), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[(m+1)/n+p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m, -1]$$

rule 805 
$$\text{Int}[\{(c\_.)*(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}*((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)})^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(c*x)^{(m+1)}*((a+bx^n)^{(p+1})/(a*c*n*(p+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(m+n*(p+1)+1)/(a*n*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a+bx^n)^{(p+1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, m, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[(m+1)/n+p+1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input 
$$\text{int}((c*x)^{-1-7/2*n}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}, x)$$

output 
$$\text{int}((c*x)^{-1-7/2*n}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}, x)$$

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input 
$$\text{integrate}((c*x)^{-1-7/2*n}/(a+b*x^n)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{algorithm}="fricas")$$

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 677 vs.  $2(134) = 268$ .

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 677, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.42

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = -\frac{10a^6b^{\frac{19}{2}}c^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}}$$

$$-\frac{18a^5b^{\frac{21}{2}}c^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^n\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}}$$

$$-\frac{10a^4b^{\frac{23}{2}}c^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^{2n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}}$$

$$+\frac{10a^3b^{\frac{25}{2}}c^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^{3n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}}$$

$$+\frac{60a^2b^{\frac{27}{2}}c^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^{4n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}}$$

$$+\frac{80ab^{\frac{29}{2}}c^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^{5n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}}$$

$$+\frac{32b^{\frac{31}{2}}c^{-\frac{7n}{2}-1}x^{6n}\sqrt{\frac{ax^{-n}}{b}+1}}{35a^7b^9nx^{3n}+105a^6b^{10}nx^{4n}+105a^5b^{11}nx^{5n}+35a^4b^{12}nx^{6n}}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
-10*a**6*b**(19/2)*c**(-7*n/2 - 1)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x*
*(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b
**12*n*x**(6*n)) - 18*a**5*b**(21/2)*c**(-7*n/2 - 1)*x**n*sqrt(a/(b*x**n)
+ 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11
*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) - 10*a**4*b**(23/2)*c**(-7*n/2 - 1
)*x**(2*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*
n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) + 10*a*
*3*b**(25/2)*c**(-7*n/2 - 1)*x**(3*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n
*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**
4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) + 60*a**2*b**(27/2)*c**(-7*n/2 - 1)*x**(4*n)*sqrt(a/(b
*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**
5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) + 80*a*b**(29/2)*c**(-7*n/2
- 1)*x**(5*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b*
*10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4*b**12*n*x**(6*n)) + 3
2*b**(31/2)*c**(-7*n/2 - 1)*x**(6*n)*sqrt(a/(b*x**n) + 1)/(35*a**7*b**9*n*
x**(3*n) + 105*a**6*b**10*n*x**(4*n) + 105*a**5*b**11*n*x**(5*n) + 35*a**4
*b**12*n*x**(6*n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{7}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((c*x)^(-7/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(cx)^{-\frac{7}{2}n-1}}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output `integrate((c*x)^(-7/2*n - 1)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(cx)^{\frac{7n}{2}+1} \sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$$

input `int(1/((c*x)^((7*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)),x)`

output `int(1/((c*x)^((7*n)/2 + 1)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/2)), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(cx)^{-1-\frac{7n}{2}}}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b+a}}{x^{\frac{9n}{2}} b x+x^{\frac{7n}{2}} a x} dx}{c^{\frac{7n}{2}} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-7/2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**((9*n)/2)*b*x + x**((7*n)/2)*a*x),x)/(c**((7*n)/2)*c)`

### 3.685 $\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4336
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4336
Rubi [A] (verified)	4337
Maple [F]	4338
Fricas [F]	4338
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4339
Maxima [F]	4339
Giac [F]	4339
Mupad [F(-1)]	4340
Reduce [F]	4340

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 67

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(cx)^{1+m} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, \frac{1+m+n}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1+m)}$$

output  $(c*x)^{(1+m)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*\text{hypergeom}([-p, (1+m)/n], [(1+m+n)/n], -b*x^n/a)/c/(1+m)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x(cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1+m}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1+m}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1+m}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]$

output  $(x*(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, 1 + (1 + m)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (cx)^m \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(cx)^{m+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{m+1}{n}, -p, \frac{m+n+1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(m+1)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]$

output  $((c*x)^{(1 + m)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[(1 + m)/n, -p, (1 + m + n)/n, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(c*(1 + m)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^m, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^{\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{m}{n} + p - \frac{1}{n}} c^m x^{m+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, \frac{m}{n} + \frac{1}{n} \\ \frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(\frac{m}{n} + 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**m*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(m/n + 1/n)*a**(-m/n + p - 1/n)*c**m*x**(m + 1)*gamma(m/n + 1/n)*hyper((-p, m/n + 1/n), (m/n + 1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(m/n + 1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^m, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^m dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^m, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`output `int((c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^m (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{c^m \left( x^m (x^n b + a)^p x + \left( \int \frac{x^m (x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b m + x^n b n p + x^n b + a m + a n p + a} dx \right) a m n p + \left( \int \frac{x^m (x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b m + x^n b n p + x^n b + a m + a n p + a} dx \right) a n^2 p^2 \right)}{n p + m + 1}$$

input `int((c*x)^m*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `(c**m*(x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p*x + int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*m + a*n*p + a),x)*a*m*n*p + int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*m + a*n*p + a),x)*a*n**2*p**2 + int((x**m*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**n*b*m + x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*m + a*n*p + a),x)*a*n*p))/(m + n*p + 1)`

### 3.686 $\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4341
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4341
Rubi [A] (verified)	4342
Maple [F]	4343
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4343
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4343
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	4344
Giac [F]	4344
Mupad [F(-1)]	4344
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4345

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 36

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{-n}(cx)^n (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bcn(1 + p)}$$

output `(c*x)^n*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/c/n/(p+1)/(x^n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x^{-n}(cx)^n (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{bcn + bcnp}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `((c*x)^n*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/((b*c*n + b*c*n*p)*x^n)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 36, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {800, 793}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^{n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 800$$

$$\frac{x^{-n}(cx)^n \int x^{n-1}(bx^n + a)^p dx}{c}$$

$$\downarrow 793$$

$$\frac{x^{-n}(cx)^n (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{bcn(p+1)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `((c*x)^n*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*c*n*(1 + p)*x^n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 793 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*n*(p + 1)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[m, n - 1] && NeQ[p, -1]`

rule 800 `Int[((c_)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n]]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(bc^{n-1}x^n + ac^{n-1})(bx^n + a)^p}{bnp + bn}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(b*c^(n - 1)*x^n + a*c^(n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^p/(b*n*p + b*n)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 29, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^{p+1}c^{n-1}\left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{p+1}}{bnp + bn}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1+n)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(p + 1)*c**(n - 1)*(1 + b*x**n/a)**(p + 1)/(b*n*p + b*n)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(bc^n x^n + ac^n)(bx^n + a)^p}{bcn(p + 1)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b*c^n*x^n + a*c^n)*(b*x^n + a)^p/(b*c*n*(p + 1))`**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(n - 1), x)`**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (cx)^{n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`output `int((c*x)^(n - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{c^n (x^n b + a)^p (x^n b + a)}{bcn (p + 1)}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(c**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b + a))/(b*c*n*(p + 1))`

### 3.687 $\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4346
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4346
Rubi [A] (verified)	4347
Maple [F]	4348
Fricas [F]	4348
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4349
Maxima [F]	4349
Giac [F(-2)]	4349
Mupad [F(-1)]	4350
Reduce [F]	4350

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(cx)^{1+3n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 4 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1 + 3n)}$$

output

```
(c*x)^(1+3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 3+1/n], [4+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/c/(1+3*n)
)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x(cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 4 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1 + 3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x*(c*x)^(3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3 + n^(-1), -p, 4 + n^(-1),
-((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + 3*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 889$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (cx)^{3n} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 888$$

$$\frac{(cx)^{3n+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 4 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(3n + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[(c*x)^(3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
((c*x)^(1 + 3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[3 + n^(-1), -p, 4 + n^(-1),
-((b*x^n)/a)])/(c*(1 + 3*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{3n} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(3*n), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^{3+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-3-\frac{1}{n}} c^{3n} x^{3n+1} \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 3 + \frac{1}{n} \\ 4 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(3*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(3 + 1/n)*a**(p - 3 - 1/n)*c**(3*n)*x**(3*n + 1)*gamma(3 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 3 + 1/n), (4 + 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{3n} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(3*n), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{1,[2,0,6,4,2,4,4]%%}+%%{4,[2,0,6,4,2,3,4]%%}+%%{6,[2,0
,6,4,2,2,
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^(3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x)^(3*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input

```
int((c*x)^(3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```

(c**(3*n)*(x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*n**3*p**3*x + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*b**3*n**3*p**2*x + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*n**3*p*x + 3*x*
*(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*n**2*p**2*x + 6*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*
n**2*p*x + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*n**2*x + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a
)**p*b**3*n*p*x + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*n*x + x**(3*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*b**3*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*n**3*p**3*x + x**(2*n)*(x*
*n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*n**3*p**2*x + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*n**2*p
**2*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*n**2*p*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**
p*a*b**2*n*p*x - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*n**3*p**2*x - x**n*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a**2*b*n**2*p**2*x - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*n**2*p*x - x**n
*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*n*p*x + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*n**3*p*x + 3*(x**n*
b + a)**p*a**3*n**2*p*x + (x**n*b + a)**p*a**3*n*p*x - 2*int((x**n*b + a)*
*p/(x**n*b*n**4*p**4 + 6*x**n*b*n**4*p**3 + 11*x**n*b*n**4*p**2 + 6*x**n*b
*n**4*p + 4*x**n*b*n**3*p**3 + 18*x**n*b*n**3*p**2 + 22*x**n*b*n**3*p + 6*
x**n*b*n**3 + 6*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 18*x**n*b*n**2*p + 11*x**n*b*n**2 + 4*x
**n*b*n*p + 6*x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**4*p**4 + 6*a*n**4*p**3 + 11*a*n**4*
p**2 + 6*a*n**4*p + 4*a*n**3*p**3 + 18*a*n**3*p**2 + 22*a*n**3*p + 6*a*n**
3 + 6*a*n**2*p**2 + 18*a*n**2*p + 11*a*n**2 + 4*a*n*p + 6*a*n + a),x)*a**4
*n**7*p**5 - 12*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**4*p**4 + 6*x**n*b*n**4*p**3
+ 11*x**n*b*n**4*p**2 + 6*x**n*b*n**4*p + 4*x**n*b*n**3*p**3 + 18*x**n...

```

### 3.688 $\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4352
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4352
Rubi [A] (verified)	4353
Maple [F]	4354
Fricas [F]	4354
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4355
Maxima [F]	4355
Giac [F(-2)]	4355
Mupad [F(-1)]	4356
Reduce [F]	4356

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(cx)^{1+2n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 3 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1 + 2n)}$$

output `(c*x)^(1+2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 2+1/n], [3+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/c/(1+2*n)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x(cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 3 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1 + 2n}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output

$$(x*(c*x)^(2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2 + n^(-1), -p, 3 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + 2*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int (cx)^{2n} \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{(cx)^{2n+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 3 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{c(2n + 1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c*x)^(2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]$$

output

$$((c*x)^(1 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[2 + n^(-1), -p, 3 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(c*(1 + 2*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{2n} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(2*n), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^{2+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-2-\frac{1}{n}} c^{2n} x^{2n+1} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 2 + \frac{1}{n} \\ 3 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(2*n)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(2 + 1/n)*a**(p - 2 - 1/n)*c**(2*n)*x**(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{2n} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(2*n), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{-1,[1,0,4,3,1,3,3]%%}+%%{-3,[1,0,4,3,1,2,3]%%}+%%{-3,[
1,0,4,3,1
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^(2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x)^(2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input

```
int((c*x)^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
(c**(2*n)*(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*n**2*p**2*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**p*b**2*n**2*p*x + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*n*p*x + x**(2*n)*(x*
*n*b + a)**p*b**2*n*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*x + x**n*(x**n*b + a
)**p*a*b*n**2*p**2*x + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*n*p*x - (x**n*b + a)**p*a*
*2*n**2*p*x - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*n*p*x + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**
3*p**3 + 3*x**n*b*n**3*p**2 + 2*x**n*b*n**3*p + 3*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*x**
n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n**2 + 3*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**3*p
**3 + 3*a*n**3*p**2 + 2*a*n**3*p + 3*a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n**2*p + 2*a*n**2 +
3*a*n*p + 3*a*n + a),x)*a**3*n**5*p**4 + 3*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n*
*3*p**3 + 3*x**n*b*n**3*p**2 + 2*x**n*b*n**3*p + 3*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*x*
*n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n**2 + 3*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**3*
p**3 + 3*a*n**3*p**2 + 2*a*n**3*p + 3*a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n**2*p + 2*a*n**2
+ 3*a*n*p + 3*a*n + a),x)*a**3*n**5*p**3 + 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n
**3*p**3 + 3*x**n*b*n**3*p**2 + 2*x**n*b*n**3*p + 3*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*x
**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n**2 + 3*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**3
*p**3 + 3*a*n**3*p**2 + 2*a*n**3*p + 3*a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n**2*p + 2*a*n**2
+ 3*a*n*p + 3*a*n + a),x)*a**3*n**5*p**2 + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n*
*3*p**3 + 3*x**n*b*n**3*p**2 + 2*x**n*b*n**3*p + 3*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*x*
*n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n**2 + 3*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**3*
p**3 + 3*a*n**3*p**2 + 2*a*n**3*p + 3*a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*...
```

### 3.689 $\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4358
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4358
Rubi [A] (verified)	4359
Maple [F]	4360
Fricas [F]	4360
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4361
Maxima [F]	4361
Giac [F(-2)]	4361
Mupad [F(-1)]	4362
Reduce [F]	4362

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 62

$$\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(cx)^{1+n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1+n)}$$

output

```
(c*x)^(1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1+1/n], [2+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/c/(1+n)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x(cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1+n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^n*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

$$(x*(c*x)^n*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/((1 + n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int (cx)^n \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{(cx)^{n+1} (a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)}{c(n+1)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c*x)^n*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]$$

output

$$((c*x)^(1 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(c*(1 + n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p *((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^n*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^n*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^n dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^n*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^n, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 60, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^{1+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-1-\frac{1}{n}} c^n x^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \\ 2 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**n*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(1 + 1/n)*a**(p - 1 - 1/n)*c**n*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^n dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^n*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^n, x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^n*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{-1,[0,0,2,1,0,1,2]%%}+%%{-1,[0,0,2,1,0,0,2]%%} / %%{1,
[0,0,3,2,
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^n*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x)^n*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^n (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{c^n \left( x^n (x^n b + a)^p b n p x + x^n (x^n b + a)^p b x + (x^n b + a)^p a n p x - \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b n^2 p^2 + x^n b n^2 p + 2 x^n b n p + x^n b n + x^n b + a n^2 p^2 + a} \right)}{\dots}$$

input

```
int((c*x)^n*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
(c**n*(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*n*p*x + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*x + (x**n*b +
a)**p*a*n*p*x - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2
*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n +
a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**3 - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**
2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p
+ a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**3*p**2 - 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x
**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p +
2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**2*p**2 - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p
**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n
**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*n**2*p - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n*
*2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 +
a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*n*p))/(b*(n**2*p**2 + n**2*p + 2*n*
p + n + 1))
```



### 3.690 $\int (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4364
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4364
Rubi [A] (verified)	4365
Maple [F]	4366
Fricas [F]	4366
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4366
Maxima [F]	4367
Giac [F]	4367
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	4367
Reduce [F]	4368

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)$$

output `x*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/ (1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/ (1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-\frac{1}{n}} x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(p - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/n, -p), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x (a + bx^n)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1/n, -p], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/((b*x^n)/a + 1)^p`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p x + \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b n p + x^n b + a n p + a} dx \right) a n^2 p^2 + \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b n p + x^n b + a n p + a} dx \right) a n p}{n p + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*x + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*n*p + a),x)*a*n**2*p**2 + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*n*p + a),x)*a*n*p)/(n*p + 1)`

### 3.691 $\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4369
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4369
Rubi [A] (verified)	4370
Maple [F]	4371
Fricas [F]	4371
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4372
Maxima [F]	4372
Giac [F]	4373
Mupad [F(-1)]	4373
Reduce [F]	4373

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(cx)^{1-n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1-n)}$$

output

```
(c*x)^(1-n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -1+1/n], [1/n], -b*x^n/a)/c/(1-n)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x(cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{-1+n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^n,x]
```

output 
$$-\left(\frac{(cx)^{1-n}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1+n(-1), -p, n(-1), -(bx^n)/a]}{c(1-n)(1+(bx^n)/a)^p}\right)$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (cx)^{-n} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{(cx)^{1-n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n} - 1, -p, \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1-n)} \end{aligned}$$

input 
$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + bx^n)^p / (cx)^n, x]$$

output 
$$\left(\frac{(cx)^{1-n}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1+n(-1), -p, n(-1), -(bx^n)/a]}{c(1-n)(1+(bx^n)/a)^p}\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^(m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (cx)^{-n} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(cx)^n} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p/(c*x)^n, x)`



**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{-1+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p+1-\frac{1}{n}} b^{-1+\frac{1}{n}} b^{1-\frac{1}{n}} c^{-n} x^{1-n} \Gamma(-1 + \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(\frac{1}{n})}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p/((c*x)**n), x)`

output `a**(-1 + 1/n)*a**(p + 1 - 1/n)*b**(-1 + 1/n)*b**(1 - 1/n)*x**(1 - n)*gamma(-1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, -1 + 1/n), (1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(c**n*n*gamma(1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(cx)^n} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(c*x)^n, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(cx)^n} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(c*x)^n, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(cx)^n} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^n,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^n, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p x + x^n \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{2n} b n p - x^{2n} b n + x^{2n} b + x^n a n p - x^n a n + x^n a} dx \right) a n^2 p^2 - x^n \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{2n} b n p - x^{2n} b n + x^{2n} b + x^n a n p - x^n a n + x^n a} dx \right)}{x^n c^n (n p - n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^n),x)`

output

```

((x**n*b + a)**p*x + x**n*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*n*p - x**(2*n)*b
*n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a*n*p - x**n*a*n + x**n*a),x)*a*n**2*p**2 - x**n*in
t((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*n*p - x**(2*n)*b*n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a*n*p
- x**n*a*n + x**n*a),x)*a*n**2*p + x**n*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*b*n
*p - x**(2*n)*b*n + x**(2*n)*b + x**n*a*n*p - x**n*a*n + x**n*a),x)*a*n*p)
/(x**n*c**n*(n*p - n + 1))

```

### 3.692 $\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4375
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4375
Rubi [A] (verified)	4376
Maple [F]	4377
Fricas [F]	4377
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4378
Maxima [F]	4378
Giac [F]	4379
Mupad [F(-1)]	4379
Reduce [F]	4379

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(cx)^{1-2n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, -1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1 - 2n)}$$

output  $(c*x)^{(1-2*n)}*(a+b*x^n)^p*\text{hypergeom}([-p, -2+1/n], [-1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/c/(1-2*n)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x(cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, -1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{-1 + 2n}$$

input  $\text{Integrate}[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^{(2*n)}, x]$

output

$$-\left(\frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-2 + n(-1), -p, -1 + n(-1), -(bx^n)/a]}{(-1 + 2n)(cx)^{(2n)}(1 + (bx^n)/a)^p}\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int (cx)^{-2n} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{(cx)^{1-2n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n} - 2, -p, \frac{1}{n} - 1, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1 - 2n)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a + bx^n)^p / (cx)^{(2n)}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(cx)^{(1 - 2n)}(a + bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-2 + n(-1), -p, -1 + n(-1), -(bx^n)/a]}{c(1 - 2n)(1 + (bx^n)/a)^p}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (cx)^{-2n} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(2*n)),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(2*n)),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(cx)^{2n}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(2*n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p/(c*x)^(2*n), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{-2+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p+2-\frac{1}{n}} b^{-2+\frac{1}{n}} b^{2-\frac{1}{n}} c^{-2n} x^{1-2n} \Gamma(-2 + \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -2 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(-1 + \frac{1}{n})}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p/((c*x)**(2*n)),x)`

output `a**(-2 + 1/n)*a**(p + 2 - 1/n)*b**(-2 + 1/n)*b**(2 - 1/n)*x**(1 - 2*n)*gamma(-2 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, -2 + 1/n), (-1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(c**(2*n)*n*gamma(-1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(cx)^{2n}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(2*n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(c*x)^(2*n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(cx)^{2n}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(2*n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(c*x)^(2*n), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(cx)^{2n}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(2*n),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(2*n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-2n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p x + x^{2n} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{3n} b n p - 2x^{3n} b n + x^{3n} b + x^{2n} a n p - 2x^{2n} a n + x^{2n} a} dx \right) a n^2 p^2 - 2x^{2n} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{3n} b n p - 2x^{3n} b n + x^{3n} b + x^{2n} a n p} dx \right)}{x^{2n} c^{2n} (np - 2n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(2*n)),x)`



output

```
((x**n*b + a)**p*x + x**(2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(3*n)*b*n*p - 2*x**(3*n)*b*n + x**(3*n)*b + x**(2*n)*a*n*p - 2*x**(2*n)*a*n + x**(2*n)*a),x)*a*n**2*p**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(3*n)*b*n*p - 2*x**(3*n)*b*n + x**(3*n)*b + x**(2*n)*a*n*p - 2*x**(2*n)*a*n + x**(2*n)*a),x)*a*n**2*p + x**(2*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(3*n)*b*n*p - 2*x**(3*n)*b*n + x**(3*n)*b + x**(2*n)*a*n*p - 2*x**(2*n)*a*n + x**(2*n)*a),x)*a*n*p)/(x**(2*n)*c**(2*n)*(n*p - 2*n + 1))
```

### 3.693 $\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4381
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4381
Rubi [A] (verified)	4382
Maple [F]	4383
Fricas [F]	4383
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4384
Maxima [F]	4384
Giac [F]	4385
Mupad [F(-1)]	4385
Reduce [F]	4385

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 66

$$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(cx)^{1-3n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, -2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1 - 3n)}$$

output

```
(c*x)^(1-3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -3+1/n], [-2+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/c/(1-3*n)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x(cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, -2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{-1 + 3n}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(3*n), x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{(cx)^{1-3n}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3+n(-1), -p, -2+n(-1), -(bx^n)/a]}{(-1+3n)(cx)^{3n}(1+(bx^n)/a)^p}\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {889, 888}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (cx)^{-3n} (a+bx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{889} \\ & (a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \int (cx)^{-3n} \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{888} \\ & \frac{(cx)^{1-3n} (a+bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{-p} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}-3, -p, \frac{1}{n}-2, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{c(1-3n)} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a+bx^n)^p/(cx)^{3n}, x]$$

output

$$\frac{(cx)^{1-3n}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3+n(-1), -p, -2+n(-1), -(bx^n)/a]}{c(1-3n)(1+(bx^n)/a)^p}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 888 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p * ((c*x)^(m + 1)/(c*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, (m + 1)/n, (m + 1)/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && (ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 889 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(c*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !(ILtQ[p, 0] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (cx)^{-3n} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(3*n)),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(3*n)),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(cx)^{3n}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(3*n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p/(c*x)^(3*n), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 5.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{-3+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p+3-\frac{1}{n}} b^{-3+\frac{1}{n}} b^{3-\frac{1}{n}} c^{-3n} x^{1-3n} \Gamma(-3 + \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(-p, -3 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(-2 + \frac{1}{n})}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p/((c*x)**(3*n)),x)`

output `a**(-3 + 1/n)*a**(p + 3 - 1/n)*b**(-3 + 1/n)*b**(3 - 1/n)*x**(1 - 3*n)*gamma(-3 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, -3 + 1/n), (-2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(c**(3*n)*n*gamma(-2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(cx)^{3n}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(3*n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(c*x)^(3*n), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(cx)^{3n}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(3*n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(c*x)^(3*n), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(cx)^{3n}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(3*n),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(3*n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-3n} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p x + x^{3n} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{4n} b n p - 3x^{4n} b n + x^{4n} b + x^{3n} a n p - 3x^{3n} a n + x^{3n} a} dx \right) a n^2 p^2 - 3x^{3n} \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{4n} b n p - 3x^{4n} b n + x^{4n} b + x^{3n} a n p} dx \right)}{x^{3n} c^{3n} (np - 3n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/((c*x)^(3*n)),x)`

output

```

((x**n*b + a)**p*x + x**(3*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(4*n)*b*n*p - 3*x**(
4*n)*b*n + x**(4*n)*b + x**(3*n)*a*n*p - 3*x**(3*n)*a*n + x**(3*n)*a),x)*a
**n**2*p**2 - 3*x**(3*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(4*n)*b*n*p - 3*x**(4*n)*b
*n + x**(4*n)*b + x**(3*n)*a*n*p - 3*x**(3*n)*a*n + x**(3*n)*a),x)*a**n**2*
p + x**(3*n)*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(4*n)*b*n*p - 3*x**(4*n)*b*n + x**(4*
n)*b + x**(3*n)*a*n*p - 3*x**(3*n)*a*n + x**(3*n)*a),x)*a*n*p)/(x**(3*n)*c
**(3*n)*(n*p - 3*n + 1))

```

### 3.694 $\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4387
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4387
Rubi [A] (verified)	4388
Maple [F]	4389
Fricas [F]	4389
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4390
Maxima [F]	4390
Giac [F]	4391
Mupad [F(-1)]	4391
Reduce [F]	4391

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(cx)^{n-np} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{cn(1 - p)}$$

output

```
(c*x)^(-n*p+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1-p], [2-p], -b*x^n/a)/c/n/(1-p)/(1+b*x^n/a)^p
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(cx)^{n-np} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{cn - cnp}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 + n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```



output  $((c*x)^{(n - n*p)}*(a + b*x^n)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1 - p, -p, 2 - p, -(b*x^n/a)]) / ((c*n - c*n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {883, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^{n(-p)+n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 883$$

$$\frac{x^{-n(1-p)}(cx)^{n-np} \int x^{-pn+n-1}(bx^n + a)^p dx}{c}$$

$$\downarrow 882$$

$$\frac{ax^{-n(1-p)-np}(cx)^{n-np} \left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^p (a + bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p}}{\left(1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^2} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{cn}$$

$$\downarrow 74$$

$$\frac{ax^{-(n(1-p))-np+n}(cx)^{n-np} (a + bx^n)^{p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 1 - p, 2 - p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{cn(1 - p)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(c*x)^{(-1 + n - n*p)}*(a + b*x^n)^p, x]$

output  $(a*x^{(n - n*(1 - p) - n*p)}*(c*x)^{(n - n*p)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(-1 + p)}*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[2, 1 - p, 2 - p, (b*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)]) / (c*n*(1 - p))$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 883 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-np+n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p+n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-n*p+n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np+n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p+n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p + n - 1), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 6.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{a^{1-p} a^{2p-1} b^{1-p} b^{p-1} c^{-np+n-1} x^{-np+n} \Gamma(1-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, 1-p \\ 2-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(2-p)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-n*p+n-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(1 - p)*a**(2*p - 1)*b**(1 - p)*b**(p - 1)*c**(-n*p + n - 1)*x**(-n*p + n)*gamma(1 - p)*hyper((-p, 1 - p), (2 - p,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 - p))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np+n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p+n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p + n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np+n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p+n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p + n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (cx)^{n-np-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(n - n*p - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^(n - n*p - 1)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1+n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{c^n \left( x^n (x^n b + a)^p + x^{np} \left( \int \frac{x^n (x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np+n} b x + x^{np} a x} dx \right) \right) anp}{x^{np} c^{np} cn}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p+n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(c**n*(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p + x**(n*p)*int((x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(n*p + n)*b*x + x**(n*p)*a*x),x)*a*n*p))/(x**(n*p)*c**(n*p)*c*n)`

### 3.695 $\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4392
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4392
Rubi [A] (verified)	4393
Maple [F]	4394
Fricas [F]	4394
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	4395
Maxima [F]	4395
Giac [F]	4396
Mupad [F(-1)]	4396
Reduce [F]	4396

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 63

$$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-np} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{cnp}$$

output

```
-(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, -p],[1-p],-b*x^n/a)/c/n/p/((c*x)^(n*p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x(cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-p, -p, 1 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{np}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

$$-\left(\frac{(cx)^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, -p, 1-p, -(bx^n/a)]}{np(1+(bx^n/a)^p)}\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {883, 882, 74}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (cx)^{-np-1} (a+bx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{883} \\ & \frac{x^{np}(cx)^{-np} \int x^{-np-1}(bx^n+a)^p dx}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{882} \\ & \frac{(cx)^{-np} \left(\frac{x^n}{a+bx^n}\right)^p (a+bx^n)^p \int \frac{\left(\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}\right)^{-p-1} d\frac{x^n}{bx^n+a}}{1-\frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}}}{cn} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{74} \\ & \frac{(cx)^{-np} (a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -p, 1-p, \frac{bx^n}{bx^n+a}\right)}{cnp} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(cx)^{-1-np}(a+bx^n)^p, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, -p, 1-p, (bx^n)/(a+bx^n)]}{np(cx)^{np}}\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 74 `Int[((b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^n*((b*x)^(m + 1)/(b*(m + 1)))*Hypergeometric2F1[-n, m + 1, m + 2, (-d)*(x/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{b, c, d, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && (IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[c, 0] && !(EqQ[n, -2^(-1)] && EqQ[c^2 - d^2, 0] && GtQ[-d/(b*c), 0])))`

rule 882 `Int[(x_)^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]*x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p*((x^n/(a + b*x^n))^p/(n*x^Simplify[m + n*p])) Subst[Int[x^((m + 1)/n - 1)/(1 - b*x)^(Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p] + 1), x], x, x^n/(a + b*x^n)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

rule 883 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[c^IntPart[m]*((c*x)^FracPart[m]/x^FracPart[m]) Int[x^m*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && IntegerQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p]]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-np-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p - 1), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^p c^{-np-1} x^{-np} \Gamma(-p) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -p, -p \\ 1-p \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n\Gamma(1-p)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**p*c**(-n*p - 1)*gamma(-p)*hyper((-p, -p), (1 - p,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*x**(n*p)*gamma(1 - p))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p - 1), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(cx)^{np+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(n*p + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(n*p + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{\int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{np} x} dx}{c^{np} c}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(n*p)*x),x)/(c**(n*p)*c)`

### 3.696 $\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4397
Mathematica [A] (verified)	4397
Rubi [A] (verified)	4398
Maple [A] (verified)	4398
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4399
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	4399
Maxima [F]	4400
Giac [F]	4400
Mupad [F(-1)]	4400
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4401

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 37

$$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(1+p)}$$

output

$$-(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/a/c/n/(p+1)/((c*x)^{(n*(p+1))})$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x(cx)^{-1-n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{an(1+p)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c*x)^{-1 - n - n*p}*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]$$

output

$$-((x*(c*x)^{-1 - n*(1 + p)}*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + p)})/(a*n*(1 + p)))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$ , Rules used = {796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^{n(-p)-n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$-\frac{(cx)^{-n(p+1)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{acn(p+1)}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*c*n*(1 + p)*(c*x)^(n*(1 + p))))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 74, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result	size
parallelrisch	$-\frac{x x^n (a + b x^n)^p (c x)^{-n p - n - 1} b^2 + x (a + b x^n)^p (c x)^{-n p - n - 1} a b}{n(p+1)ba}$	74

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$-(x*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c*x)^{-n*p-n-1}*b^2+x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c*x)^{-n*p-n-1}*a*b)/n/(p+1)/b/a$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(bxx^n e^{-(np+n+1)\log(c)-(np+n+1)\log(x)} + axe^{-(np+n+1)\log(c)-(np+n+1)\log(x)})(bx^n + a)^p}{anp + an}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$-(b*x*x^n*e^{-(n*p + n + 1)*\log(c) - (n*p + n + 1)*\log(x)} + a*x*e^{-(n*p + n + 1)*\log(c) - (n*p + n + 1)*\log(x)})*(b*x^n + a)^p/(a*n*p + a*n)$$
**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^p a^{-p-1} b^{p+1} c^{-np-n-1} \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-1)}{n\Gamma(-p)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)
```

output

```
a**p*a**(-p - 1)*b**(p + 1)*c**(-n*p - n - 1)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 1)*gamma(-p - 1)/(n*gamma(-p))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p - n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p - n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(cx)^{n+np+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(n + n*p + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(n + n*p + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int (cx)^{-1-n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^n b + a)}{x^{np+n} c^{np+n} a c n (p + 1)}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p-n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `( - (x**n*b + a)**p*(x**n*b + a))/(x**(n*p + n)*c**(n*p + n)*a*c*n*(p + 1)`  
`)`

### 3.697 $\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4402
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4402
Rubi [A] (verified)	4403
Maple [F]	4404
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4404
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4405
Maxima [F]	4405
Giac [F]	4406
Mupad [F(-1)]	4406
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4406

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-n(2+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(2+p)} + \frac{bx^n (cx)^{-n(2+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2cn(1+p)(2+p)}$$

output

$$-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(2+p)/((c*x)^(n*(2+p)))+b*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/((c*x)^(n*(2+p)))$$

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x (cx)^{-1-n(2+p)} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2-p, -p, -1-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(2+p)}$$

input

$$\text{Integrate}[(c*x)^{-1-2*n-n*p}*(a+b*x^n)^p,x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{(cx)^{-1-n(2+p)}(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-2-p, -p, -1-p, -(bx^n)/a]}{n(2+p)(1+(bx^n)/a)^p}\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {805, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^{n(-p)-2n-1} (a+bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 805$$

$$-\frac{\int (cx)^{-n(p+2)-1} (bx^n+a)^{p+1} dx}{a(p+1)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+2)} (a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{acn(p+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{(cx)^{-n(p+2)} (a+bx^n)^{p+2}}{a^2cn(p+1)(p+2)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+2)} (a+bx^n)^{p+1}}{acn(p+1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(cx)^{-1-2n-np}(a+bx^n)^p, x]$$

output

$$-\left(\frac{(a+bx^n)^{(1+p)}}{a^2cn(1+p)(2+p)(cx)^{n(2+p)}}\right) + (a+bx^n)^{(2+p)}/(a^2cn(1+p)(2+p)(cx)^{n(2+p)})$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]
```

rule 805

```
Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

## Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-np-2n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input

```
int((c*x)^(-n*p-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)
```

output

```
int((c*x)^(-n*p-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)
```

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(abpxx^n e^{-(np+2n+1)\log(c)-(np+2n+1)\log(x)} - b^2xx^{2n} e^{-(np+2n+1)\log(c)-(np+2n+1)\log(x)} + (a^2p + a^2)xe^{-(np+2n+1)\log(c)-(np+2n+1)\log(x)})}{a^2np^2 + 3a^2np + 2a^2n}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
-(a*b*p*x*x^n*e^(-(n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(x)) - b^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(-(n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(x)) + (a^2*p + a^2)*x*e^(-(n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(x)))*(b*x^n + a)^p/(a^2*n*p^2 + 3*a^2*n*p + 2*a^2*n)
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 5.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{aa^p a^{-p-2} b^{p+2} c^{-np-2n-1} p x^{-n} \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-2)}{bn\Gamma(-p)} \\ - \frac{aa^p a^{-p-2} b^{p+2} c^{-np-2n-1} x^{-n} \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-2)}{bn\Gamma(-p)} \\ + \frac{a^p a^{-p-2} b^{p+2} c^{-np-2n-1} \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+1} \Gamma(-p-2)}{n\Gamma(-p)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-n*p-2*n-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `-a*a**p*a**(-p-2)*b**(p+2)*c**(-n*p-2*n-1)*p*(a/(b*x**n)+1)**(p+1)*gamma(-p-2)/(b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)) - a*a**p*a**(-p-2)*b**(p+2)*c**(-n*p-2*n-1)*(a/(b*x**n)+1)**(p+1)*gamma(-p-2)/(b*n*x**n*gamma(-p)) + a**p*a**(-p-2)*b**(p+2)*c**(-n*p-2*n-1)*(a/(b*x**n)+1)**(p+1)*gamma(-p-2)/(n*gamma(-p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-n*p-2*n-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x**n + a)**p*(c*x)**(-n*p-2*n-1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-2n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p - 2*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(cx)^{2n+np+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(2*n + n*p + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(2*n + n*p + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 80, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (x^{2n} b^2 - x^n a b p - a^2 p - a^2)}{x^{np+2n} c^{np+2n} a^2 c n (p^2 + 3p + 2)}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p-2*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(x**(2*n)*b**2 - x**n*a*b*p - a**2*p - a**2))/(x**(n*p + 2*n)*c**(n*p + 2*n)*a**2*c*n*(p**2 + 3*p + 2))`

### 3.698 $\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4407
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4407
Rubi [A] (verified)	4408
Maple [F]	4409
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4409
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4410
Maxima [F]	4411
Giac [F]	4411
Mupad [F(-1)]	4412
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4412

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 139

$$\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-n(3+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(3+p)} + \frac{2bx^n (cx)^{-n(3+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2cn(2+p)(3+p)} - \frac{2b^2x^{2n} (cx)^{-n(3+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^3cn(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)}$$

output

```
-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(3+p)/((c*x)^(n*(3+p)))+2*b*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c/n/(2+p)/(3+p)/((c*x)^(n*(3+p)))-2*b^2*x^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^3/c/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/((c*x)^(n*(3+p)))
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.50

$$\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{x (cx)^{-1-n(3+p)} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-3-p, -p, -2-p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(3+p)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - 3*n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-((x*(c*x)^(-1 - n*(3 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-3 - p, -p, -2 - p, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(n*(3 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {805, 805, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (cx)^{n(-p)-3n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 805 \\
 & -\frac{2 \int (cx)^{-n(p+3)-1} (bx^n + a)^{p+1} dx}{a(p+1)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{acn(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 805 \\
 & -\frac{2 \left( -\frac{\int (cx)^{-n(p+3)-1} (bx^n + a)^{p+2} dx}{a(p+2)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+2}}{acn(p+2)} \right)}{a(p+1)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{acn(p+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 796 \\
 & -\frac{2 \left( \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+3}}{a^2 cn(p+2)(p+3)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+2}}{acn(p+2)} \right)}{a(p+1)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+3)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{acn(p+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - 3*n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*c*n*(1 + p)*(c*x)^(n*(3 + p)))) - (2*(-((a + b*x^n)^(2 + p)/(a*c*n*(2 + p)*(c*x)^(n*(3 + p)))) + (a + b*x^n)^(3 + p)/(a^2*c*n*(2 + p)*(3 + p)*(c*x)^(n*(3 + p))))/(a*(1 + p))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 805 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-np-3n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p-3*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-n*p-3*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(2ab^2pxx^{2n}e^{-(np+3n+1)\log(c)-(np+3n+1)\log(x)} - 2b^3xx^{3n}e^{-(np+3n+1)\log(c)-(np+3n+1)\log(x)} - (a^2bp^2 + a^2b^2p^2))}{a^3np^3 + 6a^3np^2}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-3*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
(2*a*b^2*p*x*x^(2*n)*e^(-(n*p + 3*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 3*n + 1)*log(x))
- 2*b^3*x*x^(3*n)*e^(-(n*p + 3*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 3*n + 1)*log(x)) - (
a^2*b*p^2 + a^2*b*p)*x*x^n*e^(-(n*p + 3*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 3*n + 1)*lo
g(x)) - (a^3*p^2 + 3*a^3*p + 2*a^3)*x*e^(-(n*p + 3*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p +
3*n + 1)*log(x))*(b*x^n + a)^p/(a^3*n*p^3 + 6*a^3*n*p^2 + 11*a^3*n*p + 6*
a^3*n)
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 566 vs.  $2(110) = 220$ .

Time = 6.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 566, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.07

$$\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{a^2 a^p a^{-p-3} b^{p+3} c^{-np-3n-1} p^2 \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+3} \Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2 n \Gamma(-p) + 2abnx^n \Gamma(-p) + b^2 nx^{2n} \Gamma(-p)}$$

$$+ \frac{3a^2 a^p a^{-p-3} b^{p+3} c^{-np-3n-1} p \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+3} \Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2 n \Gamma(-p) + 2abnx^n \Gamma(-p) + b^2 nx^{2n} \Gamma(-p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^2 a^p a^{-p-3} b^{p+3} c^{-np-3n-1} \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+3} \Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2 n \Gamma(-p) + 2abnx^n \Gamma(-p) + b^2 nx^{2n} \Gamma(-p)}$$

$$- \frac{2aa^p a^{-p-3} bb^{p+3} c^{-np-3n-1} px^n \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+3} \Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2 n \Gamma(-p) + 2abnx^n \Gamma(-p) + b^2 nx^{2n} \Gamma(-p)}$$

$$- \frac{2aa^p a^{-p-3} bb^{p+3} c^{-np-3n-1} x^n \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+3} \Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2 n \Gamma(-p) + 2abnx^n \Gamma(-p) + b^2 nx^{2n} \Gamma(-p)}$$

$$+ \frac{2a^p a^{-p-3} b^2 b^{p+3} c^{-np-3n-1} x^{2n} \left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{p+3} \Gamma(-p-3)}{a^2 n \Gamma(-p) + 2abnx^n \Gamma(-p) + b^2 nx^{2n} \Gamma(-p)}$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)**(-n*p-3*n-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)
```

output

```
a**2*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b**(p + 3)*c**(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*p**2*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)
**(p + 3)*gamma(-p - 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*
n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p)) + 3*a**2*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b**(p + 3)*c**(-n*p - 3*n
- 1)*p*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 3)*gamma(-p - 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n
*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p)) + 2*a**2*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b**
(p + 3)*c**(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 3)*gamma(-p - 3)/(a**2*
n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p)) - 2*a*a*
*p*a**(-p - 3)*b*b**(p + 3)*c**(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*p*x**n*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(
p + 3)*gamma(-p - 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n*x
**(2*n)*gamma(-p)) - 2*a*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b*b**(p + 3)*c**(-n*p - 3*n - 1)
*x**n*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 3)*gamma(-p - 3)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*
x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p)) + 2*a**p*a**(-p - 3)*b**2*b**
(p + 3)*c**(-n*p - 3*n - 1)*x**(2*n)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 3)*gamma(-p - 3
)/(a**2*n*gamma(-p) + 2*a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-3n-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-3*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p - 3*n - 1), x)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-3n-1} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-3*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p - 3*n - 1), x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(cx)^{3n+np+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(3*n + n*p + 1),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(3*n + n*p + 1), x)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (cx)^{-1-3n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx \\ &= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (-2x^{3n} b^3 + 2x^{2n} a b^2 p - x^n a^2 b p^2 - x^n a^2 b p - a^3 p^2 - 3a^3 p - 2a^3)}{x^{np+3n} c^{np+3n} a^3 c n (p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p-3*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*( - 2*x**(3*n)*b**3 + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*p - x**n*a**2*b*p**2 - x**n*a**2*b*p - a**3*p**2 - 3*a**3*p - 2*a**3))/(x**(n*p + 3*n)*c**(n*p + 3*n)*a**3*c*n*(p**3 + 6*p**2 + 11*p + 6))`

### 3.699 $\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	4413
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4414
Rubi [A] (verified)	4414
Maple [F]	4416
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4416
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4416
Maxima [F]	4417
Giac [F]	4418
Mupad [F(-1)]	4418
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4418

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 199

$$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-n(4+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{acn(4+p)} + \frac{3bx^n (cx)^{-n(4+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^2cn(3+p)(4+p)} - \frac{6b^2x^{2n} (cx)^{-n(4+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^3cn(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)} + \frac{6b^3x^{3n} (cx)^{-n(4+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{a^4cn(1+p)(2+p)(3+p)(4+p)}$$

output

```
-(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a/c/n/(4+p)/((c*x)^(n*(4+p)))+3*b*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^2/c/n/(3+p)/(4+p)/((c*x)^(n*(4+p)))-6*b^2*x^(2*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^3/c/n/(2+p)/(3+p)/(4+p)/((c*x)^(n*(4+p)))+6*b^3*x^(3*n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/a^4/c/n/(p+1)/(2+p)/(3+p)/(4+p)/((c*x)^(n*(4+p)))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.35

$$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x(cx)^{-1-n(4+p)} (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-4 - p, -p, -3 - p, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{n(4 + p)}$$

input `Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - 4*n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-((x*(c*x)^(-1 - n*(4 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[-4 - p, -p, -3 - p, -(b*x^n)/a])/(n*(4 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {805, 805, 805, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (cx)^{n(-p)-4n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 805 \\ & \frac{3 \int (cx)^{-n(p+4)-1} (bx^n + a)^{p+1} dx}{a(p+1)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{acn(p+1)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 805 \\ & \frac{3 \left( -\frac{2 \int (cx)^{-n(p+4)-1} (bx^n + a)^{p+2} dx}{a(p+2)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a + bx^n)^{p+2}}{acn(p+2)} \right)}{a(p+1)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{acn(p+1)} \\ & \quad \downarrow 805 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
3 \left( -\frac{2 \left( -\frac{f(cx)^{-n(p+4)-1} (bx^n+a)^{p+3} dx}{a(p+3)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a+bx^n)^{p+3}}{acn(p+3)} \right)}{a(p+2)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a+bx^n)^{p+2}}{acn(p+2)} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{a(p+1)}{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a+bx^n)^{p+1}} \\
acn(p+1) \\
\downarrow 796 \\
3 \left( -\frac{2 \left( \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a+bx^n)^{p+4}}{a^2 cn(p+3)(p+4)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a+bx^n)^{p+3}}{acn(p+3)} \right)}{a(p+2)} - \frac{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a+bx^n)^{p+2}}{acn(p+2)} \right) \\
\hline
\frac{a(p+1)}{(cx)^{-n(p+4)} (a+bx^n)^{p+1}} \\
acn(p+1)
\end{array}$$

input `Int[(c*x)^(-1 - 4*n - n*p)*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `-((a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)/(a*c*n*(1 + p)*(c*x)^(n*(4 + p)))) - (3*(-((a + b*x^n)^(2 + p)/(a*c*n*(2 + p)*(c*x)^(n*(4 + p)))) - (2*(-((a + b*x^n)^(3 + p)/(a*c*n*(3 + p)*(c*x)^(n*(4 + p)))) + (a + b*x^n)^(4 + p)/(a^2*c*n*(3 + p)*(4 + p)*(c*x)^(n*(4 + p)))))/(a*(2 + p)))/(a*(1 + p))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 805 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-np-4n-1} (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-n*p-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.48

$$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx =$$

$$\frac{(6ab^3px^3n e^{-(np+4n+1)\log(c)-(np+4n+1)\log(x)} - 6b^4xx^{4n} e^{-(np+4n+1)\log(c)-(np+4n+1)\log(x)} - 3(a^2b^2p^2 -$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(6*a*b^3*p*x*x^(3*n)*e^(-(n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(x)) - 6*b^4*x*x^(4*n)*e^(-(n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(x)) - 3*(a^2*b^2*p^2 + a^2*b^2*p)*x*x^(2*n)*e^(-(n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(x)) + (a^3*b*p^3 + 3*a^3*b*p^2 + 2*a^3*b*p)*x*x^n*e^(-(n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(x)) + (a^4*p^3 + 6*a^4*p^2 + 11*a^4*p + 6*a^4)*x*e^(-(n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(c) - (n*p + 4*n + 1)*log(x))*(b*x^n + a)^p/(a^4*n*p^4 + 10*a^4*n*p^3 + 35*a^4*n*p^2 + 50*a^4*n*p + 24*a^4*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1168 vs. 2(160) = 320.

Time = 6.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1168, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.87

$$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-n*p-4*n-1)*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output

```
-a**3*a**p*a**(-p - 4)*b**(p + 4)*c**(-n*p - 4*n - 1)*p**3*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)
)**(p + 4)*gamma(-p - 4)/(a**3*n*gamma(-p) + 3*a**2*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + 3
*a*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p) + b**3*n*x**(3*n)*gamma(-p)) - 6*a**3*a**p*a
*(-p - 4)*b**(p + 4)*c**(-n*p - 4*n - 1)*p**2*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 4)*ga
mma(-p - 4)/(a**3*n*gamma(-p) + 3*a**2*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + 3*a*b**2*n*x**
(2*n)*gamma(-p) + b**3*n*x**(3*n)*gamma(-p)) - 11*a**3*a**p*a**(-p - 4)*b*
*(p + 4)*c**(-n*p - 4*n - 1)*p*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 4)*gamma(-p - 4)/(a
**3*n*gamma(-p) + 3*a**2*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + 3*a*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p)
+ b**3*n*x**(3*n)*gamma(-p)) - 6*a**3*a**p*a**(-p - 4)*b**(p + 4)*c**(-n*
p - 4*n - 1)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 4)*gamma(-p - 4)/(a**3*n*gamma(-p) + 3
*a**2*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + 3*a*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p) + b**3*n*x**(3*n)
*gamma(-p)) + 3*a**2*a**p*a**(-p - 4)*b*b**(p + 4)*c**(-n*p - 4*n - 1)*p**
2*x**n*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 4)*gamma(-p - 4)/(a**3*n*gamma(-p) + 3*a**2*
b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) + 3*a*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p) + b**3*n*x**(3*n)*gamma
(-p)) + 9*a**2*a**p*a**(-p - 4)*b*b**(p + 4)*c**(-n*p - 4*n - 1)*p*x**n*(a
/(b*x**n) + 1)**(p + 4)*gamma(-p - 4)/(a**3*n*gamma(-p) + 3*a**2*b*n*x**n*
gamma(-p) + 3*a*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p) + b**3*n*x**(3*n)*gamma(-p)) + 6
*a**2*a**p*a**(-p - 4)*b*b**(p + 4)*c**(-n*p - 4*n - 1)*x**n*(a/(b*x**n) +
1)**(p + 4)*gamma(-p - 4)/(a**3*n*gamma(-p) + 3*a**2*b*n*x**n*gamma(-p) +
3*a*b**2*n*x**(2*n)*gamma(-p) + b**3*n*x**(3*n)*gamma(-p)) - 6*a*a**p...
```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-4n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-n*p-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)**p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)**p*(c*x)**(-n*p - 4*n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (cx)^{-np-4n-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-n*p-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(c*x)^(-n*p - 4*n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(cx)^{4n+np+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(4*n + n*p + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*x)^(4*n + n*p + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int (cx)^{-1-4n-np} (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (6x^{4n} b^4 - 6x^{3n} a b^3 p + 3x^{2n} a^2 b^2 p^2 + 3x^{2n} a^2 b^2 p - x^n a^3 b p^3 - 3x^n a^3 b p^2 - 2x^n a^3 b p - a^4 p^3 - 6a^4 p^2)}{x^{np+4n} c^{np+4n} a^4 c^n (p^4 + 10p^3 + 35p^2 + 50p + 24)}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-n*p-4*n-1)*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(6*x**(4*n)*b**4 - 6*x**(3*n)*a*b**3*p + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*p**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*p - x**n*a**3*b*p**3 - 3*x**n*a**3*b*p**2 - 2*x**n*a**3*b*p - a**4*p**3 - 6*a**4*p**2 - 11*a**4*p - 6*a**4))/((x**n*p + 4*n)*c**(n*p + 4*n)*a**4*c*n*(p**4 + 10*p**3 + 35*p**2 + 50*p + 24))`

### 3.700 $\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx$

Optimal result	4419
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4419
Rubi [A] (verified)	4420
Maple [F]	4421
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	4421
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	4422
Maxima [F]	4422
Giac [F]	4423
Mupad [F(-1)]	4423
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4423

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 22, antiderivative size = 83

$$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = -\frac{x^{-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+2p}}{2an(1+p)} + \frac{bx^{-n(1+2p)}(a + bx^n)^{1+2p}}{2a^2n(1+p)(1+2p)}$$

output

```
-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(1+2*p)/a/n/(p+1)/(x^(2*n*(p+1)))+1/2*b*(a+b*x^n)^(1+2*p)/a
^2/n/(p+1)/(1+2*p)/(x^(n*(1+2*p)))
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \frac{x^{-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-2p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2p, -2(1+p), 1 - 2(1+p), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2n(1+p)}$$

input

```
Integrate[x^(-1 - 2*n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^(2*p),x]
```



output

$$-1/2*((a + b*x^n)^{(2*p)}*Hypergeometric2F1[-2*p, -2*(1 + p), 1 - 2*(1 + p), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(n*(1 + p)*x^{(2*n*(1 + p))}*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^{(2*p)})$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.091$ , Rules used = {803, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int x^{-2n(p+1)-1}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 803$$

$$-\frac{b \int x^{-2(p+1)n+n-1}(bx^n + a)^{2p} dx}{2a(p+1)} - \frac{x^{-2n(p+1)}(a + bx^n)^{2p+1}}{2an(p+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{bx^{-n(2p+1)}(a + bx^n)^{2p+1}}{2a^2n(p+1)(2p+1)} - \frac{x^{-2n(p+1)}(a + bx^n)^{2p+1}}{2an(p+1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[x^{(-1 - 2*n*(1 + p))}*(a + b*x^n)^{(2*p)}, x]$$

output

$$-1/2*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + 2*p)}/(a*n*(1 + p)*x^{(2*n*(1 + p))}) + (b*(a + b*x^n)^{(1 + 2*p)})/(2*a^2*n*(1 + p)*(1 + 2*p)*x^{(n*(1 + 2*p))})$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 803 `Int[(x_)^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[b*((m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*(m + 1))) Int[x^(m + n)*(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, m, n, p}, x] && LtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2n(p+1)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x)`

output `int(x^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \frac{(2abpxx^{-2np-2n-1}x^n - b^2xx^{-2np-2n-1}x^{2n} + (2a^2p + a^2)xx^{-2np-2n-1})(bx^n + a)^{2p}}{2(2a^2np^2 + 3a^2np + a^2n)}$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*a*b*p*x*x^(-2*n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^n - b^2*x*x^(-2*n*p - 2*n - 1)*x^(2*n) + (2*a^2*p + a^2)*x*x^(-2*n*p - 2*n - 1))*(b*x^n + a)^(2*p)/(2*a^2*n*p^2 + 3*a^2*n*p + a^2*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 131 vs.  $2(65) = 130$ .

Time = 28.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = -\frac{2b^{2p+2}px^{-n}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{2p+1}\Gamma(-2p-2)}{abn\Gamma(-2p)} \\ -\frac{b^{2p+2}x^{-n}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{2p+1}\Gamma(-2p-2)}{abn\Gamma(-2p)} \\ +\frac{b^{2p+2}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{2p+1}\Gamma(-2p-2)}{a^2n\Gamma(-2p)}$$

input `integrate(x**(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**(2*p), x)`

output `-2*b**(2*p + 2)*p*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(2*p + 1)*gamma(-2*p - 2)/(a*b*n*x**n*  
gamma(-2*p)) - b**(2*p + 2)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(2*p + 1)*gamma(-2*p - 2)/(a  
*b*n*x**n*gamma(-2*p)) + b**(2*p + 2)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(2*p + 1)*gamma(-2  
*p - 2)/(a**2*n*gamma(-2*p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{2p} x^{-2n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(2*p)*x^(-2*n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{2p} x^{-2n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate(x^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(2*p)*x^(-2*n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{2p}}{x^{2n(p+1)+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(2*p)/x^(2*n*(p + 1) + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(2*p)/x^(2*n*(p + 1) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int x^{-1-2n(1+p)}(a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^{2p} (x^{2n} b^2 - 2x^n a b p - 2a^2 p - a^2)}{2x^{2np+2n} a^{2n} (2p^2 + 3p + 1)}$$

input `int(x^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**(2*p)*(x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*x**n*a*b*p - 2*a**2*p - a**2))/(2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a**2*n*(2*p**2 + 3*p + 1))`

### 3.701 $\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx$

Optimal result	4424
Mathematica [C] (verified)	4424
Rubi [A] (verified)	4425
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Mupad [F(-1)]	4428
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	4428

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = -\frac{(cx)^{-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+2p}}{2acn(1+p)} + \frac{bx^n (cx)^{-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{1+2p}}{2a^2cn(1+p)(1+2p)}$$

output

$-1/2*(a+b*x^n)^(1+2*p)/a/c/n/(p+1)/((c*x)^(2*n*(p+1)))+1/2*b*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^(1+2*p)/a^2/c/n/(p+1)/(1+2*p)/((c*x)^(2*n*(p+1)))$

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = -\frac{x (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-2p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-2p, -2(1+p), 1 - 2(1+p), -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2n(1+p)}$$

input

`Integrate[(c*x)^(-1 - 2*n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^(2*p), x]`

output

```
-1/2*(x*(c*x)^(-1 - 2*n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^(2*p)*Hypergeometric2F1[-2*p,
-2*(1 + p), 1 - 2*(1 + p), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(n*(1 + p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(2*p
))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.083$ , Rules used = {805, 796}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (cx)^{-2n(p+1)-1} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx$$

$$\downarrow 805$$

$$-\frac{\int (cx)^{-2n(p+1)-1} (bx^n + a)^{2p+1} dx}{a(2p+1)} - \frac{(cx)^{-2n(p+1)} (a + bx^n)^{2p+1}}{acn(2p+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 796$$

$$\frac{(cx)^{-2n(p+1)} (a + bx^n)^{2(p+1)}}{2a^2cn(p+1)(2p+1)} - \frac{(cx)^{-2n(p+1)} (a + bx^n)^{2p+1}}{acn(2p+1)}$$

input

```
Int[(c*x)^(-1 - 2*n*(1 + p))*(a + b*x^n)^(2*p),x]
```

output

```
(a + b*x^n)^(2*(1 + p))/(2*a^2*c*n*(1 + p)*(1 + 2*p)*(c*x)^(2*n*(1 + p)))
- (a + b*x^n)^(1 + 2*p)/(a*c*n*(1 + 2*p)*(c*x)^(2*n*(1 + p)))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 796 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(c*x)^(m + 1)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*(m + 1))), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[(m + 1)/n + p + 1, 0] && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 805 `Int[((c_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(c*x)^(m + 1))*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*c*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(m + n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(c*x)^m*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, m, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[(m + 1)/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(p+1)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x)`

output `int((c*x)^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x)`

## Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.64

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \frac{(2abpx^n e^{-(2np+2n+1)\log(c)-(2np+2n+1)\log(x)} - b^2x^{2n} e^{-(2np+2n+1)\log(c)-(2np+2n+1)\log(x)} + (2a^2p + a^2))}{2(2a^2np^2 + 3a^2np + a^2n)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-1/2*(2*a*b*p*x*x^n*e^(-(2*n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(c) - (2*n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(x))) - b^2*x*x^(2*n)*e^(-(2*n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(c) - (2*n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(x)) + (2*a^2*p + a^2)*x*e^(-(2*n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(c) - (2*n*p + 2*n + 1)*log(x))*(b*x^n + a)^(2*p)/(2*a^2*n*p^2 + 3*a^2*n*p + a^2*n)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 172 vs.  $2(75) = 150$ .

Time = 34.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.83

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = -\frac{2b^{2p+2}c^{-2np-2n-1}px^{-n}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{2p+1}\Gamma(-2p-2)}{abn\Gamma(-2p)} \\ - \frac{b^{2p+2}c^{-2np-2n-1}x^{-n}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{2p+1}\Gamma(-2p-2)}{abn\Gamma(-2p)} \\ + \frac{b^{2p+2}c^{-2np-2n-1}\left(\frac{ax^{-n}}{b} + 1\right)^{2p+1}\Gamma(-2p-2)}{a^2n\Gamma(-2p)}$$

input `integrate((c*x)**(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x**n)**(2*p), x)`

output `-2*b**(2*p + 2)*c**(-2*n*p - 2*n - 1)*p*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(2*p + 1)*gamma(-2*p - 2)/(a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-2*p)) - b**(2*p + 2)*c**(-2*n*p - 2*n - 1)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(2*p + 1)*gamma(-2*p - 2)/(a*b*n*x**n*gamma(-2*p)) + b**(2*p + 2)*c**(-2*n*p - 2*n - 1)*(a/(b*x**n) + 1)**(2*p + 1)*gamma(-2*p - 2)/(a**2*n*gamma(-2*p))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{2p}(cx)^{-2n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(2*p)*(c*x)^(-2*n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{2p} (cx)^{-2n(p+1)-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c*x)^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(2*p)*(c*x)^(-2*n*(p + 1) - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{2p}}{(cx)^{2n(p+1)+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(2*p)/(c*x)^(2*n*(p + 1) + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(2*p)/(c*x)^(2*n*(p + 1) + 1), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int (cx)^{-1-2n(1+p)} (a + bx^n)^{2p} dx = \frac{(x^n b + a)^{2p} (x^{2n} b^2 - 2x^n a b p - 2a^2 p - a^2)}{2x^{2np+2n} c^{2np+2n} a^2 c n (2p^2 + 3p + 1)}$$

input `int((c*x)^(-1-2*n*(p+1))*(a+b*x^n)^(2*p),x)`

output `((x**n*b + a)**(2*p)*(x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*x**n*a*b*p - 2*a**2*p - a**2))/(2*x**(2*n*p + 2*n)*c**(2*n*p + 2*n)*a**2*c*n*(2*p**2 + 3*p + 1))`

# CHAPTER 4

## APPENDIX

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4.2	Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS .	4447

### 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

#### Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*                               Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*                               match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
        ]
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
    ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal."}
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order of result is higher than in optimal."}
  ]
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType,expn]],
  If[Head[expn]==Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]==Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]==Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]],ExpnType[expn[[2]],3]],
    If[Head[expn]==Plus || Head[expn]==Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]],ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3,ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
        If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
            Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
            If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
                Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
                9]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Exp, Log,
    Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
    ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
    Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
    ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
  }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{
    Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
    SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
    Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
    Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
  }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
  MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

## Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#
#                   if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#
#                   see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
#     is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```

```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                            convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                            convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
                        convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```



```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:
```

## Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fracas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```

```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```



```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## 4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file