

# Computer Algebra Independent Integration Tests

Summer 2024

1-Algebraic-functions/1.1-Binomial/1.1.3-General-  
binomial/1.1.3.3/52-1.1.3.3-c

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# CHAPTER 1

## INTRODUCTION

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This report gives the result of running the computer algebra independent integration test. The download section in on the main webpage contains links to download the problems in plain text format used for all CAS systems. The number of integrals in this report is [ 147 ]. This is test number [ 52 ].

## 1.1 Listing of CAS systems tested

The following are the CAS systems tested:

1. Mathematica 14 (January 9, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
2. Rubi 4.17.3 (Sept 25, 2023) on Mathematica 14 on windows 10m pro.
3. Maple 2024 (March 1, 2024) on windows 10 pro.
4. Maxima 5.47 (June 1, 2023) using Lisp SBCL 2.4.0 on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
5. FriCAS 1.3.10 built with sbcl 2.3.11 (January 10, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE via sagemath 10.3.
6. Giac/Xcas 1.9.0-99 on Linux via sagemath 10.3.
7. Sympy 1.12 using Python 3.11.6 (Nov 14 2023, 09:36:21) [GCC 13.2.1 20230801] on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.
8. Mupad using Matlab 2021a with Symbolic Math Toolbox Version 8.7 on windows 10.
9. Reduce CSL rev 6687 (January 9, 2024) on Linux Manjaro 23.1.2 KDE.

Maxima and Fricas and Giac are called using Sagemath. This was done using Sagemath `integrate` command by changing the name of the algorithm to use the different CAS systems.

Sympy was run directly in Python not via sagemath.

Reduce was called directly.

## 1.2 Results

Important note: A number of problems in this test suite have no antiderivative in closed form. This means the antiderivative of these integrals can not be expressed in terms of elementary, special functions or Hypergeometric2F1 functions. RootSum and RootOf are not allowed. If a CAS returns the above integral unevaluated within the time limit, then the result is counted as passed and assigned an A grade.

However, if CAS times out, then it is assigned an F grade even if the integral is not integrable, as this implies CAS could not determine that the integral is not integrable in the time limit.

If a CAS returns an antiderivative to such an integral, it is assigned an A grade automatically and this special result is listed in the introduction section of each individual test report to make it easy to identify as this can be important result to investigate.

The results given in in the table below reflects the above.

System	% solved	% Failed
Rubi	100.00 ( 147 )	0.00 ( 0 )
Mathematica	99.32 ( 146 )	0.68 ( 1 )
Maple	50.34 ( 74 )	49.66 ( 73 )
Fricas	49.66 ( 73 )	50.34 ( 74 )
Sympy	46.26 ( 68 )	53.74 ( 79 )
Mupad	44.90 ( 66 )	55.10 ( 81 )
Reduce	42.86 ( 63 )	57.14 ( 84 )
Maxima	28.57 ( 42 )	71.43 ( 105 )
Giac	26.53 ( 39 )	73.47 ( 108 )

Table 1.1: Percentage solved for each CAS

The table below gives additional break down of the grading of quality of the antiderivatives generated by each CAS. The grading is given using the letters A,B,C and F with A being the best quality. The grading is accomplished by comparing the antiderivative generated with the optimal antiderivatives included in the test suite. The following table describes the meaning of these grades.

grade	description
A	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality and leaf size.
B	Integral was solved and antiderivative is optimal in quality but leaf size is larger than twice the optimal antiderivatives leaf size.
C	Integral was solved and antiderivative is non-optimal in quality. This can be due to one or more of the following reasons <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. antiderivative contains a hypergeometric function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>2. antiderivative contains a special function and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> <li>3. antiderivative contains the imaginary unit and the optimal antiderivative does not.</li> </ol>
F	Integral was not solved. Either the integral was returned unevaluated within the time limit, or it timed out, or CAS hanged or crashed or an exception was raised.

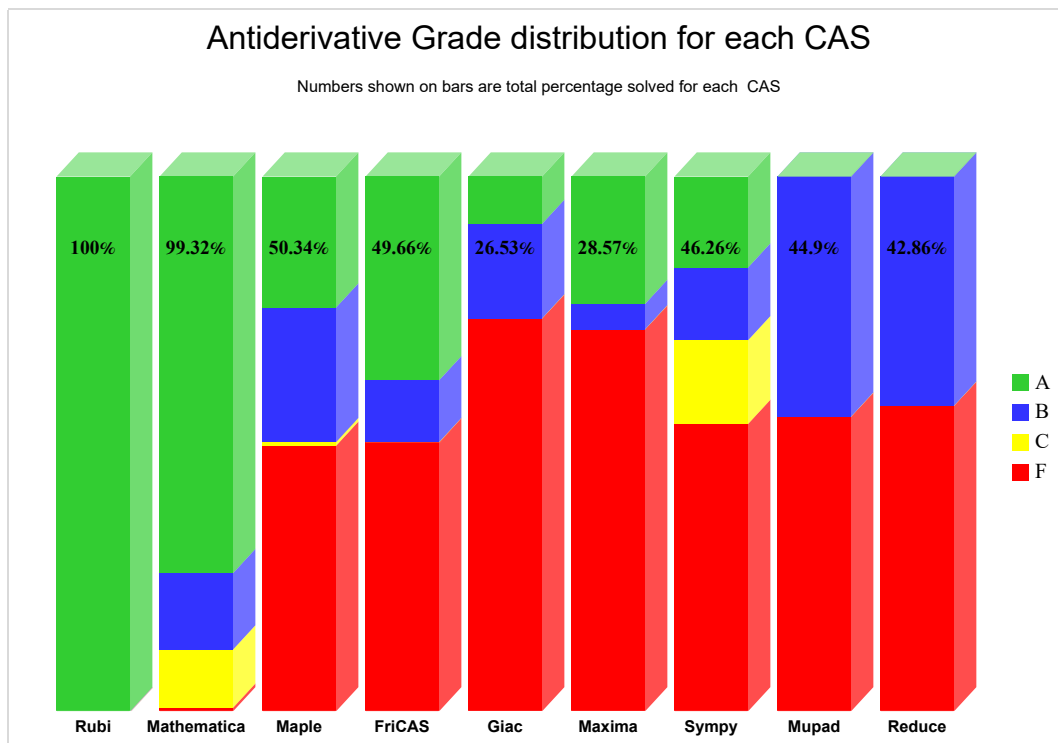
Table 1.2: Description of grading applied to integration result

Grading is implemented for all CAS systems. Based on the above, the following table summarizes the grading for this test suite.

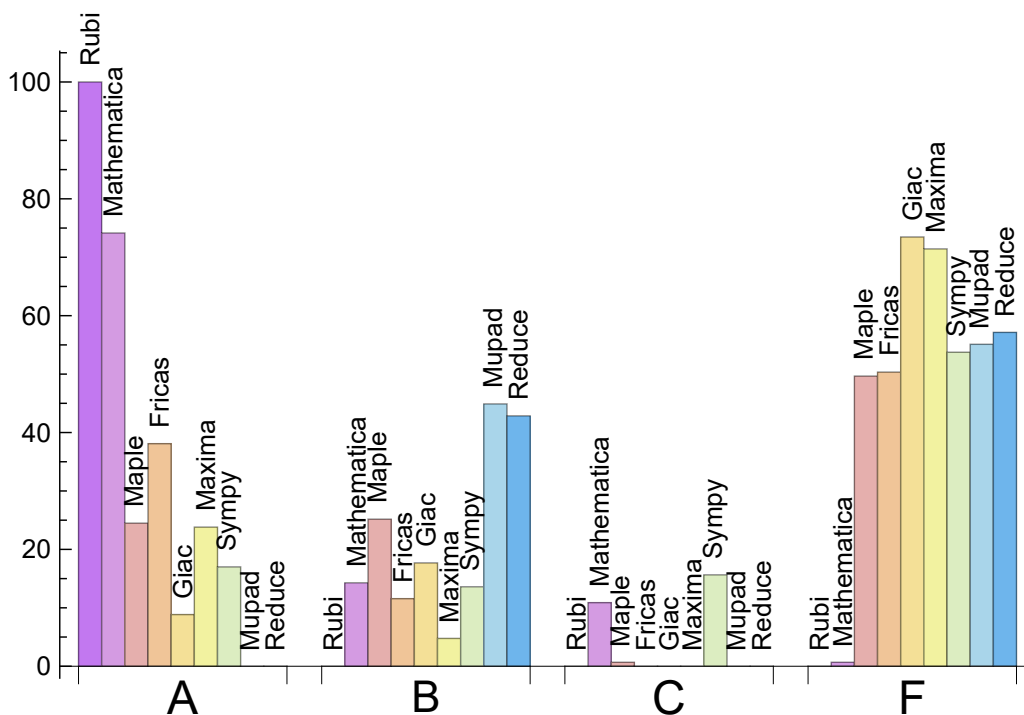
System	% A grade	% B grade	% C grade	% F grade
Rubi	100.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Mathematica	74.150	14.286	10.884	0.680
Fricas	38.095	11.565	0.000	50.340
Maple	24.490	25.170	0.680	49.660
Maxima	23.810	4.762	0.000	71.429
Sympy	17.007	13.605	15.646	53.741
Giac	8.844	17.687	0.000	73.469
Mupad	0.000	44.898	0.000	55.102
Reduce	0.000	42.857	0.000	57.143

Table 1.3: Antiderivative Grade distribution of each CAS

The following is a Bar chart illustration of the data in the above table.



The figure below compares the grades of the CAS systems.



The following table shows the distribution of the different types of failures for each CAS. There are 3 types failures. The first is when CAS returns the input within the time limit, which means it could not solve it. This is the typical failure and given as **F**.

The second failure is due to time out. CAS could not solve the integral within the 3 minutes time limit which is assigned. This is assigned **F(-1)**.

The third is due to an exception generated, indicated as **F(-2)**. This most likely indicates an interface problem between sagemath and the CAS (applicable only to FriCAS, Maxima and Giac) or it could be an indication of an internal error in the CAS itself. This type of error requires more investigation to determine the cause.

System	Number failed	Percentage normal failure	Percentage time-out failure	Percentage exception failure
Rubi	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Mathematica	1	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maple	73	100.00	0.00	0.00
Fricas	74	79.73	0.00	20.27
Sympy	79	65.82	13.92	20.25
Mupad	81	0.00	100.00	0.00
Reduce	84	100.00	0.00	0.00
Maxima	105	100.00	0.00	0.00
Giac	108	73.15	0.00	26.85

Table 1.4: Failure statistics for each CAS

### 1.3 Time and leaf size Performance

The table below summarizes the performance of each CAS system in terms of time used and leaf size of results.

Mean size is the average leaf size produced by the CAS (before any normalization). The Normalized mean is relative to the mean size of the optimal anti-derivative given in the input files.

For example, if CAS has **Normalized mean** of 3, then the mean size of its leaf size is 3 times as large as the mean size of the optimal leaf size.

Median size is value of leaf size where half the values are larger than this and half are smaller (before any normalization). i.e. The Middle value.

Similarly the **Normalized median** is relative to the median leaf size of the optimal.

For example, if a CAS has Normalized median of 1.2, then its median is 1.2 as large as the median leaf size of the optimal.

System	Mean time (sec)
Maxima	0.09
Giac	0.15
Fricas	0.29
Rubi	0.49
Reduce	0.61
Mathematica	1.30
Maple	1.74
Mupad	2.32
Sympy	9.51

Table 1.5: Time performance for each CAS

System	Mean size	Normalized mean	Median size	Normalized median
Maxima	116.79	1.36	117.50	1.36
Rubi	126.07	1.07	96.00	1.00
Mathematica	206.10	2.06	113.00	0.98
Maple	288.82	2.02	171.00	1.72
Giac	373.05	2.61	232.00	2.51
Fricas	616.05	3.69	273.00	2.61
Sympy	618.38	5.53	183.50	2.18
Reduce	758.37	4.03	227.00	2.16
Mupad	898.71	4.97	107.50	1.44

Table 1.6: Leaf size performance for each CAS



# 1.4 Performance based on number of rules Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of rules Rubi needed to solve the same integral. One diagram is given for each CAS.

On the  $y$  axis is the percentage solved which Rubi itself needed the number of rules given the  $x$  axis. These plots show that as more rules are needed then most CAS system percentage of solving decreases which indicates the integral is becoming more complicated to solve.

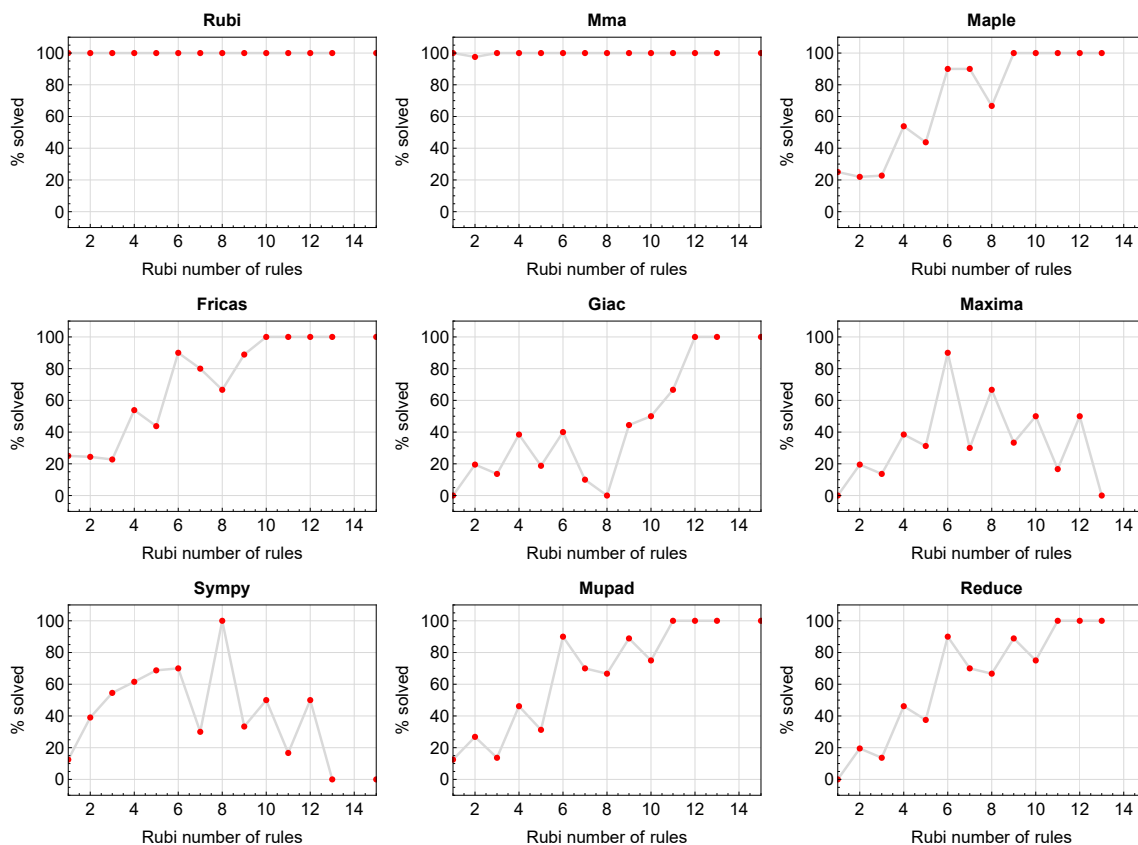


Figure 1.1: Solving statistics per number of Rubi rules used

## 1.5 Performance based on number of steps Rubi used

This section shows how each CAS performed based on the number of steps Rubi needed to solve the same integral. Note that the number of steps Rubi needed can be much higher than the number of rules, as the same rule could be used more than once.

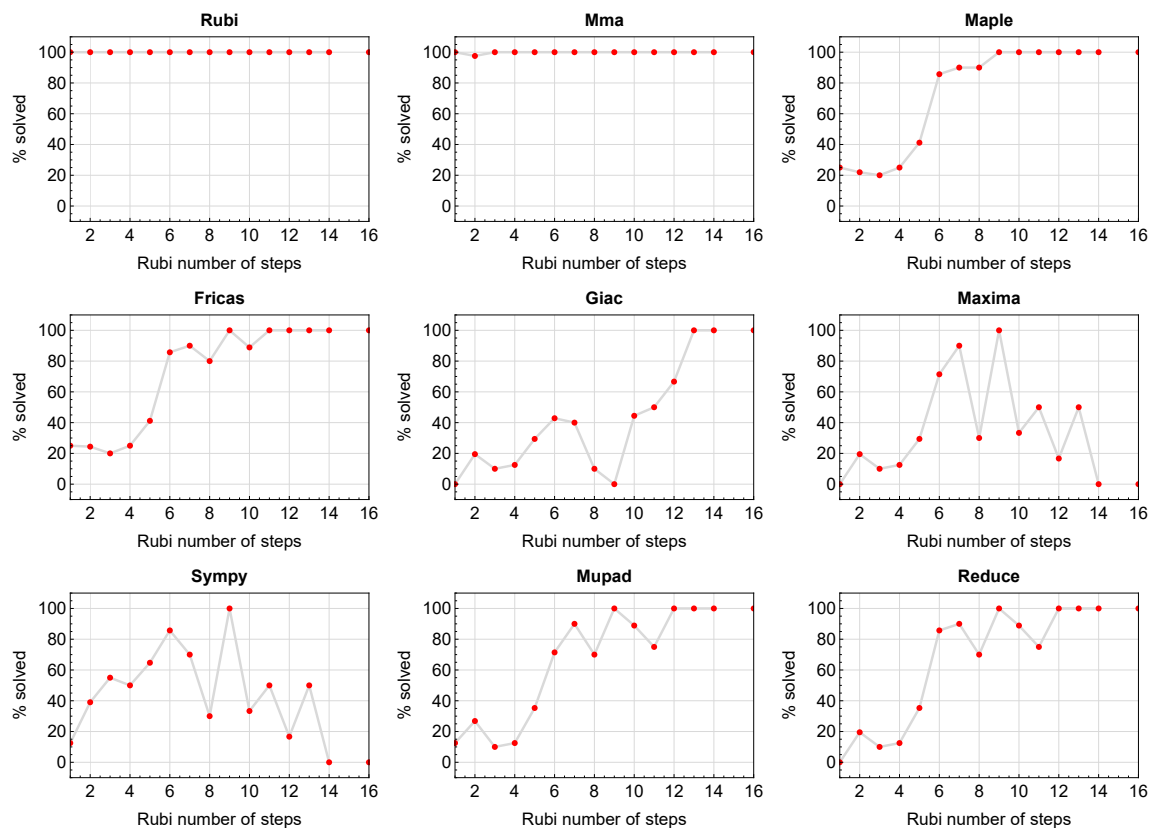


Figure 1.2: Solving statistics per number of Rubi steps used

The above diagram show that the percentage of solved intergals decreases for most CAS systems as the number of steps increases. As expected, for integrals that required less steps by Rubi, CAS systems had more success which indicates the integral was not as hard to solve. As Rubi needed more steps to solve the integral, the solved percentage decreased for most CAS systems which indicates the integral is becoming harder to solve.

## 1.6 Solved integrals histogram based on leaf size of result

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on leaf size of the antiderivatives produced by each CAS. It shows that most integrals solved produced leaf size less than about 100 to 150. The bin size used is 40.

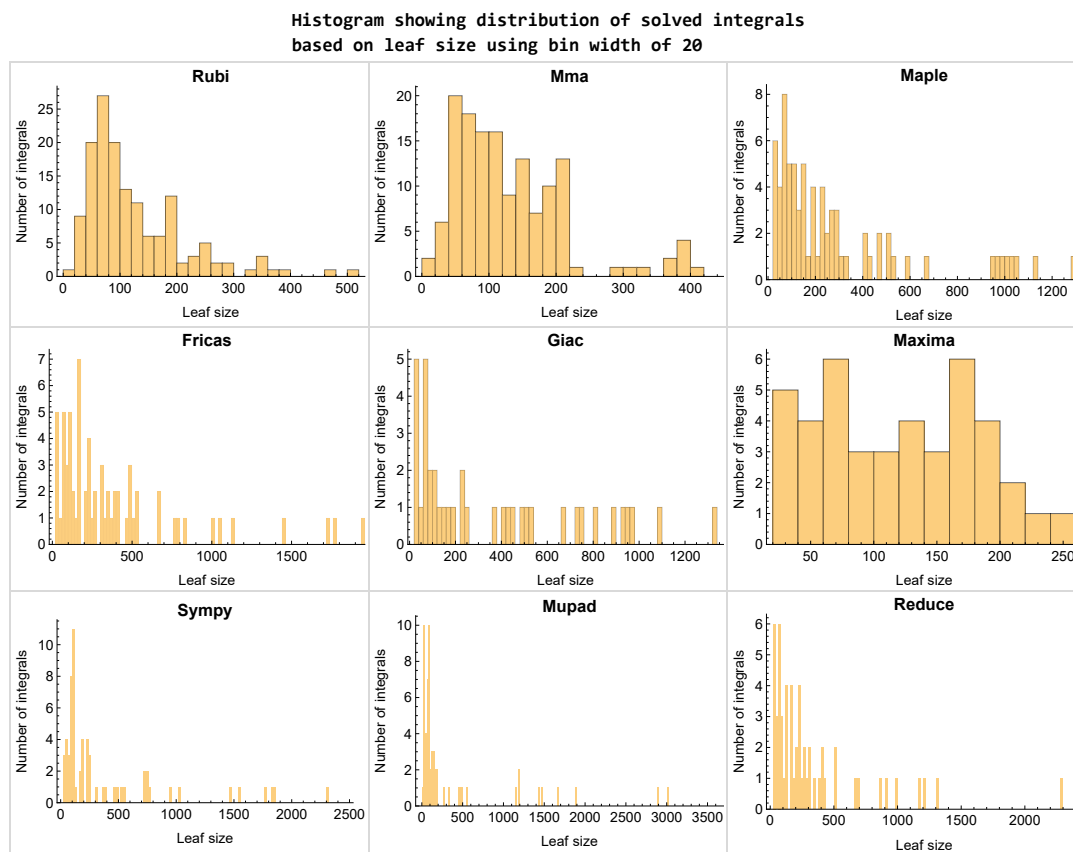


Figure 1.3: Solved integrals based on leaf size distribution

## 1.7 Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

The following shows the distribution of solved integrals for each CAS system based on CPU time used in seconds. The bin size used is 0.1 second.

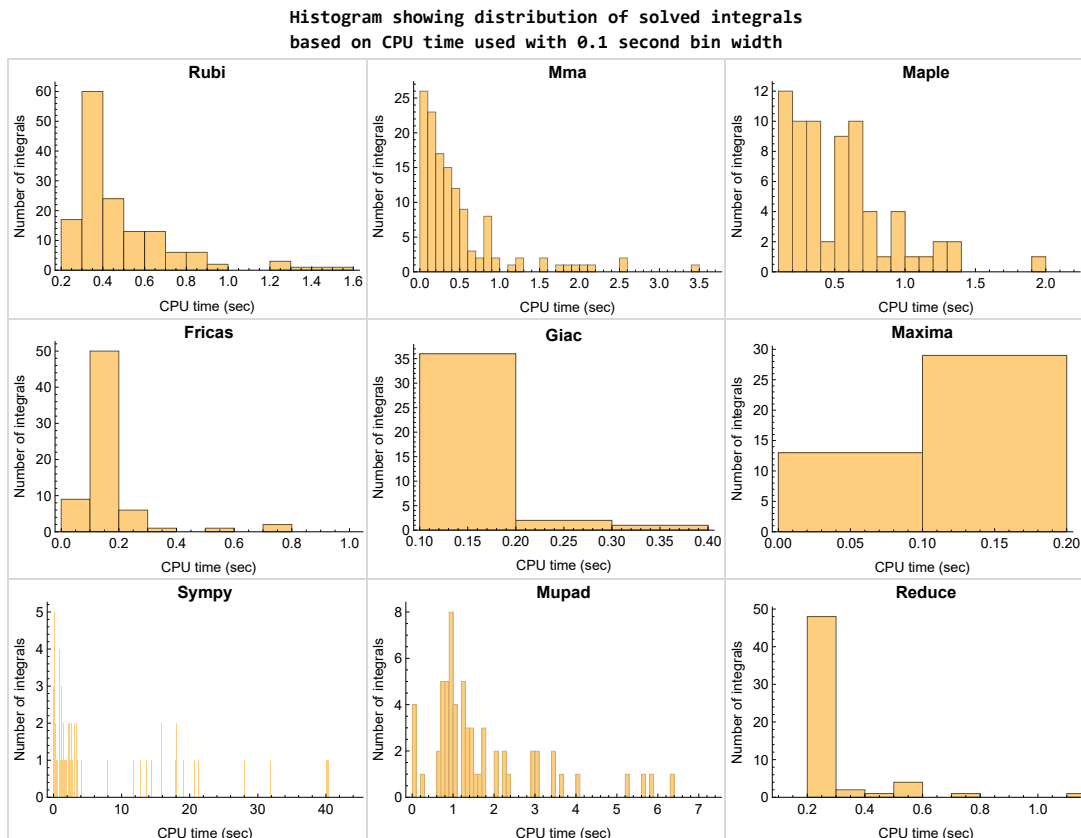


Figure 1.4: Solved integrals histogram based on CPU time used

## 1.8 Leaf size vs. CPU time used

The following shows the relation between the CPU time used to solve an integral and the leaf size of the antiderivative.

The result for Fracas, Maxima and Giac is shifted more to the right than the other CAS system due to the use of sagemath to call them, which causes an initial slight delay in the timing to start the integration due to overhead of starting a new process each time. This should also be taken into account when looking at the timing of these three CAS systems. Direct calls not using sagemath would result in faster timings, but current implementation uses sagemath as this makes testing much easier to do.

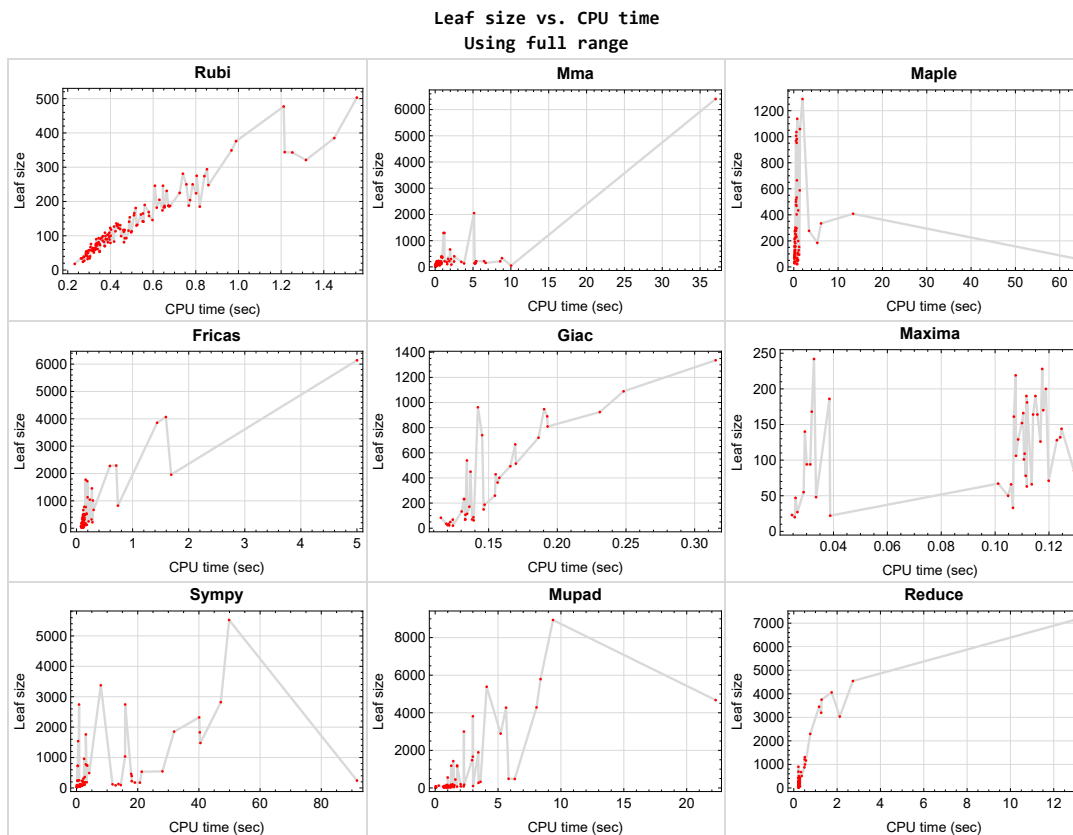


Figure 1.5: Leaf size vs. CPU time. Full range

## 1.9 list of integrals with no known antiderivative

{}

## 1.10 List of integrals solved by CAS but has no known antiderivative

Rubi {}

Mathematica {}

Maple {}

Maxima {}

Fricas {}

Sympy {}

Giac {}

Reduce {}

Mupad {}

## 1.11 list of integrals solved by CAS but failed verification

The following are integrals solved by CAS but the verification phase failed to verify the anti-derivative produced is correct. This does not necessarily mean that the anti-derivative is wrong as additional methods of verification might be needed, or more time is needed (3 minutes time limit was used). These integrals are listed here to make it possible to do further investigation to determine why the result could not be verified.

Rubi {}

Mathematica {49, 89, 90, 97, 98, 101, 102, 105, 106, 109, 110, 113, 114, 117, 118, 123, 124, 125, 126, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147}

**Maple** {}

**Maxima** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Fricas** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Sympy** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Giac** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Reduce** Verification phase not currently implemented.

**Mupad** Verification phase not currently implemented.

## 1.12 Timing

The command `AbsoluteTiming[]` was used in Mathematica to obtain the elapsed time for each integrate call. In Maple, the command `Usage` was used as in the following example

```
cpu_time := Usage(assign ('result_of_int',int(expr,x)),output='realtime')
```

For all other CAS systems, the elapsed time to complete each integral was found by taking the difference between the time after the call completed from the time before the call was made. This was done using Python's `time.time()` call.

All elapsed times shown are in seconds. A time limit of 3 CPU minutes was used for each integral. If the integrate command did not complete within this time limit, the integral was aborted and considered to have failed and assigned an F grade. The time used by failed integrals due to time out was not counted in the final statistics.

## 1.13 Verification

A verification phase was applied on the result of integration for **Rubi** and **Mathematica**.

Future version of this report will implement verification for the other CAS systems. For the integrals whose result was not run through a verification phase, it is assumed that the antiderivative was correct.

Verification phase also had 3 minutes time out. An integral whose result was not verified could still be correct, but further investigation is needed on those integrals. These integrals were marked in the summary table below and also in each integral separate section so they are easy to identify and locate.

## 1.14 Important notes about some of the results

### Important note about Maxima results

Since tests were run in a batch mode, and using an automated script, then any integral where Maxima needed an interactive response from the user to answer a question during the evaluation of the integral will fail.

The exception raised is `ValueError`. Therefore Maxima results is lower than what would result if Maxima was run directly and each question was answered correctly.

The percentage of such failures were not counted for each test file, but for an example, for the `Timofeev` test file, there were about 14 such integrals out of total 705, or about 2 percent. This percentage can be higher or lower depending on the specific input test file.

Such integrals can be identified by looking at the output of the integration in each section for Maxima. The exception message will indicate the cause of error.

Maxima `integrate` was run using SageMath with the following settings set by default

```
'besselexpand : true'  
'display2d : false'  
'domain : complex'  
'keepfloat : true'  
'load(to_poly_solve)'  
'load(simplify_sum)'  
'load(abs_integrate)' 'load(diag)'
```

SageMath automatic loading of Maxima `abs_integrate` was found to cause some problems. So the following code was added to disable this effect.

```
from sage.interfaces.maxima_lib import maxima_lib  
maxima_lib.set('extra_definite_integration_methods', '[]')  
maxima_lib.set('extra_integration_methods', '[]')
```

See <https://ask.sagemath.org/question/43088/integrate-results-that-are-different-from-using-maxima/> for reference.



## Important note about FriCAS result

There were few integrals which failed due to SageMath interface and not because FriCAS system could not do the integration.

These will fail With error `Exception raised: NotImplementedError`.

The number of such cases seems to be very small. About 1 or 2 percent of all integrals. These can be identified by looking at the exception message given in the result.

## Important note about finding leaf size of antiderivative

For Mathematica, Rubi, and Maple, the builtin system function `LeafSize` was used to find the leaf size of each antiderivative.

The other CAS systems (SageMath and Sympy) do not have special builtin function for this purpose at this time. Therefore the leaf size for Fricas and Sympy antiderivative was determined using the following function, thanks to user `slelievre` at [https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf\\_count-function-in-base-sagemath/](https://ask.sagemath.org/question/57123/could-we-have-a-leaf_count-function-in-base-sagemath/)

```
def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)
```

For Sympy, which was called directly from Python, the following code was used to obtain the leafsize of its result

```
try:  
    # 1.7 is a fudge factor since it is low side from actual leaf count  
    leafCount = round(1.7*count_ops(anti))  
  
except Exception as ee:  
    leafCount = 1
```

### Important note about Mupad results

Matlab's symbolic toolbox does not have a leaf count function to measure the size of the antiderivative. Maple was used to determine the leaf size of Mupad output by post processing Mupad result.

Currently no grading of the antiderivative for Mupad is implemented. If it can integrate the problem, it was assigned a B grade automatically as a placeholder. In the future, when grading function is implemented for Mupad, the tests will be rerun again.

The following is an example of using Matlab's symbolic toolbox (Mupad) to solve an integral

```
integrand = evalin(symengine, 'cos(x)*sin(x)')  
the_variable = evalin(symengine, 'x')  
anti = int(integrand,the_variable)
```

Which gives  $\sin(x)^2/2$

# 1.15 Current tree layout of integration tests

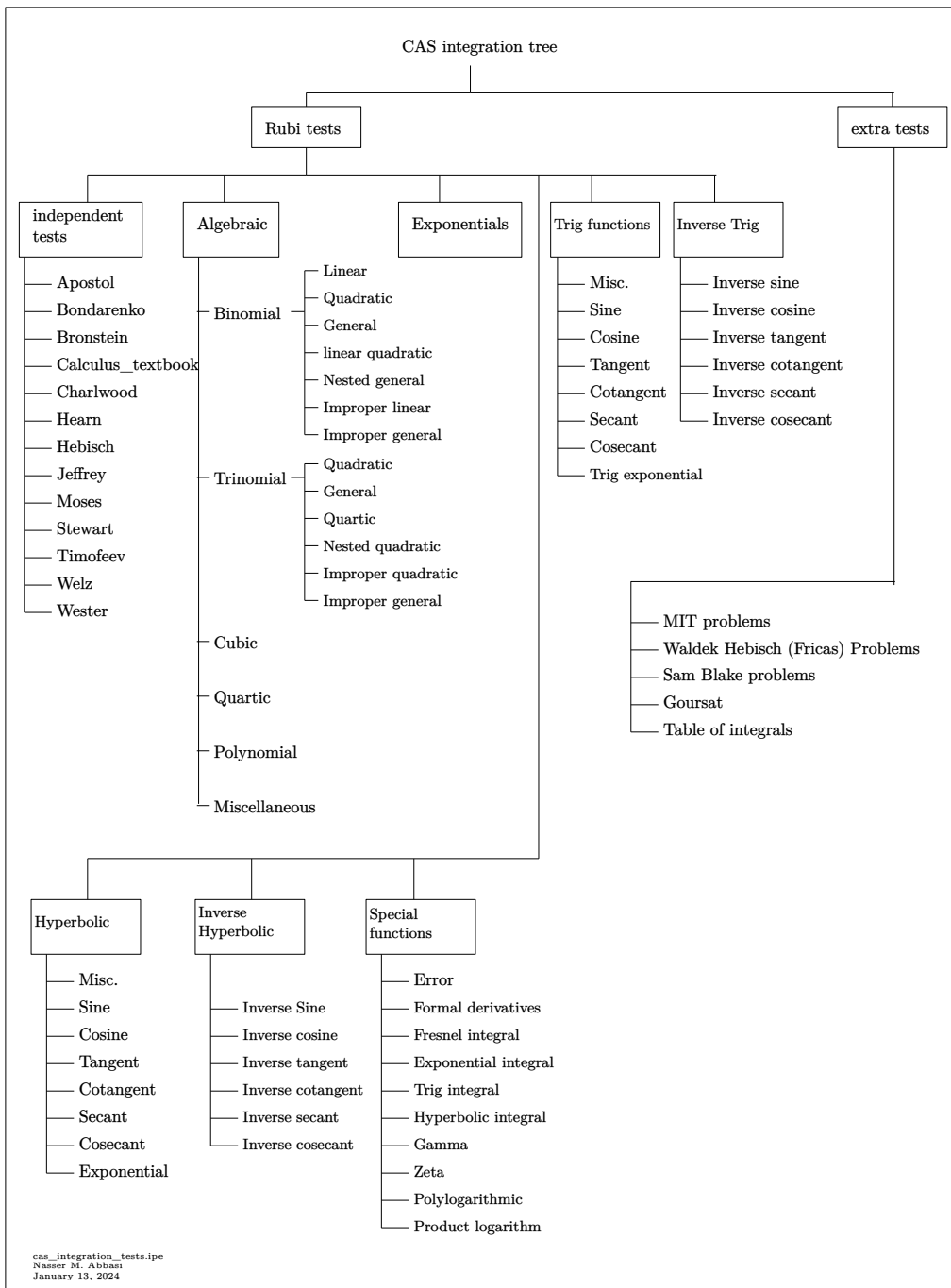
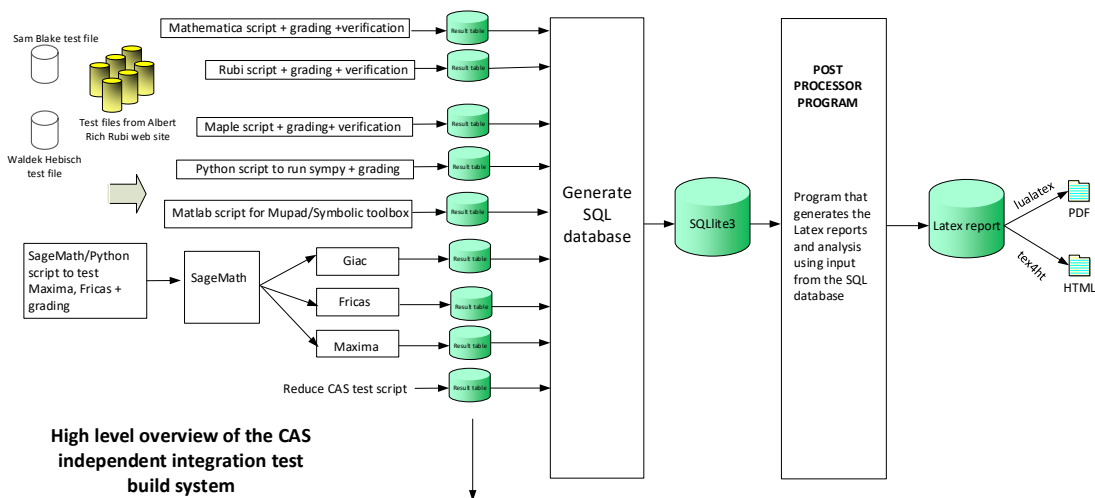


Figure 1.6: CAS integration tests tree

# 1.16 Design of the test system

The following diagram gives a high level view of the current test build system.



**High level overview of the CAS independent integration test build system**

One record (line) per one integral result. The line is CSV comma separated. This is description of each record

1. integer, the problem number.
2. integer. 0 for failed, 1 for passed, -1 for timeout, -2 for CAS specific exception. (this is not the grade field)
3. integer. Leaf size of result.
4. integer. Leaf size of the optimal antiderivative.
5. number. CPU time used to solve this integral. 0 if failed.
6. string. The integral in Latex format
7. string. The input used in CAS own syntax.
8. string. The result (antiderivative) produced by CAS in Latex format
9. string. The optimal antiderivative in Latex format.
10. integer. 0 or 1. Indicates if problem has known antiderivative or not
11. String. The result (antiderivative) in CAS own syntax.
12. String. The grade of the antiderivative. Can be "A", "B", "C", or "E"
13. String. Small string description of why the grade was given.
14. integer. 1 if result was verified or 0 if not verified. (For mma, rubi and maple only)

*The following fields are present only in Rubi Table file*

15. integer. Number of steps used.
16. integer. Number of rules used.
17. integer. Integrand leaf size.
18. real number. Ratio. Field 16 over field 17
19. String of form "{n,n,...}" which is list of the rules used by Rubi
20. String. The optimal antiderivative in Mathematica syntax

Nasser M. Abbasi  
January 13, 2024  
Design note

# CHAPTER 2

## DETAILED SUMMARY TABLES OF RESULTS

2.1	List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS . . . . .	29
2.2	Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems . . . . .	34
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## 2.1 List of integrals sorted by grade for each CAS

Rubi . . . . .	29
Mma . . . . .	30
Maple . . . . .	30
Fricas . . . . .	31
Maxima . . . . .	31
Giac . . . . .	32
Mupad . . . . .	32
Sympy . . . . .	33
Reduce . . . . .	33

### Rubi

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147 }

**B grade** { }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Mma

**A grade** { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 52, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 99, 100, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111, 112, 115, 116, 119, 120, 121, 122, 126, 127, 128, 130, 131, 132, 133, 135 }

**B grade** { 49, 97, 98, 101, 102, 105, 106, 109, 110, 113, 114, 117, 118, 123, 124, 125, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147 }

**C grade** { 1, 51, 53, 81, 82, 83, 89, 90, 129, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142 }

**F normal fail** { 134 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Maple

**A grade** { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 50, 51, 52, 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 67, 68, 69, 70, 75, 76, 77 }

**B grade** { 7, 8, 9, 10, 15, 16, 17, 22, 23, 24, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 127, 128, 129, 130, 135, 136, 137 }

**C grade** { 55 }

**F normal fail** { 49, 54, 63, 64, 65, 66, 71, 72, 73, 74, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 131, 132, 133, 134, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Fricas

**A grade** { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 41, 42, 46, 47, 48, 50, 52, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 70, 128, 129, 130, 135, 136, 137, 138 }

**B grade** { 10, 17, 31, 37, 38, 39, 40, 43, 44, 45, 67, 68, 69, 75, 76, 77, 127 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 49, 51, 54, 63, 66, 71, 72, 73, 74, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 97, 98, 101, 102, 105, 106, 109, 110, 113, 114, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 131, 132, 133, 134, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 1, 64, 65, 95, 96, 99, 100, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111, 112, 115, 116 }

## Maxima

**A grade** { 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 28, 35, 40, 41, 42, 50, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 67, 68, 69, 70, 75, 76, 77 }

**B grade** { 6, 26, 27, 32, 33, 34, 39 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 1, 8, 9, 10, 15, 16, 17, 22, 23, 24, 29, 30, 31, 36, 37, 38, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 63, 64, 65, 66, 71, 72, 73, 74, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }



## Giac

**A grade** { 2, 3, 7, 28, 50, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62 }

**B grade** { 9, 10, 16, 17, 23, 24, 27, 30, 31, 33, 34, 35, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 67, 68, 69, 70, 75, 76, 77 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { 1, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 63, 64, 65, 66, 71, 72, 73, 74, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147 }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }

**F(-2) exception fail** { 4, 5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 29, 32, 36, 37, 43, 119, 120, 121, 127, 128, 129, 136, 137 }

## Mupad

**A grade** { }

**B grade** { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 50, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 67, 68, 69, 70, 75, 76, 77, 122, 130, 138 }

**C grade** { }

**F normal fail** { }

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 1, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 64, 65, 66, 71, 72, 73, 74, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147 }

**F(-2) exception fail** { }

## Sympy

**A grade** { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 35, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60 }  
}

**B grade** { 34, 41, 42, 50, 61, 62, 67, 68, 69, 70, 75, 76, 77, 127, 128, 129, 130, 136, 137, 138 }  
}

**C grade** { 71, 72, 73, 78, 81, 82, 83, 84, 91, 95, 96, 99, 100, 104, 107, 108, 111, 112, 116, 119, 120, 121, 122 }  
}

**F normal fail** { 1, 8, 9, 10, 15, 16, 22, 23, 29, 30, 32, 33, 36, 37, 39, 40, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 63, 64, 65, 66, 79, 80, 85, 88, 89, 90, 94, 97, 98, 101, 102, 103, 105, 106, 109, 110, 113, 114, 115, 117, 118, 125, 135 }  
}

**F(-1) timedout fail** { 17, 24, 31, 38, 45, 54, 74, 144, 145, 146, 147 }  
}

**F(-2) exception fail** { 86, 87, 92, 93, 123, 124, 126, 131, 132, 133, 134, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143 }  
}

## Reduce

**A grade** { }  
}

**B grade** { 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 67, 68, 69, 70, 75, 76, 77 }  
}

**C grade** { }  
}

**F normal fail** { 1, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 63, 64, 65, 66, 71, 72, 73, 74, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147 }  
}

**F(-1) timedout fail** { }  
}

**F(-2) exception fail** { }  
}

## 2.2 Detailed conclusion table per each integral for all CAS systems

Detailed conclusion table per each integral is given by the table below. The elapsed time is in seconds. For failed result it is given as **F(-1)** if the failure was due to timeout. It is given as **F(-2)** if the failure was due to an exception being raised, which could indicate a bug in the system. If the failure was due to integral not being evaluated within the time limit, then it is given as **F**.

In this table, the column **N.S.** means **normalized size** and is defined as  $\frac{\text{antiderivative leaf size}}{\text{optimal antiderivative leaf size}}$ . To make the table fit the page, the name **Mathematica** was abbreviated to **MMA**.

Problem 1	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	545	503	48	408	0	0	0	0	172	0
N.S.	1	0.92	0.09	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.32	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.555	10.029	13.389	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 2	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	83	78	63	66	66	85	68	64	94
N.S.	1	1.41	1.32	1.07	1.12	1.12	1.44	1.15	1.08	1.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	0.026	0.670	0.114	0.080	0.130	0.133	0.221	0.690

Problem 3	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	81	78	63	66	66	85	68	64	94
N.S.	1	1.37	1.32	1.07	1.12	1.12	1.44	1.15	1.08	1.59
time (sec)	N/A	0.464	0.008	0.126	0.106	0.116	0.142	0.124	0.205	0.042

Problem 4	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	120	154	118	160	164	311	461	0	267	173
N.S.	1	1.28	0.98	1.33	1.37	2.59	3.84	0.00	2.22	1.44
time (sec)	N/A	0.491	0.352	0.198	0.116	0.130	17.862	0.000	0.233	2.307

Problem 5	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	99	84	115	126	213	129	0	173	99
N.S.	1	1.15	0.98	1.34	1.47	2.48	1.50	0.00	2.01	1.15
time (sec)	N/A	0.377	0.304	0.196	0.117	0.097	13.699	0.000	0.233	1.344

Problem 6	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	72	52	84	106	133	95	0	98	92
N.S.	1	1.18	0.85	1.38	1.74	2.18	1.56	0.00	1.61	1.51
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.178	0.173	0.108	0.139	14.466	0.000	0.240	1.415

Problem 7	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	39	72	50	104	42	62	37	58
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.85	1.28	2.67	1.08	1.59	0.95	1.49
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.020	0.132	0.105	0.142	0.988	0.139	0.218	0.651

Problem 8	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	113	100	232	0	492	0	0	231	149
N.S.	1	1.09	0.96	2.23	0.00	4.73	0.00	0.00	2.22	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.500	0.335	0.513	0.000	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.257	0.961

Problem 9	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	162	122	477	0	773	0	401	996	1195
N.S.	1	1.10	0.83	3.24	0.00	5.26	0.00	2.73	6.78	8.13
time (sec)	N/A	0.543	0.597	0.521	0.000	0.164	0.000	0.158	0.518	1.746

Problem 10	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	213	250	189	969	0	1721	0	809	3447	1895
N.S.	1	1.17	0.89	4.55	0.00	8.08	0.00	3.80	16.18	8.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.756	1.520	0.510	0.000	0.192	0.000	0.193	1.167	3.431

Problem 11	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	146	166	159	214	190	385	1828	0	342	327
N.S.	1	1.14	1.09	1.47	1.30	2.64	12.52	0.00	2.34	2.24
time (sec)	N/A	0.512	0.422	0.188	0.115	0.110	40.279	0.000	0.271	3.602

Problem 12	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	118	115	153	152	273	546	0	227	197
N.S.	1	1.05	1.03	1.37	1.36	2.44	4.88	0.00	2.03	1.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.403	0.385	0.207	0.110	0.129	28.069	0.000	0.226	2.026

Problem 13	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	85	91	73	105	132	169	177	0	122	81
N.S.	1	1.07	0.86	1.24	1.55	1.99	2.08	0.00	1.44	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.353	0.275	0.201	0.124	0.133	19.048	0.000	0.218	2.035

Problem 14	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	58	46	78	63	105	92	0	59	34
N.S.	1	1.05	0.84	1.42	1.15	1.91	1.67	0.00	1.07	0.62
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.015	0.130	0.112	0.144	1.477	0.000	0.238	0.829

Problem 15	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	106	115	103	245	0	529	0	0	408	556
N.S.	1	1.08	0.97	2.31	0.00	4.99	0.00	0.00	3.85	5.25
time (sec)	N/A	0.485	0.433	0.457	0.000	0.180	0.000	0.000	0.269	0.999

Problem 16	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	156	188	144	501	0	781	0	514	873	448
N.S.	1	1.21	0.92	3.21	0.00	5.01	0.00	3.29	5.60	2.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.672	0.565	0.486	0.000	0.138	0.000	0.170	0.490	1.609

Problem 17	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	209	225	169	1007	0	1775	0	720	3196	1664
N.S.	1	1.08	0.81	4.82	0.00	8.49	0.00	3.44	15.29	7.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.724	0.704	0.526	0.000	0.163	0.000	0.186	1.264	2.998

Problem 18	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	190	201	273	219	499	5523	0	438	487
N.S.	1	1.07	1.13	1.53	1.23	2.80	31.03	0.00	2.46	2.74
time (sec)	N/A	0.560	0.539	0.253	0.108	0.125	49.877	0.000	0.276	5.837

Problem 19	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	138	136	145	194	181	355	1853	0	298	271
N.S.	1	0.99	1.05	1.41	1.31	2.57	13.43	0.00	2.16	1.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.428	0.428	0.217	0.112	0.133	31.883	0.000	0.228	3.448

Problem 20	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	109	94	129	161	227	534	0	177	99
N.S.	1	0.98	0.85	1.16	1.45	2.05	4.81	0.00	1.59	0.89
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.314	0.194	0.107	0.117	21.311	0.000	0.267	3.012

Problem 21	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	74	76	64	94	78	144	99	0	84	34
N.S.	1	1.03	0.86	1.27	1.05	1.95	1.34	0.00	1.14	0.46
time (sec)	N/A	0.309	0.064	0.141	0.111	0.145	2.163	0.000	0.223	0.996

Problem 22	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	134	146	117	278	0	669	0	0	677	1427
N.S.	1	1.09	0.87	2.07	0.00	4.99	0.00	0.00	5.05	10.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.597	0.442	0.506	0.000	0.305	0.000	0.000	0.336	1.435

Problem 23	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	166	186	146	517	0	1013	0	667	1310	1153
N.S.	1	1.12	0.88	3.11	0.00	6.10	0.00	4.02	7.89	6.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.675	0.652	0.531	0.000	0.292	0.000	0.169	0.508	1.748



Problem 24	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F(-1)	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	237	274	205	1036	0	1457	0	947	3036	1476
N.S.	1	1.16	0.86	4.37	0.00	6.15	0.00	4.00	12.81	6.23
time (sec)	N/A	0.840	0.668	0.592	0.000	0.274	0.000	0.190	2.122	2.941

Problem 25	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	105	131	95	130	166	238	391	0	189	107
N.S.	1	1.25	0.90	1.24	1.58	2.27	3.72	0.00	1.80	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.446	0.345	0.328	0.110	0.120	18.035	0.000	0.219	1.054

Problem 26	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	73	82	66	105	129	163	119	0	122	63
N.S.	1	1.12	0.90	1.44	1.77	2.23	1.63	0.00	1.67	0.86
time (sec)	N/A	0.370	0.243	0.315	0.109	0.139	11.758	0.000	0.221	0.943

Problem 27	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	51	51	51	84	109	120	85	87	64	88
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.65	2.14	2.35	1.67	1.71	1.25	1.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.153	0.300	0.111	0.184	12.770	0.139	0.260	1.355

Problem 28	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	43	71	67	103	44	69	38	66
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.65	1.56	2.40	1.02	1.60	0.88	1.53
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.021	0.250	0.101	0.123	1.209	0.138	0.227	0.758

Problem 29	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	108	120	104	229	0	512	0	0	301	1183
N.S.	1	1.11	0.96	2.12	0.00	4.74	0.00	0.00	2.79	10.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.445	0.394	0.593	0.000	0.140	0.000	0.000	0.266	1.278

Problem 30	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	172	205	149	469	0	1131	0	493	1164	3813
N.S.	1	1.19	0.87	2.73	0.00	6.58	0.00	2.87	6.77	22.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.630	0.819	0.599	0.000	0.197	0.000	0.166	0.561	3.000

Problem 31	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	250	294	215	953	0	2277	0	890	3752	2890
N.S.	1	1.18	0.86	3.81	0.00	9.11	0.00	3.56	15.01	11.56
time (sec)	N/A	0.852	1.864	0.652	0.000	0.594	0.000	0.193	1.282	5.207

Problem 32	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	F(-2)	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	141	113	226	200	341	0	0	240	172
N.S.	1	1.36	1.09	2.17	1.92	3.28	0.00	0.00	2.31	1.65
time (sec)	N/A	0.488	0.340	0.356	0.119	0.112	0.000	0.000	0.263	1.234

Problem 33	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	F	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	100	89	182	164	277	0	187	172	120
N.S.	1	1.19	1.06	2.17	1.95	3.30	0.00	2.23	2.05	1.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.401	0.315	0.341	0.114	0.112	0.000	0.147	0.218	1.281

Problem 34	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	70	159	144	215	224	149	122	71
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	2.09	1.89	2.83	2.95	1.96	1.61	0.93
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.220	0.328	0.125	0.283	18.035	0.146	0.208	1.741

Problem 35	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	A	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	60	67	57	116	85	161	71	114	68	34
N.S.	1	1.12	0.95	1.93	1.42	2.68	1.18	1.90	1.13	0.57
time (sec)	N/A	0.307	0.064	0.279	0.129	0.121	1.847	0.134	0.217	0.900

Problem 36	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	147	182	144	297	0	1045	0	0	507	3000
N.S.	1	1.24	0.98	2.02	0.00	7.11	0.00	0.00	3.45	20.41
time (sec)	N/A	0.617	0.733	0.628	0.000	0.237	0.000	0.000	0.366	2.287

Problem 37	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	224	275	215	533	0	2291	0	0	2294	4274
N.S.	1	1.23	0.96	2.38	0.00	10.23	0.00	0.00	10.24	19.08
time (sec)	N/A	0.804	1.239	0.648	0.000	0.708	0.000	0.000	0.760	5.637

Problem 38	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	320	376	298	983	0	4063	0	1089	4543	8936
N.S.	1	1.18	0.93	3.07	0.00	12.70	0.00	3.40	14.20	27.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.989	2.096	0.687	0.000	1.593	0.000	0.248	2.730	9.372

Problem 39	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	B	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	125	165	134	302	228	488	0	429	381	194
N.S.	1	1.32	1.07	2.42	1.82	3.90	0.00	3.43	3.05	1.55
time (sec)	N/A	0.553	0.371	0.373	0.117	0.156	0.000	0.155	0.261	1.386

Problem 40	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	111	123	112	287	190	412	0	363	304	144
N.S.	1	1.11	1.01	2.59	1.71	3.71	0.00	3.27	2.74	1.30
time (sec)	N/A	0.437	0.295	0.358	0.112	0.114	0.000	0.157	0.218	1.529

Problem 41	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	103	99	91	254	170	336	1479	259	225	87
N.S.	1	0.96	0.88	2.47	1.65	3.26	14.36	2.51	2.18	0.84
time (sec)	N/A	0.365	0.241	0.349	0.118	0.101	40.487	0.155	0.244	2.270

Problem 42	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	90	72	157	101	230	774	171	136	34
N.S.	1	1.14	0.91	1.99	1.28	2.91	9.80	2.16	1.72	0.43
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.046	0.297	0.111	0.110	3.030	0.136	0.255	1.059

Problem 43	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	201	250	200	403	0	1959	0	0	1212	5387
N.S.	1	1.24	1.00	2.00	0.00	9.75	0.00	0.00	6.03	26.80
time (sec)	N/A	0.785	0.803	0.648	0.000	1.688	0.000	0.000	0.504	4.096

Problem 44	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	287	349	305	665	0	3856	0	924	4057	5789
N.S.	1	1.22	1.06	2.32	0.00	13.44	0.00	3.22	14.14	20.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.967	1.705	0.690	0.000	1.436	0.000	0.231	1.747	8.379

Problem 45	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	409	477	404	1138	0	6140	0	1336	7135	4284
N.S.	1	1.17	0.99	2.78	0.00	15.01	0.00	3.27	17.44	10.47
time (sec)	N/A	1.212	2.530	0.783	0.000	5.001	0.000	0.315	12.946	8.059

Problem 46	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	129	176	220	0	824	0	0	236	4674
N.S.	1	1.05	1.43	1.79	0.00	6.70	0.00	0.00	1.92	38.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.432	0.546	0.266	0.000	0.738	0.000	0.000	0.238	22.301

Problem 47	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	113	155	0	247	0	0	102	478
N.S.	1	1.00	1.40	1.91	0.00	3.05	0.00	0.00	1.26	5.90
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.392	0.292	0.000	0.215	0.000	0.000	0.212	6.330

Problem 48	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	123	126	280	0	319	0	0	260	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.03	2.30	0.00	2.61	0.00	0.00	2.13	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.399	0.495	0.307	0.000	0.268	0.000	0.000	0.212	0.000

Problem 49	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	95	96	206	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.394	0.501	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.251	0.000

Problem 50	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	39	39	40	34	33	98	82	33	52	32
N.S.	1	1.00	1.03	0.87	0.85	2.51	2.10	0.85	1.33	0.82
time (sec)	N/A	0.275	0.032	0.115	0.107	0.100	0.183	0.121	0.246	0.085

Problem 51	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	233	246	205	277	0	0	0	0	167	0
N.S.	1	1.06	0.88	1.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.646	2.505	3.438	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.458	0.000

Problem 52	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	198	246	86	94	0	116	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.24	0.43	0.47	0.00	0.59	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.608	2.138	1.217	0.000	0.133	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 53	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	A	<b>F</b>	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	234	281	191	185	0	164	0	0	503	0
N.S.	1	1.20	0.82	0.79	0.00	0.70	0.00	0.00	2.15	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.740	3.461	5.302	0.000	0.160	0.000	0.000	0.591	0.000

Problem 54	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	104	0	0	0	0	0	419	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.32	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.400	0.268	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.000

Problem 55	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	C	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	145	130	129	42	128	390	71	133	163	123
N.S.	1	0.90	0.89	0.29	0.88	2.69	0.49	0.92	1.12	0.85
time (sec)	N/A	0.522	0.092	0.200	0.123	0.141	0.237	0.130	0.256	0.284



Problem 56	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	49	53	51	48	47	48	82	49	51	49
N.S.	1	1.08	1.04	0.98	0.96	0.98	1.67	1.00	1.04	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.349	0.055	0.671	0.026	0.128	0.187	0.122	0.213	0.705

Problem 57	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	26	32	26	21	20	20	24	20	20	20
N.S.	1	1.23	1.00	0.81	0.77	0.77	0.92	0.77	0.77	0.77
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.022	0.775	0.026	0.094	0.074	0.124	0.211	0.034

Problem 58	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	17	24	17	24	23	23	27	24	23	13
N.S.	1	1.41	1.00	1.41	1.35	1.35	1.59	1.41	1.35	0.76
time (sec)	N/A	0.271	0.026	0.683	0.025	0.122	0.093	0.120	0.225	0.706

Problem 59	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	104	110	104	66	71	71	102	71	70	90
N.S.	1	1.06	1.00	0.63	0.68	0.68	0.98	0.68	0.67	0.87
time (sec)	N/A	0.497	0.195	63.277	0.120	0.128	1.589	0.133	0.287	0.795

Problem 60	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	30	34	28	23	22	22	26	23	22	22
N.S.	1	1.13	0.93	0.77	0.73	0.73	0.87	0.77	0.73	0.73
time (sec)	N/A	0.302	0.027	0.689	0.039	0.087	0.087	0.121	0.230	0.045

Problem 61	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	55	55	64	54	55	99	246	107	82	53
N.S.	1	1.00	1.16	0.98	1.00	1.80	4.47	1.95	1.49	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.350	0.109	0.953	0.029	0.106	0.395	0.133	0.209	0.929

Problem 62	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	A	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	27	27	27	27	27	37	61	35	30	26
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.37	2.26	1.30	1.11	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.277	0.059	0.149	0.027	0.103	0.167	0.119	0.229	1.224

Problem 63	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	38	38	38	0	0	0	0	0	24	35
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.63	0.92
time (sec)	N/A	0.276	0.135	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.216	1.204

Problem 64	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	79	79	79	0	0	0	0	0	366	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.63	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.430	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 65	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	76	76	76	0	0	0	0	0	146	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.92	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.332	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.248	0.000

Problem 66	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	72	0	0	0	0	0	165	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.29	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.285	0.000

Problem 67	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	132	110	128	186	527	2744	740	690	131
N.S.	1	1.00	0.83	0.97	1.41	3.99	20.79	5.61	5.23	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.526	0.692	1.130	0.038	0.178	0.821	0.145	0.213	0.916

Problem 68	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	99	99	90	96	140	319	1540	450	418	99
N.S.	1	1.00	0.91	0.97	1.41	3.22	15.56	4.55	4.22	1.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.450	0.246	0.870	0.029	0.143	0.520	0.137	0.201	0.837

Problem 69	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	68	94	175	726	232	214	71
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.34	2.50	10.37	3.31	3.06	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.373	0.164	0.717	0.030	0.156	0.429	0.132	0.221	0.814

Problem 70	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	40	40	37	39	48	69	236	83	75	38
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.98	1.20	1.72	5.90	2.08	1.88	0.95
time (sec)	N/A	0.305	0.116	0.168	0.034	0.104	0.257	0.115	0.216	0.964

Problem 71	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	43	43	40	0	0	0	110	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.56	0.00	0.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.148	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.063	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 72	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	73	56	0	0	0	741	0	551	0
N.S.	1	1.03	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.44	0.00	7.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.351	0.090	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.501	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 73	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	78	58	0	0	0	2319	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	38.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.341	0.096	0.000	0.000	0.000	40.087	0.000	0.280	0.000

Problem 74	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	78	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.28	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.337	0.111	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.239	0.000

Problem 75	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	158	158	149	154	242	667	3376	962	902	157
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.97	1.53	4.22	21.37	6.09	5.71	0.99
time (sec)	N/A	0.581	0.822	1.212	0.033	0.121	7.935	0.142	0.213	0.941

Problem 76	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	112	112	105	109	168	370	1760	539	503	108
N.S.	1	1.00	0.94	0.97	1.50	3.30	15.71	4.81	4.49	0.96
time (sec)	N/A	0.463	0.816	0.932	0.032	0.128	3.045	0.134	0.232	0.821

Problem 77	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	A	A	B	B	B	B	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	70	70	70	68	94	175	726	232	214	71
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.97	1.34	2.50	10.37	3.31	3.06	1.01
time (sec)	N/A	0.374	0.165	0.717	0.031	0.088	0.389	0.132	0.264	0.782

Problem 78	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	93	82	0	0	0	235	0	156	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.80	0.00	1.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.467	0.233	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.759	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 79	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	117	95	0	0	0	0	0	955	0
N.S.	1	1.02	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.461	0.275	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 80	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	167	169	133	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.580	0.219	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 81	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	238	321	133	0	0	0	488	0	955	0
N.S.	1	1.35	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.05	0.00	4.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.317	3.822	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.136	0.000	0.219	0.000

Problem 82	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	155	185	104	0	0	0	360	0	444	0
N.S.	1	1.19	0.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.32	0.00	2.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.819	1.594	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.693	0.000	0.229	0.000

Problem 83	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	84	93	75	0	0	0	235	0	156	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.80	0.00	1.86	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.475	0.525	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.954	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 84	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	42	42	40	0	0	0	110	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.62	0.00	0.88	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.137	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.159	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 85	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	72	64	0	0	0	0	0	28	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.333	0.105	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.223	0.000

Problem 86	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	123	141	121	0	0	0	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.555	0.205	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.231	0.000

Problem 87	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	210	248	210	0	0	0	0	0	84	0
N.S.	1	1.18	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.859	0.293	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.219	0.000



Problem 88	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	264	344	217	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.30	0.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.217	6.459	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.287	0.000

Problem 89	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	180	204	2050	0	0	0	0	0	1397	0
N.S.	1	1.13	11.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.773	5.137	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 90	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	115	117	666	0	0	0	0	0	955	0
N.S.	1	1.02	5.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.467	1.971	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 91	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	71	72	56	0	0	0	741	0	551	0
N.S.	1	1.01	0.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.44	0.00	7.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.336	0.095	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.360	0.000	0.253	0.000

Problem 92	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	122	142	108	0	0	0	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.551	0.246	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 93	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	224	147	0	0	0	0	0	103	0
N.S.	1	1.16	0.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.801	0.317	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 94	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	299	343	233	0	0	0	0	0	150	0
N.S.	1	1.15	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.50	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.253	0.444	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.248	0.000

Problem 95	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	214	0	0	0	185	0	1522	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	8.14	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.679	5.403	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.821	0.000	0.277	0.000

Problem 96	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	97	0	0	0	114	0	489	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00	5.43	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.385	0.113	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.395	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 97	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	181	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.340	0.402	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.252	0.000

Problem 98	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	360	0	0	0	0	0	33	0
N.S.	1	1.00	5.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.54	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.943	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.376	0.000

Problem 99	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F(-2)	C	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	183	183	141	0	0	0	182	0	871	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	4.76	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.650	5.265	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.358	0.000	0.262	0.000

Problem 100	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	86	86	79	0	0	0	112	0	206	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	0.00	2.40	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.363	0.117	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.200	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 101	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	181	0	0	0	0	0	37	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.161	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 102	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	391	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.00	6.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.07	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.316	0.838	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.474	0.000

Problem 103	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	178	174	130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.73	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.644	5.258	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.255	0.000

Problem 104	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	103	77	0	0	0	112	0	706	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00	7.59	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.386	0.116	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.374	0.000	0.275	0.000

Problem 105	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	382	0	0	0	0	0	65	0
N.S.	1	1.00	5.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.02	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	0.802	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.497	0.000

Problem 106	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	1294	0	0	0	0	0	112	0
N.S.	1	1.00	20.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.75	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.328	1.224	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.692	0.000

Problem 107	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	214	0	0	0	185	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.653	5.416	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.321	0.000	0.288	0.000

Problem 108	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	97	0	0	0	114	0	501	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.27	0.00	5.57	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.378	0.115	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.493	0.000	0.297	0.000

Problem 109	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	181	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.327	0.374	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.266	0.000

Problem 110	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	364	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	5.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.935	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.361	0.000

Problem 111	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	187	146	0	0	0	182	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.78	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.97	0.00	0.30	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.672	5.260	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.130	0.000	0.242	0.000

Problem 112	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	90	90	83	0	0	0	112	0	31	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.92	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.24	0.00	0.34	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.382	0.139	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.178	0.000	0.230	0.000

Problem 113	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	181	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.331	0.544	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.224	0.000

Problem 114	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	61	61	391	0	0	0	0	0	52	0
N.S.	1	1.00	6.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.85	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.322	0.872	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000

Problem 115	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	187	183	140	0	0	0	0	0	113	0
N.S.	1	0.98	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.654	5.313	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.254	0.000

Problem 116	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	103	77	0	0	0	112	0	69	0
N.S.	1	1.11	0.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00	0.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.389	0.146	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.561	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 117	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	382	0	0	0	0	0	64	0
N.S.	1	1.00	5.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.330	0.846	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.208	0.000

Problem 118	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	64	64	1294	0	0	0	0	0	110	0
N.S.	1	1.00	20.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.72	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.318	1.104	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 119	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	395	385	168	0	0	0	243	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.97	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	1.449	5.317	0.000	0.000	0.000	91.679	0.000	0.316	0.000



Problem 120	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	197	188	140	0	0	0	175	0	0	0
N.S.	1	0.95	0.71	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.89	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.767	5.223	0.000	0.000	0.000	20.709	0.000	0.241	0.000

Problem 121	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	89	89	94	0	0	0	107	0	1336	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.00	15.01	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.396	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.618	0.000	0.211	0.000

Problem 122	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	46	46	46	0	0	0	46	0	96	47
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	2.09	1.02
time (sec)	N/A	0.284	0.003	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.893	0.000	0.217	1.490

Problem 123	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	<b>No</b>	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	180	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.326	0.490	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 124	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	180	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.324	0.387	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.225	0.000

Problem 125	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	59	59	180	0	0	0	0	0	47	0
N.S.	1	1.00	3.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.321	0.500	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.291	0.000

Problem 126	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	93	93	94	0	0	0	0	0	56	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.345	0.178	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.240	0.000

Problem 127	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	B	B	F(-2)	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	193	160	218	1290	0	478	2822	0	461	0
N.S.	1	0.83	1.13	6.68	0.00	2.48	14.62	0.00	2.39	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.511	0.215	1.970	0.000	0.130	47.156	0.000	0.227	0.000

Problem 128	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	109	113	588	0	231	1035	0	269	0
N.S.	1	0.86	0.89	4.63	0.00	1.82	8.15	0.00	2.12	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.395	0.143	1.352	0.000	0.117	15.862	0.000	0.216	0.000

Problem 129	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	72	58	82	199	0	85	311	0	125	0
N.S.	1	0.81	1.14	2.76	0.00	1.18	4.32	0.00	1.74	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.301	0.178	0.992	0.000	0.087	2.272	0.000	0.236	0.000

Problem 130	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	18	18	18	47	0	31	42	0	34	75
N.S.	1	1.00	1.00	2.61	0.00	1.72	2.33	0.00	1.89	4.17
time (sec)	N/A	0.233	0.058	0.924	0.000	0.102	0.804	0.000	0.224	1.043

Problem 131	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	53	53	52	0	0	0	0	0	34	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.285	0.073	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.222	0.000

Problem 132	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	54	54	53	0	0	0	0	0	125	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.31	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.287	0.093	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.237	0.000

Problem 133	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	55	0	0	0	0	0	269	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.80	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.293	0.083	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.268	0.000

Problem 134	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	F	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	N/A	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	164	181	0	0	0	0	0	0	86	0
N.S.	1	1.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.519	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.205	0.000

Problem 135	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	A	B	F	A	F	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	57	57	55	334	0	108	0	0	144	0
N.S.	1	1.00	0.96	5.86	0.00	1.89	0.00	0.00	2.53	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.312	0.597	6.151	0.000	0.136	0.000	0.000	0.226	0.000

Problem 136	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	253	231	136	1059	0	400	2746	0	341	0
N.S.	1	0.91	0.54	4.19	0.00	1.58	10.85	0.00	1.35	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.664	0.479	1.397	0.000	0.117	15.894	0.000	0.273	0.000

Problem 137	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	B	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	113	94	434	0	173	959	0	173	0
N.S.	1	0.89	0.74	3.42	0.00	1.36	7.55	0.00	1.36	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.424	0.223	1.004	0.000	0.093	2.492	0.000	0.218	0.000

Problem 138	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	A	B	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	B
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	50	50	55	0	0	68	250	0	58	64
N.S.	1	1.00	1.10	0.00	0.00	1.36	5.00	0.00	1.16	1.28
time (sec)	N/A	0.295	0.065	0.000	0.000	0.081	0.832	0.000	0.209	1.098

Problem 139	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-2)</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F(-1)</b>
verified	N/A	Yes	Yes	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	94	95	153	0	0	0	0	0	72	0
N.S.	1	1.01	1.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.360	6.671	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.203	0.000

Problem 140	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	127	127	212	0	0	0	0	0	58	0
N.S.	1	1.00	1.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.417	8.595	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 141	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	130	131	333	0	0	0	0	0	173	0
N.S.	1	1.01	2.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.431	8.827	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.232	0.000

Problem 142	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	C	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	132	133	6405	0	0	0	0	0	341	0
N.S.	1	1.01	48.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.58	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.436	37.052	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.259	0.000

Problem 143	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-2)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	81	81	190	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.388	0.487	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.301	0.000

Problem 144	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	164	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	4.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.267	0.283	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 145	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	34	34	164	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	4.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.68	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.262	0.288	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.204	0.000

Problem 146	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	164	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.323	0.457	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.200	0.000

Problem 147	Optimal	Rubi	MMA	Maple	Maxima	Fricas	Sympy	Giac	Reduce	Mupad
grade	N/A	A	B	F	F	F	F(-1)	F	F	F(-1)
verified	N/A	Yes	No	N/A	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
size	56	56	164	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
N.S.	1	1.00	2.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.41	0.00
time (sec)	N/A	0.317	0.355	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.256	0.000

## 2.3 Detailed conclusion table specific for Rubi results

The following table is specific to Rubi only. It gives additional statistics for each integral. the column **steps** is the number of steps used by Rubi to obtain the antiderivative. The **rules** column is the number of unique rules used. The **integrand size** column is the leaf size of the integrand. Finally the ratio  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}}$  is also given. The larger this ratio is, the harder the integral is to solve. In this test file, problem number [45] had the largest ratio of [.71428599999999976]

Table 2.1: Rubi specific breakdown of results for each integral

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
1	A	10	9	0.92	21	0.429
2	A	10	9	1.41	13	0.692
3	A	13	12	1.37	19	0.632
4	A	9	8	1.28	21	0.381
5	A	8	7	1.15	21	0.333
6	A	6	5	1.18	19	0.263
7	A	5	4	1.00	11	0.364
8	A	8	7	1.09	21	0.333
9	A	11	10	1.10	21	0.476
10	A	13	12	1.17	21	0.571
11	A	10	9	1.14	21	0.429
12	A	9	8	1.05	21	0.381
13	A	7	6	1.07	19	0.316
14	A	6	5	1.05	11	0.455
15	A	8	7	1.08	21	0.333
16	A	10	9	1.21	21	0.429
17	A	12	11	1.08	21	0.524
18	A	11	10	1.07	21	0.476
19	A	10	9	0.99	21	0.429
20	A	8	7	0.98	19	0.368
21	A	7	6	1.03	11	0.545

Continued on next page



Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
22	A	10	9	1.09	21	0.429
23	A	10	9	1.12	21	0.429
24	A	12	11	1.16	21	0.524
25	A	7	6	1.25	21	0.286
26	A	7	6	1.12	21	0.286
27	A	5	4	1.00	19	0.211
28	A	5	4	1.00	11	0.364
29	A	8	7	1.11	21	0.333
30	A	10	9	1.19	21	0.429
31	A	12	11	1.18	21	0.524
32	A	7	6	1.36	21	0.286
33	A	7	6	1.19	21	0.286
34	A	6	5	1.00	19	0.263
35	A	6	5	1.12	11	0.455
36	A	10	9	1.24	21	0.429
37	A	12	11	1.23	21	0.524
38	A	14	13	1.18	21	0.619
39	A	7	6	1.32	21	0.286
40	A	8	7	1.11	21	0.333
41	A	7	6	0.96	19	0.316
42	A	7	6	1.14	11	0.545
43	A	12	11	1.24	21	0.524
44	A	14	13	1.22	21	0.619
45	A	16	15	1.17	21	0.714
46	A	8	7	1.05	23	0.304
47	A	5	4	1.00	23	0.174
48	A	6	5	1.01	23	0.217
49	A	4	3	1.01	19	0.158
50	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
51	A	8	7	1.06	23	0.304
52	A	8	7	1.24	23	0.304
53	A	11	10	1.20	23	0.435

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
54	A	5	4	1.00	19	0.211
55	A	11	10	0.90	17	0.588
56	A	4	3	1.08	21	0.143
57	A	5	4	1.23	17	0.235
58	A	6	5	1.41	17	0.294
59	A	12	11	1.06	17	0.647
60	A	5	4	1.13	17	0.235
61	A	3	3	1.00	23	0.130
62	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
63	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
64	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
65	A	3	3	1.00	24	0.125
66	A	3	3	1.00	20	0.150
67	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
68	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
69	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
70	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
71	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
72	A	2	2	1.03	17	0.118
73	A	2	2	1.28	17	0.118
74	A	2	2	1.28	17	0.118
75	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
76	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
77	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
78	A	4	4	1.11	19	0.211
79	A	3	3	1.02	19	0.158
80	A	3	3	1.01	19	0.158
81	A	8	8	1.35	19	0.421
82	A	6	6	1.19	19	0.316
83	A	4	4	1.11	19	0.211
84	A	2	2	1.00	17	0.118
85	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105

Continued on next page

Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
86	A	3	3	1.15	19	0.158
87	A	4	4	1.18	19	0.211
88	A	5	5	1.30	19	0.263
89	A	4	4	1.13	19	0.211
90	A	3	3	1.02	19	0.158
91	A	2	2	1.01	17	0.118
92	A	3	3	1.16	19	0.158
93	A	4	4	1.16	19	0.211
94	A	5	5	1.15	19	0.263
95	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
96	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
97	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
98	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
99	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
100	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
101	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
102	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
103	A	5	5	0.98	21	0.238
104	A	3	3	1.11	19	0.158
105	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
106	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
107	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
108	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
109	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
110	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
111	A	5	5	1.00	21	0.238
112	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
113	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
114	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
115	A	5	5	0.98	21	0.238
116	A	3	3	1.11	19	0.158
117	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095

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Table 2.1 – continued from previous page

#	grade	number of steps used	number of unique rules	normalized antiderivative leaf size	integrand leaf size	$\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand leaf size}}$
118	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
119	A	7	7	0.97	19	0.368
120	A	5	5	0.95	19	0.263
121	A	3	3	1.00	17	0.176
122	A	2	2	1.00	9	0.222
123	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
124	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
125	A	2	2	1.00	19	0.105
126	A	1	1	1.00	28	0.036
127	A	4	4	0.83	25	0.160
128	A	3	3	0.86	25	0.120
129	A	2	2	0.81	23	0.087
130	A	1	1	1.00	15	0.067
131	A	1	1	1.00	23	0.043
132	A	1	1	1.00	25	0.040
133	A	1	1	1.00	25	0.040
134	A	2	2	1.10	28	0.071
135	A	1	1	1.00	69	0.014
136	A	5	5	0.91	25	0.200
137	A	3	3	0.89	23	0.130
138	A	2	2	1.00	15	0.133
139	A	2	2	1.01	25	0.080
140	A	2	2	1.00	23	0.087
141	A	2	2	1.01	25	0.080
142	A	2	2	1.01	25	0.080
143	A	3	3	1.00	19	0.158
144	A	1	1	1.00	21	0.048
145	A	1	1	1.00	21	0.048
146	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095
147	A	2	2	1.00	21	0.095

# CHAPTER 3

## LISTING OF INTEGRALS

3.1	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}(c+dx^5)} dx$ . . . . .	82
3.2	$\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx$ . . . . .	93
3.3	$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3}+x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3}+x^3} dx$ . . . . .	101
3.4	$\int \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})^3 dx$ . . . . .	109
3.5	$\int \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})^2 dx$ . . . . .	119
3.6	$\int \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x}) dx$ . . . . .	127
3.7	$\int \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} dx$ . . . . .	134
3.8	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c+\frac{d}{x}} dx$ . . . . .	140
3.9	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} dx$ . . . . .	148
3.10	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{(c+\frac{d}{x})^3} dx$ . . . . .	159
3.11	$\int (a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2} (c+\frac{d}{x})^3 dx$ . . . . .	172
3.12	$\int (a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2} (c+\frac{d}{x})^2 dx$ . . . . .	182
3.13	$\int (a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2} (c+\frac{d}{x}) dx$ . . . . .	192
3.14	$\int (a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2} dx$ . . . . .	200
3.15	$\int \frac{(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{c+\frac{d}{x}} dx$ . . . . .	206
3.16	$\int \frac{(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} dx$ . . . . .	214
3.17	$\int \frac{(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{(c+\frac{d}{x})^3} dx$ . . . . .	225

3.18	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx$	237
3.19	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx$	248
3.20	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx$	258
3.21	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx$	267
3.22	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$	274
3.23	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$	284
3.24	$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$	295
3.25	$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$	307
3.26	$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$	315
3.27	$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$	322
3.28	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$	328
3.29	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$	334
3.30	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$	343
3.31	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$	354
3.32	$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	367
3.33	$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	375
3.34	$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	383
3.35	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	391
3.36	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$	398
3.37	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$	407
3.38	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$	418
3.39	$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$	431

3.40	$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$	440
3.41	$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$	449
3.42	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$	458
3.43	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$	466
3.44	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$	477
3.45	$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$	489
3.46	$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$	502
3.47	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx$	510
3.48	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	517
3.49	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx$	524
3.50	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$	530
3.51	$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$	535
3.52	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$	543
3.53	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$	550
3.54	$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$	559
3.55	$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx$	564
3.56	$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx$	574
3.57	$\int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx$	579
3.58	$\int \frac{1 + x^{2/3}}{-1 + x^{2/3}} dx$	584
3.59	$\int \frac{-16 + x^{3/4}}{16 + x^{3/4}} dx$	590
3.60	$\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$	599
3.61	$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx$	605
3.62	$\int (a + bx^n) (ad - bdx^n) dx$	611
3.63	$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n)} dx$	616
3.64	$\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$	621

3.65	$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$	626
3.66	$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$	631
3.67	$\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^4 dx$	636
3.68	$\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^3 dx$	644
3.69	$\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^2 dx$	651
3.70	$\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n) dx$	657
3.71	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{c+dx^n} dx$	663
3.72	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	668
3.73	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	674
3.74	$\int \frac{a+bx^n}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$	680
3.75	$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx$	686
3.76	$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^2 dx$	694
3.77	$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n) dx$	701
3.78	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$	707
3.79	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	713
3.80	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	719
3.81	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^4}{a+bx^n} dx$	725
3.82	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^3}{a+bx^n} dx$	734
3.83	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{a+bx^n} dx$	741
3.84	$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{a+bx^n} dx$	747
3.85	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$	752
3.86	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	757
3.87	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	762
3.88	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^4}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	769
3.89	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^3}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	777
3.90	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	784
3.91	$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	790
3.92	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$	796
3.93	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	802
3.94	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	809
3.95	$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2 dx$	816
3.96	$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n) dx$	824
3.97	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{c+dx^n} dx$	830
3.98	$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	835



3.99	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	840
3.100	$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$	847
3.101	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx$	853
3.102	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	858
3.103	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	863
3.104	$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$	870
3.105	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(c+dx^n)} dx$	876
3.106	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	881
3.107	$\int \sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2 dx$	886
3.108	$\int \sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n) dx$	894
3.109	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{c+dx^n} dx$	900
3.110	$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	905
3.111	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx$	910
3.112	$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx$	917
3.113	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx$	923
3.114	$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	928
3.115	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}} dx$	933
3.116	$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}} dx$	940
3.117	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)} dx$	945
3.118	$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	950
3.119	$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^3 dx$	955
3.120	$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^2 dx$	964
3.121	$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n) dx$	972
3.122	$\int (a+bx^n)^p dx$	978
3.123	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$	983
3.124	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$	988
3.125	$\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$	993
3.126	$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx$	998
3.127	$\int (a+bx^n)^3 (c+dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx$	1003
3.128	$\int (a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx$	1011
3.129	$\int (a+bx^n) (c+dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx$	1018
3.130	$\int (c+dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx$	1024
3.131	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a+bx^n} dx$	1029

3.132	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	1034
3.133	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	1039
3.134	$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx$	1044
3.135	$\int (a+bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c+dx^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx$	1049
3.136	$\int (a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx$	1054
3.137	$\int (a+bx^n) (c+dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx$	1063
3.138	$\int (c+dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx$	1070
3.139	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a+bx^n} dx$	1075
3.140	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$	1080
3.141	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$	1085
3.142	$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^4} dx$	1091
3.143	$\int (a+bx^n)^p (c+dx^n)^q dx$	1097
3.144	$\int (2+3x^n)^p (5+7x^n)^{-p} dx$	1103
3.145	$\int (5-7x^n)^{-p} (2+3x^n)^p dx$	1108
3.146	$\int (-2+3x^n)^p (5+7x^n)^{-p} dx$	1113
3.147	$\int (5-7x^n)^{-p} (-2+3x^n)^p dx$	1118

$$3.1 \quad \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5}(c+dx^5)} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 545

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5}(c + dx^5)} dx \\ &= - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(5 + \sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(5 - 2\sqrt{5})} - \frac{2\sqrt{\frac{2}{5+\sqrt{5}}}\sqrt[5]{bc - adx}}{\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5}}\right)}{5c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc - ad}} \\ &+ \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(5 - \sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{5}(5 + 2\sqrt{5})} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{5}(5+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt[5]{bc - adx}}{\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5}}\right)}{5c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc - ad}} \\ &- \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[5]{c} - \frac{\sqrt[5]{bc - adx}}{\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5}}\right)}{5c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc - ad}} \\ &+ \frac{(1 - \sqrt{5}) \log\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2 + \sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc - adx}\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5} - \sqrt{5}\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc - adx}\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5} + 2c^{2/5}(a+bx^5)^{2/5}}{(a+bx^5)^{2/5}}\right)}{20c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc - ad}} \\ &+ \frac{(1 + \sqrt{5}) \log\left(\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2 + \sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc - adx}\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5} + \sqrt{5}\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc - adx}\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5} + 2c^{2/5}(a+bx^5)^{2/5}}{(a+bx^5)^{2/5}}\right)}{20c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc - ad}} \end{aligned}$$

output

```

1/10*(10+2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(-1/5*(25-10*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+2*2^(1/2)/(5+5
^(1/2))^(1/2)*(-a*d+b*c)^(1/5)*x/c^(1/5)/(b*x^5+a)^(1/5))/c^(4/5)/(-a*d+b*
c)^(1/5)+1/10*(10-2*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*arctan(1/5*(25+10*5^(1/2))^(1/2)+1/5*(5
0+10*5^(1/2))^(1/2)*(-a*d+b*c)^(1/5)*x/c^(1/5)/(b*x^5+a)^(1/5))/c^(4/5)/(-
a*d+b*c)^(1/5)-1/5*ln(c^(1/5)-(-a*d+b*c)^(1/5)*x/(b*x^5+a)^(1/5))/c^(4/5)/
(-a*d+b*c)^(1/5)+1/20*(-5^(1/2)+1)*ln((2*(-a*d+b*c)^(2/5)*x^2+c^(1/5)*(-a*
d+b*c)^(1/5)*x*(b*x^5+a)^(1/5)-5^(1/2)*c^(1/5)*(-a*d+b*c)^(1/5)*x*(b*x^5+a
)^(1/5)+2*c^(2/5)*(b*x^5+a)^(2/5))/(b*x^5+a)^(2/5))/c^(4/5)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/
5)+1/20*(5^(1/2)+1)*ln((2*(-a*d+b*c)^(2/5)*x^2+c^(1/5)*(-a*d+b*c)^(1/5)*x*
(b*x^5+a)^(1/5)+5^(1/2)*c^(1/5)*(-a*d+b*c)^(1/5)*x*(b*x^5+a)^(1/5)+2*c^(2/
5)*(b*x^5+a)^(2/5))/(b*x^5+a)^(2/5))/c^(4/5)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/5)

```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 10.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.09

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}(c+dx^5)} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{5}, 1, \frac{6}{5}, \frac{(bc-ad)x^5}{c(a+bx^5)}\right)}{c\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*x^5)^(1/5)*(c + d*x^5)), x]
```

output

```

(x*Hypergeometric2F1[1/5, 1, 6/5, ((b*c - a*d)*x^5)/(c*(a + b*x^5))]/(c*(
a + b*x^5)^(1/5))

```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 503, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {902, 752, 16, 27, 1142, 27, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}(c+dx^5)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{902} \\
 & \int \frac{1}{c - \frac{x^5(bc-ad)}{a+bx^5}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{752} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{c - \frac{x^5 \sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{5c^{4/5}} + \frac{2 \int \frac{\frac{(1-\sqrt{5})^5 \sqrt[5]{bc-ad} + 4\sqrt[5]{c}}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{2 \left( \frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5} x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5})^5 \sqrt[5]{c} \sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5} \right)}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{5c^{4/5}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \int \frac{\frac{(1+\sqrt{5})^5 \sqrt[5]{bc-ad} + 4\sqrt[5]{c}}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{2 \left( \frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5} x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})^5 \sqrt[5]{c} \sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5} \right)}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{5c^{4/5}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{16} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{\frac{(1-\sqrt{5})^5 \sqrt[5]{bc-ad} + 4\sqrt[5]{c}}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{2 \left( \frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5} x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5})^5 \sqrt[5]{c} \sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5} \right)}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{5c^{4/5}} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2 \int \frac{\frac{(1+\sqrt{5})^5 \sqrt[5]{bc-ad} + 4\sqrt[5]{c}}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{2 \left( \frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5} x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})^5 \sqrt[5]{c} \sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5} \right)}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{5c^{4/5}} - \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[5]{c} - \frac{x \sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}} \right)}{5c^{4/5} \sqrt[5]{bc-ad}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{\frac{(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 4\sqrt[5]{c}}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{5c^{4/5}} + \frac{\int \frac{\frac{(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 4\sqrt[5]{c}}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}}}{5c^{4/5}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[5]{c} - \frac{x\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}}\right)}{5c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}{1142}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(5+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5}) \int \frac{\sqrt[5]{bc-ad} \left( \frac{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + (1-\sqrt{5}) \right)}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}}}{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}{5c^{4/5}}}{\frac{1}{2}(5-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d\frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5}) \int \frac{\sqrt[5]{bc-ad} \left( \frac{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + (1+\sqrt{5}) \right)}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}}}{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}{5c^{4/5}} - \frac{\log\left(\sqrt[5]{c} - \frac{x\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}}\right)}{5c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}{27}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(5 + \sqrt{5}) \sqrt[5]{c} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + \frac{1}{4}(1 - \sqrt{5}) \int \frac{\frac{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + (1-\sqrt{5})}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}}}{5c^{4/5}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}(5 - \sqrt{5}) \sqrt[5]{c} \int \frac{1}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + \frac{1}{4}(1 + \sqrt{5}) \int \frac{\frac{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + (1+\sqrt{5})}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}}}{5c^{4/5}}$$

$$\frac{\log\left(\sqrt[5]{c} - \frac{x\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}}\right)}{5c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}$$

↓ 1083

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}(1 - \sqrt{5}) \int \frac{\frac{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + (1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} - (5 + \sqrt{5}) \sqrt[5]{c} \int \frac{1}{-\frac{x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} - 2(5+\sqrt{5})c^{2/5}(bc-ad)}}}{5c^{4/5}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{4}(1 + \sqrt{5}) \int \frac{\frac{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + (1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} - (5 - \sqrt{5}) \sqrt[5]{c} \int \frac{1}{-\frac{x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} - 2(5-\sqrt{5})c^{2/5}(bc-ad)}}}{5c^{4/5}}$$

$$\frac{\log\left(\sqrt[5]{c} - \frac{x\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}}\right)}{5c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}$$

↓ 217

$$\frac{1}{4}(1 - \sqrt{5}) \int \frac{\frac{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + (1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(5+\sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}^{\frac{4x(bc-ad)^{2/5}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}} + (1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}{\sqrt{2(5+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}$$

$$\frac{1}{4}(1 + \sqrt{5}) \int \frac{\frac{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + (1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}}{\frac{2(bc-ad)^{2/5}x^2}{(bx^5+a)^{2/5}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + 2c^{2/5}} d \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{bx^5+a}} + \frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(5-\sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}^{\frac{4x(bc-ad)^{2/5}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}} + (1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}{\sqrt{2(5-\sqrt{5})}\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}$$

$$\frac{5c^{4/5} \log\left(\sqrt[5]{c} - \frac{x\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}}\right)}{5c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}$$

1103

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(5+\sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}^{\frac{4x(bc-ad)^{2/5}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}} + (1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}{\sqrt{2(5+\sqrt{5})}\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{5}) \log\left(\frac{(1-\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}} + \frac{2x^2(bc-ad)^{2/5}}{(a+bx^5)^{2/5}} + 2c^{2/5}\right)}{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}(5-\sqrt{5})} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}^{\frac{4x(bc-ad)^{2/5}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}} + (1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}{\sqrt{2(5-\sqrt{5})}\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}}\right)}{\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{5}) \log\left(\frac{(1+\sqrt{5})\sqrt[5]{c}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}} + \frac{2x^2(bc-ad)^{2/5}}{(a+bx^5)^{2/5}} + 2c^{2/5}\right)}{4\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}$$

$$\frac{5c^{4/5} \log\left(\sqrt[5]{c} - \frac{x\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}}\right)}{5c^{4/5}\sqrt[5]{bc-ad}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^5)^(1/5)*(c + d*x^5)),x]`



output

```
-1/5*Log[c^(1/5) - ((b*c - a*d)^(1/5)*x)/(a + b*x^5)^(1/5)]/(c^(4/5)*(b*c
- a*d)^(1/5)) + ((Sqrt[(5 + Sqrt[5])/2]*ArcTan[((1 - Sqrt[5])*c^(1/5)*(b*c
- a*d)^(1/5) + (4*(b*c - a*d)^(2/5)*x)/(a + b*x^5)^(1/5))]/(Sqrt[2*(5 + Sq
rt[5]])*c^(1/5)*(b*c - a*d)^(1/5)))]/(b*c - a*d)^(1/5) + ((1 - Sqrt[5])*Lo
g[2*c^(2/5) + (2*(b*c - a*d)^(2/5)*x^2)/(a + b*x^5)^(2/5) + ((1 - Sqrt[5])
*c^(1/5)*(b*c - a*d)^(1/5)*x)/(a + b*x^5)^(1/5)]/(4*(b*c - a*d)^(1/5)))/(
5*c^(4/5)) + ((Sqrt[(5 - Sqrt[5])/2]*ArcTan[((1 + Sqrt[5])*c^(1/5)*(b*c -
a*d)^(1/5) + (4*(b*c - a*d)^(2/5)*x)/(a + b*x^5)^(1/5))]/(Sqrt[2*(5 - Sqrt[
5]])*c^(1/5)*(b*c - a*d)^(1/5)))]/(b*c - a*d)^(1/5) + ((1 + Sqrt[5])*Log[2
*c^(2/5) + (2*(b*c - a*d)^(2/5)*x^2)/(a + b*x^5)^(2/5) + ((1 + Sqrt[5])*c^
(1/5)*(b*c - a*d)^(1/5)*x)/(a + b*x^5)^(1/5)]/(4*(b*c - a*d)^(1/5)))/(5*c
^(4/5))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16

```
Int[(c_.)/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a +
b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 217

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(
-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] &
& (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
```

rule 752

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Module[{r = Numerator[Rt[-a
/b, n]], s = Denominator[Rt[-a/b, n]], k, u}, Simp[u = Int[(r + s*Cos[(2*k
- 1)*(Pi/n)]*x)/(r^2 + 2*r*s*Cos[(2*k - 1)*(Pi/n)]*x + s^2*x^2), x]; r/(a*n
) Int[1/(r - s*x), x] + 2*(r/(a*n)) Sum[u, {k, 1, (n - 1)/2}], x] /; F
reeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 3)/2, 0] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 902

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)/((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Su
bst[Int[1/(c - (b*c - a*d)*x^n), x], x, x/(a + b*x^n)^(1/n)] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*p + 1, 0] && IntegerQ[n]
```

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x^2))^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4ac - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2cx], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + bx + cx^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2cd - be, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[(d_ + (e_ \cdot x))/(a_ + (b_ \cdot x) + (c_ \cdot x^2)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2cd - be)/(2c) \text{ Int}[1/(a + bx + cx^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2c) \text{ Int}[(b + 2cx)/(a + bx + cx^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 13.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

method	result
pseudoelliptic	$\sqrt{5} \left( - \frac{\sqrt{5+\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}} (\sqrt{5}+1) \ln \left( \frac{2 \left( \frac{ad-bc}{c} \right)^{\frac{2}{5}} x^2 - \left( \frac{ad-bc}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{5}} (bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}} (\sqrt{5}+1)x + 2(bx^5+a)^{\frac{2}{5}}}{x^2} \right)}{4} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{5+\sqrt{5}} \sqrt{5-\sqrt{5}} (\sqrt{5}-1) \ln \left( \dots \right)}{4}$

input  $\text{int}(1/(bx^5+a)^{(1/5)}/(dx^5+c), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/50*5^(1/2)/((a*d-b*c)/c)^(1/5)*(-1/4*(5+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*(5-5^(1/2))^(1/2)
*(5^(1/2)+1)*ln((2*((a*d-b*c)/c)^(2/5)*x^2-((a*d-b*c)/c)^(1/5)*(b*x^5+a)^(
1/5)*(5^(1/2)+1)*x+2*(b*x^5+a)^(2/5))/x^2)+1/4*(5+5^(1/2))^(1/2)*(5-5^(1/2)
)^(1/2)*(5^(1/2)-1)*ln((2*((a*d-b*c)/c)^(2/5)*x^2+((a*d-b*c)/c)^(1/5)*(b*
x^5+a)^(1/5)*(5^(1/2)-1)*x+2*(b*x^5+a)^(2/5))/x^2)-1/2*2^(1/2)*(5+5^(1/2))
^(1/2)*(5^(1/2)-5)*arctan(1/2*2^(1/2)*(((a*d-b*c)/c)^(1/5)*(5^(1/2)+1)*x-4
*(b*x^5+a)^(1/5))/(5-5^(1/2))^(1/2)/((a*d-b*c)/c)^(1/5)/x)+(5-5^(1/2))^(1/
2)*(-1/2*2^(1/2)*(5+5^(1/2))*arctan(1/2*2^(1/2)*(((a*d-b*c)/c)^(1/5)*(5^(1
/2)-1)*x+4*(b*x^5+a)^(1/5))/(5+5^(1/2))^(1/2)/((a*d-b*c)/c)^(1/5)/x)+(5+5^
(1/2))^(1/2)*ln((((a*d-b*c)/c)^(1/5)*x+(b*x^5+a)^(1/5))/x))/c
```

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}(c+dx^5)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x^5+a)^(1/5)/(d*x^5+c),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: inte
grate: implementation incomplete (trace 0)
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}(c+dx^5)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}(c+dx^5)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(b*x**5+a)**(1/5)/(d*x**5+c),x)
```

output

```
Integral(1/((a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*(c + d*x**5)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5} (c + dx^5)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^5 + a)^{\frac{1}{5}} (dx^5 + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^5+a)^(1/5)/(d*x^5+c),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^5 + a)^(1/5)*(d*x^5 + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5} (c + dx^5)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^5 + a)^{\frac{1}{5}} (dx^5 + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(b*x^5+a)^(1/5)/(d*x^5+c),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^5 + a)^(1/5)*(d*x^5 + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a + bx^5} (c + dx^5)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^5 + a)^{1/5} (dx^5 + c)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^5)^(1/5)*(c + d*x^5)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^5)^(1/5)*(c + d*x^5)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{a+bx^5}(c+dx^5)} dx$$

$$= \frac{(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}} \left( \int \frac{1}{(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}}ac+(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}}adx^5+(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}}bcx^5+(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}}bdx^{10}} dx \right) a^2d - (bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}} \left( \int \frac{1}{(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}}ac+(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}}adx^5+(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}}bcx^5+(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}}bdx^{10}} dx \right) a^2d}{(bx^5+a)^{\frac{1}{5}}ad}$$

input `int(1/(b*x^5+a)^(1/5)/(d*x^5+c),x)`

output `((a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*int(1/((a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*a*c + (a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*a*d*x**5 + (a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*b*c*x**5 + (a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*b*d*x**10),x)*a**2*d - (a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*int(1/((a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*a*c + (a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*a*d*x**5 + (a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*b*c*x**5 + (a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*b*d*x**10),x)*a*b*c + b*x)/((a + b*x**5)**(1/5)*a*d)`

## 3.2 $\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 13, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx = x + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{1+x^2}\right)$$

output

```
x+1/3*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-1/3*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x)*3^(1/2))*
3^(1/2)-2/3*arctanh(x)-1/3*arctanh(x/(x^2+1))
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left( 6x - 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + 2\log(1-x) \right. \\ \left. - 2\log(1+x) + \log(1-x+x^2) - \log(1+x+x^2) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(1 + x^6)/(-1 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
(6*x - 2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - 2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + 2*Log[1 - x] - 2*Log[1 + x] + Log[1 - x + x^2] - Log[1 + x + x^2])/6
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.692$ , Rules used = {913, 754, 27, 219, 1142, 25, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{x^6 + 1}{x^6 - 1} dx$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$2 \int \frac{1}{x^6 - 1} dx + x$$

$$\downarrow 754$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{1 - x^2} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2 - x}{2(x^2 - x + 1)} dx - \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x + 2}{2(x^2 + x + 1)} dx \right) + x$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{1 - x^2} dx - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2 - x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x + 2}{x^2 + x + 1} dx \right) + x$$

$$\downarrow 219$$

$$2 \left( -\frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2 - x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x + 2}{x^2 + x + 1} dx - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3} \right) + x$$

$$\downarrow 1142$$

$$2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int -\frac{1 - 2x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx - \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 - x + 1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{6} \left( -\frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2 + x + 1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x + 1}{x^2 + x + 1} dx \right) - \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3} \right) + x$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{6}\left(-\frac{3}{2}\int\frac{1}{x^2-x+1}dx-\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1}dx\right)+\frac{1}{6}\left(-\frac{3}{2}\int\frac{1}{x^2+x+1}dx-\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1}dx\right)-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3}\right)$$

↓ 1083

$$2\left(\frac{1}{6}\left(3\int\frac{1}{-(2x-1)^2-3}d(2x-1)-\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1}dx\right)+\frac{1}{6}\left(3\int\frac{1}{-(2x+1)^2-3}d(2x+1)-\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1}dx\right)\right)$$

↓ 217

$$2\left(\frac{1}{6}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1}dx-\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{6}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\int\frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1}dx-\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3}\right)$$

↓ 1103

$$2\left(\frac{1}{6}\left(\frac{1}{2}\log(x^2-x+1)-\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right)+\frac{1}{6}\left(-\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)-\frac{1}{2}\log(x^2+x+1)\right)-\frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3}\right)$$

input

```
Int[(1 + x^6)/(-1 + x^6),x]
```

output

```
x + 2*(-1/3*ArcTanh[x] + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]]) + Log[1 -
x + x^2]/2)/6 + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]]) - Log[1 + x + x^2]/2
)/6)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```



rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1}] \cdot \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] \cdot \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] \cdot (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{GtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$

rule 754  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^n)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}[\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, n]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, n]], k, u\}, \text{Simp}[u = \text{Int}[(r - s \cdot \text{Cos}[(2 \cdot k \cdot \text{Pi})/n] \cdot x)/(r^2 - 2 \cdot r \cdot s \cdot \text{Cos}[(2 \cdot k \cdot \text{Pi})/n] \cdot x + s^2 \cdot x^2), x] + \text{Int}[(r + s \cdot \text{Cos}[(2 \cdot k \cdot \text{Pi})/n] \cdot x)/(r^2 + 2 \cdot r \cdot s \cdot \text{Cos}[(2 \cdot k \cdot \text{Pi})/n] \cdot x + s^2 \cdot x^2), x]; 2 \cdot (r^2/(a \cdot n)) \ \text{Int}[1/(r^2 - s^2 \cdot x^2), x] + 2 \cdot (r/(a \cdot n)) \ \text{Sum}[u, \{k, 1, (n - 2)/4\}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[(n - 2)/4, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 913  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ )^n)^{p_} \cdot ((c_ ) + (d_ \cdot)(x_ )^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot x \cdot ((a + b \cdot x^n)^{p+1}/(b \cdot (n \cdot (p+1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a \cdot d - b \cdot c \cdot (n \cdot (p+1) + 1))/(b \cdot (n \cdot (p+1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n \cdot (p+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 1083  $\text{Int}[(a_ + (b_ \cdot)(x_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[-2 \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/\text{Simp}[b^2 - 4 \cdot a \cdot c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[(d_ ) + (e_ \cdot)(x_ )]/((a_ \cdot) + (b_ \cdot)(x_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d \cdot (\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[(d_ \cdot) + (e_ \cdot)(x_ )]/((a_ ) + (b_ \cdot)(x_ ) + (c_ \cdot)(x_ )^2), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2 \cdot c \cdot d - b \cdot e)/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[1/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2 \cdot c) \ \text{Int}[(b + 2 \cdot c \cdot x)/(a + b \cdot x + c \cdot x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result
risch	$x + \frac{\ln(-1+x)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x+\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3} - \frac{\ln(1+x)}{3} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2(x-\frac{1}{2})\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3}$
default	$x - \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{6} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{\ln(-1+x)}{3} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(-1+2x)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3} - \frac{\ln(1+x)}{3}$
meijerg	$\frac{x \left( \ln\left(1-(x^6)^{\frac{1}{6}}\right) - \ln\left(1+(x^6)^{\frac{1}{6}}\right) + \frac{\ln\left(1-(x^6)^{\frac{1}{6}}+(x^6)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2} - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^6)^{\frac{1}{6}}}{2-(x^6)^{\frac{1}{6}}}\right) - \frac{\ln\left(1+(x^6)^{\frac{1}{6}}+(x^6)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{2} - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}(x^6)^{\frac{1}{6}}}{2+(x^6)^{\frac{1}{6}}}\right) \right)}{6(x^6)^{\frac{1}{6}}}$

input `int((x^6+1)/(x^6-1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x+1/3*ln(-1+x)-1/6*ln(x^2+x+1)-1/3*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x+1/2)*3^(1/2))-1/3*ln(1+x)+1/6*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/3*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x-1/2)*3^(1/2))`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x+1)\right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) + x - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2+x+1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2-x+1) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x-1)$$

input `integrate((x^6+1)/(x^6-1),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) - 1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + x - 1/6*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/6*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/3*log(x + 1) + 1/3*log(x - 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx = x + \frac{\log(x-1)}{3} - \frac{\log(x+1)}{3} + \frac{\log(x^2-x+1)}{6} - \frac{\log(x^2+x+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((x**6+1)/(x**6-1),x)`

output `x + log(x - 1)/3 - log(x + 1)/3 + log(x**2 - x + 1)/6 - log(x**2 + x + 1)/6 - sqrt(3)*atan(2*sqrt(3)*x/3 - sqrt(3)/3)/3 - sqrt(3)*atan(2*sqrt(3)*x/3 + sqrt(3)/3)/3`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x+1)\right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) + x - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2+x+1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2-x+1) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x-1)$$

input `integrate((x^6+1)/(x^6-1),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) - 1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + x - 1/6*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/6*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/3*log(x + 1) + 1/3*log(x - 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x+1)\right) - \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}\arctan\left(\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) + x \\ - \frac{1}{6}\log(x^2+x+1) + \frac{1}{6}\log(x^2-x+1) - \frac{1}{3}\log(|x+1|) + \frac{1}{3}\log(|x-1|)$$

input `integrate((x^6+1)/(x^6-1),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) - 1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + x - 1/6*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/6*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/3*log(abs(x + 1)) + 1/3*log(abs(x - 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx = x + \frac{\operatorname{atan}(x \operatorname{I} i) 2i}{3} - \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x 32i}{-32 + \sqrt{3} 32i} - \frac{32 \sqrt{3} x}{-32 + \sqrt{3} 32i}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{1}{3}i\right) \\ - \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x 32i}{32 + \sqrt{3} 32i} + \frac{32 \sqrt{3} x}{32 + \sqrt{3} 32i}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{1}{3}i\right)$$

input `int((x^6 + 1)/(x^6 - 1),x)`

output `x + (atan(x*I*i)*2i)/3 - atan((x*32i)/(3^(1/2)*32i - 32) - (32*3^(1/2)*x)/(3^(1/2)*32i - 32))*(3^(1/2)/3 - 1i/3) - atan((x*32i)/(3^(1/2)*32i + 32) + (32*3^(1/2)*x)/(3^(1/2)*32i + 32))*(3^(1/2)/3 + 1i/3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{1+x^6}{-1+x^6} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3} + \frac{\log(x^2-x+1)}{6} - \frac{\log(x^2+x+1)}{6} + \frac{\log(x-1)}{3} - \frac{\log(x+1)}{3} + x$$

input

```
int((x^6+1)/(x^6-1),x)
```

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3)) - 2*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x + 1)/sqrt(3))
+ log(x**2 - x + 1) - log(x**2 + x + 1) + 2*log(x - 1) - 2*log(x + 1) + 6*
x)/6
```

### 3.3 $\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3} dx = x + \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1-2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3} - \frac{1}{3}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{x}{1+x^2}\right)$$

output

```
x+1/3*arctan(1/3*(1-2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-1/3*arctan(1/3*(1+2*x)*3^(1/2))*3^(1/2)-2/3*arctanh(x)-1/3*arctanh(x/(x^2+1))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3} dx = \frac{1}{6} \left( 6x - 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{-1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) - 2\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1+2x}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + 2 \log(1-x) - 2 \log(1+x) + \log(1-x+x^2) - \log(1+x+x^2) \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(x^(-3) + x^3)/(-x^(-3) + x^3), x]
```

output

```
(6*x - 2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - 2*Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + 2*Log[1 - x] - 2*Log[1 + x] + Log[1 - x + x^2] - Log[1 + x + x^2])/6
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.632$ , Rules used = {2027, 10, 25, 913, 754, 27, 219, 1142, 25, 1083, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}}{x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2027} \\
 & \int \frac{x^3(x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3})}{x^6 - 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{10} \\
 & \int -\frac{x^6 + 1}{1 - x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & - \int \frac{x^6 + 1}{1 - x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\
 & x - 2 \int \frac{1}{1 - x^6} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{754} \\
 & x - 2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{1 - x^2} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{2 - x}{2(x^2 - x + 1)} dx + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{x + 2}{2(x^2 + x + 1)} dx \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & x - 2 \left( \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{1}{1 - x^2} dx + \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2 - x}{x^2 - x + 1} dx + \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x + 2}{x^2 + x + 1} dx \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 219 \\
& x - 2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{2-x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{6} \int \frac{x+2}{x^2+x+1} dx + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1142 \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx \right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3} \right) \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2-x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx \right) + \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{3}{2} \int \frac{1}{x^2+x+1} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx \right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1083 \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x-1)^2-3} d(2x-1) \right) + \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx - 3 \int \frac{1}{-(2x+1)^2-3} d(2x+1) \right) \right) \\
& \downarrow 217 \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1-2x}{x^2-x+1} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{6} \left( \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2x+1}{x^2+x+1} dx + \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) \right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3} \right) \\
& \downarrow 1103 \\
& 2 \left( \frac{1}{6} \left( \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2-x+1) \right) + \frac{1}{6} \left( \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2+x+1) \right) + \frac{\operatorname{arctanh}(x)}{3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(x^(-3) + x^3)/(-x^(-3) + x^3), x]`

output `x - 2*(ArcTanh[x]/3 + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(-1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] - Log[1 - x + x^2]/2)/6 + (Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 + 2*x)/Sqrt[3]] + Log[1 + x + x^2]/2)/6)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 10  $\text{Int}[(u_.) * ((e_.) * (x_.)^{(m_.)} * ((a_.) * (x_.)^{(r_.)} + (b_.) * (x_.)^{(s_.)})^{(p_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/e^{(p*r)} \text{Int}[u * (e*x)^{(m+p*r)} * (a + b*x^{(s-r)})^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, e, m, r, s}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && (IntegerQ[p\*r] || GtQ[e, 0]) && PosQ[s - r]
- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_.) * (Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{Int}[Fx, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b\_.) \* (Gx\_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2] * \text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{-1} * \text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[a, 2] * \text{Rt}[-b, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2] * (x/\text{Rt}[a, 2])], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b] && (GtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])
- rule 754  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^{(n_.)})^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Module}\{r = \text{Numerator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, n]], s = \text{Denominator}[\text{Rt}[-a/b, n]], k, u\}, \text{Simp}[u = \text{Int}[(r - s * \text{Cos}[(2*k*Pi)/n] * x) / (r^2 - 2*r*s * \text{Cos}[(2*k*Pi)/n] * x + s^2 * x^2), x] + \text{Int}[(r + s * \text{Cos}[(2*k*Pi)/n] * x) / (r^2 + 2*r*s * \text{Cos}[(2*k*Pi)/n] * x + s^2 * x^2), x]; 2*(r^2/(a*n)) \text{Int}[1/(r^2 - s^2 * x^2), x] + 2*(r/(a*n)) \text{Sum}[u, \{k, 1, (n - 2)/4\}], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && IGtQ[(n - 2)/4, 0] && NegQ[a/b]
- rule 913  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)^{(n_.)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d * x * ((a + b * x^n)^{(p+1}) / (b * (n * (p+1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a * d - b * c * (n * (p+1) + 1)) / (b * (n * (p+1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b * x^n)^p, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && NeQ[n\*(p+1) + 1, 0]

rule 1083 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[-2 Subst[Int[1/Simp[b^2 - 4*a*c - x^2, x], x], x, b + 2*c*x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 1103 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]`

rule 1142 `Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c) Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]`

rule 2027 `Int[(F*x_)*((a_)*(x_)^(r_) + (b_)*(x_)^(s_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(p*r)*(a + b*x^(s - r))^p*Fx, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, r, s}, x] && IntegerQ[p] && PosQ[s - r] && !(EqQ[p, 1] && EqQ[u, 1])`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

method	result	size
risch	$x + \frac{\ln(-1+x)}{3} - \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3} - \frac{\ln(1+x)}{3} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{2\left(x-\frac{1}{2}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3}$	63
default	$x - \frac{\ln(x^2+x+1)}{6} - \frac{\arctan\left(\frac{(1+2x)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{\ln(-1+x)}{3} + \frac{\ln(x^2-x+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{(-1+2x)\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3} - \frac{\ln(1+x)}{3}$	67

input `int((1/x^3+x^3)/(-1/x^3+x^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `x+1/3*ln(-1+x)-1/6*ln(x^2+x+1)-1/3*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x+1/2)*3^(1/2))-1/3*ln(1+x)+1/6*ln(x^2-x+1)-1/3*3^(1/2)*arctan(2/3*(x-1/2)*3^(1/2))`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x+1)\right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}(2x-1)\right) + x - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2+x+1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2-x+1) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x+1) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x-1)$$

input `integrate((1/x^3+x^3)/(-1/x^3+x^3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) - 1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + x - 1/6*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/6*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/3*log(x + 1) + 1/3*log(x - 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3} dx = x + \frac{\log(x-1)}{3} - \frac{\log(x+1)}{3} + \frac{\log(x^2-x+1)}{6} - \frac{\log(x^2+x+1)}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2\sqrt{3}x}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3}$$

input `integrate((1/x**3+x**3)/(-1/x**3+x**3),x)`output `x + log(x - 1)/3 - log(x + 1)/3 + log(x**2 - x + 1)/6 - log(x**2 + x + 1)/6 - sqrt(3)*atan(2*sqrt(3)*x/3 - sqrt(3)/3)/3 - sqrt(3)*atan(2*sqrt(3)*x/3 + sqrt(3)/3)/3`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x + 1) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x - 1) \right) + x - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2 + x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{3} \log(x + 1) + \frac{1}{3} \log(x - 1)$$

input `integrate((1/x^3+x^3)/(-1/x^3+x^3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) - 1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + x - 1/6*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/6*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/3*log(x + 1) + 1/3*log(x - 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x + 1) \right) - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3} (2x - 1) \right) + x - \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2 + x + 1) + \frac{1}{6} \log(x^2 - x + 1) - \frac{1}{3} \log(|x + 1|) + \frac{1}{3} \log(|x - 1|)$$

input `integrate((1/x^3+x^3)/(-1/x^3+x^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x + 1)) - 1/3*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - 1)) + x - 1/6*log(x^2 + x + 1) + 1/6*log(x^2 - x + 1) - 1/3*log(abs(x + 1)) + 1/3*log(abs(x - 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3} dx = x + \frac{\operatorname{atan}(x \operatorname{li}) 2i}{3} - \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x 32i}{-32 + \sqrt{3} 32i} - \frac{32 \sqrt{3} x}{-32 + \sqrt{3} 32i}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{1}{3}i\right) - \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{x 32i}{32 + \sqrt{3} 32i} + \frac{32 \sqrt{3} x}{32 + \sqrt{3} 32i}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} + \frac{1}{3}i\right)$$

input `int(-(1/x^3 + x^3)/(1/x^3 - x^3),x)`output `x + (atan(x*1i)*2i)/3 - atan((x*32i)/(3^(1/2)*32i - 32) - (32*3^(1/2)*x)/(3^(1/2)*32i - 32))*(3^(1/2)/3 - 1i/3) - atan((x*32i)/(3^(1/2)*32i + 32) + (32*3^(1/2)*x)/(3^(1/2)*32i + 32))*(3^(1/2)/3 + 1i/3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \frac{\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3}{-\frac{1}{x^3} + x^3} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x-1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3} + \frac{\log(x^2 - x + 1)}{6} - \frac{\log(x^2 + x + 1)}{6} + \frac{\log(x - 1)}{3} - \frac{\log(x + 1)}{3} + x$$

input `int((1/x^3+x^3)/(-1/x^3+x^3),x)`output `( - 2*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x - 1)/sqrt(3)) - 2*sqrt(3)*atan((2*x + 1)/sqrt(3)) + log(x**2 - x + 1) - log(x**2 + x + 1) + 2*log(x - 1) - 2*log(x + 1) + 6*x)/6`

### 3.4 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx$

Optimal result	109
Mathematica [A] (verified)	110
Rubi [A] (verified)	110
Maple [A] (verified)	113
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	114
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	115
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	116
Giac [F(-2)]	116
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	117
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	117

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 120

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = -6c^2d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2d^2(3bc - ad) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b^2} - \frac{2d^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b^2} + c^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x + \frac{c^2(bc + 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output

```
-6*c^2*d*(a+b/x)^(1/2)-2/3*d^2*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(a+b/x)^(3/2)/b^2-2/5*d^3*(a+b/x)^(5/2)/b^2+c^3*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+c^2*(6*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(4a^2d^3x^2 - 2abd^2x(d + 15cx) - 3b^2(2d^3 + 10cd^2x + 30c^2dx^2 - 5c^3x^3))}{15b^2x^2}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2(bc + 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(4*a^2*d^3*x^2 - 2*a*b*d^2*x*(d + 15*c*x) - 3*b^2*(2*d^3 + 10*c*d^2*x + 30*c^2*d*x^2 - 5*c^3*x^3)))/(15*b^2*x^2) + (c^2*(b*c + 6*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {899, 108, 27, 170, 27, 164, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 899$$

$$- \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 x^2 d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 108$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3 - \int \frac{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2\left(bc+6ad+\frac{7bd}{x}\right)x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3 - \frac{1}{2}\int \frac{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2\left(bc+6ad+\frac{7bd}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 170 \\
& \frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{2\int \frac{b\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)\left(\frac{d(33bc+2ad)}{x}+5c(bc+6ad)\right)x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}d\frac{1}{x}}{5b} - \frac{14}{5}d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2\right) + x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3 \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{1}{2}\left(-\frac{1}{5}\int \frac{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)\left(\frac{d(33bc+2ad)}{x}+5c(bc+6ad)\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{14}{5}d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2\right) + \\
& \quad x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3 \\
& \quad \downarrow 164 \\
& \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(-5c^2(6ad+bc)\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(2(-2a^2d^2+15abcd+57b^2c^2)+\frac{bd(2ad+33bc)}{x}\right)}{3b^2}\right) - \frac{14}{5}d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\right) + \\
& \quad x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3 \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{5}\left(-\frac{10c^2(6ad+bc)\int \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}}d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{b} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(2(-2a^2d^2+15abcd+57b^2c^2)+\frac{bd(2ad+33bc)}{x}\right)}{3b^2}\right) - \frac{14}{5}d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\right) + \\
& \quad x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3 \\
& \quad \downarrow 221
\end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{5} \left( \frac{10c^2 \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) (6ad + bc)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( 2(-2a^2d^2 + 15abcd + 57b^2c^2) + \frac{bd(2ad + 33bc)}{x} \right)}{3b^2} \right) - \frac{14}{5} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^3,x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^3*x + ((-14*d*Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^2)/5 + ((-2*d*Sqrt[a + b/x]*(2*(57*b^2*c^2 + 15*a*b*c*d - 2*a^2*d^2) + (b*d*(33*b*c + 2*a*d))/x))/(3*b^2) + (10*c^2*(b*c + 6*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a])/5)/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 108 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^(p - 1)*Simp[d*e*n + c*f*p + d*f*(n + p)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`

rule 164

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(-a*d*f*h*(n + 2) + b*c*f*h*(m + 2) -
b*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3) - b*d*f*h*(m + n + 2)*x)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((
c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(b^2*d^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3))), x] + Simp[(a^2*d^2*f*h
*(n + 1)*(n + 2) + a*b*d*(n + 1)*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n +
3)) + b^2*(c^2*f*h*(m + 1)*(m + 2) - c*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3) +
d^2*e*g*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3)))/(b^2*d^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3)) Int[(
a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x]
&& NeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 3, 0]
```

rule 170

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
)^(p_.)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((
e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2)
- h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2)
+ h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))*x, x], x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0]
&& IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 899

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol
] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

method	result
risch	$\frac{(15b^2c^3x^3 + 4a^2d^3x^2 - 30abc d^2x^2 - 90b^2c^2d^2x^2 - 2ab d^3x - 30b^2c d^2x - 6b^2d^3)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{15x^2b^2} + \frac{(6ad+bc)c^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+\frac{ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{2\sqrt{a}(ax+b)}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\left(180\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2d^2x^4 + 30\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}b^2c^3x^4 + 90\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^2c^2d^2x^4 + 15\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{a}b^2c^2d^2x^4\right)}{30x^3\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a}}$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+1/x*d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15*(15*b^2*c^3*x^3+4*a^2*d^3*x^2-30*a*b*c*d^2*x^2-90*b^2*c^2*d*x^2-2*a*b*d^3*x-30*b^2*c*d^2*x-6*b^2*d^3)/x^2/b^2*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2*(6*a*d+b*c)*c^2*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{15(b^3c^3 + 6ab^2c^2d)\sqrt{ax^2} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(15ab^2c^3x^3 - 6ab^2d^3 - 2(45ab^2c^2d + 15a^2bcd^2 - 15a^2b^2cd^2))\sqrt{ax^2}}{30ab^2x^2} - \frac{15(b^3c^3 + 6ab^2c^2d)\sqrt{-ax^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right) - (15ab^2c^3x^3 - 6ab^2d^3 - 2(45ab^2c^2d + 15a^2bcd^2 - 15a^2b^2cd^2))\sqrt{-ax^2}}{15ab^2x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30*(15*(b^3*c^3 + 6*a*b^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(15*a*b^2*c^3*x^3 - 6*a*b^2*d^3 - 2*(45*a*b^2*c^2*d + 15*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*d^3))*x^2 - 2*(15*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*b^2*x^2), -1/15*(15*(b^3*c^3 + 6*a*b^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (15*a*b^2*c^3*x^3 - 6*a*b^2*d^3 - 2*(45*a*b^2*c^2*d + 15*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*d^3))*x^2 - 2*(15*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*b^2*x^2)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 17.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 461, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.84

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \frac{4a^{\frac{11}{2}} b^{\frac{3}{2}} d^3 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2a^{\frac{9}{2}} b^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{8a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^{\frac{7}{2}} d^3 x \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{6a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^{\frac{9}{2}} d^3 \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4a^6 b d^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} - \frac{4a^5 b^2 d^3 x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{15a^{\frac{7}{2}} b^3 x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 15a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^4 x^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \sqrt{bc^3} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1} - 3c^2 d \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + 3cd^2 \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{a}}{x} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{bc^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2)*(c+d/x)**3,x)`

output

```
4*a**(11/2)*b**(3/2)*d**3*x**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2)
+ 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 2*a**(9/2)*b**(5/2)*d**3*x**2*sqrt(a*x/b +
1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 8*a**(7/2)*b**
*(7/2)*d**3*x*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**
4*x**(5/2)) - 6*a**(5/2)*b**(9/2)*d**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x
**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 4*a**6*b*d**3*x**(7/2)/(15*a**(7/2)
*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 4*a**5*b**2*d**3*x**(5/2)/(1
5*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) + sqrt(b)*c**3*sqrt(
x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1) - 3*c**2*d*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/
sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x), Ne(b, 0)), (-sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + 3*c*d**2
*Piecewise((-sqrt(a)/x, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*(a + b/x)**(3/2)/(3*b), True)) + b*
c**3*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/sqrt(a)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x - \frac{b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) c^3$$

$$- 3 \left( \sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right) + 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) c^2 d$$

$$- \frac{2}{15} d^3 \left( \frac{3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}}}{b^2} - \frac{5 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a}{b^2} \right) - \frac{2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} c d^2}{b}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*sqrt(a + b/x)*x - b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a))*c^3 - 3*(sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x))*c^2*d - 2/15*d^3*(3*(a + b/x)^(5/2)/b^2 - 5*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*a/b^2) - 2*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*c*d^2/b`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{3b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{3b^2}\right) + \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(2a \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2}\right) - \frac{6d(ad - bc)^2}{b^2} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{b^2}\right) + c^3x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2d^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{c^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (6ad + bc) \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(c + d/x)^3,x)`output `(a + b/x)^(3/2)*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/(3*b^2) - (4*a*d^3)/(3*b^2)) + (a + b/x)^(1/2)*(2*a*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2) - (6*d*(a*d - b*c)^2)/b^2 + (2*a^2*d^3)/b^2) + c^3*x*(a + b/x)^(1/2) - (2*d^3*(a + b/x)^(5/2))/(5*b^2) - (c^2*atan(((a + b/x)^(1/2)*li)/a^(1/2))*(6*a*d + b*c)*li)/a^(1/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 267, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \frac{16\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a^3 d^3 x^2 - 120\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a^2 b c d^2 x^2 - 8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a^2 b d^3 x + 60\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a b^2 c^3 x^3 - 3}{}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x)`

output

```
(16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**3*d**3*x**2 - 120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*
b*c*d**2*x**2 - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*b*d**3*x + 60*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*
x + b)*a*b**2*c**3*x**3 - 360*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**2 - 1
20*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**2
*d**3 + 360*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*
c**2*d*x**3 + 60*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b*
*3*c**3*x**3 - 16*sqrt(a)*a**3*d**3*x**3 - 24*sqrt(a)*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**3 +
216*sqrt(a)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**3 + 27*sqrt(a)*b**3*c**3*x**3)/(60*a*b**2*x*
*3)
```

### 3.5 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = -4cd\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2d^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b} + c^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \frac{c(bc + 4ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output

$-4*c*d*(a+b/x)^{(1/2)} - 2/3*d^2*(a+b/x)^{(3/2)}/b + c^2*(a+b/x)^{(1/2)}*x + c*(4*a*d + b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b/x)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-2ad^2x + b(-2d^2 - 12cdx + 3c^2x^2))}{3bx} + \frac{c(bc + 4ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$



input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(-2*a*d^2*x + b*(-2*d^2 - 12*c*d*x + 3*c^2*x^2)))/(3*b*x) + (c*(b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {899, 100, 27, 90, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 899 \\
 & - \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 100 \\
 & \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(\frac{2ad^2}{x} + c(bc + 4ad)\right) x d\frac{1}{x}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(\frac{2ad^2}{x} + c(bc + 4ad)\right) x d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 90 \\
 & \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + bc) \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + bc) \left( a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b}}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + bc) \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b}}{2a} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{c \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) (4ad + bc) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b}}{2a}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^2,x]`

output `(c^2*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*x)/a - ((4*a*d^2*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/(3*b) + c*(b*c + 4*a*d)*(2*Sqrt[a + b/x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 90 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

```
rule 100 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 899 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-3bc^2x^2+2xad^2+12bcdx+2bd^2)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{3xb} + \frac{(4ad+bc)c \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+\frac{ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2\sqrt{a}(ax+b)}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\left(12\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)abcdx^3+3\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)b^2c^2x^3+24a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{ax^2+bx}cdx^3+6\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax^2+bx}bc^2x^3\right)}{6x^2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{ab}}$

```
input int((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+1/x*d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/3*(-3*b*c^2*x^2+2*a*d^2*x+12*b*c*d*x+2*b*d^2)/x/b*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2
*(4*a*d+b*c)*c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)*((a*x+b)/
x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 213, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2 dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(b^2c^2 + 4abcd)\sqrt{ax} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(3abc^2x^2 - 2abd^2 - 2(6abcd + a^2d^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{6abx} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(b^2c^2 + 4abcd)\sqrt{-ax} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right) - (3abc^2x^2 - 2abd^2 - 2(6abcd + a^2d^2)x)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{3abx} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(3*(b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d)*sqrt(a)*x*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x
+ b)/x) + b) + 2*(3*a*b*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*d^2 - 2*(6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x)*s
qrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a*b*x), -1/3*(3*(b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d)*sqrt(-a)*x*arctan
(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (3*a*b*c^2*x^2 - 2*a*b*d^2 - 2*
(6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a*b*x)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 13.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \sqrt{bc^2} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1} - 2cd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + d^2 \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{a}}{x} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{bc^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2)*(c+d/x)**2,x)`output `sqrt(b)*c**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1) - 2*c*d*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x), Ne(b, 0)), (-sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + d**2*Piecewise((-sqrt(a)/x, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*(a + b/x)**(3/2)/(3*b), True)) + b*c**2*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/sqrt(a)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x - \frac{b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) c^2 - 2 \left( \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right) + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) cd - \frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} d^2}{3b}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
1/2*(2*sqrt(a + b/x)*x - b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) +
sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a))*c^2 - 2*(sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a
+ b/x) + sqrt(a))) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x))*c*d - 2/3*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*d^2/b
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable
to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \left(\frac{4ad^2 - 4bcd}{b} - \frac{4ad^2}{b}\right) \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + c^2 x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2d^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b} - \frac{\operatorname{catan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (4ad + bc) \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(c + d/x)^2,x)
```

output

```
((4*a*d^2 - 4*b*c*d)/b - (4*a*d^2)/b)*(a + b/x)^(1/2) + c^2*x*(a + b/x)^(1
/2) - (2*d^2*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/(3*b) - (c*atan(((a + b/x)^(1/2)*1i)/a^(1/2)
)*(4*a*d + b*c)*1i)/a^(1/2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.01

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{-4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a^2 d^2 x + 6\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} ab c^2 x^2 - 24\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} abcdx - 4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} ab d^2 + 24\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax + b} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^2 b c d x^2}{6abx^2}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x)
```

output

```
( - 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*d**2*x + 6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*c**2
*x**2 - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*d
**2 + 24*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*d*x*
*2 + 6*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x*
*2 - 4*sqrt(a)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 8*sqrt(a)*a*b*c*d*x**2 + sqrt(a)*b**2*c**2
*x**2)/(6*a*b*x**2)
```

### 3.6 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = -2d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x + \frac{(bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output

```
-2*d*(a+b/x)^(1/2)+c*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+(2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-2d + cx) + \frac{(bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x),x]
```



output

```
Sqrt[a + b/x]*(-2*d + c*x) + ((b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]
)/Sqrt[a]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {899, 87, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\
 & - \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) x^2 d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{cx \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + bc) \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d \frac{1}{x}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & \frac{cx \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + bc) \left( a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d \frac{1}{x} + 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{cx \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + bc) \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{cx \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2}}{a} - \frac{\left( 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2 \sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) (2ad + bc)}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x),x]`

output `(c*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*x)/a - ((b*c + 2*a*d)*(2*Sqrt[a + b/x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]))/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.38

method	result
risch	$(cx - 2d) \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + \frac{(ad + \frac{bc}{2}) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}\right) \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{\sqrt{a}(ax+b)}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \left( 2 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) abd x^2 + \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) b^2 c x^2 + 4a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{ax^2+bx} d x^2 + 2\sqrt{a} \sqrt{ax^2+bx} bc x^2 - 4\sqrt{a} \right)}{2x \sqrt{x(ax+b)} b \sqrt{a}}$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+1/x*d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(c*x-2*d)*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+(a*d+1/2*b*c)*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{(bc + 2ad)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(acx - 2ad)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{2a}, \right.$$

$$\left. - \frac{(bc + 2ad)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right) - (acx - 2ad)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{a} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*((b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b)
+ 2*(a*c*x - 2*a*d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/a, -((b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*arctan
(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (a*c*x - 2*a*d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/
x))/a]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 14.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) dx = \sqrt{bc} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1} - d \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}} \right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \quad \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{a} \log(x) \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) + \frac{bc \operatorname{asinh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2)*(c+d/x), x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1) - d*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x), Ne(b, 0)), (-sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + b*c*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/sqrt(a)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 106 vs. 2(51) = 102.

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 106, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.74

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x - \frac{b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right) c - \left( \sqrt{a} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right) + 2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) d$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*sqrt(a + b/x)*x - b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a))*c - (sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x))*d`

### Giac [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.51

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) dx = 2\sqrt{a} d \operatorname{atanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) - 2d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + c x \sqrt{a x^2 + b x} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} + \frac{b c x \ln \left( \frac{\frac{b}{2} + a x + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{a x^2 + b x}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(c + d/x),x)`

output `2*a^(1/2)*d*atanh((a + b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)) - 2*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2) + c*x*(b*x + a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1/x^2)^(1/2) + (b*c*x*log((b/2 + a*x + a^(1/2)*(b*x + a*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(1/x^2)^(1/2))/(2*a^(1/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax+b} acx - 8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax+b} ad + 8\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) adx + 4\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) bcx - 8\sqrt{a} \sqrt{ax+b}}{4ax}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x),x)`output `(4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*c*x - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*d + 8*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*d*x + 4*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b*c*x - 8*sqrt(a)*a*d*x - sqrt(a)*b*c*x)/(4*a*x)`

### 3.7 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx$

Optimal result	134
Mathematica [A] (verified)	134
Rubi [A] (verified)	135
Maple [B] (verified)	136
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	137
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	137
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	138
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	138
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	138
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	139

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

output  $(a+b/x)^{(1/2)}*x+b*\operatorname{arctanh}((a+b/x)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x + \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x], x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b/x]*x + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {773, 51, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & - \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{1}{2}b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x], x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b/x]*x + (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 51  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]$   
 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]  
 ] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(2)}]^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

rule 773  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)}]^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 71 vs.  $2(31) = 62$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.85

method	result	size
risch	$\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} x + \frac{b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right) \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2\sqrt{a}(ax+b)}$	72
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} x \left( 2\sqrt{ax^2+bx} \sqrt{a} + b \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx} \sqrt{a} + 2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)} \sqrt{a}}$	74

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x)^{(1/2)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*x+1/2*b*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)
)*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.67

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2ax\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + \sqrt{ab} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right)}{2a}, \frac{ax\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} - \sqrt{-ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right)}{a} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(2*a*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + sqrt(a)*b*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*
x + b)/x) + b))/a, (a*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*s
qrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)))/a]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1} + \frac{b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2),x)
```

output

```
sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1) + b*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/sqrt(a)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x - \frac{b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `sqrt(a + b/x)*x - 1/2*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 62, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx = -\frac{b \log \left( |2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} + b| \right) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \frac{b \log(|b|) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \operatorname{sgn}(x)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*b*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))*sgn(x)/sqrt(a) + 1/2*b*log(abs(b))*sgn(x)/sqrt(a) + sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*sgn(x)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx = x \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}} + \frac{bx \ln \left( \frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2\sqrt{a}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^2}}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(1/2),x)`

output `x*(b*x + a*x^2)^(1/2)*(1/x^2)^(1/2) + (b*x*log((b/2 + a*x + a^(1/2)*(b*x + a*x^2)^(1/2))/a^(1/2))*(1/x^2)^(1/2))/(2*a^(1/2))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a + \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b}{a}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a + sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b)/a`

### 3.8 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c+\frac{d}{x}} dx$

Optimal result	140
Mathematica [A] (verified)	141
Rubi [A] (verified)	141
Maple [B] (verified)	144
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	144
Sympy [F]	145
Maxima [F]	145
Giac [F(-2)]	146
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	146
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	147

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c+\frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc-ad} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{(bc-2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac^2}}$$

output

```
(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/c+2*d^(1/2)*(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^2+(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x + 2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc - ad} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right) + \frac{(bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}}{c^2}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x]/(c + d/x),x]`

output `(c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x + 2*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]] + ((b*c - 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/c^2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {899, 110, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x^2}{c + \frac{d}{x}} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{110} \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc - 2ad - \frac{bd}{x})x}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(c + \frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc-2ad-\frac{bd}{x})x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 174 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{(bc-2ad)\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{2d(bc-ad)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{2(bc-2ad)\int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^2}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{4d(bc-ad)\int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{2(bc-2ad)\int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^2}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc-ad}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc-ad}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-2ad)}{\sqrt{ac}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x]/(c + d/x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/c - ((-4*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/c - (2*(b*c - 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c))/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

- rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p(m+1)-1}(c - a(d/b) + d(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 110  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}(c + d*x)^n((e + f*x)^{p+1}/((m+1)(b*e - a*f))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}(c + d*x)^{n-1}(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[d*e*n + c*f*(m+p+2) + d*f*(m+n+p+2)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] \|\| \text{IntegersQ}[m, n+p] \|\| \text{IntegersQ}[p, m+n])$
- rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_. + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)) / ((a_. + (b_.)(x_))((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$
- rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^n)^{p_.}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)^{q_.}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$



### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 231 vs. 2(86) = 172.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

method	result
risch	$\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{\left( \frac{(2ad-bc) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{c\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2(ad-bc)d \ln\left(\frac{\frac{2(ad-bc)d}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad-bc)(x+\frac{d}{c})}{c} + 2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{a(x+\frac{d}{c})^2 - \frac{(2ad-bc)(x+\frac{d}{c})}{c}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}\right)}{2c(ax+b)}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} x \left( 2a^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)} c - 2adx + bcx - bd}{cx+d}\right) d^2 - 2\sqrt{x(ax+b)} c^2 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} - 2\sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{cx+d}\right) \right)}{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)} c^3 \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}$

```
input int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+1/x*d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c*x*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c*((2*a*d-b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 492, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.73

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2 acx \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} - (bc - 2 ad)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2 ax - 2 \sqrt{ax} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2 \sqrt{-bcd + ad^2} a \log\left(\frac{bd - (bc - 2 ad)x + 2 \sqrt{-bcd + ad^2} a}{cx+d}\right)}{2 ac^2}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(2*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - (b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt
(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*sqrt(-b*c*d + a*d^2)*a*log((b*d - (b*c -
2*a*d)*x + 2*sqrt(-b*c*d + a*d^2)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c*x + d))/(a*c^2)
, 1/2*(2*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - 4*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*arctan(sqrt(b*c
*d - a*d^2)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*d*x + b*d)) - (b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*log
(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b))/(a*c^2), (a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b
)/x) - (b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b
)) + sqrt(-b*c*d + a*d^2)*a*log((b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x + 2*sqrt(-b*c*d + a
*d^2)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c*x + d))/(a*c^2), (a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) -
2*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*arctan(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a
*d*x + b*d)) - (b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/
(a*x + b)))/(a*c^2]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \int \frac{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{cx + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2)/(c+d/x), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*sqrt(a + b/x)/(c*x + d), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate(sqrt(a + b/x)/(c + d/x), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c} + \frac{\ln \left( \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a} \right) (ad - \frac{bc}{2})}{\sqrt{a} c^2}$$

$$- \frac{\ln \left( \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a} \right) (2ad - bc)}{2 \sqrt{a} c^2}$$

$$- \frac{\operatorname{atan} \left( \frac{b^4 d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{a d^2 - b c d} 4i}{4 a b^4 d^4 - 4 b^5 c d^3} \right) \sqrt{a d^2 - b c d} 2i}{c^2}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(1/2)/(c + d/x),x)`

output `(x*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/c - (atan((b^4*d^3*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a*d^2 - b*c*d)^(1/2)*4i)/(4*a*b^4*d^4 - 4*b^5*c*d^3))*(a*d^2 - b*c*d)^(1/2)*2i)/c^2 + (log((a + b/x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))*(a*d - (b*c)/2))/(a^(1/2)*c^2) - (log((a + b/x)^(1/2) + a^(1/2))*(2*a*d - b*c))/(2*a^(1/2)*c^2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.22

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{ad - bc} \log\left(\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ax + b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{d} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{ad - bc} - 2ad + bc} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a}\right) a + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{ad - bc} \log\left(\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ax + b} + \sqrt{2\sqrt{d} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{ad - bc} - 2ad + bc} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a}\right) a}{2\sqrt{d} \sqrt{ad - bc}}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x),x)`output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a + sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*c - 2*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*d + sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b*c)/(a*c**2)`

**3.9** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	148
Mathematica [A] (verified)	149
Rubi [A] (verified)	149
Maple [B] (verified)	152
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	153
Sympy [F]	154
Maxima [F]	155
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	155
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	156
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	157

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{2d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c^2\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{d}(3bc - 4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c^3\sqrt{bc - ad}} + \frac{(bc - 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac^3}}$$

output

```
2*d*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c^2/(c+d/x)+(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/c/(c+d/x)+d^(1/2)*(-4*a*d+3*
b*c)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)+(
-4*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(2d + cx)}{d + cx} + \frac{\sqrt{d}(3bc - 4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc - ad}} + \frac{(bc - 4ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \frac{1}{c^3}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x]/(c + d/x)^2,x]`output `((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(2*d + c*x))/(d + c*x) + (Sqrt[d]*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d] + ((b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a])/c^3`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 162, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {899, 110, 27, 168, 25, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{110} \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(bc - 4ad - \frac{3bd}{x}\right)x}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc-4ad-\frac{3bd}{x})x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 168 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(bc-ad)\left(bc-4ad-\frac{2bd}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)} - \frac{4d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc-ad)\left(bc-4ad-\frac{2bd}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)} - \frac{4d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc-4ad-\frac{2bd}{x})x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{4d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 174 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{(bc-4ad)\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{d(3bc-4ad)\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c}}{2c} - \frac{4d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{2(bc-4ad)\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{2d(3bc-4ad)\int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc}}{2c} - \frac{4d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{2(bc-4ad)\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{2\sqrt{d}(3bc-4ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}}}{2c} - \frac{4d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{d}(3bc-4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - 2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-4ad)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}}}{c} - \frac{4d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x]/(c + d/x)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/(c*(c + d/x)) - ((-4*d*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(c + d/x)) + ((-2*Sqrt[d]*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (2*(b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c))/c)/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 110 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*e - a*f))), x] - Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[d*e*n + c*f*(m + p + 2) + d*f*(m + n + p + 2)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`



rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)})), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)})/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}\{m, -1\}$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)})/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] := -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}\{n, 0\}$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 476 vs.  $2(127) = 254$ .

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.24

method	result
risch	$\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{c^2} - \frac{(4ad-bc) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{c\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2d(3ad-2bc) \ln\left(\frac{2(ad-bc)d}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c} + 2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)^2 - \frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{c^2} x \left( 4a^{\frac{7}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)} c - 2adx + bcx - bd}{cx+d}\right) c d^3 x + 2a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)} c^4 x^2 + 4a^{\frac{7}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{ca}\right) \right)$

```
input int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+1/x*d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c^2*x*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c^2*((4*a*d-b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+2/c^2*d*(3*a*d-2*b*c)/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+2*d^2*(a*d-b*c)/c^3*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 773, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*((b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + (3*a*b*c*d - 4*a^2*d^2 + (3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) - 2*(a*c^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*c^4*x + a*c^3*d), -1/2*(2*(b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (3*a*b*c*d - 4*a^2*d^2 + (3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) - 2*(a*c^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*c^4*x + a*c^3*d), 1/2*(2*(3*a*b*c*d - 4*a^2*d^2 + (3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x)*sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)) - (b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(a*c^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*c^4*x + a*c^3*d), -((b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (3*a*b*c*d - 4*a^2*d^2 + (3*a*b*c^2 - 4*a^2*c*d)*x)*sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)) - (a*c^2*x^2 + 2*a*c*d*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*c^4*x + a*c^3*d)
]
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{(cx + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2)/(c+d/x)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2*sqrt(a + b/x)/(c*x + d)**2, x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x)/(c + d/x)^2, x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 401 vs.  $2(127) = 254$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 401, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^2} - \frac{(3bcd \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4ad^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{ax - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}})c + \sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2} c^3} \\ & \quad - \frac{(bc \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4ad \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log\left(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} + b|\right)}{2\sqrt{ac^3}} \\ & \quad - \frac{\left(6\sqrt{abcd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}}\right) - 8a^{\frac{3}{2}}d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}}\right) - \sqrt{bcd - ad^2}bc \log(|b|) + 4\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}ad \log\left(\frac{(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})c + \sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}\sqrt{ac^3}} \\ & \quad - \frac{(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})bcd \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})ad^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - \sqrt{abd^2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\left((\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 c + 2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{ad} + bd\right) c^3} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*sgn(x)/c^2 - (3*b*c*d*sgn(x) - 4*a*d^2*sgn(x))*arctan(-
(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2))/(sqrt(
b*c*d - a*d^2)*c^3) - 1/2*(b*c*sgn(x) - 4*a*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x
- sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(sqrt(a)*c^3) - 1/2*(6*sqrt(a)*b*c*d*a
rctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 8*a^(3/2)*d^2*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt
(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*b*c*log(abs(b)) + 4*sqrt(b*c*d - a*
d^2)*a*d*log(abs(b)) + 2*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*d)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d
^2)*sqrt(a)*c^3) - ((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*b*c*d*sgn(x) - 2*(sqrt
(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a*d^2*sgn(x) - sqrt(a)*b*d^2*sgn(x))/(((sqrt(a)
*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*d
+ b*d)*c^3)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1195, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(1/2)/(c + d/x)^2,x)
```

output

```

- ((2*b*d*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/c^2 - (b*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(2*a*d - b*c))/c^2)/((
a + b/x)*(2*a*d - b*c) - d*(a + b/x)^2 - a^2*d + a*b*c) - (atanh((8*b^5*d^
3*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/(a^(1/2)*(8*b^5*d^3 - (2*b^6*c*d^2)/a)) + (2*b^6*d^2*(a
+ b/x)^(1/2))/(a^(3/2)*((2*b^6*d^2)/a - (8*b^5*d^3)/c)))*(4*a*d - b*c))/
a^(1/2)*c^3) - (atan(((d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*((4*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(16*a^2*b
^2*d^5 + 5*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 16*a*b^3*c*d^4))/c^4 - (((2*(2*b^4*c^7*d^2 - 4*a*
b^3*c^6*d^3))/c^6 - (2*(2*b^3*c^7*d^2 - 4*a*b^2*c^6*d^3)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(
d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*(4*a*d - 3*b*c))/(c^4*(b*c^4 - a*c^3*d)))*(d*(a*d - b
*c))^(1/2)*(4*a*d - 3*b*c))/(2*(b*c^4 - a*c^3*d)))*(4*a*d - 3*b*c)*1i)/(2*
(b*c^4 - a*c^3*d)) + ((d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*((4*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(16*a^2*b
^2*d^5 + 5*b^4*c^2*d^3 - 16*a*b^3*c*d^4))/c^4 + (((2*(2*b^4*c^7*d^2 - 4*a*
b^3*c^6*d^3))/c^6 + (2*(2*b^3*c^7*d^2 - 4*a*b^2*c^6*d^3)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(d
*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*(4*a*d - 3*b*c))/(c^4*(b*c^4 - a*c^3*d)))*(d*(a*d - b*
c))^(1/2)*(4*a*d - 3*b*c))/(2*(b*c^4 - a*c^3*d)))*(4*a*d - 3*b*c)*1i)/(2*(
b*c^4 - a*c^3*d)))/((4*(16*a^2*b^3*d^5 + 3*b^5*c^2*d^3 - 16*a*b^4*c*d^4))/
c^6 - ((d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*((4*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(16*a^2*b^2*d^5 + 5*b^4*c
^2*d^3 - 16*a*b^3*c*d^4))/c^4 - (((2*(2*b^4*c^7*d^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^6*d^3))/c^
6 - (2*(2*b^3*c^7*d^2 - 4*a*b^2*c^6*d^3)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(d*(a*d - b*c))^(
1/2)*(4*a*d - 3*b*c))/(c^4*(b*c^4 - a*c^3*d)))*(d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*(4*a
d - 3*b*c))/(2*(b*c^4 - a*c^3*d)))*(4*a*d - 3*b*c))/(2*(b*c^4 - a*c^3*d...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 996, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.78

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*c*d*x +
4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*d**2 -
3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b*c**2*x -
3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b*c*d + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*d**2 - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b*c**2*x - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b*c*d - 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a**2*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a**2*d**2 + 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(...
```

**3.10** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	159
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	160
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Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	164
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	169
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 213

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{2c^2\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} + \frac{d(11bc-12ad)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{4c^3(bc-ad)\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}x}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d}(15b^2c^2-40abcd+24a^2d^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4c^4(bc-ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{(bc-6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}c^4}$$

output

```
3/2*d*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c^2/(c+d/x)^2+1/4*d*(-12*a*d+11*b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c^3
/(-a*d+b*c)/(c+d/x)+(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/c/(c+d/x)^2+1/4*d^(1/2)*(24*a^2*d^2-40
*a*b*c*d+15*b^2*c^2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^4/(-
a*d+b*c)^(3/2)+(-6*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^4
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-2ad(6d^2 + 9cdx + 2c^2x^2) + bc(11d^2 + 17cdx + 4c^2x^2))}{(bc - ad)(d + cx)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d}(15b^2c^2 - 40abcd + 24a^2d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{4c^4} + \frac{4(bc - 6ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x]/(c + d/x)^3,x]`

output

$$\left(\frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \cdot x \cdot (-2ad(6d^2 + 9cdx + 2c^2x^2) + bc(11d^2 + 17cdx + 4c^2x^2))}{(bc - ad)(d + cx)^2} + \frac{\sqrt{d}(15b^2c^2 - 40abcd + 24a^2d^2) \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right]}{(bc - ad)^{3/2}} + \frac{4(bc - 6ad) \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right]}{\sqrt{a}}\right) / (4c^4)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 13, number of rules used = 12,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.571$ , Rules used = {899, 110, 27, 168, 25, 27, 168, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 899$$

$$- \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 110$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc-6ad-\frac{5bd}{x})x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc-6ad-\frac{5bd}{x})x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{(bc-ad)\left(2(bc-6ad)-\frac{9bd}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)} - \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{(bc-ad)\left(2(bc-6ad)-\frac{9bd}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)} - \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(2(bc-6ad)-\frac{9bd}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{\left(4(bc-6ad)(bc-ad)-\frac{bd(11bc-12ad)}{x}\right)x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(11bc-12ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} - \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(4(bc-6ad)(bc-ad)-\frac{bd(11bc-12ad)}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(11bc-12ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} - \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 174 \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\ & \frac{4(bc-6ad)(bc-ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - d(24a^2d^2-40abcd+15b^2c^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(11bc-12ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} - \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\ & \frac{8(bc-6ad)(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - 2d(24a^2d^2-40abcd+15b^2c^2) \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{2c} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(11bc-12ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} - \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 218 \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\ & \frac{8(bc-6ad)(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{d}(24a^2d^2-40abcd+15b^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{2c} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(11bc-12ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} - \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\ & \frac{2\sqrt{d}(24a^2d^2-40abcd+15b^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-6ad)(bc-ad)}{2c} - \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(11bc-12ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} - \frac{3d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x]/(c + d/x)^3,x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/(c*(c + d/x)^2) - ((-3*d*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(c + d/x)^2)
+ (-((d*(11*b*c - 12*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x))) + ((-2
*Sqrt[d]*(15*b^2*c^2 - 40*a*b*c*d + 24*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b
/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (8*(b*c - 6*a*d)*(b*c - a*d)*
ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c))/(2*c*(b*c - a*d))/(2*c)/(2*
c)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +
d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 110

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_
)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m +
1)*(b*e - a*f))), x] - Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)
*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[d*e*n + c*f*(m + p + 2) + d*f*(m + n +
p + 2)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && Gt
Q[n, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p,
m + n])
```

rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}\{m, -1\}$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_. + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)))/((a_. + (b_.)(x_) * (c_.) + (d_.)(x_)), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] := -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}\{n, 0\}$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 968 vs.  $2(185) = 370$ .

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 969, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

method	result
risch	$\frac{(6ad-bc) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{c\sqrt{a}} + \frac{6d(2ad-bc) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{2(ad-bc)d}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad-bc)(x+\frac{d}{c})}{c}}{x+\frac{d}{c}} + 2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)^2 - \frac{(2ad-bc)(x+\frac{d}{c})}{c}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}$
default	$\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{c^3}$ <p>Expression too large to display</p>

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+1/x*d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```

1/c^3*x*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c^3*((6*a*d-b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a
*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+6/c^2*d*(2*a*d-b*c)/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2
*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1
/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+2/c^3*d
^2*(4*a*d-3*b*c)*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/
c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c
)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*
d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)
)/(x+1/c*d))-2*d^3*(a*d-b*c)/c^4*(-1/2/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)^2*(a*(x+
1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)+3/4*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/
(a*d-b*c)/d*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+
1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c
^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2
)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+
1/c*d))+1/2*a/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c
^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d
-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d)))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(
x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 415 vs.  $2(185) = 370$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1721, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.08

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```

[-1/8*(4*(b^2*c^2*d^2 - 7*a*b*c*d^3 + 6*a^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4 - 7*a*b*c^3*d +
6*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d - 7*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(
a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + (15*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 40
*a^2*b*c*d^3 + 24*a^3*d^4 + (15*a*b^2*c^4 - 40*a^2*b*c^3*d + 24*a^3*c^2*d^
2)*x^2 + 2*(15*a*b^2*c^3*d - 40*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + 24*a^3*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-d/(
b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) -
b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) - 2*(4*(a*b*c^4 - a^2*c^3*d)*x^3 + (17*
a*b*c^3*d - 18*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + (11*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 12*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(
(a*x + b)/x)/(a*b*c^5*d^2 - a^2*c^4*d^3 + (a*b*c^7 - a^2*c^6*d)*x^2 + 2*(
a*b*c^6*d - a^2*c^5*d^2)*x), 1/4*((15*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 40*a^2*b*c*d^3 + 24*
a^3*d^4 + (15*a*b^2*c^4 - 40*a^2*b*c^3*d + 24*a^3*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(15*a*b
^2*c^3*d - 40*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + 24*a^3*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(
sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)) - 2*(b^2*c^2*d^2 - 7*a*b*c*d^3 + 6*
a^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4 - 7*a*b*c^3*d + 6*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d - 7*a
*b*c^2*d^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b
)/x) + b) + (4*(a*b*c^4 - a^2*c^3*d)*x^3 + (17*a*b*c^3*d - 18*a^2*c^2*d^2)
*x^2 + (11*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 12*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a*b*c^5*d^2
- a^2*c^4*d^3 + (a*b*c^7 - a^2*c^6*d)*x^2 + 2*(a*b*c^6*d - a^2*c^5*d^2)*x)
, -1/8*(8*(b^2*c^2*d^2 - 7*a*b*c*d^3 + 6*a^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4 - 7*a*b*c^3*d
+ 6*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d - 7*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 6*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*s...

```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \int \frac{x^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{(cx + d)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2)/(c+d/x)**3,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**3*sqrt(a + b/x)/(c*x + d)**3, x)
```



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x)/(c + d/x)^3, x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 809 vs.  $2(185) = 370$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 809, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.80

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

-1/4*(15*sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2*d*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 40*a^(3
/2)*b*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 24*a^(5/2)*d^3*arctan(
sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 2*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*b^2*c^2*log(abs(b))
+ 14*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b*c*d*log(abs(b)) - 12*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^2
*d^2*log(abs(b)) + 9*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b*c*d - 10*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*
a^2*d^2)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*sqrt(a)*b*c^5 - sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a
^(3/2)*c^4*d) - 1/4*(15*b^2*c^2*d*sgn(x) - 40*a*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) + 24*a^2*d^
3*sgn(x))*arctan(-((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/sqrt(b*c
*d - a*d^2))/((b*c^5 - a*c^4*d)*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*s
gn(x)/c^3 - 1/4*(9*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*b^2*c^3*d*sgn(x) - 32
*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a*b*c^2*d^2*sgn(x) + 24*(sqrt(a)*x - sq
rt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a^2*c*d^3*sgn(x) + 3*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*
sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2*d^2*sgn(x) - 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^(3/2)*
b*c*d^3*sgn(x) + 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^(5/2)*d^4*sgn(x) +
7*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*b^3*c^2*d^2*sgn(x) - 44*(sqrt(a)*x - sq
rt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a*b^2*c*d^3*sgn(x) + 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a
^2*b*d^4*sgn(x) - 9*sqrt(a)*b^3*c*d^3*sgn(x) + 10*a^(3/2)*b^2*d^4*sgn(x))/
((b*c^5 - a*c^4*d)*((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*x - s
qrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*d + b*d)^2) - 1/2*(b*c*sgn(x) - 6*a*d*sgn(x))*lo
g(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(sqrt(a)*c^4)

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1895, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(1/2)/(c + d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(log((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(d*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2) - a^2*d^2 - b^2*c^2 + 2*a*b*c
*d)*(d*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(3*a^2*d^2 + (15*b^2*c^2)/8 - 5*a*b*c*d))/(b^3
*c^7 - a^3*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^5*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^6*d) - ((b*(a + b/x)^(1/2)
)*(12*a^2*d^2 + 4*b^2*c^2 - 17*a*b*c*d))/(4*c^3) + (b*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(12*
a*d^3 - 11*b*c*d^2))/(4*c^3*(a*d - b*c)) - (d*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(17*b^3*c^2
+ 24*a^2*b*d^2 - 40*a*b^2*c*d))/(4*c^3*(a*d - b*c)))/((a + b/x)^2*(3*a*d^2
- 2*b*c*d) - (a + b/x)*(3*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d) - d^2*(a + b/x)^
3 + a^3*d^2 + a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d) - (log((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(d*(a*d - b*
c)^3)^(1/2) + a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d)*(d*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2)*(24*a
^2*d^2 + 15*b^2*c^2 - 40*a*b*c*d))/(8*(b^3*c^7 - a^3*c^4*d^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^5
*d^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^6*d)) - (atan((((((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(1152*a^4*b^2*d^7 + 241
*b^6*c^4*d^3 - 1424*a*b^5*c^3*d^4 - 3264*a^3*b^3*c*d^6 + 3296*a^2*b^4*c^2*
d^5))/(8*(b^2*c^8 + a^2*c^6*d^2 - 2*a*b*c^7*d)) - ((6*a*d - b*c)*((4*b^6*c
^11*d^2 - 21*a*b^5*c^10*d^3 + 29*a^2*b^4*c^9*d^4 - 12*a^3*b^3*c^8*d^5)/(b^
2*c^11 + a^2*c^9*d^2 - 2*a*b*c^10*d) - ((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(6*a*d - b*c)*(64*
b^5*c^11*d^2 - 256*a*b^4*c^10*d^3 + 320*a^2*b^3*c^9*d^4 - 128*a^3*b^2*c^8*
d^5))/(16*a^(1/2)*c^4*(b^2*c^8 + a^2*c^6*d^2 - 2*a*b*c^7*d)))))/(2*a^(1/2)*
c^4))*(6*a*d - b*c)*1i)/(2*a^(1/2)*c^4) + (((((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(1152*a^4*b^2
*d^7 + 241*b^6*c^4*d^3 - 1424*a*b^5*c^3*d^4 - 3264*a^3*b^3*c*d^6 + 3296*a^
2*b^4*c^2*d^5))/(8*(b^2*c^8 + a^2*c^6*d^2 - 2*a*b*c^7*d)) + ((6*a*d - b...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3447, normalized size of antiderivative = 16.18

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 192*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*c*d**4*x + 96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*d**5 - 208*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 416*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c**2*d**3*x - 208*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*b*c*d**4 + 140*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b**2*c**4*d*x**2 + 280*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b**2*c**3*d**2*x + 140*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**3 - 30*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sq...
```

### 3.11 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 146

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = -2c^2(bc + 3ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2c^2d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{2d^2(3bc - ad)\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b^2} - \frac{2d^3\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b^2} + ac^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x + 3\sqrt{ac^2(bc + 2ad)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
-2*c^2*(3*a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)-2*c^2*d*(a+b/x)^(3/2)-2/5*d^2*(-a*d+3*b*c)
*(a+b/x)^(5/2)/b^2-2/7*d^3*(a+b/x)^(7/2)/b^2+a*c^3*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+3*a^(1/2)
*c^2*(2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(4a^3d^3x^3 - 2a^2bd^2x^2(d + 21cx) + ab^2x(-16d^3 - 84cd^2x - 280c^2dx^2 + 35c^3x^3) - 2b^3(5d^3 + 21cd^2x + 35c^2dx^2 + 35c^3x^3))}{35b^2x^3} + 3\sqrt{ac^2(bc + 2ad)}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(4*a^3*d^3*x^3 - 2*a^2*b*d^2*x^2*(d + 21*c*x) + a*b^2*x*(-16*d^3 - 84*c*d^2*x - 280*c^2*d*x^2 + 35*c^3*x^3) - 2*b^3*(5*d^3 + 21*c*d^2*x + 35*c^2*d*x^2 + 35*c^3*x^3)))/(35*b^2*x^3) + 3*Sqrt[a]*c^2*(b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {899, 108, 27, 170, 27, 164, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{108} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 - \int \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2 \left( bc + 2ad + \frac{3bd}{x} \right) x d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 - \frac{3}{2} \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2 \left( bc + 2ad + \frac{3bd}{x} \right) x d \frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 170 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 - \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} b \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) \left( 7c(bc + 2ad) + \frac{d(19bc + 2ad)}{x} \right) x d \frac{1}{x}}{7b} + \frac{6}{7} d \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 - \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{7} \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) \left( 7c(bc + 2ad) + \frac{d(19bc + 2ad)}{x} \right) x d \frac{1}{x} + \frac{6}{7} d \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 164 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 - \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 7c^2(2ad + bc) \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2d \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( \frac{3bd(2ad + 19bc)}{x} + 2(13bc - ad)(2ad + 5bc) \right)}{15b^2} \right) + \frac{6}{7} d \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2 \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 60 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 - \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 7c^2(2ad + bc) \left( a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d \frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2d \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( \frac{3bd(2ad + 19bc)}{x} + 2(13bc - ad)(2ad + 5bc) \right)}{15b^2} \right) \right) \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 - \\
& \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 7c^2(2ad + bc) \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2d \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( \frac{3bd(2ad + 19bc)}{x} + 2(13bc - ad)(2ad + 5bc) \right)}{15b^2} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 221 \\
 & x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 - \\
 & \frac{3}{2} \left( \frac{1}{7} \left( 7c^2 \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) (2ad + bc) + \frac{2d \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( \frac{3bd(2ad+19bc)}{x} + 2(13bc - ad)(2a}{15b^2} \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^3,x]`

output `(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^3*x - (3*((6*d*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^2)/7 + ((2*d*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(2*(13*b*c - a*d)*(5*b*c + 2*a*d) + (3*b*d*(19*b*c + 2*a*d))/x))/(15*b^2) + 7*c^2*(b*c + 2*a*d)*(2*Sqrt[a + b/x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]))/7))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`



rule 108  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}(c + d*x)^n(e + f*x)^p/(b*(m+1))], x] - \text{Simp}[1/(b*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}(c + d*x)^{n-1}(e + f*x)^{p-1} \text{Simp}[d*e*n + c*f*p + d*f*(n+p)*x, x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegersQ[2\*m, 2\*n, 2\*p] || IntegersQ[m, n+p] || IntegersQ[p, m+n])

rule 164  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-a*d*f*h*(n+2) + b*c*f*h*(m+2) - b*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m+n+3) - b*d*f*h*(m+n+2)*x)(a + b*x)^{m+1}(c + d*x)^{n+1}/(b^2*d^2*(m+n+2)*(m+n+3)), x] + \text{Simp}[(a^2*d^2*f*h*(n+1)*(n+2) + a*b*d*(n+1)*(2*c*f*h*(m+1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m+n+3)) + b^2*(c^2*f*h*(m+1)*(m+2) - c*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m+1)*(m+n+3) + d^2*e*g*(m+n+2)*(m+n+3))/(b^2*d^2*(m+n+2)*(m+n+3)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m+n+2, 0] && NeQ[m+n+3, 0]

rule 170  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h*(a + b*x)^m(c + d*x)^{n+1}(e + f*x)^{p+1}/(d*f*(m+n+p+2)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f*(m+n+p+2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m-1}(c + d*x)^n(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[a*d*f*g*(m+n+p+2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) + (b*d*f*g*(m+n+p+2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m+n+1) + c*f*(m+p+1)))*x, x], x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m+n+p+2, 0] && IntegerQ[m]

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^n)^{p_.}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)^{q_.}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b\*c - a\*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.47

method	result
risch	$\frac{(35ab^2c^3x^4+4x^3a^3d^3-42x^3a^2bcd^2-280x^3ab^2c^2d-70x^3b^3c^3-2x^2a^2bd^3-84x^2ab^2cd^2-70x^2b^3c^2d-16ab^2d^3x-42b^3cd^2x-10b^3c^2d^2x-10b^3c^2d^2)}{35x^3b^2}$
default	$\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \left( 420\sqrt{ax^2+bx} a^{\frac{5}{2}} b c^2 d x^5 + 210\sqrt{ax^2+bx} a^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2 c^3 x^5 + 210 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b^2 c^2 d x^5 + 105 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b^2 c^2 d x^5 + 105 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b^2 c^2 d x^5 + 105 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b^2 c^2 d x^5 \right)$

```
input int((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+1/x*d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/35*(35*a*b^2*c^3*x^4+4*a^3*d^3*x^3-42*a^2*b*c*d^2*x^3-280*a*b^2*c^2*d*x^3-70*b^3*c^3*x^3-2*a^2*b*d^3*x^2-84*a*b^2*c*d^2*x^2-70*b^3*c^2*d*x^2-16*a*b^2*d^3*x-42*b^3*c*d^2*x-10*b^3*d^3)/x^3/b^2*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+3/2*(2*a*d+b*c)*a^(1/2)*c^2*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.64

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \frac{105(b^3c^3 + 2ab^2c^2d)\sqrt{ax^3} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(35ab^2c^3x^4 - 10b^3d^3 - 2(35b^3c^3 + 140ab^2c^2d + 210ab^2c^2d))\sqrt{-ax^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right) - (35ab^2c^3x^4 - 10b^3d^3 - 2(35b^3c^3 + 140ab^2c^2d + 210ab^2c^2d))}{35b^2x^3}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/70*(105*(b^3*c^3 + 2*a*b^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(35*a*b^2*c^3*x^4 - 10*b^3*d^3 - 2*(35*b^3*c^3 + 140*a*b^2*c^2*d + 21*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*d^3)*x^3 - 2*(35*b^3*c^2*d + 42*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x^2 - 2*(21*b^3*c*d^2 + 8*a*b^2*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(b^2*x^3), -1/35*(105*(b^3*c^3 + 2*a*b^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (35*a*b^2*c^3*x^4 - 10*b^3*d^3 - 2*(35*b^3*c^3 + 140*a*b^2*c^2*d + 21*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 2*a^3*d^3)*x^3 - 2*(35*b^3*c^2*d + 42*a*b^2*c*d^2 + a^2*b*d^3)*x^2 - 2*(21*b^3*c*d^2 + 8*a*b^2*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(b^2*x^3)]
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 40.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1828, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.52

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(3/2)*(c+d/x)**3,x)
```

output

```

-16*a**(19/2)*b**(11/2)*d**3*x**6*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**
(13/2) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a*
*(7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2)) - 40*a**(17/2)*b**(13/2)*d**3*x**5*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/
(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13/2) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)
)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2)) - 30*a**(15/2)*b**(15/2)*d*
*3*x**4*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13/2) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8
*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2)) - 4
0*a**(13/2)*b**(17/2)*d**3*x**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13
/2) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(
7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2)) + 4*a**(13/2)*b**(3/2)*d**3*x**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*
a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 100*a**(11/2)*b**(19
/2)*d**3*x**2*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13/2) + 315*a**(11/2)
)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2
)) + 12*a**(11/2)*b**(5/2)*c*d**2*x**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x
**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 2*a**(11/2)*b**(5/2)*d**3*x**2*sqrt
(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 96*a
**(9/2)*b**(21/2)*d**3*x*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13/2) + 3
15*a**(11/2)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(7/2)*b*
*10*x**(7/2)) + 6*a**(9/2)*b**(7/2)*c*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/
2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 8*a**(9/2)*b**(7/2)*d**...

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = -\frac{6 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} cd^2}{5b} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \left(2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} ax - 3 \sqrt{ab} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right) - 4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b\right) c^3 \\
& - \left(3 a^{3/2} \log \left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right) + 2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} + 6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a\right) c^2 d \\
& - \frac{2}{35} \left(\frac{5 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{b^2} - \frac{7 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} a}{b^2}\right) d^3
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
-6/5*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*c*d^2/b + 1/2*(2*sqrt(a + b/x)*a*x - 3*sqrt(a)*b*log(
(sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) - 4*sqrt(a + b/x)*b)*
c^3 - (3*a^(3/2)*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))
+ 2*(a + b/x)^(3/2) + 6*sqrt(a + b/x)*a)*c^2*d - 2/35*(5*(a + b/x)^(7/2)/b
^2 - 7*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*a/b^2)*d^3
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable
to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 327, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.24

$$\begin{aligned} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx &= \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{5b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{5b^2}\right) \\ &+ \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(\frac{2(ad - bc)^3}{b^2} + 2a \left(2a \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2}\right) - \frac{6d(ad - bc)^2}{b^2} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{b^2}\right) - a^2 \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2}\right)\right) \\ &+ \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2a \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2}\right)}{3} - \frac{2d(ad - bc)^2}{b^2} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{3b^2}\right) - \frac{2d^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b^2} + ac^3x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(a + b/x)^(5/2)*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/(5*b^2) - (4*a*d^3)/(5*b^2)) + (a +
b/x)^(1/2)*((2*(a*d - b*c)^3)/b^2 + 2*a*(2*a*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 -
(4*a*d^3)/b^2) - (6*d*(a*d - b*c)^2)/b^2 + (2*a^2*d^3)/b^2) - a^2*((6*a*d
^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2)) + (a + b/x)^(3/2)*((2*a*((6*a*d^3 -
6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2))/3 - (2*d*(a*d - b*c)^2)/b^2 + (2*a^2*d^3)
/(3*b^2)) - (2*d^3*(a + b/x)^(7/2))/(7*b^2) + a*c^3*x*(a + b/x)^(1/2) - 2*
c^2*atan((2*c^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(2*a*d + b*c)*(-(9*a)/4)^(1/2))/(6*a^2*c^2
*d + 3*a*b*c^3))*(2*a*d + b*c)*(-(9*a)/4)^(1/2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 342, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.34

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^3d^3x^3 - 42\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2bcd^2x^3 - 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2bd^3x^2 + 35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^2d^3x^2 + 35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^2d^3x^2 + 35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^2d^3x^2 + 35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^2d^3x^2}{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^3d^3x^3 - 42\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2bcd^2x^3 - 2\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2bd^3x^2 + 35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^2d^3x^2 + 35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^2d^3x^2 + 35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^2d^3x^2 + 35\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^2d^3x^2}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**3*d**3*x**3 - 42*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*b*
c*d**2*x**3 - 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*b*d**3*x**2 + 35*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a
*x + b)*a*b**2*c**3*x**4 - 280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**3 -
84*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**2*c*d**2*x**2 - 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b
**2*d**3*x - 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**3*c**3*x**3 - 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x
+ b)*b**3*c**2*d*x**2 - 42*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**3*c*d**2*x - 10*sqrt(
x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**3*d**3 + 210*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt
(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**4 + 105*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)
)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**3*c**3*x**4 - 4*sqrt(a)*a**3*d**3*x**4 - 18*sqrt(a)
*a**2*b*c*d**2*x**4 + 160*sqrt(a)*a*b**2*c**2*d*x**4 + 75*sqrt(a)*b**3*c**
3*x**4)/(35*b**2*x**4)
```

### 3.12 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = -2c(bc + 2ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{4}{3}cd\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{2d^2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b} + ac^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x + \sqrt{ac}(3bc + 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
-2*c*(2*a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)-4/3*c*d*(a+b/x)^(3/2)-2/5*d^2*(a+b/x)^(5/2)
/b+a*c^2*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+a^(1/2)*c*(4*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-6a^2d^2x^2 + abx(-12d^2 - 80cdx + 15c^2x^2) - 2b^2(3d^2 + 10cdx + 15c^2x^2))}{15bx^2} + \sqrt{ac}(3bc + 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(-6*a^2*d^2*x^2 + a*b*x*(-12*d^2 - 80*c*d*x + 15*c^2*x^2) - 2*b^2*(3*d^2 + 10*c*d*x + 15*c^2*x^2)))/(15*b*x^2) + Sqrt[a]*c*(3*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 118, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 9, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.381$ , Rules used = {899, 100, 27, 90, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 899 \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 100 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{2} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2ad^2}{x} + c(3bc + 4ad)\right) x d\frac{1}{x}}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2ad^2}{x} + c(3bc + 4ad)\right) x d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 90 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + 3bc) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 60 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + 3bc) \left(a \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 60 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + 3bc) \left(a \left(a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + 3bc) \left(a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{c \left(a \left(2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\right) (4ad + 3bc) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b}}{2a}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^2,x]`

output

$$\frac{(c^2(a + b/x)^{5/2}x)/a - ((4ad^2(a + b/x)^{5/2})/(5b) + c(3bc + 4ad)((2(a + b/x)^{3/2})/3 + a(2\sqrt{a + b/x} - 2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b/x}/\sqrt{a}])))/(2a)}$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[a \operatorname{Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 60

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{GtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !(\operatorname{IGtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ (!\operatorname{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ (\operatorname{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[m - n, 0]))) \ \&\& \ !\operatorname{ILtQ}[m + n + 2, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \operatorname{With}[\{p = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[p/b \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{LeQ}[\operatorname{Denominator}[n], \operatorname{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 90

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_)}, x_] \rightarrow \operatorname{Simp}[b*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(d*f*(n + p + 2)), x] + \operatorname{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) \operatorname{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \operatorname{NeQ}[n + p + 2, 0]$$

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)2*((c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)(p + 1)/(d2*((d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)))), x] - Simp[1/(d2*((d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))) Int[(c + d*x)(n + 1)*((e + f*x)p*Simp[a2*d2*f*(n + p + 2) + b2*c*((d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)2)(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)(n_))(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)(n_))(q_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/xn)p*((c + d/xn)q/x2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(-15ab^2c^2x^3 + 6a^2d^2x^2 + 80abcdx^2 + 30b^2c^2x^2 + 12xabd^2 + 20xb^2cd + 6b^2d^2)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{15x^2b} + \frac{(4ad+3bc)\sqrt{a} \operatorname{cln}\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{2ax+2b}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{30x^3b} \left( -120\sqrt{ax^2+bx} a^{\frac{5}{2}} cd x^4 - 90\sqrt{ax^2+bx} a^{\frac{3}{2}} b c^2 x^4 - 60 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a} + 2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 bcd x^4 - 45 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a} + 2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)$

input `int((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+1/x*d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/15*(-15*a*b*c^2*x^3+6*a^2*d^2*x^2+80*a*b*c*d*x^2+30*b^2*c^2*x^2+12*a*b*d^2*x+20*b^2*c*d*x+6*b^2*d^2)/x^2/b*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2*(4*a*d+3*b*c)*a^(1/2)*c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.44

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \frac{15(3b^2c^2 + 4abcd)\sqrt{ax^2} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(15abc^2x^3 - 6b^2d^2 - 2(15b^2c^2 + 4abcd + 3a^2d^2)x^2) \sqrt{ax^2}}{30bx^2} - \frac{15(3b^2c^2 + 4abcd)\sqrt{-ax^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right) - (15abc^2x^3 - 6b^2d^2 - 2(15b^2c^2 + 4abcd + 3a^2d^2)x^2) \sqrt{-ax^2}}{15bx^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/30*(15*(3*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(15*a*b*c^2*x^3 - 6*b^2*d^2 - 2*(15*b^2*c^2 + 40*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*x^2 - 4*(5*b^2*c*d + 3*a*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(b*x^2), -1/15*(15*(3*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (15*a*b*c^2*x^3 - 6*b^2*d^2 - 2*(15*b^2*c^2 + 40*a*b*c*d + 3*a^2*d^2)*x^2 - 4*(5*b^2*c*d + 3*a*b*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(b*x^2)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 28.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 546, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.88

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx &= \frac{4a^{11/2} b^{5/2} d^2 x^3 \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{15a^{7/2} b^3 x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2} b^4 x^{5/2}} \\
&+ \frac{2a^{9/2} b^{7/2} d^2 x^2 \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{15a^{7/2} b^3 x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2} b^4 x^{5/2}} - \frac{8a^{7/2} b^{9/2} d^2 x \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{15a^{7/2} b^3 x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2} b^4 x^{5/2}} - \frac{6a^{5/2} b^{11/2} d^2 \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{15a^{7/2} b^3 x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2} b^4 x^{5/2}} \\
&+ \sqrt{abc^2} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{4a^6 b^2 d^2 x^{7/2}}{15a^{7/2} b^3 x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2} b^4 x^{5/2}} - \frac{4a^5 b^3 d^2 x^{5/2}}{15a^{7/2} b^3 x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2} b^4 x^{5/2}} \\
&+ a\sqrt{bc^2} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1} - 2acd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
&+ ad^2 \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{a}}{x} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
&- bc^2 \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\
&+ 2bcd \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{a}}{x} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(3/2)*(c+d/x)**2,x)`

output

```

4*a**(11/2)*b**(5/2)*d**2*x**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2)
+ 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 2*a**(9/2)*b**(7/2)*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a*x/b +
1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 8*a**(7/2)*b*
*(9/2)*d**2*x*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**
4*x**(5/2)) - 6*a**(5/2)*b**(11/2)*d**2*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*
x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) + sqrt(a)*b*c**2*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(
x)/sqrt(b)) - 4*a**6*b**2*d**2*x**(7/2)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a*
*(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 4*a**5*b**3*d**2*x**(5/2)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/
2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) + a*sqrt(b)*c**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1) -
2*a*c*d*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a +
b/x), Ne(b, 0)), (-sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + a*d**2*Piecewise((-sqrt(a)/x,
Eq(b, 0)), (-2*(a + b/x)**(3/2)/(3*b), True)) - b*c**2*Piecewise((2*a*ata
n(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x), Ne(b, 0)), (-sqrt(a)
*log(x), True)) + 2*b*c*d*Piecewise((-sqrt(a)/x, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*(a + b/x)*
*(3/2)/(3*b), True))

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 152, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\begin{aligned}
\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx &= -\frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} d^2}{5b} \\
&+ \frac{1}{2} \left(2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} ax - 3\sqrt{ab} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right) - 4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\right) c^2 \\
&- \frac{2}{3} \left(3a^{3/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right) + 2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} + 6\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\right) cd
\end{aligned}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

-2/5*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*d^2/b + 1/2*(2*sqrt(a + b/x)*a*x - 3*sqrt(a)*b*log((s
qrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) - 4*sqrt(a + b/x)*b)*c^
2 - 2/3*(3*a^(3/2)*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))
) + 2*(a + b/x)^(3/2) + 6*sqrt(a + b/x)*a)*c*d

```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 197, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.76

$$\begin{aligned} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx &= \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(2a \left(\frac{4ad^2 - 4bcd}{b} - \frac{4ad^2}{b}\right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \frac{2(ad - bc)^2}{b} + \frac{2a^2d^2}{b}\right) + \left(\frac{4ad^2 - 4bcd}{3b} - \frac{4ad^2}{3b}\right) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \\ &\quad - \frac{2d^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5b} + ac^2x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \\ &\quad - 2c \operatorname{atan} \left(\frac{2c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} (4ad + 3bc) \sqrt{-\frac{a}{4}}}{4da^2c + 3bac^2}\right) (4ad + 3bc) \sqrt{-\frac{a}{4}} \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^2,x)`

output `(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(2*a*((4*a*d^2 - 4*b*c*d)/b - (4*a*d^2)/b) - (2*(a*d - b*c)^2)/b + (2*a^2*d^2)/b + ((4*a*d^2 - 4*b*c*d)/(3*b) - (4*a*d^2)/(3*b))*(a + b/x)^(3/2) - (2*d^2*(a + b/x)^(5/2))/(5*b) + a*c^2*x*(a + b/x)^(1/2) - 2*c*atan((2*c*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(4*a*d + 3*b*c)*(-a/4)^(1/2))/(3*a*b*c^2 + 4*a^2*c*d))*(4*a*d + 3*b*c)*(-a/4)^(1/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.03

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \frac{-24\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2d^2x^2 + 60\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx^3 - 320\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx^2 - 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2d^2x^2 + 60\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx^3 - 320\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx^2 - 48\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2d^2x^2}{60bx^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*d**2*x**2 + 60*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*c**2*x**3 - 320*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*c*d*x**2 - 48*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*d**2*x - 120*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**2*c**2*x**2 - 80*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**2*c*d*x - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**2*d**2 + 240*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*d*x**3 + 180*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x**3 - 24*sqrt(a)*a**2*d**2*x**3 + 128*sqrt(a)*a*b*c*d*x**3 + 99*sqrt(a)*b**2*c**2*x**3)/(60*b*x**3)
```



### 3.13 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 85

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = -2(bc + ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2}{3}d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} + ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}(3bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
-2*(a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)-2/3*d*(a+b/x)^(3/2)+a*c*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+a^(1/2)
*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(ax(-8d + 3cx) - 2b(d + 3cx))}{3x} + \sqrt{a}(3bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(a*x*(-8*d + 3*c*x) - 2*b*(d + 3*c*x)))/(3*x) + Sqrt[a]*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {899, 87, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 899 \\
 & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{cx\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{cx\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left( a \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{cx\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left( a \left( a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{cx\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + 3bc) \left( a \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \right)}{2a}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{cx\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{a} - \frac{\left( a \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \right) (2ad + 3bc)}{2a}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x),x]`

output `(c*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*x)/a - ((3*b*c + 2*a*d)*((2*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b/x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])))/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
risch	$\frac{(3acx^2 - 8adx - 6bcx - 2bd)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{3x} + \frac{(2ad+3bc)\sqrt{a} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2ax+2b}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\left(-12\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{5}{2}}dx^3 - 18\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{3}{2}}bcx^3 - 6\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bdx^3 - 9\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^2\right)}{6x^2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}b\sqrt{a}}$

input `int((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+1/x*d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/3*(3*a*c*x^2-8*a*d*x-6*b*c*x-2*b*d)/x*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*a^(1/2)*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.99

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \left[ \frac{3(3bc + 2ad)\sqrt{ax} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(3acx^2 - 2bd - 2(3bc + 4ad)x)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{6x} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{3(3bc + 2ad)\sqrt{-ax} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right) - (3acx^2 - 2bd - 2(3bc + 4ad)x)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{3x} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/6*(3*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*x*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(3*a*c*x^2 - 2*b*d - 2*(3*b*c + 4*a*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/x, -1/3*(3*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*x*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (3*a*c*x^2 - 2*b*d - 2*(3*b*c + 4*a*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/x]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 19.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \sqrt{abc} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \\ + a\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1} - ad \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) \\ - bc \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + bd \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{a}}{x} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(3/2)*(c+d/x),x)`

output `sqrt(a)*b*c*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b)) + a*sqrt(b)*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1) - a*d*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x), Ne(b, 0)), (-sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) - b*c*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x), Ne(b, 0)), (-sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + b*d*Piecewise((-sqrt(a)/x, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*(a + b/x)**(3/2)/(3*b), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} ax - 3\sqrt{ab} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right) - 4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b \right) c - \frac{1}{3} \left( 3a^{3/2} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right) + 2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} + 6\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a \right) d$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*(2*sqrt(a + b/x)*a*x - 3*sqrt(a)*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) - 4*sqrt(a + b/x)*b)*c - 1/3*(3*a^(3/2)*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) + 2*(a + b/x)^(3/2) + 6*sqrt(a + b/x)*a)*d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable  
to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = 2a^{3/2} d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3} \\ - 2ad\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2cx\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{\left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x),x)`

output `2*a^(3/2)*d*atanh((a + b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)) - (2*d*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/3 - 2*a  
*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2) - (2*c*x*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -1/2], 1/2, -  
(a*x)/b))/((a*x)/b + 1)^(3/2)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \frac{6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}acx^2 - 16\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}adx - 12\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}bcx - 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}bd + 12\sqrt{a}\log\left(\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}\right)}{6x^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(3/2)*(c+d/x),x)`output `(6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*c*x**2 - 16*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*d*x - 12*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b*c*x - 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b*d + 12*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*d*x**2 + 18*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b*c*x**2 + 5*sqrt(a)*b*c*x**2)/(6*x**2)`



### 3.14 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	200
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	200
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	201
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	203
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	203
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	204
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	204
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	204
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	205
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	205

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = -2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x + 3\sqrt{ab}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output `-2*b*(a+b/x)^(1/2)+a*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+3*a^(1/2)*b*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-2b + ax) + 3\sqrt{ab}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(3/2),x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b/x]*(-2*b + a*x) + 3*Sqrt[a]*b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$ , Rules used = {773, 51, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{51} \\
 & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{60} \\
 & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{3}{2}b \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input

Int[(a + b/x)^(3/2), x]

output  $(a + b/x)^{3/2}x - (3*b*(2*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x] - 2*\text{Sqrt}[a]*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]]))/2$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))]$   
 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]  
 ] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]

rule 60  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)))]$   
 $\text{Int}[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}, x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

rule 773  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)} )^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

method	result	size
risch	$(ax - 2b) \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + \frac{3\sqrt{a} b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right) \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2(ax+b)}$	78
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \left(-6\sqrt{ax^2+bx} a^{\frac{3}{2}} x^2 - 3 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) abx^2 + 4(ax^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{a}\right)}{2x\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a}}$	100

input `int((a+b/x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `(a*x-2*b)*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+3/2*a^(1/2)*b*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = \left[ \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{ab} \log \left( 2ax + 2\sqrt{ax} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b \right) \right. \\ \left. + (ax - 2b) \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}, -3\sqrt{-ab} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-ax} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b} \right) + (ax - 2b) \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[3/2*sqrt(a)*b*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + (a*x - 2*b)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x), -3*sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (a*x - 2*b)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 92, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = 3\sqrt{ab} \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) + \frac{a^2 x^{3/2}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}} - \frac{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}} - \frac{2b^{3/2}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(3/2),x)`

output `3*sqrt(a)*b*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b)) + a**2*x**(3/2)/(sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)) - a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(a*x/b + 1) - 2*b**(3/2)/(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} ax - \frac{3}{2} \sqrt{ab} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right) - 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `sqrt(a + b/x)*a*x - 3/2*sqrt(a)*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) - 2*sqrt(a + b/x)*b`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable
to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = -\frac{2x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{\left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{3/2}}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
-(2*x*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, -1/2], 1/2, -(a*x)/b))/((a*x)/b + 1)^(3/2)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ax - 8\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}b + 12\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bx - 9\sqrt{a}bx}{4x}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(3/2),x)
```

output

```
(4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*x - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b + 12*sqrt(a)*log(
(sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b*x - 9*sqrt(a)*b*x)/(4*x)
```

**3.15** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	206
Mathematica [A] (verified)	207
Rubi [A] (verified)	207
Maple [B] (verified)	210
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	210
Sympy [F]	211
Maxima [F]	211
Giac [F(-2)]	212
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	212
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	213

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 106

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{2(bc - ad)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}(3bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^2}$$

output

```
a*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/c-2*(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^2/d^(1/2)+a^(1/2)*(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/c^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2(bc-ad)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}} - \sqrt{a}(-3bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x), x]`

output `(a*c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x - (2*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/Sqrt[d] - Sqrt[a]*(-3*b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]/c^2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 115, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {899, 109, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 899 \\ & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x^2}{c + \frac{d}{x}} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 109 \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{\left(a(3bc-2ad) + \frac{b(2bc-ad)}{x}\right)x}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{ax\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{(a(3bc-2ad)+\frac{b(2bc-ad)}{x})x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 174 \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{2(bc-ad)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{a(3bc-2ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{4(bc-ad)^2 \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2a(3bc-2ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{2a(3bc-2ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{4(bc-ad)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{4(bc-ad)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{d}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3bc-2ad)}{c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x),x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/c - ((4*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[d]) - (2*Sqrt[a]*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/c)/(2*c)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := With[  
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +  
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL  
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 109 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)  
 )^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((e + f  
 *x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))  
 Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1)  
 + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p)  
 + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,  
 d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] ||  
 IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`
- rule 174 `Int[(((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)))/(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)*)  
 ((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^  
 p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d  
 *x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]`
- rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R  
 t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol  
 ] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
 b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 244 vs.  $2(88) = 176$ .

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 245, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.31

method	result
risch	$\frac{xa\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{c} - \frac{\left( \frac{\sqrt{a}(2ad-3bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{c} + \frac{2(a^2d^2-2abcd+b^2c^2)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{2(ad-bc)d}{c^2}-\frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c}+2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}\right)}{2c(ax+b)}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}x\left(2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}bc^3+\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}b^2c^3+2a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}c^2d-2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\right)}{2c^2}$

input `int((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+1/x*d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/c*x*a*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c*(a^(1/2)*(2*a*d-3*b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))+2*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/c^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 529, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{\left[ 2acx\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} - (3bc - 2ad)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2ax - 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) - 2(bc - ad)\sqrt{-\frac{bc-ad}{d}} \right]}{2c^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(2*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - (3*b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d))/c^2, (a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - (3*b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (b*c - a*d)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d))/c^2, 1/2*(2*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + 4*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*arctan(-d*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(b*c - a*d)) - (3*b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b))/c^2, (a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - (3*b*c - 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + 2*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*arctan(-d*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(b*c - a*d)))/c^2]
```

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \int \frac{x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{cx + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(3/2)/(c+d/x), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b/x)**(3/2)/(c*x + d), x)
```

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 556, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.25

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{a x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{a} \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{58 a^{3/2} b^6 d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{58 a^2 b^6 d^2 - 24 a b^7 c d - \frac{46 a^3 b^5 d^3}{c} + \frac{12 a^4 b^4 d^4}{c^2}} + \frac{46 a^{5/2} b^5 d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{46 a^3 b^5 d^3 - 58 a^2 b^6 c d^2 - \frac{12 a^4 b^4 d^4}{c} + 24 a b^7 c^2 d} + \frac{12 a^{7/2}}{12 a^4 b^4 d^4 - 46 a^3 b^5 c a}\right)}{c^2} + \frac{2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{12 a^2 b^4 d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{a^3 d^4 - 3 a^2 b c d^3 + 3 a b^2 c^2 d^2 - b^3 c^3 d}}{12 a^4 b^4 d^4 - 40 a^3 b^5 c d^3 + 44 a^2 b^6 c^2 d^2 - 16 a b^7 c^3 d} + \frac{16 a b^5 d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{a^3 d^4 - 3 a^2 b c d^3 + 3 a b^2 c^2 d^2 - b^3 c^3 d}}{40 a^3 b^5 d^3 - 44 a^2 b^6 c d^2 - \frac{12 a^4 b^4 d^4}{c} + 16 a b^7 c^2 d}\right) \sqrt{d(a + \frac{b}{x})}}{c^2 d}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x),x)`

output

```
(a*x*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/c - (a^(1/2)*atanh((58*a^(3/2)*b^6*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)))/(58*a^2*b^6*d^2 - 24*a*b^7*c*d - (46*a^3*b^5*d^3)/c + (12*a^4*b^4*d^4)/c^2) + (46*a^(5/2)*b^5*d^3*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/(46*a^3*b^5*d^3 - 58*a^2*b^6*c*d^2 - (12*a^4*b^4*d^4)/c + 24*a*b^7*c^2*d) + (12*a^(7/2)*b^4*d^4*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/(12*a^4*b^4*d^4 - 46*a^3*b^5*c*d^3 + 58*a^2*b^6*c^2*d^2 - 24*a*b^7*c^3*d) - (24*a^(1/2)*b^7*c*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/(58*a^2*b^6*d^2 - 24*a*b^7*c*d - (46*a^3*b^5*d^3)/c + (12*a^4*b^4*d^4)/c^2)*(2*a*d - 3*b*c)/c^2 + (2*atanh((12*a^2*b^4*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3*d^4 - b^3*c^3*d + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(12*a^4*b^4*d^4 - 40*a^3*b^5*c*d^3 + 44*a^2*b^6*c^2*d^2 - 16*a*b^7*c^3*d) + (16*a*b^5*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3*d^4 - b^3*c^3*d + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(40*a^3*b^5*d^3 - 44*a^2*b^6*c*d^2 - (12*a^4*b^4*d^4)/c + 16*a*b^7*c^2*d))*(d*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))/(c^2*d)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 408, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.85

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{ad - bc} \log\left(\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ax + b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{d} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{ad - bc} - 2ad + bc} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a}\right)}{ad - bc}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*d - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b*c + sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*d - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b*c - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a*d + sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*b*c + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*c*d - 2*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*d**2 + 3*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b*c*d)/(c**2*d)
```

**3.16** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 156

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = -\frac{(bc - 2ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c^2\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{(bc - 4ad)\sqrt{bc - ad} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c^3\sqrt{d}} + \frac{\sqrt{a}(3bc - 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^3}$$

output

```
-(-2*a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c^2/(c+d/x)+a*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/c/(c+d/x)-(-4*a*d+b*c)*(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^3/d^(1/2)+a^(1/2)*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/c^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.57 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(-bc+2ad+acx)}{d+cx} - \frac{(b^2c^2-5abcd+4a^2d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \sqrt{a}(-3bc+4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x)^2,x]
```

output

```
((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(-(b*c) + 2*a*d + a*c*x))/(d + c*x) - ((b^2*c^2 - 5*a*b*c*d + 4*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - Sqrt[a]*(-3*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/c^3
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.21, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {899, 109, 27, 168, 25, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{109} \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{\left(a(3bc-4ad) + \frac{b(2bc-3ad)}{x}\right)x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(a(3bc-4ad)+\frac{b(2bc-3ad)}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
& \downarrow 168 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\int -\frac{\left(a(3bc-4ad)(bc-ad)+\frac{b(bc-2ad)(bc-ad)}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)}}{2c} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{\left(a(3bc-4ad)(bc-ad)+\frac{b(bc-2ad)(bc-ad)}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}}{2c} \\
& \downarrow 174 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{(bc-4ad)(bc-ad)^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{a(3bc-4ad)(bc-ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}}{2c} \\
& \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{2(bc-4ad)(bc-ad)^2 \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2a(3bc-4ad)(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}}{2c} \\
& \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\frac{2a(3bc-4ad)(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2(bc-4ad)(bc-ad)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{d}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}}{2c} \\
& \downarrow 221
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{2(bc-4ad)(bc-ad)^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - 2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3bc-4ad)(bc-ad)}{c\sqrt{d}}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}$$

$$2c$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x)^2,x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/(c*(c + d/x)) - ((2*(b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(c + d/x)) + ((2*(b*c - 4*a*d)*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[d]) - (2*Sqrt[a]*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*(b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/c)/(c*(b*c - a*d))/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 109  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)})((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)})((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)})] := \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)})/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[a*d*(d*e*(n-1) + c*f*(p+1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m-n+2) - c*f*(m+p+2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n+p) + b*(d*e*(m+1) - c*f*(m+n+p+1))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || \text{IntegersQ}[m, n+p] || \text{IntegersQ}[p, m+n])$

rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)})((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)})((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)})((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)})/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))], x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n *(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h]*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_. + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)})((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))]/((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2]^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] := -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 500 vs.  $2(136) = 272$ .

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 501, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.21

method	result
risch	$\frac{xa\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{c^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a}(4ad-3bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right) + 2(3a^2d^2-4abcd+b^2c^2)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{2(ad-bc)d}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad-bc)(x+\frac{d}{c})}{c} + 2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}}{x+\frac{d}{c}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}$
default	$-\frac{\left(4a^{\frac{7}{2}}\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}c-2adx+bcx-bd}{cx+d}\right)cd^3x+2a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}c^4x^2+4a^{\frac{7}{2}}\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}c-2a}{cx+d}\right)\right)}{c^2}$

```
input int((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+1/x*d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c^2*x*a*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c^2*(a^(1/2)*(4*a*d-3*b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))+2/c^2*(3*a^2*d^2-4*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+2*d*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/c^3*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d)))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 781, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.01

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2*((3*b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (3*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + (b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d) - 2*(a*c^2*x^2 - (b*c^2 - 2*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(c^4*x + c^3*d), 1/2*(2*(b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*arctan(-d*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(b*c - a*d) - (3*b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (3*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(a*c^2*x^2 - (b*c^2 - 2*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(c^4*x + c^3*d), -1/2*(2*(3*b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (3*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d) - 2*(a*c^2*x^2 - (b*c^2 - 2*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(c^4*x + c^3*d), -((3*b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (3*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (b*c*d - 4*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*arctan(-d*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(b*c - a*d) - (a*c^2*x^2 - (b*c^2 - 2*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(c^4*x + c^3*d)
]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{(cx + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(3/2)/(c+d/x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b/x)**(3/2)/(c*x + d)**2, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x)^2, x)`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 514 vs.  $2(136) = 272$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 514, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.29

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{c^2} + \frac{(b^2 c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 5 abcd \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 4 a^2 d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})c + \sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}}\right)}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2} c^3} - \frac{(3 abcd \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 4 a^2 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \log(|-2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} - b|)}{2 \sqrt{ac^3}} + \frac{\left(2 \sqrt{ab^2} c^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}}\right) - 10 a^{\frac{3}{2}} bcd \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}}\right) + 8 a^{\frac{5}{2}} d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{bcd - ad^2}}\right) + 3 \sqrt{bcd - ad^2} ab\right)}{2 \sqrt{bcd - ad^2} \sqrt{ac^3}} + \frac{(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})b^2 c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - 3(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})abcd \operatorname{sgn}(x) + 2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})a^2 d^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{\left((\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 c + 2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{ad} + bd\right) c^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*a*sgn(x)/c^2 + (b^2*c^2*sgn(x) - 5*a*b*c*d*sgn(x) + 4*a^
2*d^2*sgn(x))*arctan(-((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/sqrt
(b*c*d - a*d^2))/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*c^3) - 1/2*(3*a*b*c*sgn(x) - 4*a^2*d
*sgn(x))*log(abs(-2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) - b))/(sqrt(a)
*c^3) + 1/2*(2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 10*
a^(3/2)*b*c*d*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 8*a^(5/2)*d^2*arctan
(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 3*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b*c*log(abs(b))
- 4*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^2*d*log(abs(b)) + 2*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b*c -
2*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*sqrt(a)*c^3) + ((
sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*b^2*c^2*sgn(x) - 3*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2
+ b*x))*a*b*c*d*sgn(x) + 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^2*d^2*sgn(x)
- sqrt(a)*b^2*c*d*sgn(x) + a^(3/2)*b*d^2*sgn(x))/(((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2
+ b*x))^2*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*d + b*d)*c^3)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 448, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{8a^2b^5d^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{ad^2-bcd}}{8a^3b^5d^3-10a^2b^6cd^2+2ab^7c^2d} - \frac{2ab^6d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{ad^2-bcd}}{2ab^7cd-10a^2b^6d^2+\frac{8a^3b^5d^3}{c}}\right)\sqrt{d(ad-bc)}(4ad-bc)}{c^3d}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a}\operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{6\sqrt{a}b^7d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{6ab^7d-\frac{14a^2b^6d^2}{c}+\frac{8a^3b^5d^3}{c^2}} - \frac{14a^{3/2}b^6d^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{6ab^7cd-14a^2b^6d^2+\frac{8a^3b^5d^3}{c}} + \frac{8a^{5/2}b^5d^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{8a^3b^5d^3-14a^2b^6cd^2+6ab^7c^2d}\right)(4ad-3bc)}{c^3}$$

$$- \frac{\frac{2(a^2c-a^2bd)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c^2} + \frac{b\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(2ad-bc)}{c^2}}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)(2ad-bc) - d\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^2 - a^2d + abc}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(atanh((8*a^2*b^5*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a*d^2 - b*c*d)^(1/2))/(8*a^3*b^5*d^3 - 10*a^2*b^6*c*d^2 + 2*a*b^7*c^2*d) - (2*a*b^6*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a*d^2 - b*c*d)^(1/2))/(2*a*b^7*c*d - 10*a^2*b^6*d^2 + (8*a^3*b^5*d^3)/c))*(d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*(4*a*d - b*c))/(c^3*d) - (a^(1/2)*atanh((6*a^(1/2)*b^7*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/(6*a*b^7*d - (14*a^2*b^6*d^2)/c + (8*a^3*b^5*d^3)/c^2) - (14*a^(3/2)*b^6*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/(6*a*b^7*c*d - 14*a^2*b^6*d^2 + (8*a^3*b^5*d^3)/c) + (8*a^(5/2)*b^5*d^3*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/(8*a^3*b^5*d^3 - 14*a^2*b^6*c*d^2 + 6*a*b^7*c^2*d))*(4*a*d - 3*b*c))/c^3 - ((2*(a*b^2*c - a^2*b*d)*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/c^2 + (b*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(2*a*d - b*c))/c^2)/((a + b/x)*(2*a*d - b*c) - d*(a + b/x)^2 - a^2*d + a*b*c)
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 873, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.60

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x)
```



output

```
(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*d**2 - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b*c**2*x - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b*c*d + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*c*d*x + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*d**2 - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b*c**2*x - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b*c*d - 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a*d**2 + sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(...
```

**3.17** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 209

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = -\frac{(bc - 3ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{2c^2\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{3(bc - 4ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{4c^3\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

$$- \frac{3(b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 8a^2d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{4c^4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc - ad}} + \frac{3\sqrt{a}(bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^4}$$

output

```
-1/2*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c^2/(c+d/x)^2-3/4*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c^3/(c+d/x)+a*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/c/(c+d/x)^2-3/4*(8*a^2*d^2-8*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c))/c^4/d^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)+3*a^(1/2)*(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/c^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.70 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(-bc(3d+5cx)+2a(6d^2+9cdx+2c^2x^2))}{(d+cx)^2} - \frac{3(b^2c^2-8abcd+8a^2d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - 12\sqrt{a}(-bc +$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x)^3,x]
```

output

```
((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(-(b*c*(3*d + 5*c*x)) + 2*a*(6*d^2 + 9*c*d*x + 2*c^2*x^2)))/(d + c*x)^2 - (3*(b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - 12*Sqrt[a]*(-(b*c) + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/(4*c^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {899, 109, 27, 168, 27, 168, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{109} \\ & \frac{\int - \frac{\left(\frac{b(2bc-5ad)}{x} + 3a(bc-2ad)\right)x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{b(2bc-5ad)}{x}+3a(bc-2ad)\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
& \downarrow 168 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-3ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{3(bc-ad)\left(\frac{b(bc-3ad)}{x}+2a(bc-2ad)\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)}}{2c} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{3\int \frac{\left(\frac{b(bc-3ad)}{x}+2a(bc-2ad)\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-3ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
& \downarrow 168 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{3\left(\frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(bc-ad)\left(\frac{b(bc-4ad)}{x}+4a(bc-2ad)\right)x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)}}{2c}\right)}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-3ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{3\left(\frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{b(bc-4ad)}{x}+4a(bc-2ad)\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}\right)}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-3ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
& \downarrow 174
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{\left(8a^2d^2-8abcd+b^2c^2\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{4a(bc-2ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-3ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{2\left(8a^2d^2-8abcd+b^2c^2\right) \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{8a(bc-2ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^2}{bc}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-3ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{218} \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{8a(bc-2ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^2}{bc}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2\left(8a^2d^2-8abcd+b^2c^2\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-3ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{ax\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{2\left(8a^2d^2-8abcd+b^2c^2\right) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{d}\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{8\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-2ad)}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \right) \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-3ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \frac{\hspace{10em}}{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x)^3,x]`

output `(a*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/(c*(c + d/x)^2) - (((b*c - 3*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(c + d/x)^2) + (3*(((b*c - 4*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(c + d/x)) + ((2*(b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (8*Sqrt[a]*(b*c - 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/c)/(2*c)))/(2*c))/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 109 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p) + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegerQ[m, n + p] || IntegerQ[p, m + n])`

rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_.)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_.)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_.)^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_.))), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{ILtQ}\{m, -1\}$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_. + (f_.)(x_.)^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_.)))/((a_. + (b_.)(x_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_.))), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x\}$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_.)^{(n_.)})^p*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_.)^{(n_.)})^q, x\_Symbol] := -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1006 vs.  $2(181) = 362$ .

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1007, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1007
default	Expression too large to display	1817

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x)^{(3/2)}/(c+1/x*d)^3, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```

1/c^3*x*a*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c^3*(2/c^2*(6*a^2*d^2-6*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/
(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a
*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^
2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+3*a^(1/2)*(2*a*d-b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2
+b*x)^(1/2))+4/c^3*d*(2*a^2*d^2-3*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+
1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(
2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*
a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/
c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))-2*d^2*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b
^2*c^2)/c^4*(-1/2/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)^2*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c
*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)+3/4*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d*(-1/(a*d-b
*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2
)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b
*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2
-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+1/2*a/(a*d-b*
c)/d*c^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/
c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d
-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+
b)

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 438 vs.  $2(181) = 362$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1775, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.49

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```



output

```

[-1/8*(12*(b^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^4 + 2*a^2*d^5 + (b^2*c^4*d - 3*a*b*c^3*
d^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d^2 - 3*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^2*c*d^4)*x
)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 3*(b^2*c^2*d^2
- 8*a*b*c*d^3 + 8*a^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4 - 8*a*b*c^3*d + 8*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 +
2*(b^2*c^3*d - 8*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 8*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-b*c*d + a*d^2)*log((b
*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x + 2*sqrt(-b*c*d + a*d^2)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c*x +
d)) - 2*(4*(a*b*c^4*d - a^2*c^3*d^2)*x^3 - (5*b^2*c^4*d - 23*a*b*c^3*d^2 +
18*a^2*c^2*d^3)*x^2 - 3*(b^2*c^3*d^2 - 5*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^4)*x)*sq
rt((a*x + b)/x))/(b*c^5*d^3 - a*c^4*d^4 + (b*c^7*d - a*c^6*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(b
*c^6*d^2 - a*c^5*d^3)*x), -1/8*(24*(b^2*c^2*d^3 - 3*a*b*c*d^4 + 2*a^2*d^5
+ (b^2*c^4*d - 3*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 2*a^2*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d^2 - 3*a*b
*c^2*d^3 + 2*a^2*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a
*x + b)) + 3*(b^2*c^2*d^2 - 8*a*b*c*d^3 + 8*a^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4 - 8*a*b*c^3
*d + 8*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d - 8*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 8*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*s
qrt(-b*c*d + a*d^2)*log((b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x + 2*sqrt(-b*c*d + a*d^2)*x*
sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c*x + d)) - 2*(4*(a*b*c^4*d - a^2*c^3*d^2)*x^3 - (5*b^
2*c^4*d - 23*a*b*c^3*d^2 + 18*a^2*c^2*d^3)*x^2 - 3*(b^2*c^3*d^2 - 5*a*b*c^
2*d^3 + 4*a^2*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(b*c^5*d^3 - a*c^4*d^4 + (b*c^7
*d - a*c^6*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(b*c^6*d^2 - a*c^5*d^3)*x), 1/4*(3*(b^2*c^2*d^2 -
8*a*b*c*d^3 + 8*a^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4 - 8*a*b*c^3*d + 8*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + ...

```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(3/2)/(c+d/x)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x)^3, x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 720 vs.  $2(181) = 362$ .

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 720, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.44

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*a*sgn(x)/c^3 + 3/4*(b^2*c^2*sgn(x) - 8*a*b*c*d*sgn(x) +
8*a^2*d^2*sgn(x))*arctan(-((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/
sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2))/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*c^4) - 3/2*(a*b*c*sgn(x) - 2*a^2
*d*sgn(x))*log(abs(-2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) - b))/(sqrt(
a)*c^4) + 1/4*(3*sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 2
4*a^(3/2)*b*c*d*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 24*a^(5/2)*d^2*arc
tan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 6*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b*c*log(abs(b
)) - 12*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^2*d*log(abs(b)) + 5*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b*
c - 10*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^2*d*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*sqrt(a)*c^4)
+ 1/4*(5*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*b^2*c^3*sgn(x) - 24*(sqrt(a)*x
- sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a*b*c^2*d*sgn(x) + 24*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*
x))^3*a^2*c*d^2*sgn(x) - (sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2
*d*sgn(x) - 24*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^(3/2)*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) +
40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^(5/2)*d^3*sgn(x) + 3*(sqrt(a)*x - s
qrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*b^3*c^2*d*sgn(x) - 28*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a*
b^2*c*d^2*sgn(x) + 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^2*b*d^3*sgn(x) - 5
*sqrt(a)*b^3*c*d^2*sgn(x) + 10*a^(3/2)*b^2*d^3*sgn(x))/(((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt
(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*d + b*d)^2*
c^4)

```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1664, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.96

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(3/2)/(c + d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```

- ((3*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(3*a*b^3*c^2 + 4*a^3*b*d^2 - 7*a^2*b^2*c*d))/(4*c^3)
- ((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(5*b^3*c^2 + 24*a^2*b*d^2 - 24*a*b^2*c*d))/(4*c^3) + (
3*b*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(4*a*d^2 - b*c*d))/(4*c^3))/((a + b/x)^2*(3*a*d^2 - 2*
b*c*d) - (a + b/x)*(3*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d) - d^2*(a + b/x)^3 + a
^3*d^2 + a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d) - (3*a^(1/2)*atanh((27*a^(1/2)*b^7*d*(a
+ b/x)^(1/2))/(8*((27*a*b^7*d)/8 - (27*a^2*b^6*d^2)/(4*c)))) + (27*a^(3/2)*
b^6*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/(4*((27*a^2*b^6*d^2)/4 - (27*a*b^7*c*d)/8))*(2*a
*d - b*c))/c^4 - (atan((((((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(9*b^6*c^4*d + 1152*a^4*b^2*d^5
- 144*a*b^5*c^3*d^2 - 1728*a^3*b^3*c*d^4 + 864*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3))/(8*c^6)
- (3*(d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2))*((9*a*b^4*c^9*d^2 - 12*a^2*b^3*c^8*d^3)/c^9 - (
3*(64*b^3*c^9*d^2 - 128*a*b^2*c^8*d^3)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/
2)*(8*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d))/(64*c^6*(a*c^4*d^2 - b*c^5*d)))*(8*a
^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d))/(8*(a*c^4*d^2 - b*c^5*d)))*(d*(a*d - b*c))^(
1/2)*(8*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d)*3i)/(8*(a*c^4*d^2 - b*c^5*d)) + ((
((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(9*b^6*c^4*d + 1152*a^4*b^2*d^5 - 144*a*b^5*c^3*d^2 - 172
8*a^3*b^3*c*d^4 + 864*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^3))/(8*c^6) + (3*(d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)
*((9*a*b^4*c^9*d^2 - 12*a^2*b^3*c^8*d^3)/c^9 + (3*(64*b^3*c^9*d^2 - 128*a*
b^2*c^8*d^3)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*(8*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 -
8*a*b*c*d))/(64*c^6*(a*c^4*d^2 - b*c^5*d)))*(8*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c
*d))/(8*(a*c^4*d^2 - b*c^5*d)))*(d*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*(8*a^2*d^2 + b^2*...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3196, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.29

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 192*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*c*d**4*x + 96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*d**5 - 144*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 288*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*x - 144*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c*d**4 + 60*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c**4*d*x**2 + 120*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x + 60*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c**2*d**3 - 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a...
```

### 3.18 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = -2ac^2(2bc + 3ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2}{3}c^2(bc + 3ad)\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{6}{5}c^2d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{2d^2(3bc - ad)\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b^2} - \frac{2d^3\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{9/2}}{9b^2} + a^2c^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x + a^{3/2}c^2(5bc + 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
-2*a*c^2*(3*a*d+2*b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)-2/3*c^2*(3*a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(3/2)-6/5*c^2*d*(a+b/x)^(5/2)-2/7*d^2*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(a+b/x)^(7/2)/b^2-2/9*d^3*(a+b/x)^(9/2)/b^2+a^2*c^3*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+a^(3/2)*c^2*(6*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 201, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(20a^4d^3x^4 - 10a^3bd^2x^3(d + 27cx) - 3a^2b^2x^2(50d^3 + 270cd^2x + 966c^2dx^2 - 105c^3x^3) - 2b^4(35d^3 + 135c^2d^2x + 189c^2d^2x^2 + 105c^3x^3) - 2ab^3x(95d^3 + 405cd^2x + 693c^2d^2x^2 + 735c^3x^3))}{315b^2x^4} + a^{3/2}c^2(5bc + 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^3,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(20*a^4*d^3*x^4 - 10*a^3*b*d^2*x^3*(d + 27*c*x) - 3*a^2*b^2*x^2*(50*d^3 + 270*c*d^2*x + 966*c^2*d*x^2 - 105*c^3*x^3) - 2*b^4*(35*d^3 + 135*c*d^2*x + 189*c^2*d*x^2 + 105*c^3*x^3) - 2*a*b^3*x*(95*d^3 + 405*c*d^2*x + 693*c^2*d*x^2 + 735*c^3*x^3)))/(315*b^2*x^4) + a^(3/2)*c^2*(5*b*c + 6*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.476$ , Rules used = {899, 108, 27, 170, 27, 164, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{108} \end{aligned}$$

$$x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 - \int \frac{1}{2} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 \left(5bc + 6ad + \frac{11bd}{x}\right) x d \frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 27

$$x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 - \frac{1}{2} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 \left(5bc + 6ad + \frac{11bd}{x}\right) x d \frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 170

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{2} b \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) \left(9c(5bc + 6ad) + \frac{d(89bc + 10ad)}{x}\right) x d \frac{1}{x}}{9b} - \frac{22}{9} d \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 \right) +$$

$$x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{1}{9} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) \left(9c(5bc + 6ad) + \frac{d(89bc + 10ad)}{x}\right) x d \frac{1}{x} - \frac{22}{9} d \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 \right) +$$

$$x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3$$

↓ 164

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( -9c^2(6ad + 5bc) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x d \frac{1}{x} - \frac{2d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(2(-10a^2d^2 + 135abcd + 469b^2c^2) + \frac{5bd(10ad + 89bc)}{x}\right)}{35b^2} \right) \right) +$$

$$x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3$$

↓ 60

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( -9c^2(6ad + 5bc) \left( a \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(2(-10a^2d^2 + 135abcd + 469b^2c^2) + \frac{5bd(10ad + 89bc)}{x}\right)}{35b^2} \right) \right) +$$

$$x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3$$

↓ 60



$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( -9c^2(6ad + 5bc) \left( a \left( a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2d(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2} \left( 2(-10a^2d^2 + 1}{x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 \right. \right.$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( -9c^2(6ad + 5bc) \left( a \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \right) - \frac{2d(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2} \left( 2(-10a^2d}{x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 \right) \right.$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{9} \left( -\frac{2d(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2} \left( 2(-10a^2d^2 + 135abcd + 469b^2c^2) + \frac{5bd(10ad+89bc)}{x} \right)}{35b^2} - 9c^2 \left( a \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \right. \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^3 \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^3,x]`

output `(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^3*x + ((-22*d*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^2)/9 + (-2*d*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(2*(469*b^2*c^2 + 135*a*b*c*d - 10*a^2*d^2) + (5*b*d*(89*b*c + 10*a*d))/x))/(35*b^2) - 9*c^2*(5*b*c + 6*a*d)*((2*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*sqrt[a + b/x] - 2*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[sqrt[a + b/x]/sqrt[a]]))/9)/2`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 108 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^p/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(b*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^(p - 1)*Simp[d*e*n + c*f*p + d*f*(n + p)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 0] && GtQ[p, 0] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`

rule 164 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(-a*d*f*h*(n + 2) + b*c*f*h*(m + 2) - b*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3) - b*d*f*h*(m + n + 2)*x)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(b^2*d^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3))), x] + Simp[(a^2*d^2*f*h*(n + 1)*(n + 2) + a*b*d*(n + 1)*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) + b^2*(c^2*f*h*(m + 1)*(m + 2) - c*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3) + d^2*e*g*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3)))/(b^2*d^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 3, 0]`

rule 170

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)
)^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[h*(a + b*x)^(m*(c + d*x)^(n + 1))*((
e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[1/(d*f*(m + n + p + 2))
Int[(a + b*x)^(m - 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2
) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m + n + p + 2
+ h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m + n + 1) + c*f*(m + p + 1)))]*x, x], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && GtQ[m, 0] && NeQ[m + n + p + 2, 0]
&& IntegerQ[m]
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 899

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol
] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 273, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

method	result
risch	$\frac{(315a^2b^2c^3x^5 + 20a^4d^3x^4 - 270a^3bcd^2x^4 - 2898a^2b^2c^2dx^4 - 1470ab^3c^3x^4 - 10a^3bd^3x^3 - 810a^2b^2cd^2x^3 - 1386ab^3c^2dx^3 - 210b^4c^3x^3)}{315x^4b^2}$
default	$\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \left( 3780\sqrt{ax^2+bx} a^{\frac{7}{2}} b c^2 d x^6 + 3150\sqrt{ax^2+bx} a^{\frac{5}{2}} b^2 c^3 x^6 + 1890 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 b^2 c^2 d x^6 + 1575 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 b^2 c^2 d x^6 \right)$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+1/x*d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/315*(315*a^2*b^2*c^3*x^5+20*a^4*d^3*x^4-270*a^3*b*c*d^2*x^4-2898*a^2*b^2
*c^2*d*x^4-1470*a*b^3*c^3*x^4-10*a^3*b*d^3*x^3-810*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*x^3-1386*
a*b^3*c^2*d*x^3-210*b^4*c^3*x^3-150*a^2*b^2*d^3*x^2-810*a*b^3*c*d^2*x^2-37
8*b^4*c^2*d*x^2-190*a*b^3*d^3*x-270*b^4*c*d^2*x-70*b^4*d^3)/x^4/b^2*((a*x+
b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2*(6*a*d+5*b*c)*a^(3/2)*c^2*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*
x)^(1/2))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 499, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \frac{315(5ab^3c^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d)\sqrt{ax^4} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(315a^2b^2c^3x^5 - 70b^4d^3 - 2(735ab^3c^3 + 1449a^2b^2c^2d + 135a^3b^3c^2d^2 - 10a^4d^3))x^4 - 2(105b^4c^3 + 693a^2b^3c^2d + 405a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 5a^3b^3d^3)x^3 - 6(63b^4c^2d + 135a^2b^3c^2d^2 + 25a^2b^2d^3)x^2 - 10(27b^4cd^2 + 19a^2b^3d^3)x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{b^2x^4} - \frac{1}{315} \frac{315(5ab^3c^3 + 6a^2b^2c^2d)\sqrt{-ax^4} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right) - (315a^2b^2c^3x^5 - 70b^4d^3 - 2(735ab^3c^3 + 1449a^2b^2c^2d + 135a^3b^3c^2d^2 - 10a^4d^3))x^4 - 2(105b^4c^3 + 693a^2b^3c^2d + 405a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 5a^3b^3d^3)x^3 - 6(63b^4c^2d + 135a^2b^3c^2d^2 + 25a^2b^2d^3)x^2 - 10(27b^4cd^2 + 19a^2b^3d^3)x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{b^2x^4}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/630*(315*(5*a*b^3*c^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(a)*x^4*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(315*a^2*b^2*c^3*x^5 - 70*b^4*d^3 - 2*(735*a*b^3*c^3 + 1449*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 135*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 10*a^4*d^3))*x^4 - 2*(105*b^4*c^3 + 693*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 405*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 5*a^3*b^3*d^3)*x^3 - 6*(63*b^4*c^2*d + 135*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 25*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 10*(27*b^4*c*d^2 + 19*a*b^3*d^3)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(b^2*x^4), -1/315*(315*(5*a*b^3*c^3 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^4*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (315*a^2*b^2*c^3*x^5 - 70*b^4*d^3 - 2*(735*a*b^3*c^3 + 1449*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 135*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 10*a^4*d^3))*x^4 - 2*(105*b^4*c^3 + 693*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 405*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 5*a^3*b^3*d^3)*x^3 - 6*(63*b^4*c^2*d + 135*a^2*b^3*c^2*d^2 + 25*a^2*b^2*d^3)*x^2 - 10*(27*b^4*c*d^2 + 19*a*b^3*d^3)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(b^2*x^4)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 49.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5523, normalized size of antiderivative = 31.03

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(5/2)*(c+d/x)**3,x)`

output

```
32*a**(29/2)*b**(27/2)*d**3*x**10*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(315*a**(21/2)*b**15*x**
(21/2) + 1890*a**(19/2)*b**16*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**(17/2)*b**17*x**(17/2) +
6300*a**(15/2)*b**18*x**(15/2) + 4725*a**(13/2)*b**19*x**(13/2) + 1890*a*
*(11/2)*b**20*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**21*x**(9/2)) + 176*a**(27/2)*b**
(29/2)*d**3*x**9*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(315*a**(21/2)*b**15*x**(21/2) + 1890*a**
(19/2)*b**16*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**(17/2)*b**17*x**(17/2) + 6300*a**(15/2)*b
**18*x**(15/2) + 4725*a**(13/2)*b**19*x**(13/2) + 1890*a**(11/2)*b**20*x**
(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**21*x**(9/2)) + 396*a**(25/2)*b**(31/2)*d**3*x**8*
sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(315*a**(21/2)*b**15*x**(21/2) + 1890*a**(19/2)*b**16*x**
(19/2) + 4725*a**(17/2)*b**17*x**(17/2) + 6300*a**(15/2)*b**18*x**(15/2) +
4725*a**(13/2)*b**19*x**(13/2) + 1890*a**(11/2)*b**20*x**(11/2) + 315*a**
(9/2)*b**21*x**(9/2)) + 462*a**(23/2)*b**(33/2)*d**3*x**7*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(
315*a**(21/2)*b**15*x**(21/2) + 1890*a**(19/2)*b**16*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**
(17/2)*b**17*x**(17/2) + 6300*a**(15/2)*b**18*x**(15/2) + 4725*a**(13/2)*b*
**19*x**(13/2) + 1890*a**(11/2)*b**20*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**21*x**(9/
2)) + 210*a**(21/2)*b**(35/2)*d**3*x**6*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(315*a**(21/2)*b**
15*x**(21/2) + 1890*a**(19/2)*b**16*x**(19/2) + 4725*a**(17/2)*b**17*x**(1
7/2) + 6300*a**(15/2)*b**18*x**(15/2) + 4725*a**(13/2)*b**19*x**(13/2) + 1
890*a**(11/2)*b**20*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**21*x**(9/2)) - 32*a**(21/2
)*b**(11/2)*d**3*x**6*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13/2) + 3...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 219, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = -\frac{6 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2} cd^2}{7b}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{6} \left( 6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a^2 x - 15 a^{3/2} b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right) - 4 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} b - 24 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} ab \right) c^3$$

$$- \frac{1}{5} \left( 15 a^{5/2} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right) + 6 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} + 10 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} a + 30 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a^2 \right) c^2 d$$

$$- \frac{2}{63} \left( \frac{7 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{9/2}}{b^2} - \frac{9 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2} a}{b^2} \right) d^3$$

```
input integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

```
output -6/7*(a + b/x)^(7/2)*c*d^2/b + 1/6*(6*sqrt(a + b/x)*a^2*x - 15*a^(3/2)*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) - 4*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*b - 24*sqrt(a + b/x)*a*b)*c^3 - 1/5*(15*a^(5/2)*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) + 6*(a + b/x)^(5/2) + 10*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*a + 30*sqrt(a + b/x)*a^2)*c^2*d - 2/63*(7*(a + b/x)^(9/2)/b^2 - 9*(a + b/x)^(7/2)*a/b^2)*d^3
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx);OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable
to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 487, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2} \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{7b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{7b^2}\right) - \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(a^2 \left(2a \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2}\right) - \frac{6d(ad-bc)^2}{b^2} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{b^2}\right) - 2a \left(\frac{2(ad-bc)^3}{b^2} + 2a \left(2a \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2}\right) - \frac{6d(ad-bc)^2}{b^2} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{b^2}\right) - a^2 \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2}\right)\right)\right) + \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(\frac{2(ad-bc)^3}{3b^2} + \frac{2a \left(2a \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2}\right) - \frac{6d(ad-bc)^2}{b^2} + \frac{2a^2d^3}{b^2}\right) - a^2 \left(\frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2}\right)}{3}\right)$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(a + b/x)^(7/2)*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/(7*b^2) - (4*a*d^3)/(7*b^2)) - (a +
b/x)^(1/2)*(a^2*(2*a*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2) - (6*d*(
a*d - b*c)^2)/b^2 + (2*a^2*d^3)/b^2) - 2*a*((2*(a*d - b*c)^3)/b^2 + 2*a*(2
*a*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2) - (6*d*(a*d - b*c)^2)/b^2 +
(2*a^2*d^3)/b^2) - a^2*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2)) + (a
+ b/x)^(3/2)*((2*(a*d - b*c)^3)/(3*b^2) + (2*a*(2*a*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2
)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2) - (6*d*(a*d - b*c)^2)/b^2 + (2*a^2*d^3)/b^2))/3 - (
a^2*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2))/3) + (a + b/x)^(5/2)*((2*
a*((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2))/5 - (6*d*(a*d - b*c)^2)/(5*
b^2) + (2*a^2*d^3)/(5*b^2)) - (2*d^3*(a + b/x)^(9/2))/(9*b^2) + a^2*c^3*x*
(a + b/x)^(1/2) - a^(3/2)*c^2*atan(((a + b/x)^(1/2)*1i)/a^(1/2))*(6*a*d +
5*b*c)*1i
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 438, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.46

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 dx = \frac{80\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^4d^3x^4 - 1080\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^3bcd^2x^4 - 40\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^3bd^3x^3 + 1260\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2c^3x^5 - 11592\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2b^2cd^2x^4 - 3240\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2b^2c^2d^2x^3 - 600\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2b^2d^3x^2 - 5880\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^3c^3x^4 - 5544\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^3c^2d^2x^3 - 3240\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^3cd^2x^2 - 760\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ab^3d^3x - 840\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}b^4c^3x^3 - 1512\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}b^4c^2d^2x^2 - 1080\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}b^4cd^2x - 280\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}b^4d^3 + 7560\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b})a^2b^2c^2d^2x^5 + 6300\sqrt{a}\log(\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b})ab^3c^3x^5 - 80\sqrt{a}a^4d^3x^5 - 600\sqrt{a}a^3b^2cd^2x^5 + 6552\sqrt{a}a^2b^2c^2d^2x^5 + 5425\sqrt{a}a^2b^3c^3x^5)/(1260b^2x^5)$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x)^3,x)`

output

```
(80*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**4*d**3*x**4 - 1080*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**3
*b*c*d**2*x**4 - 40*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**3*b*d**3*x**3 + 1260*sqrt(x)*
sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c**3*x**5 - 11592*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*b**2*
c**2*d*x**4 - 3240*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*x**3 - 600*sqrt(
x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*b**2*d**3*x**2 - 5880*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**3*c
**3*x**4 - 5544*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**3*c**2*d*x**3 - 3240*sqrt(x)*sq
rt(a*x + b)*a*b**3*c*d**2*x**2 - 760*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**3*d**3*x -
840*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**4*c**3*x**3 - 1512*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**
4*c**2*d*x**2 - 1080*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**4*c*d**2*x - 280*sqrt(x)*sq
rt(a*x + b)*b**4*d**3 + 7560*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/
sqrt(b))*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x**5 + 6300*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)
*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**3*c**3*x**5 - 80*sqrt(a)*a**4*d**3*x**5 - 600*sqrt
(a)*a**3*b*c*d**2*x**5 + 6552*sqrt(a)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d*x**5 + 5425*sqrt(a)
*a*b**3*c**3*x**5)/(1260*b**2*x**5)
```



### 3.19 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 138

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = -4ac(bc + ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2}{3}c(bc + 2ad)\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{4}{5}cd\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{2d^2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b} + a^2c^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + a^{3/2}c(5bc + 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
-4*a*c*(a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)-2/3*c*(2*a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(3/2)-4/5*c*d*(a+b/x)^(5/2)-2/7*d^2*(a+b/x)^(7/2)/b+a^2*c^2*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+a^(3/2)*c*(4*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 145, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-30a^3d^2x^3 - 2b^3(15d^2 + 42cdx + 35c^2x^2) + a^2bx^2(-90d^2 - 644cdx + 105c^2x^2) - 2a^2b^2x^2)}{105bx^3} + a^{3/2}c(5bc + 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^2,x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(-30*a^3*d^2*x^3 - 2*b^3*(15*d^2 + 42*c*d*x + 35*c^2*x^2) + a^2*b*x^2*(-90*d^2 - 644*c*d*x + 105*c^2*x^2) - 2*a*b^2*x*(45*d^2 + 154*c*d*x + 245*c^2*x^2)))/(105*b*x^3) + a^(3/2)*c*(5*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {899, 100, 27, 90, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{100} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{\int \frac{1}{2} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(\frac{2ad^2}{x} + c(5bc + 4ad)\right) x d\frac{1}{x}}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(\frac{2ad^2}{x} + c(5bc + 4ad)\right) x d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 90 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + 5bc) \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 60 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + 5bc) \left(a \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{5} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\right) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 60 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + 5bc) \left(a \left(a \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{2}{5} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\right) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 60 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + 5bc) \left(a \left(a \left(a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{2}{5} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\right) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{c(4ad + 5bc) \left(a \left(a \left(\frac{2a \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\right) + \frac{2}{5} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\right) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b}}{2a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{c^2 x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{2a} - \frac{c \left( a \left( a \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \right) (4ad + 5bc) + \frac{4ad^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2}}{7b}}{2a}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^2,x]`

output `(c^2*(a + b/x)^(7/2)*x)/a - ((4*a*d^2*(a + b/x)^(7/2))/(7*b) + c*(5*b*c + 4*a*d)*((2*(a + b/x)^(5/2))/5 + a*((2*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b/x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]))))/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]
```

rule 100

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 899

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result
risch	$\frac{(-105a^2bc^2x^4 + 30a^3d^2x^3 + 644a^2bcdx^3 + 490ab^2c^2x^3 + 90x^2a^2bd^2 + 308x^2ab^2cd + 70x^2b^3c^2 + 90ab^2d^2x + 84b^3cdx + 30b^3d^2)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{105x^3b}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \left( -840\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{7}{2}}cdx^5 - 1050\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2c^2x^5 - 420\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3bcdx^5 - 525\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{105x^3b}$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+1/x*d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-1/105*(-105*a^2*b*c^2*x^4+30*a^3*d^2*x^3+644*a^2*b*c*d*x^3+490*a*b^2*c^2*x^3+90*a^2*b*d^2*x^2+308*a*b^2*c*d*x^2+70*b^3*c^2*x^2+90*a*b^2*d^2*x+84*b^3*c*d*x+30*b^3*d^2)/x^3/b*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2*(4*a*d+5*b*c)*a^(3/2)*c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 355, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.57

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \frac{105(5ab^2c^2 + 4a^2bcd)\sqrt{ax^3} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(105a^2bc^2x^4 - 30b^3d^2 - 2(245ab^2c^2 + 322a^2bcd))\sqrt{-ax^3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right) - (105a^2bc^2x^4 - 30b^3d^2 - 2(245ab^2c^2 + 322a^2bcd))}{105bx^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/210*(105*(5*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*b*c*d)*sqrt(a)*x^3*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(105*a^2*b*c^2*x^4 - 30*b^3*d^2 - 2*(245*a*b^2*c^2 + 322*a^2*b*c*d + 15*a^3*d^2))*x^3 - 2*(35*b^3*c^2 + 154*a*b^2*c*d + 45*a^2*b*d^2)*x^2 - 6*(14*b^3*c*d + 15*a*b^2*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(b*x^3), -1/105*(105*(5*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*a^2*b*c*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^3*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (105*a^2*b*c^2*x^4 - 30*b^3*d^2 - 2*(245*a*b^2*c^2 + 322*a^2*b*c*d + 15*a^3*d^2))*x^3 - 2*(35*b^3*c^2 + 154*a*b^2*c*d + 45*a^2*b*d^2)*x^2 - 6*(14*b^3*c*d + 15*a*b^2*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(b*x^3)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 31.88 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1853, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.43

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(5/2)*(c+d/x)**2,x)`

output

```
-16*a**(19/2)*b**(13/2)*d**2*x**6*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**
(13/2) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a*
*(7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2)) - 40*a**(17/2)*b**(15/2)*d**2*x**5*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/
(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13/2) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)
)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2)) - 30*a**(15/2)*b**(17/2)*d*
*2*x**4*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13/2) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8
*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2)) - 4
0*a**(13/2)*b**(19/2)*d**2*x**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13
/2) + 315*a**(11/2)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(
7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2)) + 8*a**(13/2)*b**(5/2)*d**2*x**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*
a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 100*a**(11/2)*b**(21
/2)*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13/2) + 315*a**(11/2)
)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*x**(7/2
)) + 8*a**(11/2)*b**(7/2)*c*d*x**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7
/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 4*a**(11/2)*b**(7/2)*d**2*x**2*sqrt(a*x
/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 96*a**(9
/2)*b**(23/2)*d**2*x*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(105*a**(13/2)*b**7*x**(13/2) + 315*a
**(11/2)*b**8*x**(11/2) + 315*a**(9/2)*b**9*x**(9/2) + 105*a**(7/2)*b**10*
x**(7/2)) + 4*a**(9/2)*b**(9/2)*c*d*x**2*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3
*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 16*a**(9/2)*b**(9/2)*d**2*x*sq...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.31

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = -\frac{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{7/2} d^2}{7b} + \frac{1}{6} \left(6\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a^2 x - 15a^{3/2} b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right) - 4\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} b - 24\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} ab\right) c^2 - \frac{2}{15} \left(15a^{5/2} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right) + 6\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} + 10\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} a + 30\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a^2\right) cd$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-2/7*(a + b/x)^(7/2)*d^2/b + 1/6*(6*sqrt(a + b/x)*a^2*x - 15*a^(3/2)*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) - 4*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*b - 24*sqrt(a + b/x)*a*b)*c^2 - 2/15*(15*a^(5/2)*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) + 6*(a + b/x)^(5/2) + 10*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*a + 30*sqrt(a + b/x)*a^2)*c*d`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`



**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 271, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2 dx = \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \left( \frac{2a \left( \frac{4ad^2 - 4bcd}{b} - \frac{4ad^2}{b} \right)}{3} - \frac{2(ad - bc)^2}{3b} + \frac{2a^2 d^2}{3b} \right) + \left( \frac{4ad^2 - 4bcd}{5b} - \frac{4ad^2}{5b} \right) \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} - \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( a^2 \left( \frac{4ad^2 - 4bcd}{b} - \frac{4ad^2}{b} \right) - 2a \left( 2a \left( \frac{4ad^2 - 4bcd}{b} - \frac{4ad^2}{b} \right) - \frac{2(ad - bc)^2}{b} + \frac{2a^2 d^2}{b} \right) \right)$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^2,x)`output 
$$\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} * \left( \frac{2*a*\left( \frac{4*a*d^2 - 4*b*c*d}{b} - \frac{4*a*d^2}{b} \right)}{3} - \frac{2*(a*d - b*c)^2}{3*b} + \frac{2*a^2*d^2}{3*b} \right) + \left( \frac{4*a*d^2 - 4*b*c*d}{5*b} - \frac{4*a*d^2}{5*b} \right) * \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} - \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} * \left( a^2 * \left( \frac{4*a*d^2 - 4*b*c*d}{b} - \frac{4*a*d^2}{b} \right) - 2*a * \left( 2*a * \left( \frac{4*a*d^2 - 4*b*c*d}{b} - \frac{4*a*d^2}{b} \right) - \frac{2*(a*d - b*c)^2}{b} + \frac{2*a^2*d^2}{b} \right) - \frac{2*d^2*(a + b/x)^{7/2}}{7*b} + a^2*c^2*x * \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - a^{3/2} * c * \operatorname{atan}\left( \frac{\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} * i}{a^{1/2}} \right) * (4*a*d + 5*b*c) * i \right)$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^2 dx = \frac{-30\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^3d^2x^3 + 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2bc^2x^4 - 644\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2bcdx^3 - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2d^2x^2 + 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2cdx^2 - 644\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2cdx - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx}{-30\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^3d^2x^3 + 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2bc^2x^4 - 644\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2bcdx^3 - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2d^2x^2 + 105\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2cdx^2 - 644\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2cdx - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx - 90\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcdx}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x)^2,x)`

output

```
( - 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**3*d**2*x**3 + 105*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*
*2*b*c**2*x**4 - 644*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*b*c*d*x**3 - 90*sqrt(x)*sq
rt(a*x + b)*a**2*b*d**2*x**2 - 490*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**2*c**2*x**3
- 308*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**2*c*d*x**2 - 90*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b
**2*d**2*x - 70*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**3*c**2*x**2 - 84*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x
+ b)*b**3*c*d*x - 30*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**3*d**2 + 420*sqrt(a)*log((s
qrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b*c*d*x**4 + 525*sqrt(a)*log
((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c**2*x**4 - 30*sqrt(a)*
a**3*d**2*x**4 + 284*sqrt(a)*a**2*b*c*d*x**4 + 385*sqrt(a)*a*b**2*c**2*x**
4)/(105*b*x**4)
```

### 3.20 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = -2a(2bc + ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2}{3}(bc + ad)\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} - \frac{2}{5}d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} + a^2c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x + a^{3/2}(5bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
-2*a*(a*d+2*b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)-2/3*(a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(3/2)-2/5*d*(a+b/x)^(5/2)+a^2*c*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+a^(3/2)*(2*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-2b^2(3d + 5cx) + a^2x^2(-46d + 15cx) - 2abx(11d + 35cx))}{15x^2} + a^{3/2}(5bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(-2*b^2*(3*d + 5*c*x) + a^2*x^2*(-46*d + 15*c*x) - 2*a*b*x*(11*d + 35*c*x)))/(15*x^2) + a^(3/2)*(5*b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {899, 87, 60, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 899 \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 87 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{cx(a + \frac{b}{x})^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + 5bc) \int (a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2} x d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{cx(a + \frac{b}{x})^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + 5bc) \left( a \int (a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{5} (a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{cx(a + \frac{b}{x})^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + 5bc) \left( a \left( a \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{3} (a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} (a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & \frac{cx(a + \frac{b}{x})^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + 5bc) \left( a \left( a \left( a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} (a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} (a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{cx(a + \frac{b}{x})^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{(2ad + 5bc) \left( a \left( a \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} (a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} (a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2} \right)}{2a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{cx(a + \frac{b}{x})^{7/2}}{a} - \frac{\left( a \left( a \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} (a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2} \right) + \frac{2}{5} (a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2} \right) (2ad + 5bc)}{2a}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x),x]`

output

`(c*(a + b/x)^(7/2)*x)/a - ((5*b*c + 2*a*d)*((2*(a + b/x)^(5/2))/5 + a*((2*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*sqrt[a + b/x] - 2*sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])))/(2*a)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*((b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || (EqQ[e, 0] || (EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`
- rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

method	result
risch	$\frac{(15a^2cx^3 - 46a^2dx^2 - 70abcx^2 - 22axdb - 10b^2cx - 6db^2)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{15x^2} + \frac{(2ad+5bc)a^{\frac{3}{2}} \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2ax+2b}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\left(-60\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{7}{2}}dx^4 - 150\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{5}{2}}bcx^4 - 30\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3bdx^4 - 75\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a\right)}{30x^3b\sqrt{x}}$

input `int((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+1/x*d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/15*(15*a^2*c*x^3-46*a^2*d*x^2-70*a*b*c*x^2-22*a*b*d*x-10*b^2*c*x-6*b^2*d)/x^2*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2*(2*a*d+5*b*c)*a^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 227, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \frac{15(5abc + 2a^2d)\sqrt{ax^2} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(15a^2cx^3 - 6b^2d - 2(35abc + 23a^2d)x^2)}{30x^2} - \frac{15(5abc + 2a^2d)\sqrt{-ax^2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right) - (15a^2cx^3 - 6b^2d - 2(35abc + 23a^2d)x^2 - 2(5b^2c + 15a^2d)x)}{15x^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/30*(15*(5*a*b*c + 2*a^2*d)*sqrt(a)*x^2*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(15*a^2*c*x^3 - 6*b^2*d - 2*(35*a*b*c + 23*a^2*d)*x^2 - 2*(5*b^2*c + 11*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/x^2, -1/15*(15*(5*a*b*c + 2*a^2*d)*sqrt(-a)*x^2*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (15*a^2*c*x^3 - 6*b^2*d - 2*(35*a*b*c + 23*a^2*d)*x^2 - 2*(5*b^2*c + 11*a*b*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/x^2]
```

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 21.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 534, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.81

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \frac{4a^{11/2}b^{7/2}dx^3\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b}+1}}{15a^{7/2}b^3x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2}b^4x^{5/2}} + \frac{2a^{9/2}b^{9/2}dx^2\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b}+1}}{15a^{7/2}b^3x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2}b^4x^{5/2}} - \frac{8a^{7/2}b^{11/2}dx\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b}+1}}{15a^{7/2}b^3x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2}b^4x^{5/2}} - \frac{6a^{5/2}b^{13/2}d\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b}+1}}{15a^{7/2}b^3x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2}b^4x^{5/2}} + a^{3/2}bc \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) - \frac{4a^6b^3dx^{7/2}}{15a^{7/2}b^3x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2}b^4x^{5/2}} - \frac{4a^5b^4dx^{5/2}}{15a^{7/2}b^3x^{7/2} + 15a^{5/2}b^4x^{5/2}} + a^2\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b}+1} - a^2d \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) - 2abc \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2a \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} + 2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\sqrt{a} \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + 2abd \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{a}}{x} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + b^2c \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{a}}{x} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(5/2)*(c+d/x), x)
```



output

```

4*a**(11/2)*b**(7/2)*d*x**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 1
5*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) + 2*a**(9/2)*b**(9/2)*d*x**2*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15
*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) - 8*a**(7/2)*b**(11/2
)*d*x*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/
2)) - 6*a**(5/2)*b**(13/2)*d*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) +
15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(5/2)) + a**(3/2)*b*c*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b)) -
4*a**6*b**3*d*x**(7/2)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b**4*x**(
5/2)) - 4*a**5*b**4*d*x**(5/2)/(15*a**(7/2)*b**3*x**(7/2) + 15*a**(5/2)*b
**4*x**(5/2)) + a**2*sqrt(b)*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1) - a**2*d*Piecewise((
2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x), Ne(b, 0)), (-
sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) - 2*a*b*c*Piecewise((2*a*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a
))/sqrt(-a) + 2*sqrt(a + b/x), Ne(b, 0)), (-sqrt(a)*log(x), True)) + 2*a*b
*d*Piecewise((-sqrt(a)/x, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*(a + b/x)**(3/2)/(3*b), True)) +
b**2*c*Piecewise((-sqrt(a)/x, Eq(b, 0)), (-2*(a + b/x)**(3/2)/(3*b), True)
)

```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.45

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) dx = \frac{1}{6} \left( 6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a^2 x - 15 a^{\frac{3}{2}} b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right) - 4 \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} b - 24 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} ab \right) c - \frac{1}{15} \left( 15 a^{\frac{5}{2}} \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right) + 6 \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10 \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a + 30 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a^2 \right) d$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/6*(6*sqrt(a + b/x)*a^2*x - 15*a^(3/2)*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(s
qrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a))) - 4*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*b - 24*sqrt(a + b/x)*a*b)*c -
1/15*(15*a^(5/2)*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))
+ 6*(a + b/x)^(5/2) + 10*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*a + 30*sqrt(a + b/x)*a^2)*d

```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable  
to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 3.01 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) dx = -\frac{2d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{5} - 2a^2 d \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2ad\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3} \\ - \frac{2cx\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{2}; -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{3\left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{5/2}} - a^{5/2} d \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \operatorname{li}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) 2i$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x),x)`

output `-(2*d*(a + b/x)^(5/2))/5 - 2*a^2*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2) - a^(5/2)*d*atan(((a +  
b/x)^(1/2)*1i)/a^(1/2))*2i - (2*a*d*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/3 - (2*c*x*(a + b/x)  
^(5/2)*hypergeom([-5/2, -3/2], -1/2, -(a*x)/b))/(3*((a*x)/b + 1)^(5/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 177, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right) dx = \frac{60\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2cx^3 - 184\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2dx^2 - 280\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abcx^2 - 88\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abdx}{60x^3}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(5/2)*(c+d/x),x)`output `(60*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*c*x**3 - 184*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*d*x**2 - 280*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*c*x**2 - 88*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*d*x - 40*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**2*c*x - 24*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**2*d + 120*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*d*x**3 + 300*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*x**3 + 40*sqrt(a)*a**2*d*x**3 + 163*sqrt(a)*a*b*c*x**3)/(60*x**3)`

### 3.21 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 74

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx = -4ab\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2}{3}b\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} + a^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x + 5a^{3/2}b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

output

```
-4*a*b*(a+b/x)^(1/2)-2/3*b*(a+b/x)^(3/2)+a^2*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x+5*a^(3/2)*b*a
rctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-2b^2 - 14abx + 3a^2x^2)}{3x} + 5a^{3/2}b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x)^(5/2),x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(-2*b^2 - 14*a*b*x + 3*a^2*x^2))/(3*x) + 5*a^(3/2)*b*ArcTan
h[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {773, 51, 60, 60, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 773 \\
 & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 51 \\
 & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2} b \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2} b \left( a \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 60 \\
 & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2} b \left( a \left( a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2} b \left( a \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} - \frac{5}{2} b \left( a \left( 2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - 2\sqrt{a} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}} \right) \right) + \frac{2}{3} \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(a + b/x)^(5/2)*x - (5*b*((2*(a + b/x)^(3/2))/3 + a*(2*Sqrt[a + b/x] - 2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])))/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 51 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*(n/(b*(m + 1)))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && GtQ[n, 0]`

rule 60 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^n/(b*(m + n + 1))), x] + Simp[n*(b*c - a*d)/(b*(m + n + 1))] Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^(n - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && GtQ[n, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 1, 0] && !(IGtQ[m, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || (GtQ[m, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0]))) && !ILtQ[m + n + 2, 0] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x], (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 773

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{(3a^2x^2 - 14abx - 2b^2)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{3x} + \frac{5a^{\frac{3}{2}}b \ln\left(\frac{b+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2(ax+b)}$	94
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\left(-30\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{5}{2}}x^3 - 15 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bx^3 + 24(ax^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{3}{2}}x + 4b(ax^2+bx)^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{a}\right)}{6x^2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a}}$	120

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/3*(3*a^2*x^2-14*a*b*x-2*b^2)/x*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+5/2*a^(3/2)*b*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} dx = \left[ \frac{15 a^{\frac{3}{2}} b x \log \left( 2 a x + 2 \sqrt{a x} \sqrt{\frac{a x+b}{x}} + b \right) + 2 \left( 3 a^2 x^2 - 14 a b x - 2 b^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a x+b}{x}}}{6 x}, \right. \\ \left. - \frac{15 \sqrt{-a b x} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a x} \sqrt{\frac{a x+b}{x}}}{a x+b} \right) - \left( 3 a^2 x^2 - 14 a b x - 2 b^2 \right) \sqrt{\frac{a x+b}{x}}}{3 x} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(15*a^(3/2)*b*x*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(3
*a^2*x^2 - 14*a*b*x - 2*b^2)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/x, -1/3*(15*sqrt(-a)*a*b*x
*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (3*a^2*x^2 - 14*a*b*x -
2*b^2)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/x]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx = a^{5/2}x\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{ax}} - \frac{14a^{3/2}b\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{ax}}}{3}$$

$$- \frac{5a^{3/2}b \log\left(\frac{b}{ax}\right)}{2} + 5a^{3/2}b \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{ax}} + 1\right) - \frac{2\sqrt{ab^2}\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{ax}}}{3x}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(5/2),x)
```

output

```
a**(5/2)*x*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x)) - 14*a**(3/2)*b*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/3 - 5*a**(3
/2)*b*log(b/(a*x))/2 + 5*a**(3/2)*b*log(sqrt(1 + b/(a*x)) + 1) - 2*sqrt(a)
*b**2*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/(3*x)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}a^2x$$

$$- \frac{5}{2}a^{3/2}b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right) - \frac{2}{3}\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}b - 4\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}ab$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
sqrt(a + b/x)*a^2*x - 5/2*a^(3/2)*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a
+ b/x) + sqrt(a))) - 2/3*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*b - 4*sqrt(a + b/x)*a*b
```



**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.46

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx = -\frac{2x \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{2}; -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{3 \left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{5/2}}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(5/2),x)`

output `-(2*x*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*hypergeom([-5/2, -3/2], -1/2, -(a*x)/b))/(3*((a*x)/b + 1)^(5/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} dx = \frac{6\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}a^2x^2 - 28\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}abx - 4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}b^2 + 30\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abx^2}{6x^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(6*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*x**2 - 28*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*x - 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**2 + 30*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b*x**2 + 5*sqrt(a)*a*b*x**2)/(6*x**2)`

**3.22** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 134

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = -\frac{b(2bc + ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{cd} + \frac{a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} x}{c} + \frac{2(bc - ad)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c^2 d^{3/2}} + \frac{a^{3/2}(5bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^2}$$

output

```
-b*(a*d+2*b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c/d+a*(a+b/x)^(3/2)*x/c+2*(-a*d+b*c)^(5/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^2/d^(3/2)+a^(3/2)*(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/c^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{\frac{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(-2b^2c+a^2dx)}{d} + \frac{2(bc-ad)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} - a^{3/2}(-5bc+2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x), x]`

output `((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*(-2*b^2*c + a^2*d*x))/d + (2*(b*c - a*d)^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/d^(3/2) - a^(3/2)*(-5*b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/c^2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {899, 109, 27, 171, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 899 \\ & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} x^2}{c + \frac{d}{x}} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 109 \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(a(5bc-2ad)+\frac{b(2bc+ad)}{x}\right)x}{2\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( a(5bc - 2ad) + \frac{b(2bc + ad)}{x} \right) x}{c + \frac{d}{x}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 171 \\
& \frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{2 \int \frac{\left( a^2 d(5bc - 2ad) - \frac{b(2b^2 c^2 - 6abdc + a^2 d^2)}{x} \right) x}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(ad + 2bc)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{\int \frac{\left( a^2 d(5bc - 2ad) - \frac{b(2b^2 c^2 - 6abdc + a^2 d^2)}{x} \right) x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(ad + 2bc)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 174 \\
& \frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{\frac{a^2 d(5bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{2(bc - ad)^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c}}{2c} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(ad + 2bc)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{\frac{2a^2 d(5bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{4(bc - ad)^3 \int \frac{1}{c - \frac{ad}{b} + \frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{bc}}{2c} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(ad + 2bc)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{\frac{2a^2 d(5bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{4(bc - ad)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{d}}}{2c} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(ad + 2bc)}{d} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c} - \frac{\frac{2a^{3/2} d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (5bc - 2ad)}{c} - \frac{4(bc - ad)^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{d}}}{2c} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(ad + 2bc)}{d}
\end{aligned}$$

input

Int[(a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x), x]

output  $(a*(a + b/x)^{(3/2)*x}/c - ((2*b*(2*b*c + a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x])/d + ((-4*(b*c - a*d)^{(5/2)*\text{ArcTan}}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x])/(\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d])])/(c*\text{Sqrt}[d]) - (2*a^{(3/2)*d*(5*b*c - 2*a*d)*\text{ArcTanH}}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/c)/d)/(2*c)$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)*(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[F_x, (b_*)*(G_x) /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]]$

rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b)^n], x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$

rule 109  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)*(x_*)^{(p_*)}), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1})/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[a*d*(d*e*(n-1) + c*f*(p+1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m-n+2) - c*f*(m+p+2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n+p) + b*(d*e*(m+1) - c*f*(m+n+p+1))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[m, n+p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[p, m+n])$

rule 171  $\text{Int}[(a_*) + (b_*)*(x_*)^{(m_*)}*((c_*) + (d_*)*(x_*)^{(n_*)}*((e_*) + (f_*)*(x_*)^{(p_*)}*((g_*) + (h_*)*(x_*)^{(q_*)}), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[h*(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1})/(d*f*(m+n+p+2))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(d*f*(m+n+p+2)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m-1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[a*d*f*g*(m+n+p+2) - h*(b*c*e*m + a*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1))) + (b*d*f*g*(m+n+p+2) + h*(a*d*f*m - b*(d*e*(m+n+1) + c*f*(m+p+1)))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n+p+2, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[\frac{(e + f \cdot x)^p \cdot (g + h \cdot x)}{(a + b \cdot x) \cdot (c + d \cdot x)}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\frac{b \cdot g - a \cdot h}{b \cdot c - a \cdot d} \text{Int}[(e + f \cdot x)^p / (a + b \cdot x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[\frac{d \cdot g - c \cdot h}{b \cdot c - a \cdot d} \text{Int}[(e + f \cdot x)^p / (c + d \cdot x), x], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a) \cdot \text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a + b \cdot x^n)^{p \cdot q} \cdot (c + d \cdot x^n)^q, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p \cdot (c + d/x^n)^q / x^2, x], x, 1/x] /;$  FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b \cdot c - a \cdot d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 277 vs. 2(114) = 228.

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 278, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.07

method	result
risch	$\frac{(a^2 dx - 2b^2 c) \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{dc} - \frac{2(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 bc d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3) \ln \left( \frac{2(ad-bc)d - (2ad-bc)(x+\frac{d}{c}) + 2\sqrt{(ad-bc)d} \sqrt{a(x+\frac{d}{c})^2 - \frac{(2ad-bc)(x+\frac{d}{c})}{c}}}{x+\frac{d}{c}} \right)}{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}$
default	$\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \left( 2\sqrt{x(ax+b)} a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} c^2 d^2 x^2 - 4\sqrt{x(ax+b)} a^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} b c^3 d x^2 + 2\sqrt{x(ax+b)} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} b^2 c^4 x^2 + 8\sqrt{ax^2+b} \right)$

input  $\text{int}((a+b/x)^{(5/2)} / (c+1/x*d), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^2 d x - 2 b^2 c) / d c \left( (a x + b) / x \right)^{1/2} - 1/2 / c / d \left( 2 (a^3 d^3 - 3 a^2 b c d^2 + \right. \\ & \left. 3 a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3) / c^2 \left( (a d - b c) d / c^2 \right)^{1/2} * \ln \left( (2 (a d - b c) d / c^2 - \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. 2 a d - b c) / c (x + 1 / c d) + 2 \left( (a d - b c) d / c^2 \right)^{1/2} * (a (x + 1 / c d) \right)^2 - \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. (2 a d - b c) / c (x + 1 / c d) + (a d - b c) d / c^2 \right)^{1/2} \right) / (x + 1 / c d) + d a^{3/2} * (2 a d - 5 b c) / c \\ & * \ln \left( (1/2 b + a x) / a^{1/2} + (a x^2 + b x)^{1/2} \right) * \left( (a x + b) / x \right)^{1/2} * (x (a x + b))^{1/2} / (a x + b) \end{aligned}$$
**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 669, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.99

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{\begin{aligned} & (5 a b c d - 2 a^2 d^2) \sqrt{a} \log \left( 2 a x - 2 \sqrt{a x} \sqrt{\frac{a x + b}{x}} + b \right) - 2 (b^2 c^2 - 2 a b c d + a^2 d^2) \sqrt{-\frac{b c - a d}{d}} \\ & (5 a b c d - 2 a^2 d^2) \sqrt{-a} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a x} \sqrt{\frac{a x + b}{x}}}{a x + b} \right) - (b^2 c^2 - 2 a b c d + a^2 d^2) \sqrt{-\frac{b c - a d}{d}} \log \left( \frac{2 d x \sqrt{-\frac{b c - a d}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{a x + b}{x}} + b d}{c x + d} \right) \\ & 4 (b^2 c^2 - 2 a b c d + a^2 d^2) \sqrt{\frac{b c - a d}{d}} \arctan \left( -\frac{d \sqrt{\frac{b c - a d}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{a x + b}{x}}}{b c - a d} \right) + (5 a b c d - 2 a^2 d^2) \sqrt{a} \log \left( 2 a x - 2 \sqrt{a x} \sqrt{\frac{a x + b}{x}} \right) \\ & (5 a b c d - 2 a^2 d^2) \sqrt{-a} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-a x} \sqrt{\frac{a x + b}{x}}}{a x + b} \right) + 2 (b^2 c^2 - 2 a b c d + a^2 d^2) \sqrt{\frac{b c - a d}{d}} \arctan \left( -\frac{d \sqrt{\frac{b c - a d}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{a x + b}{x}}}{b c - a d} \right) \end{aligned}}{2 c^2 d}$$

input

`integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output

```
[-1/2*((5*a*b*c*d - 2*a^2*d^2)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x +
b)/x) + b) - 2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((
2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x
+ d)) - 2*(a^2*c*d*x - 2*b^2*c^2)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c^2*d), -((5*a*b*c*
d - 2*a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (
b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c
- a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) - (a^2*c*d
*x - 2*b^2*c^2)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c^2*d), -1/2*(4*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d +
a^2*d^2)*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*arctan(-d*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)
/x)/(b*c - a*d)) + (5*a*b*c*d - 2*a^2*d^2)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x
*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*(a^2*c*d*x - 2*b^2*c^2)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c^
2*d), -((5*a*b*c*d - 2*a^2*d^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/
x)/(a*x + b)) + 2*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*arct
an(-d*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(b*c - a*d)) - (a^2*c*d*x - 2*
b^2*c^2)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c^2*d)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \int \frac{x(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{cx + d} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)**(5/2)/(c+d/x), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x*(a + b/x)**(5/2)/(c*x + d), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x), x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1427, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.65

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x),x)`

output

```
(atan((a^3*b^5*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^5*d^8 - b^5*c^5*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d^4 -
10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6 - 5*a^4*b*c*d^7)^(1/2)*160i)/(448*
a^3*b^8*c^3*d - 340*a^6*b^5*d^4 - 128*a^2*b^9*c^4 + 740*a^5*b^6*c*d^3 + (1
6*a*b^10*c^5)/d - 796*a^4*b^7*c^2*d^2 + (60*a^7*b^4*d^5)/c) - (a^2*b^6*(a
+ b/x)^(1/2)*(a^5*d^8 - b^5*c^5*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^5
+ 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6 - 5*a^4*b*c*d^7)^(1/2)*80i)/(16*a*b^10*c^4 + 740*a^5
*b^6*d^4 - 128*a^2*b^9*c^3*d - 796*a^4*b^7*c*d^3 + 448*a^3*b^8*c^2*d^2 - (
340*a^6*b^5*d^5)/c + (60*a^7*b^4*d^6)/c^2) - (a^4*b^4*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^5
*d^8 - b^5*c^5*d^3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2
*d^6 - 5*a^4*b*c*d^7)^(1/2)*60i)/(448*a^3*b^8*c^4 + 60*a^7*b^4*d^4 - 796*a
^4*b^7*c^3*d - 340*a^6*b^5*c*d^3 + (16*a*b^10*c^6)/d^2 + 740*a^5*b^6*c^2*d
^2 - (128*a^2*b^9*c^5)/d) + (a*b^7*c*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^5*d^8 - b^5*c^5*d^
3 + 5*a*b^4*c^4*d^4 - 10*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^5 + 10*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^6 - 5*a^4*b*c*
d^7)^(1/2)*16i)/(740*a^5*b^6*d^5 - 796*a^4*b^7*c*d^4 - 128*a^2*b^9*c^3*d^2
+ 448*a^3*b^8*c^2*d^3 - (340*a^6*b^5*d^6)/c + (60*a^7*b^4*d^7)/c^2 + 16*a
*b^10*c^4*d))*(d^3*(a*d - b*c)^5)^(1/2)*2i)/(c^2*d^3) - (2*b^2*(a + b/x)^(
1/2))/d + (atan((b^9*c^3*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3)^(1/2)*40i)/(40*a^2*b^9*c^3
- 790*a^5*b^6*d^3 - 256*a^3*b^8*c^2*d + 696*a^4*b^7*c*d^2 + (370*a^6*b^5*d
^4)/c - (60*a^7*b^4*d^5)/c^2) + (a*b^8*c^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3)^(1/2)*256
i)/(256*a^3*b^8*c^2 + 790*a^5*b^6*d^2 - (40*a^2*b^9*c^3)/d - (370*a^6*b...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 677, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.05

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ad-bc} \log\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax+b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ad-bc} - 2ad+bc} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\right)}{a^2 d^2} a^2 d^2.$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x),x)
```

output

```

(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt
(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*d**2*x
- 8*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b*c*d*x +
4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt
(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b**2*c**2*x
+ 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*d**2*x
- 8*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b*c*d*x
+ 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b**2*c**2*x
- 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sq
rt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a**2*d**2*x + 8*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sq
rt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a*b*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log
(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2
*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*b**2*c**2*x + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*c*d**2*x - 8*sq
rt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**2*c**2*d - 8*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*s
qrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*d**3*x + 20*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x))*...

```

**3.23** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 166

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{(bc - 2ad)(bc - ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c^2d\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}x}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{(bc - ad)^{3/2}(bc + 4ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c^3d^{3/2}} + \frac{a^{3/2}(5bc - 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^3}$$

output

```
(-2*a*d+b*c)*(-a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c^2/d/(c+d/x)+a*(a+b/x)^(3/2)*x/c/(c+d/x)-(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)*(4*a*d+b*c)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^3/d^(3/2)+a^(3/2)*(-4*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/c^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(b^2c^2-2abcd+a^2d(2d+cx))}{d(d+cx)} - \frac{(bc-ad)^{3/2}(bc+4ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{d^{3/2}} - \frac{a^{3/2}(-5bc+4ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x)^2,x]
```

output

```
((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d*(2*d + c*x)))/(d*(d + c*x)) - ((b*c - a*d)^(3/2)*(b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/d^(3/2) - a^(3/2)*(-5*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/c^3
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {899, 109, 27, 166, 25, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{109} \\ & \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(a(5bc-4ad)+\frac{b(2bc-ad)}{x}\right)x}{2\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{ax\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{ax(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{c(c + \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(a(5bc - 4ad) + \frac{b(2bc - ad)}{x})x}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
 & \downarrow 166 \\
 & \frac{ax(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{c(c + \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{\frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-\frac{2a^2d}{c} + 3ab - \frac{b^2c}{d})}{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{2c} - \frac{\int -\frac{(d(5bc - 4ad)a^2 + \frac{b(b^2c^2 + 2abdc - 2a^2d^2)}{x})x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(c + \frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{cd} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{ax(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{c(c + \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{(d(5bc - 4ad)a^2 + \frac{b(b^2c^2 + 2abdc - 2a^2d^2)}{x})x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(c + \frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{cd} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-\frac{2a^2d}{c} + 3ab - \frac{b^2c}{d})}{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{2c} \\
 & \downarrow 174 \\
 & \frac{ax(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{c(c + \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{\frac{a^2d(5bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2(4ad + bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(c + \frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{cd}}{2c} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-\frac{2a^2d}{c} + 3ab - \frac{b^2c}{d})}{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
 & \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{ax(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{c(c + \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{\frac{2a^2d(5bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2(bc - ad)^2(4ad + bc) \int \frac{1}{c - \frac{ad}{b} + \frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{cd}}{2c} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-\frac{2a^2d}{c} + 3ab - \frac{b^2c}{d})}{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
 & \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{ax(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{c(c + \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{\frac{2a^2d(5bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2(bc - ad)^{3/2}(4ad + bc) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{cd}}{2c} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-\frac{2a^2d}{c} + 3ab - \frac{b^2c}{d})}{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
 & \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{ax(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{c(c + \frac{d}{x})} - \frac{2(bc-ad)^{3/2}(4ad+bc) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{cd} - \frac{2a^{3/2}d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)^{(5bc-4ad)}}{c}}{2c} + \frac{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(-\frac{2a^2d}{c}+3ab-\frac{b^2c}{d}\right)}{c+\frac{d}{x}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x)^2,x]`

output `(a*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*x)/(c*(c + d/x)) - ((2*(3*a*b - (b^2*c)/d - (2*a^2*d)/c)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c + d/x) + ((2*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)*(b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[d]) - (2*a^(3/2)*d*(5*b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/c)/(c*d))/(2*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`



rule 109  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 2)}*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p) + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || \text{IntegersQ}[m, n + p] || \text{IntegersQ}[p, m + n])$

rule 166  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)})*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)}), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n - 1)}*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[b*c*(f*g - e*h)*(m + 1) + (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*n + c*f*(p + 1)) + d*(b*(f*g - e*h)*(m + 1) + f*(b*g - a*h)*(n + p + 1))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)})/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] := -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 516 vs. 2(146) = 292.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 517, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.11

method	result
risch	$\frac{a^2 x \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{c^2} - \frac{a^{\frac{3}{2}}(4ad-5bc) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{c} + \frac{2(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)}{c^2 \sqrt{a\left(x + \frac{d}{c}\right)^2 - \frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x + \frac{d}{c}\right)}{c} + \frac{(ad-bc)^2}{c^2}}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+1/x*d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/c^2*a^2*x*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c^2*(a^(3/2)*(4*a*d-5*b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))+2*(a^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)/c^3*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+6*a/c^2*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d)))*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1013, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.10

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[-1/2*((5*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (5*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + (b^2*c^2*d + 3*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) - 2*(a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + (b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + 2*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(c^4*d*x + c^3*d^2), -1/2*(2*(5*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (5*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (b^2*c^2*d + 3*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) - 2*(a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + (b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + 2*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(c^4*d*x + c^3*d^2), 1/2*(2*(b^2*c^2*d + 3*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*arctan(-d*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(b*c - a*d)) - (5*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (5*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*(a^2*c^2*d*x^2 + (b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + 2*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(c^4*d*x + c^3*d^2), -((5*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (5*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (b^2*c^2*d + 3*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*arctan(-d*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(b...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{(cx + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(5/2)/(c+d/x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2*(a + b/x)**(5/2)/(c*x + d)**2, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{\frac{5}{2}}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x)^2, x)`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 667 vs.  $2(146) = 292$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 667, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.02

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*a^2*sgn(x)/c^2 - 1/2*(5*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) - 4*a^3*d*sgn(x))
*log(abs(-2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) - b))/(sqrt(a)*c^3) +
(b^3*c^3*sgn(x) + 2*a*b^2*c^2*d*sgn(x) - 7*a^2*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) + 4*a^3*d^3*
sgn(x))*arctan(-((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/sqrt(b*c*d
- a*d^2))/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*c^3*d) + 1/2*(2*sqrt(a)*b^3*c^3*arctan(sqrt
(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 4*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^2*d*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*
c*d - a*d^2)) - 14*a^(5/2)*b*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) +
8*a^(7/2)*d^3*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 5*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^
2)*a^2*b*c*d*log(abs(b)) - 4*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*d^2*log(abs(b)) - 2*s
qrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b^2*c^2 + 4*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^2*b*c*d - 2*sqrt(b*
c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*d^2)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*sqrt(a)*c^3*d) - ((sqrt(
a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*b^3*c^3*sgn(x) - 4*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x
^2 + b*x))*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^2*d*sgn(x) + 5*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^
(5/2)*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) - 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(7/2)*d^3*sgn(x)
) - a*b^3*c^2*d*sgn(x) + 2*a^2*b^2*c*d^2*sgn(x) - a^3*b*d^3*sgn(x))/(((sqr
t(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a
)*d + b*d)*sqrt(a)*c^3*d)

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1153, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.95

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x)^2,x)
```

output

```

(((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^3*b*d^2 - 3*a^2*b^2*c*d))/(c^2*d) - (b*
(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(2*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/(c^2*d))/((a + b/x)*(2*
a*d - b*c) - d*(a + b/x)^2 - a^2*d + a*b*c) - (atanh((10*b^9*(a + b/x)^(1/
2)*(a^3)^(1/2))/(10*a^2*b^9 + (32*a^3*b^8*d)/c - (132*a^4*b^7*d^2)/c^2 + (
130*a^5*b^6*d^3)/c^3 - (40*a^6*b^5*d^4)/c^4) + (32*a*b^8*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(
a^3)^(1/2))/(32*a^3*b^8 + (10*a^2*b^9*c)/d - (132*a^4*b^7*d)/c + (130*a^5*
b^6*d^2)/c^2 - (40*a^6*b^5*d^3)/c^3) - (132*a^2*b^7*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3
)^(1/2))/(32*a^3*b^8*c - 132*a^4*b^7*d + (10*a^2*b^9*c^2)/d + (130*a^5*b^6
*d^2)/c - (40*a^6*b^5*d^3)/c^2) + (130*a^3*b^6*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3)^(
1/2))/(32*a^3*b^8*c^2 + 130*a^5*b^6*d^2 + (10*a^2*b^9*c^3)/d - (40*a^6*b^5
*d^3)/c - 132*a^4*b^7*c*d) - (40*a^4*b^5*d^3*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3)^(1/2))/
(32*a^3*b^8*c^3 - 40*a^6*b^5*d^3 - 132*a^4*b^7*c^2*d + 130*a^5*b^6*c*d^2 +
(10*a^2*b^9*c^4)/d)*(4*a*d - 5*b*c)*(a^3)^(1/2))/c^3 + (atanh((30*a^3*b^
6*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3*d^6 - b^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^5
)^(1/2))/(14*a^2*b^9*c^3 + 110*a^5*b^6*d^3 - 4*a^3*b^8*c^2*d - 82*a^4*b^7*
c*d^2 + (2*a*b^10*c^4)/d - (40*a^6*b^5*d^4)/c) + (18*a^2*b^7*(a + b/x)^(1/
2)*(a^3*d^6 - b^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^5)^(1/2))/(2*a*b
^10*c^3 - 82*a^4*b^7*d^3 + 14*a^2*b^9*c^2*d - 4*a^3*b^8*c*d^2 + (110*a^5*b
^6*d^4)/c - (40*a^6*b^5*d^5)/c^2) + (40*a^4*b^5*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3*d^6 -
b^3*c^3*d^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 3*a^2*b*c*d^5)^(1/2))/(4*a^3*b^8*c^3 + ...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1310, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.89

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x)
```

output

```

(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt
(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*c*d**2*
x + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*s
qrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*d**3
- 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b*c**2*d
*x - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*
sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b*c*d*
*2 - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b**2*c**3*
x - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*b**2*c**2*d
+ 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*c*d**
2*x + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)
*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*d*
*3 - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*
sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b*c**2
*d*x - 3*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)
)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b...

```

**3.24** 
$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	295
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	296
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	296
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	301
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	302
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	302
Maxima [F] . . . . .	303
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	303
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	304
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	305

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 237

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \frac{(bc - 3ad)(bc - ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{2c^2d\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{(b^2c^2 + 7abcd - 12a^2d^2)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{4c^3d\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}x}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\sqrt{bc - ad}(b^2c^2 + 8abcd - 24a^2d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{4c^4d^{3/2}} + \frac{a^{3/2}(5bc - 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c^4}$$

output

```
1/2*(-3*a*d+b*c)*(-a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c^2/d/(c+d/x)^2-1/4*(-12*a^2*d^2
+7*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/c^3/d/(c+d/x)+a*(a+b/x)^(3/2)*x/c/(c+d/x
)^2-1/4*(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2)*(-24*a^2*d^2+8*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a
+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^4/d^(3/2)+a^(3/2)*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((
a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/c^4
```





$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int -\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(a(5bc-6ad)+\frac{b(2bc-3ad)}{x}\right)x}{2\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3}d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{ax\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{ax\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(a(5bc-6ad)+\frac{b(2bc-3ad)}{x}\right)x}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3}d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 166 \\
 & \frac{ax\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(-\frac{3a^2d}{c}+4ab-\frac{b^2c}{d}\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int -\frac{\left(2d(5bc-6ad)a^2+\frac{b(b^2c^2+6abdc-9a^2d^2)}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}d\frac{1}{x}}{2cd}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{ax\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\frac{\int \frac{\left(2d(5bc-6ad)a^2+\frac{b(b^2c^2+6abdc-9a^2d^2)}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}d\frac{1}{x}}{2cd} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(-\frac{3a^2d}{c}+4ab-\frac{b^2c}{d}\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}}{2c} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{ax\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(-12a^2d^2+7abcd+b^2c^2\right)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{\int -\frac{\left(4d(5bc-6ad)(bc-ad)a^2+\frac{b(bc-ad)\left(b^2c^2+7abdc-12a^2d^2\right)}{x}\right)x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}d\frac{1}{x}}{2cd}}{2c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(-\frac{3a^2d}{c}+4ab-\frac{b^2c}{d}\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{\int \left(4d(5bc-6ad)(bc-ad)a^2 + \frac{b(bc-ad)(b^2c^2+7abdc-12a^2d^2)}{x}\right) dx}{\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}{2c(bc-ad)}} - d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(-12a^2d^2+7abcd+b^2c^2)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(-\frac{3a^2d}{c}+4ab-\frac{b^2c}{d}\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

2c

↓ 174

$$\frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{(bc-ad)^2(-24a^2d^2+8abcd+b^2c^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} + 4a^2d(5bc-6ad)(bc-ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(-12a^2d^2+7abcd+b^2c^2)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(-\frac{3a^2d}{c}+4ab-\frac{b^2c}{d}\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

2cd

2c

↓ 73

$$\frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{2(bc-ad)^2(-24a^2d^2+8abcd+b^2c^2) \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} + 8a^2d(5bc-6ad)(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(-12a^2d^2+7abcd+b^2c^2)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(-\frac{3a^2d}{c}+4ab-\frac{b^2c}{d}\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

2cd

2c

↓ 218

$$\frac{ax\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{c\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{8a^2d(5bc-6ad)(bc-ad) \int \frac{1}{bx^2}-\frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} + 2(bc-ad)^{3/2}(-24a^2d^2+8abcd+b^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{bc} + \frac{c\sqrt{d}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(-12a^2d^2+7abcd+b^2c^2)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(-\frac{3a^2d}{c}+4ab-\frac{b^2c}{d}\right)}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

2cd

2c

↓ 221

$$\frac{ax(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{c(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} - \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-\frac{3a^2d}{c} + 4ab - \frac{b^2c}{d})}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2} + \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-12a^2d^2 + 7abcd + b^2c^2)}{c(c + \frac{d}{x})} + \frac{2(bc - ad)^{3/2}(-24a^2d^2 + 8abcd + b^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right) - 8a^{3/2}d \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c\sqrt{d} \cdot 2c(bc - ad)}$$


---

$2c$

input

```
Int[(a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*x)/(c*(c + d/x)^2) - (((4*a*b - (b^2*c)/d - (3*a^2*d)/c)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c + d/x)^2 + (((b^2*c^2 + 7*a*b*c*d - 12*a^2*d^2)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(c + d/x)) + ((2*(b*c - a*d)^(3/2)*(b^2*c^2 + 8*a*b*c*d - 24*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[d]) - (8*a^(3/2)*d*(5*b*c - 6*a*d)*(b*c - a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/c)/(2*c*(b*c - a*d))/(2*c*d)/(2*c)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] :> With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 109  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)})], x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}((e + f*x)^{(p+1)})/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[a*d*(d*e*(n-1) + c*f*(p+1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m-n+2) - c*f*(m+p+2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n+p) + b*(d*e*(m+1) - c*f*(m+n+p+1))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \&\& (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || \text{IntegersQ}[m, n+p] || \text{IntegersQ}[p, m+n])$

rule 166  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)})((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))], x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}(c + d*x)^n((e + f*x)^{(p+1)})/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[b*c*(f*g - e*h)*(m+1) + (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*n + c*f*(p+1)) + d*(b*(f*g - e*h)*(m+1) + f*(b*g - a*h)*(n+p+1))*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[n, 0]$

rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)})((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))], x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}((e + f*x)^{(p+1)})/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}(c + d*x)^n(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h]*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol
] :- Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1035 vs.  $2(209) = 418$ .

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1036, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.37

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1036
default	Expression too large to display	1640

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+1/x*d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/c^3*a^2*x*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c^3*(a^(3/2)*(6*a*d-5*b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a
*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))+2/c^3*(4*a^3*d^3-9*a^2*b*c*d^2+6*a*b^2*c^2*
d-b^3*c^3)*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1
/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^
2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)
^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1
/c*d))+6*a/c^2*(2*a^2*d^2-3*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((
2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+
1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))-2*d*(a
^3*d^3-3*a^2*b*c*d^2+3*a*b^2*c^2*d-b^3*c^3)/c^4*(-1/2/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1
/c*d)^2*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)+3/4*
(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*
a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/
((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((
a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c
^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+1/2*a/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2
*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1
/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d)))*((a*x
+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)/(a*x+b)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1457, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.15

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/8*(4*(5*a*b*c*d^3 - 6*a^2*d^4 + (5*a*b*c^3*d - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + (b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*a*b*c*d^3 - 24*a^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4 + 8*a*b*c^3*d - 24*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d + 8*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 24*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b*d - (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) - 2*(4*a^2*c^3*d*x^3 + (b^2*c^4 - 11*a*b*c^3*d + 18*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 - (b^2*c^3*d + 7*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 12*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c^6*d*x^2 + 2*c^5*d^2*x + c^4*d^3), 1/4*((b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*a*b*c*d^3 - 24*a^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4 + 8*a*b*c^3*d - 24*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d + 8*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 24*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*arctan(-d*sqrt((b*c - a*d)/d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(b*c - a*d)) - 2*(5*a*b*c*d^3 - 6*a^2*d^4 + (5*a*b*c^3*d - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + (4*a^2*c^3*d*x^3 + (b^2*c^4 - 11*a*b*c^3*d + 18*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 - (b^2*c^3*d + 7*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 12*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(c^6*d*x^2 + 2*c^5*d^2*x + c^4*d^3), -1/8*(8*(5*a*b*c*d^3 - 6*a^2*d^4 + (5*a*b*c^3*d - 6*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 6*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (b^2*c^2*d^2 + 8*a*b*c*d^3 - 24*a^2*d^4 + (b^2*c^4 + 8*a*b*c^3*d - 24*a^2*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(b^2*c^3*d + 8*a*b*c^2*d^2 - 24*a^2*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-(b*c - a*d)/d)*log((2*d*x*sqrt(-(b*c - ...
```

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

```
input integrate((a+b/x)**(5/2)/(c+d/x)**3,x)
```

output Timed out

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x)^3, x)`

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 947 vs. 2(209) = 418.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 947, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.00

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```

sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*a^2*sgn(x)/c^3 - 1/2*(5*a^2*b*c*sgn(x) - 6*a^3*d*sgn(x))
*log(abs(-2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) - b))/(sqrt(a)*c^4) +
1/4*(b^3*c^3*sgn(x) + 7*a*b^2*c^2*d*sgn(x) - 32*a^2*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) + 24*a^
3*d^3*sgn(x))*arctan(-((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/sqrt
(b*c*d - a*d^2))/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*c^4*d) + 1/4*(sqrt(a)*b^3*c^3*arctan
(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 7*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^2*d*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqr
t(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 32*a^(5/2)*b*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)
)) + 24*a^(7/2)*d^3*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 10*sqrt(b*c*d
- a*d^2)*a^2*b*c*d*log(abs(b)) - 12*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*d^2*log(abs(b)
) - sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b^2*c^2 + 11*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^2*b*c*d - 10*
sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*d^2)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*sqrt(a)*c^4*d) -
1/4*((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*sqrt(a)*b^3*c^4*sgn(x) - 17*(sqrt(a)
*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^3*d*sgn(x) + 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt
(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a^(5/2)*b*c^2*d^2*sgn(x) - 24*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b
*x))^3*a^(7/2)*c*d^3*sgn(x) - 5*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a*b^3*c^
3*d*sgn(x) - 3*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*sgn(x) +
48*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^3*b*c*d^3*sgn(x) - 40*(sqrt(a)*x -
sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^4*d^4*sgn(x) - (sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt
(a)*b^4*c^3*d*sgn(x) - 11*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(3/2)*b^3*c^2*
d^2*sgn(x) + 52*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(5/2)*b^2*c*d^3*sgn(x)...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 2.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1476, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.23

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a + b/x)^(5/2)/(c + d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(atan((b^9*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3)^(1/2)*5i)/(8*((5*a^2*b^9)/8 + (8*a^3*b^8*d)/c - (159*a^4*b^7*d^2)/(8*c^2) + (45*a^5*b^6*d^3)/(4*c^3))) + (a*b^8*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3)^(1/2)*8i)/(8*a^3*b^8 + (5*a^2*b^9*c)/(8*d) - (159*a^4*b^7*d)/(8*c) + (45*a^5*b^6*d^2)/(4*c^2)) - (a^2*b^7*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3)^(1/2)*159i)/(8*(8*a^3*b^8*c - (159*a^4*b^7*d)/8 + (5*a^2*b^9*c^2)/(8*d) + (45*a^5*b^6*d^2)/(4*c))) + (a^3*b^6*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3)^(1/2)*45i)/(4*(8*a^3*b^8*c^2 + (45*a^5*b^6*d^2)/4 + (5*a^2*b^9*c^3)/(8*d) - (159*a^4*b^7*c*d)/8))*(6*a*d - 5*b*c)*(a^3)^(1/2)*1i)/c^4 - (((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(b^4*c^3 - 24*a^3*b*d^3 + 32*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 9*a*b^3*c^2*d))/(4*c^3*d) - (b*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(b^2*c^2 - 12*a^2*d^2 + 7*a*b*c*d))/(4*c^3) + (b*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(12*a^4*d^3 - a*b^3*c^3 + 14*a^2*b^2*c^2*d - 25*a^3*b*c*d^2))/(4*c^3*d))/((a + b/x)^2*(3*a*d^2 - 2*b*c*d) - (a + b/x)*(3*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d) - d^2*(a + b/x)^3 + a^3*d^2 + a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d) + (log(- (5*a^2*b^9*c^6 + 1728*a^8*b^3*d^6 + 64*a^3*b^8*c^5*d - 4752*a^7*b^4*c^4*d^5 - 59*a^4*b^7*c^4*d^2 - 1450*a^5*b^6*c^3*d^3 + 4464*a^6*b^5*c^2*d^4)/(16*c^9*d) - (((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(b^8*c^6 + 1152*a^6*b^2*d^6 - 2496*a^5*b^3*c*d^5 - 15*a^2*b^6*c^4*d^2 - 400*a^3*b^5*c^3*d^3 + 1760*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^4 + 14*a*b^7*c^5*d))/(8*c^6*d) - (((16*a*b^5*c^10*d^2 - 208*a^2*b^4*c^9*d^3 + 192*a^3*b^3*c^8*d^4)/(16*c^9*d) - ((64*b^3*c^9*d^3 - 128*a*b^2*c^8*d^4)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(d^3*(a*d - b*c))^(1/2)*((b^2*c^2)/8 - 3*a^2*d^2 + a*b*c*d))/(8...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3036, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.81

$$\int \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}}{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*c**2*d**3*x**2 + 192*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*c*d**4*x + 96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*d**5 - 80*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c**3*d**2*x**2 - 160*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c**2*d**3*x - 80*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c*d**4 + 12*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c**4*d*x**2 + 24*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c**3*d**2*x + 12*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*b**2*c**2*d**3 + 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*s...
```

**3.25**  $\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 105

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = -\frac{2d^2(3bc - ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b^2} - \frac{2d^3\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{3b^2} + \frac{c^3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x}{a} - \frac{c^2(bc - 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*d^2*(-a*d+3*b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/b^2-2/3*d^3*(a+b/x)^(3/2)/b^2+c^3*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a-c^2*(-6*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(4a^2d^3x + 3b^2c^3x^2 - 2abd^2(d + 9cx))}{3ab^2x} + \frac{c^2(-bc + 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input

Integrate[(c + d/x)^3/Sqrt[a + b/x], x]

output

$$\left(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b/x] * (4 * a^2 * d^3 * x + 3 * b^2 * c^3 * x^2 - 2 * a * b * d^2 * (d + 9 * c * x))\right) / (3 * a * b^2 * x) + (c^2 * (-b * c) + 6 * a * d) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b/x] / \operatorname{Sqrt}[a]] / a^{3/2}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {899, 109, 27, 164, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3 x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{109} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) \left(c(bc - 6ad) - \frac{d(3bc + 2ad)}{x}\right) x}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{cx\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) \left(c(bc - 6ad) - \frac{d(3bc + 2ad)}{x}\right) x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{cx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{c^2(bc - 6ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(2(-2a^2d^2 + 9abcd + 3b^2c^2) + \frac{bd(2ad + 3bc)}{x}\right)}{3b^2}}{2a} + \frac{cx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 164 \\
& \frac{2c^2(bc - 6ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{b}{x}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(2(-2a^2d^2 + 9abcd + 3b^2c^2) + \frac{bd(2ad + 3bc)}{x}\right)}{3b^2}}{2a} + \frac{cx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& -\frac{2d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(2(-2a^2d^2 + 9abcd + 3b^2c^2) + \frac{bd(2ad + 3bc)}{x}\right)}{3b^2} - \frac{2c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (bc - 6ad)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{cx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x)^3/Sqrt[a + b/x], x]`

output `(c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^2*x)/a + ((-2*d*Sqrt[a + b/x]*(2*(3*b^2*c^2 + 9*a*b*c*d - 2*a^2*d^2) + (b*d*(3*b*c + 2*a*d))/x))/(3*b^2) - (2*c^2*(b*c - 6*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]/Sqrt[a])/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

```
rule 109 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p) + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1))]*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])
```

```
rule 164 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_.)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(-(a*d*f*h*(n + 2) + b*c*f*h*(m + 2) - b*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3) - b*d*f*h*(m + n + 2)*x)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/(b^2*d^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3))), x] + Simp[(a^2*d^2*f*h*(n + 1)*(n + 2) + a*b*d*(n + 1)*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) + b^2*(c^2*f*h*(m + 1)*(m + 2) - c*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3) + d^2*e*g*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3)))/(b^2*d^2*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3)) Int[(a + b*x)^m*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && NeQ[m + n + 2, 0] && NeQ[m + n + 3, 0]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 899 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

method	result
risch	$\frac{(ax+b)(3b^2c^3x^2+4a^2d^3x-18abc d^2x-2a d^3b)}{3b^2x^2a\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \frac{(6ad-bc)c^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\left(-6\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{7}{2}}d^3x^3+18\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{5}{2}}bc d^2x^3+18\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2c^2d x^3+3\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3b d^3x^3-9\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$

input `int((c+1/x*d)^3/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{3}(ax+b)(3b^2c^3x^2+4a^2d^3x-18abc^2d^2x-2abd^3)/b^2x^2/a$$

$$/((ax+b)/x)^{1/2}+1/2(6ad-bc)c^2/a^{3/2}\ln((1/2b+ax)/a^{1/2}+(ax$$

$$^2+bx)^{1/2})/x/((ax+b)/x)^{1/2}(x(ax+b))^{1/2}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 238, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.27

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{3(b^3c^3 - 6ab^2c^2d)\sqrt{ax} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) - 2(3ab^2c^3x^2 - 2a^2bd^3 - 2(9a^2bcd^2 - 2a^3d^3))}{6a^2b^2x} \right]$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\left[ -\frac{1}{6}(3(b^3c^3 - 6ab^2c^2d)\sqrt{a}x\log(2ax + 2\sqrt{a}x\sqrt{(ax+b)/x} + b) - 2(3ab^2c^3x^2 - 2a^2bd^3 - 2(9a^2bcd^2 - 2a^3d^3))x)\sqrt{(ax+b)/x})/(a^2b^2x), \frac{1}{3}(3(b^3c^3 - 6ab^2c^2d)\sqrt{-a}x\arctan(\sqrt{-a}x\sqrt{(ax+b)/x}/(ax+b)) + (3ab^2c^3x^2 - 2a^2bd^3 - 2(9a^2bcd^2 - 2a^3d^3))x)\sqrt{(ax+b)/x})/(a^2b^2x) \right]$$



**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 18.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.72

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{4a^{\frac{7}{2}}b^{\frac{3}{2}}d^3x^2\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^{\frac{5}{2}}d^3x\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^{\frac{7}{2}}d^3\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4a^4bd^3x^{\frac{5}{2}}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{4a^3b^2d^3x^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 3a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^4x^{\frac{3}{2}}} - 3c^2d \left( \begin{array}{l} \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} \quad \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\frac{\log(x)}{\sqrt{a}} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) + 3cd^2 \left( \begin{array}{l} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{ax}} \quad \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{b} \quad \text{otherwise} \end{array} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{bc^3}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{a} - \frac{bc^3 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)**3/(a+b/x)**(1/2), x)`output `4*a**(7/2)*b**(3/2)*d**3*x**2*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*x**(5/2) + 3*a**(3/2)*b**4*x**(3/2)) + 2*a**(5/2)*b**(5/2)*d**3*x*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*x**(5/2) + 3*a**(3/2)*b**4*x**(3/2)) - 2*a**(3/2)*b**(7/2)*d**3*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*x**(5/2) + 3*a**(3/2)*b**4*x**(3/2)) - 4*a**4*b*d**3*x**(5/2)/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*x**(5/2) + 3*a**(3/2)*b**4*x**(3/2)) - 4*a**3*b**2*d**3*x**(3/2)/(3*a**(5/2)*b**3*x**(5/2) + 3*a**(3/2)*b**4*x**(3/2)) - 3*c**2*d*Piecewise((2*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a), Ne(b, 0)), (-log(x)/sqrt(a), True)) + 3*c*d**2*Piecewise((-1/(sqrt(a)*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-2*sqrt(a + b/x)/b, True)) + sqrt(b)*c**3*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/a - b*c**3*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/a**(3/2)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 166, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{2} c^3 \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b}{(a + \frac{b}{x}) a - a^2} + \frac{b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{2}{3} d^3 \left( \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{\frac{3}{2}}}{b^2} - \frac{3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a}{b^2} \right) - \frac{3 c^2 d \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{6 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} c d^2}{b}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c^3*(2*sqrt(a + b/x)*b/((a + b/x)*a - a^2) + b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2)) - 2/3*d^3*((a + b/x)^(3/2)/b^2 - 3*sqrt(a + b/x)*a/b^2) - 3*c^2*d*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a) - 6*sqrt(a + b/x)*c*d^2/b`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx)::OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left( \frac{6ad^3 - 6bcd^2}{b^2} - \frac{4ad^3}{b^2} \right) - \frac{2d^3 (a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}}{3b^2} \\ + \frac{c^3 x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} - \frac{c^2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (6ad - bc) \operatorname{li}}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `int((c + d/x)^3/(a + b/x)^(1/2),x)`output  $(a + b/x)^{(1/2)} * ((6*a*d^3 - 6*b*c*d^2)/b^2 - (4*a*d^3)/b^2) - (2*d^3*(a + b/x)^{(3/2)})/(3*b^2) + (c^3*x*(a + b/x)^{(1/2)})/a - (c^2*\operatorname{atan}(((a + b/x)^{(1/2)}*1i)/a^{(1/2)}))*(6*a*d - b*c)*1i)/a^{(3/2)}$ **Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 189, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx \\ = \frac{8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a^3 d^3 x - 36\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a^2 b c d^2 x - 4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a^2 b d^3 + 6\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a b^2 c^3 x^2 + 36\sqrt{a} \operatorname{li}}{6a^2}$$

input `int((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x)`output  $(8*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*x + b)*a^{**3}*d^{**3}*x - 36*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*x + b)*a^{**2}*b*c*d^{**2}*x - 4*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*x + b)*a^{**2}*b*d^{**3} + 6*\operatorname{sqrt}(x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a*x + b)*a*b*b^{**2}*c^{**3}*x^{**2} + 36*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\log((\operatorname{sqrt}(a*x + b) + \operatorname{sqrt}(x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a))/\operatorname{sqrt}(b))*a^{**2}*c^{**2}*d*x^{**2} - 6*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*\log((\operatorname{sqrt}(a*x + b) + \operatorname{sqrt}(x)*\operatorname{sqrt}(a))/\operatorname{sqrt}(b)))*b^{**3}*c^{**3}*x^{**2} - 8*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*a^{**3}*d^{**3}*x^{**2} + 12*\operatorname{sqrt}(a)*a^{**2}*b*c*d^{**2}*x^{**2} + \operatorname{sqrt}(a)*b^{**3}*c^{**3}*x^{**2})/(6*a^{**2}*b^{**2}*x^{**2})$

**3.26** 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$$

Optimal result	315
Mathematica [A] (verified)	315
Rubi [A] (verified)	316
Maple [A] (verified)	318
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	319
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 73

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = -\frac{2d^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + \frac{c^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}x}{a} - \frac{c(bc - 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
-2*d^2*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/b+c^2*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a-c*(-4*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-2ad^2 + bc^2x)}{ab} + \frac{c(-bc + 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d/x)^2/Sqrt[a + b/x], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\sqrt{a + b/x} * (-2*a*d^2 + b*c^2*x))}{(a*b)} + (c*(-(b*c) + 4*a*d) * \text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b/x}/\sqrt{a}]) / a^{3/2}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {899, 100, 27, 90, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 899 \\ & - \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 100 \\ & \frac{c^2 x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} - \frac{\int -\frac{\left(c(bc - 4ad) - \frac{2ad^2}{x}\right)x}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\left(c(bc - 4ad) - \frac{2ad^2}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{c^2 x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow 90 \\ & \frac{c(bc - 4ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{4ad^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b}}{2a} + \frac{c^2 x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{2c(bc - 4ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^2}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \frac{4ad^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b}}{2a} + \frac{c^2 x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow 221 \\ -\frac{2c \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-4ad)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{4ad^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{b} + \frac{c^2x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{a} \\ \hline 2a \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x)^2/Sqrt[a + b/x], x]`

output `(c^2*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/a + ((-4*a*d^2*Sqrt[a + b/x])/b - (2*c*(b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/Sqrt[a]/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 90 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[b*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d*f*(n + p + 2))), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(d*f*(n + p + 2)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && NeQ[n + p + 2, 0]`

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.44

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(ax+b)(-bxc^2+2ad^2)}{bax\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \frac{(4ad-bc)c \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\left(-2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2x^2-4\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{3}{2}}bcdx^2-\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2bd^2x^2-2\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^2c\right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$

input `int((c+1/x*d)^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-(a*x+b)*(-b*c^2*x+2*a*d^2)/b/a/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2*(4*a*d-b*c)*c/a^(3/2)*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{(b^2c^2 - 4abcd)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) - 2(abc^2x - 2a^2d^2)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{2a^2b}, \frac{(b^2c^2 - 4abcd)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{a + \frac{b}{x}}\right) + (abc^2x - 2a^2d^2)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{a^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*(a*b*c^2*x - 2*a^2*d^2)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^2*b), ((b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (a*b*c^2*x - 2*a^2*d^2)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^2*b)]`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 11.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 119, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = -2cd \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\frac{\log(x)}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + d^2 \left( \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{ax}} & \text{for } b = 0 \\ -\frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{bc^2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{a} - \frac{bc^2 \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)**2/(a+b/x)**(1/2),x)`

output `-2*c*d*Piecewise((2*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a), Ne(b, 0)), (-log(x)/sqrt(a), True)) + d**2*Piecewise((-1/(sqrt(a)*x), Eq(b, 0)), (-2*sqrt(a + b/x)/b, True)) + sqrt(b)*c**2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/a - b*c**2*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/a**(3/2)`



**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 129 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.77

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{2} c^2 \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b}{(a + \frac{b}{x}) a - a^2} + \frac{b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{2 c d \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} d^2}{b}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c^2*(2*sqrt(a + b/x)*b/((a + b/x)*a - a^2) + b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2)) - 2*c*d*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a) - 2*sqrt(a + b/x)*d^2/b`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 63, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{c^2 x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} - \frac{2 d^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b} + \frac{c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (4 a d - b c)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `int((c + d/x)^2/(a + b/x)^(1/2),x)`output `(c^2*x*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/a - (2*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/b + (c*atanh((a + b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(4*a*d - b*c))/a^(3/2)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{-8\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a^2 d^2 + 4\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} ab c^2 x + 16\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) abcdx - 4\sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b^2}{4a^2bx}$$

input `int((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x)`output `( - 8*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*d**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*c**2*x + 16*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2*x - 8*sqrt(a)*a**2*d**2*x - sqrt(a)*b**2*c**2*x)/(4*a**2*b*x)`

$$3.27 \quad \int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx$$

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Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)	326
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	326
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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 51

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} - \frac{(bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

output

```
c*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a-(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} + \frac{(-bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d/x)/Sqrt[a + b/x],x]
```

output  $(c\sqrt{a + b/x} * x) / a + ((-b*c) + 2*a*d) * \text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b/x} / \sqrt{a}] / a^{3/2}$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {899, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\
 & - \int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x}) x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{cx\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{(bc - 2ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{ab} + \frac{cx\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{cx\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} - \frac{\text{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (bc - 2ad)}{a^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(c + d/x)/\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x], x]$

output  $(c\sqrt{a + b/x} * x) / a - ((b * c - 2 * a * d) * \text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b/x} / \sqrt{a}]) / a^{3/2}$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[  
{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +  
d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL  
inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p  
_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b * e - a * f)) * (c + d * x)^(n + 1) * (e + f * x)^(p + 1) / (f * (p  
+ 1) * (c * f - d * e)), x] - Simp[(a * d * f * (n + p + 2) - b * (d * e * (n + 1) + c * f * (p  
+ 1))) / (f * (p + 1) * (c * f - d * e)) Int[(c + d * x)^n * (e + f * x)^(p + 1), x], x]  
/; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || Intege  
rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol  
] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p * ((c + d/x^n)^q / x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b * c - a * d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 84, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result
risch	$\frac{c(ax+b)}{a\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \frac{(2ad-bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}x\left(2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}a^{\frac{3}{2}}d-2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{abc}-2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{3}{2}}d-\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)abd-\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}ba^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input `int((c+1/x*d)/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $\frac{1}{a}c*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)/a^(3/2)*\ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \left[ \frac{2acx\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} - (bc - 2ad)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right)}{2a^2}, \frac{acx\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + (bc - 2ad)\sqrt{-a} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-a}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{a}\right)}{a^2} \right]$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $[1/2*(2*a*c*x*\sqrt{(a*x + b)/x} - (b*c - 2*a*d)*\sqrt{a}*\log(2*a*x + 2*\sqrt{a}*x*\sqrt{(a*x + b)/x} + b))/a^2, (a*c*x*\sqrt{(a*x + b)/x} + (b*c - 2*a*d)*\sqrt{-a}*\arctan(\sqrt{-a}*x*\sqrt{(a*x + b)/x}/(a*x + b)))/a^2]$

### Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 12.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = -d \left( \begin{cases} \frac{2 \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{-a}}\right)}{\sqrt{-a}} & \text{for } b \neq 0 \\ -\frac{\log(x)}{\sqrt{a}} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \right) + \frac{\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{a} - \frac{bc \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)**(1/2),x)`

output

```
-d*Piecewise((2*atan(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(-a))/sqrt(-a), Ne(b, 0)), (-log(x)
/sqrt(a), True)) + sqrt(b)*c*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/a - b*c*asinh(sqrt(a)
*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/a**(3/2)
```

### Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 109 vs.  $2(43) = 86$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.14

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{1}{2} c \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b}{(a + \frac{b}{x}) a - a^2} + \frac{b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right) - \frac{d \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{\sqrt{a}}$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*c*(2*sqrt(a + b/x)*b/((a + b/x)*a - a^2) + b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt
(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2)) - d*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))
/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/sqrt(a)
```

### Giac [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 87 vs.  $2(43) = 86$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = -\frac{(bc \log(|b|) - 2ad \log(|b|)) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bxc}}{a \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(bc - 2ad) \log(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bxc})\sqrt{a + b}|)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
-1/2*(b*c*log(abs(b)) - 2*a*d*log(abs(b)))*sgn(x)/a^(3/2) + sqrt(a*x^2 + b
*x)*c/(a*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(b*c - 2*a*d)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b
*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(3/2)*sgn(x))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 88, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.73

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{2d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2cx \left( \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b+ax}}{2ax} + \frac{b^{3/2} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}1i}{\sqrt{b}}\right)3i}{2a^{3/2}x^{3/2}} \right)}{3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}$$

input

```
int((c + d/x)/(a + b/x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(2*d*atanh((a + b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/a^(1/2) + (2*c*x*((3*b^(1/2)*(b + a*x)
)^(1/2))/(2*a*x) + (b^(3/2)*asin((a^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*1i)/b^(1/2))*3i)/(2*a^(3
/2)*x^(3/2))*((a*x)/b + 1)^(1/2))/(3*(a + b/x)^(1/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.25

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{ax+b}ac + 2\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)ad - \sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc}{a^2}$$

input

```
int((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x)
```

output

```
(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*c + 2*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)
))/sqrt(b))*a*d - sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b
*c)/a**2
```



### 3.28 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} dx$

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Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	329
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	332
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	332
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	333

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{a} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

output `(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a-b*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{a} - \frac{b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/Sqrt[a + b/x], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/a - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.364$ , Rules used = {773, 52, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 773 \\
 & - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 52 \\
 & \frac{b \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} + \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} - \frac{\text{barctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/Sqrt[a + b/x],x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/a - (b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 52  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[n, 0]$
- rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[p = \text{Denominator}[m], \text{Simp}[p/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 773  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)}]^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[p]$

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} x \left( 2\sqrt{x(ax+b)} \sqrt{a} - b \ln \left( \frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)} \sqrt{a} + 2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}} \right) \right)}{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)} a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$	71
risch	$\frac{ax+b}{a\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} - \frac{b \ln \left( \frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2 + bx} \right) \sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}} x \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$	75

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $1/2*((a*x+b)/x)^{(1/2)}*x*(2*(x*(a*x+b))^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}-b*\ln(1/2*(2*(x*(a*x+b))^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*a*x+b)/a^{(1/2)}))/((x*(a*x+b))^{(1/2)}/a^{(3/2)})$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.40

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \left[ \frac{2ax\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + \sqrt{ab} \log\left(2ax - 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right)}{2a^2}, \frac{ax\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + \sqrt{-ab} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{-ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b}\right)}{a^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `[1/2*(2*a*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + sqrt(a)*b*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b))/a^2, (a*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + sqrt(-a)*b*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)))/a^2]`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 44, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{a} - \frac{b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(1/2),x)`output `sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)/a - b*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/a**(3/2)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) a - a^2} + \frac{b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{2 a^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `sqrt(a + b/x)*b/((a + b/x)*a - a^2) + 1/2*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.60

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = -\frac{b \log(|b|) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2 a^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{b \log\left(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a + b}\right)}{2 a^{\frac{3}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx}}{a \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-1/2*b*log(abs(b))*sgn(x)/a^(3/2) + 1/2*b*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(3/2)*sgn(x)) + sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)/(a*sgn(x))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{2x \left( \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{b+ax}}{2ax} + \frac{b^{3/2} \operatorname{asin}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x} 1i}{\sqrt{b}}\right) 3i}{2a^{3/2}x^{3/2}} \right) \sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}}{3\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(2*x*((3*b^(1/2)*(b + a*x)^(1/2))/(2*a*x) + (b^(3/2)*asin((a^(1/2)*x^(1/2)*1i)/b^(1/2))*3i)/(2*a^(3/2)*x^(3/2)))*((a*x)/b + 1)^(1/2))/(3*(a + b/x)^(1/2))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{x} \sqrt{ax + b} a - \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) b}{a^2}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a - sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b)/a**2`

**3.29** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	334
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	335
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	335
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 108

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac} - \frac{2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{(bc+2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}c^2}$$

output (a+b/x)^(1/2)\*x/a/c-2\*d^(3/2)\*arctan(d^(1/2)\*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a\*d+b\*c)^(1/2))/c^2/(-a\*d+b\*c)^(1/2)-(2\*a\*d+b\*c)\*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^2

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a} - \frac{2d^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{\sqrt{bc - ad}} - \frac{(bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)),x]`

output `((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/a - (2*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d] - ((b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/c^2`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {899, 114, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{114} \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(bc + 2ad + \frac{bd}{x})x}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} + \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{ac} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{(bc+2ad+\frac{bd}{x})x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac} \\
& \quad \downarrow 174 \\
& \frac{(2ad+bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{2ad^2 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{2(2ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^2}{c}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{4ad^2 \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac} \\
& \quad \downarrow 218 \\
& \frac{2(2ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^2}{c}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{4ad^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{4ad^{3/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(2ad+bc)}{\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/(a*c) + ((-4*a*d^(3/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (2*(b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c)/(2*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

- rule 73  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \&\& \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \&\& \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$
- rule 114  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}((e + f*x)^{(p+1)})/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[a*d*f*(m+1) - b*(d*e*(m+n+2) + c*f*(m+p+2)) - b*d*f*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \text{ || } \text{IntegersQ}[2*n, 2*p] \text{ || } \text{ILtQ}[m+n+p+3, 0])$
- rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)))/((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{ Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$
- rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$
- rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$
- rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_)}(c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_)}(q_.), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] \text{ /}; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. 2(90) = 180.

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 229, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.12

method	result
default	$\frac{\left(2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}c^2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}-2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)acd-\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)bc^2-2a^{\frac{3}{2}}\ln\left(\frac{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}c^3\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}c^3\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}\right)}{2a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}c^3\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}$
risch	$\frac{ax+b}{ac\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}-\frac{(2ad+bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}}+ax}{c\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)+2ad^2\ln\left(\frac{2\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}-\frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c}+2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)^2-\frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c}}}{x+\frac{d}{c}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}$

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+1/x*d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\frac{1}{2}*(2*(x*(a*x+b)))^{(1/2)}*c^2*a^{(1/2)}*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}-2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(1/2*(2*(x*(a*x+b)))^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*a*x+b)/a^{(1/2)}*(a*c*d-(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln(1/2*(2*(x*(a*x+b)))^{(1/2)}*a^{(1/2)}+2*a*x+b)/a^{(1/2)})*b*c^2-2*a^{(3/2)}*\ln((2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*(x*(a*x+b)))^{(1/2)}*c-2*a*d*x+b*c*x-b*d)/(c*x+d)*d^2*x*((a*x+b)/x)^{(1/2)}/a^{(3/2)}/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}/c^3/(x*(a*x+b))^{(1/2)}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 512, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.74

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$$

$$= \left[ \frac{2 a^2 d \sqrt{-\frac{d}{bc-ad}} \log \left( -\frac{2 (bc-ad)x \sqrt{-\frac{d}{bc-ad}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} - bd + (bc-2ad)x}{cx+d} \right) + 2 acx \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + (bc + 2ad) \sqrt{a} \log \left( 2 ax - \right)}{2 a^2 c^2}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{4 a^2 d \sqrt{\frac{d}{bc-ad}} \arctan \left( \sqrt{\frac{d}{bc-ad}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \right) - 2 acx \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} - (bc + 2ad) \sqrt{a} \log \left( 2 ax - 2 \sqrt{ax} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b \right)}{2 a^2 c^2}, \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{2 a^2 d \sqrt{\frac{d}{bc-ad}} \arctan \left( \sqrt{\frac{d}{bc-ad}} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} \right) - acx \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} - (bc + 2ad) \sqrt{-a} \arctan \left( \frac{\sqrt{-ax} \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{ax+b} \right)}{a^2 c^2} \right]$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/2*(2*a^2*d*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + 2*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + (b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b))/(a^2*c^2), (a^2*d*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + (b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)))/(a^2*c^2), -1/2*(4*a^2*d*sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)) - 2*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - (b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b))/(a^2*c^2), -(2*a^2*d*sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)) - a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - (b*c + 2*a*d)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)))/(a^2*c^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} (cx + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(1/2)/(c+d/x), x)`

output `Integral(x/(sqrt(a + b/x)*(c*x + d)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/x)*(c + d/x)), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1183, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.95

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(c + d/x)),x)`

output

```
(x*(a + b/x)^(1/2))/(a*c) - (atan((((((2*(2*a*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3)))/(a^2*c^3) - (2*(4*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(a^2*c^2*(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d)))*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d) - (2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(8*a^2*b^2*d^5 + b^4*c^2*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c*d^4))/(a^2*c^2))*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2)*1i)/(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d) - (((((2*(2*a*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3))/(a^2*c^3) + (2*(4*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(a^2*c^2*(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d)))*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d) + (2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(8*a^2*b^2*d^5 + b^4*c^2*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c*d^4))/(a^2*c^2))*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2)*1i)/(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d)/((((((2*(2*a*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3))/(a^2*c^3) - (2*(4*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(a^2*c^2*(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d)))*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d) - (2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(8*a^2*b^2*d^5 + b^4*c^2*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c*d^4))/(a^2*c^2))*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d) - (4*(2*a*b^3*d^5 + b^4*c*d^4))/(a^2*c^3) + (((((2*(2*a*b^4*c^5*d^2 + 2*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3))/(a^2*c^3) + (2*(4*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3)*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(a^2*c^2*(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d)))*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d) + (2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(8*a^2*b^2*d^5 + b^4*c^2*d^3 + 4*a*b^3*c*d^4))/(a^2*c^2))*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2))/(b*c^3 - a*c^2*d)))*(a*d^4 - b*c*d^3)^(1/2)*2i)/(b*c^3 - a*c^2...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 301, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.79

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{ad - bc} \log \left( \sqrt{c} \sqrt{ax + b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{d} \sqrt{a} \sqrt{ad - bc} - 2ad + bc} + \sqrt{x} \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \right) a^2 d + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{ad - bc} \log}{=}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x),x)`

output `(sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*d + sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*d - sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a**2*d + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*c*d - sqrt(x)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*c**2 - 2*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*d**2 + sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b*c*d + sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c**2)/(a**2*c**2*(a*d - b*c))`

**3.30** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	343
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	344
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	344
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	347
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	348
Sympy [F] . . . . .	349
Maxima [F] . . . . .	350
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	350
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	351
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	352

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 172

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{d(bc-2ad)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac^2(bc-ad)\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}x}{ac\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}$$

$$- \frac{d^{3/2}(5bc-4ad)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c^3(bc-ad)^{3/2}}$$

$$- \frac{(bc+4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}c^3}$$

output

```
d*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(c+d/x)+(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a/c/
(c+d/x)-d^(3/2)*(-4*a*d+5*b*c)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)-(4*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^3
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-bc(d+cx) + ad(2d+cx))}{a(-bc+ad)(d+cx)} + \frac{d^{3/2}(-5bc+4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{(bc-ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{(bc+4ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^2), x]`

output `((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(-(b*c*(d + c*x)) + a*d*(2*d + c*x)))/(a*(-(b*c) + a*d)*(d + c*x)) + (d^(3/2)*(-5*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(b*c - a*d)^(3/2) - ((b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/c^3`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {899, 114, 27, 168, 25, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 899$$

$$- \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 114$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(bc+4ad+\frac{3bd}{x})x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(bc+4ad+\frac{3bd}{x})x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{2d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(bd\frac{bc-2ad}{x}+(bc-ad)(bc+4ad))x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(bd\frac{bc-2ad}{x}+(bc-ad)(bc+4ad))x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 174 \\
 & \frac{(bc-ad)(4ad+bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - ad^2(5bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{2(bc-ad)(4ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - 2ad^2(5bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 218 \\
 & \frac{2(bc-ad)(4ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - 2ad^{3/2}(5bc-4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{bc(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2ad^3/2(5bc-4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - 2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-ad)(4ad+bc)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}}}{c(bc-ad)\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{2d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-2ad)}{c\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/(a*c*(c + d/x)) + ((2*d*(b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x)) + ((-2*a*d^(3/2)*(5*b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (2*(b*c - a*d)*(b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c))/(c*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)}/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{ILtQ}\{m, -1\}$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))]/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x\}$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}]^{(p_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}]^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}\{n, 0\}$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 468 vs.  $2(152) = 304$ .

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 469, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.73

method	result
risch	$\frac{ax+b}{a^2 \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} - \frac{(4ad+bc) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{c\sqrt{a}} + \frac{6ad^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{2(ad-bc)d}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad-bc)(x+\frac{d}{c})}{c} + 2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)^2 - \frac{(2ad-bc)(x+\frac{d}{c})}{c}}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+1/x*d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a/c^2*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c^2/a*((4*a*d+b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/
a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+6*a*d^2/c^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln(
(2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x
+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+2*a*d
^3/c^3*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d
)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(
1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/
2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d
))))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1131, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.58

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

```
input integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((b^2*c^2*d + 3*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^
2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + (5*a^
2*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^3*d^3 + (5*a^2*b*c^2*d - 4*a^3*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*
d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (
b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + 2*((a*b*c^3 - a^2*c^2*d)*x^2 + (a*b*c^2*d - 2
*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^2*b*c^4*d - a^3*c^3*d^2 + (a^2*b*c^5
- a^3*c^4*d)*x), -1/2*(2*(5*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^3*d^3 + (5*a^2*b*c^2*d - 4*a
^3*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)
/x)) - (b^2*c^2*d + 3*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a
^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*((
a*b*c^3 - a^2*c^2*d)*x^2 + (a*b*c^2*d - 2*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))
/(a^2*b*c^4*d - a^3*c^3*d^2 + (a^2*b*c^5 - a^3*c^4*d)*x), 1/2*(2*(b^2*c^2*
d + 3*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqr
t(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (5*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 4*
a^3*d^3 + (5*a^2*b*c^2*d - 4*a^3*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b
*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x
)/(c*x + d)) + 2*((a*b*c^3 - a^2*c^2*d)*x^2 + (a*b*c^2*d - 2*a^2*c*d^2)*x)
*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^2*b*c^4*d - a^3*c^3*d^2 + (a^2*b*c^5 - a^3*c^4*d)*x
), ((b^2*c^2*d + 3*a*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^2*d^3 + (b^2*c^3 + 3*a*b*c^2*d - 4*a^2*
c*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (5*...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} (cx + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(1/2)/(c+d/x)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/(sqrt(a + b/x)*(c*x + d)**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/x)*(c + d/x)^2), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 493 vs.  $2(152) = 304$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 493, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.87

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\left(10 a^{\frac{3}{2}} b c d^2 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a d}}{\sqrt{b c d - a d^2}}\right) - 8 a^{\frac{5}{2}} d^3 \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a d}}{\sqrt{b c d - a d^2}}\right) - \sqrt{b c d - a d^2} b^2 c^2 \log(|b|) - 3 \sqrt{b c d - a d^2} a b c\right)}{2 \left(\sqrt{b c d - a d^2} a^{\frac{3}{2}} b c^4 - \sqrt{b c d - a d^2} a^{\frac{5}{2}} c^3\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{(5 b c d^2 - 4 a d^3) \arctan\left(-\frac{(\sqrt{a x} - \sqrt{a x^2 + b x}) c + \sqrt{a d}}{\sqrt{b c d - a d^2}}\right)}{(b c^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a c^3 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \sqrt{b c d - a d^2}}$$

$$+ \frac{(\sqrt{a x} - \sqrt{a x^2 + b x}) b c d^2 - 2 (\sqrt{a x} - \sqrt{a x^2 + b x}) a d^3 - \sqrt{a} b d^3}{(b c^4 \operatorname{sgn}(x) - a c^3 d \operatorname{sgn}(x)) \left((\sqrt{a x} - \sqrt{a x^2 + b x})^2 c + 2 (\sqrt{a x} - \sqrt{a x^2 + b x}) \sqrt{a d} + b d\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{\sqrt{a x^2 + b x}}{a c^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(b c + 4 a d) \log\left(|2 (\sqrt{a x} - \sqrt{a x^2 + b x}) \sqrt{a} + b|\right)}{2 a^{\frac{3}{2}} c^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/2*(10*a^(3/2)*b*c*d^2*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 8*a^(5/2)*
d^3*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*b^2*c^2*lo
g(abs(b)) - 3*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b*c*d*log(abs(b)) + 4*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d
^2)*a^2*d^2*log(abs(b)) + 2*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^2*d^2*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*
d - a*d^2)*a^(3/2)*b*c^4 - sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(5/2)*c^3*d) + (5*b*c*d^2
- 4*a*d^3)*arctan(-((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/sqrt(b
*c*d - a*d^2))/((b*c^4*sgn(x) - a*c^3*d*sgn(x))*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + ((s
qrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*b*c*d^2 - 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*
a*d^3 - sqrt(a)*b*d^3)/((b*c^4*sgn(x) - a*c^3*d*sgn(x))*((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt
(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*d + b*d)) +
sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)/(a*c^2*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(b*c + 4*a*d)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x
- sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(3/2)*c^3*sgn(x))

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 3.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3813, normalized size of antiderivative = 22.17

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(c + d/x)^2),x)
```



output

```

(((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(b^3*c^2 + 2*a^2*b*d^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d))/(c^2*(a^2*d - a*b*c)) + (d*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(b^2*c - 2*a*b*d))/(c^2*(a^2*d - a*b*c)))/((a + b/x)*(2*a*d - b*c) - d*(a + b/x)^2 - a^2*d + a*b*c) - (atan((((2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(32*a^4*b^2*d^7 + b^6*c^4*d^3 + 6*a*b^5*c^3*d^4 - 64*a^3*b^3*c*d^6 + 26*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^5))/(a^2*b^2*c^6 + a^4*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^5*d) + (((4*a*b^6*c^9*d^2 + 4*a^2*b^5*c^8*d^3 - 16*a^3*b^4*c^7*d^4 + 8*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^5)/(a^2*b^2*c^8 + a^4*c^6*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^7*d) + ((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(4*a*d + b*c)*(4*a^2*b^5*c^9*d^2 - 16*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^3 + 20*a^4*b^3*c^7*d^4 - 8*a^5*b^2*c^6*d^5))/(c^3*(a^3)^(1/2)*(a^2*b^2*c^6 + a^4*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^5*d))))*(4*a*d + b*c))/(2*c^3*(a^3)^(1/2))))*(4*a*d + b*c)*1i)/(2*c^3*(a^3)^(1/2)) + (((2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(32*a^4*b^2*d^7 + b^6*c^4*d^3 + 6*a*b^5*c^3*d^4 - 64*a^3*b^3*c*d^6 + 26*a^2*b^4*c^2*d^5))/(a^2*b^2*c^6 + a^4*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^5*d) - (((4*a*b^6*c^9*d^2 + 4*a^2*b^5*c^8*d^3 - 16*a^3*b^4*c^7*d^4 + 8*a^4*b^3*c^6*d^5)/(a^2*b^2*c^8 + a^4*c^6*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^7*d) - ((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(4*a*d + b*c)*(4*a^2*b^5*c^9*d^2 - 16*a^3*b^4*c^8*d^3 + 20*a^4*b^3*c^7*d^4 - 8*a^5*b^2*c^6*d^5))/(c^3*(a^3)^(1/2)*(a^2*b^2*c^6 + a^4*c^4*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^5*d))))*(4*a*d + b*c))/(2*c^3*(a^3)^(1/2))))*(4*a*d + b*c)*1i)/(2*c^3*(a^3)^(1/2)))/((2*(32*a^3*b^3*d^7 + 5*b^6*c^3*d^4 + 6*a*b^5*c^2*d^5 - 48*a^2*b^4*c*d^6))/(a^2*b^2*c^8 + a^4*c^6*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^7*d) - (((2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(32*a^4*b^2*d^7 + b^6*c^4*d^3 + 6*a*b^5*c^3*d^4 - 64*...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1164, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.77

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x)
```

output

```

(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt
(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*c*d**2*
x + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*s
qrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*d**3
- 5*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sq
rt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*b*c**
2*d*x - 5*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(
d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**2*
b*c*d**2 + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sq
rt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a*
**3*c*d**2*x + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2
*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))
*a**3*d**3 - 5*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*
sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*
a**2*b*c**2*d*x - 5*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sq
rt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt
(a))*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(
a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b))*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a**3*c*d
**2*x - 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) +
2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b))*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a**3*d**3 + 5*sqrt...

```

### 3.31 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	354
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	355
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	355
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	359
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	361
Sympy [F(-1)] . . . . .	362
Maxima [F] . . . . .	363
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	363
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	364
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	365

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 250

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \frac{d(2bc-3ad)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{2ac^2(bc-ad)\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} + \frac{d(bc-4ad)(4bc-3ad)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{4ac^3(bc-ad)^2\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{d^{3/2}(35b^2c^2-56abcd+24a^2d^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4c^4(bc-ad)^{5/2}} - \frac{(bc+6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}c^4}$$

output

```
1/2*d*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(c+d/x)^2+1/4*d*(-4*a*d+b*c)*(-3*a*d+4*b*c)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/a/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(c+d/x)+(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a/c/(c+d/x)^2-1/4*d^(3/2)*(24*a^2*d^2-56*a*b*c*d+35*b^2*c^2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^4/(-a*d+b*c)^(5/2)-(6*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(3/2)/c^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(4b^2c^2(d+cx)^2 + 2a^2d^2(6d^2 + 9cdx + 2c^2x^2) - abcd(19d^2 + 29cdx + 8c^2x^2))}{a(bc-ad)^2(d+cx)^2} - \frac{d^{3/2}(35b^2c^2 - 56abcd + 24a^2d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{(bc-ad)^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{4c^4}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^3),x]`output `((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(4*b^2*c^2*(d + c*x)^2 + 2*a^2*d^2*(6*d^2 + 9*c*d*x + 2*c^2*x^2) - a*b*c*d*(19*d^2 + 29*c*d*x + 8*c^2*x^2)))/(a*(b*c - a*d)^2*(d + c*x)^2) - (d^(3/2)*(35*b^2*c^2 - 56*a*b*c*d + 24*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(b*c - a*d)^(5/2) - (4*(b*c + 6*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/(4*c^4)`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 294, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {899, 114, 27, 168, 25, 168, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 899$$

$$- \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}$$

$$\downarrow 114$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(bc+6ad+\frac{5bd}{x})x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(bc+6ad+\frac{5bd}{x})x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(2bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(3bd(2bc-3ad)+2(bc-ad)(bc+6ad))x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)}}{2ac} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(3bd(2bc-3ad)+2(bc-ad)(bc+6ad))x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(2bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)(4bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(4(bc+6ad)(bc-ad)^2+\frac{bd(bc-4ad)(4bc-3ad)}{x})x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(2bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(4(bc+6ad)(bc-ad)^2+\frac{bd(bc-4ad)(4bc-3ad)}{x})x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)(4bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(2bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} + \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 174
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4(bc-ad)^2(6ad+bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{ad^2(24a^2d^2-56abcd+35b^2c^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)(4bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(2bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} +$$

$$\frac{2ac}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{8(bc-ad)^2(6ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{bc} \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2ad^2(24a^2d^2-56abcd+35b^2c^2) \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)(4bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(2bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} +$$

$$\frac{2ac}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{8(bc-ad)^2(6ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{bc} \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2ad^{3/2}(24a^2d^2-56abcd+35b^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)(4bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(2bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} +$$

$$\frac{2ac}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{2ad^{3/2}(24a^2d^2-56abcd+35b^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - \frac{\operatorname{sarctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(6ad+bc)(bc-ad)^2}{\sqrt{ac}}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-4ad)(4bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)} + \frac{d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(2bc-3ad)}{c(c+\frac{d}{x})^2(bc-ad)} +$$

$$\frac{2ac}{ac(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}$$

input `Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^3),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x)/(a*c*(c + d/x)^2) + ((d*(2*b*c - 3*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x)^2) + ((d*(b*c - 4*a*d)*(4*b*c - 3*a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d/x)) + ((-2*a*d^(3/2)*(35*b^2*c^2 - 56*a*b*c*d + 24*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (8*(b*c - a*d)^2*(b*c + 6*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c))/(2*c*(b*c - a*d))/(2*c*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`

rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)})), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*(e + f*x)^{(p+1)}/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_.) + (f_.)*(x_.)^{(p_.)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_.)^{(q_.)})/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(m_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] := -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 952 vs.  $2(222) = 444$ .

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 953, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.81



method	result
risch	$\frac{(6ad+bc) \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{c\sqrt{a}} + \frac{12ad^2 \ln\left(\frac{2(ad-bc)d}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c} + 2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}} \sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)^2 - \frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c}}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+1/x*d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/a/c^3*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c^3/a*((6*a*d+b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/
a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+12*a*d^2/c^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln
((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(
x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+8*a*
d^3/c^3*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*
d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(
1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1
/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*
d)))-2*a*d^4/c^4*(-1/2/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)^2*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b
*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)+3/4*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d*(-1/(
a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*
d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(
a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c
*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+1/2*a/(a
*d-b*c)/d*c^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*
(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)
+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d)))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2
)

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 553 vs.  $2(222) = 444$ .

Time = 0.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2277, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/8*(4*(b^3*c^3*d^2 + 4*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 11*a^2*b*c*d^4 + 6*a^3*d^5 + (b^3*c^5 + 4*a*b^2*c^4*d - 11*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*c^4*d + 4*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 11*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + 6*a^3*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + (35*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 56*a^3*b*c*d^4 + 24*a^4*d^5 + (35*a^2*b^2*c^4*d - 56*a^3*b*c^3*d^2 + 24*a^4*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(35*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 56*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 24*a^4*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + 2*(4*(a*b^2*c^5 - 2*a^2*b*c^4*d + a^3*c^3*d^2)*x^3 + (8*a*b^2*c^4*d - 29*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 + 18*a^3*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + (4*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 19*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + 12*a^3*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^2*b^2*c^6*d^2 - 2*a^3*b*c^5*d^3 + a^4*c^4*d^4 + (a^2*b^2*c^8 - 2*a^3*b*c^7*d + a^4*c^6*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(a^2*b^2*c^7*d - 2*a^3*b*c^6*d^2 + a^4*c^5*d^3)*x), 1/8*(8*(b^3*c^3*d^2 + 4*a*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 11*a^2*b*c*d^4 + 6*a^3*d^5 + (b^3*c^5 + 4*a*b^2*c^4*d - 11*a^2*b*c^3*d^2 + 6*a^3*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(b^3*c^4*d + 4*a*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 11*a^2*b*c^2*d^3 + 6*a^3*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (35*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 56*a^3*b*c*d^4 + 24*a^4*d^5 + (35*a^2*b^2*c^4*d - 56*a^3*b*c^3*d^2 + 24*a^4*c^2*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(35*a^2*b^2*c^3*d^2 - 56*a^3*b*c^2*d^3 + 24*a^4*c*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + 2*(4*(a*b^2*c^5 - 2*a^2*b*c...
```

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(1/2)/(c+d/x)**3,x)
```

output

Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(a + b/x)*(c + d/x)^3), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 890 vs. 2(222) = 444.

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 890, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

1/4*(35*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^2*d^2*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 56*a^(
5/2)*b*c*d^3*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 24*a^(7/2)*d^4*arctan
(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 2*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*b^3*c^3*log(abs(b)
) - 8*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b^2*c^2*d*log(abs(b)) + 22*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)
*a^2*b*c*d^2*log(abs(b)) - 12*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*d^3*log(abs(b)) + 13
*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 10*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*d^3)*sgn(x)/
(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^6 - 2*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(5/2)*b*c^5
*d + sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(7/2)*c^4*d^2) + 1/4*(35*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 56*a*b*c
*d^3 + 24*a^2*d^4)*arctan(-((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)
/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2))/((b^2*c^6*sgn(x) - 2*a*b*c^5*d*sgn(x) + a^2*c^4*d^2*
sgn(x))*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 1/4*(13*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*b
^2*c^3*d^2 - 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a*b*c^2*d^3 + 24*(sqrt(a)
*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a^2*c*d^4 + 7*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2
*sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 56*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^(3/2)*b*c*d^
4 + 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^(5/2)*d^5 + 11*(sqrt(a)*x - sqr
t(a*x^2 + b*x))*b^3*c^2*d^3 - 60*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a*b^2*c*d
^4 + 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^2*b*d^5 - 13*sqrt(a)*b^3*c*d^4 +
10*a^(3/2)*b^2*d^5)/((b^2*c^6*sgn(x) - 2*a*b*c^5*d*sgn(x) + a^2*c^4*d^2*s
gn(x))*((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 +
b*x))*sqrt(a)*d + b*d)^2) + sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)/(a*c^3*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(b*c...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 5.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2890, normalized size of antiderivative = 11.56

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(c + d/x)^3),x)
```

output

```
(log((d^3*(a*d - b*c)^5)^(1/2)*(a + b/x)^(1/2) - a^3*d^4 + b^3*c^3*d - 3*a
*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*b*c*d^3)*(d^3*(a*d - b*c)^5)^(1/2)*(3*a^2*d^2 + (35*b
^2*c^2)/8 - 7*a*b*c*d))/(b^5*c^9 - a^5*c^4*d^5 + 5*a^4*b*c^5*d^4 + 10*a^2*
b^3*c^7*d^2 - 10*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^3 - 5*a*b^4*c^8*d) - ((b*(a + b/x)^(5/2)*(1
2*a^2*d^4 + 4*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 19*a*b*c*d^3))/(4*a*c^3*(a*d - b*c)^2) - ((a +
b/x)^(1/2)*(4*b^4*c^3 - 12*a^3*b*d^3 + 25*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 12*a*b^3*c^2*d)
)/(4*a*c^3*(a*d - b*c)) + (d*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(8*b^4*c^3 - 24*a^3*b*d^3 + 5
6*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - 37*a*b^3*c^2*d))/(4*c^3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)*(a*d - b*c)))/((
a + b/x)^2*(3*a*d^2 - 2*b*c*d) - (a + b/x)*(3*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*
d) - d^2*(a + b/x)^3 + a^3*d^2 + a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d) - (log((d^3*(a*d
- b*c)^5)^(1/2)*(a + b/x)^(1/2) + a^3*d^4 - b^3*c^3*d + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 -
3*a^2*b*c*d^3)*(d^3*(a*d - b*c)^5)^(1/2)*(24*a^2*d^2 + 35*b^2*c^2 - 56*a*
b*c*d))/(8*(b^5*c^9 - a^5*c^4*d^5 + 5*a^4*b*c^5*d^4 + 10*a^2*b^3*c^7*d^2 -
10*a^3*b^2*c^6*d^3 - 5*a*b^4*c^8*d)) - (atan((((((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(1152*a^
6*b^2*d^9 + 16*b^8*c^6*d^3 + 128*a*b^7*c^5*d^4 - 4800*a^5*b^3*c*d^8 + 1129
*a^2*b^6*c^4*d^5 - 5136*a^3*b^5*c^3*d^6 + 7520*a^4*b^4*c^2*d^7)))/(8*(a^2*b
^4*c^10 + a^6*c^6*d^4 - 4*a^3*b^3*c^9*d - 4*a^5*b*c^7*d^3 + 6*a^4*b^2*c^8*
d^2)) - (((4*a*b^8*c^13*d^2 + 4*a^2*b^7*c^12*d^3 - 45*a^3*b^6*c^11*d^4 + 7
4*a^4*b^5*c^10*d^5 - 49*a^5*b^4*c^9*d^6 + 12*a^6*b^3*c^8*d^7)/(a^2*b^4*c^1
3 + a^6*c^9*d^4 - 4*a^3*b^3*c^12*d - 4*a^5*b*c^10*d^3 + 6*a^4*b^2*c^11*...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3752, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.01

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*c**2*d**4*x**2 + 192*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*c*d**5*x + 96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*d**6 - 272*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 544*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c**2*d**4*x - 272*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c*d**5 + 252*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*b**2*c**4*d**2*x**2 + 504*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*b**2*c**3*d**3*x + 252*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**4 - 70*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2...
```

**3.32** 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc - ad)^3}{a^2 b^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{2d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b^2} + \frac{c^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a^2} - \frac{3c^2(bc - 2ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*d+b*c)^3/a^2/b^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2)-2*d^3*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/b^2+c^3*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a^2-3*c^2*(-2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.09

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(3b^3c^3x - 4a^3d^3x - 2a^2bd^2(d - 3cx) + ab^2c^2x(-6d + cx))}{a^2b^2(b + ax)} + \frac{3c^2(-bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d/x)^3/(a + b/x)^(3/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b/x]*(3*b^3*c^3*x - 4*a^3*d^3*x - 2*a^2*b*d^2*(d - 3*c*x) + a*b^2*c^2*x*(-6*d + c*x))/(a^2*b^2*(b + a*x)) + (3*c^2*(-(b*c) + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {899, 109, 27, 163, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 899

$$- \int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3 x^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 109

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) \left(3c(bc-2ad) - \frac{d(bc+2ad)}{x}\right) x d\frac{1}{x}}{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}}{a} + \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) \left(3c(bc-2ad) - \frac{d(bc+2ad)}{x}\right) x d\frac{1}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}}{2a} + \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 163 \\
& \frac{\frac{3c^2(bc-2ad)}{a} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2\left((bc-2ad)(2a^2d^2 - 2abcd + 3b^2c^2) - \frac{abd^2(2ad+bc)}{x}\right)}{ab^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}}{2a} + \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{\frac{6c^2(bc-2ad)}{ab} \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^2}{a} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \frac{2\left((bc-2ad)(2a^2d^2 - 2abcd + 3b^2c^2) - \frac{abd^2(2ad+bc)}{x}\right)}{ab^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}}{2a} + \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{\frac{2\left((bc-2ad)(2a^2d^2 - 2abcd + 3b^2c^2) - \frac{abd^2(2ad+bc)}{x}\right)}{ab^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{6c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-2ad)}{a^{3/2}}}{2a} + \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x)^3/(a + b/x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(c*(c + d/x)^2*x)/(a*sqrt[a + b/x]) + ((2*((b*c - 2*a*d)*(3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2) - (a*b*d^2*(b*c + 2*a*d))/x))/(a*b^2*sqrt[a + b/x]) - (6*c^2*(b*c - 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/(2*a)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 109 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 2)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*(d*e*(n - 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m - n + 2) - c*f*(m + p + 2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n + p) + b*(d*e*(m + 1) - c*f*(m + n + p + 1)))*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[n, 1] && (IntegersQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] || IntegersQ[m, n + p] || IntegersQ[p, m + n])`
- rule 163 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[((a^2*d*f*h*(n + 2) + b^2*d*e*g*(m + n + 3) + a*b*(c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) + b*f*h*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)*x)/(b^2*d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3))*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1), x] - Simp[(a^2*d^2*f*h*(n + 1)*(n + 2) + a*b*d*(n + 1)*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) + b^2*(c^2*f*h*(m + 1)*(m + 2) - c*d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3) + d^2*e*g*(m + n + 2)*(m + n + 3)))/(b^2*d*(b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)*(m + n + 3)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && ((GeQ[m, -2] && LtQ[m, -1]) || SumSimplerQ[m, 1]) && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m + n + 3, 0]`
- rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
  :-Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 225 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 226, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result
risch	$-\frac{(ax+b)(-b^2xc^3+2a^2d^3)}{b^2a^2x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \frac{\left( \frac{2(-2a^3d^3+6a^2bcd^2-6ab^2c^2d+2b^3c^3)\sqrt{a(x+\frac{b}{a})^2-b(x+\frac{b}{a})}}{ab(x+\frac{b}{a})} - \frac{3b^2c^3\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+\frac{ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} \right)}{2a^2bx\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + 6\sqrt{a}bc$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\left(-6a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}b^3cd^2x^2+12a^{\frac{3}{2}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}b^4c^2d^2x^2+24a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}b^3c^2dx^3-6\sqrt{ax^2+bx}a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^3cd^2x^2-6\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{...}$

input

```
int((c+1/x*d)^3/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-(a*x+b)*(-b^2*c^3*x+2*a^2*d^3)/b^2/a^2/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2/a^2/b*(2*(-2*a^3*d^3+6*a^2*b*c*d^2-6*a*b^2*c^2*d+2*b^3*c^3)/a/b/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)-3*b^2*c^3*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+6*a^(1/2)*b*c^2*d*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 341, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.28

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3(b^4c^3 - 2ab^3c^2d + (ab^3c^3 - 2a^2b^2c^2d)x)\sqrt{a}\log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) - 2(a^2b^2x + a^3b^3)}{2(a^4b^2x + a^3b^3)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*(3*(b^4*c^3 - 2*a*b^3*c^2*d + (a*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*(a^2*b^2*c^3*x^2 - 2*a^3*b*d^3 + (3*a*b^3*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a^3*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^4*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^4*b^2*x + a^3*b^3), (3*(b^4*c^3 - 2*a*b^3*c^2*d + (a*b^3*c^3 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (a^2*b^2*c^3*x^2 - 2*a^3*b*d^3 + (3*a*b^3*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a^3*b*c*d^2 - 4*a^4*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^4*b^2*x + a^3*b^3)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx + d)^3}{x^3 (a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)**3/(a+b/x)**(3/2), x)
```

output

```
Integral((c*x + d)**3/(x**3*(a + b/x)**(3/2)), x)
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 200 vs. 2(92) = 184.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} c^3 \left( \frac{2(3(a + \frac{b}{x})b - 2ab)}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2} a^2 - \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a^3} + \frac{3b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} \right) - 3c^2 d \left( \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a} \right) - 2d^3 \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b^2} + \frac{a}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b^2} \right) + \frac{6cd^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c^3*(2*(3*(a + b/x)*b - 2*a*b)/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^2 - sqrt(a + b/x)*a^3) + 3*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2)) - 3*c^2*d*(log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2) + 2/(sqrt(a + b/x)*a)) - 2*d^3*(sqrt(a + b/x)/b^2 + a/(sqrt(a + b/x)*b^2)) + 6*c*d^2/(sqrt(a + b/x)*b)`

### Giac **[F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Limit: Max order reached or unable to make series expansion Error: Bad Argument Value`

### Mupad **[B]** (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(a^3 d^3 - 3a^2 b c d^2 + 3a b^2 c^2 d - b^3 c^3)}{a} - \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})(2a^3 d^3 - 6a^2 b c d^2 + 6a b^2 c^2 d - 3b^3 c^3)}{a^2} \\ - \frac{2d^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{b^2} + \frac{3c^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(2ad - bc)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input `int((c + d/x)^3/(a + b/x)^(3/2),x)`



**3.33** 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	375
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc - ad)^2}{a^2 b \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a^2} - \frac{c(3bc - 4ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*d+b*c)^2/a^2/b/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+c^2*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a^2-c*(-4*a*d+3*b*c)
)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x (3b^2 c^2 + 2a^2 d^2 + abc(-4d + cx))}{a^2 b (b + ax)} + \frac{c(-3bc + 4ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$



input `Integrate[(c + d/x)^2/(a + b/x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(3*b^2*c^2 + 2*a^2*d^2 + a*b*c*(-4*d + c*x)))/(a^2*b*(b + a*x)) + (c*(-3*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 100, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {899, 100, 27, 87, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 899 \\
 & - \int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2 x^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 100 \\
 & \frac{c^2 x}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{\int -\frac{(c(3bc-4ad) - \frac{2ad^2}{x})x}{2(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(c(3bc-4ad) - \frac{2ad^2}{x})x}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{c^2 x}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{\frac{c(3bc-4ad)}{a} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{2\left(\frac{c(3bc-4ad)}{a} + \frac{2ad^2}{b}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{c^2 x}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 73 \\
 \frac{2c(3bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{2a} + \frac{2\left(\frac{c(3bc-4ad)}{a} + \frac{2ad^2}{b}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{c^2x}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} \\
 \downarrow 221 \\
 \frac{2\left(\frac{c(3bc-4ad)}{a} + \frac{2ad^2}{b}\right)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(3bc-4ad)}{a^{3/2}} + \frac{c^2x}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x)^2/(a + b/x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(c^2*x)/(a*Sqrt[a + b/x]) + ((2*((2*a*d^2)/b + (c*(3*b*c - 4*a*d))/a))/Sqrt[a + b/x] - (2*c*(3*b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 100 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 181 vs. 2(74) = 148.

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

method	result
risch	$\frac{c^2(ax+b)}{a^2\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \frac{\left( \frac{2(2a^2d^2 - 4abcd + 2b^2c^2)\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2 - b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{ab\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} - \frac{3bc^2\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}}+ax+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + 4\sqrt{a}cd\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}}+ax+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) \right) \sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2a^2x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}x\left(-4\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3b^2cdx^2 - 8(x(ax+b))^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{5}{2}}bcd - 6\sqrt{x(ax+b)}a^{\frac{5}{2}}b^2c^2x^2 + 4(x(ax+b))^{\frac{3}{2}}a^{\frac{3}{2}}b^2c^2 - 2\ln\left(\frac{2(2a^2d^2 - 4abcd + 2b^2c^2)\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2 - b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{ab\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} - \frac{3bc^2\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}}+ax+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + 4\sqrt{a}cd\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{\sqrt{a}}+ax+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2a^2x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$

input `int((c+1/x*d)^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `c^2/a^2*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2/a^2*(2*(2*a^2*d^2-4*a*b*c*d+2*b^2*c^2)/a/b/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)-3*b*c^2*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+4*a^(1/2)*c*d*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2)))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{(3b^3c^2 - 4ab^2cd + (3ab^2c^2 - 4a^2bcd)x)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) - 2(a^2b^2c^2 - 4a^2b^2cd + 2a^3d^2)x}{2(a^4bx + a^3b^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/2*((3*b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c*d + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*(a^2*b*c^2*x^2 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d + 2*a^3*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)]/(a^4*b*x + a^3*b^2), ((3*b^3*c^2 - 4*a*b^2*c*d + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b) + (a^2*b*c^2*x^2 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^2*b*c*d + 2*a^3*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^4*b*x + a^3*b^2)]`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx + d)^2}{x^2 (a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)**2/(a+b/x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c*x + d)**2/(x**2*(a + b/x)**(3/2)), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs.  $2(74) = 148$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} c^2 \left( \frac{2(3(a + \frac{b}{x})b - 2ab)}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a^3} + \frac{3b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) - 2cd \left( \frac{\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a} \right) + \frac{2d^2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/2*c^2*(2*(3*(a + b/x)*b - 2*a*b)/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^2 - sqrt(a + b/x)*a^3) + 3*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2)) - 2*c*d*(log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2) + 2/(sqrt(a + b/x)*a)) + 2*d^2/(sqrt(a + b/x)*b)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 187 vs.  $2(74) = 148$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.23

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + b}xc^2}{a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(3bc^2 - 4acd) \log(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} + b|)}{2a^{\frac{5}{2}} \operatorname{sgn}(x)} - \frac{(3b^2c^2 \log(|b|) - 4abcd \log(|b|) + 4b^2c^2 - 8abcd + 4a^2d^2) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}b} + \frac{2(\sqrt{ab^2c^2} - 2a^{\frac{3}{2}}bcd + a^{\frac{5}{2}}d^2)}{((\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} + b)a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*c^2/(a^2*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(3*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(5/2)*sgn(x)) - 1/2*(3*b^2*c^2*log(abs(b)) - 4*a*b*c*d*log(abs(b)) + 4*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + 4*a^2*d^2)*sgn(x)/(a^(5/2)*b) + 2*(sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^(3/2)*b*c*d + a^(5/2)*d^2)/(((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b)*a^3*sgn(x))`

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 1.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 120, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (4ad - 3bc)}{a^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2(a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + b^2 c^2)}{a} - \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})(2a^2 d^2 - 4abcd + 3b^2 c^2)}{a^2}}{b(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2} - ab\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}$$

input `int((c + d/x)^2/(a + b/x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(c*atanh((a + b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(4*a*d - 3*b*c))/a^(5/2) - ((2*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/a - ((a + b/x)*(2*a^2*d^2 + 3*b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d))/a^2)/(b*(a + b/x)^(3/2) - a*b*(a + b/x)^(1/2))`

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 172, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{3/2}} dx = \frac{16\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abcd - 12\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2c^2 + 8\sqrt{a}}{b^2c^2 + 8\sqrt{a}}$$

input `int((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(16*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a
*b*c*d - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sq
rt(b))*b**2*c**2 + 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*d**2 - 16*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x
 + b)*a*b*c*d + 9*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**2*c**2 + 8*sqrt(x)*a**3*d**2 +
4*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*c**2*x - 16*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*c*d + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c**2)/
(4*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**3*b)
```

**3.34** 
$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc - ad)}{a^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{c \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a^2} - \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
2*(-a*d+b*c)/a^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+c*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a^2-(-2*a*d+3*b*c)*arctan
h((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(3bc - 2ad + acx)}{a^2(b + ax)} + \frac{(-3bc + 2ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d/x)/(a + b/x)^(3/2), x]
```



output

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + b/x} * x * (3*b*c - 2*a*d + a*c*x)}{a^2 * (b + a*x)} + \frac{((-3*b*c + 2*a*d) * \text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b/x} / \sqrt{a}])}{a^{5/2}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {899, 87, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{87} \\ & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{cx}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\ & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{cx}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\ & \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{b} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{cx}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}\right)(3bc - 2ad)}{2a} + \frac{cx}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x)/(a + b/x)^(3/2),x]`

output `(c*x)/(a*sqrt[a + b/x]) + ((3*b*c - 2*a*d)*(2/(a*sqrt[a + b/x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Simp[(- (b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && ( !LtQ[n, -1] || IntegerQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n]))))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 158 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 159, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.09

method	result
risch	$\frac{c(ax+b)}{a^2\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \frac{\left(2\sqrt{a}d\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right) - \frac{3bc\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{4(ad-bc)\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2 - b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}\right)\sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{2a^2x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}x\left(2\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^3bdx^2 - 3\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a}+2ax+b}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^2b^2cx^2 - 4a^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}dx^2 + 6a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{x(ax+b)}bcx^2\right)}{\dots}$

input `int((c+1/x*d)/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `1/a^2*c*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2/a^2*(2*a^(1/2)*d*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))-3*b*c*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)-4*(a*d-b*c)/a/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.83

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{(3b^2c - 2abd + (3abc - 2a^2d)x)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) - 2(a^2cx^2 + (3ab^2c - 2abd)x - a^3b)}{2(a^4x + a^3b)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/2*((3*b^2*c - 2*a*b*d + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*(a^2*c*x^2 + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^4*x + a^3*b), ((3*b^2*c - 2*a*b*d + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (a^2*c*x^2 + (3*a*b*c - 2*a^2*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^4*x + a^3*b)]
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 224 vs. 2(66) = 132.

Time = 18.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.95

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = c \left( \frac{x^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}} + \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{a^2\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} \right) + d \left( -\frac{2a^3x\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{ax}}}{a^{9/2}x + a^{7/2}b} - \frac{a^3x \log\left(\frac{b}{ax}\right)}{a^{9/2}x + a^{7/2}b} + \frac{2a^3x \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{ax}} + 1\right)}{a^{9/2}x + a^{7/2}b} - \frac{a^2b \log\left(\frac{b}{ax}\right)}{a^{9/2}x + a^{7/2}b} + \frac{2a^2b \log\left(\sqrt{1 + \frac{b}{ax}} + 1\right)}{a^{9/2}x + a^{7/2}b} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
c*(x**(3/2)/(a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)) + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/(a**2*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)) - 3*b*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/a**(5/2)) + d*(-2*a**3*x*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/(a**(9/2)*x + a**(7/2)*b) - a**3*x*log(b/(a*x))/(a**(9/2)*x + a**(7/2)*b) + 2*a**3*x*log(sqrt(1 + b/(a*x)) + 1)/(a**(9/2)*x + a**(7/2)*b) - a**2*b*log(b/(a*x))/(a**(9/2)*x + a**(7/2)*b) + 2*a**2*b*log(sqrt(1 + b/(a*x)) + 1)/(a**(9/2)*x + a**(7/2)*b))
```

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 144 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{1}{2} c \left( \frac{2 \left(3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) b - 2 ab\right)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2 - \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a^3} + \frac{3 b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} \right) - d \left( \frac{\log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} a} \right)$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
1/2*c*(2*(3*(a + b/x)*b - 2*a*b)/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^2 - sqrt(a + b/x)*a^3) + 3*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2)) - d*(log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(3/2) + 2/(sqrt(a + b/x)*a))
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 149 vs.  $2(66) = 132$ .

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.96

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(3bc \log(|b|) - 2ad \log(|b|) + 4bc - 4ad)\operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2a^{5/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + b}c}{a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(3bc - 2ad) \log\left(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + b})\sqrt{a} + b|\right)}{2a^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2\left(\sqrt{ab^2c} - a^{3/2}bd\right)}{\left((\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + b})\sqrt{a} + b\right)a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(3*b*c*log(abs(b)) - 2*a*d*log(abs(b)) + 4*b*c - 4*a*d)*sgn(x)/a^(5/2) + sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*c/(a^2*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(3*b*c - 2*a*d)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(5/2)*sgn(x)) + 2*(sqrt(a)*b^2*c - a^(3/2)*b*d)/(((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b)*a^3*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} - \frac{2d}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{2cx\left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}; \frac{7}{2}; -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{5\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((c + d/x)/(a + b/x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*d*atanh((a + b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/a^(3/2) - (2*d)/(a*(a + b/x)^(1/2)) + (2*c*x*((a*x)/b + 1)^(3/2)*hypergeom([3/2, 5/2], 7/2, -(a*x)/b))/(5*(a + b/x)^(3/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 122, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.61

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)ad - 12\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)bc - 8\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}}{4\sqrt{ax+b}a^3}$$

input `int((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x)`output `(8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*d - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b*c - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*d + 9*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b*c + 4*sqrt(x)*a**2*c*x - 8*sqrt(x)*a**2*d + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b*c)/(4*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**3)`

$$3.35 \quad \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

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### Optimal result

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 60

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3b}{a^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{x}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

output

```
3*b/a^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+x/a/(a+b/x)^(1/2)-3*b*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))
/a^(5/2)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(3b + ax)}{a^2(b + ax)} - \frac{3b \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x)^(-3/2),x]
```



output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]*x*(3*b + a*x))/(a^2*(b + a*x)) - (3*b*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{5/2}}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 67, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.455$ , Rules used = {773, 52, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 773 \\ & - \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 52 \\ & \frac{3b \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{x}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 61 \\ & \frac{3b \left( \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 73 \\ & \frac{3b \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 221 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{3b \left( \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(-3/2), x]`

output `x/(a*Sqrt[a + b/x]) + (3*b*(2/(a*Sqrt[a + b/x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2)))/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 773

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, p}, x] && ILtQ[n, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 115 vs. 2(50) = 100.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.93

method	result
risch	$\frac{\frac{ax+b}{a^2\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \left( -\frac{3b\ln\left(\frac{b+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2b\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2 - b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{a^3\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} \right) \sqrt{x(ax+b)}}{x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} x \left( -6\sqrt{x(ax+b)} a^{\frac{5}{2}} x^2 + 3\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^2 b x^2 + 4a^{\frac{3}{2}} (x(ax+b))^{\frac{3}{2}} - 12\sqrt{x(ax+b)} a^{\frac{3}{2}} bx + 6\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) \right)}{2a^{\frac{5}{2}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)} (ax+b)^2}$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
1/a^2*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+(-3/2*b/a^(5/2)*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))+2*b/a^3/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a)^(1/2))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 161, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.68

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{3(abx + b^2)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2ax - 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} + b\right) + 2(a^2x^2 + 3abx)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{2(a^4x + a^3b)}, \frac{3(abx + b^2)}{2(a^4x + a^3b)} \right]$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2), x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*(3*(a*b*x + b^2)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) +
b) + 2*(a^2*x^2 + 3*a*b*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^4*x + a^3*b), (3*(a*b*x +
b^2)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (a^2*x^2 +
3*a*b*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^4*x + a^3*b)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{x^{3/2}}{a\sqrt{b}\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}} + \frac{3\sqrt{b}\sqrt{x}}{a^2\sqrt{\frac{ax}{b} + 1}} - \frac{3b \operatorname{asinh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(3/2),x)
```

output

```
x**(3/2)/(a*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a*x/b + 1)) + 3*sqrt(b)*sqrt(x)/(a**2*sqrt(a*x/b
+ 1)) - 3*b*asinh(sqrt(a)*sqrt(x)/sqrt(b))/a**(5/2)
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 85, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.42

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)b - 2ab}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}a^2 - \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}a^3} + \frac{3b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{2a^{5/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(3*(a + b/x)*b - 2*a*b)/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^2 - sqrt(a + b/x)*a^3) + 3/2*b*
log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 114 vs.  $2(50) = 100$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.90

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(3b \log(|b|) + 4b) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{2a^{5/2}} + \frac{3b \log\left(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a+b}|\right)}{2a^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx}}{a^2 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2b^2}{((\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a+b})a^{5/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/2*(3*b*log(abs(b)) + 4*b)*sgn(x)/a^(5/2) + 3/2*b*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(5/2)*sgn(x)) + sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)/(a^2*sgn(x)) + 2*b^2/(((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b)*a^(5/2)*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.90 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.57

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x \left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{3/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}; \frac{7}{2}; -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{5 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/x)^(3/2),x)`

output `(2*x*((a*x)/b + 1)^(3/2)*hypergeom([3/2, 5/2], 7/2, -(a*x)/b))/(5*(a + b/x)^(3/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-12\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b + 9\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}b + 4\sqrt{x}a^2x + 12\sqrt{x}ab}{4\sqrt{ax+b}a^3}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2),x)`output `( - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b)) * b + 9*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b + 4*sqrt(x)*a**2*x + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b)/(4*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**3)`

**3.36** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$$

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Rubi [A] (verified)	399
Maple [B] (verified)	402
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	403
Sympy [F]	404
Maxima [F]	404
Giac [F(-2)]	404
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	405
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	405

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 147

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \frac{b(3bc - ad)}{a^2c(bc - ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{2d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c^2(bc - ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{(3bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}c^2}$$

output

```
b*(-a*d+3*b*c)/a^2/c/(-a*d+b*c)/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+x/a/c/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+2*d^(5/2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(3/2)-(2*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(-3b^2c + a^2dx + ab(d - cx))}{a^2(-bc + ad)(b + ax)} + \frac{2d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{(bc - ad)^{3/2}} - \frac{(3bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)),x]`

output `((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(-3*b^2*c + a^2*d*x + a*b*(d - c*x)))/(a^2*(-(b*c) + a*d)*(b + a*x)) + (2*d^(5/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(b*c - a*d)^(3/2) - ((3*b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2))/c^2`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 10, number of rules used = 9,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.429$ , Rules used = {899, 114, 27, 169, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 899 \\
 & - \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 114 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\left(3bc+2ad+\frac{3bd}{x}\right)x}{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\left(3bc+2ad+\frac{3bd}{x}\right)x}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 169
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{2 \int \frac{\left(\frac{bd(3bc-ad)}{x} + (bc-ad)(3bc+2ad)\right)x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(3bc-ad)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}$$

27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{bd(3bc-ad)}{x} + (bc-ad)(3bc+2ad)\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(3bc-ad)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}$$

174

$$\frac{2a^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{(bc-ad)(2ad+3bc)}{c} \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(3bc-ad)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}$$

73

$$\frac{4a^2d^3 \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} + \frac{2(bc-ad)(2ad+3bc)}{bc} \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(3bc-ad)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}$$

218

$$\frac{2(bc-ad)(2ad+3bc) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} + \frac{4a^2d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(3bc-ad)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}$$

221

$$\frac{4a^2d^{5/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-ad)(2ad+3bc)}{\sqrt{ac}}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(3bc-ad)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)),x]`

output

$$\frac{x/(a*c*\sqrt{a + b/x}) + ((2*b*(3*b*c - a*d))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*\sqrt{a + b/x}) + ((4*a^2*d^{5/2}*\text{ArcTan}[(\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{a + b/x})/\sqrt{b*c - a*d}])/(c*\sqrt{b*c - a*d}) - (2*(b*c - a*d)*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{a + b/x}/\sqrt{a}]))/(\sqrt{a}*c))/(a*(b*c - a*d)))/(2*a*c)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]
```

rule 73

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntegerQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]
```

rule 114

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegerQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])
```

rule 169

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntegerQ[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]
```

rule 174  $\text{Int}[\frac{((e_{.}) + (f_{.})*(x_{.}))^{(p_{.})}*((g_{.}) + (h_{.})*(x_{.}))}{((a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(x_{.}))*((c_{.}) + (d_{.})*(x_{.}))}, x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(x_{.})^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(x_{.})^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_{.}) + (b_{.})*(x_{.})^{(n_{.})})^{(p_{.})}*((c_{.}) + (d_{.})*(x_{.})^{(n_{.})})^{(q_{.})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 296 vs. 2(127) = 254.

Time = 0.63 (sec) , antiderivative size = 297, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.02

method	result
risch	$\frac{ax+b}{a^2c\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} - \frac{\left( \frac{(2ad+3bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+\frac{ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c\sqrt{a}} + \frac{4cb^2\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2-b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{(ad-bc)a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} + \frac{2a^2d^3\ln\left(\frac{2(ad-bc)d}{c^2} - \frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c} + 2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\right)}{c^2(ad-bc)\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}}\right)}{2a^2cx\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$
default	$\frac{\left(2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}a^{\frac{7}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}c^2d^2x^2 - 6\sqrt{x(ax+b)}a^{\frac{5}{2}}\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}bc^3x^2 - 2\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}a^4cd^2x^2 - \ln\left(2\sqrt{\frac{(ad-bc)d}{c^2}}\right)\right)}{2a^2cx\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$

input  $\text{int}(1/(a+b/x)^{(3/2)}/(c+1/x*d), x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$

output

```
1/a^2/c*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/a^2/c*((2*a*d+3*b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x
)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+4*c*b^2/(a*d-b*c)/a/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a
)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)+2/c^2*a^2*d^3/(a*d-b*c)/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2
*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1
/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))/x/((a*
x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1045, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.11

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/2*((3*b^3*c^2 - a*b^2*c*d - 2*a^2*b*d^2 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d - 2*
a^3*d^2)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*(a^
4*d^2*x + a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b
*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + 2*((a^2
*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*x^2 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a
^3*b^2*c^3 - a^4*b*c^2*d + (a^4*b*c^3 - a^5*c^2*d)*x), ((3*b^3*c^2 - a*b^2
*c*d - 2*a^2*b*d^2 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d - 2*a^3*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arc
tan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) - (a^4*d^2*x + a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt
(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)
/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + ((a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*x^2 + (3*
a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^3*b^2*c^3 - a^4*b*c^2*d +
(a^4*b*c^3 - a^5*c^2*d)*x), 1/2*(4*(a^4*d^2*x + a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d/(b*c - a
*d))*arctan(sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)) + (3*b^3*c^2 - a*b^2*c*
d - 2*a^2*b*d^2 + (3*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d - 2*a^3*d^2)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a
*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 2*((a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*x^2 + (
3*a*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^3*b^2*c^3 - a^4*b*c^2*d
+ (a^4*b*c^3 - a^5*c^2*d)*x), ((3*b^3*c^2 - a*b^2*c*d - 2*a^2*b*d^2 + (3*a
*b^2*c^2 - a^2*b*c*d - 2*a^3*d^2)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x
+ b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + 2*(a^4*d^2*x + a^3*b*d^2)*sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(
sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)) + ((a^2*b*c^2 - a^3*c*d)*x^2 + (...
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} (cx + d)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(3/2)/(c+d/x), x)`

output `Integral(x/((a + b/x)**(3/2)*(c*x + d)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3000, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)),x)`

output

```
(atan((((d^5*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))*((a + b/x)^(1/2))*(18*a^6*b^9*c^10*d^3 -
66*a^7*b^8*c^9*d^4 + 68*a^8*b^7*c^8*d^5 + 20*a^9*b^6*c^7*d^6 - 62*a^10*b^5*c^6*d^7
*c^6*d^7 - 2*a^11*b^4*c^5*d^8 + 40*a^12*b^3*c^4*d^9 - 16*a^13*b^2*c^3*d^10
) + ((d^5*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))*(64*a^9*b^8*c^11*d^3 - 12*a^8*b^9*c^12*d^2
- 132*a^10*b^7*c^10*d^4 + 128*a^11*b^6*c^9*d^5 - 52*a^12*b^5*c^8*d^6 + 4*a
^14*b^3*c^6*d^8 + ((d^5*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(8*a^10*b^8*c
^13*d^2 - 56*a^11*b^7*c^12*d^3 + 160*a^12*b^6*c^11*d^4 - 240*a^13*b^5*c^10
*d^5 + 200*a^14*b^4*c^9*d^6 - 88*a^15*b^3*c^8*d^7 + 16*a^16*b^2*c^7*d^8)))/
(c^2*(a*d - b*c)^3)))/(c^2*(a*d - b*c)^3))*1i)/(c^2*(a*d - b*c)^3) + ((d^5
*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))*((a + b/x)^(1/2))*(18*a^6*b^9*c^10*d^3 - 66*a^7*b^8*c
^9*d^4 + 68*a^8*b^7*c^8*d^5 + 20*a^9*b^6*c^7*d^6 - 62*a^10*b^5*c^6*d^7 - 2
*a^11*b^4*c^5*d^8 + 40*a^12*b^3*c^4*d^9 - 16*a^13*b^2*c^3*d^10) + ((d^5*(a
*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))*(12*a^8*b^9*c^12*d^2 - 64*a^9*b^8*c^11*d^3 + 132*a^10*b
^7*c^10*d^4 - 128*a^11*b^6*c^9*d^5 + 52*a^12*b^5*c^8*d^6 - 4*a^14*b^3*c^6*
d^8 + ((d^5*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*(8*a^10*b^8*c^13*d^2 - 56
*a^11*b^7*c^12*d^3 + 160*a^12*b^6*c^11*d^4 - 240*a^13*b^5*c^10*d^5 + 200*a
^14*b^4*c^9*d^6 - 88*a^15*b^3*c^8*d^7 + 16*a^16*b^2*c^7*d^8)))/(c^2*(a*d -
b*c)^3)))/(c^2*(a*d - b*c)^3))*1i)/(c^2*(a*d - b*c)^3))/(36*a^6*b^8*c^7*d^
5 - 96*a^7*b^7*c^6*d^6 + 64*a^8*b^6*c^5*d^7 + 24*a^9*b^5*c^4*d^8 - 36*a^10
*b^4*c^3*d^9 + 8*a^11*b^3*c^2*d^10 - ((d^5*(a*d - b*c)^3)^(1/2))*((a + b...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 507, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.45

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{ax+b}\sqrt{ad-bc}\log\left(\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax+b} - \sqrt{2\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ad-bc} - 2ad+bc} + \dots\right)}{\dots}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(
2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
)*a**3*d**2 + 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x
+ b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*d**2 - 4*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*s
qrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c
*x + 2*a*d)*a**3*d**2 - 8*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(
x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*d**3 + 4*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b
) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 16*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log
((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b**2*c**2*d - 12*sqrt(a)*sqr
t(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**3*c**3 + sqrt
(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 10*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b**2*c**2*d +
9*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**3*c**3 + 4*sqrt(x)*a**4*c*d**2*x - 8*sqrt(x)*a
**3*b*c**2*d*x + 4*sqrt(x)*a**3*b*c*d**2 + 4*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*c**3*x - 16
*sqrt(x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d + 12*sqrt(x)*a*b**3*c**3)/(4*sqrt(a*x + b)*a**3*
c**2*(a**2*d**2 - 2*a*b*c*d + b**2*c**2))
```

**3.37** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 224

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{b(3b^2c^2 - 2abcd + 2a^2d^2)}{a^2c^2(bc - ad)^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{d(bc - 2ad)}{ac^2(bc - ad)\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{d^{5/2}(7bc - 4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c^3(bc - ad)^{5/2}} - \frac{(3bc + 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}c^3}$$

output

```
b*(2*a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+3*b^2*c^2)/a^2/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+d*(-2*a*d+b*c)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)+x/a/c/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)+d^(5/2)*(-4*a*d+7*b*c)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^(5/2)-(4*a*d+3*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^3
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 215, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(3b^3c^2(d+cx) + a^3d^2x(2d+cx) + a^2bd(2d^2-cdx-2c^2x^2) + ab^2c(-2d^2-cdx+c^2x^2))}{a^2(bc-ad)^2(b+ax)(d+cx)} + \frac{d^{5/2}(7bc-4ad)}{c^3}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^2), x]`output `((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(3*b^3*c^2*(d + c*x) + a^3*d^2*x*(2*d + c*x) + a^2*b*d*(2*d^2 - c*d*x - 2*c^2*x^2) + a*b^2*c*(-2*d^2 - c*d*x + c^2*x^2)))/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(b + a*x)*(d + c*x)) + (d^(5/2)*(7*b*c - 4*a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(b*c - a*d)^(5/2) - ((3*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTan[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(5/2))/c^3`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 275, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {899, 114, 27, 168, 25, 169, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 899 \\ & - \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 114 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{(3bc+4ad+\frac{5bd}{x})x}{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{(3bc+4ad+\frac{5bd}{x})x}{(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}} \\
& \downarrow 168 \\
& \frac{\frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(\frac{3bd(bc-2ad)}{x}+(bc-ad)(3bc+4ad))x}{(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)}}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}} \\
& \downarrow 25 \\
& \frac{\frac{\int \frac{(\frac{3bd(bc-2ad)}{x}+(bc-ad)(3bc+4ad))x}{(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}(bc-ad)}}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}} \\
& \downarrow 169 \\
& \frac{2\int \frac{\left(\frac{(3bc+4ad)(bc-ad)^2+\frac{bd(3b^2c^2-2abdc+2a^2d^2)}{x}}{x}\right)x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}a(bc-ad)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(2a^2d^2-2abcd+3b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(bc-ad)}}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}(bc-ad)} + \\
& \frac{2ac}{x} \\
& \frac{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}} \\
& \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{(3bc+4ad)(bc-ad)^2+\frac{bd(3b^2c^2-2abdc+2a^2d^2)}{x}}{x}\right)x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}a(bc-ad)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(2a^2d^2-2abcd+3b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(bc-ad)}}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}(bc-ad)}}{2ac} + \\
& \frac{2ac}{x} \\
& \frac{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}} \\
& \downarrow 174
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a^2 d^3 (7bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{(bc-ad)^2 (4ad+3bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{2b(2a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + 3b^2 c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right) (bc-ad)} + \frac{2ac}{x} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}{c(bc-ad)}$$

73

$$\frac{2a^2 d^3 (7bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} + \frac{2(bc-ad)^2 (4ad+3bc) \int \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2b(2a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + 3b^2 c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right) (bc-ad)} + \frac{2ac}{x} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}{c(bc-ad)}$$

218

$$\frac{2(bc-ad)^2 (4ad+3bc) \int \frac{1}{bc} \frac{1}{bx^2-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} + \frac{2a^2 d^{5/2} (7bc-4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{2b(2a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + 3b^2 c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right) (bc-ad)} + \frac{2ac}{x} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}{c(bc-ad)}$$

221

$$\frac{2a^2 d^{5/2} (7bc-4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (bc-ad)^2 (4ad+3bc)}{\sqrt{ac}} + \frac{2b(2a^2 d^2 - 2abcd + 3b^2 c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right) (bc-ad)} + \frac{2ac}{x} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}{c(bc-ad)}$$

input Int[1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)\*(c + d/x)^2), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & x/(a*c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)) + ((2*d*(b*c - 2*a*d))/(c*(b*c - a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)) + ((2*b*(3*b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + 2*a^2*d^2))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]) + ((2*a^2*d^(5/2)*(7*b*c - 4*a*d)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x])/\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]])/(c*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]) - (2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(3*b*c + 4*a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]]/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*c))/(a*(b*c - a*d)))/(c*(b*c - a*d)))/(2*a*c) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_) \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, \text{x}]$$

rule 73

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, \text{x}], \text{x}, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], \text{x}]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, \text{x}]$$

rule 114

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_)), \text{x\_}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*n, 2*p] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[m + n + p + 3, 0])$$

rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 169  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_))^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_. + (f_.)(x_))^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))]/((a_.) + (b_.)(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x\}$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] := -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 532 vs.  $2(202) = 404$ .

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 533, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.38

method	result
risch	$\frac{ax+b}{a^2c^2\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \left( -\frac{2\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)d}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^3} - \frac{3\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)b}{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}c^2} + \frac{2b^3\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2-b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{a^3(ad-bc)^2\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} + \frac{d^3\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)^2-\frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c}}}{c^3(ad-bc)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+1/x*d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/a^2/c^2*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+(-2/a^(3/2)/c^3*\ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2) \\ & +(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*d-3/2/a^(5/2)/c^2*\ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*b+2/a^3*b^3/(a*d-b*c)^2/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a)^(1/2)+1/c^3* \\ & d^3/(a*d-b*c)^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c) \\ & *d/c^2)^(1/2)-2*a/c^4*d^4/(a*d-b*c)^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*(a*d-b \\ & *c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2 \\ & -(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+7/2/c^3*d^3/(a \\ & *d-b*c)^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*\ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1 \\ & /c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a \\ & d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))*b)/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2) \end{aligned}$$
**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 554 vs.  $2(202) = 404$ .

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2291, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.23

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*((3*b^4*c^3*d - 2*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 5*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 + 4*a^3*b*d^4 + (3*
a*b^3*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^3*d - 5*a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^4*c*d^3)*x^2 + (3*b^4*
c^4 + a*b^3*c^3*d - 7*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*b*c*d^3 + 4*a^4*d^4)*x)*sqrt(a
)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - (7*a^3*b^2*c*d^3 - 4*a^
4*b*d^4 + (7*a^4*b*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^5*c*d^3)*x^2 + (7*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4
*b*c*d^3 - 4*a^5*d^4)*x)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-
d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + 2*(
(a^2*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^3*b*c^3*d + a^4*c^2*d^2)*x^3 + (3*a*b^3*c^4 - a^2*b^2*c
^3*d - a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*a^4*c*d^3)*x^2 + (3*a*b^3*c^3*d - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d
^2 + 2*a^3*b*c*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^3*b^3*c^5*d - 2*a^4*b^2*c^4*d
^2 + a^5*b*c^3*d^3 + (a^4*b^2*c^6 - 2*a^5*b*c^5*d + a^6*c^4*d^2)*x^2 + (a^
3*b^3*c^6 - a^4*b^2*c^5*d - a^5*b*c^4*d^2 + a^6*c^3*d^3)*x), 1/2*(2*(7*a^3
*b^2*c*d^3 - 4*a^4*b*d^4 + (7*a^4*b*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^5*c*d^3)*x^2 + (7*a^3*b^
2*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^4*b*c*d^3 - 4*a^5*d^4)*x)*sqrt(d/(b*c - a*d))*arctan(sqrt(
d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)) + (3*b^4*c^3*d - 2*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 5*a^2
*b^2*c*d^3 + 4*a^3*b*d^4 + (3*a*b^3*c^4 - 2*a^2*b^2*c^3*d - 5*a^3*b*c^2*d^
2 + 4*a^4*c*d^3)*x^2 + (3*b^4*c^4 + a*b^3*c^3*d - 7*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - a^3*
b*c*d^3 + 4*a^4*d^4)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)
+ b) + 2*((a^2*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^3*b*c^3*d + a^4*c^2*d^2)*x^3 + (3*a*b^3*c^4 -
a^2*b^2*c^3*d - a^3*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*a^4*c*d^3)*x^2 + (3*a*b^3*c^3*d - 2*...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} (cx + d)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(3/2)/(c+d/x)**2,x)
```

output

```
Integral(x**2/((a + b/x)**(3/2)*(c*x + d)**2), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^2), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 5.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4274, normalized size of antiderivative = 19.08

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^2),x)`



output

```

((2*b^3)/(a^2*d - a*b*c) + (b*(a + b/x)^2*(2*a^2*d^3 + 3*b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b
*c*d^2))/(c^2*(a^2*d - a*b*c)^2) - (b*(a + b/x)*(2*a*d - b*c)*(a^2*d^2 + 3
*b^2*c^2 - a*b*c*d))/(c^2*(a^2*d - a*b*c)^2))/(d*(a + b/x)^(5/2) + (a + b/
x)^(1/2)*(a^2*d - a*b*c) - (a + b/x)^(3/2)*(2*a*d - b*c)) + (atan((a^13*b^
11*c^11*d^3*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*35i - a^12*b^12*c^12*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*441i
- a^10*b^14*c^14*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*27i + a^14*b^10*c^10*d^4*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*
1694i - a^15*b^9*c^9*d^5*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*3073i + a^16*b^8*c^8*d^6*(a + b/x
)^(1/2)*1316i + a^17*b^7*c^7*d^7*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*2561i - a^18*b^6*c^6*d^8*
(a + b/x)^(1/2)*4375i + a^19*b^5*c^5*d^9*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*2996i - a^20*b^4*
c^4*d^10*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*1015i + a^21*b^3*c^3*d^11*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*140i +
a^11*b^13*c^13*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*189i)/(a^5*(a^5)^(1/2)*(a^5*(a^5*(2561*b^
7*c^7*d^7 - 4375*a*b^6*c^6*d^8 + 2996*a^2*b^5*c^5*d^9 - 1015*a^3*b^4*c^4*d
^10 + 140*a^4*b^3*c^3*d^11) - 441*b^12*c^12*d^2 + 35*a*b^11*c^11*d^3 + 169
4*a^2*b^10*c^10*d^4 - 3073*a^3*b^9*c^9*d^5 + 1316*a^4*b^8*c^8*d^6) - 27*a^
3*b^14*c^14 + 189*a^4*b^13*c^13*d))*(4*a*d + 3*b*c)*1i)/(c^3*(a^5)^(1/2))
- (atan((((d^5*(a*d - b*c)^5)^(1/2)*(4*a*d - 7*b*c)*((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(18*
a^6*b^14*c^18*d^3 - 132*a^7*b^13*c^17*d^4 + 362*a^8*b^12*c^16*d^5 - 320*a^
9*b^11*c^15*d^6 - 442*a^10*b^10*c^14*d^7 + 1004*a^11*b^9*c^13*d^8 + 578*a^
12*b^8*c^12*d^9 - 3976*a^13*b^7*c^11*d^10 + 5960*a^14*b^6*c^10*d^11 - 4768
*a^15*b^5*c^9*d^12 + 2228*a^16*b^4*c^8*d^13 - 576*a^17*b^3*c^7*d^14 + 6...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2294, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.24

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x)
```

output

```
(16*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt
(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
))*a**5*c*d**4*x + 16*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sq
rt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt
(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*d**5 - 32*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*
log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d
+ b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c**2*d**3*x - 32*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*
x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*
sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*b*c*d**4 +
7*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2
*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)
)*a**3*b**2*c**3*d**2*x + 7*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) +
sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**3 + 16*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*s
qrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d
- b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*c*d**4*x + 16*sqrt(
d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d
)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*d
**5 - 32*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) +
sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c...
```

**3.38**  $\int \frac{1}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 320

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \frac{3b(2bc-ad)(2b^2c^2-abcd+4a^2d^2)}{4a^2c^3(bc-ad)^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{2ac^2(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} + \frac{d(4b^2c^2-21abcd+12a^2d^2)}{4ac^3(bc-ad)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} + \frac{3d^{5/2}(21b^2c^2-24abcd+8a^2d^2)\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{4c^4(bc-ad)^{7/2}} - \frac{3(bc+2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}c^4}$$

output

```
3/4*b*(-a*d+2*b*c)*(4*a^2*d^2-a*b*c*d+2*b^2*c^2)/a^2/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+1/2*d*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2+1/4*d*(12*a^2*d^2-21*a*b*c*d+4*b^2*c^2)/a/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)+x/a/c/(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^2+3/4*d^(5/2)*(8*a^2*d^2-24*a*b*c*d+21*b^2*c^2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^4/(-a*d+b*c)^(7/2)-3*(2*a*d+b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(5/2)/c^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 298, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(-12b^4c^3(d+cx)^2-4ab^3c^2(-3d+cx)(d+cx)^2+2a^4d^3x(6d^2+9cdx+2c^2x^2)+a^3bd^2(12d^3-9cd^2x-a^2(-bc+ad)^3(b+ax)(d+cx)^2)}{a^2(-bc+ad)^3(b+ax)(d+cx)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^3),x]`

output

```
((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(-12*b^4*c^3*(d + c*x)^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^2*(-3*d + c*x)*(d + c*x)^2 + 2*a^4*d^3*x*(6*d^2 + 9*c*d*x + 2*c^2*x^2) + a^3*b*d^2*(12*d^3 - 9*c*d^2*x - 37*c^2*d*x^2 - 12*c^3*x^3) + a^2*b^2*c*d*(-27*d^3 - 29*c*d^2*x + 12*c^2*d*x^2 + 12*c^3*x^3)))/(a^2*(-(b*c) + a*d)^3*(b + a*x)*(d + c*x)^2) + (3*d^(5/2)*(21*b^2*c^2 - 24*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(b*c - a*d)^(7/2) - (12*(b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]/a^(5/2))/(4*c^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.99 (sec) , antiderivative size = 376, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {899, 114, 27, 168, 25, 168, 27, 169, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

↓ 899

$$- \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 114

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\left(\frac{7bd}{x} + 3(bc+2ad)\right)x}{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x}{ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \int \frac{\left(\frac{7bd}{x} + 3(bc+2ad)\right)x}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{\left(\frac{5bd(2bc-3ad)}{x} + 6(bc-ad)(bc+2ad)\right)x}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{5bd(2bc-3ad)}{x} + 6(bc-ad)(bc+2ad)\right)x}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}(bc-ad)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{d(12a^2d^2-21abcd+4b^2c^2)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\frac{3\left(4(bc+2ad)(bc-ad)^2 + \frac{bd(4b^2c^2-21abdc+12a^2d^2)}{x}\right)x}{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c(bc-ad)} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}(bc-ad)} + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{2ac}{x} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}} \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow 27
 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 \int \frac{\left(4(bc+2ad)(bc-ad)^2 + \frac{bd(4b^2c^2 - 21abdc + 12a^2d^2)}{x}\right) x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{d(12a^2d^2 - 21abdc + 4b^2c^2)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{2ac}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 (bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{2ac}{ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

↓ 169

$$3 \left( \frac{2 \int \left(4(bc+2ad)(bc-ad)^3 + \frac{bd(2bc-ad)(2b^2c^2 - abdc + 4a^2d^2)}{x}\right) x}{\frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)}{a(bc-ad)}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(2bc-ad)(4a^2d^2 - abcd + 2b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} \right) + \frac{d(12a^2d^2 - 21abdc + 4b^2c^2)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{2ac}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 (bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$3 \left( \frac{\int \left(4(bc+2ad)(bc-ad)^3 + \frac{bd(2bc-ad)(2b^2c^2 - abdc + 4a^2d^2)}{x}\right) x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(2bc-ad)(4a^2d^2 - abcd + 2b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} \right) + \frac{d(12a^2d^2 - 21abdc + 4b^2c^2)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{2ac}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2 (bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

↓ 174

$$3 \left( \frac{a^2 d^3 (8a^2 d^2 - 24abcd + 21b^2 c^2) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{4(bc-ad)^3 (2ad+bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{2b(2bc-ad)(4a^2 d^2 - abcd + 2b^2 c^2)}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} \right) + \frac{d(12a^2 d^2 - 21abcd + 4b^2 c^2)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) (bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{2c(bc-ad)}{2c(bc-ad)} \quad 2ac$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

73

$$3 \left( \frac{2a^2 d^3 (8a^2 d^2 - 24abcd + 21b^2 c^2) \int \frac{1}{c - \frac{ad}{b} + \frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{8(bc-ad)^3 (2ad+bc) \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2b(2bc-ad)(4a^2 d^2 - abcd + 2b^2 c^2)}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} \right) + \frac{d(12a^2 d^2 - 21abcd + 4b^2 c^2)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) (bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{2c(bc-ad)}{2c(bc-ad)} \quad 2ac$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

218

$$3 \left( \frac{8(2ad+bc)(bc-ad)^3 \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2a^2 d^5/2 (8a^2 d^2 - 24abcd + 21b^2 c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{2b(2bc-ad)(4a^2 d^2 - abcd + 2b^2 c^2)}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} \right) + \frac{d(12a^2 d^2 - 21abcd + 4b^2 c^2)}{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) (bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{2c(bc-ad)}{2c(bc-ad)} \quad 2ac$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

221

$$\frac{\left( \frac{2a^2 d^{5/2} (8a^2 d^2 - 24abcd + 21b^2 c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (bc-ad)^3 (2ad+bc)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad} a(bc-ad) \sqrt{ac}} + \frac{2b(2bc-ad)(4a^2 d^2 - abcd + 2b^2 c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} \right)}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(12a^2 d^2 - 21abcd + 2b^2 c^2)}{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})} \right)}{2c(bc-ad)} \cdot \frac{x}{ac\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} \cdot 2ac$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^3), x]`

output `x/(a*c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^2) + ((d*(2*b*c - 3*a*d))/(c*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)^2) + ((d*(4*b^2*c^2 - 21*a*b*c*d + 12*a^2*d^2))/(c*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x]*(c + d/x)) + (3*((2*b*(2*b*c - a*d)*(2*b^2*c^2 - a*b*c*d + 4*a^2*d^2))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x]) + ((2*a^2*d^(5/2)*(21*b^2*c^2 - 24*a*b*c*d + 8*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (8*(b*c - a*d)^3*(b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]/(Sqrt[a]*c))/(a*(b*c - a*d)))/(2*c*(b*c - a*d)))/(2*c*(b*c - a*d)))/(2*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^(n), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`



rule 114  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}) / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[a*d*f*(m+1) - b*(d*e*(m+n+2) + c*f*(m+p+2)) - b*d*f*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*n, 2*p] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[m+n+p+3, 0])$

rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}) / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 169  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^n)((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^{n+1}*((e + f*x)^{p+1}) / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / ((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{m+1}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p * \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_. + (f_.)(x_)^p)((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)) / ((a_. + (b_.)(x_)^m)((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)), x] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h) / (b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p / (a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h) / (b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p / (c + d*x), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x\}$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2] / a) * \text{ArcTan}[x / \text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2] / a) * \text{ArcTanh}[x / \text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol
] :- Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*(c + d/x^n)^q/x^2], x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 982 vs. 2(288) = 576.

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 983, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.07

method	result
risch	$\frac{ax+b}{a^2c^3\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \left( -\frac{3\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)d}{a^{\frac{3}{2}}c^4} - \frac{3\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)b}{2a^{\frac{5}{2}}c^3} - \frac{2b^4\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2-b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{a^3(ad-bc)^3\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} - \frac{d^4\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)^2-\frac{(2ad-bc)\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)}{c}}}{2c^5(ad-bc)^2\left(x+\frac{d}{c}\right)^2} \right)$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+1/x*d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```

1/a^2/c^3*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+(-3/a^(3/2)/c^4*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)
+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))*d-3/2/a^(5/2)/c^3*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(
1/2))*b-2/a^3*b^4/(a*d-b*c)^3/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)-1/2/c^
5*d^4/(a*d-b*c)^2/(x+1/c*d)^2*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-
b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)+5/2*a/c^4*d^4/(a*d-b*c)^3/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*
d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-17/4/c^3*d^3/(a*d-b*c)^3/(x+1/c*
d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*b-7/2*a^2
/c^5*d^5/(a*d-b*c)^3/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-
b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x
+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))+19/2*a/c^4*d^4/(a*d-b*c)^3/((a*
d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-
b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(
1/2))/(x+1/c*d))*b-63/8/c^3*d^3/(a*d-b*c)^3/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2
*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1
/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))*b^2+1/2
*a/c^5*d^4/(a*d-b*c)^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*
d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*
(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+
b))^(1/2)

```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 999 vs.  $2(288) = 576$ .

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4063, normalized size of antiderivative = 12.70

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

Too large to include

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(3/2)/(c+d/x)**3,x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^3), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1089 vs.  $2(288) = 576$ .

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1089, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.40

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```

2*sqrt(a)*b^5/((a^3*b^3*c^3*sgn(x) - 3*a^4*b^2*c^2*d*sgn(x) + 3*a^5*b*c*d^
2*sgn(x) - a^6*d^3*sgn(x))*((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))
- 1/4*(63*a^(5/2)*b^2*c^2*d^3*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 72*a
^(7/2)*b*c*d^4*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 24*a^(9/2)*d^5*arct
an(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 6*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*b^4*c^4*log(abs(
b)) - 6*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b^3*c^3*d*log(abs(b)) - 18*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^
2)*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*log(abs(b)) + 30*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*b*c*d^3*log(ab
s(b)) - 12*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^4*d^4*log(abs(b)) + 8*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)
*b^4*c^4 + 17*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*b*c*d^3 - 10*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^4
*d^4)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(5/2)*b^3*c^7 - 3*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*
a^(7/2)*b^2*c^6*d + 3*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(9/2)*b*c^5*d^2 - sqrt(b*c*d -
a*d^2)*a^(11/2)*c^4*d^3) - 3/4*(21*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 24*a*b*c*d^4 + 8*a^2*d^5
)*arctan(-((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d
^2))/((b^3*c^7*sgn(x) - 3*a*b^2*c^6*d*sgn(x) + 3*a^2*b*c^5*d^2*sgn(x) - a^
3*c^4*d^3*sgn(x))*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 1/4*(17*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 +
b*x))^3*b^2*c^3*d^3 - 48*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a*b*c^2*d^4 +
24*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a^2*c*d^5 + 11*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^
2 + b*x))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 72*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^(
3/2)*b*c*d^5 + 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^(5/2)*d^6 + 15*(sqrt
(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*b^3*c^2*d^4 - 76*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b...

```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 9.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 8936, normalized size of antiderivative = 27.92

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)^3),x)
```

output

```

((2*b^4)/(a^2*d - a*b*c) + (b*(a + b/x)*(12*a^4*d^4 + 12*b^4*c^4 + 24*a^2*
b^2*c^2*d^2 - 40*a*b^3*c^3*d - 33*a^3*b*c*d^3))/(4*a*c^3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)*(
a*d - b*c)) + (3*b*(a + b/x)^3*(4*a^3*d^5 - 4*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 4*a*b^2*c^2*d^
3 - 9*a^2*b*c*d^4))/(4*a*c^3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)*(a*d - b*c)^2) - (b*(a + b/x)
^2*(24*a^4*d^5 + 24*b^4*c^4*d - 56*a*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 65*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^3 - 72
*a^3*b*c*d^4))/(4*a*c^3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)*(a*d - b*c)^2))/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*(
3*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d) - (a + b/x)^(5/2)*(3*a*d^2 - 2*b*c*d) + d
^2*(a + b/x)^(7/2) - (a + b/x)^(1/2)*(a^3*d^2 + a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d))
+ (atan((((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(18432*a^6*b^19*c^26*d^3 - 202752*a^7*b^18*c^25
*d^4 + 903168*a^8*b^17*c^24*d^5 - 1751040*a^9*b^16*c^23*d^6 - 137088*a^10*
b^15*c^22*d^7 + 6007680*a^11*b^14*c^21*d^8 + 1276416*a^12*b^13*c^20*d^9 -
65382912*a^13*b^12*c^19*d^10 + 216610560*a^14*b^11*c^18*d^11 - 407418624*a
^15*b^10*c^17*d^12 + 521961984*a^16*b^9*c^16*d^13 - 482904576*a^17*b^8*c^1
5*d^14 + 328809600*a^18*b^7*c^14*d^15 - 164257920*a^19*b^6*c^13*d^16 + 588
16512*a^20*b^5*c^12*d^17 - 14340096*a^21*b^4*c^11*d^18 + 2138112*a^22*b^3*
c^10*d^19 - 147456*a^23*b^2*c^9*d^20) - (3*(d^5*(a*d - b*c)^7)^(1/2)*(8*a^
2*d^2 + 21*b^2*c^2 - 24*a*b*c*d)*(12288*a^8*b^19*c^30*d^2 - 172032*a^9*b^1
8*c^29*d^3 + 1081344*a^10*b^17*c^28*d^4 - 3996672*a^11*b^16*c^27*d^5 + 944
9472*a^12*b^15*c^26*d^6 - 14112768*a^13*b^14*c^25*d^7 + 10407936*a^14*b^13
*c^24*d^8 + 6454272*a^15*b^12*c^23*d^9 - 30007296*a^16*b^11*c^22*d^10 + ...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.73 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4543, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.20

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x)
```

output

```
(192*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**6*c**2*d**5*x**2 + 384*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**6*c*d**6*x + 192*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**6*d**7 - 648*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*b*c**3*d**4*x**2 - 1296*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*b*c**2*d**5*x - 648*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*b*c*d**6 + 720*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*b**2*c**4*d**3*x**2 + 1440*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*b**2*c**3*d**4*x + 720*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - ...
```

**3.39** 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	431
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 125

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc - ad)^3}{3a^2b^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(bc - ad)^2(2bc + ad)}{a^3b^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{c^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a^3} - \frac{c^2(5bc - 6ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

output `2/3*(-a*d+b*c)^3/a^2/b^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2)+2*(-a*d+b*c)^2*(a*d+2*b*c)/a^3/b^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+c^3*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a^3-c^2*(-6*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)`



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 134, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.07

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(15b^4c^3 + 4a^4d^3x + 3a^2b^2c^2x(-8d + cx) + 6a^3bd^2(d + cx) + 2ab^3c^2(-9d + 10cx))}{3a^3b^2(b + ax)^2} + \frac{c^2(-5bc + 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d/x)^3/(a + b/x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(15*b^4*c^3 + 4*a^4*d^3*x + 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*x*(-8*d + c*x) + 6*a^3*b*d^2*(d + c*x) + 2*a*b^3*c^2*(-9*d + 10*c*x)))/(3*a^3*b^2*(b + a*x)^2) + (c^2*(-5*b*c + 6*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(7/2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 165, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.286$ , Rules used = {899, 109, 27, 162, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 899

$$- \int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3 x^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 109

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) \left(c(5bc - 6ad) + \frac{d(bc - 2ad)}{x}\right) x}{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) \left(c(5bc - 6ad) + \frac{d(bc - 2ad)}{x}\right) x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{162} \\
 & \frac{c^2(5bc - 6ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a^2} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3b(bc - ad)(-2a^2d^2 - abcd + 5b^2c^2)}{x} + 2a(bc - ad)(-2a^2d^2 - 5abcd + 10b^2c^2)\right)}{3a^2b^2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}}{+} \\
 & \quad \frac{2a}{+} \\
 & \quad \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73} \\
 & \frac{2c^2(5bc - 6ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{bx^2}{a} - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a^2b} + \frac{2\left(\frac{3b(bc - ad)(-2a^2d^2 - abcd + 5b^2c^2)}{x} + 2a(bc - ad)(-2a^2d^2 - 5abcd + 10b^2c^2)\right)}{3a^2b^2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}}{+} \\
 & \quad \frac{2a}{+} \\
 & \quad \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{221} \\
 & \frac{2\left(\frac{3b(bc - ad)(-2a^2d^2 - abcd + 5b^2c^2)}{x} + 2a(bc - ad)(-2a^2d^2 - 5abcd + 10b^2c^2)\right)}{3a^2b^2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{2c^2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(5bc - 6ad)}{a^{5/2}}}{+} \\
 & \quad \frac{2a}{+} \\
 & \quad \frac{cx\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x)^3/(a + b/x)^(5/2), x]`

output

$$\frac{c(c + d/x)^{2x}}{a(a + b/x)^{3/2}} + \frac{((2(2a(b*c - a*d)(10b^2c^2 - 5a*b*c*d - 2a^2d^2) + (3b(b*c - a*d)(5b^2c^2 - a*b*c*d - 2a^2d^2))/x))/(3a^2b^2(a + b/x)^{3/2}) - (2c^2(5b*c - 6a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{5/2})}{2a}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 73

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{p*(m+1)-1}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{n_}], x], x, (a + b*x)^{1/p}], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 109

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*c - a*d)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n-1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1})/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(b*e - a*f)*(m+1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n-2)}*(e + f*x)^p \text{Simp}[a*d*(d*e*(n-1) + c*f*(p+1)) + b*c*(d*e*(m-n+2) - c*f*(m+p+2)) + d*(a*d*f*(n+p) + b*(d*e*(m+1) - c*f*(m+n+p+1))]*x, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[n, 1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[m, n+p] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[p, m+n])$$

rule 162

```
Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))
*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[((b^3*c*e*g*(m + 2) - a^3*d*f*h*(n + 2)
- a^2*b*(c*f*h*m - d*(f*g + e*h)*(m + n + 3)) - a*b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h) + d*e
*g*(2*m + n + 4)) + b*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d*(f*g +
e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2)))*x]/(b^2*(b
*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2))*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1), x] + Sim
p[(f*(h/b^2) - (d*(m + n + 3)*(a^2*d*f*h*(m - n) - a*b*(2*c*f*h*(m + 1) - d
*(f*g + e*h)*(n + 1)) + b^2*(c*(f*g + e*h)*(m + 1) - d*e*g*(m + n + 2))))]/(
b^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(m + 1)*(m + 2)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 2)*(c + d*x)^n, x]
, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n}, x] && (LtQ[m, -2] || (EqQ[m +
n + 3, 0] && !LtQ[n, -2]))
```

rule 221

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

rule 899

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol
] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

## Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 301 vs.  $2(111) = 222$ .

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 302, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.42

method	result
risch	$\frac{c^3(ax+b)}{a^3\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \frac{\left( (2a^3d^3 - 6a^2bcd^2 + 6ab^2c^2d - 2b^3c^3) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a(x+\frac{b}{a})^2 - b(x+\frac{b}{a})}}{3b(x+\frac{b}{a})^2} + \frac{4a\sqrt{a(x+\frac{b}{a})^2 - b(x+\frac{b}{a})}}{3b^2(x+\frac{b}{a})} \right) - 5c^3b \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}\right) \right)}{a^2\sqrt{a}}$
default	Expression too large to display

input

```
int((c+1/x*d)^3/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c^3/a^3*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2/a^3*((2*a^3*d^3-6*a^2*b*c*d^2+6*a*b^2*c^2*d-2*b^3*c^3)/a^2*(2/3/b/(x+b/a)^2*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)+4/3*a/b^2/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2))-5*c^3*b*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+6*a^(1/2)*c^2*d*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))+12*c*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)/a/b/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 245 vs. 2(111) = 222.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.90

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3(5b^5c^3 - 6ab^4c^2d + (5a^2b^3c^3 - 6a^3b^2c^2d)x^2 + 2(5ab^4c^3 - 6a^2b^3c^2d)x)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2\right)}{\right.$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/6*(3*(5*b^5*c^3 - 6*a*b^4*c^2*d + (5*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^2*d)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b^4*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*(3*a^3*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 2*(10*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 12*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3)*x^2 + 3*(5*a*b^4*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 2*a^4*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^6*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^5*b^3*x + a^4*b^4), 1/3*(3*(5*b^5*c^3 - 6*a*b^4*c^2*d + (5*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 6*a^3*b^2*c^2*d)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b^4*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (3*a^3*b^2*c^3*x^3 + 2*(10*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 12*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3)*x^2 + 3*(5*a*b^4*c^3 - 6*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + 2*a^4*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^6*b^2*x^2 + 2*a^5*b^3*x + a^4*b^4)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx + d)^3}{x^3 (a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)**3/(a+b/x)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((c*x + d)**3/(x**3*(a + b/x)**(5/2)), x)`

**Maxima [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 228 vs. 2(111) = 222.

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 228, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6} c^3 \left( \frac{2 \left( 15 \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^2 b - 10 \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right) a b - 2 a^2 b \right)}{\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{\frac{5}{2}} a^3 - \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^4} + \frac{15 b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{\frac{7}{2}}} \right) - c^2 d \left( \frac{3 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{\frac{5}{2}}} + \frac{2 \left( 4 a + \frac{3 b}{x} \right)}{\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} a^2} \right) + \frac{2}{3} d^3 \left( \frac{3}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} b^2} - \frac{a}{\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} b^2} \right) + \frac{2 c d^2}{\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}} b}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*c^3*(2*(15*(a + b/x)^2*b - 10*(a + b/x)*a*b - 2*a^2*b)/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*a^3 - (a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^4) + 15*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(7/2)) - c^2*d*(3*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2) + 2*(4*a + 3*b/x)/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^2)) + 2/3*d^3*(3/(sqrt(a + b/x)*b^2) - a/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*b^2)) + 2*c*d^2/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*b)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 429 vs.  $2(111) = 222$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 429, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.43

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bxc^3}}{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(5bc^3 - 6ac^2d) \log(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} + b|)}{2a^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

$$- \frac{(15b^3c^3 \log(|b|) - 18ab^2c^2d \log(|b|) + 28b^3c^3 - 48ab^2c^2d + 12a^2bcd^2 + 8a^3d^3) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{6a^{7/2}b^2}$$

$$+ \frac{2(9(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 ab^2c^3 - 18(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 a^2bc^2d + 9(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 a^3cd^2 + 15(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 a^4d^3)}{6a^{7/2}b^2}$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*c^3/(a^3*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(5*b*c^3 - 6*a*c^2*d)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(7/2)*sgn(x)) - 1/6*(15*b^3*c^3*log(abs(b)) - 18*a*b^2*c^2*d*log(abs(b)) + 28*b^3*c^3 - 48*a*b^2*c^2*d + 12*a^2*b*c*d^2 + 8*a^3*d^3)*sgn(x)/(a^(7/2)*b^2) + 2/3*(9*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a*b^2*c^3 - 18*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^2*b*c^2*d + 9*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^3*c*d^2 + 15*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*b^3*c^3 - 27*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(3/2)*b^2*c^2*d + 9*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(5/2)*b*c*d^2 + 3*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(7/2)*d^3 + 7*b^4*c^3 - 12*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*a^3*b*d^3)/(((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b)^3*a^(7/2)*sgn(x))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 194, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.55

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3)}{3a} + \frac{(a + \frac{b}{x})^2(2a^3d^3 - 6ab^2c^2d + 5b^3c^3)}{a^3} - \frac{2(a + \frac{b}{x})(4a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 - 6ab^2c^2d + 3a^2d^3)}{3a^2}$$

$$+ \frac{c^2 \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(6ad - 5bc)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input `int((c + d/x)^3/(a + b/x)^(5/2),x)`

output 
$$\frac{((2*(a^3*d^3 - b^3*c^3 + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(3*a) + ((a + b/x)^2*(2*a^3*d^3 + 5*b^3*c^3 - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d))/a^3 - (2*(a + b/x)*(4*a^3*d^3 + 5*b^3*c^3 - 6*a*b^2*c^2*d - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2))/(3*a^2))/(b^2*(a + b/x)^(5/2)) - a*b^2*(a + b/x)^(3/2)) + (c^2*atanh((a + b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))*(6*a*d - 5*b*c))/a^(7/2)}$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 381, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^3}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{36\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^2 b^2 c^2 dx - 30\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^3 c^3 x - \dots}{\dots}$$

input `int((c+d/x)^3/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x)`

output 
$$(36*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*\log((\sqrt{a*x + b} + \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b}))*a^{**2}*b^{**2}*c^{**2}*d*x - 30*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*\log((\sqrt{a*x + b} + \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b}))*a*b^{**3}*c^{**3}*x + 36*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*\log((\sqrt{a*x + b} + \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b}))*a*b^{**3}*c^{**2}*d - 30*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*\log((\sqrt{a*x + b} + \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b}))*b^{**4}*c^{**3} - 8*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*a^{**4}*d^{**3}*x + 12*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*a^{**3}*b*c*d^{**2}*x - 8*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*a^{**3}*b*d^{**3} + 12*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*a^{**2}*b^{**2}*c*d^{**2} - 5*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*a*b^{**3}*c^{**3}*x - 5*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*b^{**4}*c^{**3} + 8*\sqrt{x}*a^{**5}*d^{**3}*x + 12*\sqrt{x}*a^{**4}*b*c*d^{**2}*x + 12*\sqrt{x}*a^{**4}*b*d^{**3} + 6*\sqrt{x}*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*c^{**3}*x^{**2} - 48*\sqrt{x}*a^{**3}*b^{**2}*c^{**2}*d*x + 40*\sqrt{x}*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*c^{**3}*x - 36*\sqrt{x}*a^{**2}*b^{**3}*c^{**2}*d + 30*\sqrt{x}*a*b^{**4}*c^{**3})/(6*\sqrt{a*x + b}*a^{**4}*b^{**2}*(a*x + b))$$



**3.40** 
$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal result . . . . .	440
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	441
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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 111

$$\int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc - ad)^2}{3a^2b \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{4c(bc - ad)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{c^2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a^3} - \frac{c(5bc - 4ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

```
output 2/3*(-a*d+b*c)^2/a^2/b/(a+b/x)^(3/2)+4*c*(-a*d+b*c)/a^3/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+c^2*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a^3-c*(-4*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(15b^3c^2 + 2a^3d^2x + a^2bcx(-16d + 3cx) + 4ab^2c(-3d + 5cx))}{3a^3b(b + ax)^2} + \frac{c(-5bc + 4ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d/x)^2/(a + b/x)^(5/2), x]
```

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(15*b^3*c^2 + 2*a^3*d^2*x + a^2*b*c*x*(-16*d + 3*c*x) + 4*a*b^2*c*(-3*d + 5*c*x))/(3*a^3*b*(b + a*x)^2) + (c*(-5*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(7/2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.333$ , Rules used = {899, 100, 27, 87, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx$$

↓ 899

$$- \int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2 x^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 100

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{c^2 x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{\int -\frac{\left(c(5bc-4ad) - \frac{2ad^2}{x}\right)x}{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& \frac{\int \frac{\left(c(5bc-4ad) - \frac{2ad^2}{x}\right)x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{c^2 x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 87 \\
& \frac{\frac{c(5bc-4ad) \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{2\left(\frac{c(5bc-4ad)}{a} + \frac{2ad^2}{b}\right)}{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}}{2a} + \frac{c^2 x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 61 \\
& \frac{c(5bc-4ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{2\left(\frac{c(5bc-4ad)}{a} + \frac{2ad^2}{b}\right)}{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{c^2 x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 73 \\
& \frac{c(5bc-4ad) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{2\left(\frac{c(5bc-4ad)}{a} + \frac{2ad^2}{b}\right)}{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{c^2 x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{c \left( \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}} \right) (5bc-4ad)}{2a} + \frac{2\left(\frac{c(5bc-4ad)}{a} + \frac{2ad^2}{b}\right)}{3\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{c^2 x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x)^2/(a + b/x)^(5/2), x]`

output 
$$\frac{(c^2x)/(a(a + b/x)^{3/2}) + ((2*((2*a*d^2)/b + (c*(5*b*c - 4*a*d))/a))/(3*(a + b/x)^{3/2}) + (c*(5*b*c - 4*a*d)*(2/(a*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]) - (2*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/a^{3/2}))/a)/(2*a)}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 
$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 61 
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*((c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ !(\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[a, 0] \ || \ (\text{NeQ}[c, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m - n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegerQ}[n]))) \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 73 
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \ \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m + 1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 87 
$$\text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_.)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-(b*e - a*f))*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)))/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) \ \text{Int}[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ ( \ !\text{LtQ}[n, -1] \ || \ \text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[e, 0] \ || \ !(\text{EqQ}[c, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[p, n]))) )$$

```
rule 100 Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(2*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*c - a*d)^2*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(d^2*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)) Int[(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a^2*d^2*f*(n + p + 2) + b^2*c*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - 2*a*b*d*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - b^2*d*(d*e - c*f)*(n + 1)*x, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && (LtQ[n, -1] || (EqQ[n + p + 3, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && (SumSimplerQ[n, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1])))
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 899 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 286 vs. 2(97) = 194.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 287, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.59

method	result
risch	$\frac{c^2(ax+b)}{a^3\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \left( \frac{2(2a^2d^2 - 8abcd + 6b^2c^2)\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2 - b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{ab\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} - \frac{5bc^2 \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} + 4\sqrt{a}cd \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2} + ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}\right) - \frac{2(a^2d^2 - 8abcd + 6b^2c^2)\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2 - b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{ab\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} \right) \frac{2a^3x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{2a^3x\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}x\left(-24\sqrt{x(ax+b)}a^{\frac{9}{2}}cdx^3 + 30\sqrt{x(ax+b)}a^{\frac{7}{2}}b^2c^2x^3 + 12\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)a^4bcdx^3 - 15\ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}x}$

```
input int((c+1/x*d)^2/(a+b/x)^(5/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
c^2/a^3*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)+1/2/a^3*(2*(2*a^2*d^2-8*a*b*c*d+6*b^2*c^2)/a/b/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)-5*b*c^2*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+4*a^(1/2)*c*d*ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))-2*(a^2*d^2-2*a*b*c*d+b^2*c^2)*b/a^2*(2/3/b/(x+b/a)^2*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)+4/3*a/b^2/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 207 vs.  $2(97) = 194$ .

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 412, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.71

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3(5b^4c^2 - 4ab^3cd + (5a^2b^2c^2 - 4a^3bcd)x^2 + 2(5ab^3c^2 - 4a^2b^2cd)x)\sqrt{a} \log(2ax - \dots)}{6(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} \right]$$

input

```
integrate((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[-1/6*(3*(5*b^4*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c*d + (5*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b^3*c^2 - 4*a^2*b^2*c*d)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x + 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) - 2*(3*a^3*b*c^2*x^3 + 2*(10*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2)*x^2 + 3*(5*a*b^3*c^2 - 4*a^2*b^2*c*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^6*b*x^2 + 2*a^5*b^2*x + a^4*b^3), 1/3*(3*(5*b^4*c^2 - 4*a*b^3*c*d + (5*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b^3*c^2 - 4*a^2*b^2*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + (3*a^3*b*c^2*x^3 + 2*(10*a^2*b^2*c^2 - 8*a^3*b*c*d + a^4*d^2)*x^2 + 3*(5*a*b^3*c^2 - 4*a^2*b^2*c*d)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^6*b*x^2 + 2*a^5*b^2*x + a^4*b^3)]
```

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \int \frac{(cx + d)^2}{x^2 (a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)**2/(a+b/x)**(5/2), x)`

output `Integral((c*x + d)**2/(x**2*(a + b/x)**(5/2)), x)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.71

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6} c^2 \left( \frac{2 \left( 15 \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^2 b - 10 \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right) a b - 2 a^2 b \right)}{\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{5/2} a^3 - \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} a^4} + \frac{15 b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{2}{3} c d \left( \frac{3 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{5/2}} + \frac{2 \left( 4 a + \frac{3 b}{x} \right)}{\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} a^2} \right) + \frac{2 d^2}{3 \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{3/2} b}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(5/2), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*c^2*(2*(15*(a + b/x)^2*b - 10*(a + b/x)*a*b - 2*a^2*b)/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*a^3 - (a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^4) + 15*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(7/2)) - 2/3*c*d*(3*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2) + 2*(4*a + 3*b/x)/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^2)) + 2/3*d^2/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*b)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 363 vs.  $2(97) = 194$ .

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 363, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bxc^2}}{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(5bc^2 - 4acd) \log(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} + b|)}{2a^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

$$- \frac{(15b^2c^2 \log(|b|) - 12abcd \log(|b|) + 28b^2c^2 - 32abcd + 4a^2d^2) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{6a^{7/2}b}$$

$$+ \frac{2 \left( 9(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 ab^2c^2 - 12(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 a^2bcd + 3(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 a^3d^2 + 15(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 ab^2c^2 - 18(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}) a^{3/2} b^2cd + 3(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}) a^{5/2} b^2d^2 + 7b^4c^2 - 8a^2b^3cd + a^2b^2d^2 \right)}{3((\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}) \sqrt{a} + b)^3 a^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*c^2/(a^3*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(5*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(7/2)*sgn(x)) - 1/6*(15*b^2*c^2*log(abs(b)) - 12*a*b*c*d*log(abs(b)) + 28*b^2*c^2 - 32*a*b*c*d + 4*a^2*d^2)*sgn(x)/(a^(7/2)*b) + 2/3*(9*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a*b^2*c^2 - 12*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^2*b*c*d + 3*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^3*d^2 + 15*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*b^3*c^2 - 18*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(3/2)*b^2*c*d + 3*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(5/2)*b^2*d^2 + 7*b^4*c^2 - 8*a*b^3*c*d + a^2*b^2*d^2)/((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b)^3*a^(7/2)*sgn(x)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 144, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(a + \frac{b}{x})(a^2d^2 + 4abcd - 5b^2c^2)}{3a^2} - \frac{2(a^2d^2 - 2abcd + b^2c^2)}{3a} + \frac{b(a + \frac{b}{x})^2(5bc^2 - 4acd)}{a^3}$$

$$+ \frac{c \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) (4ad - 5bc)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input `int((c + d/x)^2/(a + b/x)^(5/2),x)`



output

$$\frac{((2*(a + b/x)*(a^2*d^2 - 5*b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d))/(3*a^2) - (2*(a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d))/(3*a) + (b*(a + b/x)^2*(5*b*c^2 - 4*a*c*d))/a^3)/(b*(a + b/x)^{(5/2)} - a*b*(a + b/x)^{(3/2)}) + (c*atanh((a + b/x)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}))*(4*a*d - 5*b*c))/a^{(7/2)}$$
**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 304, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.74

$$\int \frac{(c + \frac{d}{x})^2}{(a + \frac{b}{x})^{5/2}} dx = \frac{24\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^2 b c d x - 30\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a b^2 c^2 x + \dots}{\dots}$$

input

`int((c+d/x)^2/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x)`

output

$$(24*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*\log((\sqrt{a*x + b} + \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b}))*a^{**2}*b*c*d*x - 30*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*\log((\sqrt{a*x + b} + \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a}))/\sqrt{b})*a*b^{**2}*c^{**2}*x + 24*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*\log((\sqrt{a*x + b} + \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b})*a*b^{**2}*c*d - 30*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b}*\log((\sqrt{a*x + b} + \sqrt{x}*\sqrt{a})/\sqrt{b})*b^{**3}*c^{**2} + 4*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b})*a^{**3}*d^{**2}*x + 4*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b})*a^{**2}*b*d^{**2} - 5*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b})*a*b^{**2}*c^{**2}*x - 5*\sqrt{a}*\sqrt{a*x + b})*b^{**3}*c^{**2} + 4*\sqrt{x})*a^{**4}*d^{**2}*x + 6*\sqrt{x})*a^{**3}*b*c^{**2}*x^{**2} - 32*\sqrt{x})*a^{**3}*b*c*d*x + 40*\sqrt{x})*a^{**2}*b^{**2}*c^{**2}*x - 24*\sqrt{x})*a^{**2}*b^{**2}*c*d + 30*\sqrt{x})*a*b^{**3}*c^{**2})/(6*\sqrt{a}*x + b)*a^{**4}*b*(a*x + b))$$

**3.41** 
$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 103

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2(bc - ad)}{3a^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{2(2bc - ad)}{a^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{c\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{a^3} - \frac{(5bc - 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

output `2/3*(-a*d+b*c)/a^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2)+2*(-a*d+2*b*c)/a^3/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+c*(a+b/x)^(1/2)*x/a^3-(-2*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 91, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}(15b^2c + a^2x(-8d + 3cx) + ab(-6d + 20cx))}{3a^3(b + ax)^2} + \frac{(-5bc + 2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d/x)/(a + b/x)^(5/2), x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(15*b^2*c + a^2*x*(-8*d + 3*c*x) + a*b*(-6*d + 20*c*x)))/  
(3*a^3*(b + a*x)^2) + ((-5*b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^  
(7/2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {899, 87, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 899 \\
 & - \int \frac{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right) x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 87 \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{cx}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61 \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{2}{3a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{cx}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 61
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{2}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{cx}{a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 73 \\
 & \frac{(5bc - 2ad) \left( \frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{2}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{cx}{a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 221 \\
 & \frac{\left( \frac{\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{a} + \frac{2}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \right) (5bc - 2ad)}{2a} + \frac{cx}{a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d/x)/(a + b/x)^(5/2),x]`

output `(c*x)/(a*(a + b/x)^(3/2)) + ((5*b*c - 2*a*d)*(2/(3*a*(a + b/x)^(3/2)) + (2/(a*Sqrt[a + b/x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/a))/(2*a)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[  
 {p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) +  
 d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && Lt  
 Q[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntL  
 inearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`

rule 87 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p  
 _), x_] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/(f*(p  
 + 1)*(c*f - d*e))), x] - Simp[(a*d*f*(n + p + 2) - b*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p  
 + 1))]/(f*(p + 1)*(c*f - d*e)) Int[(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^(p + 1), x], x]  
 /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && LtQ[p, -1] && (!LtQ[n, -1] || Intege  
 rQ[p] || !(IntegerQ[n] || !(EqQ[e, 0] || !(EqQ[c, 0] || LtQ[p, n])))`

rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x  
 /Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol  
 ] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,  
 b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 253 vs. 2(89) = 178.

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 254, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.47

method	result
risch	$\frac{c(ax+b)}{a^3 \sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} + \left( 2\sqrt{a} d \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right) - \frac{5bc \ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{4(2ad-3bc)\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2-b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} + \frac{2(ad-bc)b^2\left(2\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}\right)}{3b} \right)$
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}}{x} \left( 6 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^4 b d x^3 - 15 \ln\left(\frac{2\sqrt{x(ax+b)}\sqrt{a+2ax+b}}{2\sqrt{a}}\right) a^3 b^2 c x^3 - 12 a^{\frac{9}{2}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)} d x^3 + 30 a^{\frac{7}{2}} \sqrt{x(ax+b)} b \right)$

input `int((c+1/x*d)/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1/a^3*c*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^{(1/2)}+1/2/a^3*(2*a^{(1/2)}*d*\ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^{(1/2)}+(a*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)})-5*b*c*\ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^{(1/2)}+(a*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}-4*(2*a*d-3*b*c)/a/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^{(1/2)}+2*(a*d-b*c)*b^2/a^2*(2/3/b/(x+b/a)^2*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^{(1/2)}+4/3*a/b^2/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^{(1/2)})/x/((a*x+b)/x)^{(1/2)}*(x*(a*x+b))^{(1/2)}}{}$$

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 336, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.26

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \left[ -\frac{3(5b^3c - 2ab^2d + (5a^2bc - 2a^3d)x^2 + 2(5ab^2c - 2a^2bd)x)\sqrt{a} \log\left(2ax + 2\sqrt{ax}\sqrt{a}\right)}{6(a^6x^2 + 2a^5bx + a^4b^2)} \right]$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$\left[ -\frac{1}{6}*(3*(5*b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d + (5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x)*\sqrt{a}*\log(2*a*x + 2*\sqrt{a}*x*\sqrt{(a*x + b)/x} + b) - 2*(3*a^3*c*x^3 + 4*(5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^2 + 3*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x)*\sqrt{(a*x + b)/x})/(a^6*x^2 + 2*a^5*b*x + a^4*b^2), \frac{1}{3}*(3*(5*b^3*c - 2*a*b^2*d + (5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x)*\sqrt{-a}*\arctan(\sqrt{-a}*x*\sqrt{(a*x + b)/x}/(a*x + b)) + (3*a^3*c*x^3 + 4*(5*a^2*b*c - 2*a^3*d)*x^2 + 3*(5*a*b^2*c - 2*a^2*b*d)*x)*\sqrt{(a*x + b)/x})/(a^6*x^2 + 2*a^5*b*x + a^4*b^2) \right]$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1479 vs.  $2(92) = 184$ .

Time = 40.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1479, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.36

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)**(5/2),x)`

output

```
c*(6*a**17*x**4*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2
+ 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) + 46*a**16*b*x**3*sqrt(1 + b/(a*
x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(
33/2)*b**3) + 15*a**16*b*x**3*log(b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)
)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) - 30*a**16*b*x**3*log(s
qrt(1 + b/(a*x)) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/
2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) + 70*a**15*b**2*x**2*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/(6*a*
*(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**
3) + 45*a**15*b**2*x**2*log(b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x*
*2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) - 90*a**15*b**2*x**2*log(sqrt
(1 + b/(a*x)) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*
b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) + 30*a**14*b**3*x*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)
)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) + 4
5*a**14*b**3*x*log(b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a
**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) - 90*a**14*b**3*x*log(sqrt(1 + b/(a*x)
) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a
**(33/2)*b**3) + 15*a**13*b**4*log(b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/
2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) - 30*a**13*b**4*log(sq
rt(1 + b/(a*x)) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)
)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3)) + d*(-8*a**7*x**3*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/(3*a...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 170, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.65

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{1}{6} c \left( \frac{2 \left( 15 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 b - 10 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) ab - 2 a^2 b \right)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} a^3 - \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} a^4} + \frac{15 b \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{7/2}} \right) - \frac{1}{3} d \left( \frac{3 \log \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}} \right)}{a^{5/2}} + \frac{2 \left( 4a + \frac{3b}{x} \right)}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} a^2} \right)$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `1/6*c*(2*(15*(a + b/x)^2*b - 10*(a + b/x)*a*b - 2*a^2*b)/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*a^3 - (a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^4) + 15*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(7/2)) - 1/3*d*(3*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x) + sqrt(a)))/a^(5/2) + 2*(4*a + 3*b/x)/((a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^2))`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 259 vs. 2(89) = 178.

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 259, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(15 bc \log(|b|) - 6 ad \log(|b|) + 28 bc - 16 ad) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{6 a^{7/2}} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bxc}}{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{(5 bc - 2 ad) \log(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} + b|)}{2 a^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2 \left( 9 (\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 ab^2 c - 6 (\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 a^2 bd + 15 (\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}) \sqrt{ab^3 c} - 9 (\sqrt{ax} + \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}) \sqrt{ab^3 c} \right)}{3 \left( (\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx}) \sqrt{a} + b \right)^3 a^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`



output

```
-1/6*(15*b*c*log(abs(b)) - 6*a*d*log(abs(b)) + 28*b*c - 16*a*d)*sgn(x)/a^(7/2) + sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)*c/(a^3*sgn(x)) + 1/2*(5*b*c - 2*a*d)*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(7/2)*sgn(x)) + 2/3*(9*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a*b^2*c - 6*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^2*b*d + 15*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*b^3*c - 9*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(3/2)*b^2*d + 7*b^4*c - 4*a*b^3*d)/(((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b)^3*a^(7/2)*sgn(x))
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 87, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.84

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2d \operatorname{atanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{5/2}} - \frac{\frac{2d}{3a} + \frac{2d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{a^2}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{2cx\left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{5/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2}; \frac{9}{2}; -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{7\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((c + d/x)/(a + b/x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
(2*d*atanh((a + b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)))/a^(5/2) - ((2*d)/(3*a) + (2*d*(a + b/x))/a^2)/(a + b/x)^(3/2) + (2*c*x*((a*x)/b + 1)^(5/2)*hypergeom([5/2, 7/2], 9/2, -(a*x)/b))/(7*(a + b/x)^(5/2))
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 225, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.18

$$\int \frac{c + \frac{d}{x}}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{12\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax + b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^2 dx - 30\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax + b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) abcx + 12\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax + b} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) a^2 dx}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}$$

input

```
int((c+d/x)/(a+b/x)^(5/2), x)
```

output

```
(12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a
**2*d*x - 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/s
qrt(b))*a*b*c*x + 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sq
rt(a))/sqrt(b))*a*b*d - 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt
(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*b**2*c - 5*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*c*x - 5*sqrt(a)
*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**2*c + 6*sqrt(x)*a**3*c*x**2 - 16*sqrt(x)*a**3*d*x + 40*s
qrt(x)*a**2*b*c*x - 12*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*d + 30*sqrt(x)*a*b**2*c)/(6*sqrt(a*x
+ b)*a**4*(a*x + b))
```

**3.42**  $\int \frac{1}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 11, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{5b}{3a^2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{5b}{a^3\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{x}{a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{5b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

output `5/3*b/a^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2)+5*b/a^3/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+x/a/(a+b/x)^(3/2)-5*b*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(15b^2+20abx+3a^2x^2)}{3a^3(b+ax)^2} - \frac{5b\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^(-5/2),x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(15*b^2 + 20*a*b*x + 3*a^2*x^2))/(3*a^3*(b + a*x)^2) - (5
*b*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(7/2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.545$ , Rules used = {773, 52, 61, 61, 73, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{773} \\
 & - \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{52} \\
 & \frac{5b \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2a} + \frac{x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{5b \left( \frac{\int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{2}{3a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{61} \\
 & \frac{5b \left( \frac{\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{a} + \frac{2}{a \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{2}{3a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{73}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{5b \left( \frac{\frac{2 \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} dx \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{ab} + \frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}}{a} + \frac{2}{3a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{5b \left( \frac{\frac{2}{a\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} - \frac{2 \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{3/2}}}{a} + \frac{2}{3a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \right)}{2a} + \frac{x}{a \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^(-5/2), x]`

output `x/(a*(a + b/x)^(3/2)) + (5*b*(2/(3*a*(a + b/x)^(3/2)) + (2/(a*Sqrt[a + b/x]) - (2*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(3/2))/a))/(2*a)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 52 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && FractionQ[n] && LtQ[n, 0]`

rule 61 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*((c + d*x)^(n + 1)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[d*((m + n + 2)/((b*c - a*d)*(m + 1))) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && LtQ[m, -1] && !(LtQ[n, -1] && (EqQ[a, 0] || (NeQ[c, 0] && LtQ[m - n, 0] && IntegerQ[n]))) && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`





output

```

6*a**17*x**4*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 1
8*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) + 46*a**16*b*x**3*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))
/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/
2)*b**3) + 15*a**16*b*x**3*log(b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b
*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) - 30*a**16*b*x**3*log(sqrt
(1 + b/(a*x)) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*
b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) + 70*a**15*b**2*x**2*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/(6*a**(3
9/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3)
+ 45*a**15*b**2*x**2*log(b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2
+ 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) - 90*a**15*b**2*x**2*log(sqrt(1
+ b/(a*x)) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**
2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) + 30*a**14*b**3*x*sqrt(1 + b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x
**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) + 45*a
**14*b**3*x*log(b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(
35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) - 90*a**14*b**3*x*log(sqrt(1 + b/(a*x)) +
1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(
33/2)*b**3) + 15*a**13*b**4*log(b/(a*x))/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*
b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3) - 30*a**13*b**4*log(sqrt(
1 + b/(a*x)) + 1)/(6*a**(39/2)*x**3 + 18*a**(37/2)*b*x**2 + 18*a**(35/2)*b
**2*x + 6*a**(33/2)*b**3)

```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 101, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{15 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^2 b - 10 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right) ab - 2 a^2 b}{3 \left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} a^3 - \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} a^4\right)} + \frac{5 b \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} + \sqrt{a}}\right)}{2 a^{7/2}}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```

1/3*(15*(a + b/x)^2*b - 10*(a + b/x)*a*b - 2*a^2*b)/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*a^3 -
(a + b/x)^(3/2)*a^4) + 5/2*b*log((sqrt(a + b/x) - sqrt(a))/(sqrt(a + b/x)
+ sqrt(a)))/a^(7/2)

```



**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 171 vs.  $2(65) = 130$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 171, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.16

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = -\frac{(15 b \log(|b|) + 28 b) \operatorname{sgn}(x)}{6 a^{7/2}} + \frac{5 b \log\left(|2(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} + b|\right)}{2 a^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{\sqrt{ax^2 + bx}}{a^3 \operatorname{sgn}(x)} + \frac{2\left(9(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})^2 ab^2 + 15(\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{ab^3} + 7b^4\right)}{3\left((\sqrt{ax} - \sqrt{ax^2 + bx})\sqrt{a} + b\right)^3 a^{7/2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `-1/6*(15*b*log(abs(b)) + 28*b)*sgn(x)/a^(7/2) + 5/2*b*log(abs(2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b))/(a^(7/2)*sgn(x)) + sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x)/(a^3*sgn(x)) + 2/3*(9*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a*b^2 + 15*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*b^3 + 7*b^4)/(((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a) + b)^3*a^(7/2)*sgn(x))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{2x\left(\frac{ax}{b} + 1\right)^{5/2} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{7}{2}; \frac{9}{2}; -\frac{ax}{b}\right)}{7\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}}$$

input `int(1/(a + b/x)^(5/2),x)`

output `(2*x*((a*x)/b + 1)^(5/2)*hypergeom([5/2, 7/2], 9/2, -(a*x)/b))/(7*(a + b/x)^(5/2))`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}} dx = \frac{-30\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)abx - 30\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax+b}+\sqrt{x}\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}\right)b^2 - 5\sqrt{a}\sqrt{ax+b}}{6\sqrt{ax+b}a^4(ax+b)}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2),x)`

output

```
( - 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))
)*a*b*x - 30*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/s
qrt(b))*b**2 - 5*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*b*x - 5*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*b**
2 + 6*sqrt(x)*a**3*x**2 + 40*sqrt(x)*a**2*b*x + 30*sqrt(x)*a*b**2)/(6*sqrt
(a*x + b)*a**4*(a*x + b))
```

**3.43** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 201

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \frac{b(5bc-3ad)}{3a^2c(bc-ad)\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(5b^2c^2-8abcd+a^2d^2)}{a^3c(bc-ad)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} - \frac{2d^{7/2}\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c^2(bc-ad)^{5/2}} - \frac{(5bc+2ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}c^2}$$

output

```
1/3*b*(-3*a*d+5*b*c)/a^2/c/(-a*d+b*c)/(a+b/x)^(3/2)+b*(a^2*d^2-8*a*b*c*d+5
*b^2*c^2)/a^3/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+x/a/c/(a+b/x)^(3/2)-2*d^(7/2)*a
rctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)^(5/2)-(2*a*d+
5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/c^2
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 200, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(15b^4c^2+3a^4d^2x^2+6a^3bdx(d-cx)+4ab^3c(-6d+5cx)+a^2b^2(3d^2-32cdx+3c^2x^2))}{a^3(bc-ad)^2(b+ax)^2} - \frac{6d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{(bc-ad)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}\right)}{(bc-ad)^2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)),x]`

output `((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(15*b^4*c^2 + 3*a^4*d^2*x^2 + 6*a^3*b*d*x*(d - c*x) + 4*a*b^3*c*(-6*d + 5*c*x) + a^2*b^2*(3*d^2 - 32*c*d*x + 3*c^2*x^2)))/(a^3*(b*c - a*d)^2*(b + a*x)^2) - (6*d^(7/2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]]/(b*c - a*d)^(5/2) - (3*(5*b*c + 2*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/a^(7/2))/(3*c^2)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.524$ , Rules used = {899, 114, 27, 169, 27, 169, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 899 \\ & - \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 114 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{\left(5bc+2ad+\frac{5bd}{x}\right)x}{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} + \frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{(bc-ad)^2(2ad+5bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 2a^3d^4 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(c+\frac{d}{x})}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{2b(a^2d^2-8abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(bc-ad)}} \\
 & \frac{2b(5bc-3ad)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \\
 & \frac{2ac}{x} \\
 & \frac{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{73} \\
 & \frac{2(bc-ad)^2(2ad+5bc) \int \frac{1}{bc} \frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - 4a^3d^4 \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2b(a^2d^2-8abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(bc-ad)}} \\
 & \frac{2b(5bc-3ad)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \\
 & \frac{2ac}{x} \\
 & \frac{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{218} \\
 & \frac{2(bc-ad)^2(2ad+5bc) \int \frac{1}{bc} \frac{1}{bx^2} - \frac{a}{b} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - 4a^3d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{bc} + \frac{2b(a^2d^2-8abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(bc-ad)}} \\
 & \frac{2b(5bc-3ad)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \\
 & \frac{2ac}{x} \\
 & \frac{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{221} \\
 & \frac{4a^3d^{7/2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - 2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-ad)^2(2ad+5bc)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{2b(a^2d^2-8abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}(bc-ad)}} \\
 & \frac{2b(5bc-3ad)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \\
 & \frac{2ac}{x} \\
 & \frac{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)),x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & x/(a*c*(a + b/x)^{(3/2)} + ((2*b*(5*b*c - 3*a*d))/(3*a*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b/x)^{(3/2)})) + ((2*b*(5*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]) + ((-4*a^3*d^{(7/2)}*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x])/\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]])/(c*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]) - (2*(b*c - a*d)^2*(5*b*c + 2*a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*c))/((a*(b*c - a*d))/((a*(b*c - a*d)))/(2*a*c) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 73

$$\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1) - 1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}], x]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntLinearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]$$

rule 114

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_)}), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)})/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[a*d*f*(m+1) - b*(d*e*(m+n+2) + c*f*(m+p+2)) - b*d*f*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*n, 2*p] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[m+n+p+3, 0]) \end{aligned}$$

rule 169

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^{(p_)}*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)})/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m+1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n+1) + c*f*(p+1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p] \end{aligned}$$

```
rule 174 Int[((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_))*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_))/((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*
((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_)), x] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^
p/(a + b*x), x], x] - Simp[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) Int[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d
*x), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h}, x]
```

```
rule 218 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/R
t[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 221 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x
/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]
```

```
rule 899 Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol
] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 402 vs. 2(177) = 354.

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 403, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.00

method	result
risch	$\frac{ax+b}{a^3c\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} - \frac{\left( \frac{(2ad+5bc)\ln\left(\frac{b+ax}{\sqrt{a}} + \sqrt{ax^2+bx}\right)}{c\sqrt{a}} - \frac{2cb^4\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2 - b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{3b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2} + \frac{4a\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2 - b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{3b^2\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}\right)}{(ad-bc)a^2} + \frac{4cb^2(4ad-3bc)\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{(ad-bc)^2a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)} \right)}{2a^3}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+1/x*d), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```



output

```

1/a^3/c*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/a^3/c*((2*a*d+5*b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b+a*x
)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)-2*c*b^4/(a*d-b*c)/a^2*(2/3/b/(x+b/a)^
2*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)+4/3*a/b^2/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(
1/2))+4*c*b^2*(4*a*d-3*b*c)/(a*d-b*c)^2/a/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))
^(1/2)+2/c^2*a^3*d^4/(a*d-b*c)^2/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d
/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a
*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2
)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)

```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 473 vs.  $2(177) = 354$ .

Time = 1.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1959, normalized size of antiderivative = 9.75

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
[1/6*(3*(5*b^5*c^3 - 8*a*b^4*c^2*d + a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + 2*a^3*b^2*d^3 + (5*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b^4*c^3 - 8*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*a^4*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(a)*log(2*a*x - 2*sqrt(a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) + b) + 6*(a^6*d^3*x^2 + 2*a^5*b*d^3*x + a^4*b^2*d^3)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + 2*(3*(a^3*b^2*c^3 - 2*a^4*b*c^2*d + a^5*c*d^2)*x^3 + 2*(10*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)*x^2 + 3*(5*a*b^4*c^3 - 8*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + a^3*b^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^4*b^4*c^4 - 2*a^5*b^3*c^3*d + a^6*b^2*c^2*d^2 + (a^6*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^7*b*c^3*d + a^8*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(a^5*b^3*c^4 - 2*a^6*b^2*c^3*d + a^7*b*c^2*d^2)*x), 1/3*(3*(5*b^5*c^3 - 8*a*b^4*c^2*d + a^2*b^3*c*d^2 + 2*a^3*b^2*d^3 + (5*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 8*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + a^4*b*c*d^2 + 2*a^5*d^3)*x^2 + 2*(5*a*b^4*c^3 - 8*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + a^3*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*a^4*b*d^3)*x)*sqrt(-a)*arctan(sqrt(-a)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)/(a*x + b)) + 3*(a^6*d^3*x^2 + 2*a^5*b*d^3*x + a^4*b^2*d^3)*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*log(-(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*sqrt(-d/(b*c - a*d))*sqrt((a*x + b)/x) - b*d + (b*c - 2*a*d)*x)/(c*x + d)) + (3*(a^3*b^2*c^3 - 2*a^4*b*c^2*d + a^5*c*d^2)*x^3 + 2*(10*a^2*b^3*c^3 - 16*a^3*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^4*b*c*d^2)*x^2 + 3*(5*a*b^4*c^3 - 8*a^2*b^3*c^2*d + a^3*b^2*c*d^2)*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x))/(a^4*b^4*c^4 - 2*a^5*b^3*c^3*d + a^6*b^2*c^2*d^2 + (a^6*b^2*c^4 - 2*a^7*b*c^3*d + a^8*c^2*d^2)*x^2 + 2*(...
```

## Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \int \frac{x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} (cx + d)} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(5/2)/(c+d/x), x)
```

output

```
Integral(x/((a + b/x)**(5/2)*(c*x + d)), x)
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Error: Bad Argument Type`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 4.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5387, normalized size of antiderivative = 26.80

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)),x)`

output

```

- ((2*b^2)/(3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)) + (2*b^2*(a + b/x)*(8*a*d - 5*b*c))/(3*(a^2
*d - a*b*c)^2) + (b*(a + b/x)^2*(a^2*d^2 + 5*b^2*c^2 - 8*a*b*c*d))/(a^2*c*
(a^2*d - a*b*c)*(a*d - b*c)))/(a*(a + b/x)^(3/2) - (a + b/x)^(5/2)) - (ata
n((((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(50*a^9*b^14*c^15*d^3 - 460*a^10*b^13*c^14*d^4 + 1858
*a^11*b^12*c^13*d^5 - 4280*a^12*b^11*c^12*d^6 + 6060*a^13*b^10*c^11*d^7 -
5160*a^14*b^9*c^10*d^8 + 2108*a^15*b^8*c^9*d^9 + 336*a^16*b^7*c^8*d^10 - 7
50*a^17*b^6*c^7*d^11 + 180*a^18*b^5*c^6*d^12 + 130*a^19*b^4*c^5*d^13 - 88*
a^20*b^3*c^4*d^14 + 16*a^21*b^2*c^3*d^15) - ((2*a*d + 5*b*c)*(20*a^12*b^14
*c^17*d^2 - 212*a^13*b^13*c^16*d^3 + 1012*a^14*b^12*c^15*d^4 - 2860*a^15*b
^11*c^14*d^5 + 5288*a^16*b^10*c^13*d^6 - 6664*a^17*b^9*c^12*d^7 + 5768*a^1
8*b^8*c^11*d^8 - 3352*a^19*b^7*c^10*d^9 + 1220*a^20*b^6*c^9*d^10 - 228*a^2
1*b^5*c^8*d^11 + 4*a^22*b^4*c^7*d^12 + 4*a^23*b^3*c^6*d^13 - ((a + b/x)^(1
/2)*(2*a*d + 5*b*c)*(8*a^15*b^13*c^18*d^2 - 96*a^16*b^12*c^17*d^3 + 520*a^
17*b^11*c^16*d^4 - 1680*a^18*b^10*c^15*d^5 + 3600*a^19*b^9*c^14*d^6 - 5376
*a^20*b^8*c^13*d^7 + 5712*a^21*b^7*c^12*d^8 - 4320*a^22*b^6*c^11*d^9 + 228
0*a^23*b^5*c^10*d^10 - 800*a^24*b^4*c^9*d^11 + 168*a^25*b^3*c^8*d^12 - 16*
a^26*b^2*c^7*d^13))/(2*c^2*(a^7)^(1/2))))/(2*c^2*(a^7)^(1/2))*(2*a*d + 5*
b*c)*1i)/(2*c^2*(a^7)^(1/2)) + (((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(50*a^9*b^14*c^15*d^3 - 4
60*a^10*b^13*c^14*d^4 + 1858*a^11*b^12*c^13*d^5 - 4280*a^12*b^11*c^12*d^6
+ 6060*a^13*b^10*c^11*d^7 - 5160*a^14*b^9*c^10*d^8 + 2108*a^15*b^8*c^9*...

```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1212, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.03

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x),x)
```

output

```
(6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(
2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
)*a**5*d**3*x + 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*
sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*b*d**3 + 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log
(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d +
b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*d**3*x + 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt
(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d -
b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**4*b*d**3 - 6*sqrt(d)*sqr
t(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(
x)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a**5*d**3*x - 6*sqrt(d)*sqrt
(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) + 2*sqrt(x
)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*c + 2*a*c*x + 2*a*d)*a**4*b*d**3 - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt
(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**5*d**4*x + 6*s
qrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**4*b
*c*d**3*x - 12*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))
/sqrt(b))*a**4*b*d**4 + 54*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt
(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b**2*c**2*d**2*x + 6*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*x + b)*log(
(sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**3*b**2*c*d**3 - 78*sqrt(a)*s
qrt(a*x + b)*log((sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(a))/sqrt(b))*a**2*b**3*c...
```

**3.44** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 287

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{b(5b^2c^2 - 6abcd + 6a^2d^2)}{3a^2c^2(bc - ad)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{b(bc - 2ad)(5b^2c^2 - abcd + a^2d^2)}{a^3c^2(bc - ad)^3 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} + \frac{d(bc - 2ad)}{ac^2(bc - ad) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} + \frac{x}{ac \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} - \frac{d^{7/2}(9bc - 4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{c^3(bc - ad)^{7/2}} - \frac{(5bc + 4ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}c^3}$$

output

```
1/3*b*(6*a^2*d^2-6*a*b*c*d+5*b^2*c^2)/a^2/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2)+
*(-2*a*d+b*c)*(a^2*d^2-a*b*c*d+5*b^2*c^2)/a^3/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(a+b/x)^(1/
2)+d*(-2*a*d+b*c)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)+x/a/c/(a+b/x)^(3/
2)/(c+d/x)-d^(7/2)*(-4*a*d+9*b*c)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(
1/2))/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^(7/2)-(4*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a
^(7/2)/c^3
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 305, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(-15b^5c^3(d+cx)+3a^5d^3x^2(2d+cx)+ab^4c^2(33d^2+13cdx-20c^2x^2))-3a^4bd^2x(-4d^2+cdx+3c^2x^2)}{a^3(-bc+ad)^3(b+ax)^2(d+cx)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^2), x]`

output

$$\frac{\left((c\sqrt{a + b/x})*x*(-15*b^5*c^3*(d + c*x) + 3*a^5*d^3*x^2*(2*d + c*x) + a*b^4*c^2*(33*d^2 + 13*c*d*x - 20*c^2*x^2) - 3*a^4*b*d^2*x*(-4*d^2 + c*d*x + 3*c^2*x^2) + a^2*b^3*c*(-9*d^3 + 35*c*d^2*x + 41*c^2*d*x^2 - 3*c^3*x^3) + 3*a^3*b^2*d*(2*d^3 - 5*c*d^2*x - 3*c^2*d*x^2 + 3*c^3*x^3)\right)/(a^3*(-(b*c) + a*d)^3*(b + a*x)^2*(d + c*x)) + (3*d^(7/2)*(-9*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTan[\sqrt{d}*\sqrt{a + b/x}]/\sqrt{b*c - a*d}]/(b*c - a*d)^(7/2) - (3*(5*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[\sqrt{a + b/x}/\sqrt{a}])/a^(7/2))/(3*c^3)}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 349, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.22, number of steps used = 14, number of rules used = 13,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.619$ , Rules used = {899, 114, 27, 168, 25, 169, 27, 169, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

↓ 899

$$- \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}$$

↓ 114

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{\int \frac{(5bc+4ad+\frac{7bd}{x})x}{2(a+\frac{b}{x})^{5/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} + \frac{x}{ac(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(5bc+4ad+\frac{7bd}{x})x}{(a+\frac{b}{x})^{5/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 168 \\
 & \frac{\frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int -\left(\frac{5bd(bc-2ad)}{x}+(bc-ad)(5bc+4ad)\right)x}{c(bc-ad)} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{5bd(bc-2ad)}{x}+(bc-ad)(5bc+4ad)\right)x}{(a+\frac{b}{x})^{5/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{\frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})(bc-ad)} + \frac{x}{ac(a+\frac{b}{x})^{3/2}(c+\frac{d}{x})}}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 169 \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{3\left(\frac{5bd(bc-2ad)}{x}+(bc-ad)(5bc+4ad)\right)x}{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{3a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \frac{\frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)}}{2ac} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2ac}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{5bd(bc-2ad)}{x}+(bc-ad)(5bc+4ad)\right)x}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \frac{\frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)}}{2ac} + \\
 & \quad \frac{2ac}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$



↓ 169

$$2 \int \frac{\left( (5bc+4ad)(bc-ad)^3 + \frac{bd(bc-2ad)(5b^2c^2-abdc+a^2d^2)}{x} \right) x}{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(bc-2ad)(a^2d^2-abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \quad 2ac$$

↓ 27

$$\int \frac{\left( (5bc+4ad)(bc-ad)^3 + \frac{bd(bc-2ad)(5b^2c^2-abdc+a^2d^2)}{x} \right) x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(bc-2ad)(a^2d^2-abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \quad 2ac$$

↓ 174

$$\frac{(bc-ad)^3(4ad+5bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{a^3d^4(9bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{2b(bc-2ad)(a^2d^2-abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \quad 2ac$$

↓ 73

$$\frac{2(bc-ad)^3(4ad+5bc) \int \frac{1}{\frac{1}{bx^2}-\frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - \frac{2a^3d^4(9bc-4ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}}}}{bc} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(bc-2ad)(a^2d^2-abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2d(bc-2ad)}{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \quad 2ac$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{\frac{2(bc-ad)^3(4ad+5bc) \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}} - 2a^3 d^{7/2}(9bc-4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{bc} - \frac{2b(bc-2ad)(a^2d^2-abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(bc-2ad)(a^2d^2-abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}}{c(a+\frac{b}{x})}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \quad 2ac$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{\frac{2a^3 d^{7/2}(9bc-4ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) - 2\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)(bc-ad)^3(4ad+5bc)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}} - \frac{2b(bc-2ad)(a^2d^2-abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(bc-2ad)(a^2d^2-abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}}{c(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(bc-2ad)(a^2d^2-abcd+5b^2c^2)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(6a^2d^2-6abcd+5b^2c^2)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}}{c(a+\frac{b}{x})}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} \quad 2ac$$

input `Int[1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^2), x]`

output `x/(a*c*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)) + ((2*d*(b*c - 2*a*d))/(c*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b/x)^(3/2)*(c + d/x)) + ((2*b*(5*b^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d + 6*a^2*d^2))/(3*a*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b/x)^(3/2)) + ((2*b*(b*c - 2*a*d)*(5*b^2*c^2 - a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x]) + ((-2*a^3*d^(7/2)*(9*b*c - 4*a*d))*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]])/(c*Sqrt[b*c - a*d]) - (2*(b*c - a*d)^3*(5*b*c + 4*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]])/(Sqrt[a]*c))/(a*(b*c - a*d)))/(a*(b*c - a*d))/(c*(b*c - a*d))/(2*a*c)`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`
- rule 73 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_), x_Symbol] := With[{p = Denominator[m]}, Simp[p/b Subst[Int[x^(p*(m + 1) - 1)*(c - a*(d/b) + d*(x^p/b))^n, x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/p)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && LeQ[-1, n, 0] && LeQ[Denominator[n], Denominator[m]] && IntLinearQ[a, b, c, d, m, n, x]`
- rule 114 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[a*d*f*(m + 1) - b*(d*e*(m + n + 2) + c*f*(m + p + 2)) - b*d*f*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1] && (IntegerQ[n] || IntegersQ[2*n, 2*p] || ILtQ[m + n + p + 3, 0])`
- rule 168 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_)*((g_.) + (h_.)*(x_)), x_] := Simp[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*Simp[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[m, -1]`

rule 169  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_))), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)}/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x\} \&\& \text{LtQ}\{m, -1\} \&\& \text{IntegersQ}\{2*m, 2*n, 2*p\}$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_. + (f_.)(x_)^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_)))/((a_. + (b_.)(x_) * (c_.) + (d_.)(x_)), x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x\}$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x\} \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x\} \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 664 vs.  $2(261) = 522$ .

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 665, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

method	result
risch	$\frac{ax+b}{a^3c^2\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}} - \frac{(4ad+5bc)\ln\left(\frac{\frac{b}{2}+\frac{ax}{\sqrt{a}}+\sqrt{ax^2+bx}}{\sqrt{a}}\right) + \frac{2c^2b^5\left(\frac{2\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2-b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}+4a\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2-b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}\right)}{3b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2} + \frac{4a\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)^2-b\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{3b^2\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}}{c\sqrt{a}} + \frac{2c^2b^5}{(ad-bc)^2a^2} + \frac{2a^3d^5}{c^2}\sqrt{a\left(x+\frac{b}{a}\right)}$
default	Expression too large to display

```
input int(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+1/x*d)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output 1/a^3/c^2*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)-1/2/c^2/a^3*((4*a*d+5*b*c)/c*ln((1/2*b
+a*x)/a^(1/2)+(a*x^2+b*x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)+2*c^2*b^5/(a*d-b*c)^2/a^2*(2/3/b/
(x+b/a)^2*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)+4/3*a/b^2/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(
x+b/a))^(1/2))+2/c^3*a^3*d^5/(a*d-b*c)^2*(-1/(a*d-b*c)/d*c^2/(x+1/c*d)*(a*
(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)-1/2*(2*a*d-b*c)
*c/(a*d-b*c)/d/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c
*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d
)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))-4*c^2*b^3*(5*a*d-3*b*c)/(a*d-b*c)^3/
a/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^(1/2)+2/c^2*a^3*d^4*(3*a*d-5*b*c)/(a*d-b
*c)^3/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d
)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^(1/2)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*
c)*d/c^2)^(1/2))/(x+1/c*d))/x/((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*(x*(a*x+b))^(1/2)
```

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 947 vs. 2(261) = 522.

Time = 1.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3856, normalized size of antiderivative = 13.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} (cx + d)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(5/2)/(c+d/x)**2,x)`

output `Integral(x**2/((a + b/x)**(5/2)*(c*x + d)**2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^2), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 924 vs.  $2(261) = 522$ .

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 924, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/6*(54*a^(7/2)*b*c*d^4*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 24*a^(9/2)
*d^5*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 15*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*b^4*c^
4*log(abs(b)) + 33*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b^3*c^3*d*log(abs(b)) - 9*sqrt(b*
c*d - a*d^2)*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*log(abs(b)) - 21*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*b*c*
d^3*log(abs(b)) + 12*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^4*d^4*log(abs(b)) - 28*sqrt(b*c
*d - a*d^2)*b^4*c^4 + 52*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*sqrt(b*c*d -
a*d^2)*a^4*d^4)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(7/2)*b^3*c^6 - 3*sqrt(b*c*d
- a*d^2)*a^(9/2)*b^2*c^5*d + 3*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(11/2)*b*c^4*d^2 - s
qrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(13/2)*c^3*d^3) + (9*b*c*d^4 - 4*a*d^5)*arctan(-((sqr
t(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2))/((b^3*c^6*
sgn(x) - 3*a*b^2*c^5*d*sgn(x) + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^2*sgn(x) - a^3*c^3*d^3*sgn(x)
))*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + ((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*b*c*d^4 - 2*(sq
rt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a*d^5 - sqrt(a)*b*d^5)/((b^3*c^6*sgn(x) - 3*a
*b^2*c^5*d*sgn(x) + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^2*sgn(x) - a^3*c^3*d^3*sgn(x))*((sqrt(a)
*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*c + 2*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqrt(a)*d
+ b*d)) + 2/3*(9*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a*b^5*c - 15*(sqrt(a)*x
- sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^2*b^4*d + 15*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*sqr
t(a)*b^6*c - 27*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*a^(3/2)*b^5*d + 7*b^7*c -
13*a*b^6*d)/((a^(7/2)*b^3*c^3*sgn(x) - 3*a^(9/2)*b^2*c^2*d*sgn(x) + 3*a^(1
1/2)*b*c*d^2*sgn(x) - a^(13/2)*d^3*sgn(x))*((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 5789, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.17

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^2),x)`

output

```
((2*b^3)/(3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)) + (10*b^3*(a + b/x)*(2*a*d - b*c))/(3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)^2) - (b*(a + b/x)^2*(6*a^4*d^4 + 15*b^4*c^4 + 64*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 58*a*b^3*c^3*d - 12*a^3*b*c*d^3))/(3*c^2*(a^2*d - a*b*c)^3) + (b*(a + b/x)^3*(2*a*d - b*c)*(a^2*d^3 + 5*b^2*c^2*d - a*b*c*d^2))/(c^2*(a^2*d - a*b*c)^3))/(d*(a + b/x)^(7/2) + (a + b/x)^(3/2)*(a^2*d - a*b*c) - (a + b/x)^(5/2)*(2*a*d - b*c)) + (atan((a^15*b^19*c^19*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*125i + a^17*b^17*c^17*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*10440i - a^18*b^16*c^16*d^3*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*37776i + a^19*b^15*c^15*d^4*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*87276i - a^20*b^14*c^14*d^5*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*126720i + a^21*b^13*c^13*d^6*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*91560i + a^22*b^12*c^12*d^7*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*40965i - a^23*b^11*c^11*d^8*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*184563i + a^24*b^10*c^10*d^9*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*212608i - a^25*b^9*c^9*d^10*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*107740i - a^26*b^8*c^8*d^11*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*19530i + a^27*b^7*c^7*d^12*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*71070i - a^28*b^6*c^6*d^13*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*52836i + a^29*b^5*c^5*d^14*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*20916i - a^30*b^4*c^4*d^15*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*4515i + a^31*b^3*c^3*d^16*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*420i - a^16*b^18*c^18*d*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*1700i)/(a^7*(a^7)^(1/2)*(a^7*(a^7*(212608*b^10*c^10*d^9 - 107740*a*b^9*c^9*d^10 - 19530*a^2*b^8*c^8*d^11 + 71070*a^3*b^7*c^7*d^12 - 52836*a^4*b^6*c^6*d^13 + 20916*a^5*b^5*c^5*d^14 - 4515*a^6*b^4*c^4*d^15 + 420*a^7*b^3*c^3*d^16) + 10440*b^17*c^17*d^2 - 37776*a*b^16*c^16*d^3 + 87276*a^2*b^15*c^15*d^4 - 126720*a^3*b^14*c^14*d^5 + 91560*a^4*b^13*c^13*d^6 + ...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.75 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4057, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.14

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^2,x)`



output

```
(96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt
(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a
))*a**7*c*d**5*x**2 + 96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)
*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + s
qrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**7*d**6*x - 192*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d -
b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) -
2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**6*b*c**2*d**4*x**2 - 96*sqrt(d)
)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)
)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**6*b*
c*d**5*x + 96*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x +
b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt
(c)*sqrt(a))*a**6*b*d**6 - 54*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sq
rt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c
) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*b**2*c**3*d**3*x**2 - 246*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a
*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)
)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*b**2*c**2*
d**4*x - 192*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x +
b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(
c)*sqrt(a))*a**5*b**2*c*d**5 - 54*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*lo
g(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*...
```

**3.45** 
$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	489
Mathematica [A] (verified)	490
Rubi [A] (verified)	491
Maple [B] (verified)	497
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Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	500
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	500

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 409

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = & \frac{b(20b^3c^3 - 36ab^2c^2d + 87a^2bcd^2 - 36a^3d^3)}{12a^2c^3(bc - ad)^3 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}} \\ & + \frac{b(20b^4c^4 - 56ab^3c^3d + 24a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 35a^3bcd^3 + 12a^4d^4)}{4a^3c^3(bc - ad)^4 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}} \\ & + \frac{d(2bc - 3ad)}{2ac^2(bc - ad) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} + \frac{d(4b^2c^2 - 23abcd + 12a^2d^2)}{4ac^3(bc - ad)^2 \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)} \\ & + \frac{x}{ac \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} - \frac{d^{7/2}(99b^2c^2 - 88abcd + 24a^2d^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc - ad}}\right)}{4c^4(bc - ad)^{9/2}} \\ & - \frac{(5bc + 6ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{a^{7/2}c^4} \end{aligned}$$

output

```
1/12*b*(-36*a^3*d^3+87*a^2*b*c*d^2-36*a*b^2*c^2*d+20*b^3*c^3)/a^2/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^3/(a+b/x)^(3/2)+1/4*b*(12*a^4*d^4-35*a^3*b*c*d^3+24*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2-56*a*b^3*c^3*d+20*b^4*c^4)/a^3/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^4/(a+b/x)^(1/2)+1/2*d*(-3*a*d+2*b*c)/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2+1/4*d*(12*a^2*d^2-23*a*b*c*d+4*b^2*c^2)/a/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^2/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)+x/a/c/(a+b/x)^(3/2)/(c+d/x)^2-1/4*d^(7/2)*(24*a^2*d^2-88*a*b*c*d+99*b^2*c^2)*arctan(d^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/(-a*d+b*c)^(1/2))/c^4/(-a*d+b*c)^(9/2)-(6*a*d+5*b*c)*arctanh((a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2))/a^(7/2)/c^4
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 404, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \frac{c\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(60b^6c^4(d+cx)^2+8ab^5c^3(d+cx)^2(-21d+10cx)+6a^6d^4x^2(6d^2+9cdx+2c^2x^2)+4a^2b^4c^2(d+cx)^2)}{\dots}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^3),x]
```

output

```
((c*Sqrt[a + b/x]*x*(60*b^6*c^4*(d + c*x)^2 + 8*a*b^5*c^3*(d + c*x)^2*(-21*d + 10*c*x) + 6*a^6*d^4*x^2*(6*d^2 + 9*c*d*x + 2*c^2*x^2) + 4*a^2*b^4*c^2*(d + c*x)^2*(18*d^2 - 56*c*d*x + 3*c^2*x^2) + 3*a^5*b*d^3*x*(24*d^3 + c*d^2*x - 45*c^2*d*x^2 - 16*c^3*x^3) + 6*a^4*b^2*d^2*(6*d^4 - 26*c*d^3*x - 39*c^2*d^2*x^2 + 8*c^3*d*x^3 + 12*c^4*x^4) - 3*a^3*b^3*c*d*(35*d^4 + 5*c*d^3*x - 64*c^2*d^2*x^2 - 16*c^3*d*x^3 + 16*c^4*x^4)))/(a^3*(b*c - a*d)^4*(b + a*x)^2*(d + c*x)^2) - (3*d^(7/2)*(99*b^2*c^2 - 88*a*b*c*d + 24*a^2*d^2)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/Sqrt[b*c - a*d]]/(b*c - a*d)^(9/2) - (12*(5*b*c + 6*a*d)*ArcTanh[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[a]]/a^(7/2))/(12*c^4)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 477, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.17, number of steps used = 16, number of rules used = 15,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.714$ , Rules used = {899, 114, 27, 168, 25, 168, 27, 169, 27, 169, 27, 174, 73, 218, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\
 & - \int \frac{x^2}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{114} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(5bc+6ad+\frac{9bd}{x})x}{2\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} + \frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{(5bc+6ad+\frac{9bd}{x})x}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^3} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{168} \\
 & \frac{\frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2(bc-ad)}}{2ac} - \frac{\int -\frac{\left(\frac{7bd(2bc-3ad)}{x}+2(bc-ad)(5bc+6ad)\right)x}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)}}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{\left(\frac{7bd(2bc-3ad)}{x}+2(bc-ad)(5bc+6ad)\right)x}{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)}}{2ac} + \frac{\frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2(bc-ad)}}{2ac} + \frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{168}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{d(12a^2d^2 - 23abcd + 4b^2c^2)}{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} - \frac{\int \frac{\left(4(5bc+6ad)(bc-ad)^2 + \frac{5bd(4b^2c^2 - 23abdc + 12a^2d^2)}{x}\right)x}{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)c(bc-ad)} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2(bc-ad)} +$$

$$\frac{2ac}{ac\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\left(4(5bc+6ad)(bc-ad)^2 + \frac{5bd(4b^2c^2 - 23abdc + 12a^2d^2)}{x}\right)x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)2c(bc-ad)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{d(12a^2d^2 - 23abcd + 4b^2c^2)}{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(2bc-3ad)}{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2(bc-ad)} +$$

$$\frac{2ac}{ac\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

↓ 169

$$2 \int \frac{3\left(4(5bc+6ad)(bc-ad)^3 + \frac{bd(20b^3c^3 - 36ab^2dc^2 + 87a^2bd^2c - 36a^3d^3)}{x}\right)x}{2\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)3a(bc-ad)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(-36a^3d^3 + 87a^2bcd^2 - 36ab^2c^2d + 20b^3c^3)}{3a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(12a^2d^2 - 23abcd + 4b^2c^2)}{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \quad 2ac$$

↓ 27

$$\frac{\int \frac{\left(4(5bc+6ad)(bc-ad)^3 + \frac{bd(20b^3c^3 - 36ab^2dc^2 + 87a^2bd^2c - 36a^3d^3)}{x}\right)x}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)a(bc-ad)} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(-36a^3d^3 + 87a^2bcd^2 - 36ab^2c^2d + 20b^3c^3)}{3a\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)}}{2c(bc-ad)} + \frac{d(12a^2d^2 - 23abcd + 4b^2c^2)}{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} +$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2} \quad 2ac$$

↓ 169

$$2 \int \frac{\left(4(5bc+6ad)(bc-ad)^4 + \frac{bd(20b^4c^4 - 56ab^3dc^3 + 24a^2b^2d^2c^2 - 35a^3bd^3c + 12a^4d^4)}{x}\right) x}{\frac{2\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}{a(bc-ad)}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(12a^4d^4 - 35a^3bcd^3 + 24a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 56ab^3c^3d + 20b^4c^4)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(-36a^4d^4 + 12a^3bd^3c - 12a^2b^2cd^2 + 3a^3bd^3c - 12a^4d^4)}{2c(bc-ad)}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

27

$$\int \frac{\left(4(5bc+6ad)(bc-ad)^4 + \frac{bd(20b^4c^4 - 56ab^3dc^3 + 24a^2b^2d^2c^2 - 35a^3bd^3c + 12a^4d^4)}{x}\right) x}{\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)}{a(bc-ad)}} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2b(12a^4d^4 - 35a^3bcd^3 + 24a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 56ab^3c^3d + 20b^4c^4)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(-36a^4d^4 + 12a^3bd^3c - 12a^2b^2cd^2 + 3a^3bd^3c - 12a^4d^4)}{2c(bc-ad)}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

174

$$\frac{4(bc-ad)^4(6ad+5bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{a^3d^4(24a^2d^2 - 88abcd + 99b^2c^2)}{c} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)} d\frac{1}{x}}{a(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(12a^4d^4 - 35a^3bcd^3 + 24a^2b^2c^2d^2 - 56ab^3c^3d + 20b^4c^4)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(-36a^4d^4 + 12a^3bd^3c - 12a^2b^2cd^2 + 3a^3bd^3c - 12a^4d^4)}{2c(bc-ad)}$$

$$\frac{x}{ac\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

73

$$\frac{8(bc-ad)^4(6ad+5bc) \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{2a^3d^4(24a^2d^2-88abcd+99b^2c^2) \int \frac{1}{c-\frac{ad}{b}+\frac{d}{bx^2}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} + \frac{2b(12a^4d^4-35a^3bcd^3+24a^2b^2c^2d^2-56ab^3c^3d+20b^4c^4)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{a(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{2c(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{2c(bc-ad)}$$

2ac

$$\frac{x}{ac \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

↓ 218

$$\frac{8(bc-ad)^4(6ad+5bc) \int \frac{1}{bx^2 - \frac{a}{b}} d\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{bc} - \frac{2a^3d^{7/2}(24a^2d^2-88abcd+99b^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad}} + \frac{2b(12a^4d^4-35a^3bcd^3+24a^2b^2c^2d^2-56ab^3c^3d+20b^4c^4)}{a\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{a(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{2c(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{2c(bc-ad)}$$

2ac

$$\frac{x}{ac \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

↓ 221

$$\frac{d(12a^2d^2-23abcd+4b^2c^2)}{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)(bc-ad)} + \frac{2b(-36a^3d^3+87a^2bcd^2-36ab^2c^2d+20b^3c^3)}{3a\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}(bc-ad)} + \frac{2a^3d^{7/2}(24a^2d^2-88abcd+99b^2c^2) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{bc-ad}}\right) \operatorname{sarctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}}\right)}{c\sqrt{bc-ad} a(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{2c(bc-ad)}$$


---


$$\frac{\hspace{15em}}{2c(bc-ad)}$$

2ac

$$\frac{x}{ac \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^2}$$

input Int[1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)\*(c + d/x)^3), x]

output

$$\begin{aligned} & x/(a*c*(a + b/x)^{(3/2)}*(c + d/x)^2) + ((d*(2*b*c - 3*a*d))/(c*(b*c - a*d)* \\ & (a + b/x)^{(3/2)}*(c + d/x)^2) + ((d*(4*b^2*c^2 - 23*a*b*c*d + 12*a^2*d^2))/ \\ & (c*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b/x)^{(3/2)}*(c + d/x)) + ((2*b*(20*b^3*c^3 - 36*a*b^2*c \\ & ^2*d + 87*a^2*b*c*d^2 - 36*a^3*d^3))/(3*a*(b*c - a*d)*(a + b/x)^{(3/2)}) + ( \\ & (2*b*(20*b^4*c^4 - 56*a*b^3*c^3*d + 24*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 35*a^3*b*c*d^3 + \\ & 12*a^4*d^4))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]) + ((-2*a^3*d^{(7/2)}*(99*b^2*c^2 \\ & - 88*a*b*c*d + 24*a^2*d^2)*\text{ArcTan}[(\text{Sqrt}[d]*\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x])/\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]] \\ & ))/(c*\text{Sqrt}[b*c - a*d]) - (8*(b*c - a*d)^4*(5*b*c + 6*a*d)*\text{ArcTanh}[\text{Sqrt}[a + \\ & b/x]/\text{Sqrt}[a]])/(\text{Sqrt}[a]*c))/((a*(b*c - a*d)))/(a*(b*c - a*d)))/(2*c*(b*c - \\ & a*d)))/(2*c*(b*c - a*d)))/(2*a*c) \end{aligned}$$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

$$\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x]$$

rule 27

$$\text{Int}[(a_)*(\text{Fx}_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, x], x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (b_)*(Gx_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[b, x]$$

rule 73

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[ \\ & \{p = \text{Denominator}[m]\}, \text{Simp}[p/b \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(p*(m+1)-1)}*(c - a*(d/b) + \\ & d*(x^p/b))^{(n)}, x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/p)}, x]] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{Lt} \\ & \text{Q}[-1, m, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[-1, n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LeQ}[\text{Denominator}[n], \text{Denominator}[m]] \ \&\& \ \text{IntL} \\ & \text{inearQ}[a, b, c, d, m, n, x] \end{aligned}$$

rule 114

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Int}[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^{(m_)}*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^{(n_)}*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^{(p_)}, x_] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[b*(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n+1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p+1)} \\ & )/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m+1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e \\ & - a*f)) \quad \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m+1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[a*d*f*(m+1) \\ & - b*(d*e*(m+n+2) + c*f*(m+p+2)) - b*d*f*(m+n+p+3)*x, x], x], \\ & x] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[m, -1] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[n] \ || \\ & \ \text{IntegersQ}[2*n, 2*p] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[m+n+p+3, 0]) \end{aligned}$$



rule 168  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_.))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_.))^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_.))^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_.)), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[m, -1]$

rule 169  $\text{Int}[(a_. + (b_.)(x_.))^{(m_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_.))^{(n_.)}((e_.) + (f_.)(x_.))^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_.)), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)*(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^{(n + 1)}*((e + f*x)^{(p + 1)})/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + \text{Simp}[1/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)}*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p*\text{Simp}[(a*d*f*g - b*(d*e + c*f)*g + b*c*e*h)*(m + 1) - (b*g - a*h)*(d*e*(n + 1) + c*f*(p + 1)) - d*f*(b*g - a*h)*(m + n + p + 3)*x, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{LtQ}[m, -1] \&\& \text{IntegersQ}[2*m, 2*n, 2*p]$

rule 174  $\text{Int}[(e_. + (f_.)(x_.))^{(p_.)}((g_.) + (h_.)(x_.))]/((a_.) + (b_.)(x_.))*((c_.) + (d_.)(x_.)), x_] := \text{Simp}[(b*g - a*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(a + b*x), x], x] - \text{Simp}[(d*g - c*h)/(b*c - a*d) \text{Int}[(e + f*x)^p/(c + d*x), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h\}, x]$

rule 218  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTan}[x/\text{Rt}[a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{PosQ}[a/b]$

rule 221  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_.)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] := \text{Simp}[(\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]/a)*\text{ArcTanh}[x/\text{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \text{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\text{Int}[(a_.) + (b_.)(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(p_.)}((c_.) + (d_.)(x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}, x\_Symbol] := -\text{Subst}[\text{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1137 vs.  $2(373) = 746$ .

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1138, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.78

method	result	size
risch	Expression too large to display	1138
default	Expression too large to display	7300

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+1/x*d)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & 1/a^3/c^3*(a*x+b)/((a*x+b)/x)^{(1/2)}+(-3/a^{(5/2)}/c^4*\ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^{(1/2)} \\ & +(a*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)})*d-5/2/a^{(7/2)}/c^3*\ln((1/2*b+a*x)/a^{(1/2)}+(a*x^2+b*x)^{(1/2)}) \\ & *b+2/3/a^5*b^5/(a*d-b*c)^3/(x+b/a)^2*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^{(1/2)}+4/ \\ & 3/a^4*b^4/(a*d-b*c)^3/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^{(1/2)}-1/2/c^5*d^5/(a \\ & *d-b*c)^3/(x+1/c*d)^2*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c \\ & ^2)^{(1/2)}+5/2*a/c^4*d^5/(a*d-b*c)^4/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c \\ & *(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}-21/4/c^3*d^4/(a*d-b*c)^4/(x+1/c*d)*(a*(x \\ & +1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*b-7/2*a^2/c^5*d^6 \\ & /(a*d-b*c)^4/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*( \\ & x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+ \\ & (a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+1/c*d))+23/2*a/c^4*d^5/(a*d-b*c)^4/((a*d-b*c)*d \\ & /c^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c \\ & ^2)^{(1/2)}*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)})/( \\ & x+1/c*d))*b-99/8/c^3*d^4/(a*d-b*c)^4/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*d-b* \\ & c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2- \\ & (2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d)+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+1/c*d))*b^2+1/2*a/c^5*d \\ & ^5/(a*d-b*c)^3/((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*\ln((2*(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c \\ & *(x+1/c*d)+2*((a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)}*(a*(x+1/c*d)^2-(2*a*d-b*c)/c*(x+1/c*d \\ & )+(a*d-b*c)*d/c^2)^{(1/2)})/(x+1/c*d))-12/a^3*b^4/(a*d-b*c)^4/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+ \\ & b/a)^2-b*(x+b/a))^{(1/2)}*d+6/a^4*c*b^5/(a*d-b*c)^4/(x+b/a)*(a*(x+b/a)^2-... \end{aligned}$$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1518 vs.  $2(373) = 746$ .

Time = 5.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6140, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.01

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Too large to include

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)**(5/2)/(c+d/x)**3,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^3), x)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1336 vs.  $2(373) = 746$ .

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1336, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.27

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
1/12*(297*a^(7/2)*b^2*c^2*d^4*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 264*
a^(9/2)*b*c*d^5*arctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 72*a^(11/2)*d^6*ar
ctan(sqrt(a)*d/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) - 30*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*b^5*c^5*log(a
bs(b)) + 84*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b^4*c^4*d*log(abs(b)) - 36*sqrt(b*c*d -
a*d^2)*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2*log(abs(b)) - 96*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^
3*log(abs(b)) + 114*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^4*b*c*d^4*log(abs(b)) - 36*sqrt(
b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^5*d^5*log(abs(b)) - 56*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*b^5*c^5 + 128*
sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a*b^4*c^4*d + 63*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^4*b*c*d^4 - 30*
sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^5*d^5)*sgn(x)/(sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(7/2)*b^4*c^8 -
4*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(9/2)*b^3*c^7*d + 6*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(11/2)*
b^2*c^6*d^2 - 4*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)*a^(13/2)*b*c^5*d^3 + sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^
2)*a^(15/2)*c^4*d^4) + 1/4*(99*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 88*a*b*c*d^5 + 24*a^2*d^6)*ar
ctan(-((sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*c + sqrt(a)*d)/sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2))
/((b^4*c^8*sgn(x) - 4*a*b^3*c^7*d*sgn(x) + 6*a^2*b^2*c^6*d^2*sgn(x) - 4*a^
3*b*c^5*d^3*sgn(x) + a^4*c^4*d^4*sgn(x))*sqrt(b*c*d - a*d^2)) + 1/4*(21*(s
qrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*b^2*c^3*d^4 - 56*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 +
b*x))^3*a*b*c^2*d^5 + 24*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^3*a^2*c*d^6 + 15
*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*sqrt(a)*b^2*c^2*d^5 - 88*(sqrt(a)*x - s
qrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2*a^(3/2)*b*c*d^6 + 40*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))^2
*a^(5/2)*d^7 + 19*(sqrt(a)*x - sqrt(a*x^2 + b*x))*b^3*c^2*d^5 - 92*(sqr...
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 8.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4284, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.47

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(c + d/x)^3),x)`

output

```
((2*b^4)/(3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)) + (2*b^4*(a + b/x)*(12*a*d - 5*b*c))/(3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)^2) + (b*(a + b/x)^2*(36*a^5*d^5 - 60*b^5*c^5 - 456*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^2 + 120*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^3 + 308*a*b^4*c^4*d - 123*a^4*b*c*d^4))/(12*a^2*c^3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)*(a*d - b*c)^2) + (b*(a + b/x)^4*(12*a^4*d^6 + 20*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 56*a*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 24*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 35*a^3*b*c*d^5))/(4*a^2*c^3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)*(a*d - b*c)^3) - (b*(a + b/x)^3*(72*a^5*d^6 - 120*b^5*c^5*d + 496*a*b^4*c^4*d^2 - 592*a^2*b^3*c^3*d^3 + 303*a^3*b^2*c^2*d^4 - 264*a^4*b*c*d^5))/(12*a^2*c^3*(a^2*d - a*b*c)*(a*d - b*c)^3))/((a + b/x)^(5/2)*(3*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2 - 4*a*b*c*d) - (a + b/x)^(7/2)*(3*a*d^2 - 2*b*c*d) + d^2*(a + b/x)^(9/2) - (a + b/x)^(3/2)*(a^3*d^2 + a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d) + (atan((a^15*b^24*c^24*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*2000i + a^17*b^22*c^22*d^2*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*277440i - a^18*b^21*c^21*d^3*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*1325984i + a^19*b^20*c^20*d^4*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*4135824i - a^20*b^19*c^19*d^5*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*8371440i + a^21*b^18*c^18*d^6*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*9129120i + a^22*b^17*c^17*d^7*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*3058605i - a^23*b^16*c^16*d^8*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*32337558i + a^24*b^15*c^15*d^9*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*63677218i - a^25*b^14*c^14*d^10*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*66665280i + a^26*b^13*c^13*d^11*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*24871035i + a^27*b^12*c^12*d^12*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*40203170i - a^28*b^11*c^11*d^13*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*85652532i + a^29*b^10*c^10*d^14*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*88170192i - a^30*b^9*c^9*d^15*(a + b/x)^(1/2)*60362445i + a^31*b^8*c^8*d^16*(a + b/x)^(1/2)...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 12.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 7135, normalized size of antiderivative = 17.44

$$\int \frac{1}{\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{5/2} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int(1/(a+b/x)^(5/2)/(c+d/x)^3,x)`

output

```
(576*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**8*c**2*d**6*x**3 + 1152*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**8*c*d**7*x**2 + 576*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**8*d**8*x - 2184*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**7*b*c**3*d**5*x**3 - 3792*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**7*b*c**2*d**6*x**2 - 1032*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**7*b*c*d**7*x + 576*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**7*b*d**8 + 2640*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*d - b*c) - 2*a*d + b*c) + sqrt(x)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a))*a**6*b**2*c**4*d**4*x**3 + 3096*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*sqrt(a*d - b*c)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(a*...
```

**3.46**  $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$

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**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} x + \frac{(bc + ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}} - 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)$$

output

$$(a+b/x)^{(1/2)}*(c+d/x)^{(1/2)}*x+(a*d+b*c)*\operatorname{arctanh}(c^{(1/2)}*(a+b/x)^{(1/2)}/a^{(1/2)}/(c+d/x)^{(1/2)})/a^{(1/2)}/c^{(1/2)}-2*b^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/2)}*\operatorname{arctanh}(d^{(1/2)}*(a+b/x)^{(1/2)}/b^{(1/2)}/(c+d/x)^{(1/2)})$$

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 176, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.43

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} x \left( (bc + ad) \sqrt{b + ax} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+cx}}{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b+ax}}\right) + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{c} \left( (b + ax) \sqrt{d + cx} - 2\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d}\sqrt{b + ax} \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{b+ax}}{\sqrt{b}\sqrt{d+cx}}\right) \right) \right)}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}(b + ax)\sqrt{d + cx}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x]*Sqrt[c + d/x],x]`

output  $(\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x] * \text{Sqrt}[c + d/x] * x * ((b*c + a*d) * \text{Sqrt}[b + a*x] * \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[d + c*x]) / (\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Sqrt}[b + a*x])] + \text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * ((b + a*x) * \text{Sqrt}[d + c*x] - 2 * \text{Sqrt}[b] * \text{Sqrt}[d] * \text{Sqrt}[b + a*x] * \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[b] * \text{Sqrt}[d + c*x]) / (\text{Sqrt}[d] * \text{Sqrt}[b + a*x])])))) / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[c] * (b + a*x) * \text{Sqrt}[d + c*x])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.05, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {899, 108, 27, 175, 66, 104, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 899 \\
 & - \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 108 \\
 & x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \int \frac{(bc + ad + \frac{2bd}{x}) x}{2 \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 27 \\
 & x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{(bc + ad + \frac{2bd}{x}) x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d \frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 175 \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left( -2bd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d \frac{1}{x} - (ad + bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d \frac{1}{x} \right) + x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 66
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} \left( -4bd \int \frac{1}{b - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - (ad + bc) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d \frac{1}{x} \right) + x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 104 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( -2(ad + bc) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c}{x^2} - a} d \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - 4bd \int \frac{1}{b - \frac{d}{x^2}} d \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right) + x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 221 \\
& \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{2(ad + bc) \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c}} - 4\sqrt{b} \sqrt{d} \operatorname{arctanh} \left( \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{b} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right) \right) + x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x]*Sqrt[c + d/x],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b/x]*Sqrt[c + d/x]*x + ((2*(b*c + a*d)*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d/x])])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]) - 4*Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[d]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(Sqrt[b]*Sqrt[c + d/x])])/2`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 66 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)]), x_Symbol] := Simp[2 Subst[Int[1/(b - d*x^2), x], x, Sqrt[a + b*x]/Sqrt[c + d*x]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && !GtQ[c - a*(d/b), 0]`



input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+1/x*d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*x*((c*x+d)/x)^(1/2)*(2*b*d*ln((a*d*x+b*c*x+2*(b*d)^(1/2))*((a*x+b)*(c*x+d))^(1/2)+2*b*d)/x)*(a*c)^(1/2)-ln(1/2*(2*a*c*x+2*((a*x+b)*(c*x+d))^(1/2)*(a*c)^(1/2)+a*d+b*c)/(a*c)^(1/2))*(b*d)^(1/2)*a*d-ln(1/2*(2*a*c*x+2*((a*x+b)*(c*x+d))^(1/2)*(a*c)^(1/2)+a*d+b*c)/(a*c)^(1/2))*(b*d)^(1/2)*b*c-2*((a*x+b)*(c*x+d))^(1/2)*(a*c)^(1/2)*(b*d)^(1/2)/((a*x+b)*(c*x+d))^(1/2)/(a*c)^(1/2)/(b*d)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 824, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.70

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + 2*sqrt(b*d)*a*c*log(-(8*b^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*b*d*x + (b*c + a*d)*x^2)*sqrt(b*d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/x^2) + sqrt(a*c)*(b*c + a*d)*log(-8*a^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 - 4*(2*a*c*x^2 + (b*c + a*d)*x)*sqrt(a*c)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) - 8*(a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d*x))/(a*c), 1/4*(4*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + 4*sqrt(-b*d)*a*c*arctan(2*sqrt(-b*d)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*b*d + (b*c + a*d)*x)) + sqrt(a*c)*(b*c + a*d)*log(-8*a^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 - 4*(2*a*c*x^2 + (b*c + a*d)*x)*sqrt(a*c)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) - 8*(a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d*x))/(a*c), 1/2*(2*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + sqrt(b*d)*a*c*log(-(8*b^2*d^2 + (b^2*c^2 + 6*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^2 - 4*(2*b*d*x + (b*c + a*d)*x^2)*sqrt(b*d)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + 8*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x)/x^2) - sqrt(-a*c)*(b*c + a*d)*arctan(2*sqrt(-a*c)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*a*c*x + b*c + a*d)))/(a*c), 1/2*(2*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) + 2*sqrt(-b*d)*a*c*arctan(2*sqrt(-b*d)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*b*d + (b*c + a*d)*x)) - sqrt(-a*c)*(b*c + a*d)*arctan(2*sqrt(-a*c)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*a*c*x + b*c + a*d)))/(a*c)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2)*(c+d/x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b/x)*sqrt(c + d/x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x)*sqrt(c + d/x), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x)*sqrt(c + d/x), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 22.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 4674, normalized size of antiderivative = 38.00

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(1/2)*(c + d/x)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
atan(((b*d)^(1/2)*(2*(b*d)^(1/2)*(2*(b*d)^(1/2)*(2*(b*d)^(1/2)*((2*(4*a^(9/2)*b^9*c^(19/2) - 4*a^(13/2)*b^7*c^(15/2)*d^2 - 4*a^(15/2)*b^6*c^(13/2)*d^3 + 4*a^(19/2)*b^4*c^(9/2)*d^5)))/(a^7*c^7*d^9) - ((a + b/x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))*(32*a^4*b^9*c^10 - 120*a^5*b^8*c^9*d + 288*a^6*b^7*c^8*d^2 - 400*a^7*b^6*c^7*d^3 + 288*a^8*b^5*c^6*d^4 - 120*a^9*b^4*c^5*d^5 + 32*a^10*b^3*c^4*d^6))/(2*a^7*c^7*d^9*((c + d/x)^(1/2) - c^(1/2)))) - (2*(8*a^5*b^9*c^9*d + 16*a^6*b^8*c^8*d^2 - 48*a^7*b^7*c^7*d^3 + 16*a^8*b^6*c^6*d^4 + 8*a^9*b^5*c^5*d^5))/(a^7*c^7*d^9) + (((a + b/x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))*(16*a^(7/2)*b^10*c^(21/2) - 76*a^(9/2)*b^9*c^(19/2)*d + 228*a^(11/2)*b^8*c^(17/2)*d^2 - 168*a^(13/2)*b^7*c^(15/2)*d^3 - 168*a^(15/2)*b^6*c^(13/2)*d^4 + 228*a^(17/2)*b^5*c^(11/2)*d^5 - 76*a^(19/2)*b^4*c^(9/2)*d^6 + 16*a^(21/2)*b^3*c^(7/2)*d^7))/(2*a^7*c^7*d^9*((c + d/x)^(1/2) - c^(1/2)))) - (2*(a^(7/2)*b^11*c^(21/2) + 16*a^(9/2)*b^10*c^(19/2)*d - 42*a^(11/2)*b^9*c^(17/2)*d^2 + 25*a^(13/2)*b^8*c^(15/2)*d^3 + 25*a^(15/2)*b^7*c^(13/2)*d^4 - 42*a^(17/2)*b^6*c^(11/2)*d^5 + 16*a^(19/2)*b^5*c^(9/2)*d^6 + a^(21/2)*b^4*c^(7/2)*d^7))/(a^7*c^7*d^9) + (((a + b/x)^(1/2) - a^(1/2))*(146*a^4*b^10*c^10*d - 556*a^5*b^9*c^9*d^2 + 1006*a^6*b^8*c^8*d^3 - 1192*a^7*b^7*c^7*d^4 + 1006*a^8*b^6*c^6*d^5 - 556*a^9*b^5*c^5*d^6 + 146*a^10*b^4*c^4*d^7))/(2*a^7*c^7*d^9*((c + d/x)^(1/2) - c^(1/2)))) + (2*(2*a^4*b^11*c^10*d + 8*a^5*b^10*c^9*d^2 - 2*a^6*b^9*c^8*d^3 - 16*a^7*b^8*c^7*d^4 - 2*a^8*b^7*c^6*d^5 + 8*a^9*b^6*c^5*d^6 ...
```

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.92

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cx+d}\sqrt{ax+b}ac + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx+d}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)ad + \sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx+d}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)bc + \sqrt{d}\sqrt{b}l}{}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^(1/2),x)`

output `(sqrt(c*x + d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*c + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d))/sqrt(a*d - b*c))*a*d + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d))/sqrt(a*d - b*c))*b*c + sqrt(d)*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d) - sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a) + a*d + b*c))*a*c + sqrt(d)*sqrt(b)*log(sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d) + sqrt(2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a) + a*d + b*c))*a*c - sqrt(d)*sqrt(b)*log(2*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d)*sqrt(a*x + b) + 2*sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*sqrt(b)*sqrt(a) + 2*a*c*x)*a*c)/(a*c)`

**3.47** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx$$

Optimal result	510
Mathematica [A] (verified)	510
Rubi [A] (verified)	511
Maple [B] (verified)	512
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	513
Sympy [F]	514
Maxima [F]	514
Giac [F]	514
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	515
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	516

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{c} + \frac{(bc - ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}}$$

output

```
(a+b/x)^(1/2)*(c+d/x)^(1/2)*x/c+(-a*d+b*c)*arctanh(c^(1/2)*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(3/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.40

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{d + cx} \left( \frac{\sqrt{b+ax} \sqrt{d+cx}}{c} + \frac{(bc-ad) \operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{d+cx}}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{b+ax}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \sqrt{b + ax}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x]/Sqrt[c + d/x], x]
```

output

$$\frac{(\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x] * \text{Sqrt}[d + c*x] * ((\text{Sqrt}[b + a*x] * \text{Sqrt}[d + c*x])/c + ((b*c - a*d) * \text{ArcTanh}[(\text{Sqrt}[a] * \text{Sqrt}[d + c*x])/(\text{Sqrt}[c] * \text{Sqrt}[b + a*x])]) / (\text{Sqrt}[a] * c^{(3/2)})) / (\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x] * \text{Sqrt}[b + a*x])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.174$ , Rules used = {899, 105, 104, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 899 \\ & - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x} x^2}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 105 \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{c} - \frac{(bc - ad) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 104 \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{c} - \frac{(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{\frac{c}{x^2} - a} d\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}}{c} \\ & \quad \downarrow 221 \\ & \frac{(bc - ad) \arctanh\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}^{3/2}} + \frac{x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}{c} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[a + b/x]/\text{Sqrt}[c + d/x], x]$$



output  $(\sqrt{a + b/x} \sqrt{c + d/x} x) / c + ((b*c - a*d) \operatorname{ArcTanh}[\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + b/x}] / (\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + d/x})) / (\sqrt{a} * c^{(3/2)})$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 104  $\operatorname{Int}[\frac{(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)^{(n_.)})}{(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)}, x_] := \operatorname{With}[\{q = \operatorname{Denominator}[m]\}, \operatorname{Simp}[q \operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[x^{(q*(m + 1) - 1)} / (b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f) * x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^{(1/q)} / (c + d*x)^{(1/q)}], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[m + n + 1, 0] \&\& \operatorname{RationalQ}[n] \&\& \operatorname{LtQ}[-1, m, 0] \&\& \operatorname{SimplerQ}[a + b*x, c + d*x]$

rule 105  $\operatorname{Int}[\frac{(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^{(m_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)^{(n_.)}) * ((e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)^{(p_.)})}{(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)}, x_] := \operatorname{Simp}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * (c + d*x)^n * (e + f*x)^{(p + 1)} / ((m + 1) * (b*e - a*f)), x] - \operatorname{Simp}[n * ((d*e - c*f) / ((m + 1) * (b*e - a*f))) \operatorname{Int}[(a + b*x)^{(m + 1)} * (c + d*x)^{(n - 1)} * (e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{EqQ}[m + n + p + 2, 0] \&\& \operatorname{GtQ}[n, 0] \&\& (\operatorname{SumSimplerQ}[m, 1] || !\operatorname{SumSimplerQ}[p, 1]) \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[m, -1]$

rule 221  $\operatorname{Int}[\frac{(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^2}{(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)}, x_] := \operatorname{Simp}[(\operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2] / a) * \operatorname{ArcTanh}[x / \operatorname{Rt}[-a/b, 2]], x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NegQ}[a/b]$

rule 899  $\operatorname{Int}[\frac{(a_.) + (b_.) * (x_.)^{(n_.)} * ((c_.) + (d_.) * (x_.)^{(n_.)})^{(q_.)}}{(e_.) + (f_.) * (x_.)}, x_] := -\operatorname{Subst}[\operatorname{Int}[(a + b/x^n)^p * (c + d/x^n)^q / x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; \operatorname{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x] \&\& \operatorname{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \operatorname{ILtQ}[n, 0]$

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 154 vs. 2(65) = 130.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 155, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.91

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} x \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} \left( \ln \left( \frac{2acx+2\sqrt{(ax+b)(cx+d)}\sqrt{ac+ad+bc}}{2\sqrt{ac}} \right) ad - \ln \left( \frac{2acx+2\sqrt{(ax+b)(cx+d)}\sqrt{ac+ad+bc}}{2\sqrt{ac}} \right) bc - 2\sqrt{(ax+b)(cx+d)}\sqrt{ac}}{2\sqrt{(ax+b)(cx+d)}c\sqrt{ac}} \right)$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+1/x*d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-1/2*((a*x+b)/x)^(1/2)*x*((c*x+d)/x)^(1/2)*(ln(1/2*(2*a*c*x+2*((a*x+b)*(c*x+d))^(1/2)*(a*c)^(1/2)+a*d+b*c)/(a*c)^(1/2))*a*d-ln(1/2*(2*a*c*x+2*((a*x+b)*(c*x+d))^(1/2)*(a*c)^(1/2)+a*d+b*c)/(a*c)^(1/2))*b*c-2*((a*x+b)*(c*x+d))^(1/2)*(a*c)^(1/2))/((a*x+b)*(c*x+d))^(1/2)/c/(a*c)^(1/2)`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 247, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{4acx\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} - \sqrt{ac}(bc-ad)\log\left(-8a^2c^2x^2 - b^2c^2 - 6abcd - a^2d^2 + 4(2acx^2 + (bc+ad)x)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}}\right)}{4ac^2}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[1/4*(4*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) - sqrt(a*c)*(b*c - a*d)*log(-8*a^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*a*c*x^2 + (b*c + a*d)*x)*sqrt(a*c)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) - 8*(a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x)/(a*c^2), 1/2*(2*a*c*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) - sqrt(-a*c)*(b*c - a*d)*arctan(2*sqrt(-a*c)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*a*c*x + b*c + a*d))/(a*c^2)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2)/(c+d/x)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(c + d/x), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(c + d/x), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x)/sqrt(c + d/x), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 6.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.90

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx \\
&= \frac{d \left( \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a} \right)}{4c \left( \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \sqrt{c} \right)} \\
& \quad - \frac{\left( \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a} \right) \left( \frac{cb^2}{4} + \frac{adb}{4} \right) - \frac{b^2}{4cd} + \frac{\left( \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a} \right)^2 \left( \frac{a^2 d^2}{4} - \frac{3abcd}{4} + \frac{b^2 c^2}{4} \right)}{\sqrt{a} c^{3/2} d \left( \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \sqrt{c} \right) a c^2 d \left( \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \sqrt{c} \right)^2} \\
& \quad - \frac{\left( \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a} \right)^3}{\left( \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \sqrt{c} \right)^3} + \frac{b \left( \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a} \right)}{d \left( \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \sqrt{c} \right)} - \frac{\left( \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a} \right)^2 (ad + bc)}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d \left( \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \sqrt{c} \right)^2} \\
& \quad + \frac{\ln \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \sqrt{c}} \right) \left( \sqrt{a} b c^{3/2} - a^{3/2} \sqrt{c} d \right)}{2ac^2} \\
& \quad - \frac{\ln \left( \frac{\left( \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} \right) \left( b \sqrt{c} - \frac{\sqrt{a} d \left( \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} - \sqrt{a} \right)}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \sqrt{c}} \right)}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}} - \sqrt{c}} \right)}{2ac^2} \left( \sqrt{a} b c^{3/2} - a^{3/2} \sqrt{c} d \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(1/2)/(c + d/x)^(1/2),x)`

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left( \frac{d \left( \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - a^{1/2} \right)}{4c \left( \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} - c^{1/2} \right)} - \left( \left( \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - a^{1/2} \right) \left( \frac{b^2 c}{4} + \frac{a b d}{4} \right) - \frac{b^2}{4 c d} + \frac{\left( \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - a^{1/2} \right)^2 \left( \frac{a^2 d^2}{4} - \frac{3 a b c d}{4} + \frac{b^2 c^2}{4} \right)}{\sqrt{a} c^{3/2} d \left( \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} - c^{1/2} \right) a c^2 d \left( \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} - c^{1/2} \right)^2} \right. \\
& \quad - \frac{\left( \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - a^{1/2} \right)^3}{\left( \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} - c^{1/2} \right)^3} + \frac{b \left( \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - a^{1/2} \right)}{d \left( \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} - c^{1/2} \right)} - \frac{\left( \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - a^{1/2} \right)^2 (a d + b c)}{\sqrt{a} \sqrt{c} d \left( \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} - c^{1/2} \right)^2} \\
& \quad \left. + \frac{\ln \left( \frac{\left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - a^{1/2}}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} - c^{1/2}} \right) \left( \sqrt{a} b c^{3/2} - a^{3/2} \sqrt{c} d \right)}{2 a c^2} - \frac{\ln \left( \frac{\left( \sqrt{c} \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - \sqrt{a} \left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} \right) \left( b \sqrt{c} - \frac{\sqrt{a} d \left( \left( a + \frac{b}{x} \right)^{1/2} - a^{1/2} \right)}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} - c^{1/2}} \right)}{\left( c + \frac{d}{x} \right)^{1/2} - c^{1/2}} \right)}{2 a c^2} \left( \sqrt{a} b c^{3/2} - a^{3/2} \sqrt{c} d \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.26

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{cx + d} \sqrt{ax + b} ac - \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{cx+d}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right) ad + \sqrt{c} \sqrt{a} \log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{a} \sqrt{cx+d}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right) bc}{a c^2}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(c*x + d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*c - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d))/sqrt(a*d - b*c))*a*d + sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d))/sqrt(a*d - b*c))*b*c)/(a*c**2)`

**3.48** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	517
Mathematica [A] (verified)	517
Rubi [A] (verified)	518
Maple [B] (verified)	520
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	521
Sympy [F]	521
Maxima [F]	522
Giac [F]	522
Mupad [F(-1)]	522
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	523

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{(bc-3ad)\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{ac^2\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}} + \frac{\left(a+\frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}x}{ac\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}} + \frac{(bc-3ad)\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{\sqrt{ac}c^{5/2}}$$

output -(-3\*a\*d+b\*c)\*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/a/c^2/(c+d/x)^(1/2)+(a+b/x)^(3/2)\*x/a/c/(c+d/x)^(1/2)+(-3\*a\*d+b\*c)\*arctanh(c^(1/2)\*(a+b/x)^(1/2)/a^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(1/2))/a^(1/2)/c^(5/2)

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 126, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x}}\left(\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b+ax}(3d+cx) + (bc-3ad)\sqrt{d+cx}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{b+ax}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{d+cx}}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{ac}c^{5/2}\sqrt{b+ax}(d+cx)}$$

input Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x]/(c + d/x)^(3/2), x]

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b/x]*Sqrt[c + d/x]*x*(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*x]*(3*d + c*x)
+ (b*c - 3*a*d)*Sqrt[d + c*x]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[b + a*x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqr
t[d + c*x])]))/(Sqrt[a]*c^(5/2)*Sqrt[b + a*x]*(d + c*x))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.217$ , Rules used = {899, 107, 105, 104, 221}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\
 & - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} x^2}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{107} \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{ac\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{(bc - 3ad) \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{105} \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{ac\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{(bc - 3ad) \left( \frac{a \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} d\frac{1}{x}}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)}{2ac} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{104} \\
 & \frac{x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{ac\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{(bc - 3ad) \left( \frac{2a \int \frac{1}{x^2 - a} d\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}}{c} + \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} \right)}{2ac}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{x\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{3/2}}{ac\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{(bc - 3ad) \left( \frac{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}} - \frac{2\sqrt{a}\operatorname{arctanh}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x}}}\right)}{c^{3/2}} \right)}{2ac}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x]/(c + d/x)^(3/2),x]`

output `((a + b/x)^(3/2)*x)/(a*c*Sqrt[c + d/x]) - ((b*c - 3*a*d)*((2*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(c*Sqrt[c + d/x]) - (2*Sqrt[a]*ArcTanh[(Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/x])/(Sqrt[a]*Sqrt[c + d/x])])/c^(3/2)))/(2*a*c)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 104 `Int[(((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_))/((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)), x_] := With[{q = Denominator[m]}, Simp[q Subst[Int[x^(q*(m + 1) - 1)/(b*e - a*f - (d*e - c*f)*x^q), x], x, (a + b*x)^(1/q)/(c + d*x)^(1/q)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f}, x] && EqQ[m + n + 1, 0] && RationalQ[n] && LtQ[-1, m, 0] && SimplerQ[a + b*x, c + d*x]`

rule 105 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*((e + f*x)^(p + 1)/((m + 1)*(b*e - a*f))), x] - Simp[n*((d*e - c*f)/((m + 1)*(b*e - a*f))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n - 1)*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, p}, x] && EqQ[m + n + p + 2, 0] && GtQ[n, 0] && (SumSimplerQ[m, 1] || !SumSimplerQ[p, 1]) && NeQ[m, -1]`

rule 107 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_.) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_), x_] := Simp[b*(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^(n + 1)*((e + f*x)^(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f)), x] + Simp[(a*d*f*(m + 1) + b*c*f*(n + 1) + b*d*e*(p + 1))/((m + 1)*(b*c - a*d)*(b*e - a*f))] Int[(a + b*x)^(m + 1)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m, n, p}, x] && EqQ[Simplify[m + n + p + 3], 0] && (LtQ[m, -1] || SumSimplerQ[m, 1])`



rule 221 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Rt[-a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTanh[x/Rt[-a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && NegQ[a/b]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 279 vs. 2(102) = 204.

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 280, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.30

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}} x \sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}} \left( -3 \ln \left( \frac{2acx+2\sqrt{(ax+b)(cx+d)}\sqrt{ac+ad+bc}}{2\sqrt{ac}} \right) \right) acdx + \ln \left( \frac{2acx+2\sqrt{(ax+b)(cx+d)}\sqrt{ac+ad+bc}}{2\sqrt{ac}} \right) b c^2 x + 2cx \sqrt{(ax+b)(cx+d)}}{2\sqrt{ac}(cx+d)\sqrt{(ax+b)(cx+d)}}$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+1/x*d)^(3/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{((ax+b)/x)^{1/2} * x * ((cx+d)/x)^{1/2} * (-3 * \ln(1/2 * (2*ac*x+2*((ax+b)*(cx+d))^{1/2} * (ac)^{1/2} + ad+bc) / (ac)^{1/2}) * ac*d*x + \ln(1/2 * (2*ac*x+2*((ax+b)*(cx+d))^{1/2} * (ac)^{1/2} + ad+bc) / (ac)^{1/2}) * b*c^2*x + 2*c*x * ((ax+b)*(cx+d))^{1/2} * (ac)^{1/2} - 3 * \ln(1/2 * (2*ac*x+2*((ax+b)*(cx+d))^{1/2} * (ac)^{1/2} + ad+bc) / (ac)^{1/2}) * a*d^2 + \ln(1/2 * (2*ac*x+2*((ax+b)*(cx+d))^{1/2} * (ac)^{1/2} + ad+bc) / (ac)^{1/2}) * b*c*d + 6*d*((ax+b)*(cx+d))^{1/2} * (ac)^{1/2}) / (ac)^{1/2} / (cx+d) / ((ax+b)*(cx+d))^{1/2} / c^2}{2\sqrt{ac}(cx+d)\sqrt{(ax+b)(cx+d)}}$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \left[ \frac{(bcd - 3ad^2 + (bc^2 - 3acd)x)\sqrt{ac} \log\left(-8a^2c^2x^2 - b^2c^2 - 6abcd - a^2d^2 + 4(2acx^2 + (bc + ad)x)\sqrt{ac}\right)}{4(ac^4x^2 + ac^3d)} \right. \\ \left. - \frac{(bcd - 3ad^2 + (bc^2 - 3acd)x)\sqrt{-ac} \arctan\left(\frac{2\sqrt{-acx}\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}}}{2acx+bc+ad}\right) - 2(ac^2x^2 + 3acdx)\sqrt{\frac{ax+b}{x}}\sqrt{\frac{cx+d}{x}}}{2(ac^4x + ac^3d)} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `[-1/4*((b*c*d - 3*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(a*c)*log(-8*a^2*c^2*x^2 - b^2*c^2 - 6*a*b*c*d - a^2*d^2 + 4*(2*a*c*x^2 + (b*c + a*d)*x)*sqrt(a*c)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x) - 8*(a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x - 4*(a*c^2*x^2 + 3*a*c*d*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x))/(a*c^4*x + a*c^3*d), -1/2*((b*c*d - 3*a*d^2 + (b*c^2 - 3*a*c*d)*x)*sqrt(-a*c)*arctan(2*sqrt(-a*c)*x*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x)/(2*a*c*x + b*c + a*d)) - 2*(a*c^2*x^2 + 3*a*c*d*x)*sqrt((a*x + b)/x)*sqrt((c*x + d)/x))/(a*c^4*x + a*c^3*d)]`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**(1/2)/(c+d/x)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b/x)/(c + d/x)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x)/(c + d/x)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x)/(c + d/x)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^(1/2)/(c + d/x)^(3/2), x)`

output `int((a + b/x)^(1/2)/(c + d/x)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 260, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.13

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{4\sqrt{cx+d}\sqrt{ax+b}ac^2x + 12\sqrt{cx+d}\sqrt{ax+b}acd - 12\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a}\log\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{ax+b} + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{cx+d}}{\sqrt{ad-bc}}\right)}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^{3/2}}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^(1/2)/(c+d/x)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
(4*sqrt(c*x + d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a*c**2*x + 12*sqrt(c*x + d)*sqrt(a*x + b)*a
*c*d - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x +
d))/sqrt(a*d - b*c))*a*c*d*x - 12*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x +
b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d))/sqrt(a*d - b*c))*a*d**2 + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*lo
g((sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d))/sqrt(a*d - b*c))*b*c**2*
x + 4*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*log((sqrt(c)*sqrt(a*x + b) + sqrt(a)*sqrt(c*x + d))/
sqrt(a*d - b*c))*b*c*d + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*a*c*d*x + 9*sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*a*d
**2 - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b*c**2*x - sqrt(c)*sqrt(a)*b*c*d)/(4*a*c**3*(c*x + d
))
```

### 3.49 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx$

Optimal result	524
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	524
Rubi [A] (verified)	525
Maple [F]	526
Fricas [F]	527
Sympy [F]	527
Maxima [F]	527
Giac [F]	528
Mupad [F(-1)]	528
Reduce [F]	528

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 95

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx = \frac{b \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{1+p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q \left(\frac{b \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + p, 2, -q, 2 + p, 1 + \frac{b}{ax}, -\frac{d \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bc - ad}\right)}{a^2(1 + p)}$$

output

```
-b*(a+b/x)^(p+1)*(c+d/x)^q*AppellF1(p+1,-q,2,2+p,-d*(a+b/x)/(-a*d+b*c),1+b/a/x)/a^2/(p+1)/((b*(c+d/x)/(-a*d+b*c))^q)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 206 vs. 2(95) = 190.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 206, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.17

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx = \frac{bd(-2 + p + q) \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q x \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - p - q, -p, -q, 2 - p - q, -\frac{ax}{b}, -\frac{cx}{d}\right) + x \left(adp \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - p - q, -p, -q, 2 - p - q, -\frac{ax}{b}, -\frac{cx}{d}\right) + \dots\right)}{(-1 + p + q) (-bd(-2 + p + q) \text{AppellF1}\left(1 - p - q, -p, -q, 2 - p - q, -\frac{ax}{b}, -\frac{cx}{d}\right) + \dots)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x)^p*(c + d/x)^q,x]`

output `(b*d*(-2 + p + q)*(a + b/x)^p*(c + d/x)^q*x*AppellF1[1 - p - q, -p, -q, 2 - p - q, -(a*x)/b, -(c*x)/d])/((-1 + p + q)*(-(b*d*(-2 + p + q)*AppellF1[1 - p - q, -p, -q, 2 - p - q, -(a*x)/b, -(c*x)/d])) + x*(a*d*p*AppellF1[2 - p - q, 1 - p, -q, 3 - p - q, -(a*x)/b, -(c*x)/d] + b*c*q*AppellF1[2 - p - q, -p, 1 - q, 3 - p - q, -(a*x)/b, -(c*x)/d]))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {899, 154, 153}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 899 \\
 & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 154 \\
 & - \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q \left(\frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x})}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(\frac{bc}{bc - ad} + \frac{bd}{(bc - ad)x}\right)^q x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 153 \\
 & \frac{b\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^{p+1} \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q \left(\frac{b(c + \frac{d}{x})}{bc - ad}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(p + 1, -q, 2, p + 2, -\frac{d\left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)}{bc - ad}, \frac{a + \frac{b}{x}}{a}\right)}{a^2(p + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x)^p*(c + d/x)^q,x]`

output

```

-((b*(a + b/x)^(1 + p)*(c + d/x)^q*AppellF1[1 + p, -q, 2, 2 + p, -((d*(a +
b/x))/(b*c - a*d)), (a + b/x)/a])/(a^2*(1 + p)*((b*(c + d/x))/(b*c - a*d)
)^q)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 153

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)^p*((a + b*x)^(m + 1)/(b^(p + 1)*(m + 1)*Simp
lify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^n)*AppellF1[m + 1, -n, -p, m + 2, (-d)*((a + b*x)/(b*c
- a*d)), (-f)*((a + b*x)/(b*e - a*f))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, m,
n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && GtQ[Simplify[b/(
b*c - a*d)], 0] && !(GtQ[Simplify[d/(d*a - c*b)], 0] && SimplerQ[c + d*x,
a + b*x])

```

rule 154

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_))^(m_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_))^(n_)*((e_) + (f_)*(x_))
^(p_), x_] := Simp[(c + d*x)^FracPart[n]/(Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)]^IntPart[n]
*(b*((c + d*x)/(b*c - a*d)))^FracPart[n]) Int[(a + b*x)^m*Simp[b*(c/(b*c
- a*d)) + b*d*(x/(b*c - a*d)), x]^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c,
d, e, f, m, n}, x] && !IntegerQ[m] && !IntegerQ[n] && IntegerQ[p] && !G
tQ[Simplify[b/(b*c - a*d)], 0] && !SimplerQ[c + d*x, a + b*x]

```

rule 899

```

Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol
] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx$$

input

```
int((a+b/x)^p*(c+1/x*d)^q,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b/x)^p*(c+1/x*d)^q,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^p*(c+d/x)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x + b)/x)^p*((c*x + d)/x)^q, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)**p*(c+d/x)**q,x)`

output `Integral((a + b/x)**p*(c + d/x)**q, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^p*(c+d/x)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^p*(c + d/x)^q, x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x)^p*(c+d/x)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x)^p*(c + d/x)^q, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx$$

input `int((a + b/x)^p*(c + d/x)^q,x)`

output `int((a + b/x)^p*(c + d/x)^q, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x}\right)^q dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b/x)^p*(c+d/x)^q,x)`

output

```

((c*x + d)**q*(a*x + b)**p*a*d*q*x + (c*x + d)**q*(a*x + b)**p*b*c*p*x - (
c*x + d)**q*(a*x + b)**p*b*d*p - (c*x + d)**q*(a*x + b)**p*b*d*q + x**(p +
q)*int(((c*x + d)**q*(a*x + b)**p*x)/(x**(p + q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**2 + x**(p
+ q)*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**(p + q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(p + q)*a*b*c*d*p*x +
x**(p + q)*a*b*c*d*q*x + x**(p + q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(p + q)*b**2*c**2*p*x
+ x**(p + q)*b**2*c*d*p),x)*a**3*d**3*q**3 + 3*x**(p + q)*int(((c*x + d)*
*q*(a*x + b)**p*x)/(x**(p + q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**2 + x**(p + q)*a**2*d**2*q*x
+ x**(p + q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(p + q)*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**(p + q)*a*b*c*d
*q*x + x**(p + q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(p + q)*b**2*c**2*p*x + x**(p + q)*b**2*
c*d*p),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*p*q**2 + 3*x**(p + q)*int(((c*x + d)**q*(a*x + b)*
*p*x)/(x**(p + q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**2 + x**(p + q)*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**(p + q)*
a*b*c**2*p*x**2 + x**(p + q)*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**(p + q)*a*b*c*d*q*x + x**(p
+ q)*a*b*d**2*q + x**(p + q)*b**2*c**2*p*x + x**(p + q)*b**2*c*d*p),x)*a*b
**2*c**2*d*p**2*q + x**(p + q)*int(((c*x + d)**q*(a*x + b)**p*x)/(x**(p +
q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**2 + x**(p + q)*a**2*d**2*q*x + x**(p + q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**2
+ x**(p + q)*a*b*c*d*p*x + x**(p + q)*a*b*c*d*q*x + x**(p + q)*a*b*d**2*q
+ x**(p + q)*b**2*c**2*p*x + x**(p + q)*b**2*c*d*p),x)*b**3*c**3*p**3 - x
**(p + q)*int(((c*x + d)**q*(a*x + b)**p)/(x**(p + q)*a**2*c*d*q*x**3 + x*
*(p + q)*a**2*d**2*q*x**2 + x**(p + q)*a*b*c**2*p*x**3 + x**(p + q)*a*b*c*
d*p*x**2 + x**(p + q)*a*b*c*d*q*x**2 + x**(p + q)*a*b*d**2*q*x + x**(p ...

```

$$3.50 \quad \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

Optimal result	530
Mathematica [A] (verified)	530
Rubi [A] (verified)	531
Maple [A] (verified)	532
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	532
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	533
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	533
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	534
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	534
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	534

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 39

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{ax}{c} + \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{d}}$$

output `a*x/c+(-a*d+b*c)*arctan(c^(1/2)*x/d^(1/2))/c^(3/2)/d^(1/2)`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{ax}{c} - \frac{(-bc + ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{d}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^2)/(c + d/x^2),x]`

output `(a*x)/c - ((-b*c) + a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[d]]/(c^(3/2)*Sqrt[d])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {898, 299, 218}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{898}$$

$$\int \frac{ax^2 + b}{cx^2 + d} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{299}$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad)}{c} \int \frac{1}{cx^2 + d} dx + \frac{ax}{c}$$

$$\downarrow \text{218}$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right)}{c^{3/2}\sqrt{d}} + \frac{ax}{c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^2)/(c + d/x^2),x]`

output `(a*x)/c + ((b*c - a*d)*ArcTan[(Sqrt[c]*x)/Sqrt[d]])/(c^(3/2)*Sqrt[d])`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 218 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(Rt[a/b, 2]/a)*ArcTan[x/Rt[a/b, 2]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b]`

rule 299 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)/(b*(2*p + 3))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(2*p + 3))/(b*(2*p + 3)) Int[(a + b*x^2)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[2*p + 3, 0]`

rule 898 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(n*(p + q))*(b + a/x^n)^p*(d + c/x^n)^q, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegersQ[p, q] && NegQ[n]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

method	result	size
default	$\frac{ax}{c} + \frac{(-ad+bc) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{c\sqrt{cd}}$	34
risch	$\frac{ax}{c} - \frac{\ln(cx-\sqrt{-cd})ad}{2c\sqrt{-cd}} + \frac{\ln(cx-\sqrt{-cd})b}{2\sqrt{-cd}} + \frac{\ln(-cx-\sqrt{-cd})ad}{2c\sqrt{-cd}} - \frac{\ln(-cx-\sqrt{-cd})b}{2\sqrt{-cd}}$	106

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+1/x^2*d),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*x/c+(-a*d+b*c)/c/(c*d)^(1/2)*arctan(c*x/(c*d)^(1/2))`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 98, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.51

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \left[ \frac{2acd x + (bc - ad)\sqrt{-cd} \log\left(\frac{cx^2 + 2\sqrt{-cd}x - d}{cx^2 + d}\right)}{2c^2d}, \frac{acdx + (bc - ad)\sqrt{cd} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{cd}x}{d}\right)}{c^2d} \right]$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output

```
[1/2*(2*a*c*d*x + (b*c - a*d)*sqrt(-c*d)*log((c*x^2 + 2*sqrt(-c*d)*x - d)/
(c*x^2 + d)))/(c^2*d), (a*c*d*x + (b*c - a*d)*sqrt(c*d)*arctan(sqrt(c*d)*x
/d))/(c^2*d)]
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 82 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.10

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{ax}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^3d}}(ad - bc) \log\left(-cd\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^3d}} + x\right)}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^3d}}(ad - bc) \log\left(cd\sqrt{-\frac{1}{c^3d}} + x\right)}{2}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x**2)/(c+d/x**2),x)
```

output

```
a*x/c + sqrt(-1/(c**3*d))*(a*d - b*c)*log(-c*d*sqrt(-1/(c**3*d)) + x)/2 -
sqrt(-1/(c**3*d))*(a*d - b*c)*log(c*d*sqrt(-1/(c**3*d)) + x)/2
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{ax}{c} + \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdc}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
a*x/c + (b*c - a*d)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*c)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 33, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{ax}{c} + \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{cd}}\right)}{\sqrt{cdc}}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2),x, algorithm="giac")`output `a*x/c + (b*c - a*d)*arctan(c*x/sqrt(c*d))/(sqrt(c*d)*c)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{ax}{c} - \frac{\operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{\sqrt{c}x}{\sqrt{d}}\right) (ad - bc)}{c^{3/2} \sqrt{d}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)/(c + d/x^2),x)`output `(a*x)/c - (atan((c^(1/2)*x)/d^(1/2))*(a*d - b*c))/(c^(3/2)*d^(1/2))`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.33

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{-\sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) ad + \sqrt{d} \sqrt{c} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{cx}{\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c}}\right) bc + acdx}{c^2 d}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)/(c+d/x^2),x)`output `( - sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*a*d + sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)*atan((c*x)/(sqrt(d)*sqrt(c)))*b*c + a*c*d*x)/(c**2*d)`

### 3.51 $\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$

Optimal result	535
Mathematica [C] (verified)	536
Rubi [A] (verified)	536
Maple [A] (verified)	539
Fricas [F]	540
Sympy [F]	540
Maxima [F]	540
Giac [F]	541
Mupad [F(-1)]	541
Reduce [F]	541

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 233

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = -\frac{2b\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}x} + \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x$$

$$+ \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} E\left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \mid 1 - \frac{ad}{bc}\right)}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{c(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}}}$$

$$- \frac{\sqrt{a}(bc + ad)\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right), 1 - \frac{ad}{bc}\right)}{\sqrt{bc}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}{c(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}}}$$

output

```
-2*b*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/x+(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x+2
*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/(1+a*x^2/b)^(1/2),(1-a*d/b/c)
^(1/2))/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*(c+d/x^2)/c/(a+b/x^2))^(1/2)-a^(1/2)*(a*d+b*c)*
(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccot(a^(1/2)*x/b^(1/2)),(1-a*d/b/c)^(1/2
))/b^(1/2)/c/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*(c+d/x^2)/c/(a+b/x^2))^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 205, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x \left( \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} (b + ax^2) (d + cx^2) + 2iadx \sqrt{1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}} \sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}} E(i \operatorname{arcsinh}(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} x) | \frac{bc}{ad}) + i(bc) \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} (b + ax^2) (d + cx^2)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2],x]`

output  $-\left(\left(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a + b/x^2] \operatorname{Sqrt}[c + d/x^2] x \left(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a/b] (b + ax^2) (d + cx^2) + (2I) a d x \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (ax^2)/b] \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (cx^2)/d] \operatorname{EllipticE}[I \operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a/b] x], (b*c)/(a*d)] + I (b*c - a*d) x \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (ax^2)/b] \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (cx^2)/d] \operatorname{EllipticF}[I \operatorname{ArcSinh}[\operatorname{Sqrt}[a/b] x], (b*c)/(a*d)]\right)\right) / \left(\operatorname{Sqrt}[a/b] (b + ax^2) (d + cx^2)\right)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {899, 375, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} x^2 d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{375} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - 2 \int \frac{bc + ad + \frac{2bd}{x^2}}{2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 27 \\
& x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} - \int \frac{bc + ad + \frac{2bd}{x^2}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} \\
& \quad \downarrow 406 \\
& -(ad + bc) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d\frac{1}{x} - 2bd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^2} d\frac{1}{x} + x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 320 \\
& -2bd \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x^2} d\frac{1}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}(ad + bc) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right), 1 - \frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}}} + \\
& \quad x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 388 \\
& -2bd \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{bx\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{(c + \frac{d}{x^2})^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}}{b} \right) - \\
& \quad \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}(ad + bc) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right), 1 - \frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}}} + x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \\
& \quad \downarrow 313 \\
& \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}(ad + bc) \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right), 1 - \frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}}} - \\
& \quad 2bd \left( \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{bx\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right) \mid 1 - \frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c(a + \frac{b}{x^2})}{a(c + \frac{d}{x^2})}}} \right) + x\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2],x]`

output `Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x - 2*b*d*(Sqrt[a + b/x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c]*x)], 1 - (b*c)/(a*d)))/(b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[(c*(a + b/x^2))/(a*(c + d/x^2))]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])) - (Sqrt[c]*(b*c + a*d)*Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c]*x)], 1 - (b*c)/(a*d)))/(a*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[(c*(a + b/x^2))/(a*(c + d/x^2))]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 313 `Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]`

rule 320 `Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := Simp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c + d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 375 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^p*((c + d*x^2)^q/(e*(m + 1))), x] - Simp[2/(e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^(p - 1)*(c + d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*p + a*d*q + b*d*(p + q)*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && LtQ[m, -1] && GtQ[p, 0] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m, 2, p, q, x]`

rule 388 `Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
-> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]`

rule 406 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(
x_)^2), x_Symbol] :> Simp[e Int[(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] + Sim
p[f Int[x^2*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e,
f, p, q}, x]`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))^(q_.), x_Symbol
] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*(c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 3.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 277, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19

method	result
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}} x \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} \left( -\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} acx^4 + \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}, \sqrt{\frac{ad}{bc}}\right) adx - cb\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{b}} x \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}, \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}\right) \right)}{(ax^4c + adx^2 + x^2bc + bd)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}}$
risch	$-x\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} + \frac{\left( \frac{ad\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{ax^2}{b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{ad+bc}{cb}}\right) + bc\sqrt{1+\frac{cx^2}{d}} \sqrt{1+\frac{ax^2}{b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}, \sqrt{-1+\frac{ad+bc}{cb}}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{ax^4c + adx^2 + x^2bc + bd}} \right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{ax^4c + adx^2 + x^2bc + bd}}$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*(c+1/x^2*d)^(1/2),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `((a*x^2+b)/x^2)^(1/2)*x*((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)*(-(-c/d)^(1/2)*a*c*x^4+((c*x
^2+d)/d)^(1/2)*((a*x^2+b)/b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-c/d)^(1/2), (a*d/b/c)^(1/2
)))*a*d*x-c*b*((c*x^2+d)/d)^(1/2)*((a*x^2+b)/b)^(1/2)*x*EllipticF(x*(-c/d)
^(1/2), (a*d/b/c)^(1/2))+2*c*b*((c*x^2+d)/d)^(1/2)*((a*x^2+b)/b)^(1/2)*x*Ell
ipticE(x*(-c/d)^(1/2), (a*d/b/c)^(1/2))-(-c/d)^(1/2)*a*d*x^2-(-c/d)^(1/2)*b
*c*x^2-(-c/d)^(1/2)*b*d)/(a*c*x^4+a*d*x^2+b*c*x^2+b*d)/(-c/d)^(1/2)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**(1/2)*(c+d/x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b/x**2)*sqrt(c + d/x**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x^2)*sqrt(c + d/x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x^2)*sqrt(c + d/x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/x^2)^(1/2)*(c + d/x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}\sqrt{ax^2+b} + 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}\sqrt{ax^2+b}}{acx^6+adx^4+bcx^4+bdx^2} dx\right) bdx + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}\sqrt{ax^2+b}}{acx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+bd} dx\right) adx + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2+d}\sqrt{ax^2+b}}{acx^4+adx^2+bcx^2+bd} dx\right) adx}{x}$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b) + 2*int((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 +
b))/(a*c*x**6 + a*d*x**4 + b*c*x**4 + b*d*x**2),x)*b*d*x + int((sqrt(c*x*
*2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b))/(a*c*x**4 + a*d*x**2 + b*c*x**2 + b*d),x)*a*d*x
+ int((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b))/(a*c*x**4 + a*d*x**2 + b*c*x**2
+ b*d),x)*b*c*x)/x
```

**3.52**  $\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	543
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	544
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	544
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	547
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	547
Sympy [F] . . . . .	548
Maxima [F] . . . . .	548
Giac [F] . . . . .	549
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	549
Reduce [F] . . . . .	549

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 198

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} x}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{\sqrt{d} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} E\left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right) \mid 1 - \frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{\sqrt{c} \sqrt{\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

$$- \frac{b\sqrt{c} \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{cx}}{\sqrt{d}}\right), 1 - \frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d} \sqrt{\frac{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}$$

output

```
(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*x/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+d^(1/2)*(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/(1+c
*x^2/d)^(1/2),(1-b*c/a/d)^(1/2))/c^(1/2)/(c*(a+b/x^2)/a/(c+d/x^2))^(1/2)/(
c+d/x^2)^(1/2)-b*c^(1/2)*(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccot(c^(1/2)*x/
d^(1/2)),(1-b*c/a/d)^(1/2))/a/d^(1/2)/(c*(a+b/x^2)/a/(c+d/x^2))^(1/2)/(c+d
/x^2)^(1/2)
```



**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 2.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{d+cx^2}{d}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}x\right) \middle| \frac{ad}{bc}\right)}{\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{b+ax^2}{b}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x^2]/Sqrt[c + d/x^2], x]`

output `(Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*Sqrt[(d + c*x^2)/d]*EllipticE[ArcSin[Sqrt[-(c/d)]*x], (a*d)/(b*c)))/(Sqrt[-(c/d)]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*Sqrt[(b + a*x^2)/b])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.61 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.304$ , Rules used = {899, 377, 27, 324, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 899 \\ & - \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} x^2}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 377 \\ & \frac{x \sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \int \frac{b \sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} d \frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{b\int\frac{\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 324 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{b\left(c\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x} + d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}x^2}}d\frac{1}{x}\right)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 320 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{b\left(d\int\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}x^2}}d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right), 1-\frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)}}}\right)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 388 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{b\left(d\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{bx\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{c\int\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}}d\frac{1}{x}}{b}\right) + \frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right), 1-\frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)}}}\right)}{c} \\
& \quad \downarrow 313 \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{b\left(\frac{c^{3/2}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right), 1-\frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)}}} + d\left(\frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{bx\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right)\middle|1-\frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)}}}\right)\right)}{c}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x^2]/Sqrt[c + d/x^2], x]`

output

```
(Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)/c - (b*(d*(Sqrt[a + b/x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c +
d/x^2]*x) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c]*x)
], 1 - (b*c)/(a*d)])/(b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[(c*(a + b/x^2))/(a*(c + d/x^2))]*Sqrt
[c + d/x^2])) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c]
*x)], 1 - (b*c)/(a*d)])/(a*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[(c*(a + b/x^2))/(a*(c + d/x^2))]*S
qrt[c + d/x^2])))/c
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27

```
Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !Ma
tchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]
```

rule 313

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(3/2), x_Symbol] := Sim
p[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(c*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c
+ d*x^2))]))*EllipticE[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; FreeQ
[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c]
```

rule 320

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(a*Rt[d/c, 2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]*Sqrt[c*((a + b*x^2)/(a*(c
+ d*x^2))]))*EllipticF[ArcTan[Rt[d/c, 2]*x], 1 - b*(c/(a*d))], x] /; Fre
eQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c] && PosQ[b/a] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

rule 324

```
Int[Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]/Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2], x_Symbol] := Simp[
a Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] + Simp[b Int[x^2/(Sqr
t[a + b*x^2]*Sqrt[c + d*x^2]), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && PosQ[d/c
] && PosQ[b/a]
```

rule 377

```
Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_)
, x_Symbol] := Simp[(e*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^2)^q/(a*e*(
m + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*e^2*(m + 1)) Int[(e*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c
+ d*x^2)^(q - 1)*Simp[b*c*(m + 1) + 2*(b*c*(p + 1) + a*d*q) + d*(b*(m + 1)
+ 2*b*(p + q + 1))*x^2, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, p}, x] && NeQ[b
*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[0, q, 1] && LtQ[m, -1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, e, m
, 2, p, q, x]
```

```
rule 388 Int[(x_)^2/(Sqrt[(a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2]*Sqrt[(c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2]), x_Symbol]
  :> Simp[x*(Sqrt[a + b*x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d*x^2])), x] - Simp[c/b Int[Sqrt[
a + b*x^2]/(c + d*x^2)^(3/2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d}, x] && NeQ[b*c -
a*d, 0] && PosQ[b/a] && PosQ[d/c] && !SimplerSqrtQ[b/a, d/c]
```

```
rule 899 Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
  ] :> -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.47

method	result	size
default	$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}, \sqrt{\frac{ad}{bc}}\right) \sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{d}} b}{(ax^2+b)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}}}$	94

```
input int((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c+1/x^2*d)^(1/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output ((a*x^2+b)/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*x^2+b)*EllipticE(x*(-c/d)^(1/2), (a*d/b/c)^(1/2))*
((a*x^2+b)/b)^(1/2)*((c*x^2+d)/d)^(1/2)*b/(-c/d)^(1/2)/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(1/2)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 116, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.59

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

$$= \frac{ax \sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}} - \sqrt{acb} \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ad}{bc}\right) + \sqrt{ac}(a+b) \sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}} F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ad}{bc}\right)}{ac}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(a*x*sqrt((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2) - sqrt(a*c)*b*sqrt(-b/a)*  
elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-b/a)/x), a*d/(b*c)) + sqrt(a*c)*(a + b)*sqrt(-b/a)  
*elliptic_f(arcsin(sqrt(-b/a)/x), a*d/(b*c)))/(a*c)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**(1/2)/(c+d/x**2)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b/x**2)/sqrt(c + d/x**2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x^2)/sqrt(c + d/x^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x^2)/sqrt(c + d/x^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a + b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c + d/x^2)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{cx^2 + d}\sqrt{ax^2 + b}}{cx^2 + d} dx$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b))/(c*x**2 + d),x)`

**3.53** 
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal result	550
Mathematica [C] (verified)	551
Rubi [A] (verified)	551
Maple [A] (verified)	555
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	555
Sympy [F]	556
Maxima [F]	556
Giac [F]	557
Mupad [F(-1)]	557
Reduce [F]	557

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 234

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}x}{c\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}} + \frac{2a\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}x}{c^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}} + \frac{2\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}E\left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right) \mid 1 - \frac{ad}{bc}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}} - \frac{\sqrt{a}\sqrt{b}\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left(\cot^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{ax}}{\sqrt{b}}\right), 1 - \frac{ad}{bc}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{\frac{a\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)}{c\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)}}$$

output

```
-(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c/(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)+2*a*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*x/c^2/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)+2*a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*EllipticE(1/(1+a*x^2/b)^(1/2),(1-a*d/b/c)^(1/2))/c^2/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*(c+d/x^2)/c/(a+b/x^2))^(1/2)-a^(1/2)*b^(1/2)*(c+d/x^2)^(1/2)*InverseJacobiAM(arccot(a^(1/2)*x/b^(1/2)),(1-a*d/b/c)^(1/2))/c^2/(a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(a*(c+d/x^2)/c/(a+b/x^2))^(1/2)
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 191, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}} \left( \sqrt{\frac{a}{b}} cx(b + ax^2) + 2iad\sqrt{1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}}E\left(i\operatorname{arcsinh}\left(\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}x\right) \middle| \frac{bc}{ad}\right) + i(bc - 2ad)\sqrt{1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}}\sqrt{1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}c^2\sqrt{c + \frac{d}{x^2}}(b + ax^2)}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b/x^2]/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2), x]`

output `-((Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*(Sqrt[a/b]*c*x*(b + a*x^2) + (2*I)*a*d*Sqrt[1 + (a*x^2)/b]*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^2)/d]*EllipticE[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[a/b]*x], (b*c)/(a*d)] + I*(b*c - 2*a*d)*Sqrt[1 + (a*x^2)/b]*Sqrt[1 + (c*x^2)/d]*EllipticF[I*ArcSinh[Sqrt[a/b]*x], (b*c)/(a*d)]))/(Sqrt[a/b]*c^2*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*(b + a*x^2))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.74 (sec) , antiderivative size = 281, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.435$ , Rules used = {899, 371, 25, 445, 25, 27, 406, 320, 388, 313}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx$$

↓ 899

$$-\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}x^2}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} d\frac{1}{x}$$



↓ 371

$$\frac{\int -\frac{(2a+\frac{b}{x^2})x^2}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{\int \frac{(2a+\frac{b}{x^2})x^2}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 445

$$-\frac{\int -\frac{ab(c+\frac{2d}{x^2})}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 25

$$-\frac{\int \frac{ab(c+\frac{2d}{x^2})}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}}{ac} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 27

$$-\frac{b\int \frac{c+\frac{2d}{x^2}}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}}{c} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 406

$$-\frac{b\left(c\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}d\frac{1}{x}+2d\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}x^2}}d\frac{1}{x}\right)}{c} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 320

$$\frac{b \left( 2d \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}} x^2} d\frac{1}{x} + \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right), 1-\frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)}}} \right)}{c} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 388

$$\frac{b \left( 2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{bx\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{c \int \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2} d\frac{1}{x}}}{b} \right) + \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right), 1-\frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)}}} \right)}{c} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

↓ 313

$$\frac{b \left( \frac{c^{3/2} \sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right), 1-\frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{a\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)}}} + 2d \left( \frac{\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{bx\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}} - \frac{\sqrt{c}\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}} E\left(\arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{cx}}\right) \middle| 1-\frac{bc}{ad}\right)}{b\sqrt{d}\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}} \sqrt{\frac{c\left(a+\frac{b}{x^2}\right)}{a\left(c+\frac{d}{x^2}\right)}}} \right) \right)}{c} - \frac{2x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}} \sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}{c} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+\frac{b}{x^2}}}{c\sqrt{c+\frac{d}{x^2}}}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b/x^2]/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2),x]`

output `-((Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*x)/(c*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])) - ((-2*Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x)/c + (b*(2*d*(Sqrt[a + b/x^2]/(b*Sqrt[c + d/x^2]*x) - (Sqrt[c]*Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*EllipticE[ArcTan[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c]*x)], 1 - (b*c)/(a*d)))/(b*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[(c*(a + b/x^2))/(a*(c + d/x^2))]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])) + (c^(3/2)*Sqrt[a + b/x^2]*EllipticF[ArcTan[Sqrt[d]/(Sqrt[c]*x)], 1 - (b*c)/(a*d)]/(a*Sqrt[d]*Sqrt[(c*(a + b/x^2))/(a*(c + d/x^2))]*Sqrt[c + d/x^2])))/c/c`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_)*(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{a} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{a}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{!MatchQ}[\text{Fx}, (\text{b}_)*(\text{Gx}_)] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\text{b}, \text{x}]$
- rule 313  $\text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]/((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{3/2}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/(\text{c}*Rt[\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)/(\text{a}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)))))*\text{EllipticE}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*x], 1 - \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}]$
- rule 320  $\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/(\text{a}*Rt[\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2]*\text{Sqrt}[\text{c}*((\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)/(\text{a}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)))))*\text{EllipticF}[\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[\text{d}/\text{c}, 2]*x], 1 - \text{b}*(\text{c}/(\text{a}*d))], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{!SimplerSqrtQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}, \text{d}/\text{c}]$
- rule 371  $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_.)*(x_)^{(\text{m}_.)*((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_.)}}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{e}*x)^{(\text{m} + 1)}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*((\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}/(\text{a}*e^{2*(\text{p} + 1))}), \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[1/(\text{a}*2*(\text{p} + 1)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e}*x)^{\text{m}}*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{(\text{q} - 1)}*\text{Simp}[\text{c}*(\text{m} + 2*(\text{p} + 1) + 1) + \text{d}*(\text{m} + 2*(\text{p} + \text{q} + 1) + 1)*x^2, \text{x}], \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[\text{p}, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[0, \text{q}, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, 2, \text{p}, \text{q}, \text{x}]$
- rule 388  $\text{Int}[(x_)^2/(\text{Sqrt}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2]*\text{Sqrt}[(\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2]), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*(\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/(\text{b}*Rt[\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2])), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{c}/\text{b} \quad \text{Int}[\text{Sqrt}[\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2]/(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{3/2}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}\}, \text{x}] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[\text{b}*c - \text{a}*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[\text{d}/\text{c}] \ \&\& \ \text{!SimplerSqrtQ}[\text{b}/\text{a}, \text{d}/\text{c}]$
- rule 406  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{p}_.)*((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_.)*(x_)^2)^{(\text{q}_.)*((\text{e}_) + (\text{f}_.)*(x_)^2)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{e} \quad \text{Int}[(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] + \text{Simp}[\text{f} \quad \text{Int}[x^2*(\text{a} + \text{b}*x^2)^{\text{p}}*(\text{c} + \text{d}*x^2)^{\text{q}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] \text{ ; FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{f}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}]$

rule 445

```
Int[((g_.)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^2)^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^2)^(q_.)
.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := Simp[e*(g*x)^(m + 1)*(a + b*x^2)^(p
+ 1)*((c + d*x^2)^(q + 1)/(a*c*g*(m + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*c*g^2*(m + 1))
Int[(g*x)^(m + 2)*(a + b*x^2)^p*(c + d*x^2)^q*Simp[a*f*c*(m + 1) - e*(b*c
+ a*d)*(m + 2 + 1) - e*2*(b*c*p + a*d*q) - b*e*d*(m + 2*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^
2, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, p, q}, x] && LtQ[m, -1]
```

rule 899

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol
] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*((c + d/x^n)^q/x^2), x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a,
b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 5.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

method	result
default	$-\frac{\sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{x^2}} \left( \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} ax^3 + b\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{b}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}, \sqrt{\frac{ad}{bc}}\right) - 2b\sqrt{\frac{cx^2+d}{d}} \sqrt{\frac{ax^2+b}{b}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left(x\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}, \sqrt{\frac{ad}{bc}}\right) + \sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}} \right)}{x^2(ax^2+b)\sqrt{-\frac{c}{d}}c\left(\frac{cx^2+d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$

input

```
int((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c+1/x^2*d)^(3/2), x, method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
-((a*x^2+b)/x^2)^(1/2)/x^2/(a*x^2+b)*((-c/d)^(1/2)*a*x^3+b*((c*x^2+d)/d)^(
1/2)*((a*x^2+b)/b)^(1/2)*EllipticF(x*(-c/d)^(1/2), (a*d/b/c)^(1/2))-2*b*((c
*x^2+d)/d)^(1/2)*((a*x^2+b)/b)^(1/2)*EllipticE(x*(-c/d)^(1/2), (a*d/b/c)^(1
/2))+(-c/d)^(1/2)*b*x*(c*x^2+d)/(-c/d)^(1/2)/c/((c*x^2+d)/x^2)^(3/2)
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.70

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{2(bc^2 + bd)\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}E\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ad}{bc}\right) - ((a + 2b)cx^2 + (a + 2b)d)\sqrt{ac}\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}F\left(\arcsin\left(\frac{\sqrt{-\frac{b}{a}}}{x}\right) \mid \frac{ad}{bc}\right)}{ac^3x^2 + ac^2d}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-(2*(b*c*x^2 + b*d)*sqrt(a*c)*sqrt(-b/a)*elliptic_e(arcsin(sqrt(-b/a)/x),  
a*d/(b*c)) - ((a + 2*b)*c*x^2 + (a + 2*b)*d)*sqrt(a*c)*sqrt(-b/a)*elliptic  
_f(arcsin(sqrt(-b/a)/x), a*d/(b*c)) - (a*c*x^3 + 2*a*d*x)*sqrt((a*x^2 + b)  
/x^2)*sqrt((c*x^2 + d)/x^2))/(a*c^3*x^2 + a*c^2*d)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**(1/2)/(c+d/x**2)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b/x**2)/(c + d/x**2)**(3/2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + \frac{b}{x^2}}}{\left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^(1/2)/(c+d/x^2)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(a + b/x^2)/(c + d/x^2)^(3/2), x)`



output

```
(sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*b*x + 2*int((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*c*d*x**4 + a*d**2*x**2 + b*c**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2),x)*a**2*c*d*x**2 + 2*int((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*c*d*x**4 + a*d**2*x**2 + b*c**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2),x)*a**2*d**2 - int((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*c*d*x**4 + a*d**2*x**2 + b*c**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2),x)*a*b*c**2*x**2 - int((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b)*x**4)/(a*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*c*d*x**4 + a*d**2*x**2 + b*c**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2),x)*a*b*c*d - int((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*c*d*x**4 + a*d**2*x**2 + b*c**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2),x)*b**2*c*d*x**2 - int((sqrt(c*x**2 + d)*sqrt(a*x**2 + b))/(a*c**2*x**6 + 2*a*c*d*x**4 + a*d**2*x**2 + b*c**2*x**4 + 2*b*c*d*x**2 + b*d**2),x)*b**2*d**2)/(2*a*d*(c*x**2 + d))
```

### 3.54 $\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$

Optimal result	559
Mathematica [A] (verified)	559
Rubi [A] (verified)	560
Maple [F]	561
Fricas [F]	561
Sympy [F(-1)]	562
Maxima [F]	562
Giac [F]	562
Mupad [F(-1)]	563
Reduce [F]	563

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{b}{ax^2}\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(1 + \frac{d}{cx^2}\right)^{-q} x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right)$$

output

```
(a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q*x*AppellF1(-1/2,-p,-q,1/2,-b/a/x^2,-d/c/x^2)/((1+b/a/x^2)^p)/((1+d/c/x^2)^q)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.32

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \frac{\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x \left(1 + \frac{ax^2}{b}\right)^{-p} \left(1 + \frac{cx^2}{d}\right)^{-q} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{3}{2} - p - q, -\frac{ax^2}{b}, -\frac{cx^2}{d}\right)}{-1 + 2p + 2q}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x]
```



output

$$-\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \text{AppellF1}\left[\frac{1}{2} - p - q, -p, -q, \frac{3}{2} - p - q, -\left(\frac{a x^2}{b}\right), -\left(\frac{c x^2}{d}\right)\right] / \left((-1 + 2p + 2q) \left(1 + \frac{a x^2}{b}\right)^p \left(1 + \frac{c x^2}{d}\right)^q\right)\right)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {899, 395, 395, 394}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{899} \\ & - \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{395} \\ & - \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^q x^2 d\frac{1}{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{394} \\ & x \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(\frac{b}{ax^2} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \left(\frac{d}{cx^2} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{ax^2}, -\frac{d}{cx^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}\left[\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q, x\right]$$

output

$$\left(\left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q \text{AppellF1}\left[-\frac{1}{2}, -p, -q, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{b}{a x^2}, -\frac{d}{c x^2}\right] / \left((1 + \frac{b}{a x^2})^p \left(1 + \frac{d}{c x^2}\right)^q\right)\right)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 394 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*c^q*((e*x)^(m + 1)/(e*(m + 1)))*AppellF1[(m + 1)/2, -p, -q, 1 + (m + 1)/2, (-b)*(x^2/a), (-d)*(x^2/c)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 395 `Int[((e_)*(x_))^(m_)*((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^2)^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^2)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^2/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(e*x)^m*(1 + b*(x^2/a))^p*(c + d*x^2)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, m, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[m, -1] && NeQ[m, 1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 899 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := -Subst[Int[(a + b/x^n)^p*(c + d/x^n)^q/x^2, x], x, 1/x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && ILtQ[n, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+1/x^2*d)^q,x)`

output `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+1/x^2*d)^q,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(((a*x^2 + b)/x^2)^p*((c*x^2 + d)/x^2)^q, x)`

### Sympy [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**2)**p*(c+d/x**2)**q,x)`

output `Timed out`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx = \int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

input `int((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q,x)`output `int((a + b/x^2)^p*(c + d/x^2)^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \left(a + \frac{b}{x^2}\right)^p \left(c + \frac{d}{x^2}\right)^q dx$$

$$= \frac{(cx^2 + d)^q (ax^2 + b)^p x + 2x^{2p+2q} \left( \int \frac{(cx^2 + d)^q (ax^2 + b)^p x^2}{x^{2p+2q} acx^4 + x^{2p+2q} adx^2 + x^{2p+2q} bcx^2 + x^{2p+2q} bd} dx \right) adq + 2x^{2p+2q} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{2p+2q} ac} dx \right) adq + 2x^{2p+2q} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{2p+2q} bc} dx \right) bcq + 2x^{2p+2q} \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{2p+2q} bd} dx \right) bdq$$

input `int((a+b/x^2)^p*(c+d/x^2)^q,x)`

output

```
((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*a*d*q + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p*x**2)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*c*p + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*d*p + 2*x**(2*p + 2*q)*int(((c*x**2 + d)**q*(a*x**2 + b)**p)/(x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*c*x**4 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*a*d*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*c*x**2 + x**(2*p + 2*q)*b*d),x)*b*d*q/x**(2*p + 2*q)
```

**3.55**  $\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	564
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	565
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	565
Maple [C] (verified) . . . . .	569
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	570
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	570
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	571
Giac [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	571
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	572
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	572

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 145

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx = \frac{ax}{c} - \frac{(bc - ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{d} - 2\sqrt[3]{cx}}{\sqrt{3}\sqrt[3]{d}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}c^{4/3}d^{2/3}} + \frac{(bc - ad) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{d} + \sqrt[3]{cx}\right)}{3c^{4/3}d^{2/3}} - \frac{(bc - ad) \log\left(d^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{dx} + c^{2/3}x^2\right)}{6c^{4/3}d^{2/3}}$$

output `a*x/c-1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*arctan(1/3*(d^(1/3)-2*c^(1/3)*x)*3^(1/2)/d^(1/3))*3^(1/2)/c^(4/3)/d^(2/3)+1/3*(-a*d+b*c)*ln(d^(1/3)+c^(1/3)*x)/c^(4/3)/d^(2/3)-1/6*(-a*d+b*c)*ln(d^(2/3)-c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*x+c^(2/3)*x^2)/c^(4/3)/d^(2/3)`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 129, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6a\sqrt[3]{cd^{2/3}}x - 2\sqrt{3}(bc - ad) \arctan\left(\frac{1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{C}x}{\sqrt[3]{d}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + 2(bc - ad) \log\left(\sqrt[3]{d} + \sqrt[3]{cx}\right) - (bc - ad) \log\left(d^{2/3} - \sqrt[3]{d}\right)}{6c^{4/3}d^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b/x^3)/(c + d/x^3),x]`

output `(6*a*c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)*x - 2*Sqrt[3]*(b*c - a*d)*ArcTan[(1 - (2*c^(1/3)*x)/d^(1/3))/Sqrt[3]] + 2*(b*c - a*d)*Log[d^(1/3) + c^(1/3)*x] - (b*c - a*d)*Log[d^(2/3) - c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*x + c^(2/3)*x^2]/(6*c^(4/3)*d^(2/3))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.90, number of steps used = 11, number of rules used = 10,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.588$ , Rules used = {898, 913, 750, 16, 1142, 25, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{898} \\ & \int \frac{ax^3 + b}{cx^3 + d} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\ & \frac{(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{cx^3 + d} dx}{c} + \frac{ax}{c} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 750 \\
 & \frac{(bc - ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{d} - \sqrt[3]{c}x}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{d}}} dx}{3d^{2/3}} \right)}{c} + \frac{ax}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 16 \\
 & \frac{(bc - ad) \left( \frac{\int \frac{{}_2\sqrt[3]{d} - \sqrt[3]{c}x}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{d})}{3\sqrt[3]{cd^{2/3}}} \right)}{c} + \frac{ax}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 1142 \\
 & \frac{(bc - ad) \left( \frac{{}_3\sqrt[3]{d} \int \frac{1}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}(\sqrt[3]{d} - 2\sqrt[3]{c}x)}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{c}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{d})}{3\sqrt[3]{cd^{2/3}}} \right)}{c} + \frac{ax}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{(bc - ad) \left( \frac{{}_3\sqrt[3]{d} \int \frac{1}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{c}(\sqrt[3]{d} - 2\sqrt[3]{c}x)}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx}{2\sqrt[3]{c}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{d})}{3\sqrt[3]{cd^{2/3}}} \right)}{c} + \frac{ax}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 27 \\
 & \frac{(bc - ad) \left( \frac{{}_3\sqrt[3]{d} \int \frac{1}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{d} - 2\sqrt[3]{c}x}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{d})}{3\sqrt[3]{cd^{2/3}}} \right)}{c} + \frac{ax}{c} \\
 & \downarrow 1082
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(bc - ad) \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{d} - 2\sqrt[3]{c}x}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx + \frac{\int \frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{d}}\right)^2 - 3} d \left(1 - \frac{2\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{d}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{c}}}{3d^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{d})}{3\sqrt[3]{cd^{2/3}}} \right) + \frac{ax}{c}$$

217

$$(bc - ad) \left( \frac{\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{d} - 2\sqrt[3]{c}x}{c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3}} dx - \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{d}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{c}}}{3d^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{d})}{3\sqrt[3]{cd^{2/3}}} \right) + \frac{ax}{c}$$

1103

$$(bc - ad) \left( \frac{-\frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1 - 2\sqrt[3]{c}x}{\sqrt[3]{d}}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{c}} - \frac{\log(c^{2/3}x^2 - \sqrt[3]{c}\sqrt[3]{d}x + d^{2/3})}{2\sqrt[3]{c}}}{3d^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[3]{c}x + \sqrt[3]{d})}{3\sqrt[3]{cd^{2/3}}} \right) + \frac{ax}{c}$$

input `Int[(a + b/x^3)/(c + d/x^3), x]`

output `(a*x)/c + ((b*c - a*d)*(Log[d^(1/3) + c^(1/3)*x]/(3*c^(1/3)*d^(2/3)) + (-((Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - (2*c^(1/3)*x)/d^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3])/c^(1/3)) - Log[d^(2/3) - c^(1/3)*d^(1/3)*x + c^(2/3)*x^2]/(2*c^(1/3)))/(3*d^(2/3))))/c`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 16  $\text{Int}[(c\_)/((a\_)+(b\_)*(x\_)), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$
- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x]$
- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a\_)*(Fx\_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b\_)*(Gx\_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 217  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-\text{Rt}[-a, 2]*\text{Rt}[-b, 2])^{(-1)}*\text{ArcTan}[\text{Rt}[-b, 2]*(x/\text{Rt}[-a, 2])], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{PosQ}[a/b] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[a, 0] \ || \ \text{LtQ}[b, 0])$
- rule 750  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^3)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[1/(\text{Rt}[a, 3] + \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x), x], x] + \text{Simp}[1/(3*\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2) \text{ Int}[(2*\text{Rt}[a, 3] - \text{Rt}[b, 3]*x)/(\text{Rt}[a, 3]^2 - \text{Rt}[a, 3]*\text{Rt}[b, 3]*x + \text{Rt}[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b\}, x]$
- rule 898  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}], x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Int}[x^{(n*(p+q))}*(b + a/x^{(n)})^{(p)}*(d + c/x^{(n)})^{(q)}, x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntegersQ}[p, q] \ \&\& \ \text{NegQ}[n]$
- rule 913  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)*((c_)+(d_)*(x_)^{(n_)})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^{(n)})^{(p+1)})/(b*(n*(p+1) + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p+1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p+1) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^{(n)})^{(p)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n*(p+1) + 1, 0]$
- rule 1082  $\text{Int}[(a\_)+(b\_)*(x_) + (c\_)*(x_)^2)^{-1}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{q = 1 - 4*\text{Simplify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{ Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q - x^2), x], x, 1 + 2*c*(x/b)], x] /; \text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c])] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c\}, x]$

```
rule 1103 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[d*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x + c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d,
e}, x] && EqQ[2*c*d - b*e, 0]
```

```
rule 1142 Int[((d_) + (e_)*(x_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_) + (c_)*(x_)^2), x_Symbol] := S
imp[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) Int[1/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] + Simp[e/(2*c)
Int[(b + 2*c*x)/(a + b*x + c*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e}, x]
```

**Maple [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 3.

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.29

method	result	size
risch	$\frac{ax}{c} + \frac{\sum_{R=\text{RootOf}(cZ^3+d)} \frac{(-ad+bc) \ln(x-R)}{-R^2}}{3c^2}$	42
default	$\frac{ax}{c} + \frac{\left( \frac{\ln\left(x + \left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3c\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{\ln\left(x^2 - \left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}x + \left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6c\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{\sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(\frac{2x}{\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}-1\right)}{\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}\right)}{3c\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right) (-ad+bc)}{c}$	110

```
input int((a+b/x^3)/(c+d/x^3),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output a*x/c+1/3/c^2*sum((-a*d+b*c)/_R^2*ln(x-_R),_R=RootOf(_Z^3*c+d))
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 390, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.69

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx$$

$$= \frac{6acd^2x - 3\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}(bc^2d - acd^2)\sqrt{\frac{(-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{c}} \log\left(\frac{2cdx^3 + 3(-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}dx - d^2 - 3\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}\left(2cdx^2 + (-cd^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}x + (-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}d\right)\sqrt{\frac{(-cd^2)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{c}}}{cx^3 + d}}{6}\right)}{6}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^3)/(c+d/x^3),x, algorithm="fricas")`output 

```
[1/6*(6*a*c*d^2*x - 3*sqrt(1/3)*(b*c^2*d - a*c*d^2)*sqrt((-c*d^2)^(1/3)/c)
*log((2*c*d*x^3 + 3*(-c*d^2)^(1/3)*d*x - d^2 - 3*sqrt(1/3)*(2*c*d*x^2 + (-
c*d^2)^(2/3)*x + (-c*d^2)^(1/3)*d)*sqrt((-c*d^2)^(1/3)/c))/(c*x^3 + d) -
(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*(b*c - a*d)*log(c*d*x^2 - (-c*d^2)^(2/3)*x - (-c*d^2)^(1/3)
*d) + 2*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*(b*c - a*d)*log(c*d*x + (-c*d^2)^(2/3)))/(c^2*d^2),
1/6*(6*a*c*d^2*x + 6*sqrt(1/3)*(b*c^2*d - a*c*d^2)*sqrt(-(-c*d^2)^(1/3)/c)
)*arctan(sqrt(1/3)*(2*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*x + (-c*d^2)^(1/3)*d)*sqrt(-(-c*d^2)^(
1/3)/c)/d^2 - (-c*d^2)^(2/3)*(b*c - a*d)*log(c*d*x^2 - (-c*d^2)^(2/3)*x
- (-c*d^2)^(1/3)*d) + 2*(-c*d^2)^(2/3)*(b*c - a*d)*log(c*d*x + (-c*d^2)^(2/
3)))/(c^2*d^2)]
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.24 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.49

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx = \frac{ax}{c}$$

$$+ \text{RootSum}\left(27t^3c^4d^2 + a^3d^3 - 3a^2bcd^2 + 3ab^2c^2d - b^3c^3, \left(t \mapsto t \log\left(-\frac{3tcd}{ad - bc} + x\right)\right)\right)$$

input `integrate((a+b/x**3)/(c+d/x**3),x)`

output

```
a*x/c + RootSum(27*_t**3*c**4*d**2 + a**3*d**3 - 3*a**2*b*c*d**2 + 3*a*b**2*c**2*d - b**3*c**3, Lambda(_t, _t*log(-3*_t*c*d/(a*d - b*c) + x))
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.88

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx = \frac{ax}{c} + \frac{\sqrt{3}(bc - ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x - \left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3c^2\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{(bc - ad) \log\left(x^2 - x\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6c^2\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{(bc - ad) \log\left(x + \left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3c^2\left(\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b/x^3)/(c+d/x^3),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
a*x/c + 1/3*sqrt(3)*(b*c - a*d)*arctan(1/3*sqrt(3)*(2*x - (d/c)^(1/3))/(d/c)^(1/3))/(c^2*(d/c)^(2/3)) - 1/6*(b*c - a*d)*log(x^2 - x*(d/c)^(1/3) + (d/c)^(2/3))/(c^2*(d/c)^(2/3)) + 1/3*(b*c - a*d)*log(x + (d/c)^(1/3))/(c^2*(d/c)^(2/3))
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx = -\frac{\sqrt{3}(bc - ad) \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}\left(2x + \left(-\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)}{3\left(-\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right)}{3(-c^2d)^{\frac{2}{3}}} - \frac{(bc - ad) \log\left(x^2 + x\left(-\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} + \left(-\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\right)}{6(-c^2d)^{\frac{2}{3}}} + \frac{ax}{c} - \frac{(bc - ad)\left(-\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(\left|x - \left(-\frac{d}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right|\right)}{3cd}$$

input `integrate((a+b/x^3)/(c+d/x^3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output 
$$-1/3*\sqrt{3}*(b*c - a*d)*\arctan(1/3*\sqrt{3}*(2*x + (-d/c)^{(1/3)})/(-d/c)^{(1/3)})/(-c^2*d)^{(2/3)} - 1/6*(b*c - a*d)*\log(x^2 + x*(-d/c)^{(1/3)} + (-d/c)^{(2/3)})/(-c^2*d)^{(2/3)} + a*x/c - 1/3*(b*c - a*d)*(-d/c)^{(1/3)}*\log(\text{abs}(x - (-d/c)^{(1/3)}))/(c*d)$$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 123, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.85

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx = \frac{ax}{c} - \frac{\ln(c^{1/3}x + d^{1/3})(ad - bc)}{3c^{4/3}d^{2/3}} + \frac{\ln(d^{1/3} - 2c^{1/3}x + \sqrt{3}d^{1/3}i)\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2}\right)(ad - bc)}{3c^{4/3}d^{2/3}} - \frac{\ln(2c^{1/3}x - d^{1/3} + \sqrt{3}d^{1/3}i)\left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}i}{2}\right)(ad - bc)}{3c^{4/3}d^{2/3}}$$

input `int((a + b/x^3)/(c + d/x^3),x)`

output 
$$(a*x)/c - (\log(c^{(1/3)}*x + d^{(1/3)})*(a*d - b*c))/(3*c^{(4/3)}*d^{(2/3)}) + (\log(3^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/3)}*i - 2*c^{(1/3)}*x + d^{(1/3)})*((3^{(1/2)}*i)/2 + 1/2)*(a*d - b*c))/(3*c^{(4/3)}*d^{(2/3)}) - (\log(3^{(1/2)}*d^{(1/3)}*i + 2*c^{(1/3)}*x - d^{(1/3)})*((3^{(1/2)}*i)/2 - 1/2)*(a*d - b*c))/(3*c^{(4/3)}*d^{(2/3)})$$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 163, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.12

$$\int \frac{a + \frac{b}{x^3}}{c + \frac{d}{x^3}} dx = \frac{-2d^{\frac{4}{3}}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2c^{\frac{1}{3}}x - d^{\frac{1}{3}}}{d^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) a + 2d^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2c^{\frac{1}{3}}x - d^{\frac{1}{3}}}{d^{\frac{1}{3}}\sqrt{3}}\right) bc + 6c^{\frac{1}{3}}adx + d^{\frac{4}{3}}\log\left(c^{\frac{2}{3}}x^2 - d^{\frac{1}{3}}c^{\frac{1}{3}}x + d^{\frac{2}{3}}\right) a - d^{\frac{1}{3}}\log\left(\frac{c^{\frac{1}{3}}x + d^{\frac{1}{3}}}{d^{\frac{1}{3}}}\right) a}{6c^{\frac{4}{3}}d}$$

input `int((a+b/x^3)/(c+d/x^3),x)`

output  $(-2*d^{1/3}*sqrt(3)*atan((2*c^{1/3}*x - d^{1/3})/(d^{1/3}*sqrt(3)))*a*d + 2*d^{1/3}*sqrt(3)*atan((2*c^{1/3}*x - d^{1/3})/(d^{1/3}*sqrt(3)))*b*c + 6*c^{1/3}*a*d*x + d^{1/3}*log(c^{2/3}*x^2 - d^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*x + d^{2/3})*a*d - d^{1/3}*log(c^{2/3}*x^2 - d^{1/3}*c^{1/3}*x + d^{2/3})*b*c - 2*d^{1/3}*log(c^{1/3}*x + d^{1/3})*a*d + 2*d^{1/3}*log(c^{1/3}*x + d^{1/3})*b*c)/(6*c^{1/3}*c*d)$

### 3.56 $\int \frac{a+b\sqrt{x}}{c+d\sqrt{x}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 49

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx = -\frac{2(bc - ad)\sqrt{x}}{d^2} + \frac{bx}{d} + \frac{2c(bc - ad) \log(c + d\sqrt{x})}{d^3}$$

output

```
-2*(-a*d+b*c)*x^(1/2)/d^2+b*x/d+2*c*(-a*d+b*c)*ln(c+d*x^(1/2))/d^3
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{(-2bc + 2ad + bd\sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}}{d^2} + \frac{2c(bc - ad) \log(c + d\sqrt{x})}{d^3}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/(c + d*Sqrt[x]),x]
```

output

```
((-2*b*c + 2*a*d + b*d*Sqrt[x])*Sqrt[x])/d^2 + (2*c*(b*c - a*d)*Log[c + d*Sqrt[x]])/d^3
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.143$ , Rules used = {900, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 900$$

$$2 \int \frac{(a + b\sqrt{x}) \sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 86$$

$$2 \int \left( \frac{\sqrt{x}b}{d} + \frac{ad - bc}{d^2} + \frac{c(bc - ad)}{d^2(c + d\sqrt{x})} \right) d\sqrt{x}$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$2 \left( \frac{c(bc - ad) \log(c + d\sqrt{x})}{d^3} - \frac{\sqrt{x}(bc - ad)}{d^2} + \frac{bx}{2d} \right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*Sqrt[x])/(c + d*Sqrt[x]),x]`

output `2*(-((b*c - a*d)*Sqrt[x])/d^2) + (b*x)/(2*d) + (c*(b*c - a*d)*Log[c + d*Sqrt[x]])/d^3`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`



rule 900

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol
] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(a + b*x^(g*n)
)^(p*(c + d*x^(g*n)))^q, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && FractionQ[n]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$\frac{bdx+2ad\sqrt{x}-2bc\sqrt{x}}{d^2} - \frac{2(ad-bc)c \ln(c+d\sqrt{x})}{d^3}$	48
default	$\frac{bdx+2ad\sqrt{x}-2bc\sqrt{x}}{d^2} - \frac{2(ad-bc)c \ln(c+d\sqrt{x})}{d^3}$	48

input

```
int((a+b*x^(1/2))/(c+d*x^(1/2)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
2/d^2*(1/2*b*d*x+a*d*x^(1/2)-b*c*x^(1/2))-2*(a*d-b*c)*c/d^3*ln(c+d*x^(1/2)
)
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{bd^2x + 2(bc^2 - acd) \log(d\sqrt{x} + c) - 2(bcd - ad^2)\sqrt{x}}{d^3}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/(c+d*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
(b*d^2*x + 2*(b*c^2 - a*c*d)*log(d*sqrt(x) + c) - 2*(b*c*d - a*d^2)*sqrt(x)
)/d^3
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.19 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx = \begin{cases} -\frac{2ac \log(\frac{c}{d} + \sqrt{x})}{d^2} + \frac{2a\sqrt{x}}{d} + \frac{2bc^2 \log(\frac{c}{d} + \sqrt{x})}{d^3} - \frac{2bc\sqrt{x}}{d^2} + \frac{bx}{d} & \text{for } d \neq 0 \\ \frac{ax + \frac{2bx^{\frac{3}{2}}}{3}}{c} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**(1/2))/(c+d*x**(1/2)),x)`output `Piecewise((-2*a*c*log(c/d + sqrt(x))/d**2 + 2*a*sqrt(x)/d + 2*b*c**2*log(c/d + sqrt(x))/d**3 - 2*b*c*sqrt(x)/d**2 + b*x/d, Ne(d, 0)), ((a*x + 2*b*x*(3/2)/3)/c, True))`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{bdx - 2(bc - ad)\sqrt{x}}{d^2} + \frac{2(bc^2 - acd) \log(d\sqrt{x} + c)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/(c+d*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `(b*d*x - 2*(b*c - a*d)*sqrt(x))/d^2 + 2*(b*c^2 - a*c*d)*log(d*sqrt(x) + c)/d^3`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{bdx - 2bc\sqrt{x} + 2ad\sqrt{x}}{d^2} + \frac{2(bc^2 - acd) \log(|d\sqrt{x} + c|)}{d^3}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^(1/2))/(c+d*x^(1/2)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output  $(b*d*x - 2*b*c*\sqrt{x} + 2*a*d*\sqrt{x})/d^2 + 2*(b*c^2 - a*c*d)*\log(\text{abs}(d*\sqrt{x} + c))/d^3$

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 49, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx = \sqrt{x} \left( \frac{2a}{d} - \frac{2bc}{d^2} \right) + \frac{\ln(c + d\sqrt{x})(2bc^2 - 2acd)}{d^3} + \frac{bx}{d}$$

input `int((a + b*x^(1/2))/(c + d*x^(1/2)),x)`

output  $x^{1/2}*((2*a)/d - (2*b*c)/d^2) + (\log(c + d*x^{1/2})*(2*b*c^2 - 2*a*c*d))/d^3 + (b*x)/d$

### Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 51, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.04

$$\int \frac{a + b\sqrt{x}}{c + d\sqrt{x}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x} a d^2 - 2\sqrt{x} bcd - 2 \log(\sqrt{x} d + c) acd + 2 \log(\sqrt{x} d + c) b c^2 + b d^2 x}{d^3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^(1/2))/(c+d*x^(1/2)),x)`

output  $(2*\sqrt{x}*a*d**2 - 2*\sqrt{x}*b*c*d - 2*\log(\sqrt{x}*d + c)*a*c*d + 2*\log(\sqrt{x}*d + c)*b*c**2 + b*d**2*x)/d**3$

$$3.57 \quad \int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx$$

Optimal result	579
Mathematica [A] (verified)	579
Rubi [A] (verified)	580
Maple [A] (verified)	581
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	582
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	583
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	583
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	583

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 26

$$\int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = 6\sqrt[3]{x} - 3x^{2/3} + x - 6 \log(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})$$

output `6*x^(1/3)-3*x^(2/3)+x-6*ln(1+x^(1/3))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = 6\sqrt[3]{x} - 3x^{2/3} + x - 6 \log(1 + \sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Integrate[(-1 + x^(1/3))/(1 + x^(1/3)), x]`

output `6*x^(1/3) - 3*x^(2/3) + x - 6*Log[1 + x^(1/3)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 32, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.23, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {900, 25, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} - 1}{\sqrt[3]{x} + 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{900} \\
 & 3 \int -\frac{(1 - \sqrt[3]{x}) x^{2/3}}{\sqrt[3]{x} + 1} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -3 \int \frac{(1 - \sqrt[3]{x}) x^{2/3}}{\sqrt[3]{x} + 1} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\
 & -3 \int \left( -x^{2/3} + 2\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{x} + 1} - 2 \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\
 & 3 \left( -x^{2/3} + \frac{x}{3} + 2\sqrt[3]{x} - 2 \log(\sqrt[3]{x} + 1) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(-1 + x^(1/3))/(1 + x^(1/3)),x]`

output `3*(2*x^(1/3) - x^(2/3) + x/3 - 2*Log[1 + x^(1/3)])`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_.))*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_)^(p_.)), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0] || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0] || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f])))`

rule 900 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(a + b*x^(g*n))^p*(c + d*x^(g*n))^q, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /;` `SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 21, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + x - 6 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$	21
default	$6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + x - 6 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$	21
trager	$-1 + x + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2 \ln(-3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x - 1)$	32
meijerg	$\frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}(4x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 12)}{4} - 6 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1) + \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}(-3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 6)}{2}$	39

input `int((x^(1/3)-1)/(x^(1/3)+1),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `6*x^(1/3)-3*x^(2/3)+x-6*ln(x^(1/3)+1)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/3))/(1+x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `x - 3*x^(2/3) + 6*x^(1/3) - 6*log(x^(1/3) + 1)`**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6\sqrt[3]{x} + x - 6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate((-1+x**(1/3))/(1+x**(1/3)),x)`output `-3*x**(2/3) + 6*x**(1/3) + x - 6*log(x**(1/3) + 1)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/3))/(1+x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `x - 3*x^(2/3) + 6*x^(1/3) - 6*log(x^(1/3) + 1)`

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$$

input `integrate((-1+x^(1/3))/(1+x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `x - 3*x^(2/3) + 6*x^(1/3) - 6*log(x^(1/3) + 1)`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = x - 6 \ln(x^{1/3} + 1) + 6x^{1/3} - 3x^{2/3}$$

input `int((x^(1/3) - 1)/(x^(1/3) + 1),x)`output `x - 6*log(x^(1/3) + 1) + 6*x^(1/3) - 3*x^(2/3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 20, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{-1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}} dx = -3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1) + x$$

input `int((-1+x^(1/3))/(1+x^(1/3)),x)`output `- 3*x**(2/3) + 6*x**(1/3) - 6*log(x**(1/3) + 1) + x`



### 3.58 $\int \frac{1+x^{2/3}}{-1+x^{2/3}} dx$

Optimal result	584
Mathematica [A] (verified)	584
Rubi [A] (verified)	585
Maple [A] (verified)	587
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	587
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	588
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	588
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	588
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	589
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	589

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 17

$$\int \frac{1+x^{2/3}}{-1+x^{2/3}} dx = 6\sqrt[3]{x} + x - 6\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

output `6*x^(1/3)+x-6*arctanh(x^(1/3))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 17, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1+x^{2/3}}{-1+x^{2/3}} dx = 6\sqrt[3]{x} + x - 6\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x^(2/3))/(-1 + x^(2/3)), x]`

output `6*x^(1/3) + x - 6*ArcTanh[x^(1/3)]`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.294$ , Rules used = {900, 25, 363, 262, 219}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{2/3} + 1}{x^{2/3} - 1} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{900} \\
 & 3 \int -\frac{(x^{2/3} + 1)x^{2/3}}{1 - x^{2/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -3 \int \frac{(x^{2/3} + 1)x^{2/3}}{1 - x^{2/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{363} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{x}{3} - 2 \int \frac{x^{2/3}}{1 - x^{2/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{262} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{x}{3} - 2 \left( \int \frac{1}{1 - x^{2/3}} d\sqrt[3]{x} - \sqrt[3]{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{219} \\
 & 3 \left( \frac{x}{3} - 2(\operatorname{arctanh}(\sqrt[3]{x}) - \sqrt[3]{x}) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x^(2/3))/(-1 + x^(2/3)),x]`

output `3*(x/3 - 2*(-x^(1/3) + ArcTanh[x^(1/3)]))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(\text{Fx}_), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \quad \text{Int}[\text{Fx}, \text{x}], \text{x}]$
- rule 219  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{-1}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(1/(\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2] * \text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2])) * \text{ArcTanh}[\text{Rt}[-\text{b}, 2] * (\text{x}/\text{Rt}[\text{a}, 2])], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NegQ}[\text{a}/\text{b}] \&\& (\text{GtQ}[\text{a}, 0] \mid \mid \text{LtQ}[\text{b}, 0])$
- rule 262  $\text{Int}[(\text{c}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{c} * (\text{c} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} - 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (\text{b} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 1))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[\text{a} * \text{c}^2 * ((\text{m} - 1) / (\text{b} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 1))) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{c} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} - 2)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{GtQ}[\text{m}, 2 - 1] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 1, 0] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, 2, \text{m}, \text{p}, \text{x}]$
- rule 363  $\text{Int}[(\text{e}_) * (\text{x}_)]^{(\text{m}_)} * ((\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^2)^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^2), \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{d} * (\text{e} * \text{x})^{(\text{m} + 1)} * ((\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{(\text{p} + 1)} / (\text{b} * \text{e} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3))), \text{x}] - \text{Simp}[(\text{a} * \text{d} * (\text{m} + 1) - \text{b} * \text{c} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3)) / (\text{b} * (\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3)) \quad \text{Int}[(\text{e} * \text{x})^{\text{m}} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^2)^{\text{p}}, \text{x}], \text{x}] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{e}, \text{m}, \text{p}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{m} + 2 * \text{p} + 3, 0]$
- rule 900  $\text{Int}[(\text{a}_) + (\text{b}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)}])^{(\text{p}_)} * ((\text{c}_) + (\text{d}_) * (\text{x}_)^{(\text{n}_)})^{(\text{q}_)}, \text{x\_Symbol}] \rightarrow \text{With}[\{\text{g} = \text{Denominator}[\text{n}]\}, \text{Simp}[\text{g} \quad \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[\text{x}^{(\text{g} - 1)} * (\text{a} + \text{b} * \text{x}^{(\text{g} * \text{n})})^{\text{p}} * (\text{c} + \text{d} * \text{x}^{(\text{g} * \text{n})})^{\text{q}}, \text{x}], \text{x}, \text{x}^{(1/\text{g})}], \text{x}]] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{\text{a}, \text{b}, \text{c}, \text{d}, \text{p}, \text{q}\}, \text{x}] \&\& \text{NeQ}[\text{b} * \text{c} - \text{a} * \text{d}, 0] \&\& \text{FractionQ}[\text{n}]$

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$x + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1) - 3 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$	24
default	$x + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1) - 3 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1)$	24
trager	$x - 2 + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 3 \ln\left(-\frac{2x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2x^{\frac{1}{3}} - x + 1}{1+x}\right)$	34
meijerg	$-\frac{3i(2ix^{\frac{1}{3}} - 2i \operatorname{arctanh}(x^{\frac{1}{3}}))}{2} + \frac{3i\left(-\frac{2ix^{\frac{1}{3}}(5x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 15)}{15} + 2i \operatorname{arctanh}(x^{\frac{1}{3}})\right)}{2}$	43

input `int((1+x^(2/3))/(-1+x^(2/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `x+6*x^(1/3)+3*ln(x^(1/3)-1)-3*ln(x^(1/3)+1)`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1 + x^{2/3}}{-1 + x^{2/3}} dx = x + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 1) + 3 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1)$$

input `integrate((1+x^(2/3))/(-1+x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `x + 6*x^(1/3) - 3*log(x^(1/3) + 1) + 3*log(x^(1/3) - 1)`

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.59

$$\int \frac{1 + x^{2/3}}{-1 + x^{2/3}} dx = 6\sqrt[3]{x} + x + 3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x} - 1) - 3 \log(\sqrt[3]{x} + 1)$$

input `integrate((1+x**(2/3))/(-1+x**(2/3)),x)`output `6*x**(1/3) + x + 3*log(x**(1/3) - 1) - 3*log(x**(1/3) + 1)`**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.02 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1 + x^{2/3}}{-1 + x^{2/3}} dx = x + 6x^{1/3} - 3 \log(x^{1/3} + 1) + 3 \log(x^{1/3} - 1)$$

input `integrate((1+x^(2/3))/(-1+x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `x + 6*x^(1/3) - 3*log(x^(1/3) + 1) + 3*log(x^(1/3) - 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 24, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int \frac{1 + x^{2/3}}{-1 + x^{2/3}} dx = x + 6x^{1/3} - 3 \log(x^{1/3} + 1) + 3 \log(|x^{1/3} - 1|)$$

input `integrate((1+x^(2/3))/(-1+x^(2/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `x + 6*x^(1/3) - 3*log(x^(1/3) + 1) + 3*log(abs(x^(1/3) - 1))`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 13, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1 + x^{2/3}}{-1 + x^{2/3}} dx = x - 6 \operatorname{atanh}(x^{1/3}) + 6 x^{1/3}$$

input `int((x^(2/3) + 1)/(x^(2/3) - 1),x)`output `x - 6*atanh(x^(1/3)) + 6*x^(1/3)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35

$$\int \frac{1 + x^{2/3}}{-1 + x^{2/3}} dx = 6x^{1/3} + 3 \log(x^{1/3} - 1) - 3 \log(x^{1/3} + 1) + x$$

input `int((1+x^(2/3))/(-1+x^(2/3)),x)`output `6*x**(1/3) + 3*log(x**(1/3) - 1) - 3*log(x**(1/3) + 1) + x`

### 3.59 $\int \frac{-16+x^{3/4}}{16+x^{3/4}} dx$

Optimal result	590
Mathematica [A] (verified)	590
Rubi [A] (verified)	591
Maple [A] (verified)	595
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Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	596
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Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	597
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	597
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	598

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 104

$$\int \frac{-16 + x^{3/4}}{16 + x^{3/4}} dx = -128\sqrt[4]{x} + x - \frac{256\sqrt[3]{2} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{2} - \sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{256}{3}\sqrt[3]{2} \log\left(2\sqrt[3]{2} + \sqrt[4]{x}\right) - \frac{128}{3}\sqrt[3]{2} \log\left(4 \cdot 2^{2/3} - 2\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x} + \sqrt{x}\right)$$

output

```
-128*x^(1/4)+x-256/3*2^(1/3)*arctan(1/6*(2^(1/3)-x^(1/4))*2^(2/3)*3^(1/2))
*3^(1/2)+256/3*2^(1/3)*ln(2*2^(1/3)+x^(1/4))-128/3*2^(1/3)*ln(4*2^(2/3)-2*
2^(1/3)*x^(1/4)+x^(1/2))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{-16 + x^{3/4}}{16 + x^{3/4}} dx = -128\sqrt[4]{x} + x - \frac{256\sqrt[3]{2} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3}}\right)}{\sqrt{3}} + \frac{256}{3}\sqrt[3]{2} \log\left(4 + 2^{2/3}\sqrt[4]{x}\right) - \frac{128}{3}\sqrt[3]{2} \log\left(-8 + 2 \cdot 2^{2/3}\sqrt[4]{x} - \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{x}\right)$$

input `Integrate[(-16 + x^(3/4))/(16 + x^(3/4)),x]`

output `-128*x^(1/4) + x - (256*2^(1/3)*ArcTan[1/Sqrt[3] - x^(1/4)/(2^(1/3)*Sqrt[3]])/Sqrt[3] + (256*2^(1/3)*Log[4 + 2^(2/3)*x^(1/4)])/3 - (128*2^(1/3)*Log[-8 + 2*2^(2/3)*x^(1/4) - 2^(1/3)*Sqrt[x]])/3`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06, number of steps used = 12, number of rules used = 11,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.647$ , Rules used = {900, 25, 959, 843, 750, 16, 1142, 27, 1082, 217, 1103}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{x^{3/4} - 16}{x^{3/4} + 16} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{900} \\
 & 4 \int -\frac{(16 - x^{3/4}) x^{3/4}}{x^{3/4} + 16} d\sqrt[4]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & -4 \int \frac{(16 - x^{3/4}) x^{3/4}}{x^{3/4} + 16} d\sqrt[4]{x} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{959} \\
 & 4 \left( \frac{x}{4} - 32 \int \frac{x^{3/4}}{x^{3/4} + 16} d\sqrt[4]{x} \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{843} \\
 & 4 \left( \frac{x}{4} - 32 \left( \sqrt[4]{x} - 16 \int \frac{1}{x^{3/4} + 16} d\sqrt[4]{x} \right) \right) \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{750}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$4 \left( \frac{x}{4} - 32 \left( \sqrt[4]{x} - 16 \left( \frac{\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{x+2}\sqrt[3]{2}} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\int \frac{4\sqrt[3]{2}-\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x+4} \cdot 2^{2/3}} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 16

$$4 \left( \frac{x}{4} - 32 \left( \sqrt[4]{x} - 16 \left( \frac{\int \frac{4\sqrt[3]{2}-\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x+4} \cdot 2^{2/3}} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[4]{x} + 2\sqrt[3]{2})}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1142

$$4 \left( \frac{x}{4} - 32 \left( \sqrt[4]{x} - 16 \left( \frac{3\sqrt[3]{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x+4} \cdot 2^{2/3}} d\sqrt[4]{x} - \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{2(\sqrt[3]{2}-\sqrt[4]{x})}{\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x+4} \cdot 2^{2/3}} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[4]{x} + 2\sqrt[3]{2})}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 27

$$4 \left( \frac{x}{4} - 32 \left( \sqrt[4]{x} - 16 \left( \frac{3\sqrt[3]{2} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x+4} \cdot 2^{2/3}} d\sqrt[4]{x} + \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}-\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x+4} \cdot 2^{2/3}} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[4]{x} + 2\sqrt[3]{2})}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1082

$$4 \left( \frac{x}{4} - 32 \left( \sqrt[4]{x} - 16 \left( \frac{3 \int \frac{1}{-\sqrt{x}-3} d\left(1 - \frac{\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}\right) + \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}-\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x+4} \cdot 2^{2/3}} d\sqrt[4]{x}}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[4]{x} + 2\sqrt[3]{2})}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 217

$$4 \left( \frac{x}{4} - 32 \left( \sqrt[4]{x} - 16 \left( \frac{\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{2}-\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{x-2}\sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x+4} \cdot 2^{2/3}} d\sqrt[4]{x} - \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{1-\frac{\sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{2}}}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\log(\sqrt[4]{x} + 2\sqrt[3]{2})}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

↓ 1103

$$4 \left( \frac{x}{4} - 32 \sqrt[4]{x} - 16 \left( \frac{-\sqrt{3} \arctan \left( \frac{1 - \sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{2}} \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log \left( \sqrt{x} - 2\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[4]{x} + 4 \cdot 2^{2/3} \right)}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} + \frac{\log \left( \sqrt[4]{x} + 2\sqrt[3]{2} \right)}{12 \cdot 2^{2/3}} \right) \right)$$

input `Int[(-16 + x^(3/4))/(16 + x^(3/4)),x]`

output `4*(x/4 - 32*(x^(1/4) - 16*(Log[2*2^(1/3) + x^(1/4)]/(12*2^(2/3)) + (-Sqrt[3]*ArcTan[(1 - x^(1/4)/2^(1/3)]/Sqrt[3]) - Log[4*2^(2/3) - 2*2^(1/3)*x^(1/4) + Sqrt[x]]/2)/(12*2^(2/3))))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 16 `Int[(c_)/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[c*(Log[RemoveContent[a + b*x, x]]/b), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c}, x]`

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[Fx, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[Fx, (b_)*(Gx_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 217 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^2)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(Rt[-a, 2]*Rt[-b, 2])^(-1))*ArcTan[Rt[-b, 2]*(x/Rt[-a, 2])], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x] && PosQ[a/b] && (LtQ[a, 0] || LtQ[b, 0])`

rule 750 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^3)^(-1), x_Symbol] := Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[1/(Rt[a, 3] + Rt[b, 3]*x), x], x] + Simp[1/(3*Rt[a, 3]^2) Int[(2*Rt[a, 3] - Rt[b, 3]*x)/(Rt[a, 3]^2 - Rt[a, 3]*Rt[b, 3]*x + Rt[b, 3]^2*x^2), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b}, x]`

rule 843  $\text{Int}[\{(c\_)(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[c^{(n-1)}(c*x)^{(m-n+1)}\{(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}\}/(b*(m+n*p+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[a*c^n*(m-n+1)/(b*(m+n*p+1)) \text{Int}[(c*x)^{(m-n)}(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{IGtQ}[n, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[m, n-1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*p+1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, n, m, p, x]$

rule 900  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}\{(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(q\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{g = \text{Denominator}[n]\}, \text{Simp}[g \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[x^{(g-1)}(a+b*x^{(g*n)})^p(c+d*x^{(g*n)})^q, x], x, x^{(1/g)}], x]] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, p, q\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{FractionQ}[n]$

rule 959  $\text{Int}[\{(e\_)(x\_)\}^{(m\_)}\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}\{(c\_)+(d\_)(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(e*x)^{(m+1)}\{(a+b*x^n)^{(p+1)}\}/(b*e*(m+n*(p+1)+1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d*(m+1) - b*c*(m+n*(p+1)+1))/(b*(m+n*(p+1)+1)) \text{Int}[(e*x)^m(a+b*x^n)^p, x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, m, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[m+n*(p+1)+1, 0]$

rule 1082  $\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x_)^2\}^{(-1)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{With}\{q = 1 - 4*S\text{implify}[a*(c/b^2)]\}, \text{Simp}[-2/b \text{Subst}[\text{Int}[1/(q-x^2), x], x, 1+2*c*(x/b)], x] /;$   $\text{RationalQ}[q] \ \&\& \ (\text{EqQ}[q^2, 1] \ || \ !\text{RationalQ}[b^2 - 4*a*c]) /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c\}, x\}$

rule 1103  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)\}/\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x_)^2\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*(\text{Log}[\text{RemoveContent}[a+b*x+c*x^2, x]]/b), x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[2*c*d - b*e, 0]$

rule 1142  $\text{Int}[\{(d\_)+(e\_)(x\_)\}/\{(a\_)+(b\_)(x\_)+(c\_)(x_)^2\}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(2*c*d - b*e)/(2*c) \text{Int}[1/(a+b*x+c*x^2), x], x] + \text{Simp}[e/(2*c) \text{Int}[(b+2*c*x)/(a+b*x+c*x^2), x], x] /;$   $\text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e\}, x\}$

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 63.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 66, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.63

method	result
derivativedivides	$x - 128x^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{128 \cdot 16^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln(x^{\frac{1}{4}} + 16^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3} - \frac{64 \cdot 16^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln(\sqrt{x} - 16^{\frac{1}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}} + 16^{\frac{2}{3}})}{3} + \frac{128 \cdot 16^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{16^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{8} - 1\right)}{3}\right)}{3}$
default	$x - 128x^{\frac{1}{4}} + \frac{128 \cdot 16^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln(x^{\frac{1}{4}} + 16^{\frac{1}{3}})}{3} - \frac{64 \cdot 16^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln(\sqrt{x} - 16^{\frac{1}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}} + 16^{\frac{2}{3}})}{3} + \frac{128 \cdot 16^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \left(\frac{16^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{8} - 1\right)}{3}\right)}{3}$
meijerg	$128 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \left( \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{3 \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{\left( \frac{2 \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}} \ln\left(1 + \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{4}\right)}{x^{\frac{1}{4}}} - \frac{2^{\frac{1}{3}} \ln\left(1 - \frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{4} + \frac{2^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{x}}{8}\right)}{x^{\frac{1}{4}}} + \frac{2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \sqrt{3} \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{3} \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}}}{8 - 2^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{x^{\frac{1}{4}}}\right)}{4} \right) + 128$
trager	Expression too large to display

```
input int((-16+x^(3/4))/(16+x^(3/4)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

```
output x-128*x^(1/4)+128/3*16^(1/3)*ln(x^(1/4)+16^(1/3))-64/3*16^(1/3)*ln(x^(1/2)-16^(1/3)*x^(1/4)+16^(2/3))+128/3*16^(1/3)*3^(1/2)*arctan(1/3*3^(1/2)*(1/8*16^(2/3)*x^(1/4)-1))
```

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{-16 + x^{3/4}}{16 + x^{3/4}} dx = \frac{256}{3} \sqrt{3} 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \arctan\left(\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} 2^{\frac{2}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}} - \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}\right) - \frac{128}{3} \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(4 \cdot 2^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} x^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{x}\right) + \frac{256}{3} \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} \log\left(2 \cdot 2^{\frac{1}{3}} + x^{\frac{1}{4}}\right) + x - 128 x^{\frac{1}{4}}$$

```
input integrate((-16+x^(3/4))/(16+x^(3/4)),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
256/3*sqrt(3)*2^(1/3)*arctan(1/6*sqrt(3)*2^(2/3)*x^(1/4) - 1/3*sqrt(3)) -
128/3*2^(1/3)*log(4*2^(2/3) - 2*2^(1/3)*x^(1/4) + sqrt(x)) + 256/3*2^(1/3)
*log(2*2^(1/3) + x^(1/4)) + x - 128*x^(1/4)
```

**Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 102, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{-16 + x^{3/4}}{16 + x^{3/4}} dx = -128\sqrt[4]{x} + x + \frac{256 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2} \log\left(\sqrt[4]{x} + 2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2}\right)}{3}$$

$$- \frac{128 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2} \log\left(-2 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt[4]{x} + \sqrt{x} + 4 \cdot 2^{2/3}\right)}{3} + \frac{256 \cdot \sqrt[3]{2}\sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{2^{2/3}\sqrt{3}\sqrt[4]{x}}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}\right)}{3}$$

input

```
integrate((-16+x**(3/4))/(16+x**(3/4)),x)
```

output

```
-128*x**(1/4) + x + 256*2**(1/3)*log(x**(1/4) + 2*2**(1/3))/3 - 128*2**(1/3)
*log(-2*2**(1/3)*x**(1/4) + sqrt(x) + 4*2**(2/3))/3 + 256*2**(1/3)*sqrt(3)
*atan(2**(2/3)*sqrt(3)*x**(1/4)/6 - sqrt(3)/3)/3
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{-16 + x^{3/4}}{16 + x^{3/4}} dx = \frac{256}{3} \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3} \arctan\left(-\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} 2^{2/3} \left(2^{1/3} - x^{1/4}\right)\right) - \frac{128}{3}$$

$$\cdot 2^{1/3} \log\left(4 \cdot 2^{2/3} - 2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x^{1/4} + \sqrt{x}\right) + \frac{256}{3} \cdot 2^{1/3} \log\left(2 \cdot 2^{1/3} + x^{1/4}\right) + x - 128 x^{1/4}$$

input

```
integrate((-16+x^(3/4))/(16+x^(3/4)),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
256/3*sqrt(3)*2^(1/3)*arctan(-1/6*sqrt(3)*2^(2/3)*(2^(1/3) - x^(1/4))) - 1
28/3*2^(1/3)*log(4*2^(2/3) - 2*2^(1/3)*x^(1/4) + sqrt(x)) + 256/3*2^(1/3)*
log(2*2^(1/3) + x^(1/4)) + x - 128*x^(1/4)
```

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.68

$$\int \frac{-16 + x^{3/4}}{16 + x^{3/4}} dx = \frac{256}{3} \sqrt{3} 2^{1/3} \arctan \left( -\frac{1}{6} \sqrt{3} 2^{2/3} (2^{1/3} - x^{1/4}) \right) - \frac{128}{3} \cdot 2^{1/3} \log \left( 4 \cdot 2^{2/3} - 2 \cdot 2^{1/3} x^{1/4} + \sqrt{x} \right) + \frac{256}{3} \cdot 2^{1/3} \log \left( 2 \cdot 2^{1/3} + x^{1/4} \right) + x - 128 x^{1/4}$$

input `integrate((-16+x^(3/4))/(16+x^(3/4)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `256/3*sqrt(3)*2^(1/3)*arctan(-1/6*sqrt(3)*2^(2/3)*(2^(1/3) - x^(1/4))) - 128/3*2^(1/3)*log(4*2^(2/3) - 2*2^(1/3)*x^(1/4) + sqrt(x)) + 256/3*2^(1/3)*log(2*2^(1/3) + x^(1/4)) + x - 128*x^(1/4)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.79 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{-16 + x^{3/4}}{16 + x^{3/4}} dx = x + \frac{256 2^{1/3} \ln(12288 2^{1/3} + 6144 x^{1/4})}{3} - 128 x^{1/4} + \frac{128 2^{1/3} \ln(6144 x^{1/4} + 6144 2^{1/3} (-1 + \sqrt{3} i)) (-1 + \sqrt{3} i)}{3} - \frac{128 2^{1/3} \ln(6144 x^{1/4} - 6144 2^{1/3} (1 + \sqrt{3} i)) (1 + \sqrt{3} i)}{3}$$

input `int((x^(3/4) - 16)/(x^(3/4) + 16),x)`

output `x + (256*2^(1/3)*log(12288*2^(1/3) + 6144*x^(1/4)))/3 - 128*x^(1/4) + (128*2^(1/3)*log(6144*x^(1/4) + 6144*2^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*i - 1))*(3^(1/2)*i - 1))/3 - (128*2^(1/3)*log(6144*x^(1/4) - 6144*2^(1/3)*(3^(1/2)*i + 1))*(3^(1/2)*i + 1))/3`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{-16 + x^{3/4}}{16 + x^{3/4}} dx = \frac{256 2^{1/3} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{atan}\left(\frac{(x^{1/4} - 2^{1/3}) 2^{2/3}}{2\sqrt{3}}\right)}{3} - 128x^{1/4}$$

$$+ \frac{256 2^{1/3} \log\left(x^{1/4} + 2 2^{1/3}\right)}{3} - \frac{128 2^{1/3} \log\left(-2x^{1/4} 2^{1/3} + \sqrt{x} + 4 2^{2/3}\right)}{3} + x$$

input `int((-16+x^(3/4))/(16+x^(3/4)),x)`output `(256*2**(1/3)*sqrt(3)*atan((x**(1/4) - 2**(1/3))/(2**(1/3)*sqrt(3))) - 384*x**(1/4) + 256*2**(1/3)*log(x**(1/4) + 2*2**(1/3)) - 128*2**(1/3)*log(-2*x**(1/4)*2**(1/3) + sqrt(x) + 4*2**(2/3)) + 3*x)/3`

$$3.60 \quad \int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx$$

Optimal result	599
Mathematica [A] (verified)	599
Rubi [A] (verified)	600
Maple [A] (verified)	601
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	602
Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)	602
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	603
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	603
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	603
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	604

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 30

$$\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -6\sqrt[3]{x} - 3x^{2/3} - x - 6 \log(1 - \sqrt[3]{x})$$

output `-6*x^(1/3)-3*x^(2/3)-x-6*ln(1-x^(1/3))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 28, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -6\sqrt[3]{x} - 3x^{2/3} - x - 6 \log(-1 + \sqrt[3]{x})$$

input `Integrate[(1 + x^(-1/3))/(-1 + x^(-1/3)), x]`

output `-6*x^(1/3) - 3*x^(2/3) - x - 6*Log[-1 + x^(1/3)]`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.235$ , Rules used = {898, 900, 86, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} + 1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} - 1} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{898} \\ & \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{x} + 1}{1 - \sqrt[3]{x}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{900} \\ & 3 \int \frac{(\sqrt[3]{x} + 1) x^{2/3}}{1 - \sqrt[3]{x}} d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{86} \\ & 3 \int \left( -x^{2/3} - 2\sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{2}{\sqrt[3]{x} - 1} - 2 \right) d\sqrt[3]{x} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{2009} \\ & 3 \left( -x^{2/3} - \frac{x}{3} - 2\sqrt[3]{x} - 2 \log(1 - \sqrt[3]{x}) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(1 + x^(-1/3))/(-1 + x^(-1/3)),x]`

output `3*(-2*x^(1/3) - x^(2/3) - x/3 - 2*Log[1 - x^(1/3)])`

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 86 `Int[((a_.) + (b_.)*(x_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_))^(n_.)*((e_.) + (f_.)*(x_))^(p_.), x_] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x)*(c + d*x)^n*(e + f*x)^p, x], x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x] && ((ILtQ[n, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]) || EqQ[p, 1] || (IGtQ[p, 0] && (!IntegerQ[n] || LeQ[9*p + 5*(n + 2), 0]) || GeQ[n + p + 1, 0]) || (GeQ[n + p + 2, 0] && RationalQ[a, b, c, d, e, f]))`

rule 898 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[x^(n*(p + q))*(b + a/x^n)^p*(d + c/x^n)^q, x] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IntegersQ[p, q] && NegQ[n]`

rule 900 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := With[{g = Denominator[n]}, Simp[g Subst[Int[x^(g - 1)*(a + b*x^(g*n))^p*(c + d*x^(g*n))^q, x], x, x^(1/g)], x]] /;`  
`FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && FractionQ[n]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /;` `SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

method	result	size
derivativedivides	$-x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1)$	23
default	$-x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \ln(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1)$	23
trager	$-x + 2 - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 2 \ln(-3x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + x - 1)$	32
meijerg	$-\frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}(4x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 12)}{4} - 6 \ln(1 - x^{\frac{1}{3}}) - \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}(3x^{\frac{1}{3}} + 6)}{2}$	41

input `int((1+1/x^(1/3))/(-1+1/x^(1/3)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `-x-3*x^(2/3)-6*x^(1/3)-6*ln(x^(1/3)-1)`

### **Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1)$$

input `integrate((1+1/x^(1/3))/(-1+1/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `-x - 3*x^(2/3) - 6*x^(1/3) - 6*log(x^(1/3) - 1)`

### **Sympy [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.87

$$\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6\sqrt[3]{x} - x - 6 \log(\sqrt[3]{x} - 1)$$

input `integrate((1+1/x**(1/3))/(-1+1/x**(1/3)),x)`

output `-3*x**(2/3) - 6*x**(1/3) - x - 6*log(x**(1/3) - 1)`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1)$$

input `integrate((1+1/x^(1/3))/(-1+1/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `-x - 3*x^(2/3) - 6*x^(1/3) - 6*log(x^(1/3) - 1)`**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 23, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -x - 3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \log(|x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1|)$$

input `integrate((1+1/x^(1/3))/(-1+1/x^(1/3)),x, algorithm="giac")`output `-x - 3*x^(2/3) - 6*x^(1/3) - 6*log(abs(x^(1/3) - 1))`**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -x - 6 \ln(x^{1/3} - 1) - 6x^{1/3} - 3x^{2/3}$$

input `int((1/x^(1/3) + 1)/(1/x^(1/3) - 1),x)`output `- x - 6*log(x^(1/3) - 1) - 6*x^(1/3) - 3*x^(2/3)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 22, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}}{-1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}}} dx = -3x^{\frac{2}{3}} - 6x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 6 \log(x^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1) - x$$

input `int((1+1/x^(1/3))/(-1+1/x^(1/3)),x)`

output `- 3*x**(2/3) - 6*x**(1/3) - 6*log(x**(1/3) - 1) - x`

### 3.61 $\int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	605
Mathematica [A] (verified)	605
Rubi [A] (verified)	606
Maple [A] (verified)	607
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	607
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	608
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	608
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	609
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	609
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	610

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 55

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx = a^4 d^2 x - \frac{2a^2 b^2 d^2 x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{b^4 d^2 x^{1+4n}}{1+4n}$$

output

$$a^4 d^2 x - 2a^2 b^2 d^2 x^{(1+2n)} / (1+2n) + b^4 d^2 x^{(1+4n)} / (1+4n)$$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx \\ &= \frac{d^2 x (a^4 (1 + 6n + 8n^2) - 2a^2 b^2 (1 + 4n) x^{2n} + b^4 (1 + 2n) x^{4n})}{1 + 6n + 8n^2} \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2*(a*d - b*d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

$$(d^2 x (a^4 (1 + 6n + 8n^2) - 2a^2 b^2 (1 + 4n) x^{(2n)} + b^4 (1 + 2n) x^{(4n)})) / (1 + 6n + 8n^2)$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {780, 775, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 780$$

$$\int (a^2d - b^2dx^{2n})^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 775$$

$$\int (a^4d^2 - 2a^2b^2d^2x^{2n} + b^4d^2x^{4n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^4d^2x - \frac{2a^2b^2d^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{b^4d^2x^{4n+1}}{4n+1}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^2*(a*d - b*d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `a^4*d^2*x - (2*a^2*b^2*d^2*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (b^4*d^2*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 775 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n}, x] && IGtQ[p, 0]`

rule 780 `Int[((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a1, 0] && GtQ[a2, 0]))`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
risch	$a^4 d^2 x + \frac{b^4 d^2 x x^{4n}}{1+4n} - \frac{2b^2 a^2 d^2 x x^{2n}}{1+2n}$
norman	$a^4 d^2 x + \frac{b^4 d^2 x e^{4n \ln(x)}}{1+4n} - \frac{2b^2 a^2 d^2 x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2x x^{4n} b^4 d^2 n + b^4 d^2 x x^{4n} - 8x x^{2n} a^2 b^2 d^2 n - 2b^2 a^2 d^2 x x^{2n} + 8x a^4 d^2 n^2 + 6x a^4 d^2 n + a^4 d^2 x}{(1+4n)(1+2n)}$
orering	$x(a + b x^n)^2 (ad - b d x^n)^2 - \frac{6x^2 n \left( \frac{2(a+b x^n)(ad-bd x^n)^2 b x^n}{x} - \frac{2(a+b x^n)^2 (ad-bd x^n) b d x^n}{x} \right)}{8n^2+6n+1} + x^3 \left( \frac{2b^2 x^{2n} n^2}{8n^2+6n+1} \right)$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(a*d-b*d*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^4*d^2*x+b^4*d^2/(1+4*n)*x*(x^n)^4-2*b^2*a^2*d^2/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.80

$$\int (a + b x^n)^2 (ad - b d x^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(2b^4 d^2 n + b^4 d^2) x x^{4n} - 2(4a^2 b^2 d^2 n + a^2 b^2 d^2) x x^{2n} + (8a^4 d^2 n^2 + 6a^4 d^2 n + a^4 d^2) x}{8n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(a*d-b*d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`



output  $((2*b^4*d^2*n + b^4*d^2)*x*x^(4*n) - 2*(4*a^2*b^2*d^2*n + a^2*b^2*d^2)*x*x^(2*n) + (8*a^4*d^2*n^2 + 6*a^4*d^2*n + a^4*d^2)*x)/(8*n^2 + 6*n + 1)$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 246 vs.  $2(49) = 98$ .

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 246, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.47

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} a^4 d^2 x - 2a^2 b^2 d^2 \log(x) - \frac{b^4 d^2}{x} & \text{for } n = -\frac{1}{2} \\ a^4 d^2 x - 4a^2 b^2 d^2 \sqrt{x} + b^4 d^2 \log(x) & \text{for } n = -\frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{8a^4 d^2 n^2 x}{8n^2 + 6n + 1} + \frac{6a^4 d^2 n x}{8n^2 + 6n + 1} + \frac{a^4 d^2 x}{8n^2 + 6n + 1} - \frac{8a^2 b^2 d^2 n x x^{2n}}{8n^2 + 6n + 1} - \frac{2a^2 b^2 d^2 x x^{2n}}{8n^2 + 6n + 1} + \frac{2b^4 d^2 n x x^{4n}}{8n^2 + 6n + 1} + \frac{b^4 d^2 x x^{4n}}{8n^2 + 6n + 1} & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(a*d-b*d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a**4*d**2*x - 2*a**2*b**2*d**2*log(x) - b**4*d**2/x, Eq(n, -1/2)), (a**4*d**2*x - 4*a**2*b**2*d**2*sqrt(x) + b**4*d**2*log(x), Eq(n, -1/4)), (8*a**4*d**2*n**2*x/(8*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 6*a**4*d**2*n*x/(8*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + a**4*d**2*x/(8*n**2 + 6*n + 1) - 8*a**2*b**2*d**2*n*x*x**(2*n)/(8*n**2 + 6*n + 1) - 2*a**2*b**2*d**2*x*x**(2*n)/(8*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 2*b**4*d**2*n*x*x**(4*n)/(8*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + b**4*d**2*x*x**(4*n)/(8*n**2 + 6*n + 1), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx = a^4 d^2 x + \frac{b^4 d^2 x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} - \frac{2a^2 b^2 d^2 x^{2n+1}}{2n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(a*d-b*d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

$$a^4 d^2 x + b^4 d^2 x^{4n+1} / (4n+1) - 2 a^2 b^2 d^2 x^{2n+1} / (2n+1)$$

**Giac [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.95

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{8 a^4 d^2 n^2 x + 2 b^4 d^2 n x x^{4n} - 8 a^2 b^2 d^2 n x x^{2n} + 6 a^4 d^2 n x + b^4 d^2 x x^{4n} - 2 a^2 b^2 d^2 x x^{2n} + a^4 d^2 x}{8 n^2 + 6 n + 1}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(a*d-b*d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

$$(8 a^4 d^2 n^2 x + 2 b^4 d^2 n x x^{4n} - 8 a^2 b^2 d^2 n x x^{2n} + 6 a^4 d^2 n x + b^4 d^2 x x^{4n} - 2 a^2 b^2 d^2 x x^{2n} + a^4 d^2 x) / (8 n^2 + 6 n + 1)$$

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx = a^4 d^2 x + \frac{b^4 d^2 x x^{4n}}{4n+1} - \frac{2 a^2 b^2 d^2 x x^{2n}}{2n+1}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^2*(a*d - b*d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

$$a^4 d^2 x + (b^4 d^2 x x^{4n}) / (4n+1) - (2 a^2 b^2 d^2 x x^{2n}) / (2n+1)$$

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.49

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (ad - bdx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{d^2 x (2x^{4n} b^4 n + x^{4n} b^4 - 8x^{2n} a^2 b^2 n - 2x^{2n} a^2 b^2 + 8a^4 n^2 + 6a^4 n + a^4)}{8n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(a*d-b*d*x^n)^2,x)`output `(d**2*x*(2*x**(4*n)*b**4*n + x**(4*n)*b**4 - 8*x**(2*n)*a**2*b**2*n - 2*x**  
*(2*n)*a**2*b**2 + 8*a**4*n**2 + 6*a**4*n + a**4))/(8*n**2 + 6*n + 1)`

### 3.62 $\int (a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n) dx$

Optimal result	611
Mathematica [A] (verified)	611
Rubi [A] (verified)	612
Maple [A] (verified)	613
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	613
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	613
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	614
Giac [A] (verification not implemented)	614
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	615
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	615

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 27

$$\int (a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n) dx = a^2 dx - \frac{b^2 dx^{1+2n}}{1 + 2n}$$

output `a^2*d*x-b^2*d*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n) dx = d \left( a^2 x - \frac{b^2 x^{1+2n}}{1 + 2n} \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)*(a*d - b*d*x^n),x]`

output `d*(a^2*x - (b^2*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {780, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 780$$

$$\int (a^2d - b^2dx^{2n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2dx - \frac{b^2dx^{2n+1}}{2n+1}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)*(a*d - b*d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
a^2*d*x - (b^2*d*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 780

```
Int[((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_
Symbol] := Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p
}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a1, 0] && GtQ[a2, 0]
))
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

method	result	size
risch	$a^2 dx - \frac{db^2 x x^{2n}}{1+2n}$	27
norman	$a^2 dx - \frac{db^2 x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n}$	29
parallelrisch	$-\frac{db^2 x x^{2n} - 2x a^2 dn - a^2 dx}{1+2n}$	37
orering	$x(a + b x^n)(ad - b d x^n) - \frac{x^2 \left( \frac{b x^n (ad - b d x^n)}{x} - \frac{(a + b x^n) b d x^n n}{x} \right)}{1+2n}$	73

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(a*d-b*d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a^2*d*x-d*b^2/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.37

$$\int (a + b x^n) (ad - b d x^n) dx = -\frac{b^2 d x x^{2n} - (2 a^2 d n + a^2 d) x}{2 n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(a*d-b*d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `-(b^2*d*x*x^(2*n) - (2*a^2*d*n + a^2*d)*x)/(2*n + 1)`**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 61 vs.  $2(22) = 44$ .

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.26

$$\int (a + b x^n) (ad - b d x^n) dx = \begin{cases} \frac{2a^2 d n x}{2n+1} + \frac{a^2 d x}{2n+1} - \frac{b^2 d x x^{2n}}{2n+1} & \text{for } n \neq -\frac{1}{2} \\ a^2 d x - b^2 d \log(x) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(a*d-b*d*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((2*a**2*d*n*x/(2*n + 1) + a**2*d*x/(2*n + 1) - b**2*d*x*x**(2*n)/(2*n + 1), Ne(n, -1/2)), (a**2*d*x - b**2*d*log(x), True))`

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 27, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n) dx = a^2 dx - \frac{b^2 dx^{2n+1}}{2n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(a*d-b*d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*d*x - b^2*d*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1)`

### Giac [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int (a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n) dx = \frac{2a^2 dnx - b^2 dx x^{2n} + a^2 dx}{2n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(a*d-b*d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*a^2*d*n*x - b^2*d*x*x^(2*n) + a^2*d*x)/(2*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 26, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n) dx = a^2 dx - \frac{b^2 dx x^{2n}}{2n + 1}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)*(a*d - b*d*x^n),x)`

output `a^2*d*x - (b^2*d*x*x^(2*n))/(2*n + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 30, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11

$$\int (a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n) dx = \frac{dx(-x^{2n}b^2 + 2a^2n + a^2)}{2n + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(a*d-b*d*x^n),x)`

output `(d*x*( - x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*a**2*n + a**2))/(2*n + 1)`



### 3.63 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(ad-bdx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	616
Mathematica [A] (verified)	616
Rubi [A] (verified)	617
Maple [F]	618
Fricas [F]	618
Sympy [F]	618
Maxima [F]	619
Giac [F]	619
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	619
Reduce [F]	620

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 38

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(ad-bdx^n)} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{a^2 d}$$

output `x*hypergeom([1, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)/a^2/d`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(ad-bdx^n)} dx = \frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{a^2 d}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)*(a*d - b*d*x^n)),x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1/(2*n), 1 + 1/(2*n), (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2])/(a^2*d)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {780, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n)} dx$$

↓ 780

$$\int \frac{1}{a^2d - b^2dx^{2n}} dx$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{a^2d}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*(a*d - b*d*x^n)),x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, 1/(2*n), (2 + n^(-1))/2, (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2])/a^2*d)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 780 `Int[((a1_.) + (b1_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((a2_.) + (b2_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.), x_Symbol] := Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || (GtQ[a1, 0] && GtQ[a2, 0]))`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(a*d-b*d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(a*d-b*d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bdx^n - ad)(bx^n + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(a*d-b*d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(-1/(b^2*d*x^(2*n) - a^2*d), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{a^2 - b^2 x^{2n}} \frac{dx}{d}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)/(a*d-b*d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral(1/(a**2 - b**2*x**(2*n)), x)/d`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bdx^n - ad)(bx^n + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(a*d-b*d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-integrate(1/((b*d*x^n - a*d)*(b*x^n + a)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n)} dx = \int -\frac{1}{(bdx^n - ad)(bx^n + a)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(a*d-b*d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(-1/((b*d*x^n - a*d)*(b*x^n + a)), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 35, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n)} dx = \frac{x {}_2F_1\left(1, \frac{1}{2n}; \frac{1}{2n} + 1; \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{a^2 d}$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(a*d - b*d*x^n)),x)`

output `(x*hypergeom([1, 1/(2*n)], 1/(2*n) + 1, (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2))/(a^2*d)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(ad - bdx^n)} dx = -\frac{\int \frac{1}{x^{2n}b^2 - a^2} dx}{d}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(a*d-b*d*x^n),x)`

output `( - int(1/(x**(2*n)*b**2 - a**2),x))/d`

### 3.64 $\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx$

Optimal result	621
Mathematica [A] (verified)	621
Rubi [A] (verified)	622
Maple [F]	623
Fricas [F(-2)]	623
Sympy [F]	624
Maxima [F]	624
Giac [F]	624
Mupad [F(-1)]	625
Reduce [F]	625

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 79

$$\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^2 x \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}}}$$

output `a^2*x*(a-b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-3/2, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)/(1-b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{a^2 x \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a - b*x^n)^(3/2)*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]`

output

$$(a^2 x \sqrt{a - b x^n} \sqrt{a + b x^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 1/(2n), 1 + 1/(2n), (b^2 x^{2n})/a^2]) / \sqrt{1 - (b^2 x^{2n})/a^2}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {785, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 785 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \int (a^2 - b^2 x^{2n})^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^{2n}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 779 \\ & \frac{a^2 \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{3/2} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 778 \\ & \frac{a^2 x \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\operatorname{Int}[(a - b x^n)^{3/2} (a + b x^n)^{3/2}, x]$$

output

$$(a^2 x \sqrt{a - b x^n} \sqrt{a + b x^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[-3/2, 1/(2n), (2 + n^{-1})/2, (b^2 x^{2n})/a^2]) / \sqrt{1 - (b^2 x^{2n})/a^2}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 785 `Int[((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a - bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `int((a-b*x^n)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((a-b*x^n)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a-b*x^n)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`



output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (a - bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x**n)**(3/2)*(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**n)**(3/2)*(a + b*x**n)**(3/2), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x^n)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(-b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (-bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x^n)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(-b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \int (a + bx^n)^{3/2} (a - bx^n)^{3/2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(a - b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a - bx^n)^{3/2} (a + bx^n)^{3/2} dx = \frac{-x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a}\sqrt{-x^n b + a}b^2 n x - x^{2n}\sqrt{x^n b + a}\sqrt{-x^n b + a}b^2 x + 4\sqrt{x^n b + a}\sqrt{-x^n b + a}a^2}{3n^2 + 4n + 1}$$

input `int((a-b*x^n)^(3/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`output `( - x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*sqrt( - x**n*b + a)*b**2*n*x - x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*sqrt( - x**n*b + a)*b**2*x + 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*sqrt( - x**n*b + a)*a**2*x - 9*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*sqrt( - x**n*b + a))/(3*x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 - 3*a**2*n**2 - 4*a**2*n - a**2),x)*a**4*n**4 - 12*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*sqrt( - x**n*b + a))/(3*x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 - 3*a**2*n**2 - 4*a**2*n - a**2),x)*a**4*n**3 - 3*int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*sqrt( - x**n*b + a))/(3*x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 - 3*a**2*n**2 - 4*a**2*n - a**2),x)*a**4*n**2)/(3*n**2 + 4*n + 1)`

### 3.65 $\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	626
Mathematica [A] (verified)	626
Rubi [A] (verified)	627
Maple [F]	628
Fricas [F(-2)]	628
Sympy [F]	629
Maxima [F]	629
Giac [F]	629
Mupad [F(-1)]	630
Reduce [F]	630

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 24, antiderivative size = 76

$$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x\sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}}}$$

output `x*(a-b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)/(1-b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x\sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a - b*x^n]*Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output  $(x\sqrt{a - bx^n}\sqrt{a + bx^n}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, 1/(2n), 1 + 1/(2n), (b^2x^{2n})/a^2])/ \sqrt{1 - (b^2x^{2n})/a^2}$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 76, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.125$ , Rules used = {785, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 785 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^{2n}} dx}{\sqrt{a^2 - b^2 x^{2n}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 779 \\ & \frac{\sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}} dx}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 778 \\ & \frac{x \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{n} \right), \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}}} \end{aligned}$$

input  $\text{Int}[\sqrt{a - bx^n}\sqrt{a + bx^n}, x]$

output  $(x\sqrt{a - bx^n}\sqrt{a + bx^n}\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-1/2, 1/(2n), (2 + n)/2, (b^2x^{2n})/a^2])/ \sqrt{1 - (b^2x^{2n})/a^2}$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 785 `Int[((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((a-b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((a-b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a-b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x**n)**(1/2)*(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a - b*x**n)*sqrt(a + b*x**n), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a} \sqrt{-bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(-b*x^n + a), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a} \sqrt{-bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*sqrt(-b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx = \int \sqrt{a + bx^n} \sqrt{a - bx^n} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a - b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a - b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a - bx^n} \sqrt{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} \sqrt{-x^n b + a} x - \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} \sqrt{-x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^{2n} + x^{2n} b^2 - a^{2n} - a^2} dx \right) a^2 n^2 - \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a} \sqrt{-x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^{2n} + x^{2n} b^2 - a^{2n} - a^2} dx \right) a^2 n}{n + 1}$$

input `int((a-b*x^n)^(1/2)*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`output `(sqrt(x**n*b + a)*sqrt(- x**n*b + a)*x - int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*sqrt(- x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 - a**2*n - a**2),x)*a**2*n**2 - int((sqrt(x**n*b + a)*sqrt(- x**n*b + a))/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 - a**2*n - a**2),x)*a**2*n)/(n + 1)`

### 3.66 $\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	631
Mathematica [A] (verified)	631
Rubi [A] (verified)	632
Maple [F]	633
Fricas [F]	633
Sympy [F]	634
Maxima [F]	634
Giac [F]	634
Mupad [F(-1)]	635
Reduce [F]	635

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 20, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = x(a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2n}, -p, \frac{1}{2} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{n} \right), \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)$$

output

```
x*(a-b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/2/n], [1+1/2/n], b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2) / ((1-b^2*x^(2*n)/a^2)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = x(a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{2n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{2n}, \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2} \right)$$



input `Integrate[(a - b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a - b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/(2*n), -p, 1 + 1/(2*n), (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2])/(1 - (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2)^p`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.150$ , Rules used = {785, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 785$$

$$(a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p (a^2 - b^2 x^{2n})^{-p} \int (a^2 - b^2 x^{2n})^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$(a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \int \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$x(a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p \left(1 - \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2n}, -p, \frac{1}{2}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right), \frac{b^2 x^{2n}}{a^2}\right)$$

input `Int[(a - b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a - b*x^n)^p*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[1/(2*n), -p, (2 + n^(-1))/2, (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2])/(1 - (b^2*x^(2*n))/a^2)^p`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 785 `Int[((a1_.) + (b1_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((a2_.) + (b2_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a1 + b1*x^n)^FracPart[p]*((a2 + b2*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^FracPart[p]) Int[(a1*a2 + b1*b2*x^(2*n))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a1, b1, a2, b2, n, p}, x] && EqQ[a2*b1 + a1*b2, 0] && !IntegerQ[p]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((a-b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((a-b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (-bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(-b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x**n)**p*(a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `Integral((a - b*x**n)**p*(a + b*x**n)**p, x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (-bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(-b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (-bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a-b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(-b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (a + bx^n)^p (a - bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(a - b*x^n)^p,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(a - b*x^n)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a - bx^n)^p (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (-x^n b + a)^p x - 4 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (-x^n b + a)^p}{2x^{2n} b^{2np} + x^{2n} b^2 - 2a^{2np} - a^2} dx \right) a^2 n^2 p^2 - 2 \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p (-x^n b + a)^p}{2x^{2n} b^{2np} + x^{2n} b^2 - 2a^{2np} - a^2} dx \right) a^2 n^2 p^2}{2np + 1}$$

input `int((a-b*x^n)^p*(a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*(- x**n*b + a)**p*x - 4*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(- x**n*b + a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*a**2*n*p - a**2),x)*a**2*n**2*p**2 - 2*int(((x**n*b + a)**p*(- x**n*b + a)**p)/(2*x**(2*n)*b**2*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2 - 2*a**2*n*p - a**2),x)*a**2*n*p)/(2*n*p + 1)`

### 3.67 $\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^4 dx$

Optimal result	636
Mathematica [A] (verified)	636
Rubi [A] (verified)	637
Maple [A] (verified)	638
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	638
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	639
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	640
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	641
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	642
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	642

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^4 dx = ac^4x + \frac{c^3(bc + 4ad)x^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{2c^2d(2bc + 3ad)x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{2cd^2(3bc + 2ad)x^{1+3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{d^3(4bc + ad)x^{1+4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{bd^4x^{1+5n}}{1+5n}$$

output

```
a*c^4*x+c^3*(4*a*d+b*c)*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+2*c^2*d*(3*a*d+2*b*c)*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+2*c*d^2*(2*a*d+3*b*c)*x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)+d^3*(a*d+4*b*c)*x^(1+4*n)/(1+4*n)+b*d^4*x^(1+5*n)/(1+5*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^4 dx = \frac{bx(c + dx^n)^5 - (bc - ad(1 + 5n))x \left( c^4 + \frac{4c^3 dx^n}{1+n} + \frac{6c^2 d^2 x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{4cd^3 x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{d^4 x^{4n}}{1+4n} \right)}{d + 5dn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^4,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(b*x*(c + d*x^n)^5 - (b*c - a*d*(1 + 5*n))*x*(c^4 + (4*c^3*d*x^n)/(1 + n) + (6*c^2*d^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (4*c*d^3*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (d^4*x^(4*n))/(1 + 4*n)))/(d + 5*d*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 132, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {897, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^4 dx$$

↓ 897

$$\int (c^3 x^n (4ad + bc) + 2c^2 dx^{2n} (3ad + 2bc) + d^3 x^{4n} (ad + 4bc) + 2cd^2 x^{3n} (2ad + 3bc) + ac^4 + bd^4 x^{5n}) dx$$

↓ 2009

$$\frac{c^3 x^{n+1} (4ad + bc)}{n + 1} + \frac{2c^2 dx^{2n+1} (3ad + 2bc)}{2n + 1} + \frac{d^3 x^{4n+1} (ad + 4bc)}{4n + 1} + \frac{2cd^2 x^{3n+1} (2ad + 3bc)}{3n + 1} + ac^4 x + \frac{bd^4 x^{5n+1}}{5n + 1}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^4,x]$$

output

$$a*c^4*x + (c^3*(b*c + 4*a*d)*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (2*c^2*d*(2*b*c + 3*a*d)*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (2*c*d^2*(3*b*c + 2*a*d)*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (d^3*(4*b*c + a*d)*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n) + (b*d^4*x^(1 + 5*n))/(1 + 5*n)$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 897 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:= Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
&& NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

## Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 1.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 128, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$a c^4 x + \frac{b d^4 x x^{5n}}{5n+1} + \frac{c^3(4ad+bc)x x^n}{1+n} + \frac{d^3(ad+4bc)x x^{4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{2c d^2(2ad+3bc)x x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{2c^2 d(3ad+2bc)x x^{2n}}{1+2n}$
norman	$a c^4 x + \frac{b d^4 x e^{5n \ln(x)}}{5n+1} + \frac{c^3(4ad+bc)x e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{d^3(ad+4bc)x e^{4n \ln(x)}}{1+4n} + \frac{2c d^2(2ad+3bc)x e^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n} + \frac{2c^2 d(3ad+2bc)x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n}$
parallelrisc	$a c^4 x + 616 x^n a c^3 d n^3 + 480 x^n a c^3 d n^4 + 284 x^n a c^3 d n^2 + 56 x^n a c^3 d n + 24 x^{5n} b d^4 n^4 + 50 x^{5n} b d^4 n^3 + 30 x^{4n} a d^4 n^4 + \dots$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^4,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a*c^4*x+b*d^4/(5*n+1)*x*(x^n)^5+c^3*(4*a*d+b*c)/(1+n)*x*x^n+d^3*(a*d+4*b*c)/(1+4*n)*x*(x^n)^4+2*c*d^2*(2*a*d+3*b*c)/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3+2*c^2*d*(3*a*d+2*b*c)/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2`

## Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 527 vs.  $2(132) = 264$ .

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 527, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.99

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^4 dx$$

$$= \frac{(24bd^4n^4 + 50bd^4n^3 + 35bd^4n^2 + 10bd^4n + bd^4)xx^{5n} + (4bcd^3 + ad^4 + 30(4bcd^3 + ad^4)n^4 + 61(4bcd^3 + ad^4)n^3 + \dots)}{1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((24*b*d^4*n^4 + 50*b*d^4*n^3 + 35*b*d^4*n^2 + 10*b*d^4*n + b*d^4)*x*x^(5*n) + (4*b*c*d^3 + a*d^4 + 30*(4*b*c*d^3 + a*d^4)*n^4 + 61*(4*b*c*d^3 + a*d^4)*n^3 + 41*(4*b*c*d^3 + a*d^4)*n^2 + 11*(4*b*c*d^3 + a*d^4)*n)*x*x^(4*n) + 2*(3*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^3 + 40*(3*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^3)*n^4 + 78*(3*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^3)*n^3 + 49*(3*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^3)*n^2 + 12*(3*b*c^2*d^2 + 2*a*c*d^3)*n)*x*x^(3*n) + 2*(2*b*c^3*d + 3*a*c^2*d^2 + 60*(2*b*c^3*d + 3*a*c^2*d^2)*n^4 + 107*(2*b*c^3*d + 3*a*c^2*d^2)*n^3 + 59*(2*b*c^3*d + 3*a*c^2*d^2)*n^2 + 13*(2*b*c^3*d + 3*a*c^2*d^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (b*c^4 + 4*a*c^3*d + 120*(b*c^4 + 4*a*c^3*d)*n^4 + 154*(b*c^4 + 4*a*c^3*d)*n^3 + 71*(b*c^4 + 4*a*c^3*d)*n^2 + 14*(b*c^4 + 4*a*c^3*d)*n)*x*x^n + (120*a*c^4*n^5 + 274*a*c^4*n^4 + 225*a*c^4*n^3 + 85*a*c^4*n^2 + 15*a*c^4*n + a*c^4)*x)/(120*n^5 + 274*n^4 + 225*n^3 + 85*n^2 + 15*n + 1)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2744 vs.  $2(124) = 248$ .

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2744, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.79

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^4 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(c+d*x**n)**4,x)`



output

```
Piecewise((a*c**4*x + 4*a*c**3*d*log(x) - 6*a*c**2*d**2/x - 2*a*c*d**3/x**
2 - a*d**4/(3*x**3) + b*c**4*log(x) - 4*b*c**3*d/x - 3*b*c**2*d**2/x**2 -
4*b*c*d**3/(3*x**3) - b*d**4/(4*x**4), Eq(n, -1)), (a*c**4*x + 8*a*c**3*d*
sqrt(x) + 6*a*c**2*d**2*log(x) - 8*a*c*d**3/sqrt(x) - a*d**4/x + 2*b*c**4*
sqrt(x) + 4*b*c**3*d*log(x) - 12*b*c**2*d**2/sqrt(x) - 4*b*c*d**3/x - 2*b*
d**4/(3*x**(3/2))), Eq(n, -1/2)), (a*c**4*x + 6*a*c**3*d*x**(2/3) + 18*a*c*
**2*d**2*x**(1/3) + 4*a*c*d**3*log(x) - 3*a*d**4/x**(1/3) + 3*b*c**4*x**(2/
3)/2 + 12*b*c**3*d*x**(1/3) + 6*b*c**2*d**2*log(x) - 12*b*c*d**3/x**(1/3)
- 3*b*d**4/(2*x**(2/3))), Eq(n, -1/3)), (a*c**4*x + 16*a*c**3*d*x**(3/4)/3
+ 12*a*c**2*d**2*sqrt(x) + 16*a*c*d**3*x**(1/4) + a*d**4*log(x) + 4*b*c**4
*x**(3/4)/3 + 8*b*c**3*d*sqrt(x) + 24*b*c**2*d**2*x**(1/4) + 4*b*c*d**3*lo
g(x) - 4*b*d**4/x**(1/4), Eq(n, -1/4)), (a*c**4*x + 5*a*c**3*d*x**(4/5) +
10*a*c**2*d**2*x**(3/5) + 10*a*c*d**3*x**(2/5) + 5*a*d**4*x**(1/5) + 5*b*c
**4*x**(4/5)/4 + 20*b*c**3*d*x**(3/5)/3 + 15*b*c**2*d**2*x**(2/5) + 20*b*c
*d**3*x**(1/5) + b*d**4*log(x), Eq(n, -1/5)), (120*a*c**4*n**5*x/(120*n**5
+ 274*n**4 + 225*n**3 + 85*n**2 + 15*n + 1) + 274*a*c**4*n**4*x/(120*n**5
+ 274*n**4 + 225*n**3 + 85*n**2 + 15*n + 1) + 225*a*c**4*n**3*x/(120*n**5
+ 274*n**4 + 225*n**3 + 85*n**2 + 15*n + 1) + 85*a*c**4*n**2*x/(120*n**5
+ 274*n**4 + 225*n**3 + 85*n**2 + 15*n + 1) + 15*a*c**4*n*x/(120*n**5 + 27
4*n**4 + 225*n**3 + 85*n**2 + 15*n + 1) + a*c**4*x/(120*n**5 + 274*n**4...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 186, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^4 dx = ac^4x + \frac{bd^4x^{5n+1}}{5n+1} + \frac{4bcd^3x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{ad^4x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{6bc^2d^2x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{4acd^3x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{4bc^3dx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{6ac^2d^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{bc^4x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{4ac^3dx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")
```





output

```
(x*(24*x**(5*n)*b*d**4*n**4 + 50*x**(5*n)*b*d**4*n**3 + 35*x**(5*n)*b*d**4
*n**2 + 10*x**(5*n)*b*d**4*n + x**(5*n)*b*d**4 + 30*x**(4*n)*a*d**4*n**4 +
61*x**(4*n)*a*d**4*n**3 + 41*x**(4*n)*a*d**4*n**2 + 11*x**(4*n)*a*d**4*n
+ x**(4*n)*a*d**4 + 120*x**(4*n)*b*c*d**3*n**4 + 244*x**(4*n)*b*c*d**3*n**
3 + 164*x**(4*n)*b*c*d**3*n**2 + 44*x**(4*n)*b*c*d**3*n + 4*x**(4*n)*b*c*d
**3 + 160*x**(3*n)*a*c*d**3*n**4 + 312*x**(3*n)*a*c*d**3*n**3 + 196*x**(3*
n)*a*c*d**3*n**2 + 48*x**(3*n)*a*c*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*a*c*d**3 + 240*x**(
3*n)*b*c**2*d**2*n**4 + 468*x**(3*n)*b*c**2*d**2*n**3 + 294*x**(3*n)*b*c**
2*d**2*n**2 + 72*x**(3*n)*b*c**2*d**2*n + 6*x**(3*n)*b*c**2*d**2 + 360*x**
(2*n)*a*c**2*d**2*n**4 + 642*x**(2*n)*a*c**2*d**2*n**3 + 354*x**(2*n)*a*c
**2*d**2*n**2 + 78*x**(2*n)*a*c**2*d**2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*a*c**2*d**2 + 240*x*
*(2*n)*b*c**3*d*n**4 + 428*x**(2*n)*b*c**3*d*n**3 + 236*x**(2*n)*b*c**3*d
n**2 + 52*x**(2*n)*b*c**3*d*n + 4*x**(2*n)*b*c**3*d + 480*x**n*a*c**3*d*n*
*4 + 616*x**n*a*c**3*d*n**3 + 284*x**n*a*c**3*d*n**2 + 56*x**n*a*c**3*d*n
+ 4*x**n*a*c**3*d + 120*x**n*b*c**4*n**4 + 154*x**n*b*c**4*n**3 + 71*x**n*
b*c**4*n**2 + 14*x**n*b*c**4*n + x**n*b*c**4 + 120*a*c**4*n**5 + 274*a*c**
4*n**4 + 225*a*c**4*n**3 + 85*a*c**4*n**2 + 15*a*c**4*n + a*c**4))/(120*n*
*5 + 274*n**4 + 225*n**3 + 85*n**2 + 15*n + 1)
```

### 3.68 $\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	644
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	644
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	645
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	646
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	646
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	647
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	648
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	649
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	649
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	650

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 99

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3 dx = ac^3x + \frac{c^2(bc + 3ad)x^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{3cd(bc + ad)x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{d^2(3bc + ad)x^{1+3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{bd^3x^{1+4n}}{1+4n}$$

output

```
a*c^3*x+c^2*(3*a*d+b*c)*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+3*c*d*(a*d+b*c)*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+d^2*(a*d+3*b*c)*x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)+b*d^3*x^(1+4*n)/(1+4*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3 dx = \frac{bx(c + dx^n)^4 - (bc - ad(1 + 4n))x \left( c^3 + \frac{3c^2dx^n}{1+n} + \frac{3cd^2x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{d^3x^{3n}}{1+3n} \right)}{d + 4dn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(b*x*(c + d*x^n)^4 - (b*c - a*d*(1 + 4*n))*x*(c^3 + (3*c^2*d*x^n)/(1 + n) + (3*c*d^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (d^3*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n)))/(d + 4*d*n)}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {897, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$\downarrow 897$$

$$\int (c^2x^n(3ad + bc) + d^2x^{3n}(ad + 3bc) + 3cdx^{2n}(ad + bc) + ac^3 + bd^3x^{4n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{c^2x^{n+1}(3ad + bc)}{n + 1} + \frac{d^2x^{3n+1}(ad + 3bc)}{3n + 1} + \frac{3cdx^{2n+1}(ad + bc)}{2n + 1} + ac^3x + \frac{bd^3x^{4n+1}}{4n + 1}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

$$a*c^3*x + (c^2*(b*c + 3*a*d)*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (3*c*d*(b*c + a*d)*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (d^2*(3*b*c + a*d)*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (b*d^3*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n)$$

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 897 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 96, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$a c^3 x + \frac{b d^3 x x^{4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{c^2(3ad+bc)x x^n}{1+n} + \frac{d^2(ad+3bc)x x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{3cd(ad+bc)x x^{2n}}{1+2n}$
norman	$a c^3 x + \frac{b d^3 x e^{4n \ln(x)}}{1+4n} + \frac{c^2(3ad+bc)x e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{d^2(ad+3bc)x e^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n} + \frac{3cd(ad+bc)x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n}$
paralelrisch	$78x x^n a c^2 d n^2 + 27x x^n a c^2 d n + 24x x^n b c^3 n^3 + 26x x^n b c^3 n^2 + 9x x^n b c^3 n + 3x x^n a c^2 d + 24x a c^3 n^4 + 50x a c^3 n^3 + 35x a c^3 n^2 + x$
oring	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output  $a*c^3*x+b*d^3/(1+4*n)*x*(x^n)^4+c^2*(3*a*d+b*c)/(1+n)*x*x^n+d^2*(a*d+3*b*c)/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3+3*c*d*(a*d+b*c)/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2$

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 319 vs. 2(99) = 198.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 319, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.22

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(6bd^3n^3 + 11bd^3n^2 + 6bd^3n + bd^3)xx^{4n} + (3bcd^2 + ad^3 + 8(3bcd^2 + ad^3)n^3 + 14(3bcd^2 + ad^3)n^2 + 7$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((6*b*d^3*n^3 + 11*b*d^3*n^2 + 6*b*d^3*n + b*d^3)*x*x^(4*n) + (3*b*c*d^2 + a*d^3 + 8*(3*b*c*d^2 + a*d^3)*n^3 + 14*(3*b*c*d^2 + a*d^3)*n^2 + 7*(3*b*c*d^2 + a*d^3)*n)*x*x^(3*n) + 3*(b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2 + 12*(b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2)*n^3 + 19*(b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2)*n^2 + 8*(b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (b*c^3 + 3*a*c^2*d + 24*(b*c^3 + 3*a*c^2*d)*n^3 + 26*(b*c^3 + 3*a*c^2*d)*n^2 + 9*(b*c^3 + 3*a*c^2*d)*n)*x*x^n + (24*a*c^3*n^4 + 50*a*c^3*n^3 + 35*a*c^3*n^2 + 10*a*c^3*n + a*c^3)*x)/(24*n^4 + 50*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 10*n + 1)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1540 vs.  $2(90) = 180$ .

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1540, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.56

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`



output

```
Piecewise((a*c**3*x + 3*a*c**2*d*log(x) - 3*a*c*d**2/x - a*d**3/(2*x**2) +
b*c**3*log(x) - 3*b*c**2*d/x - 3*b*c*d**2/(2*x**2) - b*d**3/(3*x**3), Eq(
n, -1)), (a*c**3*x + 6*a*c**2*d*sqrt(x) + 3*a*c*d**2*log(x) - 2*a*d**3/sqr
t(x) + 2*b*c**3*sqrt(x) + 3*b*c**2*d*log(x) - 6*b*c*d**2/sqrt(x) - b*d**3/
x, Eq(n, -1/2)), (a*c**3*x + 9*a*c**2*d*x**(2/3)/2 + 9*a*c*d**2*x**(1/3) +
a*d**3*log(x) + 3*b*c**3*x**(2/3)/2 + 9*b*c**2*d*x**(1/3) + 3*b*c*d**2*lo
g(x) - 3*b*d**3/x**(1/3), Eq(n, -1/3)), (a*c**3*x + 4*a*c**2*d*x**(3/4) +
6*a*c*d**2*sqrt(x) + 4*a*d**3*x**(1/4) + 4*b*c**3*x**(3/4)/3 + 6*b*c**2*d*
sqrt(x) + 12*b*c*d**2*x**(1/4) + b*d**3*log(x), Eq(n, -1/4)), (24*a*c**3*n
**4*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 50*a*c**3*n**3*x/(24*n**4
+ 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 35*a*c**3*n**2*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 3
5*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 10*a*c**3*n*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1
) + a*c**3*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 72*a*c**2*d*n**3*x
*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 78*a*c**2*d*n**2*x*x**n/(
24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 27*a*c**2*d*n*x*x**n/(24*n**4 +
50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 3*a*c**2*d*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*
n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 36*a*c*d**2*n**3*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**
2 + 10*n + 1) + 57*a*c*d**2*n**2*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 +
10*n + 1) + 24*a*c*d**2*n*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n
+ 1) + 3*a*c*d**2*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + ...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.41

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3 dx = ac^3x + \frac{bd^3x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{3bcd^2x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{ad^3x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} \\ + \frac{3bc^2dx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{3acd^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{bc^3x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{3ac^2dx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
a*c^3*x + b*d^3*x^(4*n + 1)/(4*n + 1) + 3*b*c*d^2*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) +
a*d^3*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + 3*b*c^2*d*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 3*a*c*d^2*
x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + b*c^3*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1) + 3*a*c^2*d*x^(n + 1)/(n +
1)
```

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 450 vs.  $2(99) = 198$ .

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 450, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.55

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{24ac^3n^4x + 6bd^3n^3xx^{4n} + 24bcd^2n^3xx^{3n} + 8ad^3n^3xx^{3n} + 36bc^2dn^3xx^{2n} + 36acd^2n^3xx^{2n} + 24bc^3n^3x}{(24n^4 + 50n^3 + 35n^2 + 10n + 1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(24*a*c^3*n^4*x + 6*b*d^3*n^3*x*x^(4*n) + 24*b*c*d^2*n^3*x*x^(3*n) + 8*a*d^3*n^3*x*x^(3*n) + 36*b*c^2*d*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 36*a*c*d^2*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 24*b*c^3*n^3*x*x^n + 72*a*c^2*d*n^3*x*x^n + 50*a*c^3*n^3*x + 11*b*d^3*n^2*x*x^(4*n) + 42*b*c*d^2*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 14*a*d^3*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 57*b*c^2*d*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 57*a*c*d^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 26*b*c^3*n^2*x*x^n + 78*a*c^2*d*n^2*x*x^n + 35*a*c^3*n^2*x + 6*b*d^3*n*x*x^(4*n) + 21*b*c*d^2*n*x*x^(3*n) + 7*a*d^3*n*x*x^(3*n) + 24*b*c^2*d*n*x*x^(2*n) + 24*a*c*d^2*n*x*x^(2*n) + 9*b*c^3*n*x*x^n + 27*a*c^2*d*n*x*x^n + 10*a*c^3*n*x + b*d^3*x*x^(4*n) + 3*b*c*d^2*x*x^(3*n) + a*d^3*x*x^(3*n) + 3*b*c^2*d*x*x^(2*n) + 3*a*c*d^2*x*x^(2*n) + b*c^3*x*x^n + 3*a*c^2*d*x*x^n + a*c^3*x)/(24*n^4 + 50*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 10*n + 1)
```

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 99, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3 dx = ac^3x + \frac{xx^n(bc^3 + 3adc^2)}{n+1} + \frac{xx^{3n}(ad^3 + 3bcd^2)}{3n+1} + \frac{bd^3xx^{4n}}{4n+1} + \frac{3cdxx^{2n}(ad+bc)}{2n+1}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^3,x)`



### 3.69 $\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	651
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	651
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	652
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	653
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	653
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	654
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	655
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	655
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	656
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	656

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2 dx = ac^2x + \frac{c(bc + 2ad)x^{1+n}}{1 + n} + \frac{d(2bc + ad)x^{1+2n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{bd^2x^{1+3n}}{1 + 3n}$$

output

$a*c^2*x+c*(2*a*d+b*c)*x^{(1+n)/(1+n)}+d*(a*d+2*b*c)*x^{(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)}+b*d^2*x^{(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)}$

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{bx(c + dx^n)^3 - (bc - ad(1 + 3n))x\left(c^2 + \frac{2cdx^n}{1+n} + \frac{d^2x^{2n}}{1+2n}\right)}{d + 3dn}$$

input

`Integrate[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output

$(b*x*(c + d*x^n)^3 - (b*c - a*d*(1 + 3*n))*x*(c^2 + (2*c*d*x^n)/(1 + n) + (d^2*x^{(2*n)})/(1 + 2*n)))/(d + 3*d*n)$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {897, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 897$$

$$\int (dx^{2n}(ad + 2bc) + cx^n(2ad + bc) + ac^2 + bd^2x^{3n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{cx^{n+1}(2ad + bc)}{n + 1} + \frac{dx^{2n+1}(ad + 2bc)}{2n + 1} + ac^2x + \frac{bd^2x^{3n+1}}{3n + 1}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
a*c^2*x + (c*(b*c + 2*a*d)*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (d*(2*b*c + a*d)*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (b*d^2*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 897

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
:> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$a c^2 x + \frac{b d^2 x x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{c(2ad+bc)x x^n}{1+n} + \frac{d(ad+2bc)x x^{2n}}{1+2n}$
norman	$a c^2 x + \frac{b d^2 x e^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n} + \frac{c(2ad+bc)x e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{d(ad+2bc)x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2x x^{3n} b d^2 n^2 + 3x x^{3n} b d^2 n + 3x x^{2n} a d^2 n^2 + 6x x^{2n} b c d n^2 + b d^2 x x^{3n} + 4x x^{2n} a d^2 n + 8x x^{2n} b c d n + 12x x^n a c d n^2 + 6x x^n b c^2 n^2}{(1+3n)(1+n)(1+2n)}$
orering	$x(a + b x^n)(c + d x^n)^2 - \frac{x^2(11n^2+1)\left(\frac{b x^n(c+d x^n)^2}{x} + \frac{2(a+b x^n)(c+d x^n)d x^n}{x}\right)}{(2n^2+3n+1)(1+3n)} + \frac{2x^3(-1+3n)\left(\frac{b x^n n^2(c+d x^n)}{x^2}\right)}{(1+3n)(1+n)(1+2n)}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*c^2*x+b*d^2/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3+c*(2*a*d+b*c)/(1+n)*x*x^n+d*(a*d+2*b*c)/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2`**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int (a + b x^n)(c + d x^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(2 b d^2 n^2 + 3 b d^2 n + b d^2) x x^{3n} + (2 b c d + a d^2 + 3(2 b c d + a d^2) n^2 + 4(2 b c d + a d^2) n) x x^{2n} + (b c^2 + 2 a c d + 2 a^2) x x^n + (a^2 c + 2 a b c) x + \frac{a^2 c}{1+n}}{6 n^3 + 11 n^2 + 6 n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((2*b*d^2*n^2 + 3*b*d^2*n + b*d^2)*x*x^(3*n) + (2*b*c*d + a*d^2 + 3*(2*b*c*d + a*d^2)*n^2 + 4*(2*b*c*d + a*d^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d + 6*(b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d)*n^2 + 5*(b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d)*n)*x*x^n + (6*a*c^2*n^3 + 11*a*c^2*n^2 + 6*a*c^2*n + a*c^2)*x)/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 726 vs.  $2(63) = 126$ .

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 726, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.37

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} ac^2x + 2acd \log(x) - \frac{ad^2}{x} + bc^2 \log(x) - \frac{2bcd}{x} - \frac{bd^2}{2x^2} \\ ac^2x + 4acd\sqrt{x} + ad^2 \log(x) + 2bc^2\sqrt{x} + 2bcd \log(x) - \frac{2bd^2}{\sqrt{x}} \\ ac^2x + 3acdx^{\frac{2}{3}} + 3ad^2\sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{3bc^2x^{\frac{2}{3}}}{2} + 6bcd\sqrt[3]{x} + bd^2 \log(x) \\ \frac{6ac^2n^3x}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{11ac^2n^2x}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{6ac^2nx}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{ac^2x}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{12acd n^2 x x^n}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{10acd n x x^n}{6n^3+11n^2+6n+1} + \frac{bd^2}{6n^3} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c**2*x + 2*a*c*d*log(x) - a*d**2/x + b*c**2*log(x) - 2*b*c*d/x - b*d**2/(2*x**2), Eq(n, -1)), (a*c**2*x + 4*a*c*d*sqrt(x) + a*d**2*log(x) + 2*b*c**2*sqrt(x) + 2*b*c*d*log(x) - 2*b*d**2/sqrt(x), Eq(n, -1/2)), (a*c**2*x + 3*a*c*d*x**(2/3) + 3*a*d**2*x**(1/3) + 3*b*c**2*x**(2/3)/2 + 6*b*c*d*x**(1/3) + b*d**2*log(x), Eq(n, -1/3)), (6*a*c**2*n**3*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 11*a*c**2*n**2*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 6*a*c**2*n*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + a*c**2*x/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 12*a*c*d*n**2*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 10*a*c*d*n*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 2*a*c*d*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 3*a*d**2*n**2*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 4*a*d**2*n*x*x***(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + a*d**2*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 6*b*c**2*n**2*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 5*b*c**2*n*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + b*c**2*x*x**n/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 6*b*c*d*n**2*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 8*b*c*d*n*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 2*b*c*d*x*x**(2*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 2*b*d**2*n**2*x*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + 3*b*d**2*n*x*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1) + b*d**2*x*x**(3*n)/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2 dx = ac^2x + \frac{bd^2x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{2bcdx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{ad^2x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{bc^2x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{2acdx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*c^2*x + b*d^2*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + 2*b*c*d*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + a*d^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + b*c^2*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1) + 2*a*c*d*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{6ac^2n^3x + 2bd^2n^2xx^{3n} + 6bcdn^2xx^{2n} + 3ad^2n^2xx^{2n} + 6bc^2n^2xx^n + 12acdn^2xx^n + 11ac^2n^2x + 3bd^2n^2x}{(6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(6*a*c^2*n^3*x + 2*b*d^2*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 6*b*c*d*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 3*a*d^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 6*b*c^2*n^2*x*x^n + 12*a*c*d*n^2*x*x^n + 11*a*c^2*n^2*x + 3*b*d^2*n*x*x^(3*n) + 8*b*c*d*n*x*x^(2*n) + 4*a*d^2*n*x*x^(2*n) + 5*b*c^2*n*x*x^n + 10*a*c*d*n*x*x^n + 6*a*c^2*n*x + b*d^2*x*x^(3*n) + 2*b*c*d*x*x^(2*n) + a*d^2*x*x^(2*n) + b*c^2*x*x^n + 2*a*c*d*x*x^n + a*c^2*x)/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)`





### 3.70 $\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	657
Mathematica [A] (verified)	657
Rubi [A] (verified)	658
Maple [A] (verified)	659
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	659
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	660
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	660
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	661
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	661
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	661

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 40

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx = acx + \frac{(bc + ad)x^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{bdx^{1+2n}}{1+2n}$$

output

```
a*c*x+(a*d+b*c)*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+b*d*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 37, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx = x \left( ac + \frac{(bc + ad)x^n}{1+n} + \frac{bdx^{2n}}{1+2n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
x*(a*c + ((b*c + a*d)*x^n)/(1 + n) + (b*d*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {897, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 897$$

$$\int (x^n(ad + bc) + ac + bdx^{2n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{n+1}(ad + bc)}{n + 1} + acx + \frac{bdx^{2n+1}}{2n + 1}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `a*c*x + ((b*c + a*d)*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (b*d*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 897 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.17 (sec) , antiderivative size = 39, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

method	result
risch	$acx + \frac{(ad+bc)xx^n}{1+n} + \frac{bdxx^{2n}}{1+2n}$
norman	$acx + \frac{(ad+bc)xe^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{bdxe^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{xx^{2n}bdn+bdxx^{2n}+2xx^nadn+2xx^nbcn+2xacn^2+xx^nad+xx^nbc+3xacn+acx}{(1+n)(1+2n)}$
orering	$(c + dx^n)x(a + bx^n) - \frac{3nx^2\left(\frac{bx^n n(c+dx^n)}{x} + \frac{(a+bx^n)dx^n n}{x}\right)}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{x^3\left(\frac{bx^n n^2(c+dx^n)}{x^2} - \frac{bx^n n(c+dx^n)}{x^2} + \frac{2x^{2n}n^2bd}{x^2}\right)}{2n^2+3n+1}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`output `a*c*x+(a*d+b*c)/(1+n)*x*x^n+b*d/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2`**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 69, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{(bdn + bd)xx^{2n} + (bc + ad + 2(bc + ad)n)xx^n + (2acn^2 + 3acn + ac)x}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`output `((b*d*n + b*d)*x*x^(2*n) + (b*c + a*d + 2*(b*c + a*d)*n)*x*x^n + (2*a*c*n^2 + 3*a*c*n + a*c)*x)/(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 236 vs.  $2(34) = 68$ .

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 236, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.90

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \begin{cases} acx + ad \log(x) + bc \log(x) - \frac{bd}{x} \\ acx + 2ad\sqrt{x} + 2bc\sqrt{x} + bd \log(x) \\ \frac{2acn^2x}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{3acnx}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{acx}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{2adnxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{adxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{2bcnxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{bcxx^n}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{bdnxx^{2n}}{2n^2+3n+1} + \frac{bdxx^{2n}}{2n^2+3n+1} \end{cases}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Piecewise((a*c*x + a*d*log(x) + b*c*log(x) - b*d/x, Eq(n, -1)), (a*c*x + 2*a*d*sqrt(x) + 2*b*c*sqrt(x) + b*d*log(x), Eq(n, -1/2)), (2*a*c*n**2*x/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 3*a*c*n*x/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + a*c*x/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*a*d*n*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + a*d*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + 2*b*c*n*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + b*c*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + b*d*n*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1) + b*d*x*x**n/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1), True))`

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 48, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx = acx + \frac{bdx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{bcx^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{adx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a*c*x + b*d*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + b*c*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1) + a*d*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 83 vs.  $2(40) = 80$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.08

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2acn^2x + bdnxx^{2n} + 2bcnxx^n + 2adnxx^n + 3acnx + bdx x^{2n} + bcxx^n + adxx^n + acx}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(2*a*c*n^2*x + b*d*n*x*x^(2*n) + 2*b*c*n*x*x^n + 2*a*d*n*x*x^n + 3*a*c*n*x + b*d*x*x^(2*n) + b*c*x*x^n + a*d*x*x^n + a*c*x)/(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.96 (sec) , antiderivative size = 38, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx = acx + \frac{xx^n(ad + bc)}{n + 1} + \frac{bdxx^{2n}}{2n + 1}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `a*c*x + (x*x^n*(a*d + b*c))/(n + 1) + (b*d*x*x^(2*n))/(2*n + 1)`

**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.88

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x(x^{2n}bdn + x^{2n}bd + 2x^nadn + x^nad + 2x^nbcn + x^nb c + 2acn^2 + 3acn + ac)}{2n^2 + 3n + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `(x*(x**(2*n)*b*d*n + x**(2*n)*b*d + 2*x**n*a*d*n + x**n*a*d + 2*x**n*b*c*n + x**n*b*c + 2*a*c*n**2 + 3*a*c*n + a*c))/(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1)`

### 3.71 $\int \frac{a+bx^n}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	663
Mathematica [A] (verified)	663
Rubi [A] (verified)	664
Maple [F]	665
Fricas [F]	665
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	665
Maxima [F]	666
Giac [F]	666
Mupad [F(-1)]	666
Reduce [F]	667

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 43

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{bx}{d} - \frac{(bc - ad)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cd}$$

output

```
b*x/d-(-a*d+b*c)*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/d
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.93

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{x(bc + (-bc + ad) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))}{cd}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(x*(b*c + (-b*c) + a*d)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*d)
```



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 43, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$\frac{bx}{d} - \frac{(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{dx^n + c} dx}{d}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{bx}{d} - \frac{x(bc - ad) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cd}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `(b*x)/d - ((b*c - a*d)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*d)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{ac^{\frac{1}{n}}c^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}x\Phi\left(\frac{dx^ne^{i\pi}}{c}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} - \frac{bc^{-\frac{1}{n}}c^{1+\frac{1}{n}}d^{\frac{1}{n}}d^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}x\Phi\left(\frac{cx^{-n}e^{i\pi}}{d}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right)\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{cn^2\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a*c**(1/n)*c**(-1 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - b*c**(1 + 1/n)*d**(1/n)*d**(-1 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(c*exp_polar(I*pi)/(d*x**n), 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(1/n)/(c*c**(1/n)*n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b*c - a*d)*integrate(1/(d^2*x^n + c*d), x) + b*x/d`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

### Mupad [F(-1)]

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{n d + c}} dx\right) ad - \left(\int \frac{1}{x^{n d + c}} dx\right) bc + bx}{d}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `(int(1/(x**n*d + c),x)*a*d - int(1/(x**n*d + c),x)*b*c + b*x)/d`

### 3.72 $\int \frac{a+bx^n}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	668
Mathematica [A] (verified)	668
Rubi [A] (verified)	669
Maple [F]	670
Fricas [F]	670
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	671
Maxima [F]	672
Giac [F]	672
Mupad [F(-1)]	672
Reduce [F]	673

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{bx}{d(1-n)(c + dx^n)} - \frac{(bc - ad(1-n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 d(1-n)}$$

output

```
b*x/d/(1-n)/(c+d*x^n)-(b*c-a*d*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([2, 1/n],[1+1/n],-d*x^n/c)/c^2/d/(1-n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{b}{c+dx^n} - \frac{(bc+ad(-1+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2} \right)}{d - dn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*(b/(c + d*x^n) - ((b*c + a*d*(-1 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 +
n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/c^2))/(d - d*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 73, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.03, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {910, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{910}$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad(1 - n)) \int \frac{1}{dx^n + c} dx}{cdn} - \frac{x(bc - ad)}{cdn(c + dx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x(bc - ad(1 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 dn} - \frac{x(bc - ad)}{cdn(c + dx^n)}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
-(((b*c - a*d)*x)/(c*d*n*(c + d*x^n))) + ((b*c - a*d*(1 - n))*x*Hypergeome
tric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^2*d*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 741, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.44

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
a*(c*c**(1/n)*c**(-2 - 1/n)*n*x*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1/n)
*gamma(1/n)/(c*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + d*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + c*c**(1
/n)*c**(-2 - 1/n)*n*x*gamma(1/n)/(c*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + d*n**3*x**n*gamma
a(1 + 1/n)) - c*c**(1/n)*c**(-2 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c
, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(c*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + d*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n))
+ c**(1/n)*c**(-2 - 1/n)*d*n*x*x**n*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1,
1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(c*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + d*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - c**
(1/n)*c**(-2 - 1/n)*d*x*x**n*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1/n)*ga
mma(1/n)/(c*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + d*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n))) + b*(c*c**(-
3 - 1/n)*c**(1 + 1/n)*n**2*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(c*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/
n) + d*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) - c*c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(1 + 1/n)*n*x**(n +
1)*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(c*n**3*ga
mma(2 + 1/n) + d*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + c*c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(1 + 1/n)
*n*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(c*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/n) + d*n**3*x**n*gamma(2
+ 1/n)) - c*c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(1 + 1/n)*x**(n + 1)*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_pola
r(I*pi)/c, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(c*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/n) + d*n**3*x**n
*gamma(2 + 1/n)) - c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(1 + 1/n)*d*n*x**n*x**(n + 1)*lerchphi
(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(c*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/
n) + d*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) - c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(1 + 1/n)*d*x**n*x**(n
+ 1)*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(c*...
```



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(a*d*(n - 1) + b*c)*integrate(1/(c*d^2*n*x^n + c^2*d*n), x) - (b*c - a*d)*  
x/(c*d^2*n*x^n + c^2*d*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^n \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{2n}d^{2n} + x^{2n}d^2 + 2x^n cdn + 2x^n cd + c^2n + c^2} dx \right) a d^3 n^2 + x^n \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{2n}d^{2n} + x^{2n}d^2 + 2x^n cdn + 2x^n cd + c^2n + c^2} dx \right) a d^3 - x^n}{\dots}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `( - x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a*d**3*n**2 + x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a*d**3 - x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*b*c*d**2*n - x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*b*c*d**2 + x**n*a*d*n*x - x**n*a*d*x + x**n*b*c*x - int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a*c*d**2*n**2 + int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a*c*d**2 - int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*b*c**2*d*n - int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*b*c**2*d + a*c*n*x + a*c*x)/(c**2*(x**n*d*n + x**n*d + c*n + c))`

### 3.73 $\int \frac{a+bx^n}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	674
Mathematica [A] (verified)	674
Rubi [A] (verified)	675
Maple [F]	676
Fricas [F]	676
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	677
Maxima [F]	678
Giac [F]	678
Mupad [F(-1)]	678
Reduce [F]	679

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{bx}{d(1 - 2n)(c + dx^n)^2} + \frac{\left(a - \frac{bc}{d-2dn}\right) x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^3}$$

output `b*x/d/(1-2*n)/(c+d*x^n)^2+(a-b*c/(-2*d*n+d))*x*hypergeom([3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -d*x^n/c)/c^3`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^2} - \frac{(bc+ad(-1+2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^3} \right)}{d - 2dn}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output

```
(x*(b/(c + d*x^n)^2 - ((b*c + a*d*(-1 + 2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[3, n^(-1),
1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/c^3))/(d - 2*d*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {910, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{910}$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad(1 - 2n)) \int \frac{1}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx}{2cdn} - \frac{x(bc - ad)}{2cdn(c + dx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x(bc - ad(1 - 2n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2c^3dn} - \frac{x(bc - ad)}{2cdn(c + dx^n)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((b*c - a*d)*x)/(c*d*n*(c + d*x^n)^2) + ((b*c - a*d*(1 - 2*n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(2*c^3*d*n)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)/(d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 40.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2319, normalized size of antiderivative = 38.02

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
a*(2*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 1/n)*n**2*x*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c,
1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*c**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*c*d*n**4*x**n*gamma(1
+ 1/n) + 2*d**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 3*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 1
/n)*n**2*x*gamma(1/n)/(2*c**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*c*d*n**4*x**n*gamma(
1 + 1/n) + 2*d**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - 3*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 -
1/n)*n*x*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*c**2*n*
**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*c*d*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*d**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*
gamma(1 + 1/n)) - c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 1/n)*n*x*gamma(1/n)/(2*c**2*n**4*
gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*c*d*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*d**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gam
ma(1 + 1/n)) + c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*p
i)/c, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*c**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*c*d*n**4*x**n*gam
ma(1 + 1/n) + 2*d**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 4*c*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 -
1/n)*d*n**2*x*x**n*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/
(2*c**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*c*d*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*d**2*n**4
*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 2*c*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 1/n)*d*n**2*x*x**n*gamma
(1/n)/(2*c**2*n**4*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 4*c*d*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*d**
2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - 6*c*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 1/n)*d*n*x*x**n*le
rchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(2*c**2*n**4*gamma(1 +
1/n) + 4*c*d*n**4*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n) + 2*d**2*n**4*x**(2*n)*gamma(1 + 1/
n)) - c*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 1/n)*d*n*x*x**n*gamma(1/n)/(2*c**2*n**4*gamma...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*a*d + b*c*(n - 1))*integrate(1/2/(c^2*d^2*n^2*x^n + c^3*d*n^2), x) + 1/2*((a*d^2*(2*n - 1) + b*c*d)*x*x^n + (a*c*d*(3*n - 1) - b*c^2*(n - 1))*x)/(c^2*d^3*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c^3*d^2*n^2*x^n + c^4*d*n^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^3, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `(2*x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a*d**4*n**3 - x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a*d**4*n**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a*d**4*n + x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a*d**4 + x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*b*c*d**3*n**2 - x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*b*c*d**3 + 4*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a*c*d**3*n**3 - 2*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a*c*d**3*n**2 - 4*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a*c*d**3*n + ...`



### 3.74 $\int \frac{a+bx^n}{(c+dx^n)^4} dx$

Optimal result	680
Mathematica [A] (verified)	680
Rubi [A] (verified)	681
Maple [F]	682
Fricas [F]	682
Sympy [F(-1)]	683
Maxima [F]	683
Giac [F]	683
Mupad [F(-1)]	684
Reduce [F]	684

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \frac{bx}{d(1 - 3n)(c + dx^n)^3} + \frac{\left(a - \frac{bc}{d-3dn}\right) x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^4}$$

```
output b*x/d/(1-3*n)/(c+d*x^n)^3+(a-b*c/(-3*d*n+d))*x*hypergeom([4, 1/n], [1+1/n], -d*x^n/c)/c^4
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{b}{(c+dx^n)^3} - \frac{(bc+ad(-1+3n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(4, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^4} \right)}{d - 3dn}$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^4, x]
```

output

```
(x*(b/(c + d*x^n)^3 - ((b*c + a*d*(-1 + 3*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[4, n^(-1),
1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/c^4))/(d - 3*d*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 78, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {910, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{910}$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad(1 - 3n)) \int \frac{1}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx}{3cdn} - \frac{x(bc - ad)}{3cdn(c + dx^n)^3}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x(bc - ad(1 - 3n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{3c^4dn} - \frac{x(bc - ad)}{3cdn(c + dx^n)^3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^4,x]
```

output

```
-1/3*((b*c - a*d)*x)/(c*d*n*(c + d*x^n)^3) + ((b*c - a*d*(1 - 3*n))*x*Hype
rgeometric2F1[3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(3*c^4*d*n)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{(dx^n + c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)/(d^4*x^(4*n) + 4*c*d^3*x^(3*n) + 6*c^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + 4*c^3*d*x^n + c^4), x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n)**4,x)`

output Timed out

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{(dx^n + c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*b*c + (6*n^3 - 11*n^2 + 6*n - 1)*a*d)*integrate(1/6/(c^3*d^2*n^3*x^n + c^4*d*n^3), x) + 1/6*(((6*n^2 - 5*n + 1)*a*d^3 + b*c*d^2*(2*n - 1))*x*x^(2*n) + ((15*n^2 - 11*n + 2)*a*c*d^2 + b*c^2*d*(5*n - 2))*x*x^n - ((2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*b*c^3 - (11*n^2 - 6*n + 1)*a*c^2*d)*x)/(c^3*d^4*n^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c^4*d^3*n^3*x^(2*n) + 3*c^5*d^2*n^3*x^n + c^6*d*n^3)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{bx^n + a}{(dx^n + c)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^4,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^4, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^4} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^4,x)`

output

```
(6*x**(3*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(4*n)*d**4*n + x**(4*n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d
**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2
+ 4*x**n*c**3*d*n + 4*x**n*c**3*d + c**4*n + c**4),x)*a*d**5*n**3 + x**(3*
n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(4*n)*d**4*n + x**(4*n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3*n + 4
*x**(3*n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*
c**3*d*n + 4*x**n*c**3*d + c**4*n + c**4),x)*a*d**5*n**2 - 4*x**(3*n)*int(
x**(2*n)/(x**(4*n)*d**4*n + x**(4*n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*
n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*c**3*d*
n + 4*x**n*c**3*d + c**4*n + c**4),x)*a*d**5*n + x**(3*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x*
*(4*n)*d**4*n + x**(4*n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3 +
6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*c**3*d*n + 4*x**n*c
**3*d + c**4*n + c**4),x)*a*d**5 + 2*x**(3*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(4*n)*d**4*
n + x**(4*n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*c
**2*d**2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*c**3*d*n + 4*x**n*c**3*d + c**4
*n + c**4),x)*b*c*d**4*n**2 + x**(3*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(4*n)*d**4*n + x**
(4*n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**
2*n + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*c**3*d*n + 4*x**n*c**3*d + c**4*n + c*
**4),x)*b*c*d**4*n - x**(3*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(4*n)*d**4*n + x**(4*n)*d**4
+ 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3*n + 4*x**(3*n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*c**2*d**2*n + 6*x*
*(2*n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*c**3*d*n + 4*x**n*c**3*d + c**4*n + c**4),x)*...
```

### 3.75 $\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	686
Mathematica [A] (verified)	687
Rubi [A] (verified)	687
Maple [A] (verified)	688
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	689
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	690
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	691
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	691
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	692
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	693

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 158

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx = a^2 d^3 x + \frac{ad^2(2bd + 3ae)x^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{d(b^2d^2 + 6abde + 3a^2e^2)x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{e(3b^2d^2 + 6abde + a^2e^2)x^{1+3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{be^2(3bd + 2ae)x^{1+4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{b^2e^3x^{1+5n}}{1+5n}$$

output

```
a^2*d^3*x+a*d^2*(3*a*e+2*b*d)*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+d*(3*a^2*e^2+6*a*b*d*e+b^2*d^2)*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+e*(a^2*e^2+6*a*b*d*e+3*b^2*d^2)*x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)+b*e^2*(2*a*e+3*b*d)*x^(1+4*n)/(1+4*n)+b^2*e^3*x^(1+5*n)/(1+5*n)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 149, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx = x \left( a^2 d^3 + \frac{ad^2(2bd + 3ae)x^n}{1 + n} + \frac{d(b^2 d^2 + 6abde + 3a^2 e^2) x^{2n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{e(3b^2 d^2 + 6abde + a^2 e^2) x^{3n}}{1 + 3n} + \frac{be^2(3bd + 2ae)x^{4n}}{1 + 4n} + \frac{b^2 e^3 x^{5n}}{1 + 5n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2*(d + e*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
x*(a^2*d^3 + (a*d^2*(2*b*d + 3*a*e)*x^n)/(1 + n) + (d*(b^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*e + 3*a^2*e^2)*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (e*(3*b^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (b*e^2*(3*b*d + 2*a*e)*x^(4*n))/(1 + 4*n) + (b^2*e^3*x^(5*n))/(1 + 5*n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 158, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {897, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx$$

↓ 897

$$\int (dx^{2n}(3a^2e^2 + 6abde + b^2d^2) + ex^{3n}(a^2e^2 + 6abde + 3b^2d^2) + a^2d^3 + ad^2x^n(3ae + 2bd) + be^2x^{4n}(2ae + 3bd)) dx$$

↓ 2009



$$\frac{dx^{2n+1}(3a^2e^2 + 6abde + b^2d^2)}{2n+1} + \frac{ex^{3n+1}(a^2e^2 + 6abde + 3b^2d^2)}{3n+1} + a^2d^3x + \frac{ad^2x^{n+1}(3ae + 2bd)}{n+1} + \frac{be^2x^{4n+1}(2ae + 3bd)}{4n+1} + \frac{b^2e^3x^{5n+1}}{5n+1}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^2*(d + e*x^n)^3,x]`

output `a^2*d^3*x + (a*d^2*(2*b*d + 3*a*e)*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (d*(b^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*e + 3*a^2*e^2)*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (e*(3*b^2*d^2 + 6*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (b*e^2*(3*b*d + 2*a*e)*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n) + (b^2*e^3*x^(1 + 5*n))/(1 + 5*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 897 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] :> Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] :> Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 154, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$a^2d^3x + \frac{d(3a^2e^2+6abde+b^2d^2)x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{e(a^2e^2+6abde+3b^2d^2)x^{3n}}{1+3n} + \frac{e^3b^2x^{5n}}{5n+1} + \frac{ad^2(3ae+2bd)xx^n}{1+n} + \frac{be^2(2a^2e^2+6abde+b^2d^2)x^{n+1}}{n+1}$
norman	$a^2d^3x + \frac{d(3a^2e^2+6abde+b^2d^2)x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{e(a^2e^2+6abde+3b^2d^2)x e^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n} + \frac{e^3b^2x e^{5n \ln(x)}}{5n+1} + \frac{ad^2(3ae+2bd)xx^n e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{120x a^2 d^3 n^5 + 274x a^2 d^3 n^4 + 225x a^2 d^3 n^3 + 85x a^2 d^3 n^2 + 15x a^2 d^3 n + 462x x^n a^2 d^2 e n^3 + 308x x^n a b d^3 n^3 + 213x x^n a^2 d^2 e n^2 + \dots}{\dots}$
orering	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(d+e*x^n)^3,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

$$a^2 d^3 x + d(3a^2 e^2 + 6a b d e + b^2 d^2) / ((1+2n) x (x^n)^2 + e(a^2 e^2 + 6a b d e + 3b^2 d^2) / (1+3n) x (x^n)^3 + e^3 b^2 / (5n+1) x (x^n)^5 + a d^2 (3a e + 2b d) / (1+n) x x^n + b e^2 (2a e + 3b d) / (1+4n) x (x^n)^4$$
**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 667 vs.  $2(158) = 316$ .

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 667, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.22

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{(24b^2 e^3 n^4 + 50b^2 e^3 n^3 + 35b^2 e^3 n^2 + 10b^2 e^3 n + b^2 e^3) x^{5n} + (3b^2 d e^2 + 2a b e^3 + 30(3b^2 d e^2 + 2a b e^3) n^4}{(120n^5 + 274n^4 + 225n^3 + 85n^2 + 15n + 1)}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(d+e*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((24*b^2*e^3*n^4 + 50*b^2*e^3*n^3 + 35*b^2*e^3*n^2 + 10*b^2*e^3*n + b^2*e^3) * x^{5*n} + (3*b^2*d*e^2 + 2*a*b*e^3 + 30*(3*b^2*d*e^2 + 2*a*b*e^3)*n^4 \\ & + 61*(3*b^2*d*e^2 + 2*a*b*e^3)*n^3 + 41*(3*b^2*d*e^2 + 2*a*b*e^3)*n^2 + 11*(3*b^2*d*e^2 + 2*a*b*e^3)*n) * x^{4*n} + (3*b^2*d^2*e + 6*a*b*d*e^2 + a^2*e^3 + 40*(3*b^2*d^2*e + 6*a*b*d*e^2 + a^2*e^3)*n^4 + 78*(3*b^2*d^2*e + 6*a*b*d*e^2 + a^2*e^3)*n^3 + 49*(3*b^2*d^2*e + 6*a*b*d*e^2 + a^2*e^3)*n^2 + 12*(3*b^2*d^2*e + 6*a*b*d*e^2 + a^2*e^3)*n) * x^{3*n} + (b^2*d^3 + 6*a*b*d^2*e + 3*a^2*d*e^2 + 60*(b^2*d^3 + 6*a*b*d^2*e + 3*a^2*d*e^2)*n^4 + 107*(b^2*d^3 + 6*a*b*d^2*e + 3*a^2*d*e^2)*n^3 + 59*(b^2*d^3 + 6*a*b*d^2*e + 3*a^2*d*e^2)*n^2 + 13*(b^2*d^3 + 6*a*b*d^2*e + 3*a^2*d*e^2)*n) * x^{2*n} + (2*a*b*d^3 + 3*a^2*d^2*e + 120*(2*a*b*d^3 + 3*a^2*d^2*e)*n^4 + 154*(2*a*b*d^3 + 3*a^2*d^2*e)*n^3 + 71*(2*a*b*d^3 + 3*a^2*d^2*e)*n^2 + 14*(2*a*b*d^3 + 3*a^2*d^2*e)*n) * x^n + (120*a^2*d^3*n^5 + 274*a^2*d^3*n^4 + 225*a^2*d^3*n^3 + 85*a^2*d^3*n^2 + 15*a^2*d^3*n + a^2*d^3)*x) / (120*n^5 + 274*n^4 + 225*n^3 + 85*n^2 + 15*n + 1) \end{aligned}$$

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 3376 vs.  $2(151) = 302$ .

Time = 7.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 3376, normalized size of antiderivative = 21.37

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(d+e*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((a**2*d**3*x + 3*a**2*d**2*e*log(x) - 3*a**2*d*e**2/x - a**2*e**3/(2*x**2) + 2*a*b*d**3*log(x) - 6*a*b*d**2*e/x - 3*a*b*d*e**2/x**2 - 2*a*b*e**3/(3*x**3) - b**2*d**3/x - 3*b**2*d**2*e/(2*x**2) - b**2*d*e**2/x**3 - b**2*e**3/(4*x**4), Eq(n, -1)), (a**2*d**3*x + 6*a**2*d**2*e*sqrt(x) + 3*a**2*d*e**2*log(x) - 2*a**2*e**3/sqrt(x) + 4*a*b*d**3*sqrt(x) + 6*a*b*d**2*e*log(x) - 12*a*b*d*e**2/sqrt(x) - 2*a*b*e**3/x + b**2*d**3*log(x) - 6*b**2*d**2*e/sqrt(x) - 3*b**2*d*e**2/x - 2*b**2*e**3/(3*x**(3/2)), Eq(n, -1/2)), (a**2*d**3*x + 9*a**2*d**2*e*x**(2/3)/2 + 9*a**2*d*e**2*x**(1/3) + a**2*e**3*log(x) + 3*a*b*d**3*x**(2/3) + 18*a*b*d**2*e*x**(1/3) + 6*a*b*d*e**2*log(x) - 6*a*b*e**3/x**(1/3) + 3*b**2*d**3*x**(1/3) + 3*b**2*d**2*e*log(x) - 9*b**2*d*e**2/x**(1/3) - 3*b**2*e**3/(2*x**(2/3)), Eq(n, -1/3)), (a**2*d**3*x + 4*a*d**2*x**(3/4)*(3*a*e + 2*b*d)/3 - 4*b**2*e**3/x**(1/4) + 4*b*e**2*(2*a*e + 3*b*d)*log(x**(1/4)) + 2*d*sqrt(x)*(3*a**2*e**2 + 6*a*b*d*e + b**2*d**2) + 4*e*x**(1/4)*(a**2*e**2 + 6*a*b*d*e + 3*b**2*d**2), Eq(n, -1/4)), (a**2*d**3*x + 5*a*d**2*x**(4/5)*(3*a*e + 2*b*d)/4 + 5*b**2*e**3*log(x**(1/5)) + 5*b*e**2*x**(1/5)*(2*a*e + 3*b*d) + 5*d*x**(3/5)*(3*a**2*e**2 + 6*a*b*d*e + b**2*d**2)/3 + 5*e*x**(2/5)*(a**2*e**2 + 6*a*b*d*e + 3*b**2*d**2)/2, Eq(n, -1/5)), (120*a**2*d**3*n**5*x/(120*n**5 + 274*n**4 + 225*n**3 + 85*n**2 + 15*n + 1) + 274*a**2*d**3*n**4*x/(120*n**5 + 274*n**4 + 225*n**3 + 85*n**2 + 15*n + 1) + 225*a**2*d**3*n**3*x/(120*n**5 + 274...
```

**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 242, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.53

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx = a^2 d^3 x + \frac{b^2 e^3 x^{5n+1}}{5n+1} + \frac{3b^2 d e^2 x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{2abe^3 x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{3b^2 d^2 e x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{6abde^2 x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{a^2 e^3 x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{b^2 d^3 x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{6abd^2 e x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{3a^2 d e^2 x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2abd^3 x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{3a^2 d^2 e x^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(d+e*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*d^3*x + b^2*e^3*x^(5*n + 1)/(5*n + 1) + 3*b^2*d*e^2*x^(4*n + 1)/(4*n + 1) + 2*a*b*e^3*x^(4*n + 1)/(4*n + 1) + 3*b^2*d^2*e*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + 6*a*b*d*e^2*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + a^2*e^3*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + b^2*d^3*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 6*a*b*d^2*e*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 3*a^2*d*e^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 2*a*b*d^3*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1) + 3*a^2*d^2*e*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 962 vs. 2(158) = 316.

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 962, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.09

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(d+e*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
(120*a^2*d^3*n^5*x + 24*b^2*e^3*n^4*x*x^(5*n) + 90*b^2*d*e^2*n^4*x*x^(4*n)
+ 60*a*b*e^3*n^4*x*x^(4*n) + 120*b^2*d^2*e*n^4*x*x^(3*n) + 240*a*b*d*e^2*
n^4*x*x^(3*n) + 40*a^2*e^3*n^4*x*x^(3*n) + 60*b^2*d^3*n^4*x*x^(2*n) + 360*
a*b*d^2*e*n^4*x*x^(2*n) + 180*a^2*d*e^2*n^4*x*x^(2*n) + 240*a*b*d^3*n^4*x*
x^n + 360*a^2*d^2*e*n^4*x*x^n + 274*a^2*d^3*n^4*x + 50*b^2*e^3*n^3*x*x^(5*
n) + 183*b^2*d*e^2*n^3*x*x^(4*n) + 122*a*b*e^3*n^3*x*x^(4*n) + 234*b^2*d^2
*e*n^3*x*x^(3*n) + 468*a*b*d*e^2*n^3*x*x^(3*n) + 78*a^2*e^3*n^3*x*x^(3*n)
+ 107*b^2*d^3*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 642*a*b*d^2*e*n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 321*a^2*d*e^2*
n^3*x*x^(2*n) + 308*a*b*d^3*n^3*x*x^n + 462*a^2*d^2*e*n^3*x*x^n + 225*a^2*
d^3*n^3*x + 35*b^2*e^3*n^2*x*x^(5*n) + 123*b^2*d*e^2*n^2*x*x^(4*n) + 82*a*
b*e^3*n^2*x*x^(4*n) + 147*b^2*d^2*e*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 294*a*b*d*e^2*n^2*x*x^(
3*n) + 49*a^2*e^3*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 59*b^2*d^3*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 354*a*b*d^2*
e*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 177*a^2*d*e^2*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 142*a*b*d^3*n^2*x*x^n + 21
3*a^2*d^2*e*n^2*x*x^n + 85*a^2*d^3*n^2*x + 10*b^2*e^3*n*x*x^(5*n) + 33*b^2
*d*e^2*n*x*x^(4*n) + 22*a*b*e^3*n*x*x^(4*n) + 36*b^2*d^2*e*n*x*x^(3*n) + 7
2*a*b*d*e^2*n*x*x^(3*n) + 12*a^2*e^3*n*x*x^(3*n) + 13*b^2*d^3*n*x*x^(2*n)
+ 78*a*b*d^2*e*n*x*x^(2*n) + 39*a^2*d*e^2*n*x*x^(2*n) + 28*a*b*d^3*n*x*x^n
+ 42*a^2*d^2*e*n*x*x^n + 15*a^2*d^3*n*x + b^2*e^3*x*x^(5*n) + 3*b^2*d*e^2
*x*x^(4*n) + 2*a*b*e^3*x*x^(4*n) + 3*b^2*d^2*e*x*x^(3*n) + 6*a*b*d*e^2*x*x
^(3*n) + a^2*e^3*x*x^(3*n) + b^2*d^3*x*x^(2*n) + 6*a*b*d^2*e*x*x^(2*n) ...
```

### Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 157, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^3 dx = a^2 d^3 x + \frac{xx^{2n}(3a^2de^2 + 6abd^2e + b^2d^3)}{2n+1} + \frac{xx^{3n}(a^2e^3 + 6abde^2 + 3b^2d^2e)}{3n+1} + \frac{b^2e^3xx^{5n}}{5n+1} + \frac{ad^2xx^n(3ae + 2bd)}{n+1} + \frac{be^2xx^{4n}(2ae + 3bd)}{4n+1}$$

input

```
int((a + b*x^n)^2*(d + e*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
a^2*d^3*x + (x*x^(2*n))*(b^2*d^3 + 3*a^2*d*e^2 + 6*a*b*d^2*e)/(2*n + 1) +
(x*x^(3*n))*(a^2*e^3 + 3*b^2*d^2*e + 6*a*b*d*e^2)/(3*n + 1) + (b^2*e^3*x*x
^(5*n))/(5*n + 1) + (a*d^2*x*x^n*(3*a*e + 2*b*d))/(n + 1) + (b*e^2*x*x^(4*
n)*(2*a*e + 3*b*d))/(4*n + 1)
```



### 3.76 $\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	694
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	694
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	695
Maple [A] (verified) . . . . .	696
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	696
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	697
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	698
Giac [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	699
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	699
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	700

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 112

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^2 dx = a^2 d^2 x + \frac{2ad(bd + ae)x^{1+n}}{1 + n} + \frac{(b^2 d^2 + 4abde + a^2 e^2)x^{1+2n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{2be(bd + ae)x^{1+3n}}{1 + 3n} + \frac{b^2 e^2 x^{1+4n}}{1 + 4n}$$

output

```
a^2*d^2*x+2*a*d*(a*e+b*d)*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+(a^2*e^2+4*a*b*d*e+b^2*d^2)*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+2*b*e*(a*e+b*d)*x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)+b^2*e^2*x^(1+4*n)/(1+4*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 105, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.94

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^2 dx = x \left( a^2 d^2 + \frac{2ad(bd + ae)x^n}{1 + n} + \frac{(b^2 d^2 + 4abde + a^2 e^2)x^{2n}}{1 + 2n} + \frac{2be(bd + ae)x^{3n}}{1 + 3n} + \frac{b^2 e^2 x^{4n}}{1 + 4n} \right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2*(d + e*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

$$x*(a^2*d^2 + (2*a*d*(b*d + a*e)*x^n)/(1 + n) + ((b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (2*b*e*(b*d + a*e)*x^(3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (b^2*e^2*x^(4*n))/(1 + 4*n))$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {897, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 897$$

$$\int (x^{2n}(a^2e^2 + 4abde + b^2d^2) + a^2d^2 + 2bex^{3n}(ae + bd) + 2adx^n(ae + bd) + b^2e^2x^{4n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$\frac{x^{2n+1}(a^2e^2 + 4abde + b^2d^2)}{2n + 1} + a^2d^2x + \frac{2adx^{n+1}(ae + bd)}{n + 1} + \frac{2bex^{3n+1}(ae + bd)}{3n + 1} + \frac{b^2e^2x^{4n+1}}{4n + 1}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^2*(d + e*x^n)^2,x]$$

output

$$a^2*d^2*x + (2*a*d*(b*d + a*e)*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + ((b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (2*b*e*(b*d + a*e)*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n) + (b^2*e^2*x^(1 + 4*n))/(1 + 4*n)$$



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 897 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol] := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]`

rule 2009 `Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]`

**Maple [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$a^2 d^2 x + \frac{(a^2 e^2 + 4abde + b^2 d^2) x x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{b^2 e^2 x x^{4n}}{1+4n} + \frac{2ad(ae+bd) x x^n}{1+n} + \frac{2be(ae+bd) x x^{3n}}{1+3n}$
norman	$a^2 d^2 x + \frac{(a^2 e^2 + 4abde + b^2 d^2) x e^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{b^2 e^2 x e^{4n \ln(x)}}{1+4n} + \frac{2ad(ae+bd) x e^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{2be(ae+bd) x e^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n}$
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x x^n a^2 de + a^2 d^2 x + 35x a^2 d^2 n^2 + 10x a^2 d^2 n + 2x x^n ab d^2 + 52x x^n ab d^2 n^2 + 18x x^n ab d^2 n + 18x x^n a^2 den + 48x x^n ab d^2 n^3 + 52x x^n a^2 d^2 n^2 + 10x a^2 d^2 n + 2x x^n ab d^2 + 52x x^n ab d^2 n^2 + 18x x^n ab d^2 n + 18x x^n a^2 den + 48x x^n ab d^2 n^3 + 52x x^n a^2 d^2 n^2}{1+2n}$
oring	Expression too large to display

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(d+e*x^n)^2,x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*d^2*x+(a^2*e^2+4*a*b*d*e+b^2*d^2)/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+b^2*e^2/(1+4*n)*x*(x^n)^4+2*a*d*(a*e+b*d)/(1+n)*x*x^n+2*b*e*(a*e+b*d)/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3`

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 370 vs.  $2(112) = 224$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 370, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.30

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{(6b^2e^2n^3 + 11b^2e^2n^2 + 6b^2e^2n + b^2e^2)xx^{4n} + 2(b^2de + abe^2 + 8(b^2de + abe^2)n^3 + 14(b^2de + abe^2)n^2 + \dots)}{1+2n}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(d+e*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((6*b^2*e^2*n^3 + 11*b^2*e^2*n^2 + 6*b^2*e^2*n + b^2*e^2)*x*x^(4*n) + 2*(b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2 + 8*(b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*n^3 + 14*(b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*n^2 + 7*(b^2*d*e + a*b*e^2)*n)*x*x^(3*n) + (b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2 + 12*(b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*n^3 + 19*(b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*n^2 + 8*(b^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*d*e + a^2*e^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b*d^2 + a^2*d*e + 24*(a*b*d^2 + a^2*d*e)*n^3 + 26*(a*b*d^2 + a^2*d*e)*n^2 + 9*(a*b*d^2 + a^2*d*e)*n)*x*x^n + (24*a^2*d^2*n^4 + 50*a^2*d^2*n^3 + 35*a^2*d^2*n^2 + 10*a^2*d^2*n + a^2*d^2)*x)/(24*n^4 + 50*n^3 + 35*n^2 + 10*n + 1)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1760 vs.  $2(104) = 208$ .

Time = 3.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1760, normalized size of antiderivative = 15.71

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (d + ex^n)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(d+e*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
Piecewise((a**2*d**2*x + 2*a**2*d*e*log(x) - a**2*e**2/x + 2*a*b*d**2*log(x) - 4*a*b*d*e/x - a*b*e**2/x**2 - b**2*d**2/x - b**2*d*e/x**2 - b**2*e**2/(3*x**3), Eq(n, -1)), (a**2*d**2*x + 4*a**2*d*e*sqrt(x) + a**2*e**2*log(x) + 4*a*b*d**2*sqrt(x) + 4*a*b*d*e*log(x) - 4*a*b*e**2/sqrt(x) + b**2*d**2*log(x) - 4*b**2*d*e/sqrt(x) - b**2*e**2/x, Eq(n, -1/2)), (a**2*d**2*x + 3*a**2*d*e*x**(2/3) + 3*a**2*e**2*x**(1/3) + 3*a*b*d**2*x**(2/3) + 12*a*b*d*e*x**(1/3) + 2*a*b*e**2*log(x) + 3*b**2*d**2*x**(1/3) + 2*b**2*d*e*log(x) - 3*b**2*e**2/x**(1/3), Eq(n, -1/3)), (a**2*d**2*x + 8*a*d*x**(3/4)*(a*e + b*d)/3 + 4*b**2*e**2*log(x**(1/4)) + 8*b*e*x**(1/4)*(a*e + b*d) - 2*sqrt(x)*(-a**2*e**2 - 4*a*b*d*e - b**2*d**2), Eq(n, -1/4)), (24*a**2*d**2*n**4*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 50*a**2*d**2*n**3*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 35*a**2*d**2*n**2*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 10*a**2*d**2*n*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + a**2*d**2*x/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 48*a**2*d*e*n**3*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 52*a**2*d*e*n**2*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 18*a**2*d*e*n*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 2*a**2*d*e*x*x**n/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 12*a**2*e**2*n**3*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 19*a**2*e**2*n**2*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 35*n**2 + 10*n + 1) + 8*a**2*e**2*n*x*x**(2*n)/(24*n**4 + 50*n**3 + 3...
```

### Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.50

$$\int (a+bx^n)^2 (d+ex^n)^2 dx = a^2 d^2 x + \frac{b^2 e^2 x^{4n+1}}{4n+1} + \frac{2b^2 dex^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{2abe^2 x^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{b^2 d^2 x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{4abdex^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{a^2 e^2 x^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2abd^2 x^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{2a^2 dex^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(d+e*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
a^2*d^2*x + b^2*e^2*x^(4*n + 1)/(4*n + 1) + 2*b^2*d*e*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + 2*a*b*e^2*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + b^2*d^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 4*a*b*d*e*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + a^2*e^2*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 2*a*b*d^2*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1) + 2*a^2*d*e*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)
```





### 3.77 $\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	701
Mathematica [A] (verified)	701
Rubi [A] (verified)	702
Maple [A] (verified)	703
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	703
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	704
Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)	705
Giac [B] (verification not implemented)	705
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	706
Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)	706

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 70

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n) dx = a^2 cx + \frac{a(2bc + ad)x^{1+n}}{1+n} + \frac{b(bc + 2ad)x^{1+2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{b^2 dx^{1+3n}}{1+3n}$$

output

```
a^2*c*x+a*(a*d+2*b*c)*x^(1+n)/(1+n)+b*(2*a*d+b*c)*x^(1+2*n)/(1+2*n)+b^2*d*
x^(1+3*n)/(1+3*n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^3 - (ad - b(c + 3cn))x \left( a^2 + \frac{2abx^n}{1+n} + \frac{b^2x^{2n}}{1+2n} \right)}{b + 3bn}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(d*x*(a + b*x^n)^3 - (a*d - b*(c + 3*c*n))*x*(a^2 + (2*a*b*x^n)/(1 + n) +
(b^2*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n)))/(b + 3*b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 70, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {897, 2009}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 897$$

$$\int (a^2c + bx^{2n}(2ad + bc) + ax^n(ad + 2bc) + b^2dx^{3n}) dx$$

$$\downarrow 2009$$

$$a^2cx + \frac{ax^{n+1}(ad + 2bc)}{n + 1} + \frac{bx^{2n+1}(2ad + bc)}{2n + 1} + \frac{b^2dx^{3n+1}}{3n + 1}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
a^2*c*x + (a*(2*b*c + a*d)*x^(1 + n))/(1 + n) + (b*(b*c + 2*a*d)*x^(1 + 2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (b^2*d*x^(1 + 3*n))/(1 + 3*n)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 897

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.), x_Symbol]
  := Int[ExpandIntegrand[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x]
  && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && IGtQ[p, 0] && IGtQ[q, 0]
```

rule 2009

```
Int[u_, x_Symbol] := Simp[IntSum[u, x], x] /; SumQ[u]
```

### Maple [A] (verified)

Time = 0.72 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

method	result
risch	$a^2cx + \frac{a(ad+2bc)xx^n}{1+n} + \frac{b(2ad+bc)xx^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{db^2xx^{3n}}{1+3n}$
norman	$a^2cx + \frac{a(ad+2bc)xe^{n \ln(x)}}{1+n} + \frac{b(2ad+bc)xe^{2n \ln(x)}}{1+2n} + \frac{db^2xe^{3n \ln(x)}}{1+3n}$
parallelrisc	$\frac{2xx^{3n}b^2dn^2+3xx^{3n}b^2dn+6xx^{2n}abdn^2+3xx^{2n}b^2cn^2+db^2xx^{3n}+8xx^{2n}abdn+4xx^{2n}b^2cn+6xx^na^2dn^2+12xx^nabcn^2+(1+n)(1+2n)(1+3n)}$
orering	$x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n) - \frac{x^2(11n^2+1)\left(\frac{2(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)bx^n}{x} + \frac{(a+bx^n)^2dx^n}{x}\right)}{(2n^2+3n+1)(1+3n)} + \frac{2x^3(-1+3n)\left(\frac{2b^2x^{2n}n^2(c+dx^n)}{x^2}\right)}{(2n^2+3n+1)(1+3n)}$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `a^2*c*x+a*(a*d+2*b*c)/(1+n)*x*x^n+b*(2*a*d+b*c)/(1+2*n)*x*(x^n)^2+d*b^2/(1+3*n)*x*(x^n)^3`

### Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 175 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.50

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{(2b^2dn^2 + 3b^2dn + b^2d)xx^{3n} + (b^2c + 2abd + 3(b^2c + 2abd)n^2 + 4(b^2c + 2abd)n)xx^{2n} + (2abc + a^2d)xx^n + (a^2c + 2abd)n^2 + 4(a^2c + 2abd)n}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((2*b^2*d*n^2 + 3*b^2*d*n + b^2*d)*x*x^(3*n) + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d + 3*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*n^2 + 4*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d + 6*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*n^2 + 5*(2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*n)*x*x^n + (6*a^2*c*n^3 + 11*a^2*c*n^2 + 6*a^2*c*n + a^2*c)*x)/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)`





**Maxima [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.03 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.34

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n) dx = a^2 cx + \frac{b^2 dx^{3n+1}}{3n+1} + \frac{b^2 cx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2 abdx^{2n+1}}{2n+1} + \frac{2 abcx^{n+1}}{n+1} + \frac{a^2 dx^{n+1}}{n+1}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `a^2*c*x + b^2*d*x^(3*n + 1)/(3*n + 1) + b^2*c*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 2*a*b*d*x^(2*n + 1)/(2*n + 1) + 2*a*b*c*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1) + a^2*d*x^(n + 1)/(n + 1)`

**Giac [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 232 vs. 2(70) = 140.

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 232, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.31

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{6 a^2 c n^3 x + 2 b^2 d n^2 x x^{3n} + 3 b^2 c n^2 x x^{2n} + 6 a b d n^2 x x^{2n} + 12 a b c n^2 x x^n + 6 a^2 d n^2 x x^n + 11 a^2 c n^2 x + 3 b^2 d n^2 x}{(6 n^3 + 11 n^2 + 6 n + 1)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `(6*a^2*c*n^3*x + 2*b^2*d*n^2*x*x^(3*n) + 3*b^2*c*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 6*a*b*d*n^2*x*x^(2*n) + 12*a*b*c*n^2*x*x^n + 6*a^2*d*n^2*x*x^n + 11*a^2*c*n^2*x + 3*b^2*d*n*x*x^(3*n) + 4*b^2*c*n*x*x^(2*n) + 8*a*b*d*n*x*x^(2*n) + 10*a*b*c*n*x*x^n + 5*a^2*d*n*x*x^n + 6*a^2*c*n*x + b^2*d*x*x^(3*n) + b^2*c*x*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*d*x*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*c*x*x^n + a^2*d*x*x^n + a^2*c*x)/(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.78 (sec) , antiderivative size = 71, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n) dx = a^2 cx + \frac{xx^{2n}(cb^2+2adb)}{2n+1} + \frac{xx^n(da^2+2bca)}{n+1} + \frac{b^2 dx x^{3n}}{3n+1}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n),x)`output `a^2*c*x + (x*x^(2*n))*(b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)/(2*n + 1) + (x*x^n*(a^2*d + 2*a*b*c))/(n + 1) + (b^2*d*x*x^(3*n))/(3*n + 1)`**Reduce [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.06

$$\int (a+bx^n)^2 (c+dx^n) dx = \frac{x(2x^{3n}b^2dn^2 + 3x^{3n}b^2dn + x^{3n}b^2d + 6x^{2n}abd n^2 + 8x^{2n}abdn + 2x^{2n}abd + 3x^{2n}b^2cn^2 + 4x^{2n}b^2cn + x^{2n}b^2c)}{6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n),x)`output `(x*(2*x**(3*n)*b**2*d*n**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**2*d*n + x**(3*n)*b**2*d + 6*x**(2*n)*a*b*d*n**2 + 8*x**(2*n)*a*b*d*n + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d + 3*x**(2*n)*b**2*c*n**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*b**2*c*n + x**(2*n)*b**2*c + 6*x**n*a**2*d*n**2 + 5*x**n*a**2*d*n + x**n*a**2*d + 12*x**n*a*b*c*n**2 + 10*x**n*a*b*c*n + 2*x**n*a*b*c + 6*a**2*c*n**3 + 11*a**2*c*n**2 + 6*a**2*c*n + a**2*c))/(6*n**3 + 11*n**2 + 6*n + 1)`

### 3.78 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	707
Mathematica [A] (verified)	707
Rubi [A] (verified)	708
Maple [F]	709
Fricas [F]	710
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	710
Maxima [F]	711
Giac [F]	711
Mupad [F(-1)]	712
Reduce [F]	712

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx = -\frac{b(bc(1+n) - ad(1+2n))x}{d^2(1+n)} + \frac{bx(a + bx^n)}{d(1+n)} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2 x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cd^2}$$

output

```
-b*(b*c*(1+n)-a*d*(1+2*n))*x/d^2/(1+n)+b*x*(a+b*x^n)/d/(1+n)+(-a*d+b*c)^2*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],[-d*x^n/c])/c/d^2
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{a^2x}{c} - \frac{(bc - ad)^2x}{cd^2} + \frac{b^2x^{1+n}}{d(1+n)} + \frac{(-bc + ad)^2x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cd^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

$$(a^2x)/c - ((b*c - a*d)^2*x)/(c*d^2) + (b^2*x^{(1+n)})/(d*(1+n)) + ((-(b*c) + a*d)^2*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^{(-1)}, 1 + n^{(-1)}, -(d*x^n)/c])/c*d^2)$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {933, 25, 913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow 933$$

$$\frac{\int -\frac{b(bc(n+1)-ad(2n+1))x^n+a(bc-ad(n+1))}{dx^n+c} dx}{d(n+1)} + \frac{bx(a + bx^n)}{d(n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\frac{bx(a + bx^n)}{d(n+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{b(bc(n+1)-ad(2n+1))x^n+a(bc-ad(n+1))}{dx^n+c} dx}{d(n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$\frac{bx(a + bx^n)}{d(n+1)} - \frac{\frac{bx(bc(n+1)-ad(2n+1))}{d} - \frac{(n+1)(bc-ad)^2 \int \frac{1}{dx^n+c} dx}{d}}{d(n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{bx(a + bx^n)}{d(n+1)} - \frac{\frac{bx(bc(n+1)-ad(2n+1))}{d} - \frac{(n+1)x(bc-ad)^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cd}}{d(n+1)}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n), x]$$

output

```
(b*x*(a + b*x^n))/(d*(1 + n)) - ((b*(b*c*(1 + n) - a*d*(1 + 2*n))*x)/d - ((b*c - a*d)^2*(1 + n)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*d))/(d*(1 + n))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25

```
Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]
```

rule 778

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 913

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

rule 933

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1) - a*d] + d*(b*c*(n*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[n*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)
```

output `int((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.76 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx = & \frac{a^2 c^{\frac{1}{n}} c^{-1 - \frac{1}{n}} x \Phi\left(\frac{dx^n e^{i\pi}}{c}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ & - \frac{2abc^{-\frac{1}{n}} c^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} d^{\frac{1}{n}} d^{-1 - \frac{1}{n}} x \Phi\left(\frac{cx^{-n} e^{i\pi}}{d}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{cn^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ & + \frac{2b^2 c^{-3 - \frac{1}{n}} c^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} x^{2n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{dx^n e^{i\pi}}{c}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ & + \frac{b^2 c^{-3 - \frac{1}{n}} c^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} x^{2n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{dx^n e^{i\pi}}{c}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output

```
a**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-1 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - 2*a*b*c**(1 + 1/n)*d**(1/n)*d**(-1 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(c*exp_polar(I*pi)/(d*x**n), 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(1/n)/(c*c**(1/n)*n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 2*b**2*c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(2 + 1/n)*x**(2*n + 1)*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 2 + 1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + b**2*c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(2 + 1/n)*x**(2*n + 1)*lerchphi(d*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/c, 1, 2 + 1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(3 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*integrate(1/(d^3*x^n + c*d^2), x) + (b^2*d*x*x^n - (b^2*c*(n + 1) - 2*a*b*d*(n + 1))*x)/(d^2*(n + 1))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^2/(d*x^n + c), x)
```



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^n b^2 dx + \left(\int \frac{1}{x^{n+d+c}} dx\right) a^2 d^2 n + \left(\int \frac{1}{x^{n+d+c}} dx\right) a^2 d^2 - 2\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{n+d+c}} dx\right) abcdn - 2\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{n+d+c}} dx\right) abcd + \left(\int \frac{1}{x^{n+d+c}} dx\right) d^2 (n + 1)}{d^2 (n + 1)}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `(x**n*b**2*d*x + int(1/(x**n*d + c),x)*a**2*d**2*n + int(1/(x**n*d + c),x)*a**2*d**2 - 2*int(1/(x**n*d + c),x)*a*b*c*d*n - 2*int(1/(x**n*d + c),x)*a*b*c*d + int(1/(x**n*d + c),x)*b**2*c**2*n + int(1/(x**n*d + c),x)*b**2*c**2 + 2*a*b*d*n*x + 2*a*b*d*x - b**2*c*n*x - b**2*c*x)/(d**2*(n + 1))`

**3.79**       $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	713
Mathematica [A] (verified)	713
Rubi [A] (verified)	714
Maple [F]	715
Fricas [F]	716
Sympy [F]	716
Maxima [F]	716
Giac [F]	717
Mupad [F(-1)]	717
Reduce [F]	717

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = -\frac{b(ad - bc(1 + n))x}{cd^2n} - \frac{(bc - ad)x(a + bx^n)}{cdn(c + dx^n)} + \frac{(bc - ad)(ad(1 - n) - bc(1 + n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2d^2n}$$

output

```
-b*(a*d-b*c*(1+n))*x/c/d^2/n-(-a*d+b*c)*x*(a+b*x^n)/c/d/n/(c+d*x^n)+(-a*d+b*c)*(a*d*(1-n)-b*c*(1+n))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-d*x^n/c)/c^2/d^2/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{c(-2abcd+a^2d^2+b^2c(c+cn+dnx^n))}{c+dx^n} - (bc - ad)(ad(-1 + n) + bc(1 + n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) \right)}{c^2d^2n}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x*((c*(-2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2 + b^2*c*(c + c*n + d*n*x^n)))/(c + d*x^n) - (b*c - a*d)*(a*d*(-1 + n) + b*c*(1 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]))/(c^2*d^2*n)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {930, 913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 930$$

$$\int \frac{a(bc - ad(1-n)) - b(ad - bc(n+1))x^n}{cdn} dx - \frac{x(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)}{cdn(c + dx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad)(ad(1-n) - bc(n+1)) \int \frac{1}{dx^n + c} dx}{cdn} - \frac{bx(ad - bc(n+1))}{d} - \frac{x(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)}{cdn(c + dx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x(bc - ad)(ad(1-n) - bc(n+1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{cd} - \frac{bx(ad - bc(n+1))}{d} - \frac{x(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)}{cdn(c + dx^n)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `-(((b*c - a*d)*x*(a + b*x^n))/(c*d*n*(c + d*x^n))) + (-((b*(a*d - b*c*(1 + n))*x)/d) + ((b*c - a*d)*(a*d*(1 - n) - b*c*(1 + n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*d))/(c*d*n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 930 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) + d*(a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n)**2/(c + d*x**n)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(b^2*c^2*(n + 1) - a^2*d^2*(n - 1) - 2*a*b*c*d)*integrate(1/(c*d^3*n*x^n + c^2*d^2*n), x) + (b^2*c*d*n*x*x^n + (b^2*c^2*(n + 1) - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x)/(c*d^3*n*x^n + c^2*d^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + b x^n)^2}{(c + d x^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{-x^n \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{2n}d^2n+x^{2n}d^2+2x^ncdn+2x^ncd+c^2n+c^2} dx \right) a^2 d^3 n^2 + x^n \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{2n}d^2n+x^{2n}d^2+2x^ncdn+2x^ncd+c^2n+c^2} dx \right) a^2 d^3 - 2a^2 d^3 n^2}{(c + dx^n)^2}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```
( - x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*
x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a**2*d**3*n**2 + x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*
d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a**
2*d**3 - 2*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d
*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a*b*c*d**2*n - 2*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x*
*(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2)
,x)*a*b*c*d**2 + x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x*
**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*b**2*c**2*d*n**2 + 2*x**n*int(x*
*(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2
*n + c**2),x)*b**2*c**2*d*n + x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)
)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*b**2*c**2*d + x**n*
a**2*d*n*x - x**n*a**2*d*x + 2*x**n*a*b*c*x - int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*
n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a**2*c*d
**2*n**2 + int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n +
2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a**2*c*d**2 - 2*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2
*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a*b*c**
2*d*n - 2*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2
*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*a*b*c**2*d + int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n +
x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2*n + c**2),x)*b**2*c**3*n
**2 + 2*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d*n + ...
```

### 3.80 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^2}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	719
Mathematica [A] (verified)	719
Rubi [A] (verified)	720
Maple [F]	721
Fricas [F]	722
Sympy [F]	722
Maxima [F]	722
Giac [F]	723
Mupad [F(-1)]	723
Reduce [F]	723

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 167

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)x(a + bx^n)}{2cdn(c + dx^n)^2} - \frac{b(ad(1 - n) - bc(1 + n))x}{2cd^2(1 - n)n(c + dx^n)} + \frac{(2abcd(1 - n) - b^2c^2(1 + n) - a^2d^2(1 - 3n + 2n^2))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{2c^3d^2(1 - n)n}$$

output `-1/2*(-a*d+b*c)*x*(a+b*x^n)/c/d/n/(c+d*x^n)^2-1/2*b*(a*d*(1-n)-b*c*(1+n))*x/c/d^2/(1-n)/n/(c+d*x^n)+1/2*(2*a*b*c*d*(1-n)-b^2*c^2*(1+n)-a^2*d^2*(2*n^2-3*n+1))*x*hypergeom([2, 1/n],[1+1/n],-d*x^n/c)/c^3/d^2/(1-n)/n`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.80

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{c^2(bc-ad)^2n}{(c+dx^n)^2} - \frac{c(bc-ad)(ad(-1+2n)+b(c+2cn))}{c+dx^n} + (2abcd(-1+n) + b^2c^2(1+n) + a^2d^2(1-3n+2n^2)) \operatorname{Hyper} \right)}{2c^3d^2n^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`



output

```
(x*((c^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*n)/(c + d*x^n)^2 - (c*(b*c - a*d)*(a*d*(-1 + 2*n) +
b*(c + 2*c*n)))/(c + d*x^n) + (2*a*b*c*d*(-1 + n) + b^2*c^2*(1 + n) + a^2
*d^2*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)
/c]]))/(2*c^3*d^2*n^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.58 (sec) , antiderivative size = 169, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {930, 910, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 930$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{a(bc-ad(1-2n))-b(ad(1-n)-bc(n+1))x^n}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx}{2cdn} - \frac{x(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)}{2cdn(c+dx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 910$$

$$\frac{x(bc-ad)(ad(1-2n)-bc(n+1))}{cdn(c+dx^n)} - \frac{(-a^2d^2(2n^2-3n+1)+2abcd(1-n)-b^2c^2(n+1)) \int \frac{1}{dx^n+c} dx}{cdn}$$

$$\frac{2cdn}{x(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \frac{2cdn}{2cdn(c+dx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x(bc-ad)(ad(1-2n)-bc(n+1))}{cdn(c+dx^n)} - \frac{x(-a^2d^2(2n^2-3n+1)+2abcd(1-n)-b^2c^2(n+1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2dn}$$

$$\frac{2cdn}{x(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \frac{2cdn}{2cdn(c+dx^n)^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^3, x]
```

output

```
-1/2*((b*c - a*d)*x*(a + b*x^n))/(c*d*n*(c + d*x^n)^2) + (((b*c - a*d)*(a*
d*(1 - 2*n) - b*c*(1 + n))*x)/(c*d*n*(c + d*x^n)) - ((2*a*b*c*d*(1 - n) -
b^2*c^2*(1 + n) - a^2*d^2*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1)
, 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^2*d*n))/(2*c*d*n)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F
1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p
, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||
GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 910

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d -
b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/
n + p, 0])
```

rule 930

```
Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(a*b*n*(p +
1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(q
- 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) + d*(a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(n*(
p + q) + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d,
0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
int((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2)/(d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n)**2/(c + d*x**n)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `((2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*a^2*d^2 + b^2*c^2*(n + 1) + 2*a*b*c*d*(n - 1))*integrate(1/2/(c^2*d^3*n^2*x^n + c^3*d^2*n^2), x) - 1/2*((b^2*c^2*d*(2*n + 1) - a^2*d^3*(2*n - 1) - 2*a*b*c*d^2)*x*x^n - (a^2*c*d^2*(3*n - 1) - b^2*c^3*(n + 1) - 2*a*b*c^2*d*(n - 1))*x)/(c^2*d^4*n^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c^3*d^3*n^2*x^n + c^4*d^2*n^2)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^2}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output

```

(2*x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d
**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**
3),x)*a**2*d**4*n**3 - x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d
**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c
**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a**2*d**4*n**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*
n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x*
**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a**2*d**4*n + x**(2*n)*int
(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2
*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a**2*d**4
+ 2*x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c
*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c
**3),x)*a*b*c*d**3*n**2 - 2*x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3
*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x
**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*a*b*c*d**3 + x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n
)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x*
**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*b**2*c**2*d**2*n**2 + 2*x**
(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n
+ 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3*n + c**3),x)*
b**2*c**2*d**2*n + x**(2*n)*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*d**3*n + x**(3*n)*d**3
+ 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2*n + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d*n + 3*x**n*c...

```

### 3.81 $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^4}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	725
Mathematica [C] (verified)	726
Rubi [A] (verified)	726
Maple [F]	729
Fricas [F]	729
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	730
Maxima [F]	731
Giac [F]	732
Mupad [F(-1)]	732
Reduce [F]	732

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 238

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(6ab^2c^2d(1 + 3n) - 4a^2bcd^2(1 + 3n) + a^3d^3(1 + 3n) - 3b^3c^3(1 + 4n))x}{b^4(1 + 3n)}$$

$$- \frac{d^2(4abcd(1 + 3n) - a^2d^2(1 + 3n) - 3b^2c^2(1 + 5n))x^{1+n}}{b^3(1 + n)(1 + 3n)}$$

$$- \frac{d^3(ad(1 + 3n) - b(c + 6cn))x^{1+2n}}{b^2(1 + 5n + 6n^2)} + \frac{dx(c + dx^n)^3}{b(1 + 3n)}$$

$$+ \frac{(bc - ad)^4x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab^4}$$

output

```
-d*(6*a*b^2*c^2*d*(1+3*n)-4*a^2*b*c*d^2*(1+3*n)+a^3*d^3*(1+3*n)-3*b^3*c^3*(1+4*n))*x/b^4/(1+3*n)-d^2*(4*a*b*c*d*(1+3*n)-a^2*d^2*(1+3*n)-3*b^2*c^2*(1+5*n))*x^(1+n)/b^3/(1+n)/(1+3*n)-d^3*(a*d*(1+3*n)-b*(6*c*n+c))*x^(1+2*n)/b^2/(6*n^2+5*n+1)+d*x*(c+d*x^n)^3/b/(1+3*n)+(-a*d+b*c)^4*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b^4
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 3.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.56

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( 4c^3 dx^n \Phi\left(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + 6c^2 d^2 x^{2n} \Phi\left(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + 4cd^3 x^{3n} \Phi\left(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 3 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + d^4 x^{4n} \Phi\left(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 4 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \right)}{an}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^4/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(x*(4*c^3*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 1 + n^(-1)] + 6*c^2*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 2 + n^(-1)] + 4*c*d^3*x^(3*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 3 + n^(-1)] + d^4*x^(4*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 4 + n^(-1)] + c^4*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)])) / (a*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 321, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.35, number of steps used = 8, number of rules used = 8,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.421$ , Rules used = {933, 25, 1025, 25, 1025, 25, 913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{933}$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(dx^n+c)^2(d(ad(3n+1)-b(6nc+c))x^n+c(ad-b(3nc+c)))}{bx^n+a} dx}{b(3n+1)} + \frac{dx(c + dx^n)^3}{b(3n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{25}$$

$$\frac{dx(c + dx^n)^3}{b(3n+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{(dx^n+c)^2(d(ad(3n+1)-b(6nc+c))x^n+c(ad-b(3nc+c)))}{bx^n+a} dx}{b(3n+1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1025 \\ & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^3}{b(3n+1)} - \frac{\int -\frac{(dx^n+c)(c(b^2(6n^2+5n+1)c^2-2abd(4n+1)c+a^2d^2(3n+1))-d(-b^2(18n^2+7n+1)c^2+2abd(3n+1)^2c-a^2d^2(6n^2+5n+1))x^n)}{bx^n+a} dx}{b(2n+1)} + \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2(ad(3n+1)-b(6cn+c))}{b(2n+1)} \\ & \hline & b(3n+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^3}{b(3n+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{(dx^n+c)(c(b^2(6n^2+5n+1)c^2-2abd(4n+1)c+a^2d^2(3n+1))-d(-b^2(18n^2+7n+1)c^2+2abd(3n+1)^2c-a^2d^2(6n^2+5n+1))x^n)}{bx^n+a}}{b(2n+1)} dx}{b(3n+1)} \\ & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2(ad(3n+1)-b(6cn+c))}{b(2n+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{(dx^n+c)(c(b^2(6n^2+5n+1)c^2-2abd(4n+1)c+a^2d^2(3n+1))-d(-b^2(18n^2+7n+1)c^2+2abd(3n+1)^2c-a^2d^2(6n^2+5n+1))x^n)}{bx^n+a}}{b(2n+1)} dx}{b(3n+1)} \\ & \hline & b(3n+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 1025 \\ & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^3}{b(3n+1)} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(-b^3(24n^3+18n^2+7n+1)c^3+ab^2d(36n^3+45n^2+20n+3)c^2-a^2bd^2(24n^3+38n^2+19n+3)c+a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1))-a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1)}{bx^n+a}}{b(2n+1)} dx}{b(3n+1)} \\ & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2(ad(3n+1)-b(6cn+c))}{b(2n+1)} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(-b^3(24n^3+18n^2+7n+1)c^3+ab^2d(36n^3+45n^2+20n+3)c^2-a^2bd^2(24n^3+38n^2+19n+3)c+a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1))-a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1)}{bx^n+a}}{b(2n+1)} dx}{b(3n+1)} \\ & \hline & b(3n+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 25 \\ & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^3}{b(3n+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{d(-b^3(24n^3+18n^2+7n+1)c^3+ab^2d(36n^3+45n^2+20n+3)c^2-a^2bd^2(24n^3+38n^2+19n+3)c+a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1))-a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1)}{bx^n+a}}{b(2n+1)} dx}{b(3n+1)} \\ & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2(ad(3n+1)-b(6cn+c))}{b(2n+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{d(-b^3(24n^3+18n^2+7n+1)c^3+ab^2d(36n^3+45n^2+20n+3)c^2-a^2bd^2(24n^3+38n^2+19n+3)c+a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1))-a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1)}{bx^n+a}}{b(2n+1)} dx}{b(3n+1)} \\ & \hline & b(3n+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow 913 \\ & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^3}{b(3n+1)} - \frac{dx(a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1)-a^2bcd^2(24n^3+38n^2+19n+3)+ab^2c^2d(36n^3+45n^2+20n+3)-b^3c^3(24n^3+18n^2+7n+1))}{b(n+1)}}{b(3n+1)} \\ & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2(ad(3n+1)-b(6cn+c))}{b(2n+1)} - \frac{dx(a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1)-a^2bcd^2(24n^3+38n^2+19n+3)+ab^2c^2d(36n^3+45n^2+20n+3)-b^3c^3(24n^3+18n^2+7n+1))}{b(n+1)}}{b(3n+1)} \\ & \hline & b(3n+1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$



$$\frac{dx(c+dx^n)^3}{b(3n+1)} - \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2(ad(3n+1)-b(6cn+c))}{b(2n+1)} - \frac{dx(c+dx^n)(-a^2d^2(6n^2+5n+1)+2abcd(3n+1)^2-b^2c^2(18n^2+7n+1))}{b(n+1)} - \frac{dx(a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1)-a^2bcd^2(18n^2+7n+1))}{b(3n+1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^4/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(d*x*(c + d*x^n)^3)/(b*(1 + 3*n)) - ((d*(a*d*(1 + 3*n) - b*(c + 6*c*n))*x*(c + d*x^n)^2)/(b*(1 + 2*n)) - (-((d*(2*a*b*c*d*(1 + 3*n)^2 - a^2*d^2*(1 + 5*n + 6*n^2) - b^2*c^2*(1 + 7*n + 18*n^2))*x*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(1 + n))) - ((d*(a^3*d^3*(1 + 6*n + 11*n^2 + 6*n^3) - b^3*c^3*(1 + 7*n + 18*n^2 + 24*n^3) - a^2*b*c*d^2*(3 + 19*n + 38*n^2 + 24*n^3) + a*b^2*c^2*d*(3 + 20*n + 45*n^2 + 36*n^3))*x)/b - ((b*c - a*d)^4*(1 + n)*(1 + 2*n)*(1 + 3*n)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n/a)]/(a*b))/(b*(1 + n)))/(b*(1 + 2*n)))/(b*(1 + 3*n))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 933

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1))),
x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Sim
p[c*(b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(n*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(n*(q
- 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d
, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[n*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[
a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]
```

rule 1025

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((e_) + (
f_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(
b*(n*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x
^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*n*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e
- a*f) + f*n*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*n*(p + q + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[
{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^4}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
integral((d^4*x^(4*n) + 4*c*d^3*x^(3*n) + 6*c^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + 4*c^3*d*x^n
+ c^4)/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 4.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 488, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.05

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx = & \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-1 - \frac{1}{n}} c^4 x \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{4a^{-5 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{4 + \frac{1}{n}} d^4 x^{4n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 4 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(5 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{a^{-5 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{4 + \frac{1}{n}} d^4 x^{4n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 4 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(5 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{12a^{-4 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{3 + \frac{1}{n}} cd^3 x^{3n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 3 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{4a^{-4 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{3 + \frac{1}{n}} cd^3 x^{3n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 3 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{12a^{-3 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} c^2 d^2 x^{2n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & + \frac{6a^{-3 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} c^2 d^2 x^{2n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\
 & - \frac{4a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} b^{\frac{1}{n}} b^{-1 - \frac{1}{n}} c^3 dx \Phi\left(\frac{ax^{-n} e^{i\pi}}{b}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**4/(a+b*x**n), x)`

output

```

a**(1/n)*a**(-1 - 1/n)*c**4*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*g
amma(1/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 4*a**(-5 - 1/n)*a**(4 + 1/n)*d**4*x**(4*
n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 4 + 1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n)/(n*ga
mma(5 + 1/n)) + a**(-5 - 1/n)*a**(4 + 1/n)*d**4*x**(4*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x*
*n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 4 + 1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(5 + 1/n)) + 1
2*a**(-4 - 1/n)*a**(3 + 1/n)*c*d**3*x**(3*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar
(I*pi)/a, 1, 3 + 1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)/(n*gamma(4 + 1/n)) + 4*a**(-4 - 1/n)*
a**(3 + 1/n)*c*d**3*x**(3*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3 +
1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(4 + 1/n)) + 12*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)
*c**2*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2 + 1/n)*gam
ma(2 + 1/n)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 6*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*c**2*d**2*x*
*(2*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2 + 1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n)/(
n**2*gamma(3 + 1/n)) - 4*a**(1 + 1/n)*b**(1/n)*b**(-1 - 1/n)*c**3*d*x*lerc
hphi(a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**n), 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*a**(1
/n)*n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n))

```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^4}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```

integrate((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")

```

output

```

(b^4*c^4 - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 + a^4*d^4)*in
tegrate(1/(b^5*x^n + a*b^4), x) + ((2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*b^3*d^4*x*x^(3*n) + (
4*(3*n^2 + 4*n + 1)*b^3*c*d^3 - (3*n^2 + 4*n + 1)*a*b^2*d^4)*x*x^(2*n) + (
6*(6*n^2 + 5*n + 1)*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 4*(6*n^2 + 5*n + 1)*a*b^2*c*d^3 + (6*n^2
+ 5*n + 1)*a^2*b*d^4)*x*x^n + (4*(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*b^3*c^3*d - 6
*(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a
^2*b*c*d^3 - (6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a^3*d^4)*x)/((6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n
+ 1)*b^4)

```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^4}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^4/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^4/(a + b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^4/(a + b*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{a + bx^n} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output

```

(2*x**(3*n)*b**3*d**4*n**2*x + 3*x**(3*n)*b**3*d**4*n*x + x**(3*n)*b**3*d*
*4*x - 3*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**4*n**2*x - 4*x**(2*n)*a*b**2*d**4*n*x - x**(2*
n)*a*b**2*d**4*x + 12*x**(2*n)*b**3*c*d**3*n**2*x + 16*x**(2*n)*b**3*c*d**
3*n*x + 4*x**(2*n)*b**3*c*d**3*x + 6*x**n*a**2*b*d**4*n**2*x + 5*x**n*a**2
*b*d**4*n*x + x**n*a**2*b*d**4*x - 24*x**n*a*b**2*c*d**3*n**2*x - 20*x**n*
a*b**2*c*d**3*n*x - 4*x**n*a*b**2*c*d**3*x + 36*x**n*b**3*c**2*d**2*n**2*x
+ 30*x**n*b**3*c**2*d**2*n*x + 6*x**n*b**3*c**2*d**2*x + 6*int(1/(x**n*b
+ a),x)*a**4*d**4*n**3 + 11*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**4*d**4*n**2 + 6*int(1
/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**4*d**4*n + int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**4*d**4 - 24*int(1/
(x**n*b + a),x)*a**3*b*c*d**3*n**3 - 44*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**3*b*c*d**
3*n**2 - 24*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**3*b*c*d**3*n - 4*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x
)*a**3*b*c*d**3 + 36*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*n**3 + 66*i
nt(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*n**2 + 36*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a
**2*b**2*c**2*d**2*n + 6*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**2*b**2*c**2*d**2 - 24*in
t(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a*b**3*c**3*d*n**3 - 44*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a*b**3*c
**3*d*n**2 - 24*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a*b**3*c**3*d*n - 4*int(1/(x**n*b +
a),x)*a*b**3*c**3*d + 6*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*b**4*c**4*n**3 + 11*int(1/(x
**n*b + a),x)*b**4*c**4*n**2 + 6*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*b**4*c**4*n + int(1
/(x**n*b + a),x)*b**4*c**4 - 6*a**3*d**4*n**3*x - 11*a**3*d**4*n**2*x - 6*
a**3*d**4*n*x - a**3*d**4*x + 24*a**2*b*c*d**3*n**3*x + 44*a**2*b*c*d**...

```

### 3.82 $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^3}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	734
Mathematica [C] (verified)	734
Rubi [A] (verified)	735
Maple [F]	737
Fricas [F]	738
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	738
Maxima [F]	739
Giac [F]	739
Mupad [F(-1)]	740
Reduce [F]	740

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 155

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{d(3abcd(1 + 2n) - a^2d^2(1 + 2n) - 2b^2c^2(1 + 3n))x}{b^3(1 + 2n)} - \frac{d^2(ad(1 + 2n) - b(c + 4cn))x^{1+n}}{b^2(1 + n)(1 + 2n)} + \frac{dx(c + dx^n)^2}{b(1 + 2n)} + \frac{(bc - ad)^3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab^3}$$

output

```
-d*(3*a*b*c*d*(1+2*n)-a^2*d^2*(1+2*n)-2*b^2*c^2*(1+3*n))*x/b^3/(1+2*n)-d^2*(a*d*(1+2*n)-b*(4*c*n+c))*x^(1+n)/b^2/(1+n)/(1+2*n)+d*x*(c+d*x^n)^2/b/(1+2*n)+(-a*d+b*c)^3*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b^3
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.59 (sec) , antiderivative size = 104, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.67

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(3c^2dx^n\Phi(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}) + 3cd^2x^{2n}\Phi(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}) + d^3x^{3n}\Phi(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 3 + \frac{1}{n}) + c^3\Phi(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}))}{an}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^3/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x*(3*c^2*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 1 + n^(-1)] + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 2 + n^(-1)] + d^3*x^(3*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 3 + n^(-1)] + c^3*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)]))/(a*n)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.19, number of steps used = 6, number of rules used = 6,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.316$ , Rules used = {933, 25, 1025, 25, 913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 933 \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{(dx^n+c)(d(ad(2n+1)-b(4nc+c))x^n+c(ad-b(2nc+c)))}{bx^n+a} dx}{b(2n+1)} + \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2}{b(2n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25 \\
 & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2}{b(2n+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{(dx^n+c)(d(ad(2n+1)-b(4nc+c))x^n+c(ad-b(2nc+c)))}{bx^n+a} dx}{b(2n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1025 \\
 & \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2}{b(2n+1)} - \frac{\int -\frac{d(b^2(6n^2+4n+1)c^2-abd(6n^2+7n+2)c+a^2d^2(2n^2+3n+1))x^n+c(b^2(2n^2+3n+1)c^2-abd(5n+2)c+a^2d^2(2n+1))}{bx^n+a} dx}{b(n+1)} + \frac{dx(c+dx^n)(ad(2n+1)-b(4nc+c))}{b(n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 25
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\frac{\frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2}{b(2n+1)} - \frac{dx(c+dx^n)(ad(2n+1)-b(4cn+c))}{b(n+1)}}{b(2n+1)} - \int \frac{d(b^2(6n^2+4n+1)c^2-abd(6n^2+7n+2)c+a^2d^2(2n^2+3n+1))x^n+c(b^2(2n^2+3n+1)c^2-abd(5n+2)c+a^2d^2(2n+1))}{b(n+1)}}{b(2n+1)}$$

↓ 913

$$\frac{\frac{dx(c+dx^n)(ad(2n+1)-b(4cn+c))}{b(n+1)} - \frac{(n+1)(2n+1)(bc-ad)^3 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx + \frac{dx(a^2d^2(2n^2+3n+1)-abcd(6n^2+7n+2)+b^2c^2(6n^2+4n+1))}{b}}{b(n+1)}}{b(2n+1)}$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{\frac{dx(c+dx^n)(ad(2n+1)-b(4cn+c))}{b(n+1)} - \frac{dx(a^2d^2(2n^2+3n+1)-abcd(6n^2+7n+2)+b^2c^2(6n^2+4n+1))}{b} + \frac{(n+1)(2n+1)x(bc-ad)^3 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right)}{ab}}{b(n+1)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^3/(a + b*x^n), x]`

output `(d*x*(c + d*x^n)^2)/(b*(1 + 2*n)) - ((d*(a*d*(1 + 2*n) - b*(c + 4*c*n))*x*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(1 + n)) - ((d*(a^2*d^2*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2) + b^2*c^2*(1 + 4*n + 6*n^2) - a*b*c*d*(2 + 7*n + 6*n^2))*x)/b + ((b*c - a*d)^3*(1 + n)*(1 + 2*n)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*b))/(b*(1 + n)))/(b*(1 + 2*n))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 933 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(n*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[n*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1025 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(b*(n*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*n*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*n*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*n*(p + q + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^3}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.69 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.32

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx &= \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} c^3 x \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{3a^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} a^{3+\frac{1}{n}} d^3 x^{3n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 3 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{a^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} a^{3+\frac{1}{n}} d^3 x^{3n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 3 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{6a^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} a^{2+\frac{1}{n}} cd^2 x^{2n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{3a^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} a^{2+\frac{1}{n}} cd^2 x^{2n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ &- \frac{3a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{1+\frac{1}{n}} b^{\frac{1}{n}} b^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} c^2 dx \Phi\left(\frac{ax^{-n} e^{i\pi}}{b}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**3/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output

```
a**(1/n)*a**(-1 - 1/n)*c**3*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*
gamma(1/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 3*a**(-4 - 1/n)*a**(3 + 1/n)*d**3*x**(3*
n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3 + 1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)/(n*ga
mma(4 + 1/n)) + a**(-4 - 1/n)*a**(3 + 1/n)*d**3*x**(3*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**
n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 3 + 1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(4 + 1/n)) + 6
*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*c*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(
I*pi)/a, 1, 2 + 1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 3*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a
**(2 + 1/n)*c*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2 +
1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(3 + 1/n)) - 3*a**(1 + 1/n)*b**(1/n)*b**(-1
- 1/n)*c**2*d*x*lerchphi(a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**n), 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n
)*gamma(1/n)/(a*a**(1/n)*n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^3}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(b^3*c^3 - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b*c*d^2 - a^3*d^3)*integrate(1/(b^4*x^n +
a*b^3), x) + (b^2*d^3*(n + 1)*x*x^(2*n) + (3*b^2*c*d^2*(2*n + 1) - a*b*d^
3*(2*n + 1))*x*x^n + (3*(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*b^2*c^2*d - 3*(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*
a*b*c*d^2 + (2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*a^2*d^3)*x)/((2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*b^3)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^3}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^n + c)^3/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^3/(a + b*x^n),x)`output `int((c + d*x^n)^3/(a + b*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{3b^2c^2dx + 3\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{nb+a}} dx\right) a^2bcd^2 - 3\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{nb+a}} dx\right) ab^2c^2d - 2x^nabd^3nx + 6x^nb^2cd^2nx - 6abc d^2n^2x - 9ab}{}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `(x**(2*n)*b**2*d**3*n*x + x**(2*n)*b**2*d**3*x - 2*x**n*a*b*d**3*n*x - x**n*a*b*d**3*x + 6*x**n*b**2*c*d**2*n*x + 3*x**n*b**2*c*d**2*x - 2*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**3*d**3*n**2 - 3*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**3*d**3*n - int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**3*d**3 + 6*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n**2 + 9*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2*n + 3*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**2*b*c*d**2 - 6*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d*n**2 - 9*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d*n - 3*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a*b**2*c**2*d + 2*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*b**3*c**3*n**2 + 3*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*b**3*c**3*n + int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*b**3*c**3 + 2*a**2*d**3*n**2*x + 3*a**2*d**3*n*x + a**2*d**3*x - 6*a*b*c*d**2*n**2*x - 9*a*b*c*d**2*n*x - 3*a*b*c*d**2*x + 6*b**2*c**2*d*n**2*x + 9*b**2*c**2*d*n*x + 3*b**2*c**2*d*x)/(b**3*(2*n**2 + 3*n + 1))`

### 3.83 $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	741
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	741
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	742
Maple [F] . . . . .	743
Fricas [F] . . . . .	744
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	744
Maxima [F] . . . . .	745
Giac [F] . . . . .	745
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	746
Reduce [F] . . . . .	746

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 84

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx = -\frac{d(ad(1+n) - b(c + 2cn))x}{b^2(1+n)} + \frac{dx(c + dx^n)}{b(1+n)} + \frac{(bc - ad)^2 x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab^2}$$

output

```
-d*(a*d*(1+n)-b*(2*c*n+c))*x/b^2/(1+n)+d*x*(c+d*x^n)/b/(1+n)+(-a*d+b*c)^2*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/b^2
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 0.53 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(2cdx^n \Phi(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}) + d^2 x^{2n} \Phi(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}) + c^2 \Phi(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}))}{an}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(x*(2*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 1 + n^(-1)] + d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 2 + n^(-1)] + c^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)]))/(a*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {933, 25, 913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{933} \\
 & \frac{\int -\frac{d(ad(n+1)-b(2nc+c))x^n+c(ad-bc(n+1))}{bx^n+a} dx}{b(n+1)} + \frac{dx(c + dx^n)}{b(n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{25} \\
 & \frac{dx(c + dx^n)}{b(n+1)} - \frac{\int \frac{d(ad(n+1)-b(2nc+c))x^n+c(ad-bc(n+1))}{bx^n+a} dx}{b(n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\
 & \frac{dx(c + dx^n)}{b(n+1)} - \frac{\frac{dx(ad(n+1)-b(2cn+c))}{b} - \frac{(n+1)(bc-ad)^2 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx}{b}}{b(n+1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
 & \frac{dx(c + dx^n)}{b(n+1)} - \frac{\frac{dx(ad(n+1)-b(2cn+c))}{b} - \frac{(n+1)x(bc-ad)^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab}}{b(n+1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output  $(d*x*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(1 + n)) - ((d*(a*d*(1 + n) - b*(c + 2*c*n))*x)/b - ((b*c - a*d)^2*(1 + n)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*b))/(b*(1 + n))$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25  $\text{Int}[-(F_x), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[\text{Identity}[-1] \text{ Int}[F_x, x], x]$

rule 778  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{!IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IntegerQ}[1/n] \ \&\& \ \text{!ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[1/n + p], 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 913  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*((c + d*x^n)^q), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^{p+1}/(b*(n*(p+1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p+1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p+1) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n*(p+1) + 1, 0]$

rule 933  $\text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*((c + d*x^n)^q), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*(a + b*x^n)^{p+1}*((c + d*x^n)^{q-1}/(b*(n*(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n*(p+q) + 1)) \text{ Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^{q-2}* \text{Simp}[c*(b*c*(n*(p+q) + 1) - a*d] + d*(b*c*(n*(p+2*q-1) + 1) - a*d*(n*(q-1) + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n*(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{!IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input  $\text{int}((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n),x)$



output `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.95 (sec) , antiderivative size = 235, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.80

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx = & \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-1 - \frac{1}{n}} c^2 x \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ & + \frac{2a^{-3 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} d^2 x^{2n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ & + \frac{a^{-3 - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} d^2 x^{2n+1} \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ & - \frac{2a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} b^{\frac{1}{n}} b^{-1 - \frac{1}{n}} c dx \Phi\left(\frac{ax^{-n} e^{i\pi}}{b}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**2/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output

```
a**(1/n)*a**(-1 - 1/n)*c**2*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 2*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2 + 1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 2 + 1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n)/(n**2*gamma(3 + 1/n)) - 2*a**(1 + 1/n)*b**(1/n)*b**(-1 - 1/n)*c*d*x*lerchphi(a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**n), 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*a**(1/n)*n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*integrate(1/(b^3*x^n + a*b^2), x) + (b*d^2*x*x^n + (2*b*c*d*(n + 1) - a*d^2*(n + 1))*x)/(b^2*(n + 1))
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n),x)`output `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^n b d^2 x + \left(\int \frac{1}{x^{nb+a}} dx\right) a^2 d^2 n + \left(\int \frac{1}{x^{nb+a}} dx\right) a^2 d^2 - 2\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{nb+a}} dx\right) abcdn - 2\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{nb+a}} dx\right) abcd + \left(\int \frac{1}{x^{nb+a}} dx\right) b^2 (n + 1)}{b^2 (n + 1)}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `(x**n*b*d**2*x + int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**2*d**2*n + int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a**2*d**2 - 2*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a*b*c*d*n - 2*int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a*b*c*d + int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*b**2*c**2*n + int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*b**2*c**2 - a*d**2*n*x - a*d**2*x + 2*b*c*d*n*x + 2*b*c*d*x)/(b**2*(n + 1))`

### 3.84 $\int \frac{c+dx^n}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	747
Mathematica [A] (verified)	747
Rubi [A] (verified)	748
Maple [F]	749
Fricas [F]	749
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	749
Maxima [F]	750
Giac [F]	750
Mupad [F(-1)]	750
Reduce [F]	751

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 42

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{dx}{b} + \frac{(bc - ad)x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab}$$

output

```
d*x/b+(-a*d+b*c)*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 40, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(ad + (bc - ad) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right))}{ab}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n), x]
```

output

```
(x*(a*d + (b*c - a*d)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/a/b
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{913}$$

$$\frac{(bc - ad) \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx}{b} + \frac{dx}{b}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x(bc - ad) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab} + \frac{dx}{b}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(d*x)/b + ((b*c - a*d)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*b)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 110, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.62

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} cx \Phi\left(\frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}, 1, \frac{1}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} - \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{n}} a^{1+\frac{1}{n}} b^{\frac{1}{n}} b^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx \Phi\left(\frac{ax^{-n} e^{i\pi}}{b}, 1, \frac{e^{i\pi}}{n}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{an^2 \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output

```
a**(1/n)*a**(-1 - 1/n)*c*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*gamma
a(1/n)/(n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - a**(1 + 1/n)*b**(1/n)*b**(-1 - 1/n)*d*x*ler
chphi(a*exp_polar(I*pi)/(b*x**n), 1, exp_polar(I*pi)/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*a**(
1/n)*n**2*gamma(1 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
(b*c - a*d)*integrate(1/(b^2*x^n + a*b), x) + d*x/b
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input

```
integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^n + c)/(b*x^n + a), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input

```
int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n),x)
```

output

```
int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{-\left(\int \frac{1}{x^{n+1}b+a} dx\right) ad + \left(\int \frac{1}{x^{n+1}b+a} dx\right) bc + dx}{b}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `( - int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*a*d + int(1/(x**n*b + a),x)*b*c + d*x)/b`



### 3.85 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	752
Mathematica [A] (verified)	752
Rubi [A] (verified)	753
Maple [F]	754
Fricas [F]	754
Sympy [F]	755
Maxima [F]	755
Giac [F]	755
Mupad [F(-1)]	756
Reduce [F]	756

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{bx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)}$$

output `b*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)-d*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x(-bc \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + ad \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))}{ac(-bc+ad)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output

```
(x*(-(b*c*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]) + a*d*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]))/(a*c*(-(b*c) + a*d))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {917, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{917}$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx}{bc - ad} - \frac{d \int \frac{1}{dx^n + c} dx}{bc - ad}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{bx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc - ad)} - \frac{dx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc - ad)}$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(b*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*(b*c - a*d)) - (d*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(b*c - a*d)))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 917 `Int[1/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[b/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^n), x], x] - Simp[d/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*d*x^(2*n) + a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n}bd + x^nad + x^nb*c + a*c} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*b*d + x**n*a*d + x**n*b*c + a*c),x)`

**3.86**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	757
Mathematica [A] (verified)	757
Rubi [A] (verified)	758
Maple [F]	759
Fricas [F]	760
Sympy [F(-2)]	760
Maxima [F]	760
Giac [F]	761
Mupad [F(-1)]	761
Reduce [F]	761

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 123

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{dx}{c(bc-ad)n(c+dx^n)} + \frac{b^2x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)^2}$$

$$+ \frac{d(bc(1-2n) - ad(1-n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2(bc-ad)^2n}$$

output

```
-d*x/c/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(c+d*x^n)+b^2*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/a
/(-a*d+b*c)^2+d*(b*c*(1-2*n)-a*d*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-d*x^n/c)/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 121, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(b^2c^2n(c+dx^n) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + ad(c(-bc+ad) + (ad(-1+n) + b(c-2cn)))}{ac^2(bc-ad)^2n(c+dx^n)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x]`

output `(x*(b^2*c^2*n*(c + d*x^n)*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)] + a*d*(c*(-(b*c) + a*d) + (a*d*(-1 + n) + b*(c - 2*c*n))*(c + d*x^n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]))/(a*c^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*n*(c + d*x^n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {931, 1020, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{931} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{bd(1-n)x^n + bcn + a(d-dn)}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx}{cn(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx}{cn(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{1020} \\
 & \frac{\frac{b^2cn \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx}{bc-ad} - \frac{d(ad(1-n)-b(c-2cn)) \int \frac{1}{dx^n+c} dx}{bc-ad}}{cn(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx}{cn(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
 & \frac{\frac{b^2cnx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx(ad(1-n)-b(c-2cn)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)}}{cn(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx}{cn(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x]`

output

```

-((d*x)/(c*(b*c - a*d)*n*(c + d*x^n))) + ((b^2*c*n*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1,
n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(b*c - a*d)) - (d*(a*d*(1 - n) - b*(
c - 2*c*n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*(
b*c - a*d)))/(c*(b*c - a*d)*n)

```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F
1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p
, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||
GtQ[a, 0])

```

rule 931

```

Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c -
a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c
+ d*x^n)^q*Simp[b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n,
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p,
-1] && !( !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b,
c, d, n, p, q, x]

```

rule 1020

```

Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_))/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(
n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^n), x], x
] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, n}, x]

```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)
```



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*d^2*x^(3*n) + a*c^2 + (2*b*c*d + a*d^2)*x^(2*n) + (b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `b^2*integrate(1/(a*b^2*c^2 - 2*a^2*b*c*d + a^3*d^2 + (b^3*c^2 - 2*a*b^2*c*d + a^2*b*d^2)*x^n), x) - (b*c*d*(2*n - 1) - a*d^2*(n - 1))*integrate(1/(b^2*c^4*n - 2*a*b*c^3*d*n + a^2*c^2*d^2*n + (b^2*c^3*d*n - 2*a*b*c^2*d^2*n + a^2*c*d^3*n)*x^n), x) - d*x/(b*c^3*n - a*c^2*d*n + (b*c^2*d*n - a*c*d^2*n)*x^n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n}b d^2 + x^{2n}a d^2 + 2x^{2n}bcd + 2x^nacd + x^nbc^2 + a c^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)*a*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*b*c*d + 2*x**n*a*c*d + x**n*b*c**2 + a*c**2),x)`

**3.87**       $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	762
Mathematica [A] (verified)	763
Rubi [A] (verified)	763
Maple [F]	765
Fricas [F]	766
Sympy [F(-2)]	766
Maxima [F]	766
Giac [F]	767
Mupad [F(-1)]	767
Reduce [F]	768

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 210

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^3} dx = -\frac{dx}{2c(bc-ad)n(c+dx^n)^2} - \frac{d(ad(1-2n)-b(c-4cn))x}{2c^2(bc-ad)^2n^2(c+dx^n)} + \frac{b^3x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)^3} - \frac{d(a^2d^2(1-3n+2n^2)-2abcd(1-4n+3n^2)+b^2c^2(1-5n+6n^2))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{c}\right)}{2c^3(bc-ad)^3n^2}$$

output

```
-1/2*d*x/c/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(c+d*x^n)^2-1/2*d*(a*d*(1-2*n)-b*(-4*c*n+c))*x/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n^2/(c+d*x^n)+b^3*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/a/(-a*d+b*c)^3-1/2*d*(a^2*d^2*(2*n^2-3*n+1)-2*a*b*c*d*(3*n^2-4*n+1)+b^2*c^2*(6*n^2-5*n+1))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-d*x^n/c)/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^3/n^2
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 210, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(-ac^2d(bc - ad)^2n + acd(bc - ad)(ad(-1 + 2n) + b(c - 4cn))(c + dx^n) + 2b^3c^3n^2(c + dx^n)^2 \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)] - a*d*(a^2*d^2*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2) - 2*a*b*c*d*(1 - 4*n + 3*n^2) + b^2*c^2*(1 - 5*n + 6*n^2))*(c + d*x^n)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]]}{(2*a*c^3*(b*c - a*d)^3*n^2*(c + d*x^n)^2)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^3),x]
```

output

```
(x*(-(a*c^2*d*(b*c - a*d)^2*n) + a*c*d*(b*c - a*d)*(a*d*(-1 + 2*n) + b*(c - 4*c*n))*(c + d*x^n) + 2*b^3*c^3*n^2*(c + d*x^n)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)] - a*d*(a^2*d^2*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2) - 2*a*b*c*d*(1 - 4*n + 3*n^2) + b^2*c^2*(1 - 5*n + 6*n^2))*(c + d*x^n)^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(2*a*c^3*(b*c - a*d)^3*n^2*(c + d*x^n)^2)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 248, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.18, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {931, 1024, 1020, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 931$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{bd(1-2n)x^n + 2bcn + a(d-2dn)}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)^2} dx}{2cn(bc - ad)} - \frac{dx}{2cn(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)^2}$$

$$\downarrow 1024$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{-bd(bc(1-4n)-ad(1-2n))(1-n)x^n+2b^2c^2n^2+a^2d^2(2n^2-3n+1)-abcd(4n^2-5n+1)}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx + \frac{dx(bc(1-4n)-ad(1-2n))}{cn(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)}}{2cn(bc-ad) \frac{dx}{2cn(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2}} -$$

↓ 1020

$$\frac{\frac{2b^3c^2n^2 \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx - \frac{d(a^2d^2(2n^2-3n+1)-2abcd(3n^2-4n+1)+b^2c^2(6n^2-5n+1)) \int \frac{1}{dx^n+c} dx}{bc-ad} + \frac{dx(bc(1-4n)-ad(1-2n))}{cn(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)}}{2cn(bc-ad) \frac{dx}{2cn(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2}} -$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{\frac{2b^3c^2n^2x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx(a^2d^2(2n^2-3n+1)-2abcd(3n^2-4n+1)+b^2c^2(6n^2-5n+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)}}{2cn(bc-ad) \frac{dx}{2cn(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2}} +$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x]`

output `-1/2*(d*x)/(c*(b*c - a*d)*n*(c + d*x^n)^2) + ((d*(b*c*(1 - 4*n) - a*d*(1 - 2*n))*x)/(c*(b*c - a*d)*n*(c + d*x^n)) + ((2*b^3*c^2*n^2*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(b*c - a*d)) - (d*(a^2*d^2*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2) - 2*a*b*c*d*(1 - 4*n + 3*n^2) + b^2*c^2*(1 - 5*n + 6*n^2))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*(b*c - a*d)))/(c*(b*c - a*d)*n)/(2*c*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 931 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c -
a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c
+ d*x^n)^q*Simp[b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n,
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p,
-1] && !( !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b,
c, d, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1020 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(
n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^n), x], x
] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 1024 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((e_) + (f
_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c
+ d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(
p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*n*(b
*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b*d^3*x^(4*n) + a*c^3 + (3*b*c*d^2 + a*d^3)*x^(3*n) + 3*(b*c^2*d + a*c*d^2)*x^(2*n) + (b*c^3 + 3*a*c^2*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-b^3*integrate(-1/(a*b^3*c^3 - 3*a^2*b^2*c^2*d + 3*a^3*b*c*d^2 - a^4*d^3 +
(b^4*c^3 - 3*a*b^3*c^2*d + 3*a^2*b^2*c*d^2 - a^3*b*d^3)*x^n), x) + ((6*n^
2 - 5*n + 1)*b^2*c^2*d - 2*(3*n^2 - 4*n + 1)*a*b*c*d^2 + (2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)
*a^2*d^3)*integrate(-1/2/(b^3*c^6*n^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^5*d*n^2 + 3*a^2*b*c^4*d^
2*n^2 - a^3*c^3*d^3*n^2 + (b^3*c^5*d*n^2 - 3*a*b^2*c^4*d^2*n^2 + 3*a^2*b*c
^3*d^3*n^2 - a^3*c^2*d^4*n^2)*x^n), x) - 1/2*((b*c*d^2*(4*n - 1) - a*d^3*(
2*n - 1))*x*x^n + (b*c^2*d*(5*n - 1) - a*c*d^2*(3*n - 1))*x)/(b^2*c^6*n^2
- 2*a*b*c^5*d*n^2 + a^2*c^4*d^2*n^2 + (b^2*c^4*d^2*n^2 - 2*a*b*c^3*d^3*n^2
+ a^2*c^2*d^4*n^2)*x^(2*n) + 2*(b^2*c^5*d*n^2 - 2*a*b*c^4*d^2*n^2 + a^2*c
^3*d^3*n^2)*x^n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^3), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^3),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)
```



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^{4n} b d^3 + x^{3n} a d^3 + 3x^{3n} b c d^2 + 3x^{2n} a c d^2 + 3x^{2n} b c^2 d + 3x^n a c^2 d + x^n b c^3 + a c^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(4*n)*b*d**3 + x**(3*n)*a*d**3 + 3*x**(3*n)*b*c*d**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*a*c*d**2 + 3*x**(2*n)*b*c**2*d + 3*x**n*a*c**2*d + x**n*b*c**3 + a*c**3),x)`

**3.88**       $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^4}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	769
Mathematica [A] (verified)	770
Rubi [A] (verified)	770
Maple [F]	773
Fricas [F]	773
Sympy [F]	773
Maxima [F]	774
Giac [F]	774
Mupad [F(-1)]	775
Reduce [F]	775

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 264

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(3b^3c^3 - 6ab^2c^2d(1+n) + 4a^2bcd^2(1+2n) - a^3d^3(1+3n))x}{ab^4n}$$

$$- \frac{d^2(3b^2c^2(1+n) - 4abcd(1+2n) + a^2d^2(1+3n))x^{1+n}}{ab^3n(1+n)}$$

$$+ \frac{d^3(ad(1+3n) - b(c+2cn))x^{1+2n}}{ab^2n(1+2n)} + \frac{(bc-ad)x(c+dx^n)^3}{abn(a+bx^n)}$$

$$- \frac{(bc-ad)^3(bc(1-n) - ad(1+3n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2b^4n}$$

output

```
-d*(3*b^3*c^3-6*a*b^2*c^2*d*(1+n)+4*a^2*b*c*d^2*(1+2*n)-a^3*d^3*(1+3*n))*x
/a/b^4/n-d^2*(3*b^2*c^2*(1+n)-4*a*b*c*d*(1+2*n)+a^2*d^2*(1+3*n))*x^(1+n)/a
/b^3/n/(1+n)+d^3*(a*d*(1+3*n)-b*(2*c*n+c))*x^(1+2*n)/a/b^2/n/(1+2*n)+(-a*d
+b*c)**(c+d*x^n)^3/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)-(-a*d+b*c)^3*(b*c*(1-n)-a*d*(1+3*n))*x
*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b^4/n
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 6.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 217, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.82

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( \frac{4ab^3c^3d - 6a^2b^2c^2d^2 + 4a^3bcd^3 - a^4d^4 + b^4c^4(-1+n)}{a^2n} + \frac{(-bc+ad)^3(bc(-1+n)+ad(1+3n))}{a^2n} + \frac{2bd^3(2bc-ad)x^n}{1+n} + \frac{b^2d^4x^{2n}}{1+2n} + \frac{(bc-ad)}{an(a+bx^n)} \right)}{b^4}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^4/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*((4*a*b^3*c^3*d - 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a^3*b*c*d^3 - a^4*d^4 + b^4*c^4*(-1 + n))/(a^2*n) + ((-(b*c) + a*d)^3*(b*c*(-1 + n) + a*d*(1 + 3*n)))/(a^2*n) + (2*b*d^3*(2*b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(1 + n) + (b^2*d^4*x^(2*n))/(1 + 2*n) + (b*c - a*d)^4/(a*n*(a + b*x^n)) + ((b*c - a*d)^3*(b*c*(-1 + n) + a*d*(1 + 3*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*n)))/b^4
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 344, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {930, 1025, 1025, 913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 930$$

$$\frac{\int \frac{(dx^n+c)^2(d(ad(3n+1)-b(2nc+c))x^n+c(ad-bc(1-n)))}{bx^n+a} dx}{abn} + \frac{x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)^3}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow 1025$$

$$\int \frac{(dx^n+c) \left( c(-b^2(-2n^2+n+1)c^2+2abd(2n+1)c-a^2d^2(3n+1))-d(b^2(2n^2+3n+1)c^2-2abd(5n^2+4n+1)c+a^2d^2(6n^2+5n+1))x^n \right)}{bx^n+a} dx + \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2(ad}{b(2n+1)}$$

$$\frac{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^3}{abn(a+bx^n)} \quad abn$$

↓ 1025

$$\int \frac{c(-b^3(-2n^3-n^2+2n+1)c^3+3ab^2d(2n^2+3n+1)c^2-a^2bd^2(13n^2+12n+3)c+a^3d^3(6n^2+5n+1))-d(b^3(2n^2+3n+1)c^3-ab^2d(12n^3+17n^2+12n+3)c^2+a^2bd^2(13n^2+12n+3)c-a^3d^3(6n^2+5n+1))x^n}{bx^n+a} dx + \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^2(ad}{b(2n+1)}$$

$$\frac{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^3}{abn(a+bx^n)}$$

↓ 913

$$\int \frac{(2n^2+3n+1)(bc-ad)^3(bc(1-n)-ad(3n+1))}{b} \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx - \frac{dx(-a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1)+a^2bcd^2(16n^3+26n^2+15n+3)-ab^2c^2d(12n^3+17n^2+12n+3)+b^3c^3(2n^2+3n+1))}{b(n+1)} - \frac{(2n^2+3n+1)x(bc-ad)^3(bc(1-n)-ad(3n+1))}{b(2n+1)}$$

$$\frac{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^3}{abn(a+bx^n)} \quad abn$$

↓ 778

$$\int \frac{dx(-a^3d^3(6n^3+11n^2+6n+1)+a^2bcd^2(16n^3+26n^2+15n+3)-ab^2c^2d(12n^3+17n^2+12n+3)+b^3c^3(2n^2+3n+1))}{b(n+1)} - \frac{(2n^2+3n+1)x(bc-ad)^3(bc(1-n)-ad(3n+1))}{b(2n+1)}$$

$$\frac{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^3}{abn(a+bx^n)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^4/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((b*c - a*d)*x*(c + d*x^n)^3)/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)) + ((d*(a*d*(1 + 3*n) - b \\ & *(c + 2*c*n))*x*(c + d*x^n)^2)/(b*(1 + 2*n)) + (-((d*(b^2*c^2*(1 + 3*n + 2 \\ & *n^2) - 2*a*b*c*d*(1 + 4*n + 5*n^2) + a^2*d^2*(1 + 5*n + 6*n^2))*x*(c + d* \\ & x^n))/(b*(1 + n))) + (-((d*(b^3*c^3*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2) - a^3*d^3*(1 + 6*n + \\ & 11*n^2 + 6*n^3) - a*b^2*c^2*d*(3 + 12*n + 17*n^2 + 12*n^3) + a^2*b*c*d^2* \\ & (3 + 15*n + 26*n^2 + 16*n^3))*x)/b) - ((b*c - a*d)^3*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2)*(b* \\ & c*(1 - n) - a*d*(1 + 3*n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b \\ & *x^n)/a])/(a*b))/(b*(1 + n))/(b*(1 + 2*n))/(a*b*n) \end{aligned}$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[1/n] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[1/n + p], 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

rule 913

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*((c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*(n*(p+1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p+1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p+1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n*(p+1) + 1, 0]$$

rule 930

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*((c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(q\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^n)^{(q-1)}/(a*b*n*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*b*n*(p+1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(a*d - c*b*(n*(p+1) + 1)) + d*(a*d*(n*(q-1) + 1) - b*c*(n*(p+q) + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \&\& \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \&\& \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]$$

rule 1025

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*((c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(q\_)}*((e\_)+ (f\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^n)^q/(b*(n*(p+q+1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n*(p+q+1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*n*(p+q+1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*n*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*n*(p+q+1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n*(p+q+1) + 1, 0]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^4}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^4*x^(4*n) + 4*c*d^3*x^(3*n) + 6*c^2*d^2*x^(2*n) + 4*c^3*d*x^n + c^4)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**4/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x**n)**4/(a + b*x**n)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^4}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
-(a^4*d^4*(3*n + 1) - 4*a^3*b*c*d^3*(2*n + 1) + 6*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*(n + 1)
- b^4*c^4*(n - 1) - 4*a*b^3*c^3*d)*integrate(1/(a*b^5*n*x^n + a^2*b^4*n),
x) + ((n^2 + n)*a*b^3*d^4*x*x^(3*n) + (4*(2*n^2 + n)*a*b^3*c*d^3 - (3*n^2
+ n)*a^2*b^2*d^4)*x*x^(2*n) + (6*(2*n^3 + 3*n^2 + n)*a*b^3*c^2*d^2 - 4*(4*
n^3 + 4*n^2 + n)*a^2*b^2*c*d^3 + (6*n^3 + 5*n^2 + n)*a^3*b*d^4)*x*x^n + ((
2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*b^4*c^4 - 4*(2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*a*b^3*c^3*d + 6*(2*n^3 + 5*
n^2 + 4*n + 1)*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 4*(4*n^3 + 8*n^2 + 5*n + 1)*a^3*b*c*d^3 +
(6*n^3 + 11*n^2 + 6*n + 1)*a^4*d^4)*x)/((2*n^3 + 3*n^2 + n)*a*b^5*x^n + (
2*n^3 + 3*n^2 + n)*a^2*b^4)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^4}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output

```
integrate((d*x^n + c)^4/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^4/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`output `int((c + d*x^n)^4/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^4}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^4/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`



output

```

(x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**4*n*x + x**(3*n)*a**2*b*d**4*x - 3*x**(2*n)*a**3*d**4*
n*x - x**(2*n)*a**3*d**4*x + 8*x**(2*n)*a**2*b*c*d**3*n*x + 4*x**(2*n)*a**
2*b*c*d**3*x + 6*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x*
**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**4*b*d**4*n**3 + 11*x**n*int(x
**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**
2*n + a**2),x)*a**4*b*d**4*n**2 + 6*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x
**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**4*b*d**4*n
+ x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x
**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**4*b*d**4 - 16*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b
**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**3
*b**2*c*d**3*n**3 - 32*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2
+ 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**3*n**2 - 20
*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**
n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**3*b**2*c*d**3*n - 4*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*
n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*
a**3*b**2*c*d**3 + 12*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 +
2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**2*n**3 +
30*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x
**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b**3*c**2*d**2*n**2 + 24*x**n*int(x**(2*n
)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n...

```

**3.89**       $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^3}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	777
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	778
Rubi [A] (verified)	779
Maple [F]	781
Fricas [F]	781
Sympy [F]	781
Maxima [F]	782
Giac [F]	782
Mupad [F(-1)]	782
Reduce [F]	783

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 180

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(2b^2c^2 - 3abcd(1 + n) + a^2d^2(1 + 2n))x}{ab^3n}$$

$$- \frac{d^2(bc(1 + n) - ad(1 + 2n))x^{1+n}}{ab^2n(1 + n)} + \frac{(bc - ad)x(c + dx^n)^2}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$- \frac{(bc - ad)^2(bc(1 - n) - ad(1 + 2n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2b^3n}$$

output

```
-d*(2*b^2*c^2-3*a*b*c*d*(1+n)+a^2*d^2*(1+2*n))*x/a/b^3/n-d^2*(b*c*(1+n)-a*d*(1+2*n))*x^(1+n)/a/b^2/n/(1+n)+(-a*d+b*c)*x*(c+d*x^n)^2/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)-(-a*d+b*c)^2*(b*c*(1-n)-a*d*(1+2*n))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/b^3/n
```



### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 204, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {930, 1025, 913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 930

$$\int \frac{(dx^n+c)(c(ad-bc(1-n))-d(bc(n+1)-ad(2n+1))x^n)}{bx^n+a} dx + \frac{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2}{abn(a+bx^n)}$$

↓ 1025

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(-b^2(1-n^2)c^2+2abd(n+1)c-a^2d^2(2n+1))-d(b^2(n+1)c^2-abd(3n^2+4n+2)c+a^2d^2(2n^2+3n+1))x^n}{bx^n+a} dx - \frac{dx(c+dx^n)(bc(n+1)-ad(2n+1))}{b(n+1)}}{abn} + \frac{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2}{abn(a+bx^n)}$$

↓ 913

$$\frac{-\frac{(n+1)(bc-ad)^2(bc(1-n)-ad(2n+1)) \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx - \frac{dx(a^2d^2(2n^2+3n+1)-abcd(3n^2+4n+2)+b^2c^2(n+1))}{b}}{b(n+1)} - \frac{dx(c+dx^n)(bc(n+1)-ad(2n+1))}{b(n+1)}}{abn} + \frac{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2}{abn(a+bx^n)}$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{-\frac{dx(a^2d^2(2n^2+3n+1)-abcd(3n^2+4n+2)+b^2c^2(n+1))}{b} - \frac{(n+1)x(bc-ad)^2(bc(1-n)-ad(2n+1)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab}}{b(n+1)} - \frac{dx(c+dx^n)(bc(n+1)-ad(2n+1))}{b(n+1)}}{abn} + \frac{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2}{abn(a+bx^n)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^3/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output

$$\begin{aligned} & ((b*c - a*d)*x*(c + d*x^n)^2)/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)) + (-((d*(b*c*(1 + n) - a \\ & *d*(1 + 2*n))*x*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(1 + n))) + (-((d*(b^2*c^2*(1 + n) + a^2*d \\ & ^2*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2) - a*b*c*d*(2 + 4*n + 3*n^2))*x)/b) - ((b*c - a*d)^2*( \\ & 1 + n)*(b*c*(1 - n) - a*d*(1 + 2*n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^{(-1)}, 1 + n^{ \\ & (-1)}, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*b))/(b*(1 + n)))/(a*b*n) \end{aligned}$$

## Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[1/n] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[1/n + p], 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$$

rule 913

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*((c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}/(b*(n*(p+1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p+1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p+1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n*(p+1) + 1, 0]$$

rule 930

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*((c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(q\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^n)^{(q-1)}/(a*b*n*(p+1))), x] - \text{Simp}[1/(a*b*n*(p+1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(q-2)}*\text{Simp}[c*(a*d - c*b*(n*(p+1) + 1)) + d*(a*d*(n*(q-1) + 1) - b*c*(n*(p+q) + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]$$

rule 1025

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*((c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(q\_)}*((e\_)+ (f\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[f*x*(a + b*x^n)^{(p+1)}*((c + d*x^n)^q/(b*(n*(p+q+1) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1/(b*(n*(p+q+1) + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^{(q-1)}*\text{Simp}[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*n*(p+q+1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*n*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*n*(p+q+1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p\}, x \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n*(p+q+1) + 1, 0]$$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^3}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**3/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x**n)**3/(a + b*x**n)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^3}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(a^3*d^3*(2*n + 1) - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2*(n + 1) + b^3*c^3*(n - 1) + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d)*integrate(1/(a*b^4*n*x^n + a^2*b^3*n), x) + (a*b^2*d^3*n*x*x^(2*n) + (3*(n^2 + n)*a*b^2*c*d^2 - (2*n^2 + n)*a^2*b*d^3)*x*x^n + (3*(n^2 + 2*n + 1)*a^2*b*c*d^2 - (2*n^2 + 3*n + 1)*a^3*d^3 + b^3*c^3*(n + 1) - 3*a*b^2*c^2*d*(n + 1))*x)/((n^2 + n)*a*b^4*x^n + (n^2 + n)*a^2*b^3)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^3}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^3/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^3/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^3/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^3}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^3/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```
(x**(2*n)*a**2*d**3*x - 2*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**3*b*d**3*n**2 - 3*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**3*b*d**3*n - x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**3*b*d**3 + 3*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*n**2 + 6*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**2*n + 3*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b**2*c*d**2 - 3*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a*b**3*c**2*d*n - 3*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a*b**3*c**2*d - x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*b**4*c**3*n**2 + x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*b**4*c**3 + 3*x**n*a*b*c**2*d*x + x**n*b**2*c**3*n*x - x**n*b**2*c**3*x - 2*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**4*d**3*n**2 - 3*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a...
```



### 3.90 $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	784
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	784
Rubi [A] (verified)	785
Maple [F]	787
Fricas [F]	787
Sympy [F]	787
Maxima [F]	788
Giac [F]	788
Mupad [F(-1)]	788
Reduce [F]	789

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 115

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(bc - ad(1 + n))x}{ab^2n} + \frac{(bc - ad)x(c + dx^n)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$- \frac{(bc - ad)(bc(1 - n) - ad(1 + n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2b^2n}$$

output

```
-d*(b*c-a*d*(1+n))*x/a/b^2/n+(-a*d+b*c)*x*(c+d*x^n)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)-(-a*d+b*c)*(b*c*(1-n)-a*d*(1+n))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/b^2/n
```

#### Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 666, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.79

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(-2a(1 + 6n + 11n^2 + 6n^3)(c^2(1 + n)^3 + 2cd(1 + 3n + 4n^2 + n^3)x^n + d^2(1 + n)^3x^{2n}) \Phi\left(-\frac{bx^n}{a}, 1, 1 + \right)}{}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output

```
(x*(-2*a*(1 + 6*n + 11*n^2 + 6*n^3)*(c^2*(1 + n)^3 + 2*c*d*(1 + 3*n + 4*n^2 + n^3)*x^n + d^2*(1 + n)^3*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 1 + n^(-1)] + a*(1 + 6*n + 11*n^2 + 6*n^3)*(c^2*(1 + 2*n)^3 + 2*c*d*(1 + 2*n)^3*x^n + d^2*(1 + 6*n + 10*n^2 + 6*n^3)*x^(2*n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, 2 + n^(-1)] + a*c^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 6*a*c^2*n*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 9*a*c^2*n^2*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] - 4*a*c^2*n^3*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] - 10*a*c^2*n^4*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 10*a*c^2*n^5*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 12*a*c^2*n^6*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 2*a*c*d*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 12*a*c*d*n*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 22*a*c*d*n^2*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 12*a*c*d*n^3*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + a*d^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 6*a*d^2*n*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 11*a*d^2*n^2*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] + 6*a*d^2*n^3*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[-((b*x^n)/a), 1, n^(-1)] - 2*b*c^2*n^6*x^n*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 1 + n^(-1)}, {1, 1, 4 + n^(-1)}, -(b*x^n)/a] - 4*b*c*d*n^6*x^(2*n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 1 + n^(-1)}, {1, 1, 4 + n^(-1)}, -(b*x^n)/a] - 2*b*d^2*n^6*x^(3*n)*HypergeometricPFQ[{2, 2, 2, 1 + n^(-1)}, {1, 1, 4 + n^(-1)}, -(b*x^n)/a]))/(2*a^3*n^4*(1 ...
```

## Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.47 (sec) , antiderivative size = 117, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {930, 913, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 930

$$\frac{\int \frac{c(ad - bc(1-n)) - d(bc - ad(n+1))x^n}{bx^n + a} dx}{abn} + \frac{x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 913 \\
 & \frac{(bc-ad)(bc(1-n)-ad(n+1)) \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx - \frac{dx(bc-ad(n+1))}{b}}{abn} + \frac{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)}{abn(a+bx^n)} \\
 & \downarrow 778 \\
 & \frac{x(bc-ad)(bc(1-n)-ad(n+1)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) - \frac{dx(bc-ad(n+1))}{b}}{ab} + \frac{\frac{abn}{x(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)}}{abn(a+bx^n)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `((b*c - a*d)*x*(c + d*x^n))/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)) + (-((d*(b*c - a*d*(1 + n))*x)/b) - ((b*c - a*d)*(b*c*(1 - n) - a*d*(1 + n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*b))/(a*b*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 930 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) + d*(a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**2/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x**n)**2/(a + b*x**n)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `-(a^2*d^2*(n + 1) - b^2*c^2*(n - 1) - 2*a*b*c*d)*integrate(1/(a*b^3*n*x^n + a^2*b^2*n), x) + (a*b*d^2*n*x*x^n + (a^2*d^2*(n + 1) + b^2*c^2 - 2*a*b*c*d)*x)/(a*b^3*n*x^n + a^2*b^2*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

## Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x^n \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{2n}b^2n + x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^nabn + 2x^nab + a^2n + a^2} dx \right) a^2b d^2n^2 + 2x^n \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{2n}b^2n + x^{2n}b^2 + 2x^nabn + 2x^nab + a^2n + a^2} dx \right) a^2b d^2n^2}{\dots}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```
(x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b*d**2*n**2 + 2*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b*d**2*n + x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b*d**2 - 2*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a*b**2*c*d*n - 2*x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a*b**2*c*d - x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*b**3*c**2*n**2 + x**n*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*b**3*c**2 + 2*x**n*a*c*d*x + x**n*b*c**2*n*x - x**n*b*c**2*x + int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**3*d**2*n**2 + 2*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**3*d**2*n + int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**3*d**2 - 2*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b*c*d*n - 2*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b + a**2*n + a**2),x)*a**2*b*c*d - int(x**(2*n)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n + x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n + 2*x**n*a*b...
```

### 3.91 $\int \frac{c+dx^n}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	790
Mathematica [A] (verified) . . . . .	790
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	791
Maple [F] . . . . .	792
Fricas [F] . . . . .	792
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	793
Maxima [F] . . . . .	794
Giac [F] . . . . .	794
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	794
Reduce [F] . . . . .	795

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 71

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{dx}{b(1 - n)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{(ad - bc(1 - n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2b(1 - n)}$$

```
output d*x/b/(1-n)/(a+b*x^n)-(a*d-b*c*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([2, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/b/(1-n)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.79

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{d}{a+bx^n} - \frac{(ad+bc(-1+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2} \right)}{b - bn}$$

```
input Integrate[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*(d/(a + b*x^n) - ((a*d + b*c*(-1 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 +
n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/a^2))/(b - b*n)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 72, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.118$ , Rules used = {910, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{910}$$

$$\frac{(ad - bc(1 - n)) \int \frac{1}{bx^n + a} dx}{abn} + \frac{x(bc - ad)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x(ad - bc(1 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2bn} + \frac{x(bc - ad)}{abn(a + bx^n)}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
((b*c - a*d)*x)/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)) + ((a*d - b*c*(1 - n))*x*Hypergeometri
c2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a^2*b*n)
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-(b*c - a*d))*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 741, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.44

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
c*(a**a**(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*n*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)
*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a*a**(1
/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*n*x*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma
a(1 + 1/n)) - a*a**(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*x*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a
, 1, 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n))
+ a**(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*b*n*x*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1,
1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) - a**
(1/n)*a**(-2 - 1/n)*b*x*x**n*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1/n)*ga
mma(1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(1 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + d*(a*a**(-
3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*n**2*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/
n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) - a*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*n*x**(n +
1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*ga
mma(2 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + a*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)
*n*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2
+ 1/n)) - a*a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*x**(n + 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_pola
r(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/n) + b*n**3*x**n
*gamma(2 + 1/n)) - a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*b*n*x**n*x**(n + 1)*lerchphi
(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*n**3*gamma(2 + 1/
n) + b*n**3*x**n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) - a**(-3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*b*x**n*x**(n
+ 1)*lerchphi(b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a, 1, 1 + 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(a*...
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `(b*c*(n - 1) + a*d)*integrate(1/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n), x) + (b*c - a*d)*  
x/(a*b^2*n*x^n + a^2*b*n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`



### 3.92 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	796
Mathematica [A] (verified)	797
Rubi [A] (verified)	797
Maple [F]	799
Fricas [F]	799
Sympy [F(-2)]	799
Maxima [F]	800
Giac [F]	800
Mupad [F(-1)]	800
Reduce [F]	801

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 122

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{bx} + \frac{b(ad(1-2n) - bc(1-n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(bc-ad)^2n} + \frac{d^2x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)^2}$$

output

```
b*x/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)+b*(a*d*(1-2*n)-b*c*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n+d^2*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -d*x^n/c)/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( \frac{b^2c - abd}{a^2n + abnx^n} + \frac{b(ad(1-2n) + bc(-1+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2n} + \frac{d^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c} \right)}{(bc - ad)^2}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(x*((b^2*c - a*b*d)/(a^2*n + a*b*n*x^n) + (b*(a*d*(1 - 2*n) + b*c*(-1 + n)) *Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a^2*n) + (d^2*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]/c))/(b*c - a*d)^2`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.55 (sec) , antiderivative size = 142, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {931, 1020, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow 931$$

$$\frac{bx}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{\int \frac{bd(1-n)x^n + adn + b(c-cn)}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 1020$$

$$\frac{bx}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{ad^2n \int \frac{1}{dx^n+c} dx}{bc-ad} - \frac{b(ad(1-2n) - bc(1-n)) \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{\frac{bx}{an(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)} - \frac{ad^2nx \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)} - \frac{bx(ad(1-2n)-bc(1-n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)}}{an(bc-ad)}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output `(b*x)/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)) - (-((b*(a*d*(1 - 2*n) - b*c*(1 - n))*  
x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(b*c - a*d)))  
- (a*d^2*n*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*(  
b*c - a*d)))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F  
1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p  
, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||  
GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 931 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
:= Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c -  
a*d)), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c  
+ d*x^n)^q*Simp[b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n,  
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p,  
-1] && !( !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b,  
c, d, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1020 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(  
n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^n), x], x  
] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b  
, c, d, e, f, n}, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*d*x^(3*n) + a^2*c + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `d^2*integrate(1/(b^2*c^3 - 2*a*b*c^2*d + a^2*c*d^2 + (b^2*c^2*d - 2*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^n), x) - (a*b*d*(2*n - 1) - b^2*c*(n - 1))*integrate(1/(a^2*b^2*c^2*n - 2*a^3*b*c*d*n + a^4*d^2*n + (a*b^3*c^2*n - 2*a^2*b^2*c*d*n + a^3*b*d^2*n)*x^n), x) + b*x/(a^2*b*c*n - a^3*d*n + (a*b^2*c*n - a^2*b*d*n)*x^n)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n}b^2d + 2x^{2n}abd + x^{2n}b^2c + x^na^2d + 2x^nabc + a^2c} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c + x**n*a**2*d + 2*x**n*a*b*c + a**2*c),x)`

### 3.93 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	802
Mathematica [A] (verified)	803
Rubi [A] (verified)	803
Maple [F]	805
Fricas [F]	806
Sympy [F(-2)]	806
Maxima [F]	806
Giac [F]	807
Mupad [F(-1)]	807
Reduce [F]	808

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{d(bc+ad)x}{ac(bc-ad)^2n(c+dx^n)} + \frac{bx}{a(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)}$$

$$+ \frac{b^2(ad(1-3n)-b(c-cn))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(bc-ad)^3n}$$

$$- \frac{d^2(bc(1-3n)-ad(1-n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2(bc-ad)^3n}$$

output

```
d*(a*d+b*c)*x/a/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n/(c+d*x^n)+b*x/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)+b^2*(a*d*(1-3*n)-b*(-c*n+c))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/n-d^2*(b*c*(1-3*n)-a*d*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n],[1+1/n],-d*x^n/c)/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/n
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 147, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.76

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( \frac{b^2(bc-ad)}{a(a+bx^n)} + \frac{d^2(bc-ad)}{c(c+dx^n)} + \frac{b^2(ad(1-3n)+bc(-1+n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2} + \frac{d^2(-ad(-1+n)+bc(-1+3n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2} \right)}{(bc - ad)^3 n}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^2), x]
```

output

```
(x*((b^2*(b*c - a*d))/(a*(a + b*x^n)) + (d^2*(b*c - a*d))/(c*(c + d*x^n))
+ (b^2*(a*d*(1 - 3*n) + b*c*(-1 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1),
-((b*x^n)/a)]/a^2 + (d^2*(-(a*d*(-1 + n)) + b*c*(-1 + 3*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1),
-((d*x^n)/c)]/c^2))/((b*c - a*d)^3*n)
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 224, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.16, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.211$ , Rules used = {931, 1024, 1020, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{931}$$

$$\frac{bx}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)} - \int \frac{bd(1-2n)x^n + adn + b(c-cn)}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{1024}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} - \frac{\int \frac{bd(bc+ad)(1-n)nx^n+n(b^2(1-n)c^2+2abdnc+a^2d^2(1-n))}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx}{cn(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx(ad+bc)}{c(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)} \\
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1020 \\
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} - \frac{\frac{b^2cn(ad(1-3n)-bc(1-n)) \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx}{bc-ad} - \frac{ad^2n(ad(1-n)-b(c-3cn)) \int \frac{1}{dx^n+c} dx}{bc-ad}}{cn(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx(ad+bc)}{c(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)} \\
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 778 \\
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)} - \frac{\frac{b^2cnx(ad(1-3n)-bc(1-n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a(bc-ad)} - \frac{ad^2nx(ad(1-n)-b(c-3cn)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(bc-ad)}}{cn(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx(ad+bc)}{c(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)} \\
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^2), x]`

output `(b*x)/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)) - (-((d*(b*c + a*d)*x)/(c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x^n))) + (-((b^2*c*(a*d*(1 - 3*n) - b*c*(1 - n))*n*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/(a*(b*c - a*d))) - (a*d^2*n*(a*d*(1 - n) - b*(c - 3*c*n))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(d*x^n)/c])/(c*(b*c - a*d)))/(c*(b*c - a*d)*n)/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 931 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c -
a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c
+ d*x^n)^q*Simp[b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n,
x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p,
-1] && !( !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b,
c, d, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1020 `Int[((e_) + (f_)*(x_)^(n_))/((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(
n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^n), x], x
] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 1024 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((e_) + (f
_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] :> Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c
+ d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(
p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*n*(b
*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; Fr
eeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*d^2*x^(4*n) + a^2*c^2 + 2*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^(3*n) + (b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
(a*b^2*d*(3*n - 1) - b^3*c*(n - 1))*integrate(-1/(a^2*b^3*c^3*n - 3*a^3*b^2*c^2*d*n + 3*a^4*b*c*d^2*n - a^5*d^3*n + (a*b^4*c^3*n - 3*a^2*b^3*c^2*d*n + 3*a^3*b^2*c*d^2*n - a^4*b*d^3*n)*x^n), x) - (b*c*d^2*(3*n - 1) - a*d^3*(n - 1))*integrate(-1/(b^3*c^5*n - 3*a*b^2*c^4*d*n + 3*a^2*b*c^3*d^2*n - a^3*c^2*d^3*n + (b^3*c^4*d*n - 3*a*b^2*c^3*d^2*n + 3*a^2*b*c^2*d^3*n - a^3*c*d^4*n)*x^n), x) + ((b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x*x^n + (b^2*c^2 + a^2*d^2)*x)/(a^2*b^2*c^4*n - 2*a^3*b*c^3*d*n + a^4*c^2*d^2*n + (a*b^3*c^3*d*n - 2*a^2*b^2*c^2*d^2*n + a^3*b*c*d^3*n)*x^(2*n) + (a*b^3*c^4*n - a^2*b^2*c^3*d*n - a^3*b*c^2*d^2*n + a^4*c*d^3*n)*x^n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)
```



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^{4n} b^2 d^2 + 2x^{3n} a b d^2 + 2x^{3n} b^2 c d + x^{2n} a^2 d^2 + 4x^{2n} a b c d + x^{2n} b^2 c^2 + 2x^n a^2 c d + 2x^n a b c^2 + a^2 c^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(4*n)*b**2*d**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b**2*c*d + x**  
*(2*n)*a**2*d**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2 + 2*x**n*a**2*c  
*d + 2*x**n*a*b*c**2 + a**2*c**2),x)`

### 3.94 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	809
Mathematica [A] (verified)	810
Rubi [A] (verified)	810
Maple [F]	812
Fricas [F]	813
Sympy [F]	813
Maxima [F]	813
Giac [F]	814
Mupad [F(-1)]	814
Reduce [F]	815

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 299

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{d(2bc+ad)x}{2ac(bc-ad)^2n(c+dx^n)^2} + \frac{bx}{a(bc-ad)n(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^2} - \frac{d(abcd(1-6n)-a^2d^2(1-2n)-2b^2c^2n)x}{2ac^2(bc-ad)^3n^2(c+dx^n)} + \frac{b^3(ad(1-4n)-bc(1-n))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2(bc-ad)^4n} + \frac{d^2(a^2d^2(1-3n+2n^2)-2abcd(1-5n+4n^2)+b^2c^2(1-7n+12n^2))x \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1-\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{2c^3(bc-ad)^4n^2}$$

output

```
1/2*d*(a*d+2*b*c)*x/a/c/(-a*d+b*c)^2/n/(c+d*x^n)^2+b*x/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)/(c+d*x^n)^2-1/2*d*(a*b*c*d*(1-6*n)-a^2*d^2*(1-2*n)-2*b^2*c^2*n)*x/a/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)^3/n^2/(c+d*x^n)+b^3*(a*d*(1-4*n)-b*c*(1-n))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)^4/n+1/2*d^2*(a^2*d^2*(2*n^2-3*n+1)-2*a*b*c*d*(4*n^2-5*n+1)+b^2*c^2*(12*n^2-7*n+1))*x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -d*x^n/c)/c^3/(-a*d+b*c)^4/n^2
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 233, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= x \left( \frac{2b^3(bc-ad)n}{a(a+bx^n)} + \frac{d^2(bc-ad)^2n}{c(c+dx^n)^2} + \frac{d^2(-bc+ad)(ad(-1+2n)+b(c-6cn))}{c^2(c+dx^n)} + \frac{2b^3(ad(1-4n)+bc(-1+n))n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{a^2} \right) + \frac{2(bc-ad)^4n^2}{2(bc-ad)^4n^2}$$

input

Integrate[1/((a + b\*x^n)^2\*(c + d\*x^n)^3), x]

output

```
(x*((2*b^3*(b*c - a*d)*n)/(a*(a + b*x^n)) + (d^2*(b*c - a*d)^2*n)/(c*(c + d*x^n)^2) + (d^2*(-(b*c) + a*d)*(a*d*(-1 + 2*n) + b*(c - 6*c*n)))/(c^2*(c + d*x^n)) + (2*b^3*(a*d*(1 - 4*n) + b*c*(-1 + n))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/a^2 + (d^2*(a^2*d^2*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2) - 2*a*b*c*d*(1 - 5*n + 4*n^2) + b^2*c^2*(1 - 7*n + 12*n^2))*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(d*x^n)/c])/c^3)/(2*(b*c - a*d)^4*n^2)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 1.25 (sec) , antiderivative size = 343, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.15, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {931, 1024, 1024, 1020, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 931$$

$$\frac{bx}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^2} - \frac{\int \frac{bd(1-3n)x^n + adn + b(c-cn)}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)^3} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 1024$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad) \frac{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^2}{\int \frac{bd(2bc+ad)(1-2n)nx^n+n(2b^2(1-n)c^2+4abdnc+a^2d^2(1-2n)}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)^2} dx} - \frac{dx(ad+2bc)}{2c(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)^2}}{an(bc-ad)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1024 \\
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad) \frac{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^2}{\int \frac{n(2b^3(1-n)nc^3+6ab^2dn^2c^2-a^2bd^2(6n^2-7n+1)c+a^3d^3(2n^2-3n+1))-bd(1-n)n(-2b^2nc^2+abd(1-6n)c-a^2d^2(1-2n))x^n}{(bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)} dx} + \frac{dx(-a^2d^2(1-2n)+abcd(1-6n))}{c(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)}}{2cn(bc-ad)an(bc-ad)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 1020 \\
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad) \frac{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^2}{\frac{ad^2n(a^2d^2(2n^2-3n+1))-2abcd(4n^2-5n+1)+b^2c^2(12n^2-7n+1)}{bc-ad} \int \frac{1}{dx^n+c} dx} - \frac{2b^3c^2n^2(ad(1-4n)-bc(1-n)) \int \frac{1}{bx^n+a} dx}{bc-ad} + \frac{dx(-a^2d^2(1-2n)+abcd(1-6n))}{c(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)}}{2cn(bc-ad)an(bc-ad)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 778 \\
 & \frac{bx}{an(bc-ad) \frac{(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^2}{\frac{dx(-a^2d^2(1-2n)+abcd(1-6n)-2b^2c^2n)}{c(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)} + \frac{ad^2nx(a^2d^2(2n^2-3n+1))-2abcd(4n^2-5n+1)+b^2c^2(12n^2-7n+1)}{c(bc-ad)} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) - 2b^3c^2n^2}{2cn(bc-ad)}}{an(bc-ad)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^3), x]`

output `(b*x)/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^2) - (-1/2*(d*(2*b*c + a*d)*x)/(c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x^n)^2) + ((d*(a*b*c*d*(1 - 6*n) - a^2*d^2*(1 - 2*n) - 2*b^2*c^2*n)*x)/(c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x^n)) + ((-2*b^3*c^2*(a*d*(1 - 4*n) - b*c*(1 - n))*n^2*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*(b*c - a*d)) - (a*d^2*n*(a^2*d^2*(1 - 3*n + 2*n^2) - 2*a*b*c*d*(1 - 5*n + 4*n^2) + b^2*c^2*(1 - 7*n + 12*n^2))*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(b*c - a*d)))/(c*(b*c - a*d)*n)/(2*c*(b*c - a*d)*n)/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 931 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d) + d*b*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && !( !IntegerQ[p] && IntegerQ[q] && LtQ[q, -1]) && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1020 `Int[((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_))/(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))), x_Symbol] := Simp[(b*e - a*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(a + b*x^n), x], x] - Simp[(d*e - c*f)/(b*c - a*d) Int[1/(c + d*x^n), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n}, x]`

rule 1024 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*e - a*f)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(a*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f) + e*n*(b*c - a*d)*(p + 1) + d*(b*e - a*f)*(n*(p + q + 2) + 1)*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, q}, x] && LtQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/(b^2*d^3*x^(5*n) + a^2*c^3 + (3*b^2*c*d^2 + 2*a*b*d^3)*x^(4*n) + (3*b^2*c^2*d + 6*a*b*c*d^2 + a^2*d^3)*x^(3*n) + (b^2*c^3 + 6*a*b*c^2*d + 3*a^2*c*d^2)*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c^3 + 3*a^2*c^2*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**2/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**n)**2*(c + d*x**n)**3), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output

```
((12*n^2 - 7*n + 1)*b^2*c^2*d^2 - 2*(4*n^2 - 5*n + 1)*a*b*c*d^3 + (2*n^2 - 3*n + 1)*a^2*d^4)*integrate(1/2/(b^4*c^7*n^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^6*d*n^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^5*d^2*n^2 - 4*a^3*b*c^4*d^3*n^2 + a^4*c^3*d^4*n^2 + (b^4*c^6*d*n^2 - 4*a*b^3*c^5*d^2*n^2 + 6*a^2*b^2*c^4*d^3*n^2 - 4*a^3*b*c^3*d^4*n^2 + a^4*c^2*d^5*n^2)*x^n), x) - (a*b^3*d*(4*n - 1) - b^4*c*(n - 1))*integrate(1/(a^2*b^4*c^4*n - 4*a^3*b^3*c^3*d*n + 6*a^4*b^2*c^2*d^2*n - 4*a^5*b*c*d^3*n + a^6*d^4*n + (a*b^5*c^4*n - 4*a^2*b^4*c^3*d*n + 6*a^3*b^3*c^2*d^2*n - 4*a^4*b^2*c*d^3*n + a^5*b*d^4*n)*x^n), x) + 1/2*((a*b^2*c*d^3*(6*n - 1) - a^2*b*d^4*(2*n - 1) + 2*b^3*c^2*d^2*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (a*b^2*c^2*d^2*(7*n - 1) - a^3*d^4*(2*n - 1) + 4*b^3*c^3*d*n + 3*a^2*b*c*d^3*n)*x*x^n + (a^2*b*c^2*d^2*(7*n - 1) - a^3*c*d^3*(3*n - 1) + 2*b^3*c^4*n)*x)/(a^2*b^3*c^7*n^2 - 3*a^3*b^2*c^6*d*n^2 + 3*a^4*b*c^5*d^2*n^2 - a^5*c^4*d^3*n^2 + (a*b^4*c^5*d^2*n^2 - 3*a^2*b^3*c^4*d^3*n^2 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^3*d^4*n^2 - a^4*b*c^2*d^5*n^2)*x^(3*n) + (2*a*b^4*c^6*d*n^2 - 5*a^2*b^3*c^5*d^2*n^2 + 3*a^3*b^2*c^4*d^3*n^2 + a^4*b*c^3*d^4*n^2 - a^5*c^2*d^5*n^2)*x^(2*n) + (a*b^4*c^7*n^2 - a^2*b^3*c^6*d*n^2 - 3*a^3*b^2*c^5*d^2*n^2 + 5*a^4*b*c^4*d^3*n^2 - 2*a^5*c^3*d^4*n^2)*x^n)
```

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input

```
integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)^3), x)
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^3),x)
```

output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^3), x)`

### Reduce [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^{5n} b^2 d^3 + 2x^{4n} a b d^3 + 3x^{4n} b^2 c d^2 + x^{3n} a^2 d^3 + 6x^{3n} a b c d^2 + 3x^{3n} b^2 c^2 d + 3x^{2n} a^2 c d^2 + 6x^{2n} a b c^2 d + x^{2n} a^2 c^2 d + 3x^{2n} a b c^2 d + x^{2n} a^2 c^2 d + 6x^{2n} a b c^2 d + x^{2n} a^2 c^2 d} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(5*n)*b**2*d**3 + 2*x**(4*n)*a*b*d**3 + 3*x**(4*n)*b**2*c*d**2 + x**(3*n)*a**2*d**3 + 6*x**(3*n)*a*b*c*d**2 + 3*x**(3*n)*b**2*c**2*d + 3*x**(2*n)*a**2*c*d**2 + 6*x**(2*n)*a*b*c**2*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c**3 + 3*x**n*a**2*c**2*d + 2*x**n*a*b*c**3 + a**2*c**3),x)`



### 3.95 $\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	816
Mathematica [A] (verified)	817
Rubi [A] (verified)	817
Maple [F]	820
Fricas [F(-2)]	820
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	821
Maxima [F]	821
Giac [F]	822
Mupad [F(-1)]	822
Reduce [F]	822

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{2d(2ad(1+n) - bc(2+7n))x(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b^2(2+3n)(2+5n)} + \frac{2dx(a + bx^n)^{3/2}(c + dx^n)}{b(2+5n)}$$

$$+ \frac{(4a^2d^2(1+n) - 4abcd(2+5n) + b^2c^2(4+16n+15n^2))x\sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{b^2(2+3n)(2+5n)\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
-2*d*(2*a*d*(1+n)-b*c*(2+7*n))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b^2/(2+3*n)/(2+5*n)+2*d*x
*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c+d*x^n)/b/(2+5*n)+(4*a^2*d^2*(1+n)-4*a*b*c*d*(2+5*n)+b^
2*c^2*(15*n^2+16*n+4))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*
x^n/a)/b^2/(2+3*n)/(2+5*n)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{2x(a + bx^n)(-2a^2d^2n(1+n) + abdn(2c(2+5n) + d(2+n)x^n) + b^2(c^2(4+16n+15n^2) + 2cd(4+12n) + d^2(4+8n+3n^2)x^{2n})) + a^n(4a^2d^2(1+n) - 4ab^2c^2d(2+5n) + b^2c^2(4+16n+15n^2))x \operatorname{Sqrt}[1 + (bx^n)/a] \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, n(-1), 1+n(-1), -((bx^n)/a)]}{b^2(2+n)(2+3n)(2+5n) \operatorname{Sqrt}[a + bx^n]}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(2*x*(a + b*x^n)*(-2*a^2*d^2*n*(1 + n) + a*b*d*n*(2*c*(2 + 5*n) + d*(2 + n)*x^n) + b^2*(c^2*(4 + 16*n + 15*n^2) + 2*c*d*(4 + 12*n + 5*n^2)*x^n + d^2*(4 + 8*n + 3*n^2)*x^(2*n))) + a^n*(4*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 4*a*b*c*d*(2 + 5*n) + b^2*c^2*(4 + 16*n + 15*n^2))*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(b^2*(2 + n)*(2 + 3*n)*(2 + 5*n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {933, 27, 913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow 933$$

$$2 \int \frac{-\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{bx^n + a} (d(2ad(n+1) - bc(7n+2))x^n + c(2ad - bc(5n+2))) dx}{b(5n+2)} +$$

$$\frac{2dx(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)}{b(5n+2)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2dx(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(c+dx^n)}{b(5n+2)} - \frac{\int \sqrt{bx^n+a}(d(2ad(n+1)-bc(7n+2))x^n+c(2ad-bc(5n+2))) dx}{b(5n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\
 & \frac{2dx(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(c+dx^n)}{b(5n+2)} - \frac{\frac{2dx(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(2ad(n+1)-bc(7n+2))}{b(3n+2)} - \frac{(4a^2d^2(n+1)-4abcd(5n+2)+b^2c^2(15n^2+16n+4)) \int \sqrt{bx^n+adx}}{b(3n+2)}}{b(5n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{779} \\
 & \frac{2dx(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(c+dx^n)}{b(5n+2)} - \frac{\frac{2dx(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(2ad(n+1)-bc(7n+2))}{b(3n+2)} - \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(4a^2d^2(n+1)-4abcd(5n+2)+b^2c^2(15n^2+16n+4)) \int \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} dx}{b(3n+2)\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}}}{b(5n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
 & \frac{2dx(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(c+dx^n)}{b(5n+2)} - \frac{\frac{2dx(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(2ad(n+1)-bc(7n+2))}{b(3n+2)} - \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx^n}(4a^2d^2(n+1)-4abcd(5n+2)+b^2c^2(15n^2+16n+4)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{b(3n+2)\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}}}{b(5n+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(2*d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(2 + 5*n)) - ((2*d*(2*a*d*(1 + n) - b*c*(2 + 7*n))*x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(b*(2 + 3*n)) - ((4*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 4*a*b*c*d*(2 + 5*n) + b^2*c^2*(4 + 16*n + 15*n^2))*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/(b*(2 + 3*n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])/(b*(2 + 5*n))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 933 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1) - a*d] + d*(b*c*(n*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[n*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + b x^n} (c + d x^n)^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + b x^n} (c + d x^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.82 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} c^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \\ 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ + \frac{a^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} d^2 x^{2n+1} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{1}{n} \\ 3 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ + \frac{2a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} c d x^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \\ 2 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(1/2 - 1/n)*c**2*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*c*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```

(6*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*d**2*n**2*x + 16*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b +
a)*b**2*d**2*n*x + 8*x**(2*n)*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*d**2*x + 2*x**n*sqrt(x
**n*b + a)*a*b*d**2*n**2*x + 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*d**2*n*x + 20*x**
n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*d*n**2*x + 48*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*d*n*x
+ 16*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c*d*x - 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*d**2*n**2
*x - 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a**2*d**2*n*x + 20*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*c*d*n**2*x
+ 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*b*c*d*n*x + 30*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c**2*n**2*x +
32*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c**2*n*x + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b**2*c**2*x + 60*in
t(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**
n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n**5 + 244*int(sq
rt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b +
15*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n**4 + 328*int(sqrt(x*
*n*b + a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + 15*a
*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n**3 + 176*int(sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)/(15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3
+ 46*a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n**2 + 32*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(
15*x**n*b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 46*
a*n**2 + 36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n - 300*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*
b*n**3 + 46*x**n*b*n**2 + 36*x**n*b*n + 8*x**n*b + 15*a*n**3 + 46*a*n**2 +
36*a*n + 8*a),x)*a**2*b*c*d*n**5 - 1040*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(15*x**n*...

```



### 3.96 $\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	824
Mathematica [A] (verified)	824
Rubi [A] (verified)	825
Maple [F]	826
Fricas [F(-2)]	826
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	827
Maxima [F]	827
Giac [F]	828
Mupad [F(-1)]	828
Reduce [F]	828

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2dx(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(2 + 3n)} + \frac{(c - \frac{2ad}{2b+3bn}) x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output `2*d*x*(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/b/(2+3*n)+(c-2*a*d/(3*b*n+2*b))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*hypergeom([-1/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{x \sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( 2d(a + bx^n) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} + (-2ad + bc(2 + 3n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) \right)}{b(2 + 3n) \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n), x]`

output

```
(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(2*d*(a + b*x^n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a] + (-2*a*d + b*c*(2 + 3*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(b*(2 + 3*n)*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$\left(c - \frac{2ad}{3bn + 2b}\right) \int \sqrt{bx^n + adx} + \frac{2dx(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(3n + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(c - \frac{2ad}{3bn + 2b}\right) \int \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2dx(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(3n + 2)}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left(c - \frac{2ad}{3bn + 2b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{2dx(a + bx^n)^{3/2}}{b(3n + 2)}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(3/2))/(b*(2 + 3*n)) + ((c - (2*a*d)/(2*b + 3*b*n))*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} cx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(1/2 - 1/n)*c*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \int \sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b d n x + 4x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b d x + 2\sqrt{x^n b + a} a d n x + 6\sqrt{x^n b + a} b c n x + 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} b c x - 6 \left( \int \frac{1}{3} \right)}{3}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*d*n*x + 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*d*x + 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*d*n*x + 6*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*c*n*x + 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*c*x - 6*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d*n**3 - 16*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d*n**2 - 8*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d*n + 9*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a*b*c*n**4 + 30*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a*b*c*n**3 + 28*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a*b*c*n**2 + 8*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a*b*c*n)/(b*(3*n**2 + 8*n + 4))
```

### 3.97 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	830
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	830
Rubi [A] (verified)	831
Maple [F]	832
Fricas [F]	832
Sympy [F]	833
Maxima [F]	833
Giac [F]	833
Mupad [F(-1)]	834
Reduce [F]	834

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{c+dx^n} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,-1/2,1,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 181 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{c+dx^n} dx$$

$$= \frac{2ac(1+n)x\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{(c+dx^n)\left(-2adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + bcnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)\right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(2*a*c*(1 + n)*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/2, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/((c + d*x^n)*(-2*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), -1/2, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 2*a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/2, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{dx^n + c} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/2, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**n)/(c + d*x**n), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + b x^n}}{c + d x^n} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c + d*x^n),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c + d*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n d + c} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*d + c),x)`

### 3.98 $\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	835
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	835
Rubi [A] (verified)	836
Maple [F]	837
Fricas [F]	837
Sympy [F]	838
Maxima [F]	838
Giac [F]	838
Mupad [F(-1)]	839
Reduce [F]	839

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{a+bx^n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,-1/2,2,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c^2/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 360 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.94 (sec) , antiderivative size = 360, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.90

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{x \left( \frac{b(-2+n)x^n \sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{1+n} + \frac{2c(2adnx^n(a+bx^n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + bcnx^n(a+bx^n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))}{(c+dx^n)(2adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + bcnx^n(a+bx^n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))} \right)}{2c^2n\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*((b*(-2 + n)*x^n*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(1 + n) + (2*c*(2*a*d*n*x^n*(a + b*x^n)*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*(a + b*x^n)*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 3/2, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*c*(1 + n)*(a*n + b*x^n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))/((c + d*x^n)*(2*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 3/2, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])))/(2*c^2*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{a + bx^n} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{2}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input

```
Int[Sqrt[a + b*x^n]/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/2, 2, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c^2*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral(sqrt(a + b*x**n)/(c + d*x**n)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{bx^n + a}}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} d^2 + 2x^n c d + c^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2),x)`



### 3.99 $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	840
Mathematica [A] (verified)	840
Rubi [A] (verified)	841
Maple [F]	843
Fricas [F(-2)]	843
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	844
Maxima [F]	844
Giac [F]	845
Mupad [F(-1)]	845
Reduce [F]	845

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 183

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = -\frac{2d(2ad(1+n) - bc(2+5n))x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b^2(2+n)(2+3n)} + \frac{2dx\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)}{b(2+3n)} + \frac{(4a^2d^2(1+n) - 4abcd(2+3n) + b^2c^2(4+8n+3n^2))x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{b^2(2+n)(2+3n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*d*(2*a*d*(1+n)-b*c*(2+5*n))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b^2/(2+n)/(2+3*n)+2*d*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c+d*x^n)/b/(2+3*n)+(4*a^2*d^2*(1+n)-4*a*b*c*d*(2+3*n)+b^2*c^2*(3*n^2+8*n+4))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/b^2/(2+n)/(2+3*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 141, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.77

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2dx(a + bx^n)(-2ad(1+n) + bc(4+6n) + bd(2+n)x^n) + (4a^2d^2(1+n) - 4abcd(2+3n) + b^2c^2(4+8n+3n^2))x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b^2(2+n)(2+3n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^2/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]`

output 
$$\frac{(2*d*x*(a + b*x^n)*(-2*a*d*(1 + n) + b*c*(4 + 6*n) + b*d*(2 + n)*x^n) + (4*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 4*a*b*c*d*(2 + 3*n) + b^2*c^2*(4 + 8*n + 3*n^2))*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, n^{(-1)}, 1 + n^{(-1)}, -((b*x^n)/a)]}{(b^2*(2 + n)*(2 + 3*n)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {933, 27, 913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{933} \\ & \frac{2 \int -\frac{d(2ad(n+1)-bc(5n+2))x^n+c(2ad-bc(3n+2))}{2\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{b(3n+2)} + \frac{2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)}{b(3n+2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\ & \frac{2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)}{b(3n+2)} - \frac{\int \frac{d(2ad(n+1)-bc(5n+2))x^n+c(2ad-bc(3n+2))}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{b(3n+2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\ & \frac{2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)}{b(3n+2)} - \frac{2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n}(2ad(n+1)-bc(5n+2))}{b(n+2)} - \frac{(4a^2d^2(n+1)-4abcd(3n+2)+b^2c^2(3n^2+8n+4)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n+a}} dx}{b(n+2)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{779} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\frac{2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)}{b(3n+2)} - \frac{2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n}(2ad(n+1)-bc(5n+2))}{b(n+2)} - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}(4a^2d^2(n+1)-4abcd(3n+2)+b^2c^2(3n^2+8n+4)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{b(n+2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}}{b(3n+2)}$$

↓ 778

$$\frac{\frac{2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)}{b(3n+2)} - \frac{2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n}(2ad(n+1)-bc(5n+2))}{b(n+2)} - \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}(4a^2d^2(n+1)-4abcd(3n+2)+b^2c^2(3n^2+8n+4)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{b(n+2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}}{b(3n+2)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^2/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]`

output `(2*d*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(2 + 3*n)) - ((2*d*(2*a*d*(1 + n) - b*c*(2 + 5*n))*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*(2 + n)) - ((4*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 4*a*b*c*d*(2 + 3*n) + b^2*c^2*(4 + 8*n + 3*n^2))*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/(b*(2 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]))/(b*(2 + 3*n))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 933 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(n*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[n*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} c^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} d^2 x^{2n+1} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 2 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{2a^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} c dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**2/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*c**2*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-5/2 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*c*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{2x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b d^2 n x + 4x^n \sqrt{x^n b + a} b d^2 x - 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a d^2 n x - 4\sqrt{x^n b + a} a d^2 x + 12\sqrt{x^n b + a} b c d n x}{\dots}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```

(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*d**2*n*x + 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*d**2*x - 4
*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*d**2*n*x - 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*d**2*x + 12*sqrt(x**n*
b + a)*b*c*d*n*x + 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*c*d*x + 12*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3
*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d**
2*n**3 + 44*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b +
3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d**2*n**2 + 48*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**
n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d**2*n
+ 16*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**
2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a**2*d**2 - 36*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8
*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a*b*c*d*n**3 - 120*int(s
qrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n
+ 4*a),x)*a*b*c*d*n**2 - 112*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*
b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*a*b*c*d*n - 32*int(sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*
a*b*c*d + 9*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b +
3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*b**2*c**2*n**4 + 48*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**
n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*b**2*c**2*n*
*3 + 88*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*
n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*b**2*c**2*n**2 + 64*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(3*x**n*b*
n**2 + 8*x**n*b*n + 4*x**n*b + 3*a*n**2 + 8*a*n + 4*a),x)*b**2*c**2*n + ...

```

### 3.100 $\int \frac{c+dx^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	847
Mathematica [A] (verified)	847
Rubi [A] (verified)	848
Maple [F]	849
Fricas [F(-2)]	849
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	850
Maxima [F]	850
Giac [F]	851
Mupad [F(-1)]	851
Reduce [F]	851

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 86

$$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n}}{b(2+n)} + \frac{\left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(2+n)}\right) x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*d*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/b/(2+n)+(c-2*a*d/b/(2+n))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeometric([1/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 79, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x\left(2d(a+bx^n) + (-2ad + bc(2+n))\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)\right)}{b(2+n)\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n], x]
```



output

```
(x*(2*d*(a + b*x^n) + (-2*a*d + b*c*(2 + n))*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(b*(2 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 86, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\
 & \left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(n+2)}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx + \frac{2dx\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{779} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(n+2)}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2dx\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+2)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
 & \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(c - \frac{2ad}{b(n+2)}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2dx\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{b(n+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x^n)/Sqrt[a + b*x^n],x]
```

output

```
(2*d*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])/(b*(2 + n)) + ((c - (2*a*d)/(b*(2 + n)))*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.20 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.30

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} cx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-1/2 - 1/n)*c*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((1/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)/sqrt(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{c + d x^n}{\sqrt{a + b x^n}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{2\sqrt{x^n b + a} dx - 2\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n + 2x^n b + a n + 2a} dx\right) a d n - 4\left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n + 2x^n b + a n + 2a} dx\right) a d + \left(\int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^n b n + 2x^n b + a n + 2a} dx\right) b c}{b(n+2)}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2),x)`

output

```
(2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*d*x - 2*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*  
n + 2*a),x)*a*d*n - 4*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*  
a),x)*a*d + int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a),x)*b*c*  
n**2 + 4*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a),x)*b*c*n +  
4*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**n*b*n + 2*x**n*b + a*n + 2*a),x)*b*c)/(b*(n +  
2))
```

### 3.101 $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	853
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	853
Rubi [A] (verified)	854
Maple [F]	855
Fricas [F]	855
Sympy [F]	856
Maxima [F]	856
Giac [F]	856
Mupad [F(-1)]	857
Reduce [F]	857

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,1/2,1,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 181 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)} dx = -\frac{2ac(1+n)x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + bcnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned} & (-2*a*c*(1+n)*x*AppellF1[n^{(-1)}, 1/2, 1, 1+n^{(-1)}, -(b*x^n)/a, -((d*x^n)/c)]) / (\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)*(2*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^{(-1)}, 1/2, 2, 2+n^{(-1)}, -(b*x^n)/a, -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^{(-1)}, 3/2, 1, 2+n^{(-1)}, -(b*x^n)/a, -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*c*(1+n)*AppellF1[n^{(-1)}, 1/2, 1, 1+n^{(-1)}, -(b*x^n)/a, -((d*x^n)/c)]) \end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(dx^n + c)} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\ & \frac{x \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c \sqrt{a + bx^n}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/(\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)), x]$$

output

$$\frac{(x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{AppellF1}[n^{(-1)}, 1/2, 1, 1 + n^{(-1)}, -(b*x^n)/a, -((d*x^n)/c)])}{(c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])}$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)  
 ], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]  
 && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])  
 Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}  
 }, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b*d*x^(2*n) + a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x^n), x)`



**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b d + x^n a d + x^n b c + a c} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b*d + x**n*a*d + x**n*b*c + a*c),x)`

**3.102**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	858
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	858
Rubi [A] (verified)	859
Maple [F]	860
Fricas [F]	860
Sympy [F]	861
Maxima [F]	861
Giac [F]	861
Mupad [F(-1)]	862
Reduce [F]	862

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

output `x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,1/2,2,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 391 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.84 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{bd(-2+n)x^n \sqrt{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{(-bc+ad)(1+n)} - \frac{2c(2ad^2nx^n(a+bx^n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + bcdnx^n)}{(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)(2adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))} \right)}{2c^2n\sqrt{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)^2), x]`

output

```
(x*((b*d*(-2 + n)*x^n*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/((-b*c) + a*d)*(1 + n)) - (2*c*(2*a*d^2*n*x^n*(a + b*x^n)*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*d*n*x^n*(a + b*x^n)*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 3/2, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*c*(1 + n)*(-b*c*n) + a*d*n + b*d*x^n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x^n)*(2*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/2, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 3/2, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])))/(2*c^2*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 937$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} (dx^n + c)^2} dx}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[1/(Sqrt[a + b*x^n]*(c + d*x^n)^2),x]
```

output

```
(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 2, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b*d^2*x^(3*n) + a*c^2 + (2*b*c*d + a*d^2)*x^(2*n)
) + (b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(1/2)/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/(sqrt(a + b*x**n)*(c + d*x**n)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a} (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/(sqrt(b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/2)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b d^2 + x^{2n} a d^2 + 2x^{2n} b c d + 2x^n a c d + x^n b c^2 + a c^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2, x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(3*n)*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)*a*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*b*c*d + 2*x**n*a*c*d + x**n*b*c**2 + a*c**2), x)`

### 3.103 $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

Optimal result	863
Mathematica [A] (verified)	863
Rubi [A] (verified)	864
Maple [F]	866
Fricas [F(-2)]	866
Sympy [F]	867
Maxima [F]	867
Giac [F]	867
Mupad [F(-1)]	868
Reduce [F]	868

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 178

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = -\frac{2d\left(c - \frac{2ad(1+n)}{b(2+n)}\right) x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{abn} + \frac{2(bc - ad)x(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$-\frac{(4a^2d^2(1+n) - 4abcd(2+n) + b^2c^2(4 - n^2)) x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab^2n(2+n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-2*d*(c-2*a*d*(1+n)/b/(2+n))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)/a/b/n+2*(-a*d+b*c)*x*(c+d*x^n)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)-(4*a^2*d^2*(1+n)-4*a*b*c*d*(2+n)+b^2*c^2*(-n^2+4)))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([1/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/b^2/n/(2+n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 130, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.73

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2x((bc - ad)^2(2 + n) + ad^2n(a + bx^n)) - (4a^2d^2(1 + n) - 4abcd(2 + n) - b^2c^2(-4 + n^2))x\sqrt{a + bx^n}}{ab^2n(2 + n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$



input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x]`

output  $(2*x*((b*c - a*d)^2*(2 + n) + a*d^2*n*(a + b*x^n)) - (4*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 4*a*b*c*d*(2 + n) - b^2*c^2*(-4 + n^2))*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, n^{(-1)}, 1 + n^{(-1)}, -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*b^2*n*(2 + n)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.64 (sec) , antiderivative size = 174, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {930, 27, 913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{930} \\
 & \frac{2 \int \frac{d(2ad(n+1) - bc(n+2))x^n + c(2ad - bc(2-n))}{2\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx}{abn} + \frac{2x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{27} \\
 & \frac{\int \frac{d(2ad(n+1) - bc(n+2))x^n + c(2ad - bc(2-n))}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx}{abn} + \frac{2x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\
 & -\frac{(4a^2d^2(n+1) - 4abcd(n+2) + b^2c^2(4 - n^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx}{b(n+2)} - 2dx\sqrt{a + bx^n} \left( c - \frac{2ad(n+1)}{b(n+2)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{abn}{2x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{779}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}(4a^2d^2(n+1)-4abcd(n+2)+b^2c^2(4-n^2)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{b(n+2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - 2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left( c - \frac{2ad(n+1)}{b(n+2)} \right) + \\
& \frac{2x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
& - \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}(4a^2d^2(n+1)-4abcd(n+2)+b^2c^2(4-n^2)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{b(n+2)\sqrt{a+bx^n}} - 2dx\sqrt{a+bx^n} \left( c - \frac{2ad(n+1)}{b(n+2)} \right) + \\
& \frac{2x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt{a+bx^n}}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]`

output `(2*(b*c - a*d)*x*(c + d*x^n))/(a*b*n*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]) + (-2*d*(c - (2*a*d*(1 + n))/(b*(2 + n)))*x*Sqrt[a + b*x^n] - ((4*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 4*a*b*c*d*(2 + n) + b^2*c^2*(4 - n^2))*x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*Hypergeometric2F1[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/(b*(2 + n)*Sqrt[a + b*x^n]))/(a*b*n)`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_)] /; FreeQ[b, x]`

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 930 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) + d*(a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**2/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x**n)**2/(a + b*x**n)**(3/2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`output `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

output

```

(2*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*d**2*n*x - 4*x**n*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*d**2*x + 4
*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*d**2*n*x + 4*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*a*d**2*x - 4*sqrt(x**n*b
+ a)*b*c*d*n*x - 8*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*b*c*d*x - 4*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)
/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n**2 - 8*x**n*a*b + a*
**2*n**2 - 4*a**2),x)*a**2*b*d**2*n**3 - 4*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2
*n)*b**2*n**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n**2 - 8*x**n*a*b + a**2*n**2
- 4*a**2),x)*a**2*b*d**2*n**2 + 16*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b*
**2*n**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n**2 - 8*x**n*a*b + a**2*n**2 - 4*a
**2),x)*a**2*b*d**2*n + 16*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 -
4*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n**2 - 8*x**n*a*b + a**2*n**2 - 4*a**2),x)*a
**2*b*d**2 + 4*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*
b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n**2 - 8*x**n*a*b + a**2*n**2 - 4*a**2),x)*a*b**2*c*d*n*
*3 + 8*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2
*x**n*a*b*n**2 - 8*x**n*a*b + a**2*n**2 - 4*a**2),x)*a*b**2*c*d*n**2 - 16*
x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a
*b*n**2 - 8*x**n*a*b + a**2*n**2 - 4*a**2),x)*a*b**2*c*d*n - 32*x**n*int(s
qrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n**2 -
8*x**n*a*b + a**2*n**2 - 4*a**2),x)*a*b**2*c*d + x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)
/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n**2 - 4*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n**2 - 8*x**n*a*b + a*
**2*n**2 - 4*a**2),x)*b**3*c**2*n**4 - 8*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(...
```

### 3.104 $\int \frac{c+dx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{2dx}{b(2-n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{\left(\frac{c}{a} - \frac{2d}{b(2-n)}\right) x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
2*d*x/b/(2-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)+(c/a-2*d/b/(2-n))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*hypergeom([3/2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2adx + (2ad + bc(-2 + n))x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab(-2 + n)\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]
```

output

$$(-2*a*d*x + (2*a*d + b*c*(-2 + n))*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[3/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*b*(-2 + n)*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {910, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{910} \\ & \frac{(2ad - bc(2 - n)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{bx^n + a}} dx}{abn} + \frac{2x(bc - ad)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{779} \\ & \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(2ad - bc(2 - n)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2x(bc - ad)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\ & \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}(2ad - bc(2 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} + \frac{2x(bc - ad)}{abn\sqrt{a + bx^n}} \end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x]$$

output

$$(2*(b*c - a*d)*x)/(a*b*n*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n]) + ((2*a*d - b*c*(2 - n))*x*\text{Sqrt}[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*\text{Hypergeometric2F1}[1/2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*b*n*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} cx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{5}{2} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{3}{2}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \mid \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-3/2 - 1/n)*c*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((3/2, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-5/2 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((3/2, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)/(b*x^n + a)^(3/2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(3/2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}} dx = \frac{-2\sqrt{x^n b + a} dx + 2x^n \left( \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{2n} b^{2n} - 2x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b n - 4x^n a b + a^2 n - 2a^2} dx \right) a b d n - 4x^n \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} b^{2n} - 2x^{2n} b^2 + 2x^n a b n - 4x^n a b + a^2 n - 2a^2} dx \right)}{1}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2),x)`

output

```
( - 2*sqrt(x**n*b + a)*d*x + 2*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n
- 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n - 2*a**2),x)*a*b*d*
n - 4*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**
n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n - 2*a**2),x)*a*b*d + x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b +
a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n
- 2*a**2),x)*b**2*c*n**2 - 4*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n -
2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n - 2*a**2),x)*b**2*c*
n + 4*x**n*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**
n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n - 2*a**2),x)*b**2*c + 2*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)
/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n -
2*a**2),x)*a**2*d*n - 4*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 2*x**(2*n)
)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n - 2*a**2),x)*a**2*d + int(sqrt
(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*
b + a**2*n - 2*a**2),x)*a*b*c*n**2 - 4*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2
*n - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n - 2*a**2),x)*a*b
*c*n + 4*int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(2*n)*b**2*n - 2*x**(2*n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*
a*b*n - 4*x**n*a*b + a**2*n - 2*a**2),x)*a*b*c)/(b*(x**n*b*n - 2*x**n*b +
a*n - 2*a))
```

### 3.105 $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	876
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	876
Rubi [A] (verified)	877
Maple [F]	878
Fricas [F]	878
Sympy [F]	879
Maxima [F]	879
Giac [F]	879
Mupad [F(-1)]	880
Reduce [F]	880

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)} dx = \frac{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ac\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,3/2,1,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/a/c/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 382 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{bd(-2+n)x^n \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(1+n)} + \frac{2(2abdnx^n(c+dx^n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + b^2cnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))}{(c+dx^n)(2adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + b^2cnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{2}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))} \right)}{a(-bc + ad)n\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

$$\begin{aligned}
& -((x*((b*d*(-2+n)*x^n*\text{Sqrt}[1+(b*x^n)/a]*\text{AppellF1}[1+n^{-1}, 1/2, 1, 2 \\
& + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(1+n)) + (2*(2*a*b*d*n*x^n*(c \\
& + d*x^n)*\text{AppellF1}[1+n^{-1}, 1/2, 2, 2+n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n) \\
& /c)] + b^2*c*n*x^n*(c+d*x^n)*\text{AppellF1}[1+n^{-1}, 3/2, 1, 2+n^{-1}, - \\
& (b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + a*c*(1+n)*(a*d*n - b*(c*n + 2*d*x^n))*\text{Appell} \\
& \text{F1}[n^{-1}, 1/2, 1, 1+n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])))/(c+d*x^n)* \\
& (2*a*d*n*x^n*\text{AppellF1}[1+n^{-1}, 1/2, 2, 2+n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x \\
& ^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*\text{AppellF1}[1+n^{-1}, 3/2, 1, 2+n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), \\
& -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*c*(1+n)*\text{AppellF1}[n^{-1}, 1/2, 1, 1+n^{-1}, -((b*x \\
& ^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])))/(a*(-(b*c) + a*d)*n*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])
\end{aligned}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(c+dx^n)} dx \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{937} \\
& \frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a}+1\right)^{3/2}(dx^n+c)} dx}{a\sqrt{a+bx^n}} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{936} \\
& \frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, 1, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ac\sqrt{a+bx^n}}
\end{aligned}$$

input

$$\text{Int}[1/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)), x]$$

output

$$(x*\text{Sqrt}[1+(b*x^n)/a]*\text{AppellF1}[n^{-1}, 3/2, 1, 1+n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(a*c*\text{Sqrt}[a + b*x^n])$$

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}}(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2}(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}}(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^2*d*x^(3*n) + a^2*c + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^(2*n)
) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)/(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**n)**(3/2)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{3n} b^2 d + 2x^{2n} a b d + x^{2n} b^2 c + x^n a^2 d + 2x^n a b c + a^2 c} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(3*n)*b**2*d + 2*x**(2*n)*a*b*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c + x**n*a**2*d + 2*x**n*a*b*c + a**2*c),x)`

**3.106**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{3/2}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	881
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	881
Rubi [A] (verified)	882
Maple [F]	883
Fricas [F]	884
Sympy [F]	884
Maxima [F]	884
Giac [F]	885
Mupad [F(-1)]	885
Reduce [F]	885

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \sqrt{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ac^2 \sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/2)*AppellF1(1/n,3/2,2,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/a/c^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/2)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1294 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 1.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1294, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x]
```

output

```
(x*(8*a*b^2*c^4*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 4*a^3*c^2*d^2*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 4*a*b^2*c^4*n*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 8*a^2*b*c^3*d*n*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 4*a^3*c^2*d^2*n*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 2*c*(1+n)*(a*d^2*(a+b*x^n) + 2*b^2*c*(c+d*x^n))*(2*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/2, 2, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 3/2, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*c*(1+n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]) - 4*b^2*c*d*x^n*Sqrt[1+(b*x^n)/a]*(c+d*x^n)*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]*(2*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/2, 2, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 3/2, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*c*(1+n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]) - 2*a*b*d^2*x^n*Sqrt[1+(b*x^n)/a]*(c+d*x^n)*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]*(2*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/2, 2, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 3/2, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*c*(1+n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/2, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 937$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{3/2} (dx^n + c)^2} dx}{a\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$\frac{x\sqrt{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{3}{2}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ac^2\sqrt{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x]`

output `(x*Sqrt[1 + (b*x^n)/a]*AppellF1[n^(-1), 3/2, 2, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(a*c^2*Sqrt[a + b*x^n])`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(sqrt(b*x^n + a)/(b^2*d^2*x^(4*n) + a^2*c^2 + 2*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^(3*n) + (b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{3}{2}} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(3/2)/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**n)**(3/2)*(c + d*x**n)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{3}{2}} (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(3/2)*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(3/2)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{3/2} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt{x^n b + a}}{x^{4n} b^2 d^2 + 2x^{3n} a b d^2 + 2x^{3n} b^2 c d + x^{2n} a^2 d^2 + 4x^{2n} a b c d + x^{2n} b^2 c^2 + 2x^n a c} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(3/2)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(sqrt(x**n*b + a)/(x**(4*n)*b**2*d**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*a*b*d**2 + 2*x**(3*n)*b**2*c*d + x**(2*n)*a**2*d**2 + 4*x**(2*n)*a*b*c*d + x**(2*n)*b**2*c**2 + 2*x**n*a*c**2 + a**2*c**2),x)`

### 3.107 $\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	886
Mathematica [A] (verified)	887
Rubi [A] (verified)	887
Maple [F]	890
Fricas [F(-2)]	890
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	891
Maxima [F]	891
Giac [F]	892
Mupad [F(-1)]	892
Reduce [F]	892

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{3d(3ad(1+n) - bc(3+10n))x(a + bx^n)^{4/3}}{b^2(3+4n)(3+7n)} + \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{4/3}(c + dx^n)}{b(3+7n)}$$

$$+ \frac{(9a^2d^2(1+n) - 6abcd(3+7n) + b^2c^2(9+33n+28n^2))x\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{b^2(3+4n)(3+7n)\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
-3*d*(3*a*d*(1+n)-b*c*(3+10*n))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/b^2/(3+4*n)/(3+7*n)+3*d*
x*(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c+d*x^n)/b/(3+7*n)+(9*a^2*d^2*(1+n)-6*a*b*c*d*(3+7*n)+b
^2*c^2*(28*n^2+33*n+9))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b
*x^n/a)/b^2/(3+4*n)/(3+7*n)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 214, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{3x(a + bx^n)(-3a^2d^2n(1 + n) + abdn(2c(3 + 7n) + d(3 + n)x^n) + b^2(c^2(9 + 33n + 28n^2) + 2cd(9 + 24n$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(3*x*(a + b*x^n)*(-3*a^2*d^2*n*(1 + n) + a*b*d*n*(2*c*(3 + 7*n) + d*(3 + n)*x^n) + b^2*(c^2*(9 + 33*n + 28*n^2) + 2*c*d*(9 + 24*n + 7*n^2)*x^n + d^2*(9 + 15*n + 4*n^2)*x^(2*n))) + a*n*(9*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 6*a*b*c*d*(3 + 7*n) + b^2*c^2*(9 + 33*n + 28*n^2))*x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(2/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[2/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(b^2*(3 + n)*(3 + 4*n)*(3 + 7*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {933, 27, 913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{933}$$

$$\frac{3 \int -\frac{1}{3} \sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}(d(3ad(n + 1) - bc(10n + 3))x^n + c(3ad - bc(7n + 3))) dx}{b(7n + 3)} +$$

$$\frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{4/3}(c + dx^n)}{b(7n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{27}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)}{b(7n+3)} - \frac{\int \sqrt[3]{bx^n+a}(d(3ad(n+1)-bc(10n+3))x^n+c(3ad-bc(7n+3)))dx}{b(7n+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\
 & \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)}{b(7n+3)} - \frac{\frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(3ad(n+1)-bc(10n+3))}{b(4n+3)} - \frac{(9a^2d^2(n+1)-6abcd(7n+3)+b^2c^2(28n^2+33n+9))\int \sqrt[3]{bx^n+adx}}{b(4n+3)}}{b(7n+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{779} \\
 & \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)}{b(7n+3)} - \frac{\frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(3ad(n+1)-bc(10n+3))}{b(4n+3)} - \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(9a^2d^2(n+1)-6abcd(7n+3)+b^2c^2(28n^2+33n+9))\int \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}dx}{b(4n+3)\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}}}{b(7n+3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
 & \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)}{b(7n+3)} - \frac{\frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(3ad(n+1)-bc(10n+3))}{b(4n+3)} - \frac{x\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(9a^2d^2(n+1)-6abcd(7n+3)+b^2c^2(28n^2+33n+9))\text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3},\frac{1}{n},1+\frac{1}{n}\right)}{b(4n+3)\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}}}{b(7n+3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(3*d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(3 + 7*n)) - ((3*d*(3*a*d*(1 + n) - b*c*(3 + 10*n))*x*(a + b*x^n)^(4/3))/(b*(3 + 4*n)) - ((9*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 6*a*b*c*d*(3 + 7*n) + b^2*c^2*(9 + 33*n + 28*n^2))*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(b*(3 + 4*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)))/(b*(3 + 7*n))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F_x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F_x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F_x, (b_)*(G_x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`
- rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`
- rule 933 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1) - a*d] + d*(b*c*(n*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[n*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}} (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 3.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 185, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.99

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} c^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n} \\ 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ + \frac{a^{-\frac{5}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} d^2 x^{2n+1} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{3}, 2 + \frac{1}{n} \\ 3 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ + \frac{2a^{-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} c d x^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{3}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \\ 2 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/3)*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(1/3 - 1/n)*c**2*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-1/3, 1/n), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-5/3 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/3, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*a**(-2/3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*c*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/3, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx^n + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx^n + c)^2 dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (a + bx^n)^{1/3}(c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2 dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```

(12*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b**2*d**2*n**2*x + 45*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b +
a)**(1/3)*b**2*d**2*n*x + 27*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b**2*d**2*x + 3*
x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*b*d**2*n**2*x + 9*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*b*
d**2*n*x + 42*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b**2*c*d*n**2*x + 144*x**n*(x**n*b
+ a)**(1/3)*b**2*c*d*n*x + 54*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b**2*c*d*x - 9*(x**
n*b + a)**(1/3)*a**2*d**2*n**2*x - 9*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a**2*d**2*n*x + 4
2*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*b*c*d*n**2*x + 18*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*b*c*d*n*x
+ 84*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b**2*c**2*n**2*x + 99*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b**2*c*
**2*n*x + 27*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b**2*c**2*x + 252*int((x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/
(28*x**n*b*n**3 + 117*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + 27*x**n*b + 28*a*n**3 +
117*a*n**2 + 108*a*n + 27*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n**5 + 1305*int((x**n*b + a)**(
1/3)/(28*x**n*b*n**3 + 117*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + 27*x**n*b + 28*a*n
**3 + 117*a*n**2 + 108*a*n + 27*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n**4 + 2025*int((x**n*b +
a)**(1/3)/(28*x**n*b*n**3 + 117*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + 27*x**n*b + 2
8*a*n**3 + 117*a*n**2 + 108*a*n + 27*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n**3 + 1215*int((x**
n*b + a)**(1/3)/(28*x**n*b*n**3 + 117*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + 27*x**n*
b + 28*a*n**3 + 117*a*n**2 + 108*a*n + 27*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n**2 + 243*int((
x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/(28*x**n*b*n**3 + 117*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + 27*x
**n*b + 28*a*n**3 + 117*a*n**2 + 108*a*n + 27*a),x)*a**3*d**2*n - 1176*int
((x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/(28*x**n*b*n**3 + 117*x**n*b*n**2 + 108*x**n*b*n + ...

```

### 3.108 $\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx$

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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{4/3}}{b(3 + 4n)} + \frac{(c - \frac{3ad}{3b+4bn}) x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a})}{\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output

```
3*d*x*(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/b/(3+4*n)+(c-3*a*d/(4*b*n+3*b))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*hypergeom([-1/3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.11 (sec) , antiderivative size = 97, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.08

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \left( 3d(a + bx^n) \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} + (-3ad + bc(3 + 4n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}) \right)}{b(3 + 4n) \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(3*d*(a + b*x^n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3) + (-3*a*d + b*c*(3 + 4*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(b*(3 + 4*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 913 \\
 & \left(c - \frac{3ad}{4bn + 3b}\right) \int \sqrt[3]{bx^n + a} dx + \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{4/3}}{b(4n + 3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 779 \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \left(c - \frac{3ad}{4bn + 3b}\right) \int \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} dx}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{4/3}}{b(4n + 3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 778 \\
 & \frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \left(c - \frac{3ad}{4bn + 3b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} + \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{4/3}}{b(4n + 3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n),x]`



output  $(3*d*x*(a + b*x^n)^{(4/3)})/(b*(3 + 4*n)) + ((c - (3*a*d)/(3*b + 4*b*n))*x*(a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)}*Hypergeometric2F1[-1/3, n^{(-1)}, 1 + n^{(-1)}, -((b*x^n)/a)])/(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^{(1/3)}$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778  $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[1/n] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[1/n + p], 0] \&\& (\text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 779  $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]}*((a + b*x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]}/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \&\& !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \&\& !\text{IntegerQ}[1/n] \&\& !\text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[1/n + p], 0] \&\& !(\text{IntegerQ}[p] || \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$

rule 913  $\text{Int}(((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^{(n_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)})/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \&\& \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \&\& \text{NeQ}[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]$

### Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b x^n)^{\frac{1}{3}} (c + d x^n) dx$$

input  $\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/3)}*(c+d*x^n),x)$

output  $\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^{(1/3)}*(c+d*x^n),x)$

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 114, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.27

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} cx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n} \\ 1 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ + \frac{a^{-\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\begin{matrix} -\frac{1}{3}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \\ 2 + \frac{1}{n} \end{matrix} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/3)*(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(1/3 - 1/n)*c*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((-1/3, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-2/3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-1/3, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx^n + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \int (bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx^n + c) dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx = \int (a + bx^n)^{1/3}(c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n) dx$$

$$3x^n(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} b d n x + 9x^n(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} b d x + 3(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} a d n x + 12(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} b c n x + 9(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} b c x -$$


---

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```
(3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*d*n*x + 9*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*d*x + 3
*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*d*n*x + 12*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*c*n*x + 9*(x**n*b
+ a)**(1/3)*b*c*x - 12*int((x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/(4*x**n*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*b*
n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2 + 15*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n**3 - 45*int((x**n*b +
a)**(1/3)/(4*x**n*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2 + 15*a*n + 9*
a),x)*a**2*d*n**2 - 27*int((x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/(4*x**n*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*b*
n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2 + 15*a*n + 9*a),x)*a**2*d*n + 16*int((x**n*b + a)*
*(1/3)/(4*x**n*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2 + 15*a*n + 9*a),
x)*a*b*c*n**4 + 72*int((x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/(4*x**n*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*b*n +
9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2 + 15*a*n + 9*a),x)*a*b*c*n**3 + 81*int((x**n*b + a)**(
1/3)/(4*x**n*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*b*n + 9*x**n*b + 4*a*n**2 + 15*a*n + 9*a),x)
*a*b*c*n**2 + 27*int((x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/(4*x**n*b*n**2 + 15*x**n*b*n + 9*
x**n*b + 4*a*n**2 + 15*a*n + 9*a),x)*a*b*c*n)/(b*(4*n**2 + 15*n + 9))
```

**3.109**  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	900
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	900
Rubi [A] (verified)	901
Maple [F]	902
Fricas [F]	902
Sympy [F]	903
Maxima [F]	903
Giac [F]	903
Mupad [F(-1)]	904
Reduce [F]	904

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{x\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c\sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

output `x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*AppellF1(1/n,-1/3,1,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 181 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.37 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{3ac(1 + n)x\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) - (c + dx^n) \left(-3adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{3}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + bcnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{2}{3}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)\right)}{(c + dx^n)^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c + d*x^n), x]`

output

```
(3*a*c*(1 + n)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/3, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -
((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/((c + d*x^n)*(-3*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1)
, -1/3, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1
+ n^(-1), 2/3, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 3*a*c*(1 + n)*
AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/3, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{dx^n + c} dx}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{3}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/3, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -
((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/3)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n)**(1/3)/(c + d*x**n), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)/(d*x^n + c), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1/3}}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c + d*x^n), x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c + d*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^n d + c} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n), x)`output `int((x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/(x**n*d + c), x)`

**3.110**  $\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	905
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	905
Rubi [A] (verified)	906
Maple [F]	907
Fricas [F]	908
Sympy [F]	908
Maxima [F]	908
Giac [F]	909
Mupad [F(-1)]	909
Reduce [F]	909

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{3}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}}}$$

```
output x*(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)*AppellF1(1/n,-1/3,2,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c^2/(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 364 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.93 (sec) , antiderivative size = 364, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.97

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{b(-3+2n)x^n \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{2/3} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{2}{3}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{1+n} + \frac{3c \left(3adnx^n(a+bx^n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{2}{3}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + 2bc\right)}{(c+dx^n) \left(3adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{2}{3}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + 2bc\right)} \right)}{3c^2n(a + bx^n)^{2/3}}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x*((b*(-3 + 2*n)*x^n*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(2/3)*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 2/3, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(1 + n) + (3*c*(3*a*d*n*x^n*(a + b*x^n)*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 2/3, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 2*b*c*n*x^n*(a + b*x^n)*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 5/3, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*c*(1 + n)*(a*n + b*x^n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 2/3, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))/((c + d*x^n)*(3*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 2/3, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 2*b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 5/3, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 2/3, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])))/(3*c^2*n*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 937$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1}{3}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -1/3, 2, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^2*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**(1/3)/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n)**(1/3)/(c + d*x**n)**2, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^{1/3}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}}{x^{2n} d^2 + 2x^n c d + c^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((x**n*b + a)**(1/3)/(x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2),x)`

**3.111**  $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	910
Mathematica [A] (verified)	911
Rubi [A] (verified)	911
Maple [F]	914
Fricas [F(-2)]	914
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	915
Maxima [F]	915
Giac [F]	916
Mupad [F(-1)]	916
Reduce [F]	916

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx$$

$$= -\frac{3d(3ad(1+n) - bc(3+8n))x(a+bx^n)^{2/3}}{b^2(3+2n)(3+5n)} + \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{2/3}(c+dx^n)}{b(3+5n)}$$

$$+ \frac{(9a^2d^2(1+n) - 6abcd(3+5n) + b^2c^2(9+21n+10n^2))x\sqrt[3]{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}\right)}{b^2(3+2n)(3+5n)\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
-3*d*(3*a*d*(1+n)-b*c*(3+8*n))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3)/b^2/(3+2*n)/(3+5*n)+3*d*x
*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3)*(c+d*x^n)/b/(3+5*n)+(9*a^2*d^2*(1+n)-6*a*b*c*d*(3+5*n)+b^
2*c^2*(10*n^2+21*n+9))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b
*x^n/a)/b^2/(3+2*n)/(3+5*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 146, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.78

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)(-3ad(1 + n) + 2bc(3 + 5n) + bd(3 + 2n)x^n) + (9a^2d^2(1 + n) - 6abcd(3 + 5n) + b^2c^2(9 + 21n + 10n^2))x^{n+1} + (9a^2d^2(1 + n) - 6abcd(3 + 5n) + b^2c^2(9 + 21n + 10n^2))x^{n+1}}{b^2(3 + 2n)(3 + 5n)\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3), x]
```

output

```
(3*d*x*(a + b*x^n)*(-3*a*d*(1 + n) + 2*b*c*(3 + 5*n) + b*d*(3 + 2*n)*x^n) + (9*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 6*a*b*c*d*(3 + 5*n) + b^2*c^2*(9 + 21*n + 10*n^2))*x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(b^2*(3 + 2*n)*(3 + 5*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 187, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {933, 27, 913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx$$

$$\downarrow 933$$

$$\frac{3 \int -\frac{d(3ad(n+1) - bc(8n+3))x^n + c(3ad - bc(5n+3))}{3\sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx}{b(5n + 3)} + \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{2/3}(c + dx^n)}{b(5n + 3)}$$

$$\downarrow 27$$

$$\frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{2/3}(c + dx^n)}{b(5n + 3)} - \frac{\int \frac{d(3ad(n+1) - bc(8n+3))x^n + c(3ad - bc(5n+3))}{\sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx}{b(5n + 3)}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & \downarrow 913 \\
 & \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{2/3}(c+dx^n)}{b(5n+3)} - \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{2/3}(3ad(n+1)-bc(8n+3))}{b(2n+3)} - \frac{(9a^2d^2(n+1)-6abcd(5n+3)+b^2c^2(10n^2+21n+9)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^n+a}} dx}{b(2n+3)} \\
 & \downarrow 779 \\
 & \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{2/3}(c+dx^n)}{b(5n+3)} - \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{2/3}(3ad(n+1)-bc(8n+3))}{b(2n+3)} - \frac{(9a^2d^2(n+1)-6abcd(5n+3)+b^2c^2(10n^2+21n+9)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1}} dx}{b(2n+3)\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} \\
 & \downarrow 778 \\
 & \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{2/3}(c+dx^n)}{b(5n+3)} - \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{2/3}(3ad(n+1)-bc(8n+3))}{b(2n+3)} - \frac{x \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}+1} (9a^2d^2(n+1)-6abcd(5n+3)+b^2c^2(10n^2+21n+9)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bx^n)/a}{a+bx^n}\right)}{b(2n+3)\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input

`Int[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3), x]`

output

```
(3*d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3)*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(3 + 5*n)) - ((3*d*(3*a*d*(1 + n)
- b*c*(3 + 8*n))*x*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3))/(b*(3 + 2*n)) - ((9*a^2*d^2*(1 + n)
- 6*a*b*c*d*(3 + 5*n) + b^2*c^2*(9 + 21*n + 10*n^2))*x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1
/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(b*(3 + 2*n)
*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)))/(b*(3 + 5*n))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 27  $\text{Int}[(a_*)(Fx_), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a \text{ Int}[Fx, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[a, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{MatchQ}[Fx, (b_*)(Gx_)] /; \text{FreeQ}[b, x]$
- rule 778  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^p x \text{Hypergeometric2F1}[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)(x^n/a)], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[1/n] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[1/n + p], 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$
- rule 779  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[a^{\text{IntPart}[p]} ((a + b x^n)^{\text{FracPart}[p]} / (1 + b(x^n/a))^{\text{FracPart}[p]}) \text{Int}[(1 + b(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IntegerQ}[1/n] \ \&\& \ !\text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[1/n + p], 0] \ \&\& \ !(\text{IntegerQ}[p] \ || \ \text{GtQ}[a, 0])$
- rule 913  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_)})}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d x ((a + b x^n)^{(p+1)} / (b(n(p+1) + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a d - b c (n(p+1) + 1)) / (b(n(p+1) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b x^n)^p, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n(p+1) + 1, 0]$
- rule 933  $\text{Int}[((a_) + (b_*)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(p_)*((c_) + (d_*)(x_)^{(n_)})^{(q_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[d x ((a + b x^n)^{(p+1)} ((c + d x^n)^{(q-1)} / (b(n(p+q) + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[1 / (b(n(p+q) + 1)) \text{Int}[(a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^{(q-2)} \text{Simp}[c(b c (n(p+q) + 1) - a d) + d(b c (n(p+2q-1) + 1) - a d (n(q-1) + 1)) x^n, x], x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}[\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b c - a d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[n(p+q) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ !\text{IGtQ}[p, 1] \ \&\& \ \text{IntBinomialQ}[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]$

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x)`

**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 182, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} c^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{7}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{2 + \frac{1}{n}} d^2 x^{2n+1} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, 2 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{2a^{-\frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} c dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**2/(a+b*x**n)**(1/3), x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-1/3 - 1/n)*c**2*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/3, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-7/3 - 1/n)*a**(2 + 1/n)*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((1/3, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*a**(-4/3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*c*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((1/3, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/(b*x^n + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/(b*x^n + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) d^2 + 2 \left( \int \frac{x^n}{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) cd + \left( \int \frac{1}{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) c^2$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(x**(2*n)/(x**n*b + a)**(1/3),x)*d**2 + 2*int(x**n/(x**n*b + a)**(1/3),x)*c*d + int(1/(x**n*b + a)**(1/3),x)*c**2`

**3.112**  $\int \frac{c+dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx$

Optimal result	917
Mathematica [A] (verified)	917
Rubi [A] (verified)	918
Maple [F]	919
Fricas [F(-2)]	920
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	920
Maxima [F]	921
Giac [F]	921
Mupad [F(-1)]	921
Reduce [F]	922

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 90

$$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{3dx(a+bx^n)^{2/3}}{b(3+2n)} + \frac{\left(c - \frac{3ad}{3b+2bn}\right) x \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
3*d*x*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3)/b/(3+2*n)+(c-3*a*d/(2*b*n+3*b))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)*
hypergeom([1/3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 83, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.92

$$\int \frac{c+dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}} dx = \frac{x \left( 3d(a+bx^n) + (-3ad+bc(3+2n)) \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) \right)}{b(3+2n)\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3),x]`

output `(x*(3*d*(a + b*x^n) + (-3*a*d + b*c*(3 + 2*n))*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(b*(3 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.38 (sec) , antiderivative size = 90, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\
 & \left(c - \frac{3ad}{2bn + 3b}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx + \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{2/3}}{b(2n + 3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{779} \\
 & \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(c - \frac{3ad}{2bn + 3b}\right) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} + \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{2/3}}{b(2n + 3)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
 & \frac{x \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \left(c - \frac{3ad}{2bn + 3b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} + \frac{3dx(a + bx^n)^{2/3}}{b(2n + 3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3),x]`

output

```
(3*d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3))/(b*(3 + 2*n)) + ((c - (3*a*d)/(3*b + 2*b*n))*x*(
1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/
a)])/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 778

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F
1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p
, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] ||
GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 779

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x
^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x
] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Si
mplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])
```

rule 913

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Si
mp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(
p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b
, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input

```
int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x)
```

output

```
int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x)
```



**Fricas [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 1.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.24

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{-\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} cx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{-\frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{n}} a^{1 + \frac{1}{n}} dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{3}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(1/3),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-1/3 - 1/n)*c*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/3, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-4/3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((1/3, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)/(b*x^n + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)/(b*x^n + a)^(1/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{1/3}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(1/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} dx = \left( \int \frac{x^n}{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) d + \left( \int \frac{1}{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}} dx \right) c$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3),x)`

output `int(x**n/(x**n*b + a)**(1/3),x)*d + int(1/(x**n*b + a)**(1/3),x)*c`

**3.113**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n(c+dx^n)}} dx$

Optimal result	923
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	923
Rubi [A] (verified)	924
Maple [F]	925
Fricas [F]	925
Sympy [F]	926
Maxima [F]	926
Giac [F]	926
Mupad [F(-1)]	927
Reduce [F]	927

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n(c + dx^n)}} dx = \frac{x \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

output `x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)*AppellF1(1/n,1/3,1,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 181 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.54 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.97

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n(c + dx^n)}} dx = \frac{3ac(1+n)x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + bcnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n(c + dx^n)}} + \dots$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output

```
(-3*a*c*(1 + n)*x*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)*(3*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1/3, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 4/3, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1(dx^n+c)} dx}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)),x]
```

output

```
(x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}}(c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^(2/3)/(b*d*x^(2*n) + a*c + (b*c + a*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(1/3)/(c+d*x**n),x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**n)**(1/3)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{1/3} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} d + (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} c} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(1/(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*d + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*c),x)`



**3.114**  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	928
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	928
Rubi [A] (verified)	929
Maple [F]	930
Fricas [F]	931
Sympy [F]	931
Maxima [F]	931
Giac [F]	932
Mupad [F(-1)]	932
Reduce [F]	932

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 61

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)*AppellF1(1/n,1/3,2,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 391 vs. 2(61) = 122.

Time = 0.87 (sec) , antiderivative size = 391, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.41

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$x \left( \frac{bd(-3+n)x^n \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{(-bc+ad)(1+n)} - \frac{3c(3ad^2nx^n(a+bx^n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + (bc-ad)(c+dx^n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right))}{(bc-ad)(c+dx^n)} \right)$$


---

$3c^2n\sqrt[3]{a + b$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(x*((b*d*(-3 + n)*x^n*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*\text{AppellF1}[1 + n^{-1}, 1/3, 1, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/((-b*c) + a*d)*(1 + n) - (3*c*(3*a*d^2*n*x^n*(a + b*x^n)*\text{AppellF1}[1 + n^{-1}, 1/3, 2, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*d*n*x^n*(a + b*x^n)*\text{AppellF1}[1 + n^{-1}, 4/3, 1, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*c*(1 + n)*(-b*c*n) + a*d*n + b*d*x^n)*\text{AppellF1}[n^{-1}, 1/3, 1, 1 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))/((b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x^n)*(3*a*d*n*x^n*\text{AppellF1}[1 + n^{-1}, 1/3, 2, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*\text{AppellF1}[1 + n^{-1}, 4/3, 1, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*c*(1 + n)*\text{AppellF1}[n^{-1}, 1/3, 1, 1 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])))/(3*c^2*n*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3))$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 61, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} (dx^n + c)^2} dx}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x]`

output `(x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 2, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{1}{3}} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^(2/3)/(b*d^2*x^(3*n) + a*c^2 + (2*b*c*d + a*d^2)*x^(2*n) + (b*c^2 + 2*a*c*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(1/3)/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**n)**(1/3)*(c + d*x**n)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}(dx^n+c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(1/3)*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{1/3}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(1/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n}(x^{nb}+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}d^2 + 2x^n(x^{nb}+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}cd + (x^{nb}+a)^{\frac{1}{3}}c^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*d**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*c*d + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*c**2),x)`

**3.115**  $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^2}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}} dx$

Optimal result	933
Mathematica [A] (verified)	934
Rubi [A] (verified)	934
Maple [F]	936
Fricas [F(-2)]	937
Sympy [F]	937
Maxima [F]	937
Giac [F]	938
Mupad [F(-1)]	938
Reduce [F]	938

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 187

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = -\frac{3d\left(c - \frac{3ad(1+n)}{b(3+2n)}\right) x(a + bx^n)^{2/3}}{abn} + \frac{3(bc - ad)x(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

$$-\frac{(9a^2d^2(1+n) - 6abcd(3+2n) + b^2c^2(9+3n-2n^2)) x \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab^2n(3+2n)\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
-3*d*(c-3*a*d*(1+n)/b/(3+2*n))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(2/3)/a/b/n+3*(-a*d+b*c)*x*(c+d
*x^n)/a/b/n/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)-(9*a^2*d^2*(1+n)-6*a*b*c*d*(3+2*n)+b^2*c^2*(-2
*n^2+3*n+9))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)*hypergeom([1/3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/a/
b^2/n/(3+2*n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.75

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3x((bc - ad)^2(3 + 2n) + ad^2n(a + bx^n)) - (9a^2d^2(1 + n) - 6abcd(3 + 2n) + b^2c^2(9 + 2n))\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}{ab^2n(3 + 2n)\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(4/3), x]`output `(3*x*((b*c - a*d)^2*(3 + 2*n) + a*d^2*n*(a + b*x^n)) - (9*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 6*a*b*c*d*(3 + 2*n) + b^2*c^2*(9 + 3*n - 2*n^2))*x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3) *Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(a*b^2*n*(3 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3))`**Rubi [A] (verified)**Time = 0.65 (sec) , antiderivative size = 183, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.238$ , Rules used = {930, 27, 913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow 930 \\ & \frac{3 \int \frac{d(3ad(n+1) - bc(2n+3))x^n + c(3ad - bc(3-n))}{3\sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx}{abn} + \frac{3x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 27 \\ & \frac{\int \frac{d(3ad(n+1) - bc(2n+3))x^n + c(3ad - bc(3-n))}{\sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx}{abn} + \frac{3x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} \\ & \quad \downarrow 913 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{(9a^2d^2(n+1) - 6abcd(2n+3) + b^2c^2(-2n^2 + 3n + 9)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx}{b(2n+3)} - 3dx(a + bx^n)^{2/3} \left( c - \frac{3ad(n+1)}{b(2n+3)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{3x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{779} \\
 & - \frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1 (9a^2d^2(n+1) - 6abcd(2n+3) + b^2c^2(-2n^2 + 3n + 9)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1} dx}{b(2n+3)\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} - 3dx(a + bx^n)^{2/3} \left( c - \frac{3ad(n+1)}{b(2n+3)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{3x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} \\
 & \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
 & - \frac{x\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1 (9a^2d^2(n+1) - 6abcd(2n+3) + b^2c^2(-2n^2 + 3n + 9)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{b(2n+3)\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} - 3dx(a + bx^n)^{2/3} \left( c - \frac{3ad(n+1)}{b(2n+3)} \right) + \\
 & \quad \frac{3x(bc - ad)(c + dx^n)}{abn\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(4/3), x]`

output `(3*(b*c - a*d)*x*(c + d*x^n))/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)) + (-3*d*(c - (3*a*d*(1 + n))/(b*(3 + 2*n)))*x*(a + b*x^n)^(2/3) - ((9*a^2*d^2*(1 + n) - 6*a*b*c*d*(3 + 2*n) + b^2*c^2*(9 + 3*n - 2*n^2))*x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(b*(3 + 2*n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)))/(a*b*n)`



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 27 `Int[(a_)*(F x_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a Int[F x, x], x] /; FreeQ[a, x] && !MatchQ[F x, (b_)*(G x_) /; FreeQ[b, x]]`

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 930 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(a*d - c*b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[1/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(a*d - c*b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) + d*(a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1) - b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1))*x^n, x], x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && LtQ[p, -1] && GtQ[q, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x)`

### Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (has polynomial part)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**2/(a+b*x**n)**(4/3),x)`

output `Integral((c + d*x**n)**2/(a + b*x**n)**(4/3), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/(b*x^n + a)^(4/3), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^2}{(bx^n + a)^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^2/(b*x^n + a)^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(4/3),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^2/(a + b*x^n)^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^2}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx &= \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^n (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} a} dx \right) d^2 \\ &+ 2 \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^n (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} a} dx \right) cd \\ &+ \left( \int \frac{1}{x^n (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} b + (x^n b + a)^{\frac{1}{3}} a} dx \right) c^2 \end{aligned}$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^2/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x)`

output

```
int(x**(2*n)/(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a),x)*d**2
+ 2*int(x**n/(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a),x)*c*d +
int(1/(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a),x)*c**2
```

### 3.116 $\int \frac{c+dx^n}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}} dx$

Optimal result	940
Mathematica [A] (verified)	940
Rubi [A] (verified)	941
Maple [F]	942
Fricas [F(-2)]	942
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	943
Maxima [F]	943
Giac [F]	944
Mupad [F(-1)]	944
Reduce [F]	944

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \frac{3dx}{b(3-n)\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} + \frac{\left(\frac{c}{a} - \frac{3d}{b(3-n)}\right) x \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

output

```
3*d*x/b/(3-n)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)+(c/a-3*d/b/(3-n))*x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)*hypergeometric([4/3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 77, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \frac{-3adx + (3ad + bc(-3 + n))x \sqrt[3]{1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{ab(-3 + n)\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(4/3), x]
```

output

```
(-3*a*d*x + (3*a*d + b*c*(-3 + n))*x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2
F1[4/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(a*b*(-3 + n)*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)
)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 103, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.11, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {910, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{910}$$

$$\frac{(3ad - bc(3 - n)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{bx^n + a}} dx}{abn} + \frac{3x(bc - ad)}{abn \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{779}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1(3ad - bc(3 - n)) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1}} dx}{abn \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} + \frac{3x(bc - ad)}{abn \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

$$\downarrow \text{778}$$

$$\frac{x \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1(3ad - bc(3 - n)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{abn \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}} + \frac{3x(bc - ad)}{abn \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

input

```
Int[(c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(4/3),x]
```

output

```
(3*(b*c - a*d)*x)/(a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3)) + ((3*a*d - b*c*(3 - n))*x*(1
+ (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*Hypergeometric2F1[1/3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)
])/ (a*b*n*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 910 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ILtQ[1/n + p, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{4}{3}}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x)`

## Fricas [F(-2)]

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> Error detected within library code: integrate: implementation incomplete (constant residues)

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.56 (sec) , antiderivative size = 112, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \frac{a^{1/n} a^{-4/3 - 1/n} cx \Gamma(\frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{4}{3}, \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(1 + \frac{1}{n})} + \frac{a^{-7/3 - 1/n} a^{1 + 1/n} dx^{n+1} \Gamma(1 + \frac{1}{n}) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{4}{3}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma(2 + \frac{1}{n})}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)/(a+b*x**n)**(4/3),x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(-4/3 - 1/n)*c*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((4/3, 1/n), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(-7/3 - 1/n)*a**(1 + 1/n)*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((4/3, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{(bx^n + a)^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)/(b*x^n + a)^(4/3), x)`



**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{dx^n + c}{(bx^n + a)^{4/3}} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)/(b*x^n + a)^(4/3), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(4/3),x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)/(a + b*x^n)^(4/3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{c + dx^n}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3}} dx = \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^n (x^n b + a)^{1/3} b + (x^n b + a)^{1/3} a} dx \right) d$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{1}{x^n (x^n b + a)^{1/3} b + (x^n b + a)^{1/3} a} dx \right) c$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3),x)`

output `int(x**n/(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a),x)*d + int(1/(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a),x)*c`

**3.117**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)} dx$

Optimal result	945
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	945
Rubi [A] (verified)	946
Maple [F]	947
Fricas [F]	947
Sympy [F]	948
Maxima [F]	948
Giac [F]	948
Mupad [F(-1)]	949
Reduce [F]	949

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x\sqrt[3]{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ac\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}$$

output

```
x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)*AppellF1(1/n,4/3,1,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/a/c/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)
```

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 382 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 0.85 (sec) , antiderivative size = 382, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.97

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)} dx = \frac{x \left( \frac{bd(-3+n)x^n \sqrt[3]{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 1, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c(1+n)} + \frac{3(3abdnx^n(c+dx^n) \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + b^2}{(c+dx^n)\left(3adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{3}, 2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)} \right)}{a(-bc+ad)n\sqrt[3]{a}} \right)}{a(-bc+ad)n\sqrt[3]{a}}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output 
$$\frac{-((x*((b*d*(-3 + n)*x^n*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^{1/3}*AppellF1[1 + n^{-1}, 1/3, 1, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c*(1 + n)) + (3*(3*a*b*d*n*x^n*(c + d*x^n)*AppellF1[1 + n^{-1}, 1/3, 2, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b^2*c*n*x^n*(c + d*x^n)*AppellF1[1 + n^{-1}, 4/3, 1, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + a*c*(1 + n)*(a*d*n - b*(c*n + 3*d*x^n))*AppellF1[n^{-1}, 1/3, 1, 1 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))/(c + d*x^n)*(3*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^{-1}, 1/3, 2, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^{-1}, 4/3, 1, 2 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^{-1}, 1/3, 1, 1 + n^{-1}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])))/(a*(-(b*c) + a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)^{1/3}}$$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

↓ 937

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{4/3} (dx^n + c)} dx}{a\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 936

$$\frac{x\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{4}{3}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ac\sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c + d*x^n)),x]`

output  $(x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^{(1/3)}*AppellF1[n^{(-1)}, 4/3, 1, 1 + n^{(-1)}, -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(a*c*(a + b*x^n)^{(1/3)})$

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{4}{3}} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n),x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{4}{3}} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{4}{3}} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^(2/3)/(b^2*d*x^(3*n) + a^2*c + (b^2*c + 2*a*b*d)*x^(2*n) + (2*a*b*c + a^2*d)*x^n), x)`

### Sympy [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(4/3)/(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**n)**(4/3)*(c + d*x**n)), x)`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{4/3} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(4/3)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

### Giac [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{4/3} (dx^n + c)} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(4/3)*(d*x^n + c)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c + d*x^n)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c + d*x^n)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} (x^{nb} + a)^{1/3} bd + x^n (x^{nb} + a)^{1/3} ad + x^n (x^{nb} + a)^{1/3} bc + (x^{nb} + a)^{1/3} ac}$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*d + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*d + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*c + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*c),x)`

**3.118**  $\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	950
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	950
Rubi [A] (verified)	951
Maple [F]	952
Fricas [F]	953
Sympy [F]	953
Maxima [F]	953
Giac [F]	954
Mupad [F(-1)]	954
Reduce [F]	954

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 64

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x\sqrt[3]{1+\frac{bx^n}{a}} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{4}{3}, 2, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ac^2\sqrt[3]{a+bx^n}}$$

output `x*(1+b*x^n/a)^(1/3)*AppellF1(1/n,4/3,2,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/a/c^2/(a+b*x^n)^(1/3)`

**Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)**

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1294 vs. 2(64) = 128.

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1294, normalized size of antiderivative = 20.22

$$\int \frac{1}{(a+bx^n)^{4/3}(c+dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x]`

output

```
(x*(27*a*b^2*c^4*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 9*a^3*c^2*d^2*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 9*a*b^2*c^4*n*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 18*a^2*b*c^3*d*n*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 9*a^3*c^2*d^2*n*(1+n)^2*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + 3*c*(1+n)*(a*d^2*(a+b*x^n) + 3*b^2*c*(c+d*x^n))*(3*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/3, 2, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 4/3, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*c*(1+n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]) - 9*b^2*c*d*x^n*(1+(b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n)*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]*(3*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/3, 2, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 4/3, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*c*(1+n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]) - 3*a*b*d^2*x^n*(1+(b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*(c+d*x^n)*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]*(3*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 1/3, 2, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + b*c*n*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^(-1), 4/3, 1, 2+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*c*(1+n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 1/3, 1, 1+n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -(...
```

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 937

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1 \int \frac{1}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{4/3} (dx^n + c)^2} dx}{a \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

↓ 936



$$\frac{x^3 \sqrt[3]{\frac{bx^n}{a}} + 1 \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, \frac{4}{3}, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{ac^2 \sqrt[3]{a + bx^n}}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x]`

output `(x*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^(1/3)*AppellF1[n^(-1), 4/3, 2, 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a, -((d*x^n)/c)]/(a*c^2*(a + b*x^n)^(1/3))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{4}{3}} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{4/3} (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^(2/3)/(b^2*d^2*x^(4*n) + a^2*c^2 + 2*(b^2*c*d + a*b*d^2)*x^(3*n) + (b^2*c^2 + 4*a*b*c*d + a^2*d^2)*x^(2*n) + 2*(a*b*c^2 + a^2*c*d)*x^n), x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**(4/3)/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Integral(1/((a + b*x**n)**(4/3)*(c + d*x**n)**2), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{4/3} (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(4/3)*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{4/3} (dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^(4/3)*(d*x^n + c)^2), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^(4/3)*(c + d*x^n)^2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{4/3} (c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{3n} (x^n b + a)^{1/3} b d^2 + x^{2n} (x^n b + a)^{1/3} a d^2 + 2x^{2n} (x^n b + a)^{1/3} b c d + 2x^n (x^n b + a)^{1/3} a c d^2 + x^{2n} (x^n b + a)^{1/3} b^2 c d + (x^n b + a)^{1/3} a^2 c d^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^(4/3)/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(1/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*d**2 + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*c*d + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*c*d + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*b*c**2 + (x**n*b + a)**(1/3)*a*c**2),x)`

### 3.119 $\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$

Optimal result	955
Mathematica [A] (verified)	956
Rubi [A] (verified)	956
Maple [F]	959
Fricas [F]	960
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	960
Maxima [F]	961
Giac [F(-2)]	961
Mupad [F(-1)]	962
Reduce [F]	962

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 395

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= \frac{d(a^2d^2(1 + 3n + 2n^2) - 3abcd(1 + n)(1 + n(3 + p)) + 2b^2c^2(1 + 2n(3 + p) + n^2(8 + 6p + p^2)))x(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b^3(1 + n + np)(1 + n(2 + p))(1 + n(3 + p))} - \frac{d^2(ad(1 + 2n) - b(c + cn(5 + p)))x^{1+n}(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b^2(1 + n(2 + p))(1 + n(3 + p))} + \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{1+p}(c + dx^n)^2}{b(1 + n(3 + p))} - \frac{(a^3d^3(1 + 3n + 2n^2) - 3a^2bcd^2(1 + n)(1 + n(3 + p)) + 3ab^2c^2d(1 + n(5 + 2p) + n^2(6 + 5p + p^2)) - b^3c^3(1 + n(2 + p) + n^2(3p^2 + 12p + 11) + n^3(p^3 + 6p^2 + 11p + 6)))x^{1+n}(a + bx^n)^{1+p} \operatorname{hypergeom}([-p, 1/n], [1 + 1/n], -bx^n/a)}{b^3(1 + n(2 + p))(1 + n(3 + p))((1 + bx^n/a)^p)}$$

output

```
d*(a^2*d^2*(2*n^2+3*n+1)-3*a*b*c*d*(1+n)*(1+n*(3+p))+2*b^2*c^2*(1+2*n*(3+p)+n^2*(p^2+6*p+8)))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b^3/(n*p+n+1)/(1+n*(2+p))/(1+n*(3+p))-d^2*(a*d*(1+2*n)-b*(c+c*n*(5+p)))*x^(1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b^2/(1+n*(2+p))/(1+n*(3+p))+d*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^2/b/(1+n*(3+p))-(a^3*d^3*(2*n^2+3*n+1)-3*a^2*b*c*d^2*(1+n)*(1+n*(3+p))+3*a*b^2*c^2*d*(1+n*(5+2*p))+n^2*(p^2+5*p+6))-b^3*c^3*(1+3*n*(2+p))+n^2*(3*p^2+12*p+11)+n^3*(p^3+6*p^2+11*p+6))*x*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/b^3/(n*p+n+1)/(1+n*(2+p))/(1+n*(3+p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 5.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 168, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.43

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

$$= x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left( \frac{3c^2 dx^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1 + n} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{3cd^2 x^{2n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 3 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1 + 2n}$$

$$+ \frac{d^3 x^{3n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 4 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{1 + 3n}$$

$$\left. + c^3 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) \right)$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*((3*c^2*d*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(1 + n) + (3*c*d^2*x^(2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2 + n^(-1), -p, 3 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(1 + 2*n) + (d^3*x^(3*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 + n^(-1), -p, 4 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/(1 + 3*n) + c^3*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 1.45 (sec) , antiderivative size = 385, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.97, number of steps used = 7, number of rules used = 7,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.368$ , Rules used = {933, 25, 1025, 25, 913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^n)^3 (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

↓ 933

$$\frac{\int -(bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c) (d(ad(2n + 1) - b(n(p + 5)c + c))x^n + c(ad - b(n(p + 3)c + c))) dx}{b(n(p + 3) + 1)} + \frac{dx(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

25

$$\frac{dx(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p + 3) + 1)} - \frac{\int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c) (d(ad(2n + 1) - b(n(p + 5)c + c))x^n + c(ad - b(n(p + 3)c + c))) dx}{b(n(p + 3) + 1)}$$

1025

$$\frac{dx(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p + 3) + 1)} - \frac{\int -(bx^n + a)^p (d(b^2((p^2 + 6p + 11)n^2 + 2(p + 3)n + 1)c^2 - abd((p + 7)n^2 + (2p + 9)n + 2)c + a^2d^2(2n^2 + 3n + 1))x^n + c(b^2((p^2 + 5p + 6)n^2 + (2p + 5)n + 1)c + a^2d^2(2n^2 + 3n + 1))) dx}{b(n(p + 2) + 1)}$$

$b(n(p + 3) + 1)$

25

$$\frac{dx(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p + 3) + 1)} - \frac{dx(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}(ad(2n + 1) - b(cn(p + 5) + c))}{b(n(p + 2) + 1)} - \frac{\int (bx^n + a)^p (d(b^2((p^2 + 6p + 11)n^2 + 2(p + 3)n + 1)c^2 - abd((p + 7)n^2 + (2p + 9)n + 2)c + a^2d^2(2n^2 + 3n + 1))) dx}{b(n(p + 2) + 1)}$$

$b(n(p + 3) + 1)$

913

$$\frac{dx(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p + 3) + 1)} - \frac{dx(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}(ad(2n + 1) - b(cn(p + 5) + c))}{b(n(p + 2) + 1)} - \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{p+1}(a^2d^2(2n^2 + 3n + 1) - abcd(n^2(p + 7) + n(2p + 9) + 2) + b^2c^2(n^2(p^2 + 6p + 11) + 2n(p + 5) + 1))}{b(n(p + 2) + 1)}$$

$b(n(p + 3) + 1)$

779

$$\frac{dx(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p + 3) + 1)} - \frac{dx(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}(ad(2n + 1) - b(cn(p + 5) + c))}{b(n(p + 2) + 1)} - \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{p+1}(a^2d^2(2n^2 + 3n + 1) - abcd(n^2(p + 7) + n(2p + 9) + 2) + b^2c^2(n^2(p^2 + 6p + 11) + 2n(p + 5) + 1))}{b(n(p + 2) + 1)}$$

778

$$\frac{dx(c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p+3) + 1)} - \frac{dx(c+dx^n)(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(ad(2n+1)-b(cn(p+5)+c))}{b(n(p+2)+1)} - \frac{dx(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(a^2d^2(2n^2+3n+1)-abcd(n^2(p+7)+n(2p+9)+2)+b^2c^2(n^2(p^2+6p+11)+2n(p+1))}{b(np+n+1)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n)^2)/(b*(1 + n*(3 + p))) - ((d*(a*d*(1 + 2*n) - b*(c + c*n*(5 + p)))*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(1 + n*(2 + p))) - ((d*(a^2*d^2*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2) - a*b*c*d*(2 + n^2*(7 + p) + n*(9 + 2*p)) + b^2*c^2*(1 + 2*n*(3 + p) + n^2*(11 + 6*p + p^2)))*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + n + n*p)) - ((a^3*d^3*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2) - 3*a^2*b*c*d^2*(1 + n)*(1 + n*(3 + p)) + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d*(1 + n*(5 + 2*p) + n^2*(6 + 5*p + p^2)) - b^3*c^3*(1 + 3*n*(2 + p) + n^2*(11 + 12*p + 3*p^2) + n^3*(6 + 11*p + 6*p^2 + p^3)))*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(b*(1 + n + n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)/(b*(1 + n*(2 + p)))/(b*(1 + n*(3 + p)))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 933 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1) - a*d) + d*(b*c*(n*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[n*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

rule 1025 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_.)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_.)*((e_) + (f_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[f*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(b*(n*(p + q + 1) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)*Simp[c*(b*e - a*f + b*e*n*(p + q + 1)) + (d*(b*e - a*f) + f*n*q*(b*c - a*d) + b*d*e*n*(p + q + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, e, f, n, p}, x] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`



**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^3 (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 91.68 (sec) , antiderivative size = 243, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.62

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-\frac{1}{n}} c^3 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{3a^{1+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-1-\frac{1}{n}} c^2 dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{3a^{2+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-2-\frac{1}{n}} cd^2 x^{2n+1} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 2 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

$$+ \frac{a^{3+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-3-\frac{1}{n}} d^3 x^{3n+1} \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 3 + \frac{1}{n} \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(4 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output

```
a**(1/n)*a**(p - 1/n)*c**3*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/n, -p), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 3*a**(1 + 1/n)*a**(p - 1 - 1/n)*c**2*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + 3*a**(2 + 1/n)*a**(p - 2 - 1/n)*c*d**2*x**(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + a**(3 + 1/n)*a**(p - 3 - 1/n)*d**3*x**(3*n + 1)*gamma(3 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 3 + 1/n), (4 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(4 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^3 (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^n + c)^3*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{1,[2,0,6,4,2,4,4,3,0]%%}+%%{4,[2,0,6,4,2,3,4,3,0]%%}+%%
%{6,[2,0,
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^3 dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output

```
(x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**3*p**3*x + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)*
*p*b**3*d**3*n**3*p**2*x + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**3*p*x +
 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**2*p**2*x + 6*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a
)**p*b**3*d**3*n**2*p*x + 2*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n**2*x + 3*
x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*n*p*x + 3*x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3
*d**3*n*x + x**(3*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*d**3*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**
p*a*b**2*d**3*n**3*p**3*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*n**3*p**2
*x + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*n**2*p**2*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*n**2*p*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*d**3*n*p*x
+ 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*n**3*p**3*x + 12*x**(2*n)*(x**n*
b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*n**3*p**2*x + 9*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2
*n**3*p*x + 9*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*n**2*p**2*x + 24*x**(2*
n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*n**2*p*x + 9*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*
c*d**2*n**2*x + 9*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*n*p*x + 12*x**(2*n)
*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*n*x + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**3*c*d**2*
x - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3*n**3*p**2*x - x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*
a**2*b*d**3*n**2*p**2*x - 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3*n**2*p*x - x*
*n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*b*d**3*n*p*x + 3*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**
2*n**3*p**3*x + 9*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2*n**3*p**2*x + 6*x**n*
(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b**2*c*d**2*n**2*p**2*x + 9*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*...
```

### 3.120 $\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$

Optimal result	964
Mathematica [A] (verified)	965
Rubi [A] (verified)	965
Maple [F]	967
Fricas [F]	968
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	968
Maxima [F]	969
Giac [F(-2)]	969
Mupad [F(-1)]	970
Reduce [F]	970

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 197

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= -\frac{d(ad(1+n) - b(c + cn(3+p)))x(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b^2(1+n+np)(1+n(2+p))} + \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{1+p}(c + dx^n)}{b(1+n(2+p))}$$

$$- \frac{\left(c(ad - b(c + cn(2+p))) - \frac{ad(ad(1+n) - b(c + cn(3+p)))}{b(1+n+np)}\right)x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, [1+1/n], -bx^n/a\right)/b(1+n(2+p))}{b(1+n(2+p))}$$

output

```
-d*(a*d*(1+n)-b*(c+c*n*(3+p)))*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b^2/(n*p+n+1)/(1+n*(2+p))
+d*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)/b/(1+n*(2+p))-(c*(a*d-b*(c+c*n*(2+p)))-a*d*
(a*d*(1+n)-b*(c+c*n*(3+p)))/b/(n*p+n+1))*x*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/n]
,[1+1/n],-b*x^n/a)/b/(1+n*(2+p))/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 5.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 140, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.71

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

$$= \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \left(2cd(1 + 2n)x^n \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + (1 + n) \left(\frac{d^2 x^{2n}}{(1 + n)}\right)\right)}{(1 + n)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(2*c*d*(1 + 2*n)*x^n*Hypergeometric2F1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)] + (1 + n)*(d^2*x^(2*n))*Hypergeometric2F1[2 + n^(-1), -p, 3 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)] + c^2*(1 + 2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]))/((1 + n)*(1 + 2*n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.77 (sec) , antiderivative size = 188, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.95, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.263$ , Rules used = {933, 25, 913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^n)^2 (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 933$$

$$\frac{\int -(bx^n + a)^p (d(ad(n + 1) - b(n(p + 3)c + c))x^n + c(ad - b(n(p + 2)c + c))) dx}{b(n(p + 2) + 1)} + \frac{dx(c + dx^n) (a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p + 2) + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 25$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{dx(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p+2)+1)} - \\
& \frac{\int (bx^n + a)^p (d(ad(n+1) - b(n(p+3)c + c))x^n + c(ad - b(n(p+2)c + c))) dx}{b(n(p+2)+1)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{913} \\
& \frac{dx(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p+2)+1)} - \\
& \frac{\left(-\frac{ad(ad(n+1)-b(cn(p+3)+c))}{b(np+n+1)} + acd - bc(cn(p+2)+c)\right) \int (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{dx(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(ad(n+1)-b(cn(p+3)+c))}{b(np+n+1)}}{b(n(p+2)+1)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{779} \\
& \frac{dx(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p+2)+1)} - \\
& \frac{(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(-\frac{ad(ad(n+1)-b(cn(p+3)+c))}{b(np+n+1)} + acd - bc(cn(p+2)+c)\right) \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx(a+bx^n)^{p+1}(ad(n+1)-b(cn(p+3)+c))}{b(np+n+1)}}{b(n(p+2)+1)} \\
& \quad \downarrow \text{778} \\
& \frac{dx(c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(n(p+2)+1)} - \\
& \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(-\frac{ad(ad(n+1)-b(cn(p+3)+c))}{b(np+n+1)} + acd - bc(cn(p+2)+c)\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{b(n(p+2)+1)}
\end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n))/(b*(1 + n*(2 + p))) - ((d*(a*d*(1 + n) - b*(c + c*n*(3 + p)))*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + n + n*p)) + ((a*c*d - b*c*(c + c*n*(2 + p)) - (a*d*(a*d*(1 + n) - b*(c + c*n*(3 + p)))))/(b*(1 + n + n*p))*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p/(b*(1 + n*(2 + p)))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

- rule 25 `Int[-(Fx_), x_Symbol] := Simp[Identity[-1] Int[Fx, x], x]`
- rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`
- rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`
- rule 933 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q - 1)/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1))), x] + Simp[1/(b*(n*(p + q) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 2)*Simp[c*(b*c*(n*(p + q) + 1) - a*d] + d*(b*c*(n*(p + 2*q - 1) + 1) - a*d*(n*(q - 1) + 1))*x^n, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && GtQ[q, 1] && NeQ[n*(p + q) + 1, 0] && !IGtQ[p, 1] && IntBinomialQ[a, b, c, d, n, p, q, x]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`



output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

### Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2 (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 20.71 (sec) , antiderivative size = 175, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-\frac{1}{n}} c^2 x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{2a^{1+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-1-\frac{1}{n}} c dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{2+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-2-\frac{1}{n}} d^2 x^{2n+1} \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 2 + \frac{1}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right.\right)}{n \Gamma\left(3 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output

```
a**(1/n)*a**(p - 1/n)*c**2*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/n, -p), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**
n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + 2*a**(1 + 1/n)*a**(p - 1 - 1/n)*
c*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_
polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + a**(2 + 1/n)*a**(p - 2 - 1/n)*d**2*x**
(2*n + 1)*gamma(2 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 2 + 1/n), (3 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar
(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(3 + 1/n))
```

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (dx^n + c)^2 (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((d*x^n + c)^2*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")
```

output

```
Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro
unding error%%{-1, [1,0,4,3,1,3,3,2,0]%%}+%%{-3, [1,0,4,3,1,2,3,2,0]%%}+
%%{-3, [1
```

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^2 dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output

```

(x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*n**2*p**2*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p
*b**2*d**2*n**2*p*x + 2*x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*n*p*x + x**(2*n
)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*n*x + x**(2*n)*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*d**2*x + x
**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*n**2*p**2*x + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*d**2*n
*p*x + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*n**2*p**2*x + 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**
p*b**2*c*d*n**2*p*x + 4*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*n*p*x + 4*x**n*(x**n
*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*n*x + 2*x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c*d*x - (x**n*b + a)
**p*a**2*d**2*n**2*p*x - (x**n*b + a)**p*a**2*d**2*n*p*x + 2*(x**n*b + a)
**p*a*b*c*d*n**2*p**2*x + 4*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*b*c*d*n**2*p*x + 2*(x**n*b +
a)**p*a*b*c*d*n*p*x + (x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*n**2*p**2*x + 3*(x**n*b +
a)**p*b**2*c**2*n**2*p*x + 2*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*n**2*x + 2*(x**n*b
+ a)**p*b**2*c**2*n*p*x + 3*(x**n*b + a)**p*b**2*c**2*n*x + (x**n*b + a)**
p*b**2*c**2*x + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**3*p**3 + 3*x**n*b*n**3*p**2
+ 2*x**n*b*n**3*p + 3*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n**2
+ 3*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**3*p**3 + 3*a*n**3*p**2 + 2*a*n
**3*p + 3*a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n**2*p + 2*a*n**2 + 3*a*n*p + 3*a*n + a),x)*a*
*3*d**2*n**5*p**4 + 3*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**3*p**3 + 3*x**n*b*n**
3*p**2 + 2*x**n*b*n**3*p + 3*x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + 6*x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b
*n**2 + 3*x**n*b*n*p + 3*x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**3*p**3 + 3*a*n**3*p**2 +
2*a*n**3*p + 3*a*n**2*p**2 + 6*a*n**2*p + 2*a*n**2 + 3*a*n*p + 3*a*n + ...

```

### 3.121 $\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$

Optimal result	972
Mathematica [A] (verified)	972
Rubi [A] (verified)	973
Maple [F]	974
Fricas [F]	974
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	975
Maxima [F]	975
Giac [F(-2)]	976
Mupad [F(-1)]	976
Reduce [F]	976

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 17, antiderivative size = 89

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{1+p}}{b(1 + n + np)} + \left( c - \frac{ad}{b + bn + bnp} \right) x(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right)$$

output `d*x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)/b/(n*p+n+1)+(c-a*d/(b*n*p+b*n+b))*x*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeometric([-p, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.06

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^{-p} \left( d(a + bx^n) \left( 1 + \frac{bx^n}{a} \right)^p + (-ad + bc(1 + n + np)) \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a} \right) \right)}{b(1 + n + np)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]`

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(d*(a + b*x^n)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p + (-a*d) + b*c*(1 + n + n*p))*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(b*(1 + n + n*p)*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 89, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.176$ , Rules used = {913, 779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^n)(a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 913$$

$$\left(c - \frac{ad}{bnp + bn + b}\right) \int (bx^n + a)^p dx + \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np + n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad}{bnp + bn + b}\right) \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx + \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np + n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \left(c - \frac{ad}{bnp + bn + b}\right) \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right) + \frac{dx(a + bx^n)^{p+1}}{b(np + n + 1)}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(d*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p))/(b*(1 + n + n*p)) + ((c - (a*d)/(b + b*n + b*n*p)))*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)]/(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 913 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_)), x_Symbol] := Simp[d*x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1))), x] - Simp[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(b*(n*(p + 1) + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^p, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n*(p + 1) + 1, 0]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

### Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 2.62 (sec) , antiderivative size = 107, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.20

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-\frac{1}{n}} cx \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} + \frac{a^{1+\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx^{n+1} \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(-p, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \left| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a} \right. \right)}{n \Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n), x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(p - 1/n)*c*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/n, -p), (1 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n)) + a**(1 + 1/n)*a**(p - 1 - 1/n)*d*x**(n + 1)*gamma(1 + 1/n)*hyper((-p, 1 + 1/n), (2 + 1/n, ), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (dx^n + c)(bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)*(b*x^n + a)^p, x)`



**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,2,1,0,1]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,2,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n) dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n),x)`

output

```

(x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*n*p*x + x**n*(x**n*b + a)**p*b*d*x + (x**n*b + a)
)**p*a*d*n*p*x + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*p*x + (x**n*b + a)**p*b*c*n*x + (x*
*n*b + a)**p*b*c*x - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p
+ 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a
*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**3 - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n
*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*
a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n**3*p**2 - 2*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*
p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*
n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p**2 - int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**
n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*
p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n**2*p - int((x**n*b + a)**
p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a
*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a**2*d*n*p + int((x**n*b + a)
)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n + x**n*b
+ a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**4 + 2*int((
x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b*n
+ x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a*b*c*n**4*p**3
+ int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*x**n*b*n*p +
x**n*b*n + x**n*b + a*n**2*p**2 + a*n**2*p + 2*a*n*p + a*n + a),x)*a*b*c*n
**4*p**2 + 3*int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n**2*p**2 + x**n*b*n**2*p + 2*...

```

### 3.122 $\int (a + bx^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	978
Mathematica [A] (verified)	978
Rubi [A] (verified)	979
Maple [F]	980
Fricas [F]	980
Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)	980
Maxima [F]	981
Giac [F]	981
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	981
Reduce [F]	982

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 9, antiderivative size = 46

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([-p, 1/n], [1+1/n], -b*x^n/a)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p, x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a)])/
(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.222$ , Rules used = {779, 778}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 779$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow 778$$

$$x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^p,x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -(b*x^n)/a])/ (1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 778 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^p*x*Hypergeometric2F1[-p, 1/n, 1/n + 1, (-b)*(x^n/a)], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

rule 779 `Int[((a_) + (b_)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p]) Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p, x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && !IGtQ[p, 0] && !IntegerQ[1/n] && !ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p], 0] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Sympy [C] (verification not implemented)**

Result contains complex when optimal does not.

Time = 0.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 46, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{a^{\frac{1}{n}} a^{p-\frac{1}{n}} x \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p \middle| \frac{bx^n e^{i\pi}}{a}\right)}{n \Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p,x)`

output `a**(1/n)*a**(p - 1/n)*x*gamma(1/n)*hyper((1/n, -p), (1 + 1/n,), b*x**n*exp_polar(I*pi)/a)/(n*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p, x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.02

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx = \frac{x (a + bx^n)^p {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p; \frac{1}{n} + 1; -\frac{bx^n}{a}\right)}{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p,x)`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*hypergeom([1/n, -p], 1/n + 1, -(b*x^n)/a))/((b*x^n)/a + 1)^p`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{(x^n b + a)^p x + \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b n p + x^n b + a n p + a} dx \right) a n^2 p^2 + \left( \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^n b n p + x^n b + a n p + a} dx \right) a n p}{n p + 1}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p,x)`output `((x**n*b + a)**p*x + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*n*p + a),x)*a*n**2*p**2 + int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*b*n*p + x**n*b + a*n*p + a),x)*a*n*p)/(n*p + 1)`

### 3.123 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{c+dx^n} dx$

Optimal result	983
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	983
Rubi [A] (verified)	984
Maple [F]	985
Fricas [F]	985
Sympy [F(-2)]	986
Maxima [F]	986
Giac [F]	986
Mupad [F(-1)]	987
Reduce [F]	987

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c}$$

output `x*(a+b*x^n)^p*AppellF1(1/n,-p,1,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)`

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \frac{ac(1 + n)x(a + bx^n)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) - adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{(c + dx^n) \left( bcnp x^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, 1 - p, 1, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) - adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) \right)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n),x]`



output

```
(a*c*(1 + n)*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/((c + d*x^n)*(b*c*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1 - p, 1, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.33 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n),x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, 1, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)  
 ], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]  
 && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])  
 Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x]  
 && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n),x)`output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(d*x^n + c), x)`**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{dx^n + c} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(d*x^n + c), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n),x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{c + dx^n} dx = \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^n d + c} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n),x)`output `int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*d + c),x)`

### 3.124 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	988
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	988
Rubi [A] (verified)	989
Maple [F]	990
Fricas [F]	990
Sympy [F(-2)]	991
Maxima [F]	991
Giac [F]	991
Mupad [F(-1)]	992
Reduce [F]	992

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^p*AppellF1(1/n,-p,2,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c^2/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{ac(1+n)x(a+bx^n)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{(c+dx^n)^2 \left( bcnpx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, 1 - p, 2, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) - 2adnx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 3, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) \right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(a*c*(1 + n)*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, 2, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/((c + d*x^n)^2*(b*c*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1 - p, 2, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 2*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 3, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, 2, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left( \frac{bx^n}{a} + 1 \right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 2, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^2,x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, 2, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^2*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p/(d^2*x^(2*n) + 2*c*d*x^n + c^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(dx^n + c)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(d*x^n + c)^2, x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^2,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^2, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{2n} d^2 + 2x^n c d + c^2} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^2,x)`output `int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*c*d + c**2),x)`

### 3.125 $\int \frac{(a+bx^n)^p}{(c+dx^n)^3} dx$

Optimal result	993
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	993
Rubi [A] (verified)	994
Maple [F]	995
Fricas [F]	995
Sympy [F]	996
Maxima [F]	996
Giac [F]	996
Mupad [F(-1)]	997
Reduce [F]	997

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 59

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 3, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^3}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^p*AppellF1(1/n,-p,3,1+1/n,-b*x^n/a,-d*x^n/c)/c^3/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 180 vs. 2(59) = 118.

Time = 0.50 (sec) , antiderivative size = 180, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.05

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{ac(1+n)x(a+bx^n)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 3, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{(c+dx^n)^3 \left( bcnpx^n \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, 1 - p, 3, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) - 3adnx^n \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 4, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) \right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(a*c*(1 + n)*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, 3, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/((c + d*x^n)^3*(b*c*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1 - p, 3, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] - 3*a*d*n*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 4, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, 3, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 59, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.105$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \frac{\left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 3, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^3}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, 3, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^3*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p/(d^3*x^(3*n) + 3*c*d^2*x^(2*n) + 3*c^2*d*x^n + c^3)
, x)`

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p/(c+d*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n)**p/(c + d*x**n)**3, x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(bx^n + a)^p}{(dx^n + c)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p/(d*x^n + c)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^3,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^3, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{3n} d^3 + 3x^{2n} c d^2 + 3x^n c^2 d + c^3} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p/(c+d*x^n)^3,x)`output `int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(3*n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*c**2*d + c**3),x)`

### 3.126 $\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx$

Optimal result	998
Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)	998
Rubi [A] (verified)	999
Maple [F]	1000
Fricas [F]	1000
Sympy [F(-2)]	1000
Maxima [F]	1001
Giac [F]	1001
Mupad [F(-1)]	1001
Reduce [F]	1002

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 93

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{c(a+bx^n)}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{c}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-1/n-p)*hypergeom([-p, 1/n],[1+1/n],-(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/a/(c+d*x^n))/c/((c*(a+b*x^n)/a/(c+d*x^n))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [A] (warning: unable to verify)

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1+np}{n}} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^p \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{c}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1) - p),x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^p*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), ((-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))]/(c*(1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p*(c + d*x^n)^((1 + n*p)/n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.34 (sec) , antiderivative size = 93, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.036$ , Rules used = {905}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-p-1} dx$$

↓ 905

$$\frac{x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-p} \left(\frac{c(a+bx^n)}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)^{-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(dx^n+c)}\right)}{c}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1) - p),x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(-n^(-1) - p)*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))]/(c*((c*(a + b*x^n))/(a*(c + d*x^n)))^p)
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 905

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(c*((a + b*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))))^p*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + p))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/n, -p, 1 + 1/n, -(b*c - a*d)*(x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]
```



**Maple [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n-p),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n-p),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^{-p-\frac{1}{n}-1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n-p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p/(d*x^n + c)^((n*p + n + 1)/n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**(-1-1/n-p),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^{-p-\frac{1}{n}-1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n-p),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^(-p - 1/n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^{-p-\frac{1}{n}-1} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n-p),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^(-p - 1/n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^{p+\frac{1}{n}+1}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^(p + 1/n + 1),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^(p + 1/n + 1), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-1 - \frac{1}{n} - p} dx = \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{np+1}{n}} d + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{np+1}{n}} c} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n-p),x)`

output `int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**((n*p + 1)/n)*d + (x**n*d + c)**((n*p + 1)/n)*c),x)`

### 3.127 $\int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx$

Optimal result	1003
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1004
Rubi [A] (verified)	1004
Maple [B] (verified)	1006
Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)	1007
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1007
Maxima [F]	1008
Giac [F(-2)]	1009
Mupad [F(-1)]	1009
Reduce [F]	1010

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 193

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}}}{c(1 + 3n)} + \frac{3anx(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}}{c^2(1 + 5n + 6n^2)} - \frac{6a^2(bc - ad)n^2x(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{c^3d(1 + n)(1 + 2n)(1 + 3n)} + \frac{6a^2n^2(bc + adn)x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^4d(1 + n)(1 + 2n)(1 + 3n)}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n)/c/(1+3*n)+3*a*n*x*(a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n)/c^2/(6*n^2+5*n+1)-6*a^2*(-a*d+b*c)*n^2*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/c^3/d/(1+n)/(1+2*n)/(1+3*n)+6*a^2*n^2*(a*d*n+b*c)*x/c^4/d/(1+n)/(1+2*n)/(1+3*n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))
```

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.21 (sec) , antiderivative size = 218, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.13

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-4 - \frac{1}{n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-3 - \frac{1}{n}} (b^3 c^3 (1 + 3n + 2n^2) x^{3n} + 3ab^2 c^2 (1 + n) x^{2n} (c + 3cn + dnx^n) + 3a^2 bcx^n (c^2 (1 + 5n + 6n^2) + 2cdn(1 + 3n)x^n + 2d^2 n^2 x^{2n})) + a^3 (c^3 (1 + 6n + 11n^2 + 6n^3) + 3c^2 d n (1 + 5n + 6n^2) x^n + 6cd^2 n^2 (1 + 3n) x^{2n} + 6d^3 n^3 x^{3n}))}{c^4 (1 + n) (1 + 2n) (1 + 3n)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^3*(c + d*x^n)^(-4 - n^(-1)),x]`

output 
$$\frac{(x*(c + d*x^n)^{-3 - n^{-1}}*(b^3*c^3*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2)*x^{3*n} + 3*a*b^2*c^2*(1 + n)*x^{2*n}*(c + 3*c*n + d*n*x^n) + 3*a^2*b*c*x^n*(c^2*(1 + 5*n + 6*n^2) + 2*c*d*n*(1 + 3*n)*x^n + 2*d^2*n^2*x^{2*n})) + a^3*(c^3*(1 + 6*n + 11*n^2 + 6*n^3) + 3*c^2*d*n*(1 + 5*n + 6*n^2)*x^n + 6*c*d^2*n^2*(1 + 3*n)*x^{2*n} + 6*d^3*n^3*x^{3*n}))}{(c^4*(1 + n)*(1 + 2*n)*(1 + 3*n))}$$

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.51 (sec) , antiderivative size = 160, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.83, number of steps used = 4, number of rules used = 4,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.160$ , Rules used = {903, 903, 903, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n} - 4} dx$$

$$\downarrow 903$$

$$\frac{3an \int (bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^{-3 - \frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(3n + 1)} + \frac{x(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n} - 3}}{c(3n + 1)}$$

$$\downarrow 903$$

$$\frac{3an \left( \frac{2an \int (bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^{-2 - \frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(2n + 1)} + \frac{x(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n} - 2}}{c(2n + 1)} \right)}{c(3n + 1)} + \frac{x(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n} - 3}}{c(3n + 1)}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \downarrow 903 \\
 3an \left( \frac{2an \left( \frac{an \int (dx^n+c)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{c^{(n+1)}} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c^{(n+1)}} \right)}{c^{(2n+1)}} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{c^{(2n+1)}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{c(3n+1)}{x(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}} \\
 \hline
 \downarrow 746 \\
 3an \left( \frac{2an \left( \frac{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c^{(n+1)}} + \frac{anx(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^{2(n+1)}} \right)}{c^{(2n+1)}} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{c^{(2n+1)}} \right) \\
 \hline
 \frac{c(3n+1)}{x(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}} \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^3*(c + d*x^n)^(-4 - n^(-1)), x]`

output `(x*(a + b*x^n)^3*(c + d*x^n)^(-3 - n^(-1)))/(c*(1 + 3*n)) + (3*a*n*((x*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^(-2 - n^(-1)))/(c*(1 + 2*n)) + (2*a*n*((x*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1)))/(c*(1 + n)) + (a*n*x)/(c^2*(1 + n)*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1)))))/(c*(1 + 2*n)))/(c*(1 + 3*n))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 903 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[c*(q/(a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1289 vs.  $2(193) = 386$ .

Time = 1.97 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1290, normalized size of antiderivative = 6.68

method	result	size
parallelsch	Expression too large to display	1290

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output

```
(2*x*(x^n)^4*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^3*c^3*d*n^2+24*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-
-(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c*d^3*n^3+3*x*(x^n)^4*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^3*c^3*d*n+6
*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c*d^3*n^2+36*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(
1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c^2*d^2*n^3+21*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c^2*d^2*
n^2+9*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b^2*c^4*n^2+24*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-
(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c^3*d*n^3+3*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b^2*c^3*d+3*
*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c^2*d^2*n+12*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1
+4*n)/n)*a*b^2*c^4*n+26*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c^3*d*n^2+6*x*(x^
n)^4*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*b*c*d^3*n^2+3*x*(x^n)^4*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n
)/n)*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*n^2+3*x*(x^n)^4*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b^2*c^2*d^2*n+
24*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*b*c^2*d^2*n^2+12*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^
n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b^2*c^3*d*n^2+6*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*b*c
^2*d^2*n+15*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b^2*c^3*d*n+6*x*(x^n)^4*(c+
d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*d^4*n^3+2*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^3*c^4
*n^2+36*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*b*c^3*d*n^2+21*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d
*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*b*c^3*d*n+18*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*b*c^4
*n^2+3*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*b*c^3*d+9*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1
+4*n)/n)*a^3*c^3*d*n+15*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*b*c^4*n+x*(c+d*x^
n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c^4+x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^3*c^4+6*x*(c+d*
x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c^4*n^3+11*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^3*c^4*n^2+6...
```

**Fricas [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 478 vs.  $2(193) = 386$ .

Time = 0.13 (sec) , antiderivative size = 478, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.48

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(6a^3d^4n^3 + b^3c^3d + (2b^3c^3d + 3ab^2c^2d^2 + 6a^2bcd^3)n^2 + 3(b^3c^3d + ab^2c^2d^2)n)xx^{4n} + (24a^3cd^3n^3 + b^3c^4d^2n^2 + 3(12a^3c^2d^2n^3 + a^2b^2c^4 + a^2b^2c^3d + (3a^2b^2c^4 + 12a^2b^2c^3d + 7a^3c^2d^2)n^2 + (4a^2b^2c^4 + 7a^2b^2c^3d + a^3c^2d^2)n)xx^{2n} + (24a^3c^3d^2n^3 + 3a^2b^2c^4 + a^3c^3d + 2(9a^2b^2c^4 + 13a^3c^3d)n^2 + 3(5a^2b^2c^4 + 3a^3c^3d)n)xx^n + (6a^3c^4n^3 + 11a^3c^4n^2 + 6a^3c^4n + a^3c^4)xx)}{(6c^4n^3 + 11c^4n^2 + 6c^4n + c^4)(dx^n + c)^{(4n + 1)/n}}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `((6*a^3*d^4*n^3 + b^3*c^3*d + (2*b^3*c^3*d + 3*a*b^2*c^2*d^2 + 6*a^2*b*c*d^3)*n^2 + 3*(b^3*c^3*d + a*b^2*c^2*d^2)*n)*x*x^(4*n) + (24*a^3*c*d^3*n^3 + b^3*c^4 + 3*a*b^2*c^3*d + 2*(b^3*c^4 + 6*a*b^2*c^3*d + 12*a^2*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^3*c*d^3)*n^2 + 3*(b^3*c^4 + 5*a*b^2*c^3*d + 2*a^2*b*c^2*d^2)*n)*x*x^(3*n) + 3*(12*a^3*c^2*d^2*n^3 + a*b^2*c^4 + a^2*b*c^3*d + (3*a*b^2*c^4 + 12*a^2*b*c^3*d + 7*a^3*c^2*d^2)*n^2 + (4*a*b^2*c^4 + 7*a^2*b*c^3*d + a^3*c^2*d^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (24*a^3*c^3*d^2*n^3 + 3*a^2*b*c^4 + a^3*c^3*d + 2*(9*a^2*b*c^4 + 13*a^3*c^3*d)*n^2 + 3*(5*a^2*b*c^4 + 3*a^3*c^3*d)*n)*x*x^n + (6*a^3*c^4*n^3 + 11*a^3*c^4*n^2 + 6*a^3*c^4*n + a^3*c^4)*x)/((6*c^4*n^3 + 11*c^4*n^2 + 6*c^4*n + c^4)*(d*x^n + c)^((4*n + 1)/n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2822 vs.  $2(168) = 336$ .

Time = 47.16 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2822, normalized size of antiderivative = 14.62

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**3*(c+d*x**n)**(-4-1/n),x)`



output

```

6*a**3*c**3*c**(1/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*n**3*gamma(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c/
(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c**2*d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x*
*n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c*d**2*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(2*n)*(c/(d*x**
n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + d**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(3*n)*(c/(d*x**n) +
1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n)) + 11*a**3*c**3*c**(1/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*n**2*gamma
(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c**2*
d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c*d**2*d**
(1/n)*n**4*x**(2*n)*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + d**3*d**(1/n)
*n**4*x**(3*n)*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n)) + 6*a**3*c**3*c**(1
/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*n*gamma(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)
*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c**2*d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamm
a(4 + 1/n) + 3*c*d**2*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(2*n)*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma
(4 + 1/n) + d**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(3*n)*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 +
1/n)) + a**3*c**3*c**(1/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c
/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c**2*d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x
**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c*d**2*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(2*n)*(c/(d*x*
*n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + d**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(3*n)*(c/(d*x**n) +
1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n)) + 18*a**3*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*d*n**3*x*
*n*gamma(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) +
3*c**2*d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3...

```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-4 - \frac{1}{n}} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^3 (dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n} - 4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^3*(d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 4), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{81,[2,0,6,4,2,4,3,0]%%}+%%{108,[2,0,6,3,2,4,3,0]%%}+%%{54,[2,0,

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^3}{(c + dx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}+4}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^3/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 4),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^3/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int (a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx \\
&= \left( \int \frac{x^{3n}}{x^{4n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d^2 + 4x^n (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3 d + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right. \\
&+ 3 \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{4n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d^2 + 4x^n (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3 d + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right. \\
&+ 3 \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{4n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d^2 + 4x^n (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3 d + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right. \\
&+ \left. \left. \left. \int \frac{1}{x^{4n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d^2 + 4x^n (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3 d + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x)`

output `int(x**(3*n)/(x**(4*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**4),x)*b**3 + 3*int(x**(2*n)/(x**(4*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**4),x)*a*b**2 + 3*int(x**n/(x**(4*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**4),x)*a**2*b + int(1/(x**(4*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**4),x)*a**3`

### 3.128 $\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx$

Optimal result	1011
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1011
Rubi [A] (verified)	1012
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#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}}{c(1 + 2n)} - \frac{2a(bc - ad)nx(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{c^2d(1 + n)(1 + 2n)} + \frac{2an(bc + adn)x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^3d(1 + n)(1 + 2n)}$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n)/c/(1+2*n)-2*a*(-a*d+b*c)*n*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/c^2/d/(1+n)/(1+2*n)+2*a*n*(a*d*n+b*c)*x/c^3/d/(1+n)/(1+2*n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))
```

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} (b^2c^2(1 + n)x^{2n} + 2abcx^n(c + 2cn + dnx^n) + a^2(c^2(1 + 3n + 2n^2) + 2cdn(1 + 2n)x^n + c^3(1 + n)(1 + 2n))}{c^3(1 + n)(1 + 2n)}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^(-3 - n^(-1)),x]`

output `(x*(c + d*x^n)^(-2 - n^(-1))*(b^2*c^2*(1 + n)*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*c*x^n*(c + 2*c*n + d*n*x^n) + a^2*(c^2*(1 + 3*n + 2*n^2) + 2*c*d*n*(1 + 2*n)*x^n + 2*d^2*n^2*x^(2*n)))/(c^3*(1 + n)*(1 + 2*n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 109, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.86, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.120$ , Rules used = {903, 903, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3} dx$$

$$\downarrow 903$$

$$\frac{2an \int (bx^n + a) (dx^n + c)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(2n+1)} + \frac{x(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{c(2n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 903$$

$$\frac{2an \left( \frac{an \int (dx^n + c)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(n+1)} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)} \right)}{c(2n+1)} + \frac{x(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{c(2n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 746$$

$$\frac{2an \left( \frac{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)} + \frac{anx(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^2(n+1)} \right)}{c(2n+1)} + \frac{x(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{c(2n+1)}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^(-3 - n^(-1)),x]`

output

$$\frac{(x*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^{-2 - n^{-1}})/(c*(1 + 2*n)) + (2*a*n*((x*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^{-1 - n^{-1}})/(c*(1 + n)) + (a*n*x)/(c^2*(1 + n)*(c + d*x^n)^n)))/(c*(1 + 2*n))$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/a), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[1/n + p + 1, 0]$$

rule 903

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*((c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(q\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}*((c + d*x^n)^q/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[c*(q/(a*(p + 1))) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}*(c + d*x^n)^{(q - 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{GtQ}[q, 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$
**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 587 vs.  $2(127) = 254$ .

Time = 1.35 (sec) , antiderivative size = 588, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.63

method	result
parallelrisc	$\frac{2x^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1+3n}{n}}a^2d^3n^2+2x^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1+3n}{n}}abcd^2n+xx^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1+3n}{n}}b^2c^2dn+6xx^2(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1+3n}{n}}a^2cd^2}{...}$

input

$$\text{int}((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^{-3-1/n}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

```
(2*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a^2*d^3*n^2+2*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*b*c*d^2*n+x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*b^2*c^2*d*n+6*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a^2*c*d^2*n^2+x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*b^2*c^2*d+2*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a^2*c*d^2*n+6*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*b*c^2*d*n+x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*b^2*c^3*n+6*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a^2*c^2*d*n^2+2*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*b*c^2*d+x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*b^2*c^3+5*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a^2*c^2*d*n+4*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*b*c^3*n+2*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a^2*c^3*n^2+x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a^2*c^2*d+2*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*b*c^3+3*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a^2*c^3*n+x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a^2*c^3)/(1+n)/(1+2*n)/c^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.82

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2a^2d^3n^2 + b^2c^2d + (b^2c^2d + 2abcd^2)n)xx^{3n} + (6a^2cd^2n^2 + b^2c^3 + 2abc^2d + (b^2c^3 + 6abc^2d + 2a^2cd^2)n)}{(2c^3n^2 + 3c^3n + c^3)(c + dx^n)^{(3n+1)/n}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((2*a^2*d^3*n^2 + b^2*c^2*d + (b^2*c^2*d + 2*a*b*c*d^2)*n)*x*x^(3*n) + (6*a^2*c*d^2*n^2 + b^2*c^3 + 2*a*b*c^2*d + (b^2*c^3 + 6*a*b*c^2*d + 2*a^2*c*d^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (6*a^2*c^2*d*n^2 + 2*a*b*c^3 + a^2*c^2*d + (4*a*b*c^3 + 5*a^2*c^2*d)*n)*x*x^n + (2*a^2*c^3*n^2 + 3*a^2*c^3*n + a^2*c^3)*x)/((2*c^3*n^2 + 3*c^3*n + c^3)*(d*x^n + c)^((3*n + 1)/n))
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1035 vs.  $2(109) = 218$ .

Time = 15.86 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1035, normalized size of antiderivative = 8.15

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(c+d*x**n)**(-3-1/n),x)`

output

```
2*a**2*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*n**2*x*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 3*a**2*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*n*x*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + a**2*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*x*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 4*a**2*c*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*d*n**2*x*x**n*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*a**2*c*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*d*n*x*x**n*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*a**2*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*d**2*n**2*x*x**n*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 4*a*b*c*c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(1 + 1/n)*n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(-1 - 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(c*d**(1 + 1/n)*n**2*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d*d**(1 + 1/n)*n**2*x**n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*a*b*c*c...
```



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 3), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{8,[1,0,4,3,1,3,2,0]%%}+%%{12,[1,0,4,2,1,3,2,0]%%}+%%{6  
,[1,0,4,1

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}+3}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 3),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx$$

$$= \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{3n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^3 + 3x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^2 + 3x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3} dx \right) b^2$$

$$+ 2 \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{3n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^3 + 3x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^2 + 3x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3} dx \right) ab$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{3n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^3 + 3x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^2 + 3x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3} dx \right) a^2$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n),x)`

output `int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3),x)*b**2 + 2*int(x**n/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3),x)*a*b + int(1/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3),x)*a**2`

### 3.129 $\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx$

Optimal result . . . . .	1018
Mathematica [C] (verified) . . . . .	1018
Rubi [A] (verified) . . . . .	1019
Maple [B] (verified) . . . . .	1020
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1020
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented) . . . . .	1021
Maxima [F] . . . . .	1022
Giac [F(-2)] . . . . .	1022
Mupad [F(-1)] . . . . .	1022
Reduce [F] . . . . .	1023

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 72

$$\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)x(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{cd(1 + n)} + \frac{(bc + adn)x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^2d(1 + n)}$$

output

```
-(-a*d+b*c)*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/c/d/(1+n)+(a*d*n+b*c)*x/c^2/d/(1+n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.18 (sec) , antiderivative size = 82, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.14

$$\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1+n}{n}} \left( bcx^n + a(1 + n) (c + dx^n) \left( 1 + \frac{dx^n}{c} \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1} \left( 2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c} \right) \right)}{c^2(1 + n)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(-2 - n^(-1)),x]
```

output

```
(x*(b*c*x^n + a*(1 + n)*(c + d*x^n)*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^n^(-1)*Hypergeometric2
F1[2 + n^(-1), n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]))/(c^2*(1 + n)*(c + d*x^n
)^((1 + n)/n))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.30 (sec) , antiderivative size = 58, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.81, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {903, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{903}$$

$$\frac{an \int (dx^n + c)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(n+1)} + \frac{x(a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{746}$$

$$\frac{x(a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)} + \frac{anx(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^2(n+1)}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(-2 - n^(-1)),x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1)))/(c*(1 + n)) + (a*n*x)/(c^2*(1 +
n)*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))
```



input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output  $((a*d^{2*n} + b*c*d)*x*x^{(2*n)} + (2*a*c*d*n + b*c^2 + a*c*d)*x*x^n + (a*c^2*n + a*c^2)*x)/((c^2*n + c^2)*(d*x^n + c)^{((2*n + 1)/n)})$

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 311 vs.  $2(56) = 112$ .

Time = 2.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 311, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.32

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx \\ &= \frac{acc^{\frac{1}{n}}c^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}n\Gamma(\frac{1}{n})}{cd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2\left(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + 1\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + dd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2x^n\left(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + 1\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{acc^{\frac{1}{n}}c^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(\frac{1}{n})}{cd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2\left(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + 1\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + dd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2x^n\left(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + 1\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{ac^{\frac{1}{n}}c^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}dnx^n\Gamma(\frac{1}{n})}{cd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2\left(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + 1\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + dd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2x^n\left(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + 1\right)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \\ &+ \frac{bc^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}c^{1+\frac{1}{n}}d^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}\left(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + 1\right)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}\right)} \end{aligned}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)*(c+d*x**n)**(-2-1/n),x)`

output  $a*c*c^{(1/n)}*c^{(-2 - 1/n)}*n*\text{gamma}(1/n)/(c*d^{(1/n)}*n^{**2}*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)* (1/n)*\text{gamma}(2 + 1/n) + d*d^{(1/n)}*n^{**2}*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*\text{gamma}(2 + 1/n)) + a*c*c^{(1/n)}*c^{(-2 - 1/n)}*n*\text{gamma}(1/n)/(c*d^{(1/n)}*n^{**2}*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*\text{gamma}(2 + 1/n) + d*d^{(1/n)}*n^{**2}*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*\text{gamma}(2 + 1/n)) + a*c^{(1/n)}*c^{(-2 - 1/n)}*d*n*x**n*\text{gamma}(1/n)/(c*d^{(1/n)}*n^{**2}*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*\text{gamma}(2 + 1/n) + d*d^{(1/n)}*n^{**2}*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*\text{gamma}(2 + 1/n)) + b*c^{(-2 - 1/n)}*c^{(1 + 1/n)}*d^{(-1 - 1/n)}*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(-1 - 1/n)*\text{gamma}(1 + 1/n)/(n*\text{gamma}(2 + 1/n))$

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int (bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 2), x)`

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:IN  
PUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to ro  
unding error%%{1,[0,0,2,2,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{1,[0,0,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{1,  
[0,0,2,1,

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}+2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 2),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 2), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx$$

$$= \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^2 + 2x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} cd + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2} dx \right) b$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^2 + 2x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} cd + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2} dx \right) a$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x)`

output

```
int(x**n/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c
*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2),x)*b + int(1/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*
d**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2),x)*a
```



### 3.130 $\int (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx$

Optimal result	1024
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1024
Rubi [A] (verified)	1025
Maple [B] (verified)	1025
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1026
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1026
Maxima [F]	1027
Giac [F]	1027
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1027
Reduce [F]	1028

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 18

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c}$$

output `x/c/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1)),x]`

output `x/(c*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.23 (sec) , antiderivative size = 18, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.067$ , Rules used = {746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1} dx$$

↓ 746

$$\frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1)),x]`

output `x/(c*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

#### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 46 vs. 2(18) = 36.

Time = 0.92 (sec) , antiderivative size = 47, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.61

method	result	size
parallelsch	$\frac{x x^n (c + d x^n)^{-\frac{1+n}{n}} d + x (c + d x^n)^{-\frac{1+n}{n}} c}{c}$	47
norman	$x e^{(-1-\frac{1}{n}) \ln(c + d e^{n \ln(x)})} + \frac{x d e^{n \ln(x)} e^{(-1-\frac{1}{n}) \ln(c + d e^{n \ln(x)})}}{c}$	53

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output `(x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+n)/n)*d+x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+n)/n)*c)/c`

### Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)

Time = 0.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 31, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.72

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{dx^n + cx}{(dx^n + c)^{\frac{n+1}{n}} c}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(d*x*x^n + c*x)/((d*x^n + c)^((n + 1)/n)*c)`

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 42 vs. 2(12) = 24.

Time = 0.80 (sec) , antiderivative size = 42, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.33

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{c^{\frac{1}{n}} c^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} d^{-\frac{1}{n}} \left(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d} + 1\right)^{-\frac{1}{n}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)}{n\Gamma\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**(-1-1/n),x)`

output `c**(1/n)*c**(-1 - 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(d**(1/n)*n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int (dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 1), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int (dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 1), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.04 (sec) , antiderivative size = 75, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.17

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{dx^{n+1} \left( \frac{c}{dx^n} - \left( \frac{c}{dx^n} + 1 \right)^{\frac{n+1}{n}} + 1 \right)}{cn \left( \frac{n+1}{n} - 1 \right) (c + dx^n)^{\frac{n+1}{n}}}$$

input `int(1/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 1),x)`

output `(d*x^(n + 1)*(c/(d*x^n) - (c/(d*x^n) + 1)^((n + 1)/n) + 1))/(c*n*((n + 1)/n - 1)*(c + d*x^n)^((n + 1)/n))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c),x)`

### 3.131 $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	1029
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1029
Rubi [A] (verified)	1030
Maple [F]	1031
Fricas [F]	1031
Sympy [F(-2)]	1031
Maxima [F]	1032
Giac [F]	1032
Mupad [F(-1)]	1032
Reduce [F]	1033

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 53

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{a}$$

output `x*hypergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/a/(c+d*x^n))/a/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))`

#### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.07 (sec) , antiderivative size = 52, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{a}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1)),x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), ((-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))]/(a*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.043$ , Rules used = {904}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

↓ 904

$$\frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(dx^n+c)}\right)}{a}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1)),x]`

output `(x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))])/((a*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 904 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*(x/(c^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/n, -p, 1 + 1/n, -(b*c - a*d)*(x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x)`

output `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^{(\frac{1}{n})}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^(1/n)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)/((c+d*x**n)**(1/n)),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`



**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^{(\frac{1}{n})}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^(1/n)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^{(\frac{1}{n})}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^(1/n)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{1/n}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a),x)`

**3.132**  $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$

Optimal result	1034
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1034
Rubi [A] (verified)	1035
Maple [F]	1036
Fricas [F]	1036
Sympy [F(-2)]	1036
Maxima [F]	1037
Giac [F]	1037
Mupad [F(-1)]	1037
Reduce [F]	1038

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 54

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{cx(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{a^2}$$

output `c*x*hypergeom([2, 1/n], [1+1/n], -(a*d+b*c)*x^n/a/(c+d*x^n))/a^2/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 53, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{cx(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^(1 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(c*x*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), ((-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))])/a^2*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1)`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 54, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.040$ , Rules used = {904}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

↓ 904

$$\frac{cx(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(dx^n+c)}\right)}{a^2}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^(1 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n)^2,x]`

output `(c*x*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))])/(a^2*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 904 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*(x/(c^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/n, -p, 1 + 1/n, -(b*c - a*d)*(x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n)))] , x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+1}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)^((n - 1)/n)/(b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**(1-1/n)/(a+b*x**n)**2,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+1}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n + 1)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+1}}{(bx^n + a)^2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n + 1)/(b*x^n + a)^2, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^(1 - 1/n)/(a + b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^(1 - 1/n)/(a + b*x^n)^2, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$= \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^2 + 2x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} ab + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2} dx \right) d$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^2 + 2x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} ab + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2} dx \right) c$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^2,x)`

output `int(x**n/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*b + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2),x)*d + int(1/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*b + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2),x)*c`

$$3.133 \quad \int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1039
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1039
Rubi [A] (verified)	1040
Maple [F]	1041
Fricas [F]	1041
Sympy [F(-2)]	1041
Maxima [F]	1042
Giac [F]	1042
Mupad [F(-1)]	1042
Reduce [F]	1043

### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{c^2x(c+dx^n)^{-1/n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{a^3}$$

output `c^2*x*hypergeom([3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -(a*d+b*c)*x^n/a/(c+d*x^n))/a^3/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))`

### Mathematica [A] (verified)

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.98

$$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx = \frac{c^2x(c+dx^n)^{-1/n} \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^(2 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(c^2*x*Hypergeometric2F1[3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), ((-b*c) + a*d)*x^n]/(a*(c + d*x^n)))/a^3*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1)`



**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.040$ , Rules used = {904}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 904

$$\frac{c^2 x (c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(dx^n+c)}\right)}{a^3}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^(2 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(c^2*x*Hypergeometric2F1[3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))])/(a^3*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 904 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*(x/(c^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/n, -p, 1 + 1/n, -(b*c - a*d)*(x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n)))] , x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+2}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)^((2*n - 1)/n)/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**(2-1/n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+2}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n + 2)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+2}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n + 2)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^(2 - 1/n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^(2 - 1/n)/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{3n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^3 + 3x^{2n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a b^2 + 3x^n (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2 b + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^3} dx \right) d^2$$

$$+ 2 \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{3n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^3 + 3x^{2n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a b^2 + 3x^n (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2 b + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^3} dx \right) cd$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{3n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^3 + 3x^{2n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a b^2 + 3x^n (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2 b + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^3} dx \right) c^2$$

input

```
int((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)
```

output

```
int(x**(2*n)/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)*
*(1/n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2*b + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*
*3),x)*d**2 + 2*int(x**n/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*
(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2*b + (x**n*d +
c)**(1/n)*a**3),x)*c*d + int(1/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**3 + 3*x**
(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2*b + (x**
n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**3),x)*c**2
```

### 3.134 $\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx$

Optimal result	1044
Mathematica [F]	1044
Rubi [A] (verified)	1045
Maple [F]	1046
Fricas [F]	1046
Sympy [F(-2)]	1047
Maxima [F]	1047
Giac [F]	1047
Mupad [F(-1)]	1048
Reduce [F]	1048

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 28, antiderivative size = 164

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^{1+p} (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p}}{ac} + \frac{(adn(1 + p) - bc(1 + n + np))x^{1+n}(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{c(a+bx^n)}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}-p} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1 + \dots\right)}{ac^2(1 + n)}$$

```
output x*(a+b*x^n)^(p+1)*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n-p)/a/c+(a*d*n*(p+1)-b*c*(n*p+n+1))*x^(1+n)*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n-p)*hypergeom([-p, 1+1/n], [2+1/n], -(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/a/(c+d*x^n))/a/c^2/(1+n)/((c*(a+b*x^n)/a/(c+d*x^n))^p)
```

#### Mathematica [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx$$

```
input Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(-2 - n^(-1) - p),x]
```

```
output Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(-2 - n^(-1) - p), x]
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.52 (sec) , antiderivative size = 181, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.071$ , Rules used = {907, 905}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-p-2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 907$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{bc}{n(p+1)(bc-ad)} + 1\right) \int (bx^n + a)^{p+1} (dx^n + c)^{-p-\frac{1}{n}-2} dx}{a} - \frac{bx(a + bx^n)^{p+1} (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-p-1}}{an(p+1)(bc-ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 905$$

$$\frac{x(a + bx^n)^{p+1} (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-p-1} \left(\frac{bc}{n(p+1)(bc-ad)} + 1\right) \left(\frac{c(a+bx^n)}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)^{-p-1} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p-1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bc}{a(c+dx^n)}\right) + \frac{bx(a + bx^n)^{p+1} (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-p-1}}{an(p+1)(bc-ad)}}{a}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^(-2 - n^(-1) - p),x]`

output `-((b*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1) - p))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(1 + p)) + ((1 + (b*c)/((b*c - a*d)*n*(1 + p)))*x*(a + b*x^n)^(1 + p)*(c*(a + b*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)))^(-1 - p)*(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1) - p)*Hypergeometric2F1[n^(-1), -1 - p, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))])/(a*c)`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 905 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^p/(c*(c*((a + b*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))))^p*(c + d*x^n)  
 ^((1/n + p)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/n, -p, 1 + 1/n, (-b*c - a*d)*(x^n/(a*(c  
 + d*x^n)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] &&  
 EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0]`

rule 907 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c -  
 a*d)), x] + Simp[(b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))  
 Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}  
 , x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !  
 LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^{-2 - \frac{1}{n} - p} dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n-p),x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n-p),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + b x^n)^p (c + d x^n)^{-2 - \frac{1}{n} - p} dx = \int (b x^n + a)^p (d x^n + c)^{-p - \frac{1}{n} - 2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n-p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p/(d*x^n + c)^((n*p + 2*n + 1)/n), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**(-2-1/n-p),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^{-p-\frac{1}{n}-2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n-p),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^(-p - 1/n - 2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^{-p-\frac{1}{n}-2} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n-p),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^(-p - 1/n - 2), x)`



**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^p}{(c + dx^n)^{p+\frac{1}{n}+2}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^(p + 1/n + 2), x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p/(c + d*x^n)^(p + 1/n + 2), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}-p} dx \\ &= \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^p}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{np+1}{n}} d^2 + 2x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{np+1}{n}} cd + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{np+1}{n}} c^2} dx \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n-p), x)`output `int((x**n*b + a)**p/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**((n*p + 1)/n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**((n*p + 1)/n)*c*d + (x**n*d + c)**((n*p + 1)/n)*c**2), x)`

**3.135**  $\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx$

Optimal result	1049
Mathematica [A] (verified)	1049
Rubi [A] (verified)	1050
Maple [B] (verified)	1051
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1051
Sympy [F]	1052
Maxima [F]	1052
Giac [F]	1052
Mupad [F(-1)]	1053
Reduce [F]	1053

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 69, antiderivative size = 57

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^{-\frac{bc}{(bc-ad)n}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{ad}{(bc-ad)n}}}{ac}$$

output `x*(c+d*x^n)^(a*d/(-a*d+b*c)/n)/a/c/((a+b*x^n)^(b*c/(-a*d+b*c)/n))`

**Mathematica [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.96

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx = \frac{x(a + bx^n)^{-\frac{bc}{bcn-adn}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{ad}{bcn-adn}}}{ac}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^((a*d*n - b*c*(1 + n))/((b*c - a*d)*n))*(c + d*x^n)^((a*d - b*c*n + a*d*n)/(b*c*n - a*d*n)),x]`

output `(x*(c + d*x^n)^((a*d)/(b*c*n - a*d*n)))/(a*c*(a + b*x^n)^((b*c)/(b*c*n - a*d*n)))`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.31 (sec) , antiderivative size = 57, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.014$ , Rules used = {906}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(n+1)}{n(bc-ad)}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{adn+ad-bcn}{bcn-adn}} dx$$

↓ 906

$$\frac{x(a + bx^n)^{-\frac{bc}{n(bc-ad)}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{ad}{n(bc-ad)}}}{ac}$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^((a*d*n - b*c*(1 + n))/((b*c - a*d)*n))*(c + d*x^n)^((a*d - b*c*n + a*d*n)/(b*c*n - a*d*n)),x]
```

output

```
(x*(c + d*x^n)^((a*d)/((b*c - a*d)*n)))/(a*c*(a + b*x^n)^((b*c)/((b*c - a*d)*n)))
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 906

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*c)), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && EqQ[a*d*(p + 1) + b*c*(q + 1), 0]
```

**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 333 vs.  $2(58) = 116$ .

Time = 6.15 (sec) , antiderivative size = 334, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.86

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{x x^{2n} (a+b x^n)^{\frac{-adn+bc(1+n)}{n(ad-bc)}} (c+d x^n)^{\frac{-adn-bcn+ad}{n(ad-bc)}} b^2 d^2 + x x^n (a+b x^n)^{\frac{-adn+bc(1+n)}{n(ad-bc)}} (c+d x^n)^{\frac{-adn-bcn+ad}{n(ad-bc)}}}{abcd} ab d^2 + x x^n (c$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*(1+n))/(-a*d+b*c)/n)*(c+d*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)/(-a*d*n+b*c*n)),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)`

output 
$$\frac{(x*(x^n)^{2*(a+b*x^n)^{\frac{-a*d*n+b*c*(1+n)}{n/(a*d-b*c)}}*(c+d*x^n)^{\frac{-(a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)}{n/(a*d-b*c)}}*b^2*d^2+x*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^{\frac{-(a*d*n+b*c*(1+n)}{n/(a*d-b*c)}}*(c+d*x^n)^{\frac{-(a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)}{n/(a*d-b*c)}}*a*b*d^2+x*x^n*(a+b*x^n)^{\frac{-(a*d*n+b*c*(1+n)}{n/(a*d-b*c)}}*(c+d*x^n)^{\frac{-(a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)}{n/(a*d-b*c)}}*b^2*c*d+x*(a+b*x^n)^{\frac{-(a*d*n+b*c*(1+n)}{n/(a*d-b*c)}}*(c+d*x^n)^{\frac{-(a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)}{n/(a*d-b*c)}}*a*b*c*d)/a/b/c/d$$

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.14 (sec) , antiderivative size = 108, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.89

$$\int (a + b x^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c + d x^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(bdx^{2n} + acx + (bc + ad)xx^n)(dx^n + c)^{\frac{ad-(bc-ad)n}{(bc-ad)n}}}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{bc+(bc-ad)n}{(bc-ad)n}} ac}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*(1+n))/(-a*d+b*c)/n)*(c+d*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)/(-a*d*n+b*c*n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output 
$$(b*d*x*x^{(2*n)} + a*c*x + (b*c + a*d)*x*x^n)*(d*x^n + c)^{\frac{(a*d - (b*c - a*d)*n)}{((b*c - a*d)*n)}}/((b*x^n + a)^{\frac{(b*c + (b*c - a*d)*n)}{((b*c - a*d)*n)}})*a*c$$

**Sympy [F]**

$$\int (a+bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c+dx^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx = \int (a+bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(n+1)}{n(-ad+bc)}} (c+dx^n)^{\frac{adn+ad-bcn}{-adn+bcn}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**((a*d*n-b*c*(1+n))/(-a*d+b*c)/n)*(c+d*x**n)**((a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)/(-a*d*n+b*c*n)), x)`

output `Integral((a + b*x**n)**((a*d*n - b*c*(n + 1))/(n*(-a*d + b*c)))*(c + d*x**n)**((a*d*n + a*d - b*c*n)/(-a*d*n + b*c*n)), x)`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a+bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c+dx^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{bc(n+1)-adn}{(bc-ad)n}} (dx^n + c)^{\frac{bcn-adn-ad}{bcn-adn}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*(1+n))/(-a*d+b*c)/n)*(c+d*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)/(-a*d*n+b*c*n)), x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^((b*c*(n + 1) - a*d*n)/((b*c - a*d)*n))*(d*x^n + c)^((b*c*n - a*d*n - a*d)/(b*c*n - a*d*n)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a+bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c+dx^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^{\frac{bc(n+1)-adn}{(bc-ad)n}} (dx^n + c)^{\frac{bcn-adn-ad}{bcn-adn}}} dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*(1+n))/(-a*d+b*c)/n)*(c+d*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)/(-a*d*n+b*c*n)), x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^((b*c*(n + 1) - a*d*n)/((b*c - a*d)*n))*(d*x^n + c)^((b*c*n - a*d*n - a*d)/(b*c*n - a*d*n)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(n+1)}{n(ad-bc)}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{ad+adn-bcn}{adn-bcn}}} dx$$

input

```
int(1/((a + b*x^n)^((a*d*n - b*c*(n + 1))/(n*(a*d - b*c)))*(c + d*x^n)^((a*d + a*d*n - b*c*n)/(a*d*n - b*c*n)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/((a + b*x^n)^((a*d*n - b*c*(n + 1))/(n*(a*d - b*c)))*(c + d*x^n)^((a*d + a*d*n - b*c*n)/(a*d*n - b*c*n)), x)
```

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^{\frac{adn-bc(1+n)}{(bc-ad)n}} (c + dx^n)^{\frac{ad-bcn+adn}{bcn-adn}} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{(x^n b + a)^{\frac{bc}{adn-bcn}}}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{ad}{adn-bcn}} b d + x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{ad}{adn-bcn}} a d + x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{ad}{adn-bcn}} b c + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{ad}{adn-bcn}} a c} dx$$

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*(1+n))/(-a*d+b*c)/n)*(c+d*x^n)^((a*d*n-b*c*n+a*d)/(-a*d*n+b*c*n)),x)
```

output

```
int((x**n*b + a)**((b*c)/(a*d*n - b*c*n))/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**((a*d)/(a*d*n - b*c*n))*b*d + x**n*(x**n*d + c)**((a*d)/(a*d*n - b*c*n))*a*d + x**n*(x**n*d + c)**((a*d)/(a*d*n - b*c*n))*b*c + (x**n*d + c)**((a*d)/(a*d*n - b*c*n))*a*c),x)
```

### 3.136 $\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx$

Optimal result	1054
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1055
Rubi [A] (verified)	1055
Maple [B] (verified)	1057
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1058
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1059
Maxima [F]	1060
Giac [F(-2)]	1061
Mupad [F(-1)]	1061
Reduce [F]	1061

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 253

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx = -\frac{dx(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}}}{c(bc - ad)(1 + 3n)} - \frac{(3adn - b(c + 3cn))x(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}}{c^2(bc - ad)(1 + 2n)(1 + 3n)} + \frac{2an(3adn - b(c + 3cn))x(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{c^3d(1 + n)(1 + 2n)(1 + 3n)} + \frac{2an(bc + 3bcn - 3adn)(bc + adn)x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^4d(bc - ad)(1 + n)(1 + 2n)(1 + 3n)}$$

output

```
-d*x*(a+b*x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n)/c/(-a*d+b*c)/(1+3*n)-(3*a*d*n-b*(3*c*n+c))*x*(a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n)/c^2/(-a*d+b*c)/(1+2*n)/(1+3*n)+2*a*n*(3*a*d*n-b*(3*c*n+c))*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/c^3/d/(1+n)/(1+2*n)/(1+3*n)+2*a*n*(-3*a*d*n+3*b*c*n+b*c)*(a*d*n+b*c)*x/c^4/d/(-a*d+b*c)/(1+n)/(1+2*n)/(1+3*n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))
```

### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.48 (sec) , antiderivative size = 136, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.54

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \left(b^2 c^2 \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) - (bc - ad) \left(2bc \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)\right)\right)}{c^4 d^2}$$

input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^(-4 - n^(-1)),x]`

output `(x*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^n^(-1)*(b^2*c^2*Hypergeometric2F1[2 + n^(-1), n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)] - (b*c - a*d)*(2*b*c*Hypergeometric2F1[3 + n^(-1), n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)] + (-b*c) + a*d)*Hypergeometric2F1[4 + n^(-1), n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])))/(c^4*d^2*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.66 (sec) , antiderivative size = 231, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.91, number of steps used = 5, number of rules used = 5,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.200$ , Rules used = {907, 903, 903, 903, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-4} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{907}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{bc}{bcn-adn} + 3\right) \int (bx^n + a)^3 (dx^n + c)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{3a} - \frac{bx(a + bx^n)^3 (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}}{3an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{903}$$



$$\left(\frac{bc}{bcn-adn} + 3\right) \left(\frac{3an \int (bx^n+a)^2(dx^n+c)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(3n+1)} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}}{c(3n+1)}\right)$$

$$\frac{3a}{3an(bc-ad)} bx(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}$$

↓ 903

$$\left(\frac{bc}{bcn-adn} + 3\right) \left(\frac{3an \left(\frac{2an \int (bx^n+a)(dx^n+c)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(2n+1)} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{c(2n+1)}\right)}{c(3n+1)} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}}{c(3n+1)}\right)$$

$$\frac{3a}{3an(bc-ad)} bx(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}$$

↓ 903

$$\left(\frac{bc}{bcn-adn} + 3\right) \left(\frac{3an \left(\frac{2an \left(\frac{an \int (dx^n+c)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(n+1)} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)}\right)}{c(2n+1)} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{c(2n+1)}\right)}{c(3n+1)} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}}{c(3n+1)}\right)$$

$$\frac{3a}{3an(bc-ad)} bx(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}$$

↓ 746

$$\left(\frac{bc}{bcn-adn} + 3\right) \left(\frac{3an \left(\frac{2an \left(\frac{x(a+bx^n)(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)} + \frac{anx(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^2(n+1)}\right)}{c(2n+1)} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)^2(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{c(2n+1)}\right)}{c(3n+1)} + \frac{x(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}}{c(3n+1)}\right)$$

$$\frac{3a}{3an(bc-ad)} bx(a+bx^n)^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^(-4 - n^(-1)),x]`

output

```
-1/3*(b*x*(a + b*x^n)^3*(c + d*x^n)^(-3 - n^(-1)))/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n) + ((3
+ (b*c)/(b*c*n - a*d*n))*((x*(a + b*x^n)^3*(c + d*x^n)^(-3 - n^(-1)))/(c*
(1 + 3*n)) + (3*a*n*((x*(a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^(-2 - n^(-1)))/(c*(1 + 2
*n)) + (2*a*n*((x*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1)))/(c*(1 + n)) + (a*
n*x)/(c^2*(1 + n)*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1)))))/(c*(1 + 2*n)))/(c*(1 + 3*n)))/(3
*a)
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 746

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)
/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]
```

rule 903

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-x)*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^q/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] - Simp[
c*(q/(a*(p + 1))) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(q - 1), x], x] /;
FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1,
0] && GtQ[q, 0] && NeQ[p, -1]
```

rule 907

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:= Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c -
a*d))), x] + Simp[(b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q},
x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !
LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]
```

### Maple [B] (verified)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 1058 vs.  $2(253) = 506$ .

Time = 1.40 (sec) , antiderivative size = 1059, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.19

method	result	size
parallelsch	Expression too large to display	1059

input

```
int((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x,method=_RETURNVERBOSE)
```

output

```
(3*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*c^2*d^2*n+26*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+
4*n)/n)*a^2*c^3*d*n^2+12*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b*c^4*n^2+2*x*(x^n
)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b*c^3*d+9*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*c^
3*d*n+10*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b*c^4*n+4*x*(x^n)^4*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1
+4*n)/n)*a*b*c*d^3*n^2+16*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b*c^2*d^2*n^2
+4*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b*c^2*d^2*n+24*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(
-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b*c^3*d*n^2+14*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a*b*c^3*d*n+
24*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*c*d^3*n^3+x*(x^n)^4*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1
+4*n)/n)*b^2*c^2*d^2*n+6*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*c*d^3*n^2+4*
x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^2*c^3*d*n^2+36*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1
+4*n)/n)*a^2*c^2*d^2*n^3+5*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^2*c^3*d*n+21
*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*c^2*d^2*n^2+24*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+
4*n)/n)*a^2*c^3*d*n^3+x*(x^n)^4*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^2*c^2*d^2*n^2+x*(
x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^2*c^3*d+4*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)
*b^2*c^4*n+x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*c^3*d+2*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4
*n)/n)*a*b*c^4+x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*c^4+6*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)
*a^2*c^4*n^3+x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^2*c^4+11*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+
4*n)/n)*a^2*c^4*n^2+6*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*c^4*n+6*x*(x^n)^4*(c+d*
x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*a^2*d^4*n^3+3*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+4*n)/n)*b^2*c^4*n
^2)/(2*n^2+3*n+1)/(1+3*n)/c^4
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.12 (sec) , antiderivative size = 400, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.58

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(6a^2d^4n^3 + b^2c^2d^2n + (b^2c^2d^2 + 4abcd^3)n^2)xx^{4n} + (24a^2cd^3n^3 + b^2c^3d + 2(2b^2c^3d + 8abc^2d^2 + 3a^2cd^2))x^{4n+1}}{(2n^2+3n+1)(1+3n)c^4}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((6*a^2*d^4*n^3 + b^2*c^2*d^2*n + (b^2*c^2*d^2 + 4*a*b*c*d^3)*n^2)*x*x^(4*n) + (24*a^2*c*d^3*n^3 + b^2*c^3*d + 2*(2*b^2*c^3*d + 8*a*b*c^2*d^2 + 3*a^2*c*d^3)*n^2 + (5*b^2*c^3*d + 4*a*b*c^2*d^2)*n)*x*x^(3*n) + (36*a^2*c^2*d^2*n^3 + b^2*c^4 + 2*a*b*c^3*d + 3*(b^2*c^4 + 8*a*b*c^3*d + 7*a^2*c^2*d^2)*n^2 + (4*b^2*c^4 + 14*a*b*c^3*d + 3*a^2*c^2*d^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (24*a^2*c^3*d*n^3 + 2*a*b*c^4 + a^2*c^3*d + 2*(6*a*b*c^4 + 13*a^2*c^3*d)*n^2 + (10*a*b*c^4 + 9*a^2*c^3*d)*n)*x*x^n + (6*a^2*c^4*n^3 + 11*a^2*c^4*n^2 + 6*a^2*c^4*n + a^2*c^4)*x)/((6*c^4*n^3 + 11*c^4*n^2 + 6*c^4*n + c^4)*(d*x^n + c)^(4*n + 1)/n))
```

### Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 2746 vs.  $2(219) = 438$ .

Time = 15.89 (sec) , antiderivative size = 2746, normalized size of antiderivative = 10.85

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-4 - \frac{1}{n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)**2*(c+d*x**n)**(-4-1/n),x)
```

output

```

6*a**2*c**3*c**(1/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*n**3*gamma(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c/
(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c**2*d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x*
*n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c*d**2*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(2*n)*(c/(d*x**
n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + d**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(3*n)*(c/(d*x**n) +
1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n)) + 11*a**2*c**3*c**(1/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*n**2*gamma
(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c**2*
d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c*d**2*d**
(1/n)*n**4*x**(2*n)*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + d**3*d**(1/n)
*n**4*x**(3*n)*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n)) + 6*a**2*c**3*c**(1
/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*n*gamma(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)
*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c**2*d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamm
a(4 + 1/n) + 3*c*d**2*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(2*n)*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma
(4 + 1/n) + d**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(3*n)*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 +
1/n)) + a**2*c**3*c**(1/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c
/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c**2*d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x
**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3*c*d**2*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(2*n)*(c/(d*x*
*n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + d**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**(3*n)*(c/(d*x**n) +
1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n)) + 18*a**2*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-4 - 1/n)*d*n**3*x*
*n*gamma(1/n)/(c**3*d**(1/n)*n**4*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) +
3*c**2*d*d**(1/n)*n**4*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(4 + 1/n) + 3...

```

## Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-4 - \frac{1}{n}} dx = \int (bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n} - 4} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 4), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{27,[1,0,4,3,1,3,2,0]%%}+%%{27,[1,0,4,2,1,3,2,0]%%}+%%{9,[1,0,4,`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int \frac{(a + bx^n)^2}{(c + dx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}+4}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 4),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)^2/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 4), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{-4-\frac{1}{n}} dx \\ &= \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{4n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d^2 + 4x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3 d + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right. \\ & \quad + 2 \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{4n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d^2 + 4x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3 d + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. + \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{4n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c d^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2 d^2 + 4x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^3 d + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}} \right) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-4-1/n),x)`

output `int(x**(2*n)/(x**(4*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)*  
 *(1/n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d  
 + c)**(1/n)*c**3*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**4),x)*b**2 + 2*int(x**n/(x**(4  
 *n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**3 + 6*x  
 **2*n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3*d  
 + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**4),x)*a*b + int(1/(x**(4*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d  
 **4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/  
 n)*c**2*d**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**  
 4),x)*a**2`

### 3.137 $\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx$

Optimal result	1063
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1063
Rubi [A] (verified)	1064
Maple [B] (verified)	1065
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1066
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1066
Maxima [F]	1067
Giac [F(-2)]	1068
Mupad [F(-1)]	1068
Reduce [F]	1068

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = -\frac{(bc - ad)x(c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}}{cd(1 + 2n)} + \frac{(bc + 2adn)x(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{c^2d(1 + n)(1 + 2n)} + \frac{n(bc + 2adn)x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^3d(1 + n)(1 + 2n)}$$

output

```

(-a*d+b*c)*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n)/c/d/(1+2*n)+(2*a*d*n+b*c)*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/c^2/d/(1+n)/(1+2*n)+n*(2*a*d*n+b*c)*x/c^3/d/(1+n)/(1+2*n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))
    
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.22 (sec) , antiderivative size = 94, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.74

$$\int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \left(bc \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + (-bc + ad) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)\right)}{c^3d}$$



input `Integrate[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(-3 - n^(-1)),x]`

output `(x*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^n^(-1)*(b*c*Hypergeometric2F1[2 + n^(-1), n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)] + (-b*c) + a*d)*Hypergeometric2F1[3 + n^(-1), n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)])/(c^3*d*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 113, normalized size of antiderivative = 0.89, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.130$ , Rules used = {910, 777, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int (a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3} dx \\
 & \quad \downarrow 910 \\
 & \frac{(2adn + bc) \int (dx^n + c)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{cd(2n + 1)} - \frac{x(bc - ad) (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{cd(2n + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 777 \\
 & \frac{(2adn + bc) \left( \frac{n \int (dx^n + c)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(n+1)} + \frac{x(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)} \right)}{cd(2n + 1)} - \frac{x(bc - ad) (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{cd(2n + 1)} \\
 & \quad \downarrow 746 \\
 & \frac{\left( \frac{nx(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^2(n+1)} + \frac{x(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)} \right) (2adn + bc)}{cd(2n + 1)} - \frac{x(bc - ad) (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2}}{cd(2n + 1)}
 \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(-3 - n^(-1)),x]`

output

$$-\left(\frac{(b*c - a*d)*x*(c + d*x^n)^{-2 - n^{-1}}}{c*d*(1 + 2*n)}\right) + \left(\frac{(b*c + 2*a*d*n)*((x*(c + d*x^n)^{-1 - n^{-1}})/(c*(1 + n)) + (n*x)/(c^2*(1 + n)*(c + d*x^n)^{n^{-1}})}{c*d*(1 + 2*n)}\right)$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[x*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/a), x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{EqQ}[1/n + p + 1, 0]$$

rule 777

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}, x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + \text{Simp}[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{ILtQ}[\text{Simplify}[1/n + p + 1], 0] \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[p, -1]$$

rule 910

$$\text{Int}[\{(a\_)+ (b\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}\}^{(p\_)}*((c\_)+ (d\_)*(x\_)^{(n\_)}), x\_Symbol] \rightarrow \text{Simp}[(-b*c - a*d)*x*((a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}/(a*b*n*(p + 1))), x] - \text{Simp}[(a*d - b*c*(n*(p + 1) + 1))/(a*b*n*(p + 1)) \ \text{Int}[(a + b*x^n)^{(p + 1)}, x], x] /; \text{FreeQ}\{a, b, c, d, n, p\}, x\} \ \&\& \ \text{NeQ}[b*c - a*d, 0] \ \&\& \ (\text{LtQ}[p, -1] \ || \ \text{ILtQ}[1/n + p, 0])$$
**Maple [B] (verified)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 433 vs.  $2(127) = 254$ .

Time = 1.00 (sec) , antiderivative size = 434, normalized size of antiderivative = 3.42

method	result
parallelrisch	$\frac{2x^3(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1+3n}{n}}ad^3n^2+xx^{3n}(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1+3n}{n}}bcd^2n+6xx^{2n}(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1+3n}{n}}acd^2n^2+2xx^{2n}(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1+3n}{n}}acd^2n}{(c+dx^n)^{-\frac{1+3n}{n}}}$

input

$$\text{int}((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^{(-3-1/n)}, x, \text{method}=\_RETURNVERBOSE)$$

output

```
(2*x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*d^3*n^2+x*(x^n)^3*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*b*c*d^2*n+6*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*c*d^2*n^2+2*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*c*d^2*n+3*x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*b*c^2*d*n+6*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*c^2*d*n^2+x*(x^n)^2*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*b*c^2*d+5*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*c^2*d*n+2*x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*b*c^3*n+2*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*c^3*n^2+x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*c^2*d+x*x^n*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*b*c^3+3*x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*c^3*n+x*(c+d*x^n)^(-(1+3*n)/n)*a*c^3)/(1+n)/(1+2*n)/c^3
```

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.09 (sec) , antiderivative size = 173, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx$$

$$= \frac{(2ad^3n^2 + bcd^2n)xx^{3n} + (6acd^2n^2 + bc^2d + (3bc^2d + 2acd^2)n)xx^{2n} + (6ac^2dn^2 + bc^3 + ac^2d + (2bc^3 - 2ac^2d)n)xx^n + (2a^2c^3n^2 + 3a^2c^3n + a^2c^3)xc}{(2c^3n^2 + 3c^3n + c^3)(dx^n + c)^{\frac{3n+1}{n}}}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n),x, algorithm="fricas")
```

output

```
((2*a*d^3*n^2 + b*c*d^2*n)*x*x^(3*n) + (6*a*c*d^2*n^2 + b*c^2*d + (3*b*c^2*d + 2*a*c*d^2)*n)*x*x^(2*n) + (6*a*c^2*d*n^2 + b*c^3 + a*c^2*d + (2*b*c^3 + 5*a*c^2*d)*n)*x*x^n + (2*a*c^3*n^2 + 3*a*c^3*n + a*c^3)*x)/((2*c^3*n^2 + 3*c^3*n + c^3)*(d*x^n + c)^((3*n + 1)/n))
```

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 959 vs. 2(105) = 210.

Time = 2.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 959, normalized size of antiderivative = 7.55

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \text{Too large to display}$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x**n)*(c+d*x**n)**(-3-1/n),x)
```

output

```

2*a*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*n**2*x*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)
)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 +
1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 3*a*c**2
*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*n*x*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*ga
mma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2
*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + a*c**2*c**(1/n)*c**
(-3 - 2/n)*x*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) +
2*c*d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*
(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 4*a*c*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*d*n**
2*x*x**n*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*
d*n**3*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 +
d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*a*c*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*d*n*x*x**
n*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3*
x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**n
/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*a*c**(1/n)*c**(-3 - 2/n)*d**2*n**2*x*x**(2*
n)*gamma(1/n)/(c**2*n**3*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + 2*c*d*n**3
*x**n*(1 + d*x**n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d**2*n**3*x**(2*n)*(1 + d*x**
n/c)**(1/n)*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + 2*b*c*c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(1 + 1/n)*n*(c/(d*x**
n) + 1)**(-1 - 1/n)*gamma(1 + 1/n)/(c*d**(1 + 1/n)*n**2*gamma(3 + 1/n) + d
*d**(1 + 1/n)*n**2*x**n*gamma(3 + 1/n)) + b*c*c**(-3 - 1/n)*c**(1 + 1/n)...

```

### Maxima [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int (bx^n + a)(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-3} dx$$

input

```
integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n),x, algorithm="maxima")
```

output

```
integrate((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 3), x)
```

**Giac [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \text{Exception raised: TypeError}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output Exception raised: TypeError >> an error occurred running a Giac command:INPUT:sage2:=int(sage0,sageVARx):;OUTPUT:Unable to divide, perhaps due to rounding error%%{4,[0,0,2,2,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,2,1,1,1,0,1]%%}+%%{2,[0,0,2,1,

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int \frac{a + bx^n}{(c + dx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}+3}} dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 3),x)`

output `int((a + b*x^n)/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 3), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int (a + bx^n)(c + dx^n)^{-3-\frac{1}{n}} dx \\ &= \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{3n}(x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}d^3 + 3x^{2n}(x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}cd^2 + 3x^n(x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}c^2d + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}c^3} dx \right) b \\ & \quad + \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{3n}(x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}d^3 + 3x^{2n}(x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}cd^2 + 3x^n(x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}c^2d + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}}c^3} dx \right) a \end{aligned}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)*(c+d*x^n)^(-3-1/n),x)`

output `int(x**n/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**3),  
x)*b + int(1/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)*  
(1/n)*c*d**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*  
*3),x)*a`

### 3.138 $\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx$

Optimal result	1070
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1070
Rubi [A] (verified)	1071
Maple [F]	1072
Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)	1072
Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)	1073
Maxima [F]	1073
Giac [F]	1074
Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)	1074
Reduce [F]	1074

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 15, antiderivative size = 50

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{c(1+n)} + \frac{nx(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^2(1+n)}$$

output

```
x*(c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/c/(1+n)+n*x/c^2/(1+n)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))
```

#### Mathematica [C] (verified)

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 5 vs. order 3 in optimal.

Time = 0.06 (sec) , antiderivative size = 55, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.10

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{c^2}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^(-2 - n^(-1)), x]
```

output  $(x*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^{n(-1)}*Hypergeometric2F1[2 + n(-1), n(-1), 1 + n(-1), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(c^2*(c + d*x^n)^{n(-1)})$

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 50, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.133$ , Rules used = {777, 746}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 777$$

$$\frac{n \int (dx^n + c)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}} dx}{c(n+1)} + \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)}$$

$$\downarrow 746$$

$$\frac{nx(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c^2(n+1)} + \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{c(n+1)}$$

input  $\text{Int}[(c + d*x^n)^{-2 - n(-1)}, x]$

output  $(x*(c + d*x^n)^{-1 - n(-1)})/(c*(1 + n)) + (n*x)/(c^2*(1 + n)*(c + d*x^n)^{n(-1)})$



**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 746 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[x*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/a), x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && EqQ[1/n + p + 1, 0]`

rule 777 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_), x_Symbol] := Simp[(-x)*((a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1))), x] + Simp[(n*(p + 1) + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)) Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1), x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, n, p}, x] && ILtQ[Simplify[1/n + p + 1], 0] && NeQ[p, -1]`

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x)`

**Fricas [A] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 0.08 (sec) , antiderivative size = 68, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.36

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{d^2 n x x^{2n} + (2cdn + cd) x x^n + (c^2 n + c^2) x}{(c^2 n + c^2) (dx^n + c)^{\frac{2n+1}{n}}}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `(d^2*n*x*x^(2*n) + (2*c*d*n + c*d)*x*x^n + (c^2*n + c^2)*x)/((c^2*n + c^2)*(d*x^n + c)^((2*n + 1)/n))`

**Sympy [B] (verification not implemented)**

Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 250 vs.  $2(39) = 78$ .

Time = 0.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 250, normalized size of antiderivative = 5.00

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \frac{cc^{\frac{1}{n}}c^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}n\Gamma(\frac{1}{n})}{cd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d}+1)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(2+\frac{1}{n})+dd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2x^n(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d}+1)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(2+\frac{1}{n})} + \frac{cc^{\frac{1}{n}}c^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(\frac{1}{n})}{cd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d}+1)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(2+\frac{1}{n})+dd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2x^n(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d}+1)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(2+\frac{1}{n})} + \frac{c^{\frac{1}{n}}c^{-2-\frac{1}{n}}dnx^n\Gamma(\frac{1}{n})}{cd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d}+1)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(2+\frac{1}{n})+dd^{\frac{1}{n}}n^2x^n(\frac{cx^{-n}}{d}+1)^{\frac{1}{n}}\Gamma(2+\frac{1}{n})}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**(-2-1/n),x)`

output `c*c**(1/n)*c**(-2 - 1/n)*n*gamma(1/n)/(c*d**(1/n)*n**2*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n) + d*d**(1/n)*n**2*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + c*c**(1/n)*c**(-2 - 1/n)*gamma(1/n)/(c*d**(1/n)*n**2*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n) + d*d**(1/n)*n**2*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n)) + c**(-2 - 1/n)*d*n*x**n*gamma(1/n)/(c*d**(1/n)*n**2*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n) + d*d**(1/n)*n**2*x**n*(c/(d*x**n) + 1)**(1/n)*gamma(2 + 1/n))`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int (dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 2), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int (dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-2} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 2), x)`

**Mupad [B] (verification not implemented)**

Time = 1.10 (sec) , antiderivative size = 64, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.28

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = -\frac{x^{1-2n} \left(\frac{c}{dx^n} + 1\right)^{1/n} {}_2F_1\left(2, \frac{1}{n} + 2; 3; -\frac{c}{dx^n}\right)}{2d^2 n (c + dx^n)^{1/n}}$$

input `int(1/(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 2),x)`

output `-(x^(1 - 2*n)*(c/(d*x^n) + 1)^(1/n)*hypergeom([2, 1/n + 2], 3, -c/(d*x^n)))/(2*d^2*n*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n))`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (c + dx^n)^{-2-\frac{1}{n}} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} d^2 + 2x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} cd + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} c^2} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(-2-1/n),x)`

output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*d**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c*d + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*c**2),x)`

**3.139**  $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a+bx^n} dx$

Optimal result	1075
Mathematica [C] (verified)	1075
Rubi [A] (verified)	1076
Maple [F]	1077
Fricas [F]	1077
Sympy [F(-2)]	1078
Maxima [F]	1078
Giac [F]	1078
Mupad [F(-1)]	1079
Reduce [F]	1079

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 94

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{ac} - \frac{bx(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, -\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{1-n}{n}, -\frac{ax^{-n}(c+dx^n)}{bc-ad}\right)}{a(bc - ad)}$$

```
output x/a/c/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))-b*x*hypergeom([1, -1/n], [-(1-n)/n], -a*(c+d*x^n)/(-a*d+b*c)/(x^n))/a/(-a*d+b*c)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (verified)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 6.67 (sec) , antiderivative size = 153, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.63

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1+n}{n}} \left( \frac{a(c+dx^n)}{c(a+bx^n)} + \frac{bx^n \Phi\left(\frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}, 1, 1+\frac{1}{n}\right)}{a} + \frac{b(-bc+ad)nx^{2n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, 2+\frac{1}{n}, 3+\frac{1}{n}, \frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{a^2(1+2n)(c+dx^n)} \right)}{a}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `(x*((a*(c + d*x^n))/(c*(a + b*x^n)) + (b*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, 1 + n^(-1)])/a + (b*(-(b*c) + a*d)*n*x^(2*n)*Hypergeometric2F1[2, 2 + n^(-1), 3 + n^(-1), ((-b*c) + a*d)*x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n))])/a^2*(1 + 2*n)*(c + d*x^n)))/(a*(c + d*x^n)^((1 + n)/n))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 95, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {907, 904}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{907}$$

$$\frac{b \int \frac{(dx^n+c)^{-1/n}}{bx^n+a} dx}{bc-ad} - \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c(bc-ad)}$$

$$\downarrow \text{904}$$

$$\frac{bx(c+dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(dx^n+c)}\right)}{a(bc-ad)} - \frac{dx(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{c(bc-ad)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^(-1 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n),x]`

output `-((d*x)/(c*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))) + (b*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))])/a*(b*c - a*d)*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 904 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^p*(x/(c^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/n, -p, 1  
 + 1/n, -(b*c - a*d)*(x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q  
 }, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 907 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c -  
 a*d))), x] + Simp[(b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))  
 Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}  
 , x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !  
 LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]`

## Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/((b*x^n + a)*(d*x^n + c)^((n + 1)/n)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**(-1-1/n)/(a+b*x**n),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}-1}}{bx^n + a} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n - 1)/(b*x^n + a), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n) (c + dx^n)^{\frac{1}{n}+1}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 1)),x)`output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n + 1)), x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1-\frac{1}{n}}}{a + bx^n} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} bd + x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} ad + x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} bc + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} ac} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(-1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n),x)`output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b*d + x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*d + x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b*c + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*c),x)`



**3.140** 
$$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a+bx^n)^2} dx$$

Optimal result	1080
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1080
Rubi [A] (verified)	1081
Maple [F]	1082
Fricas [F]	1083
Sympy [F(-2)]	1083
Maxima [F]	1083
Giac [F]	1084
Mupad [F(-1)]	1084
Reduce [F]	1084

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 23, antiderivative size = 127

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{bx(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1-n}{n}}}{a(bc - ad)n(a + bx^n)} - \frac{(adn + b(c - cn))x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc - ad)x^n}{a(c + dx^n)}\right)}{a^2(bc - ad)n}$$

output

```
b*x/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)/((c+d*x^n)^((1-n)/n))-(a*d*n+b*(-c*n+c))*x*hy
pergeom([1, 1/n], [1+1/n], -(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/a/(c+d*x^n))/a^2/(-a*d+b*c)/n/((c
+d*x^n)^(1/n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 8.60 (sec) , antiderivative size = 212, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.67

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1+n}{n}} \left( bx^n \Phi\left(\frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + (an + b(-1 + n)x^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \right)}{n(a + bx^n) \left( -b(bc - ad)x^{2n} \Phi\left(\frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}, 1, 1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + a(c + dx^n) \left( n(a + bx^n) - b \right) \right)}$$

input `Integrate[1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1)),x]`

output `(x*(c + d*x^n)^((-1 + n)/n)*(b*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, 1 + n^(-1)] + (a*n + b*(-1 + n)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, n^(-1))]/(n*(a + b*x^n)*(-(b*(b*c - a*d)*x^(2*n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[((-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, 1 + n^(-1)]) + a*(c + d*x^n)*(n*(a + b*x^n) - b*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[((-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, n^(-1))]))`

### Rubi [A] (verified)

Time = 0.42 (sec) , antiderivative size = 127, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.087$ , Rules used = {907, 904}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

$$\downarrow 907$$

$$\frac{bx(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1-n}{n}}}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{(adn + bc(1 - n)) \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-1/n}}{bx^n + a} dx}{an(bc - ad)}$$

$$\downarrow 904$$

$$\frac{bx(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1-n}{n}}}{an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)} - \frac{x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} (adn + bc(1 - n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(1, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc - ad)x^n}{a(dx^n + c)}\right)}{a^2n(bc - ad)}$$

input `Int[1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1)),x]`

output

```
(b*x)/(a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)*(c + d*x^n)^((1 - n)/n) - ((b*c*(1 - n)
) + a*d*n)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[1, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/
(a*(c + d*x^n)))]/(a^2*(b*c - a*d)*n*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 904

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*(x/(c^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/n, -p, 1
+ 1/n, -(b*c - a*d)*(x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 907

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c -
a*d))), x] + Simp[(b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}
, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || !
LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx$$

input

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x)
```

output

```
int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2(dx^n + c)^{(\frac{1}{n})}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral(1/((b^2*x^(2*n) + 2*a*b*x^n + a^2)*(d*x^n + c)^(1/n)), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x**n)**2/((c+d*x**n)**(1/n)),x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2(dx^n + c)^{(\frac{1}{n})}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)^(1/n)), x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(bx^n + a)^2 (dx^n + c)^{(\frac{1}{n})}} dx$$

input `integrate(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate(1/((b*x^n + a)^2*(d*x^n + c)^(1/n)), x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{(a + bx^n)^2 (c + dx^n)^{1/n}} dx$$

input `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)),x)`

output `int(1/((a + b*x^n)^2*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)), x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{-1/n}}{(a + bx^n)^2} dx = \int \frac{1}{x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^2 + 2x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} ab + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2} dx$$

input `int(1/(a+b*x^n)^2/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n)),x)`

output `int(1/(x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**2 + 2*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*b + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2),x)`

**3.141** 
$$\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^3} dx$$

Optimal result	1085
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1086
Rubi [A] (verified)	1086
Maple [F]	1088
Fricas [F]	1088
Sympy [F(-2)]	1088
Maxima [F]	1089
Giac [F]	1089
Mupad [F(-1)]	1089
Reduce [F]	1090

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 130

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \frac{bx(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{2a(bc - ad)n(a + bx^n)^2}$$

$$- \frac{c(2ad - bc(2 - \frac{1}{n}))x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{2a^3(bc - ad)}$$

output

```
1/2*b*x*(c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)^2-1/2*c*(2*a*d-b*c*(2-1/n))*x*hypergeom([2, 1/n],[1+1/n],-(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/a/(c+d*x^n))/a^3/(-a*d+b*c)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 8.83 (sec) , antiderivative size = 333, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.56

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx =$$

$$\frac{x(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}} \left( (2an + b(-1 + 2n)x^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}, 1, -1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) - b \right)}{2n(a + bx^n)^2 \left( -a(c + dx^n)(an + b(-1 + n)x^n) \Phi\left(\frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}, 1, -1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) + x^n \left( -b(bc - ad)x^n \Phi\left(\frac{(-bc+ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}, 1, -1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \right) \right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^(1 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]
```

output

```
-1/2*(x*(c + d*x^n)^(2 - n^(-1))*((2*a*n + b*(-1 + 2*n)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, -1 + n^(-1)] - b*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, 1 + n^(-1)] - 2*(a*n + b*(-1 + n)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, n^(-1)))/(n*(a + b*x^n)^2*(-(a*(c + d*x^n)*(a*n + b*(-1 + n)*x^n)*HurwitzLerchPhi[(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, -1 + n^(-1)] + x^n*(-(b*(b*c - a*d)*x^n*HurwitzLerchPhi[(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, 1 + n^(-1)] + (a^2*d*n - b^2*c*(-1 + n)*x^n + a*b*(-(c*(1 + n)) + d*(-2 + n)*x^n))*HurwitzLerchPhi[(-(b*c) + a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)), 1, n^(-1)))))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.43 (sec) , antiderivative size = 131, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {907, 904}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

↓ 907

$$\frac{bx(c+dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{2an(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{(2adn+bc(1-2n)) \int \frac{(dx^n+c)^{-\frac{1-n}{n}} dx}{(bx^n+a)^2}}{2an(bc-ad)}$$

↓ 904

$$\frac{bx(c+dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{2an(bc-ad)(a+bx^n)^2} - \frac{cx(c+dx^n)^{-1/n} (2adn+bc(1-2n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(2, \frac{1}{n}, 1+\frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(dx^n+c)}\right)}{2a^3n(bc-ad)}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^(1 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n)^3,x]`

output `(b*x*(c + d*x^n)^(2 - n^(-1)))/(2*a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)^2) - (c*(b*c*(1 - 2*n) + 2*a*d*n)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[2, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n))])/(2*a^3*(b*c - a*d)*n*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))`

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 904 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*(x/(c^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/n, -p, 1 + 1/n, -(b*c - a*d)*(x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]`

rule 907 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[(b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ! LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]`



**Maple [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+1}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)^((n - 1)/n)/(b^3*x^(3*n) + 3*a*b^2*x^(2*n) + 3*a^2*b*x^n + a^3), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**(1-1/n)/(a+b*x**n)**3,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+1}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n + 1)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+1}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n + 1)/(b*x^n + a)^3, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx = \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^(1 - 1/n)/(a + b*x^n)^3,x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^(1 - 1/n)/(a + b*x^n)^3, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{1-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^3} dx$$

$$= \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{3n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^3 + 3x^{2n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a b^2 + 3x^n (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2 b + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^3} dx \right) d$$

$$+ \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{3n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^3 + 3x^{2n} (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a b^2 + 3x^n (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2 b + (x^nd + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^3} dx \right) c$$

input `int((c+d*x^n)^(1-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^3,x)`

output

```
int(x**n/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2*b + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**3),
x)*d + int(1/(x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**3 + 3*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*b**2 + 3*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2*b + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**3),x)*c
```

**3.142**  $\int \frac{(c+dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a+bx^n)^4} dx$

Optimal result	1091
Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)	1092
Rubi [A] (verified)	1092
Maple [F]	1093
Fricas [F]	1094
Sympy [F(-2)]	1094
Maxima [F]	1094
Giac [F]	1095
Mupad [F(-1)]	1095
Reduce [F]	1095

**Optimal result**

Integrand size = 25, antiderivative size = 132

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx$$

$$= \frac{bx(c + dx^n)^{3-\frac{1}{n}}}{3a(bc - ad)n(a + bx^n)^3} - \frac{c^2(3ad - bc(3 - \frac{1}{n}))x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} \text{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(c+dx^n)}\right)}{3a^4(bc - ad)}$$

output

```
1/3*b*x*(c+d*x^n)^(3-1/n)/a/(-a*d+b*c)/n/(a+b*x^n)^3-1/3*c^2*(3*a*d-b*c*(3-1/n))*x*hypergeom([3, 1/n], [1+1/n], -(-a*d+b*c)*x^n/a/(c+d*x^n))/a^4/(-a*d+b*c)/((c+d*x^n)^(1/n))
```

**Mathematica [C] (warning: unable to verify)**

Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order 9 vs. order 5 in optimal.

Time = 37.05 (sec) , antiderivative size = 6405, normalized size of antiderivative = 48.52

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx = \text{Result too large to show}$$

input `Integrate[(c + d*x^n)^(2 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n)^4,x]`

output `Result too large to show`

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.44 (sec) , antiderivative size = 133, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.01, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.080$ , Rules used = {907, 904}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{907} \\ & \frac{bx(c + dx^n)^{3-\frac{1}{n}}}{3an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)^3} - \frac{(3adn + bc(1 - 3n)) \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(bx^n + a)^3} dx}{3an(bc - ad)} \\ & \quad \downarrow \text{904} \\ & \frac{bx(c + dx^n)^{3-\frac{1}{n}}}{3an(bc - ad)(a + bx^n)^3} - \\ & \frac{c^2x(c + dx^n)^{-1/n} (3adn + bc(1 - 3n)) \operatorname{Hypergeometric2F1}\left(3, \frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{(bc-ad)x^n}{a(dx^n+c)}\right)}{3a^4n(bc - ad)} \end{aligned}$$

input `Int[(c + d*x^n)^(2 - n^(-1))/(a + b*x^n)^4,x]`

output

```
(b*x*(c + d*x^n)^(3 - n^(-1)))/(3*a*(b*c - a*d)*n*(a + b*x^n)^3) - (c^2*(b*c*(1 - 3*n) + 3*a*d*n)*x*Hypergeometric2F1[3, n^(-1), 1 + n^(-1), -(((b*c - a*d)*x^n)/(a*(c + d*x^n)))])/(3*a^4*(b*c - a*d)*n*(c + d*x^n)^n^(-1))
```

### Defintions of rubi rules used

rule 904

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*(x/(c^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^(1/n)))*Hypergeometric2F1[1/n, -p, 1 + 1/n, -(b*c - a*d)*(x^n/(a*(c + d*x^n)))]], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 1) + 1, 0] && ILtQ[p, 0]
```

rule 907

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[(-b)*x*(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*((c + d*x^n)^(q + 1)/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))), x] + Simp[(b*c + n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))/(a*n*(p + 1)*(b*c - a*d))
  Int[(a + b*x^n)^(p + 1)*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && EqQ[n*(p + q + 2) + 1, 0] && (LtQ[p, -1] || ! LtQ[q, -1]) && NeQ[p, -1]
```

### Maple [F]

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2 - \frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx$$

input

```
int((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^4,x)
```

output

```
int((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^4,x)
```

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+2}}{(bx^n + a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((d*x^n + c)^((2*n - 1)/n)/(b^4*x^(4*n) + 4*a*b^3*x^(3*n) + 6*a^2*b^2*x^(2*n) + 4*a^3*b*x^n + a^4), x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((c+d*x**n)**(2-1/n)/(a+b*x**n)**4,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+2}}{(bx^n + a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n + 2)/(b*x^n + a)^4, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(dx^n + c)^{-\frac{1}{n}+2}}{(bx^n + a)^4} dx$$

input `integrate((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^4,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((d*x^n + c)^(-1/n + 2)/(b*x^n + a)^4, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx = \int \frac{(c + d x^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + b x^n)^4} dx$$

input `int((c + d*x^n)^(2 - 1/n)/(a + b*x^n)^4,x)`

output `int((c + d*x^n)^(2 - 1/n)/(a + b*x^n)^4, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\begin{aligned} & \int \frac{(c + dx^n)^{2-\frac{1}{n}}}{(a + bx^n)^4} dx \\ &= \left( \int \frac{x^{2n}}{x^{4n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a b^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2 b^2 + 4x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^3 b + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^4} dx \right. \\ & \quad + 2 \left( \int \frac{x^n}{x^{4n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a b^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2 b^2 + 4x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^3 b + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^4} dx \right) \\ & \quad \left. + \left( \int \frac{1}{x^{4n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} b^4 + 4x^{3n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a b^3 + 6x^{2n} (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^2 b^2 + 4x^n (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^3 b + (x^n d + c)^{\frac{1}{n}} a^4} dx \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$



input `int((c+d*x^n)^(2-1/n)/(a+b*x^n)^4,x)`

output `int(x**(2*n)/(x**(4*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)*  
 *(1/n)*a*b**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2*b**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d  
 + c)**(1/n)*a**3*b + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**4),x)*d**2 + 2*int(x**n/(x**(4  
 *n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b**4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*b**3 + 6*x  
 **2*n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**2*b**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**3*b  
 + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**4),x)*c*d + int(1/(x**(4*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*b  
 **4 + 4*x**(3*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a*b**3 + 6*x**(2*n)*(x**n*d + c)**(1/  
 n)*a**2*b**2 + 4*x**n*(x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**3*b + (x**n*d + c)**(1/n)*a**  
 4),x)*c**2`

### 3.143 $\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$

Optimal result	1097
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1097
Rubi [A] (verified)	1098
Maple [F]	1099
Fricas [F]	1099
Sympy [F(-2)]	1100
Maxima [F]	1100
Giac [F]	1100
Mupad [F(-1)]	1101
Reduce [F]	1101

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 19, antiderivative size = 81

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = x(a + bx^n)^p \left(1 + \frac{bx^n}{a}\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(1 + \frac{dx^n}{c}\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, -q, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)$$

output

```
x*(a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q*AppellF1(1/n, -p, -q, 1+1/n, -b*x^n/a, -d*x^n/c)/((1+b*x^n/a)^p)/((1+d*x^n/c)^q)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 190 vs. 2(81) = 162.

Time = 0.49 (sec) , antiderivative size = 190, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.35

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \frac{ac(1+n)x(a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, -q, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + adnqx^n \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 - q, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}{bcnpx^n \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, 1 - p, -q, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right) + adnqx^n \text{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 - q, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]
```

output

```
(a*c*(1 + n)*x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, -q, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/(b*c*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1 - p, -q, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + a*d*n*q*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 1 - q, 2 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)] + a*c*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, -q, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)])
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.39 (sec) , antiderivative size = 81, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 3, number of rules used = 3,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.158$ , Rules used = {937, 937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 937$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p (dx^n + c)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 937$$

$$(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-q} \int \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^p \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^q dx$$

$$\downarrow 936$$

$$x(a + bx^n)^p \left(\frac{bx^n}{a} + 1\right)^{-p} (c + dx^n)^q \left(\frac{dx^n}{c} + 1\right)^{-q} \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, -q, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{bx^n}{a}, -\frac{dx^n}{c}\right)$$

input

```
Int[(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x]
```

output

```
(x*(a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, -q, 1 + n^(-1), -((b*x^n)/a), -((d*x^n)/c)]/((1 + (b*x^n)/a)^p*(1 + (d*x^n)/c)^q)
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)  
 ], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]  
 && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])  
 Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q  
 }, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q, x)`

**Sympy [F(-2)]**

Exception generated.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \text{Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed}$$

input `integrate((a+b*x**n)**p*(c+d*x**n)**q,x)`

output `Exception raised: HeuristicGCDFailed >> no luck`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \int (bx^n + a)^p (dx^n + c)^q dx$$

input `integrate((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((b*x^n + a)^p*(d*x^n + c)^q, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx$$

input `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q,x)`output `int((a + b*x^n)^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (a + bx^n)^p (c + dx^n)^q dx = \text{too large to display}$$

input `int((a+b*x^n)^p*(c+d*x^n)^q,x)`

output

```

((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*a*d*x + (x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p*b
*c*x + int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*n*q + x**(
2*n)*a*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d + x**n*a**2*d**2
*n*q + x**n*a**2*d**2 + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*p + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*q + 2*x**n*a*b*c
*d + x**n*b**2*c**2*n*p + x**n*b**2*c**2 + a**2*c*d*n*q + a**2*c*d + a*b*c
**2*n*p + a*b*c**2),x)*a**3*c*d**2*n**2*q**2 + int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*
b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*n*q + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*
n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d + x**n*a**2*d**2*n*q + x**n*a**2*d**2 + x**n*a*b*c
*d*n*p + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*q + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d + x**n*b**2*c**2*n*p + x**n*b**
2*c**2 + a**2*c*d*n*q + a**2*c*d + a*b*c**2*n*p + a*b*c**2),x)*a**3*c*d**2
*n*q + 2*int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*n*q + x*
*(2*n)*a*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d + x**n*a**2*d*
*2*n*q + x**n*a**2*d**2 + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*p + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*q + 2*x**n*a*b
*c*d + x**n*b**2*c**2*n*p + x**n*b**2*c**2 + a**2*c*d*n*q + a**2*c*d + a*b
*c**2*n*p + a*b*c**2),x)*a**2*b*c**2*d*n**2*p*q + int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x*
**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*n*q + x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2 + x**(2*n)*b**2*c
*d*n*p + x**(2*n)*b**2*c*d + x**n*a**2*d**2*n*q + x**n*a**2*d**2 + x**n*a*
b*c*d*n*p + x**n*a*b*c*d*n*q + 2*x**n*a*b*c*d + x**n*b**2*c**2*n*p + x**n*
b**2*c**2 + a**2*c*d*n*q + a**2*c*d + a*b*c**2*n*p + a*b*c**2),x)*a**2*b*c
**2*d*n*p + int(((x**n*d + c)**q*(x**n*b + a)**p)/(x**(2*n)*a*b*d**2*n*...

```

### 3.144 $\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx$

Optimal result	1103
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1103
Rubi [A] (verified)	1104
Maple [F]	1105
Fricas [F]	1105
Sympy [F(-1)]	1105
Maxima [F]	1106
Giac [F]	1106
Mupad [F(-1)]	1106
Reduce [F]	1107

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^p x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right)$$

output

```
(2/5)^p*x*AppellF1(1/n,p,-p,1+1/n,-7/5*x^n,-3/2*x^n)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.28 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx$$

$$= \frac{10(1+n)x(2+3x^n)^p(5+7x^n)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right)}{15npx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, 1 - p, p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right) - 14npx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + 3*x^n)^p/(5 + 7*x^n)^p,x]
```



output

```
(10*(1 + n)*x*(2 + 3*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, p, 1 + n^(-1), (-3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5])/((5 + 7*x^n)^p*(15*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1 - p, p, 2 + n^(-1), (-3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5] - 14*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 1 + p, 2 + n^(-1), (-3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5] + 10*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, p, 1 + n^(-1), (-3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.27 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$ , Rules used = {936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (3x^n + 2)^p (7x^n + 5)^{-p} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^p x \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right)$$

input

```
Int[(2 + 3*x^n)^p/(5 + 7*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(2/5)^p*x*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, p, 1 + n^(-1), (-3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5]
```

**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 936

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx$$

input `int((2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x)`

output `int((2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x^n + 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x**n)**p/((5+7*x**n)**p),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^n + 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^n + 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `int((3*x^n + 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p,x)`

output `int((3*x^n + 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `int((2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x)`

output `int((3*x**n + 2)**p/(7*x**n + 5)**p,x)`

### 3.145 $\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (2 + 3x^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	1108
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1108
Rubi [A] (verified)	1109
Maple [F]	1110
Fricas [F]	1110
Sympy [F(-1)]	1110
Maxima [F]	1111
Giac [F]	1111
Mupad [F(-1)]	1111
Reduce [F]	1112

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 34

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^p x \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}\right)$$

output

```
(2/5)^p*x*AppellF1(1/n,-p,p,1+1/n,-3/2*x^n,7/5*x^n)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs. 2(34) = 68.

Time = 0.29 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 4.82

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (2 + 3x^n)^p dx$$

$$= \frac{10(1+n)x(5-7x^n)^{-p}(2+3x^n)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}\right)}{15np x^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, p, 1 - p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}\right) + 14np x^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, 1 + p, -p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}\right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(2 + 3*x^n)^p/(5 - 7*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

$$\frac{(10*(1+n)*x*(2+3*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^{(-1)}, p, -p, 1+n^{(-1)}, (7*x^n)/5, (-3*x^n)/2])/((5-7*x^n)^p*(15*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^{(-1)}, p, 1-p, 2+n^{(-1)}, (7*x^n)/5, (-3*x^n)/2] + 14*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1+n^{(-1)}, 1+p, -p, 2+n^{(-1)}, (7*x^n)/5, (-3*x^n)/2] + 10*(1+n)*AppellF1[n^{(-1)}, p, -p, 1+n^{(-1)}, (7*x^n)/5, (-3*x^n)/2])}$$
**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.26 (sec) , antiderivative size = 34, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 1, number of rules used = 1,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.048$ , Rules used = {936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (3x^n + 2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^p x \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, -\frac{3x^n}{2}\right)$$

input

`Int[(2 + 3*x^n)^p/(5 - 7*x^n)^p,x]`

output

$$(2/5)^p*x*AppellF1[n^{(-1)}, p, -p, 1+n^{(-1)}, (7*x^n)/5, (-3*x^n)/2]$$
**Defintions of rubi rules used**

rule 936

```
Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])
```

**Maple [F]**

$$\int (2 + 3x^n)^p (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} dx$$

input `int((2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x)`

output `int((2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x)`

**Fricas [F]**

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(-7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x^n + 2)^p/(-7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((2+3*x**n)**p/((5-7*x**n)**p),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(-7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^n + 2)^p/(-7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(-7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^n + 2)^p/(-7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(5 - 7x^n)^p} dx$$

input `int((3*x^n + 2)^p/(5 - 7*x^n)^p,x)`

output `int((3*x^n + 2)^p/(5 - 7*x^n)^p, x)`



**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n + 2)^p}{(-7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `int((2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x)`

output `int((3*x**n + 2)**p/(- 7*x**n + 5)**p,x)`

### 3.146 $\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx$

Optimal result	1113
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1113
Rubi [A] (verified)	1114
Maple [F]	1115
Fricas [F]	1115
Sympy [F(-1)]	1116
Maxima [F]	1116
Giac [F]	1116
Mupad [F(-1)]	1117
Reduce [F]	1117

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = 5^{-p} x \left(1 - \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right)$$

output

```
x*(-2+3*x^n)^p*AppellF1(1/n,p,-p,1+1/n,-7/5*x^n,3/2*x^n)/(5^p)/((1-3/2*x^n)^p)
```

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.46 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \frac{10(1+n)x(-2+3x^n)^p(5+7x^n)^{-p} \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right) - 14npx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, -p, 1 + p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right)}{-15npx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, 1 - p, p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right)}$$

input

```
Integrate[(-2 + 3*x^n)^p/(5 + 7*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(10*(1 + n)*x*(-2 + 3*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, p, 1 + n^(-1), (3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5])/((5 + 7*x^n)^p*(-15*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1 - p, p, 2 + n^(-1), (3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5] - 14*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), -p, 1 + p, 2 + n^(-1), (3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5] + 10*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, p, 1 + n^(-1), (3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (3x^n - 2)^p (7x^n + 5)^{-p} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)^{-p} (3x^n - 2)^p \int \left(1 - \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)^p (7x^n + 5)^{-p} dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$5^{-p} x \left(1 - \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)^{-p} (3x^n - 2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, -p, p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{3x^n}{2}, -\frac{7x^n}{5}\right)$$

input

```
Int[(-2 + 3*x^n)^p/(5 + 7*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x*(-2 + 3*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), -p, p, 1 + n^(-1), (3*x^n)/2, (-7*x^n)/5])/((5^n*p*(1 - (3*x^n)/2)^p))
```

## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)
], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]
&& (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]
:> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])
Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q
}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx$$

input `int((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x)`

output `int((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x^n - 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-2+3*x**n)**p/((5+7*x**n)**p),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^n - 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^n - 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `int((3*x^n - 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p,x)`output `int((3*x^n - 2)^p/(7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 + 7x^n)^{-p} dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `int((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5+7*x^n)^p),x)`output `int((3*x**n - 2)**p/(7*x**n + 5)**p,x)`

### 3.147 $\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p dx$

Optimal result	1118
Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)	1118
Rubi [A] (verified)	1119
Maple [F]	1120
Fricas [F]	1120
Sympy [F(-1)]	1121
Maxima [F]	1121
Giac [F]	1121
Mupad [F(-1)]	1122
Reduce [F]	1122

#### Optimal result

Integrand size = 21, antiderivative size = 56

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p dx = 5^{-p} x \left(1 - \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)$$

output `x*(-2+3*x^n)^p*AppellF1(1/n,-p,p,1+1/n,7/5*x^n,3/2*x^n)/(5^p)/((1-3/2*x^n)^p)`

#### Mathematica [B] (warning: unable to verify)

Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. 164 vs. 2(56) = 112.

Time = 0.36 (sec) , antiderivative size = 164, normalized size of antiderivative = 2.93

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \frac{10(1+n)x(5-7x^n)^{-p}(-2+3x^n)^p \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, \frac{3x^n}{2}\right) - 15npx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, p, 1 - p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, \frac{3x^n}{2}\right) + 14npx^n \operatorname{AppellF1}\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}, 1 + p, -p, 2 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)}{1}$$

input `Integrate[(-2 + 3*x^n)^p/(5 - 7*x^n)^p,x]`

output

```
(10*(1 + n)*x*(-2 + 3*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), p, -p, 1 + n^(-1), (7*x^n)/5, (3*x^n)/2])/((5 - 7*x^n)^p*(-15*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), p, 1 - p, 2 + n^(-1), (7*x^n)/5, (3*x^n)/2] + 14*n*p*x^n*AppellF1[1 + n^(-1), 1 + p, -p, 2 + n^(-1), (7*x^n)/5, (3*x^n)/2] + 10*(1 + n)*AppellF1[n^(-1), p, -p, 1 + n^(-1), (7*x^n)/5, (3*x^n)/2]))
```

**Rubi [A] (verified)**

Time = 0.32 (sec) , antiderivative size = 56, normalized size of antiderivative = 1.00, number of steps used = 2, number of rules used = 2,  $\frac{\text{number of rules}}{\text{integrand size}} = 0.095$ , Rules used = {937, 936}

Below are the steps used by Rubi to obtain the solution. The rule number used for the transformation is given above next to the arrow. The rules definitions used are listed below.

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (3x^n - 2)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{937}$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)^{-p} (3x^n - 2)^p \int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} \left(1 - \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)^p dx$$

$$\downarrow \text{936}$$

$$5^{-p} x \left(1 - \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)^{-p} (3x^n - 2)^p \text{AppellF1}\left(\frac{1}{n}, p, -p, 1 + \frac{1}{n}, \frac{7x^n}{5}, \frac{3x^n}{2}\right)$$

input

```
Int[(-2 + 3*x^n)^p/(5 - 7*x^n)^p,x]
```

output

```
(x*(-2 + 3*x^n)^p*AppellF1[n^(-1), p, -p, 1 + n^(-1), (7*x^n)/5, (3*x^n)/2])/((5^n*p*(1 - (3*x^n)/2)^p)
```



## Definitions of rubi rules used

rule 936 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^p*c^q*x*AppellF1[1/n, -p, -q, 1 + 1/n, (-b)*(x^n/a), (-d)*(x^n/c)  
 ], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q}, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1]  
 && (IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0]) && (IntegerQ[q] || GtQ[c, 0])`

rule 937 `Int[((a_) + (b_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(p_)*((c_) + (d_.)*(x_)^(n_))^(q_), x_Symbol]  
 :> Simp[a^IntPart[p]*((a + b*x^n)^FracPart[p]/(1 + b*(x^n/a))^FracPart[p])  
 Int[(1 + b*(x^n/a))^p*(c + d*x^n)^q, x], x] /; FreeQ[{a, b, c, d, n, p, q  
 }, x] && NeQ[b*c - a*d, 0] && NeQ[n, -1] && !(IntegerQ[p] || GtQ[a, 0])`

## Maple [F]

$$\int (-2 + 3x^n)^p (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} dx$$

input `int((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x)`

output `int((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x)`

## Fricas [F]

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(-7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="fricas")`

output `integral((3*x^n - 2)^p/(-7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Sympy [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \text{Timed out}$$

input `integrate((-2+3*x**n)**p/((5-7*x**n)**p),x)`

output `Timed out`

**Maxima [F]**

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(-7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="maxima")`

output `integrate((3*x^n - 2)^p/(-7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Giac [F]**

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(-7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `integrate((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x, algorithm="giac")`

output `integrate((3*x^n - 2)^p/(-7*x^n + 5)^p, x)`

**Mupad [F(-1)]**

Timed out.

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(5 - 7x^n)^p} dx$$

input `int((3*x^n - 2)^p/(5 - 7*x^n)^p,x)`output `int((3*x^n - 2)^p/(5 - 7*x^n)^p, x)`**Reduce [F]**

$$\int (5 - 7x^n)^{-p} (-2 + 3x^n)^p dx = \int \frac{(3x^n - 2)^p}{(-7x^n + 5)^p} dx$$

input `int((-2+3*x^n)^p/((5-7*x^n)^p),x)`output `int((3*x**n - 2)**p/(- 7*x**n + 5)**p,x)`

# CHAPTER 4

## APPENDIX

4.1 Listing of Grading functions . . . . . 1123  
4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS . 1141

### 4.1 Listing of Grading functions

The following are the current version of the grading functions used for grading the quality of the antiderivative with reference to the optimal antiderivative included in the test suite.

There is a version for Maple and for Mathematica/Rubi. There is a version for grading Sympy and version for use with Sagemath.

The following are links to the current source code.

The following are the listings of source code of the grading functions.

#### Mathematica and Rubi grading function

```
(* Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017 *)
(* ::Package:: *)

(* Nasser: April 7, 2022. add second output which gives reason for the grade *)
(*           Small rewrite of logic in main function to make it*)
(*           match Maple's logic. No change in functionality otherwise*)

(* ::Subsection:: *)
(*GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal]*)
```

```

(* ::Text:: *)
(*If result and optimal are mathematical expressions, *)
(*      GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns*)
(* "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that*)
(*      is integrable*)
(* "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary*)
(* "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal*)
(*      antiderivative*)
(* "A" if result can be considered optimal*)

GradeAntiderivative[result_,optimal_] := Module[{expnResult,expnOptimal,leafCountResult,leafCountOptimal},
  expnResult = ExpnType[result];
  expnOptimal = ExpnType[optimal];
  leafCountResult = LeafCount[result];
  leafCountOptimal = LeafCount[optimal];

  (*Print["expnResult=",expnResult," expnOptimal=",expnOptimal];*)
  If[expnResult<=expnOptimal,
    If[Not[FreeQ[result,Complex]], (*result contains complex*)
      If[Not[FreeQ[optimal,Complex]], (*optimal contains complex*)
        If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
          finalresult={"A",""}
          ,(*ELSE*)
          finalresult={"B","Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count
          ]
        ,(*ELSE*)
        finalresult={"C","Result contains complex when optimal does not."}
      ]
    ,(*ELSE*)(*result does not contains complex*)
    If[leafCountResult<=2*leafCountOptimal,
      finalresult={"A",""}
      ,(*ELSE*)
      finalresult={"B","Leaf count is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal.
    ]
  ]
  ,(*ELSE*)(*expnResult>expnOptimal*)
  If[FreeQ[result,Integrate] && FreeQ[result,Int],
    finalresult={"C","Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "
  ,

```

```

        finalresult={"F","Contains unresolved integral."}
    ]
];

finalresult
]

(* ::Text:: *)
(*The following summarizes the type number assigned an *)
(*expression based on the functions it involves*)
(*1 = rational function*)
(*2 = algebraic function*)
(*3 = elementary function*)
(*4 = special function*)
(*5 = hyperpergeometric function*)
(*6 = appell function*)
(*7 = rootsum function*)
(*8 = integrate function*)
(*9 = unknown function*)

ExpnType[expn_] :=
  If[AtomQ[expn],
    1,
  If[ListQ[expn],
    Max[Map[ExpnType, expn]],
  If[Head[expn]===Power,
    If[IntegerQ[expn[[2]]],
      ExpnType[expn[[1]]],
    If[Head[expn[[2]]]===Rational,
      If[IntegerQ[expn[[1]]] || Head[expn[[1]]]===Rational,
        1,
        Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], 2]],
      Max[ExpnType[expn[[1]], ExpnType[expn[[2]], 3]],
    If[Head[expn]===Plus || Head[expn]===Times,
      Max[ExpnType[First[expn]], ExpnType[Rest[expn]]],
    If[ElementaryFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Max[3, ExpnType[expn[[1]]]],
    If[SpecialFunctionQ[Head[expn]],
      Apply[Max, Append[Map[ExpnType, Apply[List, expn]], 4]],
    If[HypergeometricFunctionQ[Head[expn]],

```

```

    Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 5]],
    If [AppellFunctionQ [Head [expn]],
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 6]],
    If [Head [expn] === RootSum,
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 7]],
    If [Head [expn] === Integrate || Head [expn] === Int,
        Apply [Max, Append [Map [ExpnType, Apply [List, expn]], 8]],
    9]]]]]]]]]]]]

```

```

ElementaryFunctionQ [func_] :=
    MemberQ [{
        Exp, Log,
        Sin, Cos, Tan, Cot, Sec, Csc,
        ArcSin, ArcCos, ArcTan, ArcCot, ArcSec, ArcCsc,
        Sinh, Cosh, Tanh, Coth, Sech, Csch,
        ArcSinh, ArcCosh, ArcTanh, ArcCoth, ArcSech, ArcCsch
    }, func]

```

```

SpecialFunctionQ [func_] :=
    MemberQ [{
        Erf, Erfc, Erfi,
        FresnelS, FresnelC,
        ExpIntegralE, ExpIntegralEi, LogIntegral,
        SinIntegral, CosIntegral, SinhIntegral, CoshIntegral,
        Gamma, LogGamma, PolyGamma,
        Zeta, PolyLog, ProductLog,
        EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi
    }, func]

```

```

HypergeometricFunctionQ [func_] :=
    MemberQ [{Hypergeometric1F1, Hypergeometric2F1, HypergeometricPFQ}, func]

```

```

AppellFunctionQ [func_] :=
    MemberQ [{AppellF1}, func]

```

## Maple grading function

```

# File: GradeAntiderivative.mpl
# Original version thanks to Albert Rich emailed on 03/21/2017

#Nasser 03/22/2017 Use Maple leaf count instead since buildin
#Nasser 03/23/2017 missing 'ln' for ElementaryFunctionQ added
#Nasser 03/24/2017 corrected the check for complex result
#Nasser 10/27/2017 check for leafsize and do not call ExpnType()
#                    if leaf size is "too large". Set at 500,000
#Nasser 12/22/2019 Added debug flag, added 'dilog' to special functions
#                    see problem 156, file Apostol_Problems
#Nasser 4/07/2022 add second output which gives reason for the grade

GradeAntiderivative := proc(result,optimal)
local leaf_count_result,
      leaf_count_optimal,
      ExpnType_result,
      ExpnType_optimal,
      debug:=false;

      leaf_count_result:=leafcount(result);
      #do NOT call ExpnType() if leaf size is too large. Recursion problem
      if leaf_count_result > 500000 then
          return "B","result has leaf size over 500,000. Avoiding possible recursion issue";
      fi;

      leaf_count_optimal := leafcount(optimal);
      ExpnType_result := ExpnType(result);
      ExpnType_optimal := ExpnType(optimal);

      if debug then
          print("ExpnType_result",ExpnType_result," ExpnType_optimal=",ExpnType_optimal);
      fi;

# If result and optimal are mathematical expressions,
# GradeAntiderivative[result,optimal] returns
# "F" if the result fails to integrate an expression that
# is integrable
# "C" if result involves higher level functions than necessary
# "B" if result is more than twice the size of the optimal

```



```

#   antiderivative
#   "A" if result can be considered optimal

#This check below actually is not needed, since I only
#call this grading only for passed integrals. i.e. I check
#for "F" before calling this. But no harm of keeping it here.
#just in case.

if not type(result,freeof('int')) then
    return "F","Result contains unresolved integral";
fi;

if ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal then
    if debug then
        print("ExpnType_result<=ExpnType_optimal");
    fi;
    if is_contains_complex(result) then
        if is_contains_complex(optimal) then
            if debug then
                print("both result and optimal complex");
            fi;
            if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
                return "A"," ";
            else
                return "B",cat("Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of
                                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," vs. $2 (" ,
                                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string)," ) = ",convert(2*leaf

            end if
        else #result contains complex but optimal is not
            if debug then
                print("result contains complex but optimal is not");
            fi;
            return "C","Result contains complex when optimal does not.";
        fi;
    else # result do not contain complex
        # this assumes optimal do not as well. No check is needed here.
        if debug then
            print("result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        fi;

```

```

        if leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal then
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result<=2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "A"," ";
        else
            if debug then
                print("leaf_count_result>2*leaf_count_optimal");
            fi;
            return "B",cat("Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of
                convert(leaf_count_result,string)," $ vs. $2(",
                convert(leaf_count_optimal,string),")=",convert(2*leaf_co
            fi;
        fi;
    else #ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)
        if debug then
            print("ExpnType(result) > ExpnType(optimal)");
        fi;
        return "C",cat("Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order ",
            convert(ExpnType_result,string)," vs. order ",
            convert(ExpnType_optimal,string),".");
    fi;
end proc:

#
# is_contains_complex(result)
# takes expressions and returns true if it contains "I" else false
#
#Nasser 032417
is_contains_complex:= proc(expression)
    return (has(expression,I));
end proc:

# The following summarizes the type number assigned an expression
# based on the functions it involves
# 1 = rational function
# 2 = algebraic function
# 3 = elementary function
# 4 = special function
# 5 = hyperpergeometric function

```

```

# 6 = appell function
# 7 = rootsum function
# 8 = integrate function
# 9 = unknown function

ExpnType := proc(expn)
  if type(expn,'atomic') then
    1
  elif type(expn,'list') then
    apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
  elif type(expn,'sqrt') then
    if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
      1
    else
      max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'^^') then
    if type(op(2,expn),'integer') then
      ExpnType(op(1,expn))
    elif type(op(2,expn),'rational') then
      if type(op(1,expn),'rational') then
        1
      else
        max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
      end if
    else
      max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    end if
  elif type(expn,'+'') or type(expn,'*') then
    max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
  elif ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
  elif SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif AppellFunctionQ(op(0,expn)) then
    max(6,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
  elif op(0,expn)='int' then
    max(8,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)]))) else
    9

```

```

    end if
end proc:

ElementaryFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    exp, log, ln,
    sin, cos, tan, cot, sec, csc,
    arcsin, arccos, arctan, arccot, arcsec, arccsc,
    sinh, cosh, tanh, coth, sech, csch,
    arcsinh, arccosh, arctanh, arccoth, arcsech, arccsch])
end proc:

SpecialFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [
    erf, erfc, erfi,
    FresnelS, FresnelC,
    Ei, Ei, Li, Si, Ci, Shi, Chi,
    GAMMA, lnGAMMA, Psi, Zeta, polylog, dilog, LambertW,
    EllipticF, EllipticE, EllipticPi])
end proc:

HypergeometricFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [Hypergeometric1F1, hypergeom, HypergeometricPFQ])
end proc:

AppellFunctionQ := proc(func)
  member(func, [AppellF1])
end proc:

# u is a sum or product. rest(u) returns all but the
# first term or factor of u.
rest := proc(u) local v;
  if nops(u)=2 then
    op(2,u)
  else
    apply(op(0,u), op(2..nops(u),u))
  end if
end proc:

#leafcount(u) returns the number of nodes in u.

```

```
#Nasser 3/23/17 Replaced by build-in leafCount from package in Maple
leafcount := proc(u)
  MmaTranslator[Mma][LeafCount](u);
end proc:
```

## Sympy grading function

```
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser M. Abbasi:
#      Port of original Maple grading function by
#      Albert Rich to use with Sympy/Python
#Dec 27, 2019 Nasser. Added `RootSum`. See problem 177, Timofeev file
#      added 'exp_polar'
from sympy import *

def leaf_count(expr):
  #sympy do not have leaf count function. This is approximation
  return round(1.7*count_ops(expr))

def is_sqrt(expr):
  if isinstance(expr,Pow):
    if expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
      return True
    else:
      return False
  else:
    return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
  return func in [exp,log,ln,sin,cos,tan,cot,sec,csc,
    asin,acos,atan,acot,asec,acsc,sinh,cosh,tanh,coth,sech,csch,
    asinh,acosh,atanh,acoth,asech,acsch
  ]

def is_special_function(func):
  return func in [ erf,erfc,erfi,
    fresnels,fresnelc,Ei,Ei,Li,Si,Ci,Shi,Chi,
    gamma,loggamma,digamma,zeta,polylog,LambertW,
    elliptic_f,elliptic_e,elliptic_pi,exp_polar
  ]
```

```

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func in [hyper]

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func in [appellf1]

def is_atom(expn):
    try:
        if expn.isAtom or isinstance(expn,int) or isinstance(expn,float):
            return True
        else:
            return False

    except AttributeError as error:
        return False

def expnType(expn):
    debug=False
    if debug:
        print("expn=",expn,"type(expn)=",type(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif isinstance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Pow): #type(expn,'^')
        if isinstance(expn.args[1],Integer): #type(op(2,expn),'integer')
            return expnType(expn.args[0]) #ExpnType(op(1,expn))
        elif isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational): #type(op(2,expn),'rational')
            if isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational): #type(op(1,expn),'rational')
                return 1
            else:
                return max(2,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(2,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
        else:
            return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0]),expnType(expn.args[1])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)),ExpnType(op(2,expn)))
    elif isinstance(expn,Add) or isinstance(expn,Mul): #type(expn,'+') or type(expn,'*')

```

```

    m1 = expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.func): #ElementaryFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    return max(3,expnType(expn.args[0])) #max(3,ExpnType(op(1,expn)))
elif is_special_function(expn.func): #SpecialFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func): #HypergeometricFunctionQ(op(0,expn))
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif is_appell_function(expn.func):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
elif isinstance(expn,RootSum):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args))) #Apply[Max,Append[Map[ExpnType,Apply[List,expn]],7]],
    return max(7,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1:
    m1 = max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    #print("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result," optimal=",optimal)

    leaf_count_result = leaf_count(result)
    leaf_count_optimal = leaf_count(optimal)

    #print("leaf_count_result=",leaf_count_result)
    #print("leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

    expnType_result = expnType(result)
    expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

    if str(result).find("Integral") != -1:
        grade = "F"
        grade_annotation = ""

```

```

else:
    if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
        if result.has(I):
            if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
                if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                    grade = "A"
                    grade_annotation = ""
                else:
                    grade = "B"
                    grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is lar
            else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
                grade = "C"
                grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
        else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = ""
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(
        else:
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(ExpnType

#print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## SageMath grading function

```

#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Ported original Maple grading function by
#       Albert Rich to use with Sagemath. This is used to
#       grade Fricas, Giac and Maxima results.
#Dec 24, 2019. Nasser: Added 'exp_integral_e' and 'sng', 'sin_integral'
#       'arctan2', 'floor', 'abs', 'log_integral'
#June 4, 2022 Made default grade_annotation "none" instead of "" due
#       issue later when reading the file.
#July 14, 2022. Added ellipticF. This is until they fix sagemath, then remove it.

```



```

from sage.all import *
from sage.symbolic.operators import add_vararg, mul_vararg

debug=False;

def tree_size(expr):
    r"""
    Return the tree size of this expression.
    """
    #print("Enter tree_size, expr is ",expr)

    if expr not in SR:
        # deal with lists, tuples, vectors
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in expr)
    expr = SR(expr)
    x, aa = expr.operator(), expr.operands()
    if x is None:
        return 1
    else:
        return 1 + sum(tree_size(a) for a in aa)

def is_sqrt(expr):
    if expr.operator() == operator.pow: #isinstance(expr,Pow):
        if expr.operands()[1]==1/2: #expr.args[1] == Rational(1,2):
            if debug: print ("expr is sqrt")
            return True
        else:
            return False
    else:
        return False

def is_elementary_function(func):
    #debug=False
    m = func.name() in ['exp','log','ln',
        'sin','cos','tan','cot','sec','csc',
        'arcsin','arccos','arctan','arccot','arcsec','arccsc',
        'sinh','cosh','tanh','coth','sech','csch',
        'arcsinh','arccosh','arctanh','arcoth','arcsech','arcsch','sgn',
        'arctan2','floor','abs'
    ]
    if debug:

```

```

    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is elementary_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT elementary_function")

    return m

def is_special_function(func):
    #debug=False
    if debug:
        print ("type(func)=", type(func))

    m= func.name() in ['erf','erfc','erfi','fresnel_sin','fresnel_cos','Ei',
        'Ei','Li','Si','sin_integral','Ci','cos_integral','Shi','sinh_integral',
        'Chi','cosh_integral','gamma','log_gamma','psi','zeta',
        'polylog','lambert_w','elliptic_f','elliptic_e','ellipticF',
        'elliptic_pi','exp_integral_e','log_integral',
        'weierstrassPInverse','weierstrass','weierstrassP','weierstrassZeta',
        'weierstrassPPrime','weierstrassSigma']

    if debug:
        print ("m=",m)
    if m:
        print ("func ", func , " is special_function")
    else:
        print ("func ", func , " is NOT special_function")

    return m

def is_hypergeometric_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric','hypergeometric_M','hypergeometric_U']

def is_appell_function(func):
    return func.name() in ['hypergeometric'] #[appellf1] can't find this in sagemath

def is_atom(expn):

    #debug=False

```

```

if debug:
    print ("Enter is_atom, expn=",expn)

if not hasattr(expn, 'parent'):
    return False

#thanks to answer at https://ask.sagemath.org/question/49179/what-is-sagemath-equivalent-to-atomic
try:
    if expn.parent() is SR:
        return expn.operator() is None
    if expn.parent() in (ZZ, QQ, AA, QQbar):
        return expn in expn.parent() # Should always return True
    if hasattr(expn.parent(),"base_ring") and hasattr(expn.parent(),"gens"):
        return expn in expn.parent().base_ring() or expn in expn.parent().gens()

    return False

except AttributeError as error:
    print ("Exception,AttributeError in is_atom")
    print ("caught exception" , type(error).__name__ )
    return False

def expnType(expn):

    if debug:
        print (">>>>>Enter expnType, expn=", expn)
        print (">>>>>is_atom(expn)=", is_atom(expn))

    if is_atom(expn):
        return 1
    elif type(expn)==list: #instance(expn,list):
        return max(map(expnType, expn)) #apply(max,map(ExpnType,expn))
    elif is_sqrt(expn):
        if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #type(instance(expn.args[0],Rational):
            return 1
        else:
            return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
    elif expn.operator() == operator.pow: #instance(expn,Pow)
        if type(expn.operands()[1])==Integer: #instance(expn.args[1],Integer)

```

```

    return expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
elif type(expn.operands()[1])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[1],Rational)
    if type(expn.operands()[0])==Rational: #isinstance(expn.args[0],Rational)
        return 1
    else:
        return max(2,expnType(expn.operands()[0])) #max(2,expnType(expn.args[0]))
else:
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]),expnType(expn.operands()[1])) #max(3,expnType(expn
elif expn.operator() == add_vararg or expn.operator() == mul_vararg: #isinstance(expn,Add) or isins
    m1 = expnType(expn.operands()[0]) #expnType(expn.args[0])
    m2 = expnType(expn.operands()[1:]) #expnType(list(expn.args[1:]))
    return max(m1,m2) #max(ExpnType(op(1,expn)),max(ExpnType(rest(expn))))
elif is_elementary_function(expn.operator()): #is_elementary_function(expn.func)
    return max(3,expnType(expn.operands()[0]))
elif is_special_function(expn.operator()): #is_special_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(4,m1) #max(4,m1)
elif is_hypergeometric_function(expn.operator()): #is_hypergeometric_function(expn.func)
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(5,m1) #max(5,m1)
elif is_appell_function(expn.operator()):
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(6,m1) #max(6,m1)
elif str(expn).find("Integral") != -1: #this will never happen, since it
    #is checked before calling the grading function that is passed.
    #but kept it here.
    m1 = max(map(expnType, expn.operands())) #max(map(expnType, list(expn.args)))
    return max(8,m1) #max(5,apply(max,map(ExpnType,[op(expn)])))
else:
    return 9

#main function
def grade_antiderivative(result,optimal):

if debug:
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative for sagemath")
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, result=",result)
    print ("Enter grade_antiderivative, optimal=",optimal)
    print ("type(anti)=", type(result))
    print ("type(optimal)=", type(optimal))

```

```

leaf_count_result = tree_size(result) #leaf_count(result)
leaf_count_optimal = tree_size(optimal) #leaf_count(optimal)

#if debug: print ("leaf_count_result=", leaf_count_result, "leaf_count_optimal=",leaf_count_optimal)

expnType_result = expnType(result)
expnType_optimal = expnType(optimal)

if debug: print ("expnType_result=", expnType_result, "expnType_optimal=",expnType_optimal)

if expnType_result <= expnType_optimal:
    if result.has(I):
        if optimal.has(I): #both result and optimal complex
            if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
                grade = "A"
                grade_annotation = "none"
            else:
                grade = "B"
                grade_annotation = "Both result and optimal contain complex but leaf count of result is larger"
        else: #result contains complex but optimal is not
            grade = "C"
            grade_annotation = "Result contains complex when optimal does not."
    else: # result do not contain complex, this assumes optimal do not as well
        if leaf_count_result <= 2*leaf_count_optimal:
            grade = "A"
            grade_annotation = "none"
        else:
            grade = "B"
            grade_annotation = "Leaf count of result is larger than twice the leaf count of optimal. "+str(leaf_count_result - 2*leaf_count_optimal)
    else:
        grade = "C"
        grade_annotation = "Result contains higher order function than in optimal. Order "+str(expnType_result - expnType_optimal)

print("Before returning. grade=",grade, " grade_annotation=",grade_annotation)

return grade, grade_annotation

```

## 4.2 Links to plain text integration problems used in this report for each CAS

1. Mathematica integration problems as .m file
2. Maple integration problems as .txt file
3. Sagemath integration problems as .sage file
4. Reduce integration problems as .txt file
5. Mupad integration problems as .txt file
6. Sympy integration problems as .py file